



Labour  
Force  
Survey

## User Guide

VOLUME 3 – DETAILS OF LFS VARIABLES 2012

Version 4 - December 2012

**DETAILS OF LFS VARIABLES: 2012****CONTENTS**

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## **INFORMATION ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

This edition completely replaces the 2011 version. It contains only those variables which will appear in 2012 datasets or which have been removed within the past year. Information on old LFS variables, between the years 2006 and 2011 can be found in the 2011 version of Volume 3.

### **Seasonal to Calendar Quarters**

From 2006 the LFS has been run on CALENDAR quarters i.e. January to March, April to June, July to September, and October to December instead of seasonal quarters i.e. March to May, June to August, September to November, and December to February. This was because EuroStat require us to use calendar quarters and it will also bring us into line with other ONS household surveys. The timings of quarterly-specific questions changed as follows:

| <b>Calendar Quarter</b>         | previously asked in ... | <b>Seasonal Quarter</b>          |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| January to March (Q1/Winter)    |                         | December to February (Q4/Winter) |
| April to June (Q2/Spring)       |                         | March to May (Q1/Spring)         |
| July to September (Q3/Summer)   |                         | June to August (Q2/Summer)       |
| October to December (Q4/Autumn) |                         | Sept to November (Q3/Autumn)     |

### **NA's and DNA's**

Unless otherwise specified in this guide, the coding for “no answer” (NA) and “does not apply” (DNA) are -8 and -9 respectively.

### **Multi-Response Variables**

Multiple response items are questions that can have more than one value for an individual case. This form of question is very useful when respondents are required to select a number of items from a list of possible answers.

The LFS makes use of a number of such questions. For example, ILLDAYS which asks respondents to identify on which day or days of the week they were off work due to sickness or injury. As a week contains seven days, answers to ILLDAYS are stored in one or more of seven separate variables, ILLDAYS1 to ILLDAYS7. Answers are recorded sequentially, so the first answer is held in ILLDAYS1, the second in ILLDAYS2 and so on. A code, one to seven, Monday to Sunday, is used within each variable to distinguish each day.

Some multi-response variables may be “ranked”, in a particular order. QUALS6 is an example of such a variable, where the respondent's highest qualification is recorded in QUALS601, their second highest in QUALS602, and so on.

The structure of such variables means that users need to adjust their analysis accordingly e.g. to arrive at the total number of people sick on a Friday you would need to sum answers from ILLDAYS1 to ILLDAYS7. Some data analysis packages have multiple response tools that can assist in this.

### **State Pension Age Change**

Between April 2010 and April 2020, women's State pension age in the UK will increase from 60 to 65, at the rate of one month every two months. From August 2010, ONS will publish headline employment and inactivity rates based on the 16-64 population. No change was made concerning the unemployment rate, which was, and is still based on the population aged 16 and over. The LFS definition of pension age has changed from 65 plus for men and 60 plus for women to 65 plus for men and women; all children under 16 years are classified as economically inactive. Therefore, from April 2010 any routing that previously used the population 'males 16-64 and females 16-59' should change to 'all those aged 16-64', and routing that previously used the population 'males 65+ and females 60+ (pension age)' should change to 'all those aged 65+'.

A detailed 'flag' can be calculated over the course of the incremental change to the female State pension age. This will be needed if detailed analysis concerning state pension age is intended. It is recommended

that datasets contain two 'flag' variables. These derived variables should be called 'PENFLAGP' which indicates an individual who is actually of State pension age at the time of interview and 'NOPENFLG' which indicates individuals who are aged 16+ and not actually of State pension age at the time of interview. 'PENFLAGP' and 'NOPENFLG' are both potentially disclosive variables as they can allow for certain respondents, affected by the change, to have their year and month of birth identified. This goes against ONS standards for End User License (EUL). Therefore these variables should not be released on EUL versions of datasets but can be included on Special License or other restricted access versions of datasets.

In order to calculate an accurate 'flag', datasets would need 'age', 'date of birth' and 'reference date' variables. ONS can provide syntax to users who wish to create these variables on their data. Please contact the LFS team in the Social Surveys Division.

Email: [-lfs@ons.gov.gsi.uk](mailto:-lfs@ons.gov.gsi.uk)

The Government announced in its October 2010 Spending Review that it will speed up the pace of State pension age equalisation for women from April 2016 so that women's State pension age will reach 65 in November 2018. The State pension age will then increase to 66 for both men and women from December 2018 to April 2020. The current approach to recording and analysing those of State pension age will therefore need to be amended before 2016 in order to account for these further changes.

## **SIC2007**

### *Implementation of Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007*

The industry class to which people in employment are coded in the LFS switched to SIC 2007 in January 2009. From then on, all cases were assigned an industry code on the new basis. This included respondents who had been surveyed in the previous quarter whose employment situation had not changed. There was no dual coding.

The transition to the new classification was accompanied by the implementation of a new automatic coding tool for LFS interviewers. A similar tool had been in place for the coding of occupations to the Standard Occupational Classification for several years, but prior to 2009, industry had been coded manually using a printed volume. The new tool is seen as a significant improvement in the coding of industries in the LFS. Its introduction has brought greater consistency since cases with the same description are more likely to be allocated the same code with the coding tool than with the previous approach.

### *LFS estimates by industry*

Conversion variables have been produced for LFS microdata which map cases from the previously used industrial classification (SIC 1992) to SIC 2007 for the years 2006 to 2008 inclusive. Each industry class (4 or 5 digit code) on SIC 1992 was mapped to an industry division on SIC 2007. For pre-2006 microdata a syntax was provided to enable users to derive the mapped estimates themselves.

Users should be aware that, for the quarterly time series of employment on a SIC 2007 basis, there are several step changes at Section and Division level between Q4 2008 and Q1 2009. Investigative analysis has shown that these were caused primarily by the introduction of the new coding tool. Some limitations in the mapping between the two classifications also contributed, but to a much lesser extent.

From Q1 2009 onwards, a set of conversion variables mapping SIC 2007 to SIC 1992 have been included in the microdata. These map SIC 2007 classes to SIC 1992 divisions. Step changes at Q1 2009 are also evident when producing time series on a SIC 1992 basis.

### *Evaluation of the step changes*

Analysis was carried out comparing the recorded and mapped SIC codes for people surveyed in both Q4 2008 and Q1 2009 who reported that they had remained in the same job (referred to as "linked records"). For those respondents who had not changed their job between the two interviews, estimates of employment for the mapped SIC 2007 codes for Q4 2008 were compared with the recorded SIC 2007 codes for Q1 2009.

The table below compares the number of cases mapped to each SIC 2007 Section in Q4 2008 with the number coded to that Section in Q1 2009. The numbers are unweighted. The percentage change in the fourth data column represents the overall effect (primarily from the new coding tool) on each industry

Section at the time the SIC 2007 was implemented. For example, the net effect on Manufacturing was a contraction of 9 per cent.

### TRANSITION TO SIC 2007

#### SIC2007 Section in Q1 2009 compared with mapped SIC 2007 Section in Q4 2008

**UNWEIGHTED LINKED RECORDS:** Filter: (inecac05\_OD08 >=1 & inecac05\_OD08 <=3) & (iout\_OD08 = 1 or iout\_OD08 =

| SIC 2007 Section                                  | Total Q4 08<br>(mapped) | Total Q1 09<br>(recorded) | Change Q4<br>08 to Q1 09 | Change as<br>% |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| A Agriculture, forestry and fishing               | 402                     | 392                       | -10                      | -2%            |
| B Mining & quarrying                              | 152                     | 127                       | -25                      | -16%           |
| C Manufacturing                                   | 3,899                   | 3,549                     | -350                     | -9%            |
| D Electricity, gas & air con supply               | 203                     | 191                       | -12                      | -6%            |
| E Water supply, sewerage & waste                  | 282                     | 275                       | -7                       | -2%            |
| F Construction                                    | 3,020                   | 2,894                     | -126                     | -4%            |
| G Distribution                                    | 5,028                   | 4,921                     | -107                     | -2%            |
| H Transport & storage                             | 1,920                   | 1,881                     | -39                      | -2%            |
| I Accommodation & food services                   | 1,340                   | 1,416                     | 76                       | 6%             |
| J Information & communication                     | 1,308                   | 1,164                     | -144                     | -11%           |
| K Financial & insurance services                  | 1,372                   | 1,336                     | -36                      | -3%            |
| L Real estate services                            | 288                     | 328                       | 40                       | 14%            |
| M Professional, scientific & technical activities | 1,779                   | 2,128                     | 349                      | 20%            |
| N Admin & support services                        | 1,291                   | 1,503                     | 212                      | 16%            |
| O Public admin & defence                          | 2,658                   | 2,569                     | -89                      | -3%            |
| P Education                                       | 3,448                   | 3,677                     | 229                      | 7%             |
| Q Health & social work                            | 4,683                   | 4,741                     | 58                       | 1%             |
| R Arts, entertainment & recreation                | 889                     | 831                       | -58                      | -7%            |
| S Other service activities                        | 833                     | 919                       | 86                       | 10%            |
| T Households as employers                         | 161                     | 72                        | -89                      | -55%           |
| U Extra territorial                               | 10                      | 52                        | 42                       | 420%           |
| Total   | 34,966                  | 34,966                    | 0                        | 0%             |

Some of the main step changes at Q1 2009 when deriving time series on a SIC 2007 basis can be explained further as follows:

- Sections M and N (Professional, Scientific and Technical activities and Administrative & Support Services) gained significantly from people formerly coded to: Manufacturing; Construction; Information and Communication (J); Recreational (R); and Activities of households as employers.
- Manufacturing (Section C) has decreased in size, in particular losing people to various services within Sections M and N: and also to Distribution (G).
- Education (Section P) has gained mostly from people formerly coded to: Public Admin (O); Arts, Entertainment & Recreation (R) and Health & Social Work (Q).
- Section T (Households as Employers) reduced by 55%, losing people mostly to Admin & Support Services (Section N).

#### *Time series adjustments*

The percentage changes in the table above represent primarily the impact of the new coding tool. They can be used in the calculation of simple adjustments to address the step changes in time series of employment estimates on a SIC 2007 basis. This has been done for the estimates of employment by industry as published in the LFS Historical Quarterly Supplement.

**SOC2010**

In the development of SOC2010, there is a significant decrease in the numbers coded to the Managers and Senior Officials major group (SOC 2010 Volume 1 structure and definition). The increase in the Professional Occupations major group is likely to be the corollary of this decrease.

**Ethnicity, National Identity and Religion**

Changes were made to the ethnicity, national identity and religion questions in January 2011 to bring them in line with the census data collection on these topics. In April 2011, further changes were made to the ethnicity questions to bring them in line with the Scottish Census data collection.

The new Ethnicity questions introduced in 2011 were asked afresh rather than having data rotated into them (as is common practice with all new questions). However, where there is a non-contact in JM11 after a successful interview in the previous quarter (OD10), data is usually rotated forward for one wave - these are the 'data brought forward' (DBF) cases (where IOUTCOME=6). These DBF cases in JM11 have no ethnicity, national identity or religion data to bring forward, as we did not ask in the question in OD10.

We therefore had to impute values for the DBF cases in JM11. We used their OD10 responses and mapped them across the new JM11 questions as best as possible. Some of the new JM11 questions have no equivalent in OD11 so no data could be imputed.

Cases that were IOUTCOME=6 in JM11 had the following variables corrected:

| Ethnicity questions | Ethnicity DV's | National Identity DV's | Religion DV |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------|
| ETH11               | ETHGB16        | NATIDB11               | RELIG11     |
| ETHAS11             | ETHGB18        | NATIDE11               |             |
| ETHBL11             | ETHUK8         | NATIDO11               |             |
| ETHMX11             | ETHUK9         | NATIDS11               |             |
| ETHNI11             | ETHUK14        | NATIDW11               |             |
| ETHWHE              | ETHUK16        |                        |             |
| ETHWHW              |                |                        |             |
| ETHWHS              |                |                        |             |

No imputation was done for the ethnicity, national identity or religion variables DV's not listed above.

**Disability (Discurr)**

Discontinuity was identified in disability rates reported in the LFS between quarter four 2009 and quarter one 2010.

Analysis generally showed that the characteristics of those who were disabled (and those already in the survey who 'became' disabled) did not change significantly over time. The few characteristics that might have been associated with the initial increase in disability were found in subsequent quarters not to be associated with the *sustained* high levels of disability and were therefore thought to be random.

Examination of the survey design, questionnaire wording and routing, and anecdotal evidence from interviewers, did not reveal any significant changes over time. The only change to the administration of the questionnaire was the addition of a short introduction at the start of the disability module:

*"I should now like to ask you a few questions about your health. These questions will help us estimate the number of people in the country who have health problems."*

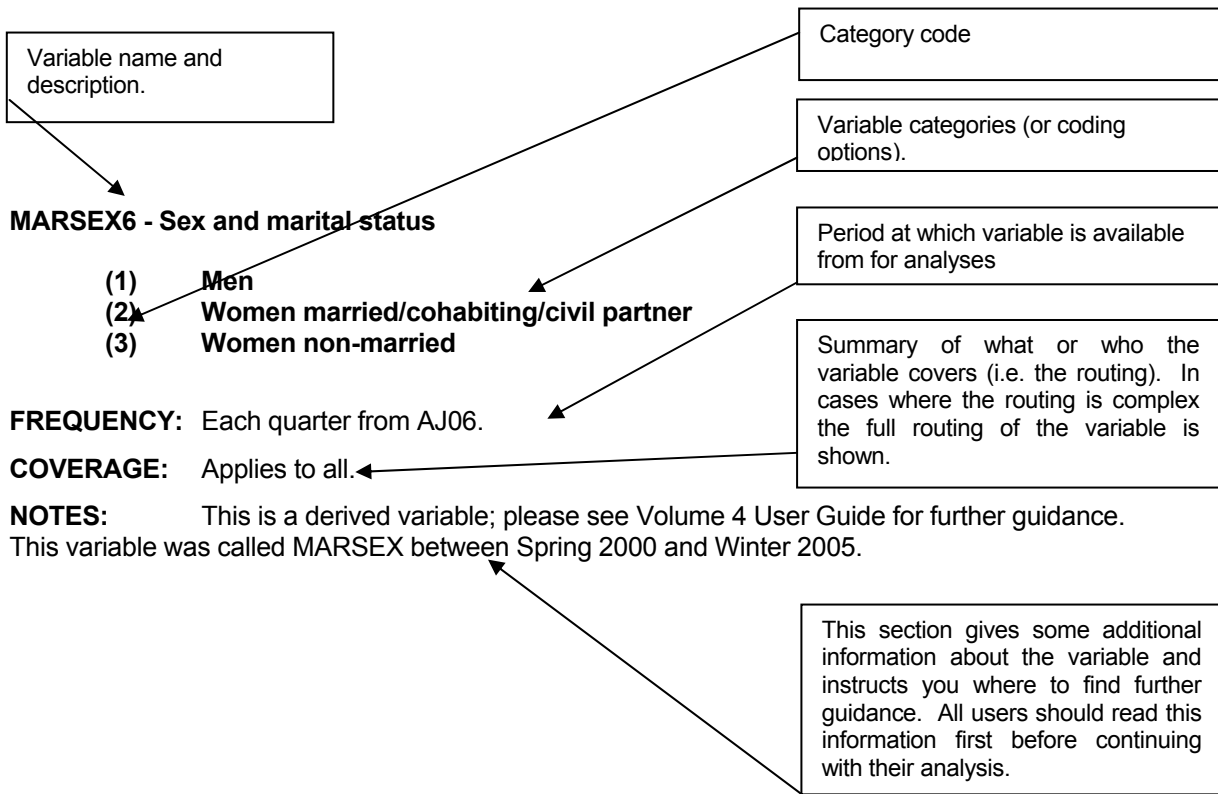
The impact of this introduction is thought to be positive in that it prepares respondents for the set of disability questions. Any increase caused by this change should result in a more complete measure of actual disability. This change to the introduction added to the disability module in quarter one 2010 is thought to be the key driver of the step increase in disability. The earlier estimates can still be considered 'best estimates' for those periods and should give a robust picture of changes over time, however, direct comparisons between pre- and post-Q1-10 estimates should not be made.

Please note that from JM12, the method calculating the group '4 – not disabled' changed - this will therefore create a discontinuity in the data. Please see Volume 4 for more information.



**Layout of Variable Information**

All variables in this guide are laid out using the same format as follows:



## **INDIVIDUAL DEMOGRAPHICS**

### **MAIN CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **SEX- Sex of respondent**

- (1) Male
- (2) Female

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

#### **AGE- Age of respondent**

##### **(0-99) Age of respondent**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Ages over 99 are coded as 99. Text labels are not available for this variable.

The person's age at the end of the reference week is calculated by the computer at the time of the interview. If a person's birthday occurs in the month in which the interview takes place any discrepancies are resolved by checking whether their birthday falls before or after the end of the reference week. Babies under 1 year of age are coded as 0. Age is not re-asked after wave one but it is automatically updated by the laptop based on the date of birth. The one occasion checking is done is when some element of the household box was estimated at the previous wave.

#### **AGEDFE- Age of respondent at preceding 31 August**

##### **(0-99) Age at preceding 31 August**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from DOBM, DOBD, REFWKM, REFWKD & AGE. It is used for education purposes (schooling age). It is quarter specific in that the precise derivation differs each quarter.

#### **AGES - Age groups in 5 year intervals**

- (1) 0-4yrs
- (2) 5-9yrs
- (3) 10-15yrs
- (4) 16-19yrs
- (5) 20-24yrs
- (6) 25-29yrs
- (7) 30-34yrs
- (8) 35-39yrs
- (9) 40-44yrs
- (10) 45-49yrs
- (11) 50-54yrs
- (12) 55-59yrs
- (13) 60-64yrs
- (14) 65-69yrs
- (15) 70 and over

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 99 (on ONS datasets only). Spring 00 only. Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets from Spring 92 to Winter 99.

**MF5964 - Males 16-64 and Females 16-59**

- (1) **Male 16-64**
- (2) **Female 16-59**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from SEX & AGE and replaces WRKAGE from AJ 2010.

**MF1664 - Males and females aged 16-64**

- (1) **Aged 16-64 (inclusive)**
- (2) **Not aged 16-64**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from SEX & AGE and replaces WKAG1664 from AJ 2010.

**PENFLAG - Whether of pensionable age**

- (0) **Not of pensionable age**
- (1) **Of pensionable age**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Introduced in AJ 2010, this marker identifies those who are of pensionable age during the 10-year pension age transition period.

**NOPENFLG - Whether 16+ but below pensionable age**

- (1) **16+ but not of pensionable age**
- (2) **Pensionable age**
- (-9) **Under 16**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Introduced in AJ 2010, this marker identifies those who are of pensionable age during the 10-year pension age transition period.

**AAGE - Age group**

- (1) **0-15**
- (2) **16-17**
- (3) **18-19**
- (4) **20-24**
- (5) **25-29**
- (6) **30-34**

|      |       |
|------|-------|
| (7)  | 35-39 |
| (8)  | 40-44 |
| (9)  | 45-49 |
| (10) | 50-54 |
| (11) | 55-59 |
| (12) | 60-64 |
| (13) | 65-99 |

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

#### **DOBD - Date of birth day**

##### **(1-31) Date of birth day**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Autumn 02. Each quarter from Winter 02 (on ONS/Govt datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS/Government datasets from Winter 2002/03. This variable was removed from the public datasets for confidentiality reasons.

#### **DOBM - Date of birth month**

##### **(1-12) Month of birth**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

#### **DOBY - Date of birth year**

##### **(0-99) Last 2 digits of year of birth**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** From Spring 98 year of birth is the full 4 digits.

#### **DTEOFBTH - Date of birth**

##### **YYMMDD - where Y is year, M is month, D is day, e.g. 9961225 for 25 December 1996**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 96 to Autumn 02. Each quarter from Winter 02 (on ONS/Govt datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS/Government datasets from Winter 2002/03. This variable was removed from the public datasets for confidentiality reasons.

This variable is an alternative presentation of the information contained in DOBD, DOBM and DOBY.

#### **MARSTA - Marital status**

- (1) **Single, never married**
- (2) **Married, living with husband/wife**
- (3) **Married, separated from husband/wife**
- (4) **Divorced**
- (5) **Widowed**
- (6) **A civil partner in a legally-recognised Civil Partnership**
- (7) **In a legally-recognised Civil Partnership and separated from his/her civil partner**
- (8) **Formerly a civil partner, the Civil Partnership now legally dissolved**
- (9) **A surviving civil partner: his/her partner having since died**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** From Spring 1995-Winter 2005 this variable was called MARSTT. More information can be found in the 2008 version of the User Guide.

#### **DVMRDF – De Facto Marital Status**

- (1) **Married**
- (2) **Cohabiting**
- (3) **Single**
- (4) **Widowed**
- (5) **Divorced**
- (6) **Separated**
- (7) **Same Sex Couple**
- (8) **Civil Partner**
- (9) **Former / Separated Civil Partner**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable was derived from MARSTA and LIVWTH/LIV12W. More information can be found in the Volume 4 User Guide.

#### **AMARSTT - Marital status**

- (1) **Married or cohabiting**
- (2) **Not married or cohabiting**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

This variable is derived from MARSTA & LIVTOG.

#### **MARDY6 - Married/cohabiting**

- (1) **Married/cohabiting/civil partner**
- (2) **Non married**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from MARSTA, MARCHK & LIVWTH/LIV12W.

Non-married include those who are single, widowed, divorced or separated from their spouse.

Between Spring 1996 and Winter 2005 this variable was called MARDY.

**MARCHK - Whether spouse is household member**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are married and living with husband/wife (MARSTT = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to check whether spouses were included as part of the household. This question has been included to identify married couples who are legally married but do not live together and are therefore not included as members of the household (e.g. spouse working away from home; spouse in prison). Married couples who have legally separated will not be included here, having been coded 3 at MARSTT.

**LIV12W - Whether living together as couple**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+ in multi-person households, not married and living with spouse (MARSTA ≠ 2 or MARSTA = -8 AND AGE > 16).

**NOTES:** This question will apply to all households containing more than one person, and to all respondents who do not describe themselves as married living with a spouse.

This variable replaces LIVWTH.

**LIVWTH - Whether living together as couple**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Same sex couple (but not in a formal registered Civil Partnership)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06. Was replaced by LIV12W in AJ12.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+ in multi-person households, not married and living with spouse (MARSTA ≠ 2 or MARSTA = -8 AND AGE > 16).

**NOTES:** This question will apply to all households containing more than one person, and to all respondents who do not describe themselves as married living with a spouse.

Between Spring 1995 and Winter 2005 this variable was called LIVTOG

**MARSEX6 - Sex and marital status**

- (1) Men
- (2) Women married/cohabiting/civil partner
- (3) Women non-married

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from SEX, MARSTA, MARCHK & LIVWTH/LIV12W.

This variable was called MARSEX between Spring 2000 and Winter 2005.

**IREND2 - Religious denomination**

- (1) Catholic
- (2) Presbyterian
- (3) Church of Ireland
- (4) Methodist
- (5) Other Protestant
- (6) Other religion
- (7) No denomination
- (8) Under 16 years
- (9) Unwilling to answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 94

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Northern Ireland.

**NOTES:** This variable is only asked of people in Northern Ireland. It is important to remember that this is a voluntary question. Respondents who refuse to answer, are coded as unwilling.

Other Protestant includes:

Baptist, Free Presbyterian, Unitarian, Congregational, Plymouth Brethren, Church of Nazarene, Church of England, Pentecostal, Mormon, etc.

Other religions include:

Jewish, Hindu, Sikh, Buddhist, Muslim.

**RELBUP - May I just check then, what religious denomination, if any, were you brought up in?**

- (1) Catholic
- (2) Presbyterian
- (3) Church of Ireland
- (4) Methodist
- (5) Other Protestant
- (6) Other religion
- (7) No denomination
- (8) Under 16 years
- (9) Unwilling to answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Northern Ireland.

**NOTES:** This variable is only asked of people in Northern Ireland. It is important to remember that this is a voluntary question. Respondents who refuse to answer, are coded as unwilling.

Between JM10 and OD10 the variable appeared only on ONS datasets. From JM11 onwards the variable will also appear on client and government files.

**SIDFTFQN – Sexual Identity (Face to Face Interview)**

- (-9–99) Range of values
- Answer Categories includes coding (1-4)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal and telephone interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is available on ONS RESEARCH datasets only.

Most ONS social surveys ask questions about people’s ethnicity, age, disability, gender, religion, and sexuality. This information is used to see if different types of people have

different experiences in life (for example, in employment and health).

The purpose of the new sexual identity question is to provide such evidence in relation to the lesbian, gay and bisexual community, and used for equality monitoring purposes.

#### **SIDTUQN – Sexual Identity (Telephone Unit Interview)**

- (1) **Heterosexual / Straight**
- (2) **Gay / Lesbian**
- (3) **Bisexual**
- (4) **Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal and telephone interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is available on ONS RESEARCH datasets only.

Refer to notes from SIDFTFQN.

### **SUBJECTIVE WELL-BEING**

**SATIS – Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?  
where nought is 'not at all satisfied' and 10 is 'completely satisfied'**

**0...10**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is currently only available upon ONS datasets.

**WORTH - Overall, to what extent do you feel that the things you do in your life are worthwhile?  
where nought is 'not at all worthwhile' and 10 is 'completely worthwhile'**

**0...10**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is currently only available upon ONS datasets.

**HAPPY – How happy did you feel yesterday? (where nought is 'not at all happy' and 10 is  
'completely happy')**

**0...10**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is currently only available upon ONS datasets.



**ANXIOUS– How anxious did you feel yesterday? (where nought is 'not at all anxious and 10 is 'completely anxious)**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over. Personal interviews only.

**NOTES:** This variable is currently only available upon ONS datasets.

**NATIONALITY, NATIONAL IDENTITY, COUNTRY OF BIRTH**

**NTNLTY12 -Nationality**

- (926) UK, British
- (372) Irish Republic
- (356) India
- (586) Pakistan
- (616) Poland
- (997) Other

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This replaced NTNLT in JM12.

Between Spring 1992 and Spring 2006 this variable was called NATION.

**CRY12 -Country of birth**

- (921) England
- (924) Wales
- (923) Scotland
- (922) Northern Ireland
- (926) UK, Britain (don't know country)
- (372) Republic of Ireland
- (356) India
- (586) Pakistan
- (616) Poland
- (997) Other

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This replaced CRY01 in JM12. This question variable was introduced to record in which part of the UK the respondent was born. If the respondent does not know the part of UK they were born in, but is sure that it was the UK, code 926 is used. If 'Ireland' is given as an answer, the interviewer must check whether it is Northern Ireland (code 922) or the Irish Republic (code 372). The Isle of Man and the Channel Islands are not part of the UK and should be coded 997. From JM07 new category codes were introduced for CRY01.

When running tables filtering on CRY01, the relevant category of CRY07 should also be filtered to ensure accuracy.

**NAT07- Nationality (other)**

**EUROPE**

926 UNITED KINGDOM NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

931 CHANNEL ISLANDS Not otherwise specified  
921 ENGLAND  
831 GUERNSEY

833 ISLE OF MAN  
832 JERSEY  
922 NORTHERN IRELAND  
923 SCOTLAND

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 924 WALES   | 973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED      | 108 BURUNDI  |
| 925 GREAT BRITAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED                       |   | 120 CAMEROON   |
|   | <b>THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN</b>       | 912 CANARY ISLANDS                                     |
| 040 AUSTRIA   | 660 ANGUILLA                                | 132 CAPE VERDE   |
| 056 BELGIUM   | 028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA                     | 140 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC                           |
| 100 BULGARIA  | 032 ARGENTINA                               | 148 CHAD   |
| 901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)                                     | 533 ARUBA                                   | 174 COMOROS  |
| 203 CZECH REPUBLIC  | 044 BAHAMAS, THE                            | 178 CONGO  |
| 971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED                      | 052 BARBADOS                                | 180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC)                        |
| 208 DENMARK   | 084 BELIZE                                  | 262 DJIBOUTI   |
| 233 ESTONIA   | 060 BERMUDA                                 | 818 EGYPT  |
| 246 FINLAND   | 068 BOLIVIA                                 | 226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA                                  |
| 250 FRANCE  | 076 BRAZIL                                  | 232 ERITREA  |
| 276 GERMANY   | 092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS                  | 231 ETHIOPIA   |
| 300 GREECE  | 124 CANADA                                  | 266 GABON  |
| 348 HUNGARY   | 988 CARIBBEAN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED       | 270 GAMBIA, THE  |
| 372 IRELAND   | 136 CAYMAN ISLANDS                          | 288 GHANA  |
| 380 ITALY   | 986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED | 324 GUINEA   |
| 428 LATVIA  | 152 CHILE                                   | 624 GUINEA-BISSAU                                      |
| 440 LITHUANIA   | 170 COLOMBIA                                | 384 IVORY COAST  |
| 442 LUXEMBOURG  | 188 COSTA RICA                              | 404 KENYA  |
| 470 MALTA   | 192 CUBA                                    | 426 LESOTHO  |
| 528 NETHERLANDS   | 212 DOMINICA                                | 430 LIBERIA  |
| 616 POLAND  | 214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC                      | 434 LIBYA  |
| 620 PORTUGAL  | 218 ECUADOR                                 | 450 MADAGASCAR   |
| 642 ROMANIA   | 222 EL SALVADOR                             | 454 MALAWI   |
| 703 SLOVAKIA  | 238 FALKLAND ISLANDS                        | 466 MALI   |
| 705 SLOVENIA  | 254 FRENCH GUIANA                           | 478 MAURITANIA   |
| 911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)                               | 304 GREENLAND                               | 480 MAURITIUS  |
| 913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED                               | 308 GRENADA                                 | 175 MAYOTTE  |
| 752 SWEDEN  | 312 GUADELOUPE                              | 504 MOROCCO  |
|   | 320 GUATEMALA                               | 508 MOZAMBIQUE   |
| 248 ÅLAND ISLANDS   | 328 GUYANA                                  | 516 NAMIBIA  |
| 008 ALBANIA   | 332 HAITI                                   | 562 NIGER  |
| 020 ANDORRA   | 340 HONDURAS                                | 566 NIGERIA  |
| 051 ARMENIA   | 388 JAMAICA                                 | 638 RÉUNION  |
| 031 AZERBAIJAN  | 474 MARTINIQUE                              | 646 RWANDA   |
| 112 BELARUS   | 484 MEXICO                                  | 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE                              |
| 070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA                                      | 500 MONTSERRAT                              | 686 SENEGAL  |
| 191 CROATIA   | 530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES                    | 690 SEYCHELLES   |
| 902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)                                 | 558 NICARAGUA                               | 694 SIERRA LEONE                                       |
| 903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)                            | 985 NORTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED   | 706 SOMALIA  |
| 981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED                              | 591 PANAMA                                  | 710 SOUTH AFRICA                                       |
| 234 FAROE ISLANDS   | 600 PARAGUAY                                | 654 ST HELENA  |
| 268 GEORGIA   | 604 PERU                                    | 736 SUDAN  |
| 292 GIBRALTAR   | 630 PUERTO RICO                             | 748 SWAZILAND  |
| 352 ICELAND   | 987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED   | 834 TANZANIA   |
| 891 KOSOVA AND METOHIA  | 659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS                      | 768 TOGO   |
| 438 LIECHTENSTEIN   | 662 ST LUCIA                                | 788 TUNISIA  |
| 807 MACEDONIA   | 666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON                  | 800 UGANDA   |
| 498 MOLDOVA   | 670 ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES           | 732 WESTERN SAHARA                                     |
| 492 MONACO  | 740 SURINAM                                 | 894 ZAMBIA   |
| 499 MONTENEGRO  | 780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO                     | 716 ZIMBABWE   |
| 578 NORWAY  | 796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS                |  |
| 643 RUSSIA  | 840 UNITED STATES                           | <b>MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA</b>                            |
| 674 SAN MARINO  |   | 004 AFGHANISTAN  |
|   | 850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS            | 984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST) NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  |
| 688 SERBIA  | 858 URUGUAY                                 | 048 SAUDI ARABIA                                       |
| 974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED               | 862 VENEZUELA                               | 050 BANGLADESH   |
| 744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN                                      |   | 064 BHUTAN   |
| 756 SWITZERLAND   | <b>AFRICA</b>                               | 096 BRUNEI   |
| 792 TURKEY  | 982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          | 104 BURMA  |
| 804 UKRAINE   | 012 ALGERIA                                 | 116 CAMBODIA   |
| 972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED | 024 ANGOLA                                  | 156 CHINA  |
| 336 VATICAN CITY  | 204 BENIN                                   | 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)                                     |
|   | 072 BOTSWANA                                | 626 EAST TIMOR   |
|   | 854 BURKINA                                 | 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA) |
|   |   | 356 INDIA  |
|   |   | 360 INDONESIA  |
|   |   | 364 IRAN   |
|   |   | 368 IRAQ   |

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 376 ISRAEL  | 682 SAUDI ARABIA  | 334 HEARD ISLAND AND<br>MCDONALD ISLANDS            |
| 392 JAPAN   | 702 SINGAPORE   | 296 KIRIBATI  |
| 400 JORDAN  | 144 SRI LANKA   | 584 MARSHALL ISLANDS                                |
| 398 KAZAKHSTAN  | 760 SYRIA   | 583 MICRONESIA                                      |
| 408 KOREA (NORTH)   | 762 TAJIKISTAN  | 520 NAURU   |
| 410 KOREA (SOUTH)   | 764 THAILAND  | 540 NEW CALEDONIA                                   |
| 414 KUWAIT  | 795 TURKMENISTAN  | 554 NEW ZEALAND                                     |
| 417 KYRGYZSTAN  | 784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES                                      | 570 NIUE  |
| 418 LAOS  | 860 UZBEKISTAN  | 574 NORFOLK ISLAND                                  |
| 422 LEBANON   | 704 VIETNAM   | 580 NORTHERN MARIANA<br>ISLANDS                     |
| 446 MACAO (SPECIAL<br>ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF<br>CHIINA) | 275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING<br>EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA<br>STRIP | 585 PALAU   |
| 458 MALAYSIA  | 887   | 598 PAPUA NEW GUINEA                                |
| 462 MALDIVES  | <b>ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA</b>                                 | 612 PITCAIRN, HENDERSON,<br>DUCIE AND OENO ISLANDS  |
| 983 Middle East NOT OTHERWISE<br>SPECIFIED                | 016 AMERICAN SAMOA  | 882 SAMOA   |
| 496 MONGOLIA  | 010 ANTARCTICA  | 090 SOLOMON ISLANDS                                 |
| 524 NEPAL   | 989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA<br>NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED         | 239 SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE<br>SOUTH SANDWICH ISLANDS |
| 512 OMAN  | 036 AUSTRALIA   | 772 TOKELAU   |
| 586 PAKISTAN  | 074 BOUVET ISLAND   | 776 TONGA   |
| 608 PHILIPPINES   | 086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN<br>TERRITORY                         | 798 TUVALU  |
| 634 QATAR   | 162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND  | 581 UNITED STATES MINOR<br>OUTLYING ISLANDS         |
|   | 166 COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS                                   | 548 VANUATU   |
|   | 184 COOK ISLANDS  | 876 WALLIS AND FUTUNA                               |
|   | 242 FIJI  | <b>OTHER COUNTRIES</b>                              |
|   | 258 FRENCH POLYNESIA  | 991 AT SEA  |
|   | 260 FRENCH SOUTHERN<br>TERRITORIES                            | 992 IN THE AIR                                      |
|   | 316 GUAM  |   |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** From JM12, this applies to all respondents whose country of birth is not UK, Irish Republic, India, Pakistan or Poland (CRY12=997). Previous to JM12 this applied to all respondents whose country of birth was not UK, Irish Republic, Hong Kong or China (CRY01 = 997).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NATO. Country codes have changed and the list expanded. The variable lists all countries and also combines them under main headings. Where a respondent has a dual nationality the first one is recorded.

**NATOX7- Nationality (other)**

**EUROPE**

926 UNITED KINGDOM NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

040 AUSTRIA  
056 BELGIUM  
100 BULGARIA  
901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)  
203 CZECH REPUBLIC  
971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
208 DENMARK  
233 ESTONIA  
246 FINLAND  
250 FRANCE  
276 GERMANY  
300 GREECE  
348 HUNGARY  
372 IRELAND (REPUBLIC)  
380 ITALY  
428 LATVIA  
440 LITHUANIA  
442 LUXEMBOURG  
470 MALTA  
528 NETHERLANDS  
616 POLAND  
620 PORTUGAL  
642 ROMANIA  
703 SLOVAKIA  
705 SLOVENIA  
911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)  
913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
752 SWEDEN

248 ÅLAND ISLANDS  
008 ALBANIA  
020 ANDORRA  
051 ARMENIA  
031 AZERBAIJAN  
112 BELARUS  
070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
191 CROATIA  
902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)  
903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)  
981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
234 FAROE ISLANDS  
268 GEORGIA  
292 GIBRALTAR  
352 ICELAND  
891 KOSOVA AND METOHIA  
438 LIECHTENSTEIN  
807 MACEDONIA  
498 MOLDOVA  
492 MONACO  
499 MONTENEGRO  
578 NORWAY  
643 RUSSIA  
674 SAN MARINO

688 SERBIA  
974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO  
NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN  
756 SWITZERLAND  
792 TURKEY  
804 UKRAINE

972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
336 VATICAN CITY  
973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

**THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN**

660 ANGUILLA  
028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA  
032 ARGENTINA  
533 ARUBA  
044 BAHAMAS, THE  
052 BARBADOS  
084 BELIZE  
060 BERMUDA  
068 BOLIVIA  
076 BRAZIL  
092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS  
124 CANADA  
988 CARIBBEAN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
136 CAYMAN ISLANDS  
986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
152 CHILE  
170 COLOMBIA  
188 COSTA RICA  
192 CUBA  
212 DOMINICA  
214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC  
218 ECUADOR  
222 EL SALVADOR  
238 FALKLAND ISLANDS  
254 FRENCH GUIANA  
304 GREENLAND  
308 GRENADA  
312 GUADELOUPE  
320 GUATEMALA  
328 GUYANA  
332 HAITI  
340 HONDURAS  
388 JAMAICA  
474 MARTINIQUE  
484 MEXICO  
500 MONTSERRAT  
530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES  
558 NICARAGUA  
985 NORTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
591 PANAMA  
600 PARAGUAY

604 PERU  
630 PUERTO RICO  
987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS  
662 ST LUCIA  
666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON  
670 ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES  
740 SURINAM  
780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO  
796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS  
840 UNITED STATES

850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS  
858 URUGUAY

862 VENEZUELA

**AFRICA**

982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
012 ALGERIA  
024 ANGOLA  
204 BENIN  
072 BOTSWANA  
854 BURKINA  
108 BURUNDI  
120 CAMEROON  
912 CANARY ISLANDS  
132 CAPE VERDE  
140 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC  
148 CHAD  
174 COMOROS  
178 CONGO  
180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC)  
262 DJIBOUTI  
818 EGYPT  
226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA  
232 ERITREA  
231 ETHIOPIA  
266 GABON  
270 GAMBIA, THE  
288 GHANA  
324 GUINEA  
624 GUINEA-BISSAU  
384 IVORY COAST  
404 KENYA  
426 LESOTHO  
430 LIBERIA  
434 LIBYA  
450 MADAGASCAR  
454 MALAWI  
466 MALI  
478 MAURITANIA  
480 MAURITIUS  
175 MAYOTTE  
504 MOROCCO  
508 MOZAMBIQUE  
516 NAMIBIA  
562 NIGER  
566 NIGERIA

638 RÉUNION  
 646 RWANDA  
 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE  
 686 SENEGAL  
 690 SEYCHELLES  
 694 SIERRA LEONE  
 706 SOMALIA  
 710 SOUTH AFRICA  
 654 ST HELENA  
 736 SUDAN  
 748 SWAZILAND  
 834 TANZANIA  
 768 TOGO  
 788 TUNISIA  
 800 UGANDA  
 732 WESTERN SAHARA  
 894 ZAMBIA  
 716 ZIMBABWE

**MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA**

004 AFGHANISTAN  
 984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST)  
 NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 048 BAHRAIN  
 050 BANGLADESH  
 064 BHUTAN  
 096 BRUNEI  
 104 BURMA  
 116 CAMBODIA  
 156 CHINA  
 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)  
 626 EAST TIMOR  
 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL  
 ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF  
 CHIINA)  
 356 INDIA  
 360 INDONESIA  
 364 IRAN  
 368 IRAQ  
 376 ISRAEL  
 392 JAPAN  
 400 JORDAN  
 398 KAZAKHSTAN  
 408 KOREA (NORTH)  
 410 KOREA (SOUTH)  
 414 KUWAIT  
 417 KYRGYZSTAN  
 418 LAOS  
 422 LEBANON  
 446 MACAO (SPECIAL  
 ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF  
 CHIINA)  
 458 MALAYSIA  
 462 MALDIVES  
 983 Middle East NOT OTHERWISE  
 SPECIFIED  
 496 MONGOLIA  
 524 NEPAL  
 512 OMAN  
 586 PAKISTAN  
 608 PHILIPPINES  
 634 QATAR

682 SAUDI ARABIA  
 702 SINGAPORE  
 144 SRI LANKA  
 760 SYRIA  
 762 TAJIKISTAN  
 764 THAILAND  
 795 TURKMENISTAN  
 784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES  
 860 UZBEKISTAN  
 704 VIETNAM  
 275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING  
 EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA  
 STRIP  
 887 YEMEN

**ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA**

016 AMERICAN SAMOA  
 010 ANTARCTICA  
 989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA  
 NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 036 AUSTRALIA  
 074 BOUVET ISLAND  
 086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN  
 TERRITORY  
 162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND  
 166 COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS  
 184 COOK ISLANDS  
 242 FIJI  
 258 FRENCH POLYNESIA  
 260 FRENCH SOUTHERN  
 TERRITORIES  
 316 GUAM

334 HEARD ISLAND AND  
 MCDONALD ISLANDS  
 296 KIRIBATI  
 584 MARSHALL ISLANDS  
 583 MICRONESIA  
 520 NAURU  
 540 NEW CALEDONIA  
 554 NEW ZEALAND  
 570 NIUE  
 574 NORFOLK ISLAND  
 580 NORTHERN MARIANA  
 ISLANDS  
 585 PALAU  
 598 PAPUA NEW GUINEA  
 612 PITCAIRN, HENDERSON,  
 DUCIE AND OENO ISLANDS  
 882 SAMOA  
 090 SOLOMON ISLANDS  
 239 SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE  
 SOUTH SANDWICH ISLANDS  
 772 TOKELAU  
 776 TONGA  
 798 TUVALU  
 581 UNITED STATES MINOR  
 OUTLYING ISLANDS  
 548 VANUATU  
 876 WALLIS AND FUTUNA

**OTHER COUNTRIES**

991 AT SEA  
**992 IN THE AIR**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NATOX. From JM12 this is derived from NTNLT12, NAT07, CRY07 and CRY12. Previously, this was derived from NTNLT, NATO7, CRY07 and CRY01. 926 UNITED KINGDOM NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED includes all respondents born in the UK (including those who don't know which country in the UK), all respondents born in the Channel Islands and all respondents born in the Isle of Man.

**CRYO7- Country of birth****EUROPE**

926 UNITED KINGDOM NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 931 CHANNEL ISLANDS Not otherwise specified  
 921 ENGLAND  
 831 GUERNSEY  
 833 ISLE OF MAN  
 832 JERSEY  
 922 NORTHERN IRELAND  
 923 SCOTLAND  
 924 WALES  
 925 GREAT BRITAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

040 AUSTRIA  
 056 BELGIUM  
 100 BULGARIA  
 901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)  
 203 CZECH REPUBLIC  
 971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 208 DENMARK  
 233 ESTONIA  
 246 FINLAND  
 250 FRANCE  
 276 GERMANY  
 300 GREECE  
 348 HUNGARY  
 372 IRELAND (REPUBLIC)  
 380 ITALY  
 428 LATVIA  
 440 LITHUANIA  
 442 LUXEMBOURG  
 470 MALTA  
 528 NETHERLANDS  
 616 POLAND  
 620 PORTUGAL  
 642 ROMANIA  
 703 SLOVAKIA  
 705 SLOVENIA  
 911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)  
 913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 752 SWEDEN

248 ÅLAND ISLANDS  
 008 ALBANIA  
 020 ANDORRA  
 051 ARMENIA  
 031 AZERBAIJAN  
 112 BELARUS  
 070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
 191 CROATIA  
 902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)  
 903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)  
 981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 234 FAROE ISLANDS  
 268 GEORGIA  
 292 GIBRALTAR  
 352 ICELAND  
 891 KOSOVA AND METOHIA  
 438 LIECHTENSTEIN  
 807 MACEDONIA  
 498 MOLDOVA  
 492 MONACO  
 499 MONTENEGRO  
 578 NORWAY  
 643 RUSSIA  
 674 SAN MARINO

688 SERBIA  
 974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN  
 756 SWITZERLAND  
 792 TURKEY  
 804 UKRAINE  
 972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 336 VATICAN CITY  
 973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

**THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN**

660 ANGUILLA  
 028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA  
 032 ARGENTINA  
 533 ARUBA  
 044 BAHAMAS, THE  
 052 BARBADOS  
 084 BELIZE  
 060 BERMUDA  
 068 BOLIVIA  
 076 BRAZIL  
 092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS  
 124 CANADA  
 988 CARIBBEAN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 136 CAYMAN ISLANDS  
 986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 152 CHILE  
 170 COLOMBIA  
 188 COSTA RICA  
 192 CUBA  
 212 DOMINICA  
 214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC  
 218 ECUADOR  
 222 EL SALVADOR  
 238 FALKLAND ISLANDS  
 254 FRENCH GUIANA  
 304 GREENLAND  
 308 GRENADA  
 312 GUADELOUPE  
 320 GUATEMALA  
 328 GUYANA  
 332 HAITI  
 340 HONDURAS  
 388 JAMAICA  
 474 MARTINIQUE  
 484 MEXICO  
 500 MONTSERRAT  
 530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES  
 558 NICARAGUA  
 985 NORTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 591 PANAMA  
 600 PARAGUAY  
 604 PERU  
 630 PUERTO RICO  
 987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS  
 662 ST LUCIA  
 666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON  
 670 ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES  
 740 SURINAM  
 780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO  
 796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS  
 840 UNITED STATES

850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS

858 URUGUAY  
 862 VENEZUELA

**AFRICA**

982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 012 ALGERIA  
 024 ANGOLA  
 204 BENIN  
 072 BOTSWANA  
 854 BURKINA  
 108 BURUNDI  
 120 CAMEROON  
 912 CANARY ISLANDS  
 132 CAPE VERDE  
 140 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC  
 148 CHAD  
 174 COMOROS  
 178 CONGO  
 180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC)  
 262 DJIBOUTI  
 818 EGYPT  
 226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA  
 232 ERITREA  
 231 ETHIOPIA  
 266 GABON  
 270 GAMBIA, THE  
 288 GHANA  
 324 GUINEA  
 624 GUINEA-BISSAU  
 384 IVORY COAST  
 404 KENYA  
 426 LESOTHO  
 430 LIBERIA  
 434 LIBYA  
 450 MADAGASCAR  
 454 MALAWI  
 466 MALI  
 478 MAURITANIA  
 480 MAURITIUS  
 175 MAYOTTE  
 504 MOROCCO  
 508 MOZAMBIQUE  
 516 NAMIBIA  
 562 NIGER  
 566 NIGERIA  
 638 RÉUNION  
 646 RWANDA  
 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE  
 686 SENEGAL  
 690 SEYCHELLES  
 694 SIERRA LEONE  
 706 SOMALIA  
 710 SOUTH AFRICA  
 654 ST HELENA  
 736 SUDAN  
 748 SWAZILAND  
 834 TANZANIA  
 768 TOGO  
 788 TUNISIA  
 800 UGANDA  
 732 WESTERN SAHARA  
 894 ZAMBIA  
 716 ZIMBABWE

**MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA**

004 AFGHANISTAN  
 984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST) NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 048 SAUDI ARABIA  
 050 BANGLADESH  
 064 BHUTAN  
 096 BRUNEI  
 104 BURMA

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| 116 CAMBODIA   | 682 SAUDI ARABIA  | 334 HEARD ISLAND AND MCDONALD ISLANDS            |
| 156 CHINA  | 702 SINGAPORE   | 296 KIRIBATI                                     |
| 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)                                     | 144 SRI LANKA   | 584 MARSHALL ISLANDS                             |
| 626 EAST TIMOR   | 760 SYRIA   | 583 MICRONESIA                                   |
| 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA) | 762 TAJIKISTAN  | 520 NAURU  |
| 356 INDIA  | 764 THAILAND  | 540 NEW CALEDONIA                                |
| 360 INDONESIA  | 795 TURKMENISTAN  | 554 NEW ZEALAND                                  |
| 364 IRAN   | 784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES                                | 570 NIUE   |
| 368 IRAQ   | 860 UZBEKISTAN  | 574 NORFOLK ISLAND                               |
| 376 ISRAEL   | 704 VIETNAM   | 580 NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS                     |
| 392 JAPAN  | 275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA STRIP | 585 PALAU  |
| 400 JORDAN   | 887 YEMEN   | 598 PAPUA NEW GUINEA                             |
| 398 KAZAKHSTAN   |   | 612 PITCAIRN, HENDERSON, DUCIE AND OENO ISLANDS  |
| 408 KOREA (NORTH)                                      | <b>ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA</b>                           | 882 SAMOA  |
| 410 KOREA (SOUTH)                                      | 016 AMERICAN SAMOA                                      | 090 SOLOMON ISLANDS                              |
| 414 KUWAIT   | 010 ANTARCTICA  | 239 SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE SOUTH SANDWICH ISLANDS |
| 417 KYRGYZSTAN   | 989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED      | 772 TOKELAU                                      |
| 418 LAOS   | 036 AUSTRALIA   | 776 TONGA  |
| 422 LEBANON  | 074 BOUVET ISLAND                                       | 798 TUVALU                                       |
| 446 MACAO (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA)     | 086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY                      | 581 UNITED STATES MINOR OUTLYING ISLANDS         |
| 458 MALAYSIA   | 162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND                                    | 548 VANUATU                                      |
| 462 MALDIVES   | 166 COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS                             | 876 WALLIS AND FUTUNA                            |
| 983 Middle East NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED                | 184 COOK ISLANDS  |  |
| 496 MONGOLIA   | 242 FIJI  | <b>OTHER COUNTRIES</b>                           |
| 524 NEPAL  | 258 FRENCH POLYNESIA                                    | 991 AT SEA                                       |
| 512 OMAN   | 260 FRENCH SOUTHERN TERRITORIES                         | 992 IN THE AIR                                   |
| 586 PAKISTAN   | 316 GUAM  |  |
| 608 PHILIPPINES  |   |  |
| 634 QATAR  |   |  |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** From JM12, this applies to all respondents whose country of birth is not UK, Irish Republic, India, Pakistan or Poland (CRY12=997). Previous to JM12 this applied to all respondents whose country of birth was not UK, Irish Republic, Hong Kong or China (CRY01 = 997).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces CRYO. Country codes have changed and the list expanded. The variable lists all countries and also combines them under main headings. Where a respondent has a dual nationality the first one is recorded.

### CRYOX7- Country of birth (other)

#### EUROPE

926 UNITED KINGDOM

040 AUSTRIA  
056 BELGIUM  
100 BULGARIA  
901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)  
203 CZECH REPUBLIC  
971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
208 DENMARK  
233 ESTONIA  
246 FINLAND  
250 FRANCE  
276 GERMANY  
300 GREECE  
348 HUNGARY  
372 IRELAND  
380 ITALY  
428 LATVIA  
440 LITHUANIA  
442 LUXEMBOURG  
470 MALTA  
528 NETHERLANDS  
616 POLAND

620 PORTUGAL  
642 ROMANIA  
703 SLOVAKIA  
705 SLOVENIA  
911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)  
913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
752 SWEDEN  
248 ÅLAND ISLANDS  
008 ALBANIA  
020 ANDORRA  
051 ARMENIA  
031 AZERBAIJAN  
112 BELARUS  
070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
191 CROATIA  
902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)  
903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)  
981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
234 FAROE ISLANDS  
268 GEORGIA

292 GIBRALTAR  
352 ICELAND  
438 LIECHTENSTEIN  
807 MACEDONIA  
498 MOLDOVA  
492 MONACO  
499 MONTENEGRO  
578 NORWAY  
643 RUSSIA  
674 SAN MARINO  
688 SERBIA  
974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN  
756 SWITZERLAND  
792 TURKEY  
804 UKRAINE  
972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
336 VATICAN CITY  
973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

#### THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN

|                              |                               |                              |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 660 ANGUILLA                 | 140 CENTRAL AFRICAN           | 408 KOREA (NORTH)            |
| 028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA      | REPUBLIC                      | 410 KOREA (SOUTH)            |
| 032 ARGENTINA                | 148 CHAD                      | 414 KUWAIT                   |
| 533 ARUBA                    | 174 COMOROS                   | 417 KYRGYZSTAN               |
| 044 BAHAMAS, THE             | 178 CONGO                     | 418 LAOS                     |
| 052 BARBADOS                 | 180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC         | 422 LEBANON                  |
| 084 BELIZE                   | REPUBLIC)                     | 446 MACAO (SPECIAL           |
| 060 BERMUDA                  | 262 DJIBOUTI                  | ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF     |
| 068 BOLIVIA                  | 818 EGYPT                     | CHIINA)                      |
| 076 BRAZIL                   | 226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA         | 458 MALAYSIA                 |
| 092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS   | 232 ERITREA                   | 462 MALDIVES                 |
| 124 CANADA                   | 231 ETHIOPIA                  | 983 Middle East and Asia NOT |
| 988 CARIBBEAN NOT            | 266 GABON                     | OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          |
| OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          | 270 GAMBIA, THE               | 496 MONGOLIA                 |
| 136 CAYMAN ISLANDS           | 288 GHANA                     | 524 NEPAL                    |
| 986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT      | 324 GUINEA                    | 512 OMAN                     |
| OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          | 624 GUINEA-BISSAU             | 586 PAKISTAN                 |
| 152 CHILE                    | 384 IVORY COAST               | 608 PHILIPPINES              |
| 170 COLOMBIA                 | 404 KENYA                     | 634 QATAR                    |
| 188 COSTA RICA               | 426 LESOTHO                   | 682 SAUDI ARABIA             |
| 192 CUBA                     | 430 LIBERIA                   | 702 SINGAPORE                |
| 212 DOMINICA                 | 434 LIBYA                     | 144 SRI LANKA                |
| 214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC       | 450 MADAGASCAR                | 760 SYRIA                    |
| 218 ECUADOR                  | 454 MALAWI                    | 762 TAJIKISTAN               |
| 222 EL SALVADOR              | 466 MALI                      | 764 THAILAND                 |
| 238 FALKLAND ISLANDS         | 478 MAURITANIA                | 795 TURKMENISTAN             |
| 254 FRENCH GUIANA            | 480 MAURITIUS                 |                              |
| 304 GREENLAND                | 175 MAYOTTE                   |                              |
| 308 GRENADA                  | 504 MOROCCO                   |                              |
| 312 GUADELOUPE               | 508 MOZAMBIQUE                |                              |
| 320 GUATEMALA                | 516 NAMIBIA                   |                              |
| 328 GUYANA                   | 562 NIGER                     |                              |
| 332 HAITI                    | 566 NIGERIA                   |                              |
| 340 HONDURAS                 | 638 RÉUNION                   |                              |
| 388 JAMAICA                  | 646 RWANDA                    |                              |
| 474 MARTINIQUE               | 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE     |                              |
| 484 MEXICO                   | 686 SENEGAL                   |                              |
| 500 MONTSERRAT               | 690 SEYCHELLES                |                              |
| 530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES     | 694 SIERRA LEONE              |                              |
| 558 NICARAGUA                | 706 SOMALIA                   |                              |
| 985 NORTH AMERICA NOT        | 710 SOUTH AFRICA              |                              |
| OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          | 654 ST HELENA                 |                              |
| 591 PANAMA                   | 736 SUDAN                     |                              |
| 600 PARAGUAY                 | 748 SWAZILAND                 |                              |
| 604 PERU                     | 834 TANZANIA                  |                              |
| 630 PUERTO RICO              | 768 TOGO                      |                              |
| 987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT        | 788 TUNISIA                   |                              |
| OTHERWISE SPECIFIED          | 800 UGANDA                    |                              |
| 659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS       | 732 WESTERN SAHARA            |                              |
| 662 ST LUCIA                 | 894 ZAMBIA                    |                              |
| 666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON   | 716 ZIMBABWE                  |                              |
| 670 ST VINCENT AND THE       |                               |                              |
| GRENADINES                   |                               |                              |
| 740 SURINAM                  |                               |                              |
| 780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO      |                               |                              |
| 796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS |                               |                              |
| 840 UNITED STATES            |                               |                              |
| 850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN     |                               |                              |
| ISLANDS                      |                               |                              |
| 858 URUGUAY                  |                               |                              |
| 862 VENEZUELA                |                               |                              |
|                              |                               |                              |
| <b>AFRICA</b>                | <b>MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA</b>   |                              |
| 982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE     | 004 AFGHANISTAN               |                              |
| SPECIFIED                    | 984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST) |                              |
| 012 ALGERIA                  | NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED       |                              |
| 024 ANGOLA                   | 048 BAHRAIN                   |                              |
| 204 BENIN                    | 050 BANGLADESH                |                              |
| 072 BOTSWANA                 | 064 BHUTAN                    |                              |
| 854 BURKINA                  | 096 BRUNEI                    |                              |
|                              | 104 BURMA                     |                              |
|                              | 116 CAMBODIA                  |                              |
|                              | 156 CHINA                     |                              |
|                              | 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)            |                              |
|                              | 626 EAST TIMOR                |                              |
|                              | 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL        |                              |
|                              | ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF      |                              |
|                              | CHIINA)                       |                              |
|                              | 356 INDIA                     |                              |
|                              | 360 INDONESIA                 |                              |
|                              | 364 IRAN                      |                              |
|                              | 368 IRAQ                      |                              |
|                              | 376 ISRAEL                    |                              |
| 108 BURUNDI                  | 392 JAPAN                     |                              |
| 120 CAMEROON                 | 400 JORDAN                    |                              |
| 912 CANARY ISLANDS           | 398 KAZAKHSTAN                |                              |
| 132 CAPE VERDE               |                               |                              |



784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES  
860 UZBEKISTAN  
704 VIETNAM  
275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING  
EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA  
STRIP  
887

**ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA**

016 AMERICAN SAMOA

010 ANTARCTICA  
989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA  
NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
036 AUSTRALIA  
074 BOUVET ISLAND  
086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN  
TERRITORY  
162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND  
166 COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS  
184 COOK ISLANDS  
242 FIJI  
258 FRENCH POLYNESIA  
260 FRENCH SOUTHERN  
TERRITORIES  
316 GUAM  
334 HEARD ISLAND AND  
MCDONALD ISLANDS  
296 KIRIBATI  
584 MARSHALL ISLANDS  
583 MICRONESIA  
520 NAURU  
540 NEW CALEDONIA

554 NEW ZEALAND  
570 NIUE  
574 NORFOLK ISLAND  
580 NORTHERN MARIANA  
ISLANDS  
585 PALAU  
598 PAPUA NEW GUINEA  
612 PITCAIRN, HENDERSON,  
DUCIE AND OENO ISLANDS  
882 SAMOA  
090 SOLOMON ISLANDS  
239 SOUTH GEORGIA AND THE  
SOUTH SANDWICH ISLANDS  
772 TOKELAU  
776 TONGA  
798 TUVALU  
581 UNITED STATES MINOR  
OUTLYING ISLANDS  
548 VANUATU  
876 WALLIS AND FUTUNA

**OTHER COUNTRIES**

991 AT SEA  
992 IN THE AIR

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces CRYOX. From JM12 it is derived from CRY12 & CRY07. Previous to JM12 it was derived from CRY01 and CRY07. 926 UNITED KINGDOM NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED includes all respondents born in the UK (including those who don't know which country in the UK), all respondents born in the Channel Islands and all respondents born in the Isle of Man.

**CAMEYR - Year of first arrival in the UK**

(1) **Answer given as year**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are not born in UK, Britain. From JM12, (CRY12 NE 921, 924, 923, 922, 926). Previous to JM12, (CRY01 NE 921, 924, 923,922, 926).

**NOTES:** In 2008, the word 'first' has been added to the question to help identify those who have settled in the UK more than once. arrival means for any purpose, including holiday trips. Text labels are not available for this variable. 'Arrive' refers to the date of arrival to take up residence. If preceded by a holiday to this country and there is no break between the holiday and staying on, the date of arrival for the holiday is included. If there is a break before taking up residence, the holiday arrival date is not included.

If the respondent takes up residence in this country, leaves the country to live elsewhere before returning to take up permanent residence again, it is the first date of arriving in this country that is required.

Anyone who arrived more than 99 years ago is coded as if it was exactly 99 years ago.

Users are advised to filter in CRYOX7 as people who said their country of birth is Ireland (pns), Channel Islands, or Isle of Man are not coded as UK/GB in the variable CRY12 (previously CRY01).

**CONTUK - Whether lived continuously in the UK**

(1) **Yes**

**(2) No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who answered CAMEYR.

**NOTES:** This variable was introduced in OD07 and was amended for 2008. It is intended to identify whether the respondent has lived continuously in the UK or not.

**CAMEYR2 – Year of last arrival in the UK**

**(1) Answer given as year**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have not lived continuously in the UK (CONTUK = 2).

**NOTES:** This question was introduced in OD07 and has been amended for 2008. 'Arrive' refers to the date of arrival to take up residence.

**CAMEMT – Month of last arrival in the UK**

**(1-12) Number for the month e.g. 1 for January, 2 for February etc**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who entered the UK within the last two years. It appears if the response to either CAMEYR or CAMEYR2 is less than 2 years from the current year.

**NOTES:** This question was introduced in OD07 and has been amended for 2008.

**WHYUK10 - Main reason for coming to UK (most recent arrival)**

- (1) Employment**
- (2) Study**
- (3) To get married/form a civil partnership**
- (4) As a spouse/dependent of a UK citizen**
- (5) As a spouse/dependent of someone coming to the UK**
- (6) Seeking asylum**
- (7) As a visitor**
- (8) Other reason**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all those aged 16 or over who were born outside the UK.

**NTLE11(1-6) – National identity (England)**

- (1) English**
- (2) Welsh**
- (3) Scottish**
- (4) Northern Irish**
- (5) British**
- (6) Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in England

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NATLDE(1-6).

**NTLS11(1-6) – National identity (Scotland)**

- (1) **Scottish**
- (2) **English**
- (3) **Welsh**
- (4) **Northern Irish**
- (5) **British**
- (6) **Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in Scotland

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NATLDS(1-6).

**NTLW11(1-6) – National identity (Wales)**

- (1) **Welsh**
- (2) **English**
- (3) **Scottish**
- (4) **Northern Irish**
- (5) **British**
- (6) **Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in Wales

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NATLDW(1-6).

**NTLN11 – National identity (Northern Ireland)**

- (1) **British**
- (2) **Irish**
- (3) **Northern Irish**
- (4) **English**
- (5) **Scottish**
- (6) **Welsh**
- (7) **Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Northern Ireland.

**NATIDB11 – British National Identity**

- (1) **British**
- (0) **Not British**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16.

**NATIDE11 – English National Identity**

- (1) **English**
- (0) **Not English**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16.

**NATIDW11 – Welsh National Identity**

- (1) Welsh
- (0) Not Welsh

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16.

**NATIDS11 – Scottish National Identity**

- (1) Scottish
- (0) Not Scottish

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16.

**NATIDO11 – Other National Identity**

- (1) Other National Identity
- (0) Not Other National Identity

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16.

**NATIDNI – Northern Irish National Identity**

- (1) Northern Irish
- (0) Not Northern Irish

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 16. Please note that in JM11 this DV will have a large number of missing values due to the 'data brought forward' national identity issue as discussed at the beginning of this User guide. This will have been resolved in AJ11.

**CYMU - Understand spoken Welsh**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** Only asked to Welsh respondents living in Wales, not those living elsewhere in the UK whose first language is Welsh.

When comparing the Welsh language questions to those from other sources (including the forthcoming 2001 Census results), it is important to remember that differences in sampling, mode of interview, and questionnaire design may cause differences between estimates. The Welsh language questions are preceded by questions on national identity which may cause respondents to be more inclined to say that they spoke Welsh than on another survey which had a different topic preceding the Welsh language question.

**CYMS - Speak Welsh**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** Only asked to Welsh respondents living in Wales, not those living elsewhere in the UK whose first language is Welsh.

See notes on CYMU.

#### **CYMSF – Frequency of Welsh speaking**

- (1) **Daily**
- (2) **Weekly**
- (3) **Less often**
- (4) **Never**

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 or first contact with individual at the address

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales and can speak Welsh.

**NOTES:** Only asked of Welsh respondents living in Wales, not those living elsewhere in the UK whose first language is Welsh.

#### **CYMR - Read Welsh**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** Only asked to Welsh respondents living in Wales, not those living elsewhere in the UK whose first language is Welsh.

See notes on CYMU.

#### **CYMW - Write Welsh**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** Only asked to Welsh respondents living in Wales, not those living elsewhere in the UK whose first language is Welsh.

See notes on CYMU.

## **ETHNICITY, RELIGION, ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE**

#### **ETH11EW – Ethnic group (England/Wales)**

- (1) **White**
- (2) **Mixed / Multiple ethnic groups**
- (3) **Asian / Asian British**
- (4) **Black / African / Caribbean / Black British**
- (5) **Chinese**

- (6) Arab
- (7) Other ethnic group.

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in England or Wales.

This variables replaces ETH11.

#### **ETH11S – Ethnic group (Scotland)**

- (1) White
- (2) Mixed / Multiple ethnic groups
- (3) Asian / Asian Scottish / Asian British
- (4) African
- (5) Caribbean or Black
- (6) Arab
- (7) Other ethnic group.

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in Scotland.

This variables replaces ETH11.

#### **ETH11NI - Ethnic group (Northern Ireland)**

- (1) White
- (2) Irish Traveller
- (3) Mixed / Multiple ethnic groups
- (4) Asian / Asian British
- (5) Black / African / Caribbean / Black British
- (6) Chinese
- (7) Arab
- (8) Other ethnic group

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all living in Northern Ireland.

This variables replaces ETHNI11.

#### **ETHWHE – White Ethnic Group (England)**

- (1) English / Welsh / Scottish / Northern Irish / British
- (2) Irish
- (3) Gypsy or Irish Traveller
- (4) Any other White background

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of white ethnicity and living in England. This variable replaced ETHWH.

The variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHWHW – White Ethnic Group (Wales)**

- (1) Welsh / English / Scottish / Northern Irish / British
- (2) Irish

- (3) **Gypsy or Irish Traveller**
- (4) **Any other White background**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of white ethnicity and living in Wales.

The variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHWSC – White Ethnic Group (Scotland)**

- (1) **Scottish**
- (2) **Other British**
- (3) **Irish**
- (4) **Gypsy traveller**
- (5) **Polish**
- (6) **Any other white ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of white ethnicity and living in Scotland.

This variable replaces ETHWHS.

#### **ETHMX11 – Mixed ethnic group?**

- (1) **White and Black Caribbean**
- (2) **White and Black African**
- (3) **White and Asian**
- (4) **Any other mixed / multiple ethnic background**

**FREQUENCY:** All quarters from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of Mixed ethnicity (Mixed / Multiple ethnic groups) (JM11).

Applies to respondents who are of Mixed ethnicity and living in England, Wales or Northern Ireland (AJ11 onwards)

This variable saw a minor routing amendment for AJ11. From AJ11 onwards the variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHAS11 – Asian Ethnic Group**

- (1) **Indian**
- (2) **Pakistani**
- (3) **Bangladeshi**
- (4) **Any other Asian background**

**FREQUENCY:** All quarters from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of an Asian ethnicity (Asian / Asian British) (JM11).

Applies to respondents who are of an Asian ethnicity and living in England, Wales or Northern Ireland (AJ11).

This variable saw a minor routing amendment for AJ11. From AJ11 onwards the variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHAS11S – Asian Ethnic Group (Scotland)**

- (1) **Pakistani / Pakistani Scottish / Pakistani British**
- (2) **Indian / Indian Scottish / Indian British**
- (3) **Bangladeshi / Bangladeshi Scottish / Bangladeshi British**
- (4) **Chinese / Chinese Scottish / Chinese British**
- (5) **Any other Asian background**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of an Asian / Asian Scottish / Asian British ethnicity and living in Scotland.

The variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHBL11 - Black ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** All quarters from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of Black ethnicity (Black / African / Caribbean / Black British).

From AJ11 onwards the variable was agreed for insertion on government alongside ONS only datasets.

#### **ETHAFS - African Ethnic Group (Scotland)**

- (1) **African / African Scottish / African British**
- (2) **Any other African ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of an African ethnicity and living in Scotland.

#### **ETHCBS - Ethnic Group (Scotland)**

- (1) **Caribbean / Caribbean Scottish / Caribbean British**
- (2) **Black / Black Scottish / Black British**
- (3) **Any other Caribbean or Black ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of an African ethnicity and living in Scotland.

#### **ETHOTH11 - Other Ethnic Group**

##### **Enter description of ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who are of 'Other' ethnicity

**NOTES:** This variable replaces ETHOTH

#### **ETH02- Coding frame**

**Numeric value between 001 and 997**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**NOTES:** See notes for ETHMX.



This variable saw a minor amendment to the routing for JM11.

The variable was amended so as to appear on government datasets from AJ11 onwards.

#### **ETHUKEUL - Ethnicity (9 categories) UK level**

- (1) **White\***
- (2) **Mixed/Multiple ethnic groups**
- (3) **Indian**
- (4) **Pakistani**
- (5) **Bangladeshi**
- (6) **Chinese**
- (7) **Any other Asian background**
- (8) **Black/African/Caribbean/Black British**
- (9) **Other ethnic group\*\***

**NOTES:** \*White includes respondents in England, Wales and Scotland identifying themselves as 'White -Gypsy or Irish Traveller' and respondents in Scotland identifying themselves as 'White -Polish'

\*\*Other includes respondents in Northern Ireland identifying themselves as 'Irish Traveller' and respondents in all UK countries identifying themselves as 'Arab'

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over

#### **ETHUK11 - Ethnicity (11 categories) UK level**

- (1) **White**
- (2) **Gypsy, Traveller or Irish Traveller**
- (3) **Mixed/Multiple ethnic groups**
- (4) **Indian**
- (5) **Pakistani**
- (6) **Bangladeshi**
- (7) **Chinese**
- (8) **Any other Asian background**
- (9) **Black/African/Caribbean/Black British**
- (10) **Arab**
- (11) **Other ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over

#### **ETHGBEUL – Ethnicity (11 categories) GB level**

- 1 White British**
- 2 White Irish**
- 3 Other White\***
- 4 Mixed/Multiple ethnic groups**

- 5 Indian**
- 6 Pakistani**
- 7 Bangladeshi**
- 8 Chinese**
- 9 Any other Asian background**
- 10 Black/African/Caribbean/Black British**
- 11 Other ethnic group\*\***

\*includes respondents in all GB countries identifying themselves as 'White -Gypsy or Irish Traveller' and respondents in Scotland identifying themselves as 'White -Polish'

\*\*includes respondents in all GB countries identifying themselves as 'Arab'

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over living with Great Britain

#### **ETHGB13 – Ethnicity (13 categories) GB level (NI excluded)**

- 1 White British**
- 2 White Irish**
- 3 Other White**
- 4 Gypsy or Irish Traveller**
- 5 Mixed/Multiple ethnic groups**
- 6 Indian**
- 7 Pakistani**
- 8 Bangladeshi**
- 9 Chinese**
- 10 Any other Asian background**
- 11 Black/African/Caribbean/Black British**
- 12 Arab**
- 13 Other ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over

#### **ETHEWEUL – Ethnicity (16 categories) England and Wales level**

- (1) White British**
- (2) White Irish**
- (3) Other White\***
- (4) White and Black Caribbean**
- (5) White and Black African**
- (6) White and Asian**
- (7) Other Mixed / multiple ethnic background**
- (8) Indian**
- (9) Pakistani**

- (10) **Bangladeshi**
- (11) **Chinese**
- (12) **Other Asian background**
- (13) **Black African**
- (14) **Black Caribbean**
- (15) **Other Black / African / Caribbean background**
- (16) **Other ethnic group\*\***

\*includes respondents in England and Wales identifying themselves as 'White -Gypsy or Irish Traveller'

\*\*includes respondents in England and Wales identifying themselves as 'Arab'

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over living within England and Wales

### **ETHEW18 – Ethnicity (18 categories) England and Wales level**

- 1 White British**
- 2 White Irish**
- 3 White Gypsy or Irish Traveller**
- 4 Other White**
- 5 White and Black Caribbean**
- 6 White and Black African**
- 7 White and Asian**
- 8 Other Mixed / multiple ethnic background**
- 9 Indian**
- 10 Pakistani**
- 11 Bangladeshi**
- 12 Chinese**
- 13 Other Asian background**
- 14 Black African**
- 15 Black Caribbean**
- 16 Other Black / African / Caribbean background**
- 17 Arab**
- 18 Other ethnic group**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from AJ11 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over living in England or Wales

### **RELIGE - What is your religion?**

- (1) **No religion,**
- (2) **Christian (including Church of England, Catholic, Protestant and all other Christian denominations),**
- (3) **Buddhist,**
- (4) **Hindu,**
- (5) **Jewish,**
- (6) **Muslim,**
- (7) **Sikh,**

**(8) Any other religion,**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over and live in England

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RELIG.

**RELIGW – What is your religion?**

- (1) No religion,**
- (2) Christian (all denominations),**
- (3) Buddhist,**
- (4) Hindu,**
- (5) Jewish,**
- (6) Muslim,**
- (7) Sikh,**
- (8) Any other religion,**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over and live in Wales

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RELIG.

**RELIGS – Religion (Scotland)**

- (1) No Religion**
- (2) Church of Scotland**
- (3) Roman Catholic**
- (4) Other Christian**
- (5) Buddhist**
- (6) Hindu**
- (7) Jewish**
- (8) Muslim**
- (9) Sikh**
- (10) Any other Religion**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16 and over and live in Scotland

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RELIG.

**RELIG11 – Religion GB level (NI excluded)**

- (1) No Religion**
- (2) Christian (all denominations)**
- (3) Buddhist**
- (4) Hindu**
- (5) Jewish**
- (6) Muslim**
- (7) Sikh**
- (8) Any other Religion**
- (-8) No Answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Great Britain. A new derived variable which amalgamates the responses at RELIGE/W/S to give a GB indicator.

**LANG - First language at home**

- (1) English
- (2) Welsh
- (3) Gaelic
- (4) Ulster Scots/Ullans
- (5) Other

**FREQUENCY:** Summer quarters only (every 3<sup>rd</sup> year) from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+

**NOTES:** The variables LANGESW, LANGNI & LANGSNC have been replaced by this single variable. This question is only asked in the Summer quarter every 3 years e.g. 2003, 2006, 2009 etc.

**LANGD1 - Language difficulties keeping/finding job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Summer 02 only. Summer quarters only (every 3<sup>rd</sup> year) from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** From Summer 02 - Summer 03: Applies to all respondents who said their first language at home was Other (LANGESW = 3 or LANGNI = 4 or LANGSNC = 4).

From Summer 06: Applies to all respondents who said their first language at home was Other (LANG = 5).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked in the Summer quarter every 3 years e.g. 2003, 2006, 2009 etc.

**LANGD2 - Language difficulties causing problems with education**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Summer 02 only. Summer quarters only (every 3<sup>rd</sup> year) from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** From Summer 02 - Summer 03: Applies to all respondents who said their first language at home was Other (LANGESW = 3 or LANGNI = 4 or LANGSNC = 4).

From Summer 06: Applies to all respondents who said their first language at home was Other (LANG = 5).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked in the Summer quarter every 3 years e.g. 2003, 2006, 2009 etc.

**INTUSE - Last used internet**

- (1) Within the last 3 months
- (2) Between 3 months and a year ago
- (3) More than 1 year ago
- (4) Never used it
- (5) Don't know (proxy only)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11 onwards

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 15

**NOTES:** Available on ONS datasets only for JM11. Available ONS and Government only files only from AJ11 onwards.

**INTPROB -Problems with the internet**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has never used the internet, is giving a personal response to the survey and is in their final wave of the LFS cycle

**NOTES:** New for JM12. Available on ONS and Government only files.

**INTPROB2 -Possible reasons behind problems with internet**

- (1) you have difficulty seeing
- (2) you have difficulty hearing
- (3) you have difficulty reading or writing
- (4) you have difficulty using a keyboard or mouse
- (5) or some other reason?

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has problems using a computer or internet

**NOTES:** New for JM12. Available on ONS and Government only files.

**RESIDENTIAL DETAILS**

**COUNTRY - Country within UK**

- (1) England
- (2) Wales
- (3) Scotland
- (4) Scotland North of Caledonian Canal
- (5) Northern Ireland

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**GB - Great Britain**

- (1) Great Britain
- (2) Northern Ireland

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on SPSS files from Autumn 02 onwards.

**URES MC - Region of usual residence**

- (1) Tyne & Wear
- (11) South West

|      |   |      |                                     |
|------|---|------|-------------------------------------|
| (2)  | <b>Rest of Northern Region</b>            | (12) | <b>West Midlands (Metropolitan)</b> |
| (3)  | <b>South Yorkshire</b>                    | (13) | <b>Rest of West Midlands</b>        |
| (4)  | <b>West Yorkshire</b>                     | (14) | <b>Greater Manchester</b>           |
| (5)  | <b>Rest of Yorkshire &amp; Humberside</b> | (15) | <b>Merseyside</b>                   |
| (6)  | <b>East Midlands</b>                      | (16) | <b>Rest of North West</b>           |
| (7)  | <b>East Anglia</b>                        | (17) | <b>Wales</b>                        |
| (8)  | <b>Inner London</b>                       | (18) | <b>Strathclyde</b>                  |
| (9)  | <b>Outer London</b>                       | (19) | <b>Rest of Scotland</b>             |
| (10) | <b>Rest of South East</b>                 | (20) | <b>Northern Ireland</b>             |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from UALAD99 which is not directly available from the database for confidentiality reasons, although a UA/County Level indicator i.e. UACNTY is available from Spring 2000 on ONS datasets only.

In 1996 URESMC showed DNA cases when tables were run at household level. These were for non-responding individuals in a responding household. From 1997, these non-responders were given the URESMC value of the household so that no DNA's showed up.

#### **GOVTOR - Government Office regions**

|      |   |
|------|---|
| (1)  | <b>Tyne &amp; Wear</b>                    |
| (2)  | <b>Rest of North East</b>                 |
| (3)  | <b>Greater Manchester</b>                 |
| (4)  | <b>Merseyside</b>                         |
| (5)  | <b>Rest of North West</b>                 |
| (6)  | <b>South Yorkshire</b>                    |
| (7)  | <b>West Yorkshire</b>                     |
| (8)  | <b>Rest of Yorkshire &amp; Humberside</b> |
| (9)  | <b>East Midlands</b>                      |
| (10) | <b>West Midlands Metropolitan County</b>  |
| (11) | <b>Rest of West Midlands</b>              |
| (12) | <b>East of England</b>                    |
| (13) | <b>Inner London</b>                       |
| (14) | <b>Outer London</b>                       |
| (15) | <b>South East</b>                         |
| (16) | <b>South West</b>                         |
| (17) | <b>Wales</b>                              |
| (18) | <b>Strathclyde</b>                        |
| (19) | <b>Rest of Scotland</b>                   |
| (20) | <b>Northern Ireland</b>                   |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GOR. It was renamed due to the re-ordering of categories. From Spring 2000 it is derived from UALAD99, prior to this, it was derived from COUNTY (which has been removed from all datasets). Merseyside is generally included in the North West region in published data.

#### **GOVTOF - Government Office Regions - Summary**

|     |                                   |
|-----|-----------------------------------|
| (1) | <b>North East</b>                 |
| (2) | <b>North West</b>                 |
| (3) | <b>Merseyside</b>                 |
| (4) | <b>Yorkshire &amp; Humberside</b> |
| (5) | <b>East Midlands</b>              |
| (6) | <b>West Midlands</b>              |

- (7) **Eastern**
- (8) **London**
- (9) **South East**
- (10) **South West**
- (11) **Wales**
- (12) **Scotland**
- (13) **Northern Ireland**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable conforms to the standard presentation of Government Office Regions. It is derived from UALAD99. Merseyside is generally included in the North West region in published data.

## **LOCAL GOVERNMENT REORGANISATION IN APRIL 2009**

In April 2009, there was a reorganisation of local government that created nine new unitary authorities (UAs). Five of these UAs were created from existing county councils and their district councils. The remaining four were created by splitting Cheshire and Bedfordshire into two - each along existing district council boundaries. All nine unitary authorities will, therefore, be aggregates of existing local authorities.

(Note: Isles of Scilly also changes from 15UH to 00HF at this time)

Currently these variables are produced on the LFS using UA/LAD data:

UALA, UACNTY, UALADGB, UALD3, UALDO, UALDWK, UALDWK2 (UALD3 is only on ONS datasets)

To apply these changes to back data syntax can be used to recode the above variables into new variables representing these new classifications. This syntax can be obtained by contacting the UK Data Archive. This syntax will need to be used for all files up to AJ10 data. From AJ10 data onwards we will be producing quarterly datasets with the new UA variables on them.

**PLEASE NOTE:** The LFS data will be weighted based on the old UALAD codes until population estimates are provided on the new UALAD basis, this change is likely to occur in JM12. Once this change occurs only the new UALAD variables will be provided and the old codes will no longer be produced for the data. When this change occurs details will be published in the User Guide.



**UACNTY - Unitary Authority / County Level**

|                                       |                                      |                            |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| (09) Bedfordshire                     | (EB) Hartlepool UA                   | (NA) Isle of Anglesey      |
| (11) Buckinghamshire                  | (EC) Middlesbrough UA                | (NC) Gwynedd               |
| (12) Cambridgeshire                   | (EE) Redcar and Cleveland UA         | (NE) Conwy                 |
| (13) Cheshire                         | (EF) Stockton-on-Tees UA             | (NG) Denbighshire          |
| (15) Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly | (EH) Darlington UA                   | (NJ) Flintshire            |
| (16) Cumbria                          | (ET) Halton UA                       | (NL) Wrexham               |
| (17) Derbyshire                       | (EU) Warrington UA                   | (NN) Powys                 |
| (18) Devon                            | (EX) Blackburn with Darwen UA        | (NQ) Ceredigion            |
| (19) Dorset                           | (EY) Blackpool UA                    | (NS) Pembrokeshire         |
| (20) Durham                           | (FA) City of Kingston upon Hull UA   | (NU) Carmarthenshire       |
| (21) East Sussex                      | (FB) East Riding of Yorkshire UA     | (NX) Swansea               |
| (22) Essex                            | (FC) North East Lincolnshire UA      | (NZ) Neath Port Talbot     |
| (23) Gloucestershire                  | (FD) North Lincolnshire UA           | (PB) Bridgend              |
| (24) Hampshire                        | (FF) York UA                         | (PD) The Vale of Glamorgan |
| (26) Hertfordshire                    | (FK) Derby UA                        | (PF) Rhondda, Cynon, Taff  |
| (29) Kent                             | (FN) Leicester UA                    | (PH) Merthyr Tydfil        |
| (30) Lancashire                       | (FP) Rutland UA                      | (PK) Caerphilly            |
| (31) Leicestershire                   | (FY) Nottingham UA                   | (PL) Blaenau Gwent         |
| (32) Lincolnshire                     | (GA) County of Herefordshire UA      | (PM) Torfaen               |
| (33) Norfolk                          | (GF) Telford and Wrekin UA           | (PP) Monmouthshire         |
| (34) Northamptonshire                 | (GL) Stoke-on-Trent UA               | (PR) Newport               |
| (35) Northumberland                   | (HA) Bath and North East Somerset UA | (PT) Cardiff               |
| (36) North Yorkshire                  | (HB) City of Bristol UA              | (QA) Aberdeen City         |
| (37) Nottinghamshire                  | (HC) North Somerset UA               | (QB) Aberdeenshire         |
| (38) Oxfordshire                      | (HD) South Gloucestershire UA        | (QC) Angus                 |
| (39) Shropshire                       | (HG) Plymouth UA                     | (QD) Argyll & Bute         |
| (40) Somerset                         | (HH) Torbay UA                       | (QE) Scottish Borders      |
| (41) Staffordshire                    | (HN) Bournemouth UA                  | (QF) Clackmannanshire      |
| (42) Suffolk                          | (HP) Poole UA                        | (QG) West Dunbartonshire   |
| (43) Surrey                           | (HX) Swindon UA                      | (QH) Dumfries & Galloway   |
| (44) Warwickshire                     | (JA) Peterborough UA                 | (QJ) Dundee City           |
| (45) West Sussex                      | (KA) Luton UA                        | (QK) East Ayrshire         |
| (46) Wiltshire                        | (KF) Southend-on-Sea UA              | (QL) East Dunbartonshire   |
| (47) Worcestershire                   | (KG) Thurrock UA                     | (QM) East Lothian          |
| (48) Eilean Siar, Orkney & Shetland   | (LC) Medway UA                       | (QN) East Renfrewshire     |
| (49) Tyne & Wear (Met County)         | (MA) Bracknell Forest UA             | (QP) City of Edinburgh     |
| (50) Greater Manchester (Met county)  | (MB) West Berkshire UA               | (QQ) Falkirk               |
| (51) Merseyside (Met County)          | (MC) Reading UA                      | (QR) Fife                  |
| (52) South Yorkshire (Met County)     | (MD) Slough UA                       | (QS) City of Glasgow       |
| (53) West Yorkshire (Met County)      | (ME) Windsor and Maidenhead UA       | (QT) Highland              |
| (54) West Midlands (Met County)       | (MF) Wokingham UA                    | (QU) Inverclyde            |
| (55) Inner London                     | (MG) Milton Keynes UA                | (QW) Midlothian            |
| (56) Outer London                     | (ML) Brighton and Hove UA            | (QX) Moray                 |
|                                       | (MR) Portsmouth UA                   | (QY) North Ayrshire        |
|                                       | (MS) Southampton UA                  | (QZ) North Lanarkshire     |
|                                       | (MW) Isle of Wight UA                | (RB) Perth & Kinross       |
|                                       |                                      | (RC) Renfrewshire          |
|                                       |                                      | (RE) South Ayrshire        |
|                                       |                                      | (RF) South Lanarkshire     |
|                                       |                                      | (RG) Stirling              |
|                                       |                                      | (RH) West Lothian          |
|                                       |                                      | (460) Northern Ireland     |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 00

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on UA/LA (Unitary Authority/Local Authority) and ONS datasets only. It is derived using UALAD99.

From Autumn 93 to Summer 00, the UACNTY variable included local authorities as well as counties. The coding frame changed in Autumn 00 with the introduction of the variable UALA. The Autumn 93 to Summer 00 UACNTY coding frame can be found in the LFS User Guide, Volume 3 (2002).

**UALA - Unitary Authority / Local Authority**

|                                       |                             |                                      |                            |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| (09) Bedfordshire                     | (AT) Hounslow               | (DB) Wakefield                       | (NJ) Flintshire            |
| (11) Buckinghamshire                  | (AU) Islington              | (EB) Hartlepool UA                   | (NL) Wrexham               |
| (12) Cambridgeshire                   | (AW) Kensington and Chelsea | (EC) Middlesbrough UA                | (NN) Powys                 |
| (13) Cheshire                         | (AX) Kingston upon Thames   | (EE) Redcar and Cleveland UA         | (NQ) Ceredigion            |
| (15) Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly | (AY) Lambeth                | (EF) Stockton-on-Tees UA             | (NS) Pembrokeshire         |
| (16) Cumbria                          | (AZ) Lewisham               | (EH) Darlington UA                   | (NU) Carmarthenshire       |
| (17) Derbyshire                       | (BA) Merton                 | (ET) Halton UA                       | (NX) Swansea               |
| (18) Devon                            | (BB) Newham                 | (EU) Warrington UA                   | (NZ) Neath Port Talbot     |
| (19) Dorset                           | (BC) Redbridge              | (EX) Blackburn with Darwen UA        | (PB) Bridgend              |
| (20) Durham                           | (BD) Richmond upon Thames   | (EY) Blackpool UA                    | (PD) The Vale of Glamorgan |
| (21) East Sussex                      | (BE) Southwark              | (FA) City of Kingston upon Hull UA   | (PF) Rhondda, Cynon, Taff  |
| (22) Essex                            | (BF) Sutton                 | (FB) East Riding of Yorkshire UA     | (PH) Merthyr Tydfil        |
| (23) Gloucestershire                  | (BG) Tower Hamlets          | (FC) North East Lincolnshire UA      | (PK) Caerphilly            |
| (24) Hampshire                        | (BH) Waltham Forest         | (FD) North Lincolnshire UA           | (PL) Blaenau Gwent         |
| (26) Hertfordshire                    | (BJ) Wandsworth             | (FF) York UA                         | (PM) Torfaen               |
| (29) Kent                             | (BK) Westminster            | (FK) Derby UA                        | (PP) Monmouthshire         |
| (30) Lancashire                       | (BL) Bolton                 | (FN) Leicester UA                    | (PR) Newport               |
| (31) Leicestershire                   | (BM) Bury                   | (FP) Rutland UA                      | (PT) Cardiff               |
| (32) Lincolnshire                     | (BN) Manchester             | (FY) Nottingham UA                   | (QA) Aberdeen City         |
| (33) Norfolk                          | (BP) Oldham                 | (GA) County of Herefordshire UA      | (QB) Aberdeenshire         |
| (34) Northamptonshire                 | (BQ) Rochdale               | (GF) Telford and Wrekin UA           | (QC) Angus                 |
| (35) Northumberland                   | (BR) Salford                | (GL) Stoke-on-Trent UA               | (QD) Argyll & Bute         |
| (36) North Yorkshire                  | (BS) Stockport              | (HA) Bath and North East Somerset UA | (QE) Scottish Borders      |
| (37) Nottinghamshire                  | (BT) Tameside               | (HB) City of Bristol UA              | (QF) Clackmannanshire      |
| (38) Oxfordshire                      | (BU) Trafford               | (HC) North Somerset UA               | (QG) West Dunbartonshire   |
| (39) Shropshire                       | (BW) Wigan                  | (HD) South Gloucestershire UA        | (QH) Dumfries & Galloway   |
| (40) Somerset                         | (BX) Knowsley               | (HG) Plymouth UA                     | (QJ) Dundee City           |
| (41) Staffordshire                    | (BY) Liverpool              | (HH) Torbay UA                       | (QK) East Ayrshire         |
| (42) Suffolk                          | (BZ) St. Helens             | (HN) Bournemouth UA                  | (QL) East Dunbartonshire   |
| (43) Surrey                           | (CA) Sefton                 | (HP) Poole UA                        | (QM) East Lothian          |
| (44) Warwickshire                     | (CB) Wirral                 | (HX) Swindon UA                      | (QN) East Renfrewshire     |
| (45) West Sussex                      | (CC) Barnsley               | (JA) Peterborough UA                 | (QP) City of Edinburgh     |
| (46) Wiltshire                        | (CE) Doncaster              | (KA) Luton UA                        | (QQ) Falkirk               |
| (47) Worcestershire                   | (CF) Rotherham              | (KF) Southend-on-Sea UA              | (QR) Fife                  |
| (48) Eilean Siar, Orkney & Shetland   | (CG) Sheffield              | (KG) Thurrock UA                     | (QS) City of Glasgow       |
| (AB) Barking and Dagenham             | (CH) Gateshead              | (LC) Medway UA                       | (QT) Highland              |
| (AC) Barnet                           | (CJ) Newcastle upon Tyne    | (MA) Bracknell Forest UA             | (QU) Inverclyde            |
| (AD) Bexley                           | (CK) North Tyneside         | (MB) West Berkshire UA               | (QW) Midlothian            |
| (AE) Brent                            | (CL) South Tyneside         | (MC) Reading UA                      | (QX) Moray                 |
| (AF) Bromley                          | (CM) Sunderland             | (MD) Slough UA                       | (QY) North Ayrshire        |
| (AG) Camden                           | (CN) Birmingham             | (ME) Windsor and Maidenhead UA       | (QZ) North Lanarkshire     |
| (AH) Croydon                          | (CQ) Coventry               | (MF) Wokingham UA                    | (RB) Perth & Kinross       |
| (AJ) Ealing                           | (CR) Dudley                 | (MG) Milton Keynes UA                | (RC) Renfrewshire          |
| (AK) Enfield                          | (CS) Sandwell               | (ML) Brighton and Hove UA            | (RE) South Ayrshire        |
| (AL) Greenwich                        | (CT) Solihull               | (MR) Portsmouth UA                   | (RF) South Lanarkshire     |
| (AM) Hackney                          | (CU) Walsall                | (MS) Southampton UA                  | (RG) Stirling              |
| (AN) Hammersmith and Fulham           | (CW) Wolverhampton          | (MW) Isle of Wight UA                | (RH) West Lothian          |
| (AP) Haringey                         | (CX) Bradford               | (NA) Isle of Anglesey                |                            |
| (AQ) Harrow                           | (CY) Calderdale             | (NC) Gwynedd                         | (460) Northern Ireland     |
| (AR) Havering                         | (CZ) Kirklees               | (NE) Conwy                           |                            |
| (AS) Hillingdon                       | (DA) Leeds                  | (NG) Denbighshire                    |                            |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on UA/LA (Unitary Authority/Local Authority) and ONS datasets only. It is derived using UALAD99. For analysis for Spring and Summer 2000 use UACNTY.

### **UALADGB - Unitary Authorities and LADs of Great Britain**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only. It is derived using UALAD99.

From Spring 92 - Summer 93 LADs are based on 1981 wards. From Autumn 93 onwards they are based on 1991 wards.

### **UALD3 - Place of residence three months ago**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only. It is derived using RESTME, RESMTH, RESBBY, M3CRY, M3RESC & COUNTRY.

### **UALDO - Place of residence one year ago**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only. It is derived using RESTME, AGE, RESMTH, OYRESC, OYEQM3, M3RESC & COUNTRY.

### **UALDWK - Place of work**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only. It is derived using WRKING, JBAWAY, OWNBUS, RELBUS, HOME, WKPL99 & COUNTRY.

### **UALDWK2 - Place of work in second job**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only. It is derived Y2JOB, YTETJB, HOME2, COUNTRY & WKPL299.

### **DZONE - Scottish Data Zones**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

### **NUTS2 - NUTS level 2**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of the NUTS levels.

### **NUTS3 - NUTS level 3**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets. This variable is only available in SPSS format on ONS datasets from Autumn 03.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of the NUTS levels.

### **OACODE - Census output areas**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

### **PCA - Parliamentary constituency area**

#### **(001-750) Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets. This variable is only available in SPSS format on ONS datasets from Winter 04.

### **SOA1 - Lower layer super output area**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

### **SOA2 - Middle layer super output area**

#### **Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

### **TTWA - Travel to work area**

#### **(001-243) Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 99 to Spring 00. Spring & Autumn quarters only from Spring 01. All quarters from Spring 2005.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets up to Spring 2005 and is available on all but public datasets from Spring 05.

**URIND - Urban/Rural indicator**

- (11) England & Wales, Urban >=10k – sparse
- (12) England & Wales, Town & Fringe – sparse
- (13) England & Wales, Village – sparse
- (14) England & Wales, Hamlet & Isolated Dwelling – sparse
- (15) England & Wales, Urban >=10k – less sparse
- (16) England & Wales, Town & Fringe – less sparse
- (17) England & Wales, Village – less sparse
- (18) England & Wales, Hamlet & Isolated Dwelling – less sparse
- (21) Scotland, large urban area – settlements of over 125,000 people
- (22) Scotland, other urban area – settlements of 10,000 to 125,000 people
- (23) Scotland, accessible small town – settlements of between 3,000 and 10,000 people and within 30 minutes drive of a settlement of 10,000 or more
- (24) Scotland, remote small town - settlements of between 3,000 and 10,000 people and with a drive of over 30 minutes to a settlement of 10,000 or more
- (25) Scotland, very remote small town
- (26) Scotland, accessible rural - settlements of less than 3,000 people and within 30 minutes drive of a settlement of 10,000 or more
- (27) Scotland, remote rural - settlements of less than 3,000 people and with a drive time of over 30 minutes to a settlement of 10,000 or more
- (28) Scotland, very remote rural

To condense the variable into a direct split of rural and urban, the variable should be recoded as follows:

- (11) England & Wales, Urban >=10k – sparse (URBAN)
- (12) England & Wales, Town & Fringe – sparse (RURAL)
- (13) England & Wales, Village – sparse (RURAL)
- (14) England & Wales, Hamlet & Isolated Dwelling – sparse (RURAL)
- (15) England & Wales, Urban >=10k – less sparse (URBAN)
- (16) England & Wales, Town & Fringe – less sparse (RURAL)
- (17) England & Wales, Village – less sparse (RURAL)
- (18) England & Wales, Hamlet & Isolated Dwelling – less sparse (RURAL)
- (21) Scotland, large urban area – settlements of over 125,000 people (URBAN)
- (22) Scotland, other urban area – settlements of 10,000 to 125,000 people (URBAN)
- (23) Scotland, accessible small town – settlements of between 3,000 and 10,000 people and within 30 minutes drive of a settlement of 10,000 or more (RURAL)
- (24) Scotland, remote small town - settlements of between 3,000 and 10,000 people and with a drive of over 30 minutes to a settlement of 10,000 or more (RURAL)
- (25) Scotland, very remote small town (RURAL)
- (26) Scotland, accessible rural - settlements of less than 3,000 people and within 30 minutes drive of a settlement of 10,000 or more (RURAL)
- (27) Scotland, remote rural - settlements of less than 3,000 people and with a drive time of over 30 minutes to a settlement of 10,000 or more (RURAL)
- (28) Scotland, very remote rural (RURAL)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets. Clear definitions are provided of the Scottish Urban-Rural classifications contained within the variable.

Rural areas comprise of villages, hamlets and isolated dwellings in England and Wales. In Scotland, in addition to these types of area, accessible or very remote small towns are also included. Non rural areas consist of urban areas with a population of 10,000 or more, and town fringe areas. In Scotland both large and small urban areas are also classified as non-rural.

**WARD03 - Ward 2003**

**Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

**WARD98 - Ward 98**

**Range of codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93 to Winter 02. Spring & Autumn quarters only from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets. This variable is only available in SPSS format on ONS datasets from Spring 99.

**LEA - Local Education Authorities**

|                              |                                    |                              |                           |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| (201) City of London         | (356) Stockport                    | (857) Rutland                | (NA) Isle of Anglesey     |
| (202) Camden                 | (357) Tameside                     | (860) Staffordshire          | (NC) Gwynedd              |
| (203) Greenwich              | (358) Trafford                     | (861) Stoke-on-Trent         | (NE) Conwy                |
| (204) Hackney                | (359) Wigan                        | (865) Wiltshire              | (NG) Denbighshire         |
| (205) Hammersmith and Fulham | (370) Barnsley                     | (866) Swindon                | (NJ) Flintshire           |
| (206) Islington              | (371) Doncaster                    | (867) Bracknell Forest       | (NL) Wrexham              |
| (207) Kensington and Chelsea | (372) Rotherham                    | (868) Windsor and Maidenhead | (NN) Powys                |
| (208) Lambeth                | (373) Sheffield                    | (869) West Berkshire         | (NQ) Ceredigion           |
| (209) Lewisham               | (380) Bradford                     | (870) Reading                | (NS) Pembrokeshire        |
| (210) Southwark              | (381) Calderdale                   | (871) Slough                 | (NU) Carmarthenshire      |
| (211) Tower Hamlets          | (382) Kirklees                     | (872) Wokingham              | (NX) Swansea              |
| (212) Wandsworth             | (383) Leeds                        | (873) Cambridgeshire         | (NZ) Neath Port Talbot    |
| (213) Westminster            | (384) Wakefield                    | (874) Peterborough           | (PB) Bridgend             |
| (301) Barking and Dagenham   | (390) Gateshead                    | (875) Cheshire               | (PD) Vale of Glamorgan    |
| (302) Barnet                 | (391) Newcastle upon Tyne          | (876) Halton                 | (PF) Rhondda, Cynon, Taff |
| (303) Bexley                 | (392) North Tyneside               | (877) Warrington             | (PH) Merthyr Tydfil       |
| (304) Brent                  | (393) South Tyneside               | (878) Devon                  | (PK) Caerphilly           |
| (305) Bromley                | (394) Sunderland                   | (879) Plymouth               | (PL) Blaenau Gwent        |
| (306) Croydon                | (420) Isles of Scilly              | (880) Torbay                 | (PM) Torfaen              |
| (307) Ealing                 | (800) Bath and North East Somerset | (881) Essex                  | (PP) Monmouthshire        |
| (308) Enfield                | (801) Bristol                      | (882) Southend on Sea        | (PR) Newport              |
| (309) Haringey               | (802) North Somerset               | (883) Thurrock               | (PT) Cardiff              |
| (310) Harrow                 | (803) South Gloucestershire        | (884) Herefordshire          | (QA) Aberdeen City        |
| (311) Havering               | (805) Hartlepool                   | (885) Worcestershire         | (QB) Aberdeenshire        |
| (312) Hillingdon             | (806) Middlesbrough                | (886) Kent                   | (QC) Angus                |
| (313) Hounslow               | (807) Redcar and Cleveland         | (887) Medway                 | (QD) Argyll & Bute        |
| (314) Kingston upon Thames   | (808) Stockton-on-Tees             | (888) Lancashire             | (QE) Scottish Borders     |
| (315) Merton                 | (810) Kingston upon Hull           | (889) Blackburn with Darwen  | (QF) Clackmannanshire     |
| (316) Newham                 | (811) East Riding of Yorkshire     | (890) Blackpool              | (QG) West Dunbartonshire  |
| (317) Redbridge              | (812) North East Lincolnshire      | (891) Nottinghamshire        | (QH) Dumfries & Galloway  |
| (318) Richmond upon Thames   | (813) North Lincolnshire           | (892) Nottingham             | (QJ) Dundee City          |
| (319) Sutton                 | (815) North Yorkshire              | (893) Shropshire             | (QK) East Ayrshire        |
| (320) Waltham Forest         | (816) York                         | (894) Telford and Wrekin     | (QL) East Dunbartonshire  |
| (330) Birmingham             | (820) Bedfordshire                 | (908) Cornwall               | (QM) East Lothian         |
| (331) Coventry               | (821) Luton                        | (909) Cumbria                | (QN) East Renfrewshire    |
| (332) Dudley                 | (825) Buckinghamshire              | (916) Gloucestershire        | (QP) City of Edinburgh    |
| (333) Sandwell               | (826) Milton Keynes                | (919) Hertfordshire          | (QQ) Falkirk              |
| (334) Solihull               | (830) Derbyshire                   | (921) Isle of Wight          | (QR) Fife                 |
| (335) Walsall                | (831) Derby                        | (925) Lincolnshire           | (QS) City of Glasgow      |
| (336) Wolverhampton          | (835) Dorset                       | (926) Norfolk                | (QT) Highland             |
| (340) Knowsley               | (836) Poole                        | (928) Northamptonshire       | (QU) Inverclyde           |
| (341) Liverpool              | (837) Bournemouth                  | (929) Northumberland         | (QW) Midlothian           |
| (342) St Helens              | (840) Durham                       | (931) Oxfordshire            | (QX) Moray                |
| (343) Sefton                 | (841) Darlington                   | (933) Somerset               | (QY) North Ayrshire       |
| (344) Wirral                 | (845) East Sussex                  | (935) Suffolk                | (QZ) North Lanarkshire    |
| (350) Bolton                 | (846) Brighton and Hove            | (936) Surrey                 | (RA) Orkney Islands       |
| (351) Bury                   | (850) Hampshire                    | (937) Warwickshire           | (RB) Perth & Kinross      |
| (352) Manchester             | (851) Portsmouth                   | (938) West Sussex            | (RC) Renfrewshire         |
| (353) Oldham                 | (852) Southampton                  |                              | (RD) Shetland Islands     |
| (354) Rochdale               | (855) Leicestershire               |                              | (RE) South Ayrshire       |
| (355) Salford                | (856) Leicester                    |                              | (RF) South Lanarkshire    |
|                              |                                    |                              | (RG) Stirling             |
|                              |                                    |                              | (RH) West Lothian         |
|                              |                                    |                              | (RJ) Eilean Siar          |

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Great Britain.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

**TLEC99 - Training and enterprise councils**

|  |                               |   |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| (101) Hampshire                              | (507) Shropshire              | (901) County Durham                           |
| (102) Heart of England                       | (508) Staffordshire           | (902) Northumberland                          |
| (103) Isle of Wight                          | (509) Walsall                 | (903) Tees Valley                             |
| (104) Kent                                   | (510) Wolverhampton           | (904) Tyneside                                |
| (105) Milton Keynes/North<br>Buckinghamshire | (601) Greater Nottingham      | (905) Sunderland City                         |
| (106) Surrey                                 | (602) Leicestershire          | (S01) Ayrshire                                |
| (107) Sussex Enterprise                      | (603) Lincolnshire            | (S02) Borders                                 |
| (108) Thames Valley Enterprise               | (604) North Derbyshire        | (S03) Dunbartonshire                          |
| (201) Bedfordshire                           | (605) North Nottinghamshire   | (S04) Dumfries and Galloway                   |
| (202) Cambstec                               | (606) Northamptonshire        | (S05) Fife                                    |
| (203) Essex                                  | (607) South Derbyshire        | (S06) Forth Valley                            |
| (204) Greater Peterborough                   | (701) Barnsley and Doncaster  | (S07) Glasgow Development<br>Agency           |
| (205) Hertfordshire                          | (702) Bradford and District   | (S08) Grampian                                |
| (206) Norfolk and Waveney                    | (703) Calderdale and Kirklees | (S09) Lanarkshire                             |
| (207) Suffolk                                | (704) Humberside              | (S10) Lothian and Edinburgh                   |
| (301) Aztec                                  | (705) Leeds                   | (S11) Renfrewshire                            |
| (304) London East                            | (706) North Yorkshire         | (S12) Tayside                                 |
| (305) North London                           | (707) Rotherham               | (S13) Argyll, Bute, Arran and the<br>Cumbraes |
| (306) North West London                      | (708) Sheffield               | (S14) Caithness and Sutherland                |
| (309) West London                            | (709) Wakefield               | (S15) Inverness and Nairn                     |
| (311) Solotec                                | (801) Cewtec                  | (S16) Lochaber                                |
| (312) Focus Central London                   | (802) Merseyside              | (S17) Moray, Badenoch and<br>Strathspey       |
| (401) Devon and Cornwall                     | (803) St Helens               | (S18) Orkney                                  |
| (402) Dorset                                 | (804) Bolton/Bury             | (S19) Ross and Cromarty                       |
| (403) Gloucestershire                        | (805) Cumbria                 | (S20) Shetland                                |
| (404) Somerset                               | (806) Eltec                   | (S21) Skye and Lochalsh                       |
| (405) Western                                | (807) Lawtec                  | (S22) Eilean Siar                             |
| (406) Wiltshire                              | (808) Manchester              | (W11) Celtec                                  |
| (501) Birmingham                             | (809) Metrotec                | (W12) Mid Wales                               |
| (503) Coventry and Warwickshire              | (810) Normidtec               | (W13) South East Wales                        |
| (504) Dudley                                 | (811) Oldham                  | (W14) West Wales                              |
| (505) Hawtec                                 | (812) Rochdale                |   |
| (506) Sandwell                               | (813) South and East Cheshire |   |
|  | (814) Stockport and High Peak |   |

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Great Britain.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.



**LSC - Learning and skills councils**

- (1) County Durham
- (2) Northumberland
- (3) Tees Valley
- (4) Tyne & Wear
- (5) Cheshire/Warrington
- (6) Cumbria
- (7) Greater Manchester
- (8) Lancashire
- (9) Greater Merseyside (previously called Merseyside/Halton)
- (10) Humberside
- (11) North Yorkshire
- (12) South Yorkshire
- (13) West Yorkshire
- (14) Derbyshire
- (15) Leicestershire
- (16) Lincolnshire/Rutland
- (17) Northamptonshire
- (18) Nottinghamshire
- (19) Birmingham & Solihull
- (20) Coventry & Warwickshire
- (21) Herefordshire & Worcestershire
- (22) Shropshire
- (23) Staffordshire
- (24) The Black Country
- (25) Bedfordshire and Luton (previously called Bedfordshire)
- (26) Cambridgeshire
- (27) Essex
- (28) Hertfordshire
- (29) Norfolk
- (30) Suffolk
- (31) Central London
- (32) East London
- (33) North London
- (34) South London
- (35) West London
- (36) Berkshire
- (37) Sussex
- (38) Hampshire/Isle of Wight/Portsmouth/Southampton
- (39) Kent/Medway
- (40) Oxon/Bucks/Milton Keynes
- (41) Surrey
- (42) West of England (previously called 'Former Avon')
- (43) Bournemouth/Dorset/Poole
- (44) Devon & Cornwall
- (45) Gloucestershire
- (46) Somerset
- (47) Wiltshire & Swindon

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in England.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

**LP - Learning Partnerships**

|                                 |   |   |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| (1) County Durham LP            | (37) Wakefield LP                       | (72) South London LP                    |
| (2) Northumberland LP           | (38) York LP                            | (73) West London LP                     |
| (3) Sunderland ETTAG            | (39) Derbyshire LP                      | (74) Bracknell Forest LP                |
| (4) Tees Valley LP              | (40) Greater Nottingham LP              | (75) Brighton & Hove LP                 |
| (5) Tyneside LP                 | (41) Leics, Leicester City & Rutland LP | (76) Buckinghamshire LP                 |
| (6) Bury LP                     | (42) Lincolnshire and Rutland LP        | (77) East Sussex LP                     |
| (7) Bolton LP                   | (43) Northamptonshire LP                | (78) Hampshire & Portsmouth LP          |
| (8) Cumbria LP                  | (44) North Nottingham LP                | (79) Isle of Wight LP                   |
| (9) Cheshire LP                 | (45) Birmingham LP                      | (80) Kent LP                            |
| (10) East Lancashire LP         | (46) Coventry & Warwickshire LP         | (81) Medway LP                          |
| (11) Halton LP                  | (47) Dudley LP                          | (82) Milton Keynes LP                   |
| (12) Knowsley LP                | (48) Hereford LP                        | (83) Oxfordshire LP                     |
| (13) Liverpool LP               | (49) Sandwell LP                        | (84) Reading LP                         |
| (14) Manchester LP              | (50) Shropshire LP                      | (85) Royal Windsor/Maidenhead LP        |
| (15) Oldham LP                  | (51) Solihull LP                        | (86) Slough LP                          |
| (16) Rochdale LP                | (52) Staffordshire & Stoke LP           | (87) Southampton LP                     |
| (17) St Helens LP               | (53) Telford and Wrekin LP              | (88) Surrey LP                          |
| (18) Sefton LP                  | (54) Walsall LP                         | (89) West Berkshire LP                  |
| (19) Stockport LP               | (55) Wolverhampton LP                   | (90) West Sussex LP                     |
| (20) Warrington LP              | (56) Worcestershire LP                  | (91) Wokingham LP                       |
| (21) West Lancashire LP         | (57) Bedfordshire & Luton LP            | (92) Bath & North East Somerset LP      |
| (22) Wigan LP                   | (58) Cambridgeshire LP                  | (93) Bournemouth, Dorset & Poole LP     |
| (23) Wirral LP                  | (59) Greater Peterborough LP            | (94) Bristol & South Gloucestershire LP |
| (24) Barnsley LP                | (60) Hertfordshire LP                   | (95) Cornwall and Isles of Scilly LP    |
| (25) Bradford LP                | (61) Norfolk LP                         | (96) Devon & Torbay LP                  |
| (26) Calderdale LP              | (62) North Essex LP                     | (97) Gloucestershire LP                 |
| (27) Doncaster LP               | (63) South Essex LP                     | (98) North Somerset LP                  |
| (28) East Riding LP             | (64) Suffolk LP                         | (99) Plymouth LP                        |
| (29) Hull LP                    | (65) Thurrock LP                        | (100) Somerset LP                       |
| (30) Kirklees LP                | (66) Central London LP                  | (101) Wiltshire & Swindon LP            |
| (31) Leeds LP                   | (67) East London LP                     |   |
| (32) North East Lincolnshire LP | (68) East/South East London LP          |   |
| (33) North Lincolnshire LP      | (69) East Thames LP                     |   |
| (34) North Yorkshire LP         | (70) North London LP                    |   |
| (35) Rotherham LP               | (71) North West London LP               |   |
| (36) Sheffield LP               |   |   |

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in England.**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

**LPCODE - Learning Partnerships**

|   |   |                                    |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| (1) Norfolk LP                          | (37) St Helens LP                       | (72) Cornwall & Isles of Scilly LP |
| (2) Suffolk LP                          | (38) Manchester LP                      | (73) Devon & Torbay LP             |
| (3) Hertfordshire LP                    | (39) Oldham LP                          | (74) Plymouth LP                   |
| (4) Bedfordshire & Luton LP             | (40) Rochdale LP                        | (75) Birmingham LP                 |
| (5) North Essex LP                      | (41) Bury LP                            | (76) Solihull LP                   |
| (6) South Essex LP                      | (42) Bolton LP                          | (77) Hereford LP                   |
| (7) Thurrock LP                         | (43) Wigan LP                           | (78) Worcestershire LP             |
| (8) Cambridgeshire LP                   | (44) East Lancashire LP                 | (79) Shropshire LP                 |
| (9) Greater Peterborough LP             | (45) West Lancashire LP                 | (80) Telford & Wrekin LP           |
| (10) Lincolnshire LP                    | (46) Stockport LP                       | (81) Staffordshire & Stoke LP      |
| (11) Northamptonshire LP                | (47) Kent LP                            | (82) Dudley LP                     |
| (12) Greater Nottingham LP              | (48) Medway LP                          | (83) Coventry & Warwickshire LP    |
| (13) North Nottinghamshire LP           | (49) Surrey LP                          | (84) Sandwell LP                   |
| (14) Leics, Leicester City & Rutland LP | (50) East Sussex LP                     | (85) Walsall LP                    |
| (15) Derbyshire LP                      | (51) West Sussex LP                     | (86) Wolverhampton LP              |
| (16) East London LP                     | (52) Brighton & Hove LP                 | (87) North Yorkshire LP            |
| (17) East/South East London LP          | (53) Isle of Wight LP                   | (88) York LP                       |
| (18) Central London LP                  | (54) Hampshire & Portsmouth LP          | (89) Bradford LP                   |
| (19) East Thames LP                     | (55) Southampton LP                     | (90) Leeds LP                      |
| (20) North London LP                    | (56) Milton Keynes LP                   | (91) Wakefield LP                  |
| (21) North West London LP               | (57) West Berkshire LP                  | (92) Calderdale LP                 |
| (22) West London LP                     | (58) Reading LP                         | (93) Kirklees LP                   |
| (23) South London LP                    | (59) Wokingham LP                       | (94) East Riding LP                |
| (24) Northumberland LP                  | (60) Bracknell Forest LP                | (95) Hull LP                       |
| (25) County Durham LP                   | (61) Slough LP                          | (96) North Lincolnshire LP         |
| (26) Sunderland ETTAG                   | (62) Royal Windsor/Maidenhead LP        | (97) North East Lincolnshire LP    |
| (27) Tyneside LP                        | (63) Buckingham LP                      | (98) Sheffield LP                  |
| (28) Tees Valley LP                     | (64) Oxfordshire LP                     | (99) Barnsley LP                   |
| (29) Cumbria LP                         | (65) Bristol & South Gloucestershire LP | (100) Rotherham LP                 |
| (30) Cheshire LP                        | (66) North Somerset LP                  | (101) Doncaster LP                 |
| (31) Wirral LP                          | (67) Bath & North East Somerset LP      |                                    |
| (32) Halton LP                          | (68) Gloucestershire LP                 |                                    |
| (33) Warrington LP                      | (69) Wiltshire & Swindon LP             |                                    |
| (34) Liverpool LP                       | (70) Somerset LP                        |                                    |
| (35) Sefton LP                          | (71) Bournemouth, Dorset & Poole LP     |                                    |
| (36) Knowsley LP                        |   |                                    |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring & Autumn quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in England.

### **CCET - Community Consortia for Education and Training**

- (1) **Blaenau Gwent**
- (2) **Bridgend**
- (3) **Caerphilly**
- (4) **Cardiff**
- (5) **Carmarthenshire**
- (6) **Ceredigion**
- (7) **Cwllwm conway**
- (8) **Denbighshire**
- (9) **Flintshire**
- (10) **Ygamfa**
- (11) **Merthyr Tydfil**
- (12) **Monmouthshire**
- (13) **Neath Port Talbot**
- (14) **Newport**
- (15) **Pembrokeshire**
- (16) **Powys**
- (17) **Rhondda, Cynon, Taff**
- (18) **Swansea**
- (19) **Torfaen**
- (20) **The Vale of Glamorgan**
- (21) **Wrexham**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2001

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

This variable is derived from UALAD99.

### **ELWA - Education and Learning Wales**

- (1) **North Wales**
- (2) **Mid Wales**
- (3) **South East Wales**
- (4) **South West Wales**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2001

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in Wales.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

This variable is derived from TLEC99.

**RESTME - Length of time at this address**

- (1) **Less than 12 months**
- (2) **12 months but less than 2 years**
- (3) **2 years but less than 3 years**
- (4) **3 years but less than 5 years**
- (5) **5 years but less than 10 years**
- (6) **10 years or longer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable which replaces RESLNO is a result of the GSS Social Survey Harmonisation Project.

The question relates to address rather than place. It may be possible that an individual is living at a different address from 12 months ago but is living in the same town and county.

Babies under a year are code 1.

ALL students living in Halls of Residence should be given the same code as the 'head of household'.

This question must be asked of economically inactive respondents aged 70 and over.

Absences from the address which by their nature are temporary, i.e. without permanent intent are ignored. For example, a person now ages 22 who was born at this address, and whose only absence was when he went to university for three years at the age of 18 is recorded as having lived at the address for 22 years - code 6 '10 years or longer'.

**RESMTH - Months at this address**

**(0 - 11) Months**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 12 months (RESTME = 1).

**NOTES:** RESMTH and RESBBY are used to identify babies born less than 3 months ago (i.e. between survey waves).

**RESBBY - Whether respondent is baby**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months (RESMTH <3).

**NOTES:** RESMTH and RESBBY are used to identify babies born less than 3 months ago (i.e. between survey waves).

**M3CRY - Place of residence 3 months ago**

- (1) **UK**
- (2) **Somewhere else**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 95. Spring quarters only from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Spring quarters only Spring 92 - Spring 94: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months (RESLNO = 6).

Non Spring quarters Summer 92 - Winter 94: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months (RESLEN = 2).

Each quarter from Spring 95 - Winter 95: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months (RESLNO = 6).

Each quarter from Spring 96 onwards: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months AND they are not a baby born within the last 3 months (RESMTH < 3 AND RESBBY ≠ 1).

**NOTES:** If filtering on a specific country other than the UK then the relevant category of M3CRYO should also be filtered on. RESMTH and RESBBY were introduced in Spring 96 to identify babies born less than 3 months ago (i.e. between survey waves).

Residence in England (921), Wales (924), Scotland (923), Northern Ireland (922), Jersey (832) and the Isle of Man (833) should all be coded to UK (1).

**M3CRYO - Country of residence 3 months ago****EUROPE**

926 UNITED KINGDOM

040 AUSTRIA  
 056 BELGIUM  
 100 BULGARIA  
 901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)  
 203 CZECH REPUBLIC  
 971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 208 DENMARK  
 233 ESTONIA  
 246 FINLAND  
 250 FRANCE  
 276 GERMANY  
 300 GREECE  
 348 HUNGARY  
 372 IRELAND  
 380 ITALY  
 428 LATVIA  
 440 LITHUANIA  
 442 LUXEMBOURG  
 470 MALTA  
 528 NETHERLANDS  
 616 POLAND  
 620 PORTUGAL  
 642 ROMANIA  
 703 SLOVAKIA  
 705 SLOVENIA  
 911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)  
 913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 752 SWEDEN

248 ÅLAND ISLANDS  
 008 ALBANIA  
 020 ANDORRA  
 051 ARMENIA  
 031 AZERBAIJAN  
 112 BELARUS  
 070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
 191 CROATIA  
 902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)  
 903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)  
 981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 234 FAROE ISLANDS  
 268 GEORGIA  
 292 GIBRALTAR  
 352 ICELAND  
 438 LIECHTENSTEIN  
 807 MACEDONIA  
 498 MOLDOVA  
 492 MONACO  
 499 MONTENEGRO  
 578 NORWAY  
 643 RUSSIA  
 674 SAN MARINO  
 688 SERBIA  
 974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN  
 756 SWITZERLAND  
 792 TURKEY  
 804 UKRAINE

972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 336 VATICAN CITY  
 973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

**THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN**

660 ANGUILLA  
 028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA  
 032 ARGENTINA  
 533 ARUBA  
 044 BAHAMAS, THE  
 052 BARBADOS  
 084 BELIZE  
 060 BERMUDA  
 068 BOLIVIA  
 076 BRAZIL  
 092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS  
 124 CANADA  
 988 CARIBBEAN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 136 CAYMAN ISLANDS  
 986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 152 CHILE  
 170 COLOMBIA  
 188 COSTA RICA  
 192 CUBA  
 212 DOMINICA  
 214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC  
 218 ECUADOR  
 222 EL SALVADOR  
 238 FALKLAND ISLANDS  
 254 FRENCH GUIANA  
 304 GREENLAND  
 308 GRENADA  
 312 GUADELOUPE  
 320 GUATEMALA  
 328 GUYANA  
 332 HAITI  
 340 HONDURAS  
 388 JAMAICA  
 474 MARTINIQUE  
 484 MEXICO  
 500 MONTSERRAT  
 530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES  
 558 NICARAGUA  
 985 NORTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 591 PANAMA  
 600 PARAGUAY  
 604 PERU  
 630 PUERTO RICO  
 987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS  
 662 ST LUCIA  
 666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON  
 670 ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES  
 740 SURINAM  
 780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO  
 796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS  
 840 UNITED STATES  
 850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS  
 858 URUGUAY  
 862 VENEZUELA

**AFRICA**

982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 012 ALGERIA  
 024 ANGOLA  
 204 BENIN  
 072 BOTSWANA  
 854 BURKINA  
 108 BURUNDI  
 120 CAMEROON  
 912 CANARY ISLANDS  
 132 CAPE VERDE  
 140 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC  
 148 CHAD  
 174 COMOROS  
 178 CONGO  
 180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC)  
 262 DJIBOUTI  
 818 EGYPT  
 226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA  
 232 ERITREA  
 231 ETHIOPIA  
 266 GABON  
 270 GAMBIA, THE  
 288 GHANA  
 324 GUINEA  
 624 GUINEA-BISSAU  
 384 IVORY COAST  
 404 KENYA  
 426 LESOTHO  
 430 LIBERIA  
 434 LIBYA  
 450 MADAGASCAR  
 454 MALAWI  
 466 MALI  
 478 MAURITANIA  
 480 MAURITIUS  
 175 MAYOTTE  
 504 MOROCCO  
 508 MOZAMBIQUE  
 516 NAMIBIA  
 562 NIGER  
 566 NIGERIA  
 638 RÉUNION  
 646 RWANDA  
 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE  
 686 SENEGAL  
 690 SEYCHELLES  
 694 SIERRA LEONE  
 706 SOMALIA  
 710 SOUTH AFRICA  
 654 ST HELENA  
 736 SUDAN  
 748 SWAZILAND  
 834 TANZANIA  
 768 TOGO  
 788 TUNISIA  
 800 UGANDA  
 732 WESTERN SAHARA  
 894 ZAMBIA  
 716 ZIMBABWE

**MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA**

004 AFGHANISTAN  
 984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST) NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 048 BAHRAIN

050 BANGLADESH  
 064 BHUTAN  
 096 BRUNEI  
 104 BURMA  
 116 CAMBODIA  
 156 CHINA  
 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)  
 626 EAST TIMOR  
 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA)  
 356 INDIA  
 360 INDONESIA  
 364 IRAN  
 368 IRAQ  
 376 ISRAEL  
 392 JAPAN  
 400 JORDAN  
 398 KAZAKHSTAN  
 408 KOREA (NORTH)  
 410 KOREA (SOUTH)  
 414 KUWAIT  
 417 KYRGYZSTAN  
 418 LAOS  
 422 LEBANON  
 446 MACAO (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA)  
 458 MALAYSIA  
 462 MALDIVES  
 983 Middle East and Asia NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 496 MONGOLIA  
 524 NEPAL  
 512 OMAN  
 586 PAKISTAN  
 608 PHILIPPINES  
 634 QATAR  
 682 SAUDI ARABIA  
 702 SINGAPORE  
 144 SRI LANKA  
 760 SYRIA  
 762 TAJIKISTAN

764 THAILAND  
 795 TURKMENISTAN  
 784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES  
 860 UZBEKISTAN  
 704 VIETNAM  
 275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA STRIP  
 887

**ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA**

016 AMERICAN SAMOA  
 010 ANTARCTICA  
 989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 036 AUSTRALIA  
 074 BOUVET ISLAND  
 086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY  
 162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND  
 166 COCOS (KEELING) ISLANDS  
 184 COOK ISLANDS  
 242 FIJI  
 258 FRENCH POLYNESIA

260 FRENCH  
SOUTHERN  
TERRITORIES  
316 GUAM  
334 HEARD ISLAND  
AND MCDONALD  
ISLANDS  
296 KIRIBATI  
584 MARSHALL  
ISLANDS  
583 MICRONESIA  
520 NAURU  
540 NEW CALEDONIA  
554 NEW ZEALAND  
570 NIUE  
574 NORFOLK ISLAND  
580 NORTHERN  
MARIANA ISLANDS  
585 PALAU  
598 PAPUA NEW  
GUINEA  
612 PITCAIRN,  
HENDERSON, DUCIE  
AND OENO ISLANDS  
882 SAMOA  
090 SOLOMON  
ISLANDS  
239 SOUTH GEORGIA  
AND THE SOUTH  
SANDWICH ISLANDS  
772 TOKELAU  
776 TONGA  
798 TUVALU  
581 UNITED STATES  
MINOR OUTLYING  
ISLANDS  
548 VANUATU  
876 WALLIS AND  
FUTUNA

**OTHER COUNTRIES**

991 AT SEA  
992 IN THE AIR

**Abbreviations:** pns = part not stated, nes = not elsewhere stated.

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 95. AJ quarters only from Spring 96.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were living outside the UK 3 months ago (M3CRY = 2).

**NOTES:** Text labels are not available for this variable. When filtering on a specific country also filter on Option 2 '*Somewhere else*' in M3CRY.

It should be noted that from Spring 92 to Winter 92 codes were from 1-95, then from Spring 93 they were increased to 116, from Spring 98 to 135 and from Spring 99 to 144, this is for SOEC purposes as a number of countries were not uniquely identifiable. \*Note the change in coding for *At sea/in the air* and *Stateless* in from Spring 93, Spring 98 and Spring 99. Updated list of countries from Spring 07.

Note that residents of in England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Jersey and Isle of Man were coded as (1) UK in M3CRY. Interviewers are advised not to code UK (926), England (921), Wales (924), Scotland (923), Northern Ireland (922), Jersey (832) and Isle of Man (833) for M3CRYO.



**REG3 - Region of residence 3 months ago**

|                                    |                                 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (12) West Midlands (Met County) |
| (2) Rest of Northern Region        | (13) Rest of West Midlands      |
| (3) South Yorkshire                | (14) Greater Manchester         |
| (4) West Yorkshire                 | (15) Merseyside                 |
| (5) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (16) Rest of North West         |
| (6) East Midlands                  | (17) Wales                      |
| (7) East Anglia                    | (18) Strathclyde                |
| (8) Inner London                   | (19) Rest of Scotland           |
| (9) Outer London                   | (20) Northern Ireland           |
| (10) Rest of South East            | (22) Outside UK                 |
| (11) South West                    | (23) Baby under 3 months        |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 95. Spring quarters only from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were living at a different address 3 months ago.

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 95 this variable was derived from RESLEN/RESLNO, M3CRY & LAD3. RESLNO was replaced by RESTME in Spring 96. LAD3 was replaced by UALD3 in Spring 2000.

In all quarters between Spring 92 & Winter 93, and in Spring 94, Summer 95, Autumn 95 & Spring 96 option 23 is 'Baby under 1 year'.

It should be noted that although a respondent was living at a different address 3 months ago, they could still be living in the same town or county.

**GOR3 - Region of residence 3 months ago**

**Spring 92 – Autumn 99**

|                                    |                          |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (12) Eastern             |
| (2) Rest of North East             | (13) Inner London        |
| (3) Greater Manchester             | (14) Outer London        |
| (4) Merseyside                     | (15) South East          |
| (5) Rest of North West             | (16) South West          |
| (6) South Yorkshire                | (17) Wales               |
| (7) West Yorkshire                 | (18) Strathclyde         |
| (8) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (19) Rest of Scotland    |
| (9) East Midlands                  | (20) Northern Ireland    |
| (10) West Midlands (Met County)    | (22) Outside UK          |
| (11) Rest of West Midlands         | (23) Baby under 3 months |

**Spring 00 onwards**

|                                    |                          |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (12) East of England     |
| (2) Rest of North East             | (13) Inner London        |
| (3) Greater Manchester             | (14) Outer London        |
| (4) Merseyside                     | (15) South East          |
| (5) Rest of North West             | (16) South West          |
| (6) South Yorkshire                | (17) Wales               |
| (7) West Yorkshire                 | (18) Strathclyde         |
| (8) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (19) Rest of Scotland    |
| (9) East Midlands                  | (20) Northern Ireland    |
| (10) West Midlands (Met County)    | (21) Outside UK          |
| (11) Rest of West Midlands         | (22) Baby under 3 months |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring 92 only. Each quarter from Spring 93 to Autumn 99. Spring quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** This variable is based on Government Office Regions. It is derived from RESTME, RESMTH, RESBBY, M3CRY & UALD3.

**OYEQM3 - Whether living at same address 12 months ago**

- (1) Yes, same place
- (2) No, somewhere else
- (3) Baby under 1 year

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** From Spring 92 to Spring 95: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months (RESLNO = 6).

Each quarter from Spring 96 onwards: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their address less than 3 months AND they are not a baby born within the last 3 months (RESMTH < 3 AND RESBBY ≠ 1).

**NOTES:** Although the coverage of this variable seems contradictory at first glance it is in fact referring to the address the respondent was living at prior to their current address. For example, if the respondent is currently living in Bristol but three months ago was living in Bognor this variable checks whether the respondent was living in Bognor 12 months ago.

It should also be noted that the same circumstances apply if the respondent is living at a different address from 12 months ago but is still living in the same town or county.

**REGONE - Region of residence 12 months ago**

- |                                    |                                 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (12) West Midlands (Met County) |
| (2) Rest of Northern Region        | (13) Rest of West Midlands      |
| (3) South Yorkshire                | (14) Greater Manchester         |
| (4) West Yorkshire                 | (15) Merseyside                 |
| (5) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (16) Rest of North West         |
| (6) East Midlands                  | (17) Wales                      |
| (7) East Anglia                    | (18) Strathclyde                |
| (8) Inner London                   | (19) Rest of Scotland           |
| (9) Outer London                   | (20) Northern Ireland           |
| (10) Rest of South East            | (22) Outside of the UK          |
| (11) South West                    | (23) Baby under 1 year          |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Spring 95 this variable was derived from RESLEN/RESLNO, OYCRY, AGE & LADO. RESLNO was replaced by RESTME in Spring 96. LADO was replaced by UALDO in Spring 2000.

**GORONE - Region of residence 12 months ago****Spring 92 – Autumn 99**

|      |                                |      |                     |
|------|--------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| (1)  | Tyne & Wear                    | (12) | Eastern             |
| (2)  | Rest of North East             | (13) | Inner London        |
| (3)  | Greater Manchester             | (14) | Outer London        |
| (4)  | Merseyside                     | (15) | South East          |
| (5)  | Rest of North West             | (16) | South West          |
| (6)  | South Yorkshire                | (17) | Wales               |
| (7)  | West Yorkshire                 | (18) | Strathclyde         |
| (8)  | Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (19) | Rest of Scotland    |
| (9)  | East Midlands                  | (20) | Northern Ireland    |
| (10) | West Midlands (met county)     | (22) | Outside UK          |
| (11) | Rest of West Midlands          | (23) | Baby under 3 months |

**Spring 00 onwards**

|      |                                |      |                     |
|------|--------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| (1)  | Tyne & Wear                    | (12) | East of England     |
| (2)  | Rest of North East             | (13) | Inner London        |
| (3)  | Greater Manchester             | (14) | Outer London        |
| (4)  | Merseyside                     | (15) | South East          |
| (5)  | Rest of North West             | (16) | South West          |
| (6)  | South Yorkshire                | (17) | Wales               |
| (7)  | West Yorkshire                 | (18) | Strathclyde         |
| (8)  | Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (19) | Rest of Scotland    |
| (9)  | East Midlands                  | (20) | Northern Ireland    |
| (10) | West Midlands (met county)     | (21) | Outside UK          |
| (11) | Rest of West Midlands          | (22) | Baby under 3 months |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring 92 only. Each quarter from Spring 93 to Autumn 99. Spring quarters only from Spring 00

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** This variable is based on Government Office Regions. It is derived from RESTME AGE OYCRY & UALDO.

**OYCRY - Country of residence 12 months ago**

|     |                                       |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
| (1) | UK                                    |
| (2) | Somewhere else                        |
| (3) | Baby under 1 year (Spring 93 onwards) |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** From Spring 92 to Spring 93: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their current address between 3 & 12 months OR if they were not living at their current address 12 months ago (RESLNO = 5 OR OYEQM3 = 2) OR (FOR NI - RESLNO = 6).

From Spring 94 to Spring 95: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their current address between 3 & 12 months OR if they were not living at their current address 12 months ago (RESLNO = 5 OR OYEQM3 = 2).

From Spring 96 onwards: Applies to all respondents who have lived at their current address between 3 & 12 months OR if they were not living at their current address 12 months ago (RESMTH < = 3 OR OYEQM3 = 2).

**NOTES:** It should be noted that when filtering on OYCRY = 2 the relevant category of OYCRYO should also be filtered in order to ensure accuracy. Category (3) *Baby under 1 year* is not available for the Spring 92 quarter.

Residents in England (921), Wales (924), Scotland (923), Northern Ireland (922), Jersey (832) and the Isle of Man (833) should all be coded to UK (1).

**OYCRYO - Country of residence 12 months ago****EUROPE**

926 UNITED KINGDOM

040 AUSTRIA  
 056 BELGIUM  
 100 BULGARIA  
 901 CYPRUS (EUROPEAN UNION)  
 203 CZECH REPUBLIC  
 971 CZECHOSLOVAKIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 208 DENMARK  
 233 ESTONIA  
 246 FINLAND  
 250 FRANCE  
 276 GERMANY  
 300 GREECE  
 348 HUNGARY  
 372 IRELAND (REPUBLIC)  
 380 ITALY  
 428 LATVIA  
 440 LITHUANIA  
 442 LUXEMBOURG  
 470 MALTA  
 528 NETHERLANDS  
 616 POLAND  
 620 PORTUGAL  
 642 ROMANIA  
 703 SLOVAKIA  
 705 SLOVENIA  
 911 SPAIN (EXCEPT CANARY ISLANDS)  
 913 SPAIN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 752 SWEDEN

248 ÅLAND ISLANDS  
 008 ALBANIA  
 020 ANDORRA  
 051 ARMENIA  
 031 AZERBAIJAN  
 112 BELARUS  
 070 BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA  
 191 CROATIA  
 902 CYPRUS (NON-EUROPEAN UNION)  
 903 CYPRUS (NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)  
 981 EUROPE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 234 FAROE ISLANDS  
 268 GEORGIA  
 292 GIBRALTAR  
 352 ICELAND  
 438 LIECHTENSTEIN  
 807 MACEDONIA  
 498 MOLDOVA  
 492 MONACO  
 499 MONTENEGRO  
 578 NORWAY  
 643 RUSSIA  
 674 SAN MARINO  
 688 SERBIA  
 974 SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 744 SVALBARD AND JAN MAYEN  
 756 SWITZERLAND  
 792 TURKEY  
 804 UKRAINE

972 UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 336 VATICAN CITY  
 973 YUGOSLAVIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

**THE AMERICAS AND THE CARIBBEAN**

660 ANGUILLA  
 028 ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA  
 032 ARGENTINA  
 533 ARUBA  
 044 BAHAMAS, THE  
 052 BARBADOS  
 084 BELIZE  
 060 BERMUDA  
 068 BOLIVIA  
 076 BRAZIL  
 092 BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS  
 124 CANADA  
 988 CARIBBEAN NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 136 CAYMAN ISLANDS  
 986 CENTRAL AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 152 CHILE  
 170 COLOMBIA  
 188 COSTA RICA  
 192 CUBA  
 212 DOMINICA  
 214 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC  
 218 ECUADOR  
 222 EL SALVADOR  
 238 FALKLAND ISLANDS  
 254 FRENCH GUIANA  
 304 GREENLAND  
 308 GRENADA  
 312 GUADELOUPE  
 320 GUATEMALA  
 328 GUYANA  
 332 HAITI  
 340 HONDURAS  
 388 JAMAICA  
 474 MARTINIQUE  
 484 MEXICO  
 500 MONTSERRAT  
 530 NETHERLANDS ANTILLES  
 558 NICARAGUA  
 985 NORTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 591 PANAMA  
 600 PARAGUAY  
 604 PERU  
 630 PUERTO RICO  
 987 SOUTH AMERICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 659 ST KITTS AND NEVIS  
 662 ST LUCIA  
 666 ST PIERRE AND MIQUELON  
 670 ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES  
 740 SURINAM  
 780 TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO  
 796 TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS  
 840 UNITED STATES  
 850 UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS

858 URUGUAY  
 862 VENEZUELA

**AFRICA**

982 AFRICA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 012 ALGERIA  
 024 ANGOLA  
 204 BENIN  
 072 BOTSWANA  
 854 BURKINA  
 108 BURUNDI  
 120 CAMEROON  
 912 CANARY ISLANDS  
 132 CAPE VERDE  
 140 CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC  
 148 CHAD  
 174 COMOROS  
 178 CONGO  
 180 CONGO (DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC)  
 262 DJIBOUTI  
 818 EGYPT  
 226 EQUATORIAL GUINEA  
 232 ERITREA  
 231 ETHIOPIA  
 266 GABON  
 270 GAMBIA, THE  
 288 GHANA  
 324 GUINEA  
 624 GUINEA-BISSAU  
 384 IVORY COAST  
 404 KENYA  
 426 LESOTHO  
 430 LIBERIA  
 434 LIBYA  
 450 MADAGASCAR  
 454 MALAWI  
 466 MALI  
 478 MAURITANIA  
 480 MAURITIUS  
 175 MAYOTTE  
 504 MOROCCO  
 508 MOZAMBIQUE  
 516 NAMIBIA  
 562 NIGER  
 566 NIGERIA  
 638 RÉUNION  
 646 RWANDA  
 678 SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE  
 686 SENEGAL  
 690 SEYCHELLES  
 694 SIERRA LEONE  
 706 SOMALIA  
 710 SOUTH AFRICA  
 654 ST HELENA  
 736 SUDAN  
 748 SWAZILAND  
 834 TANZANIA  
 768 TOGO  
 788 TUNISIA  
 800 UGANDA  
 732 WESTERN SAHARA  
 894 ZAMBIA  
 716 ZIMBABWE

**MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA**  
 004 AFGHANISTAN

984 ASIA (EXCEPT MIDDLE EAST) NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

048 BAHRAIN  
 050 BANGLADESH  
 064 BHUTAN  
 096 BRUNEI  
 104 BURMA  
 116 CAMBODIA  
 156 CHINA  
 158 CHINA (TAIWAN)  
 626 EAST TIMOR  
 344 HONG KONG (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA)  
 356 INDIA  
 360 INDONESIA  
 364 IRAN  
 368 IRAQ  
 376 ISRAEL  
 392 JAPAN  
 400 JORDAN  
 398 KAZAKHSTAN  
 408 KOREA (NORTH)  
 410 KOREA (SOUTH)  
 414 KUWAIT  
 417 KYRGYZSTAN  
 418 LAOS  
 422 LEBANON  
 446 MACAO (SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF CHINA)  
 458 MALAYSIA  
 462 MALDIVES  
 983 Middle East and Asia NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 496 MONGOLIA  
 524 NEPAL  
 512 OMAN  
 586 PAKISTAN  
 608 PHILIPPINES  
 634 QATAR  
 682 SAUDI ARABIA  
 702 SINGAPORE  
 144 SRI LANKA  
 760 SYRIA  
 762 TAJIKISTAN

764 THAILAND  
 795 TURKMENISTAN  
 784 UNITED ARAB EMIRATES  
 860 UZBEKISTAN  
 704 VIETNAM  
 275 WEST BANK (INCLUDING EAST JERUSALEM) AND GAZA STRIP  
 887 YEMEN

**ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA**

016 AMERICAN SAMOA  
 010 ANTARCTICA  
 989 ANTARCTICA AND OCEANIA NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 036 AUSTRALIA  
 074 BOUVET ISLAND  
 086 BRITISH INDIAN OCEAN TERRITORY  
 162 CHRISTMAS ISLAND

166 COCOS (KEELING)  
ISLANDS  
184 COOK ISLANDS  
242 FIJI  
258 FRENCH POLYNESIA  
260 FRENCH SOUTHERN  
TERRITORIES  
316 GUAM  
334 HEARD ISLAND AND  
MCDONALD ISLANDS  
296 KIRIBATI  
584 MARSHALL ISLANDS  
583 MICRONESIA  
520 NAURU  
540 NEW CALEDONIA  
554 NEW ZEALAND  
570 NIUE  
574 NORFOLK ISLAND  
580 NORTHERN MARIANA  
ISLANDS  
585 PALAU  
598 PAPUA NEW GUINEA  
612 PITCAIRN, HENDERSON,  
DUCIE AND OENO ISLANDS  
882 SAMOA  
090 SOLOMON ISLANDS  
239 SOUTH GEORGIA AND  
THE SOUTH SANDWICH  
ISLANDS  
772 TOKELAU  
776 TONGA  
798 TUVALU  
581 UNITED STATES MINOR  
OUTLYING ISLANDS  
548 VANUATU  
876 WALLIS AND FUTUNA

**OTHER COUNTRIES**

991 AT SEA  
992 IN THE AIR

**Abbreviations:** pns = part not stated, nes = not elsewhere stated.

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were living outside the UK 12 months ago (OYCRY = 2).

**NOTES:** Text labels are not available for this variable. When filtering on a specific country also filter on Option 2 *Somewhere else* in OYCRY.

It should be noted that from Spring 92 to Winter 92 codes were from 1-95, then from Spring 93 they were increased to 116, from Spring 98 to 135 and from Spring 99 to 144, this is for SOEC purposes as a number of countries were not uniquely identifiable. \*Note the change in coding for *At sea/in the air* and *Stateless* in from Spring 93, Spring 98 and Spring 99. New list of countries added in Spring 07.

Note that residents of in England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Jersey and Isle of Man were coded as (1) UK in M3CRY. Interviewers are advised not to code UK (926), England (921), Wales (924), Scotland (923), Northern Ireland (922), Jersey (832) and Isle of Man (833) for M3CRYO.

## **RESPONSE DETAILS**

### **CAIND - Child/Adult indicator**

- (1) **Adult**
- (2) **Child of head of household and head of family unit**
- (3) **Child of other family**
- (4) **Child of head of household but not head of family unit**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

CAIND identifies dependent children, i.e. aged <16 or aged 16 – 18 in full-time education and never married.

### **IOUTCOME - Individual outcome**

- (1) **Personal response**
- (2) **Proxy response**
- (3) **Non-response**
- (4) **Child**
- (6) **Data brought forward from previous quarter**
- (7) **Economically inactive 70+**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is used mainly to identify whether responses obtained were given personally or by proxy. Some analysis of LFS data may be particularly affected by proxy responses, e.g. subjective questions - whether someone would like to work, or questions that are particularly difficult for proxy respondents to answer, e.g. number of actual unpaid overtime hours worked in reference week. Results of this variable therefore should be treated with caution. With regard to proxy responses there are some common sense rules. A study of proxy responses is contained in the LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology). Generally the questions can be asked of the main respondent provided that they are able to supply the required information and are related to the individual concerned. However, it is also acceptable for:

- a) Co-habitees to supply information about each other,
- b) Anyone whom the HOH/spouse personally asks to provide the information, e.g. a young person whose parents wish them to be the respondent,
- c) A relative, friend or health visitor may also give information where a person living alone is too old, sick or deaf to be interviewed, but only with their permission and preferably in their presence, and
- d) Children to be used as an interpreter if the parents do not speak English and it is felt that the child is capable of understanding and interpreting the questions.

### **PRXREL - Type of proxy response**

- (1) **Personal response**
- (2) **Spouse/partner proxy**
- (3) **Other proxy**
- (4) **Child aged under16**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

## **HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS**

### **STRUCTURE**

#### **HHTYPE6 - Type of household**

- (01) 1 person
- (02) 2 or more persons, all different family units
- (03) Married couple, no children, no other family units
- (04) Cohabiting couple, no children, no other family units
- (05) Couple, no children, other family units
- (06) Married couple, all dependent children, no other family units
- (07) Cohabiting couple, all dependent children, no other family units
- (08) Married couple, dependent & non-dependent children, no other family units
- (09) Cohabiting couple, dependent & non dependent children, no other family units
- (10) Married couple, all non-dependent children, no other family units
- (11) Cohabiting couple, all non-dependent children, no other family units
- (12) Couple, all dependent children, other family units
- (13) Couple, dependent & non-dependent children, other family units
- (14) Couple, all non-dependent children, other family units
- (15) Lone parent, all dependent children, no other family units
- (16) Lone parent, dependent & non-dependent children, no other family units
- (17) Lone parent, all non-dependent children, no other family units
- (18) Lone parent, all dependent children, other family units
- (19) Lone parent, dependent & non-dependent children, other family units
- (20) Lone parent, all non-dependent children, other family units
- (21) 2 or more family units, all dependent children
- (22) 2 or more family units, dependent & non-dependent children
- (23) 2 or more family units, all non-dependent children
- (24) 2 or more family units, no children
- (25) Same sex couple with or without others
- (26) Civil partners, with or without others

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2006 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2006 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** Categories 15 or 18 (Lone parent, all dependent children, no other family/other family units) will also include those who are married, i.e. MARSTA=2 (Yes) where their spouse is not a household member i.e. MARCHK=2 (No), e.g. working away from home, in prison etc.

In categories 5, 12, 13 & 14, 'Couple' refers to both married and cohabiting couples.

This variable is derived from FUTYPE6, FDPCH19 & RELHFU.

This variable was called HHTYPE between 2000 and 2006.

**HLDCMP6X - Composition of household (calculated using OLD pension age)**

- (01) 1 male 65+ with no children
- (02) 1 female 60+ with no children
- (03) 1 adult under pensionable age with no children
- (04) 1 adult with one child
- (05) 1 adult with two or more children
- (06) married couple both under pensionable age with no children
- (07) cohabiting couple both under pensionable age with no children
- (08) married couple, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (09) cohabiting couple, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (10) Married couple with one child
- (11) Married couple with 2 children
- (12) Married couple with 3 or more children
- (13) Cohabiting couple with one child
- (14) Cohabiting couple with 2 children
- (15) Cohabiting couple with 3 or more children
- (16) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting, both under pensionable age with no children
- (17) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (18) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting with 1 or more children
- (19) 3 or more adults with no children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (20) 3 or more adults with 1 or 2 children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (21) 3 or more adults with 3 or more children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (22) 3 or more adults with no children
- (23) 3 or more adults with one or more children
- (24) Same sex cohabiting couple
- (25) Same sex civil partnership couple

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ10 (on household and ONS datasets).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** HLDCMP6X is not available on the person level datasets, but is included on both household and ONS datasets from AJ 2010. This variable is a direct replacement for HLDCMP6.



**HLDCMP6Y - Composition of household (calculated using NEW pension age)**

- (01) 1 male 65+ with no children
- (02) 1 female 65+ with no children
- (03) 1 adult under pensionable age with no children
- (04) 1 adult with one child
- (05) 1 adult with two or more children
- (06) married couple both under pensionable age with no children
- (07) cohabiting couple both under pensionable age with no children
- (08) married couple, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (09) cohabiting couple, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (10) Married couple with one child
- (11) Married couple with 2 children
- (12) Married couple with 3 or more children
- (13) Cohabiting couple with one child
- (14) Cohabiting couple with 2 children
- (15) Cohabiting couple with 3 or more children
- (16) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting, both under pensionable age with no children
- (17) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting, one or more over pensionable age with no children
- (18) 2 adults, not married or cohabiting with 1 or more children
- (19) 3 or more adults with no children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (20) 3 or more adults with 1 or 2 children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (21) 3 or more adults with 3 or more children including at least one married/cohabiting couple
- (22) 3 or more adults with no children
- (23) 3 or more adults with one or more children
- (24) Same sex cohabiting couple
- (25) Same sex civil partnership couple

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ10 (on household and ONS datasets).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** HLDCMP6Y is not available on the person level datasets, but is included on both household and ONS datasets from AJ 2010.

**RELH06 - Relationship to head of household**

- |                       |                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| (0) Head of household | (12) Brother/sister        |
| (1) Spouse            | (13) Step-brother/sister   |
| (2) Cohabitee         | (14) Foster brother/sister |
| (3) Child             | (15) Brother/sister-in-law |
| (4) Step-child        | (16) Grandchild            |
| (5) Foster child      | (17) Grandparent           |
| (6) Child-in-law      | (18) Other relation        |
| (7) Parent            | (19) Other non-relative    |
| (8) Step-parent       | (20) Civil Partner         |
| (10) Foster parent    | (21) Same sex cohabitee    |
| (11) Parent-in-law    | (22) Undefined             |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2006

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable was called RELH96 between Spring 1996 and Spring 2006.

**RELHRP6 - Relationship to HRP**

- |                                |                             |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (0) Household Reference Person | (12) Brother or sister      |
| (1) Spouse                     | (13) Step-brother or sister |

|                    |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| (2) Cohabitee      | (14) Foster brother or sister |
| (3) Child          | (15) Brother or sister in law |
| (4) Step-child     | (16) Grandchild               |
| (5) Foster child   | (17) Grandparent              |
| (6) Child in law   | (18) Other relation           |
| (7) Parent         | (19) Other non-relative       |
| (8) Step-parent    | (20) Civil Partner            |
| (10) Foster parent | (21) Same sex cohabitee       |
| (11) Parent in law | (22) Undefined                |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** There are a lot of changes taking place in the make-up of households/families and the purpose of the relationship grid is to calculate family units by defining household members' relationship to each other.

Between Spring 01 and AJ06 this variable was called RELHRP

#### HRP - Household reference person

|                           |
|---------------------------|
| (1) Respondent is HRP     |
| (2) Respondent is not HRP |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Winter 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from PERSNO and DVHRPNUM. It is used to determine Household Reference Person. This variable is only on ONS datasets in 2000.

#### DVHRPNUM - Person number of HRP

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

#### HOHID - Head of household identification

|                           |
|---------------------------|
| (1) Head of household     |
| (2) Not head of household |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** HOHID was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of people and family units within the household.

#### XR(00-15) - Relationship to person

| Up to & including Autumn 2005 | From Winter 2005 onwards |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) Spouse                    | (1) Spouse               |
| (2) Cohabiting partner        | (2) Cohabiting partner   |

|                               |                               |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (3) Natural son or daughter   | (3) Natural son or daughter   |
| (4) Step son or daughter      | (4) Step son or daughter      |
| (5) Foster child              | (5) Foster child              |
| (6) Son or daughter in law    | (6) Son or daughter in law    |
| (7) Parent                    | (7) Parent / Guardian         |
| (8) Step parent               | (8) Step parent               |
| (9) Guardian                  | (10) Foster parent            |
| (10) Foster parent            | (11) Parent in law            |
| (11) Parent in law            | (12) Brother or sister        |
| (12) Brother or sister        | (13) Step brother or sister   |
| (13) Step brother or sister   | (14) Foster brother or sister |
| (14) Foster brother or sister | (15) Brother or sister in law |
| (15) Brother or sister in law | (16) Grandchild               |
| (16) Grandchild               | (17) Grandparent              |
| (17) Grandparent              | (18) Other relation           |
| (18) Other relation           | (19) Other non-relative       |
| (19) Other non-relative       | (20) Civil Partner            |
|                               |                               |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is based on a relationship grid which calculates family units by defining household members' relationship to one another. The relationship grid will only appear if there is more than one person in the household.

Response options were harmonised in the Winter 2005 questionnaire.

#### **TOTNUM - Total number of eligible people in household**

##### **(1 - 16) Total number of eligible people in household**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** TOTNUM is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is also included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000.

TOTNUM was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of people within the household. This variable is derived from IOUTCOME.

#### **TOTFU - Total number of family units in household**

##### **(1 - 16) Total number of family units in household**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** TOTFU is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is also included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000.

TOTFU was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household. This variable is derived from IOUTCOME.

#### **FMDP - Number of family units in household with dependent children only**

##### **(1 - 16) Number of family units in household with dependent children**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** FMDP is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is also included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**FMNDP - Number of family units in household with non-dependent children only**

**(1 - 16) Number of family units in household with non-dependent children only**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** FMNDP is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is also included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**FMPLUS - Total number of family units with more than one person**

**(1 - 16) Total number of family units with more than one person**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** FMPLUS is available on both the person level datasets and the household datasets. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**TOTXFU - Total number of extended families in household**

**(1 - 16) Total number of extended families in household**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on both household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** TOTXFU is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**XFMDC - Total number of extended family units in household with dependent children only**

**(1 - 16) Total number of extended family units in household with dependent children only**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on both household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** XFMDC is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**XFMNDC - Total number of extended family units in household with non-dependent children only**

**(1 - 16) Total number of extended family units in household with non-dependent children only**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 96 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on both household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** XFMNDC is only included on the household datasets prior to Spring 2000. It is included on both household and ONS datasets from Spring 2000. This variable was introduced in Spring 96 to provide additional information about the total number of family units within the household.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**HDPCH19 - Number of dependent children in household aged under 19**

**(0-10) Number of dependent children in household aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for this variable. This variable is derived from CAIND & AGE.

**HDPCH4 - Number of children in household aged 4 years or less**

**(0-16) Number of children**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE & CAIND. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HDC515 - Number of children in household aged between 5 and 15 years**

**(0-10) Number of children**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE & CAIND. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HDPCH18 - Number of children in household aged between 16 and 18 years**

**(0-10) Number of children**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE & CAIND. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**AOHL16 - Age of oldest dependent child in household aged under 16**

**(0-15) Age of oldest dependent child in household aged 0-15**

**(16) No dependent children aged under 16**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for this variable. This variable is derived from CAIND & AGE.

**AOHL19 - Age of oldest dependent child in household aged under 19**

**(0-18) Age of oldest dependent child in household aged 0-18**

**(19) No dependent children aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for this variable. This variable is derived from CAIND & AGE.

**AYHL19 - Age of youngest dependent child in household aged under 19**

**(0-18) Age of youngest dependent child in household aged 0-18**

**(19) No dependent children aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for this variable. This variable is derived from CAIND & AGE.

## **HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION**

### **HNMF5964 - Number of people in household either male 16-64 or female 16-59**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from AJ10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced HNWKAGE in AJ10.

### **HNMF1664 - Number of people in household aged 16-64**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from AJ10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

### **HNPENY - Number of people in household aged 65+**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from AJ10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

### **HNPENX - Number of people in household either male 65+ or female 60+**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from AJ10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Replaced HNPEN in AJ 2010.

### **HEACOMB - Household economic activity**

- (1) All persons in the household are employed**
- (2) All persons in the household are either employed or unemployed**
- (3) All persons in the household are either employed or inactive**
- (4) All persons in the household are either employed, unemployed or inactive**
- (5) All persons in the household are unemployed**
- (6) All persons in the household are either unemployed or inactive**
- (7) All persons in the household are inactive**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further detail. This variable is included on household datasets only and is available from Spring 05 onwards.

### **HEAHEAD - Economic activity of head of family unit**

- (1) Employed**
- (2) Unemployed**
- (3) Inactive**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on household datasets only and is derived from INECAC05.

#### **HEAWIFE - Economic activity of wife of family unit**

- (1) **Employed**
- (2) **Unemployed**
- (3) **Inactive**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** This variable is only coded where the wife/partner of the head of the family unit is present. This variable is included on household datasets only. This variable is derived from INECAC05.

#### **HNEMP - Number of people in household who are employed**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employed (INECAC05 = 1, 2, 3, 4).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

#### **HNUNEMP - Number of people in household who are unemployed**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are unemployed (INECAC05 = 5).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

#### **HNINAC05 - Number of people in household who are inactive**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive (INECAC05 = 6-33).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on household datasets only. This variable replaced HNINACT in Spring 2005.

#### **HNFTSTUD - Number of people in household who are full-time students**



**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are in full-time education (CURED8 = 1, 2, 3).

**NOTES:** This variable is derived using CURED8. From Spring 92 to Winter 96, this variable also includes those full-time at polytechnic. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNOTSTUD - Number of people in household who are not full-time students**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not in full-time education (CURED8 ≠ 1, 2, 3).

**NOTES:** This variable is derived using CURED8 and is included on household datasets only.

**HNFTIME - Number of people in household who are working full-time**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employed full-time (FTPT = 1 & INECAC05 = 1, 2, 3, 4).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNPTIME - Number of people in household who are working part-time**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are in employment (FTPT = 2 & INECAC05 = 1, 2, 3, 4).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNIWSTU - Number of people in household who are inactive, would like work but currently students**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive and students (INECAC05 = 6, 13).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNIWSKD - Number of people in household who are inactive, would like work but currently sick/injured/disabled**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive and sick, injured or disabled (INECAC05 = 8, 9, 15, 16).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNIWDSC - Number of people in household who are inactive and would like work but discouraged from seeking work**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive, would like work, believes no job available (INECAC05 = 17).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNIWFAM - Number of people in household who are inactive, would like work but looking after family/home**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive, looking after family, home (INECAC05 = 7 or 14).

**NOTES:** The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards. This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNWOTH05 - Number of people in household who are inactive for other reasons but would like to work**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive, for other reasons, would like work (INECAC05 = 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on household datasets only.

**HNNOWK05 - Number of people in household who are inactive and do not want work**

**(0-19) Number of people**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are inactive and do not want to work (INECAC05 = 23-33).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on household datasets only.

## **HOUSING TENURE**

### **HRPID - Respondent accommodation responsibility**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+.

### **TEN1 - Accommodation details**

- (1) **Owned outright**
- (2) **Being bought with mortgage or loan**
- (3) **Part rent, part mortgage**
- (4) **Rented**
- (5) **Rent free**
- (6) **Squatting**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable was introduced in Spring 2006 as a result of the GSS Social Survey Harmonisation Project.

Between Spring 1996 and Spring 2006 this variable was called TEN96.

### **TIED - Accommodation tied to job**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents to rent their accommodation or live their rent free (TEN1 = 4 or 5).

**NOTES:** This variable was introduced in Spring 2006 as a result of the GSS Social Survey Harmonisation Project and replaces the variable RENT96. Tied accommodation is that which goes with the job of a household member. Those living in tied accommodation may either pay rent or live rent free.

Between Spring 96 and Spring 2006 this variable was called RENT96.

### **LLORD - Landlord of accommodation**

- (1) **LA/council/Scottish homes**
- (2) **Housing association, charitable trust or local housing company**
- (3) **Employing organisation**
- (4) **Another organisation**
- (5) **Relative of household member**
- (6) **Individual employer**
- (7) **Other individual private landlord**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents to rent their accommodation or live their rent free (TEN1 = 4 or 5).

**NOTES:** This variable was introduced in Spring 2006 as a result of the GSS Social Survey Harmonisation Project and replaces the variable LAND96.

Between Spring 1996 and Spring 2006 this variable was called LAND96.

**FURN - Whether accommodation furnished**

- (1) **Furnished**
- (2) **Partly furnished**
- (3) **Unfurnished**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE** From Spring 92 to Winter 95: Applies to all respondents to rent their accommodation or live their rent free (TENURE = 2).

From Spring 96 onwards: Applies to all respondents to rent their accommodation or live their rent free (TEN96 = 4 or 5).

**NOTES:** The terms furnished, partly furnished and unfurnished have not been defined and rely solely on the respondent's assessment. Only furnishing provided by the landlord is taken into consideration not furnishing provided by the tenants. The coverage was amended in Spring 96 due to TENURE being replaced by TEN96 as a result of the GSS Social Survey Harmonisation Project.

**NRMS1 – Number of Bedrooms**

**(0 - 20) Numeric value between 0 and 20**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This includes any room that, when built, was intended to be a bedroom, even if it is not used as such at present and even if it does not have a bed in it. It must have a window. There must be at least one bedroom. It includes bedsits, boxrooms and attic bedrooms. Excludes rooms that are not habitable such as halls, landings and alcoves and rooms used solely for business. Excludes living rooms used for sleeping.

From JS08 onwards, this question is asked in waves 1 and 5 for the main LFS and in all waves for the Boost survey.

## **FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS**

### **OVERESTIMATING SAME-SEX COUPLES**

Prior to 2006, same-sex cohabiting couples were grouped together under a single family type (FUTYPE=3). Following the introduction of legal same-sex civil partnerships in December 2005, the variable FUTYPE6 was introduced in LFS/APS. This variable included the following 'new' family types:

- Same sex cohabiting couple, no children
- Same sex cohabiting couple, non-dependent children
- Same sex cohabiting couple, dependent children
- Civil Partners with no children
- Civil Partners, non- dependent children only
- Civil Partners with dependent children

From 2006 onwards it is, therefore, possible to identify both civil partner couple families and same-sex cohabiting couple families. Estimates of civil partner couple families can be derived in the same way as other family types by using the relationship to head of family (RELHFU) for analysis and counting only the heads of families (RELHFU=1). However, estimates of same-sex couple families cannot use this standard method.

Adults in same-sex couple families were historically treated as separate benefit units, and when civil partnerships were introduced, same-sex cohabiting couples continued to be treated in this way by LFS & APS. As such, both partners in a same-sex cohabiting couple are treated as being in different families. This means that for both members RELHFU=1 (i.e. both members are heads of a family). Any analysis that uses RELHFU=1 to estimate the number of families will therefore double the number of same-sex cohabiting couples. This is currently true for all LFS and APS household datasets.

In order to obtain accurate estimates of the number of families including same-sex cohabiting couples, it is best to separately identify all same-sex family types and include RELHFU in the analysis (same-sex family types are those where FUTYPE6 = 3, 14, 15, or 16). It is then possible to half the number of adults in same-sex cohabiting couples (i.e. excluding any children in same-sex couple families), to give the number of same-sex cohabiting couples. Of course, any analysis of 'people' in same-sex couples (adults, children or both) will not require the total to be halved.

From JM10 onwards this approach will not be required because the code used to derive RELHFU has been corrected to account for adults in same-sex couples. From JM10 onwards the standard method can be used. It is recommended to check each dataset, and the above approach will continue to be required for datasets from 2006 and 2009.

To summarise, from JM10 RELHFU is derived more accurately, which will impact FUTYPE6 and family unit analysis. Data from 2006 through to 2009 must be adjusted when looking at same-sex cohabiting couples.

## **STRUCTURE**

### **FUTYPE6 - Type of family unit**

- (1) 1 person – male
- (2) 1 person – female
- (3) Same sex couple
- (4) Married couple with no children
- (5) Married couple with non-dependent children only
- (6) Married couple with dependent children
- (7) Cohabiting couple with no children
- (8) Cohabiting couple with non-dependent children only
- (9) Cohabiting couple with dependent children
- (10) Male lone parent with dependent children
- (11) Male lone parent with non-dependent children only
- (12) Female lone parent with dependent children
- (13) Female lone parent with non-dependent children only
- (14) Same sex cohabiting couple with no children
- (15) Same sex cohabiting couple with non-dependent children only
- (16) Same sex cohabiting couple with dependent children
- (17) Civil partners couple with no children
- (18) Civil partners couple with non-dependent children only
- (19) Civil partners couple with dependent children

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 06 (on household datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 2006 (on household and ONS datasets)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** Between Spring 1996 and Spring 2006 this variable was called FUTYPE. This variable is derived from SEX, RELHFU, MARSTA, LIVWTH/LIV12W & FDPCH19.

### **EXTFU - Extended family unit**

#### **(1-17) Extended family unit number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.

**NOTES:** This variable identifies where distinct family units are related with one another.

A missing value (-10) at this variable represents an individual who is not related to anyone else in the household.

Respondents belonging to the same extended family unit will share the same valid response value.

This variable is derived from XR(00-15), TOTFU, SMSXFU & FAMUNIT.

### **SMSXFU - Same sex family unit**

#### **(1-11) Family unit number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** This variable redefines the family unit to include same sex partners in the same family unit. Thus, using this variable results in fewer family units in total than if using FAMUNIT.

The family hierarchical structure is based on FAMUNIT. Those people who have been coded as same sex co-habitees are put into separate family units at FAMUNIT. Therefore when any analysis is done of same sex co-habitees at family level, it shows the number of individuals rather than couples.

This variable is derived from LIVTOG / LIVWTH/LIV12W & XR(00-15).

**FAMUNIT - Family unit number**

**(1-17) Family unit number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** With the introduction of XR(00-15) from Spring 96, FAMUNIT (unique identifier for family unit) is now generated automatically. Previously, it was coded by the interviewer to identify the family groupings within the household.

**RELHFU - Relationship to head of family**

- (1) Head of family**
- (2) Wife/partner of head of family**
- (3) Child of head of family/other person**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable was derived from MARCON & SEX up to Winter 94. From Spring 95 it is derived from MARSTT / MARSTA, LIVTOG / LIVWTH/LIV12W & SEX.

**AOFL16 - Age of oldest dependent child in family under 16**

- (0-15) Age of oldest dependent child in family aged 0-15**
- (16) No dependent children aged under 16**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for these variables.

This variable is derived from FUTYPE / FUTYPE6, RELHFU, CAIND & AGE.

**AOFL19 - Age of oldest dependent child in family under 19**

- (0-18) Age of oldest dependent child in family aged 0-18**
- (19) No dependent children aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for these variables.

This variable is derived from FUTYPE / FUTYPE6, RELHFU, CAIND & AGE.

**AYFL19 - Age of youngest dependent child in family under 19**

- (0-18) Age of youngest dependent child in family aged 0-18**
- (19) No dependent children aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Text labels are not available for these variables.

This variable is derived from CAIND, RELHFU & AGE.

**FDPCH2 - Number of dependent children in family aged under 2**

**(0-3) Number of dependent children in family aged under 2**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**NOTES:** The notes for FDPCH19 also apply to this variable.

**FDPCH4 - Number of dependent children in family aged between 2 & 4**

**(0-3) Number of dependent children in family aged between 2 & 4**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**NOTES:** The notes for FDPCH19 also apply to this variable.

**FDPCH9 - Number of dependent children in family aged between 5 & 9**

**(0-5) Number of dependent children in family aged between 5 & 9**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**NOTES:** The notes for FDPCH19 also apply to this variable.

**FDPCH15 - Number of dependent children in family aged between 10 & 15**

**(0-5) Number of dependent children in family aged between 10 & 15**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**NOTES:** The notes for FDPCH19 also apply to this variable.

**FDPCH16 - Number of dependent children in family aged under 16**

**(0-10) Number of dependent children in family aged under 16**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**NOTES:** The notes for FDPCH19 also apply to this variable.

**FDPCH19 - Number of dependent children in family aged under 19**

**(0-10) Number of dependent children in family aged under 19**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** This variable should be used at the family level or at the person level selecting on heads and wives of heads of families and are derived from CAIND & AGE. Dependent children are all those aged 0-15 and those aged 16-18 who are in full-time education. Dependency of a child is a family concept. If this variable is run at a household level it is not certain on whom the child is dependent. By running this variable at the family level or at the person level selecting on heads and wives of heads of family units (both of whom the child is dependent on) there is no chance of making claims of dependency where none in fact exist.



## ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

### BASIC ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

#### INECAC05 - Basic economic activity (ILO definition) (reported)

- (01) Employee
- (02) Self-employed
- (03) Government employment & training programmes
- (04) Unpaid family worker
- (05) ILO unemployed
- (06) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, student
- (07) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, looking after family, home
- (08) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, temporarily sick or injured
- (09) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, long-term sick or disabled
- (10) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, other reason
- (11) Inactive - seeking, unavailable, no reason given
- (12) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, waiting results of job application
- (13) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, student
- (14) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, looking after family, home
- (15) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, temporarily sick or injured
- (16) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, long term sick or disabled
- (17) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, believes no jobs available
- (18) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, not yet started looking
- (19) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, does not need or want employment
- (20) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, retired from paid work
- (21) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, other reason
- (22) Inactive - not seeking, would like work, no reason given
- (23) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, waiting results of job application
- (24) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, student
- (25) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, looking after family, home
- (26) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, temporarily sick or injured
- (27) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, long term sick or disabled
- (28) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, believes no jobs available
- (29) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, not yet started looking
- (30) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, does not need or want employment
- (31) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, retired from paid work
- (32) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, other reason
- (33) Inactive - not seeking, not like work, no reason given
- (34) Under 16

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** The 'inactive' categories for this variable have been expanded to give a better indication as to the reasons behind inactivity. The underlying variables NOLOOK and NOWANT have also been replaced by the new variable NOLWM.

This variable is the standard economic activity variable and should be used for consistency with current ONS practice as it gives the International Labour Organisation (ILO) standard definitions of employment, unemployment and economic activity and inactivity.

This is a derived variable and due to the changes in Government Training schemes has been updated for 2012; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further information.

**ILODEFR - Basic economic activity (ILO definition) (reported)**

- (1) In employment
- (2) ILO unemployed
- (3) Inactive
- (4) Under 16

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit ILODEFR supersedes the variable ILODEFA.

This variable is derived from AGE & INECAC05.

The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards.

This variable amalgamates the main headings of INECAC05.

From Spring 96, when analysing economic activity at family unit or household level, INECACR should be used because ILODEFR does not have a DNA category.

The ILO unemployment rate is ILO unemployed as a percentage of the economically active.

**AECACTR - Economic activity (reported)**

- (1) Employee
- (2) Self Employed
- (3) Government employment and training programmes
- (4) Unpaid family worker
- (5) ILO unemployed
- (6) Economically inactive - looking for work
- (7) Economically inactive - wanting work
- (8) Economically inactive - neither wanting nor seeking work
- (-9) DNA Children under 16

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit AECACTR supersedes the variable AECACT. This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements. This variable is derived from INECACR.

## **GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHEMES**

### **SCHM12 -Work schemes**

- (1) **Work Club or Enterprise Club**
- (2) **New Enterprise Allowance**
- (3) **Work Experience**
- (4) **Work Trial**
- (5) **Work Programme**
- (6) **Training for Success** [Northern Ireland only option]
- (7) **Steps to Work** [Northern Ireland only option]
- (8) **Training for Work** [Scotland only option]
- (9) **Get ready for work** [Scotland only option]
- (50) **Any other training scheme**
- (66) **or none of these?**
- (97) **Just 16 and non-response this time**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if aged between 16 and 64

**NOTES:** This question replaced SCHM08 in JM12.

### **FUND12 - Funding of work schemes**

- (1) **a scheme in England funded by the Skills Funding Agency or the Young People's Learning Agency?**
- (2) **a scheme in Wales funded by the Department for Education and Skills?**
- (3) **a programme in Scotland run by Skills Development Scotland?**
- (4) **or was it some other scheme?**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if aged between 16 and 64

**NOTES:** This question broadly replaces TECLEC4 in JM12.

### **TYPSC12 -Employer of Work scheme**

- (1) **working for an employer**
- (2) **temporarily away from an employer**
- (3) **working for a voluntary organisation/charity**
- (4) **undertaking some other form of voluntary or community work**
- (5) **working for an environmental taskforce**
- (6) **in full-time or part-time study**
- (7) **temporarily away from full-time or part-time study**
- (8) **receiving help setting up as self-employed]**
- (9) **on a project providing work experience or practical training**
- (10) **undertaking some other form of employment training**
- (11) **or some other situation not listed?**
- (97) **Don't Know**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents on Government Training Schemes.

**NOTES:** New for JM12.

### **HELPSE12 - period when self employed receiving help**

- (1) **prior to starting a business as self-employed or,**
- (2) **after setting up as a business as self-employed?**

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents getting help as self-employed.

**NOTES:** New for JM12.

#### **YTETMP - YT, ET, TEC schemes**

- (1) **With an employer providing work experience or practical training**
- (2) **On a project providing work experience or practical training (GB only)**
- (3) **College or training centre**
- (4) **Temporarily away from an employer or project**
- (5) **Temporarily away from a college or training centre**
- (6) **On the Gateway [only for Spring 98]**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92. Broadly replaced by TYPSC12 in JM12.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all men aged 16-64 and women aged 16-59 (- 62 from Spring 94) on a YT, ET or TEC/LEC scheme. From Spring 99 includes those respondents doing NI ACE.

**NOTES:** If the respondent was both with an employer or on a project and at college or training centre in the reference week then they were coded as 'With an employer providing work experience or practical training' or 'On a project providing work experience or practical training' as appropriate. However, if the respondent spent most of the year with an employer but happened to spend all the reference week on block release at a college then they would have been coded as 'College or Training Centre'. Northern Ireland schemes are applicable to Spring quarters only from Spring 92 – 94, and in all quarters from Winter 94.

#### **YTETJB - Whether had paid job in addition to scheme**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all men aged 16-64 and women aged 16-59 (- 62 from Spring 94) on a government scheme or at college or at a training centre. From JM12, this applies to people where TYPSC12 = 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 97.

**NOTES:** Respondents with a paid job in addition to a place on a scheme are included in the 'Government employment & training programmes' category of economic activity, not as employees or self-employed.

NI schemes are applicable to Spring quarters only from Spring 92-94, and in all quarters from Winter 94.

## **MAIN JOB**

### **WORKING IN REFERENCE WEEK**

#### **WRKING - Whether did paid work in reference week**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 (GB). Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94 (NI). Each quarter from Winter 94

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents 16+ not on a government training scheme, those on New Deal for lone parents/disabled, and those aged between 65 and 99.

#### **JBAWAY - Whether temporarily away from paid work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Waiting to take up new job/business already obtained

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no paid work in the reference week (WRKING = 2).

**NOTES:** People temporarily away from paid work are still defined as in employment.

#### **OWNBUS - Whether doing unpaid work for own business**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents doing unpaid work but not away from a job/business, or waiting to take up a new job/business already obtained in the reference week (JBAWAY = 2 or 3).

**NOTES:** The variables OWNBUS and RELBUS are used to identify unpaid family workers.

#### **RELBUS - Whether doing unpaid work for relative's business**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents doing unpaid work but not away from a job/business, or waiting to take up a new job/business already obtained but didn't work for own business in the reference week (OWNBUS = 2).

**NOTES:** The variables OWNBUS and RELBUS are used to identify unpaid family workers.

**EVERWK - Ever had a paid job or place on scheme**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no paid or unpaid work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business in which they are employed or own (RELBUS = 2 or YTETJB = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable excludes casual and holiday jobs.

**CASWRK -Casual/holiday work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has never had paid work

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**INDUSTRY CONVERSION VARIABLE**

**To convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes;**

The SIC 2007 industry coding frame has been introduced to replace the existing SIC 1992 version. In order to maintain some continuity the following variables are available to convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes.

**IN9207DM**

- (01-99) Range of values

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**IN9207SM**

- (A) Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- (B) Mining and quarrying
- (C) Manufacturing
- (D) Electricity, gas, air cond supply
- (E) Water supply, sewerage, waste
- (F) Construction
- (G) Wholesale, retail, repair of vehicles
- (H) Transport and storage
- (I) Accommodation and food services
- (J) Information and communication
- (K) Financial and insurance activities
- (L) Real estate activities

- (M) Prof, scientific, technical activities
- (N) Admin and support services
- (O) Public admin and defence
- (P) Education
- (Q) Health and social work
- (R) Arts, entertainment and recreation
- (S) Other service activities
- (T) Households as employers
- (U) Extraterritorial organisations

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

#### IN9207EM

- (1) A-B: Agriculture, forestry & fishing
- (2) C,E: Energy & water
- (3) D: Manufacturing
- (4) F: Construction
- (5) G-H: Distribution, hotels & restaurants
- (6) I: Transport & communication
- (7) J-K: Banking, finance & insurance etc
- (8) L-N: Public admin, education & health
- (9) O-U: Other services

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

### To convert SIC2007 codes to SIC92 codes:

#### IN0792DM

(01-60) Range of values

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

#### IN0792SM

- (01) A: Agriculture, hunting & forestry
- (02) B: Fishing
- (03) C: Mining, quarrying
- (04) D: Manufacturing
- (05) E: Electricity gas & water supply
- (06) F: Construction
- (07) G: Wholesale, retail & motor trade

|      |  |
|------|--|
| (08) | <b>H: Hotels &amp; restaurants</b>                       |
| (09) | <b>I: Transport, storage &amp; communication</b>         |
| (10) | <b>J: Financial intermediation</b>                       |
| (11) | <b>K: Real estate, renting &amp; business activities</b> |
| (12) | <b>L: Public administration &amp; defence</b>            |
| (13) | <b>M: Education</b>                                      |
| (14) | <b>N: Health &amp; social work</b>                       |
| (15) | <b>O: Other community, social &amp; personal</b>         |
| (16) | <b>P: Private households with employed persons</b>       |
| (17) | <b>Q: Extra-territorial organisations, bodies</b>        |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

#### **IN0792EM**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| (1) | <b>A-B: Agriculture &amp; fishing</b>              |
| (2) | <b>C,E: Energy &amp; water</b>                     |
| (3) | <b>D: Manufacturing</b>                            |
| (4) | <b>F: Construction</b>                             |
| (5) | <b>G-H: Distribution, hotels &amp; restaurants</b> |
| (6) | <b>I: Transport &amp; communication</b>            |
| (7) | <b>J-K: Banking, finance &amp; insurance etc</b>   |
| (8) | <b>L-N: Public admin, education &amp; health</b>   |
| (9) | <b>O-U: Other services</b>                         |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those in college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

## **INDUSTRY SIC 2007**

### **INDSC07M – Industry sub-class in main job**

|                     |                                |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| (01.62/1 – 93.13/9) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| (-8)                | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| (-9)                | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from STAT, EVERWK & ICDM. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

### **INDC07M – Industry class in main job**

|                 |                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| (01.11 – 99.00) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| (-8)            | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| (-9)            | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from STAT, EVERWK & ICDM. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.



**INDG07M – Industry group in main job**

|                      |                                |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01.1 – 99.0)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>          | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| <b>(-9)</b>          | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDC07M. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDD07M – Industry division in main job**

|                  |                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01 – 99)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>      | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| <b>(-9)</b>      | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDC07M. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDS07M – Industry section in main job**

- (1) **A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (2) **B: Mining and quarrying**
- (3) **C: Manufacturing**
- (4) **D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply**
- (5) **E: Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities**
- (6) **F: Construction**
- (7) **G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles**
- (8) **H: Transportation and storage**
- (9) **I: Accommodation and food service activities**
- (10) **J: Information and communication**
- (11) **K: Financial and insurance activities**
- (12) **L: Real estate activities**
- (13) **M: Professional, scientific and technical activities**
- (14) **N: Administrative and support service activities**
- (15) **O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security**
- (16) **P: Education**
- (17) **Q: Human health and social work activities**
- (18) **R: Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (19) **S: Other service activities**
- (20) **T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services producing activities of households for own use**
- (21) **U: Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07M. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

### **INDE07M – Industry sectors in main job**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| (1) | <b>A-B: Agriculture, forestry &amp; fishing</b>    |
| (2) | <b>C,E: Energy &amp; water</b>                     |
| (3) | <b>D: Manufacturing</b>                            |
| (4) | <b>F: Construction</b>                             |
| (5) | <b>G-H: Distribution, hotels &amp; restaurants</b> |
| (6) | <b>I: Transport &amp; communication</b>            |
| (7) | <b>J-K: Banking, finance &amp; insurance etc</b>   |
| (8) | <b>L-N: Public admin, education &amp; health</b>   |
| (9) | <b>O-U: Other services</b>                         |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07M. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

## **PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SECTOR**

For this survey, the public sector is defined as that owned, funded or run by central or local government, and the 'private' sector as everything else. The private sector includes:

- Public limited companies (PLC), companies that are quoted on the stock market and have shareholders.-
- Limited companies (Ltd). Small businesses often owned by one or more individuals. These may also be referred to as private limited companies.
- Self-employed individuals; sole traders, or owners of small shops or businesses.
- Charities, private trusts, housing associations or other voluntary organisations.
- Trade Unions (employees of).

Some respondents may not know whether their industry is in the 'public' or 'private' sector and, for certain types of activity, there may be no clear answer. The following guidelines are used to help sort out some common confusions.

**Schools**, depending on the type, may fall into one of several categories. For example:

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| a local authority school | SECTRO03 coded 4 at                       |
| an 'opted-out school'    | SECTRO03 coded 5 (a FE college is also 5) |
| a private school         | SECTRO03 coded 7                          |

Most private schools (including so-called 'public schools') are charities.

**Private contractors** SECTOR coded 1 (this applies even if they work exclusively for the public sector, e.g. a cleaning firm, catering firm or freelance consultant working for a government department or local authority).

**Self-employed individuals** SECTOR coded 1

**Sole traders** SECTOR coded 1

Businesses owned by an individual SECTOR coded 1

**Doctors and dentists** (and others working in their practices) are coded according to whether the practice is *mainly* NHS or private. (GPs are technically self-employed even when they work exclusively for the NHS but, for the purpose of this question, they are to be treated as working for the NHS if that is what they mainly do). This means:

|   |   |
|---|---|
| mainly private work   | SECTOR coded 1  |
| mainly NHS work   | SECTOR coded 2 and SECTRO03 coded 6 'Health authority or NHS Trust'   |
| Private Hospital  | SECTOR coded 1  |
| <b>Churches</b>   | SECTRO03 coded 9 'some other kind of organisation'.   |
| <b>Charities</b>  | SECTRO03 coded 7  |
| <b>Trade Unions</b>   | SECTRO03 coded 7  |
| <b>Government funded bodies and agencies</b>  | SECTRO03 coded 3 'central government, civil service'.   |
| This includes the Benefits Agency, the Employment Service, Research Councils, the British Council, National Museums and Art Galleries, and prisons. |   |
| Armed forces were previously coded with 'central government, civil service'. From Spring 03 they have their own code 'SECTRO03 coded 8'.            |   |
| Public bodies with a greater  |   |
| <b>degree of autonomy than the above</b>  | SECTRO03 coded 2 'a nationalised industry or state corporation'. This includes Post Office, Royal Mint, British Rail, BBC, Audit Commission, Equal Opportunities Commission, Civil Aviation Authority |
| <b>A private firm</b>   | SECTOR coded 1  |
| Deregulated bus service   | SECTRO03 coded 2  |
| London Regional Transport and –<br>municipal bus companies are <i>public</i> corporations   |   |
| <b>Magistrates Courts</b>   | SECTRO03 coded 4 'local government or council'.   |
| <b>Probation Service</b>  | SECTRO03 coded 4 'local government or council'  |
| <b>Training and Enterprise Councils (TECs) and Local Enterprise Councils (LECs)</b>   | SECTOR coded 1 'private firm or business'   |

**PUBLICR - Whether working in public or private sector (reported)**

- (1) **Private sector**
- (2) **Public sector**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit PUBLICR supersedes the variable PUBLIC.

This variable identifies the split between the public and private sector. This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**SECTOR - Whether working for private firm or business**

**Summer 93 to Winter 96**

- (1) **Private firm or business**
- (2) **A limited company**
- (3) **Some other kind of organisation**

**Spring 97 onwards**

- (1) **A private firm or business or a limited company**
- (2) **Some other kind of organisation**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents currently in work or on work training.

**NOTES:** This variable is used to help identify the split between public and private sector employment.

**SECTRO03 - Type of non-private organisation**

- (4) Public company, plc
- (2) Nationalised industry or state corporation
- (5) Central Government, Civil Service
- (6) Local government or council (incl. police, fire services & local authority controlled schools or colleges )
- (5) University or other grant funded educational establishment
- (6) Health authority or NHS trust
- (7) Charity, voluntary organisation or trust
- (8) Armed forces
- (9) Other kind of organisation

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who don't work for a private firm or business or a limited company (SECTOR = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SECTRO.

This variable expands on 'Other kind of organisation' from SECTOR. It is one of the variables used to create a split between public & private sector employment (see PUBLIC). The aim is to get a split between the public & private sector; not necessarily an accurate split between each category listed. A small number of self-employed respondents get classified into categories of SECTRO03 which are public sector. However, they are classified correctly in PUBLIC as private sector.

'Codes 1 & 7 = Private and 2 to 6 & 8 & 9 = Public'.

ONS are interested in a more comprehensive measure of armed forces employees than provided by SOC2000. Hence, the answer category 'Armed forces', previously along with 'central government and the civil service' now appears as a separate category.

**OCCUPATION**

**SOC10M - Occupation (main job)**

(1111-9279) Range of occupation codes

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOC2KM and is derived from STAT, EVERWK & OCOD10M.

**SC10MMJ - Major occupation group (main job)**

- (7) 'Managers, Directors And Senior Officials'
- 2 'Professional Occupations'
- 3 'Associate Professional And Technical Occupations'
- 4 'Administrative And Secretarial Occupations'
- 5 'Skilled Trades Occupations'
- 6 'Caring, Leisure And Other Service Occupations'
- 7 'Sales And Customer Service Occupations'
- 8 'Process, Plant And Machine Operatives'
- 9 'Elementary Occupations'.

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KMMJ and is derived from SOC10M.  
LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**SC10MMN- Minor occupation group (main job)**

**(111-927) Range of Occupation Codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment other than those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KMMN and is derived from SOC10M.  
LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

## **EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

### **STAT - Employment status**

- (1) **Employee**
- (2) **Self-employed**
- (3) **Government scheme**
- (4) **Unpaid family worker**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 (on ONS datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

Professional partnerships e.g. doctors, lawyers etc may work in partnerships and are considered as self-employed. GP's working for the NHS are coded self-employed.

### **STATR - Employment status in main job (reported)**

- (1) **Employee**
- (2) **Self employed**
- (3) **Government scheme**
- (4) **Unpaid family worker**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit STATR supersedes the variable NSTAT. The filter EVERWK = -9 is applied to the questionnaire variable STAT to distinguish between current/last job. STATR is employment status in current job as reported. STATLR is employment status in last job as reported.

### **PDWG10 - How paid for work**

- (1) **By organisation respondent did work for**
- (2) **By a different organisation/company**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees (STAT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces PDWAGE from JM 2010.

### **SELF(1-4) - Other methods of payment aside from receiving a salary or wage direct from an employer**

- (1) **Paid a salary or a wage by an employment agency**
- (2) **A sole director of your own limited business**
- (3) **Running a business or a professional practice**
- (4) **A partner in a business or a professional practice**
- (5) **Working for yourself**
- (6) **A sub-contractor**
- (7) **Doing free-lance work**
- (8) **None of the above**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are self employed or those not directly paid by their employers (STAT = 2 OR PDWAGE = 2).

**NOTES:** Note that the word 'employment' was added to response option 1 in JM 2010 for clarity.

**NITAX – Payment of NI and Tax**

- (1) **Pay own NI and Tax**
- (2) **Pay own NI or Tax but not both**
- (3) **NI and Tax are deducted by organisation**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are self employed (STAT = 2) or those not directly paid by their employers (PDWAGE = 2).

**HWLNG - Time respondent has been away from job**

- (1) **Less than 3 months**
- (2) **Or 3 months or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were away from their job/business in the reference week JBAWAY = 1.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

**FIFSAL - Amount of wage receiving when away from job**

- (1) **Less than half of your salary**
- (2) **Or half of your salary or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and HWLNG = 2.

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

**SUPVIS - Responsible for supervising**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees (STAT = 1).

**MANAGER - Managerial status (reported)**

- (1) **Manager**
- (2) **Foreman or supervisor**
- (3) **Not manager or supervisor**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees (STAT = 1).

**NOTES:** MANAGER is analogous to NMANAGE with the employment edit removed. MANAGER supersedes the variables MANAGE & NMANAGE. The filter EVERWK = -9 is applied to the questionnaire variable MANAGE to distinguish between current/last job. MANAGER is managerial status in current job as reported. MANAGLR is managerial status in last job as reported.

If respondents have both managerial and supervisory duties then their main duty is recorded.

**MPNR02 - Number of employees at workplace (reported)**

- (1) 1-10
- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents currently in work or who have worked in the last 8 years.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit MPNR02 supersedes the variables MPNE02 & MPNS02. This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance. The filter EVERWK = -9 is applied to the questionnaire variables MPNO & MPN to distinguish between current/last job. MPNR02 is number of employees in current job as reported. MPNLR02 is number of employees in last job as reported.

This variable refers to the total number of employees at the respondent's workplace, not just the particular section/department. People employed by employment services who may work during the course of a week at a number of locations are required to refer to the place where they worked the longest number of hours during the reference week.

**SOLOR - Self-employed with or without employees (reported)**

- (1) On own, with partner(s) but no employees
- (2) With employees

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents currently in work or who have worked in the last 8 years.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit SOLOR supersedes the variables NSOLO & SOLO. The filter EVERWK = -9 is applied to the questionnaire variable SOLO to distinguish between current/last job. SOLOR is whether self-employed with/without employee in current job as reported. SOLOLR is whether self-employed with/without employee in last job as reported.

Self-employed people who use only other self-employed people in the business they run (e.g. builders) are coded 1.

**ONETEN - Number (1 – 10) of employees working for self employed person**

- (1) 1 employee
- (2) 2 employees
- (3) 3 employees
- (4) 4 employees
- (5) 5 employees
- (6) 6 employees
- (7) 7 employees
- (8) 8 employees
- (9) 9 employees
- (10) 10 employees

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 97. Spring quarters only from Spring 98 to Spring 2000. Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work with between 1 and 10 other employees.

**NOTES:** When running tabulations with this variable it is advisable to filter on 'INECAC05 = 2 (Self employed)' to ensure accuracy.



**OMCONT - Whether owns business or has a controlling interest in company worked for**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 95 to Spring 04. AJ quarters only (every 2<sup>nd</sup> year) from Spring 06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents employed as managers with private companies or self-employed (SECTOR = 1 or SECTRO03 = 1 and MANAGE = 1 or STAT = 2).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked in the Spring quarter every 2 years e.g. 2004, 2006 etc.

**OMROLE - Whether having authority to hire or dismiss employees**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 95 to Spring 04. AJ quarters only (every 2<sup>nd</sup> year) from Spring 06

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a controlling interest in the company they work for (OMCONT = 1).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked in the Spring quarter every 2 years e.g. 2004, 2006 etc.

**NOCUST - Number of customers which a self employed respondent has**

- (1) One
- (2) More than one
- (3) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are self employed (STAT = 2).

**FTPTW - Whether working full or part time (employees and self employed people only)**

- (1) Part-time – student
- (2) Part-time – ill or disabled
- (3) Part-time – could not find full-time job
- (4) Part-time – did not want full-time job
- (5) Part-time – no reason given
- (6) Full-time

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees or self employed.

**NOTES:** Unpaid family workers are not included in this variable but are included in FTPTWK.

**FTPT - Whether working full or part time**

- (1) Full time
- (2) Part time
- (3) Full time work additional to Government Training Scheme (From Summer 98)
- (4) Part time Government Training Scheme (From Summer 98)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+ who are in employment.

**NOTES:** From Summer 98 FTPT includes those on New Deal.

FTPT differs from FTPTWK in that it includes only those in employment whilst FTPTWK also includes those who are unemployed but have had a job in the last 8 years.

**FTPTWK - Whether full or part time in main job**

- (1) **Full-time**
- (2) **Part-time**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self-employed, and unpaid family workers plus those on work-based government training schemes, plus those currently unemployed or inactive who have had a previous job within the last 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable can be used to identify full or part time employment for a previous job if left within the last 8 years for currently unemployed or inactive people, as well as for a current job. You should filter the economic category required.

**YPTJOB - Reason for part time job**

- (1) **Student/still at school**
- (2) **Ill/disabled**
- (3) **Could not find full-time job**
- (4) **Did not want full-time job**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are currently working part time or worked part time in their last job if held during the last 8 years (FTPTWK = 2).

**NOTES:** The interviewer accepts the first response that applies. This question was not asked in Northern Ireland in 1993, so data for all quarters in 1993 are GB only.

**PTNCRE7 - Reasons for part-time work**

- (1) **Suitable care services for children are not available or affordable**
- (2) **Suitable care services for ill, disabled or elderly adults are not available or affordable**
- (3) **Care facilities do not influence your decision for working part-time**

**FREQUENCY:** JS quarters only from JS07.  
Wave 1 all quarters from JM 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did not want a full-time job (YPTJOB = 4).

**NOTES:** This variable replaced PTNCRE from JS07 and is included on ONS datasets only.

The need for care services can be a need for normal working hours or for special periods of the day (e.g. early morning), or special periods of the year (e.g. school holidays).

This variable is also asked in wave 1 in all other quarters in 2008.

**YNOTFT - Reason not wanting full time job**

- (1) **Financially secure, but work(s) because want(s) to**
- (2) **Earn(s) enough working part time**
- (3) **Want(s) to spend more time with family**

- (4) **Have domestic commitments which prevent full time working**
- (5) **There are insufficient childcare facilities available**
- (6) **Another reason**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 94 to Autumn 99. AJ and OD quarters from Spring 01.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did not want a full time job (YPTJOB = 4).

**NOTES:** The interviewer accepts the first response that applies.

This question is asked in wave 1 for JM08 and JS08.

#### **YPTCIA - Reason part-time work**

- (1) **Looking after children**
- (2) **Looking after incapacitated adult**
- (3) **Some other reason**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ, OD or wave 1 only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who don't want a full-time job because they want to spend more time with their family, have domestic commitments or some other reason (YNOTFT = 3, 4, or 6).

#### **JOBTYP - Whether job permanent**

- (1) **Permanent**
- (2) **Not permanent in some way**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees.

**NOTES:** The permanency of a job relates to the job itself, not the respondent's intentions about that job.

#### **AGWRK - Whether agency worker**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose job is not permanent

#### **JBTP10 (1-5) - Way in which job was not permanent**

- (1) **Working for an employment agency**
- (2) **Casual type of work**
- (3) **Seasonal work**
- (4) **Under contract for a fixed period or fixed task**
- (5) **Some other reason for not being permanent**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said their job was not permanent in some way (JOBTYP = 2).

**NOTES:** The permanency of a job relates to the job itself, not the respondent's intentions about that job.

This variable replaced JOBTMP in JM 2010.

From JM11, this variable became multi-coded allowing respondents the opportunity to code five possible options.

**WHYTMP6 - Reason for taking non-permanent job**

- (1) **Contract which includes period of training**
- (2) **Had a contract for probationary period**
- (3) **Could not find a permanent job**
- (4) **Did not want a permanent job**
- (5) **Some other reason**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 2005

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said their job was not permanent in some way (JOB TYP = 2).

**NOTES:** The permanency of a job relates to the job itself, not the respondent's intentions about that job. The interviewer accepts the first response that applies.

Between Spring 1992 and Winter 2005 this variable was called WHYTMP.

**TEMLLEN - Length of non-permanent job**

- (1) **Less than 1 month**
- (2) **1 month but less than 3 months**
- (3) **3 months but less than 6 months**
- (4) **6 months but less than 12 months**
- (5) **12 months but less than 18 months**
- (6) **18 months but less than 2 years**
- (7) **2 years but less than 3 years**
- (8) **3 years but less than 4 years**
- (9) **4 years but less than 5 years**
- (10) **5 years or more**
- (11) **Time not fixed yet**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 92. Every quarter from JM08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said their job was not permanent in some way (JOB TYP = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable details the total duration of the temporary job, not just up to the time of the interview.

**RESTMR6 - Reason job is temporary (reported)**

- (1) **Permanent**
- (2) **Seasonal job: includes training periods**
- (3) **Seasonal job: contract for probationary period**
- (4) **Seasonal job: could not find permanent job**
- (5) **Seasonal job: did not want permanent job**
- (6) **Seasonal job: other reason**
- (7) **Seasonal job: no reason given**
- (8) **Fixed contract: includes training period**
- (9) **Fixed contract: contract for probationary period**
- (10) **Fixed contract: could not find permanent job**
- (11) **Fixed contract: did not want permanent job**
- (12) **Fixed contract: other reason**
- (13) **Fixed contract: no reason given**

- (14) Agency temp: includes training period
- (15) Agency temp: contract for probationary period
- (16) Agency temp: could not find permanent job
- (17) Agency temp: did not want permanent job
- (18) Agency temp: other reason
- (19) Agency temp: no reason given
- (20) Casual: includes training period
- (21) Casual: contract for probationary period
- (22) Casual: could not find permanent job
- (23) Casual: did not want permanent job
- (24) Casual: other reason
- (25) Casual: no reason given
- (26) Other temp: includes training period
- (27) Other temp: contract for probationary period
- (28) Other temp: could not find permanent job
- (29) Other temp: did not want permanent job
- (30) Other temp: other reason
- (31) Other temp: no reason given
- (32) Type of temporary job not stated

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 2005

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a job which is not permanent.

**NOTES:** RESTEMR is analogous to RESTEM with the employment edit removed.

This variable is derived from STATR, JOBTYP, WHYTMP6 & JBTP101.

Between Spring 1992 and Winter 2005 this variable was called RESTEMR.

- NSECM10** 'NS-SEC category (SOC2010 based)'
- (1.0) Employers in large organisations
  - (2.0) Higher managerial occupations
  - (3.1) Higher professional traditional employee
  - (3.2) Higher professional new employee
  - (3.3) Higher professional traditional self emp
  - (3.4) Higher professional new self emp
  - (4.1) Lower professional traditional employee
  - (4.2) Lower professional new employee
  - (4.3) Lower professional traditional self emp
  - (4.4) Lower professional new self emp
  - (5.0) Lower managerial occupations
  - (6.0) Higher supervisory occupations
  - (7.1) Intermediate clerical and administrative
  - (7.2) Intermediate sales and service
  - (7.3) Intermediate technical and auxiliary
  - (7.4) Intermediate engineering
  - (8.1) Employers in small orgs non-professional
  - (8.2) Employers in small orgs agriculture
  - (9.1) Own account workers non professional
  - (9.2) Own account workers agriculture
  - (10.0) Lower supervisory occupations
  - (11.1) Lower technical craft
  - (11.2) Lower technical process operative
  - (12.1) Semi routine sales
  - (12.2) Semi routine services
  - (12.3) Semi routine technical
  - (12.4) Semi routine operative
  - (12.5) Semi routine agricultural
  - (12.6) Semi routine clerical
  - (12.7) Semi routine childcare
  - (13.1) Routine sales and service

- (13.2) Routine production
- (13.3) Routine technical
- (13.4) Routine operative
- (13.5) Routine agricultural
- (14.1) Never worked
- (14.2) Long-term unemployed
- (15.0) Full-time students
- (16.0) Not classified or inadequately stated
- (17.0) Not classifiable for other reasons

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+.

**NSECMJ10** 'NS-SEC major group (SOC2010 based)'

- (1) Higher managerial and professional
- (2) Lower managerial and professional
- (3) Intermediate occupations
- (4) Small employers and own account workers
- (5) Lower supervisory and technical
- (6) Semi-routine occupations
- (7) Routine occupations
- (8) Never worked, unemployed, and nec

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+.

## **CURRENT EMPLOYMENT**

**EMPMON - Months continuously employed**

**Number of months**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Spring 93 (on ONS datasets only) Each quarter from Summer 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment (excluding college based schemes).

**EMPLEN - Length of time continuously employed**

- (1) Less than 3 months
- (2) Between 3 and 6 months
- (3) Between 6 and 12 months
- (4) Between 1 and 2 years
- (5) Between 2 and 5 years
- (6) Between 5 and 10 years
- (7) Between 10 and 20 years
- (8) 20 years or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Spring 93 (on ONS datasets only) Each quarter from Summer 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment (excluding college based schemes).

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

**CONMPY - Year started working with current employer**

**Year (last 2 digits)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, those on Government schemes or persons doing unpaid work for a relative's business (STAT = 1 or 3 OR RELBUS = 1 AND EVERWK = -9).

**CONSEY - Year started as continuously self employed**

**Year (last 2 digits) from Spring 98 (4 digits)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are self employed or doing unpaid work for their own business (STAT = 2 OR OWNBUS = 1 AND EVERWK = -9).

**COMMON - Month started current job**

- (1) **January**
- (2) **February**
- (3) **March**
- (4) **April**
- (5) **May**
- (6) **June**
- (7) **July**
- (8) **August**
- (9) **September**
- (10) **October**
- (11) **November**
- (12) **December**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who started work in the last 8 years, except unpaid family workers (CONMPY = < 8 or CONSEY = < 8).

**CONYRLES – Compute Variable**

**Conyrles = 99**

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from CONMPY and computes the year in which employees started working continuously for current employer.

**CONMLES – Compute Variable**

**Conmles = 99**

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from CONMPY, CONYRLES and COMMON and computes the month in which employees started working continuously for current employer.

**HOWGET - How current job was obtained**

**From Spring 92 to Autumn 94**

- (1) **Replying to a job advertisement**

- (2) Jobcentre, jobmarket etc.
- (3) Careers Office
- (4) Private employment agency or business
- (5) Hearing from someone who worked there
- (6) Direct application
- (7) Some other way

**From Winter 94 to OD07**

- (1) Replying to a job advertisement
- (2) Jobcentre, jobmarket etc
- (3) Careers office
- (4) Jobclub
- (5) Private employment agency or business
- (6) Hearing from someone who worked there
- (7) Direct application
- (8) Some other way

**From JM08**

- (1) Replying to a job advertisement
- (2) Jobcentre / jobmarket or Training & Employment Agency Office
- (3) Careers office / Connexions Office
- (4) Job club
- (5) Private employment agency or business
- (6) Hearing from someone who worked there
- (7) Direct application
- (8) Some other way

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and people on government schemes who have been with their current employer for less than one year/12 months.

**NOTES:** From Winter 94 the category (4) Jobclub has been added. From Spring 05, the routing reference period changed from 3 months or less to one year/12 months or less. From JM08, Connexions is included in response category (3).

**CONPRE – Whether in paid employment or self-employed immediately before starting current job**

- (1) In paid employment
- (2) Self-employed
- (3) Not in paid employment or self employed

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies if currently working as an employee, government scheme or unpaid family worker (STAT=1 or 3 or 4) or (PRELBUS =1)) and respondent has been with their current employer /self-employed for 12 months or less (CONYRLES<=1) and (CONMLES<=12)).

**CONPRY – Year started working continuously for previous employer or as self employed**

- (8) Answer given as year

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies if currently working as an employee, government scheme or unpaid family worker (Stat=1 or 3 or 4) or (PRELBUS = 1)) and has been with their current employer /self-employed for 12 months or less (CONYRLES<=1) and (CONMLES<=12)) and was in paid employment or self-employed before current job (CONPRE = 1 or 2).

**CONPRM – Month started working continuously for previous employer or as self employed**



**(9) Answer given as month**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies if currently working as an employee, government scheme or unpaid family worker (STAT=1 or 3 or 4) or (PRELBUS = 1)) and has been with their current employer /self-employed for 12 months or less (CONYRLES<=1) and (CONMLES<=12)) and was in paid employment or self-employed before current job (CONPRE = 1 or 2).

**CONPRR – Main reason for not being in paid employment or self-employed**

- (1) Unemployed/looking for work
- (2) Student/training
- (3) Looking after family/home/children
- (4) Caring for a disabled or elderly person
- (5) Temporarily sick or disabled
- (6) Long term sick or disabled
- (7) Didn't need employment
- (8) Retired
- (9) Made redundant
- (10) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies if currently working as an employee, government scheme or unpaid family worker (STAT=1 or 3 or 4) or (PRELBUS = 1)) and has been with their current employer /self-employed for 12 months or less (CONYRLES<=1) and (CONMLES<=12)) and was not in paid employment or self-employed before current job (CONPRE = 3).

**TMPCON - Whether respondent has contract with employment agency**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05. Spring (AJ) quarters only from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who got their current work through a private employment agency or business (HOWGET = 5).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

Respondents working directly for a temporary employment agency and are not performing any work for and under the supervision of another organisation should be coded 2 'No'.

## **REDUNDANCY WITHIN LAST 3 MONTHS**

### **REDUND - Whether made redundant in last three months**

- (1) **Made redundant**
- (2) **Not made redundant**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+.

**NOTES:** This variable combines all the questionnaire variables and should be used in all analysis of redundancies.

This is a derived variable – please see Volume 4 User guide for further detail.

Changes have made to the derivation of REDUND in the LFS. It now covers the number of people who were not in employment during the reference week and who reported that they had been made redundant in the month of the reference week or in the two calendar months prior to this; plus the number of people who were in employment during the reference week who started their job in the same calendar month as, or the two calendar months prior to, the reference week, and who reported that they had been made redundant in the past three months.

See article on p225-229 of the May 2000 *Labour Market Trends* for further details.

In JM11 the variable saw a minor amendment to its derivation.

### **REDPAID - Left paid job in last 3 months**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who started present job in last 3 months.

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

### **REDYL11 - Reason left last job**

- (1) **dismissed**
- (2) **made redundant or took voluntary redundancy**
- (3) **temporary job which came to an end**
- (4) **resigned**
- (5) **gave up work for health reasons**
- (6) **took early retirement**
- (7) **retired(at or after state pension age)**
- (8) **gave up work for family or personal reasons**
- (9) **education or training**
- (10) **left for some other reason**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent working and left paid job in last 3 months or unemployed in ref wk-left last job within 8 yrs of ref wk

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

This variable replaces REDYLFT

**HTHDIS- Health reason for being dismissed or redundant**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were dismissed, made redundant or took voluntary redundancy (REDYLFT=1 or 2).

**HTHRET- Health reason for early retirement**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who took early retirement (REDYLFT=6).

**HTHRES- Health reason for resigning**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who resigned from last job (REDYLFT=4).

**REDYRS- Reason regarding care services for leaving job**

- (1) Looking after children or an adult in need of care
- (2) Some other personal or family reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who gave up work for family or personal reasons or some other reason (REDYLFT = 8 or 9).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

**HTHOTH- Health reason for leaving last job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who left paid job for some other personal or family reason (REDYLFT=9 and REDYRS≠1)

**REDANY - Whether made redundant from any other job in last 3 months**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who left last paid job in last 3 months (REDYLFT = 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 AND REDPAID = 1).

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

**REDSTAT - Status in job (made redundant from)**

- (1) Working as employee
- (2) Self employed

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant from last job (REDYLFT = 2 AND REDPAID = 1) OR REDANY = 1)).

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

**REDCLOS - Reason for leaving job left in last three months**

- (1) Closing down
- (2) Cutting back on staff
- (3) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant from last job (REDYLFT = 2 AND REDPAID = 1) OR REDANY = 1)).

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

**REDP(1-3) - Type of payment received**

- (1) Redundancy pay
- (2) Pay in lieu of notice
- (3) Some other kind of payment
- (4) No payment

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant from last job (REDYLFT = 2 AND REDPAID = 1) OR REDANY = 1)).

**NOTES:** If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

This variable was coded as REDP(0-3) from Spring 95 to Winter 96.

**REDIND - Whether industry made redundant from is same as previously stated**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant from last job (REDPAID = 1 AND REDYLFT = 2) OR REDANY = 1)).

**NOTES:** Assumes industry is that described at INDT.

If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

**REDOCC - Whether occupation made redundant from is same as previously stated**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant from last job (REDPAID = 1 AND REDYLFT = 2) OR REDANY = 1)).

**NOTES:** Assumes occupation is that described at OCCT.

If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).

**RDMPNO2 - Number of employees at work (redundant)**

- (1) 1-10
- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees who have been made redundant from a job during the three months before interview (STAT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces REDMPNO. This variable records the total number of employees at the respondent's workplace, not just the number employed within the particular section or department he/she works in.

**INDUSTRY MADE REDUNDANT FROM: CONVERSION TABLE**

**To convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes:**

The SIC 2007 industry coding frame has been introduced to replace the existing SIC 1992 version. In order to maintain some continuity the following variables are available to convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes.

**IN9207DR**

- (01-99) Range of values

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from Redcls, EVERWK, REDIND, INDM92M, IMDM92L, RDIC92. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**IN9207ER**

- (A) **Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (B) **Mining and quarrying**
- (C) **Manufacturing**
- (D) **Electricity, gas, air cond supply**
- (E) **Water supply, sewerage, waste**
- (F) **Construction**
- (G) **Wholesale, retail, repair of vehicles**
- (H) **Transport and storage**
- (I) **Accommodation and food services**
- (J) **Information and communication**
- (K) **Financial and insurance activities**
- (L) **Real estate activities**
- (M) **Prof, scientific, technical activities**
- (N) **Admin and support services**
- (O) **Public admin and defence**
- (P) **Education**
- (Q) **Health and social work**
- (R) **Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (S) **Other service activities**
- (T) **Households as employers**
- (U) **Extraterritorial organisations**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from Redcls, EVERWK, REDIND, INDM92M, IMDM92L, RDIC92. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**To convert SIC2007 codes to SIC92 codes;****IN0792DR****(01-60) Range of values****FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from Redcls, EVERWK, REDIND, INDSC07M, INDSC07L, RDIC07. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.**IN0792ER**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| <b>(1)</b> | <b>A-B: Agriculture &amp; fishing</b>              |
| <b>(2)</b> | <b>C,E: Energy &amp; water</b>                     |
| <b>(3)</b> | <b>D: Manufacturing</b>                            |
| <b>(4)</b> | <b>F: Construction</b>                             |
| <b>(5)</b> | <b>G-H: Distribution, hotels &amp; restaurants</b> |
| <b>(6)</b> | <b>I: Transport &amp; communication</b>            |
| <b>(7)</b> | <b>J-K: Banking, finance &amp; insurance etc</b>   |
| <b>(8)</b> | <b>L-N: Public admin, education &amp; health</b>   |
| <b>(9)</b> | <b>O-U: Other services</b>                         |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from Redcls, EVERWK, REDIND, INDSC07M, INDSC07L, RDIC07. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.**INDD07R – Industry division in job made redundant from**

|                  |                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01 – 99)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>      | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| <b>(-9)</b>      | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.**NOTES:** This variable is derived from REDUND, EVERWK, INDD07L, REDIND and INDD07M.**INDE07R – Industry sectors in job made redundant from**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| <b>(1)</b> | <b>A-B: Agriculture, forestry &amp; fishing</b>    |
| <b>(2)</b> | <b>C,E: Energy &amp; water</b>                     |
| <b>(3)</b> | <b>D: Manufacturing</b>                            |
| <b>(4)</b> | <b>F: Construction</b>                             |
| <b>(5)</b> | <b>G-H: Distribution, hotels &amp; restaurants</b> |
| <b>(6)</b> | <b>I: Transport &amp; communication</b>            |
| <b>(7)</b> | <b>J-K: Banking, finance &amp; insurance etc</b>   |
| <b>(8)</b> | <b>L-N: Public admin, education &amp; health</b>   |
| <b>(9)</b> | <b>O-U: Other services</b>                         |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from REDUND, EVERWK, INDD07L, REDIND and INDD07M.

**RDICd07 – Industry made redundant from**

|                  |                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01 – 99)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>      | <b>No Answer (NA)</b>          |
| <b>(-9)</b>      | <b>Did Not Ask (DNA)</b>       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose present industry is different to job where made redundant (REDIND = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RDIC92. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of industry coding.

**RDIC92 - Industry made redundant from**

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>(001-458)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b>          |
| <b>(459)</b>     | <b>Inadequate description, No reply</b> |
| <b>(461)</b>     | <b>Workplace outside UK</b>             |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose present industry is different to job where made redundant (REDIND = 2).

**NOTES:** LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of industry coding.

**REDINDYR - Industry made redundant from (reported)**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| <b>(1)</b>  | <b>A-B: Agriculture &amp; fishing</b>              |
| <b>(2)</b>  | <b>C,E: Energy &amp; water</b>                     |
| <b>(3)</b>  | <b>D: Manufacturing</b>                            |
| <b>(4)</b>  | <b>F: Construction</b>                             |
| <b>(5)</b>  | <b>G-H: Distribution, hotels &amp; restaurants</b> |
| <b>(6)</b>  | <b>I: Transport &amp; communication</b>            |
| <b>(7)</b>  | <b>J-K: Banking, finance &amp; insurance etc</b>   |
| <b>(8)</b>  | <b>L-N: Public admin, education &amp; health</b>   |
| <b>(9)</b>  | <b>O-U: Other services</b>                         |
| <b>(10)</b> | <b>Workplace outside UK</b>                        |
| <b>(-8)</b> | <b>NA, Inadequate description</b>                  |
| <b>(-9)</b> | <b>DNA</b>   |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview (REDUND = 1).

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit REDINDYR supersedes the variable REDINDY.

This variable is derived from REDUND, INECAC05, REDIND, INDS92L, INDSECT & RDIC92. The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards.

For a small number of people – who were made redundant in the three months prior to interview, had been in employment again since then, but were not in employment at the time of interview – it is assumed that the industry they were made redundant from is the same as the industry in their most recent job.

If analysing data on redundancies made in the last three months, you should also filter on the variable REDUND = 1 (made redundant).



### **REDCLS - Industry class made redundant from**

- (01-60) Range of industry codes**
- (61) NA, inadequate description**
- (62) Workplace outside UK**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents made redundant in the three months prior to interview (REDUND = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from REDUND, INECAC05, REDIND, INDD92L & RDIC92. The variable INECACR is replaced by INECAC05 in the derivation of this variable from Spring 05 onwards.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of industry coding.

### **RDOCOD - Occupation made redundant from if different from previously stated**

- (100-999) Range of occupation codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97 to Winter 2000. Each quarter from Spring 01 to Spring 04 (on ONS datasets only).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose present occupation is different to job where made redundant (REDOCC = 2).

**NOTES:** LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of industry coding.

### **SOC10R - Occupation made redundant from**

- (1111-9279) Range of occupation codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were made redundant in the three months prior to interview.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RDOCOD. This variable is derived from REDOCC, OCOD10M, STATR, OCOD10R & REDSTAT.

## **HOME WORKERS**

### **HOME - Whether working from home in main job**

- (1) In own home**
- (2) In the same grounds or buildings as home**
- (3) In different places using home as a base**
- (4) Somewhere quite separate from home**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring & Autumn quarters from Spring 92 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self employed or unpaid family workers (WRKING = 1 or JBAWAY = 1 or OWNBUS = 1 or RELBUS = 1).

### **EVHM98 - Whether doing paid or unpaid work at home in main job**

- (1) Yes**

(2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who mainly work away from home (HOME = 2, 3 or 4).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces PUHOME.

**HM4WK- Paid or unpaid work at home**

- (1) **on at least half of the days worked**
- (2) **for at least one hour (but less than half of the days worked)**
- (3) **not at all (or for less than one hour)**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who mainly work away from home (HOME = 1 or 2 and EvHm98 = Yes or 3 and EvHm98 = Yes or 4 and EvHm98 = Yes).

**NOTES:** This variable is asked in all waves in AJ and wave 1 in all other quarters.

**HOMED(1-3) - Worked at least one FULL day at home in reference week in main job**

- (1) **In own home**
- (2) **In the same grounds or buildings as home**
- (3) **In different places using home as a base**
- (4) **Not worked at home during reference week**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters in 97. Spring quarters only from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who worked in the reference week, but not on a Govt Scheme (WRKING = 1 or OWNBUS = 1 or RELBUS = 1).

**NOTES:** This question is asked in order to identify those people who do work at home occasionally although their main place of work may not be their home, for example, a respondent who spends four days a week working in the office and one day working at home.

**TELEQA - Used both telephone and computer to carry out work at home**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters in 97. AJ quarters only from Spring 98.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work at home or use it as a work base (HOME = 1 or 3 OR HOMED = 1 or 3).

**TELEQB - Whether possible to work at home without using both telephone and computer**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters in 97. AJ quarters only from Spring 98.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who use a telephone and a computer for work at home (TELEQA = 1).

**NOTES:** TELEQA and TELEQB are asked to establish whether the use of a telephone AND computer are essential for the work performed at home, i.e. they are 'tele-workers'. Some respondents may use them together (e.g. for telephone canvassing using a computerised database), while others may use them independently. To be coded 'Yes' at TELEQB they have to be able to carry out their work without using a telephone and a computer.

**ATFROM - Who working for from home**

- (1) Family business
- (2) Outside firm or organisation
- (3) Own account

**FREQUENCY:** Spring 92 only. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 93 to Autumn 97. AJ quarters only from Spring 98.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work at home or use it as a work base (HOME = 1 or 3 OR HOMED = 1 or 3).

**SMESIT - Type of work done from home**

- (1) Own or rent a business
- (2) Have a living-in job
- (3) Accommodation provided by employer

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 92 to Autumn 98. AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who mainly work at home (HOME = 2 or HOMED = 2).

**LOCATION**

**REGWKR - Region of place of work (reported)**

| Spring 92 & Autumn 92           | Spring 93 onwards               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                 | (1) Tyne & Wear                 |
| (2) Rest of Northern region     | (2) Rest of North East          |
| (3) South Yorkshire             | (3) South Yorkshire             |
| (4) West Yorkshire              | (4) West Yorkshire              |
| (5) Rest of Yorks & Humberside  | (5) Rest of Yorks & Humberside  |
| (6) East Midlands               | (6) East Midlands               |
| (7) East Anglia                 | (7) East Anglia                 |
| (8) Inner London                | (8) Central London              |
| (9) Outer London                | (9) Inner London                |
| (10) Rest of South East         | (10) No Code 10                 |
| (11) South West                 | (11) Outer London               |
| (12) West Midlands (met county) | (12) Rest of South East         |
| (13) Rest of West Midlands      | (13) South West                 |
| (14) Greater Manchester         | (14) West Midlands (met county) |
| (15) Merseyside                 | (15) Rest of West Midlands      |
| (16) Rest of North West         | (16) Greater Manchester         |
| (17) Wales                      | (17) Merseyside                 |
| (18) Strathclyde                | (18) Rest of North West         |
| (19) Rest of Scotland           | (19) Wales                      |
| (20) Workplace outside UK       | (20) Strathclyde                |
|                                 | (21) Rest of Scotland           |
|                                 | (22) Northern Ireland           |
|                                 | (23) Workplace outside UK       |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring & Autumn quarters only from Spring 92 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit REGWKR supersedes the variable REGWK.

This is a derived variable – please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

From Spring 2000 UALDWK is used in the derivation of this variable; prior to this LADWK was used. Central London is defined by the Department of Transport as the area within the bounds of the main London British Rail train termini.

REGWKR is not included on the Summer 99 datasets.

**GORWKR - Region of place of work**

- |                                    |                           |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (12) East of England      |
| (2) Rest of North East             | (13) Central London       |
| (3) Greater Manchester             | (14) Inner London         |
| (4) Merseyside                     | (15) Outer London         |
| (5) Rest of North West             | (16) South East           |
| (6) South Yorkshire                | (17) South West           |
| (7) West Yorkshire                 | (18) Wales                |
| (8) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (19) Strathclyde          |
| (9) East Midlands                  | (20) Rest of Scotland     |
| (10) West Midlands (met county)    | (21) Northern Ireland     |
| (11) Rest of West Midlands         | (22) Workplace outside UK |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 95 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit GORWKR supersedes the variable GORWK. This variable is derived from STAT2, HOME2, GOVTOR, UALAD99, LADWAD, UALDWK2 & WKPL299.

This variable is based on Government Office Regions. From Spring 2000 UALDWK is used in the derivation of this variable; prior to this LADWK was used. Central London is defined by the Department of Transport as the area within the bounds of the main London British Rail train termini.

**SAMELAD - Whether lives and works in same Local Authority District**

- (1) Lives and works in same LAD
- (2) Lives in different LAD to place of work

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Autumn 92 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on government schemes.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User guide for further guidance. From Spring 2000 UALDO is used in the derivation of this variable; prior to this LAD was used.

SAMELAD is not included on datasets for Summer and Winter 99.

**TRAVEL TO WORK**

**TRVTME - Usual home to work travel time in minutes**

**Time in minutes**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 92 to Autumn 06 and every quarter (waves 1 & 5) every three years.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on government schemes and those working from home or using their home as a working base.

**NOTES:** This question is only asked where respondents have said they work somewhere separate from their home. Time is recorded in minutes and travel time over three hours is recorded as 180 minutes. Those working outside the UK are recorded as '0'.

From Autumn 06 all 'Travel to work' questions are asked in Autumn every year and in waves 1 and 5, every quarter, every 3 years e.g. 2006, 2009 etc.

**TRVMTH - Usual method of travel to work**

- (1) Car, van, minibus, works van
- (2) Motorbike, moped, scooter
- (3) Bicycle
- (4) Bus, coach, private bus
- (5) Taxi
- (6) Railway train
- (7) Underground train/light railway/tram (GB only)
- (8) Walk
- (9) Other way of travelling

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters from Autumn 92 to Autumn 99. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 00 to Spring 01. Autumn quarters only from Autumn 01 to Autumn 06. OD quarters only from OD06 and every quarter (waves 1 & 5) every three years.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on government schemes and those working from home or using their home as a working base

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets in Spring 2000.

From Autumn 06 all 'Travel to work' questions are asked in Autumn every year and in waves 1 and 5, every quarter, every 3 years e.g. 2006, 2009 etc.

**TRVDRV - Use of car/van/minibus/works van to travel to work**

- (1) As a driver
- (2) As a passenger
- (3) Sometimes as a passenger, sometimes as a driver

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters from Autumn 96 to Autumn 99. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 00 to Spring 01. Autumn quarters only from Autumn 01 to Autumn 06 and every quarter (waves 1 & 5) every three years.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who use car/van/minibus/works van to travel to work (TRVMTH = 1). This variable is only available on ONS datasets in Spring 2000. From Autumn 06 all 'Travel to work' questions are asked in Autumn every year and in waves 1 and 5, every quarter, every 3 years e.g. 2006, 2009 etc.

**SICKNESS**

**ACTWKDY(1-7) - Days scheduled to work**

- (1) Monday
- (2) Tuesday
- (3) Wednesday
- (4) Thursday
- (5) Friday
- (6) Saturday
- (7) Sunday
- (8) Not working at all
- (9) Scheduled working days not relevant

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Autumn 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Winter 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents working during reference week or on government scheme.

**NOTES:** In AJ10 some amendments were made to the LFS questionnaire in order to improve the collection of data on days taken off due to sickness absence. Prior to AJ10, respondents who were employed but had been off for the whole reference week (or longer) were stating at ACTWKDY that they were not working and so didn't get asked ILLWK or ILLDAYS1-7. A check was introduced at the question ACTWKDY with the purpose of increasing the number of people either self-employed or off work for reasons of sickness or injury disclosing their scheduled work days. Despite improving the accuracy of the data collected the required changes resulted in a discontinuity in the time series. The introduction of the check has led to an increase in people reporting five days or more sickness absence who were previously being missed.

**ILLWK - Had days off work because sick or injured**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Autumn 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Winter 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were scheduled to work any day in reference week (ACTWKDY ≠ 8 or 9).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SICK.

**ILLDAYS(1-7) - Days had off sick or injured**

- (1) **Monday**
- (2) **Tuesday**
- (3) **Wednesday**
- (4) **Thursday**
- (5) **Friday**
- (6) **Saturday**
- (7) **Sunday**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Autumn 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Winter 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SIKDAY and SIKSUN.

**ILL1PD- Period of sickness**

- (1) **one period of sickness absence from work**
- (2) **more than one**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off sick or injured (ILLDAYS = response).

**IL1BEF- Period of sickness start day**

- (1) **the first day of your working week**
- (2) **before that**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had one period of sickness absence (ILL1PD = 1).

**ILLNE11 – main condition that caused sickness absence**

- (1) Back pain
- (2) Neck and upper limb problems (e.g. arthritis in hand joints, stiff neck)
- (3) Other musculoskeletal problems
- (4) Stress, depression, anxiety (common mental health problems)
- (5) Manic depression, schizophrenia and other serious mental health problems
- (6) Minor illnesses: coughs, colds and flu; sickness, nausea and diarrhoea
- (7) Other respiratory conditions (e.g. asthma, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease [OPD], bronchitis, pneumonia)
- (8) Other gastrointestinal problems (e.g. irritable bowel syndrome [IBS], piles, bowel cancer, stomach ulcer)
- (9) Headaches and migraines
- (10) Genito-urinary; to include urine infections, menstrual problems, pregnancy problems
- (11) Heart, blood pressure & circulation problems
- (12) Eye, ear, nose & mouth/dental; to include sinusitis and toothache
- (13) Diabetes
- (14) Other (accidents, poisonings, infectious diseases, skin disorders and anything else not covered above)
- (15) Prefers not to give details

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those with one period of sickness absence.

This variable replaced ILLNESS.

**IL2BEF- First period of sickness start day**

- (1) on the first day of your working week
- (2) before that

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had more than one period of sickness absence (ILL1PD = 2).

**ILLFST11 – main condition that caused first sickness absence**

- (1) Back pain
- (2) Neck and upper limb problems (e.g. arthritis in hand joints, stiff neck)
- (3) Other musculoskeletal problems
- (4) Stress, depression, anxiety (common mental health problems)
- (5) Manic depression, schizophrenia and other serious mental health problems
- (6) Minor illnesses: coughs, colds and flu; sickness, nausea and diarrhoea
- (7) Other respiratory conditions (e.g. asthma, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease [OPD], bronchitis, pneumonia)
- (8) Other gastrointestinal problems (e.g. irritable bowel syndrome [IBS], piles, bowel cancer, stomach ulcer)
- (9) Headaches and migraines
- (10) Genito-urinary; to include urine infections, menstrual problems, pregnancy problems
- (11) Heart, blood pressure & circulation problems
- (12) Eye, ear, nose & mouth/dental; to include sinusitis and toothache
- (13) Diabetes
- (14) Other (accidents, poisonings, infectious diseases, skin disorders and anything else not covered above)
- (15) Prefers not to give details

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those with more than one period of sickness absence.

This variable replaced ILLFST.

**ILLST- Illness start**

- (1) 1 day
- (2) 2 days
- (3) 3 days
- (4) 4 days
- (5) 5 days
- (6) 6 days
- (7) 7 days
- (8) more than 7 days but less than or equal to 2 weeks
- (9) more than 2 weeks but less than or equal to 1 month
- (10) more than 1 month but less than or equal to 2 months
- (11) more than 2 months but less than or equal to 3 months
- (12) more than 3 months but less than or equal to 6 months
- (13) more than 6 months but less than or equal to 9 months
- (14) more than 9 months but less than or equal to 1 year
- (15) more than 1 year

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who's first period of sickness started before the first day of their working week (IL1BEF = 2) or (IL2BEF = 2).

**ILNXSM- Medical reason**

- (1) the same medical reason
- (2) a different medical reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had more than one period of sickness absence (ILL1PD = 2).

**ILLNXT11 – main condition that caused further sickness absence**

- (1) Back pain
- (2) Neck and upper limb problems (e.g. arthritis in hand joints, stiff neck)
- (3) Other musculoskeletal problems
- (4) Stress, depression, anxiety (common mental health problems)
- (5) Manic depression, schizophrenia and other serious mental health problems
- (6) Minor illnesses: coughs, colds and flu; sickness, nausea and diarrhoea
- (7) Other respiratory conditions (e.g. asthma, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease [OPD], bronchitis, pneumonia)
- (8) Other gastrointestinal problems (e.g. irritable bowel syndrome [IBS], piles, bowel cancer, stomach ulcer)
- (9) Headaches and migraines
- (10) Genito-urinary; to include urine infections, menstrual problems, pregnancy problems
- (11) Heart, blood pressure & circulation problems
- (12) Eye, ear, nose & mouth/dental; to include sinusitis and toothache
- (13) Diabetes
- (14) Other (accidents, poisonings, infectious diseases, skin disorders and anything else not covered above)
- (15) Prefers not to give details

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.



**COVERAGE:** Applies to those with more than one period of sickness absence and the reason for the second absence was different from the first.

This variable replaced ILLNXT.

**ILLOFF - Number of days off sick in reference week**

- (1) One day
- (2) Two days
- (3) Three days
- (4) Four days
- (5) Five days
- (6) Six days
- (7) Seven days

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLDAYS = 1-7).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLMON - Whether off work sick on a Monday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLTUE - Whether off work sick on a Tuesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLWED - Whether off work sick on a Wednesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLTHU - Whether off work sick on a Thursday**

- (1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLFRI - Whether off work sick on a Friday**

(1) Yes  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLSAT - Whether off work sick on a Saturday**

(1) Yes  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**ILLSUN - Whether off work sick on a Sunday**

(1) Yes  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had days off due to sickness/injury (ILLWK = 2).

**NOTES:** Only days where respondent was scheduled to work but was unable to do so because of sickness or injury are recorded.

**HOURS**

**Structure of LFS hours variables – hours worked per week**

When conducting analysis of hours worked there are three elements to consider:

- (10) whether to use usual or actual hours worked;
- ii) whether to include or exclude paid and unpaid overtime;
- iii) whether to include hours worked in second jobs.

The table below shows which LFS variables are available to provide this information. Second job information is only available for actual hours including overtime. In general it is recommended that the derived variables are used because these include all respondents. The derived variables TOTHRs and SUMHRS both measure total hours worked in main and second jobs, but are derived in different ways and give slightly different results. SUMHRS is available from Spring 1995 onwards and should be used in preference to TOTHRs.

|  | People who<br>Never work overtime | People who<br>work overtime                                     | Derived variables -<br>all people      |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>Usual hours – main job</b><br>Total usual hours excluding overtime<br>Usual paid overtime<br>Usual unpaid overtime<br>Total usual hours including overtime      | <b>TOTUS1</b>                     | <b>USUHR</b><br><b>POTHR</b><br><b>UOTHR</b><br><b>TOTUS2</b>   | <b>BUSHR</b><br><br><br><b>TTUSHR</b>  |
| <b>Actual hours – main job</b><br>Total actual hours excluding overtime<br>Actual paid overtime<br>Actual unpaid overtime<br>Total actual hours including overtime | <b>TOTAC1</b>                     | <b>ACTHR</b><br><b>ACTPOT</b><br><b>ACTUOT</b><br><b>TOTAC2</b> | <b>BACTHR</b><br><br><br><b>TTACHR</b> |
| <b>Actual hours – second job</b><br>Actual hours in second job including overtime  |                                   | <b>ACTHR2</b>   |  |
| <b>Actual hours – main and second job</b><br>Total hours worked in reference week in main and second jobs  |                                   |   | <b>TOTHR</b><br><b>SUMHRS</b>          |

### EVEROT - Whether ever work paid or unpaid overtime

- (1) Yes  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self-employed and those on employer based government schemes.

**NOTES:** This question is asked first so that respondents who never work overtime are not asked the overtime questions.

### TOTUS1 - Total usual hours worked excluding lunch breaks (no overtime)

- (0-96) Hours of work  
(97) 97 or more  
(99) Don't know/No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who never work overtime or did any paid work during the reference week (EVEROT = 2 OR OWNBUS = 1 OR RELBUS = 1).

**NOTES:** As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

### USUHR - Usual hours worked excluding overtime

- (0-96) Hours of work  
(97) 97 or more  
(99) Don't know/No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who may work paid or unpaid overtime (EVEROT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable excludes meal breaks and any overtime worked. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**PAIDHRU - Paid hours (based on usual hours per week)**

- (0-96) Number of hours**
- (97) 97 or more hours**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self employed and those on employer based government schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE, TOTUS1, POTHR, USUHR & EVEROT.

PAIDHRU is not included on datasets for all quarters in 1999.

**POTHR - Usual hours of paid overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of overtime**
- (97) 97 or more**
- (99) Don't know/No answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who may work paid or unpaid overtime (EVEROT = 1).

**NOTES:** As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**UOTHR - Usual hours of unpaid overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of overtime**
- (97) 97 or more**
- (99) Don't know/No answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who may work paid or unpaid overtime (EVEROT = 1).

**NOTES:** As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**TOTUS2 - Usual hours worked including overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of work**
- (97) 97 and over**
- (99) Don't know/No answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who may work paid or unpaid overtime (EVEROT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable includes both paid and unpaid overtime. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**TOTAC1 - Total actual hours worked (no overtime)**

- (0-96) Hours of work**
- (97) 97 and over**
- (99) Don't know/No answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who never work overtime and actually worked in reference week.

**NOTES:** Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. This variable excludes meal breaks. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**ACTHR - Actual hours worked excluding overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of work
- (97) 97 or more
- (99) Don't know/No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work overtime and actually worked in reference week.

**NOTES:** Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. This variable excludes meal breaks and any overtime worked. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**PAIDHRA - Paid Hours (based on actual hours per week)**

- (0-96) Number of hours
- (97) 97 or more hours

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self employed and those on employer based government schemes.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

PAIDHRA is not included on datasets for all quarters in 1999.

**ACTPOT - Actual hours of paid overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of overtime
- (97) 97 or more
- (99) Don't know/No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work overtime and actually worked in reference week.

**NOTES:** Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**ACTUOT - Actual hours of unpaid overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of overtime
- (97) 97 or more
- (99) Don't know/No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work overtime and actually worked in reference week.

**NOTES:** Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**TOTAC2 - Actual hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime**

- (0-96) Hours of work**
- (97) 97 or more**
- (99) Don't know/No answer**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work overtime and actually worked in reference week.

**NOTES:** Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**BUSHR - Total usual hours worked in main job (excluding overtime)**

- (0-96) Number of usual hours**
- (97) 97 or more hours**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE, EVEROT, TOTUS & USUHR.

**TTUSHR - Total usual hours worked in main job (including overtime)**

- (0-96) Hours of work**
- (97) 97 or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE, TOTUS1, TOTUS2 & EVEROT. TTUSHR includes paid and unpaid overtime. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

**BACTHR - Basic actual hours in main job (per week)**

- (0-96) Number of hours**
- (97) 97 hours or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE, TOTAC1, ACTHR & EVEROT.

**TTACHR - Total actual hours worked in main job in reference week**

- (0-96) Hours of work**
- (97) 97 or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance. TTACHR includes any paid or unpaid overtime worked in the reference week.

Those respondents who did not work in the reference week even though they had a job, i.e. on holiday or sick, are coded as '0'. As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

#### **TOTHR5 - Total hours worked in reference week**

- (0-96) Hours of work
- (97) 97 or more
- (98) Away from job

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 for further guidance. This variable includes any hours worked in a second job.

As hours are not stored as whole numbers users should use 1 decimal place when 'ranging' hours, i.e. 1 – 30 hours should be ranged as 1.0 – 30.4 etc.

#### **YLESS6 - Reason worked fewer hours than usual in reference week**

- (1) Number of hours worked/overtime varies
- (2) Bank holiday
- (3) Maternity/Paternity leave
- (4) Parental Leave
- (5) Other leave/holiday
- (6) Sick or injured
- (7) Attending a training course away from own workplace
- (8) Started new job/changed jobs
- (9) Ended job and did not start new one that week
- (10) Laid off/short time/work interrupted by bad weather
- (11) Laid off/short time/work interrupted by labour dispute at own workplace
- (12) Laid off/short time/work interrupted by economic or other causes
- (13) Other personal family reasons
- (14) Other reasons

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self-employed, unpaid family workers and those on employer based government schemes who worked fewer hours than usual in the reference week (including none).

**NOTES:** Most of the responses are self explanatory, however additional detail for some are shown below.

**Maternity/Paternity leave** – only respondents who are on the special period of maternity leave that is allowed by law are included here. Any other leave for reasons of child-bearing or child rearing are coded as "other reasons".

**Attending a training course away from own workplace** – this applies only to respondents who are undergoing education or training outside the workplace. Respondents who are not working because of a training course inside the workplace are coded as "other reasons"

**Laid off/short time/work interrupted by labour dispute at own workplace** – This code is only used for respondents directly involved in a labour dispute (strike) at their own workplace. This could involve being either "called out" or "laid off" because of a labour dispute in the respondents own workplace.

**Laid off/short time/work interrupted by economic and other causes** – applies to respondents who were not working for technical or economic reasons: e.g. shortage of orders (economic reason) or because production at their workplace was impeded by a shortage of material supplies (e.g. caused by a

labour dispute outside the respondents workplace or at another firm halting supplies). In the latter case the respondent would not be personally involved in the labour dispute.

Between Spring 1992 and Winter 2005 this variable was called YLESS.

#### **YMORE - Reason for working more weekly hours**

- (1) **Variable hours worked**
- (2) **Overtime**
- (3) **Other reasons**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring only in 98. All quarters in 99. Spring only in 2000. Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment except those on college based schemes who worked more hours than usual.

#### **MATLVE - Status of maternity leave**

- (1) **A legal entitlement (statutory maternity leave/absence)**
- (2) **Leave employer has allowed (contractual maternity leave)**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96 to Winter 97. AJ quarters only from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all women respondents on maternity leave (YLESS = 3 and SEX = 2).

#### **VARYHR - Whether weekly hours tend to vary**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 98 to Spring 2000. Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in work and whose usual hours were not worked in reference week but variable hours not previously stated.

**NOTES:** Applies particularly to self-employed people or shift workers. It also includes respondents working flexible hours in a flexi-time system if they said that their hours varied. It may also be due to the respondent working varying amounts of paid or unpaid overtime.

#### **DIFFHR6 - Whether hours different from usual in reference week**

- (1) **More than usual hours**
- (2) **Hours vary**
- (3) **Bank holiday**
- (4) **Maternity/paternity leave**
- (5) **Parental leave**
- (6) **Other leave/holiday**
- (7) **Sick or injured**
- (8) **Training course**
- (9) **Started/changed jobs**
- (10) **Ended job**
- (11) **Bad weather**
- (12) **Labour dispute**
- (13) **Economic/other causes**
- (14) **Personal/family**
- (15) **Other reasons**
- (16) **No reason given**
- (17) **Same as usual hours**



**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 2005.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all persons in employment.

**NOTES:** Options 17 & 18 were removed from Summer 94 onwards.

Between Spring 1992 and Winter 2005 this variable was called DIFFHR.

**SUMHRS - Total actual hours worked in main and second job**

**(0 – 97) Number of hours worked**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 94

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who worked during reference week.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from TTACHR & ACTHR2.

**EMPLOYMENT PATTERN**

**SHFTWK99 - Whether shift work done in respondents main job**

- (1) **Most of the time**
- (2) **Occasionally**
- (3) **Never**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding college based government schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced SHFTWK. The wording of the response categories has been altered in order to obtain better quality data.

**SHFTYP - Type of shift pattern**

- (1) **Three-shift working**
- (2) **Continental shifts**
- (3) **Two-shift system with “earlies” and “lates”/double day shifts**
- (4) **Sometimes night and sometimes day shifts**
- (5) **Split shifts**
- (6) **Morning shifts**
- (7) **Evening or twilight shifts**
- (8) **Night shifts**
- (9) **Weekend shifts**
- (10) **Other type of shift work**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who may do shift work (SHFTWK99 = 1 or 2).

**NOTES:** The shift work categories are defined below:

**Three-shift working** – the day is divided into three working periods – morning, afternoon and night. This kind of shift work usually, but not always, involves one or more weeks of mornings, followed by one or more weeks of afternoons, followed by one or more weeks of nights.

**Continental shifts** – this is a continuous three-shift system that rotates rapidly e.g. three mornings, then two afternoons, then two nights. Usually there is a break between shift changes.

**Two-shift system with earlies and lates or double day shifts** – normally two shifts of eight hours each, e.g. 0600-1400 and 1400-2200. Shifts are usually alternated weekly or over longer intervals.

**Split shifts** – these are full shifts divided into two distinct parts with a gap of several hours in between. Used in industries where peak demands are met at different times of the day e.g. catering, passenger transport and service industries.

**Morning shift** – if this is full-time, most commonly 0600-1400. This code is used if the morning shift is the only shift worked or worked part time during the morning.

**Evening shift** – if this is full-time, most commonly 1500-2400. Also used for a part-time shift 1700-2100 or 1800-2200. Part-time evening shifts are usually called twilight shifts.

**Night shift** – if this is full-time, most commonly 1800-0600, and usually continuing after midnight. This code is used only for permanent night work.

**Weekend shift** – this code is used for work during Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays (0600-1800), when there is no other work.

**Other type of shift work** – this code is only used when none of the above apply.

#### FLED10 - Type of agreed work arrangement

- (1) Flexible working hours (Flexitime)
- (2) Annualised hours contract
- (3) Term time working
- (4) Job sharing
- (5) Nine day fortnight
- (6) Four and a half day week
- (7) Zero hours contract
- (8) On-Call Working
- (9) None of these
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** AJ, OD or wave 1 only from Spring 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment, excluding those on college-based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from FLEX10. The categories are defined as below:

This variable replaced FLED9D in 2010.

**Flexible working hours** – Employees can vary their daily start and finish times each day. Over an accounting period (usually four weeks or a calendar month) debit and credit hours can be carried over into another accounting period. Variable start and finish times on their own are **not** enough for a flexitime system. There must also be a formal accounting period.

**Annualised hours contract** – The number of hours an employee has to work are calculated over a full year. Instead of say, 40 hours per week, employees are contracted to say 1900 hours per year (after allowing for leave and other entitlements). Longer hours are worked over certain parts of the year and shorter hours at other periods. Variations in hours are related to seasonal factors or fluctuation in demand for the companies goods or services.

**Term time working** – Respondents' work during the school or college term. Unpaid leave is taken during the school holidays, although their pay may be spread equally over the year.

**Job sharing** – This is a type of part time working. A full-time job is divided between, usually, two people. The job sharers work at different times, although their may be a changeover period.

Both nine day fortnights and four and a half day weeks working arrangements involve the 5 day working week being compressed into fewer full days. Such arrangements refer to **full-time** working only.

**Nine day fortnight** – involves individual employees having one day off every other week. The actual day off may vary so long as the employee keeps to an alternating pattern of one 5 day week followed by one 4 day week.

**Four and a half day week** – Typically involves the normal working week finishing early on Fridays. The short day need not necessarily be Friday, but this is the most obvious and common day.

**Zero hours contract** – is where a person is not contracted to work a set number of hours, and is only paid for the number of hours that they actually work.

In most cases a respondent who works any of these particular type of shift patterns will recognise the term and will require no further explanation. Where a respondent asks what is meant by the term it is unlikely they work such shift patterns and are generally coded as (8) or (9).

**FLEX10(1-3) - Type of agreed work arrangement**

**From Autumn 96 onwards (FLEX9D)**

- (1) Flexitime (Flexible working hours)
- (2) Annualised hours contract
- (3) Term-time working
- (4) Job sharing
- (5) Nine-day fortnight
- (6) Four-and-a-half day week
- (7) Zero hours contract
- (8) On-call working
- (9) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** AJ, OD or wave 1 only from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced FLEX9D(1-3) in 2010, which, in turn, replaced NINDAY which was discontinued from 1993. Respondents may give up to three responses. Prior to Spring 97 this variable was coded FLEX9D(0-2). Option 9 'Don't know' has been removed from Spring 04.

See FLED10 for definitions of the individual categories.

**LSSOTH - Time off flexi or annual**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring only in 2000. AJ quarters only from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who give a reason for working less hours and they work either flexi-time or annualised hours (YLESS = 1, 4, 12 or 13 AND FLEX10 = 1 or 2).

**NOTES:** This variable relates to reasons for the respondent not having worked in the reference week, although they have a job.

**FLEXW1 - Whether respondent works flexi-time**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW2 - Whether respondent works to annualised hours contract**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW3 - Whether respondent works to a term time working agreement**

- (1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW4 - Whether respondent's work involves job sharing**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW5 - Whether respondent works a nine day fortnight**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW6 - Whether respondent works a four and a half day week**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW7 - Whether respondent works zero hours contract**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW8 - Whether respondent works none of the working patterns described**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW9 - Whether respondent does not know which agreed working arrangements are worked**

(1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**FLEXW10 - Whether respondent works on-call working**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and on college based schemes.

**DAYSPZ - Number of different days per week worked**

- (1-7) Number of days

**FREQUENCY:** AJ, OD or wave 1 only from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes (FLEX10 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).

**USUWRKM(1-3) - Usual work pattern**

- (1) During the day
- (2) During the evening
- (3) At night

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** From Spring 2000, the coding structure of this variable changed and USUWRK was set to YES (1) if respondents usually worked during the relevant period and NO (2) to those who did not work during the relevant period.

**USUWRK(1-3) - Respondents usual pattern of work**

- (1) Usual to work during day
- (2) Usual to work during evening
- (3) Usual to work at night

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** From Spring 2000, the coding structure of this variable changed and USUWRK was set to YES (1) if respondents usually worked during the relevant period and NO (2) to those who did not work during the relevant period.

**EVENG - Evening work in last 4 weeks**

- (1) Half or more of the total time you worked was at night
- (2) Less than half?
- (3) No time worked at night in past 4 weeks

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from AJ07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who usually work in the evening (USUWRK = 2).

**NIGHT - Night work in the last 4 weeks**

- (1) **Half or more of the total time you worked was in the night**
- (2) **Or less than half?**
- (3) **No time worked in evening in past 4 weeks**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from AJ07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who usually work in the night (USUWRK = 3).

**EVDAY - Whether respondent ever works during the day**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not usually work during the day.

**EVEVE - Whether respondent ever works during the evening**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not usually work during the evening.

**EVNGHT - Whether respondent ever works at night**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not usually work at night.

**WCHDAY(1-7) - Which days of the week respondent usually works on**

- (1) **Monday**
- (2) **Tuesday**
- (3) **Wednesday**
- (4) **Thursday**
- (5) **Friday**
- (6) **Saturday**
- (7) **Sunday**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not usually work 7 different days during the week.

**SATDY – How many Saturdays worked in last 4 weeks**

- (1) **Two or more**
- (2) **One**
- (3) **None, no time worked on Saturdays in past 4 weeks**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from AJ07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who usually work on a Saturday (WCHDAY = 6).

**SUNDY – How many Sundays worked in last 4 weeks**

- (1) Two or more
- (2) One
- (3) None, no time worked on Sundays in past 4 weeks

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from AJ07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who usually work on a Sunday (WCHDAY = 7).

**WCHMO - Whether respondent usually works Monday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHTU - Whether respondent usually works Tuesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHWE - Whether respondent usually works Wednesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHTH - Whether respondent usually works Thursday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHFR - Whether respondent usually works Friday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHSA - Whether respondent usually works Saturday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WCHSU - Whether respondent usually works Sunday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**WKMON - Whether worked on a Monday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKTUE - Whether worked on a Tuesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKWED - Whether worked on a Wednesday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKTHU - Whether worked on a Thursday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01



**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKFRI - Whether worked on a Friday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKSAT - Whether worked on a Saturday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**WKSUN - Whether worked on a Sunday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment during reference week or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from ACTWKDY(1-7).

**EVSAT - Whether respondent ever works on a Saturday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not work on a Saturday.

**EVSUN - Whether respondent ever works on a Sunday**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who do not usually work on a Sunday.

**HOLS - Number of days of paid holiday entitlement**

**Number of days paid holiday**

**FREQUENCY:** OD quarters only from Autumn 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees.

**NOTES:** The number of days paid holiday excludes Public/Bank holidays.

As these days are not stored as whole numbers users should use 2 decimal places when 'ranging' days of paid holiday, i.e. 5 – 10 days should be ranged as 4.50 – 10.49 etc.

Post 1997 'Refusal' (-8) was coded as 98 (incorporating 'Don't Know'). Prior to 1998 the coding frame varies.

Autumn quarters only from Autumn 03 onwards.

**HOLSB - How many days of paid holiday are you entitled to per year**

**Enter number of days**  
(97) 97 days or more

**FREQUENCY:** OD quarters only from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to employees who don't know holiday entitlement excluding public holidays

**BANK - Whether respondent worked (in their main job) on any Bank or Public holidays during the period 1<sup>st</sup> Dec to 31<sup>st</sup> Aug**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** OD quarters only from Autumn 99, odd years only

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees.

**BNKH11 - Bank holidays worked**

- (1) Late Aug B/Hol (Mon 29 Aug 2011 – Not Scotland)
- (2) Early Aug B/Hol (Mon 01 Aug 2011 – Scotland)
- (3) July 12<sup>th</sup> holiday (Tues 12 July 2011 – NI)
- (4) Spring B/Hol (Mon 30 May 2011)
- (5) May B/Hol (Mon 02 May 2011)
- (6) Royal Wedding (Fri 29 April 2011)
- (7) Easter Monday (Mon 25 Apr 2011)
- (8) Good Friday (Fri 22 Apr 2011)
- (9) St Patrick's Day (Thur 17 Mar 2011 – NI)
- (10) 2<sup>nd</sup> Day New Year's Day (Tues 04 Jan 2011 – Scotland)
- (11) New Year's Day (Mon 03 Jan 2011)
- (12) Boxing Day (Tues 28 Dec 2010)
- (13) Christmas Day (Mon 27 Dec 2010)

**FREQUENCY:** OD quarters only from OD11, odd years only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have worked on at least one bank/public holiday in the previous 12 months and country of work is UK.

**NOTES:** The number of categories in this variable depends on the number of public holidays for the year.

This variable was called BNKHOL(1-12) up to and including Autumn 2009.

This variable is called BNKHL(1-12) in Autumn 01.

**BNKHOLF - How many Bank or Public Holidays did respondent work on in past year**

**(1-13) Number of days**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 99 to Autumn 03. OD quarters only (odd years) from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have worked on at least one bank/public holiday in the previous 12 months and country of work is NOT UK.

**BHPAID - Whether paid for working on Public Holidays**

- (1) Yes**
- (2) No**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 99 to Autumn 03. OD quarters only (odd years) from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and worked on a Public holiday over the last year.

**BHNOTA - Whether paid at least basic rate for Public holidays not worked**

- (1) All of them**
- (2) Some of them**
- (3) None of them**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 99 to Autumn 03. OD quarters only (odd years) from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and who did not work on a Public holiday over the last year.

**BHNOTB - Whether paid at least basic rate for Public holiday not worked**

- (1) Yes**
- (2) No**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 99 to Autumn 03. OD quarters only (odd years) from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and who did not work on a Public holiday over the last year.

**BHNOTC - Reason for not being paid at least basic rate on public holidays not worked in last year**

- (1) Only receive pay for actual days worked**
- (2) Do not usually work on those days**
- (3) Had not started current job**
- (4) Other reason**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 99 to Autumn 03. OD quarters only (odd years) from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and who did not work on a Public holiday over the last year.

## **UNION REPRESENTATION**

### **UNION - Whether trade union or staff association member\***

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes and unpaid family workers.

**NOTES:** From Autumn 92 to Autumn 94 only GB data is available (The variable IRTUSA records NI data for this period). Northern Ireland data has been amended to a quarterly basis from Winter 94. This ensures that both GB and NI trade union/staff association data are standard on an Autumn quarter only basis from Autumn 95.

In Autumn 97, incorrect routing of Northern Ireland respondents meant that only those who answered yes to TUPRES were asked UNION. Therefore, there was under-response of unknown size to UNION. Those who should have been asked UNION but were not have been coded 9 'Not answered' (1,350 cases).

### **TUPRES - Whether other people at workplace are members of trade union or staff association\***

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who are not a member of a staff association of trade union.

**NOTES:** From Autumn 99 onwards, this question was altered from whether there were unions etc. present at the workplace, to whether others employed at the workplace were members of such organisations, and also asked only to those who are not members of such organisations themselves rather to all in paid employment (excluding government schemes).

### **TUCOV - Whether agreements between trade union and employer affect pay and conditions\***

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn quarters only from Autumn 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment excluding those on college based schemes and unpaid family workers.

**NOTES:** Replaces TUJOIN from Autumn 96.

\*The order and routing of UNION, TUPRES and TUCOV were changed from Spring 1999 onwards.

## **SECOND JOB**

### **WORKING IN REFERENCE WEEK**

#### **SECJOB - Whether had second job in reference week**

- (1) Yes

(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees, self employed, and persons on Government schemes, but not those who are doing paid work in addition to that done on a New Deal scheme.

**NOTES:** Casual or small jobs are included provided the job was paid. SECJMB should be used in preference to SECJOB when analysing numbers of people with second jobs.

**Y2JOB - Whether had 2 jobs because of a change of job in reference week**

(1) Yes (changed jobs during week)  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a second paid job (SECJOB = 1).

**NOTES:** One purpose of this question is to distinguish between two groups of respondents: those who had two jobs in the reference week only because they changed jobs that week, and those who held two jobs at the same time. The first group are not asked details of their 'second job'. The second group, however, are asked for more information about their second job.

**OCCUPATION IN SECOND JOB**

**SOC10S - Occupation in second job**

(1111-9279) Range of occupation codes

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have an additional regular job.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOCSEC.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**SC10SMJ - Major occupation group (second job)**

- (11) 'Managers, Directors And Senior Officials'
- 2 'Professional Occupations'
- 3 'Associate Professional And Technical Occupations'
- 4 'Administrative And Secretarial Occupations'
- 5 'Skilled Trades Occupations'
- 6 'Caring, Leisure And Other Service Occupations'
- 7 'Sales And Customer Service Occupations'
- 8 'Process, Plant And Machine Operatives'
- 9 'Elementary Occupations'.

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KSMJ and is derived from SOC10S.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**SC10SMN - Minor occupation group (second job)**

(111-927) Range of occupation codes

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KSMN and is derived from SOC2KS.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**SC2KSMN - Minor occupation group (second job)**

**(111-999) Range of occupation codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOCMINS and is derived from SOC2KS.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**INDUSTRY IN SECOND JOB: CONVERSION VARIABLE**

**To convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes;**

The SIC 2007 industry coding frame has been introduced to replace the existing SIC 1992 version. In order to maintain some continuity the following variables are available to convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes.

**IN9207DS**

**(01-99) Range of values**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. This variable derives from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**IN9207SS - SIC07-92 Conversion DV Industry Section Second Job**

- (1) **A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (2) **B: Mining and quarrying**
- (3) **C: Manufacturing**
- (4) **D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply**
- (5) **E: Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities**
- (6) **F: Construction**
- (7) **G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles**
- (8) **H: Transportation and storage**
- (9) **I: Accommodation and food service activities**
- (10) **J: Information and communication**
- (11) **K: Financial and insurance activities**
- (12) **L: Real estate activities**
- (13) **M: Professional, scientific and technical activities**
- (14) **N: Administrative and support service activities**

- (15) **O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security**
- (16) **P: Education**
- (17) **Q: Human health and social work activities**
- (18) **R: Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (19) **S: Other service activities**
- (20) **T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services producing activities of households for own use**
- (21) **U: Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. This variable derives from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**To convert SIC2007 codes to SIC92 codes;**

**IN0792DS**

(01-60)                      **Range of values**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**IN0792SS**

- (01) **A: Agriculture, hunting & forestry**
- (02) **B: Fishing**
- (03) **C: Mining, quarrying**
- (04) **D: Manufacturing**
- (05) **E: Electricity gas & water supply**
- (06) **F: Construction**
- (07) **G: Wholesale, retail & motor trade**
- (08) **H: Hotels & restaurants**
- (09) **I: Transport, storage & communication**
- (10) **J: Financial intermediation**
- (11) **K: Real estate, renting & business ualify**
- (12) **L: Public administration & defence**
- (13) **M: educ**
- (14) **N: Health & social work**
- (15) **O: Other community, social & personal**
- (16) **P: Private hholds with employed persons**
- (17) **Q: Extra-territorial organisations,bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDUSTRY IN SECOND JOB – SIC2007****INDSC07S – Industry sub-class in second job**

|                            |                                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01.62/1 – 93.19/9)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>                | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| <b>(-9)</b>                | <b>Did Not Answer</b>          |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from Y2JOB, YTETJB & ICD2. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDC07S- Industry class in second job**

|                       |                                |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01.11– 99.00)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>           | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| <b>(-9)</b>           | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDG07S- Industry group in second job**

|                      |                                |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01.1 – 99.0)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>          | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| <b>(-9)</b>          | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDD07S- Industry division in second job**

|                      |                                |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>(01.1 – 99.0)</b> | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| <b>(-8)</b>          | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| <b>(-9)</b>          | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDS07S- Industry section in second job**

- (1) A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (2) B: Mining and quarrying**
- (3) C: Manufacturing**
- (4) D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply**
- (5) E: Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities**



- (6) **F: Construction**
- (7) **G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles**
  
- (8) **H: Transportation and storage**
- (9) **I: Accommodation and food service activities**
- (10) **J: Information and communication**
- (11) **K: Financial and insurance activities**
- (12) **L: Real estate activities**
- (13) **M: Professional, scientific and technical activities**
  
- (14) **N: Administrative and support service activities**
  
- (15) **O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security**
  
- (16) **P: Education**
- (17) **Q: Human health and social work activities**
- (18) **R: Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (19) **S: Other service activities**
- (20) **T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services producing activities of households for own use**
  
- (21) **U: Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07S. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007.

## **EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN SECOND JOB**

### **SECJMBR - Employment status in second job - derived**

- (1) **Employee**
- (2) **Self-employed**
- (3) **Status not stated**
- (4) **Changed jobs**
- (5) **No second job**
- (6) **No answer to second job**
- (7) **Does not apply**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are in employment with an regular additional job.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit SECJMBR supersedes the variable SECJMB. This is a derived variable, please see Volume 4 for further guidance.

This variable should be used in preference to SECJOB for analysis of second jobs. Adding categories (1) to (3) gives the total number of people with second jobs.

For the Winter 93 quarter when using this variable you should also filter on 'in employment' to get the correct total as some 'inactive' respondents were miscoded.

### **STAT2 - Employment status in second job (reported)**

- (1) **Employee**
- (2) **Self-employed**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NSTAT2. NSTAT2 was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit, STAT2 supersedes the variable NSTAT2.

**PDWG102 -Employer's company that provides wage in second job**

- (1) **by the organisation or company you actually did the work for**
- (2) **or by a different organisation or company**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is an employee in their second job.

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**SELF2 -Origin of income for those self employed in their second job**

- (1) **Paid a salary or wage by an employment agency?**
- (2) **A sole director of your own limited business?**
- (3) **Running a business or professional practice?**
- (4) **A partner in a business or professional practice?**
- (5) **Working for yourself?**
- (6) **A sub-contractor?**
- (7) **Or doing free lance work**
- (8) **None of the above**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is self employed or not paid a salary or wage by an employer in their second jobs.

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**NITAX2 -National Insurance and Tax Deduction for those in their second jobs**

- (1) **Pay your own National Insurance and Tax**
- (2) **Pay your own National Insurance or Tax but not both**
- (3) **National Insurance and tax deducted by your own organisation(s) you work for, for example, your client, employer, agency, etc**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to the self employed or those who are not paid directly by their employer

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**SUPVIS2 - Supervisory responsibility in second job**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have an additional regular job (STAT2 = 1).

**MANAG2 - Managerial duties in second job (reported)**

- (1) **Manager**
- (2) **Foreman or supervisor**
- (3) **Not manager or supervisor**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and who have a regular additional job (STAT2 = 1).

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NMANAGE2. NMANAGE2 was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit MANAG2 supersedes the variable NMANAGE2.

If respondents have both managerial and supervisory duties then their main duty is recorded.

**MPNSR02 - Number of employees second job (reported)**

- (1) 1-10
- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment with a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit MPNSR02 supersedes the variables MPNES02 & MPNSS02.

MPNSR02 is the number of employees in second job as reported. This variable is derived from STAT2 & SOLO2.

This variable records the total number of employees at the respondent's workplace, not just the number employed within the particular section/department he/she works in.

**SOLO2 - Working alone or employees in second job (reported)**

- (1) Alone or with partner(s) but not employee
- (2) With employees

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are self-employed and who have a regular additional job (STAT2 = 2).

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NSOLO2. NSOLO2 was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit, SOLO2 supersedes the variable NSOLO2.

Self-employed people who use only other self-employed people in the business they run (e.g. builders) are coded 1.

**JOBTYP2 - Permanency of second job**

- (1) Permanent
- (2) Some way not permanent

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a regular additional job and didn't change jobs during the reference week (SECJOB = 1 AND Y2JOB = 2).

**NOTES:** Permanency relates to the job itself rather than to the individual who does the job. Someone who is being made redundant, retiring, going on maternity leave, or taking up another job may

not regard their job as permanent, but they are still coded as 1 (permanent job). Respondents who have short-term contracts are coded according to whether they consider their job to be of a permanent nature.

### **JB2T10 - Way in which 2<sup>nd</sup> job was not permanent**

- (1) Working for an employment agency
- (2) Casual type of work
- (3) Seasonal work
- (4) Under contract for a fixed period or fixed task
- (5) Some other reason for not being permanent

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said their second job was not permanent in some way (JOBTP2 = 2).

**NOTES:** Those who regard their job as not permanent are asked to specify in what way it is not permanent. If, at this stage, the respondent volunteers an answer relating to his or her personal circumstances e.g. retired, the interviewer is asked to return to JOBTYP and stress the first clause again.

This variable replaced JOBTMP2 in JM 2010.

From JM11, this variable became multi-coded allowing respondents the opportunity to code five possible options.

## **HOURS IN SECOND JOB**

### **ACTHR2 - Actual hours in second job including overtime**

- (0-96) Hours
- (97) 97 or more hours
- (99) Don't know or refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies if Y2Job=2.

**NOTES:** This variable includes both paid and unpaid overtime.

## **HOME WORKERS – SECOND JOB**

### **HOME2 - Whether working from home in additional job**

- (1) In your home
- (2) In the same grounds or buildings as your home
- (3) In different place using home as a base
- (4) Or somewhere quite separate from home

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 92 to Winter 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies if Y2Job=2.

### **HOMED2(1-3) - Work at least one day at home in reference week**

- (1) Own home
- (2) Same grounds or buildings
- (3) Different places using home as a base
- (4) Not worked at home during reference week

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 97 to Autumn 99. AJ quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies if Y2Job=2.

**TELQA2 - Whether respondent uses both a telephone and a computer to carry out work at home**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters in 97. Spring quarters only from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work mainly from home in their regular additional job or did so during the reference week (HOME2=1 or 3 OR HOMED2=1 or 3).

**TELQB2 - Whether possible to work at home without using both telephone and computer**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters in 1997. Spring quarters only from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who use both a telephone and a computer for work at home (TELQA2=1).

**ATFRM2 - Who working for from home in additional job**

- (1) Family business
- (2) Outside firm or organisation
- (3) Own account

**FREQUENCY:** Spring only in 92. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 93 to Autumn 99. Spring quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work mainly from home in their regular additional job or did so during the reference week (HOME2=1 or 3 OR HOMED2=1 or 3).

**SMEST2 - Type of work done from same grounds etc in additional job**

- (1) Own or rent a business
- (2) Have a living-in job
- (3) Accommodation provided by employer

**FREQUENCY:** Spring only in 92. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 93 to Autumn 99. Spring quarters only from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who work mainly in the same grounds or buildings as their home in their regular additional job or did so during the reference week (HOME2 = 2 or HOMED2 = 2).

## **LOCATION OF SECOND JOB**

### **REGWK2R - Region of workplace for second job (reported)**

| <b>1992 only</b>                   | <b>1993 onwards</b>                |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (1) Tyne & Wear                    | (1) Tyne & Wear                    |
| (2) Rest of Northern region        | (2) Rest of Northern region        |
| (3) South Yorkshire                | (3) South Yorkshire                |
| (4) West Yorkshire                 | (4) West Yorkshire                 |
| (5) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside | (5) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside |
| (6) East Midlands                  | (6) East Midlands                  |
| (7) East Anglia                    | (7) East Anglia                    |
| (8) Inner London                   | (8) Central London                 |
| (9) Outer London                   | (9) Inner London (not central)     |
| (10) Rest of South East            | (10) Outer London                  |
| (11) South West                    | (11) Rest of South East            |
| (12) West Midlands (met county)    | (12) South West                    |
| (13) Rest of West Midlands         | (13) West Midlands (met county)    |
| (14) Greater Manchester            | (14) Rest of West Midlands         |
| (15) Merseyside                    | (15) Greater Manchester            |
| (16) Rest of North West            | (16) Merseyside                    |
| (17) Wales                         | (17) Rest of North West            |
| (18) Strathclyde                   | (18) Wales                         |
| (19) Rest of Scotland              | (19) Strathclyde                   |
| (20) Northern Ireland              | (20) Rest of Scotland              |
| (21) Workplace outside UK          | (21) Northern Ireland              |
|                                    | (22) Workplace outside UK          |

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 93 (on ONS datasets only). Spring & Autumn quarters only from Autumn 93 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment with a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit REGWK2R supersedes the variable REGWK2.

This variable is derived from STAT2, HOME, URESMC, UALDWK2, LADWAD, UALAD99 & WKPL299. From Spring 2000 UALDWK2 is used in the derivation of this variable; prior to this LADWK2 is used.

Central London is defined by the Department of Transport as the area within the bounds of the main London British Rail train termini.

REGWK2 and REGWK2T have been combined from 1993 onwards.

This variable is not available in SPSS or on public datasets in Summer 1999.

**GORWK2R - Region of workplace for second job (reported)**

- (1) Tyne & Wear
- (2) Rest of North East
- (3) Greater Manchester
- (4) Merseyside
- (5) Rest of North West
- (6) South Yorkshire
- (7) West Yorkshire
- (8) Rest of Yorkshire & Humberside
- (9) East Midlands
- (10) West Midlands (met county)
- (11) Rest of West Midlands
- (12) East of England
- (13) Central London
- (14) Inner London
- (15) Outer London
- (16) South East
- (17) South West
- (18) Wales
- (19) Strathclyde
- (20) Rest of Scotland
- (21) Northern Ireland
- (22) Workplace outside UK

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Autumn 93 to Autumn 97. Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit GORWK2R supersedes the variable GORWK2.

This variable is derived from STAT2, HOME2, GOVTOR, UALAD99, LADWAD, UALDWK2 & WKPL299. From Spring 2000 UALDWK2 is used in the derivation of this variable; prior to this LADWK2 was used.

This variable is based on Government Office Regions. Central London is defined by the Department of Transport as the area within the bounds of the main London British Rail train termini.

## **SEEKING/NOT SEEKING WORK**

### **REASON FOR SEEKING A REPLACEMENT/ADDITIONAL PAID JOB**

**DIFJOB - Whether looking for different or additional paid job or business**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment.

**NOTES:** Looking for a different or additional paid job or business may cover a wide range of activities, from looking through newspaper advertisements to actively writing to prospective employers and attending interviews. It represents something more than simply feeling dissatisfied with the present job but beyond the respondent deciding whether he or she was looking for work. Self-employed people may interpret 'looking for additional business' as trying to increase their present business. They are coded 1 only if they were looking for a different business last week, and not just for additional clients.

**ADDJOB - Whether seeking replacement or additional job**

- (1) **A new job to replace your present (main) job**
- (2) **An additional job**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were looking for an additional or different job or business in the reference week (DIFJOB = 1).

**LOOKM11 (1-3) – reasons for looking for another job**

- (1) **Present job may come to an end**
- (2) **Present job is to fill in time before finding another job**
- (3) **Pay unsatisfactory in present job**
- (4) **Journey to work unsatisfactory in present job**
- (5) **Respondent wants to work longer hours than in present job**
- (6) **Respondent wants to work shorter hours than in present job**
- (7) **Other aspects of present job unsatisfactory**
- (8) **Respondent wants to change occupation**
- (9) **Respondent wants to change sector**
- (10) **Other reasons**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent looking a replacement for main job in ref wk

**NOTES:** Respondents may give up to three responses. This variable replaces LOOKM8.

**PREFHR - Preferred working hours in new job being looked for**

- (1) **Longer**
- (2) **Shorter**
- (3) **The same**
- (4) **Don't know, no preference**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 92. Summer and Winter quarters from Summer 93 to Winter 95. Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did not give longer/shorter hours as their reason for looking for another job (LOOKM8 ≠ 5 or 6).

**LESPAY - Whether accept less pay for shorter hours in new job being sought**

- (1) **Would still prefer shorter hours**
- (2) **Would not prefer shorter hours**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 92. Summer and Winter quarters from Summer 93 (Summer only in 98 & 99). Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were looking for a different job with shorter hours to replace their present one (LOOKM8 = 6 or PREFHR = 2).

**WHETHER LOOKING**

**LOOK4 - Whether looking for paid work in last four weeks**

- (1) **Yes**



(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did unpaid work in the reference week or have no current job (EVERWK = 1 or 2 OR OWNBUS = 1 OR RELBUS = 1).

**LKYT4 - Whether looking for a place on a Government scheme in last four weeks**

(1) Yes  
(2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents not seeking work in the four weeks prior to the reference week and are aged between 16 and 59 (LOOK4 = 2 AND AGE = 16 – 59).

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

**TYEMPS - Type of employment sought**

- (1) Self employment
- (2) Full-time employee
- (3) Part-time employee
- (4) Employee – no preference
- (5) Employee – time not stated
- (6) Full-time – no preference
- (7) Part-time – no preference
- (8) No preference – no preference
- (9) No preference – time not stated
- (10) Type of employment not stated
- (11) Looking for a place on a government scheme/being assessed by ET training agent

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are looking for employment.

**NOTES:** “Time not stated” refers to respondents who did not state whether they were seeking full or part time work. For analysis purposes codes ‘2, 4, 5, 6, 8 & 9’ are usually treated as ‘full-time’ and codes ‘3 & 7’ as part-time.

**LKSELA - Whether looking for work as employee or self employed**

- (1) As an employee
- (2) As self-employed
- (3) No preference

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for paid work in the last four weeks (DIFJOB = 1 OR LOOK4 =1 AND JBAWAY ≠ 3).

**LKSELC - Will be starting work as an employee or self-employed**

- (1) As an employee
- (2) As self-employed

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are waiting to take up a job (WAIT = 1 OR JBAWAY = 3).

**LKFTPA - Whether looking for full or part time work**

- (1) Full-time
- (2) Part-time
- (3) No preference

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were seeking work as an employee or had no preference over working as an employee or self-employed (LKSELA = 1 or 3).

**LKFTPC - Will be starting full or part time work**

- (1) Full-time
- (2) Part-time

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who would be willing to work as an employee (LKSELC = 1).

**AXPA - Whether would accept part time work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 97 (not Spring 93). Spring quarters only from Spring 98 to Spring 08. Every quarter from JS08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents that would like a full time job (LKFTPA = 1).

**NOTES:** Respondents are asked whether they would accept a part time job if they could not find a full time one. It differs from AXPB which asks a similar question of those who have already found a full time job.

**AXPB - Whether would have accepted part time work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 97 (not Spring 93). Spring quarters only from Spring 96 to Spring 08. Every quarter from JS08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents that have found a full-time job (LKFTPC= 1).

**NOTES:** Respondents are asked whether they would have accepted a part time job if they had been unable to find a full time one. It differs from AXPA, which asks a similar question of those who are still looking for a full time job.

**AXFA - Whether would accept full time work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 97 (not Spring 93). Spring quarters only from Spring 98 to Spring 08. Every quarter from JS08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents that would like a part time job (LKFTPA = 2).

**NOTES:** Respondents are asked whether they would have accepted a full time job if they had been unable to find a part time one. It differs from AXFB, which asks a similar question of those who have already found a part time job.

**AXFB - Whether would have accepted full time work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 97 (not Spring 93). Spring quarters only from Spring 96 to Spring 08. Every quarter from JS08.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents that have found a part-time job (LKFTPC = 2).

**NOTES:** Respondents are asked whether they would have accepted a full time job if they had been unable to find a part time one. It differs from AXFA, which asks a similar question of those who are still looking for a part time job.

**UNDER-EMPLOYMENT**

**UNDEMP - Whether would like to work longer hours, at current basic rate of pay, given the opportunity**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not looking for a different or additional job (DIFJOB=2).

**UNDHRS - Number of extra hours would like to work**

- (0-96) Hours of work
- (97) 97 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who would like to work longer hours (UNDEMP = 1 OR LOOKM8 = 5 OR PREFHR = 1 OR ADDJOB = 2).

**UNDY98(1-9) - Reasons for not looking for additional or different job with longer hours**

- (1) Would like to work longer hours in existing job
- (2) Feel that there is no work available given qualifications and/or experience
- (3) Believe that no work is available nearby
- (4) Waiting for the results of examinations already taken
- (5) Waiting for the results of job application
- (6) Waiting for the outcome of measures to start up a business
- (7) Have health problems
- (8) Do not want to look for work immediately
- (9) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not seeking another job but wants longer hours (UNDEMP = 1).

**UNDST - Whether available to start working longer hours, or start a job with longer hours, within next two weeks**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for a replacement job with longer hours, or who would work longer hours in their current job, given the opportunity.

**LESPAY2 - Whether prefer to work shorter hours than at present in current job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Winter 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not looking for another job and do not want a job with more hours (DIFJOB = 2 AND UNDEMP = 2).

**LESPAY3 - Whether would work shorter hours for less pay**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Winter 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who would prefer to work shorter hours (LESPAY2 = 1).

**OVHRS - How many fewer hours would you like to work**

- (97) 97 or more
- (99) Don't know / No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Winter 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who would work shorter hours for less pay or would work shorter hours in current job for less pay (LESPAY = 1 OR LESPAY3 = 1).

## **ILO UNEMPLOYMENT**

### **WHEN LEFT LAST JOB**

**DURUN - Duration of unemployment**

- (1) Less than 3 months
- (2) 3 months but less than 6 months
- (3) 6 months but less than 12 months
- (4) 1 year but less than 2 years
- (5) 2 years but less than 3 years
- (6) 3 years but less than 4 years
- (7) 4 years but less than 5 years
- (8) 5 years or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are unemployed.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; changes have been made to the way it has been calculated in 2012 in order to reflect the change in Government training scheme questions. Please see Volume 4 user Guide for further detail.

This variable shows the minimum of the length of time looking for work and the length of time since the respondent's last job.

**DURUN2 - Duration of unemployment**

- (1) Less than 3 months
- (2) 3 months but less than 6 months
- (3) 6 months but less than 12 months
- (4) 12 months but less than 18 months
- (5) 18 months but less than 2 years
- (6) 2 years but less than 3 years
- (7) 3 years but less than 4 years
- (8) 4 years but less than 5 years
- (9) 5 years or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are unemployed.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; changes have been made to the way it has been calculated in 2012 in order to reflect the change in Government training scheme questions. Please see Volume 4 user Guide for further detail.

It shows the minimum of the length of time looking for work and the length of time since the respondent's last job.

**WNLEFT11 - When left last job**

- (1) Less than 3 months
- (2) 3 months but less than 6 months
- (3) 6 months but less than 12 months
- (4) 1 year but less than 2 years
- (5) 2 years but less than 3 years
- (6) 3 years but less than 4 years
- (7) 4 years but less than 5 years
- (8) 5 years or more
- (9) Never had paid job

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past.

This variable replaced WNLEFT from JM11. Although neither of the response options have changed, an amendment was required to the derivation of the variable.

This is a derived variable; changes have been made to the way it has been calculated in 2012 in order to reflect the change in Government training scheme questions. Please see Volume 4 user Guide for further detail.

**WN2LFT11- When left last job**

- (1) Less than 3 months
- (2) 3 months but less than 6 months
- (3) 6 months but less than 12 months
- (4) 12 months but less than 18 months
- (5) 18 months but less than 2 years
- (6) 2 years but less than 3 years
- (7) 3 years but less than 4 years
- (8) 4 years but less than 5 years
- (9) 5 years or more
- (10) Never had paid job

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced WNLEFT2 from JM11. Although neither of the response options have changed, an amendment was required to the derivation of the variable.

This is a derived variable; changes have been made to the way it has been calculated in 2012 in order to reflect the change in Government training scheme questions. Please see Volume 4 user Guide for further detail.

**LEFTYR - Year left last job**

**Year in which left last job (last two digits)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week, and were not away from any job or business, but have had a paid job in the past (EVERWK =1).

**YRLESS - Compute Variable**

**YrLess = 97**

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from LEFTYR and computes the year in which employees left their last paid job.

**LEFTM - Month left last job**

- (1) **January**
- (2) **February**
- (3) **March**
- (4) **April**
- (5) **May**
- (6) **June**
- (7) **July**
- (8) **August**
- (9) **September**
- (10) **October**
- (11) **November**
- (12) **December**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents did no work in the reference week and who left their last job within eight years of the reference week (LEFTYR <= 8).

**LEFTW - Whether left last job in reference week**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who left their last job within the last month.

**NOTES:** The coverage of this variable implies that the respondent left their last job within the last four weeks.

**OCCUPATION IN LAST JOB**

**SOC10L - Occupation (last job)**

(1111-9279) **Range of occupation codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOC2KL and is derived from STAT, EVERWK & OCOD10M.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

**SC10LMJ - Major occupation group (last job)**

- (12) 'Managers, Directors And Senior Officials'
- 2 'Professional Occupations'
- 3 'Associate Professional And Technical Occupations'
- 4 'Administrative And Secretarial Occupations'
- 5 'Skilled Trades Occupations'
- 6 'Caring, Leisure And Other Service Occupations'
- 7 'Sales And Customer Service Occupations'

8 'Process, Plant And Machine Operatives'

9 'Elementary Occupations'.

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KLMJ and is derived from SOC10L.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

### **SC10LMN - Minor occupation group (last job)**

**(111 – 927) Range of Occupation Codes**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KLMN and is derived from SOC10L.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

## **INDUSTRY IN LAST JOB – CONVERSION VARIABLE**

### **To convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes;**

The SIC 2007 industry coding frame has been introduced to replace the existing SIC 1992 version. In order to maintain some continuity the following variables are available to convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes.

#### **IN9207DL – Industry division in last job**

**(01-99) Range of values**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

### **To convert SIC2007 codes to SIC92 codes;**

#### **IN0792DL - Industry division in last job**

**(01-60) Range of values**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.



**IN9207SL – Industry section in last job**

- (1) **A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (2) **B: Mining and quarrying**
- (3) **C: Manufacturing**
- (4) **D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply**
- (5) **E: Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities**
- (6) **F: Construction**
- (7) **G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles**
- (8) **H: Transportation and storage**
- (9) **I: Accommodation and food service activities**
- (10) **J: Information and communication**
- (11) **K: Financial and insurance activities**
- (12) **L: Real estate activities**
- (13) **M: Professional, scientific and technical activities**
- (14) **N: Administrative and support service activities**
- (15) **O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security**
- (16) **P: Education**
- (17) **Q: Human health and social work activities**
- (18) **R: Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (19) **S: Other service activities**
- (20) **T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services producing activities of households for own use**
- (21) **U: Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDUSTRY IN LAST JOB – SIC2007**

**INDSC07L - Industry sub-class in last job**

|                     |                                |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| (01.62/1 – 93.19/9) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| (-8)                | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| (-9)                | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from EVERWK, ICDM and STAT. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDC07L - Industry class in last job**

|               |                                |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| (01.11-99.00) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
|---------------|--------------------------------|

|      |                             |
|------|-----------------------------|
| (-8) | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>  |
| (-9) | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b> |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007 codes.

#### **INDG07L- Industry group in last job**

|               |                                |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| (01.1 – 99.0) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| (-8)          | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| (-9)          | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007 codes.

#### **INDD07L- Industry division in last job**

|         |                                |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| (01-99) | <b>Range of industry codes</b> |
| (-8)    | <b>Not Applicable (NA)</b>     |
| (-9)    | <b>Did Not Answer (DNA)</b>    |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007 codes.

#### **INDS07L- Industry section in last job**

- (1) **A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing**
- (2) **B: Mining and quarrying**
- (3) **C: Manufacturing**
- (4) **D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply**
- (5) **E: Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities**
- (6) **F: Construction**
- (7) **G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles**
- (8) **H: Transportation and storage**
- (9) **I: Accommodation and food service activities**
- (10) **J: Information and communication**
- (11) **K: Financial and insurance activities**
- (12) **L: Real estate activities**
- (13) **M: Professional, scientific and technical activities**
- (14) **N: Administrative and support service activities**
- (15) **O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security**
- (16) **P: Education**

- (17) **Q: Human health and social work activities**
- (18) **R: Arts, entertainment and recreation**
- (19) **S: Other service activities**
- (20) **T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services producing activities of households for own use**
- (21) **U: Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from INDSC07L. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full industry breakdown of both SIC92 & SIC2007 codes.

## **EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN LAST JOB**

### **STATLR - Employment status last job (reported)**

- (1) **Employee**
- (2) **Self-employed**
- (3) **Government scheme**
- (4) **Unpaid family worker**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NSTATL. NSTATL was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit STATLR supersedes the variable NSTATL.

The filter EVERWK = 1 is applied to the questionnaire variable STAT to distinguish between current/last job. STATR is employment status in current job as reported. STATLR is employment status in last job as reported.

### **MANAGLR - Managerial status last job (reported)**

- (1) **Manager**
- (2) **Foreman or supervisor**
- (3) **Not manager or supervisor**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees (STAT = 1).

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit MANAGLR supersedes the variables MANAGE & NMANAGEL. The filter EVERWK = 1 is applied to the questionnaire variable MANAGE to distinguish between current/last job. MANAGER is managerial status in current job as reported. MANAGLR is managerial status in last job as reported.

### **MPNLR02 - Number of employees last job (reported)**

- (1) **1-10**
- (2) **11-19**
- (3) **20-24**

- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents currently in work or who have worked in the last 8 years.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit MPNLR02 supersedes the variables MPNE02 & MPNS02. The filter EVERWK = 1 is applied to the questionnaire variables MPNO & MPN to distinguish between current/last job. MPNR02 is number of employees in current job as reported. MPNLR02 is number of employees in last job as reported.

This variable is derived from EVERWK, STAT & SOLO.

### **SOLOLR - Self-employed with or without employees last job (reported)**

- (1) On own, with partner(s) but no employees
- (2) With employees

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents currently in work or who have worked in the last 8 years.

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit SOLOR supersedes the variables NSOLOL & SOLO. The filter EVERWK = 1 is applied to the questionnaire variable SOLO to distinguish between current/last job. SOLOR is whether self-employed with/without employees in current job as reported. SOLOLR is whether self-employed with/without employees in last job as reported.

## **MAIN METHODS OF SEEKING WORK**

### **LKWFWM - Main method of looking for work in the last four weeks**

#### **Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Jobs & Benefit Centres
- (2) Visit a Job club
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers and journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work
- (14) Not looked in last 4 weeks

#### **Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Training and Employment Agency office
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Job club
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers and journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Studying situations vacant in newspapers or journals

- (8) **Apply directly to employers**
- (9) **Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs**
- (10) **Wait for the results of an application for a job**
- (11) **Look for premises or equipment**
- (12) **Seek any kind of permit**
- (13) **Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business**
- (14) **Do anything else to find work**
- (15) **Not looked in last 4 weeks**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are looking for work or a place on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** The category '(2) Visit a Careers office' was introduced in the Summer 94 quarter.

**METHMP(01-11) - Method of looking for work (employees or Government scheme)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Jobs & Benefit Centres
- (2) Visit a Jobclub
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Training and Employment Agency office
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Jobclub
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (8) Apply directly to employers
- (9) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (10) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for work as an employee or for a place on a government scheme in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** Respondents can give as many responses as there are categories, but these are not recorded in any order of priority; this is done in the variable MAINME.

As with LKWFWM the method of looking for work variables have been increased by one category '(2) Careers office' from Summer 94. This variable was called METHMP (0-9) from Spring 92 to Spring 94 and METHMP (00-10) from Summer 94 to Winter 96.

**METHSE(1-6) - Method of looking for work (self employment)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Spring 97 onwards**

- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (11) Look for premises or equipment
- (12) Seek any kind of permit
- (13) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for self-employed work in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** Respondents can give as many responses as there are categories, but these are not recorded in any order of priority; this is done in the variable MAINMS.

From Spring 92 to Winter 96 this variable was called METHSE(0-5).

**METHAL(01-14) - Method of looking for work (no preference)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Jobclub
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Jobclub
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (8) Apply directly to employers
- (9) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (10) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (11) Look for premises or equipment
- (12) Seek any kind of permit
- (13) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for work as an employee or self-employed in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** Respondents can give as many responses as there are categories, but these are not recorded in any order of priority; this is done in the variable MAINMA.

As with LKWFWM the method of looking for work variables have been increased by one category '(2) Careers office' from Summer 94. This variable was called METHAL(00-12) from Spring 92 to Spring 94 and METHAL (00-13) from Summer 94 to Winter 96.

**MAINME - Method of looking for work (employees or Government scheme)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Jobs & Benefit Centres
- (2) Visit a Jobclub
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre/Jobmarket or Training and Employment Agency office
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Jobclub
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (8) Apply directly to employers
- (9) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (10) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for work as an employee or for a place on a government scheme in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** As with LKWFWM all the method of looking for work variables have been increased by one category '(2) Careers office' from Summer 94.

This variable codes the main methods from the responses given in METHMP.

**MAINMS - Method of looking for work (self employment)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (11) Look for premises or equipment
- (12) Seek any kind of permit
- (13) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for self-employed work in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** As with LKWFWM all the method of looking for work variables have been increased by one category '(2) Careers office' from Summer 94.

This variable codes the main methods from the responses given in METHSE.



**MAINMA - Method of looking for work (no preference)**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Jobclub
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Jobclub
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (8) Apply directly to employers
- (9) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (10) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (11) Look for premises or equipment
- (12) Seek any kind of permit
- (13) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for work as an employee or self-employed in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** As with LKWFWM all the method of looking for work variables have been increased by one category '(2) Careers office' from Summer 94.

This variable codes the main responses given in METHAL.

**METHM - Main method of looking for work**

**Spring 92 to Spring 94**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Jobclub
- (3) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (4) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (5) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (6) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (7) Apply directly to employers
- (8) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (9) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (10) Look for premises or equipment
- (11) Seek any kind of permit
- (12) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (13) Do anything else to find work

**Summer 94 onwards**

- (1) Visit a Jobcentre
- (2) Visit a Careers office
- (3) Visit a Jobclub
- (4) Have your name on the books of a private employment agency
- (5) Advertise for jobs in newspapers or journals
- (6) Answer advertisements in newspapers and journals
- (7) Study situations vacant in newspapers or journals
- (8) Apply directly to employers
- (9) Ask friends, relatives, colleagues or trade unions about jobs
- (10) Wait for the results of an application for a job
- (11) Look for premises or equipment
- (12) Seek any kind of permit
- (13) Try to get a loan or other financial backing for a job or business
- (14) Do anything else to find work

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are looking for work or a place on a government scheme in the last four weeks.

**NOTES:** This variable combines the responses of MAINME, MAINMS, MAINMA to give one variable for the main method of seeking work.

**AVAILABILITY TO START WORK**

**WAIT - Whether waiting to take up job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents not looking for a place on a government scheme in the last four weeks or were not looking for work in the last four weeks and are aged between 16 and 69.

**NOTES:** This question identifies people who, although not looking for work, were waiting to take up a job already obtained. These people are classed as unemployed on the ILO definition if available to start work within 2 weeks. This variable also covers people up to 5 years above retirement age.

**JOBSEG - Whether will be starting new job**

- (1) Within three months
- (2) Later than three months

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who were waiting to take up a job already obtained (WAIT=1 OR JBAWAY = 3).

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets in Summer 02.

This variable identifies when a person is due to begin their new job.

**LIKEWK - Whether would like work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are not looking for work or a place on a government scheme in the last 4 weeks and not waiting to start work (WAIT = 2).

**NOLOWA (01-10) - Reasons for not looking for work in last 4 weeks**

- (1) Waiting for the results of an application for a job/being assessed by an ET training agent
- (2) Student
- (3) Looking after the family/home
- (4) Temporarily sick or injured
- (5) Long-term sick or disabled
- (6) Believes no jobs available
- (7) Not yet started looking
- (8) Doesn't need employment
- (9) Retired from paid work
- (10) Any other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16-69 who are not waiting to take up a job already obtained (WAIT = 2).

**NOTES:** NOLOWA and NOLWM replace the variables NOLOOK and NOWANT from Spring 05.

**NOLWM - Main reason not looking for work in last 4 weeks**

- (1) Waiting for the results of an application for a job/being assessed by an ET training agent
- (2) Student
- (3) Looking after the family/home
- (4) Temporarily sick or injured
- (5) Long-term sick or disabled
- (6) Believes no jobs available
- (7) Not yet started looking
- (8) Doesn't need employment
- (9) Retired from paid work
- (10) Any other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16-69 who are not waiting to take up a job already obtained and more than one response is given at NOLOWA.

**NOTES:** NOLOWA and NOLWM replace the variables NOLOOK and NOWANT from Spring 05.

**NOLWF - Not looking for work because of looking after family/home**

- (1) You were caring for children below school age
- (2) You were caring for other children
- (3) You were caring for a dependent adult relative
- (4) Or some other reason

**FREQUENCY:** OD or wave 1 only from Autumn 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 16-69 whose main reason for not looking for work is because they are looking after family/home (NOWLM = 3).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NOLOKF and NOWNTF.

**NWNCRE(1-2) - Reasons for not looking for work**

- (1) Care services for children are not available or affordable
- (2) Care services for ill, disabled or elderly adults are not available or affordable
- (3) Care facilities do not influence your decision for working part-time

**FREQUENCY:** OD quarters only from Autumn 05.

Wave 1 all quarters from JM 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did not look for work as they were looking after the family/home (NOLWF = 1,2 or 3).

**NOTES:** This variable is included on ONS datasets only.

The need for care services can be a need for normal working hours or for special periods of the day (e.g. early morning), or special periods of the year (e.g. school holidays).

**START - Whether could start work within the next two weeks**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were looking for work or a place on a government scheme in the last 4 weeks, those waiting to start a new job, those not seeking but would like a job and those who are seeking an additional or different paid job.

**YSTART - Reason could not start work within two weeks**

- (1) Must complete education
- (2) Cannot leave present job within 2 weeks
- (3) Looking after the family/home
- (4) Temporarily sick/injured
- (5) Long-term sick/injured
- (6) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not available to start work or take up a place on a government scheme in the 2 weeks after the reference week (START = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable only includes people in employment and inactive people. Due to a change in the routing from 1993 onwards the variable DIFJOB should be filtered on 'not = 1' to achieve continuity with 1992 data.

**FUTWK - Whether respondent thinks they will work in the future**

- (1) **Definitely (will work in future)**
- (2) **Probably (will work in future)**
- (3) **Probably not (work in future)**
- (4) **Definitely not (work in future)**
- (5) **Don't know/can't say**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who were not looking for paid work or waiting to start a new job or able to start a job in the next two weeks had they been looking (LOOK4 = 2 AND WAIT = 2 OR LOOK4 = 1 AND START = 2).

**FWKWEN - When respondent might work in the future**

- (1) **Within the next year**
- (2) **More than one year but less than five**
- (3) **More than five years**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who think they will work in the future or don't know FUTWK = 1,2 or 5.

**DETAILS OF JOB SEARCH**

**LKTIMA - How long looking for work**

- (1) **Not yet started**
- (2) **Less than 1 month**
- (3) **1 month but less than 3 months**
- (4) **3 months but less than 6 months**
- (5) **6 months but less than 12 months**
- (6) **12 months but less than 18 months**
- (7) **18 months but less than 2 years**
- (8) **2 years but less than 3 years**
- (9) **3 years but less than 4 years**
- (10) **4 years but less than 5 years**
- (11) **5 years or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are looking for paid work or a place on a government scheme but not waiting to take up a new job/business already obtained.

**LKTIMB - How long looking for work**

- (1) **Not yet started**
- (2) **Less than 1 month**
- (3) **1 month but less than 3 months**
- (4) **3 months but less than 6 months**
- (5) **6 months but less than 12 months**
- (6) **12 months but less than 18 months**
- (7) **18 months but less than 2 years**
- (8) **2 years but less than 3 years**
- (9) **3 years but less than 4 years**
- (10) **4 years but less than 5 years**

**(11) 5 years or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were waiting to start a new job/business or take up a place on a government scheme already obtained (WAIT = 1 or JBAWAY = 3).

**NOTES:** This question relates to how long the respondent was looking for paid work before getting a job/business.

**BEFOR - Activity before starting to look for work**

- (1) Working
- (2) In full-time education or training on a government scheme
- (3) Looking after the family/ home
- (4) Doing something else

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 98. Autumn quarter only in 99. Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents looking for work.

## **BENEFIT ENTITLEMENT**

**Introduction to benefits questions**

The questions contained within the Benefits Section are updated regularly to reflect any new benefits that have been introduced. It is felt that any discontinuity resultant from any question changes is more than compensated for by the increased depth and accuracy of the data now provided.

Comparison between the data collected by the LFS and administrative data collected by other Government departments shows that the LFS consistently undercounts benefit claimants.

**BENFTS - Whether claiming any State Benefits/Tax credits**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents that are in paid or unpaid work or are aged between 16 and 69.

**NOTES:** From 2001, those receiving Child Benefit are included.

**TPBEN09(1-9) - Type of benefit claimed**

- (1) Unemployment related benefits, NI credits
- (2) Income support (not as unemployed person)
- (3) Sickness or disability (including Employment and Support Allowance; excluding Disabled Persons Tax Credit)
- (4) State pension
- (5) Family related benefits (excluding child benefit & tax credits)
- (6) Child benefit
- (7) Housing/Council tax (GB), Rent/rate rebate (NI)
- (8) Tax credits
- (9) Other

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming benefits (BENFTS = 1).

**NOTES:** For 2009, Sickness or disability benefit includes Employment and Support Allowance. This variable replaces TPBEN03.

**TPBEN9(1-9) - Type of benefit claimed**

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from XTPBEN09 (1-9).

**UNEMBN(1-2) - Type of unemployment related benefit claiming**

- (1) **Job Seeker's Allowance**
- (2) **National Insurance Credits**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming unemployment related benefits or National Insurance credits (Spring 98 to Winter 2000: TYPBEN = 1; Spring 01 to Winter 02: TPBN01 = 1; From Spring 03: TPBEN3=1).

**JSATYP - Type of Job Seeker's Allowance**

- (1) **Contributory JSA**
- (2) **Income based JSA**
- (3) **Both**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming job seeker's allowance (Autumn 96 to Winter 97: UNBENA = 1 OR UNBENB = 1; From Spring 98: UNEMBN = 1).

**NOTES:** JSATYP replaced INCSUP from 7 October 1996.

**JSADUR - Length of time claiming Job Seekers Allowance and/or NI Credits**

- (1) **Less than 1 month**
- (2) **1 month but less than 3 months**
- (3) **3 months but less than 6 months**
- (4) **6 months but less than 12 months**
- (5) **12 months but less than 18 months**
- (6) **18 months but less than 2 years**
- (7) **2 years but less than 3 years**
- (8) **3 years but less than 4 years**
- (9) **4 years but less than 5 years**
- (10) **5 years or more**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming Job Seekers Allowance and/or National Insurance credits (Spring 98 to Winter 2000: TYPBEN = 1; Spring 01 to Winter 02: TPBN01 = 1; From Spring 03: TPBEN3=1).

**CLAIMS - Whether claiming unemployment related benefits**

- (1) **Claiming contributory JSA**
- (2) **Claiming income based JSA**
- (3) **Claiming both contributory and income based JSA**

- (4) **JSA type not stated**
- (5) **Claiming National Insurance credits**
- (6) **Not claiming unemployment related benefits**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from AGE, WRKING, JBAWAY, OWNBUS, RELBUS, BENFTS, XTPBN09, UNEMBN & JSATYP.

**INCSUP - Whether claiming income support in reference week**

**Spring 92 to Autumn 96**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**Spring 98 onwards**

- (1) **Sick Person**
- (2) **Pensioner**
- (3) **Lone Parent**
- (4) **Any other form of Income Support**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Autumn 96. Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming income support, but not as unemployed person (Spring 92 to Winter 97: UNBENA = 2 or UNBENB = 2; Spring 98 to Winter 00: TYPBEN = 2; Spring 01 to Winter 02: TPBN01 = 2; From Spring 03: TPBEN3 = 2).

**NOTES:** This question identifies people who are registered as ILO unemployed and are claiming Income Support but not Unemployment Benefit. This variable should not be used on its own or with UNBENA or NICRED to identify individual benefits. All these variables are used to give a total number of claimants from the series of questions; see CLAIM. INCSUP is not asked after 7 October 1996 when it was replaced by JSATYP, however, from Spring 98 the categories in INCSUP changed and only applies to people who are receiving Income Support not as an unemployed person.

**SKDSBN9(1-7) - Type of sickness or disability benefit claimed**

- (1) **Incapacity Benefit**
- (2) **Severe Disablement Allowance**
- (3) **Employment and Support Allowance**
- (4) **Statutory Sick Pay**
- (5) **Invalid Care Allowance**
- (7) **Disability Living Allowance**
- (8) **Attendance Allowance**
- (9) **Industrial Injuries Disablement Allowance**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming sickness or disability benefit (TPBEN3 = 3).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SKDSBN3(1-7), with options 3 now valid with Employment and Support Allowance option. However 6 is still no longer valid.

**PENBEN3(1-3) - Type of state pension claimed**

- (1) **Retirement or Old Age Pension**
- (2) **Widowed Parent's Allowance**
- (3) **Bereavement Allowance or Widow's Pension**
- (4) **War Disablement Pension or War Widow's Pension (including any related allowances)**



**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming pension related benefits (TPBEN3 = 4).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces PENBEN(1-3). This question was changed to incorporate new State Pensions.

**FAMILY03(1-3) - Type of family related benefit claimed**

- (1) **Guardian's Allowance**
- (4) **Maternity Allowance**
- (5) **Statutory Maternity Pay**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming family related benefits (TPBEN3 = 5).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces FAMILY(1-4).

**HSNGGB(1-2) - Whether receiving Housing Benefit or Council Tax Benefit (GB)**

- (1) **Housing Benefit**
- (2) **Council Tax Benefit**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming housing or council tax benefit (Spring 98 to Winter 00: TYPBEN = 6; Spring 01 to Winter 02: TPBN01 = 7; From Spring 03: TPBEN3 = 7).

**HSNGNI - Whether receiving rent or rate rebate (NI)**

- (1) **Rent or rate rebate**
- (2) **Rate rebate**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are claiming housing or council tax benefit (Spring 98 to Winter 00: TYPBEN = 6; Spring 01 to Winter 02: TPBN01 = 7; From Spring 03: TPBEN3 = 7).

Respondents can only record a single response to this question from Spring 03 onwards. Prior to this, up to 2 responses were recorded.

**NTAXCRD5 - Tax credit payments**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are working or if child tax credit is not recorded elsewhere and claiming benefits (BENFTS = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets, and was previously called NTAXCRD[1-4].

**CCTC5 - Child care tax credit**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2006

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in receipt of Working Tax Credit or Child Tax Credit (NTAXCRD5 = Yes)

**NOTES:** Between Autumn 2001 and Spring 2006 this variable was called CCTC.

## **EMPLOYMENT TWELVE MONTHS AGO**

### **OYCIRC - Circumstances twelve months ago**

- (1) Working in a paid job or business
- (2) Laid off, or on short time at firm
- (3) Unemployed, actively seeking work
- (4) On a special government scheme
- (5) Doing unpaid work for yourself or a relative
- (6) A full-time student or pupil
- (7) Looking after the family home
- (8) Temporarily sick or injured
- (9) Long-term sick or disabled
- (10) Retired from paid work
- (11) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** The results of this variable will differ from present economic activity, as it is based on recall and the respondent's assessment rather than through a series of questions.

### **OYSIND - Whether working for same firm twelve months ago**

- (1) Yes, the same
- (2) No, different

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had a paid job or were laid off/on short time work or worked unpaid in own/relatives business 12 months ago (OYCIRC = 1, 2 or 5).

### **OYSOCC - Whether current occupation same as twelve months ago**

- (1) Yes, exactly the same
- (2) No, different

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 2000. Spring quarters only from Spring 01 (on ONS datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had a paid job or were laid off/on short time work 12 months ago (OYCIRC = 1 or 2).

### **OYSTAT - Employee or self-employed 1 year ago (reported)**

- (1) Working as employee
- (2) Self-employed

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had a paid job or were laid off/on short time work 12 months ago (OYCIRC = 1 or 2).

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NOYSTAT. NOYSTAT was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit OYSTAT supersedes the variable NOYSTAT.

**OYSUPVI - Supervisory responsibilities 1 year ago**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were employees 12 months ago (OYSTAT = 1).

**OYMNGE - Managerial duties 1 year ago (reported)**

- (1) Manager
- (2) Foreman or supervisor
- (3) Not manager or supervisor

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were employees 12 months ago (OYSTAT = 1).

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NOYMNGE. NOYMNGE was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit OYMNGE supersedes the variable NOYMNGE.

If respondents have both managerial and supervisory duties then their main duty is recorded.

**OYMPR02 - Number of employees at workplace 1 year ago (reported)**

- (1) 1-10
- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were employees 12 months ago (OYSTAT = 1).

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit OYMPR02 supersedes the variables OYMPE02 & OYMPS02. OYMPR02 is number of employees at workplace one year ago as reported.

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

This variable records the total number of employees at the respondent's workplace, not just the number employed within the particular section/department he/she works in.

**OYMPE02 - Number of employees where worked 1 year ago**

- (1) 1-10

- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 02.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were employees 12 months ago (OYSTAT = 1).

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit OYMPR02 supersedes the variables OYMPE02 & OYMPS02.

The notes for OYMPR02 also apply to this variable.

**OYSOLO - On own or with employees 1 year ago (reported)**

- (1) Alone or with partner(s) but not employees
- (2) With employees

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were self-employed 12 months ago (OYSTAT = 2).

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Winter 00, this variable was called NOYSOLO. NOYSOLO was processed through the Census Matrix Edit which checks the respondents occupation and their employment status for inconsistencies. With the removal of the edit OYSOLO supersedes the variable NOYSOLO.

Self-employed people who use only other self-employed people in the business they run (e.g. builders) are coded 1.

**OYMPS02 - Number of people employed 1 year ago**

- (1) 1-10
- (2) 11-19
- (3) 20-24
- (4) Don't know but under 25
- (5) 25-49
- (6) 50-249
- (7) 250-499
- (8) Don't know but between 50 and 499
- (9) 500 or more

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 02.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were self-employed 12 months ago (OYSOLO = 2).

**NOTES:** With the removal of the Census Matrix Edit OYMPR02 supersedes the variables OYMPE02 & OYMPS02.

The notes for OYMPR02 also apply to this variable.

**OYFTPT - Full or part time in job twelve months ago**

- (1) Full time
- (2) Part time

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who had a paid job or were laid off/on short time work 12 months ago (OYCIRC = 1 or 2).

## **OCCUPATION TWELVE MONTHS AGO**

### **SOC100 - Occupation 1 year ago**

**(1111-9279) Range of occupation codes**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOC2KO. This variable is derived from OYSOCC, OCOD10M, STAT, OCOD100 & OYSTAT.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

### **SC100MJ - Major occupation group 1 year ago**

- (13) 'Managers, Directors And Senior Officials'**
- 2 'Professional Occupations'**
- 3 'Associate Professional And Technical Occupations'**
- 4 'Administrative And Secretarial Occupations'**
- 5 'Skilled Trades Occupations'**
- 6 'Caring, Leisure And Other Service Occupations'**
- 7 'Sales And Customer Service Occupations'**
- 8 'Process, Plant And Machine Operatives'**
- 9 'Elementary Occupations'.**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KOMJ and is derived from SOC100.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

### **SC100MN - Occupation 1 year ago – minor group**

**(111-927) Range of Occupation Codes**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SC2KOMN and is derived from SOC100.

LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of occupation codes.

## **INDUSTRY TWELVE MONTHS AGO: CONVERSION VARIABLE**

### **To convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes**

The SIC 2007 industry coding frame has been introduced to replace the existing SIC 1992 version. In order to maintain some continuity the following variables are available to convert SIC92 codes to SIC2007 codes.

### **IN9207DO – Industry division in job twelve months ago**

**(01-99) Range of values**

**FREQUENCY:** April to June quarters only from January 2009.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. SIC92 to SIC2007 conversion variables are also available for 3 years (2006-2008) of back-series data in SPSS and SAS. This variable is derived from INDSC07O. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**To convert SIC2007 codes to SIC92 codes**

**IN0792DO – Industry division in job twelve months ago**

(01-60)                      Range of values

**FREQUENCY:** April to June quarters only from January 2009.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did no work in the reference week and were not away from any job or business but have worked in the past 8 years.

**NOTES:** This conversion variable gives reasonable comparisons, **not exact conversions**. This variable is derived from INDSC07O. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives full industry breakdowns for both SIC92 & SIC2007.

**INDSC07O- Industry sub-class in job twelve months ago**

(01.62/1 – 93.19/9)              Range of industry codes  
 (-8)                                      Not Applicable (NA)  
 (-9)                                      Did Not Answer (DNA)

**FREQUENCY:** April to June quarters from 2009.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** From JM08 the industrial coding classifications (SIC92) have been completely updated (SIC2007). LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of Industry codes.

This variable is derived from OYSIND, ICDM & OYICD07.

**INDD07O- Industry division in job twelve months ago**

(01 – 99)                      Range of industry codes  
 (-8)                                      Not Applicable (NA)  
 (-9)                                      Did Not Answer (DNA)

**FREQUENCY:** April to June quarters only from January 2009.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 and over.

**NOTES:** From JM08 the industrial coding classifications (SIC92) have been completely updated (SIC2007). LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of Industry codes.

This variable is derived from INDSC07O.

## **EDUCATION AND TRAINING**

As part of the wider 'Education and Training Review', the LFS education section has been subject to various workshops, user consultation and testing over the past 18 months with the aim of redeveloping the education section and improving data collection. BIS commissioned the National Centre for Social Research (NatCen) to conduct some testing and the results from this work fed into the annual testing conducted by ONS in a cognitive interviewing exercise and a full dress rehearsal.

The 2011 Dress Rehearsal sees the inclusion of a revised education and qualifications section. The new section has been ordered chronologically and will broadly cover:

- Qualification gained from outside the UK
- Qualifications gained from school or home schooling
- Qualifications gained from college or university
- Qualifications gained from work
- Qualifications gained from a government scheme
- Qualifications gained in some other way
- Qualifications that the respondent is currently working towards

A new Qualifications and Credits Framework (QCF) was introduced in late 2008. The QCF is replacing all existing vocational qualifications with re-named qualifications. QCF qualification titles are branded only in terms of Level (level 1-8) and Size (award, certificate, diploma) of achievement, as well as the subject. There is no mention of the QCF. However, some qualification titles may make reference to the previous branding (e.g. BTEC, NVQ, City and Guilds, etc). Education questions have been changed to allow these new qualifications to be recorded.

Degree qualifications: First degrees including Bachelor of Arts (BA) and Bachelor of Science (BSc). Some first degrees are awarded with honours and classified as first class, second class etc. These remain as first degrees and should not be confused with higher degrees (Mas, PhDs etc.). However, Mas from Scottish Universities (other than Strathclyde), Oxford and Cambridge are classified as first degrees.

BTEC, BEC and TEC Certificates and Diplomas: BEC (Business Education Council) and TEC (Technical Education Council) qualifications have replaced ONC/OND and HNC/HND qualifications.

CSE/GCSE: Note that a CSE grade 1 is the equivalent of an O-level and is coded as such. All GCSE's irrespective of grade are coded as such.

Scottish Qualifications: Abbreviations for the Scottish equivalents of BTEC, BEC and TEC and A and O levels are included. From 1985 SCOTBEC and SCOTEC have been merged to form SCOTVEC (Vocational Educational Certificate). This qualification can be a higher certificate, a national certificate, or a national certificate module.

A system of national vocational qualifications called NVQs (SVQs in Scotland) are comprised of levels which are subdivided into units. A list of the qualifications which make up the relevant NVQ levels is shown in Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) of the LFS User Guide.

In Spring 1996 & Spring 2004 the educational qualifications questions in the LFS were changed to provide more detailed information. Inevitably such improvements in data can lead to discontinuities. The changes made to these questions were sufficiently large enough to warrant a change in name. Please see individual variable notes for details.

Please note that due to an error in the routing to the education section in the JM11 and AJ11 questionnaires, the education section which should have been asked of those aged 16-69 or older and in employment was only asked of those aged 16-64 or older and in employment. 65-69 year olds who should have been asked these questions were not and there will be more missing education data in JM11, AJ11 (and some impact on JS11 for DBF cases). This issue should stop impacting the data from OD11.



From JM11 we collect more information on foreign qualifications that are recognised in the UK ;we can use this to assign more accurate levels of highest qualification. Therefore a large number of respondents who previously ended up as 'other' on the HIQUAL and LEVQUAL DV's are now assigned to appropriate qualifications/levels. This means that there is a clear break in the education time series as we see the numbers classified as 'other' dropping and from JM11 and certain qualification/levels absorbing these cases which are now assigned to a qualification/level. This should improve the accuracy of the data but affects the comparability of qualifications over time.

## **Foreign Qualifications**

### **FORQUAL – whether any qualifications outside the UK**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those aged between 16 and 69, or those aged 69+ who are working

### **QLFOR11 – where the qualifications outside the UK were gained**

- (1) from school or home-schooling?
- (2) from college or university?
- (3) related to work?
- (4) from government schemes?
- (5) gained in your leisure time, or by teaching yourself?
- (6) in some other way?
- (8) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has foreign qualifications.

### **QUALUK – highest qualification, in or outside the UK**

- (1) In the UK
- (2) Outside the UK
- (3) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has foreign qualifications.

### **QUALRE – is highest qualification recognised outside the UK?**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Recognition being applied for/process underway
- (4) Recognition not attempted

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent gained their highest qualification outside of the UK

**FORTYP11 – type of qualification**

- (1) Degree level qualification, or higher
- (2) Higher qualification below degree level
- (3) A-level/Vocational A-level or equivalent
- (4) AS-level/Vocational AS-level or equivalent
- (5) International Baccalaureate
- (6) O-levels or equivalent
- (7) GCSE/Vocational GCSE or equivalent
- (8) Other work-related or professional qualification
- (9) School Leavers Certificate
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if qualification is (or may be) recognised in the UK

**FORSUB – subject/title/awarding body of this qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if foreign qualification is an other work-related or professional qualification.

**UK-Gained Qualifications**

**QULCHUK – source of any qualifications from UK**

- (1) from school or home-schooling?
- (2) from college or university?
- (3) related to work?
- (4) from government schemes?
- (5) gained in your leisure time, or by teaching yourself?
- (6) in some other way?
- (7) no qualifications
- (8) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those aged between 16 and 69, or those aged 69+ who are working

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QUALCH9(1-7).

**QULCH11(1-6) Qualifications currently held from UK and abroad**

- (1) From school or home-schooling
- (2) From college or university
- (3) Related to work
- (4) From Government schemes
- (5) Leisure Time
- (6) Obtained in some other way
- (7) None
- (8) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have gained either UK or foreign qualifications.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QUALCH9(1-7). This is a derived variable and amalgamates responses to QLFOR11 and QUALCHUK.

**SCQUAL – qualifications gained from school, home- schooling**

- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat'I A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Baccalaureate
- (13) International Baccalaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ
- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat'I AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat'I GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has UK-gained qualifications from school

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULS10(01-20).

**UNIQUAL – all qualifications from college or university**

- (1) Degree level qualify. Incl. foundation degrees, graduate membership of a profess'I institute, PGCE, or higher
- (2) Diploma in Higher Education
- (3) HNC/HND
- (4) ONC/OND
- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (7) Teaching qualify. (excl. PGCE)
- (8) Nursing or other medical qualify. Not yet mentioned
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat'I A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Baccalaureate
- (13) International Baccalaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ

- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat'I AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat'I GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has UK-gained qualifications from college or university

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULS10(01-20).

**WOQUAL – all qualifications related to work**

- (1) Degree level □ualify. Incl. foundation degrees, graduate memb'ship of a profess'I institute, PGCE, or higher
- (2) Diploma in Higher Education
- (3) HNC/HND
- (4) ONC/OND
- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (7) Teaching □ualify. (excl. PGCE)
- (8) Nursing or other medical □ualify. Not yet mentioned
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat'I A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Baccalaureate
- (13) International Baccalaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ
- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat'I AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat'I GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has UK-gained qualifications related to work

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULS10(01-20).

**GSQUAL – all qualifications form Government schemes**

- 1 Degree level qualify. Incl. foundation degrees, graduate memb'ship of a profess'l institute, PGCE, or higher
- 2 Diploma in Higher Education
- 3 HNC/HND
- 4 ONC/OND
- 5 BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- 6 SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- 7 Teaching qualify. (excl. PGCE)
- 8 Nursing or other medical qualify. Not yet mentioned
- 9 Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- 10 A-Level/Vocat'l A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- 11 New Diploma
- 12 Welsh Bacculaureate
- 13 International Bacculaureate
- 14 NVQ/SVQ
- 15 GNVQ/GSVQ
- 16 AS-level/Vocat'l AS-Level or equiv.
- 17 Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- 18 Access to HE
- 19 O-Level or equiv.
- 20 Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- 21 GCSE/Vocat'l GCSE
- 22 CSE
- 23 Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- 24 RSA/OCR
- 25 City and Guilds
- 26 YT Certificate
- 27 Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- 28 Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- 29 Entry Level Qualifications
- 30 Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- 31 Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has UK-gained qualifications from Government Schemes

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULS10(01-20).

**OTQUAL – qualifications gained from leisure time**

- (1) Degree level qualify. Incl. foundation degrees, graduate memb'ship of a profess'l institute, PGCE, or higher
- (2) Diploma in Higher Education
- (3) HNC/HND
- (4) ONC/OND
- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (7) Teaching qualify. (excl. PGCE)

- (8) Nursing or other medical ualify. Not yet mentioned
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat'l A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Baccalaureate
- (13) International Baccalaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ
- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat'l AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat'l GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** If respondent has UK-gained 'other' qualifications

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULS10(01-20).

**QUAL\_1 - Whether Degree level qualification including foundation degrees, graduate membership of a professional institute, PGCE, or higher obtained**

- (1) Yes
- (0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_2 - Whether Diploma in higher education obtained**

- (1) Yes
- (0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_3 - Whether HNC/HND obtained**

- (1) Yes
- (0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_4 - Whether ONC/OND obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_5 - Whether BECTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_6 - Whether SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_7 - Whether Teaching qualification (excluding PGCE) obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_8 - Whether Nursing or other medical qualification not yet mentioned obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_9 - Whether Other Higher Education qualification below degree level obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_10 - Whether A-level/Vocational A-level/GCE in applied subjects or equivalents obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_11 - Whether New Diploma obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_12 - Whether Welsh Baccalaureate obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_13 - Whether International Baccalaureate obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_14 - Whether NVQ/SVQ obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11



**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_15 - Whether GNVQ/GSVQ obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_16 - Whether AS-level/Vocational AS-level or equivalent obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_17 - Whether Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> year studies (CSYS) or equivalent obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_18 - Whether Access to HE obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_19 - Whether O-level or equivalent obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_20 - Whether Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/ Lower (Scotland) obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_21 - Whether GCSE/Vocational GCSE obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_22 - Whether CSE obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_23 - Whether Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualifications (Scotland) obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_24 - Whether Advanced RSA/OCR qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_25 - Whether Advanced City and Guilds qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_26 - Whether YT Certificate qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_27 - Whether Key skills/Core skills (Scotland) qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_28 - Whether Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/language) qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_29 - Whether Entry Level qualifications qualification obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_30 - Whether Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry Level and Levels 1 to 8 obtained**

(1) Yes  
(0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QUAL\_31 - Whether Any other professional / work related qualification obtained**

- (1) Yes
- (0) No

**FREQUENCY** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** This variable amalgamates the responses given at SCQUAL, UNIQUAL, WOQUAL, GSQUAL and OTQUAL in order to identify whether a respondent has received this particular qualification.

**QLYR11 – all qualifications gained in the last 12 months**

- (1) Degree level □ualify. Incl. foundation degrees, graduate memb’ship of a profess’l institute, PGCE, or higher
- (2) Diploma in Higher Education
- (3) HNC/HND
- (4) ONC/OND
- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (7) Teaching □ualify. (excl. PGCE)
- (8) Nursing or other medical □ualify. Not yet mentioned
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif’s below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat’l A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Baccalaureate
- (13) International Baccalaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ
- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat’l AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6<sup>th</sup> Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat’l GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif’s (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification
- (32) None in last 12 months

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents aged 19+ who have UK-gained qualifications

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QLYR10

**DEGREE7 Type of degree already held**

- (1) A higher degree (including PGCE)
- (2) A first degree

- (3) **A foundation degree**
- (4) **A graduate membership of a professional institution**
- (5) **Other**
- (6) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a degree qualification (QUALS6 =1).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces DEGREE4. This question has changed from a single code to a multiple response question. If respondents have more than degree, details regarding the highest level degree they have are recorded. If respondents have more than one degree at the same level, details regarding the first degree obtained at that level (i.e. the earliest degree they obtained) are recorded.

**HIGHO - Type of higher degree**

- (1) **Doctorate**
- (2) **Masters**
- (3) **Postgraduate Certificate in Education**
- (4) **Other postgraduate degree or professional qualification**
- (5) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a higher degree.

**SINCOMN - Whether nursing qualification is single or combined subject**

- (1) **Single Subject**
- (2) **Combined Subject in one subject area**
- (3) **Combined Subject in more than one subject area**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have an undergraduate or first degree

**NOTES:** SINCOMN, FDSINCOM and HDSINCOM replaced in SINCOM in JM12. . From JM12, those who have a nursing qualification will be routed to this question.

**FDSINCOM - Whether undergraduate degree is single or combined subject**

- (1) **Single Subject**
- (2) **Combined Subject in one subject area**
- (3) **Combined Subject in more than one subject area**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have an undergraduate or first degree

**NOTES:** SINCOMN, FDSINCOM and HDSINCOM replaced in SINCOM in JM12. From JM12, those who have an undergraduate qualification will be routed to this question.

**HDSINCOM - Whether higher degree is single or combined subject**

- (1) **Single Subject**
- (2) **Combined Subject in one subject area**
- (3) **Combined Subject in more than one subject area**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have a higher qualification.

**NOTES:** SINCOMN, FDSINCOM and HDSINCOM replaced in SINCOM in JM12. From JM12, those who have a higher qualification will be routed to this question.

**FDSUBJ -Subject studied at undergraduate degree**

**Free Text**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an undergraduate degree.

**NOTES:** From JM12 FDSUBJ, HDSUBJCT and SUBJCTN replaced SUBJECT.

**HDSUBJCT -Subject studied at higher level**

**Free Text**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a higher degree

**NOTES:** From JM12 FDSUBJ, HDSUBJCT and SUBJCTN replaced SUBJECT.

**SUBJCTN -Subject studied for nursing qualification**

**Free Text**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a nursing qualification.

**NOTES:** From JM12 FDSUBJ, HDSUBJCT and SUBJCTN replaced SUBJECT.

**SNGDEGN - Coding frame for single subject (nursing qualifications)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a single subject

**NOTES:** SNGDEGN, FDSNGDEG and SNGHD replaced SNGDEG in JM12. From JM12, those who have a nursing qualification will be routed to this question.

**FDSNGDEG - Coding frame for single subject (undergraduate degrees)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a single subject

**NOTES:** SNGDEGN, FDSNGDEG and SNGHD replaced SNGDEG in JM12. From JM12, those who have an undergraduate qualification will be routed to this question.

**SNGHD - Coding frame for single subject (higher degrees)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a single subject

**NOTES:** SNGDEGN, FDSNGDEG and SNGHD replaced SNGDEG in JM12. From JM12 this collects information about higher degree qualifications only.

**CMBDEGN - Nursing subject areas**

- (1) **Medicine**

- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**
- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**
- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a combined subject in one or more subject areas

**NOTES:** In JM12 CMBDEGN, FDCMBD and CMBHD replaced CMBDEG. From JM12, those who have a nursing qualification will be routed to this question.

**FDCMBD -Undergraduate subject areas**

- (1) **Medicine**
- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**
- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**
- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a combined subject in one or more subject areas

**NOTES:** In JM12 CMBDEGN, FDCMBD and CMBHD replaced CMBDEG. From JM12, those who have an undergraduate qualification will be routed to this question.

**CMBHD -Higher degree subject areas**

- (1) **Medicine**
- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**

- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**
- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose undergraduate degree is a combined subject in one or more subject areas

**NOTES:** In JM12 CMBDEGN, FDCMBD and CMBHD replaced CMBDEG. From JM12, those who have a higher qualification will be routed to this question.

#### **CMBMAINN - Nursing main subject area**

- (1) **Medicine**
- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**
- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**
- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose qualification spans more than one subject area

**NOTES:** In JM12 FDCMBMA, CMBHDMA and CMBMAINN replaced CMBMAIN. From JM12, those who have a nursing qualification will be routed to this question.

#### **FDCMBMA -Undergraduate main subject area**

- (1) **Medicine**
- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**
- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**



- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose qualification spans more than one subject area

**NOTES:** In JM12 FDCMBMA, CMBHDMA and CMBMAINN replaced CMBMAIN. From JM12, those who have an undergraduate qualification will be routed to this question.

**CMBHDMA -Higher degree main subject area**

- (1) **Medicine**
- (2) **Medical related Subjects**
- (3) **Biological Sciences**
- (4) **Agricultural Sciences**
- (5) **Physical/Environmental Sciences**
- (6) **Mathematical I Sciences and Computing**
- (7) **Engineering**
- (8) **Technology**
- (9) **Agriculture and related subjects**
- (10) **Social Sciences (including Law)**
- (11) **Business and Financial Studies**
- (12) **Librarianship and Information Studies**
- (13) **Linguistics, English, Celtic and Ancient Languages**
- (14) **European Languages**
- (15) **Other Languages**
- (16) **Humanities**
- (17) **Arts**
- (18) **Education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents whose qualification spans more than one subject area

**NOTES:** In JM12 FDCMBMA, CMBHDMA and CMBMAINN replaced CMBMAIN. From JM12, those who have a higher degree qualification will be routed to this question.

**UGINST -Institution coding frame (undergraduate)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have an undergraduate degree

**NOTES:** New for JM12. Available on ONS and government data sets only.

**PGINST -Institution coding frame (higher)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have a higher degree

**NOTES:** New for JM12. Available on ONS and government data sets only.

**FDINST -Institution studied at (undergraduate)**

**Free text**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have an undergraduate degree

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**HDINST -Institution studies at (higher)**

**Free Text**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have a higher degree

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**DEGCLS7 - Class of first degree achieved**

- (1) **First**
- (2) **Upper Second / 2i (2:1)**
- (3) **Lower Second / 2ii (2:2)**
- (4) **Third**
- (5) **Pass**
- (6) **Other**
- (7) **Don't Know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a first degree qualification (DEGREE7 = 2).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces DEGCLS. If respondents have more than one first degree, details of the highest degree class they achieved are recorded.

**CRYDEG – UK country where highest degree was obtained**

- (1) **England**
- (2) **Wales**
- (3) **Scotland**
- (4) **Northern Ireland**
- (5) **Other country (not UK)**
- (6) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies if the respondent has a higher degree, first degree, foundation degree or other degree (DEGREE7=1, 2, 3 or 5)

**TEACH4(1-6) - Type of teaching qualifications already held**

- (1) **Further education**
- (2) **Key stage 4**
- (3) **Key stage 3**
- (4) **Key stage 2**
- (5) **Key stage 1**
- (6) **Foundation stage**
- (7) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a teaching qualification or a PGCE (QUALS4 = 7 OR HIGHO = 3).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces TEACH(1-3).

Key stage terminology may be unfamiliar to those trained in Scotland and those who trained a long time ago and are no longer teaching. The table below helps translate Key stages:

| England & Wales       |       |             |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------|
|                       | Age   | Key Stage   |
| Early Years Education | 3-5   | Foundation  |
| Primary Education     | 5-7   | Key Stage 1 |
|                       | 7-11  | Key Stage 2 |
| Secondary Education   | 11-14 | Key Stage 3 |
|                       | 14-16 | Key Stage 4 |

#### **NUMAL - Number of A levels or equivalent**

- (1) **One A-level or equivalent**
- (2) **Or more than one**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have an A-level qualification.

#### **NUMAS - Number of AS levels**

- (1) **1 AS level**
- (2) **2 or 3 AS levels**
- (3) **4 or more passes at this level**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a AS-level qualification.

#### **TYPHST(1-5) - Highest National Qualification**

- (1) **Access level**
- (2) **Intermediate Level 1**
- (3) **Intermediate Level 2**
- (4) **Higher**
- (5) **Advanced Higher**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn and Winter quarters only in 2000 (on ONS datasets). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a Scottish National qualification.

**NOTES:** From Spring 04, respondents can record up to 5 options. Prior to this only a single response was recorded.

#### **ADVHST - Whether respondent has one or more Advanced Higher**

- (1) **One Advanced Higher**
- (2) **or more than one?**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn and Winter quarters only in 2000 (on ONS datasets). Each quarter from Spring 01.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have an advanced Scottish National qualification (TYPHST= 5).

**HST - Whether respondent has three or more Highers**

- (1) **Three or more highers**
- (2) **or fewer than three**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn and Winter quarters only in 2000 (on ONS datasets). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a higher Scottish National qualification or an advanced higher Scottish national qualification.

**WLSHBC8- Level of Welsh Baccalaureate**

- (1) **At the foundation level**
- (2) **At the intermediate level**
- (3) **Or advanced level**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a Welsh Baccalaureate (QUALS4 = 12).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces WLSHBC.

**QGCSE4(1-5) - Type of GCSE or equivalent held below grade C/1**

- (1) **GCSE's below grade C**
- (2) **CSE's below grade 1**
- (3) **Standard grades 4-7/O grades below C**
- (4) **Scottish NQ's Intermediate 1 below grade A**
- (5) **Scottish NQ's Intermediate 2 below grade D**
- (6) **None of these**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a standard/O grades, GCSE, CSE or Scottish National qualifications .

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QGCSE.

**GCSEFUL(1-5) - Type of GCSE or equivalent held above grade C/1**

- (1) **GCSE's grade C or above**
- (2) **CSE's grade 1**
- (3) **Standards grade 3 or above/O grades C or above**
- (4) **Scottish NQ's Intermediate 1 grade A or above**
- (5) **Scottish NQ's Intermediate 2 grade D or above**
- (6) **None of these**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a standard/O grades, GCSE, CSE or Scottish National Qualifications.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GSCE.

**GCSE4- Whether respondent has following qualifications**

- (1) **GCSE's grade C or above?**
- (2) **CSE's grade 1?**
- (3) **Standards grade 3 or above/O grades C or above?**
- (4) **Intermediate 1 grade A or above?**
- (5) **Intermediate 2 grade D or above**
- (6) **None of these**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a standard/O grades, GCSE or CSE qualification or Scottish National Qualifications.

**NUMOL5 - Number of O level/GCSE passes etc already held**

- (1) **Fewer than five**
- (2) **Or five or more**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said they had GCSEs grade C or above, CSEs grade 1, Standards grades 3 or above/O grades C or above, Intermediate Scottish National Qualifications, or GCE O levels.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NUMOL4 from Spring 05.

**NUMOL5O - Number of O level, GCSE etc passes held if less than 5**

- (1) **One or two**
- (2) **Three or four**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have fewer than 5 O-level, GCSE etc passes .

**NUMOL5F - Number of O level, GCSE etc passes held if 5 or more**

- (1) **Five to seven**
- (2) **Eight or more**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 05

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have more than 5 O-level, GCSE etc passes .

**MEGCSE- GCSE including Maths and English**

- (1) **Maths**
- (2) **English**
- (3) **Both**
- (4) **Neither**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have 5 or more O-level, GCSE etc passes.

**BTE11 –... Is your highest BTEC/BEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification**

- (1) at higher level (level 4 or higher)
- (2) at National Certificate or National Diploma level (level 3)?
- (3) a first diploma or general diploma (level 2)?
- (4) a first certificate or general certificate (below level 2)?
- (5) Other BTEC/BEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification
- (6) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL

**NOTES:** This variable replaces BTEC8.

**BTACD –... Was your highest BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification an**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL is categorised as OTHER at BTE11

**BTLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL is categorised as OTHER at BTE11

**BTSUBJ – subject/title/awarding body of BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL qualification?**

**Free text input (max 250 characters)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at BTE11

**BTCTH11 - - any BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualifications below...**

- (1) at National Certificate or National Diploma level (level 3)?
- (2) a first diploma or general diploma (level 2)?
- (3) a first certificate or general certificate (below level 2)?
- (4) other BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification
- (5) None of these
- (6) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces BTECOTH

**BTCOTLA – type of BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualifications**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification

**BTCOTLB – levels of BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification

**VOCYRB - when highest SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC obtained**

- (1) ...2009 or earlier
- (2) ...2010 or later

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC

**SCTVC11 – level of highest SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification**

- (1) higher level (level 4)?
- (2) a full National Certificate(level 3)?

- (3) a first diploma or general diploma (level 2)?
- (4) a first certificate or general certificate (below level 2)?
- (5) modules towards a National Certificate?
- (6) other SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SCTVEC

#### **SCACD – type of highest SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC is categorised as OTHER at SCTVC11

#### **SCLEV – level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC is categorised as OTHER at SCTVC11

#### **SCSUBJ – subject/title/awarding body of this SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification**

**Free text input (max 250 characters)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC is categorised as OTHER at SCTVC11

#### **STCOT11 - any SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualifications below...**

- (1) a full National Certificate(level 3)?
- (2) a first diploma or general diploma (level 2)?
- (3) a first certificate or general certificate (below level 2)?



- (4) modules towards a National Certificate?
- (5) other SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification
- (6) None of these
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces STECOTH

**STECOTH- Other SCTVEC qualifications**

- (1) A full National Certificate level (level 3)?
- (2) A first diploma or general diploma (level 2) ?
- (3) A first certificate or general certificate (below level 2)?
- (4) Modules towards a National Certificate?
- (5) None of these
- (6) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07.to OD10

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC qualification and their highest SCOTVEC qualification is at the higher level, National Certificate or National Diploma level, a first diploma or general diploma or a first certificate or general certificate.

**STCOTLA – type of SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualifications an...**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification

**STCOTLB – levels of SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC qualification

**VOCYRC – year of highest RSA/OCR qualification**

- (1) ...2009 or earlier
- (2) ...2010 or later

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an RSA/OCR qualification

**QDIPTYP- Level of New Diploma**

- (1) **Advanced (level 3)**
- (2) **Progression Diploma (level 3)**
- (3) **Higher Diploma (level 2)**
- (4) **Foundation Diploma (level 1)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those respondents who have a 'New Diploma'.

**VOCYRA – year of highest BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL qualification**

- (1) **...2009 or earlier**
- (2) **...2010 or later**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL

**RSA11 Type of highest RSA/OCR qualification**

- (1) **a higher diploma/OCR Level 4?**
- (2) **an advanced diploma or advanced certificate/OCR Level 3?**
- (3) **a diploma/OCR Level 2?**
- (4) **another RSA (including Stage I,II & III)/OCR Level 1?**
- (5) **other RSA/OCR qualification**
- (6) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an RSA/OCR qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RSA

**RSACD - type of highest RSA/OCR qualification**

- (1) **Award**
- (2) **Certificate**
- (3) **Diploma**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's RSA/OCR is categorised as OTHER at RSA11

**RSLEV – level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/RSA/OCR qualification**

- (1) **Level 1**
- (2) **Level 2**
- (3) **Level 3**
- (4) **Level 4**
- (5) **Level 5**

- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's RSA/OCR is categorised as OTHER at RSA11

**RSASUBJ - subject/title/awarding body of RSA/OCR qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's RSA/OCR is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at RSA11

**RSAOT11 – any other RSA/OCR qualifications below the following levels**

- (1) an advanced diploma or advanced certificate/OCR Level 3?
- (2) a diploma/OCR Level 2?
- (3) another RSA (including Stage I,II & III)/OCR Level 1?
- (4) other RSA/OCR qualification
- (5) None
- (6) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an RSA/OCR qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces RSAOTH

**RSAOTH(1-3) - Other RSAO/OCR qualifications**

- (1) An advanced diploma or advanced certificate (Level 3)
- (2) A diploma (Level 2)
- (3) Or some other RSA (including Stage I, II, & III; Level 1)
- (4) None of these
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM07 to OD10

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have an RSAO/OCR qualification .

**RSAOTLA – type of other RSA/OCR qualifications**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER RSA/OCR qualification

**RSAOTLB - level of other RSA/OCR qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER RSA/OCR qualification

**VOCYRD – time period when highest City & Guilds qualification was obtained**

- (1) ...2009 or earlier
- (2) ...2010 or later

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a City & Guilds qualification

**CAG11 – type of highest City & Guilds qualification**

- (1) advanced craft/part 3?
- (2) craft/part 2?
- (3) foundation/part 1?
- (4) other City & Guilds qualification?
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a City & Guilds qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces CANDG

**CAGACD**

**Was your highest City & Guilds qualification an...**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's City & Guilds is categorised as OTHER at CAG11

**CAGLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/City & Guilds qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7

- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's City & Guilds is categorised as OTHER at CAG11

**CGSUBJ - subject/title/awarding body of this City & Guilds qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's City & Guilds is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at CAG11

**CAGOT11 - any City & Guilds qualifications below following levels:**

- (1) craft/part 2?
- (2) foundation/part 1?
- (3) other City & Guilds qualification?
- (4) None
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has a City & Guilds qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces CANDGO

**CAGOTLA- type of City & Guilds qualifications**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER City & Guilds qualification

**CAGOTLB - level of RSA/OCR qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER City & Guilds qualification

**QGNVQ - Whether respondent has any GNVQs/GSVQs**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know
- (4) Never heard of GNVQs

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a qualification, but not a GNVQ/GSVQ (.

**NOTES:** Code 4 'Never heard of GNVQs' is only available for personal, not proxy interviews. If a proxy respondent "has never heard of them", code 3 'Don't know' is entered.

**VOCYRE - period when highest GNVQ/GSVQ qualification was obtained**

- (1) 2009 or earlier
- (2) 2010 or later

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has GNVQs/GSVQs

**GNVQ11 - level of highest GNVQ/GSVQ**

- (1) Advanced level?
- (2) Full Intermediate level?
- (3) Part One Intermediate level?
- (4) Full Foundation level?
- (5) Part One Foundation level?
- (6) Other GNVQ/GSVQ qualification?
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has GNVQs/GSVQs

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GNVQ4

**GNACD - level of highest GNVQ/GSVQ**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's GNVQ or GSVQ is categorised as OTHER at GNVQ11

**GNLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/GNVQ/GSVQ qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7

- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's GNVQ or GSVQ is categorised as OTHER at GNVQ11

**GNVQSUBJ - subject/title/awarding body of this GNVQ/GSVQ qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's GNVQ/GSVQ is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at GNVQ11

**GNVQO11 - any GNVQs/GSVQs qualifications below...**

- (1) Full Intermediate level?
- (2) Part One Intermediate level?
- (3) Full Foundation level?
- (4) Part One Foundation level?
- (5) other GNVQ/GSVQ qualification
- (6) None
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has GNVQs/GSVQs

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GNVQ40

**GNVQOLA - type of GNVQ/GSVQ qualifications**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER GNVQ/GSVQ qualification

**GNVQOLB- level of GNVQ/GSVQ qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER GNVQ/GSVQ qualification

**NVQSVQ - Whether respondent has any full NVQs or SVQs**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know
- (4) Never heard of NVQs/SVQs

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have qualifications and have not previously stated that they have NVQs/SVQs

**NOTES:** Code 4 'Never heard of NVQs/SVQs' is only available for personal, not proxy interviews. If a proxy respondent "has never heard of them", code 3 'Don't know' is entered.

**VOCYRF - period highest NVQ/SVQ qualification as obtained**

- (1) 2009 or earlier
- (2) 2010 or later

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has NVQs/SVQs

**NVQ11 - highest level of full NVQ/SVQ**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Other NVQ/SVQ qualification
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has NVQs/SVQs

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NVQLEV

**NVACD - type of highest NVQ/SVQ**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's NVQ or SVQ is categorised as OTHER at NVQ11

**NVLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma/NVQ/SVQ qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2



- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's NVQ or SVQ is categorised as OTHER at NVQ11

**NVQSUBJ - subject/title/awarding body of NVQ/SVQ qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's NVQ/SVQ is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at NVQ11

**NVQO11 - any NVQs/SVQs qualifications below...**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Other NVQ/SVQ qualification
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an NVQ/SVQ

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NVQOTH

**NVOTLEA - type of these NVQ/SVQ qualifications**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER NVQ/SVQ qualification

**NVOTLEB - level of NVQ/SVQ qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8

- (9) **Entry level**
- (10) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER NVQ/SVQ qualification

**NVQUN - Whether respondent has any units towards NVQs or SVQs**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have or have heard of NVQs/SVQs .

**VOCYRG - period highest Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualification was obtained**

- (1) **2009 or earlier**
- (2) **2010 or later**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has QCF qualifications

**QCFACD - type of highest Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualification**

- (1) **Award**
- (2) **Certificate**
- (3) **Diploma**
- (4) **Other Award, Certificate or Diploma qualification**
- (5) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has QCF qualifications

**QCFLEV - level of Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualification**

- (1) **Level 1**
- (2) **Level 2**
- (3) **Level 3**
- (4) **Level 4**
- (5) **Level 5**
- (6) **Level 6**
- (7) **Level 7**
- (8) **Level 8**
- (9) **Entry level**
- (10) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER qualification

**QCFSUBJ - subject/title/awarding body of this Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualification**

Free text input (max 250 characters)

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent's QCF is categorised as OTHER or DON'T KNOW at QCFACD

**QCFOTHA - any Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualifications below...**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) None
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has QCF qualifications

**QCFOTHB – level of Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate or Diploma qualifications**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has more than one QCF qualification

**TPQL11 – type of “other qualification”**

- (1) work-related qualification?
- (2) a professional qualification?
- (3) none of these

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from AJ 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces TPQL10

**OTHQU9– Type of ‘other work-related or vocational qualification’**

- (1) H&S/Food hygiene qualification
- (2) HGV/forklift licence

- (3) **Computers/IT qualification**
- (4) **First aid qualification**
- (5) **Any others**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09.

**COVERAGE:** This variable replaces OTHQU. Applies to all respondents who have another work-related qualification.

**VOCYRH – year in which “other qualification” was obtained**

- (1) **2009 or earlier**
- (2) **2010 or later**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER qualification

**OTHQAL11 - subject/title/awarding body of other qualification**

**Free text input (max 250 characters)**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER qualification

**OTHQLEV – level of other qualification**

- 1 **Level 1**
- 2 **Level 2**
- 3 **Level 3**
- 4 **Level 4**
- 5 **Level 5**
- 6 **Level 6**
- 7 **Level 7**
- 8 **Level 8**
- 9 **Entry level**
- 10 **None/Not Applicable**
- 11 **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has an OTHER qualification

**QALPL11 - Method of receiving instruction and learning received for highest level qualification**

- (1) **solely through school, college or some other education institution**
- (2) **through a combination of workplace and academic institution**
- (3) **solely at a place of work – yours or somebody else's**
- (4) **self directed/open learning**
- (5) **or was it some other way?**
- (6) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has any qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QALPL99

**YERQAL1 - When obtained highest qualification**

- (1) **Answer given as age**
- (2) **Answer given as year**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents with qualifications (Spring 01 to Winter 03: QUALCH = 1, 2, 3, or 5 AND QUALS = RESPONSE; From Spring 04 to Winter 04: QUALCH4 = 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 AND QUALS4 = RESPONSE; From Spring 05: QUALCH5 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 7 AND QUALS4 = RESPONSE).

**NOTES:** Respondents may reply by either giving the age at which they achieved their highest qualification or in what year they did so.

**YERQAL2 - Age obtained highest qualification**

- (1) **Answer given as age**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who give their age at which they obtained their highest qualification (YERQAL1 = 1).

**YERQAL3 - Year obtained highest qualification**

- (1) **Answer given as year**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who give the year at which they obtained their highest qualification (YERQAL1 = 2).

**Present Study**

Education refers to continuous full time education, that is education without a break. Holiday jobs do not count as a break provided that the person intended to complete the course. In addition a gap of up to a year between going to school and going to college or university would not count as a break in continuous full time education. Similarly National Service between school or college would not count as a break. A sandwich course begun immediately after school finishes would be counted as continuous full time education. Nursing training and similar vocational training undertaken while receiving a wage are not counted as part of the continuous education process.

**EDAGE - Age when completed full time education**

- (0-95) **Age left school**
- (96) **Still in education**
- (97) **Never had education**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment or of working age.

**QULNOW - Whether working or studying towards a qualification**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 93 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95 to Autumn 99. Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment or of working age.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced TRGAIN. It identifies those respondents who are working towards a qualification.

DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See Volume 1(Background and Methodology), "Imputation in the LFS", for full details.

#### **QULHI11 – qualifications studied**

- (1) Degree level qualif. incl. foundation degrees, graduate memb'ship of a profess'l institute, PGCE, or higher
- (2) Diploma in Higher Education
- (3) HNC/HND
- (4) ONC/OND
- (5) BTEC/BEC/TEC/Edexcel/LQL
- (6) SCOTVEC, SCOTEC or SCOTBEC
- (7) Teaching qualif. (excl. PGCE)
- (8) Nursing or other medical qualif. not yet mentioned
- (9) Other Higher Education qualif's below degree level
- (10) A-Level/Vocat'l A-Level/GCE in Applied Subjects or equivalent
- (11) New Diploma
- (12) Welsh Bacculaureate
- (13) International Bacculaureate
- (14) NVQ/SVQ
- (15) GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) AS-level/Vocat'l AS-Level or equiv.
- (17) Certificate of 6th Yr. Studies (CSYS) or equiv.
- (18) Access to HE
- (19) O-Level or equiv.
- (20) Standard/Ordinary (O) Grade/Lower (Scotland)
- (21) GCSE/Vocat'l GCSE
- (22) CSE
- (23) Advanced Higher/Higher/Intermediate/Access qualif's (Scotland)
- (24) RSA/OCR
- (25) City and Guilds
- (26) YT Certificate
- (27) Key skills/Core skills (Scotland)
- (28) Basic skills (Skills for life/literacy/numeracy/lang)
- (29) Entry Level Qualifications
- (30) Award, Certificate or Diploma, at Entry level and Levels 1 to 8
- (31) Any other professional/work-related qualification

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying towards a qualification

**NOTES:** This variable replaces QULHI9.

#### **DEGNOW - Level of degree**

##### **Spring 96 to Winter 02**

- (1) Higher degree (including PGCE)
- (2) First degree
- (3) Other (e.g. graduate member of a professional institute or chartered accountant)
- (4) Don't know

**Spring 03 onwards**

- (1) Higher degree (incl. PGCE)
- (2) First degree
- (3) Foundation degree
- (4) Other (e.g. graduate member of a professional institute or chartered accountant)
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Spring and Autumn quarters only from Spring 96 to Autumn 99. Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for a degree-level qualification or higher (Spring 96 to Winter 03: QULHI = 1; From Spring 04: QULHI4 = 1).

**NOTES:** Foundation degrees are employment-related, higher education qualifications and are offered full and part-time, taking two or three years to complete.

**HGHNOW - Type of higher degree studied for**

- (1) A Doctorate
- (2) A Master
- (3) A Post Graduate Certificate in Education
- (4) Or some other kind of postgraduate or professional qualification
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** AJ and OD quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for a higher degree (DEGNOW=1).

**TCNW11 – level of BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL being studied for**

- (1) Level 4 or above (higher level)?
- (2) Level 3 (National Certificate or National Diploma level?)
- (3) Level 2 (First/general diploma level?)
- (4) Below Level 2 (First/general certificate level?)
- (5) Other?
- (6) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for a BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL

**NOTES:** This variable replaced TCNW10 in JM 2012.

**TCNWACD – type of BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL being studied for**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL

**TCNWLEV**

**What level was your [Award/Certificate/Diploma]?**

- 1 Level 1

- 2 Level 2
- 3 Level 3
- 4 Level 4
- 5 Level 5
- 6 Level 6
- 7 Level 7
- 8 Level 8
- 9 Entry level
- 10 Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER BTEC/TEC/EDEXCEL/LQL

**SCNOW11 - level of being studied for**

- (1) at higher level (level 4)?
- (2) for full National Certificate (level 3)?
- (3) at first diploma or general diploma level (level 2)?
- (4) at first certificate or general certificate level (below level 2)
- (5) modules towards a National Certificate?
- (6) other
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for a SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC

**NOTES:** This variable replaced SCNOW

**SCNWACD - type of SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC

**SCNWLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER SCOTVEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC

**DIPTYP- Level diploma current study towards**



- (1) **Advance Diploma (Level 3)**
- (2) **Progression Diploma (Level 3)**
- (3) **Higher Diploma (Level 2)**
- (4) **Foundation Diploma (Level 1)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for the new diploma (QULHI9 = 11).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GNVNOW. GNVQ Advanced level has been replaced by 'Vocational A-level'.

**OCRN11 - level OCR is being studied for**

- (1) **Level 4 or above?**
- (2) **Level 3 (Advanced)?**
- (3) **Level 2 (Intermediate)?**
- (4) **Level 1 (Basic)?**
- (5) **Other**
- (6) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an RSA/OCR

**NOTES:** This variable replaces OCRN10

**OCRNACD**  
**Is this an...**

- 1 **Award**
- 2 **Certificate**
- 3 **Diploma**
- 4 **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER RSA/OCR

**OCRNLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma**

- (1) **Level 1**
- (2) **Level 2**
- (3) **Level 3**
- (4) **Level 4**
- (5) **Level 5**
- (6) **Level 6**
- (7) **Level 7**
- (8) **Level 8**
- (9) **Entry level**
- (10) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER RSA/OCR

**CGNW11 - level of City & Guilds qualification being studied**

- (1) part 3/advanced craft?
- (2) part 2/craft?
- (3) part 1/foundation?
- (4) other?
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an City & Guilds

**NOTES:** This variable replaces CGNW10

**CGNW10 - Level of City & Guilds**

- (1) Part 3/Advanced craft
- (2) Part 2/Craft
- (3) Part 1/Foundation
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2010 to OD 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for a City & Guilds qualification (QULHI9 = 25). This variable replaces CGNOW.

**CGNWACD - type of City & Guilds qualification**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER City & Guilds

**CGNWLEV**

**What level was your [Award/Certificate/Diploma]?**

- 1 Level 1
- 2 Level 2
- 3 Level 3
- 4 Level 4
- 5 Level 5
- 6 Level 6
- 7 Level 7
- 8 Level 8
- 9 Entry level
- 10 Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is currently studying for an OTHER City & Guilds

**HSTNOW - Level at which studying for National qualification**

- (1) Access level
- (2) Intermediate level 1
- (3) Intermediate level 2
- (4) Higher

**(5) Advanced Higher**

**FREQUENCY:** Autumn and Winter quarters only in 2000 (on ONS datasets). Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for a Scottish National Qualification.

**NVQKN2 - Whether working towards any NVQs or SVQs**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 93 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95 to Autumn 99. Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are studying for a qualification.

**NVQLE11 - highest level of NVQ/SVQ being working towards**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Other
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has or is currently working towards an NVQ/SVQ

**NOTES:** This variable replaces NVQLE2

**NVNWACD - type of NVQ/SVQ being worked towards**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is working towards an OTHER NVQ/SVQ

**NVNWLEV - level of Award/Certificate/Diploma**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is working towards an OTHER NVQ/SVQ

**QCFNOW - type of other qualification being studied for**

- (1) Award
- (2) Certificate
- (3) Diploma
- (4) Other
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is working towards an Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate, or Diploma qualification

**QCFLVNW - level of Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate, or Diploma qualification**

- (1) Level 1
- (2) Level 2
- (3) Level 3
- (4) Level 4
- (5) Level 5
- (6) Level 6
- (7) Level 7
- (8) Level 8
- (9) Entry level
- (10) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is working towards an Entry Level or Level 1 to 8 Award, Certificate, or Diploma qualification

**ENROLL - Whether enrolled on education course**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Up until JM08, this variable applied to all respondents who were in employment or of working age. From JM08 it applies only to those aged between 16 and 69.

**NOTES:** This variable also includes those who are temporarily absent or on vacation from the course, but who still intend to return to the course.

**ATTEND - Whether still attending education course**

**Spring 93 to Winter 96**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No/not yet started

**Spring 97 onwards**

- (1) Still attending
- (2) Waiting for term to (re)start
- (3) Stopped going

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are currently at school or enrolled on a full-time/part-time course (ENROLL = 1).

**NOTES:** The aim is to check that the respondent is not only enrolled but still actually attending the course. For distance learning "going to" means "taking part in" or "using".

Respondents who have enrolled on a course but have not started at the time of interview are coded 2 'Waiting for term to (re)start'. The introduction of this category in Spring 97 caused a discontinuity in data on full-time students (see *Labour Market Trends*, June 1998).

Those who are on holiday breaks are coded 1.

### **COURSE - Type of course all persons are enrolled**

#### **Spring 92 to Winter 96**

- (1) **A sandwich course**
- (2) **Studying at university, polytechnic, college full time**
- (3) **Training for a qualification in nursing, physiotherapy or a similar medical subject**
- (4) **Part time course at university, polytechnic, or college, including day release and block release**
- (5) **Open college**
- (6) **Open University**
- (7) **Any other correspondence course or open learning method**

#### **Spring 97 onwards**

- (1) **School full time**
- (2) **School part time**
- (3) **A sandwich course**
- (4) **Studying at university, polytechnic, college full time**
- (5) **Training for a qualification in nursing, physiotherapy or a similar medical subject**
- (6) **Part time course at university, polytechnic, or college, including day release and block release**
- (7) **Open college**
- (8) **Open University**
- (9) **Any other correspondence course**
- (10) **Any other self/open learning course**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are still attending school, 6<sup>th</sup> form college or a course of some kind or they are waiting for term to (re)start (ATTEND = 1 or 2).

**NOTES:** A sandwich course includes those working or studying at college during the reference week.

Studying at University, etc includes those studying for a degree in medicine and those studying at a Tertiary College. Full time courses must last 3 months or more.

Nursing, physiotherapy, etc includes those who may normally work in a hospital at the same time.

Part-time courses includes those who are working during the reference week. Also included are those studying in the evening and those on a course for less than 3 months. An evening course could be held in a school, college, polytechnic or university.

DNAs include those who are enrolled on but not attending their course.

### **EDINS11 - educational institution currently attended**

- (1) **University/College of Higher Education, including the Open University (State System)**
- (2) **(Local) College of Further Education, or Specialist Further Education College (State System)**
- (3) **Sixth Form College**

- (4) **Sixth Form School**
- (5) **Adult Education Centre or WEA Institute**
- (6) **College or University - Independent/private run**
- (7) **Training Centre (either privately- or employer-run)**
- (8) **State School**
- (9) **Independent School**
- (10) **Other**
- (11) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is aged 16 or above and is attending a course (or waiting for one to restart)

**NOTES:** This variable replaces EDINS

## **APPRENTICESHIP**

### **APPR12 - Completed apprenticeships**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents still doing an apprenticeship or have completed one and now doing another (APPR8 = 2 or 3).

**NOTES:** APPR12 and APPRCURR replaced APPR8 in JM12.

### **APPRCURR - Current apprenticeships**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents still doing an apprenticeship or have completed one and now doing another (APPR8 = 2 or 3).

**NOTES:** APPR12 and APPRCURR replaced APPR8 in JM12.

### **APPRLEV - Completed apprenticeships**

- (1) **Apprenticeship (Level 2) or Intermediate Apprenticeship, (formerly foundation modern apprenticeship)**
- (2) **Advanced Apprenticeship (Level 3) (formerly advanced modern apprenticeships)**
- (3) **Higher Apprenticeship (Level 4 or 5)**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who started their apprenticeship in the year 2000 or later

### **APPSAM - Apprenticeship part of main job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent is aged between 16 and 69 and finished full-time education between age 5 and 95 or never attended full-time education or is currently on a course (though not at school)

**NOTES:** Those still doing their apprenticeship are asked for full details of what they are doing.

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has completed an apprenticeship

**APPST12 - When apprenticeship started**

- (1) Yes (before 2000)
- (2) No (in 2000 or after)

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have completed or are currently doing a formal apprenticeship

**NOTES:** Replaced APPSTRT in JM12.

**MODAPP4 - Whether apprenticeship part of Modern Apprenticeship**

- (1) Yes, Apprenticeship (formerly Foundation Modern Apprenticeship)
- (2) Yes, Advanced Apprenticeship (formerly Advanced Modern Apprenticeship)
- (3) Yes, Apprenticeship plus Advanced Apprenticeship
- (4) No
- (5) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 04

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are doing or have completed a recognised apprenticeship (APPR8 = 1, 2 or 3).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces MODAPP.

**SOC10A - Occupation in apprenticeship**

(1111-9279) Range of occupation codes

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces SOC2KAP. This variable is derived from OCOD10A & APPR8.

**Training Done In Last 13 Weeks, 4 Weeks**

**ED13WK - Job related training or education in the last 3 months**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 94

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are in employment or in receipt of education/training.

**NOTES:** ED13WK and FUTUR13 were introduced in Summer 94 and for that quarter only JOBTRN, TRSITE, TRNFEE, YTRAIN and TRNLEN were linked to these questions.

**ED4WK - Job related training or education in the last 4 weeks**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 (but not summer 94 - use ED4FUT)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are in employment or in receipt of education/training and who have taken part in job-related education/training in the 3 months prior to the reference week (ED13WK = 1).

**NOTES:** See note above about problem with Spring 97 data.

**FUTUR13 - Job related training or education in the last 3 months**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 94

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are doing college-based training and those not in work or full-time education. The course is connected to a job that the respondent might be able to do in the future.

**NOTES:** FUTUR13 applies to respondents 16-69 who are not at school to whom ED13WK does not apply. ED13WK and FUTUR13 were introduced in Summer 94 and for that quarter only JOBTRN, TRSITE, TRNFEE, YTRAIN and TRNLEN were linked to these questions.

**FUTUR4 - Job related training or education in the last 4 weeks**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 (not Summer 94)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are doing college-based training and those not in work or full-time education and who have taken part in a job-related education/training course in the 3 months prior to the reference week (FUTUR13 = 1). The course is connected to a job that the respondent might be able to do in the future.

**NOTES:** FUTUR4 applies to respondents 16-69 who are not at school to whom ED4WK does not apply. To get JOBTRN for - In employment, unemployed and Inactive - ED4WK and FUTUR4 need to be added together.

There are errors in the coverage of these variables in Winter 93/94 as the question was asked of those still at school and not asked of those in 'other full-time (continuous) education'; this also affects all other variables routed from these variables.

**JOBED - Was training part of the education course previously mentioned**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97



**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have taken part in job-related education/training in the previous 3 months and are on a full-time/part-time course (ED13WK = 1 OR FUTUR13 = 1 and ATTEND = 1, 2).

### **On/Off Job Training**

**TRNOPP11 – whether employer has offered any training or education, on or away from job**

- (1) Yes, education or training offered
- (2) No, not offered

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent in work and has not been on any job related training in the previous 3 months

**NOTES:** This variable replaces TRNOPP

**JOBTRN - Education & training on or off job**

- (1) On the job training only
- (2) Training away from job
- (3) Both

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said that they had taken part in job-related education/training in the last 4 weeks (ED4WK = 1).

**NOTES:** "On the job training" means learning by example and practice while actually doing the job. Any training conducted in a classroom or training section, even if on the employers premises is not "on the job training".

**TSTE10 - Main place of education or training in work (GB)**

- (1) On premises belonging to your employer
- (2) On premises belonging to another employer
- (3) Private training centre
- (5) Employment Rehabilitation Centre
- (6) Community Project
- (7) Government or local authority training workshop
- (8) UK On-line Centre
- (9) At home (OU/Open Tech/Correspondence)
- (10) Learn Direct
- (11) College of Further Education
- (12) University
- (13) Other educational institution
- (14) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** JM and AJ quarters only from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment or of working age or in receipt of education/training who have taken part in job-related education/training in the 4 weeks prior to the reference week and this training has not been solely based in the workplace (JOBTRN = 2, 3). Also applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are doing college-based training or those not in work or full-time education, who have taken part in a job-related education/training course in the 4 weeks prior to the reference week and the course is connected to a job that the respondent might be able to do in the future (FUTUR4 = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces TRSITE7, with wording changes to categories 8 and 10. This question is only asked to respondents in Great Britain.

**TRNI10 - Main place of education or training in work (NI only)**

- (1) On premises belonging to your employer
- (2) On premises belonging to another employer
- (3) Private training centre
- (4) Training centre (Government-run)
- (5) Employment Rehabilitation Centre
- (6) Action for Community Employment (ACE)
- (7) Community Workshop
- (9) At home (OU/Open Tech/Correspondence)
- (10) Learn Direct
- (11) College of Further Education
- (12) University
- (13) Other educational institution
- (14) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** JM and AJ quarters only from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment or of working age or in receipt of education/training who have taken part in job-related education/training in the 4 weeks prior to the reference week and this training has not been solely based in the workplace (JOBTRN = 2, 3). Also applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who are doing college-based training or those not in work or full-time education, who have taken part in a job-related education/training course in the 4 weeks prior to the reference week and the course is connected to a job that the respondent might be able to do in the future (FUTUR4 = 1).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked to respondents in Northern Ireland. This variable replaces TRATIR7.

**TFREE10(1-5) - Who pays the fees for training**

- (1) Employer or potential employer
- (2) ELWa/LEC/LSC
- (3) Other government or local authority organisation
- (4) Self, or family, or relative
- (5) Other
- (6) No fees
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** JM and AJ quarters from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have taken part in job-related education/training in the last 4 weeks and this training has not been solely based in the workplace (JOBTRN = 2, 3 OR FUTUR4 = 1).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked to respondents in Great Britain.  
This variable replaces TRNFEE(1-5).

**FEEIR(1-5) - Who pays fees for training (NI)**

- (1) Employer or potential employer
- (2) Government YTP
- (3) Government Adult scheme
- (4) Self, or family, or relative
- (5) Other
- (6) No fees
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Winter 94 only. Each quarter from Spring 95 to Winter 95. Spring and Autumn quarters in 96. Spring and Winter quarters from Spring 97 to Spring 98. JM quarters only from Winter 99 (not Winter 2000)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have taken part in job-related education/training in the last 4 weeks and this training has not been solely based in the workplace (JOBTRN = 2, 3 OR FUTUR4 = 1).

**NOTES:** This question is only asked to respondents in Northern Ireland.

This variable was coded FEEIR(0-6) from Spring 92 to Winter 94, then FEEIR(0-5) from Spring 95 to Autumn 96, then FEEIR(1-6) in Spring 97, and FEEIR(1-5) from Winter 97 onwards.

**TRNLEN - Length of training course**

- (1) Less than 1 week
- (2) 1 weeks but less than 2 weeks
- (3) 2 weeks but less than 3 weeks
- (4) 3 weeks but less than 1 month
- (5) 1 month but less than 2 months
- (6) 2 months but less than 3 months
- (7) 3 months but less than 6 months
- (8) 6 months but less than 1 year
- (9) 1 year but less than 2 years
- (10) 2 years but less than 3 years
- (11) 3 years or more
- (12) On going/no definite limit

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 95. Spring and Autumn quarters only in 96. AJ and JM quarters only from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have taken part in job-related education/training in the last 4 weeks (ED4WK = 1 OR FUTUR4 = 1).

**NOTES:** Here the total length of the course was recorded not just the part that has so far been completed. For persons engaged on day or block release the total length of training is given. For persons who have "dropped out" of a course the time spent on the course, not the length is recorded.

**TRHR11 – time hours spent on education or training, including private study**

**Number of hours (if more than 97, 97 used)**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if ED4WK=1 (taken part in job related education/training in 4 wks before ref wk)

**NOTES:** This variable replaces TRHR93

**TRONJB - Time spent training on the job**

- (0-96) Hours spent training
- (97) 97 or more hours spent training

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 93 to Winter 98. AJ quarters only from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have taken part in any on or off-the-job-related education or training in the reference week (ED1FUT = 1 AND JOBTRN = 1 or 3).

**NOTES:** This identifies the number of training hours that are on the job training. In Spring 93 this variable was incorrectly routed to JOBTRN 2 and 3 instead of 1 and 3 and so the data should not be

used. This was corrected from Autumn 93. In Winter 93/94 although the coverage for TRONJB appears to be incorrect in the questionnaire the data is correct.

**INFR4WK – Whether non-formal and/or informal learning undertaken within last 4 weeks**

- (1) Only Informal learning in last 4 weeks
- (2) Only non-formal learning in last 4 weeks
- (3) Informal and non-formal learning in last 4 weeks
- (4) No informal or non-formal learning in last 4 weeks
- (-9) Not applicable
- (-8) No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**INFR13WK – Whether non-formal and/or informal learning undertaken within last 3 months**

- (1) Only Informal learning in last 3 months
- (2) Only non-formal learning in last 3 months
- (3) Informal and non-formal learning in last 3 months
- (4) No informal or non-formal learning in last 3 months
- (-9) Not applicable
- (-8) No answer

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**Learning activities in the last three months**

**NFE13WK – any other learning activities in the past 3 months, excluding ones already mentioned**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** APPLIES IF AGED 16+

**NFE4WK - Did any of that learning activity take place in the last 4 weeks**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** APPLIES IF AGED 16+

**TAUT4WK - in receipt of any tuition or attend any taught classes as part of other learning**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** APPLIES IF AGED 16+

**TSUBJ4WK - main subject received during this tuition**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** APPLIES IF AGED 16+

**TSUB4COD - coding frame for subject studied**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from 2011.

**COVERAGE:** APPLIES IF AGED 16+

**NOTES:** This variable replaces T4CODE

**T4CODE - Main subject of course**

**(1.00 - 9.99) Area of study**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who have attended a taught course in past 4 weeks (TAUT4 = 1).

**NOTES:** LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a full breakdown of subject codes.

**T4PURP - Main purpose of training**

- (1) Mostly related to a job you have**
- (2) Mostly personal or social reasons**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 who have attended a taught course in past 4 weeks (TAUT4 = 1).

**T4WORK - Whether training during work hours**

- (1) Only during paid working hours**
- (2) Mostly during paid working hours**
- (3) Mostly outside paid working hours**
- (4) Only outside paid working hours**
- (5) Not employed at that time**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have attended a taught course in past 4 weeks (TAUT4 = 1).

**TAUTHRS - total hours of instruction or tuition received**

*Recorded to nearest hour*

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent received any tuition or attend any taught classes in the last 4 weeks

**TLRN4WK - any other learning activities that were not taught classes, or did not include tuition, in the last 4 weeks**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent received any tuition or attend any taught classes in the last 4 weeks

**TAUT3M - as part of other learning, was the respondent in receipt of any tuition or attend any taught classes**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent did not receive any learning or tuition in the last 4 weeks

**TSUBJ3M - the main subject in which tuition was received**

*Text*

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent received tuition or attended taught classes in the last three months

**TSUB3COD – subject look up code**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent provided main subject area of tuition or taught classes received

**TLRN3M - any other learning activities that were not taught classes, or did not include tuition, in the last 3 months**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM 2011

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent did receive tuition or attend classes in the last three months or has not taken part in any other learning activities in the last 4 weeks

**NEETS- Main reason not in work, education or training**

- (1) In custody
- (2) Caring for a dependant adult relative
- (3) Pregnant or caring for own children
- (4) Disability or ill health
- (5) Doing unpaid/voluntary work
- (6) Waiting to start a job you have already obtained, or a course on which you have been accepted
- (7) Taking a gap year before entering higher education
- (8) Looking for work or a suitable course
- (9) You are a refugee or asylum seeker
- (10) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM09

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents age 16-24 and not in paid work, education or training.

**NOTES:** The routing of this variable changed in JS11. This is available on ONS and Government data sets only.

## **HIGHEST QUALIFICATION**

### **HIQUAL11 - Highest qualification/trade apprenticeship**

- (1) Higher degree
- (2) NVQ level 5
- (3) Level 8 Diploma
- (4) Level 8 Certificate
- (5) Level 7 Diploma
- (6) Level 7 Certificate
- (7) Level 8 Award
- (8) First degree/foundation degree
- (9) Other degree
- (10) NVQ level 4
- (11) Level 6 Diploma
- (12) Level 6 Certificate
- (13) Level 7 Award
- (14) Diploma in higher education
- (15) Level 5 Diploma
- (16) Level 5 Certificate
- (17) Level 6 Award
- (18) HNC/HND/BTEC higher etc
- (19) Teaching  $\text{\pounds}$  further education
- (20) Teaching  $\text{\pounds}$  secondary education
- (21) Teaching  $\text{\pounds}$  primary education
- (22) Teaching  $\text{\pounds}$  foundation stage
- (23) Teaching  $\text{\pounds}$  level not stated
- (24) Nursing etc
- (25) RSA higher diploma
- (26) Other higher education below degree
- (27) Level 4 Diploma
- (28) Level 4 Certificate
- (29) Level 5 Award
- (30) NVQ level 3
- (31) Advanced/Progression (14-19) Diploma
- (32) Level 3 Diploma
- (33) Advanced Welsh Baccalaureate
- (34) International Baccalaureate
- (35) GNVQ/GSVQ advanced
- (36) A-level or equivalent
- (37) RSA advanced diploma
- (38) OND/ONC/BTEC/SCOTVEC National etc
- (39) City & Guilds Advanced Craft/Part 1
- (40) Scottish 6 year certificate/CSYS
- (41) SCE higher or equivalent
- (42) Access qualifications
- (43) AS-level or equivalent
- (44) Trade apprenticeship

- (45) Level 3 Certificate
- (46) Level 4 Award
- (47) NVQ level 2 or equivalent
- (48) Intermediate Welsh Baccalaureate
- (49) GNVQ/GSVQ intermediate
- (50) RSA diploma
- (51) City & Guilds Craft/Part 2
- (52) BTEC/SCOTVEC First or General diploma etc
- (53) Higher (14-19) Diploma
- (54) Level 2 Diploma
- (55) Level 2 Certificate
- (56) O-level, GCSE grade A\*-C or equivalent
- (57) Level 3 Award
- (58) NVQ level 1 or equivalent
- (59) Foundation Welsh Baccalaureate
- (60) GNVQ/GSVQ foundation level
- (61) Foundation (14-19) Diploma
- (62) Level 1 Diploma
- (63) CSE below grade 1, GCSE below grade C
- (64) BTEC/SCOTVEC First or General certificate
- (65) SCOTVEC modules
- (66) RSA other
- (67) City & Guilds foundation/Part 1
- (68) Level 1 Certificate
- (69) Level 2 Award
- (70) YT/YTP certificate
- (71) Key skills qualification
- (72) Basic skills qualification
- (73) Entry level qualification
- (74) Entry level Diploma
- (75) Entry level Certificate
- (76) Level 1 Award
- (77) Entry level Award
- (78) Other qualification
- (79) No qualifications
- (80) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age (16-69) or those in employment with qualifications (including respondents aged 70-99).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces HIQUAL8. From JM11, more information on foreign qualifications was collected. Therefore a large number of respondents who previously ended up as 'other' on the HIQUAL and LEVQUAL DV's are now assigned to appropriate qualifications/levels. Please see Volume 4 User Guide for further information.

**HIQUL11D- Highest qualification (detailed grouping)**

- (1) Degree or equivalent
- (2) Higher education
- (3) GCE, A-level or equivalent
- (4) GCSE grades A\*-C or equivalent
- (5) Other qualifications
- (6) No qualification
- (7) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11



**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents 16-69 or those in employment with qualifications.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces HIQUAL8D. This variable is derived from HIQUAL11.

**LEVQUL11 - Level of highest qualification held**

- (1) NQF Level 4 and above
- (2) NQF Level 3
- (3) Trade Apprenticeships
- (4) NQF Level 2
- (5) Below NQF Level 2
- (6) Other Qualifications
- (7) No Qualifications

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 or those in employment with qualifications. This variable replaces LEVQUAL8. From JM11, more information on foreign qualifications was collected. Therefore a large number of respondents who previously ended up as 'other' on the HIQUAL and LEVQUAL DV's are now assigned to appropriate qualifications/levels.

**HITQUA11- Highest qualification training leads to**

- (1) Higher degree
- (2) NVQ level 5
- (3) Level 8 Diploma
- (4) Level 8 Certificate
- (5) Level 7 Diploma
- (6) Level 7 Certificate
- (7) Level 8 Award
- (8) First degree
- (9) Other degree
- (10) NVQ level 4
- (11) Level 6 Diploma
- (12) Level 6 Certificate
- (13) Level 7 Award
- (14) Diploma in higher education
- (15) Level 5 Diploma
- (16) Level 5 Certificate
- (17) Level 6 Award
- (18) HNC/HND/BTEC higher etc
- (19) Teaching qualification
- (20) Nursing
- (21) OCR higher
- (22) Other higher education below degree
- (23) Level 4 Diploma
- (24) Level 4 certificate
- (25) Level 5 award
- (26) NVQ level 3
- (27) Progression or advanced diploma
- (28) Level 3 Diploma
- (29) Advanced Welsh Bac
- (30) International Bac

- (31) **A level or equivalent**
- (32) **OCR advanced**
- (33) **Ond/onc,btec/scotvec/national level etc**
- (34) **City& Guilds advanced craft part 3**
- (35) **Scottish sixth year certificate**
- (36) **SCE higher or equivalent**
- (37) **Access to Higher Education**
- (38) **A/S level or equivalent**
- (39) **Trade apprenticeship**
- (40) **Level 3 certificate**
- (41) **Level 4 award**
- (42) **NVQ level 2 or equivalent**
- (43) **Intermediate Welsh baccalaureate**
- (44) **OCR intermediate**
- (45) **City and Guilds craft part 2**
- (46) **Btec/scotvec first or general diploma etc**
- (47) **Higher Diploma (14-19)**
- (48) **Level 2 diploma**
- (49) **Level 2 certificate**
- (50) **O level/GCSE or equiv**
- (51) **Level 3 award**
- (52) **NVQ level 1 or equiv**
- (53) **Foundation Welsh baccalaureate**
- (54) **Foundation Diploma**
- (55) **Level 1 Diploma**
- (56) **Btec/scotvec first or general certificate etc**
- (57) **Scotvec modules or equiv**
- (58) **OCR basic**
- (59) **City and Guilds foundation part 1**
- (60) **Level 1 certificate**
- (61) **Level 2 award**
- (62) **Key skills qualification**
- (63) **Basic skills qualification**
- (64) **Entry level qualification**
- (65) **Entry level diploma**
- (66) **Entry level certificate**
- (67) **Level 1 award**
- (68) **Entry level award**
- (69) **Other qualification**
- (70) **No qualification**
- (71) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age (16-69) or those in employment with qualifications (including respondents aged 70-99).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces HITQUA9. There are new response categories.

**VOCQPL11 - How highest vocational qualification obtained**

- (1) **solely through school, college or some other education institution**
- (2) **through a combination of workplace and academic institution**
- (3) **solely at a place of work (yours or somebody else's)**
- (4) **self directed / open learning**
- (5) **or was it some other way?**
- (6) **don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age with vocational qualifications. This variable replaces VOCQPL.

**SUBCOD(1-8) - Area of study**

**(1.00 – 9.99) Codes for Area of Study**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a vocational qualification.

**NOTES:** This is the subject of study of the highest level 2 qualifications and above already held (excludes degrees and GCSE/O-level/A-level and equivalents).

A new coding frame was introduced in Spring 04. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of codes.

This variable replaces SUBCODE from Summer 01.

**SUBNO(1-8) - Qualification at subcod1-8**

- (1) Higher degree
- (2) NVQ/SVQ level 5
- (3) First degree
- (4) Other degree level qualification
- (5) NVQ/SVQ level 4
- (6) Diploma in higher education
- (7) HNC/HND
- (8) Higher level of BTEC, BEC or TEC
- (9) Higher level of SCOTBEC etc
- (10) Teaching qualification
- (11) Nursing or medical qualification
- (12) RSA higher diploma
- (13) Higher education, below degree qualification
- (14) NVQ/SVQ level 3
- (15) Advanced GNVQ/GSVQ
- (16) A-level/Scot advanced higher
- (17) RSA advanced diploma/certificate
- (18) BTEC, BEC, TEC National certificate/diploma
- (19) SCOTBEC, SCOTEC, SCOTVEC National
- (20) ONC/OND
- (21) City & Guilds craft/part 3
- (22) Certificate of sixth year studies (CSYS)
- (23) SCE higher or equivalent
- (24) AS-level
- (25) NVQ/SVQ level 2
- (26) Intermediate GNVQ/GSVQ
- (27) RSA diploma
- (28) City & Guilds craft/part 2
- (28) BTEC, BEC, TEC First certificate/diploma

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a vocational qualification.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

## **CURRENT STUDY**

**WBAC – Level of Welsh Baccaureate being studied.**

- (1) **at the foundation level**
- (2) **the Intermediate level**
- (3) **the advanced level**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** The question applies to respondents studying towards a Welsh baccaureate (QULHI4=12)

**CURCODE - Area of study**

**(1.00 – 9.99) Codes for Area of Study**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are currently studying for a qualification.

**NOTES:** This is the subject of study of the highest level 2 qualifications and above currently being studied (excludes degrees and GCSE/O-level/A-level and equivalents).

A new coding frame was introduced in Spring 04. LFS User Guide Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) gives a complete breakdown of codes.

## **TYPE OF COURSE**

**CURED8- Current education received**

- (1) **At school (full-time)**
- (2) **Sandwich course**
- (3) **Full time at university or college**
- (4) **Part time at school**
- (5) **Training in nursing**
- (6) **Part time at university or college**
- (7) **Open college**
- (8) **Open university**
- (9) **Other correspondence course**
- (10) **Course not stated**
- (11) **Enrolled but not attending**
- (12) **Enrolled but not stated if attending**
- (13) **Not enrolled on course**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM08

**COVERAGE:** Up until JM08, this variable applied to all respondents who were in employment or of working age. From JM08 it applies only to those aged between 16 and 69.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 user Guide for further guidance. DNAs are quite variable over time.

This variable replaced CURED.

**STUCUR - Whether full-time student**

- (1) **Full-time student**
- (2) **Not full-time student**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92 to Summer 93 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are defined as full-time students (CURED8 = 1, 2 or 3).

## **RECENTLY COMPLETED TRAINING**

### **ATRRAIN - Training**

- (1) **Job related training in last four weeks**
- (2) **No job related training in last four weeks**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age, who have done some job related education or training in last 4 weeks before the reference week. Includes those on 'college-based' government training programmes; and excludes those still at school.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements.

This variable is derived from ED13WK, FUTUR13, ED4WK & FUTUR4. Please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

NA are coded –8 and DNA are coded –9 on this variable.

## **QUALIFICATIONS FROM STUDY IN LAST 4 WEEKS**

### **TECQUL - Level of BTEC/EdExcel/LQL**

- (1) **Higher level**
- (2) **National Certificate or National Diploma level**
- (3) **First diploma or general diploma level**
- (4) **First certificate or general certificate level**
- (5) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ quarters only from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were studying for a BTEC/BEC/TEC qualification (Spring 96 to Spring 03: DIFQUL = 5; From Spring 04: DIFQUL4 = 5).

In Spring 05, the response option 5 changed it's wording. EdExcel has now become London Qualifications Ltd (LQL) and 'BEC/TEC' were removed as they are no longer available.

### **TCQL10 - Level of BTEC/EdExcel/LQL**

- (1) **Level 4 or above**
- (2) **Level 3**
- (3) **Level 2**
- (4) **Below level 2**
- (5) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ10 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who were studying for a BTEC/BEC/TEC qualification . The change from TECQUL to TCQL10 in 2010 results from a change to the wording of the answer categories to reflect new level-naming conventions.

### **OCRQ10 - Level of OCR Qualification**

- (1) **Level 4 or above**
- (2) **level 3**
- (3) **Level 2**
- (4) **Level 1**
- (5) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ10 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said they were studying for a RSA qualification (DIFQUL4 = 24).

**NOTES:** This variable replaced RSAQUL in 2010.

#### **CGQUL10 - Level of City & Guilds**

- (1) **Part 3/Advanced craft**
- (2) **Part 2/Craft**
- (3) **Part 1/Foundation**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ10 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who said they were studying for a City & Guilds qualification.

**NOTES:** This variable replaced CGQUL in 2010.

### **Learning in the last Four weeks/Three Months**

#### **LEARN3M – Whether any learning undertaken within the past 3 months**

- (1) **Yes, some form of learning in the last 3 months**
- (2) **No learning in the last 3 months**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

#### **LEARN4 – Whether any learning undertaken within the past 4 weeks**

- (1) **Yes, some form of learning in the last 4 weeks**
- (2) **No learning in the last 4 weeks**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM11

### **ADULT LEARNING**

#### **ADLRN8X- Type of adult learning (based on OLD pension age)**

- (1) **Formal and/or non-formal learning only**
- (2) **Informal learning only**
- (3) **Both informal and formal and/or non-formal learning**
- (4) **No adult learning in the last 12 months**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+ and not still in education.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements. The reference

period for adult learning is 3 years for England and Northern Ireland and one year for Scotland and Wales.

**ADLRN8Y- Type of adult learning (based on NEW pension age)**

- (1) **Formal and/or non-formal learning only**
- (2) **Informal learning only**
- (3) **Both informal and formal and/or non-formal learning**
- (4) **No adult learning in the last 12 months**

**FREQUENCY:** Every year from 2010.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16+ and not still in education.

**NOTES:** This variable is included only on annual local area datasets, which are available only to ONS and those government departments which sponsor the local area enhancements. The reference period for adult learning is 3 years for England and Northern Ireland and one year for Scotland and Wales.

## **HEALTH AND INJURY**

### **HEALTH PROBLEMS**

The focus and number of questions on health and disability changed in Spring 1997 to reflect the provisions of the Disability Discrimination Act 1995. They are now concerned with all health problems, whilst previously the emphasis had been on problems which affect respondents work. See the June 1998 issue of *Labour Market Trends* for guidance about disability data.

From Spring 96 the frequency of disability/health questions were changed from half-yearly to quarterly. This discontinuity affected data in Spring 96, which is not consistent with any other quarters.

#### **HPRMB - Prompt to ask health questions**

- (1) **Continue**
- (2) **Too ill / distressed to answer: Visible problem**
- (3) **Too ill / distressed to answer: Other**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 to Autumn 2000 (on ONS datasets only). Each quarter from Winter 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 75 and over.

#### **HPRMB2 - Prompt to ask health questions**

- (1) **Continue**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM10.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to those who are under the age of 75

#### **QHEALTH1 – State of respondent's health**

- (1) **very good,**
- (2) **good,**
- (3) **fair,**
- (4) **bad,**
- (5) **or very bad?**

**FREQUENCY:** Every quarter from JS09.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents over the age of 15 at wave 1 or wave 5 for main LFS interviews and all waves for all LLFS/Boost/Enhancement cases.

**NOTES:** This variable is provided on ONS datasets only, and will be published as part of the IHS.

#### **LNGLIM - Whether health problem lasting more than 12 months**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Summer and Winter quarters only from Winter 93 to Winter 95. Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** From Spring 92 to Winter 96: Applies to all respondents of working age whose health problems or disabilities limit the kind of paid work they can do.

From Spring 97 to Winter 99: Applies to all respondents of working age.

From Spring 2000: Applies to all respondents of working age or those aged 75 and under and first contact or those aged 75 and over and are not too ill/distressed to continue.



**NOTES:** DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology) “Imputation in the LFS”, for full details. From 1997 all health sections start with LNGLIM. To get a comparison with earlier quarters prior to Spring 1997, use LIMITK = yes and LNGLIM = yes.

Users are advised to always filter on working age when using this variable, to ensure comparability over a time-series.

**LIMITK - Whether health problem affects the kind of paid work respondent might have done**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents with health problems and those of working age or pensioners looking for work or wanting work.

**NOTES:** The respondents decide whether a health problem/disability limits the paid work which they can do. If respondents seek clarification, they are advised not to limit the assessment to the paid work (if any) which they do at present.

**LIMITA - Whether health problem affects the amount of paid work that can be done**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents with health problems and those of working age or pensioners looking for work or wanting work.

**NOTES:** This question records whether a disability affects the amount of paid work undertaken, or might be undertaken, by the respondent. Again this is not restricted to the respondent’s current job, nor to respondents who are currently employed.

**HEAL(01-17) - What health problems does the respondent have**

Spring 97 onwards

- (1) Problems or disabilities (including arthritis or rheumatism) connected with...arms or hands
- (2) ....legs or feet
- (3) ....back or neck
- (4) Difficulty in seeing (while wearing spectacles or contact lenses)
- (5) Difficulty in hearing
- (6) A speech impediment
- (7) Severe disfigurement, skin conditions, allergies
- (8) Chest or breathing problems, asthma, bronchitis
- (9) Heart, blood pressure or blood circulation problems
- (10) Stomach, liver kidney or digestive problems
- (11) Diabetes
- (12) Depression, bad nerves or anxiety
- (13) Epilepsy
- (14) Severe or specific learning difficulties (mental handicap)
- (15) Mental illness, or suffer from phobia, panics or other nervous disorders
- (16) Progressive illness not included elsewhere (e.g. cancer, multiple sclerosis, symptomatic HIV, Parkinson’s disease, muscular dystrophy)
- (17) Other health problems or disabilities

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92 to Winter 92. Summer and Winter quarters only from Summer 93 to Winter 95. Each quarter from Spring 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and all other men aged 16-64 and women aged 16-59 who said that health or disability problems limit the kind of paid work they can do. (Spring 92 to Winter 94: LIMITT = 1 AND LNGLIM = 1; From Spring 95: LNGLIM = 1).

**NOTES:** For more accurate results always use the variable HEALTH as it gives the respondent's main/most significant health problem and not a general problem. It should be noted that the order of health problems at HEAL does not necessarily give the most problematic first. Again use HEALTH for this information.

Respondents can give up to 17 problems. This variable was coded HEAL(00-10) from Spring 92 to Summer 93; HEAL(00-12) from Winter 93 to Winter 95; HEAL(00-14) from Spring 96 to Winter 96; and HEAL(01-17) from Spring 97.

DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology), "Imputation in the LFS" for full details.

**Code 4** - difficulty in seeing should not be considered a disability if it is effectively compensated for by wearing glasses or contact lenses.

**Code 5** - difficulty in hearing should be considered without the use of a hearing aid.

**Code 7** - severe disfigurements excludes those arising from tattooing or body piercing but would include scars, birthmarks, limb or postural deformation or diseases of the skin.

**Code 8** - excludes hay fever (seasonal allergic rhinitis) except where it aggravates the effects of an existing condition.

**Code 14** - specific learning difficulties includes conditions such as dyslexia or dyscalcula; severe learning difficulties covers mental impairments or mental handicap.

**Code 15** - Mental illness includes a wide range of conditions related to mental functioning but should be a clinically well recognised illness. Mental illnesses that should not be included are; the tendency to commit arson or to steal, the tendency to physically or sexually abuse others, exhibitionism or voyeurism are not included.

**Code 16** - Progressive illnesses should be recorded if there is some effect on the respondent's normal day to day activities, even if it is minor at the time of interview. If the respondent has been diagnosed with a progressive illness, but they are not suffering from any symptoms which affect their activities yet, then they should not be included.

Addiction to or dependency on alcohol, nicotine, drugs or other substance (unless resulting from the substance being prescribed for the respondent) should not be included.

**LERND - Learning difficulty or learning disability?**

- (1) Learning difficulty
- (2) Learning disability
- (3) Both

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2006.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have said that they have a severe or specific learning difficulty at HEAL (i.e. HEAL=14).

**HEALTH - Main health problem**

- (01) Problems or disabilities (including arthritis or rheumatism) connected with... arms or hands
- (02) ....legs or feet
- (03) ....back or neck
- (04) Difficulty in seeing (while wearing spectacles or contact lenses)
- (05) Difficulty in hearing
- (06) A speech impediment
- (07) Severe disfigurement, skin conditions, allergies
- (08) Chest or breathing problems, asthma, bronchitis

- (09) Heart, blood pressure or blood circulation problems
- (10) Stomach, liver kidney or digestive problems
- (11) Diabetes
- (12) Depression, bad nerves or anxiety
- (13) Epilepsy
- (14) Severe or specific learning difficulties (mental handicap)
- (15) Mental illness, or suffer from phobia, panics or other nervous disorders
- (16) Progressive illness not included elsewhere (e.g. cancer, multiple sclerosis, symptomatic HIV, Parkinson's disease, muscular dystrophy)
- (17) Other health problems or disabilities

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents with health problems (HEAL = 1-17).

**NOTES:** This variable records the main problem ONLY. For analysis before Spring 97 please see HEALTH(0-2).

#### HEALIM - Whether health problem limits activity

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents with a health problem lasting more than 12 months (LNG LIM = 1).

**NOTES:** Users are advised to always filter on working age when using this variable, to ensure comparability over a time-series.

Normal day-to-day activities are those which are carried out by most people on a daily basis, and we are interested in disabilities/health problems which have a substantial adverse effect on respondent's ability to carry out these activities.

There are several ways in which a problem may affect the respondent's day to day activities:

**Mobility** - for example, unable to travel short journeys as a passenger in a car, unable to walk other than at a slow pace or with jerky movements, difficulty in negotiating stairs, unable to use one or more forms of public transport, unable to go out of doors unaccompanied.

**Manual dexterity** - for example, loss of functioning in one or both hands, inability to use a knife or fork at the same time, or difficulty in pressing buttons on a keyboard

**Physical co-ordination** - for example, the inability to feed or dress oneself; or to pour liquid from one vessel to another except with unusual slowness or concentration.

**Problems with bowel/bladder control** - for example, frequent or regular loss of control of the bladder or bowel. Occasional 'bedwetting' is not considered a disability.

**Ability to lift, carry or otherwise move everyday objects (for example, books, kettles, light furniture)** - for example, inability to pick up a weight with one hand but not the other, or to carry a tray steadily.

**Speech** - for example, unable to communicate (clearly) orally with others, taking significantly longer to say things. A minor stutter, difficulty in speaking in front of an audience, or unable to speak a foreign language would not be considered impairments.

**Hearing** - for example, not being able to hear without the use of a hearing aid, the inability to understand speech under normal conditions or over the telephone.

**Eyesight** - for example, while wearing spectacles or contact lenses - being unable to pass the standard driving eyesight test, total inability to distinguish colours (excluding ordinary red/green colour blindness), or inability to read newsprint.

**Memory or ability to concentrate, learn or understand** - for example, intermittent loss of consciousness or confused behaviour, inability to remember names of family or friends, unable to write a cheque without assistance, or an inability to follow a recipe.

**Perception of risk of physical danger** - for example, reckless behaviour putting oneself or others at risk, mobility to cross the road safely. This excludes (significant) fear of heights or underestimating risk of dangerous hobbies.

**ILLNG** - For how long has your ability to carry-out normal day-to-day activities been reduced?

- (1) Less than six months
- (2) Between six months and 12 months
- (3) Twelve months or more

**FREQUENCY:** New question from AJ11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have indicated that their health problems or disabilities substantially limit their ability to carry out normal day to day activities

**HEALYR** - Any other past health problems or disabilities that have lasted longer than a year

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age or those aged 75 and under and first contact or those aged 75 and over and are not too ill/distressed to continue.

**NOTES:** These include continuous problems, or those with only intermittent effects.

HEALYR and subsequent questions HEALPB and HEALYL are only asked at the first interview with a respondent, and if it is a personal interview.

Only those problems or disabilities the respondent has had in the past but no longer has are included. Any illnesses already mentioned at HEAL are not included.

**HEALPB(01-10)** - Health problems/disabilities that affected respondent in the past

- (1) Problems or disabilities (including arthritis or rheumatism) connected with... arms or hands
- (2) ....legs or feet
- (3) ....back or neck
- (4) Difficulty in seeing (while wearing spectacles or contact lenses)
- (5) Difficulty in hearing
- (6) A speech impediment
- (7) Severe disfigurement, skin conditions, allergies
- (8) Chest or breathing problems, asthma, bronchitis
- (9) Heart, blood pressure or blood circulation problems
- (10) Stomach, liver kidney or digestive problems
- (11) Diabetes?
- (12) Depression, bad nerves or anxiety
- (13) Epilepsy
- (14) Severe or specific learning difficulties (mental handicap)
- (15) Mental illness, or suffer from phobia, panics or other nervous disorders
- (16) Progressive illness not included elsewhere (e.g. cancer, multiple sclerosis, symptomatic HIV, Parkinson's disease, muscular dystrophy)
- (17) Other health problems or disabilities

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a long term health problem/disability that has lasted longer than a year (HEALYR =1).

**NOTES:** The notes for HEAL also apply here. Respondents can give up to 10 problems. From Spring 97 to Spring 99, this variable was coded HEALPB (01-17). From Summer 99, this variable is coded HEALPB (01-10).

**LERNDB - Learning difficulty or learning disability?**

- (1) **Learning difficulty**
- (2) **Learning disability**
- (3) **Both**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2006.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have said that they have a severe or specific learning difficulty (i.e. HEALPB=14).

**HEALYL - Whether past health problems or disabilities limited activity**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**
- (3) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a long term health problem/disability that has lasted longer than a year (HEALYR =1).

**NOTES:** If respondents were receiving medication or treatment, they are asked to consider what the situation would be without the medication or treatment.

The qualifying statement concerning medication or treatment includes:

- the use of a prosthesis i.e. any artificial device attached to the body as an aid, for example, an artificial limb, a heart pacemaker, or a hearing aid (except spectacles or contact lenses);
- the use of any other form of aid or equipment such as a wheelchair.

If someone says their condition does not have any affect on them because it is kept under control by treatment, they are still coded '1'. For example, some people take medication and experience no impairment in their quality of life as a result, but without that medication they would die.

Normal day-to-day activities are those which are carried out by most people on a daily basis, and we are interested in disabilities/health problems which have a substantial adverse effect on respondent's ability to carry out these activities.

See HEALIM for examples of ways in which a problem may affect the respondent's day to day activities.

**DISCURR - Current disability**

- (1) **Both DDA (current disability) and work-limiting disabled**
- (2) **DDA disabled (current disability) only**
- (3) **Work-limiting disabled only**
- (4) **Not disabled**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age and those above working age who indicate they are in work, that they are looking for work or that they would like a regular paid job.

**NOTES:** DDA disabled (current disability) includes those who have a long-term disability which substantially limits their day-to-day activities. Work-limiting disabled includes those who have a long-term disability which affects the kind or amount of work they might do.

Please see notes on a discontinuity between Q4 2009 and Q1 2010 and changes made to this derived variable in 2011 on page 5 of this user guide.

Please refer to Volume 4 User guide to see how this derived variable is calculated.

### **XDISDDA - Unadjusted DDA disabled [READ NOTES BEFORE USING THIS VARIABLE]**

- (1) **Current disability only**
- (2) **Current and past disability**
- (3) **Past disability only**
- (4) **Not DDA disabled**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 98 to Winter 99 (on ONS datasets only), Each quarter from Spring 2000

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents of working age.

**NOTES:** This variable is designed to help users estimate the number of people who meet the DDA definition of disability. This definition has two parts: current and past disability;

*Current disability* includes people who have a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities, and people with a progressive condition (e.g. cancer, multiple sclerosis) from the moment any impairment resulting from it first has some effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

*Past disability* includes people who have had a disability within the DDA definition in the past, even if they have since recovered. The LFS data on past disabilities does not include any proxy response because it is not thought that proxy respondents would be able to provide accurate information on past disabilities. Therefore users need to make an adjustment to any estimates they derive from this variable involving past disabilities. The adjustment process is described below.

#### Adjustment for past disabilities.

To take account of the absence of proxy data, the suggested method is to apply the same proportion of proxy response in wave 1 at HEALIM to the number of people in category 3 of XDISDDA. Thus, in Spring 1998, a table of HEALIM by IOUTCOME filtered on THISWV = 1 shows that the proportion of proxy response was 24% so the adjustment made to XDISDDA is to multiply the past disabilities only category by 100/76. So the estimate of total DDA disabled people in the UK in Spring 1998 is:

|                             | (Thousands)          |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Current disability only     | 4,682                |
| Current and past disability | 301                  |
| Past disability only        | $571 * 100/76 = 751$ |
| Total DDA disabled          | 5,734                |

This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance.

### **SMOKEVER – Ever Smoked**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Every Quarter from AJ09.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 18 and over.

**NOTES:** This variable appears on ONS datasets only, and will be published as part of the IHS. Includes only ordinary tobacco which is smoked. Exclude any reference to snuff, tobacco or tobacco products that are chewed or sucked or herbal tobaccos. By 'ever smoked', we mean even just once in their life.

### **CIGNOW – Smoke at all nowadays**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Every Quarter from AJ09.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged and over and when response in SMOKEVER is 'Yes'.

**NOTES:** This variable appears on ONS RESEARCH datasets only, and will be published as part of the IHS. Includes only ordinary tobacco which is smoked. Exclude any reference to snuff, tobacco or tobacco products that are chewed or sucked or herbal tobaccos.

## **ACCIDENTS AT WORK AND WORK-RELATED HEALTH PROBLEMS**

### **ACCDNT - Accidents resulting in injury at work or in the course of work in the last 12 months**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 93 – Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and all other men aged 16-64 and women aged 16-59 who have left a job in the past 12 months.

**NOTES:** DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology) "Imputation in the LFS", for full details.

#### **ROAD - How injury was caused**

- (1) A road accident
- (2) Some other way?

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 93 – Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**NOTES:** DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology) "Imputation in the LFS", for full details.

### **ACCY- Year of accident in last 12 months**

**Enter year**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM09. From OD11, this is asked in odd years only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have been injured at work in the last 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

### **ACCM- Month of accident in last 12 months**

**Enter month 1-12**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM09. From OD11, this is asked in odd years only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have been injured at work in the last 12 months (ACCDNT = 1) and responded to ACCY.

### **WCHJB - Job title check**

- (1) **[Occupation title - main job - OCCT]**
- (2) **[Occupation title - second job – OCCT2] or ( N/A )**
- (4) **Some other job?**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 93 to Winter 05. From AJ07 this is asked odd years only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable applies to respondents who have had an accident in the previous 12 months and identifies whether the job being done at the time of the accident was the same as previously mentioned.

DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology) “Imputation in the LFS”, for full details.

**GOBACK - How soon able to start work after the accident**

- (1) **Still off paid work**
- (2) **Expects never to do paid work again**
- (3) **Same day**
- (4) **The day after the accident**
- (5) **On the second day after the accident**
- (6) **On third day after the accident**
- (7) **On fourth day after the accident**
- (8) **On fifth day or longer after the accident**
- (9) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Winter quarters from Winter 93 – Winter 05. JM quarters every year from JM06 to JM08. JM quarters every 2 even years from JM10 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**NOTES:** This variable applies to respondents who have had an accident in the previous 12 months. DNA (-9) will include people who were not contacted in the quarter this question was asked. See LFS User Guide Volume 1 (Background and Methodology), Imputation in the LFS, for full details.

**GOBCK9- How soon able to start work after the accident**

- (1) **Still off paid work**
- (2) **Same day**
- (3) **The day after the accident**
- (4) **On the second day after the accident**
- (5) **On third day after the accident**
- (6) **On fourth day after the accident**
- (7) **On fifth day or longer after the accident**
- (8) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 odd years from JM09 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**TIMEDAYS / TIMECODE - How many days after the accident did you return to work**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 04 – Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1) and who have returned to work on or after the fifth day after the accident (GOBACK = 8).

**ACCDAY4 - How soon after accident did you go back to work**



**(0-365) Days**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters only from Winter 04 to Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets. Applies to all respondents who said they returned to work on or after the fifth day after the accident (GOBACK = 8).

**TYPINJ - Type of injury incurred through accident**

- (1) **Amputation (NOT loss of fleshy finger tips, teeth or nails - count as superficial)**
- (2) **Fracture/ broken bones (NOT cartilage in nose - count as superficial)**
- (3) **Dislocation of joints (without fracture)**
- (4) **Strain/ sprain**
- (5) **Superficial (inc. bruising, abrasions, scratches, foreign body in eye)**
- (6) **Lacerations/ open wounds**
- (7) **Loss of sight (temporary or permanent)**
- (8) **Chemical or hot metal burn to the eyeball, or any penetrating injury to the eyeball (NOT the eye area of the face generally)**
- (9) **Burns/scalds (NOT to the eye)**
- (10) **Lack of oxygen (asphyxia) or poisoning**
- (11) **Other type of injury**
- (12) **Multiple injuries, no one injury type obviously more severe**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1)

**SITEFR - Fractured/broken bones**

- (1) **Fingers or thumbs**
- (2) **Toes**
- (3) **Wrist or ankle**
- (4) **Other bones in hand or foot**
- (5) **Other bones in arm or leg**
- (6) **Head, neck, spine or pelvis**
- (7) **Or other bones**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1) and their injuries have included fractured / broken bones (TYPINJ = 2).

**SITEDI - Dislocated joints**

- (1) **Shoulder**
- (2) **Other joint in arm e.g. wrist, elbow**
- (3) **Hip**
- (4) **Knee**
- (5) **Other joint in leg e.g. ankle**
- (6) **Or spine**

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1) and their injuries have included dislocated joints (TYPINJ = 3).

**ACCURH - Effects of the accident**

- (1) Lose consciousness, even briefly?
- (2) Suffer from hypothermia or heat induced illness?
- (3) Need resuscitation?
- (4) Stay in hospital for more than 24 hours?
- (5) Not experience any of the above

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**ACCKIND - Cause of accident**

- (1) Hit by a moving, flying or falling object
- (2) Hit by a moving vehicle
- (3) Hit something fixed or stationary
- (4) Injured while handling, lifting or carrying
- (5) Slipped, tripped or fell on the same level
- (6) Fell from a height
- (7) Trapped by something collapsing or overturning
- (8) Drowned or asphyxiated
- (9) Exposed to, or in contact with, a harmful substance
- (10) Exposed to fire
- (11) Exposed to an explosion
- (12) Contact with electricity or an electrical discharge
- (13) Injured by an animal
- (14) Physically assaulted by a person
- (15) Another kind of accident

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have had a work related accident in the past 12 months (ACCDNT = 1).

**NOTES:** Respondents are asked not to select the first option that applies, but to choose the one that best describes how the incident occurred.

**ILLWRK - Whether in past 12 months, has suffered any (other) illness, disability or physical or mental problem caused or made worse by job or work done in the past**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know (proxy respondents only)

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 04 – Winter 05. A routing error for JM08 and JM09 rendered the ILLWRK variable for these quarters inaccurate. The variable was rerun in AJ10 to account for this and users are advised to use data from the quarter only. The variable frequency will return to JM quarters only from JM11.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are working or have ever been employed.

**NOTES:** The illness, disability or problem must be one caused or made worse by work and have occurred at some point during the past 12 months.

**NUMILL - Number of illness caused or made worse by work in last 12 months**

8 illnesses or more coded as 8

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 04 – Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness that was caused/made worse by work in past 12 months (ILLWRK = 1).

**NOTES:** The number of different illnesses a respondent has is recorded here, not the number of bouts/episodes of the same illness.

**TYPILL - Type of illness caused or made worse by work in last 12 months**

- (1) Bone, joint or muscle problems which mainly affect (or is connected with) arms, hands, neck or shoulder,
- (2) hips legs or feet,
- (3) back,
- (4) Breathing or lung problems,
- (5) Skin problems,
- (6) Hearing problems,
- (7) Stress, depression or anxiety,
- (8) Headache and/or eyestrain,
- (9) Heart disease/attack, other circulatory system,
- (10) Infectious disease (virus, bacteria),
- (11) Other

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 04 to Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness in last 12 months that was caused/made worse by work (ILLWRK = 1).

**NOTES:** If more than one code applies, the one which the respondent says is the most serious or affects them the most is recorded.

**AWARE - When first aware of this illness**

- (1) Within the last 12 months (i.e. since [date one year ago])
- (2) More than one year ago (i.e. before [date one year ago])

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** This variable is only available on ONS datasets.

Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness in last 12 months caused/made worse by work (ILLWRK = 1).

**TMEOFF - Total time off work in last 12 months as a result of illness caused or aggravated by work**

- (1) No time off work,
- (2) less than 1 day,
- (3) 1 to 3 days, (WORK DAYS)
- (4) 4 to 6 days, (WORK DAYS)
- (5) At least 1 week but less than 2 weeks,
- (6) At least 2 weeks but less than 1 month,
- (7) At least 1 month but less than 3 months,
- (8) At least 3 months but less than 6 months,
- (9) At least 6 months but less than 9 months,
- (10) At least 9 months but less than one year

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM07.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to respondents who have suffered from an illness in last 12 months caused/made worse by work and who are working or have left employment within the last 12 months.

**ILCURR- Time off caused by work-related illness**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM09 onwards.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who suffered an illness from work (ILLWRK = 1) and took time off work - off ill on the day(s) they were scheduled to work (TMEOFF ≠ 1).

**WCHJB3 - Job caused or made illness worse (previously mentioned)**

- (1) [Occupation title – main job – OCCT]
- (2) [Occupation title – second job - OCCT2]
- (3) Some other job

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters from JM06 onwards. Winter quarters from Winter 04 – Winter 05.

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness in last 12 months caused/made worse by work (ILLWRK = 1) and who have provided details of their job or second job (OCCT = response or OCCT2 = response).

**WIND – Main outputs of firm/organisation that you worked for, when your job caused or worsened your illness**

Thinking about the job which caused or made your illness worse, what did the firm/organisation you worked for mainly make or do?

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years (2007, 2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness that was caused/made worse by work in past 12 months (ILLWRK = 1), the job that caused or worsened the illness was not their main or second job (WCHJB3) and who have not provided details of their job or second job (OCCT = empty or OCCT2 = empty).

**WINDT – Title of the industry**

Enter a short title for the industry

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years (2007, 2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness that was caused/made worse by work in past 12 months (ILLWRK = 1), the job that caused or worsened the illness was not their main or second job (WCHJB3) and who have not provided details of their job or second job (OCCT = empty or OCCT2 = empty).

**WOCCT – Job description**

What was your job?

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years (2007, 2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness in last 12 months caused/made worse by work (ILLWRK = 1), the job that caused or worsened the illness was not their main or second job (WCHJB3) and who have not provided details of their job or second job (OCCT = empty or OCCT2 = empty).

**WOCCD – Main duties of the job**

What did you mainly do in your job?

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years (2007, 2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have suffered from an illness that was caused or made worse by work in past 12 months (ILLWRK = 1), the job that caused or worsened the illness was not their main or second job (WCHJB3) and who have not provided details of their job or second job (OCCT = empty or OCCT2 = empty).

**HOW1CAUS – How work caused the illness or made it worse**

- (1) Manual handling (lifting/carrying/pushing/pulling)
- (2) Keyboard work or repetitive action (repeating a series of movements e.g. assembly work)
- (3) Awkward/tiring positions
- (4) Workplace accident
- (5) Stress-related, e.g. job-demands, control, support (stress at work)
- (6) Other

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents for whom (ILLWRK = 1) and (TYPILL = 1 OR 2 OR 3). This variable replaces HOWCAUSE from JM10.

**HOW2CAUS – How work caused the illness or made it worse**

- (1) Workload (tight deadlines, too much work/pressure/responsibility)
- (2) Role uncertainty (lack of clarity about job/uncertain what meant to do)
- (3) Lack of control (no say over what/how to do job)
- (4) Lack of support (from management)
- (5) Changes at work (management/organisation/work content/use of new technology)
- (6) Violence, threats or bullying
- (6) Other

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents for whom (ILLWRK = 1) and (TYPILL = 7 OR 9). This variable replaces HOWCAUSE from JM10.

**HOW3CAUS – How work caused the illness or made it worse**

- (1) General work environment (uncomfortable - hot/cold/damp/wet/dry/draughts/enclosed space)
- (2) By breathing in airborne materials from spray painting or manufacturing foam products
- (3) By breathing in dusts from flour or grain/cereal, animal feed or bedding (straw)
- (4) By breathing in airborne materials while welding, soldering or cutting/grinding metals
- (5) By breathing in dusts from stone, cement, brick or concrete (e.g. during building, construction, quarrying or road maintenance work)
- (6) By breathing in fumes from engine exhaust

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters only from 2010

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents for whom (ILLWRK = 1) and (TYPILL = 4). This variable replaces HOWCAUSE from JM10.

**REASOFF9– Reasons for not working**

- (1) This illness caused or made worse by work
- (2) The workplace injury you told me about
- (3) Or for some other reason?

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years from JM09 onwards (2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who suffered from an illness in last 12 months caused/made worse by work OR respondents injured at work in the last 12 months AND Respondents not currently working but have worked in the past 12 months. This was previously called REASOFF from JM07.

**NOBACK9 – Expected return to work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** JM quarters every 2 years (2009, 2011 etc).

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are not currently in work because of illness that was caused or made worse by work.

**HWW4WK -Illness preventing work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are working, who have worked within the last three months or who are currently enrolled on a government scheme/training programme considered as employment

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**HWWRET -Return to work**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JM12

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has had a period of illness or injury lasting four weeks or longer

**NOTES:** New for JM12

## **NEVER RETURN TO WORK QUESTIONS**

The 'never return to work' module is exclusive to JM12 and will not be asked in the future.

**CONCERN -Concern related with illness**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12.

**UNDERSTA -Understanding of illness**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**AFFECT -Emotional affect of the illness**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**WALK -Extent of walking problems**

- 1) no problems,
- (2) some problems,
- (3) or extreme problems?

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**CONFBED -Whether the respondent is confined to bed**

- 1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has extreme problems with walking. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12.

**WASH - Extent of washing and dressing problems**

- 1) no problems,
- (2) some problems,
- (3) or extreme problems?

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**NOWASH -Whether the respondent is unable to wash and dress**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has extreme problems when washing and dressing themselves. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**ACT -The extent of difficulty the respondent has when carrying out usual activities**

- (1) no problems,
- (2) some problems,
- (3) or extreme problems?

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**NOACT -Whether the respondent is unable to perform usual activities**

- (1) yes
- (2) no

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only.

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent has extreme problems when performing usual activities. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**PAIN The level of pain and discomfort suffered**

- (1) no pain or discomfort
- (2) some pain or discomfort
- (3) or extreme pain or discomfort?

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**ANXIETY -Level of anxiety or depression**

- (1) not anxious or depressed
- (2) moderately anxious or depressed
- (3) or extremely anxious or depressed?

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**SCORE1 -State of health on day of interview**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only

**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

**SCORE2 -State of health excluding work related illness**

0...10

**FREQUENCY:** JM12 only



**COVERAGE:** Applies if respondent expects never to return to work as a result of their work related illness. Applies only if respondent is giving a personal interview

**NOTES:** New for JM12

## INCOME

Up to Winter 96, all questions in the income section were asked of respondents in wave 5. From Spring 97 they have been asked in wave 1 as well.

Coverage of the following questions includes only people aged 16-69 plus those aged 70 and over who are in employment which means that data for old age pensions etc. will be distorted. The income questions are not addressed to respondents who are self employed.

### INCOME PAY BANDS

Pay Bands are used in the variables BANDG, BANDN, BANDG2 & BANDN2.

| <b>ANNUAL (£)</b> |                 | <b>MONTHLY (£)</b> |                | <b>WEEKLY (£)</b> |               |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 1.1               | 0               | 2.1                | 0              | 3.1               | 0             |
| 1.2               | 1 - 499         | 2.2                | 1 – 49         | 3.2               | 1 - 9         |
| 1.3               | 500 - 999       | 2.3                | 50 – 99        | 3.3               | 10 - 19       |
| 1.4               | 1000 - 1499     | 2.4                | 100 – 149      | 3.4               | 20 - 29       |
| 1.5               | 1500 - 1999     | 2.5                | 150 – 199      | 3.5               | 30 - 39       |
| 1.6               | 2000 - 2499     | 2.6                | 200 – 249      | 3.6               | 40 - 49       |
| 1.7               | 2500 - 2999     | 2.7                | 250 – 299      | 3.7               | 50 - 59       |
| 1.8               | 3000 - 3499     | 2.8                | 300 – 349      | 3.8               | 60 - 69       |
| 1.9               | 3500 - 3999     | 2.9                | 350 – 399      | 3.9               | 70 - 79       |
| 1.10              | 4000 - 4499     | 2.10               | 400 – 449      | 3.10              | 80 - 89       |
| 1.11              | 4500 - 4999     | 2.11               | 450 – 499      | 3.11              | 90 - 99       |
| 1.12              | 5000 - 5999     | 2.12               | 500 – 549      | 3.12              | 100 - 109     |
| 1.13              | 6000 - 6999     | 2.13               | 550 – 599      | 3.13              | 110 - 124     |
| 1.14              | 7000 - 7999     | 2.14               | 600 – 649      | 3.14              | 125 - 149     |
| 1.15              | 8000 - 8999     | 2.15               | 650 – 699      | 3.15              | 150 - 174     |
| 1.16              | 9000 - 9999     | 2.16               | 700 – 799      | 3.16              | 175 - 199     |
| 1.17              | 10000 - 10999   | 2.17               | 800 – 899      | 3.17              | 200 - 224     |
| 1.18              | 11000 - 11999   | 2.18               | 900 – 999      | 3.18              | 225 - 249     |
| 1.19              | 12000 - 12999   | 2.19               | 1000 – 1099    | 3.19              | 250 - 274     |
| 1.20              | 13000 - 13999   | 2.20               | 1100 – 1199    | 3.20              | 275 - 299     |
| 1.21              | 14000 - 14999   | 2.21               | 1200 – 1299    | 3.21              | 300 - 324     |
| 1.22              | 15000 - 15999   | 2.22               | 1300 – 1399    | 3.22              | 325 - 349     |
| 1.23              | 16000 - 16999   | 2.23               | 1400 – 1499    | 3.23              | 350 - 374     |
| 1.24              | 17000 - 17999   | 2.24               | 1500 – 1599    | 3.24              | 375 - 399     |
| 1.25              | 18000 - 18999   | 2.25               | 1600 – 1699    | 3.25              | 400 - 424     |
| 1.26              | 19000 - 19999   | 2.26               | 1700 – 1799    | 3.26              | 425 - 449     |
| 1.27              | 20000 - 22999   | 2.27               | 1800 – 1899    | 3.27              | 450 - 474     |
| 1.28              | 23000 - 25999   | 2.28               | 1900 – 1999    | 3.28              | 475 - 499     |
| 1.29              | 26000 - 28999   | 2.29               | 2000 – 2199    | 3.29              | 500 - 549     |
| 1.30              | 29000 - 31999   | 2.30               | 2200 – 2499    | 3.30              | 550 - 599     |
| 1.31              | 32000 - 34999   | 2.31               | 2500 – 2999    | 3.31              | 600 - 649     |
| 1.32              | 35000 - 37999   | 2.32               | 3000 – 3499    | 3.32              | 650 - 699     |
| 1.33              | 38000 - 40999   | 2.33               | 3500 – 3999    | 3.33              | 700 - 749     |
| 1.34              | 41000 - or more | 2.34               | 4000 - or more | 3.34              | 750 - or more |

### GROSS INCOME

**INCNOW - Prompt to ask income questions**

- (1) **Now**
- (2) **Later**
- (3) **Non-contact (proxy interview not possible)**
- (8) **Answer state benefit questions only**
- (9) **Refusal**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16-69 or those in employment in the reference week.

**GROSS99 - Gross pay before deductions**

|           |                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| (1-99994) | £1 to £99994 (self assessment)        |
| (99995)   | Paid £99995 or more (self assessment) |
| (99996)   | No pay yet received                   |
| (99998)   | Don't know                            |
| (99999)   | Refusal                               |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and those on a government scheme (not New Deal in the voluntary sector or environmental task force).

**NOTES:** This variable replaces GOVGRO and EMPGRO from Spring 99.

**GRSPRD - Period covered by last (gross) pay**

|      |                             |
|------|-----------------------------|
| (1)  | One week                    |
| (2)  | Two weeks                   |
| (3)  | Three weeks                 |
| (4)  | Four weeks                  |
| (5)  | Calendar month              |
| (7)  | Two calendar months         |
| (8)  | Eight times a year          |
| (9)  | Nine times a year           |
| (10) | Ten times a year            |
| (13) | Three months/13 weeks       |
| (26) | Six months/26 weeks         |
| (52) | One year/12 months/52 weeks |
| (90) | Less than one week          |
| (95) | One off/lump sum            |
| (97) | None of these               |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for either their actual last payment as an employee or on a government scheme, or a figure for the payment which they expect.

**NOTES:** This question replaces GOEMGB as of Spring 99.

**GRSEXP - Gross pay expected**

|           |                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| (1-99994) | £1 to £99994 (self assessment)        |
| (99995)   | Paid £99995 or more (self assessment) |
| (99998)   | Don't know                            |
| (99999)   | Refusal                               |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have not yet received pay from a government scheme or an employer (GROSS99 = 99996).

**NOTES:** This question replaces GOEMEX as of Spring 99.

**BANDG - Weekly - monthly - annual pay bands**

**Winter 92 to Winter 96 - See Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) for band details**  
**Spring 97 onwards - See start of Income section in this volume**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents on a government scheme or employee, who do not know their gross pay.

**NOTES:** BANDG was changed from a numeric to a text variable in Autumn 97, but the bands are coded using two decimal places.

**GRSSWK - Gross weekly pay in main job**

**Amount (£)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and those on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** If GRSSWK is greater than £3,500, or GRSSWK is greater than £1,000 and the respondent is a manual worker, then the case is not given an income weight. Non-response to this question will also be zero-weighted.

In Winter 96/97 and Spring 97, some records were coded as zero instead of -8. Users should filter on GRSSWK > 0 to exclude these records.

Standard filters used to calculate average gross weekly earnings are GRSSWK>0 and HOURPAY>0 and HOURPAY<100.

**HOURPAY - Average gross hourly pay**

**Amount (£)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 93

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and those on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from GRSSWK, POTHR & BUSHR.

Occasionally there are records with abnormally high levels for HOURPAY. Users may wish to filter out such records, for example by specifying HOURPAY = 0 - 99. This method is used for published LFS income data. In Winter 96/97 and Spring 97, some records were coded as zero instead of -8. Users should filter on HOURPAY > 0 to exclude these records.

**USGRS99 - Whether gross pay last received is the same as that received each similar period**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) No usual amount

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 1999 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last payment as an employee or on a government scheme, excluding those giving an annual amount.

**USUGPAY - What is usual pay received for period covered by last pay**

- (1-99994) £1 to £99994 (self assessment)
- (99995) Paid £99995 or more (self assessment)
- (99998) Don't know
- (99999) Refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last payment as an employee or on government scheme, excluding those giving an annual amount.

## **NET INCOME**

### **NET99 - What is take home pay after deductions**

|           |                |
|-----------|----------------|
| (1-99994) | £1 to £99994   |
| (99995)   | £99995 or more |
| (99997)   | Same as Gross  |
| (99998)   | Don't know     |
| (99999)   | Refusal        |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last gross pay as an employee or on a government scheme, and those who did not know the amount.

### **YVARY99 - Reason pay varies**

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| (1) | Number of hours, days of work vary          |
| (2) | Amounts of bonuses, tips, commission varies |
| (3) | Number of hours of overtime varies          |
| (4) | Other reason                                |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have no usual level of net or gross pay from an employer.

**NOTES:** This variable replaces YVARY and is asked of both employees and those on a government scheme.

### **BANDN - Weekly - monthly - annual pay bands**

**Winter 92 to Winter 96 - See Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) for band details**  
**Spring 97 onwards - See start of Income section in this volume**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are on government scheme or employees who do not know their net pay.

**NOTES:** BANDN was changed from a numeric to a text variable in Autumn 1997, but the bands are coded using two decimal places.

### **NETWK - Net weekly pay in main job**

**Amount (£)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees and those on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** In Winter 96 and Spring 97, some records were coded as zero instead of -8. Users should filter on HOURPAY > 0 to exclude these records.

### **NETPRD - Period covered by last net pay**

|     |           |
|-----|-----------|
| (1) | One week  |
| (2) | Two weeks |

- (3) Three weeks
- (4) Four weeks
- (5) Calendar month
- (7) Two calendar months
- (8) Eight times a year
- (9) Nine times a year
- (10) Ten times a year
- (13) Three months/13 weeks
- (26) Six months/26 weeks
- (52) One year/12 months/52 weeks
- (90) Less than one week
- (95) One off/lump sum
- (97) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last payment as an employee or on a government scheme.

**NOTES:** This question replaces NETGA from Spring 99.

**USNET99 - Whether last net pay was usual net pay for period covered by payment**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) No usual amount

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last net pay as an employee or from a government scheme, or whose net pay was the same as their gross pay, or have not yet received any pay from their employer.

**NOTES:** This question replaces USEMPN from Spring 99.

**USUNPAY - What would usual amount of net pay for period be**

- (1-99994) £1 to £99994
- (99995) £99995 or more
- (99997) Same as Gross
- (99998) Don't know
- (99999) Refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving a figure for their actual last net pay as an employee or from a government scheme, or whose net pay was the same as their gross pay, or have not yet received any pay from their employer.

**NOTES:** This question replaces USEMPN from Spring 99.

**YPAYL - Reason for pay being less than usual**

- (1) Absence from work through illness
- (2) Worked less overtime than usual
- (3) Annual leave
- (4) Bank holiday
- (5) Worked less hours for other reason
- (6) Maternity pay
- (7) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose most recent pay was less than the pay which they would usually receive for the same period of time.

**PAYSSP - Whether received Statutory Sick Pay**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who did not receive their usual amount of pay, last time they were paid, because of illness absence from work.

**YPAYM - Reason for pay being more than usual**

- (1) It included advance holiday pay
- (2) It included a tax refund
- (3) Worked more overtime than normal
- (4) It included a pay increase
- (5) It included a bonus payment, tips or commission
- (6) Other reason

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose most recent pay was more than the pay which they would usually receive for the same period of time.

**ERNFILT - Whether last pay contained any additions to basic pay**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No
- (3) Don't know

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents giving specific amount for last gross or net pay.

**ERNCM(01-11) - Payments included in last gross pay**

- (1) Overtime payments
- (2) Payments for working unsociable hours
- (3) Shift allowances
- (4) Bonuses
- (5) Profit related pay
- (6) Piecework payments or payment by result
- (7) Tips or gratuities
- (8) London or other regional allowances
- (9) Stand-by or on-call allowances
- (10) Tax credits
- (11) Any other additions to basic pay

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 01

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose last pay contained additions to their basic pay (ERNFILT = 1 or 3).

**NOTES:** This question is useful in determining how wage levels correlate with employment patterns, as well as allowing more accurate analysis of how calculations of average hourly earnings should be adjusted to allow for hidden components.

**BONCMP(1-4) - Which type of bonus did pay contain**

- (1) **Group or team bonuses**
- (2) **Individual bonuses**
- (3) **Commission or sales bonuses**
- (4) **Other type of bonus**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose last pay contained additions to their basic pay, in the form of bonuses.

**HOURLY - Whether paid a fixed hourly rate**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents whose last pay period is less than monthly, a lump sum or is not known. Respondents should still answer 'yes' here if their rate varies for working at different times of the day (e.g. some people are paid more for working early in the morning).

**HRRATE - What is basic hourly rate**

- (1-994) **Amount in pounds and pence**
- (995) **£995 or more**
- (998) **Don't know**
- (999) **Refusal**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are paid a fixed hourly rate.

**OVRTME - At what rate is overtime paid**

- (1) **Your normal basic rate of pay**
- (2) **More than your normal basic rate of pay**
- (3) **Or less than your normal basic rate of pay**
- (4) **Don't know**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 99 to Winter 2000 (Waves 1 and 5 only). Each quarter from Spring 02

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have ever worked overtime.

**USESPLP - Type of documentation used to check income detail**

- (1) **Pay slip**
- (2) **Bank / building society accounts / statements**
- (3) **Other**
- (4) **None**



**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 98 (Waves 1 and 5 only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in work as employees/self-employed responding to pay questions.

## **GROSS INCOME - SECOND JOB**

### **HOURLY2 - Paid fixed hourly rate in second job**

- (1) Yes
- (2) No

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who have a second job and are an employee (STAT2 = 1).

**NOTES:** Respondents who are paid different rates for working different times or days are coded 1 and asked their basic rate of pay at the next question.

### **HRRATE2 - Basic hourly rate in second job**

- (1-994) Amount in pounds & pence
- (995) £995 or more
- (998) Don't know
- (999) Refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 03

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are paid an hourly rate in their second job (HOURLY2 = 1).

### **SECGRO - Gross pay before deductions**

- (1-99994) £1 - £99994 (self assessment)
- (99995) Paid £99995 or more
- (99996) No pay received yet
- (99998) Don't know
- (99999) Refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

### **SECGA - Period of gross earnings (2nd Job)**

- Spring 96 onwards
- (01) One week
- (02) Two weeks
- (03) Three weeks
- (04) Four weeks
- (05) Calendar month
- (07) Two calendar months
- (08) Eight times a year
- (09) Nine times a year
- (10) Ten times a year
- (13) Three months/13 weeks
- (26) Six months/26 weeks
- (52) One year/12 months/52 weeks
- (90) Less than one week

- (95) One off/lump sum
- (97) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

**SECEX - Expected gross earnings**

- Amount of pay**
- (1-99994) £1 - £99994 (self assessment)
  - (99995) Paid £99995 or more
  - (99998) Don't know
  - (99999) Refusal

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job and have not received pay yet (SECGRO=99996).

**SECGB - Period of expected earnings**

- Spring 96 onwards**
- (01) One week
  - (02) Two weeks
  - (03) Three weeks
  - (04) Four weeks
  - (05) Calendar month
  - (07) Two calendar months
  - (08) Eight times a year
  - (09) Nine times a year
  - (10) Ten times a year
  - (13) Three months/13 weeks
  - (26) Six months/26 weeks
  - (52) One year/12 months/52 weeks
  - (90) Less than one week
  - (95) One off/lump sum
  - (97) None of these

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job and have not received pay yet.

**BANDG2 - Weekly - monthly - annual pay bands**

**Winter 92 to Winter 96 - See Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) for band details**  
**Spring 97 onwards - See start of Income section in this volume**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job and do not know their gross pay.

**NOTES:** BANDG2 was changed from a numeric to a text variable in Autumn 1997, but the bands are coded using two decimal places.

**GRSSWK2 - Gross weekly pay in second job**

**Amount (£)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

**NOTES:** This variable is derived from STAT2, INCNOW, SECGRO, SECGA, SECGB, SECEX & BANDG2.

## **NET INCOME - SECOND JOB**

### **SECNET - Net pay after deductions**

|           |                               |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| (1-99994) | £1 - £99994 (self assessment) |
| (99995)   | Paid £99995 or more           |
| (99998)   | Don't know                    |
| (99999)   | Refusal                       |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

### **SCNTGA - Net pay period of earnings**

#### **Spring 96 onwards**

|      |                             |
|------|-----------------------------|
| (01) | One week                    |
| (02) | Two weeks                   |
| (03) | Three weeks                 |
| (04) | Four weeks                  |
| (05) | Calendar month              |
| (07) | Two calendar months         |
| (08) | Eight times a year          |
| (09) | Nine times a year           |
| (10) | Ten times a year            |
| (13) | Three months/13 weeks       |
| (26) | Six months/26 weeks         |
| (52) | One year/12 months/52 weeks |
| (90) | Less than one week          |
| (95) | One off/lump sum            |
| (97) | None of these               |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

### **BANDN2 - Weekly - monthly - annual pay bands (2nd job)**

**Winter 92 to Winter 96 - See Volume 5 (LFS Classifications) for band details**

**Spring 97 onwards - See start of Income section in this volume**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job and do not know their net pay.

**NOTES:** BANDN2 was changed from a numeric to a text variable in Autumn 1997, but the bands are coded using two decimal places.

### **NETWK2 - Net weekly pay in 2nd job**

**Amount (£)**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents who are employees in a second job.

**NOTES:** This is a derived variable; please see Volume 4 User Guide for further guidance..

## **BROADBANDED VARIABLES**

Broadbanded variables are found on the quarterly UA/LA (Unitary Authorities and Local Area) datasets only.

### **AGEB - Age band**

|      |       |
|------|-------|
| (1)  | 0-4   |
| (2)  | 5-10  |
| (3)  | 11-15 |
| (4)  | 16-17 |
| (5)  | 18-24 |
| (6)  | 25-29 |
| (7)  | 30-34 |
| (8)  | 35-39 |
| (9)  | 40-44 |
| (10) | 45-49 |
| (11) | 50-54 |
| (12) | 55-59 |
| (13) | 60-64 |
| (14) | 65-69 |
| (15) | 70-74 |
| (16) | 75+   |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on UA/LA datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Broadbanding of AGE.

### **AGEDFEB - Band age at preceding 31 August**

|      |       |
|------|-------|
| (1)  | 0-4   |
| (2)  | 5-10  |
| (3)  | 11-15 |
| (4)  | 16-17 |
| (5)  | 18-24 |
| (6)  | 25-29 |
| (7)  | 30-34 |
| (8)  | 35-39 |
| (9)  | 40-44 |
| (10) | 45-49 |
| (11) | 50-54 |
| (12) | 55-59 |
| (13) | 60-64 |
| (14) | 65-69 |
| (15) | 70-74 |
| (16) | 75+   |

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 2000 (on UA/LA datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents.

**NOTES:** Broadbanding of AGEDFE.

### **HEALB(1-5) - Respondent's health problems (banded)**

- (1) **Problems or disabilities connected with arms, legs, hands, feet, back or neck**
- (2) **Difficulty in seeing or hearing**
- (3) **Chest or breathing problems**  
**Heart, blood pressure or blood circulation problems**  
**Stomach, liver kidney or digestive problems**  
**Diabetes**
- (4) **Depression, bad nerves**  
**Severe or specific learning problems**  
**Mental illness, phobias, panics or other nervous disorders**
- (5) **Speech impediment**  
**Severe disfigurement, skin conditions, allergies**  
**Epilepsy**  
**Progressive illnesses not included elsewhere**  
**Other health problems or disabilities**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97 (on UA/LA datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and all other men aged 16-64 and woman aged 16-59 who said that health or disability problems limit the kind of paid work they can do.

**NOTES:** Broadbanding of HEAL. This variable replaces HEALBB(1-5) from Spring 1997.

**HEALTHB - Health problems which affect respondent the most (banded)**

- (1) **Problems or disabilities connected with arms, legs, hands, feet, back or neck**
- (2) **Difficulty in seeing or hearing**
- (3) **Chest or breathing problems**  
**Heart, blood pressure or blood circulation problems**  
**Stomach, liver kidney or digestive problems**  
**Diabetes**
- (4) **Depression, bad nerves or anxiety**  
**Severe or specific learning problems**  
**Mental illness, phobias, panics or other nervous disorders**
- (5) **Speech impediment**  
**Severe disfigurement, skin conditions, allergies**  
**Epilepsy**  
**Progressive illnesses not included elsewhere**  
**Other health problems or disabilities**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97 (on UA/LA datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment and all other men aged 16-64 and woman aged 16-59 who said that health or disability problems limit the kind of paid work they can do.

**NOTES:** Broadbanding of HEALTH. This variable replaces HEABB(0-2) from Spring 1997.

**INDSECS - Industry Sectors in second job (banded)**

- (1) **Agriculture & Fishing**
- (2) **Energy & Water**
- (3) **Manufacturing**
- (4) **Construction**
- (5) **Distribution, Hotels & Restaurants**
- (6) **Transport**
- (7) **Banking, Finance & Insurance**
- (8) **Public admin., Education & Health**
- (9) **Other Services**
- (10) **Workplace outside UK**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 93 (on UA/LA datasets only)

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents in employment who have a regular additional job.

**NOTES:** Broadbanding of INDS92S.

## **SYSTEM VARIABLES**

System variables are included within the LFS questionnaire to aid the flow of the interview and provide additional information which is necessary for the procedure of the survey at subsequent waves, but is not collected for data purposes. Unless otherwise specified, they apply to all persons/households.

### **NURSE - Whether living in NHS accommodation**

- (1) **Persons in NHS accommodation**
- (-9) **Persons not in NHS accommodation**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Winter 92

**NOTES:** This variable should be used as a filter for an either/or response only.

### **HALLRES - Whether living in a hall of residence**

- (1) **Yes**
- (2) **No**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 96

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all respondents aged 16 or over.

**NOTES:** This is an interviewer check question (not asked of the respondent) to confirm whether there are any household members currently living in a hall of residence and therefore eligible to be interviewed as part of this household.

### **QUOTA - Stint number where interview took place**

**(1-960) Stint number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** The LFS sample is divided into 960 stints each week to be allocated to face-to-face interviews. See LFS User Guide volume 1 (Background and Methodology) for further information.

Please note that this variable was removed from EUL datasets from JM11 onwards.

### **WEEK - Week number when interview took place**

**(1-13) Week number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** There are 13 weeks in each LFS quarter and this variables identifies which week in the quarter the interview took place.

### **W1YR - Year that address first entered survey**

**Single digit number corresponds to last digit of year, e.g. 5 for 1995.**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**QRTR - Quarter that address first entered survey**

- (1) **JM (January to March)**
- (2) **AJ (April to June)**
- (3) **JS (July to September)**
- (4) **OD (October to December)**

**FREQUENCY:** Using seasonal quarters - each quarter from Spring 92 to Autumn 95. Using calendar quarters – each quarter from JM06.

**NUMHLD - Number of households at address**

- (1-81) **Household number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** From Spring 92 to Summer 94 this variable was called NUMHLD on SPSS datasets. From Autumn 94, this variable is called NUMHHLD on all formats.

**ADD - Address number on interviewer address list**

- (1-80) **Address number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** This variable is for interviewers use and refers to the number of the address on their address list.

**WAVFND - Wave at which household was first found**

- (1-5) **Wave number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** The household can change between waves because people move during their time in the survey. This variable allows a change of household to be identified.

**HHLID - Household reference**

- (1-81) **Household reference**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** At some addresses more than one household can be found. NUMHHLD identifies the number of occupied households at a particular address whereas HHLID identifies which household (including vacant households) at that address the data refers to.

**THISWV - Wave to which data refers**

- (1-5) **Wave number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**REFWKD - Reference day for current interview**

- (1-31) **Day number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**REFWKM - Reference month for current interview**

**(1-12) Month number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**REFWKY - Reference year for current interview**

**Two digits corresponding to last two digits of year, e.g. 95 for 1995**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**REFDTE - Reference date for current interview**

**YYMMDD - where Y is year, M is month, D is day e.g. 961225 for 25 December 1996**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Autumn 96

**NOTES:** This variable is an alternative presentation of the information contained in REFWKD, REFWKM & REFWKY.

**RECNO - Record number**

**(1-15) Record number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** This variable is created automatically and establishes the sequence order of individual records.

**PERSNO - Person number within household**

**(0-90) Person number within household**  
**(91-97) Person number within halls of residence**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** This variable should only be used for including or excluding persons in student halls of residence. Care should be taken as these are mainly proxy responses.

**RESPNO - Person number of the person who completed the interview**

**(0-97) Person number**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 92

**NOTES:** At the end of each individuals interview the interviewer records the PERSNO of the person who completed the interview. Often proxy interviews are conducted, where someone else in the household will answer on behalf of the individual.

**HSERIAL - Number that uniquely identifies a household**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all households.



**NOTES:** This variable is only available on SPSS household datasets. This variable is derived using QUOTA, WEEK, W1YR, QRTR, ADD, WAVFND & HHLID.

**FUSERIAL - Number that uniquely identifies a family unit**

**FREQUENCY:** Spring quarters only from Spring 92 to Spring 94. Spring and Autumn quarters from Spring 95

**COVERAGE:** Applies to all family units.

**NOTES:** This variable is only available on SPSS household datasets. This variable is derived using QUOTA, WEEK, W1YR, QRTR, ADD, WAVFND & HHLID.

**TYPINT - Telephone or face-to-face interview**

- (1) Telephone
- (2) Face to face

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Summer 97

**NOTES:** TYPINT relates to the current interview. Some questions are asked only at wave 1 with information rolled forward or checked at subsequent interviews, so users should be careful about attributing data to a telephone or face-to-face interview without checking first how the data are collected. See LFS User Guide volume 1 (Background and Methodology), section on “Fieldwork”.

**HOUT - Household outcome**

- (11) Full interview
- (12) Economically inactive
- (20) Partially co-operating household
- (31) Refusal to HQ letter
- (36) Outright refusal
- (37) Circumstantial refusal
- (41) Non-contact
- (51) No trace of address
- (52) Not yet built or under construction
- (53) Demolished or derelict
- (54) Vacant or being refurbished
- (55) Non residential or business only
- (56) Institution
- (57) Temporary accommodation/second residence
- (59) Directed not to sample at this address
- (60) Holiday home
- (61) Household no longer resident
- (62) Previously ineligible, now eligible
- (89) Household not finished with

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**HOUT04 – Final Outcome Code**

Hout04 gives the final outcome for the household

- (110) Complete Interview by Desired Respondent
- (120) Complete Interview: Part resp, part prox
- (130) Complete Interview by Proxy
- (140) Economically Inactive 70+
- (211) Partial HH Interview
- (212) HH Int but non-cont w. certain element

- (213) HH Int but refusal w. certain elements
- (214) Other Partial int by desired respondents
- (220) Partial Int: Part resp, part proxy
- (231) Partial HH Interview by Proxy
- (232) HH Int by proxy but non-cont with 1+
- (233) HH Int by proxy but refusal with 1+
- (234) Other Partial Int by Proxy
- (310) No contact with anyone at address
- (320) Contact made but not with resident
- (330) Contact made but not w. responsible res.
- (410) Office Refusal
- (421) Info refused about no. of dwellings
- (422) Info refused about resp'ts within dwelling
- (431) Refusal by desired respondent
- (432) Refusal by proxy
- (433) Refusal of access to site
- (434) Not yet finished with case
- (440) Refusal during interview
- (450) Broken Appointment
- (510) Respondents temporarily ill
- (511) Ill at home, notified HO
- (512) Ill at home, notified Interviewer
- (520) Away in hospital
- (521) Away/in hospital, notified HO
- (522) Away/in hospital, notified Interviewer
- (530) Physically/mentally unable/incompetent
- (531) Phys/mentally unable/incompetent, nfd HO
- (532) Phys/mentally unable/incomp't, nfd Intvr
- (540) Language difficulties
- (541) Language difficulties, notified HO
- (542) Language difficulties, notified Intvwr
- (550) Interview lost
- (561) Full Int, data deleted at resp's request
- (562) Proxy Int, data deleted at resp request
- (563) Other non-response
- (611) Not issued to an interviewer
- (612) Issued but not attempted
- (620) Address Inaccessible
- (630) Unable to locate address
- (641) Info refused re whether addr is resid'tl
- (642) Unknown whether addr is resid'tl, non-cont.
- (651) Info refused re whether eligible residents
- (652) Unknown whether eligible resides, non-cont.
- (661) Refusal to complete screener
- (662) Screener not complete, non-contact
- (670) Other unknown eligibility
- (710) Not yet built/ under construction
- (720) Demolished / Derelict
- (730) Vacant / empty
- (740) Non-residential address
- (750) Address occupied, but no resident HHld
- (760) Communal Establishment/ Institution
- (770) Resident HH(s), but not elig for survey
- (780) Address out of sample
- (781) Directed not to sample at address
- (782) Scts pre-sel shts, told not to interview
- (783) HHld limit on sample already reached
- (794) Prev. ineligible, now eligible
- (795) Prev. residents left
- (811) Prev Ineligible, now Eligible
- (812) Household moved out

**(890) Address not finished with**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

**LSTHO - Previous household outcome**

- (11) Full interview
- (12) Economically inactive
- (20) Partially co-operating household
- (31) Refusal to HQ letter
- (36) Outright refusal
- (37) Circumstantial refusal
- (41) Non-contact
- (51) No trace of address
- (52) Not yet built or under construction
- (53) Demolished or derelict
- (54) Vacant or being refurbished
- (55) Non residential or business only
- (56) Institution
- (57) Temporary accommodation/second residence
- (59) Directed not to sample at this address
- (60) Holiday home
- (61) Household no longer resident
- (62) Previously ineligible, now eligible
- (89) Household not finished with

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from Spring 97

## **ADDRESS FEATURES BLOCK**

**RTYPHH- Type of Household**

- (1) Single-person household, not retired
- (2) Elderly/retired household
- (3) Lone parent
- (4) Couple - 1 or both working age (with children)
- (5) Couple - 1 or both working age (no children or not sure about dependants)
- (6) Multi-person household (students, sharers)
- (7) Other
- (8) Not known/Uncertain

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 and Face to Face Only.

**NOTES:** This is an outcome coding variable.

**RTYPOTH- Composition of Household**

**Enter a text at most 100 characters**

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 and Face to Face Only. Applies if the household does not neatly fall into any of the given categories at RTypHH.

**NOTES:** This is an outcome coding variable.

**DWELLTYP – Type of accommodation**

- (1) House or bungalow – detached
- (2) House or bungalow – semi-detached
- (3) Terraced, end of terrace
- (4) Flat or maisonette – purpose built
- (5) Flat or maisonette – Part house / Converted house / Other
- (6) Mobile home, caravan, or houseboat
- (7) Some other kind of accommodation

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 and Face to Face Only.

**NOTES:** This is an outcome coding variable.

**FLOORN – On which floor level is the accommodation?**

- (1) Basement / Semi-Basement
- (2) Ground Floor / Street level
- (3) 1<sup>st</sup> Floor (floor above street level)
- (4) 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor
- (5) 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor
- (6) 4<sup>th</sup> Floor
- (7) 5<sup>th</sup> to 9<sup>th</sup> Floor
- (8) 10<sup>th</sup> Floor or higher

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 and Face to Face Only. Applies to divided accommodation such as flats and maisonettes.

**NOTES:** This is an outcome coding variable.

**ENTRYN – Gaining Access to the property**

- (1) No physical impediments or barriers
- (2) Locked common entrance
- (3) Locked gates
- (4) Security staff, concierge or other gatekeeper
- (5) Entry phone access, intercom
- (6) Guard dog / patrol animal
- (7) Warden controlled

**FREQUENCY:** Wave 1 and Face to Face Only.

**NOTES:** This is an outcome coding variable.

## **WEIGHTS**

### **PERSON LEVEL WEIGHTS**

#### **PWT11- Person weight**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JS 2009.

**NOTES:** Person weight for quarterly files.

#### **PIWT11- Person income weight**

**FREQUENCY:** Each quarter from JS 2009.

**NOTES:** Person income weight for quarterly files.

### **HOUSEHOLD LEVEL WEIGHTS**

#### **PHHWT11 - Person household weight**

**FREQUENCY:** AJ & OD quarters only from OD 2009.

**NOTES:** Person household weight for household quarterly files only. This variable should be used when analysing the number of people in a household.

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