

UK Data Service



Crime Survey for England and Wales 2013-2014: Teaching Dataset

User guide

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Background to the Crime Survey for England and Wales (CSEW)

The Crime Survey for England and Wales (CSEW) is a face-to-face victimisation survey in which people resident in households in England and Wales are asked about their experiences of a range of crimes in the 12 months prior to the interview. Respondents to the survey are also asked about their perceptions of crime and attitudes towards crime related issues such as the police and criminal justice system.

Previously known as the *British Crime Survey* (BCS), the survey was first conducted in 1982. In 2001, the then BCS, moved to an annual format with continuous sampling. The survey now only covers England and Wales with separate surveys of Scotland and Northern Ireland. However, the first and third surveys were carried out in England, Wales and Scotland (hence 'British' Crime Survey).

The CSEW uses the Postcode Address File (PAF) to select a representative sample of households in England and Wales. The CSEW does not cover the population living in group residences (such as halls of residence and prisons) or other institutions, nor does it cover crime against commercial or public sector bodies.

The core sample size has increased over the years from around 11,000 in the earlier cycles to 35,371 in the 2013/14 CSEW.

Fieldwork

At each sampled address the interviewer establishes that the address is eligible; ineligible addresses include vacant properties, second homes, non-residential addresses and establishments where people are living in group residences. If one PAF address leads to two households, the interviewer randomly selects which household to approach. Once the household is determined to be eligible, individuals aged 16 or over in the selected household are listed and one adult is randomly selected for interview. No substitutes are permitted.

Face-to-face interviews are carried out using computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI) where interviewers record responses to the questionnaire on tablet computers. Self-completion modules are used in the CSEW to collect information on topic areas that respondents could feel uncomfortable talking about to an interviewer.

The questionnaire

The CSEW questionnaire consists of question modules such as victimization, anti-social behavior and demographic characteristics of the respondent and household.

Within modules there can also be further filtering with so that some questions are only asked of smaller sub-samples. Respondents are randomly allocated into one of four sub-samples, A, B, C or D which each represent around a quarter of the overall sample.

Further information about CSEW can be found on the [Office for National Statistics' Crime Survey for England and Wales webpage.](#)

Crime Survey for England and Wales (CSEW) 2013-2014 Teaching Dataset

This teaching dataset is based on the [Crime Survey for England and Wales 2013-2014](#).

It contains data for all 35,371 cases from the CSEW 2013-2014 (adult non-victim form dataset) for a selection of variables.

Variables

The data contains 127 variables covering the following topics:

- demographic details
- perceptions of crime module
- experience of crime
- antisocial behavior
- attitudes towards the Criminal Justice System

Most variables are individual variables, and require individual based analysis. Household-level variables include the number of adults (*nadults*) and children (*nchil*). There is a mix of discrete and continuous variables. A full list of variable names and labels is on page 6 and variable frequencies are provided from page 10.

Most of the variables come directly from the CSEW 2013-14 dataset deposited at the UK Data archive. The documentation for the CSEW 2013-2014 includes a copy of the [questionnaire](#).

Derived variables

The dataset contains new scalar variables for teaching and learning. They each provide measures of key concepts and have been derived from multiple variables from the CSEW 2013-14 (using principal components analysis). For example, *worryx*, measures worry about crime with a higher score indicating a higher level of worry. This new general measure was derived using five variables relating to worry about specific types of crimes (*wburgl wmugged wrapped wattack wraceatt*). Most of the original variables used to create the new scalar variables are also in the teaching dataset (it is therefore important to note that the scalar variables should be used as if they are independent of the variables used to create them).

The dataset also contains the following changes from the original CSEW dataset.

1. The variables measuring the deprivation of respondents' local area are deprivation quintiles, which rank areas into five groups indicating the most to least deprived. These have been calculated from deprivation deciles in the main CSEW 2013-2014 dataset.
2. The original CSEW weighting variable for individual level analyses (*c11cindivwgt*), which adjusts for unequal probabilities and non-response, has been scaled to have a mean of 1.

All variables created specifically for this dataset are suffixed with an x and the Stata script used to create the extra variables from the original crime survey can be found on page **Error! Bookmark not defined.**

How to obtain the CSEW 2013-2014 Teaching Dataset

To access the CSEW 2013-2014 Teaching Dataset data, you must login/register with the UK Data Service. All users, including those outside the UK, can obtain a login – see login and registration help for details, including what to do if you have forgotten your login details. Registered users can download/order the dataset direct from the UK Data Service website via its catalogue search engine Discover, or via the CSEW series page found under Get data > Key data.

The Teaching Dataset is available in two formats: SPSS and Stata.

Weighting the dataset

The Teaching Dataset contains an individual level weight called *IndivWgtx* and a household weight called *HhdWgtx*. Weights adjust for unequal selection probabilities and non-response and users of the data should use the appropriate weight.

Missing values within the dataset

Don't know and refusal

When asked a question, survey respondents may respond 'do not know' or refuse to answer. Such responses are recorded using specific codes; for example, don't know is often coded as 9. It is useful to get variable frequencies first in any analysis to examine the distribution of responses and the proportion of 'don't know' and 'refusal' responses. In most analysis, 'refusal' codes are excluded. 'Don't know' codes are also usually excluded unless there is interest in 'don't know' responses such as in the case of attitudinal questions. In the SPSS version of this teaching dataset do not know responses and refusals are set as missing values.

System missing

Variables within the dataset can contain empty cells where no data is recorded. In SPSS empty cells are automatically coded as 'system missing' which is denoted by a dot (.). In STATA 'system missing' data are also denoted by a dot (.). For some variables in the dataset, only a sub-set of respondents were asked the question due to the modular design of the survey (see the discussion of the Questionnaire above). Where the question was not asked, a system missing response is recorded and therefore some variables have a large number of system missing responses.

Notes for teachers

This dataset has been designed for teaching purposes only. As the data comes from [SN 7616 Crime Survey for England and Wales 2013-2014](#) weighted analyses can be taken to be representative of England and Wales as a whole. Students may therefore use these results to discuss crime-related statistics and attitudes to the Criminal Justice System at the national level in their reports while they learn about statistics, statistics packages and large-scale national surveys.

Please use the original for all non- teaching purposes. The full datasets is available for download (after registration) from the UK Data Service website: www.ukdataservice.ac.uk.

The Teaching Dataset is available under the End User Licence. For more information about making it available to your students, see the pages about using teaching data with your class here: <http://ukdataservice.ac.uk/use-data/teaching/practical-resources.aspx>

List of variables in the CSEW 2013-2014 Teaching Dataset

Variable names and labels correspond to the main CSEW 2013-2014 dataset, where applicable. Variables derived for this teaching dataset are suffixed with an 'x'.

For variables from question modules asked to only specific sub-samples, the sub-samples are indicated in brackets after the variable label.

Variable name	Variable label
Background, demographic and weighting variables	
rowlabel	Case identifier (9 digits)
split	Follow-up module split
nadults	Number of adults in household
sex	Adult number 1 (respondent): Sex
age	Adult number 1 (respondent): Age
nchil	Number of children under 16 in household
ysarea	How long lived in this area
mthsaddr	How many months lived at this address
resyrago	Living at this address 12 months ago or not
genhealth	How is your health in general
work2	Any paid work in last week
govtsch2	On a government scheme for employment training
ownbus2	Any UNPAID work for business owned
infstdy2	Are you a full-time student at college or university
jobever2	Have you ever had a paid job
whenlft	In what year left last job
selfemp3	Working as an employee or self-employed
ftpt	Working full or part time
nation	Adult respondent nationality
came	Year adult respondent first came to stay in this country
cryo4grp	Respondent other country of birth
tenure1	In which way do you occupy this accommodation
rent2	Who is your landlord
hominsur	Are the contents of your home insured
newsd2	Newspaper read MOST often in the LAST THREE MONTHS
persinc	What is your personal (and partners) gross income
tothhin2	Which is the gross income of the household AS A WHOLE
inner	Inner city PSU or not
rnssec8a	Adult respondent Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SEC): Analytic Categories
livharm1a	ONS harmonised marital status
tenharm	ONS Harmonised Tenure type
struct3	Structure of household incl HRP age

rlstweek	Respondent economic status in last week
accharm1	ONS harmonised accomodation type
agegrp7	Age group (7 bands)
ethgrp2a	Ethnic Group (5 categories)
ethgrp5a	Ethnic Group (5 categories - harmonised)
relig3	'Respondent religion (6 categories)'
illONS	Disability/long-standing illness (3 categories)
educat3	Respondent education (5 categories)
remploya	Respondent employment status
h10sec6a	Occupation coding of HRP (6 categories & students & not classified)
rural2	Type of area 2004: urban/rural
unoccl	How long home is left unoccupied on an average weekday
pubeve	How often have you visited a pub or bar in the last month
club	How often have you visited a nightclub in the last month
cartot	How many cars owned or used for most of last year
edeprivex	England: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile (1=20% most deprived wards)
wdeprivex	Wales: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile (1=20% most deprived wards)
IndivWgtx	Individual-level weight (mean=1)
HhdWgtx	Household-level weight (mean=1)
Experience and perceptions fear of crime	
cause2m	One MAIN cause of crime in Britain today (Module D)
qualif2	How much quality of life is affected by CRIME (Module D1)
quallife	How much quality of life is affected by FEAR OF CRIME (Module D2)
walkdark	How safe do you feel walking alone after dark (Module D)
walkday	How safe do you feel walking alone in this area during the day (Module D)
homealon	How safe do you feel when alone in home at night (Module D)
wburgl	How worried about having your home broken into (Module C)
wmugged	How worried about being mugged and robbed (Module C)
wcarstol	How worried about having car stolen (Module B)
wfromcar	How worried about having things stolen from your car (Module B)
wraped	How worried about being raped (Module C)
wattack	How worried about being physically attacked by strangers (Module C)
wraceatt	How worried about being attacked because of skin colour, ethnic origin or religion (Module C)
mottheft	If vehicle stolen or driven away without permission
worryx	Worry about being a victim of crime (high score = high level of worry) [Derived from wburgl wmugged wraped wattack wraceatt]
motstole	If something stolen off or out of vehicle
cardamag	If vehicle tampered with or damaged
homethef	If anyone got into current residence to steal/try to steal
yrhotry	If anyone tried to get into current residence to steal/cause damage
yrhostol	If anything was stolen out of current residence

yrdeface	If anything was damaged outside current residence
persthef	If anything was stolen out of hands, pockets or bag
delibdam	If personal items have been deliberately damaged
delibvio	If anyone has deliberately used force/violence on adult respondent
ndelibv	How many times has this happened (Delibvio)
threviol	If anyone has threatened to damage things/use force or violence
sexattak	If adult respondent has been sexually assaulted or attacked
hhldviol	If member of household has used force or violence on adult respondent
bcsvictim	Experience of any crime in the previous 12 months
secr12ma	Incident seen happening: Someone vandalising property or a vehicle
secr12mb	Incident seen happening: Someone stealing a vehicle or something from a vehicle
secr12mc	Incident seen happening: Threatening or violent behaviour including fighting
secr12md	Incident seen happening: Someone being mugged or robbed
secr12me	Incident seen happening: Someone breaking /attempting to break into a property
secr12mf	Incident seen happening: Someone shoplifting
secr12mg	Incident seen happening: None of these
secr12mh	Incident seen happening: Don't Know
secr12mi	Incident seen happening: Refused
Attitudes to the Criminal Justice System	
cjspo1b	How confident are you that the police are effective at catching criminals? (Module A and B)
cjcspsb	How confident are you that the Crown Prosecution Service is effective at prosecuting people accused of committing a crime? (Module A and B)
cjsrt2a	How confident are you that the Courts are effective at dealing with cases promptly? (Module A and B)
cjsrt2b	How confident are you that the Courts are effective at giving punishments which fit the crime? (Module A and B)
cjsps1b	How confident are you that prisons are effective at punishing offenders who have been convicted of a crime? (Module A and B)
cjsps2b	How confident are you that prisons are effective at rehabilitating offenders who have been convicted of a crime? (Module A and B)
cjsprb	How confident are you that the probation service is effective at preventing criminals from re-offending? (Module A and B)
cjsovb1	How confident are you that the Criminal Justice System as a whole is effective? (Module A and B)
fairatt1	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System gives victims and witnesses the support they need? (Module A and B)
fairatt2	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System treats those who have been accused of a crime as 'innocent until proven guilty'? (Module A and B)
fairatt3	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System takes into account the views of victims and witnesses? (Module A and B)
fairatt4	How much do you agree or disagree that when handing out sentences the Criminal Justice System takes into account the circumstances surrounding the crime? (Module A and B)

fairatt5	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System is too soft on those accused of committing a crime? (Module A and B)
fairatt6	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System achieves the correct balance between the rights of the offender and the rights of the victim? (Module A and B)
fairatt7	How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System discriminates against particular groups of individuals? (Module A and B)
fairova1	How confident are you that the Criminal Justice System as a whole is fair? (Module A and B)
ratpol2	How good a job are the police IN THIS AREA doing
polatt1	The police in this area can be relied on to be there when you need them
polatt2	The police in this area would treat you with respect if you had contact with them
polatt3	The police in this area treat everyone fairly regardless of who they are
polatt5	The police in this area understand the issues that affect this community
polatt6	The police in this area are dealing with the things that matter to this community
polatt7	Taking everything into account I have confidence in the police in this area
ratpol3	Public satisfaction with the police
effectx	Effectiveness of Criminal Justice System (high score= high opinion) [Derived from cjspolb cjsepsb cjsert2a cjsert2b cjsps1b cjsps2b]
fairx	Fairness of Criminal Justice System (high score=high opinion) [derived from fairatt1-fairatt7]
confx	Confidence in police in their neighbourhood (high score=high level of confidence [derived from polatt1-polatt7]
Anti-social behavior	
rubcomm	How common is litter or rubbish in immediate area
vandcomm	How common is vandalism or graffiti in immediate area
poorhou	How common are homes in poor condition/run down
noisneig	How much of a problem are noisy neighbours or parties
teenhang	How much of a problem are teenagers hanging around
rubbish	How much of a problem is rubbish or litter
vandals	How much of a problem is vandalism, graffiti etc.
druguse	How much of a problem are people using or dealing drugs
drunk	How much of a problem are people being drunk or rowdy
abancar	How much of a problem are abandoned or burnt out cars
antisocx	Anti-social behaviour in their neighbourhood (high score =high levels) [derived from noisneig teenhang rubbish vandals druguse drunk abancar]

Frequencies

rowlabel

Case identifier (9 digits)

```
-----
                type: numeric (double)
                range: [1.352e+08,1.476e+08]          units: 10
unique values: 35,371                               missing .: 0/35,371

                mean: 1.4e+08
                std. dev: 4.4e+06

percentiles:      10%      25%      50%      75%      90%
                  1.4e+08  1.4e+08  1.4e+08  1.4e+08  1.5e+08
-----
```

split

Follow-up module split

```
-----
                type: numeric (double)
                label: split
                range: [1,4]                          units: 1
unique values: 4                                     missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:  Freq.  Numeric  Label
              9,300      1      A (Experience of the police)
              8,933      2      B (Attitudes to the Criminal
              8,756      3      Justice System)
              8,382      4      C (Crime prevention)
              8,382      4      D (Online security)
-----
```

nadults

Number of adults in household

```
-----
                type: numeric (double)
                range: [1,10]                          units: 1
unique values: 10                                    missing .: 0/35,371
                mean: 1.87368
                std. dev: .846079

percentiles:      10%      25%      50%      75%      90%
                  1        1        2        2        3
-----
```

sex

Adult number 1 (respondent): Sex

```
-----
                type: numeric (double)
                label: sex

                range: [1,2]                          units: 1
unique values: 2                                     missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:  Freq.  Numeric  Label
              16,176  1      Male
              19,195  2      Female
-----
```

age

Adult number 1 (respondent): Age

type: numeric (double)
label: age, but 84 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [16,999] units: 1
unique values: 86 missing .: 0/35,371

examples: 33
 45
 57
 69

nchil

Number of children under 16 in household

type: numeric (double)

range: [0,8] units: 1
unique values: 9 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Value

25,956	0
4,428	1
3,541	2
1,101	3
245	4
75	5
17	6
7	7
1	8

cryo4grp

Respondent other country of birth

type: numeric (double)
label: cryo4grp

range: [1,8] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 31,035/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

1,301	1	Europe (27 EU member states)
189	2	Europe (non member states)
737	3	Africa
1,400	4	Asia
364	5	North America
211	6	South America
108	7	Oceania
26	8	Other
31,035	.	.

yrsarea
How long lived in this area

type: numeric (double)
label: yrsarea

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 9 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	2,043	1	Less than 12 months
	1,801	2	12 months but less than 2 years
	1,707	3	2 years but less than 3 years
	2,443	4	3 years but less than 5 years
	4,869	5	5 years but less than 10 years
	6,933	6	10 years but less than 20 years
	15,573	7	20 years or longer
	1	8	Refusal
	1	9	Don't know

mthsaddr
How many months lived at this address

type: numeric (double)

range: [0,23] units: 1
unique values: 24 missing .: 29,473/35,371

mean: 10.2138
std. dev: 6.37066

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%
 2 5 10 15 18

resyrago
Living at this address 12 months ago or not

type: numeric (double)
label: resyrago

range: [1,2] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 29,473/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
 2,524 1 Yes
 3,374 2 No
 29,473 .

genhealt
How is your health in general

```
      type:  numeric (double)
      label:  genhealt

      range:  [1,9]
unique values: 7                               units: 1
                                               missing .: 0/35,371

      tabulation:  Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   11,981     1  Very good
                   14,500     2   Good
                   6,452      3  Fair
                   1,971     4   Bad
                     443      5  Very bad
                      19      8  Refusal
                       5      9  Don't know
```

work2
Any paid work in last week

```
      type:  numeric (double)
      label:  work2

      range:  [1,9]
unique values: 4                               units: 1
                                               missing .: 0/35,371

      tabulation:  Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   18,830     1   Yes
                   16,529     2   No
                      11      8  Refusal
                       1      9  Don't know
```

govtsch2
On a government scheme for employment training

```
      type:  numeric (double)
      label:  govtsch2

      range:  [1,9]
unique values: 4                               units: 1
                                               missing .: 18,830/35,371

      tabulation:  Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   43      1   Yes
                   16,490    2   No
                      6      8  Refusal
                      2      9  Don't know
                   18,830    .
```

ownbus2
Any UNPAID work for business owned

type: numeric (double)
label: ownbus2
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 19,475/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	140	1	Yes
	15,745	2	No
	9	8	Refusal
	2	9	Don't know
	19,475	.	

infstdy2
Are you a full-time student at college or university

type: numeric (double)
label: infstdy2
range: [1,8] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 15,708/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	481	1	Yes Full
	1,140	2	Yes Part
	18,040	3	No
	2	8	Refusal
	15,708	.	

jobever2
Have you ever had a paid job

type: numeric (double)
label: jobever2
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 19,663/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	14,129	1	Yes
	1,551	2	No
	19	8	Refusal
	9	9	Don't know
	19,663	.	

whenlft
In what year left last job

type: numeric (double)
label: whenlft, but 75 nonmissing values are not labeled
range: [1937,9999] units: 1
unique values: 77 missing .: 21,242/35,371
examples: 2003

selfemp3

Working as an employee or self-employed

type: numeric (double)
label: selfemp3

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 1,579/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	29,118	1	Employee
	4,602	2	Self-employed
	22	8	Refusal
	50	9	Don't know
	1,579	.	

ftpt

Working full or part time

type: numeric (double)
label: ftpt

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 1,579/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	24,398	1	Full-time
	9,359	2	Part-time
	22	8	Refusal
	13	9	Don't know
	1,579	.	

nation

Adult respondent nationality

type: numeric (double)
label: nation

range: [1,8] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	21,106	1	UK, British
	9,780	2	English
	306	3	Scottish
	1,519	4	Welsh
	73	5	Northern
	269	6	Irish (Republic)
	2,298	7	Other
	20	8	Refusal

came
Year adult respondent first came to stay in this country

type: numeric (double)
label: came, but 89 nonmissing values are not labeled
range: [1918,9999] units: 1
unique values: 92 missing .: 30,744/35,371

examples: .
.

tenure1
In which way do you occupy this accommodation

type: numeric (double)
label: tenure1
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	12,266	1	Own it out right
	10,105	2	Buying it with the help of a mortgage or loan
	215	3	Pay part rent and part mortgage (shared ownership)
	11,601	4	Rent it
	1,079	5	Live here rent free (inc. rent free in relative/friend's)
	1	6	Squatting
	75	8	Refusal
	29	9	Don't know

rent2
Who is your landlord

type: numeric (double)
label: rent2

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 9 missing .: 22,476/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	3,423	1	Local authority/council/new town development
	2,813	2	A housing association or charitable trust
	77	3	Employer (organisation) of a household member
	208	4	Another organisation
	1,179	5	Relative/friend (before you lived here) of a household member
	90	6	Employer (individual) of a household member
	5,084	7	Another individual private landlord
	5	8	Refusal
	16	9	Don't know

 hominsur
 Are the contents of your home insured

type: numeric (double)
 label: hominsur

range: [1,9] units: 1
 unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	28,036	1	Yes
	6,938	2	No
	35	8	Refusal
	362	9	Don't know

 newsd2
 Newspaper read MOST often in the LAST THREE MONTHS

type: numeric (double)
 label: newsd2

range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 15 missing .: 0/35,371

examples: 2 B. The Daily Mirror
 4 D. The Daily Express
 9 I. The Times
 13 SPONTANEOUS ONLY: NOT READ ANY NATIONAL

NEWSPAPER

 persinc
 What is your personal (and partners) gross income

type: numeric (double)
 label: persinc

range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 17 missing .: 176/35,371

examples: 3 C £10,000
 5 E £20,000
 8 H £35,000
 14 N £80,000

 tothhin2
 Which is the gross income of the household AS A WHOLE

type: numeric (double)
 label: tothhin2

range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 17 missing .: 31,085/35,371

examples: .

.
.

inner
Inner city PSU or not

type: numeric (double)
label: inner

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	32,109	0	Not inner city
	3,262	1	Inner city

rnssec8a
Adult respondent Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SEC): Analytic Categories

type: numeric (double)
label: rnssec8a, but 2 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [1.1,9] units: .1
unique values: 10 missing .: 0/35,371

examples: 2 Higher professional occupations
3 Lower professional and higher technical occupations
5 Small employers and own account workers
6 Lower supervisory and technical occupations

livharm1a
ONS harmonised marital status

type: numeric (double)
label: livharm1

range: [-1,6] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	60	-1	Not classified
	15,747	1	Married/civil partnered
	3,333	2	Cohabiting
	7,985	3	Single
	1,200	4	Separate
	3,305	5	Divorced
	3,741	6	Widowed

tenharm
ONS Harmonised Tenure type

type: numeric (double)
label: tenharm, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [-1,3] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	125	-1	

22,586	1	Owners
6,094	2	Social rented sector
6,566	3	Private rented sector

struct3
Structure of household incl HRP

type: numeric (double)
label: struct3
range: [1,4] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	12,977	1	No children
	7,294	2	Children
	1,924	3	Lone parent
	13,176	4	HRP aged over 60

rlstweek
Respondent economic status in last week

type: numeric (double)
label: rlstweek
range: [-1,11] units: 1
unique values: 12 missing .: 0/35,371

examples:	1	Paid work
	1	Paid work
	6	Student
	10	Retired

accharm1
ONS harmonised accomodation type

type: numeric (double)
label: accharm1
range: [-1,7] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	131	-1	Not clasified
	8,757	1	Detached house
	11,054	2	Semi-detached house
	10,262	3	Terraced house
	371	4	Maisonette
	3,908	5	Purpose build flat
	795	6	Converted flat
	93	7	Other

agegrp7
Age group (7 bands)

type: numeric (double)
label: agegrp7
range: [1,7] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
2,790 1 16-24
5,254 2 25-34
5,826 3 35-44
6,087 4 45-54
5,689 5 55-64
5,296 6 65-74
4,429 7 75+

ethgrp2a
Ethnic Group (5 categories)

type: numeric (double)
label: ethgrp2a
range: [1,5] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 33/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
31,980 1 White
339 2 Mixed
1,655 3 Asian or Asian British
959 4 Black or Black British
405 5 Chinese or other
33 .

ethgrp5a
Ethnic Group (5 categories - harmonised)

type: numeric (double)
label: ethgrp5a
range: [1,6] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
31,980 1 White
339 2 Mixed
1,655 3 Asian or Asian British
959 4 Black or Black British
405 5 Chinese or other
33 6 Not stated

relig3
'Respondent religion (6 categories)'

 type: numeric (double)
 label: relig3
 range: [1,99] units: 1
unique values: 10 missing .: 0/35,371
examples: 1 No religion
 2 Christian (including C of E, RC and all other
 Christians)

illONS
Disability/long-standing illness

 type: numeric (double)
 label: illONS

 range: [1,3] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 90/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
 26,138 1 No disability/illness
 2,015 2 Non-limiting disability/illness
 7,128 3 Limiting disability/illness
 90 .

educat3
Respondent education (5 categories)

 type: numeric (double)
 label: educat3

 range: [1,5] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 83/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
 7,527 1 None
 6,784 2 O level/GCSE
 6,414 3 Apprenticeship or A/AS level
 13,133 4 Degree or diploma
 1,430 5 Other
 83 .

remploya
Respondent employment status

 type: numeric (double)
 label: remploya

 range: [1,3] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 14/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
 19,663 1 Employed
 1,102 2 Unemploy
 14,592 3 Economically inactive
 14 .

h10sec6a
Occupation coding of HRP (6 categories & students & not classified)

type: numeric (double)
label: h10sec6a
range: [1,8] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	13,156	1	Managerial and professional occs
	3,868	2	Intermediate occs
	3,989	3	Small employers and own account workers
	3,385	4	Lower supervisory and technical occs
	9,161	5	Semi-routine and routine occs
	1,059	6	Never worked and long term unemployed
	475	7	Full-time students
	278	8	not classified

rural2
Type of area 2004: urban/rural

type: numeric (double)
label: rural2
range: [1,2] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	27,007	1	Urban
	8,364	2	Rural

unoccl
How long home is left unoccupied on an average weekday

type: numeric (double)
label: unoccl
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 8 missing .: 4,343/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1,425	1	Rarely
	1,402	2	Less than 1 hour
	8,740	3	1 hour or more but less than 3
	6,427	4	3 hours or more but less than 5
	3,671	5	5 hours or more but less than 7
	9,293	6	7 hours or more
	20	8	Refusal
	50	9	Don't know
	4,343	.	.

pubeve

How often have you visited a pub or bar in the last month

type: numeric (double)
label: pubeve
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
18,332 1 None
10,368 2 Between 1 and 3 times (Less than
once a week)
5,129 3 Between 4 and 8 times (Once to
twice a week)
889 4 Between 4 and 8 times (Once to
twice a week)
643 5 More than 12 times (Almost every
day)
6 8 Refusal
4 9 Don't know

club

How often have you visited a nightclub in the last month

type: numeric (double)
label: club
range: [1,8] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
32,574 1 None
2,304 2 Between 1 and 3 times (Less than
once a week)
404 3 Between 4 and 8 times (Once to
twice a week)
41 4 Between 9 and 12 times (About 3
times a week)
44 5 More than 12 times (Almost every
day)
4 8 Refusal

cartot

How many cars owned or used for most of last year

type: numeric (double)
label: cartot, but 11 nonmissing values are not labeled
range: [0,99] units: 1
unique values: 13 missing .: 7,822/35,371
examples: 1
1

edeprivex

England: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile (1=20% most deprived wards)

type:	numeric (float)			
range:	[1,5]	units:	1	
unique values:	5	missing .:	2,783/35,371	
tabulation:	Freq.	Value		
	6,150	1		
	6,319	2		
	6,647	3		
	6,791	4		
	6,681	5		
	2,783	.		

wdeprivex

Wales: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile (1=20% most deprived wards)

type:	numeric (float)			
range:	[1,5]	units:	1	
unique values:	5	missing .:	32,588/35,371	
tabulation:	Freq.	Value		
	506	1		
	563	2		
	644	3		
	610	4		
	460	5		
	32,588	.		

IndivWgtx

Individual-level weight (mean=1)

type:	numeric (float)				
range:	[.20211282,5.7157435]	units:	1.000e-08		
unique values:	35,014	missing .:	0/35,371		
mean:	1				
std. dev:	.620769				
percentiles:	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
	.424111	.577459	.827682	1.24093	1.71066

HhdWgtx

Household-level weight (mean=1)

type:	numeric (float)			
range:	[.35012725,5.7855697]	units:	1.000e-08	
unique values:	35,100	missing .:	32/35,371	
mean:	1			
std. dev:	.365874			

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%
 .551835 .734663 1.03203 1.18492 1.3345

 cause2m
 One MAIN cause of crime in Britain today

 type: numeric (double)
 label: cause2m

 range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 14 missing .: 26,989/35,371

 examples: 9 I. Too few police
 .
 .
 .

 qualif2
 How much quality of life is affected by CRIME

 type: numeric (double)
 label: qualif2, but 10 nonmissing values are not labeled

 range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 12 missing .: 30,884/35,371

 examples: .
 .
 .
 .

 quallife
 How much quality of life is affected by FEAR OF CRIME

 type: numeric (double)
 label: quallife, but 10 nonmissing values are not labeled

 range: [1,99] units: 1
 unique values: 11 missing .: 31,476/35,371

 examples: .
 .
 .
 .

 walkdark
 How safe do you feel walking alone after dark

 type: numeric (double)
 label: walkdark

 range: [1,9] units: 1
 unique values: 6 missing .: 26,989/35,371

 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
 2,621 1 Very safe
 3,232 2 Fairly safe

1,624	3	A bit unsafe
825	4	Very unsafe
2	8	Refusal
78	9	Don't know
26,989	.	

walkday

How safe do you feel walking alone in this area during the day

```

      type: numeric (double)
      label: walkday

      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 5                        missing .: 26,989/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                  6,359      1  Very safe
                  1,782      2  Fairly safe
                   191      3  A bit unsafe
                    40      4  Very unsafe
                    10      9  Don't know
                 26,989      .

```

homealon

How safe do you feel when alone in home at night

```

      type: numeric (double)
      label: homealon

      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 5                        missing .: 26,989/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                  5,480      1  Very safe
                  2,323      2  Fairly safe
                   468      3  A bit unsafe
                   106      4  Very unsafe
                     5      9  Don't know
                 26,989      .

```

wburgl

How worried about having your home broken into

```

      type: numeric (double)
      label: wburgl
      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 6                        missing .: 26,615/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                  961      1  Very worried
                 2,302      2  Fairly worried
                 4,150      3  Not very worried
                 1,338      4  Not at all worried
                     2      5  (Not applicable)
                     3      9  Don't know
                 26,615      .

```

 wmugged
 How worried about being mugged and robbed

type: numeric (double)
 label: wmugged

 range: [1,9] units: 1
 unique values: 6 missing .: 26,615/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	752	1	Very worried
	1,650	2	Fairly worried
	4,247	3	Not very worried
	2,055	4	Not at all worried
	14	5	(Not applicable)
	38	9	Don't know
	26,615	.	

 wcarstol
 How worried about having car stolen

type: numeric (double)
 label: wcarstol

 range: [1,9] units: 1
 unique values: 6 missing .: 28,433/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	420	1	Very worried
	1,110	2	Fairly worried
	3,533	3	Not very worried
	1,767	4	Not at all worried
	107	5	(Not applicable)
	1	9	Don't know
	28,433	.	

 wfromcar
 How worried about having things stolen from your car

type: numeric (double)
 label: wfromcar

 range: [1,9] units: 1
 unique values: 6 missing .: 28,540/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	364	1	Very worried
	1,412	2	Fairly worried
	3,397	3	Not very worried
	1,654	4	Not at all worried
	3	5	(Not applicable)
	1	9	Don't know
	28,540	.	

wrape

How worried about being raped

type: numeric (double)
label: wrape
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 26,615/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
705 1 Very worried
685 2 Fairly worried
2,781 3 Not very worried
4,249 4 Not at all worried
286 5 (Not applicable)
6 8 Refusal
44 9 Don't know
26,615 .

wattack

How worried about being physically attacked by strangers

type: numeric (double)
label: wattack
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 26,615/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
750 1 Very worried
1,565 2 Fairly worried
4,132 3 Not very worried
2,260 4 Not at all worried
9 5 (Not applicable)
1 8 Refusal
39 9 Don't know
26,615 .

wraceatt

How worried about being attacked because of skin colour, ethnic origin or relig.

type: numeric (double)
label: wraceatt
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 26,615/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
348 1 Very worried
546 2 Fairly worried
2,522 3 Not very worried
5,021 4 Not at all worried
280 5 (Not applicable)
39 9 Don't know
26,615 .

mottheft

If vehicle stolen or driven away without permission

type: numeric (double)
label: mottheft

range: [1,2] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 7,596/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
119 1 Yes
27,656 2 No
7,596 .

worryx

Worry about being a victim of crime (high score = high level of worry)

type: numeric (float)

range: [-2.9023592,1.3885418] units: 1.000e-11
unique values: 498 missing .: 27,188/35,371

mean: -2.1e-10
std. dev: 1

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%
-1.46063 -.37154 .226307 .618622 1.1319

motstole

If something stolen off or out of vehicle

type: numeric (double)
label: motstole

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 7,596/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
879 1 Yes
26,892 2 No
4 9 Don't know
7,596 .

cardamag

If vehicle tampered with or damaged

type: numeric (double)
label: cardamag

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 7,596/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
1,637 1 Yes
26,121 2 No
17 9 Don't know

7,596 .

homethef

If anyone got into current residence to steal/try to steal

type: numeric (double)
label: homethef
range: [1,2] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 31,997/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
21 1 Yes
3,353 2 No
31,997 .

yrhotry

If anyone tried to get into current residence to steal/cause damage

type: numeric (double)
label: yrhotry
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
368 1 Yes
34,994 2 No
2 8 Refusal
7 9 Don't know

yrhostol

If anything was stolen out of current residence

type: numeric (double)
label: yrhostol
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
98 1 Yes
35,269 2 No
1 8 Refusal
3 9 Don't know

yrdeface

If anything was damaged outside current residence

type: numeric (double)
label: yrdeface
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
629 1 Yes
34,737 2 No

1 8 Refusal
4 9 Don't know

persthef

If anything was stolen out of hands, pockets or bag

type: numeric (double)
label: persthef

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
427 1 Yes
34,935 2 No
9 9 Don't know

delibdam

If personal items have been deliberately damaged

type: numeric (double)
label: delibdam

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 3 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
145 1 Yes
35,220 2 No
6 9 Don't know

delibvio

If anyone has deliberately used force/violence on adult respondent

type: numeric (double)
label: delibvio

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371
tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
592 1 Yes
34,775 2 No
1 8 Refusal
3 9 Don't know

ndelibv

If anyone has deliberately used force/violence on adult respondent

type: numeric (double)
label: ndelibv, but 17 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [1,99] units: 1
unique values: 18 missing .: 34,779/35,371
examples: .
. .
. .

threviol
If anyone has threatened to damage things/use force or violence

type: numeric (double)
label: threviol

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1,014	1	Yes
	34,353	2	No
	1	8	Refusal
	3	9	Don't know

sexattak
If adult respondent has been sexually assaulted or attacked

type: numeric (double)
label: sexattak

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	66	1	Yes
	35,251	2	No
	30	8	Refusal
	24	9	Don't know

hhldviol
If member of household has used force or violence on adult respondent

type: numeric (double)
label: hhldviol

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 10,946/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	50	1	Yes
	24,329	2	No
	21	8	Refusal
	25	9	Don't know
	10,946	.	

bcsvictim
Experience of any crime in the previous 12 months

type: numeric (double)
label: bcsvicti

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	29,819	0	Not a victim of crime
	5,552	1	Victim of crime

secr12ma
Incident seen happening: Someone vandalising property or a vehicle

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12ma

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	33,409	0	no Someone vandalising property or a vehicle
	1,962	1	Someone vandalising property or a vehicle

secr12mb
Incident seen happening: Someone stealing a vehicle or something from a vehicle

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mb

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	34,930	0	no Someone stealing a vehicle or something from a vehicle
	441	1	Someone stealing a vehicle or something from a vehicle

secr12mc
Incident seen happening: Threatening or violent behaviour including fighting

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mc

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	28,005	0	no Threatening or violent behaviour including fighting
	7,366	1	Threatening or violent behaviour including fighting

secr12md
Incident seen happening: Someone being mugged or robbed

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12md

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	34,958	0	no Someone being mugged or robbed
	413	1	Someone being mugged or robbed

secr12me
Incident seen happening: Someone breaking /attempting to break into a property

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12me

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	34,719	0	no Someone breaking into or attempting to break into a property
	652	1	Someone breaking into or attempting to break into a property

secr12mf
Incident seen happening: Someone shoplifting

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mf

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	31,666	0	no Someone shoplifting
	3,705	1	Someone shoplifting

secr12mg
Incident seen happening: None of these

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mg

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	10,093	0	no None of these
	25,278	1	None of these

secr12mh
Incident seen happening: Don't Know

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mh

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
35,363 0 no Don't Know
8 1 Don't Know

secr12mi
Incident seen happening: Refused

type: numeric (double)
label: secr12mi
range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
35,368 0 no Refused
3 1 Refused

cjspolb
How confident are you that the police are effective at catching criminals?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjspolb

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
1,644 1 Very confident
10,493 2 Fairly confident
4,548 3 Not very confident
1,042 4 Not at all confident
2 8 Refusal
504 9 Don't know
17,138 .

cjscpsb
How confident are you that the Crown Prosecution Service is effective?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjscpsb
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
1,044 1 Very confident
7,930 2 Fairly confident
5,893 3 Not very confident
2,025 4 Not at all confident
3 8 Refusal
1,338 9 Don't know
17,138 .

cjscrt2a

How confident are you that the Courts are effective at dealing with cases
prompt

type: numeric (double)
label: cjscrt2a

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
782 1 Very confident
6,096 2 Fairly confident
6,494 3 Not very confident
2,478 4 Not at all confident
2 8 Refusal
2,381 9 Don't know
17,138 .

cjscrt2b

How confident are you that the Courts are effective at giving punishments?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjscrt2b

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
617 1 Very confident
4,377 2 Fairly confident
7,005 3 Not very confident
5,357 4 Not at all confident
2 8 Refusal
875 9 Don't know
17,138 .

cjsps1b

How confident are you that prisons are effective at punishing offenders?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjsps1b

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
573 1 Very confident
4,395 2 Fairly confident
6,751 3 Not very confident
4,881 4 Not at all confident
11 8 Refusal
1,622 9 Don't know
17,138 .

cjsps2b
How confident are you that prisons are effective at rehabilitating offenders?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjsps2b

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	281	1	Veryconfident
	3,057	2	Fairly confident
	7,695	3	Not very confident
	5,112	4	Not at all confident
	3	8	Refusal
	2,085	9	Don't know
	17,138	.	

cjsprb
How confident are you that the probation service is effective?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjsprb

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	255	1	Very confident
	3,541	2	Fairly confident
	7,576	3	Not very confident
	3,821	4	Not at all confident
	1	8	Refusal
	3,039	9	Don't know
	17,138	.	

cjsovb1
How confident are you that the Criminal Justice System as a whole is effective?

type: numeric (double)
label: cjsovb1

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	573	1	Very confident
	7,556	2	Fairly confident
	7,164	3	Not very confident
	2,159	4	Not at all confident
	2	8	Refusal
	779	9	Don't know
	17,138	.	

fairatt1

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System gives victim and witnesses the support they need?

 type: numeric (double)
 label: fairatt1

 range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	809	1	Strongly agree
	8,025	2	Tend to agree
	4,646	3	Tend to disagree
	1,392	4	Strongly disagree
	6	8	Refusal
	3,355	9	Don't know
	17,138	.	

fairatt2

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System treats those who have been accused of a crime as 'innocent until proven guilty'?

 type: numeric (double)
 label: fairatt2

 range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	2,095	1	Strongly agree
	10,053	2	Tend to agree
	3,050	3	Tend to disagree
	876	4	Strongly disagree
	1	8	Refusal
	2,158	9	Don't Know
	17,138	.	

fairatt3

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System takes into account the views of victims and witnesses?

 type: numeric (double)
 label: fairatt3

 range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1,355	1	Strongly agree
	10,134	2	Tend to agree
	3,319	3	Tend to disagree
	834	4	Strongly disagree
	3	8	Refusal
	2,588	9	Don't Know
	17,138	.	

fairatt4

How much do you agree or disagree that when handing out sentences the CJS takes into account the circumstances surrounding the crime?

type: numeric (double)
label: fairatt4

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1,172	1	Strongly agree
	9,248	2	Tend to agree
	3,841	3	Tend to disagree
	1,140	4	Strongly disagree
	3	8	Refusal
	2,829	9	Don't Know
	17,138	.	

fairatt5

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System is too soft on those accused of committing a crime?

type: numeric (double)
label: fairatt5

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	5,634	1	Strongly agree
	6,972	2	Tend to agree
	3,309	3	Tend to disagree
	656	4	Strongly disagree
	7	8	Refusal
	1,655	9	Don't Know
	17,138	.	

fairatt6

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System achieves the correct balance between the rights of the offender and the rights of the victim?

type: numeric (double)
label: fairatt6

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	485	1	Strongly agree
	5,561	2	Tend to agree
	6,457	3	Tend to disagree
	3,102	4	Strongly disagree
	2	8	Refusal
	2,626	9	Don't Know

17,138 .

fairatt7

How much do you agree or disagree that the Criminal Justice System discriminates against particular groups of individuals?

type: numeric (double)
label: fairatt7

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1,079	1	Strongly agree
	4,660	2	Tend to agree
	6,779	3	Tend to disagree
	2,582	4	Strongly disagree
	5	8	Refusal
	3,128	9	Don't Know
	17,138	.	

fairoval

How confident are you that the Criminal Justice System as a whole is fair?

type: numeric (double)
label: fairoval

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 17,138/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	863	1	Very confident
	10,234	2	Fairly confident
	5,136	3	Not very confident
	1,184	4	Not at all confident
	1	8	Refusal
	815	9	Don't know
	17,138	.	

ratpol2

How good a job are the police IN THIS AREA doing

type: numeric (double)
label: ratpol2

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	3,487	1	Excellent
	18,042	2	Good
	9,973	3	Fair
	2,068	4	Poor
	660	5	Very poor
	5	8	Refusal
	1,136	9	Don't know

polatt1

The police in this area can be relied on to be there when you need them

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt1

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

4,822	1	Strongly agree
15,960	2	Tend to agree
8,163	3	Tend to disagree
4,237	4	Strongly disagree
1,434	5	Strongly
3	8	Refusal
752	9	Don't Know

polatt2

The police in this area would treat you with respect if you had contact with the

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt2

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

10,753	1	Strongly agree
19,550	2	Tend to agree
3,113	3	Tend to disagree
1,159	4	Strongly disagree
457	5	Strongly
2	8	Refusal
337	9	Don't Know

polatt3

The police in this area treat everyone fairly regardless of who they are

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt3

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

5,329	1	Strongly agree
16,920	2	Tend to agree
7,730	3	Tend to disagree
3,141	4	Strongly disagree
926	5	Strongly
3	8	Refusal

1,322 9 Don't Know

polatt5

The police in this area understand the issues that affect this community

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt5

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	5,328	1	Strongly agree
	19,433	2	Tend to agree
	6,752	3	Tend to disagree
	2,090	4	Strongly disagree
	608	5	Strongly
	3	8	Refusal
	1,157	9	Don't Know

polatt6

The police in this area are dealing with the things that matter to this community

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt6

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	3,898	1	Strongly agree
	17,519	2	Tend to agree
	8,698	3	Tend to disagree
	3,077	4	Strongly disagree
	915	5	Strongly
	2	8	Refusal
	1,262	9	Don't Know

polatt7

Taking everything into account I have confidence in the police in this area

type: numeric (double)
label: polatt7

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 7 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	6,992	1	Strongly agree
	19,720	2	Tend to agree
	4,652	3	Tend to disagree
	2,632	4	Strongly disagree
	1,079	5	Strongly
	4	8	Refusal

 ratpol3

Public satisfaction with the police

```

    type: numeric (double)
    label: ratpol3

    range: [0,100]                units: 100
unique values: 2                  missing .: 1,141/35,371

    tabulation: Freq.   Numeric   Label
                12,701         0   Fair or poor job
                21,529        100  Excellent or good job
                1,141          .
  
```

 effectx

Effectiveness of Criminal Justice System (high score= high opinion)

```

    type: numeric (float)
    range: [-2.1789196,3.0993457]  units: 1.000e-09
unique values: 1,244              missing .: 21,894/35,371

    mean: -3.1e-10
    std. dev: 1

    percentiles:      10%      25%      50%      75%      90%
                    -1.31023  -.712105  -.095739  .747197  1.33992
  
```

 fairx

Fairness of Criminal Justice System (high score=high opinion)

```

    type: numeric (float)

    range: [-3.222791,2.899229]    units: 1.000e-11
unique values: 2,390              missing .: 25,056/35,371

    mean: 1.2e-09
    std. dev: 1

    percentiles:      10%      25%      50%      75%      90%
                    -1.34558  -.634325  .100452  .6791   1.11688
  
```

 confx

Confidence in police in their neighbourhood (high score=high level of confidence)

```

    type: numeric (float)

    range: [-3.8714757,1.7224697]  units: 1.000e-12
unique values: 2,777              missing .: 2,803/35,371

    mean: -2.9e-09
    std. dev: 1
  
```

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%
 -1.27714 -.527596 .124716 .574388 1.26943

rubbcomm

How common is litter or rubbish in immediate area

type: numeric (double)
label: rubbcomm

range: [1,5] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	442	1	Very common
	3,290	2	Fairly common
	12,981	3	Not very common
	18,588	4	Not at all common
	70	5	Not coded

vandcomm

How common is vandalism or graffiti in immediate area

type: numeric (double)
label: vandcomm

range: [1,5] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	128	1	Very comon
	880	2	Fairly common
	9,724	3	Not very common
	24,553	4	Not at all common
	86	5	Not coded

poorhou

How common are homes in poor condition/run down

type: numeric (double)
label: poorhou

range: [1,5] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 0/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	196	1	Very common
	1,912	2	Fairly common
	11,950	3	Not very comon
	21,208	4	Not at all common
	105	5	Not coded

noisneig

How much of a problem are noisy neighbours or parties

```
-----
      type: numeric (double)
      label: noisneig

      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 6                        missing .: 26,071/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   338       1    Very big problem
                   619       2    Fairly big problem
                   2,873     3    Not a very big problem
                   5,462     4    Not a problem
                       1       8    Refusal
                       7       9    Don't know
                   26,071     .
```

teenhang

How much of a problem are teenagers hanging around

```
-----
      type: numeric (double)
      label: teenhang

      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 6                        missing .: 26,071/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   468       1    Very big problem
                   1,248     2    Fairly big problem
                   3,436     3    Not a very big problem
                   4,124     4    Not a problem
                       2       8    Refusal
                       22      9    Don't know
                   26,071     .
```

rubbish

How much of a problem is rubbish or litter

```
-----
      type: numeric (double)
      label: rubbish

      range: [1,9]                      units: 1
unique values: 5                        missing .: 26,071/35,371

      tabulation: Freq.  Numeric  Label
                   803       1    Very big problem
                   1,824     2    Fairly big problem
                   3,675     3    Not a very big problem
                   2,992     4    Not a problem
                       6       9    Don't know
                   26,071     .
```

vandals

How much of a problem is vandalism, graffiti etc.

type: numeric (double)
label: vandals
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 26,071/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	321	1	Very big problem
	1,135	2	Fairly big problem
	4,029	3	Not a very big problem
	3,783	4	Not a problem
	1	8	Refusal
	31	9	Don't know
	26,071	.	

druguse

How much of a problem are people using or dealing drugs

type: numeric (double)
label: druguse
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 26,071/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	740	1	Very big problem
	1,325	2	Fairly big problem
	2,609	3	Not a very big problem
	4,068	4	Not a problem
	1	8	Refusal
	557	9	Don't know
	26,071	.	

drunk

How much of a problem are people being drunk or rowdy

type: numeric (double)
label: drunk
range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 6 missing .: 26,071/35,371

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	429	1	Very big problem
	1,207	2	Fairly big problem
	3,782	3	Not a very big problem
	3,821	4	Not a problem
	1	8	Refusal
	60	9	Don't know
	26,071	.	

abancar

How much of a problem are abandoned or burnt out cars

type: numeric (double)
label: abancar

range: [1,9] units: 1
unique values: 5 missing .: 26,071/35,371

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
36 1 Very big problem
144 2 Fairly big problem
1,525 3 Not a very big problem
7,565 4 Not a problem
30 9 Don't know
26,071 .

antisocx

Anti-social behaviour in their neighbourhood (high score =high levels)

type: numeric (float)

range: [-4.0145574,1.2152667] units: 1.000e-12
unique values: 1,855 missing .: 26,695/35,371

mean: -5.5e-09
std. dev: 1

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%
-1.44046 -.5592 .177004 .788219 1.21527

Code for additional variables

Extract from STATA do. file used to create additional variables

```
*** Revise weights, mean=1 and drop the original variables
gen IndivWgtx=c11Indiv/1280.213
label variable IndivWgtx "Individual-level weight (mean=1)"
drop c11Indiv
gen HhdWgtx= c11HhdWg/674.91
label variable HhdWgtx "Household-level weight (mean=1)"
drop c11HhdWg

** Create indices of multiple deprivation in England and Wales by quintile and
drop the original variables
gen edeprivex=emdidec3
recode edeprivex 1/2=1 3/4=2 5/6=3 7/8=4 9/10=5
label variable edeprivex "England: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile
(1=20% most deprived wards)"
gen wdeprivex=wmdidec4
recode wdeprivex 1/2=1 3/4=2 5/6=3 7/8=4 9/10=5
label variable wdeprivex "Wales: Index of multiple deprivation by quintile
(1=20% most deprived wards)"
drop emdidec3
drop wmdidec4

*** Create new scalar variables using pca
**Worries about crime - use variables from Module C
codebook wburgl wmugged wraped wattack wraceatt
mvdecode wburgl wmugged wraped wattack wraceatt, mv(5=.c)
factor wburgl wmugged wraped wattack wraceatt, pcf
predict worryx
label var worryx "Worry about being a victim of crime (high score = high level
of worry)"

**Anti-social behaviour in their neighbourhood
codebook noisneig teenhang rubbish vandals druguse drunk abancar
factor noisneig teenhang rubbish vandals druguse drunk abancar, pcf
rotate
predict antisocx
label var antisocx "Anti-social behaviour in their neighbourhood (high score =
high levels of anti- social behaviour)"

**Effectiveness of Criminal Justice System
codebook cjspolb cjscpsb cjscrt2a cjscrt2b cjspslb cjsp2b
factor cjspolb cjscpsb cjscrt2a cjscrt2b cjspslb cjsp2b, pcf
predict effectx
label var effectx "Effectiveness of Criminal Justice System (high score= high
opinion)"

**Fairness of Criminal Justice System
codebook fairatt1-fairatt7
```



```
factor fairatt1-fairatt7, pcf
predict fairx
label var fairx "Fairness of Criminal Justice System (high score=high
opinion)"

**Confidence in police in their neighbourhood
codebook polatt1-polatt7
factor polatt1-polatt7, pcf
predict confx
label var confx "Confidence in police in their neighbourhood (high score=high
level of confidence)"

** Reverse and label scalar variables so that high scores=high levels of
worry/confidence/opinions replace worryx=worryx*(-1)
replace antisocx=antisocx*(-1)
replace effectx=effectx*(-1)
replace fairx=fairx*(-1)
replace confx=confx*(-1)
```