



National Statistics Omnibus Survey - Technical Report September 2005

1. The sample

Interviews are conducted with approximately 1,250 adult individuals (aged 16 or over) in private households in Great Britain each month. The Omnibus Survey uses the Postcode Address File (PAF) of “small users” as its sampling frame. The PAF is known to have higher coverage of private households than any other available frame. A new sample of 67 postal sectors is selected for each month and is stratified by: region; the proportion of households where the household reference person is in the National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) categories 1 to 3 (i.e. employers in large organisations; higher managerial occupations; and higher professional employees/self-employed); and the proportion of people who are aged over 65. The postal sectors are selected with probability proportionate to size and, within each sector, 30 addresses (delivery points) are selected randomly.

If an address contains more than one household, the interviewer uses a standard ONS procedure to randomly select just one household. Within households with more than one adult member, just one person aged 16 or over is selected with the use of a Kish Grid. The interviewers endeavour to interview that person - proxy interviews are not taken.

2. Weighting the data

Weighting factors are applied to Omnibus data to correct for unequal probability of selection caused by interviewing only one adult per household, or restricting the eligibility of the module to certain types of respondent.

The weighting system also adjusts for some non-response bias by calibrating the Omnibus sample to ONS population totals. Despite the considerable efforts made by interviewers to maximize response rates, approximately 30% of selected individuals decline to take part or cannot be contacted. Differential non-response among key subgroups in the population is especially problematic because it can result in biased estimates being produced.

In order to compensate for differential non-response, the Omnibus sample is divided into weighting classes of age-group by sex and Government Office Region. The number of people belonging to each sub-group in the population is provided by ONS. The weighting ensures that the weighted sample distribution across regions and across age-sex groups matches that in the population.

Consequently, respondents belonging to sub-groups that are prone to high levels of non-response are assigned higher weights. For example, young males living in London have a lower response rate and are therefore assigned higher weights than are males living in other regions.

Grossing up the data by age and sex and by region to ONS population totals will reduce the standard errors of survey estimates if the survey variable is correlated with age, sex and region.

2.1 Using weighted data

Both the design weights and the final weights are re-scaled so that the weighted sample size equals the unweighted size (i.e. the number of responding individuals).

If a module of questions applied only to a sub-group of the population, for example eligibility was restricted by age, or the module was asked only in England, the weight for the module is calculated for that sub-group and the sample size, for the weighted data, scaled back to the un-weighted figure.

When conducting statistical significance tests, using weighted data, the un-weighted sample should be used. For tests on the total (module) population the base total shown in the tables should be used. However, if sub-groups of the total (module) population are created, for example sub-groups in terms of sex, age-group, region etc., the base shown is the weighted base for that sub-group - because the weight was generated for the whole (module) population. Therefore, when conducting statistical significance tests on these sub-groups, the un-weighted base for the sub-group should be used - this can be found by running tables, etc. without applying the weight - in conjunction with the weighted data.

2.2. Calculation of the Design Weight

The first stage of the weighting procedure involves producing a design weight that corrects for unequal probability of selection caused by interviewing only one adult per household, or restricting the eligibility of the module to certain types of respondent.

i. Unit of analysis: Household

On occasions, a module may collect information about the household rather than the individual and the appropriate unit of analysis will be the household rather than the individual. For example, the questions might be concerned with details about the accommodation which could be supplied by any adult member of the household. In this case, no design weight is required because the information is collected from every household in the responding sample.

ii. Weight A - Unit of analysis: Individual

Because only one household member is interviewed, people in households containing few adults have a greater chance of selection than those in households with more. Weight A is applied to correct for this unequal probability, and is calculated by dividing the number of adults in the sampled household by the average number of adults per household. The base is then adjusted back to the number of respondents who were interviewed. Weight A is applied to modules which use the individual adult as the unit of analysis.

iii. Weight C - Unit of analysis: Household Reference Person or spouse

Sometimes information about the household is required that can only be supplied reliably by the household reference person or their spouse/partner. The probability that the selected respondent will be eligible for the module will be $2/n$ or $1/n$ (where n is the number of adults in the household): if the Household Reference Person (HRP) is married/cohabiting the probability that the selected respondent will be eligible is $2/n$, if the HRP is not married/cohabiting the probability is $1/n$. The weighting factor corrects for unequal probability of selection and then adjusts the base back to that of the actual number of respondents that complete the module.

2.3 Calibrating the Omnibus Sample to ONS Population Totals

After the initial design weights have been produced, the data is calibrated to ONS population totals. The calibration factors are produced by the GREG method, implemented in GES (software written in SAS). This method is a generalisation of standard post-stratification that produces weights that adjust to more than one margin.

2.4 Derivation of the Final Weights

In the final stage of the weighting procedure, the design weight is multiplied by the calibration factor.

i. Indwgt

The final individual weight (Indwgt) is the product of Weight A and the Individual Calibration Factor.

ii. Hhwgt

The final household weight (Hhwgt) is the product of Weight C and the Household Calibration Factor.

The design weights and the final weights are supplied in each survey month.

2.5 Effective Sample Size

This method of sampling and the consequent weighting affect the sampling errors of the survey estimates. The effect can be shown by calculating the Effective Sample Size which gives the size of an equal probability sample which is equivalent in precision to the unequal probability sample actually used. The Effective Sample Size will vary slightly from one month to another with the proportions of interviews in different sized households. On average the Effective Sample Size of the Omnibus Survey is 84% to 86% of the actual sample of individuals, when Weight A is applied. An achieved sample of 1800 individual adults in the Omnibus Survey is equivalent to an equal probability sample of about 1500.

Where individuals are interviewed as representing their households and no weighting is needed, there is no reduction in precision. Where questions relating to the household are addressed only to the Household Reference Person (HRP) or the spouse of the HRP and Weight C is applied, the Effective Sample Size is 86% to 87% of the interviewed sample. The proportion of households in which the selected respondent is the HRP or spouse has varied between 82% and 95% so the sample size for this kind of module will be about 1500 if the total sample is 1800. The Effective Sample Size will be about 1450.

3. Sampling errors

The Omnibus is a sample survey and thus estimates are subject to sampling variability. Sampling variability is dependent on several factors, including the size of the sample, clustering and the effect of weighting on the variable of interest. Standard errors, which give an indication as to the amount that a given estimate deviates from a true population value, are supplied for all variables. The sampling errors are provided on an Excel spreadsheet.

4. Field Work

All interviews are carried out face-to-face by members of the general field force of interviewers trained to carry out National Statistics surveys. Advance letters are sent to all addresses, prior to the interview, giving a brief account of the survey. The interviewing period starts during the last two weeks of the month and continues into the first two weeks of the following month. Interviewers call at all the selected addresses unless a refusal has been made beforehand in response to the advanced letter. The interviewer makes at least three calls at an address at different times of the day and week before coding the household as a non-contact.

As with all National Statistics surveys, a quality check on field work is carried out through recall interviews with a proportion of respondents to make sure that the interviews actually took place with those respondents and that responses to questions are consistent.

5. Calculation of Response Rate

The small users' Postcode Address File includes some business addresses and other addresses, such as new and empty properties, at which no private households are living. The expected proportion of such addresses, which are classified as ineligible, is about 9-10%. They are eliminated from the set sample before response rates are calculated.

5.1 Response Rate for September 2005

The response rate is calculated as the number of achieved interviews as a percentage of the eligible sample. The response rate detailed below is for the entire Omnibus sample and may not reflect the number of cases in your data. The response rate for modules not reissued to the telephone unit was 66% (1206 responding cases).

The response rate for September was 67% as shown below:

		%	%
Selected addresses	2016	100	
Ineligible addresses	175	9	
Eligible addresses	1841	91	
<i>Refusals</i>	<i>490</i>		<i>27</i>
<i>Non-Contacts</i>	<i>124</i>		<i>7</i>
<i>Interviews Achieved</i>	1227		67

6. Output contained in the report

6.1 Frequency counts

Frequency counts for the classificatory variables and client questions are provided, showing non-response to individual questions (item non-response).

Item non-response occurs for three reasons:

- a. the respondent was not eligible for the question and they were routed past the question.
- b. the respondent was unable to answer (did not know) the question.
- c. the respondent refused to answer the question.

6.2 Tables

Each table is based on the sample answering both the client question and the relevant classificatory question so both the base and the percentages in the total column may vary slightly from one table to another. Percentages are rounded to the nearest whole number.

Tables based on questions that allow more than one answer to be given (multiple response questions) contain all the responses given by the respondent. The percentages in the table may therefore add up to more than 100% because respondents may give more than one answer.

Some bases within tables are very small. The confidence intervals surrounding percentages calculated on bases of 30 cases or less will be very large and we would advise that such results are reported with a great deal of caution.

6.3 Classificatory variables

The module variable names are related to the program question numbers. Module variables are prefixed with M. The classification variables use names. These follow Social and Vital Statistics Division standards for surveys wherever possible.

Notes on the classificatory variables follow:

Household:

GORA Government Office Regions

- 1 North East
- 2 North West
- 3 Yorkshire and the Humber
- 4 East Midlands
- 5 West Midlands
- 6 East of England
- 7 London
- 8 South East
- 9 South West
- 10 Wales
- 11 Scotland

NUMADULT Total number of adults

NUMCHILD Total number of children

N1TO4 Children 0-4

N5TO10 Children 5-10

N11TO15 Children 11-15

NumDepCh Dependent children (aged under 16 or aged 16 to 18 and in full-time education)

DMHSIZE Total number of people in the household

HHTYPB Household Type B (Coded by interviewer)

- 1 One person only
- 2 HRP married cohabiting with dependent child
- 3 HRP married cohabiting no dependent child
- 4 HRP lone parent with dependent child
- 5 HRP lone parent no dependent child
- 6 All others

HHTYPA Household Type A (Computed)

- 1 1 Adult aged 16 to 64
- 2 1 Adult aged 65 or more
- 3 2 Adults aged 16 to 64
- 4 2 Adults, 1 aged 65 or more
- 5 3 Adults
- 6 1 or 2 child
- 7 3+ children

- HHTYPE Household Type B - grouped
- 1 One person only
 - 2 Married cohabiting with dependent child
 - 3 Married cohabiting no dependent child
 - 4 Lone with dependent child
 - 5 All others

(Code 5 at HHType B, where the HRP is a lone parent with no dependent children, and Code 6 at HHType B, All others, are combined into category 5, All others at HHType.)

- TENGRP Grouped Tenure
- 1 Owns outright
 - 2 Owns mortgage
 - 3 Rents Local Authority/Housing Association
 - 4 Rents privately
 - 5 Squatting

- TEN1 Tenure (questionnaire variable)
- 1 Own it outright
 - 2 Buying it with the help of a mortgage or loan
 - 3 Pay part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership)
 - 4 Rent it
 - 5 Live here rent free (including rent free in relative's/friend's property: excluding squatting)
 - 6 Squatting

- TIED Does the accommodation go with the job of anyone in the household?
- 1 Yes
 - 2 No

- LLORD Who is your landlord?
- 1 the local authority/council/New Town Development/Scottish Homes
 - 2 a housing association or co-operative or charitable trust
 - 3 employer (organisation) of a household member
 - 4 another organisation
 - 5 relative/friend (before you lived here) of a household member
 - 6 employer (individual) of a household member
 - 7 another individual private landlord

- FURN Is the accommodation provided:
- 1 furnished
 - 2 partly furnished
 - 3 unfurnished

- CARS Car or van available to household?
- 1 Yes
 - 2 No

NUMCAR How many cars and or vans are available to the household?

CAR Car or van available to the household

- 1 None
- 2 One
- 3 Two
- 4 Three or more

PAIDJOB Number of members of the household who have a paid job?

Individual - demographic

RESPSEX Sex of Respondent

- 1 Male
- 2 Female

RESPAGE Age of Respondent

AGEX Grouped Age

- 1 16 to 24
- 2 25 to 44
- 3 45 to 54
- 4 55 to 64
- 5 65 to 74
- 6 75 and over

AGEH Grouped Age

- 1 16 to 17
- 2 18 to 19
- 3 20 to 24
- 4 25 to 29
- 5 30 to 34
- 6 35 to 39
- 7 40 to 44
- 8 45 to 49
- 9 50 to 54
- 10 55 to 64
- 11 65 to 74
- 12 75 or over

RELHRP Relation to Household Reference Person

- 0 Household Reference Person
- 1 Spouse
- 2 Cohabitee
- 3 Son/daughter
- 4 Step-son daughter
- 5 Foster child
- 6 Son daughter-in-law
- 7 Parent
- 8 Step-parent
- 9 Foster parent
- 10 Parent-in-law
- 11 Brother sister
- 12 Step-brother sister
- 13 Foster brother sister
- 14 Brother sister-in-law
- 15 Grand-child
- 16 Grand-parent
- 17 Other relative
- 18 Other non-relative

- RESPMAR Marital status of respondent (De Jure)
- 1 Single, never married
 - 2 Married living with spouse
 - 3 Married separated from spouse
 - 4 Divorced
 - 5 Widowed
- RESPWITH Living with someone in the household as a couple
- 1 Yes
 - 2 No
- DEFACTO Marital status of respondent (De Facto)
- 1 Married
 - 2 Cohabiting
 - 3 Single
 - 4 Widowed
 - 5 Divorced
 - 6 Separated
 - 7 Same sex cohabiting
- DEFACT1 Grouped marital status of respondent (De Facto)
- 1 Married/cohabiting
 - 2 Single
 - 3 Widowed
 - 4 Divorced/separated
 - 5 Same sex cohabiting
- RESPHLDR In whose name is the accommodation owned or rented
- 1 This person alone
 - 2 This person jointly
 - 3 NOT owner renter
- PARENT Are you or your spouse/partner the parent or guardian of any children aged under 16 in the household?
- 1 Yes
 - 2 No
- PARTOD Can I just check, are you or your spouse/partner the parent or guardian of any child aged 0-4 in the household?
- 1 Yes
 - 2 No

NATION National Identity

- 1 English
- 2 Scottish
- 3 Welsh
- 4 Irish
- 5 British
- 6 Other

ETHNIC Ethnicity

- 1 White British
- 2 Any other White background
- 3 Mixed – White and Black Caribbean
- 4 Mixed – White and Black African
- 5 Mixed – White and Asian
- 6 Any other Mixed background
- 7 Asian or Asian British – Indian
- 8 Asian or Asian British – Pakistani
- 9 Asian or Asian British – Bangladeshi
- 10 Asian or Asian British – Any other Asian background
- 11 Black or Black British – Black Caribbean
- 12 Black or Black British – Black African
- 13 Black or Black British – Any other Black background
- 14 Chinese or other ethnic group – Chinese
- 15 Chinese or other ethnic group – Any other

FULLED Age left FULL TIME education?

LEFTED Age left full time education (grouped)

- 1 Up to 14
- 2 15 to 18
- 3 19 to 25
- 4 Over 25
- 5 Still in education
- 6 No education

HIGHED Highest level of education qualification

- 1 Degree or higher degree
- 2 Higher education qualification below degree level
- 3 A Levels or highers
- 4 ONC/BTEC
- 5 O Level or GCSE equivalent (Grade A – C)
- 6 O Level or GCSE (Grade D – G)
- 7 Other qualifications
- 8 No formal qualifications

HIGHED4 Highest level of education qualification (4 groupings)

- 1 Degree or equivalent
- 2 Below Degree level
- 3 Other *
- 4 None (no formal qualifications)

* The 'other' category includes foreign qualifications (outside U.K) and other qualifications.

QHEALTH1 How is your health in general?

- 1 Very good
- 2 Good
- 3 Fair
- 4 Bad
- 5 Very bad

LSILL Do you have any long-standing illness, disability or infirmity? By long standing I mean anything that has troubled you over a period of time or that is likely to affect you over a period of time?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

ILLIM Does this illness or disability/do any of these illnesses or disabilities limit your activities in any way?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

SUMGROSS Annual gross income

- (1) Up to £519
- (2) £520 up to £1039
- (3) £1040 up to £1559
- (4) £1560 up to £2079
- (5) £2080 up to £2599
- (6) £2600 up to £3119
- (7) £3120 up to £3639
- (8) £3640 up to £4159
- (9) £4160 up to £4679
- (10) £4680 up to £5199
- (11) £5200 up to £6239
- (12) £6240 up to £7279
- (13) £7280 up to £8319
- (14) £8320 up to £9359
- (15) £9360 up to £10399
- (16) £10400 up to £11439

- (17) £11440 up to £12479
- (18) £12480 up to £13519
- (19) £13520 up to £14559
- (20) £14560 up to £15599
- (21) £15600 up to £16639
- (22) £16640 up to £17679
- (23) £17680 up to £18719
- (24) £18720 up to £10759
- (25) £19760 up to £20799
- (26) £20800 up to £23399
- (27) £23400 up to £25999
- (28) £26000 up to £28599
- (29) £28600 up to £31199
- (30) £31200 up to £33799
- (31) £33800 up to £36399
- (32) £36400 up to £38999
- (33) £39000 up to £41599
- (34) £41600 up to £44199
- (35) £44200 up to £46799
- (36) £46800 up to £49399
- (37) £49400 up to £51999
- (38) £52000 or more

Individual - Employment related

WRKING Paid work last 7 days ending Sunday

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

SCHEMEET Govt. scheme for employment training

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

JBAWAY Did you have a job or business that you were away from last week?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

OWNBUS Unpaid work, in that week, for a business that you own?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

RELBUS Unpaid work, in that week, for a business that a relative owns?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

LOOKED Looking for work in last 4 weeks?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 3 Waiting to take up new job or business already obtained

STARTJ Able to start work within 2 weeks?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

YINACT Main reason for not seeking work

- 1 student
- 2 looking after the family/home
- 3 taking a career break
- 4 temporarily sick or injured
- 5 long-term sick/disabled
- 6 retired from paid work
- 7 other reasons

EVERWK Have you ever had a paid job?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

DVILO3a DV for ILO in employment - 3 categories

- 1 In employment
- 2 Unemployed
- 3 Economically inactive

(In employment includes people in a paid job, away from their job, on a government training scheme, doing unpaid work for their own/relative's business, during the last week)

DVILO4a DV for ILO in employment - 4 categories

- 1 In employment
- 2 Unpaid family worker
- 3 Unemployed
- 4 Economically inactive

FTPTWK Were you working...

- 1 Full-time
- 2 Part-time

PARTHRS Hours for part-time

- 1 10 hours or more
- 2 Less than 10 hours

STAT Employee or self-employed?

- 1 Employee
- 2 Self-employed

SVise Supervisory status

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

SOLO Working on own or have employees?

- 1 On own with partner(s) but no employees
- 2 With employees

EMPNO How many employees at workplace (if employee) ?

- 1 1-24
- 2 25 to 499
- 3 500 or more

SENO How many employees (if self employed) ?

- 1 1-24
- 2 25 to 499
- 3 500 or more

- ES2000 Employment status
- 1 Self-employed : large establishment (25+ employees)
 - 2 Self-employed : small establishment (1-24 employees)
 - 3 Self-employed : no employees
 - 4 Manager : large establishment (25+ employees)
 - 5 Manager : small establishment (1-24 employees)
 - 6 Foreman or supervisor
 - 7 Employee (not elsewhere classified)
 - 8 No employment status info given

NSSECB NS-SECB - long version (Operational categories)

- 1.0 Employers in large organisations
- 2.0 Higher managerial
 - 3.1 Higher professional (traditional) - employees
 - 3.2 Higher professional (new) - employees
 - 3.3 Higher professional (traditional) - self-employed
 - 3.4 Higher professional (new) - self-employed
- 4.1 Lower professional & higher technical (traditional) - employees
- 4.2 Lower professional & higher technical (new) - employees
- 4.3 Lower professional & higher technical (traditional) - self-employed
- 4.4 Lower professional & higher technical (new) - self-employed
- 5.0 Lower managerial
- 6.0 Higher supervisory
 - 7.1 Intermediate clerical and administrative
 - 7.2 Intermediate sales and service
 - 7.3 Intermediate technical and auxiliary
 - 7.4 Intermediate engineering
- 8.1 Employers (small organisations, non-professional)
- 8.2 Employers (small - agriculture)
- 9.1 Own account workers (non-professional)
- 9.2 Own account workers (agriculture)
- 10.0 Lower supervisory
 - 11.1 Lower technical craft
 - 11.2 Lower technical process operative
- 12.1 Semi-routine sales
- 12.2 Semi-routine service
- 12.3 Semi-routine technical
- 12.4 Semi-routine operative
- 12.5 Semi-routine agricultural
- 12.6 Semi-routine clerical
- 12.7 Semi-routine childcare
- 13.1 Routine sales and service
- 13.2 Routine production
- 13.3 Routine technical
- 13.4 Routine operative

- 13.5 Routine agricultural
- 14.1 Never worked
- 14.2 Long-term unemployed
- 15.0 Full-time students
- 16.0 Occupations not stated or inadequately described
- 17.0 Not classifiable for other reasons

(Codes 1.0 to 13.5 are assigned to everyone who is currently employed OR who has ever worked – unless they are currently a full-time student. That is – ‘full-time student’ takes precedence over past employment.)

NSSECAC NS-SEC – Analytic classes

- 1.1 Employers in large organisations & higher managerial occupations
- 1.2 Higher professional occupations
- 2.0 Lower professional and higher technical occupations
- 3.0 Intermediate occupations
- 4.0 Small employers and own account workers
- 5.0 Lower supervisory and technical occupations
- 6.0 Semi-routine Occupations
- 7.0 Routine occupations
- 8.0 Not classified

NSECAC5 NS-SEC – 5 classes

- 1 Managerial and professional occupations
- 2 Intermediate occupations
- 3 Small employers and own account workers
- 4 Lower supervisory and technical occupations
- 5 Semi-routine and routine occupations
- 6 Not classified

NSECAC3 NS-SEC – 3 classes

- 1 Managerial and professional occupations
- 2 Intermediate occupations
- 3 Routine and manual occupations
- 4 Never worked and long term unemployed
- 5 Not classified

National Statistics Omnibus Survey

(OVσ)

MODULE INSTRUCTIONS

September 2005

Cycle 05/09

Module	Title	Addressed to whom	Estimated Average duration
01	Classification	All	7 minutes
M70b	HRP occupational questions	All	2 minutes
M210	Tobacco consumption	All	1 minute
M372	Gambling	All	1 minutes
		(1)	
M363	Disability monitoring	All	Disabled 6 min/ Non-disabled 2 minutes
M327	SunSmart	All	2 minutes

Time allowances (based on a full quota of 30 addresses)

The Omnibus Survey runs to a tight timetable. The individual times given above for individual modules are intended as a rough guide. You should run through the questionnaire using training cases before starting fieldwork, and this may give you a clearer idea of the overall average length of interviews. Remember to also make allowance for introductions and conclusions after interview.

If you experience difficulties with the times allowed, contact the Field Office without delay.

*You should claim the actual time spent **up to** these maxima.*

- 7 days (42 hours) England, Scotland and Wales within sampled area – excludes travel time to area.
- Up to 3 hours to read 2005-6 Annual Instructions. (*Only may be claimed once on your first Omnibus quota in the survey year April to March.*)
- Up to 1½ hours to read these monthly instructions and work through training cases.
- Up to 2 hours to prepare for your quota.

- Name** Please enter the adult household members in order of date of birth starting with the eldest.
- MarStat** If person is married but not separated and yet living apart from their partner for some reason e.g. work, then you would still record them as married and living with their wife/husband.
- Hhldr** This question is standard across all household surveys. It is in place in order to aid the calculation of the HRP. It refers to **household members only**. The accommodation can only be owned or rented (3) *'jointly'* with another household member. If the accommodation is owned or rented jointly with a person outside of the household and with no other household member you will code '1. *This person only*' rather than '3. *This person jointly.*'
- Depchd** This question asks those aged 16 to 18, who are single, whether they are still at school or in full-time education, and are therefore considered **dependent children**. At HHTYPB, the computer will check that there are dependent children listed in the household box if codes 1 or 3 are entered.

For definition of dependent child aged 16-18 see Annual Instructions section 7.4.

**HRP,
HHTYPEB,
and
TENURE**

Although these questions refer to the circumstances of the Household Reference Person (HRP) you should get the information from the **selected person**. (Of course, in many instances the respondent is the HRP.)

For definition of HRP see Annual Instructions section 7.3.

Totus1

This question asks about the usual hours of paid work a respondent does. This covers full and part-time work. Record hours from zero to 96. If they work more than 97 hours or more use code 97.

Hours of work should be recorded to the nearest 15 minutes, e.g. 36 hrs 30 mins would be recorded as 36.5.

Meal breaks should always be *excluded* from the total, regardless of whether they are paid.

Guidance

Unusual work patterns

If the work pattern is not based on a week, get an average over the last four weeks.

Illness

If the respondent has been off sick for a long period take the usual hours worked before going sick.

New Job

If a person has started a new job in the reference week, the usual hours should relate to what the person expects them to be in the future.

Teachers

For teachers you should accept the answer given, which may very well be more than the normal 27 to 28 hours.

Trainees

For apprentices, trainees and other people in vocational training exclude any time spent in school or other special training centres outside their workplace.

Self-employed

Self-employed people often find it difficult to give precise figures. It is important, however, that we have information about their hours worked to compare these with the hours worked by employees. If necessary, encourage them to work things through on a daily basis and get as accurate a figure as possible.

Respondents working 'on-call'

If someone states at the hours questions that they usually work 24 hours a day because they are 'on-call', probe for the average number of hours *actually* worked. Identify the number of hours *actually* worked over the last four weeks and use the average of these to obtain a weekly total for usual hours. For example, where a respondent was on-call all night, but was only called out to work for two hours, the actual working hours for that night would be two hours. However if on duty (like a warden) and they have to be up and about then count all hours on shift as paid work.

Hout

For full list of Outcome Codes see Annual Instructions section 45. Please be absolutely certain of your outcome before your final transmission back to the office.

Client: Customs and Excise.

Target Group: All smokers.

Opinion Questions: None.

This module is being run for Customs and Excise and will help them estimate the amount of tobacco that is consumed as cigarettes. Do not comment on the hazards of smoking or mention your own feelings about smoking.

M210_1 Do not define 'nowadays' for respondents but ask them to decide for themselves.

M210_2 Note that daily figures are required at both these questions.

M210_3

M210_4 If respondents say that they smoke both packeted and hand-rolled cigarettes please probe to clarify whether they *mainly* smoke one sort more than the other.

We are only interested in ordinary tobacco which is smoked. You should therefore ignore any references to snuff, tobacco or tobacco products that are chewed or sucked or herbal tobaccos.

Client: Her Majesty's Customs and Excise

Target Group: All

Opinion Questions: None

This module is being asked on behalf of Her Majesty's Customs and Excise (HMCE). They are interested in collecting information about betting with Bookmakers, Betting Exchanges and others taking bets.

- M372_1** Respondents are asked if they have placed any bets or have had bets placed on their behalf in the last 7 days.
- M372_4a** Respondents are asked if they placed any bets at a bookmaker's shop in the last 7 days.
- M372_2** Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from betting in the last 7 days.
- M372_4b** Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from bets placed at a bookmaker's shop in the last 7 days.
- M372_3a** Respondents are asked if they played on an electronic roulette game machine in a bookmaker's shop in the last 7 days. Only electronic roulette machines played in a bookmaker's shop should be included.
- M372_3b** Respondents who answer 'Yes' to M372_3a are asked if they made a 'Profit', 'Loss', or 'Broke Even'.
- M372_3c** Those who reply 'Profit' or 'Loss' to M372_3b are asked M372_3c.
- M372_4c** Those respondents who placed a bet at a bookmaker's shop in the last 7 days are asked how much they bet. Where complex betting such as multi-stage bets occur, we are interested in the initial bet that was placed by the respondent.
- M372_4d** Those respondents who received winnings from bets placed at a bookmaker's shop in the last 7 days are asked how much they received. Include ALL winnings received from this activity in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days.
- M372_5a** Same as M372_3a
- M372_5b** Same as M372_3b
- M372_5c** Same as M372_3c. Subtracting the overall winnings from the overall money spent on the machines should give a best estimate for profit or loss.
- M372_6a** Respondents are asked if they placed any bets with a bookmaker by telephone in the last 7 days. Include the bet if the respondent is unsure whether the bookmaker is based in the

UK. Exclude only if the respondent is sure the bet was placed with a bookmaker not based in the UK. Exclude bets placed on the Internet by telephone.

M372_6b Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker by telephone in the last 7 days.

M372_6c Those respondents who placed a bet with a bookmaker by telephone in the last 7 days are asked how much they bet. Where complex betting such as multi-stage bets occur, we are interested in the initial bet that was placed by the respondent.

M372_6d Those respondents who received winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker by telephone in the last 7 days are asked how much they received. Include ALL winnings received from this activity in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days.

M372_7a Respondents are asked if they placed any bets at a bookmaker on the Internet in the last 7 days. Include the bet if the respondent is unsure whether the bookmaker is based in the UK. Exclude only if the respondent is sure the bet was placed with a bookmaker not based in the UK. Include bets placed on the Internet by telephone.

M372_7b Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker on the Internet in the last 7 days.

M372_7c Those respondents who placed a bet with a bookmaker on the Internet in the last 7 days are asked how much they bet. Where complex betting such as multi-stage bets occur, we are interested in the initial bet that was placed by the respondent.

M372_7d Those respondents who received winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker on the Internet in the last 7 days are asked how much they received. Include ALL winnings received from this activity in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days.

M372_8a Respondents who answered Don't Know to M372_4c, M372_6c, or M372_7c are asked to estimate how much they bet overall with bookmakers on the internet, by telephone and at a bookmakers shop.

M372_8b Respondents who answered Don't Know to M372_4d, M372_6d, or M372_7d are asked to estimate how much they received in winnings overall from bookmakers on the internet, by telephone and at a bookmakers shop.

M372_9a Respondents are asked if they placed any bets placed with betting exchanges such as Betfair and BetDaq in the last 7 days. Include the bet if the respondent is unsure whether the betting exchange is based in the UK. Exclude only if the respondent is sure the bet was placed with a betting exchange not based in the UK.

M372_9b Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from bets placed with a betting exchange in the last 7 days.

M372_9c Those respondents who placed a bet with a betting exchange in the last 7 days are asked how much they bet. Where complex betting such as multi-stage bets occur, we are interested in the initial bet that was placed by the respondent.

- M372_9d** Those respondents who received winnings from bets placed with a betting exchange in the last 7 days are asked how much they received. Include ALL winnings received from this activity in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days.
- M372_10a** Respondents are asked if they placed any bets placed with a bookmaker who may not be licensed in the last 7 days. On Course betting, that is betting placed while attending a dog or horse race meeting, are not included as they are treated differently by HMCE.
- M372_10b** Respondents are asked if they received any winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker who may not be licensed in the last 7 days.
- M372_10c** Those respondents who placed a bet with a bookmaker who may not be licensed in the last 7 days, are asked how much they bet. Where complex betting such as multi-stage bets occur, we are interested in the initial bet that was placed by the respondent.
- M372_10d** Those respondents who received winnings from bets with a bookmaker who may not be licensed in the last 7 days are asked how much they received. Make sure that the respondent Includes ALL winnings received from this activity in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days.

Client: Department of Public Health, University College London

Target Group: All

Opinion Questions:

Purpose of the module

In 2002, Cancer Research UK launched a campaign to raise awareness of the dangers of the sun and the precautions people should take against sunburn. This initiative, which was called *SunSmart 2002*, aimed at raising sun awareness to the public through the press, media, leaflets and posters. The campaign has since continued with different awareness-raising events for professionals, journalists and the general public.

This module asks respondents whether they have heard of *SunSmart* and what the main messages of the campaign are. This module has been run since February 2003 to monitor awareness levels pre- and post-campaign.

The aims of this module are to:

- assess levels of awareness of the *SunSmart* campaign

M327_1 This question establishes whether the respondent has heard of a campaign that gave information about sun exposure and the precautions people should take.

M327_2 This question is only asked of those who have heard of a campaign. In order to assess accurately the public awareness of SunSmart it is important that you do not prompt the response categories.

- Sunsafe is the Department of Health's campaign to prevent skin cancer. It gives straightforward information about the dangers of the sun, and practical advice on how to minimise them.
- The Sun Know How programme preceded Sunsafe, and was run by the Health Education Authority (HEA) from 1994. (After the dissolution of the HEA in 31 March 2000, the Department of Health took responsibility for skin cancer prevention.)
- The "slip, slop, slap" public health campaign was an Australian campaign to reduce skin cancer. This initiative was originally launched in 1981.

M327_3 This question is asked of everyone, irrespective of whether or not they have heard of SunSmart. If they have said at the previous question that they had heard of SunSmart they are asked to confirm it here. The text of the question is slightly different if they had not heard of the campaign.

M327_5M This question is asked of everyone. It asks about the precautions that one should take in order to minimise the risk of skin cancer. Code all that apply. Do not prompt.

M327_8 Whether or not the respondent takes any measures to protect themselves. Do not prompt. If respondent states that they *sometimes* do anything to protect themselves

from the sun and/or prevent skin cancer, code yes.

M327_9M

Question asked of those who do anything to protect themselves. Code all that apply. Do not prompt.

Code 5 'Use a high protection sunscreen/sun tan lotion' Use this code if the respondent mentions the factor or level of protection.

Code 6 'Use sunscreen/sun tan lotion (unspecified)' Use this code if the factor or level of protection is not mentioned.

M327_11

This question is asked of all respondents to determine what they were doing when they were last sunburnt (or pink). It is aiming to find out whether people burn when they are purposely sunbathing or accidentally while doing other activities.

Codes 4 & 5 'Domestic and leisure activities' – include all outdoor activities other than sunbathing eg gardening, sport, household chores, looking after children, barbecuing, eating, simply sitting outdoors.

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

Note: *Indicates a variable that does not appear on the client data file. Such variables may be used to derive others

RECORD ALWAYS

Cycle*

(Cycle - Year & Month YYYYMM)

-99999..999999

RECORD ALWAYS

Area*

(Area)

1..99997

RECORD ALWAYS

Address*

(Address)

1..30

DERIVED VARIABLE

Serial (Derived from Cycle + Area + Address)

-999999999999..999999999999

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

RECORD ALWAYS:

RegionA

Government Office region

- (1) North East
- (2) North West
- (3) Yorkshire and the Humber
- (4) East Midlands
- (5) West Midlands
- (6) East of England
- (7) London
- (8) South East
- (9) South West
- (10) Wales
- (11) Scotland

RECORD ALWAYS:

RegionE

Grouped English regions

- (1) The North
- (2) Midlands and East Anglia
- (3) London
- (4) South East
- (5) South West

RECORD FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

Sex*

- (1) Male
- (2) Female

Classification Questions

RECORD FOR ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

Birth*

What is your/ their date of birth?

DATE

ASK IF: DATE OF BIRTH OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBER NOT KNOWN OR REFUSED

AgeIf*

What was your/ their age last birthday?

0..97

DERIVED VARIABLE

DVage* (Derived from Birth & AgeIf)

Age for each person in sampled household

0..120

ASK IF: Household member is aged 16 or over

MarStat*

Legal marital status

Are you/ Is...

Code first that applies

- (1) single, that is, never married
 - (2) married and living with your husband/wife
 - (3) married and separated from your husband/wife
 - (4) divorced
 - (5) or widowed
-

ASK IF: Household member is aged between 15 and 19

AND: is not married and living with husband/wife

Depchd*

July I just check, are you/is... at school or in full-time education?

INTERVIEWER: Non-advanced full-time education up to A-level or equivalent

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

Classification Questions

ASK IF: Household member is aged 16 or over

AND: is not married and living with wife/husband

LiveWith*

July I just check, are you/is... living with someone in the household as a couple?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
 - (3) Spontaneous only - same sex couple
-

Derived variable:

DeFacto (Derived from MarStat & LiveWith)*

De facto marital status

- (1) Married
 - (2) Cohabiting
 - (3) Single
 - (4) Widowed
 - (5) Divorced
 - (6) Separated
 - (7) Same sex couple
-

DERIVED VARIABLE :

DeFact1 (Derived from DeFacto)

De Facto marital status – grouped

- (1) Married/cohabiting
 - (2) Single
 - (3) Widowed
 - (4) Divorced/separated
 - (5) Same sex couple
-

ASK IF: Household member is aged 16 or over

Hhldr

In whose name is the accommodation owned or rented?

- (1) This person alone
- (3) This person jointly
- (5) NOT owner/renter

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

RECORD ALWAYS

DMHSize (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of people normally living in the household

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

NumAdult (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of adults in the household

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

NumChild (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of children in the household

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

NumDepch (Derived from DVAge & Depchd for whole household)

Number of dependent children in the household

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

N1TO4 (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of children aged 0 to 4 years

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

N5TO10 (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of children aged 5-15

0..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

N11TO15 (Derived from DVAge for whole household)

Number of children aged 0 to 4 years

0..14

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

RECORD ALWAYS:

Respdnt*

Enter the person number of respondent

1..14

DERIVED VARIABLE:

Respage* (Derived from DVAge & Respdnt)

Age of respondent

0..99

DERIVED VARIABLE

AgeX (Derived from DVAge & Respdnt)

Grouped age of respondent

(1) 16 to 24

(2) 25 to 44

(3) 45 to 54

(4) 55 to 64

(5) 65 to 74

(6) 75 and over

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE

AgeH (Derived from DV Age & Respdnt)

Grouped age of respondent

- (1) 16 to 17
- (2) 18 to 19
- (3) 20 to 24
- (4) 25 to 29
- (5) 30 to 34
- (6) 35 to 39
- (7) 40 to 44
- (8) 45 to 49
- (9) 50 to 54
- (10) 55 to 64
- (11) 65 to 74
- (12) 75 or over

DERIVED VARIABLE:

Respsex (Derived from Sex & Respdnt)

Sex of respondent

- (1) Male
- (2) Female

DERIVED VARIABLE:

Respmar (Derived from Marstat & Respdnt)

Marital status of respondent

- (1) single, never married
- (2) married, living with spouse
- (3) married, separated from spouse
- (4) divorced
- (5) widowed

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE:

Respwith (Derived from LiveWith & Respdnt)

Is the respondent living with someone in the household as a couple?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Same sex couple

ASK IF: Child in household

Parent

Can I just check, are you (or your spouse/partner) the parent or guardian of any children aged under 16, in the household?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

ASK IF: Child in household

AND: Parent of child under 16

ParTod

Can I just check, are you (or your spouse/partner) the parent or guardian of any child aged 0-4, in the household?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

DERIVED VARIABLE

RespHldr (Derived from Hhldr & Respdnt)

In whose name is the accommodation owned or rented

- (1) This person alone
- (2) This person jointly
- (3) NOT owner/renter

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

ASK ALWAYS:

AskRel*

I would now like to ask how the people in your household are related to each other

INTERVIEWER: Code relationship of each household member to all other household members in relationship grid

- (1) Spouse
- (2) Cohabitee
- (3) Son/daughter (incl. adopted)
- (4) Step-son/daughter
- (5) Foster child
- (6) Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
- (7) Parent/guardian
- (8) Step-parent
- (9) Foster parent
- (10) Parent-in-law
- (11) Brother/sister (inc. adopted)
- (12) Step-brother/sister
- (13) Foster brother/sister
- (14) Brother/sister-in-law
- (15) Grand-child
- (16) Grand-parent
- (17) Other relative
- (18) Other non-relative

ASK IF: Number of householders > 1

HiHNum*

You have told me that...jointly own or rent the accommodation. Which of you/ who has the highest income (from earnings, benefits, pensions and any other sources)?

Enter person number - if two or more have same income, enter 15

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

ASK IF: Number of householders > 1

AND: Two or more householders have the same income

JntEldA*

Enter person number of the eldest joint householder from those with the same highest income

ASK IF: Number of householders > 1

AND: HiHNum = Don't know or Refusal

JntEldB*

Enter person number of the eldest joint householder

RECORD ALWAYS:

DVHRPNum*

Person number of household reference person

1..14

ASK IF: DMHSIZE > 1

HRP*

INTERVIEWER: The household reference person is...

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE:

RelHRP (Derived from HRP, Resdnt & AskRel)

What is the relationship of the respondent to the HRP?

- (0) Household reference person
- (1) Spouse
- (2) Cohabitee
- (3) Son/daughter (incl. adopted)
- (4) Step-son/daughter
- (5) Foster child
- (6) Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
- (7) Parent/guardian
- (8) Step-parent
- (9) Foster parent
- (10) Parent-in-law
- (11) Brother/sister (inc. adopted)
- (12) Step-brother/sister
- (13) Foster brother/sister
- (14) Brother/sister-in-law
- (15) Grand-child
- (16) Grand-parent
- (17) Other relative
- (18) Other non-relative

ASK ALWAYS:

HHTypB

INTERVIEWER: Code type of household

Code one only

INTERVIEWER: This should be based on the circumstances of the household reference person

NB: Dependent children are those aged under 16 or aged 16-18 and in full-time education living in the household

- (1) One person only
 - (2) HRP is married/cohabiting and has own/partner's dependent child(ren) in household
 - (3) HRP is married/cohabiting and does not have own/ partner's dependent child(ren) in household
 - (4) HRP is lone parent not cohabiting and has own dependent child(ren) in household
 - (5) HRP is lone parent not cohabiting and has only non-dependent child(ren) in household
 - (6) All others
-

DERIVED VARIABLE:

HHtypA (Derived from NumChild, NumAdult & DvAge)

Household type A

- (1) 1 adult Aged 16 to 64
- (2) 1 adult Aged 65+
- (3) 2 adults Aged 16 to 64
- (4) 2 adults, 1 at least 65+
- (5) 3 adults all Ages
- (6) 1 or 2 children
- (7) 3 or more children

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE

HHType (Derived from HHTypB)

Household Type B grouped

- (1) One person only
- (2) HRP is married/cohabiting with own/partner's dependent child(ren) in household
- (3) HRP is married/cohabiting and does not have own /partner's child(ren) in household
- (4) HRP is lone parent and has own dependent child(ren) in household
- (5) All others

ASK ALWAYS:

Ten1

In which of these ways do you occupy this accommodation?

INTERVIEWER: This should be based on the circumstances of the household reference person

- (1) Own it outright
- (2) Buying it with the help of a mortgage or loan
- (3) Pay part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership)
- (4) Rent it
- (5) Live here rent-free (including rent-free in relative's/friend's property; excluding squatting)
- (6) Squatting

ASK IF: Rents accommodation or lives rent-free (excluding squatting)

Tied

Does the accommodation go with the job of anyone in the household?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

ASK IF: Rents accommodation or lives rent-free (excluding squatting)

LLord

Who is your landlord?

- (1) the local authority/council/New Town Development/ Scottish Homes
- (2) a housing association, charitable trust or Local Housing Company
- (3) employer (organisation) of a household member
- (4) another organisation
- (5) relative/friend (before you lived here) of a household member
- (6) employer (individual) of a household member
- (7) another individual private landlord

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE

Tengrp (Derived from Ten1 & Llord)

Grouped tenure

- (1) Owns outright
- (2) Owns mortgage
- (3) Rents Local Authority/Housing Association
- (4) Rents privately
- (5) Squatter

ASK IF: Rents accommodation or lives rent-free (excluding squatting)

Furn

Is the accommodation provided..

- (1) furnished
- (2) partly furnished (e.g. carpets and curtains only)
- (3) or unfurnished

ASK ALWAYS:

Cars

Does your household have any cars or vans normally available for its use?

INTERVIEWER: Include company cars

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

ASK IF: Cars = Yes

NumCar

How many cars and/or vans are available?

1..10

DERIVED VARIABLE:

Car(Derived from NumCar)

Number of cars/vans available to the household

- (1) None
 - (2) One
 - (3) Two
 - (4) Three or more
-

ASK ALWAYS:

DrivLic*

Do you hold a full driving licence valid in Great Britain to drive a car?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK ALWAYS:

Nation

What do you consider your national identity to be. Please choose your answer from this card, choose as many or as few as apply?

Code all that apply

SET [6] OF

- (1) English
 - (2) Scottish
 - (3) Welsh
 - (4) Irish
 - (5) British
 - (6) Other
-

ASK IF: *Other in Nation*

NatSpec

How would you describe your national identity?

Enter description of national identity

STRING[40]

ASK ALWAYS

Ethnic

To which of these ethnic groups do you consider you belong?

- (1) White British
 - (2) Any other White background
 - (3) Mixed - White and Black Caribbean
 - (4) Mixed - White and Black African
 - (5) Mixed - White and Asian
 - (6) Any other Mixed background
 - (7) Asian or Asian British - Indian
 - (8) Asian or Asian British - Pakistani
 - (9) Asian or Asian British - Bangladeshi
 - (10) Asian or Asian British - Any other Asian background
 - (11) Black or Black British - Black Caribbean
 - (12) Black or Black British - Black African
 - (13) Black or Black British - Any other Black background
 - (14) Chinese
 - (15) Any other
-

ASK IF: Other in Ethnic

Eth02

Please can you describe your ethnic group?

Enter description of ethnic group

STRING[40]

ASK ALWAYS:

Wrking

Did you do any paid work in the 7 days ending Sunday the..., either as an employee or as self-employed?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: Working = no

AND: Not working, but eligible for Govt scheme

SchemeET

Were you on a Government scheme for employment training?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

Classification Questions

ASK IF: Working = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

JbAway

Did you have a job or business that you were away from?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
 - (3) Waiting to take up a new job/business already obtained
-

ASK IF: Wrking = No

AND: Not on govt scheme

AND: Not away or waiting to take up job

OwnBus

Did you do any unpaid work in that week for any business that you own?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: Working = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

AND: Not away or waiting to take up a job

AND: No unpaid work for own business

RelBus

...or that a relative owns?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: Wrking = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

AND: No unpaid work for relative's business

AND: Not away from job/ business

Looked

Thinking of the 4 weeks ending Sunday the..., were you looking for any kind of paid work or government training scheme at any time in those 4 weeks?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Waiting to take up a new job or business already obtained

Classification Questions

ASK IF: Wrking = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

AND: Looked for work in last 4 weeks, or waiting to take new job

StartJ

If a job or a place on a government scheme had been available in the week ending Sunday the ..., would you have been able to start within 2 weeks?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: Wrking = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

AND: Looked for work in last 4 weeks, or waiting to take new job

LKTime*

How long have you been/were you looking for paid work/ a place on a government scheme?

- (1) Not yet started
 - (2) Less than 1 month
 - (3) 1 month but less than 3 months
 - (4) 3 months but less than 6 months
 - (5) 6 months but less than 12 months
 - (6) 12 months or more
-

ASK IF: Wrking = No

AND: Not on Govt scheme

AND: Not looking, not able to start in 2 weeks

YInAct

What was the main reason you did not seek any work in the last 4 weeks/would not be able to start in the next 2 weeks?

- (1) Student
 - (2) Looking after the family/home
 - (3) Taking a career break
 - (4) Temporarily sick or injured
 - (5) Long-term sick or disabled
 - (6) Retired from paid work
 - (7) None of these
-

DERIVED VARIABLE:

DVILO3a (Derived from Wrking, JbAway, SchemeET, OwnBus, RelBus & StartJ)

DV for ILO in employment - 3 categories

- (1) InEmp (In employment or unpaid family worker)
- (2) Unemp (Unemployed)
- (3) EcInAct (Economically inactive)

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE:

DVIL04a (Derived from Wrking, JbAway, SchemeET, OwnBus, RelBus & StartJ)

DV for ILO in employment - 4 categories

- (1) InEmpXuf (In employment not unpaid family worker)
 - (2) UFW (Unpaid family worker)
 - (3) Unemp (Unemployed)
 - (4) EcInAct (Economically inactive)
-

ASK IF: Unemployed or economically inactive

Everwk

Have you ever had a paid job, apart from casual or holiday work?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: ECONOMICALLY INACTIVE OR UNEMPLOYED

AND: HAS HAD A PAID JOB

DtJbL*

When did you leave your last paid job?

DATE

DERIVED VARIABLE:

DVJb12ML (Derived from DVIL03a & Everwk)*

DV for unemployed/inactive – Whether worked in last 12 months

- (1) Worked in last 12 months
 - (2) not worked in last 12 months
-

ASK IF: In employment or has had a paid job

Innd*

What did the firm/organisation you worked for mainly make or do at the place where you worked?

INTERVIEWER: Describe fully - probe manufacturing or processing or distributing etc. and main goods produced, materials used, wholesale or retail etc.

STRING[80]

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

ASK IF: In employment or has had a paid job

OccT*

What was your (main) job?

STRING[30]

ASK IF: In employment or has had a paid job

OccD*

What did you mainly do in your job?

INTERVIEWER: Record special qualifications/training needed to do the job

STRING[80]

CODE IF: In employment or has had a paid job

ES2000

Employment status

- (1) Self-employed: large establishment (25+ employess)
 - (2) Self-employed: small establishment (1-24 employees)
 - (3) Self-employed: no employees
 - (4) Manager: large establishment (25+ employees)
 - (5) Manager: small establishment (1-24 employees)
 - (6) Foreman or supervisor
 - (7) Employees (not elsewhere classified)
 - (8) No employment status information given
-

CODEIF: In employment or has had a paid job

NSSECB

NS-SEC – long version (Operational categories)

- 1 Employees in large organisations
- 2 Higher managerial
 - 3.1 Higher professional (traditional) – employees
 - 3.2 Higher professional (new) employees
 - 3.3 Higher professional (traditional) – self-employed
 - 3.4 Higher professional (new) – self-employed
 - 4.1 Lower professional & higher technical (traditional) – employees
 - 4.2 Lower professional & higher technical (new) – employees
 - 4.3 Lower professional & higher technical (traditional) – self-employed
 - 4.4 Lower professional & higher technical (new) – self-employed
- 5 Lower managerial
- 6 Higher supervisory
 - 7.1 Intermediate clerical and administrative
 - 7.2 Intermediate sales and service
 - 7.3 Intermediate technical and auxiliary
 - 7.4 Intermediate engineering
- 8.1 Employers (small organisations, non-professional)
- 8.2 Employers (small – agriculture)
- 9.1 Own account workers (non-professional)
- 9.2 Own account workers (agriculture)
- 10 Lower supervisory
 - 11.1 Lower technical craft
 - 11.2 Lower technical process operative
- 12.1 Semi-routine sales
- 12.2 Semi-routine service
- 12.3 Semi-routine technical
- 12.4 Semi-routine operative
- 12.5 Semi-routine agricultural
- 12.6 Semi-routine clerical
- 12.7 Semi-routine childcare
- 13.1 Routine sales and service
- 13.2 Routine production
- 13.3 Routine technical
- 13.4 Routine operative
- 13.5 Routine agricultural

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

- 14.1 Never worked
 - 14.2 Long-term unemployed
 - 15 Full-time students
 - 16 Occupations not stated or inadequately described
 - 17 Not classifiable for other reasons
-

ASK IF: In employment or has had a paid job

NSSECAC

NS-SEC – Analytic classes

- 1.1 Employers in large organisations & higher managerial occupations
 - 1.2 Higher professional occupations
 - 2.0 Lower professional and higher technical occupations
 - 3.0 Intermediate occupations
 - 4.0 Small employers and own account workers
 - 5.0 Lower supervisory and technical occupations
 - 6.0 Semi-routine occupations
 - 7.0 Routine occupations
 - 8.0 Not classified
-

CODE IF: In employment or has had a paid job

NSECAC5

NS-SEC – 5 CLASSES

- 1 Managerial and professional occupations
- 2 Intermediate occupations
- 3 Small employers and own account workers
- 4 Lower supervisory and technical occupations
- 5 Semi-routine and routine occupations
- 6 Not classified

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

ASK IF: In employment or has had a paid job

NSECAC3

NS-SEC – 3 classes

1 Managerial

2 Intermediate occupations

3 Routine and manual occupations

4 Not classified

ASK IF: IN EMPLOYMENT OR HAS HAD A PAID JOB

Stat

Were you working as an employee or were you self-employed?

- (1) Employee
 - (2) Self-employed
-

ASK IF: IN EMPLOYMENT OR HAS HAD A PAID JOB

AND WORKS/HAS WORKED AS AN EMPLOYEE

SVise

In your job, did you have formal responsibility for supervising the work of other employees?

INTERVIEWER: Do not include people who only supervise:

- children, e.g. teachers, nannies, childminders
- animals
- security or buildings, e.g. caretakers, security guards

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: IN EMPLOYMENT OR HAS HAD A PAID JOB

AND: WORKS/HAS WORKED AS AN EMPLOYEE

AND: supervises/ has supervised the work of other employees

SViseDes

Please describe the type of responsibility you have for supervising the work of other employees.

INTERVIEWER: Probe for who and what is being supervised

STRING[100]

Classification Questions

ASK IF: IN EMPLOYMENT OR HAS HAD A PAID JOB

AND WORKS/HAS WORKED AS AN EMPLOYEE

EmpNo

How many people worked for your employer at the place where you worked, were there...

- (1) 1 to 24,
 - (2) 25 to 499,
 - (3) 500 or more
-

ASK IF: in employment or has had a paid job

AND: self-employed

Solo

Were you working on your own or did you have employees?

- (1) On own/with partner(s) but no employees
 - (2) With employees
-

ASK IF: in employment or has had a paid job

AND: self-employed

AND: works/worked with employees

SENo

How many people did you employ at the place where you worked, were there...

- (1) 1 to 24,
 - (2) 25 to 499,
 - (3) 500 or more employees?
-

ASK IF: in employment or has had a paid job

FtPtWk

In your (main) job were you working...

- (1) full time,
 - (2) or part time?
-

ASK IF: in employment or has had a paid job

TotUs1*

How many hours per week do you usually work in your (main) job/business - please exclude mealbreaks?

0.00..97.00

Classification Questions

ASK IF: in employment or has had a paid job

AND: works/worked part-time

Parthrs

(And) do you work 10 hours or more, or less than 10 hours a week?

- (1) 10 hours or more
 - (2) Less than 10 hours
-

ASK IF: not in school or in full-time education

FullEd

How old were you when you completed your last full-time education?

1..99

DERIVED VARIABLE:

LeftEd (Derived from FullEd)

Age left full time education

- (1) Up to 14
 - (2) 15 to 18
 - (3) 19 to 25
 - (4) Over 25
 - (5) Still in education
 - (6) No education
-

ASK IF: not in school or in full-time education

HighEd

What is the highest level of qualification that you have received from school, college or connected with work?

- (1) Degree level qualification (or equivalent)
- (2) Higher educational qualification below degree level
- (3) A-Levels or Highers
- (4) ONC / National Level BTEC
- (5) O Level or GCSE equivalent (Grade A-C) or O Grade/CSE equivalent (Grade 1) or Standard

Grade level 1-3

- (6) GCSE grade D-G or CSE grade 2-5 or Standard Grade level 4-6
- (7) Other qualifications (including foreign qualifications below degree level) (Please specify)
- (8) No formal qualifications

Classification Questions

ASK IF: not in school or in full-time education

AND: HighEd = Other qualifications

EdSpec

Please record other qualification

STRING[100]

ASK IF: not in school or in full-time education

AND: HIGHED = ONC/BTEC OR O LEVEL/GCSE OR OTHER BELOW DEGREE LEVEL OR NO FORMAL QUALIFICATIONS

HighEd2*

July I just check, since you left school have you received any other qualifications, perhaps from work-based training?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: not in school or in full-time education

AND HIGHED2 = YES

HighEd3*

Please record fully other qualifications

STRING[250]

DERIVED VARIABLE

HighEd4 (Derived from HighEd)

Highest level of education

- (1) Degree or equivalent
 - (2) Below degree level
 - (3) Other
 - (4) None (no qualifications)
-

ASK ALL

Enroll*

Are you at present/at school or 6th form college or/enrolled on any full-time or part-time education course, excluding leisure classes (include correspondence courses, open learning as well as other forms of full-time or part-time education)?

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

Classification Questions

ASK IF: Enrolled on a course

Attend*

And are you...

- (1) still attending,
 - (2) waiting for term to (re)start
 - (3) or have you stopped going
-

ASK IF: in employment

AND: Enrolled on a course

AND: Attending a course

Course*

Are you at school or at college on a full or part-time course, a medical or nursing course, a sandwich course or some other kind of course?

- (1) At school full-time
 - (2) At school part-time
 - (3) Sandwich course
 - (4) Studying at university or college including 6th form college full time
 - (5) Training for a qualification in nursing, physiotherapy or a similar medical subject
 - (6) On a part time course at university or college, including day release and block release
 - (7) On an Open College course
 - (8) On an Open University course
 - (9) Any other correspondence course
 - (10) Any other self/open learning course
-

ASK ALWAYS:

Qhealth1

How is your health in general? Would you say it was...

- (1) very good
- (2) good
- (3) fair
- (4) bad
- (5) very bad

ASK ALWAYS

SrcInc*

SET [12] OF

- (1) Earnings from employment or self-employment
 - (2) Pension from former employer
 - (3) Personal Pension
 - (4) State Pension
 - (5) Child benefit
 - (6) Income Support
 - (7) Tax Credits
 - (8) Other state benefits
 - (9) Interest from savings
 - (10) Interest from investments
 - (11) Other kinds of regular allowance from outside the household
 - (12) Other sources e.g. rent
 - (13) No source of income
-

ASK IF: *Some source of income at SrInc*

Gross*

Thinking of the sources you have mentioned, what is your total personal income before deductions for income tax, National Insurance etc, (that can be weekly, monthly or an annual amount)

INTERVIEWER: Please record income in pounds.

0..99999997

ASK IF: *Gross = RESPONSE*

GrsTimF*

Is that a weekly, monthly or annual amount?

- (1) Weekly
 - (2) Monthly
 - (3) Annual
-

DERIVED VARIABLE:

FaceDVR* (Derived from Gross)

DV for exact weekly amount

0..99999997

DERIVED VARIABLE:

FaceYr* (Derived from Gross)

DV for annual amount

0..99999997

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

ASK IF: *SOME SOURCE OF INCOME AT SRINC*

AND: (*Gross = REFUSAL*) OR (*Gross = DON'T KNOW*)

GrsBand*

Annual gross income

- (1) Up to £519
- (2) £520 up to £1039
- (3) £1040 up to £1559
- (4) £1560 up to £2079
- (5) £2080 up to £2599
- (6) £2600 up to £3119
- (7) £3120 up to £3639
- (8) £3640 up to £4159
- (9) £4160 up to £4679
- (10) £4680 up to £5199
- (11) £5200 up to £6239
- (12) £6240 up to £7279
- (13) £7280 up to £8319
- (14) £8320 up to £9359
- (15) £9360 up to £10399
- (16) £10400 up to £11439
- (17) £11440 up to £12479
- (18) £12480 up to £13519
- (19) £13520 up to £14559
- (20) £14560 up to £15599
- (21) £15600 up to £16639
- (22) £16640 up to £17679
- (23) £17680 up to £18719
- (24) £18720 up to £10759
- (25) £19760 up to £20799
- (26) £20800 up to £23399
- (27) £23400 up to £25999
- (28) £26000 up to £28599
- (29) £28600 up to £31199
- (30) £31200 up to £33799
- (31) £33800 up to £36399
- (32) £36400 up to £38999
- (33) £39000 up to £41599
- (34) £41600 up to £44199

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

(35) £44200 up to £46799

(36) £46800 up to £49399

(37) £49400 up to £51999

(38) £52000 or more

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

ASK IF: ((Gross = REFUSAL) OR (Gross = DONTKNOW))

AND (GrsBand = 38)

Gross3*

Annual amount earned

- (1) More than £51999 but less than £54000
- (2) More than £53999 but less than £56000
- (3) More than £55999 but less than £58000
- (4) More than £57999 but less than £60000
- (5) More than £59999 but less than £65000
- (6) More than £64999 but less than £70000
- (7) More than £69999 but less than £75000
- (8) More than £74999 but less than £80000
- (9) More than £79999 but less than £85000
- (10) More than £84999 but less than £90000
- (11) More than £89999 but less than £95000
- (12) More than £95000 but less than £100000
- (13) More than £99999 but less than £105000
- (14) More than £104999 but less than £110000
- (15) More than £109999 but less than £115000
- (16) More than £114999 but less than £120000
- (17) More than £119999 but less than £125000
- (18) More than £124999 but less than £130000
- (19) More than £129999 but less than £135000
- (20) More than £134999 but less than £140000
- (21) More than £139999 but less than £145000
- (22) More than £144999 but less than £150000
- (23) More than £149999 but less than £155000
- (24) More than £154999 but less than £160000
- (25) More than £159999 but less than £165000
- (26) More than £164999 but less than £170000
- (27) More than £169999 but less than £175000
- (28) More than £174999 but less than £180000
- (29) More than £179999 but less than £185000
- (30) More than £184999 but less than £190000
- (31) More than £189999 but less than £195000
- (32) More than £194999 but less than £200000
- (33) More than £199999 but less than £210000
- (34) More than £209999 but less than £220000
- (35) More than £219999 but less than £230000

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

- (36) More than £229999 but less than £240000
- (37) More than £239999 but less than £250000
- (38) More than £249999 but less than £260000
- (39) More than £259999 but less than £270000
- (40) More than £269999 but less than £280000
- (41) More than £279999 but less than £290000
- (42) More than £289999 but less than £300000
- (43) More than £299999 but less than £320000
- (44) More than £319999 but less than £340000
- (45) More than £339999 but less than £360000
- (46) More than £359999 but less than £380000
- (47) More than £379999 but less than £400000
- (48) Over£400000

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005
Classification Questions

DERIVED VARIABLE

Sumgross (Derived from FaceYr, GrsBand, Gross3)

Annual gross income

(39) Up to £519

(40) £520 up to £1039

(41) £1040 up to £1559

(42) £1560 up to £2079

(43) £2080 up to £2599

(44) £2600 up to £3119

(45) £3120 up to £3639

(46) £3640 up to £4159

(47) £4160 up to £4679

(48) £4680 up to £5199

(49) £5200 up to £6239

(50) £6240 up to £7279

(51) £7280 up to £8319

(52) £8320 up to £9359

(53) £9360 up to £10399

(54) £10400 up to £11439

(55) £11440 up to £12479

(56) £12480 up to £13519

(57) £13520 up to £14559

(58) £14560 up to £15599

(59) £15600 up to £16639

(60) £16640 up to £17679

(61) £17680 up to £18719

(62) £18720 up to £10759

(63) £19760 up to £20799

(64) £20800 up to £23399

(65) £23400 up to £25999

(66) £26000 up to £28599

(67) £28600 up to £31199

(68) £31200 up to £33799

(69) £33800 up to £36399

(70) £36400 up to £38999

(71) £39000 up to £41599

National Statistics Omnibus Survey September 2005

Classification Questions

(72) £41600 up to £44199

(73) £44200 up to £46799

(74) £46800 up to £49399

(75) £49400 up to £51999

(76) £52000 or more

ASK ALWAYS:

Paidjob

July I just check how many members of your household have a paid job?

0..14

National Statistics Omnibus Survey August 2005

Module 210 Smoking for Customs & Excise

ASK ALWAYS:

M210_1

Now I'd like to ask you about cigarette smoking.
Do you smoke cigarettes at all nowadays?

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: *Smokes cigarettes nowadays*

M210_2

How many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke at weekends?

0..200

ASK IF: *Smokes cigarettes nowadays*

M210_3

How many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke on weekdays?

0..200

ASK IF: *Smokes cigarettes nowadays*

M210_4

Do you usually smoke packeted cigarettes, hand-rolled cigarettes or both?

- (1) Packeted
- (2) Hand-rolled
- (3) Both packeted and hand-rolled, but mainly packeted
- (4) Both packeted and hand-rolled, but mainly hand-rolled

Module M372 - Gambling - Her Majesty's Customs and Excise

ASK ALWAYS :

Intro1

The next questions are being asked on behalf of HM Customs and Excise. These questions aim to collect information about betting with Bookmakers, Betting Exchanges and others taking bets.

(1) Press <1> to continue

ASK ALWAYS :

M372_1

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets or have any bets been placed on your behalf?

We are only interested in bets made with the respondent's money. These could be bets made by the respondent or by someone else but must be made with the respondent's money.

Interviewers note we want to:

Include	Exclude
Bookmakers	National Lottery
Betting exchanges	Scratch cards
Unlicensed Bet takers	Fruit machines
	Pools
	Premium Bonds
	Casinos (online and in-person)
	Raffles
	Bingo.

(1) Yes
(2) No

ASK IF: Has placed any bets

M372_4a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets at a bookmaker's shop?

(1) Yes
(2) No

ASK IF: Has placed any bets

M372_4b

In the last 7 days, have you received any winnings from bets placed at a bookmaker's shop?

(1) Yes
(2) No

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)

M372_2

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you received any winnings from betting?

Include all winnings received in the last 7 days, not just from bets placed in the last 7 days. Winnings may be cash or credited into an account. Include only the respondent's winnings, not winnings they may have collected from someone else.

Interviewers note we want to:

Include	Exclude
Bookmakers	National Lottery
Betting exchanges	Scratch cards
Unlicensed Bet takers	Fruit machines
	Pools
	Premium Bonds
	Casinos (online and in-person)
	Raffles
	Bingo.

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: NOT (Has received winnings)

M372_3a

May I just check, in the last 7 days, that is since, have you played on an electronic roulette game machine in a bookmaker's shop?

Exclude all other gaming machines, such as fruit machines and quiz machines.

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: M372_3a = Yes

M372_3b

In the last 7 days, did you make...

Running prompt. Code only one

- (1) an overall profit on the roulette machines,
 - (2) an overall loss of the roulette machines,
 - (3) or did you breakeven on the roulette machines?
-

COMPUTE IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: M372_3b = Pro

Txt2 := ' profit'

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

COMPUTE IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: NOT (M372_3b = Pro)

Txt2 := ' loss'

ASK IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: (M372_3b = Pro) OR (M372_3b = Loss)

M372_3c

In the last 7 days, how much was your overall[^]Txt2?

Prompt for the respondent's best estimate of the overall profit or loss.

Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: NOT (Has placed any bets)
AND: (M372_3b = Pro) OR (M372_3b = Loss)
M372_3c < 99.99

An amount of £100 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

ASK IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)

M372_4c

In the last 7 days, how much did you bet at a bookmaker's shop?

Record an estimate of the amount placed on bets at a bookmaker's shop over the last 7 days. If the respondent can only provide the total amount bet on all betting activities over the last 7 days, then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)
M372_4c < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)
M372_4c > 0

You cannot bet £0.00. Please check.

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)

M372_4d

In the last 7 days, how much did you receive in winnings from bets placed at a bookmaker's shop?

Winnings from bets placed at a bookmaker's shop should be recorded here.

Record whole pounds only.

If the respondent can only provide the total winnings received from bets placed on all betting activities then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)
M372_4d < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)
M372_4d > 0

You cannot win £0.00. Please check.

ASK IF: (M372_4a = Yes) AND (M372_4b = Yes)

M372_5a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you played on an electronic roulette games machine in a bookmaker's shop?

Only include electronic roulette machines played in a bookmaker's shop

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: M372_5a = Yes

M372_5b

In the last 7 days, did you make...

Running prompt. Code only one

- (1) an overall profit on the roulette machines,
 - (2) an overall loss of the roulette machines,
 - (3) or did you breakeven on the roulette machines?
-

COMPUTE IF: M372_5b = Pro

Txt2 := 'profit'

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

COMPUTE IF: NOT (M372_5b = Pro)

Txt2 := ' loss'

ASK IF: (M372_5b = Pro) OR (M372_5b = Loss)

M372_5c

In the last 7 days, how much was your overall ^Txt2?

Prompt for the respondent's best estimate of the overall profit and loss. Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: (M372_5b = Pro) OR (M372_5b = Loss)
M372_5c < 99.99

An amount of £100 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

ASK IF: M372_1 = Yes

M372_6a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets with a bookmaker by telephone?

Include bets placed by phone with bookmakers based in the United Kingdom.

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: ((M372_6a = Yes) OR (M372_6a = No)) OR (M372_2 = Yes)

M372_6b

In the last 7 days, have you received any winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker by telephone?

Include winnings from bets placed by telephone with bookmakers based in the United Kingdom.

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: M372_6a = Yes

M372_6c

In the last 7 days, how much did you bet with a bookmaker by telephone?

This is the total amount placed on bets with a bookmaker by telephone over the last 7 days.

Record whole pounds only.

If the respondent cannot split the amount by type of bet then record as Don't Know

WARN IF: M372_6a = Yes
M372_6c < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_6a = Yes
M372_6c > 0

You cannot bet £0.00. Please check.

ASK IF: M372_6b = Yes

M372_6d

In the last 7 days, how much did you receive in winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker by telephone?

Winnings from bets placed by telephone may be credited to an account or collected from a shop. Telephone bet winnings should be recorded here even if they were collected from a bookmaker's shop.

Record whole pounds only.

If the respondent cannot split the amount by type of bet then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: M372_6b = Yes
M372_6d < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_6b = Yes
M372_6d > 0

You cannot win £0.00. Please check.

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: M372_1 = Yes

M372_7a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets with a bookmaker on the Internet?

Include bets placed on the Internet with bookmakers based in the United Kingdom. Please exclude betting exchanges such as Betfair and BetDaq.

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: ((M372_7a = Yes) OR (M372_7a = No)) OR (M372_2 = Yes)

M372_7b

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you received any winnings from bets placed with bookmakers on the Internet?

Include winnings from bets placed on the Internet with bookmakers based in the United Kingdom. Please exclude betting exchanges such as Betfair and BetDaq.

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: M372_7a = Yes

M372_7c

In the last 7 days, how much did you bet with a bookmaker on the Internet?

This is the total amount placed on bets with a bookmaker over the last 7 days.

Record whole pounds only.

If the respondent cannot split the amount by type of bet then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: M372_7a = Yes
M372_7c < 999.9900000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_7a = Yes
M372_7c > 0

You cannot bet £0.00. Please check.

COMPUTE ALWAYS:

Sumbet := ((M372_4c + M372_6c) + M372_7c)

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: M372_7b = Yes

M372_7d

In the last 7 days, how much did you receive in winnings from bets placed with a bookmaker on the Internet?

Record whole pounds only.

If the respondent cannot split the amount by type of bet then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: M372_7b = Yes
M372_7d < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_7b = Yes
M372_7d > 0

You cannot win £0.00. Please check.

COMPUTE ALWAYS:

Sumwin := ((M372_4d + M372_6d) + M372_7d)

ASK IF: ((M372_4c = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6c = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7c = DONTKNOW)

M372_8a

In the last 7 days, how much do you think you bet overall with bookmakers on the Internet, bookmakers by telephone and at a bookmaker's shop?

We are looking to get a best estimate of the total amount of bets placed over the last 7 days. If the respondent cannot estimate a total amount then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: ((M372_4c = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6c = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7c = DONTKNOW)
M372_8a < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: ((M372_4c = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6c = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7c = DONTKNOW)
M372_8a >= Sumbet

The overall estimate of amount bet must be greater than or equal to the total Sumbet. Please check

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

ASK IF: ((M372_4d = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6d = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7d = DONTKNOW)

M372_8b

In the last 7 days, how much do you think you received in winnings overall, from bets placed with bookmakers on the Internet, bookmakers by telephone and at bookmakers shops?

We are looking to get a best estimate of the total amount of winnings received over the last 7 days. If the respondent cannot estimate a total amount then record as Don't Know.

WARN IF: ((M372_4d = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6d = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7d = DONTKNOW)
M372_8b < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: ((M372_4d = DONTKNOW) OR (M372_6d = DONTKNOW)) OR (M372_7d = DONTKNOW)
M372_8b >= Sumwin

The overall estimate of winnings must be greater than or equal to the total Sumwin. Please check

ASK IF: M372_1 = Yes

M372_9a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets with betting exchanges such as Betfair and BetDaq?

Include bets placed with betting exchanges based in the United Kingdom. Most of these bets will be placed on the Internet, but can be by telephone. Include both types of bets.

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

ASK IF: ((M372_9a = Yes) OR (M372_9a = No)) OR (M372_2 = Yes)

M372_9b

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you received any winnings from bets placed with a betting exchange such as Betfair or Betdaq?

Include winnings from bets placed with betting exchanges based in the United Kingdom. but can be by telephone. Include both types of bets.

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

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ASK IF: M372_9a = Yes

M372_9c

In the last 7 days, how much did you bet with betting exchanges?

We are interested in an estimate of the total amount placed on bets with a betting exchange over the last 7 days.

Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: M372_9a = Yes
M372_9c < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_9a = Yes
M372_9c > 0

You cannot bet £0.00. Please check.

ASK IF: M372_9b = Yes

M372_9d

In the last 7 days, how much did you receive in winnings from betting exchanges?

Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: M372_9b = Yes
M372_9d < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_9b = Yes
M372_9d > 0

You cannot win £0.00. Please check.

ASK IF: M372_1 = Yes

M372_10a

In the last 7 days, that is since, have you placed any bets with a bookmaker who may not be licensed?

Please exclude bets with family and friends.

Exclude all on-course betting.

Any information given is treated as strictly confidential

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

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ASK IF: ((M372_10a = Yes) OR (M372_10a = No)) OR (M372_2 = Yes)

M372_10b

Have you received any winnings from a bookmaker who may not be licensed?

Please exclude winnings from bets with family and friends.

Exclude winnings from all on-course betting.

Any information given is treated as strictly confidential

- (1) Yes
 - (2) No
-

ASK IF: M372_10a = Yes

M372_10c

In the last 7 days, how much did you bet with bookmakers who may not be licensed?

We are interested in an estimate of the total amount placed on bets with a bookmaker who may not be licensed over the last 7 days. Please exclude winnings received from bets placed with family and friends. Exclude all on-course betting.

Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: M372_10a = Yes
M372_10c < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

WARN IF: M372_10a = Yes
M372_10c > 0

You cannot bet £0.00. Please check.

ASK IF: M372_10b = Yes

M372_10d

In the last 7 days, how much did you receive from a bookmaker who may not be licensed?

Record whole pounds only.

WARN IF: M372_10b = Yes
M372_10d < 999.99000000000001

An amount of £1000 or over seems like a lot. Please check.

NATIONAL STATISTICS OMNIBUS SURVEY - August 2005

WARN IF: $M372_10b = \text{Yes}$
 $M372_10d > 0$

You cannot win £0.00. Please check.

Module 327

SunSmart for Department of Public Health, University College London

ASK ALWAYS :

Intro

The next set of questions is being asked on behalf of researchers at the Department of Public Health, University College London.

(1) Continue PRESS <1> TO CONTINUE

ASK ALWAYS :

M327_1

[*] Have you heard of a campaign that gives information about sun exposure and preventing skin cancer?

INTERVIEWER: DO NOT PROMPT

- | | | |
|-----|---------|-----------------------|
| (1) | Yes | Yes |
| (2) | No | No |
| (3) | NotSure | Don't know / Not sure |
-

ASK IF: *has heard of a campaign*

M327_2

What was it called?

INTERVIEWER: DO NOT PROMPT

- | | | |
|-----|----------|-----------------------|
| (1) | SunSmart | SunSmart |
| (2) | Sunsafe | Sunsafe |
| (3) | SunKH | Sun Know How |
| (4) | SSSlap | Slip Slop Slap |
| (5) | Other | Other (SPECIFY) |
| (6) | NotSure | Don't know / Not sure |
-

ASK IF: *has heard of a campaign*

AND: *M327_2 = Other*

Spe327_1

INTERVIEWER: RECORD OTHER CAMPAIGN NAME

STRING[100]

ASK ALWAYS :

M327_3

[*] (May I just check) have you heard of a campaign called SunSmart?

- | | | |
|-----|---------|---------------------|
| (1) | Yes | Yes |
| (2) | No | No |
| (3) | Notsure | Don't know/Not sure |

ASK ALWAYS :

M327_5M (one new category added)

What actions should you take to reduce the risk of skin cancer?

INTERVIEWER: CODE ALL THAT APPLY.
DO NOT PROMPT EXCEPT A/E.

SET [8] OF

- (1) StyShade Stay in the shade / move out of the sun
- (2) CoverUp Cover up (with long sleeves/trousers, a hat etc)
- (3) PrtctCh Protect children
- (4) DntBurn Don't burn
- (5) SScreen Use high factor sunscreen/sun tan lotion (factor 15+)
- (6) AnySScn Use any sunscreen/sun tan lotion
- (7) Moles Check moles or consult doctor about moles
- (8) Other Other (SPECIFY)
- (9) NotSure Don't know / Not sure
- (10) SunBeds Avoid sun-beds

ASK IF: Other IN M327_5M

Spe327_3

INTERVIEWER: RECORD OTHER ACTION.
RECORD VERBATIM

STRING[255]

CHECK IF: NotSure IN M327_5M
M327_5M.CARDINAL = 1

YOU CANNOT USE 'Don't know / Not sure' ALONGSIDE OTHER CODES

ASK ALWAYS :

M327_8

Do you personally do anything to protect yourself from the sun and/or skin cancer?

INTERVIEWER: DO NOT PROMPT.
IF 'SOMETIMES' CODE 'YES'.

- (1) Yes Yes
- (2) No No
- (3) NotSure Don't know / Not sure

ASK IF: M327_8 = Yes

M327_9M

What do you do?

INTERVIEWER: CODE ALL THAT APPLY.
DO NOT PROMPT EXCEPT A/E.

SET [12] OF

- | | | |
|------|----------|---|
| (1) | StyShade | Stay in the shade/keep out of the sun |
| (2) | CoverUp | Cover up (general) |
| (3) | WearHat | Wear a hat |
| (4) | WearLSI | Wear a long sleeved shirt/blouse or long trousers/skirt |
| (5) | HiFactor | Use a high protection sunscreen/ sun tan lotion |
| (6) | UnspSScr | Use sunscreen/ sun tan lotion (unspecified) |
| (7) | NoMidday | Avoid the mid-day sun |
| (8) | LimitExp | Limit the time I spend in the sun |
| (9) | NoSunBed | Avoid sun-beds |
| (10) | ChckMole | Check moles |
| (11) | SeeDoc | See a doctor or dermatologist about moles |
| (12) | Other | Other (SPECIFY) |
| (13) | Nothing | Nothing |

ASK IF: M327_8 = Yes

AND: Other IN M327_9M

Spe327_4

INTERVIEWER: RECORD OTHER ACTION.
RECORD VERBATIM

STRING[255]

CHECK IF: M327_8 = Yes

AND: Nothing IN M327_9M

M327_9M.CARDINAL = 1

YOU CANNOT USE 'Nothing' ALONGSIDE OTHER CODES

New question to all. Need showcard

Which of the following best describes what you were doing last time your skin went pink or got sunburnt

1. sunbathing whilst on holiday abroad
2. sunbathing whilst in the UK
3. at work outdoors
4. at leisure abroad (eg gardening, playing sport or sitting outdoors)
5. at leisure in the UK (eg gardening, playing sport or sitting outdoors)
6. using a sunbed
7. other – please specify

(client happy to keep question as it is for all ethnic groups)

White

- 1. British**
- 2. Any other White background**

Mixed

- 3. White and Black Caribbean**
- 4. White and Black African**
- 5. White and Asian**
- 6. Any other Mixed background**

Asian or Asian British

- 7. Indian**
- 8. Pakistani**
- 9. Bangladeshi**
- 10. Any other Asian background**

Black or Black British

- 11. Black Caribbean**
- 12. Black African**
- 13. Any other Black background**

14. Chinese**15. Any other ethnic group**

GROSS INCOME

ANNUAL

Up to £519.....	1
£520 up to £1,039.....	2
£1,040 up to £1,559.....	3
£1,560 up to £2,079.....	4
£2,080 up to £2,599.....	5
£2,600 up to £3,119.....	6
£3,120 up to £3,639.....	7
£3,640 up to £4,159.....	8
£4,160 up to £4,679.....	9
£4,680 up to £5,199.....	10
£5,200 up to £6,239.....	11
£6,240 up to £7,279.....	12
£7,280 up to £8,319.....	13
£8,320 up to £9,359.....	14
£9,360 up to £10,399.....	15
£10,400 up to £11,439.....	16
£11,440 up to £12,479.....	17
£12,480 up to £13,519.....	18
£13,520 up to £14,559.....	19
£14,560 up to £15,599.....	20
£15,600 up to £16,639.....	21
£16,640 up to £17,679.....	22
£17,680 up to £18,719.....	23
£18,720 up to £19,759.....	24
£19,760 up to £20,799.....	25
£20,800 up to £23,399.....	26
£23,400 up to £25,999.....	27
£26,000 up to £28,599.....	28
£28,600 up to £31,199.....	29
£31,200 up to £33,799.....	30
£33,800 up to £36,399.....	31
£36,400 up to £38,999.....	32
£39,000 up to £41,599.....	33
£41,600 up to £44,199.....	34
£44,200 up to £46,799.....	35
£46,800 up to £49,399.....	36
£49,400 up to £51,999.....	37
£52,000 or more.....	38

GROSS INCOME

WEEKLY		MONTHLY	
Up to £9.....	1	Up to £42.....	1
£10 up to £19.....	2	£43 up to £85.....	2
£20 up to £29.....	3	£86 up to £129.....	3
£30 up to £39.....	4	£130 up to £172.....	4
£40 up to £49.....	5	£173 up to £216.....	5
£50 up to £59.....	6	£217 up to £259.....	6
£60 up to £69.....	7	£260 up to £302.....	7
£70 up to £79.....	8	£303 up to £346.....	8
£80 up to £89.....	9	£347 up to £389.....	9
£90 up to £99.....	10	£390 up to £432.....	10
£100 up to £119.....	11	£433 up to £519.....	11
£120 up to £139.....	12	£520 up to £606.....	12
£140 up to £159.....	13	£607 up to £692.....	13
£160 up to £179.....	14	£693 up to £779.....	14
£180 up to £199.....	15	£780 up to £866.....	15
£200 up to £219.....	16	£867 up to £952.....	16
£220 up to £239.....	17	£953 up to £1,039.....	17
£240 up to £259.....	18	£1,040 up to £1,126.....	18
£260 up to £279.....	19	£1,127 up to £1,212.....	19
£280 up to £299.....	20	£1,213 up to £1,299.....	20
£300 up to £319.....	21	£1,300 up to £1,386.....	21
£320 up to £339.....	22	£1,387 up to £1,472.....	22
£340 up to £359.....	23	£1,473 up to £1,559.....	23
£360 up to £379.....	24	£1,560 up to £1,646.....	24
£380 up to £399.....	25	£1,647 up to £1,732.....	25
£400 up to £449.....	26	£1,733 up to £1,949.....	26
£450 up to £499.....	27	£1,950 up to £2,166.....	27
£500 up to £549.....	28	£2,167 up to £2,382.....	28
£550 up to £599.....	29	£2,383 up to £2,599.....	29
£600 up to £649.....	30	£2,600 up to £2,816.....	30
£650 up to £699.....	31	£2,817 up to £3,032.....	31
£700 up to £749.....	32	£3,033 up to £3,249.....	32
£750 up to £799.....	33	£3,250 up to £3,466.....	33
£800 up to £849.....	34	£3,467 up to £3,685.....	34
£850 up to £899.....	35	£3,686 up to £3,899.....	35
£900 up to £949.....	36	£3,900 up to £4,116.....	36
£950 up to £999.....	37	£4,117 up to £4,332.....	37
£1000 or more.....	38	£4,333 or more.....	38

TOTAL ANNUAL GROSS INCOME

£52,000 up to £53,999	1	£160,000 up to £164,999...	25
£54,000 up to £55,999.....	2	£165,000 up to £169,999...	26
£56,000 up to £57,999.....	3	£170,000 up to £174,999...	27
£58,000 up to £59,999.....	4	£175,000 up to £179,999...	28
£60,000 up to £64,999.....	5	£180,000 up to £184,999...	29
£65,000 up to £69,999.....	6	£185,000 up to £189,999...	30
£70,000 up to £74,999.....	7	£190,000 up to £194,999...	31
£75,000 up to £79,999.....	8	£195,000 up to £199,999...	32
£80,000 up to £84,999.....	9	£200,000 up to £209,999...	33
£85,000 up to £89,999.....	10	£210,000 up to £219,999...	34
£90,000 up to £94,999.....	11	£220,000 up to £229,999...	35
£95,000 up to £99,999.....	12	£230,000 up to £239,999...	36
£100,000 up to £104,999...	13	£240,000 up to £249,999...	37
£105,000 up to £109,999...	14	£250,000 up to £259,999...	38
£110,000 up to £114,999...	15	£260,000 up to £269,999...	39
£115,000 up to £119,999....	16	£270,000 up to £279,999...	40
£120,000 up to £124,999....	17	£280,000 up to £289,999...	41
£125,000 up to £129,999....	18	£290,000 up to £299,999...	42
£130,000 up to £134,999....	19	£300,000 up to £319,999...	43
£135,000 up to £139,999....	20	£320,000 up to £339,999...	44
£140,000 up to £144,999....	21	£340,000 up to £359,999...	45
£145,000 up to £149,999....	22	£360,000 up to £379,999...	46
£150,000 up to £154,999....	23	£380,000 up to £399,999...	47
£155,000 up to £159,999....	24	£400,000 or more.....	48

1. English

2. Scottish

3. Welsh

4. Irish

5. British

6. Other

1. Scottish

2. English

3. Welsh

4. Irish

5. British

6. Other

1. Welsh

2. English

3. Scottish

4. Irish

5. British

6. Other

PLEASE GIVE ALL SOURCES

- 1. Earnings from employment or self-employment**
- 2. Pension from former employer**
- 3. Personal Pension**
- 4. State Pension**
- 5. Child benefit**
- 6. Income Support**
- 7. Tax Credits**
- 8. Other state benefits**
- 9. Interest from savings**
- 10. Interest from investments**
- 11. Other kinds of regular allowance from outside the household**
- 12. Other sources e.g rent**
- 13. No source of income**

- 1. Own it outright**
- 2. Buying it with the help of a mortgage or loan**
- 3. Pay part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership)**
- 4. Rent it**
- 5. Live here rent-free (including rent-free in relative's/ friend's property; excluding squatting)**
- 6. Squatting**

- 1. Sunbathing whilst on holiday abroad**
- 2. Sunbathing whilst in the UK**
- 3. At work outdoors**
- 4. Domestic or leisure activities abroad
(eg gardening, sport, shopping, sitting outdoors)**
- 5. Domestic or leisure activities in the UK
(eg gardening, sport, shopping, sitting outdoors)**
- 6. Using a sunbed**
- 7. Other (please specify)**