BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 2012



- 1 Married
- 2 In same sex civil partnership
- 3 Living with a partner
- 4 Separated (after being married or in a civil partnership)
- 5 Divorced / dissolved civil partnership
- 6 Widowed / surviving partner from civil partnership
- 7 Single (never married/never in civil partnership)

- 1 Married
- 2 In civil partnership
- 3 Separated (after being married or in a civil partnership)
- 4 Divorced/dissolved civil partnership
- 5 Widowed / surviving partner from civil partnership
- 6 Single (never married/never in civil partnership)

- 1 Father2 Mother
- 3 Brother
- 4 Sister
- 5 Son
- 6 Daughter
- 7 Grandchild (daughter's child)
- 8 Grandchild (son's child)
- 9 Grandfather (father's father)
- 10 Grandfather (mother's father)
- 11 Grandmother (father's mother)
- 12 Grandmother (mother's mother)None of these

- 1 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)
- 2 On government training or employment programme
- 3 In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week
- 4 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted
- 5 Unemployed and registered at a JobCentre or JobCentre Plus
- **6 Unemployed and** not registered, but actively looking for a job (of at least 10 hours a week)
- 7 Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hours a week) but not actively looking for a job
- 8 Permanently sick or disabled
- 9 Wholly retired from work
- 10 Looking after the home

- 1. Several times a day
- 2. Every day
- 3. Several times a week
- 4. At least once a week
- A couple of times a month
- 6. Once a month
- 7. Less often than once a month
- 8. Never

CARD A6

England to be governed as it is now, with laws made by the UK parliament

Each region of England to have its own assembly that runs services like health

England as a whole to have its own new parliament with law-making powers

CARD A7

Much more than its fair share of government spending

A little more than its fair share of government spending

Pretty much its fair share of government spending

A little less than its fair share of government spending

Much less than its fair share of government spending

CARD A8

Scotland should:

- ... become independent:
- 1) separate from the UK and the European Union
- 2) separate from the UK but part of the European Union
- ... remain part of the UK, with its own elected parliament
- 3) which has some taxation powers
- 4) which has <u>no</u> taxation powers
- 5) ... remain part of the UK without an elected parliament

CARD A9

Britain's long-term policy should be ...

To leave the European Union

To stay in the EU and try to reduce the EU's powers

To leave things as they are

To stay in the EU and try to increase the EU's powers

To work for the formation of a single European government

CARD A10

Agree strongly

Agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Disagree

Disagree strongly

CARD A11

Just about always

Most of the time

Only some of the time

Almost never

- 1 Education
- 2 Defence
- 3 Health
- 4 Housing
- 5 Public transport
- 6 Roads
- 7 Police and prisons
- 8 Social security benefits
- 9 Help for industry
- 10 Overseas aid

CARD B2

Retirement pensions

Child benefits

Benefits for the unemployed

Benefits for disabled people

Benefits for single parents

CARD B3

Agree strongly

Agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Disagree

Disagree strongly

- 1. Making sure those who are entitled to money claim it
- 2. Targeting benefits only at those who really need them
- 3. Rewarding those who work or look for work
- 4. Making sure those who save are not penalised
- 5. Providing benefits for those who cannot work
- 6. Making sure payments are fast and accurate
- 7. Reducing fraud

1. They should be required to look for work straight away in order to continue receiving unemployment benefits

OR

2. They should be offered help to improve their job skills while continuing to receive benefits **before** they are required to look for work

- 1. **Definitely** should take the **minimum wage** job
- 2. Probably should take the minimum wage job
- 3. **Probably** should remain on benefits and look for a **higher paid** job
- 4. **Definitely** should remain on benefits and look for a **higher paid** job

- 1. **Definitely** should take the **short-term** job
- 2. **Probably** should take the **short-term** job
- 3. **Probably** should remain on benefits and look for a **longer-term** job
- 4. **Definitely** should remain on benefits and look for a **longer-term** job

- Definitely should take the job they are not interested in
- Probably should take the job they are not interested in
- 3. **Probably** should remain on benefits and look for a job **they are interested in**
- 4. **Definitely** should remain on benefits and look for a job **they are interested in**

CARD B9

Definitely government

Probably government

Probably private companies

Definitely private companies

CARD B10

1. They should receive unemployment benefits for as long as it takes them to find a job

OR

2. They should only be able to receive unemployment benefits for a limited amount of time

CARD B11

Strongly in favour

In favour

Neither in favour nor against

Against

Strongly against

There is **no** child poverty in Britain today

There is **very little** child poverty in Britain today

There is **some** child poverty in Britain today

There is quite a lot of child poverty in Britain today

CARD B13

Very important

Quite important

Not very important

Not at all important

CARD B14

Central government (e.g. Parliament, Government Departments)

Local government (e.g. local council)

People in poverty (including parents)

Friends / relatives of people in poverty

Charities

Other (PLEASE SAY WHO)

CARD B15

- Social benefits for families with children are not high enough 2 They - or their parents - suffer from a long term illness or disability 3 There has been a family break-up or loss of a family member Their parents' work doesn't pay enough 4
- 5 Their parents suffer from alcoholism, drug abuse or other addictions
- 6 Their parents have been out of work for a long time
- They live in a poor quality area
- 8 There are too many children in the family
- 9 Their parents lack education
- 10 Their parents do not work enough hours
- 11 Their parents do not want to work
- 12 Their grandparents were also poor - i.e. it has been passed down the generations
- Their family suffers from discrimination, such as because of their 13 ethnicity, age, disability
- 14 Their family cannot access affordable housing
- 15 Because of inequalities in society

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT) None of these

CARD B16

Reduce taxes and spend **less** on health, education and social benefits

Keep taxes and spending on these services at the **same** level as now

Increase taxes and spend **more** on health, education and social benefits

CARD B17

Living really comfortably on present income

Living comfortably on present income

Neither comfortable nor struggling on present income

Struggling on present income

Really struggling on present income

CARD C1

Very satisfied

Quite satisfied

Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

Quite dissatisfied

Very dissatisfied

CARD C2

The government

The individual

The individual should pay what they can and government should pay the rest

The individual should pay what they can up to a capped amount and the government should pay the rest

CARD C3

The Scottish government

The individual

The individual should pay what they can and the Scottish government should pay the rest

The individual should pay what they can up to a capped amount and the Scottish government should pay the rest

CARD C4

The Welsh government

The individual

The individual should pay what they can and the Welsh government should pay the rest

The individual should pay what they can up to a capped amount and the Welsh government should pay the rest

CARD C5

Much better

Better

About the same

Worse

Much worse

CARD C6

...only those treatments that provide **proven health** benefits, regardless of cost

...only those treatments that provide **proven health** benefits and good value for money

...all treatments regardless of cost or whether they provide proven health benefits

CARD C7

- 1. Doctors and nurses in the hospital
- 2. Hospital management (such as the Chief executive of hospital, hospital managers)
- 3. All hospital staff (such as doctors, nurses, managers, porters, clerks, receptionists)
- 4. National health regulators (such as the Care Quality Commission, the Health Ombudsman)
- 5. The government

CARD C8

- 1. Doctors and nurses in the hospital
- 2. Hospital management (such as the Chief executive of hospital, hospital managers)
- 3. All hospital staff (such as doctors, nurses, managers, porters, clerks, receptionists)
- 4. National health regulators (such as the Care Quality Commission, the Health Ombudsman)
- 5. The Scottish government

CARD C9

- 1. Doctors and nurses in the hospital
- 2. Hospital management (such as the Chief executive of hospital, hospital managers)
- 3. All hospital staff (such as doctors, nurses, managers, porters, clerks, receptionists)
- 4. National health regulators (such as the Care Quality Commission, the Health Ombudsman)
- 5. The Welsh government



CARD C10

...Improved enforcement to clamp down on underage sales of tobacco and alcohol?

...Provision of discounts for healthier foods in local shops and markets?

...More investment to bring local housing up to decent standards?

...Better provision of leisure centres and parks to improve opportunities for physical activity?

CARD D1

A very serious problem

A serious problem

Not a very serious problem

Not a problem at all

CARD D2

Very concerned

Fairly concerned

Not very concerned

Not at all concerned

CARD D3

Agree strongly

Agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Disagree

Disagree strongly

CARD D4

- 1 Every day or nearly every day
- 2 2-5 days a week
- 3 Once a week
- 4 Less often but at least once a month
- 5 Less often than that
- 6 Never nowadays

CARD D5

- 1. Cars
- 2. Buses and coaches
- 3. Vans and lorries
- 4. Aeroplanes
- 5. Trains
- 6. Ships/ferries
- 7. Motorbikes

CARD D6

Agree strongly

Agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Disagree

Disagree strongly

CARD D7

I don't believe that climate change is taking place

I believe that climate change is taking place but not as a result of human actions

I believe that climate change is taking place and is, at least partly, a result of human actions

CARD E1

All of the time

Most of the time

Some of the time

Rarely

Never

CARD E2

I think disabled people cannot lead as full a life as non-disabled people...

- 1....because of their health problem/disability
- 2. ...because of attitudes, barriers and behaviours in society
- ...because of their health problem/disability AND because of attitudes, barriers and behaviours in society

CARD F1

- 1 Private sector firm or company Including, for example, limited companies and PLCs
- 2 Nationalised industry or public corporation Including, for example, the Post Office and the BBC
- 3 Other public sector employer Including, for example:
 - Central government, Civil Service, Government Agencies
 - Local authority or Local Education Authority
 - Universities
 - Health Authority/NHS hospitals/NHS Trusts/GP surgeries
 - Police and armed forces
- 4 Charity/Voluntary sector Including, for example, charitable companies, churches and trade unions
- 7 Other organisation (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD G1

Definitely positive impact

Probably positive impact

Neither positive nor negative impact

Probably negative impact

Definitely negative impact

CARD G2

Very comfortable

Fairly comfortable

Neither comfortable nor uncomfortable

Fairly uncomfortable

Very uncomfortable

CARD G3

Definitely positive impact

Probably positive impact

Neither positive nor negative impact

Probably negative impact

Definitely negative impact

CARD G4

Very likely

Quite likely

Neither likely nor unlikely

Quite unlikely

Very unlikely

CARD G5

- 1 State retirement pension (National Insurance)
- **2 War Pension** (War Disablement Pension or War Widow's Pension)
- 3 Bereavement Allowance / Widow's Pension / Widowed Parent's Allowance
- 4 Jobseeker's Allowance (CAN INCLUDE PENSIONER PREMIUM)
- 5 Income Support (CAN INCLUDE PENSIONER PREMIUM)
- 6 Pension Credit
- 7 Child Benefit / Guardian's Allowance
- 8 Child Tax Credit
- 9 Working Tax Credit
- **10** Housing Benefit (Rent Rebate / Rent Allowance)
- 11 Council Tax Benefit (or Rebate)
- 12 Incapacity Benefit / Employment and Support Allowance (formerly Sickness Benefit / Invalidity Benefit)
- 13 Disability Living Allowance
- **14** Attendance Allowance (for people aged 65+)
- 15 Severe Disablement Allowance
- **16 Carer's Allowance** (formerly Invalid Care Allowance)
- 17 Industrial Injuries Benefits

Other state benefit (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

CARD G6

- Unemployment benefits
- 2. Income Support
- 3. Disability or sickness benefits
- 4. Carers benefits
- 5. Tax Credits
- 6. Housing Benefit
- Council Tax Benefit
- 8. Pension Credit

CARD G7

Yes, I would be willing

Yes, I do this already

No, I would not be willing

CARD G8

- 1. I don't have access to the internet
- 2. I don't have the skills to do it
- 3. I am concerned about privacy/security
- 4. I am just not interested/wouldn't use it
- 5. I am worried I'd make a mistake
- 6. I'd prefer to speak to someone
- 7. I cannot afford to access the internet

CARD H1

- 1 Strongly support
- 2 Support
- 3 Neither support nor oppose
- 4 Oppose
- 5 Strongly oppose

CARD H2

- 1 Always wrong
- 2 Mostly wrong
- 3 Sometimes wrong
- 4 Rarely wrong
- 5 Not wrong at all

CARD H3

Tenants' or residents' association
Parent-teachers' or school parents' association
Board of school governors or School Board
A political party
Parish, Town or Community council
Neighbourhood council or forum
Neighbourhood Watch Scheme
Local conservation or environmental group
Other local community or voluntary group
(PLEASE SAY WHAT IT DOES)

CARD J1

This next set of questions is about child maintenance. Usually when parents don't live together, their children live mainly with one parent.

By law, the other parent <u>should</u> pay child maintenance to the parent with whom the child lives most of the time. But the question is <u>how much</u> maintenance the law should require the other parent to pay. There are no right or wrong answers on this. We want to know what <u>you</u> think the law should require.

I'm going to tell you about several different situations, and ask you to imagine that you are the person who has to decide how much maintenance the law should require the parent to pay in each case. We want you to tell us what you think the amount should be.

CARD J2

This next set of questions is about child maintenance. Usually when parents don't live together, their children live mainly with one parent.

By law, the other parent <u>should</u> pay child maintenance to the parent with whom the child lives most of the time. But the question is <u>how much</u> maintenance is fair to expect the other parent to pay. There are no right or wrong answers on this. We want to know the amount <u>you</u> think is fair.

I'm going to tell you about several different situations, and ask you how much maintenance <u>you</u> believe it is fair to expect the parent to pay in each case.

CARD K1

- I feel very comfortable talking about death
- I feel fairly comfortable talking about death
- I have no strong feelings either way
- I feel fairly uncomfortable talking about death
- I feel very uncomfortable talking about death

CARD K2

At home

In a hospital

In a hospice

In a nursing home

In a care home

Somewhere else

Don't mind

CARD K3

To be pain free / without pain

To retain my dignity e.g. respectful care and support

To be with family or friends

To be peaceful/calm

To be sure that I am not a burden on other people

For people to listen and be respectful of my wishes

CARD K4

Medical needs

Spiritual and religious needs

Privacy and peace

Dying with dignity - e.g. respectful care and support

Where you would prefer to die

Pain relief

CARD K5

I don't feel comfortable talking about death

Death feels a long way off

I am too young to discuss death

There is no one available for me talk to about death

Other people do not want to talk to me about my death

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD K6

My wishes and preferences about my end of life care should I become unable to decide for myself (sometimes called a 'living will' or 'advance care plan')

My funeral wishes/plan

My plan for how I would support myself financially when I am dying

Written wishes about organ donation

CARD K7

A will

An organ donor card / I am registered as an organ donor

CARD K8

To make my death/dying easier for my family

To have the funeral I wanted

To ensure I had the right care and support when I am dying

If it was easy to access information about how to plan for my death

If I got support from someone to help me make a written care plan and end-of-life plan for myself

CARD K9

Very confident

Fairly confident

Not very confident

Not at all confident

CARD M1

- 1. Reading the news (in newspapers or online)
- 2. Watching or listening on TV, radio or internet at home
- 3. Watching live events on a public big screen
- 4. Attending a free or ticketed Olympic event
- 5. Attending or taking part in the Olympic Torch Relay
- 6. Using a new or improved sports facility linked to the 2012 Games (e.g. Inspire Mark)
- 7. Taking part in a Games related cultural event or activity (e.g. Cultural Olympiad, London 2012 Festival)
- 8. Volunteering during the Olympic Games (e.g. as a Games Maker, London Ambassador or similar)
- 9. Taking part in a Olympic Games related community event or activity (e.g. local Inspire Mark project)
- 10. Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

- Reading the news (in newspapers or online)
- Watching or listening on TV, radio or internet at home
- 3. Watching live events on a public big screen
- 4. Attending a free or ticketed Paralympic event
- 5. Volunteering during the Paralympic Games (e.g. as a Games Maker, London Ambassador or similar)
- 6. Taking part in a Paralympic Games related community event or activity (e.g. local Inspire Mark project)
- Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD M3

Reduce prejudice a lot

Reduce prejudice a little

Amount of prejudice will stay the same

Increase prejudice a little

Increase prejudice a lot

CARD M4

A much more positive view

A more positive view

My view will remain the same

A more negative view

A much more negative view

- 1. England
- Scotland
- 3. Wales
- 4. Northern Ireland
- 5. Republic of Ireland
- 6. Other

- 1. English not British
- More English than British
- 3. Equally English and British
- 4. More British than English
- 5. British not EnglishOther (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD M7

- 1. Scottish not British
- 2. More Scottish than British
- 3. Equally Scottish and British
- 4. More British than Scottish
- 5. British not Scottish

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD M8

- Welsh not British
- 2. More Welsh than British
- 3. Equally Welsh and British
- More British than Welsh
- 5. British not Welsh

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD M9

- 1 British
- 2 English
- 3 European
- 4 Irish
- 5 Northern Irish
- 6 Scottish
- 7 Ulster
- 8 Welsh

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

CARD M₁₀

BLACK: of African origin

of Caribbean origin

of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

ASIAN: of Indian origin

of Pakistani origin

of Bangladeshi origin

of Chinese origin

of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

WHITE: of any origin

MIXED ORIGIN: PLEASE SAY WHICH

OTHER: PLEASE SAY WHICH

SECTION 1:	SECTION 2:							
GCSE Grades D-G	GCSE Grades A*-C							
Short course GCSE	CSE Grade 1							
Vocational GCSE	GCE O-level Grades A-C or 1-6							
CSE Grades 2-5	School Certificate or Matriculation							
GCE O-level grades D-E or 7-9	Scottish SCE Ordinary Bands A-C or Pass							
Scottish SCE Ordinary Bands D-E	Scottish Standard Grades 1-3 or Pass							
Scottish Standard Grades 4-7	Scottish School Leaving Certificate Lower							
SCOTVEC/SQA National Certificate modules	Grade							
Scottish School Leaving Certificate – no grade	SUPE Ordinary							
Scottish Access 1-3	Northern Ireland Junior Certificate							
Scottish Intermediate 1 at grades B-D	SQA Intermediate 1 at Grade A							
	SQA Intermediate 2 (any grade)							
SECTION 3:	SECTION 4:							
GCE A-level, S-level, A2-level, AS-level	Overseas school leaving exam or certificate							
International Baccalaureate								
Vocational A-level (AVCE)								
Scottish Higher								
Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at Higher Grade								
Scottish Higher School Certificate								
Certificate of Sixth Year Studies/ Advanced Higher								
Grades								
Northern Ireland Senior Certificate								
Welsh Baccalaureate								

CARD M12

University or CNAA first degree, e.g. BA, BSc University or CNAA diploma or Foundation Degree Postgraduate degree, e.g. MA, MSc, MPhil, DPhil, PhD Teacher Training qualification Nursing qualification

Foundation/Advanced (modern) apprenticeship **completed** Other recognised trade apprenticeship **completed**

OCR/RSA (PLEASE GIVE LEVEL)
Other clerical or commercial qualification

City and Guilds Certificate (PLEASE GIVE LEVEL)

BEC/TEC BTEC/ Edexcel

First Certificate/ First or General Diploma (General/ Ordinary) National Certificate (**ONC**) or Diploma (**OND**) Higher National Certificate (**HNC**) or Diploma (**HND**)

NVQ/SVQ/GNVQ/GSVQ (PLEASE GIVE LEVEL)

Other recognised academic or vocational qualifications (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

- 1. Private sector firm or company Including, for example, limited companies and PLCs
- 2. Nationalised industry or public corporation Including, for example, the Post Office and the BBC
- 3. Other public sector employer Including, for example:
 - Central government, Civil Service, Government Agencies
 - Local authority or Local Education Authority
 - Universities
 - Health Authority/NHS hospitals/NHS Trusts/GP surgeries
 - Police and armed forces
- 4. Charity/Voluntary sector Including, for example, charitable companies, churches and trade unions
- 7. Other organisation (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

- 1 Earnings from employment (own or spouse/partner's)
- 2 Occupational pension(s) from previous employer(s)
- 3 Private pension(s)
- 4 State retirement or widow's pension
- 5 Jobseeker's Allowance (can include pensioners premium)
- 6 Income Support (can include pensioners premium)
- 7 Pension Credit
- 8 Incapacity or disabled pension or benefit(s) (formerly Invalidity or sickness benefits)
- 9 Other state benefit or tax credit (PLEASE SAY WHICH)
- 10 Interest from savings or investments
- 11 Student grant, bursary or loans
- 12 Dependent on parents/other relatives
- 13 Other main source of income (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

WEEKLY income BEFORE tax		CARD M15 MONTHLY income BEFORE tax		ANNUAL income BEFORE tax
Less than £140	Q	Less than £590	Q	Less than £7,100
£141 - 180	T	£591 - 770	T	£7,101 - 9,300
£181 - 210	0	£771 - 910	0	£9,301 - 10,900
£211 - 240	K	£911 - 1,000	K	£10,901 - 12,600
£241 - 270	L	£1,001 - 1,200	L	£12,601 - 14,300
£271 - 310	В	£1,201 - 1,300	В	£14,301 - 16,200
£311 - 350	Z	£1,301 - 1,500	Ζ	£16,201 - 18,300
£351 - 400	M	£1,501 - 1,700	M	£18,301 - 20,600
£401 - 440	F	£1,701 - 1,900	F	£20,601 - 23,000
£441 - 500	J	£1,901 - 2,200	J	£23,001 - 26,000
£501 - 560	D	£2,201 - 2,400	D	£26,001 - 29,000
£561 - 620	Н	£2,401 - 2,700	Н	£29,001 - 32,100
£621 - 680	Α	£2,701 - 3,000	Α	£32,101 - 35,700
£681 - 760	W	£3,001 - 3,300	W	£35,701 - 39,600
£761 - 850	G	£3,301 - 3,700	G	£39,601 - 44,200
£851 - 960	N	£3,701 - 4,200	N	£44,201 - 49,900
£961 - 1,100	X	£4,201 - 4,800	X	£49,901 - 57,200
£1,101 - 1,300	C	£4,801 - 5,600	C	£57,201 - 67,200
£1,301 - 1,700	Р	£5,601 - 7,200	Р	£67,201 - 86,600
£1,701 or more	Ε	£7,201 or more	E	£86,601 or more

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WEEKLY earnings BEFORE tax		MONTHLY earnings BEFORE tax		ANNUAL earnings BEFORE tax
Less than £63	Q	Less than £270	Q	Less than £3,270
£64 - 100	Т	£271 - 430	Т	£3,271 - 5,210
£101 - 140	0	£431 - 590	0	£5,211 - 7,130
£141 - 180	K	£591 - 780	K	£7,131 - 9,350
£181 - 210	L	£781 - 930	L	£9,351 - 11,200
£211 - 240	В	£931 - 1,100	В	£11,201 - 12,700
£241 - 270	Z	£1,101 - 1,200	Z	£12,701 - 14,200
£271 - 300	M	£1,201 - 1,300	M	£14,201 - 15,600
£301 - 330	F	£1,301 - 1,400	F	£15,601 - 17,000
£331 - 360	J	£1,401 - 1,600	J	£17,001 - 18,600
£361 - 390	D	£1,601 - 1,700	D	£18,601 - 20,400
£391 - 420	Н	£1,701 - 1,800	Н	£20,401 - 22,100
£421 - 460	Α	£1,801 - 2,000	Α	£22,101 - 24,100
£461 - 510	W	£2,001 - 2,200	W	£24,101 - 26,500
£511 - 560	G	£2,201 - 2,500	G	£26,501 - 29,400
£561 - 630	Ν	£2,501 - 2,700	N	£29,401 - 32,600
£631 - 710	X	£2,701 - 3,100	X	£32,601 - 36,900
£711 - 830	С	£3,101 - 3,600	С	£36,901 - 43,200
£831 - 1,100	Р	£3,601 - 4,900	Р	£43,201 - 58,500
£1,101 or more	Ε	£4,901 or more	Ε	£58,501 or more