BRITISH HOUSEHOLD PANEL SURVEY USER MANUAL

VOLUME A

INTRODUCTION, TECHNICAL REPORT AND APPENDICES

edited by

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This *User Manual* has been produced by Marcia Freed Taylor, John Brice, Nick Buck and Elaine Prentice-Lane.

Nick Buck designed the User Database in consultation with Randy Banks who designed the Survey Database and its associated data processing system with the support of Frances Williams. The development of aspects of the database, including derived variables, weighting and imputation, involved the active participation of many present and former members of the Research Centre, including Alan Taylor, Mark Taylor, Jonathan Gershuny, David Rose, Andrew Clark, Shirley Dex, Tony Shorrocks, Jackie Scott, Heather Laurie, Kim Perren, Louise Corti, John Brice and Sarah Jarvis.

The work involved in the creation of the documentation of the User Database has been carried out by many of the staff of the Research Centre. Particularly dedicated and extraordinary effort in this documentation and in the production of these two volumes was made by Nick Buck, John Brice and Elaine Prentice-Lane. Contributions by Adrian Birch, Malcolm Brynin, Judi Egerton, Ann Farncombe, Jay Gershuny, Heather Laurie, Andrew McCulloch, Victoria Nolan, Rachel Smith and Jenifer Tucker are also included in *Volume A*. Randy Banks provided invaluable support in the production of the volumes. The sections on Weighting, Sampling and Imputation were produced by Alan Taylor and Nick Buck, that on Sampling Error by Alan Taylor; the advice on weighting and sampling of Professor Graham Kalton, Senior Statistician of WESTAT, is gratefully acknowledged.

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I. Introduction to the Documentation

This format of this documentation has been designed to make the analysis of the British Household Panel Study easier and more straightforward. We have attempted to make its up-dating, always a rather complex undertaking, as simple as possible. Details of the organisation of the documentation are given below.

This documentation takes the form of an explanatory *Volume A* and a separate *Volume B* codebook for each wave of the BHPS. The organisation of these volumes is described below. There are several key aspects of the information in this *User Manual*, which it is important to make clear from the beginning.

I.1. Important Features of the Documentation

Wave Indicators

Individual waves of the BHPS are identified by an initial letter in all Record/File and Variable Names; thus, "A" is attached to all Wave One Records or Variables, "B" to Wave Two, "C" to Wave Three and so on. Throughout this documentation, wherever possible, this wave-specific letter has been replaced by a generic "w". When this appears, the implication is that the information being supplied applies to all waves unless otherwise stated.

Refreshing the data

A new "edition" of BHPS data will occur every year, with the release of the latest wave. All existing users should obtain the latest release of the entire BHPS dataset, rather than merely requesting the latest wave. Data which are mounted for remote analysis will be automatically withdrawn and replaced with the latest version. It is therefore essential that up-dates to this *User Manual* are also obtained. As noted elsewhere, it is particularly important that the latest version of the three cross-wave records/files, XWLSTEN, XWAVEID and XWAVEDAT are used in all cross-wave analysis. These will always occur at the end of the database and codebook for the latest release.

Dates

Dates are clearly critical in a large number of **BHPS** variables. Because of the nature of a panel survey, the relevant dates are often not totally obvious. Throughout the documentation, we have attempted to generalise the representation of these dates to make the relevant dates clearer. Throughout the wave-specific Volume B codebook entries, the actual dates are included. Within Volume A, we have used conventions to generalise our notes and descriptions. These conventions are described below. As background, it is important to remember that the fieldwork period runs from 1 September one year through the end of April of the following year; the bulk of the interviews have usually taken place by the end of December, although some of them do extend well into the following year. The end of April is the cut-off point.

Relevant conventions employed in treatment of dates within variable descriptions are:

w = initial letter of all Record and Variable Names, which replaces the wave-specific initial letter (e.g. A = Wave One, B = Wave Two, and so on)

Derived variables sometimes use data taken from earlier, and in some case, later waves. This is indicated by:

- w-1 = indicates the year prior to the wave under investigation:
- w+1 = indicates the year following the wave under investigation
- LY = indicates the 12 months prior to the start of fieldwork (e.g. 1 September 1990 31 August 1991 for Wave One)
- TY = indicates the present period, beginning at the 1 September on which fieldwork begins for a specific wave (e.g. 1 September 1991 for Wave One, 1 September 1992 for Wave Two, etc.)

Variable Names

Variable names are preceded, as are Record or File names, by a wave-specific letter - A for Wave One, B for Wave Two and so on. In many descriptions, this is replaced by a generic w, indicating the generality of the information being provided. Variable names are, in part, mnemonic. See *Section III* in this Volume for a table listing some of the conventions employed.

I.2. Volume A

This initial introductory volume, essential for all users, will be supplemented in future through the issue of up-date sheets. *Volume A* contains vital information required for the analysis of the data, including details of fieldwork, sampling, weighting and imputation procedures employed within the Centre, and information to assist users in the linking and aggregating data across waves. Usage notes on specific variables or sections of the database are also included, plus sections presenting background information required for specific types of analysis. References to the contents of the sections are given below.

There are also a number of appendices:

Appendix One (*Using BHPS Data*) presents worked examples of analyses of **BHPS** data, using both SIR and SPSS, illustrating some of the basic manipulations which researchers may wish to perform during their own analysis.

Appendix Two (*Notes on Derived Variables*) presents generalised notes on the derived variables which form part of each wave of the data.

Appendix Three (Coding Frames) contains full coding frames for main categorical variable types which appear in all waves of the data.

Appendix Four (*Help for Old Friends*) is a summary of information on changes which have occurred in the data from previous waves since the last release. Since all users of the **BHPS** should receive the entire **BHPS** dataset at each new release, this information will be essential for all existing users. Information will relate to such things as re-coding of previous wave variables to conform to the latest release, additional variables, new imputations based on information from the later waves, correction of errors, and so on.

Appendix Five (*Related Publications and Documentation*) contains references to other volumes produced by the ESRC Research Centre on Micro-Social Change and of publications based on **BHPS** data.

Appendix Six (*Indexes*) contains four indexes to aid users in locating the information they require quickly. These are described in more detail below.

I.3. Volume B

Each wave will be released in a separate wave-specific volume, *Volume B1* containing a codebook for Wave One data and its related questionnaires and show cards, for example, *Volume B2* containing Wave Two information and so on.

With each new release, those acquiring the latest wave will also receive up-date sheets for both *Volume A* and earlier *Volume B*s, along with a new Volume containing the codebook for the latest wave. We hope that this will make life both easier, and less expensive, for our users.

Codebooks contain essential information for each variable for each wave included in the **British Household Panel Study** database. Tables are presented in the order in which they appear within the Record Types in the SIR database. Cross-Wave Identification Variables appear at the end of the volume containing the latest Wave.

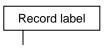
Within each wave-specific volume, each Record Type is allotted a separate section, which begins with a short overview of the contents of that Record Type. These sections reflect the Record and Variable order and structure of the User Database. (For more information on the database structure, see the main text of this *Volume* and *Appendix 1*.)

Within each Record Type section, there is a Table for every variable within that Record Type. This Table contains relevant information needed for interpretation and use. A short description of elements of each Table is presented below.

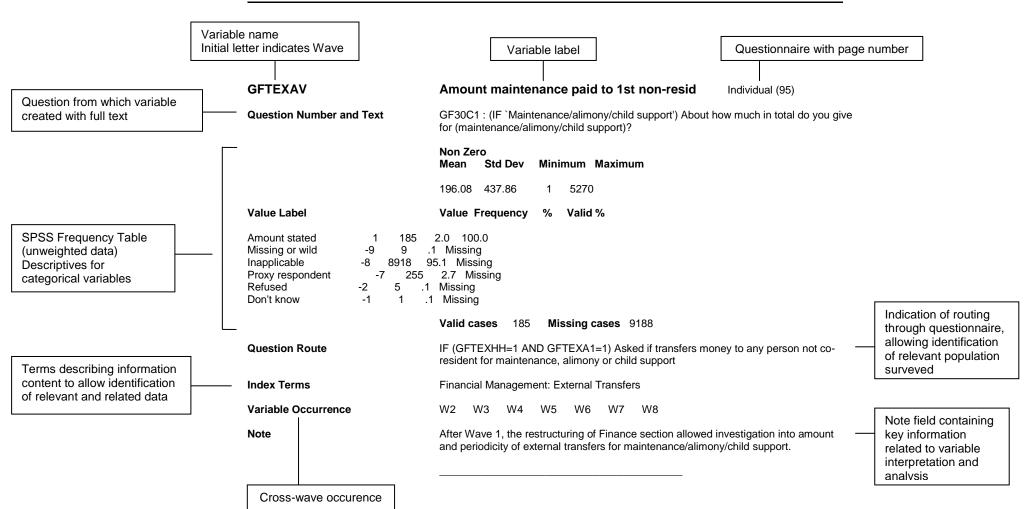
I.3.1. Reading The Variable Tables

Figure 1 presents a sample Variable Table with an indication of the contents of each element within the table. The elements in the Tables are:

- 1. **Record Type** at the top of every page. The header shows the Record Type in which the variables below can be found.
- 2. **Variable Name** as a heading for each Table, followed by **Variable Label**
- 3. **Questionnaire Section** followed by **page number within Questionnaire** (Questionnaires and Showcards appear at the end of Wave-specific *Volume Bs*)
- 4. **Question Number and Text**. The specific Wave identifier has been added to the question number as found in the questionnaire. Where there is no relevant question text, an indication to the source of the information is included, e.g. Interviewer Check, Office Code, and so on.
- 5. **A Frequency Table** is included wherever relevant or possible, giving value labels, values, frequencies, percentages, valid cases and missing values. For categorical variables, with more than 20 categories, only valid and missing cases are given; for continuous variables, a Mean, usually non-zero, Standard Deviation, Minimum and Maximum are indicated, and a frequency table distinguishing those who stated an amount and those who did not. (Relevant coding frames for the extended categorical variables are presented in *Appendix 3*.)
- 6. **Question Route** For *Base Variables*, this indicates the question routing which defined the respondent sample asked a particular question and includes a prose description; for *Derived Variables*, a listing of the variables used to construct the variables is given; for *Key* or *Key Linking Variables*, either ALL or ALL RESPONDENTS is entered here. *Derived Variables* information can also be found in *Appendix 2*.



Volume B: Codebook - Record Type GINDRESP



- 7. **Index Terms** One or more index terms have been attached to each variable. A full index using these terms is included at the end of this volume in *Appendix 6*. Terms are included on the Variable Table to allow users to easily identify other variables on the same subject or, in the case of Interview Characteristics, Sampling Factors or Key Linking Variables, variables of the same type.
- 8. **Variable Occurrence** An indication of the inclusion of the individual variable in individual waves and of planned inclusion in future waves. See below for more details. Cross-wave occurrence is also presented in the Cross-Wave Subject Index in *Appendix* 6 to this volume.
- 9. Note Included here are notes of special importance for users of a particular variable or variable type. There may also be a pointer, where applicable, to variables which are similar but not sufficiently so to warrant being considered directly comparable (and therefore have an entry in the Variable Occurrence field). These may, nevertheless, be sufficiently closely related to serve as a proxy and satisfy the requirements of the researcher. In many cases, reference is made to other sections of this *User Manual* where fuller information is provided.

Tables contain marginals for each variable. For continuous variables, the marginals show the number of respondents/households for whom the included descriptives are valid. The missing cases and those who have zero amounts are excluded for the descriptive statistics. This enables the researcher to get a more accurate picture from the few descriptive statistics presented.

For variables with more than 20 value labels, coding frames are provided in Appendix 3.

Users should also note that the results displayed in the tables in Volume B are obtained from *unweighted* data. See *Section V* for a discussion on weighting.

At the end of each wave-specific *Volume B*, the Questionnaires and Showcards for the relevant wave are reproduced. It is planned that all Questionnaires will be annotated with Variable Names attached to the question which gave rise to the Variable. There is also a *Variable Location Index* at the end of each wave-specific volume. An alphabetical list of variable names is linked to the page number within the volume on which the variable description appears.

I.4. Indexes

Indexes to the Variables are included at the end of this volume.

To assist you in planning your analysis, a number of indexes are presented in the final *Appendix*. Clearly, given the nature of such a panel dataset, many variables are repeated in each wave, while others are repeated intermittently and still others appear in only one wave. A Cross-Wave Continuity Index details this in schematic form. Another Index is based on the subjects covered by the data, allowing initial identification of variables on particular topics. This is augmented by a subject thesaurus, to guide you to the correct topics.

These indexes are intended to aid the user in navigating the wide range of information presented and to allow the tracing of the links between questions, variables, record types and subject coverage or variable type. The indexes included are:

- o **Cross-Wave Continuity Index**, a list of cross-wave occurrence of variables.
- o **Cross-Wave Subject Category Index**, a sorted list of subject headings and the variables categorized under them, with an indication of their occurrence in specific waves and the page number of the relevant variable table.
- o **Subject Category Thesaurus**, a full list of all subject category index terms together with more detailed subject references and cross-references. This index should be used

to augment the information presented in the Cross-Wave Subject Category Index.

 Question Number to Variable Name Index, a sorted list of question numbers and the database variables based on them;

One or more index terms are attached to each variable, and included on the variable entry in the codebook in the wave-specific *Volume B*. These indicate the major subjects covered by the variable (or the type of variable) and allow linkage with other variables on the same or related topics. Reference to either the **Cross-Wave Subject Category Index** (or first to the **Subject Category Thesaurus Index**) will lead to the identification of others. In some cases, these refer specifically to the content of the information - e.g. "Health: Medical Consultations" or "Incomes". In other cases, an additional index term indicates that the variable contains "Personal Opinions" or "Subjective Well-Being". "Key Linking Variables" are also identifiable through these indexes, as are "Interview Characteristics and Conditions".

I.5. A Note about Question Numbers

Users may notice differences between the question numbers as they appear in the Questionnaire and as they appear in the variable tables and Question Number to Variable Name Index. Some of the less obvious of these differences are explained below.

- 1. All question numbers carry a numerical prefix to indicate the Wave to which they refer; that is, "A" for Wave One questionnaire, "B" to indicate Wave Two, and so on. The second letter indicates the Questionnaire Section in which the question appears (e.g. H for Household Questionnaire, P for Proxy Questionnaire, F for Finance, V for Values, M for Health, D for Demographics, J for Job History, S for Self-completion and so on).
- 2. Suffixes to question numbers have been added to specify the exact part of the question being answered, or to designate an "Office Coding" of a respondent-specified time period to a standardised time period.

Key to	the Suffixes	Example
ОС	Office Code	Question AH20C became AH20COC
NA	Not Applicable Question	AD10A became AD10A and AD10NA
Y M D	Year Month Day	Question BE81 has three variable components BE81Y, BE81M and BE81D
CTY and	Country	AD5 with two possible, variable responses became AD5CTY,
DST	District	AD5DST
DK	Don't Know	BE64 gave rise to BE64DK (negative response to BE64)
BM BY	Began Month Began Year	BE73D gives BE73BM, and BE73BY
EM EY	Ended Month Ended Year	BE73 gives BE73EM, and BE73EY
P1,P2	Person One,Two	AM32P1, AM32P2 and AM32P3
AL	All	BF3BAL from question BF3B
M1,M2	Mention One, Two	BH3 gives BH3M1 and BH3M2
SC	Status Code	AJ6A gave rise to AJ6ASC

SEQ Sequence AF3SEQ records the number of finance grids completed

PN Person number AF3FPN records PNO of joint recipient

I.6. Technical References

References made in the text of this *User Manual* to which you might like to refer are:

Cox, B et al, (1987) The Health and Lifestyle Survey. London: Health Promotion Trust.

- Elias, P, K Halstead and K Prandy (1993) *Computer Assisted Standard Occupational Coding (CASOC)* (1993) London: HMSO
- Goldthorpe, J H and K Hope (1974) *The Social Grading of Occupations: A New Approach and Scale* Oxford: Clarendon Press
- International Labour Office (1990) *International Standard Classification of Occupations: ISCO 88*Geneva: International Labour Office
- Marsh, C & A Teague (1992) `Samples of anonymised records from the 1991 Census', *Population Trends*, 69, 17-26,
- Prandy K (1990) "The Revised Cambridge Scale of Occupations", Sociology 24, 629-655
- Standard Occupational Classification, Volume 3: Social Classifications and Coding Methodology.(London OPCS/HMSO 1991).

I.7. Getting More Information

For more information on the study, contact:

Scientific Documentation and Liaison Officer Institute for Social and Economic Research University of Essex Colchester Essex CO4 3SQ United Kingdom

Telephone: +44 (0)1206 873543
Fax: +44 (0)1206 873151
E-mail: bhpsug@essex.ac.uk
World Wide Web http://www.iser.essex.ac.uk/

For more information on access to BHPS data, contact:

User Services The Data Archive University of Essex Colchester, Essex CO4 3SQ

Telephone: +44 (0)1206 872001 Fax: +44 (0)1206 872003 E-mail: archive@essex.ac.uk World Wide Web http://dawww.essex.ac.uk/





II. Introduction to the British Household Panel Survey

The British Household Panel Survey (BHPS) is being carried out by the ESRC UK Longitudinal Studies Centre with the Institute for Social and Economic Research at the University of Essex. The main objective of the survey is to further our understanding of social and economic change at the individual and household level in Britain, to identify, model and forecast such changes, their causes and consequences in relation to a range of socio-economic variables. The BHPS is designed as a research resource for a wide range of social science disciplines and to support interdisciplinary research in many areas.

The ULSC, established in 1999, is a continuation of the research resource component of the ESRC Research Centre on Micro-Social Change which was established with a grant from the ESRC in 1989. In addition to conducting the panel survey and disseminating it to the research community, the ISER undertakes a programme of research based on panel data, funded in part by a continuation of the ESRC Research Centre on Micro-Social Change, using the **BHPS** and other national panels to monitor and measure social change. The results of this research feed back into the later waves of the survey and increase its research potential for the wider user community.

The **BHPS** was designed as an annual survey of each adult (16+) member of a nationally representative sample of more than 5,000 households, making a total of approximately 10,000 individual interviews. The same individuals will be re-interviewed in successive waves and, if they split-off from original households, all adult members of their new households will also be interviewed. Children are interviewed once they reach the age of 16; there is also a special survey of 11-15 year old household members from Wave Four onwards. Thus the sample should remain broadly representative of the population of Britain as it changes through the 1990s. Additional sub-samples were added to the BHPS in 1997 and 1999 – see section II.2 below.

Research priorities and research design for the **BHPS** were established after extensive consultation within the British academic and policy research community. Major topics in the first three waves of the panel survey are household organisation, the labour market, income and wealth, housing, health and socio-economic values. The panel survey thus permits research into a wide range of topics such as the relationship between health changes and unemployment, the effects of life events on changing socio-economic values, life cycle variations in income, the returns in the labour market to training and education, the causes and consequences of residential mobility, and so on.

Panel data have many advantages:

they allow analysis of how individuals and households experience change in their socio-economic environment and how they respond to such changes;

they allow an analysis of how conditions, life events, behaviour and values are linked with each other dynamically over time;

they allow analysts to control for unobserved heterogeneity in cross-sectional models through difference analysis;

because all household members are interviewed, the effects of the interaction of changes at the individual level can be analysed for the whole household or for other individuals;

because sample members are followed as they leave their original household, panel data will provide unique information on the processes of household formation and dissolution.

It is the aim of the design of the **BHPS** to maximise these advantages. For further discussion of the research and design rationales of the **BHPS**, users are referred to the publications listed in *Appendix 5*.

The **BHPS** data are deposited in the Data Archive within 12 months of the completion of field work. Between the end of fieldwork and the deposit date, the Centre carries out a very full programme of data cleaning, missing value imputation and weighting. But despite this, some remaining inconsistencies in the data will undoubtedly be revealed as the data and documentation are widely used. Users are requested to alert the Centre to any such inconsistencies they find, so that appropriate corrections can

be made in future releases. Comments on the presentation of both data and documentation would also be welcomed. This can, perhaps, best be done through the BHPS User Group which is described below. Participation in this Group is recommended for all users.

II.1. The BHPS Sample and Following Rules

The initial sample for Wave One of the **BHPS** (described in detail in the Section on Sampling and Survey Methods) is not unlike that for any cross-sectional household study, for example OPCS's General Household Survey. The sample consisted of 8167 issued addresses drawn from the Postcode Address File. Interviews were attempted at all private households found at these addresses (subject to selection where multiple households were found). All individuals enumerated in respondent households became part of the longitudinal sample. All these sample members are known as Original Sample Members (*OSMs*).

The sample for the subsequent waves consists of all adults in all households containing at least one member who was resident in a household interviewed at Wave One, regardless of whether that individual had been interviewed in Wave One. Thus, with a few exceptions, an attempt was made to interview all those individuals in responding households who had refused to participate at Wave One, or for any reason had been unable to take part. In addition, a number of households where no contact had been made in Wave One were approached for interview in Wave Two after confirmation that no household moves between waves had taken place.

The *following rules* applied in subsequent waves differed from the sampling rules in Wave One in only one respect. In both sets of rules, eligibility depended on domestic residence in England, Wales, or Scotland south of the Caledonian Canal. In waves after Wave One, however, OSMs were followed into institutions (unless in prison or in circumstances where the respondent was not available for interview e.g. too frail, mentally impaired etc.) or into Scotland north of the Caledonian Canal.

New eligibility for sample inclusion could occur between waves in the following ways:

- 1. A baby born to an OSM.
- 2. An OSM move into a household with one or more new people.
- 3. One or more new people move in with an OSM.

Children born to OSMs after the start of the study automatically count as OSMs. New Entrants to the sample (categories two and three) become eligible for interview on the standard OPCS household definition, (i.e. as long as they were living with an OSM and `either share living accommodation OR share one meal a day and have the address as their only or main residence'). The main requirement for marginal cases of household membership was six months continuous residence during the year. This excluded students who might have been at a parental home during vacation (students were treated as members of their term-time household). The household non-contacts from Wave One referred to above count technically as OSMs but for all practical purposes (in particular the need to obtain `initial conditions' data) were treated as new entrants. The sample for each Wave thus consists of all OSMs plus their natural descendants plus any other adult members of their households, known as Temporary Sample Members (TSMs).

Once household membership is determined, interviews are sought with all resident household members aged 16 or over on 1 December of the sample year, thus including OSMs previously coded as children. Proxy interviews with another household member, or telephone interviews, are carried out for eligible members who are either too ill or too busy to be interviewed.

Where OSMs are not found at the expected address, interviewers attempt to trace them using a variety of methods. These are described in the Section on Sampling and Survey Methods. Interviewees who do not quality as OSMs are only re-interviewed in subsequent years if they are still co-resident in households with OSMs. However, a subset of TSMs become permanent sample members and are followed even if they no longer reside with an OSM. The criterion for this status is that the TSM is the parent, with an OSM, of a new OSM birth.

II.2. Additional sub-samples

Since the start of BHPS in 1991, a number of additional sub-samples have been added to the survey.

II.2.1 The ECHP sub-sample

From Wave Seven the BHPS began providing data for the United Kingdom European Community Household Panel (ECHP). As part of this, it incorporated a sub-sample of the original UKECHP, including all households still responding in Northern Ireland, and a 'low-income' sample of the Great Britain panel. The low-income sample was selected on the basis of characteristics associated with low income in the ECHP. At Wave Seven ECHP households in which all adult members responded at the previous wave and which fell into the following categories were issued:

Household reference person unemployed at interview or within the last year,

Household reference person in receipt of lone parent benefit,

Household reference person in receipt of means tested benefit.

Household in rented accommodation.

Respondent households who agreed to have their data passed to the University of Essex were incorporated in the BHPS.

From the point of view of the BHPS this constitutes a new sample whose first wave is wave seven. However, their sample membership status depends in part on their membership status within the ECHP. Thus, members of the original 1994 ECHP sample are defined for our purposes as OSMs, while joiners to ECHP households after the first wave of ECHP, including joiners at Wave Seven and Wave Eight of BHPS are defined as TSMs or PSMs according to standard BHPS rules. There are also a small number of ECHP original sample members who rejoin selected households after Wave Seven. These are also classified as OSMs.

The ECHP came to an end in 2001, equivalent to Wave 11 of BHPS. No alternative funding for the ECHP sub-sample was available, and it has therefore not been continued beyond Wave 11.

Further information on identifying the ECHP sub-sample is included in sections III.3.2 and III.18. Weights for incorporating this sample are discussed in section V.2.4.

II.2.2 Scotland and Wales Extension Samples

A major development at Wave 9 was the recruitment of two additional samples to the BHPS in Scotland and Wales. There were two main aims of the extensions. First, to increase the relatively small Scottish and Welsh sample sizes (around 400-500 households in each country in the initial BHPS sample) in order to permit independent analysis of the two countries. Second, to facilitate analysis of the two countries compared to England in order to assess the impacts of the substantial public policy changes which may be expected to follow from devolution. The first wave of the extension samples were fully funded by the ESRC. A consultation period in the early part of 1999 established the requirements of the Scottish and Welsh user-communities. Provision of comparable data between the different parts of Great Britain required identical questionnaires and fieldwork arrangements for the additional samples to those used for the main BHPS sample. The target sample size in each country was 1500 households. The Scottish sample includes the population living north and west of the Caledonian Canal. Aspects of fieldwork for the extension samples are discussed section IV.17.

All members of households recruited at the first wave of the extension samples will be treated as OSMs, and standard BHPS following rules will apply. Members of these samples who move to England will be followed. At the second wave of the surveys for these samples non-contact and some refusal households will be approached again, for recruitment to the sample. Such second wave recruits will also be treated as OSMs.

Further information on identifying the Scottish and Welsh sub-samples is included in sections III.3.2 and III.19. Weights for incorporating this sample are discussed in section V.2.5.

II.2.3. Northern Ireland Household Panel Survey

At wave 11 a substantial new sample in Northern Ireland, the Northern Ireland Household Panel Survey (NIHPS) was added. This sample is jointly funded by the ESRC and government departments

in Northern Ireland. Since the start of the BHPS it has been recognised that a sample was needed in Northern Ireland so that the coverage of the panel was UK wide rather than Great Britain only. Until now, funding has not been available to run a panel that was large enough to enable comparative analysis between Northern Ireland and the rest of the UK. More recently, having longitudinal data that is comparable with Great Britain has become something of a priority for the Northern Ireland policy makers as well as for the wider academic community. There are three years of funding in the first instance.

Provision of data for Northern Ireland which was comparable with data from other parts of the United Kingdom required largely identical questionnaires and fieldwork arrangements for the NIHPS to those used for the other BHPS samples. The target sample size in was 2000 households. Aspects of fieldwork for the extension samples are discussed in section IV.17.

Support for users of the NIHPS in Northern Ireland is provided by ARK, the Northern Ireland Social and Political Archive, a collaboration between Queen's University Belfast and University of Ulster. See http://www.ark.ac.uk/nihps/

All members of households recruited at the first wave of the NIHPS will be treated as OSMs, and standard BHPS following rules will apply. Members of these samples who move to other parts of the UK will remain in sample, and we attempt to interview them.

Further information on identifying the NIHPS members is included in sections III.3.2 and III.19. Weights for incorporating this sample are discussed in section V.2.5.

II.3. Survey Instruments

The questionnaire package consists of:

- a. A household coversheet, which contains an interviewer call record, observations on the type of accommodation and the final household outcomes. At Wave One, it contained a Kish selection grid for the selection of households at multi-household addresses. Cover sheets are produced containing the last known address of sample members. Moves discovered by interviewers during fieldwork are dealt with by interviewers, either by discovering a forwarding address or by creating a movers form for return to the Research Centre. Techniques for following movers are described in Section IV on Sampling and Survey Methods.
- b. A household composition form which is administered, in most cases, at the interviewer's first contact with an adult member of the household. The interviewer gathers a complete listing of all household members together with some brief summary data of their sex, date of birth, marital and employment status and their relationship to the household reference person (HRP) defined as the person legally or financially responsible for the accommodation, or the elder of two people equally responsible. Additional checks are required on presence in the household of natural parents or spouse or partners, in order to unambiguously establish all relationships (for instance, secondary or `hidden' couples).
- c. A short **household questionnaire** administered with the household reference person and taking on average 10 minutes to complete. This contains questions about the accommodation and tenure and some household level measures of consumption.
- d. The **individual schedule** takes approximately 40 minutes to complete and is administered with every adult member of the household (aged 16 or over). The individual questionnaire covers the following topics:

neighbourhood
individual demographics
residential mobility
health and caring
current employment and earnings
employment changes over the past year
lifetime childbirth, marital and relationship history (Wave Two only)

employment status history (Wave Two only) values and opinions household finances and organization

- e. A **self-completion questionnaire**, which takes about five minutes to complete. Questions included are subjective or attitudinal questions particularly vulnerable to the influence of other people's presence during completion, or potentially sensitive questions requiring additional privacy. The self-completion questionnaire contains a reduced version of the General Health Questionnaire (GHQ) which was originally developed as a screening instrument for psychiatric illness, but is often used as an indicator of subjective well-being. It also contains attitudinal items and questions on social support.
- f. A **proxy schedule** is used to collect information about household members absent throughout the field period or too old or infirm to complete the interview themselves. It is administered to another member of the household, with preference shown for the spouse or adult child. The questionnaire is a much shortened version of the individual questionnaire, collecting some demographic, health, and employment details, as well as a summary income measure.
- g. A **telephone questionnaire**, developed from the proxy schedule, for use by an experienced interviewer employed by the Centre. This is used when all other efforts to achieve a face-to-face interview have failed.

The questionnaires went through a series of major revisions from the initial pre-testing through the two pilots to produce the final versions used in Waves One and Two. A full set of questionnaires, together with the full text of the show cards employed, is included in the wave-specific *Volume B*.

In Wave Nine the conversion to Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI) began. Details of the conversion are discussed in section IV.16. The structure of instruments outlined above remains the same. At Wave Nine only the household questionnaire and the individual questionnaire were converted to CAPI.

II.4. Longitudinal Aspects of the Survey

Many of the questions asked in Wave One have been repeated in subsequent waves. Some are repeated in all waves; these are the "Core" questions. Some variables appear in alternating waves or on a cyclical basis; these are known as the "Rotating Core" questions. Some groups of questions will be asked only once in the life of the panel study; these are known as the "Variable Components". The subjects of these questions are outlined in *Table 1*.

As a further guide to users who wish to plan their present analyses of **BHPS** on the basis of potential longitudinal analysis, there is an indication of wave occurrence of each variable in each table in the wave-specific *Volume B:* this information is provided in schematic form in the *Cross-Wave Continuity Index* together with page references, at the end of this *Volume*.

There are some slight modifications in question wording and, in a few cases, in the level of specificity in the response categories between waves. These alterations are fully documented in the entries for each individual variable; between-wave modifications of data previously released are indicated in *Appendix 4: Help for Old Friends* in this volume. It is intended that the majority of derived variables will be repeated in all waves. Exact comparability between the waves will obviously always be dependant on the exact comparability of the data from which they are derived. More information on plans for repeated questions will be available through the **BHPS User Group**, which is described in *Section VI* in this volume of the *Manual*.

II.5. Links to Other Surveys

The BHPS is intended to be a reference dataset. Links to other major surveys are therefore of great importance. For this reason, many of the questions in the **BHPS** are replications of those which have previously occurred in other studies, or are similar questions with variant wording. The Centre has therefore begun, as a first step in assisting users in making links between the **BHPS** and these studies,

to compile a listing of surveys in which questions which are related or identical to **BHPS** questions were asked. Substantive questions only are included, and not derived variables or standard demographic background variables. There are often minor differences, either in the body of the question itself, or in the response categories. This linking is intended as a first and rough guide only, as the documentation of these links is not yet complete.

For information on this listing, please contact the Scientific Documentation Officer at the Centre. In most cases, copies of the relevant questionnaires can be ordered from the Data Archive at the University of Essex. It is intended that this cross-referencing information will be extended and published in a separate document in the future. We ask therefore that all users inform the Institute for Social and Economic Research of any links of this type to other surveys of which they are, or become, aware.

The major studies to which BHPS questions are currently linked are the following:

British General Election Study **British Social Attitudes Surveys** Cohort Study of the Unemployed **European Values Survey** General Health Questionnaire General Household Surveys Family Economics Survey Family Expenditure Surveys The Health and Lifestyle Survey International Project on Class Structure and Class International Social Survey Project International Social Justice Project Life Events in Everyday Experiences (US) Labour Force Surveys National Child Development Study Panel Study of Income Dynamics (US) Social Change and Economic Life Initiative Surveys of Income and Program Participation (US) Survey of Life-style and Usage of Social Services (Ireland) Socio-Economic Panel Study (Germany) Study of Attitudes to Public and Private Welfare Working Class in the Labour Market Women and Employment

In addition, the Centre is involved in a number of cross-national comparative projects with researchers from a number of other national and regional household panel studies from Germany, the United States, France, Ireland, Spain, Belgium, Sweden, Luxembourg, Hungary, Poland, the Czech Republic, Italy and so on. Among these are the Panel Comparability (PACO) project, designed to create a set of comparable variables across a number of domains and countries to enable cross-national research and a research programme based on the European Community Household Panel Study. For more information on these and other comparative projects, contact the Centre.

Table 1

Overview of Topics Covered in BHPS

Themes which are covered at every wave are known as **Core Components**; these are the heart of the survey and allow us to study the net change in which we are interested. This category includes topics which are asked, after the First Wave, simply to verify the status of the household and individual members, or are only asked of new entrants.

Topics covered periodically (i.e. every two or three years) are known as **Rotating Core Components**. These topics are addressed only in situations in which we don't expect large changes over time and there is therefore no need to ask questions on them every year. This also allows us to balance competing demands for limited space within the questionnaire.

Last, but very important, are the **Non-Core** or **Variable Components**. These are 'one-offs', usually asked only once. These include many questions that need to be asked only once such as the *initial conditions*. If we asked the same respondents every year 'What age did you leave school ?' and "Where were you born ?", for example, they would soon tire of it. The **BHPS** has taken the opportunity (over the first three waves) to get a very good picture of our respondents' lives asking for life-time retrospective work-histories, and marital and fertility histories, using the space set aside for the **Variable Component** to investigate these illuminating and vital areas of the lives of those who make up a representative sample of the households of Britain.

Below is a representation of the pattern that is emerging in the underlying structure of the BHPS dataset; this must not, of course, be taken as a fixed structure for the **BHPS**. We reserve the right to drop questions that may appear to be **core** and, in the event, prove to yield little data of interest. We may well consolidate, into the core, questions that have recently appeared in the questionnaire, or even include other new ones. The **BHPS** must also, of course, reserve the right to vary the period of rotation of those components which at present appear to be regularly included. The variable component has attracted the covetous eyes of many a researcher and is the source of much high level debate here in the Research Centre where we have not only competing research agendas but also external pressures with which to contend.

The Questionnaire is divided into 5 sections:

The Cover sheet, the Household Questionnaire, the Individual Questionnaire which is the main part of the interview and finally respondents are asked to complete a short Self Completion Questionnaire. For various reasons, some people have a Proxy Questionnaire (a reduced form of the Individual schedule) filled in for them by another member of the household. New from Wave Four, the Young Persons Questionnaire which 11 to 16 year olds have been asked to complete.

	Table 1 (cont'd): HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONNAIRE				
CORE	Size and Condition of Dwelling Ownership Status, Length of Tenure, Previous Ownership Interview Characteristics	Household Finances Rent and Mortgage, Loan and HF Local Authority Service Charges Allowances/ Rebates Difficulties with Rent/Mortgage Pa Household Composition Consumer Durables, Cars, Telep Heating/Fuel Types, Costs, Paym Non-monetary poverty indicators Crime	ayments hones, Food		
	Table 1 (cont'd): INDIVIDU	JAL QUESTIONNAIRE			
CORE	Neighbourhood and individual Demographics Birthplace, Residence Satisfaction with Home/Neighbourhood Reasons for Moving Ethnicity Educational background and attainments Recent Education/Training Partisan support Changes in marital status Citizenship	Current Employment Employment status Not Working/Seeking Work Self Employed Sector Private/Public SIC/SOC/ISCO Nature of Business/Duties Workplace/Size of Firm Travelling time/ Means of travel Length of Tenure Hours worked/Overtime Union membership Prospects/Training/Ambitions Superannuation/Pension schemes Attitudes to work/Incentives Wages/Salary/ Deductions Childcare provisions Job search activity Career opportunities Bonuses Performance related pay	Finances Incomes from Benefits/Allowances/ Pensions Rents/Savings/Interest/ Dividends Pension Plans Savings and Investments Material well-being Consumer Confidence Internal Transfers External Transfers Personal Spending Roles of Partners/Spouses Domestic work Childcare Bills/Everyday spending Car Ownership/Use Value of Car Interview Characteristics Windfalls		

	Table 1 (cont'd): INDIVIDUAL QUESTIONNAIRE				
CORE	Health and Caring Personal health condition Employment constraints Visits to doctor Hospital/Clinic use Use of Health and Welfare services Social Services	Smoking Caring fo hhold Time spe Private n	s, Tests and Screening	Employment History Past year Labour Force Status Spells Size/Sector/Nature of Busin Duties Wages/Salary/ Deductions Reasons for leaving/taking	ness/ Parental Questionnaire
ROTATING CORE	Health and Caring Attitude towards costs/payments for care	health	Values and Opinions Distribution of Wealth Social Justice Government's Roles and Environment Management of Househo Newpaper readership	·	Religion Trade Unions Social Class Membership social/interest activities Leisure activities National Identity UK governance and devolution
VARIABLE COMPONENTS	Lifetime Marital Status History (W Number of marriages Marriage dates Divorce/widowhood/separation dates Cohabitation before marriage	•	Lifetime Fertility and (Wave 2) and Wave Birth dates, leaving of Adoption dates	8 catchup	Values and Opinions Aspirations for children Important Events Quality of life
	Lifetime Employment History (Wa Start and finish dates Labour force status	ve 3)	Lifetime Cohabitation and Wave 8 catchules Start and finish dates Number of partners	p	Wealth and Debt (Waves 5, 10 and 15) Investments and Savings Commitments
	Sector/nature of business duties Health and Caring Childrens health Other health scales: SF36 (Waves 9)	and 14)	Neighbourhood Cha (Waves 8, 13 and 18 Community and Neig Quality of local service	3) Jhbourhood	Crime (Waves 7, 12 and 17) Criminal activity in local area Perceptions of crime Ageing and Retirement (Waves 11 and 16)
	Computers and Computing (Waves 6, 7, 12 and 17) Ownership and usage	,	Employment (Wave National minimum wa Work strain (Waves 9	9) age	Retirement decisions Quality of life Family Networks
			Work orientation Lifetime Employme (Wave 2) Start and finish dates Employment status	-	Children and Parenting (Waves 12 and 17) School choice and educational aspirations Parenting styles

Table 1 (cont'd)					
COVER SHEET	SELF-COM	PLETION QUESTIONNAIRE	YOUNG PERSONS QUESTIONNAIRE (corresponding questions also asked of parents (Wave 4))		
Core Socio-demographic characteristics of individual household members Relationship between household members Marital Status Household Changes during past year Geographic Location Interview Outcomes	Core	Subjective Well-being Stress/Worry/Strain Capability/Strength/Confidence Happiness/Unhappiness	Use of Spare time TV watching Going Out Relationships with family and friends Attitudes to issues facing young people Smoking, Drugs and Alcohol, Crime Attitudes to Health and Family Life Diet Sport Subjective well-being Self Image Reading and Comprehension Pastimes Pocket money, earnings Social and Political Awareness Employment aspirations and life after school		
	Rotating Core	Attitudes To Family To Mens/Womens Roles Morality Religion Social Support Networks Life Satisfaction			

II.6. File linkages: matching, aggregating and distributing data

The BHPS is "complex" -- in the special sense that it consists of a number of different data structures or "files", with differing focuses (some referring to the particular households studied at particular waves, some referring to individuals, some referring to particular incidents or events that the surveyed individuals have experienced) and often repeated files, with the same structures but applying to different points in historical time (that is, files describing respondents' circumstances in successive years). This does not mean that the BHPS is particularly difficult to use; on the contrary, the same core of data management skills used in the analysis of simple "symmetrical" cross-sectional datasets is also used in panel analysis. It does, however, imply that analysts must apply some additional concepts to those involved in the analysis of more straightforward survey datasets.

The real value from this sort of dataset comes from the analyst's ability to link the various files together, so as to connect information in a number of straightforward ways; attaching household-level information to the individual respondents, for example, or connecting individual respondents' information over time. The crucial concept is that of a "key variable" which serves to identify particular records within files as belonging to particular households or individuals. It is these key variables that tell us which parts of which files can validly be joined together.

There are, in principle, just three different sorts of linking or joining operations that can be made between data files. Evidence organised at a particular level may be **matched** with other evidence organised at a similar level; for example information about someone in 1992 could be matched with information about the same person in 1993. Evidence organised at a particular level may be **aggregated** to a higher level of organisation; for example, a file organised to provide information about every separate employment spell experienced by each respondent during the last year, might be reorganised to provide information at the level of the respondent, perhaps about the number of changes of employment status during the year. And evidence from records organised at a higher level, may be **distributed** across records in files organised at a lower level -- as where household-level information (for example, concerning type of housing) is attached to all of the individual-level records of the members of each household. All the data operations necessary to draw the full scientific value from the BHPS can be defined in terms of these three operations.

There are many different sorts of computer software that will carry out these three sorts of linking (or "database") operations. In addition to special-purpose "database management software", this set of operations can also be carried out in some integrated statistical packages. **BHPS** data files are maintained both in one of the standard database structures (SIR), and as system files for a standard statistical package (SPSS), or as data sets in the statistical package SAS. *Appendix 1* includes examples of programs which carry out these sorts of operations for various purposes (both in SIR and in SPSS code).

The following chapters provide more detail on the use of these linkage techniques in the analysis of the **BHPS**, followed by basic information on the methodologies employed in the collection of the **BHPS** data, and the information essential for its analysis.

III. The BHPS Data

III.1. Using Complex Data

The **BHPS** is a household survey in which all adult members of each household are available to be interviewed. It is also a panel study, so data may be expected from each individual each year. It is also quite likely that individuals may move out of one household, and join with new people. Data are therefore collected at different levels (individual and household), and over time these levels will not fall into neat hierarchies. All these factors mean that the data from the **BHPS** will have a relatively complex structure.

Moreover, individual researchers may want to restructure the data into different types of unit of analysis. Even with one wave of data, it is possible to identify at least the following: households, enumerated household members, respondents, job spells, receipts from a particular income source, pairs of individuals linked by various relationships. With multiple waves of data, the possible range of units of analysis becomes very much wider, and the potential complexities of organising the data into these units becomes correspondingly greater. The data must be structured in a way which facilitates this variety of types of analysis, while recognizing that the same data may be used in different ways. For example, some users may want to use the data from the finance grids in order to identify the months in which a particular income source, e.g. unemployment benefit, was received, while others may be concerned with total income from all sources in a particular month or year.

A note on linking data files.

The Centre uses SIR in its extensive preparatory work on the survey materials prior to their release to users. The data is distributed (via the Data Archive) as a SIR database, or alternatively as a set of SPSS system files or a set of SAS datasets or a set of STATA data files with a one-to-one correspondence of SIR Record Types to SPSS, SAS or STATA files. In the rest of the documentation therefore, "Record Type" and "File" will be used interchangeably. (As *Appendix 1* discusses, the SIR database has a `caseless' structure. Enquiries about the **BHPS** itself, and about the availability of other formats for release of BHPS data, should be addressed to the Data Archive)

Irrespective of the particular software used for data storage and management, however, the principles of the three basic database operations are perfectly straightforward. *Figure 2* illustrates the first and simplest of these procedures: "matching" parallel files. Suppose that we have different pieces of information on the same group of individuals, contained in two different data files, variables "VAR1" and "VAR2" on one file, "VAR3" and "VAR4" on another. We wish to carry out some analysis that explores the relationship between VAR1 and VAR2 on one hand, and VAR3 and VAR4 on the other (it might be the case that the two files relate to similar questions in two successive waves of the panel, and we wish to estimate the change over the period.) The individuals are identified by the variable "KEYVAR". In *Figure 2*, the boxes represent data files, and each line within the boxes represent a particular record, each of which refers to a single individual. We simply give an instruction (in the case of SPSS, a single line of code) that says "match the records of the first file to the records of the second using keyvar as the matching variable". The result is a file in which individuals maintain their identification variables, and the content of the original input files are merged.

There can be more than one key variable used in the matching procedure. Often (to choose the most frequently occurring case of multiple keys in the **BHPS**) the records are uniquely identified by a

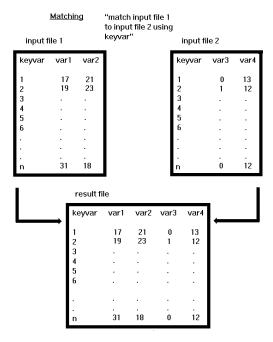


Figure 2 Matching Data Files

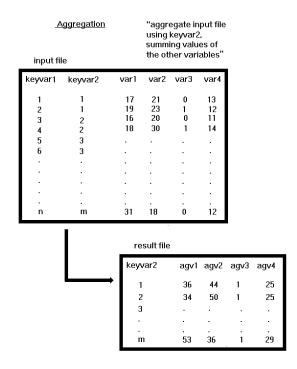


Figure 3 Aggregating Data Files

combination of a household number with a within-household person-number. The matching principle still holds: we simply specify a hierarchical match, first by the household, then by the person identifier.

Figure 3 illustrates the second class of operation: "aggregating" information from one level to a higher or more inclusive level. For example some characteristics of a household can only be calculated from the characteristics of some or all of its current members (e.g. its size, its total income or its age range). The essence of aggregation is computing a set of new records or cases at the "higher" level with unique key variables replacing the multiple repeated keys which indicate the "lower" level groups which are to

be aggregated, and with higher level derived variables which are functionally derived from other variables in the lower level records. In the *Figure 3* example, the lower-level input file is aggregated by values of KEYVAR2; AGV1 is simply the sum of all the values of VAR1 across each group which shares a particular value of KEYVAR2. Alternative sorts of aggregate variables include maxima and minima (e.g. oldest and youngest members of households) and counts of cases, or of cases with particular characteristics, within groups (e.g. numbers of persons, or of adults, within households). KEYVAR1, which served to identify the lower-level cases (e.g. individual household members) is of course inappropriate in the new higher-level aggregated result file.

The third general class of database operation is of "distributing" information from a higher to a lower or less-inclusive level. In the example illustrated in *Figure 4*, the household-level information derived in *Figure 3* is simply redistributed to the respective household members. The household information is now repeated for each household member; this allows the analyst to relate the individual's characteristics to her/his own household characteristics (e.g. "respondent's proportional contribution to total household income"); it also facilitates individual-level tabulations of household characteristics (e.g. "proportions of young people living in households of particular sizes").

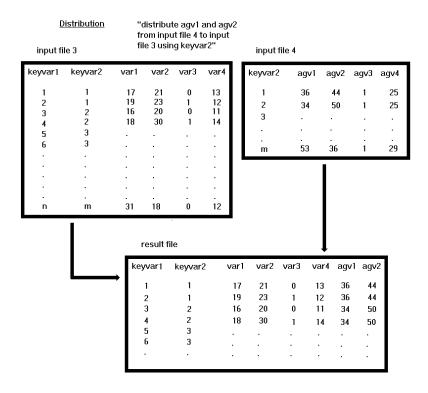


Figure 4 Distribution of Data

III.2. Record Types or Files

The User Database consists of two types of record or files: the majority, which contain the data collected at each wave for different subsets of questions and respondents (e.g. AINDRESP, BHHRESP) and a small number which contain no substantive data, but whose purpose is to facilitate linkage of data relating to the same individual at separate waves.

Record Types (we use this term from here onwards, but remind users that it should be treated as equivalent to data files etc in other statistical software) are normally defined to separate different levels of unit of analysis (e.g. individuals and households) or major subsets at a single level (e.g. respondents and non-respondents to the questionnaire instruments). Thus, Record Types generally correspond to the different questionnaire instruments, or to major distinguishable elements within those instruments.

There is, therefore, one Record (wHHSAMP¹) which corresponds to the household level cover sheet for all issued households. Another, (wINDSAMP) corresponds to the individual level information on the cover sheet. For responding households, there will be a household level Record corresponding to the household questionnaire (wHHRESP), and an individual level Record for all members of the household, corresponding to the household grid (wINDALL). Responding individuals (whether to the full interview, by proxy, or from Wave Three onwards by telephone) will have a Record containing the most of the data collected in that interview (wINDRESP). Two distinct sets of information from the full individual questionnaire, which are structured as sets of information repeated an indefinite number of times, are included as separate Record Types: employment status spells over the previous year (wJOBHIST), and income receipt Records (wINCOME). Generally, data from wave-specific questions (the variable component) will be carried on the main Records as described above, but where, as in Wave Two and Wave Three, these data have a natural repeating Record structure, it is carried on separate Record Types - these are described in *Sections III.10, III.11 and III.12* below. In addition to the above, there is one derived Record (wEGOALT) containing cells from a household relationship matrix.

Table 2 outlines the longitudinal Record structure as described above. In principle, the same eight cross-sectional Records available at Wave Two (i.e. excluding Records which relate to the Wave Two variable component) are replicated for each future wave. More detail, including the units of analysis and content is given in *Table 3* for this standard set of single wave Record Types and in *Table 8* for wave-specific Record Types introduced in Wave Two and after. The relationship among the basic Record Types is illustrated in *Figure 5*. The content of these records is discussed in more detail in the sections at the end of this chapter containing wave-specific information. *Table 9*, later in this chapter, shows the number of Records of each type at each wave. The cross-wave Record Types, XWAVEID and XWLSTEN, are discussed in more detail in *Section III.3 - Matching Individuals Across Waves*.

There are four types of variable on each Record (or its equivalent SPSS file):

• Key variables variables which uniquely identify each Record, and can be used for matching

and linking purposes.2

• Base variables variables which relate directly back to some question in the BHPS

questionnaire.

• Copied variables variables originating on another Record, and copied to reduce the need for

linkage.

• Derived variables variables computed from base variables ³.

The different variable types are generally held in the order listed above on each Record.

A3-4

^{1.} Throughout this document, the lower case "w" corresponds to some wave specific single letter prefix, e.g. "A" for Wave 1.

^{2.} The primary key variable for all cross-sectional Record Types in the database will always be wHID ("Household database Identifier"), where w is some wave-specific prefix, "A", "B", "C", etc ... (see Section xx on Naming Conventions). wHID values are assigned after receipt of the questionnaires. AHID values in Wave One match one-to-one with the values of wFID ("Fieldwork household Identifier"), comprised in Wave One of the concatenation of the wave identifier ("1"), the area code (PSU identifier), the address number, the household number, and a modula 11-based checksum calculated over these four components. The structure of the Fieldwork Identifier after Wave One consists of a wave identifier, the issued household number, a one-digit split-off household indicator and a checksum digit.

^{3.} SIR users may examine the set of procedures used to generate the derived variables contained in the Procedure Families M1DV, M2DV, MIDV and MXDV. There is, in general, one Procedure for each variable, named M1DV. varname (M2DV. varname, MXDV. varname, and so on, where varname is the name of the derived variable. A printout of the SIR code can be made available to users on request.

Table 2 BHPS User Database: Longitudinal Structure

Wave	Cross sectional records available each wave	Cross sectional records only at specific waves	Linkage and panel profile records: cross wave
1	AHHSAMP AHHRESP AINDALL AINDRESP AINCOME AJOBHIST AEGOALT	None in Wave One	
2	BHHSAMP BINDSAMP BHHRESP BINDALL BINDRESP BINCOME BJOBHIST BEGOALT	BMARRIAG BCOHABIT BCHILDAD BCHILDNT BLIFEMST	Two records: XWAVEID 1) Response status and identifiers for all known sample members at each wave XWLSTEN 2) Last known positive
3	CHHSAMP CINDSAMP CHHRESP CINDALL CINDRESP CINCOME CJOBHIST CEGOALT	CLIFEJOB	response status for all known sample members.

Table 3

	BHPS USER DATABASE	STRUCTURE: S	STANDARD SINGLE WAVE RECORDS
RECORD NAME	UNIT OF ANALYSIS	KEY VARIABLES	CONTENT
wHHSAMP	All sampled addresses	wHID	Sampling information, response status, non-respondent household characteristics
wINDSAMP	All potential sample members issued to field or enumerated	wHID wPNO	Response and sample status, information on movers into and out of households. (This record is not included at Wave One.)
wINDALL	All enumerated persons at respondent households	wHID wPNO	Demographic enumeration grid information.
wHHRESP	Respondent households	wHID	All information from the household questionnaire (mainly housing and consumption variables). Household level derived variables.
wINDRESP	All individual respondents to full or proxy interview.	sHID wPNO	All information from the individual questionnaires (including the self-completion), except that contained in AJOBHIST and AINCOME: Demographic, education, health, labour market, values and opinions, finance and internal household organisation information. Individual level derived variables, including those related to income and the employment history.
wJOBHIST	Employment history spells for individual respondents who started their current spell since 1 September of the previous year.	wHID wPNO wJSNOP	Spell employment status, dates of start and finish, and job characteristics if spell was a job.
wINCOME	Income receipt from a single payment type, for individual respondents who claimed receipt of that payment type.	wHID wPNO wFICODE wFISEQ	Details of amount of payment, and months in which received.
wEGOALT	Each pair of enumerated indiviudals within each household	wHID wPNO wOPNO	Kin and other relationships between pairs of individuals.

Figure 5 BHPS User Database Structure

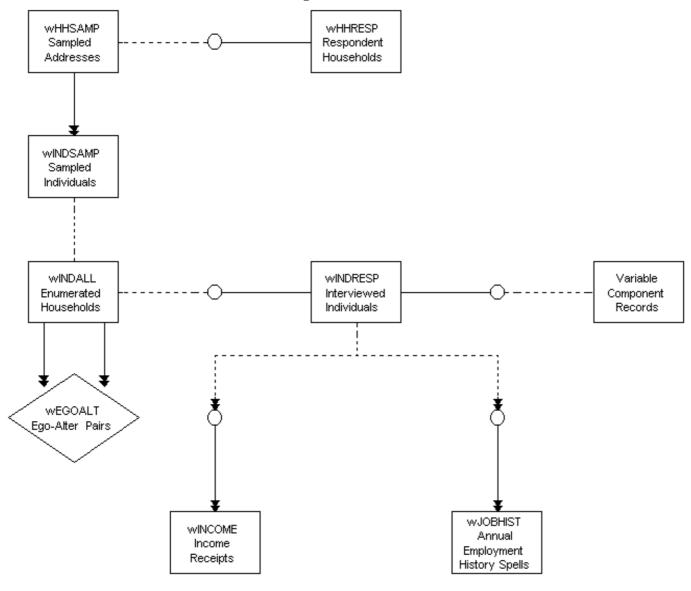


Table 4

	BHPS USER DATABASE STRUCTURE : CROSS-WAVE RECORD TYPES							
RECORD NAME	UNIT OF ANALYSIS	KEY VARIABLES	CONTENT					
XWAVEID	Each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household.	PID	Information for matching individuals between waves. The household identifier and person number within household and individual and household response status of each individual at each wave.					
XWLSTEN	Each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household.	PID	Latest known sample status of individuals and information to locate most recent contact with each sample member, and if applicable reasons why there has been no contact since that wave.					
XWAVEDAT	Each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household.	PID	Substantive data about individuals which is generally fixed and measured only once in the life of the panel, e.g. ethnicity, school leaving age.					

III.3. Matching Individuals Across Waves

A number of features facilitate the matching of data about individuals between the separate waves, but a number of factors also need to be borne in mind. Matching individuals is likely to make use of the two cross-wave records, XWAVEID and XWLSTEN, and they are described at the end of this section.

III.3.1. Identifiers: Key Variables in the BHPS

In the **BHPS**, there are two sorts of primary key variables: first, **wave specific** key variables which uniquely identify:

- the household which is surveyed at the particular wave; wHID (throughout the survey, we use the convention that the first letter in the variable name refers to the wave of data collection, while the subsequent letters of each variable name remain unchanged in so far as they describe the same item of information through successive waves). So AHID, BHID and CHID are respectively the household identity key variables for the 1991, 1992/3 and 1993/4 waves.
- 2) the individual's number within the household at a given wave, wPNO; so APNO, BPNO and CPNO are the individual within-household numbers for successive waves. The "reference person" in the household, usually the oldest person within it, normally has wPNO =1, and her/his spouse often has wPNO=2. Information about relationships between people within households (e.g. parental, filial, spousal) is given in terms of these wPNO variables.

These wave-specific identifiers are used to link together information from different levels within one wave. They cannot be used to connect information across waves. The reason for this is quite simple as goes to the heart of the BHPS methodology. A household consists of a group of people living together within one postal address; this group either may or may not persist over time. About one in six British households change their composition each year. So each year we issue a new number for each household which has no connection with the previous year's household number. Furthermore, since people may enter or leave the household during the course of the year between successive interviews, we also issue new within-household person numbers each year.

To make the connection between information for the same person in successive waves, we use:

3) the cross-wave personal identity number PID.

These wHID, wPNO and PID variables are included in most of the files that could have valid "primary" matches (that is, matches of a record of an individual to his/her own household within a wave, or to records of events that are associated with that respondent, or records for the same individual in successive waves). In other cases it is necessary to match wHID and wPNO to those in a special cross-wave identity file (XWAVEID, which contains a PID for each individual present in any household containing a BHPS member at any wave, together with that individual's wHID and wPNO for each year that these are available). However, in addition to these primary matches, there are sometimes cases in which it is necessary to make matches using other variables as "secondary" keys. For example: to check that an individual is still married to the *same* spouse in successive years, it is necessary to use the spouse's PID keys for each year. But the spouse's identity for each year is stored as a person number within the household. To solve this problem, we must again use the XWAVEID file as a source for a "secondary" match (using the respondent's spouse's identity variable wHGSPN as a key to match with the relevant wPNO in the XWAVEID file, from which the spouse's PID could be identified from successive years).

III.3.2. Sample Membership Status

Because the BHPS is a household panel study which tracks household formation and dissolution, individuals may join and leave the sample. The **BHPS** has a number of following rules determining who is eligible to be interviewed at each wave. There are three categories:

Original Sample Members

These consist of members of Wave One households, and their natural children born after the start of the study. This group is always eligible to be interviewed.

Temporary Sample Members

These consist of individuals who form households with OSMs after the start of the study. TSMs are eligible to be interviewed for as long as they are resident with an OSM, but cease to be eligible if they leave.

Permanent Sample Members

TSMs may become Permanent Sample Members if they are deemed to have a sufficiently strong continuing bond to an OSM to justify following them even if they cease to live with that person. At present, the Centre defines this criteria as being that the TSM is the natural parent of an OSM child born since the start of the study.

Thus, from Wave Three onwards, some individuals in the issued sample will not be eligible for interview because the are no longer living with an OSM. In addition a number of OSMs have died. These cases may be identified from the individual level response status. All new entrants at Wave Two will have a PID greater than 20000000; correspondingly, new entrants at Wave Three have a PID greater than 30000000, and so on. However, the different sample statuses of these new entrants may be identified from the variables MSTAT, YOSM and YPSM on Record XWLSTEN, as well as wSAMPST on Records wINDSAMP and wINDALL.

Original sample members are issued for re-interview at each wave, regardless of their previous wave response status, unless the household in which they are expected to be found is deemed to have refused beyond possibility of subsequent reconversion. In practice, this judgement is based on both the number of refusals and the form of the refusal. The reissue of all but the most adamant refusals means that some individuals will have an intermittent pattern of response. These patterns can be identified from the Record XWAVEID.

There are five special cases which may cause difficulties:

- a) there were a small number of households at Wave One where interviews were carried out, but no usable data reached the Centre. Members of these households have Wave One PIDs, but there will be no Wave One individual level data. These cases may be identified from their household interview outcome of 19 at Wave One (AIVFHO), on Record XWAVEID. Their individual interview outcome (AIVFIO) is set to 8.
- b) At Wave Two, households which were not contacted at Wave One were reissued. Those where interviews were achieved are included in the database. Members are classified as OSMs, but have Wave Two PIDs. They may be identified from the variable YOSM on XWLSTEN, and from the household interview outcome at Wave One on XWAVEID. In addition, these households have a value of -3 in the variable BHHMOVE on BHHSAMP.
- c) A small number of individuals were enumerated at Wave Two, and reported as having been present at the time of the Wave One enumeration, but were not recorded there. These are classified as OSMs, have a Wave Two PID, and may be identified from the variable YOSM.
- d) There are a small number of individuals at each wave who had left a previous wave household, mostly to educational institutions, who were proxied at the previous wave households. These are treated as separate households with a household interview outcome of 15.
- e) From Wave Three onwards, a small number of individuals who were out of scope or ineligible or not issued because of adamant refusal at a previous wave return to an in-scope household.

From Wave Seven the BHPS began providing data for the United Kingdom European Community Household Panel (ECHP). As part of this, it incorporated a sub-sample of the original UKECHP, including all households still responding in Northern Ireland, and a low-income sample of the Great Britain panel. For the purposes of BHPS data and following rules, UKECHP original sample members are treated as BHPS OSMs, while UKECHP new entrants are treated as BHPS TSMs.

From Wave Nine the BHPS includes substantial new samples in Scotland and Wales. For the purposes of BHPS data and following rules, members of respondents households in these new samples are treated as BHPS OSMs.

Members of these various new sub-samples can be identified from the variable MEMORIG on XWAVEID, and wMEMORIG on wINDSAMP, wINDALL, and wINDRESP. Their status is also defined by the variables, MSTAT, YOSM and YPSM on XWLSTEN, and by wSAMPST on wINDSAMP,

wINDALL, and wINDRESP. A number of previous members of the selected ECHP households rejoin after Wave Seven. These are also defined as OSMs. Members of the new sub-samples clearly have no BHPS root wave one household.

III.3.3. Cross-Wave Records

The latest version of these cross-wave records should always be used in analysis.

Record Type XWAVEID

Record Type XWAVEID contains information for matching individuals between waves. It contains one record for each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household. It is keyed on PID, the Cross-wave person identifier, and contains the household identifier and person number within household, as well as the response status, for that individual at each wave. Members of the ECHP sample can be identified from the variable MEMORIG. See *Table 4*.

For each wave, the indexed household reference is to the last (expected) household of enumeration at last wave. See the document relating to BINDSAMP below for a discussion of multiple enumerations. This Record Type provides the simplest method of matching data pertaining to an individual at more than one wave.

If the individual had not entered the sample by the time of a particular wave, they will have "not applicable" (-8) values for the wave-specific information; the same is the case if they had finally left the sample, e.g. through death or as an ineligible TSM, by the time of a wave.

Record Type XWLSTEN

XWLSTEN contains information on the latest known sample status of individuals. It contains one record for each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household. It is keyed on the cross-wave person identifier, PID, and contains information on the most recent contact with each member of the sample, and, if applicable, reasons why there has been no contact since that wave. See *Table 4*.

It also indicates the wave of entry to the sample, the reasons why sample membership may have changed, and whether the sample member has ever been interviewed. Members of the ECHP sample can be identified from the variable MEMORIG.

Record Type XWAVEDAT

Record Type XWAVEDAT contains substantive data about individuals which is fixed and only measured once in the panel. This includes information asked at the initial wave of entry and information collected later for new entrants. These data tend to be located in different files depending on the individual wave of entry. The aim of this record type is to provide users with a single place to find such information.

The record type contains infomation on the following main topics: race, place of birth, school leaving age, type of school attended, father's and mother's job characteristics when aged 14, year of first marriage and first cohabitation, year in which first child born, first job characteristics, birth weight for children in the panel.

There is one record for each individual who has ever been a member of a respondent household. It is keyed on PID, the Cross-wave person identifier.

Variables relating to questions never asked of a respondent are coded (-8). If they were missing when asked, they are coded (-9).

Record Type XIVDATA

Record Type XIVDATA contains basic information about interviewers who have worked on the BHPS over the 18 waves of the survey. These data are intended to contribute to research on interviewer effects, The data are somewhat limited in scope and there and there is missing data. The variables included are:

IVSEX Interviewer sex
IVYEND Year finished with NOP
IVNO Interviewer number
IVYSTRT Year started with NOP
IVID Interviewer id
IVYOB Interviewer year of birth

Most of these are self evident but two important ones are IVID and IVNO. IVNO is IVID with the first two characters removed and then converted to a number, this is the real interview number. IVID is the variable needed to enable merging.

The file is a cross-wave file and can be merged with any wave. To use it the data must first be matched/merged with a wHHSAMP file which are the only files to contain wIVID 'Interviewer ID number' which now becomes a Key Linking Variable. IVID and wIVID are alphanumeric variables, but both SPSS and Stata allow one to merge data using an alphanumeric key variable, if the files are correctly sorted.

Once this step has been achieved the resultant file can be merged with any other file. The merged file can be sorted by Interviewer Number to see all the interviews done by each particular interviewer.

There are certain values of wIVID in the main dataset that are not matced in XIVDATA These values include PHONEI, PHONE0, PHOENI, PHONE1 etc., these are phone interviews and there is no interviewer data available. Another frequently found code is 000000, which signifies no interview took place.

A certain amount of cleaning of the data in wIVID has taken place to enable these merges but we have not attempted to impute missing interviewer numbers, as might for example be done on the basis that most instances a single interview worked in each interviewer area, identified by wIVIA.

III.4. Naming Conventions

Record Types/Files

All Record Type names begin with a single character wave identifier; A = Wave 1, B = Wave 2, and so on. (Throughout this Manual, this wave-specific character has been replaced by a generic "w".) The rest of the name attempts to provide a meaningful mnemonic given the data content (e.g. HH = household, IND = individual, RESP = respondent). Two records (XWAVEID and XWLSTEN) contain cross-wave matching information.

Variables

All variable names begin with a single character wave identifier, replaced by a generic "w". The rest of the name is mnemonic which attempts to give some information as to the content of the variable. In general, the second and third characters give some indication of the general subject area of the variable. The conventions used are described in *Table 5*.

Table 5 Some Variable Naming Conventions

ADLT BU CD CH CK COH CSSM CSSF DC DOI DOB ED FAM FED FI FID FIO FR FT GHQ GOLD HG	Adults Benefit Unit Consumer Durables Child/ren Check-ups Cohabitation Cambridge Scale Classification (Male) Cambridge Scale Classification (Female) Document Check Day of interview Date of Birth Education Family Further Education Financial Fieldwork Identifier Final Interview Outcome Final Receipts Financial Transfers General Health Questionnaire Goldthorpe Social Scale Household Enumeration Grid	JU LOC MG MOI MN ML MOV/E NC NEW NO/N OP ORG OSM OWN PAY/PY PEN PID PL PNO PSM QF R/RSP RENT	Unemployed Location Mortgage Month of interview Month Marital/Marriage Moves/Moving Number of Calls (by Interviewer) Bought in Last Year Number Values and Opinions Organisations Original Sample Member Owned by Respondent Wages, salaries Parental Pension/s Person Identification Number Place Person number Permanent Sample Member Qualifications Respondent(s) Rent
HGS HH	Hope-Goldthorpe Scale Household	RGSC	Registrar General's Social Classification
HID HL	Household Identification Number Health	SEG SIC	Socio-Economic Group Standard Industrial Classification
HOH	Conventional Head of Household	SOC	Standard Occupational
HS	Housing		Classification
HU	Who	SP	Spouse/Partner
IMPS IPS	Imputation Variable Inter-penetrating Sample	STAT TSM	Status Temporary Sample Member
ISCO	Inter-perietrating Sample International Standard	USE	Has the use of named item in
1000	Classification of Occupations	OOL	household
IV	Interview/interviewer	WGHT	Weight
IVA	Interviewer Area	XP	Expenditure
JB	Job	XW	Cross-Wave
JH	Job History	YP	Young Person
JL	Last Job	YR	Year
JS	Self-employed		

III.5. Missing Value Conventions

As far as possible, identical conventions have been used to represent the variety of situations where respondents did not provide data in response to questions, or where a variable could not be computed.

- or represents `Not Mentioned' or `None' (unless it has some other meaning in the coding frame). Thus, where respondents are asked which of a list of items apply to them (for example, educational qualifications), those not selected will be coded 0.
- -1 represents a respondent response of `Don't Know'. In the questionnaire, these are defined as `8', `98', `998' etc. (questions without such codes may have this response as a result of interviewer write-in)
- -2 represents a respondent refusal. In the questionnaire, these are defined as `9', `99', `999' etc. (questions without such codes may have this response as a result of interviewer write-in)
- -3/ -4 are reserved for situations arising for particular questions where invalid data are given for other reasons, or data that do not fit into the frame of the main variable (e.g. selfemployed person made a loss, last payment was a refund). The Value Label will indicate the particular situation.
- -7 is used on individual respondent records AINDRESP, BINDRESP etc; it indicates that the respondent was interviewed by proxy (or from Wave Three, by telephone) and therefore the relevant question was not asked, or the derived variable could not be computed. From Wave Three this code is also used on the wHHRESP record to indicate that the only household contact was a telephone interview, so that the household schedule was not completed.
- -8 represents data missing because not applicable to that respondent, or because of routing from some previous question.
- -9 represents data missing in error, with no other explanation, or derived variables which could not be computed.

None of these 'missing values' are pre-defined as such in the SIR database, or in derived SPSS files (i.e. by assigning MISSING VALUES to the variables). There are no valid non-missing negative values within the dataset. (Note, however, that "-3" and "-4" codes may under some circumstances be treatable as non-missing.) The complete set of numerical variables may, therefore, have missing value codes set by a single "missing value" statement in SPSS. (Note, however, that string variables' missing values are coded as "-9", "-8" and so on.)

III.6. Other Variable Transformations

The following general procedures were adopted in creating the User Database, which will affect the apparent relationship between individual questions and variables:

- a) As noted above, `Don't Know' and `Refuse' values were re-coded to a consistent basis, with -1 representing `Don't Know' and -2 representing `Refused'
- b) Separate `Don't Know' and `Refuse' variables associated with amount variables were combined with this variable.
- c) Separate pre-coded and office-coded variables for period of receipt or payment of amounts were combined into a single variable, measuring weeks of receipt. By convention, a month was treated as containing 4.33 weeks.
- d) Where identical information was collected for different subsets of respondents at different points in the questionnaire, this is merged into a single variable. Particular attention is drawn to the treatment of proxy data in this respect. This is described below in the discussion of Record

wINDRESP.

- e) Record Type wINDRESP combines both full respondent and proxy data. The code -7 is used to indicate a value missing because the response was by proxy and the question was therefore not asked.
- f) Multiple response and equivalent lists of questions are generally re-coded so that a positive response is coded 1 and a 'Not mentioned' or an equivalent negative response is coded to 0.
- g) In a number of instances, minor questionnaire modifications led to inconsistencies in response categories between waves. Rather than leaving these, the Wave One data have been re-coded so that the categories are consistent with the Wave Two questionnaire and data, rather than the Wave One questionnaire. The following variables are affected: AMASTAT, AQFEDA -AQFEDJ, and ANQFEDA ANQFEDJ, ACJSBLY, AF131 and AF133, AJBED1 AJBED5, AEDNEW1 AEDNEW4. Other such re-coding exercises in subsequent waves will be described in up-date sheets provided with later releases.
- h) From Wave Two onwards, an open ended question was placed as the final question on the individual questionnaire asking people to state in their own words what "has happened to you (or your family) which has stood out as important". Answers were recorded verbatim. Verbatim responses can not be made available for public release, because of confidentiality concerns. However, a numeric code was developed to capture the full range of events mentioned. Up to four events are coded for each response. For this question, coding was done at the Essex Centre, using specially trained coders.

III.7. Missing and Potentially Erroneous Data

Survey processes generate errors. These can emerge at many stages and for many reasons: the respondents' understanding of the original question, whether they in fact know the answer, their preparedness to answer, the interviewer's understanding of the response, her/his accuracy in transcribing the response, the accuracy of any processing by editors and coders, and of data entry operations, and then the soundness of any subsequent checking and editing processes. We have sought to minimise all these sources of error through efforts in questionnaire design, in interviewer training and monitoring, in motivation of respondents, in the monitoring of initial stages of data processing, and in our own data processing procedures, as explained elsewhere in this documentation. However, there are certainly missing data, and no data set is error free.

Our approach to potentially erroneous data has been, on the one hand, to ensure that data processing stages are as foolproof as possible, but, on the other hand, to respect the responses given in the field, unless there was a very clear basis for making any change. The rationale employed was that the final researcher should be able to make the judgement of how to deal with cases at the margins of plausibility. Because different researchers may want to take different approaches to these situations, we have sought to retain on the data set as much information from the interview as possible. As an example, a number of respondents reporting category `e' at question D20 ("O" levels obtained before 1975) were not themselves born, or were implausibly young in 1975. Some researchers may be content to re-code these cases to category f, while others may regard this information as so suspect that they would prefer to exclude it. Interviewer checks, on the other hand, are enforced so as to be consistent with other data. We have also checked extreme values on continuous variables (e.g. money amounts), and amended these when there is some clear evidence of error.

On the other hand, in situations in which we believe that some error may have arisen in a more systematic fashion as a result of respondent misunderstanding of questions, we have not sought to change the data. For example, E15b (AJBRISE) appears to have been understood by some respondents to be including (rather than excluding) annual pay rises taking account of inflation.

We have not sought to reconcile potentially conflicting data collected at the separate waves. As noted below, in a number of specific cases, apparent inconsistencies exist, (for example, in current job status as reported in Wave One and retrospective reports of job status in the Autumn of 1991, as collected at Wave Two, or other subsequent pairs of waves). Neither have we sought to reconcile information collected in the various life history components in Waves Two and Three with data collected in the main panel or with each other. It is for the individual researcher to determine how to resolve such inconsistencies as they may affect their own work. We have, however, sought to ensure that sex is

consistently reported, and major inconsistencies in age and date of birth are resolved.

III.8. Mobility and Implications of the Fieldwork Process for Data Organisation

As described elsewhere, some movement, either of individuals or of whole households is identified before the fieldwork process. Coversheets for individuals are issued at the beginning of fieldwork to households where they are expected to be found. These expected households are assigned to the same interviewer area as at Wave One, except where a move is anticipated; in which case they are assigned to area '0'. At Wave Two, this assignment is contained in the variable BIVIA. In later waves, the area '0' issues were reallocated before fieldwork, and CIVIA and so on contain the anticipated fieldwork area. Further moves are uncovered in the course of fieldwork. Where these are non-local moves - i.e. beyond the range of the current interviewer - they are reassigned, and have a code 0 in the variable wIVIAM (but see the discussion of the interpenetrating sample Section IV, for other uses of this variable).

However, for most analytical purposes, the derived variables wHHMOVE on wHHSAMP and wHHRESP, and wMOVEST on the individual level Records are to be preferred, since these indicate whether the household or individual has moved in comparison with their location at the last wave, which the fieldwork-based variables may not. Given that sample members may return to previous addresses and rejoin other sample members, it does not follow that all members of a non-mover household (wHHMOVE=1) are themselves non-movers. The household status is defined in terms of the household reference person where this is a PSM, and the oldest PSM where the HRP is not a permanent sample member. Where there is sufficient information, new addresses are coded to the Region and Local Authority coding frames used at Wave One.

One further implication of the tracking of movers is that individuals may be expected to be found in more than one household. Thus, on the Record wINDSAMP, there will be one record for each expected occurrence of an individual, and, for example, one record may contain information about departure date and reasons for leaving one household, and another record may contain information about arrival in the new household. The variable wFINLOC identifies the final location of each sample member (although, in some cases, the final individual outcome may be `Mover', where no further information about the destination was available). Caution should be exercised in using matching procedures with data from this Record, for example by selecting cases where wFINLOC equals 1, to avoid spurious duplicate matches.

III.9. Usage Notes

There are three types of usage notes. This section contains, first, information that is general to all waves, and secondly, information which is general to all waves after the first, since substantial modifications were made to the questionnaire at Wave Two; some basic information did not need to be collected afresh from all respondents, but did have to be collected from new entrants. Notes which are entirely wave-specific are contained in *Sections III.11, III.12, III.13* on the individual waves.

III.9.1. For All Waves

Employment Status

There are three measures of current employment status: that on the Household Composition Form; that arising from the direct status question J2 (wJBSTAT); and that arising from the sequence of questions about whether the respondent did any paid work in the last week, whether away from a job and whether seeking work. The first of these is likely to be reported by someone else, and therefore one of the others is to be preferred if available. In a minority of cases, there may be inconsistencies (e.g. where full-time students have a part-time job, but define themselves as students). Where the interest is in self-defined status, wJBSTAT should be used, but the routing of the questionnaire, and hence the availability of data at various points, depends on the paid work questions. Thus, in order to select out all those in employment, the combination of wJBHAS and wJBOFF should be used.

The Employment History: Record Types wJOBHIST and variables wCJSBLY, wNJBS

Related to the previous point, the employment history is routed in terms of current status as defined by the job-holding questions. In a limited number of cases, respondent or interviewer confusion led to erroneous ordering or overlapping periods. The majority of these have been cleaned, but a few unresolvable inconsistencies remain. Where the last employment spell given started after 1st September 199LY, or the current spell started after this date, and no information about previous spells was given, a single wJOBHIST record with missing data was created.

Occupational Coding

Occupational coding was carried out using the Computer Assisted Standard Occupational Classification (CASOC) system developed by Peter Elias. As a result of the six-figure codes attached via CASOC, matching of the 1990 SOC coding with previous occupational classifications is now possible; in addition, special algorithms within CASOC allow the re-coding of SOC codes into SEG, RGSC, Goldthorpe, Hope-Goldthorpe, Cambridge Scale and ILO-ISCO 88.

Attention should be paid to the fact that there is a degree of change found in the coding of occupations and industry between waves for respondents who have not apparently changed jobs. These cases could be the result of respondent recall error or misunderstanding, or of coding or keying errors. A blind re-coding exercise indicated a low level of absolute error, however, and if this is randomly distributed throughout the sample, this should not be problematic for analysis. Researchers will have to make their own decisions in these cases, as to whether they consider a job has changed, perhaps by looking at changes in other variables such as pay and hours.

In relation to industry coding, users should note that the information available for coding industries at Wave Two and Three was reduced if the respondent had not changed their job in the past year. The type of organisation (for example, private firm/local government and so on) was not asked in these cases. In addition, names of employers were not obtained at Waves Two and Three, as they were at Wave One.

Money receipts and payments

The base variables associated with these payments or receipts include two for each, the amount of the receipt or payment, and the period in weeks which it covered. These variables should not be used without first converting to a common time metric - e.g. dividing by the number of weeks. However, users should be aware that, for a small number of cases, the period of receipt is less than one week. They may wish to take special action in these cases.

Income payments: wINCOME Record Types and variables wF101-wF159, wNF1

As explained above, these records contain detailed information about each payment received. It is possible that more than one payment stream may be received from a single type, identified in variables wF101-wF159 (for example a pension may be received from more than one previous employer). Hence more than one wINCOME record may exist for each payment type. The variable wNF1 (on wINDRESP) is the count of the number of payment types, and not of the number of payment receipts.

Where a payment type is identified, but with no further details, then a wINCOME record is generated with missing data.

In the treatment of reported joint receipt, the Wave One practice is different to that of the subsequent waves. Question F3f (whether payment was received jointly) has been heavily edited, and also, we believe, has been treated rather inconsistently by interviewers. At Wave One, we have endeavoured to ensure that reports of joint receipt are consistent by payment type, though not necessarily by amount. The variable AFRJT is to be used to ensure that total household income is correctly calculated, and should not be regarded as an analysis variable for investigating the incidence of joint receipt. At Wave Two and subsequently, we have left the data as collected, but computed a new variable, wFRJTVF, an edited version of wFRJT,

depending on whether matching records exist, and this is used in the computation of derived variables.

Over the course of the panel, the range of payment types has changed, particularly with the introduction of new state welfare benefits. For example Job seekers allowance replaced unemployment benefit. In this case a new variable (wF142) on wINDRESP was introduced, and the variable wF130 was removed. Correspondingly a new code value of 42 on wFICODE on wINCOME was introduced. For health and disability related benefits rather more substantial changes have been made to the system. However, the same benefit will retain the same variable name and coded value across time, and where a benefit is clearly a descendant of an earlier benefit phased out, it will retain the same name. This will mean that code values in the data set may not correspond to those shown on the questionnaire documents.

Income and Imputation

It should be noted that income information for all waves includes imputed data. Imputation methods and the system of imputation flags are discussed in *Section V* below. It is important to note that imputation flags do not distinguish at the individual level how substantial the imputation was, and variables which are computed from other variables with imputations may contain widely varying proportions imputed. For example, for some individuals the only imputation may relate to a small amount of Community Charge Benefit, while for another the whole of current pay may be imputed.

In general, annual and latest-month income derived variables are computed in the same way, though it should be noted that they have a non-overlapping reference period, so that it is theoretically possible for monthly income to be greater than annual income. The only difference in computation methods is that, while monthly income includes pay from any second or occasional job held by the respondent, this is not included in annual income since we have no information on the period for which the job has been held.

At each wave after Wave One, the calculation of the variables for pay at September of the previous year, and hence all annual labour income measures, makes use of the pay variables from the previous wave where the respondent claims still to be in the same job. This means that some elements of these data may contain imputations, though this is not separately flagged. The variables will be independently imputed where the report of employment status given at the previous wave is inconsistent. Non-labour income variables rely solely on data collected at the current wave.

III.9.2. For Wave Two and Beyond

The notes below relate to questionnaire modifications introduced at Wave Two.

III.9.2.1. Housing Data

There are substantial changes in the design of the section of the household questionnaire dealing with owner-occupation from Wave Two onwards, as compared with Wave One; the aim was to deal with large number of possible changes in ownership conditions, and to avoid unnecessary repetition of questions where conditions had not changed since the previous wave. The structure has been somewhat simplified in the database, but the main effect is that certain apparently comparable questions are only asked of very small subsets of respondents. For example, the respondent's assessment of the current selling price of the house (wHSVAL) which was asked of all owner-occupiers at Wave One, is only asked of outright owners at a new address at Wave Two - although, from Wave Three, it is again asked of all owners. The questions on additional mortgages now apply only to the period since September 1st of the previous year, except where the interview took place at a new address, where the reference period is the period since the respondent first started paying a mortgage on the property, identified by wMGYR0. This value, and the value of wHSYR0 may be below 91 where the house-owner is a new entrant.

By contrast the renter section is unmodified, except that those on 100% rent rebate/housing benefit are now routed through the housing payment difficulties questions, and routed out if they were on 100% rent rebate throughout the previous year.

III.9.2.2. The Employment Section

Users should be particularly aware of the structure of the employment section, and note that the routing on the questionnaire from Wave Two onwards means that respondents interviewed at the previous wave do not answer all questions; whether they do depends on whether they have changed their job since September 1 of the previous year. Differences in questions asked of respondents interviewed in earlier waves and those asked of new entrants should be particularly noted; although the variable names are the same as at Wave One, the population totals may differ.

This applies particularly to the following variables:

wJBSECT	wJBTIME	wJBONUS	wJRISE	wTUJBPL	wTUIN1
wTUIN2	wJBOPPS	wJBPEN	wJBPENM	wPAYLY	wPAYLYG
wPAYI Y	wPAYI YW				

As questions on union membership are not asked of employees in the same job as at Wave One, for example, users will need to carry over the Wave One value for employees at later waves who have not changed their job in the previous year, in order to use the variable on union membership for all respondents.

As currently structured, the employment section uses the date the respondent started their current job/position (either with the same or a different employer) to route respondents in the same job past several questions regarding the type of workplace, union membership and employer's pensions. (The key variables on Start Date of Current job are wJBBGD, wJBBGM and wJBBGY.) This date is, additionally, the critical arbiter of whether people are in the same job as last year or not. This applies to both the employment section and to the annual job history, as this date is transferred forward to the Job History for routing at the beginning of the section. There is some indication that some respondents may not be interpreting this question correctly and are failing to give the date they were promoted or changed their job within employer. It is also possible that they are assuming that the date needed is the date the respondent started working for their current employer. Where respondents have given a different job title and description allied with a change in managerial status and a change in hours or earnings, it is possible they are, in fact, describing a different job.

III.9.2.3. Educational Qualifications

All waves produce all qualifications obtained and, in addition, numbers of school qualifications. The relevant variables here are:

wQFHAS	wQFA-N	wQFED	wQFEDA-S	wNQFEDA-S
wQFEDHI	wQFX	wQFEDX	wQFXA-N	wQFEDXA-K
wNQFEXA-K				

Wave One respondents in Wave Two were only asked for qualifications obtained since Wave One, taken to be since 1.9.91. The routing variables BQFX and BQFEDX should be used to elicit these additional qualifications. However, as some people would have obtained qualifications reported in Wave One after 1.9.91, there could be some double-counting in Wave Two. This may be accentuated through a tendency to report qualifications more than once. It is quite possible to obtain the same level of qualifications two years running, and therefore no attempt has been made to eliminate this. However, care should be taken when combining qualifications from both waves.

If only highest qualification is required, then the derived variable wQFEDHI has been calculated to update the Wave One variable with newly received higher qualifications. wQFVOC and wQFACHI have been treated in the same way.

The variables for all new respondents, which contain all qualifications obtained and are therefore the same as the Wave One variables, are respectively wQFA-N, wQFEDA-S, and wNQFEDA-S. There may not always be a match between reported qualifications and reported numbers (for example, where a respondent failed to provide a number).

III.9.2.4. Interview outcome codes

At Wave Two and beyond, the distinction between whole household non-response, and non-response within an enumerated household becomes more important. A new computed individual interview outcome variable (wIVFIO) contains additional codes for individuals in non-response households giving further information on their status. These have a standard set of values for all waves after Wave One, and thus do not directly reflect the values contained on each cover sheet. It should be noted that, in some cases, household enumeration was completed for households which otherwise refused. Individuals in these households have outcome codes in the range 30 to 40. It should also be noted that, in a small number of cases at Wave Two only, individuals in respondent households have a final individual outcome code of 12 (moved). These were cases where there was insufficient information to reissue them to a new household. At later waves this value is only used where the final location code (wFINLOC) is equal to 0.

III.9.2.5. Major life events

From Wave Two onwards, an open ended question was placed as the final question on the individual questionnaire asking people to state in their own words what "has happened to you (or your family) which has stood out as important". Answers were recorded verbatim. Verbatim responses can not be made available for public release, because of confidentiality concerns. However, a numeric code was developed to capture the full range of events mentioned. Up to four events are coded for each response. Along with the events mentioned, code 97 has been retained for "nothing happened". This is sometimes a substantive response as people indicate that little of consequence occurred, although in the vast majority of cases the answer is probably the equivalent of "don't know" (code -1). Missing data is assigned -9. The full detailed coding frame appears in *Appendix 3*.

As would be expected, people's answers include not only events that happened to them personally but also events that happened to other family members or friends. Each event is therefore assigned a "subject code," with 20 being used if no subject is specified. The pertinent "subject code" where ambiguous is indicated by the event frame (e.g. code 40 pregnancy / birth indicates the subject is the parent). The subject code frame includes mentions of pets (code 18). For further details see Chapter 11 in *Changing Households: The British Household Panel Survey 1990-1992* (Buck et al (eds.) 1994).

For this question, coding was done at the Essex Centre, using specially trained coders. An inter-coder reliability check was carried out on 10% of the sample. For Wave Two, inter-coder reliability was 97% for subject mentions, over 90% for the specific category of events 90% and 95% for the 12 major categories (health, caring, education, employment, leisure/political, non-familial, family, financial, consumption, residential move, crime and religion).

III.10. Definitions

Age of respondents

The eligible age for a full individual interview in Wave One was 16 on 1st December 1991. Given that the field period ran from the beginning of September to early December, it is possible that some respondents were in fact under 16 at the time of interview. This may lead to some minor apparent inconsistencies between household composition information and individual questionnaire information. Two age variables are provided, one measuring age at the date of household interview and the other measuring age at 1st December 1991. The day of birth variable has been suppressed from the public use version. For Wave Two and subsequent waves, similar eligibility rules were applied in relation to age; all those who were 16 or above on 1 December of the fieldwork year were eligible for interview.

Days since 1st September 199LY

Questions asking how many days since September 199LY the respondent has carried out some activity (e.g. training, in hospital) do not have a standard one year basis, since they depend on the date of interview. Thus values above 365 are possible, however implausible.

Dates of Events

There are a large number of questions in the **BHPS** asking for the exact date of events, particularly employment events. Inevitably, there are many missing components to these dates, which would inhibit normal date functions from producing durations, for example. In constructing derived variables which depended on dates we have assumed that the missing day of month is the first, and, for two or more years before the year of interview only, we have assumed July for missing months.

Season Codes

In cases where respondents could not remember exact dates, a convention was applied, by which January was used when Winter was reported, April for Spring, July for Summer and October for Autumn. However, where these season codes are used in a spell which starts and finishes in the same calendar year, the length is set to -3, indicating less than 12 months but exact length indeterminate.

The Self-Completion Questionnaire

The data from the Self-Completion Questionnaire are included on Record wINDRESP. This document was refused or is missing for other reasons for a number of respondents. They may be identified from the variable wIODC.

Dependent Children

Unlike the standard definition of a child for fieldwork purposes (i.e. under 16), a **dependent child** has been defined for use in derived variable construction as one aged under 16, or aged 16-18 and in school or non-advanced further education, not married and living with parent.

Benefit Units

Benefits Units are defined, following the definition used by the Department of Social Security, as a subset of households, consisting of single individuals or couples and their dependent children, if any.

General Health Questionnaire

A question battery originally developed as a screening instrument for psychiatric illness, but often used as an indicator of subjective well-being. See Cox, B. *et al*, The Health and Lifestyle Survey. (London: Health Promotion Research Trust, 1987). See Variables wHLGHQ1-2 on wINDRESP.

PERSONALITY MEASURES FOR THE BRITISH HOUSEHOLD PANEL STUDY

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Personality traits are individual differences in relatively consistent patterns of thoughts, feelings, and behaviors. Traits have been labeled "essential psychological constructs" because they exert a substantial influence on important life outcomes such as work experiences (e.g., Barrick & Mount, 1991; Judge et al., 1999), academic success (e.g., Digman, 1989), romantic relationships (e.g., Donnellan, et al., 2004; Robins, et al., 2002), parent-child relationships (Kochanska et al., 2004), health-related behaviors (e.g., Bogg & Roberts, 2004; Friedman, et al., 1993), and the risk for psychopathology (e.g., Krueger et al., 2000; Krueger et al., 1996) and criminality (e.g., Miller & Lynam, 2001). Indeed, it is rare to find a single domain that is of interest to social scientists where evidence for the importance of personality traits has not been found.

There is general agreement among personality psychologists that five broad dimensions can adequately organize the vast range of possible personality descriptors (e.g., assertive, friendly, nervous). These five "super traits" are known as the "Big Five," and they include the traits of

Extraversion, Agreeableness, Conscientiousness, Neuroticism, and Openness to Experience (John & Srivastava, 1999). Extraversion refers to individual differences in sociability, gregariousness, level of activity, and the experience of positive affect. Agreeableness refers to individual differences in altruistic behavior, trust, warmth, and kindness. Conscientiousness refers to individual differences in self-control, task-orientation, and rule-abiding. Neuroticism refers to individual differences in the susceptibility to distress and the experience of negative emotions such as anxiety, anger, and depression. Finally, Openness to Experience refers to individual differences in the propensity for originality, creativity, and the acceptance of new ideas. The general agreement on the Big Five provides a standardized language for describing personality differences at the broadest levels and has facilitated the accumulation of knowledge concerning how personality traits are related to a broad range of life outcomes.

Personality traits tend to be assessed using long questionnaires. However, recent scale-development studies have indicated that the Big Five traits can be reliably assessed with a small number of items (e.g., Gosling et al., 2003). For instance, pilot work from the German Socio-Economic Panel (GSOEP) Study led to a 15-item version of the well-validated Big Five Inventory (Benet-Martinez & John, 1998) that can be used in large-scale surveys like the BHPS. Accordingly, we propose adding these measures to the BHPS.

Benefit to the Research Community

Including measures of Extraversion, Neuroticism, and Conscientiousness in the BHPS will provide a great benefit to personality, social, clinical, industrial/organizational, and health psychologists. Traditionally, these kinds of researchers do not analyze data from large-scale panel studies like the BHPS because these studies rarely include variables of prime interest to these psychologists. This is unfortunate because theory in these disciplines posits that personality traits should have real-world consequences such as influencing individuals' specific life choices linked to economic well-being and physical health (e.g., career choice, engaging in health-promoting practices) as well as influencing how individuals react to major life events (e.g., unemployment, death of a spouse). Indeed, large-scale nationally represented data are crucial for establishing that personality traits are in fact essential psychological constructs. Including personality in the BHPS will make it one of the best datasets in the world for study how personality traits are linked with real-world choices and reactions over time. We are confident that this would ensure that psychologists from a variety of sub-disciplines would begin to use the BHPS.

Furthermore, the inclusion of personality variables would inform research into the causes and effects of existing variables in the study. For instance, social scientists are often interested in the effects of life events (e.g., layoffs, income changes, health shocks, changes in marital status, etc.) on important social and economic variables. Yet these events are rarely completely exogenous. For instance, recent behavioral genetic work shows that the likelihood of getting married or divorced is partly due to personality characteristics that can ultimately be tied to genetic differences between individuals (Johnson, et al., 2004). It is likely that other important life events like unemployment, job promotions, or even the onset of health problems result from similar processes. Thus, by including personality measures, researchers can better understand (and control for) the factors that predispose individuals to experience social, economic, and health-related changes over time.

Finally, the GSOEP, another large-scale panel study, recently began including personality measures in their survey. Including the same personality measures in the BHPS and the GSOEP will permit cross-national replications of personality-related research projects. This promises to increase the status of both projects for conducting psychological research. We should also note that the GSOEP has already administered a pre-test of the measures, and the first full wave of data using these measures will be available in May of 2005. Thus, the data from their study can be used to examine the psychometric properties of the scales in a similar panel study.

Including personality trait measures in the BHPS will allow researchers using future waves of the BHPS to study prospective links between personality and these outcomes. This promises to make the inclusion of trait measures invaluable for years to come. Moreover, including personality measures at just one wave will help resolve a persistent debate regarding age differences in personality traits (e.g., McCrae & Costa, 2003). The debate centers around whether or not there are age-differences in personality after age 30. To date, psychologists have not been able to resolve this controversy given the paucity of nationally-representative datasets with personality information. Thus, the BHPS is in a unique position to help resolve this important psychological issue regarding personality differences across the life span.

Big Five Personality Trait Measures

From: Benet-Martinez, V. & John, O. P. (1998). Los Cinco Grandes across cultures and ethnic groups: Multitrait multimethod analyses of the Big Five in Spanish and English. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 75, 729-750.

Agreeableness items are labeled with an "A", Conscientiousness items are labeled with a "C", Extraversion items are labeled with an "E", Neuroticism items are labeled with an "N", and Openness items are labeled with an "O".

Please answer each of the following questions using a 1 to 7 scale, where 1 means "does not apply to me at all" and 7 means "applies to me perfectly".

I see myself as someone who . . .

- 1. (A) Is sometimes rude to others (reverse-scored).
- 2. (C) Does a thorough job.
- 3. (E) Is talkative.
- 4. (N) Worries a lot.
- 5. (O) Is original, comes up with new ideas.
- 6. (A) Has a forgiving nature.
- 7. (C) Tends to be lazy (reverse-scored).
- 8. (E) Is outgoing, sociable.
- 9. (N) Gets nervous easily.
- 10. (O) Values artistic, aesthetic experiences.
- 11. (A) Is considerate and kind to almost everyone.
- 12. (C) Does things efficiently.
- 13. (E) Is reserved (reverse-scored).
- 14. (N) Is relaxed, handles stress well (reverse-scored).
- 15. (O) Has an active imagination.

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III.11. WAVE ONE: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

III.11.1. Record Types: Wave One

Record Type AHHSAMP

AHHSAMP contains sampling, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each sampled Address, and records for additional selected households at addresses containing multiple households.

Respondent households, for which records AHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable AIVFHO.

Derived and additional variables are those from AHHWGHT onwards.

Record Type AINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding AINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable AIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from AAGE onwards.

Record Type AHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

For 15 households there was no household questionnaire completed. For these cases only data from the household composition is available on this record. The cases may be identified from the variable AHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from AHHDC onwards. Of these, AHHWGHT AHSTYPE AHSFLOOR AREGION and ALADISTC are direct copies of variables on record AHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

AMGNEW	AXPMG	AHSVAL	ARENT	ARENTG	AXPHSN
AXPHSG	AFIHHMN	AFIHHML	AFIHHMNL	AFIHHMP	AFIHHMB
AFIHHMT	AFIHHMI	AFIHHYR	AFIHHYL	AFIHHYNL	AFIHHYP
AFIHHYB	AFIHHYT	AFIHHYI			

The following imputation flag variables were added:

AMGNEWI	AXPMGI	AHSVALI	ARENTI	ARENTGI	AXPHSNI
AXPHSGI	AFIHHMNI	AFIHHMLI	AFIHMNLI	AFIHHMPI	AFIHHMBI
AFIHHMTI	AFIHHMII	AFIHHYRI	AFIHHYLI	AFIHHYNI	AFIHHYPI
AFIHHYBI	AFIHHYTI	AFIHHYII			

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation.

Record Type AINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form are also copied to this record. Proxy respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable AIVFIO. Note that adult non-respondents, which may include the Household Reference Person will not have an AINDRESP record, but only an AINDALL record.

Proxy data are copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, proxy values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables APRRS2I APRIPN APRWHY APRFEHQ APRSEHQ APRFITB APRJBFT correspond to questions in the proxy questionnaire which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record AJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record AINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from AIVFIO to AREGION and from AHGR2R onwards. The variables AREGION AHHSIZE AHHTYPE ATENURE and AFIHHMN are copied from record AHHRESP. The variables AIVFIO AIODC and AHGR2R to AHOH are copied from record AINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of APRFITB):

AJ2PAY	AFIYRDI	APRFITB	APAYGU	APAYNU	APAYGTY
APAYGLY	APAYNTY	APAYNLY	AJSPROF	AJSPAYG	AFIMNP
AFIMNB	AFIMNI	AFIMNT	AFIMNNL	AFIMNL	AFIMN
AFIYRL	AFIYRNL	AFIYRP	AFIYRB	AFIYRT	AFIYRI
AFIYR	ASPPAYG	AFIHHMN			

The following imputation flag variables were added:

AJ2PAYI	AFIYRDII	APRFITBI	APAYGUI	APAYNUI	APAYGT
APAYGLI	APAYNTI	APAYNLI	AJSPROFI	AJSPAYGI	AFIMNP
AFIMNBI	AFIMNII	AFIMNTI	AFIMNNLI	AFIMNLI	AFIMNTH
AFIYRLI	AFIYRNLI	AFIYRPI	AFIYRBI	AFIYRTI	AFIYRI
AFIYEARI	ASPPAYGI	AFIHHMNI			

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation.

Record Type AJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1990 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at question J5, with job characteristic information from questions J6 to J89 appended where relevant. These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1990. The additional key AJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. (See *Table 6*)

Derived variables are those from AJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (AJHSTAT=1), then the values for AJHSIC AJHSECT and AJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

AJHGPAY AJHNPAY

The following imputation flag variables were added:

AJHGPAYI AJHNPAYI

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation.

Note that for 62 employment history spells, employment status was undefined. These are mainly spells generated because the subsequent spell did not begin before 1.9.90. A status and pay level is imputed for these spells, but is not included on this record, but rather contributes to the computation of AFIYRL and APAYGLY, and is flagged there.

Table 6 Variable Name to Question Number Index on Job History Record (AJOBHIST)

AJSPNO (spell no.)	AJHSTAT	AJHBGD AJHBGM AJHBGY	AJHSOC	AJHPLDF	AJHSIC	AJHSIZE	AJHMNGR	AJHSEMP	AJHBOSS
1st (most recent)	AJ5A/ AJ6ASC	AJ5B(-D-M-Y) AJ6A(-M-Y)	AJ6B	AJ8	AJ9A/11A	AJ9B/14	AJ10/12	AJ11B	AJ11C
2nd	AJ21A	AJ21A	AJ21B	AJ23	AJ24A/26A	AJ24B/29	AJ25/27	AJ26B	AJ26C
3rd	AJ35A	AJ35A	AJ35B	AJ37	AJ38A/40A	AJ38B/43	AJ39/41	AJ40B	AJ40C
4th	AJ49A	AJ49A	AJ49B	AJ51	AJ52A/54A	AJ52B/57	AJ53/55	AJ54B	AJ54C
5th	AJ63A	AJ63A	AJ63B	AJ65	AJ66A/68A	AJ66B/71	AJ67/69	AJ68B	AJ68C
6th	AJ77A	AJ77A	AJ77B	AJ79	AJ80A/82A	AJ80B/85	AJ81/82	AJ82B	AJ82C

AJSPNO (spell no.)	AJHSECT	AJHA990	AJHPAY0	AJHPY0W	AJHPY0G	AJHPAYS	AJHPYSW	AJHPYSG	AJHSTPY	AJBLKY
1st (most recent)	AJ13	AJ15	AJ16A	AJ16B	AJ16C	AJ17A	AJ17B	AJ17C	AJ18	AJ19
2nd	AJ28	AJ30	AJ31A	AJ31B	AJ31C	AJ32A	AJ32B	AJ32C	AJ33	
3rd	AJ42	AJ44	AJ45A	AJ45B	AJ45C	AJ46A	AJ46B	AJ46C	AJ47	
4th	AJ56	AJ58	AJ59A	AJ59B	AJ59C	AJ60A	AJ60B	AJ60C	AJ61	
5th	AJ70	AJ72	AJ73A	AJ73B	AJ73C	AJ74A	AJ74B	AJ74C	AJ75	
6th	AJ84	AJ86	AJ87A	AJ87B	AJ87C	AJ88A	AJ88B	AJ88C	AJ89	

Record Type AINCOME

This Record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3. This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where ANF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables AF101 - AF159) then there will exist at least one AINCOME Record with a corresponding value of AFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, AINCOME Records will exist for each source, but the variables ANFR or AFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another Record.

AFIM09L - AFIM12T are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. The code constructing all these variables is in the procedure M1DV.AFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

AFRVAL AFIM09L to AFIM12T

Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 'amount included elsewhere'.

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation.

Record Type AEGOALT

This Record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if APNO = 1 and AOPNO = 3 and AREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

This Record provides a means of identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to identify separately the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if APNO = 1 and AOPNO = 3 and AREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1).

III.12. WAVE TWO: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

III.12.1. Record Types: Wave Two

Record Type BHHSAMP

BHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See *Section IV* for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records BHHRESP etc. will exist, may be identified from the variable BIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One.

Derived and additional variables are those from BXHWGHT onwards.

This Record also contains variables which allow households which were part of the inter-penetrating sample experiment to be identified (See Section IV).

Record Type BINDSAMP

This Record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The Record is keyed on BHID and BPNO. There will be one BINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one BINDSAMP Record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable BFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified.

This Record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type BINDALL

This Record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This Record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding BINDRESP Record exists may be identified from the variable BIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from BAGE onwards.

See Section V for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this Record Type.

Record Type BHHRESP

This Record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

For the 6 households with response code 41 - 'proxy taken at Wave One address' the BHHRESP record will exist, and will consist entirely of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable BHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from BHHDC onwards. Of these, BXHWGHT BREGION and BLADISTC are direct copies of variables on Record BHHSAMP.

The following variables have data imputed for all missing cases:

BMGNEW	BXPMG	BRENT	BRENTG	BXPHSN	BXPHSG
BFIHHMN	BFIHHML	BFIHHMNL	BFIHHMP	BFIHHMB	BFIHHMT
BFIHHMI	BFIHHYR	BFIHHYL	BFIHHYNL	BFIHHYP	BFIHHYB
BFIHHYT	BFIHHYI				

The following imputation flag variables have been added:

BMGNEWI	BXPMGI	BRENTI	BRENTGI	BXPHSNI	BXPHSG
BFIHHMNI	BFIHHMLI	BFIHMNLI	BFIHHMPI	BFIHHMBI	BFIHHMT
BFIHHMII	BFIHHYRI	BFIHHYLI	BFIHHYNI	BFIHHYPI	BFIHHYB
BFIHHYTI	BFIHHYII				

Record Type BINDRESP

This Record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form are also copied to this Record. Proxy respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable BIVFIO.

Proxy data are copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, proxy values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables BPRRS2I BPRIPN BPRWHY BPRFEHQ

BPRSEHQ BPRFITB BPRJBFT etc correspond to questions in the proxy questionnaire which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on Record BJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on Record BINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from BIVFIO to BREGION and from BHGR2R onwards. The variables BREGION BHHSIZE BHHTYPE BTENURE and BFIHHMN are copied from Record BHHRESP. The variables BIVFIO BIODC and BHGR2R to BHOH are copied from Record BINDALL.

The following variables have data imputed for all missing cases (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of BPRFITB):

BJ2PAY	BFIYRDI	BPRFITB	BPAYGU	BPAYNU	BPAYGTY
BPAYGLY	BPAYNTY	BPAYNLY	BJSPROF	BJSPAYG	BFIMNP
BFIMNB	BFIMNI	BFIMNT	BFIMNNL	BFIMNL	BFIMN
BFIYRL	BFIYRNL	BFIYRP	BFIYRB	BFIYRT	BFIYRI
BFIYR	BSPPAYG	BFIHHMN			

The following imputation flag variables have been added:

BJ2PAYI	BFIYRDII	BPRFITBI	BPAYGUI	BPAYNUI	BPAYGT
BPAYGLI	BPAYNTI	BPAYNLI	BJSPROFI	BJSPAYGI	BFIMNP
BFIMNBI	BFIMNII	BFIMNTI	BFIMNNLI	BFIMNLI	FIMNTH
BFIYRLI	BFIYRNLI	BFIYRPI	BFIYRBI	BFIYRTI	BFIYRI
BFIYEARI	BSPPAYGI	BFIHHMNI			

Record BJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1991 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at question J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1991. The additional key BJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from BJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (BJHSTAT=1), then the values for BJHSIC BJHSECT and BJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

There is no special table detailing question source and Record structure for this Record (as there was for AJOBHIST) as the record structure mirrors the Questionnaire structure.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

BJHGPAY BJHNPAY

Imputation flag variables are listed below.

BJHGPAYI BJHNPAYI

Record Type BINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where BNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables BF101 - BF159) then there will exist at least one BINCOME record with a corresponding value of BFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, BINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables BNFR or BFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

BFIML01 - BFIMN01 are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable BFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M2DV.BFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

BFRVAL BFIM09L to BFIM01N

Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 'amount included elsewhere'.

BFRVALI (This also implies imputation on BFIM09L to BFIM12T)

Record Type BEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if BPNO = 1 and BOPNO = 3 and BREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable BLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave One, and BNWSTAT composition change between Wave Two and Wave Three

Record Type BMARRIAG

This record contains one record for each reported legal marriage. It is keyed on BHID, BPNO and BMARNO. The sequence of BMARNO reflects the questionnaire structure. The current or most recent marriage is always keyed as BMARNO = 4. Records with BMARNO = 1, 2 or 3 will exist if there were one or more previous marriages. Thus the record with the key value BMARNO = 1 corresponds to questions L4 to L10, the record with key value 2 corresponds to L12 to L18, the record with key value 3 corresponds to L20 to L26, and the record with key value 4 corresponds to L27 to L34. The variable BMRMSEQ contains the sequence number of the most recent marriage (e.g. if BMRMSEQ on record where BMARNO eq 4 is equal to 1, then the most recent marriage is the first marriage).

This record also contains information on cohabitation spells with the same partner which may have preceded marriage.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave One or Wave Two, contained in Record Types AINDALL, BINDALL, AEGOALT and BEGOALT.

See entry for BLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Table 7 indicates the question sources for variables on this Record Type and details the Record Structure.

Record Type BCOHABIT

This record contains information about each cohabitation spell outside legal marriage which the respondent has ever had, excepting those which preceded marriages, for which the information is contained on record BMARRIAG. There is a separate record for each spell reported at questions L38 and L39.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave One or Wave Two, contained in Record Types AINDALL, BINDALL, AEGOALT and BEGOALT.

See entry for BLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type BCHILDAD

This record contains information about the children respondent has either adopted, or for whom they have acted as step-parent, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question L41.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave One or Wave Two, contained in Record Types AINDALL, BINDALL, AEGOALT and BEGOALT.

See entry for BLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type BCHILDNT

This record contains information about natural children respondent has ever had or fathered, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question L44

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave One or Wave Two, contained in Record Types AINDALL, BINDALL, AEGOALT and BEGOALT.

See entry for BLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type BLIFEMST

This record contains information about employment status spells in the period since the respondent first left full time education. There is one record for each spell reported in answer to questions L50, L51 and L52. The record contains end date for each spell except the final spell which should be recorded as not ended. The start date for each spell and the spell length in months are included as derived variables.

While data collected here may have been compared with the single year job history information to resolve internal ambiguities, there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between data collected here and that contained in the records AJOBHIST, BJOBHIST etc.

Season codes were used when the respondent could not remember exact month. In the calculation of spell length it was assumed, by convention, that winter would be coded as January, spring as April, summer as July and Autumn as October. However where these season codes are used in a spell which starts and finishes in the same calendar year, the length is set to -3, indicating less than 12 months but exact length indeterminate.

III.12.2. Wave Two Specific Usage Notes

Voting

There are two types of question on voting:

1. party identification in Waves One and Two:

AVOTE1 AVOTE2 AVOTE3 BVOTE1 BVOTE2

actual vote in the April 1992 General Election in Wave Two: BVOTE8

AVOTE is a derived variable combining responses to AVOTE4 (triggered by AVOTE1-2), and AVOTE3. Users should be aware that it does not, therefore, reproduce the difference in strength of party support

measured by responses to these separately. AVOTE3 ("which party would you vote for ?") cannot be compared to BVOTE8 ("which party did you vote for?"), as it is only asked of those not responding to AVOTE1-2.

Marriage History

As explained in the discussion of Record Type BMARRIAG above, data from the marriage history (questions L4 to L34 at Wave two) have been re-structured as a set of separate records. The records are keyed on BHID, BPNO and BMARNO. It is important to note that BMARNO is not the sequence number of the marriage within the respondent's life, but rather reflects the questionnaire structure, so that the most recent marriage always has a BMARNO value of 4. The variable BMRMSEQ indicates the sequence number of this marriage within the respondent's life. See *Table 7* for an indication of question sources for variables and an outline of the record structure.

Table 7

Variable Name to Question Number Index on Lifetime Marital History Record (BMARRIAG)

BMARNO	BLMARM	BLMARY	вмрио	вьмсон	BLMCBM	BLMCBY	BLMEND	BLMWWM	BLMWWY	BLMDVM	BLMDVY	BLMSPM	BLMSPY
1st (if more than one)	BL4M	BL4Y		BL5	BL6M	BL6Y	BL7	BL8M	BL8Y	BL9M	BL9Y	BL10M	BL10Y
2nd (if more than two)	BL12M	BL12Y		BL13	BL14M	BL14Y	BL15	BL16M	BL16Y	BL17M	BL17Y	BL18M	BL18Y
3rd (if more than three)	BL20M	BL20Y		BL21	BL22M	BL22Y	BL23	BL24M	BL24Y	BL25M	BL25Y	BL26M	BL26Y
4th or Current or most recent	BL27M	BL27Y	BL28	BL29	BL30M	BL30Y	BL31	BL32M	BL32Y	BL33M	BL33Y	BL34M	BL34Y

III.13. WAVE THREE: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

III.13.1. Record Types: Wave Three

Record Type CHHSAMP

Record Type CHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See *Section IV* for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records CHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable CIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One and at Wave Two.

Derived and additional variables are those from CXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type CINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on CHID and CPNO. There will be one CINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one CINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable CFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type CINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This Record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding CINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable CIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from CAGE onwards.

See the Section V for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this Record Type.

Record Type CHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 'telephone interview only' will have CHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - 'proxy taken at Wave One address' the CHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable CHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from CHHDC onwards. Of these, CXHWGHT CREGION and CLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record CHHSAMP.

The following variables have data imputed for all missing cases:

CMGNEW	CXPMG	CHSVAL	CRENT	CRENTG	CXPHSN
CXPHSG	CFIHHMN	CFIHHML	CFIHHMNL	CFIHHMP	CFIHHMB
CFIHHMT	CFIHHMI	CFIHHYR	CFIHHYL	CFIHHYNL	CFIHHYP

CFIHHYB CFIHHYT CFIHHYI

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

CMGNEWI	CXPMGI	CHSVALI	CRENTI	CRENTGI	CXPHSNI
CXPHSGI	CFIHHMNI	CFIHHMLI	CFIHMNLI	CFIHHMPI	CFIHHMBI
CFIHHMTI	CFIHHMII	CFIHHYRI	CFIHHYLI	CFIHHYNI	CFIHHYPI
CEIHHYBI	CEIHHYTI	CEIHHYII			

Record Type CINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form are also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable CIVFIO.

Proxy and telephone data are copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The proxy variables CPRRS2I CPRIPN CPRWHY CPRFEHQ CPRSEHQ CPRFITB CPRJBFT CTELWHY CPRESBFM CPRESBGY CPRESBLY CPRFI01 CPRFI02 CPRFI16 CPRFI31 CPRFI34 CPRFI35 CPRFI37 CPRFI39 CPRFI41 CPRFIRN CPREARN CPRJBBGM CPRJBBFY CPRJBLY correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record CJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record CINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from CIVFIO to CREGION and from CHGR2R onwards. The variables CREGION CHHSIZE CHHTYPE CTENURE and CFIHHMN are copied from record CHHRESP. The variables CIVFIO CIODC and CHGR2R to CHOH are copied from record CINDALL.

The following variables have data imputed for all missing cases (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of CPRFITB):

CJ2PAY	CFIYRDI	CPRFITB	CPAYGU	CPAYNU	CPAYGTY
CPAYGLY	CPAYNTY	CPAYNLY	CJSPROF	CJSPAYG	CFIMNP
CFIMNB	CFIMNI	CFIMNT	CFIMNNL	CFIMNL	CFIMN
CFIYRL	CFIYRNL	CFIYRP	CFIYRB	CFIYRT	CFIYRI
CFIYR	CSPPAYG	CFIHHMN			

See the Section V for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

CJ2PAYI	CFIYRDII	CPRFITBI	CPAYGUI	CPAYNUI	CPAYGTI
CPAYGLI	CPAYNTI	CPAYNLI	CJSPROFI	CJSPAYGI	CFIMNPI
CFIMNBI	CFIMNII	CFIMNTI	CFIMNNLI	CFIMNLI	CFIMNTHI
CFIYRLI	CFIYRNLI	CFIYRPI	CFIYRBI	CFIYRTI	CFIYRII
CFIYEARI	CSPPAYGI	CFIHHMNI			

Record Type CJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1992 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1992. The additional key CJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from CJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (CJHSTAT=1), then the values for CJHSIC CJHSECT and CJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

CJHGPAY CJHNPAY

See Section V for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

CJHGPAYI CJHNPAYI

Record Type CINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where CNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables CF101 - CF159) then there will exist at least one CINCOME record with a corresponding value of CFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, CINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables CNFR or CFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

CFIM01L - CFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable CFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M2DV.CFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

CFRVAL CFIM09L to CFIM01N

See *Section V* for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 'amount included elsewhere'.

CFRVALI (This also implies imputation on CFIM09L to CFIM12T)

Record Type CEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if CPNO = 1 and COPNO = 3 and CREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable CLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type CLIFEJOB

This record contains information about jobs held in employment spells in the period since the respondent first left full time education up to the beginning of data collection in the main panel - i.e. 1st September 1990. There is one record for each spell reported in answer to questions L5 to L13. The definition of a job spell in this record type is different from that used in wINDRESP and wJOBHIST: here a job spell corresponds to a continuous spell with a single employer, while in the main panel data spells may also be defined by changes in occupation or promotions while working with the same employer. An additional spell from the responses to questions L14 to L17 is generated, if the respondent started work with their current employer before 1.9.90. Note that, for this spell the date and occupational information may be different from that collected in the employment section about the current job, since the information there relates to start of the current job, and respondents may have done more than one job in a single spell with the same employer.

The final record of this type for each individual may be one of three different kinds: a) a generated present employer record as indicated above; b) a completed record where this was the last job the respondent has had to date, and this began before 1.9.90 and has finished; c) a record containing only status and start date, where the job began after 1.9.90. In this last case further information about this job and any subsequent jobs held by the respondent will be contained in the main panel record types (e.g. AINDRESP or AJOBHIST). The type of last record is indicated by the variable CLJENST. This information is also contained in the variable CLJRST on record type CINDRESP.

The CLIFEJOB records have been checked to ensure that the spell sequence (indicated by CLJSEQ) is in ascending order of start dates. However there is some multiple job holding reported, so job spells may overlap, and end dates may not be consistently in order.

No attempt has been made to enforce consistency with the lifetime employment status history collected at wave two, and contained in record type BLIFEMST. However this history was available to the respondent, and the variable CLJESFV on record type CINDRESP indicates whether the respondent believed this to be correct. In this case, the variable CLJESFN will indicate the number of the employment status spell which should correspond to this record (=BLESHNO on record type BLIFEMST). Respondents may have held more than one job in a single employment status spell, and hence there may be more than one CLIFEJOB record corresponding to the period covered by a single BLIFEMST record. In the employment status history, full-time and part-time spells were distinguished. It is therefore possible in a limited number of cases that a single CLIFEJOB record may correspond to the period of more than one BLIFEMST record.

III.14. WAVE FOUR: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

III.14.1. Record Types: Wave Four

Record Type DHHSAMP

Record Type DHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records DHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable DIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One and at Wave Two.

Derived and additional variables are those from DXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type DINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on DHID and DPNO. There will be one DINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one DINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable DFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type DINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding DINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable DIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from DAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type DHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 'telephone interview only' will have DHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - 'proxy taken at Wave One address' the DHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable DHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from DHHDC onwards. Of these, DXHWGHT DREGION and DLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record DHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

DMGNEW	DXPMG	DHSVAL	DRENT	DRENTG	DXPHSN
DXPHSG	DFIHHMN	DFIHHML	DFIHHMNL	DFIHHMP	DFIHHMB
DFIHHMT	DFIHHMI	DFIHHYR	DFIHHYL	DFIHHYNL	DFIHHYP
DFIHHYB	DFIHHYT	DFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

DMGNEWI	DXPMGI	DHSVALI	DRENTI	DRENTGI	DXPHSNI
DXPHSGI	DFIHHMNI	DFIHHMLI	DFIHMNLI	DFIHHMPI	DFIHHMBI
DFIHHMTI	DFIHHMII	DFIHHYRI	DFIHHYLI	DFIHHYNI	DFIHHYPI
DFIHHYBI	DFIHHYTI	DFIHHYII			

Record Type DINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable DIVFIO.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables DPRRS2I DPRIPN DPRWHY DPRFEHQ DPRSEHQ DPRFITB DPRJBFT DTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

A new set of variables this wave, DYPPAR to DPYHLF3, arise from questions for parents of children aged 11-15. They are primarily intended for use in conjunction with the data collected from the young person's questionnaire contained in record type DYOUTH. The variables DPYWHR1 to DPYHLF3 contain responses concerning specific children. They may be matched to the relevant child through the variables DPYPNO1, DPYPNO2 and DPYPNO3.

Data from the job history are contained on record DJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record DINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from DIVFIO to DREGION and from DHGR2R onwards. The variables DREGION DHHSIZE DHHTYPE DTENURE and DFIHHMN are copied from record DHHRESP. The variables DIVFIO DIODC and DHGR2R to DHOH are copied from record DINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of DPRFITB):

DJ2PAY	DFIYRDI	DPRFITB	DPAYGU	DPAYNU	DPAYGTY
	וטוווט	טוואווט	טו אום		וסותום

DPAYGLY	DPAYNTY	DPAYNLY	DJSPROF	DJSPAYG	DFIMNP
DFIMNB	DFIMNI	DFIMNT	DFIMNNL	DFIMNL	DFIMN
DFIYRL	DFIYRNL	DFIYRP	DFIYRB	DFIYRT	DFIYRI
DFIYR	DSPPAYG	DFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

DJ2PAYI	DFIYRDII	DPRFITBI	DPAYGUI	DPAYNUI	DPAYGTI
DPAYGLI	DPAYNTI	DPAYNLI	DJSPROFI	DJSPAYGI	DFIMNPI
DFIMNBI	DFIMNII	DFIMNTI	DFIMNNLI	DFIMNLI	FIMNTHI
DFIYRLI	DFIYRNLI	DFIYRPI	DFIYRBI	DFIYRTI	DFIYRII
DFIYEARI	DSPPAYGI	DFIHHMNI			

Record Type DJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1993 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1992. The additional key DJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from DJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (DJHSTAT=1), then the values for DJHSIC DJHSECT and DJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

DJHGPAY DJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

DJHGPAYI DJHNPAYI

Record Type DINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where DNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables DF101 - DF159) then there will exist at least one DINCOME record with a corresponding value of DFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, DINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables DNFR or DFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

DFIM01L - DFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable DFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M4DV.DFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

DFRVAL DFIM09L to DFIM01N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 'amount included elsewhere'.

DFRVALI (This also implies imputation on DFIM09L to DFIM12T)

Record Type DEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if DPNO = 1 and DOPNO = 3 and DREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable DLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Three. DNWSTAT allows computation of household change measures between Wave Four and Wave Five.

Record Type DYOUTH

This record type contains the responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1994. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable DIVFIO. The variable DYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the youth responses. The contains the normal key variables DHID and DPNO, and children may be matched to information about their parents through the record DEGOALT. See the note to record type DINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

Cooperating young person respondents will have a value of 21 on the interview outcome variable DIVFIO, on record type DINDALL.

III.15. WAVE FIVE: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

Record Type EHHSAMP

Record Type EHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.) Respondent households, for which records EHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable EIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One and at Wave Two.

Derived and additional variables are those from EXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type EINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on EHID and EPNO. There will be one EINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one EINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable EFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type EINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding EINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable EIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from EAGE onwards.

Record Type EHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 16 `telephone interview only' will have EHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 15 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the EHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable EHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from EHHDC onwards. Of these, EXHWGHT EREGION and ELADISTC are direct copies of variables on record EHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

EMGNEW	EXPMG	EHSVAL	ERENT	ERENTG	EXPHSN
EXPHSG	EFIHHMN	EFIHHML	EFIHHMNL	EFIHHMP	EFIHHMB
EFIHHMT	EFIHHMI	EFIHHYR	EFIHHYL	EFIHHYNL	EFIHHYP
EFIHHYB	EFIHHYT	EFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

EMGNEWI	EXPMGI	EHSVALI	ERENTI	ERENTGI	EXPHSNI
EXPHSGI	EFIHHMNI	EFIHHMLI	EFIHMNLI	EFIHHMPI	EFIHHMBI
EFIHHMTI	EFIHHMII	EFIHHYRI	EFIHHYLI	EFIHHYNI	EFIHHYPI
EFIHHYBI	EFIHHYTI	EFIHHYII			

Record Type EINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable EIVFIO.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables EPRRS2I EPRIPN EPRWHY EPRFEHQ EPRSEHQ EPRFITB EPRJBFT ETELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

The variables EYPPAR to EPYSTS3 arise from questions for parents of children aged 11-15. They are primarily intended for use in conjunction with the data collected from the young person's questionnaire contained in record type EYOUTH. The variables with final digit 1, 2 or 3 contain responses concerning specific children. They may be matched to the relevant child through the variables EPYPNO1, EPYPNO2 and EPYPNO3 which contain the EPNO of the relevant child.

Data from the job history are contained on record EJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record EINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from EIVFIO to EREGION and from EHGR2R

onwards. The variables EREGION EHHSIZE EHHTYPE ETENURE and EFIHHMN are copied from record EHHRESP. The variables EIVFIO EIODC and EHGR2R to EHOH are copied from record EINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of EPRFITB):

EJ2PAY	EFIYRDI	EPRFITB	EPAYGU	EPAYNU	EPAYGTY
EPAYGLY	EPAYNTY	EPAYNLY	EJSPROF	EJSPAYG	EFIMNP
EFIMNB	EFIMNI	EFIMNT	EFIMNNL	EFIMNL	EFIMN
EFIYRL	EFIYRNL	EFIYRP	EFIYRB	EFIYRT	EFIYRI
EFIYR	ESPPAYG	EFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

EJ2PAYI	EFIYRDII	EPRFITBI	EPAYGUI	EPAYNUI	EPAYGTI
EPAYGLI	EPAYNTI	EPAYNLI	EJSPROFI	EJSPAYGI	EFIMNPI
EFIMNBI	EFIMNII	EFIMNTI	EFIMNNLI	EFIMNLI	FIMNTHI
EFIYRLI	EFIYRNLI	EFIYRPI	EFIYRBI	EFIYRTI	EFIYRII
EFIYEARI	ESPPAYGI	EFIHHMNI			

Record Type EJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1993 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1994. The additional key EJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from EJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (EJHSTAT=1), then the values for EJHSIC EJHSECT and EJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

EJHGPAY EJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

EJHGPAYI, EJHNPAYI

Record Type EINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where ENF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables EF101 - EF159) then there will exist at least one EINCOME record with a corresponding value of EFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, EINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables ENFR or EFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

EFIM01L - EFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable EFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M5DV.EFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

EFRVAL EFIM09L to EFIM01N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

EFRVALI (This also implies imputation on EFIM09L to EFIM12T)

Record Type EEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if EPNO = 1 and EOPNO = 3 and EREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable ELWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type EYOUTH

This record type contains the responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1995. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable EIVFIO. The variable EYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the youth responses. The record contains the normal key variables EHID and EPNO, and children may be matched to information about their parents through the record EEGOALT. See the note to record type EINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

Cooperating young person respondents will have a value of 21 on the interview outcome variable EIVFIO, on record type EINDALL.

III.16. WAVE SIX: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

Record Type FHHSAMP

Record Type FHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records FHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable FIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One.

Derived and additional variables are those from FXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type FINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on FHID and FPNO. There will be one FINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one FINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable FFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type FINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding FINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable FIVFIO (individual interview outcome).

Derived and additional variables are those from FAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type FHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have FHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 15 - 'proxy taken at Wave One address' the FHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable FHHDC.

Derived and additional variables are those from FHHDC onwards. Of these, FXHWGHT FREGION and FLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record FHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

FMGNEW	FXPMG	FHSVAL	FRENT	FRENTG	FXPHSN
FXPHSG	FFIHHMN	FFIHHML	FFIHHMNL	FFIHHMP	FFIHHMB
FFIHHMT	FFIHHMI	FFIHHYR	FFIHHYL	FFIHHYNL	FFIHHYP
FFIHHYB	FFIHHYT	FFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

FMGNEWI	FXPMGI	FHSVALI	FRENTI	FRENTGI	FXPHSNI
FXPHSGI	FFIHHMNI	FFIHHMLI	FFIHMNLI	FFIHHMPI	FFIHHMBI
FFIHHMTI	FFIHHMII	FFIHHYRI	FFIHHYLI	FFIHHYNI	FFIHHYPI
FFIHHYBI	FFIHHYTI	FFIHHYII			

Record Type FINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable FIVFIO.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables FPRRS2I FPRIPN FPRWHY FPRFEHQ FPRSEHQ FPRFITB FPRJBFT FTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

The variables FYPPAR to FPYSTS3 arise from questions for parents of children aged 11-15. They are primarily intended for use in conjunction with the data collected from the young person's questionnaire contained in record type FYOUTH. The variables with final digit 1, 2 or 3 contain responses concerning specific children. They may be matched to the relevant child through the variables FPYPNO1,

FPYPNO2 and FPYPNO3 which contain the FPNO of the relevant child.

Data from the job history are contained on record FJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record FINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from FIVFIO to FREGION and from FHGR2R onwards. The variables FREGION FHHSIZE FHHTYPE FTENURE and FFIHHMN are copied from record FHHRESP. The variables FIVFIO FIODC and FHGR2R to FHOH are copied from record FINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of FPRFITB):

FJ2PAY	FFIYRDI	FPRFITB	FPAYGU	FPAYNU	FPAYGTY
FPAYGLY	FPAYNTY	FPAYNLY	FJSPROF	FJSPAYG	FFIMNP
FFIMNB	FFIMNI	FFIMNT	FFIMNNL	FFIMNL	FFIMN
FFIYRL	FFIYRNL	FFIYRP	FFIYRB	FFIYRT	FFIYRI
FFIYR	FSPPAYG	FFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

FJ2PAYI	FFIYRDII	FPRFITBI	FPAYGUI	FPAYNUI	FPAYGTI
FPAYGLI	FPAYNTI	FPAYNLI	FJSPROFI	FJSPAYGI	FFIMNPI
FFIMNBI	FFIMNII	FFIMNTI	FFIMNNLI	FFIMNLI	FIMNTHI
FFIYRLI	FFIYRNLI	FFIYRPI	FFIYRBI	FFIYRTI	FFIYRII
FFIYEARI	FSPPAYGI	FFIHHMNI			

Record Type FJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1993 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1993. The additional key FJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from FJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (FJHSTAT=1), then the values for FJHSIC FJHSECT and FJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

FJHGPAY FJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

FJHGPAYI FJHNPAYI

Record Type FINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where FNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables FF101 - FF159) then there will exist at least one FINCOME record with a corresponding value of FFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, FINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables FNFR or FFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is

given on another record.

FFIM01L - FFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable FFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M2DV.CFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

FFRVAL FFIM09L to FFIM01N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 'amount included elsewhere'.

FFRVALI (This also implies imputation on FFIM09L to FFIM12T)

Record Type FEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if FPNO = 1 and FOPNO = 3 and FREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable FLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Five.

Record type FYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1996. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable FIVFIO. The variable FYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. The record contains the normal key variables FHID and FPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record FEGOALT. See the note to the record type FINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

III.17. WAVE SEVEN: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

Record Type GHHSAMP

Record Type GHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records GHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable GIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable GHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from GXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type GINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on GHID and GPNO. There will be one GINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move

uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one GINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable GFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable GMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type GINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding GINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable GIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases, new at this wave, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable GMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from GAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type GHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have GHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the GHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable GHHDC. Cases, new at this wave, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable GHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from GHHDC onwards. Of these, GXHWGHT GREGION and GLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record GHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

GMGNEW	GXPMG	GHSVAL	GRENT	GRENTG	GXPHSN
GXPHSG	GFIHHMN	GFIHHML	GFIHHMNL	GFIHHMP	GFIHHMB
GFIHHMT	GFIHHMI	GFIHHYR	GFIHHYL	GFIHHYNL	GFIHHYP
GFIHHYB	GFIHHYT	GFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

GMGNEWI	GXPMGI	GHSVALI	GRENTI	GRENTGI	GXPHSNI
GXPHSGI	GFIHHMNI	GFIHHMLI	GFIHMNLI	GFIHHMPI	GFIHHMBI
GFIHHMTI	GFIHHMII	GFIHHYRI	GFIHHYLI	GFIHHYNI	GFIHHYPI
GFIHHYBI	GFIHHYTI	GFIHHYII			

Record Type GINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable GIVFIO.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables GPRRS2I GPRIPN GPRWHY GPRFEHQ GPRSEHQ GPRFITB GPRJBFT GTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record GJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record GINCOME.

Cases, new at this wave, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable GMEMORIG. These cases are all treated as new entrants. The extension of the sample to Northern Ireland implies an extension of the coding frames for newspaper readership and political support questions. In order to provide a bridge to previous ECHP data, the start of the reference period for income and job history data for the sub-sample was 1 January 1996, rather than 1 September 1996 as for the main sample. As a result five new variables were introduced in parallel with main BHPS data, GJBBGLYE (instead of GJBBGLY), GPAYLYE, GPAYLWE, GPAYLGE (for GPAYLY, GPAYLW, GPAYLG), and GCJSBLYE (for GCJSBLY). Values for GJBBGLY and GCJSBLY were also computed for ECHP cases. See also the note to record types GJOBHIST and GINCOME.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from GIVFIO to GREGION and from GHGR2R onwards. The variables GREGION GHHSIZE GHHTYPE GTENURE and GFIHHMN are copied from record GHHRESP. The variables GIVFIO GIODC and GHGR2R to GHOH are copied from record GINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of GPRFITB):

GJ2PAY	GFIYRDI	GPRFITB	GPAYGU	GPAYNU	GPAYGTY
GPAYGLY	GPAYNTY	GPAYNLY	GJSPROF	GJSPAYG	GFIMNP
GFIMNB	GFIMNI	GFIMNT	GFIMNNL	GFIMNL	GFIMN
GFIYRL	GFIYRNL	GFIYRP	GFIYRB	GFIYRT	GFIYRI
GFIYR	GSPPAYG	GFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

GJ2PAYI	GFIYRDII	GPRFITBI	GPAYGUI	GPAYNUI	GPAYGTI
GPAYGLI	GPAYNTI	GPAYNLI	GJSPROFI	GJSPAYGI	GFIMNPI
GFIMNBI	GFIMNII	GFIMNTI	GFIMNNLI	GFIMNLI	FIMNTHI
GFIYRLI	GFIYRNLI	GFIYRPI	GFIYRBI	GFIYRTI	GFIYRII
GFIYEARI	GSPPAYGI	GFIHHMNI			

Record Type GJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1996 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

For the main sample, these records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1996. Some records relate to members of the ECHP sub-sample, introduced at this wave. These can be identified from the variable GMEMORIG on record type GINDRESP. Some of the records for these cases cover spells which ended before 1.9.96. This is because the ECHP reference period began at 1.1.96, as indicated on the note to record type GINDRESP. These records can be identified from the flag variable GJHEPFLG. The additional key GJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from GJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (GJHSTAT=1), then the values for GJHSIC GJHSECT and GJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

GJHGPAY GJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

GJHGPAYI, GJHNPAYI

Record Type GINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where GNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables GF101 - GF159) then there will exist at least one GINCOME record with a corresponding value of GFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, GINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables GNFR or GFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

GFIM01L - GFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable GFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M7DV.CFIM.

Some records will relate to cases from the ECHP sub-sample. These can be identified from the variable GMEMORIG on record type GINDRESP. These cases use a longer reference period, back to January 1996, as indicated on the note to record type GINDRESP. These cases should have valid values for the variables GFREC01 to GFREC08, and also GFIM01L to GFIM08L.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

GFRVAL GFIM09L to GFIM01N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

GFRVALI (This also implies imputation on GFIM09L to GFIM12T)

Record Type GEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if GPNO = 1 and GOPNO = 3 and GREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable GLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type GYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1997. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable GIVFIO. The variable GYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. The record contains the normal key variables GHID and GPNO, and children may be

matched to their parents through the record GEGOALT. See the note to the record type GINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Children aged 11 to 15 in the ECHP sub-sample were not eligible for the young persons questionnaire at this wave.

III.18. WAVE EIGHT: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

Record Type HHHSAMP

Record Type HHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records HHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable HIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable HHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from HXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type HINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on HHID and HPNO. There will be one HINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one HINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable HFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type HINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding HINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable HIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases, introduced at wave seven, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from HAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type HHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have HHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the HHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable HHHDC. Cases, new at wave seven, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable HHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from HHHDC onwards. Of these, HXHWGHT HREGION and HLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record HHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

HMGNEW	HXPMG	HHSVAL	HRENT	HRENTG	HXPHSN
HXPHSG	HFIHHMN	HFIHHML	HFIHHMNL	HFIHHMP	HFIHHMB
HFIHHMT	HFIHHMI	HFIHHYR	HFIHHYL	HFIHHYNL	HFIHHYP
HFIHHYB	HFIHHYT	HFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

HMGNEWI	HXPMGI	HHSVALI	HRENTI	HRENTGI	HXPHSNI
HXPHSGI	HFIHHMNI	HFIHHMLI	HFIHMNLI	HFIHHMPI	HFIHHMBI
HFIHHMTI	HFIHHMII	HFIHHYRI	HFIHHYLI	HFIHHYNI	HFIHHYPI
HFIHHYBI	HFIHHYTI	HFIHHYII			

Record Type HINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable HIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D70-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables HPRRS2I HPRIPN HPRWHY HPRFEHQ HPRSEHQ HPRFITB HPRJBFT HTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record HJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record HINCOME.

Cases, new at wave seven, from the former ECHP sample can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from HIVFIO to HREGION and from HHGR2R onwards. The variables HREGION HHHSIZE HHHTYPE HTENURE and HFIHHMN are copied from record HHHRESP. The variables HIVFIO HIODC and HHGR2R to HHOH are copied from record HINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of HPRFITB):

HJ2PAY	HFIYRDI	HPRFITB	HPAYGU	HPAYNU	HPAYGTY
HPAYGLY	HPAYNTY	HPAYNLY	HJSPROF	HJSPAYG	HFIMNP
HFIMNB	HFIMNI	HFIMNT	HFIMNNL	HFIMNL	HFIMN
HFIYRL	HFIYRNL	HFIYRP	HFIYRB	HFIYRT	HFIYRI
HFIYR	HSPPAYG	HFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

HJ2PAYI	HFIYRDII	HPRFITBI	HPAYGUI	HPAYNUI	HPAYGTI
HPAYGLI	HPAYNTI	HPAYNLI	HJSPROFI	HJSPAYGI	HFIMNPI
HFIMNBI	HFIMNII	HFIMNTI	HFIMNNLI	HFIMNLI	HIMNTHI
HFIYRLI	HFIYRNLI	HFIYRPI	HFIYRBI	HFIYRTI	HFIYRII
HFIYEARI	HSPPAYGI	HFIHHMNI			

Record Type HJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1997 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1997. Some records relate to members of the ECHP sub-sample, introduced at wave seven. These can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG on record type HINDRESP. The additional key HJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from HJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (HJHSTAT=1), then the values for HJHSIC HJHSECT and HJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

HJHGPAY HJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

HJHGPAYI, HJHNPAYI

Record Type HINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where HNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables HF101 - HF159) then there will exist at least one HINCOME record with a corresponding value of HFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, HINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables HNFR or HFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

HFIM01L - HFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable HFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M8DV.HFIM.

Some records will relate to cases from the ECHP sub-sample, introduced at wave seven. These can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG on record type HINDRESP.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

HFRVAL HFIM09L to HFIM01N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

hFRVALI (This also implies imputation on HFIM09L to HFIM12T)

Record Type HEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if HPNO = 1 and HOPNO = 3 and HREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable HLWSTAT and HNWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type HYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1998. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable HIVFIO. The variable HYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the ECHP sub-sample. The record contains the normal key variables HHID and HPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record HEGOALT. See the note to the record type HINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Children aged 11 to 15 in the ECHP sub-sample were eligible for the young persons questionnaire for the first time at this wave.

III.19. WAVE NINE: Record Types and Wave Specific Information

Record Type IHHSAMP

Record Type IHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records IHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable IIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable IHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from IXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type IINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on IHID and IPNO. There will be one IINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one IINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable IFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable IMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type IINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding IINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable IIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from IAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type IHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have IHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the IHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable IHHDC. Cases, from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable IHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from IHHDC onwards. Of these, IXHWGHT IREGION and ILADISTC are direct copies of variables on record IHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

IMGNEW	IXPMG	IHSVAL	IHRENT	IRENTGI	IXPHSN
IXPHSG	IFIHHMN	IFIHHML	IFIHHMNL	IFIHHMP	IFIHHMB
IFIHHMT	IFIHHMI	IFIHHYR	IFIHHYL	IFIHHYNL	IFIHHYP
IFIHHYB	IFIHHYT	IFIHHYI			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

IMGNEWI	IXPMGI	IHSVALI	IRENTI	IRENTGI	IXPHSNI
IXPHSGI	IFIHHMNI	IFIHHMLI	IFIHMNLI	IFIHHMPI	IFIHHMBI
IFIHHMTI	IFIHHMII	IFIHHYRI	IFIHHYLI	IFIHHYNI	IFIHHYPI
IFIHHYBI	IFIHHYTI	IFIHHYII			

Record Type IINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable IIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables IPRRS2I IPRIPN IPRWHY IPRFEHQ IPRSEHQ IPRFITB IPRJBFT ITELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct

equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record IJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record IINCOME.

Cases, from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable HMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from IIVFIO to IREGION and from IHGR2R onwards. The variables IREGION IHHSIZE IHHTYPE ITENURE and IFIHHMN are copied from record IHHRESP. The variables IIVFIO IIODC and IHGR2R to IHOH are copied from record IINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of IPRFITB):

IJ2PAY	IFIYRDI	IPRFITB	IPAYGU	IPAYNU	IPAYGTY
HPAYGLY	IPAYNTY	IPAYNLY	IJSPROF	IJSPAYG	IFIMNP
IFIMNB	IFIMNI	IFIMNT	IFIMNNL	IFIMNL	IFIMN
IFIYRL	IFIYRNL	IFIYRP	IFIYRB	IFIYRT	IFIYRI
IFIYR	ISPPAYG	IFIHHMN			

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

IJ2PAYI	IFIYRDII	IPRFITBI	IPAYGUI	IPAYNUI	IPAYGTI
IPAYGLI	IPAYNTI	IPAYNLI	IJSPROFI	IJSPAYGI	IFIMNPI
IFIMNBI	IFIMNII	IFIMNTI	IFIMNNLI	IFIMNLI	IFIMNTHI
IFIYRLI	IFIYRNLI	IFIYRPI	IFIYRBI	IFIYRTI	IFIYRII
IFIYEARI	ISPPAYGI	IFIHHMNI			

Record Type IJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1998 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1998. The additional key IJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from IJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (IJHSTAT=1), then the values for IJHSIC IJHSECT and IJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

IJHGPAY IJHNPAY

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

IJHGPAYI, IJHNPAYI

Record Type IINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where INF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables IF101 - IF159) then there will exist at least one IINCOME record with a corresponding value of IFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and

individual receipts could not be distinguished, IINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables INFR or IFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

IFIM01L - IFIM01N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable IFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M9DV.IFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

IFRVAL IFIM09L to IFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

IFRVALI (This also implies imputation on IFIM09L to IFIM04N)

Record Type IEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if HPNO = 1 and HOPNO = 3 and HREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable ILWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type IYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 1999. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable IIVFIO. The variable IYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the ECHP sub-sample. The record contains the normal key variables IHID and IPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record IEGOALT. See the note to the record type IINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Scotland and Wales new samples did not receive this questionnaire.

III.20. WAVE TEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type JHHSAMP

Record Type JHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records JHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable JIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable JHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from JXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type JIINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on JHID and JPNO. There will be one JINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one JINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable JFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable JMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type JINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding JINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable JIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable JMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from JAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type JHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have JHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the JHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable JHHDC. Cases, from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable JHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from JHHDC onwards. Of these, JXHWGHT JREGION and JLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record JHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

JMGNEW	JXPMG	JHSVAL	JHRENT	JRENTGI	JXPHSN
JXPHSG	JFIHHMN	JFIHHML	JFIHHMNL	JFIHHMP	JFIHHMB
JFIHHMT	JFIHHMI	JFIHHYR	JFIHHYL	JFIHHYNL	JFIHHYP
JFIHHYB	JFIHHYT	JFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

JMGNEWI	JXPMGI	JHSVALI	JRENTI	JRENTGI	JXPHSNI
JXPHSGI	JFIHHMNI	JFIHHMLI	JFIHMNLI	JFIHHMPI	JFIHHMBI
JFIHHMTI	JFIHHMII	JFIHHYRI	JFIHHYLI	JFIHHYNI	JFIHHYPI
JFIHHYBI	JFIHHYTI	JFIHHYII			

Record Type JINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable JIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables JPRRS2I JPRIPN JPRWHY JPRFEHQ JPRSEHQ JPRFITB JPRJBFT JTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record JJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record JINCOME.

Cases, from the ECHP and the Scotland and Wales sub-samples can be identified from the variable JMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from JIVFIO to JREGION and from JHGR2R onwards. The variables JREGION JHHSIZE JHHTYPE JTENURE and JFIHHMN are copied from record JHHRESP. The variables JIVFIO JIODC and JHGR2R to JHOH are copied from record JINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of JPRFITB):

JJ2PAY	JFIYRDI	JPRFITB	JPAYGU	JPAYNU	JPAYGTY
JPAYGLY	JPAYNTY	JPAYNLY	JJSPROF	JJSPAYG	JFIMNP
JFIMNB	JFIMNI	JFIMNT	JFIMNNL	JFIMNL	JFIMN
JFIYRL	JFIYRNL	JFIYRP	JFIYRB	JFIYRT	JFIYRI
JFIYR	JSPPAYG	JFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

JJ2PAYI	JFIYRDII	JPRFITBI	JPAYGUI	JPAYNUI	JPAYGTI
JPAYGLI	JPAYNTI	JPAYNLI	JJSPROFI	JJSPAYGI	JFIMNPI
JFIMNBI	JFIMNII	JFIMNTI	JFIMNNLI	JFIMNLI	JFIMNTHI
JFIYRLI	JFIYRNLI	JFIYRPI	JFIYRBI	JFIYRTI	JFIYRII
JFIYEARI	JSPPAYGI	JFIHHMNI			

Record Type JJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1998 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1998. The additional key JJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from JJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (JJHSTAT=1), then the values for JJHSIC JJHSECT and JJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

JJHGPAY JJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

JJHGPAYI JJHNPAYI

Record Type JINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where JNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables JF101 - JF159) then there will exist at least one JINCOME record with a corresponding value of JFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, JINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables JNFR or JFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

JFIM09L - JFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable JFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M10DV.JFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

JFRVAL JFIM09L to JFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

JFRVALI (This also implies imputation on JFIM09L to JFIM04N)

Record Type JEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if JPNO = 1 and JOPNO = 3 and JREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable JLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type JYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2000. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable JIVFIO. The variable JYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the ECHP sub-sample. The record contains the normal key variables JHID and JPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record JEGOALT. See the note to the record type JINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Scotland and Wales new samples did not receive this questionnaire.

III.21. WAVE ELEVEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type KHHSAMP

Record Type KHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records KHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable KIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the ECHP, the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable KHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from KXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type KINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on KHID and KPNO. There will be one KINDSAMP record for each issued individidual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one KINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable KFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the ECHP, the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable KMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type KINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding KINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable KIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the ECHP, the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable KMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from KAGE onwards.

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type KHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have KHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the KHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable KHHDC. Cases, from the ECHP, the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable KHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from KHHDC onwards. Of these, KXHWGHT KREGION and KLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record KHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

KMGNEW	KXPMG	KHSVAL	KHRENT	KRENTGI	KXPHSN
KXPHSG	KFIHHMN	KFIHHML	KFIHHMNL	KFIHHMP	KFIHHMB
KFIHHMT	KFIHHMI	KFIHHYR	KFIHHYL	KFIHHYNL	KFIHHYP
KFIHHYB	KFIHHYT	KFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

KMGNEWI	KXPMGI	KHSVALI	KRENTI	KRENTGI	KXPHSNI
KXPHSGI	KFIHHMNI	KFIHHMLI	KFIHMNLI	KFIHHMPI	KFIHHMBI
KFIHHMTI	KFIHHMII	KFIHHYRI	KFIHHYLI	KFIHHYNI	KFIHHYPI
KFIHHYBI	KFIHHYTI	KFIHHYII			

Record Type KINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable KIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables KPRRS2I KPRIPN KPRWHY KPRFEHQ KPRSEHQ KPRFITB KPRJBFT KTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record KJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record KINCOME.

Cases from the ECHP, the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable KMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from KIVFIO to KREGION and from KHGR2R onwards. The variables KREGION KHHSIZE KHHTYPE KTENURE and KFIHHMN are copied from record KHHRESP. The variables KIVFIO KIODC and KHGR2R to KHOH are copied from record KINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of KPRFITB):

KJ2PAY	KFIYRDIC	KPRFITB	KPAYGU	KPAYNU	KPAYGTY
KPAYGLY	KPAYNTY	KPAYNLY	KJSPROF	KJSPAYG	KFIMNP
KFIMNB	KFIMNI	KFIMNT	KFIMNNL	KFIMNL	KFIMN
KFIYRL	KFIYRNL	KFIYRP	KFIYRB	KFIYRT	KFIYRI
KFIYR	KSPPAYG	KFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

KJ2PAYI	KFIYRDII	KPRFITBI	KPAYGUI	KPAYNUI	KPAYGTI
KPAYGLI	KPAYNTI	KPAYNLI	KJSPROFI	KJSPAYGI	KFIMNPI
KFIMNBI	KFIMNII	KFIMNTI	KFIMNNLI	KFIMNLI	KFIMNTHI
KFIYRLI	KFIYRNLI	KFIYRPI	KFIYRBI	KFIYRTI	KFIYRII
KFIYEARI	KSPPAYGI	KFIHHMNI			

Record Type KJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 1998 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.1998. The additional key KJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from KJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (KJHSTAT=1), then the values for KJHSIC KJHSECT and KJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

KJHGPAY KJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

KJHGPAYI KJHNPAYI

Record Type KINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where KNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables KF101 - KF159) then there will exist at least one KINCOME record with a corresponding value of KFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, KINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables KNFR or KFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

KFIM09L - KFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable KFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M11DV.KFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

KFRVAL KFIM09L to KFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

KFRVALI (This also implies imputation on KFIM09L to KFIM04N)

Record Type KEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in

either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if KPNO = 1 and KOPNO = 3 and KREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable KLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type KYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2001. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable KIVFIO. The variable KYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the ECHP sub-sample and the Scotland and Wales extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables KHID and KPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record KEGOALT. See the note to the record type KINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Northern Ireland sample did not receive this questionnaire.

Record Type KMARRIAG

This record, only available for the Scotland and Wales extension sample, contains one record for each reported legal marriage before the current one, if any. It is keyed on KHID, KPNO and KMARNO. Note that the record structure is somewhat different from BMARRIAG, which contains similar data for the original main sample. Marriages are sorted in order from the earliest to the most recent, and KMARNO is in effect the marriage sequence number.

This record also contains information on cohabitation spells with the same partner which may have preceded marriage.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Nine or Wave Ten, contained in Record Types IINDALL, JINDALL, IEGOALT and JEGOALT.

See entry for KLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type KCOHABIT

This record, only available for the Scotland and Wales extension samples, contains information about each cohabitation spell outside legal marriage which the respondent has ever had, excepting those which preceded marriages, for which the information is contained on record KMARRIAG. There is a separate record for each spell reported at questions L20 and L20.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Nine or Wave Ten, contained in Record Types IINDALL, JINDALL, IEGOALT and JEGOALT.

See entry for KLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type KCHILDAD

This record, only available for the Scotland and Wales extension samples, contains information about the children respondent has either adopted, or for whom they have acted as step-parent, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question L24.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Nine or Wave Ten, contained in Record Types IINDALL, JINDALL, IEGOALT and JEGOALT.

See entry for KLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type KCHILDNT

This record, only available for the Scotland and Wales extension samples, contains information about natural children respondent has ever had or fathered, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question L27 Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Nine or Wave Ten, contained in Record Types IINDALL, JINDALL, IEGOALT and JEGOALT.

See entry for KLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type KLIFEMST

This record, only available for the Scotland and Wales extension samples, contains information about employment status spells in the period since the respondent first left full time education. There is one record for each spell reported in answer to questions L33, L34 and L35. The record contains end date for each spell except the final spell which should be recorded as not ended. The start date for each spell and the spell length in months are included as derived variables.

While data collected here may have been compared with the single year job history information to resolve internal ambiguities, there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between data collected here and that contained in the records IJOBHIST, JJOBHIST etc.

Season codes were used when the respondent could not remember exact month. Two codes for winter were offered, according to whether the event was towards the beginning or the end of the calendar year. In the calculation of spell length it was assumed, by convention, that winter (beginning of year) would be coded as January, spring as April, summer as July, autumn as October and winter (end of year) as December. However where these season codes are used in a spell which starts and finishes in the same calendar year, the length is set to -3, indicating less than 12 months but exact length indeterminate.

III.22. WAVE TWELVE: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type LHHSAMP

Record Type LHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records LHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable LIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable LHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from LXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type LINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on LHID and LPNO. There will be one LINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one LINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable LFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable LMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type LINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding LINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable LIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable LMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from LAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type LHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have LHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the LHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable LHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable LHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from LHHDC onwards. Of these, LXHWGHT LREGION and LLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record LHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

LMGNEW	LXPMG	LHSVAL	KHRENT	KRENTGI	LXPHSN
LXPHSG	LFIHHMN	LFIHHML	LFIHHMNL	LFIHHMP	LFIHHMB
LFIHHMT	LFIHHMI	LFIHHYR	LFIHHYL	LFIHHYNL	LFIHHYP
LFIHHYB	LFIHHYT	LFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

LMGNEWI	LXPMGI	LHSVALI	LRENTI	LRENTGI	LXPHSNI
LXPHSGI	LFIHHMNI	LFIHHMLI	LFIHMNLI	LFIHHMPI	LFIHHMBI
LFIHHMTI	LFIHHMII	LFIHHYRI	LFIHHYLI	LFIHHYNI	LFIHHYPI
LFIHHYBI	LFIHHYTI	LFIHHYII			

Record Type LINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable LIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables LPRRS2I LPRIPN LPRWHY LPRFEHQ LPRSEHQ LPRFITB LPRJBFT LTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record LJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record LINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable LMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from LIVFIO to LREGION and from LHGR2R onwards. The variables LREGION LHHSIZE LHHTYPE LTENURE and LFIHHMN are copied from record LHHRESP. The variables LIVFIO LIODC and LHGR2R to LHOH are copied from record LINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of LPRFITB):

LJ2PAY	LFIYRDIC	LPRFITB	LPAYGU	LPAYNU	LPAYGTY
LPAYGLY	LPAYNTY	LPAYNLY	LJSPROF	LJSPAYG	LFIMNP
LFIMNB	LFIMNI	LFIMNT	LFIMNNL	LFIMNL	LFIMN
LFIYRL	LFIYRNL	LFIYRP	LFIYRB	LFIYRT	LFIYRI
LFIYR	LSPPAYG	LFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

LJ2PAYI	LFIYRDII	LPRFITBI	LPAYGUI	LPAYNUI	LPAYGTI
LPAYGLI	LPAYNTI	LPAYNLI	LJSPROFI	LJSPAYGI	LFIMNPI
LFIMNBI	LFIMNII	LFIMNTI	LFIMNNLI	LFIMNLI	LFIMNTHI
LFIYRLI	LFIYRNLI	LFIYRPI	LFIYRBI	LFIYRTI	LFIYRII
LFIYEARI	LSPPAYGI	LFIHHMNI			

Record Type LJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2001 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2001. The additional key LJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from LJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (LJHSTAT=1), then the values for LJHSIC LJHSECT and LJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

LJHGPAY LJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

LJHGPAYI LJHNPAYI

Record Type LINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where LNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables LF101 - LF159) then there will exist at least one LINCOME record with a corresponding value of LFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, LINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables LNFR or LFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is

given on another record.

LFIM09L - LFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable LFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M12DV.LFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

LFRVAL LFIM09L to LFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

LFRVALI (This also implies imputation on LFIM09L to LFIM04N)

Record Type LEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if LPNO = 1 and LOPNO = 3 and LREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable LLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type LYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2002. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable LIVFIO. The variable LYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables LHID and LPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record LEGOALT. See the note to the record type LINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Northern Ireland sample did not receive this questionnaire.

Record Type LCHILD

This record contains information about the each of the children of the respondent including biological, step, adopted and foster children, given in answer to questions V33 to V55. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question V32. There are no records of this type for Northern Ireland cases.

Record Type LMARRIAG

This record, only available for the Northern Ireland extension sample, contains one record for each reported legal marriage before the current one, if any. It is keyed on LHID, LPNO and LMARNO. Note that the record structure is somewhat different from BMARRIAG, which contains similar data for the original main sample. Marriages are sorted in order from the earliest to the most recent, and LMARNO is in effect the marriage sequence number.

This record also contains information on cohabitation spells with the same partner which may have preceded marriage.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Eleven, contained in Record Types KINDALL and KEGOALT.

See entry for LLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type LCOHABIT

This record, only available for the Northern Ireland extension samples, contains information about each cohabitation spell outside legal marriage which the respondent has ever had, excepting those which preceded marriages, for which the information is contained on record LMARRIAG. There is a separate record for each spell reported at questions L20 and L20.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Eleven, contained in Record Types KINDALL and KEGOALT.

See entry for LLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type LCHILDAD

This record, only available for the Northern Ireland extension samples, contains information about the children respondent has either adopted, or for whom they have acted as step-parent, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question L24.

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Eleven, contained in Record Types KINDALL and KEGOALT.

See entry for LLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type LCHILDNT

This record, only available for the Northern Ireland extension samples, contains information about natural children respondent has ever had or fathered, and the periods when they resided with the respondent. There is one record for each child reported in answer to guestion L27

Note that there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between the data contained in this record, and the information about household composition and relationships at Wave Eleven, contained in Record Types KINDALL and KEGOALT.

See entry for LLIFEMST (below) for a discussion of season codes.

Record Type LLIFEMST

This record, only available for the Northern Ireland extension samples, contains information about employment status spells in the period since the respondent first left full time education. There is one record for each spell reported in answer to questions L33, L34 and L35. The record contains end date for each spell except the final spell which should be recorded as not ended. The start date for each spell and the spell length in months are included as derived variables.

While data collected here may have been compared with the single year job history information to resolve internal ambiguities, there has been no attempt to enforce consistency between data collected here and that contained in the records KJOBHIST etc.

Season codes were used when the respondent could not remember exact month. Two codes for winter were offered, according to whether the event was towards the beginning or the end of the calendar year. In the calculation of spell length it was assumed, by convention, that winter (beginning of year) would be coded as January, spring as April, summer as July, autumn as October and winter (end of year) as December. However where these season codes are used in a spell which starts and finishes in the same calendar year, the length is set to -3, indicating less than 12 months but exact

length indeterminate.

III.23. WAVE THIRTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type MHHSAMP

Record Type MHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records MHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable MIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable MHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from MXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type MINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on MHID and MPNO. There will be one MINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one MINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable MFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable MMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type MINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding MINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable MIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable MMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from MAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type MHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have MHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the MHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable MHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable MHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from MHHDC onwards. Of these, MXHWGHT MREGION

and MLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record MHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

MMGNEW	MXPMG	MHSVAL	MHRENT	MRENTGI	MXPHSN
MXPHSG	MFIHHMN	MFIHHML	MFIHHMNL	MFIHHMP	MFIHHMB
MFIHHMT	MFIHHMI	MFIHHYR	MFIHHYL	MFIHHYNL	MFIHHYP
MFIHHYB	MFIHHYT	MFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

MMGNEWI	MXPMGI	MHSVALI	MRENTI	MRENTGI	MXPHSNI
MXPHSGI	MFIHHMNI	MFIHHMLI	MFIHMNLI	MFIHHMPI	MFIHHMBI
MFIHHMTI	MFIHHMII	MFIHHYRI	MFIHHYLI	MFIHHYNI	MFIHHYPI
MFIHHYBI	MFIHHYTI	MFIHHYII			

Record Type MINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable MIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables MPRRS2I MPRIPN MPRWHY MPRFEHQ MPRSEHQ MPRFITB MPRJBFT MTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record MJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record MINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable MMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from MIVFIO to MREGION and from MHGR2R onwards. The variables MREGION MHHSIZE MHHTYPE MTENURE and MFIHHMN are copied from record MHHRESP. The variables MIVFIO MIODC and MHGR2R to MHOH are copied from record MINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of MPRFITB):

MJ2PAY	MFIYRDIC	MPRFITB	MPAYGU	MPAYNU	MPAYGTY
MPAYGLY	MPAYNTY	MPAYNLY	MJSPROF	MJSPAYG	MFIMNP
MFIMNB	MFIMNI	MFIMNT	MFIMNNL	MFIMNL	MFIMN
MFIYRL	MFIYRNL	MFIYRP	MFIYRB	MFIYRT	MFIYRI
MFIYR	MSPPAYG	MFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

MJ2PAYI	MFIYRDII	MPRFITBI	MPAYGUI	MPAYNUI	MPAYGTI
MPAYGLI	MPAYNTI	MPAYNLI	MJSPROFI	MJSPAYGI	MFIMNPI
MFIMNBI	MFIMNII	MFIMNTI	MFIMNNLI	MFIMNLI	MFIMNTHI
MFIYRLI	MFIYRNLI	MFIYRPI	MFIYRBI	MFIYRTI	MFIYRII
MFIYEARI	MSPPAYGI	MFIHHMNI			

Record Type MJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2002 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2002. The additional key MJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from MJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (MJHSTAT=1), then the values for MJHSIC MJHSECT and MJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

MJHGPAY MJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

MJHGPAYI MJHNPAYI

Record Type MINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where MNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables MF101 - MF159) then there will exist at least one MINCOME record with a corresponding value of MFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, MINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables MNFR or MFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

MFIM09L - MFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable MFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M13DV.MFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

MFRVAL MFIM09L to MFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

MFRVALI (This also implies imputation on MFIM09L to MFIM04N)

Record Type MEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if MPNO = 1 and MOPNO = 3 and MREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable MLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type MYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2003. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable MIVFIO. The variable MYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables MHID and MPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record MEGOALT. See the note to the record type MINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Northern Ireland sample did not receive this questionnaire.

Record Type MCHILD

This record contains information about the each of the children of the respondent including biological, step, adopted and foster children, given in answer to questions V31 to V52. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question V30. These records only exist for cases in Northern Ireland.

III.24. WAVE FOURTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type NHHSAMP

Record Type NHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records NHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable NIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable NHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from NXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type NINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on NHID and NPNO. There will be one NINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one NINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable NFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable NMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type NINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding NINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable NIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales

extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable NMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from NAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type NHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have NHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the NHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable NHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable NHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from NHHDC onwards. Of these, NXHWGHT NREGION and NLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record NHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

NMGNEW	NXPMG	NHSVAL	MHRENT	NRENTGI	NXPHSN
NXPHSG	NFIHHMN	NFIHHML	NFIHHMNL	NFIHHMP	NFIHHMB
NFIHHMT	NFIHHMI	NFIHHYR	MFIHHYL	NFIHHYNL	NFIHHYP
NFIHHYB	NFIHHYT	NFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

NMGNEWI	NXPMGI	NHSVALI	NRENTI	NRENTGI	NXPHSNI
NXPHSGI	NFIHHMNI	NFIHHMLI	NFIHMNLI	NFIHHMPI	NFIHHMBI
NFIHHMTI	NFIHHMII	NFIHHYRI	NFIHHYLI	NFIHHYNI	NFIHHYPI
NFIHHYRI	NFIHHYTI	NFIHHYII			

Record Type NINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable NIVFIO.

From Wave Eight, the means of collection of data on education, training and qualifications has been restructured, based around full-time education spells and other periods of education and training, and the qualifications associated with these spells. Data from these spells, based on questions D19-D27 and D69-D78, have been 'flattened' with up to two full-time spells, and up to three other spells. Previous wave variables for qualifications attained in the last year wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, are retained as derived variables, based on the new data structure. Some specific variables however are dropped since they cannot be computed.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables NPRS2I NPRIPN NPRWHY NPRFEHQ NPRSEHQ NPRFITB NPRJBFT NTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record NJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record NINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable NMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from NIVFIO to NREGION and from NHGR2R onwards. The variables NREGION NHHSIZE NHHTYPE NTENURE and NFIHHMN are copied from record NHHRESP. The variables NIVFIO NIODC and NHGR2R to NHOH are copied from record NINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of NPRFITB):

NJ2PAY	NFIYRDIC	NPRFITB	NPAYGU	NPAYNU	NPAYGTY
NPAYGLY	NPAYNTY	NPAYNLY	NJSPROF	NJSPAYG	NFIMNP
NFIMNB	NFIMNI	NFIMNT	NFIMNNL	NFIMNL	NFIMN
NFIYRL	NFIYRNL	NFIYRP	NFIYRB	NFIYRT	NFIYRI
NFIYR	NSPPAYG	NFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

NJ2PAYI	NFIYRDII	NPRFITBI	NPAYGUI	NPAYNUI	NPAYGTI
NPAYGLI	NPAYNTI	NPAYNLI	NJSPROFI	NJSPAYGI	NFIMNPI
NFIMNBI	NFIMNII	NFIMNTI	NFIMNNLI	NFIMNLI	NFIMNTHI
NFIYRLI	NFIYRNLI	NFIYRPI	NFIYRBI	NFIYRTI	NFIYRII
NFIYEARI	NSPPAYGI	NFIHHMNI			

Record Type NJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2003 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2003. The additional key NJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from NJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (NJHSTAT=1), then the values for NJHSIC NJHSECT and NJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

NJHGPAY NJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

NJHGPAYI NJHNPAYI

Record Type NINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where NNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables NF101 - NF159) then there will exist at least one NINCOME record with a corresponding value of NFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, NINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables NNFR or NFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

NFIM09L - NFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable NFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure N13DV.NFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

NFRVAL NFIM09L to NFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

NFRVALI (This also implies imputation on NFIM09L to NFIM04N)

Record Type NEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if NPNO = 1 and NOPNO = 3 and NREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable NLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type NYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2004. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable NIVFIO. The variable NYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables NHID and NPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record NEGOALT. See the note to the record type NINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents. Young people in the Northern Ireland sample did not receive this questionnaire.

III.25. WAVE FIFTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type OHHSAMP

Record Type OHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records OHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable OIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable OHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from OXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type OINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on OHID and OPNO. There will be one OINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one OINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable OFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales

extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable OMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type OINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding OINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable OIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable OMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from OAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type OHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have OHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the OHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable OHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable OHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from OHHDC onwards. Of these, OXHWGHT OREGION and OLADISTC are direct copies of variables on record OHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

OMGNEW	OXPMG	OHSVAL	OHRENT	ORENTGI	OXPHSN
OXPHSG	OFIHHMN	OFIHHML	OFIHHMNL	OFIHHMP	OFIHHMB
OFIHHMT	OFIHHMI	OFIHHYR	OFIHHYL	OFIHHYNL	OFIHHYP
OFIHHYB	OFIHHYT	OFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

OMGNEWI	OXPMGI	OHSVALI	ORENTI	ORENTGI	OXPHSNI
OXPHSGI	OFIHHMNI	OFIHHMLI	OFIHMNLI	OFIHHMPI	OFIHHMBI
OFIHHMTI	OFIHHMII	OFIHHYRI	OFIHHYLI	OFIHHYNI	OFIHHYPI
OFIHHYBI	OFIHHYTI	OFIHHYII			

Record Type OINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable OIVFIO.

From Wave Fifteen, the means of collection of data on qualifications has been restructured. Respondents are asked at one point whether they have obtained qualifications in the last year, instead of being asked about qualifications obtained associated with each spell of education and training, as was the case between waves 8 and 14. Other information about these spells is still collected. Qualifications attained in the last year are contained in the variables wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, which were derived variables between wave 8 and 14.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables OPRRS2I OPRIPN OPRWHY OPRFEHQ OPRSEHQ OPRFITB OPRJBFT OTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record OJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record OINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable OMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from OIVFIO to OREGION and from OHGR2R onwards. The variables OREGION OHHSIZE OHHTYPE OTENURE and OFIHHMN are copied from record OHHRESP. The variables OIVFIO OIODC and OHGR2R to OHOH are copied from record OINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of OPRFITB):

OJ2PAY	OFIYRDIC	OPRFITB	OPAYGU	OPAYNU	OPAYGTY
OPAYGLY	OPAYNTY	OPAYNLY	OJSPROF	OJSPAYG	OFIMNP
OFIMNB	OFIMNI	OFIMNT	OFIMNNL	OFIMNL	OFIMN
OFIYRL	OFIYRNL	OFIYRP	OFIYRB	OFIYRT	OFIYRI
OFIYR	OSPPAYG	OFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

OJ2PAYI	OFIYRDII	OPRFITBI	OPAYGUI	OPAYNUI	OPAYGTI
OPAYGLI	OPAYNTI	OPAYNLI	OJSPROFI	OJSPAYGI	OFIMNPI
OFIMNBI	OFIMNII	OFIMNTI	OFIMNNLI	OFIMNLI	OFIMNTHI
OFIYRLI	OFIYRNLI	OFIYRPI	OFIYRBI	OFIYRTI	OFIYRII
OFIYEARI	OSPPAYGI	OFIHHMNI			

Record Type OJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2004 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J12-J14, with job characteristic information from questions J16 to J31 appended where relevant.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2004. The additional key OJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first.

Derived variables are those from OJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (OJHSTAT=1), then the values for OJHSIC OJHSECT and OJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

OJHGPAY OJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

OJHGPAYI OJHNPAYI

Record Type OINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where ONF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables OF101 -

OF159) then there will exist at least one OINCOME record with a corresponding value of OFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, OINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables ONFR or OFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

OFIM09L - OFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable OFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure O13DV.NFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

OFRVAL OFIM09L to OFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

OFRVALI (This also implies imputation on OFIM09L to OFIM04N)

Record Type OEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if OPNO = 1 and OOPNO = 3 and OREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable OLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type OYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2005. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable OIVFIO. The variable OYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables OHID and OPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record OEGOALT. See the note to the record type OINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

III.26. WAVE SIXTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type PHHSAMP

Record Type PHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records PHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable PIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable PHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from PXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type PINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on PHID and PPNO. There will be one PINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one PINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable PFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable PMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type PINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding PINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable PIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable PMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from PAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type PHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have PHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the PHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable PHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable PHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from PHHDC onwards. Of these, PXHWGHT and PREGION are direct copies of variables on record PHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

PMGNEW	PXPMG	PHSVAL	PHRENT	PRENTGI	PXPHSN
PXPHSG	PFIHHMN	PFIHHML	PFIHHMNL	PFIHHMP	PFIHHMB
PFIHHMT	PFIHHMI	PFIHHYR	PFIHHYL	PFIHHYNL	PFIHHYP
PFIHHYB	PFIHHYT	PFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

PMGNEWI	PXPMGI	PHSVALI	PRENTI	PRENTGI	PXPHSNI
PXPHSGI	PFIHHMNI	PFIHHMLI	PFIHMNLI	PFIHHMPI	PFIHHMBI
PFIHHMTI	PFIHHMII	PFIHHYRI	PFIHHYLI	PFIHHYNI	PFIHHYPI
PFIHHYBI	PFIHHYTI	PFIHHYII			

Record Type PINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable PIVFIO.

From Wave Fifteen, the means of collection of data on qualifications has been restructured. Respondents are asked at one point whether they have obtained qualifications in the last year, instead of being asked about qualifications obtained associated with each spell of education and training, as was the case between waves 8 and 14. Other information about these spells is still collected. Qualifications attained in the last year are contained in the variables wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, which were derived variables between wave 8 and 14.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables PPRRS2I PPRIPN PPRWHY PPRFEHQ PPRSEHQ PPRFITB PPRJBFT PTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record PJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record PINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable PMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from PIVFIO to PREGION and from PHGR2R onwards. The variables PREGION PHHSIZE PHHTYPE PTENURE and PFIHHMN are copied from record PHHRESP. The variables PIVFIO PIODC and PHGR2R to PHOH are copied from record PINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of PPRFITB):

PJ2PAY	PFIYRDIC	PPRFITB	PPAYGU	PPAYNU	PPAYGTY
PPAYGLY	PPAYNTY	PPAYNLY	PJSPROF	PJSPAYG	PFIMNP
PFIMNB	PFIMNI	PFIMNT	PFIMNNL	PFIMNL	PFIMN
PFIYRL	PFIYRNL	PFIYRP	PFIYRB	PFIYRT	PFIYRI
PFIYR	PSPPAYG	PFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

PJ2PAYI	PFIYRDII	PPRFITBI	PPAYGUI	PPAYNUI	PPAYGTI
PPAYGLI	PPAYNTI	PPAYNLI	PJSPRPFI	PJSPAYGI	PFIMNPI
PFIMNBI	PFIMNII	PFIMNTI	PFIMNNLI	PFIMNLI	PFIMNTHI
PFIYRLI	PFIYRNLI	PFIYRPI	PFIYRBI	PFIYRTI	PFIYRII
PFIYEARI	PSPPAYGI	PFIHHMNI			

Record Type PJOBHSTD

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2005 to the date of interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J10 and J10b. In contrast to the annual employment history collected at waves 1 to 15, and contained in record wJOBHIST, the sequence of spells works forward from the situation at the time of the previous which is fed forward using dependent interviewing (or is asked if the respondent was not interviewed at the previous waves). See section IV.18 for further information on dependent interviewing. Data from this record have been reconstructed into the format as collected at previous waves. These data are contained in record PJOBHIST.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2005. The additional key PJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of PJSPNO on PJOBHIST and PJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Record Type PINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where PNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables PF101 - PF159) then there will exist at least one PINCOME record with a corresponding value of PFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, PINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables PNFR or PFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

PFIM09L - PFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable PFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure P16DV.NFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

PFRVAL PFIM09L to PFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

PFRVALI (This also implies imputation on PFIM09L to PFIM04N)

Record Type PEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if PPNO = 1 and POPNO = 3 and PREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable PLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type PYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2006. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable PIVFIO. The variable PYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables PHID and PPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record PEGOALT. See the note to the record type PINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

Record Type PJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2005 to the date of interview. It is derived from the data contained in PJOBHSTD, which is collected in a different format from that used at waves 1 to 15, and is based on fed forward data from the previous wave. It has the same structure as wJOBHIST for previous waves with the order of spells being backward from the current spell to 1st September 2005. For continuing respondents, information

about the situation at the time of the last interview has been copied from previous wave. For new respondents detailed information about the job held 12 months earlier is not available.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2005. The additional key PJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of PJSPNO on PJOBHIST and PJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Derived variables are those from PJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (OJHSTAT=1), then the values for PJHSIC PJHSECT and PJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

PJHGPAY PJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

PJHGPAYI PJHNPAYI

III.27. WAVE SEVENTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type QHHSAMP

Record Type QHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records QHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable QIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable QHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from QXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type QINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on QHID and QPNO. There will be one QINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one QINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable QFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable QMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type QINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding QINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable QIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable QMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from QAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type QHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have QHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the QHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable QHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable QHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from QHHDC onwards. Of these, QXHWGHT and QREGION are direct copies of variables on record QHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

QMGNEW	QXPMG	QHSVAL	QHRENT	QRENTGI	QXPHSN
QXPHSG	QFIHHMN	QFIHHML	QFIHHMNL	QFIHHMP	QFIHHMB
QFIHHMT	QFIHHMI	QFIHHYR	QFIHHYL	QFIHHYNL	QFIHHYP
QFIHHYB	QFIHHYT	QFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

QMGNEWI	QXPMGI	QHSVALI	QRENTI	QRENTGI	QXPHSNI
QXPHSGI	QFIHHMNI	QFIHHMLI	QFIHMNLI	QFIHHMPI	QFIHHMBI
QFIHHMTI	QFIHHMII	QFIHHYRI	QFIHHYLI	QFIHHYNI	QFIHHYPI
QFIHHYBI	QFIHHYTI	QFIHHYII			

Record Type QINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable QIVFIO.

From Wave Fifteen, the means of collection of data on qualifications has been restructured. Respondents are asked at one point whether they have obtained qualifications in the last year, instead of being asked about qualifications obtained associated with each spell of education and training, as was the case between waves 8 and 14. Other information about these spells is still collected. Qualifications attained in the last year are contained in the variables wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, which were derived variables between wave 8 and 14.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables QPRRS2I QPRIPN QPRWHY QPRFEHQ QPRSEHQ QPRFITB QPRJBFT QTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record QJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record QINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable QMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from QIVFIO to QREGION and from QHGR2R onwards. The variables QREGION QHHSIZE QHHTYPE QTENURE and QFIHHMN are copied from record QHHRESP. The variables QIVFIO QIODC and QHGR2R to QHOH are copied from record QINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of QPRFITB):

QJ2PAY	QFIYRDIC	QPRFITB	QPAYGU	QPAYNU	QPAYGTY
QPAYGLY	QPAYNTY	QPAYNLY	QJSPROF	QJSPAYG	QFIMNP
QFIMNB	QFIMNI	QFIMNT	QFIMNNL	QFIMNL	QFIMN
QFIYRL	QFIYRNL	QFIYRP	QFIYRB	QFIYRT	QFIYRI
QFIYR	QSPPAYG	QFIHHMN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

QJ2PAYI	QFIYRDII	QPRFITBI	QPAYGUI	QPAYNUI	QPAYGTI
QPAYGLI	QPAYNTI	QPAYNLI	QJSPRPFI	QJSPAYGI	QFIMNPI
QFIMNBI	QFIMNII	QFIMNTI	QFIMNNLI	QFIMNLI	QFIMNTHI
QFIYRLI	QFIYRNLI	QFIYRPI	QFIYRBI	QFIYRTI	QFIYRII
QFIYEARI	QSPPAYGI	QFIHHMNI			

Record Type QJOBHSTD

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from the date of the interview at wave 16 or 1st September 2006 if there was no interview to the date of wave 17 interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J10 and J10b. In contrast to the annual employment history collected at waves 1 to 15, and contained in record wJOBHIST, the sequence of spells works forward from the situation at the time of the previous interview which is fed forward using dependent interviewing (or is asked if the respondent was not interviewed at the previous waves). See section IV.18 for further information on dependent interviewing. Data from this record have been reconstructed into the format as collected at previous waves. These data are contained in record QJOBHIST.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2006. The additional key QJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of QJSPNO on QJOBHIST and QJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Record Type QINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where QNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables QF101 - QF159) then there will exist at least one QINCOME record with a corresponding value of QFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, QINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables QNFR or QFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

QFIM09L - QFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable QFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M17DV.QFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

QFRVAL QFIM09L to QFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

QFRVALI (This also implies imputation on QFIM09L to QFIM04N)

Record Type QEGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if QPNO = 1 and QOPNO = 3 and QREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable QLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type QYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons' questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2007. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable QIVFIO. The variable QYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables QHID and QPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record QEGOALT. See the note to the record type QINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

Record Type QJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2006 to the date of interview. It is derived from the data contained in QJOBHSTD, which is collected in a different format from that used at waves 1 to 15, and is based on fed forward data from the previous wave. It has the same structure as wJOBHIST for previous waves with the order of spells being backward from the current spell to 1st September 2007. For continuing respondents, information about the situation at the time of the last interview has been copied from previous wave. For new respondents detailed information about the iob held 12 months earlier is not available.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2006. The additional key QJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of QJSPNO on QJOBHIST and QJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Derived variables are those from QJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (OJHSTAT=1), then the values for QJHSIC QJHSECT and QJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

QJHGPAY QJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

QJHGPAYI QJHNPAYI

Record Type QCHILD

This record contains information about the each of the children of the respondent including biological, step, adopted and foster children, given in answer to questions RV46 to V69. There is one record for each child reported in answer to question RV45.

III.28. WAVE EIGHTEEN: Record Types and Wave-Specific Information

Record Type RHHSAMP

Record Type RHHSAMP contains fieldwork control, interview outcome and weighting information. There is one record for each issued household, and records for additional households which split off from an issued household. (See the User Documentation for a detailed description of the fieldwork process.)

Respondent households, for which records RHHRESP etc will exist may be identified from the variable RIVFHO. Note that the coding frame for this variable is substantially different from that used at Wave One. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable RHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from RXHWGHT onwards.

Record Type RINDSAMP

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Cover sheet. The record is keyed on RHID and RPNO. There will be one RINDSAMP record for each issued individual at each household where they were expected to be found, either at first issue, or as a result of a move uncovered during the fieldwork process, and additionally a record for each new entrant identified at a contacted household. Thus any individual may be represented by more than one RINDSAMP record, if they were understood to have moved. The variable RFINLOC enables the last household where the sample member was expected to be found to be identified. Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable RMEMORIG.

This record will contain information about dates of departure and reasons for departure for sample members who left respondent households. It will also contain last enumeration information about sample members who have died.

Record Type RINDALL

This record contains individual level variables derived from the Household Composition Form. There is one record for each individual enumerated in a respondent household. This record is the only one containing individual level data on children and other non-respondents.

Full and Proxy respondents for whom a corresponding RINDRESP record exists may be identified from the variable RIVFIO (individual interview outcome). Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable RMEMORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from RAGE onwards.

See section V.2 for a full discussion of the use of the weights contained on this record type.

Record Type RHHRESP

This record contains data from the Household Questionnaire and household level information from the Household Composition Form for respondent households. There is one record for each household.

Households with response code 14 `telephone interview only' will have RHHRESP records, but with most variables taking the missing value code -7.

For the households with response code 43 - `proxy taken at Wave One address' the RHHRESP record will exist, entirely consist of missing values. In addition a small number of households were

missing household questionnaires - these may be identified from the variable RHHDC. Cases, from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable RHHORIG.

Derived and additional variables are those from RHHDC onwards. Of these, RXHWGHT and RREGION are direct copies of variables on record RHHSAMP.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed:

RMGNEW	RXPMG	RHSVAL	RHRENT	RRENTGI	RXPHSN
RXPHSG	RFIHHMN	RFIHHML	RFIHHMNL	RFIHHMP	RFIHHMB
RFIHHMT	RFIHHMI	RFIHHYR	RFIHHYL	RFIHHYNL	RFIHHYP
RFIHHYB	RFIHHYT	RFIHHYI			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below:

RMGNEWI	RXPMGI	RHSVALI	RRENTI	RRENTGI	RXPHSNI
RXPHSGI	RFIHHMNI	RFIHHMLI	RFIHMNLI	RFIHHMPI	RFIHHMBI
RFIHHMTI	RFIHHMII	RFIHHYRI	RFIHHYLI	RFIHHYNI	RFIHHYPI
RFIHHYBI	RFIHHYTI	RFIHHYII			

Record Type RINDRESP

This record contains individual data from full and proxy questionnaires. Data from the Household Composition Form is also copied to this record. Proxy and telephone respondents may be distinguished from main questionnaire respondents on the basis of the variable RIVFIO.

From Wave Fifteen, the means of collection of data on qualifications has been restructured. Respondents are asked at one point whether they have obtained qualifications in the last year, instead of being asked about qualifications obtained associated with each spell of education and training, as was the case between waves 8 and 14. Other information about these spells is still collected. Qualifications attained in the last year are contained in the variables wQFX to wQFXN and wQFEDX to wNQFEXK, which were derived variables between wave 8 and 14.

Proxy and telephone data is copied to equivalent full questionnaire variables. Where there is no equivalent variable, values are set to -7 (inapplicable). The variables RPRRS2I RPRIPN RPRWHY RPRFEHQ RPRSEHQ RPRFITB RPRJBFT RTELWHY etc correspond to questions which have no direct equivalent in the full questionnaire. They are inapplicable for full respondents.

Data from the job history are contained on record RJOBHIST, except for a number of derived variables. Similarly detailed data on payment receipts from questions F3a - F3f are contained on record RINCOME.

Cases from the Scotland and Wales extension samples, and the Northern Ireland sample can be identified from the variable RMEMORIG.

Derived and additional copied variables are those from RIVFIO to RREGION and from RHGR2R onwards. The variables RREGION RHHSIZE RHHTYPE RTENURE and RFIHHMN are copied from record RHHRESP. The variables RIVFIO RIODC and RHGR2R to RHOH are copied from record RINDALL.

The following variables have data for all missing cases imputed (note that proxy cases do not have imputed values except in the case of RPRFITB):

RJ2PAY	RFIYRDIC	RPRFITB	RPAYGU	RPAYNU	RPAYGTY
RPAYGLY	RPAYNTY	RPAYNLY	RJSPROF	RJSPAYG	RFIMNP
RFIMNB	RFIMNI	RFIMNT	RFIMNNL	RFIMNL	RFIMN
RFIYRL	RFIYRNL	RFIYRP	RFIYRB	RFIYRT	RFIYRI
RFIYR RSPPA	AYG RFIHH	MN			

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

RJ2PAYI	RFIYRDII	RPRFITBI	RPAYGUI	RPAYNUI	RPAYGTI
RPAYGLI	RPAYNTI	RPAYNLI	RJSPRPFI	RJSPAYGI	RFIMNPI
RFIMNBI	RFIMNII	RFIMNTI	RFIMNNLI	RFIMNLI	RFIMNTHI
RFIYRLI	RFIYRNLI	RFIYRPI	RFIYRBI	RFIYRTI	RFIYRII
RFIYEARI	RSPPAYGI	RFIHHMNI			

Record Type RJOBHSTD

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from the date of the interview at wave 16 or 1st September 2006 if there was no interview to the date of wave 17 interview. There is one record for each spell identified at questions J10 and J10b. In contrast to the annual employment history collected at waves 1 to 15, and contained in record wJOBHIST, the sequence of spells works forward from the situation at the time of the previous interview which is fed forward using dependent interviewing (or is asked if the respondent was not interviewed at the previous waves). See section IV.18 for further information on dependent interviewing. Data from this record have been reconstructed into the format as collected at previous waves. These data are contained in record RJOBHIST.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2006. The additional key RJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of RJSPNO on RJOBHIST and RJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Record Type RINCOME

This record contains income and payment data. There is one record for each payment recorded at question F3.

This record will only exist for respondents with one or more payments recorded at question F1, (i.e. where RNF1 is greater than 0). For each payment identified at question F1 (i.e. in variables RF101 - RF159) then there will exist at least one RINCOME record with a corresponding value of RFICODE.

In those cases where payments from multiple sources were combined in a single payments and individual receipts could not be distinguished, RINCOME records will exist for each source, but the variables RNFR or RFRVAL may indicate that multiple amounts are referred to, or that the amount is given on another record.

RFIM09L - RFIM04N are derived variables indicating the estimated amount received in each month, taking into account joint receipt and changes in welfare benefit levels. These calculations depend on the variable RFRJTVF, which is a flag variable identifying whether a reported jointly received payment can be matched to any other persons payment. The code constructing these variables is in the procedure M18DV.RFIM.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

RFRVAL RFIM09L to RFIM04N

See the User Documentation for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below. Note that a value is not imputed where the missing value code is -3 `amount included elsewhere'.

RFRVALI (This also implies imputation on RFIM09L to RFIM04N)

Record Type REGOALT

This record provides a mechanism for identifying the relationship of each individual in a household to all others. There are two records for each relationship pair to separately identify the relationship in either direction (e.g. one record identifies that person 1 is the parent of person 3, while another record identifies that person 3 is the child of person 1). The relationship codes are not gendered, so the sex of each person is also given.

The relationship given is that of the second person to the first (e.g. if RPNO = 1 and ROPNO = 3 and RREL = 4 (natural child)) then person 3 is the natural child of person 1.

The variable RLWSTAT allows the computation of household composition change measures since Wave Two.

Record Type RYOUTH

This record type contains responses to the Young persons' questionnaire, asked of children aged 11 to 15 on 1st December 2007. There will be one record for each respondent young person. Such respondents have the value 21 for the final interview outcome variable RIVFIO. The variable RYPWGHT contains an individual cross-sectional weight to be used specifically with the young person responses. Note that this weight assumes the inclusion of cases from the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples. The record contains the normal key variables RHID and RPNO, and children may be matched to their parents through the record REGOALT. See the note to the record type RINDRESP above for a discussion of corresponding parental questions. Note that these questions are asked of both natural parents and step parents.

Record Type RJOBHIST

This record contains information from the employment history over the period from 1st September 2006 to the date of interview. It is derived from the data contained in RJOBHSTD, which is collected in a different format from that used at waves 1 to 15, and is based on fed forward data from the previous wave. It has the same structure as wJOBHIST for previous waves with the order of spells being backward from the current spell to 1st September 2007. For continuing respondents, information about the situation at the time of the last interview has been copied from previous wave. For new respondents detailed information about the job held 12 months earlier is not available.

These records will only exist for respondents whose current labour force spell began after 1.9.2006. The additional key RJSPNO, identifies the sequence of job spell, with the most recent first. Note that values of RJSPNO on RJOBHIST and RJOBHSTD refer to different spells.

Derived variables are those from RJHENDD onwards. Where a job is with the same employer as previously mentioned and/or at the same workplace (OJHSTAT=1), then the values for RJHSIC RJHSECT and RJHSIZE are copied from the relevant record.

The following variables have all missing data imputed:

RJHGPAY RJHNPAY

See Section V.3 for a full discussion of imputation. Imputation flag variables are listed below.

RJHGPAYI RJHNPAYI

III.29. Related Data Sets

Two additional BHPS datasets have been deposited with the Data Archive. They contain additional derived variables and restructured data to facilitate particular types of analysis.

1. **Derived Net Income Variables for BHPS Waves 1-12**, deposited by Elena Bardasi and Stephen Jenkins

This data set provided net income variables for BHPS waves 1-12 for household in which all eligible adults gave a full interview (i.e. BHPS variable {a|b|c|d|e|f ivfho}=10). The new derived variables are an unofficial supplement to the derived variables supplied in the official release of the BHPS (see Taylor *et al* 1996). Observe that the derived variables in the official release refer to gross income, i.e. income before deductions for income tax, NI, pension contributions and local taxes have been made. Our net incomes for waves 1-12 have been derived using the June 2004 release of the BHPS. This release implies no specific commitment to provide similar variables for subsequent BHPS waves.

Our aim has been to produce a longitudinal complement to the cross section income distribution information provided by the Department of Social Security's Households Below Average Income (HBAI) reports, and to this end we have adhered closely to the HBAI definition of net income (DSS 1993). The authors have used these data in research covering various aspects of income mobility and poverty dynamics in the UK.

2. Unified BHPS work-life histories deposited by Brendan Halpin.

The British Household Panel Study collects extensive labour market history information from its respondents, both during the panel period and retrospectively from labour market entry. That this information is of necessity stored in multiple locations, and of varying levels of detail, has made use somewhat inconvenient. This group of datasets brings the labour market information together in more convenient formats including both monthly calendar files and spell files. The documentation discusses some of the problems of retrospective and panel longitudinal data, and discusses issues of recall error and measurement error which have had to be reached in bringing these data together. Technical paper 13 *Unified BHPS Work-life Histories: Combining Multiple Sources into a User-friendly Format* Brendan Halpin (1997) discusses the creation of this data set in more detail.

3. BHPS Sampler Teaching Data Sets

Under the programme of the longitudinal component of the Economic and Social Data Service Longitudinal, teaching data sets based on the BHPS have been created. These include a selection of variables related to a particular and combine variables from several waves into a single data set. At present two of these samplers exist: one containing variables relating to work, family, health and social status, and the other concerning social and political attitudes. Both contain data from waves 1 to 11. The data sets can be browsed using the Data Archive Nesstar system.

4. Area identifiers and other matched spatial data

A number of area identifiers for respondent locations, as well as data relating to these areas, which are not included in the main data set are available from the Data Archive under special license conditions. Further information about these data is available at http://www.iser.essex.ac.uk/ulsc/bhps/acquiring/area.

Separate documentation is available for these datasets. Please contact the Data Archive for further information

Table 8

	BHPS USER DATABASE STRUCTURE :	WAVE SPECIFIC	RECORDS, FROM WAVE TWO ONWARDS
RECORD NAME	UNIT OF ANALYSIS	KEY VARIABLES	CONTENT
BMARRIAG	Current and past marriage spells of respondents.	BHID BPNO BMARNO	Dates of : marriages, cohabitations leading to marriage and their dissolutions. Also (if ended) how ended. Identification of current marriage partner.
всонавіт	All spells of respondents' cohabitation of three months or more which did not result in marriage.	BHID BPNO BCSNO	Dates of start and end of all cohabitation spells.
BCHILDAD	All adopted or step children who have ever lived with respondent.	BHID BPNO BLACNO	Dates of birth, sex, status and dates of being in the care of the respondent.
BCHILDNT	All children born to or fathered by respondents.	BHID BPNO BLNCNO	Dates of birth, sex, and dates of being in the care of the respondent.
BLIFEMST	All employment status spells since leaving full-time education.	BHID BPNO BLESHNO	Dates of start and finish, length in months and status of employment spells.
CLIFEJOB	All job spells from first leaving full-time education up to 1.9.1990.	CHID CPNO CLJSEQ	Dates of start and finish, length in months and major job characteristics, including occupation, industry, job status, reason for leaving.
DYOUTH	All person aged 11-15 on 1.12.94 who responded to young persons questionnaire	DHID DPNO	All information from Young Persons Questionnaire covering health, and health related behaviour, social attitudes and aspirations.
EYOUTH	All person aged 11-15 on 1.12.95 who responded to young persons questionnaire	EHID EPNO	All information from Young Persons Questionnaire covering health, and health related behaviour, social attitudes and aspirations.

STATISTICS FOR RECORD TYPES

Table 9

Record Type	Wave One)	Wave Two)	Wave Thre	е	Wave Fou	ır	Wave Five)	Wave Six	
	Number of Variables	Number of Records	Number of Variables	Number of Records								
wHHSAMP	20	8524	20	5984	21	6534	23	6558	23	6553	23	6487
wINDSAMP	NA	NA	28	15213	25	16110	25	15903	25	15756	25	15659
wINDALL	34	13840	43	13151	43	13104	42	12851	42	12549	42	12720
wHHRESP	178	5511	160	5227	168	5232	168	5127	173	5033	206	5064
wINDRESP	787	10264	852	9845	870	9600	924	9481	997	9249	903	9438
wJOBHIST	43	3382	40	2918	40	2918	40	3011	40	3112	40	3019
wINCOME	45	10462	48	9939	48	9336	48	9437	48	9611	48	9723
wEGOALT	9	30626	10	29266	10	29034	10	28474	10	27262	10	28272
wMARRIAG	NA	NA	23	7967	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
wCOHABIT	NA	NA	11	1664	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
wCHILDNT	NA	NA	12	14383	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
wCHILDAD	NA	NA	15	850	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
wLIFEMST	NA	NA	13	35474	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CLIFEJOB	NA	NA	NA	NA	28	32773	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
wYOUTH	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	101	773	99	749	99	748

Table 9 Continued

STATISTICS FOR RECORD TYPES

Record Type	Wave Seven Wave Eight		Wave Nine	9	Wave Ten	ave Ten Wave Eleve		ven Wave Twelv		elve		
	Number of Variables	Number of Records										
wHHSAMP	26	6531	25	7295	28	11944	28	12282	28	13986	28	12209
wINDSAMP	25	15583	24	17461	24	24553	28	25967	28	31458	33	29294
wINDALL	44	12552	44	14835	48	21566	52	21602	52	26586	54	23435
wHHRESP	209	5025	212	6005	214	8797	220	8761	220	10631	220	9352
wINDRESP	939	9373	1161	10906	1245	15623	1216	15603	1379	18867	1347	16597
wJOBHIST	39	3125	38	3505	38	5179	38	5451	40	5973	40	5043
wINCOME	64	9603	48	11873	54	18668	53	18767	53	22066	53	18414
wEGOALT	10	27398	10	32440	10	46650	10	47188	10	59710	10	52486
BMARRIAG	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	16	1375	16	598
BCOHABIT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	1099	9	312
BCHILDNT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	7840	10	5487
BCHILDAD	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12	385	12	124
BLIFEMST	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11	16215	11	7697
CLIFEJOB	NA	NA										
wYOUTH	94	720	94	946	79	938	79	1414	79	1413	90	1279
wCHILD	NA	NA	34	6489								

Table 9 Continued

STATISTICS FOR RECORD TYPES

Record Type	Wave Thir	teen	Wave Fou	rteen	Wave Fifte	en	Wave Sixt	een	Wave Seventeen		Wave Eighteen	
	Number of Variables	Number of Records										
wHHSAMP	29	12176	30	12090	28	11915	28	11507	26	11498	27	11415
wINDSAMP	32	29028	32	28490	32	28011	32	27160	32	26845	33	26403
wINDALL	55	22574	55	22127	55	21730	55	21389	55	20715	61	20177
wHHRESP	220	9045	226	8897	226	8709	234	8603	233	8346	241	8144
wINDRESP	1410	16238	1280	15791	1235	15627	1437	15392	1317	14910	1327	14419
wJOBHIST	39	4803	39	4418	39	4489	39	3162	39	3241	40	2945
wJOBHSTD							24	3253	24	3241	24	2945
wINCOME	53	19597	53	19478	54	20382	54	22452	54	21133	43	20660
wEGOALT	10	50106	10	48982	10	48290	10	47272	10	45728	10	44298
BMARRIAG	NA											
BCOHABIT	NA											
BCHILDNT	NA											
BCHILDAD	NA											
BLIFEMST	NA											
CLIFEJOB	NA											
wYOUTH	90	1219	95	1397	88	1413	97	1360	100	1245	101	1222
wCHILD	33	1649							34	6676		

IV. Sampling and Survey Methods

IV.1. Sample Design for Wave One

A sample of 8217 addresses was drawn by CACI to a specification supplied by the Research Centre. The initial selection of households for inclusion in the panel survey was made using a two-stage clustered probability design and systematic sampling. This was approximately equivalent to the current sample design of the General Household Survey (GHS). The frame used for the selection of sample units was the small users Postcode Address File (PAF) for Great Britain south of the Caledonian canal (i.e. excluding Northern Ireland). This is the frame generally used by large government surveys and has several desirable features. Full details of this selection and the results are given below.

The British Household Panel Survey is a longitudinal survey of private households in Great Britain. The initial selection of households for inclusion in the panel survey was made using a two-stage stratified systematic method as a balance between efficiency and cost and is approximately equivalent to the current sample design of the GHS (Smythe and Browne, *Appendix C: Sample Design and Response*, 1992). This sample design is an approximately equal probability of selection method (espem) design. The frame used for the selection of sample units was the small users Postcode Address File (PAF) for Great Britain (ie excluding Northern Ireland). This is the main frame now used by large government surveys and is, in general, the most acceptable of available frames for the selection of a sample of households in Great Britain (Wilson & Elliot, 1987; Butcher, 1988). In the first stage of selection 250 postcode sectors were selected as the primary sampling units (PSUs) from an implicitly stratified listing of all sectors on the PAF using a systematic sampling method. In the second stage of selection, delivery points, which are approximately equivalent to addresses, were sampled from each selected PSU using an analogous systematic procedure. The details of the selection procedure are given below.

IV.1.1. Sample Selection Procedure

IV.1.1.1. Stage One Selection: Stratification and PSU Selection

At the first stage of sampling, 250 postcode sectors were selected as the Primary Sampling Units (PSUs), which on average contain 2,500 delivery points (equivalent to addresses). In order to make this selection, the population of delivery points was implicitly stratified into an ordered listing by region and three socio-demographic variables. The socio-demographic variables were derived from information obtained for the 1981 Census. Implicit stratification, through ordering the frame listing, allows for the use of systematic selection procedures and is preferred over explicit stratification, the definition of strata and subsequent independent sampling within each strata, since it is a more practical procedure when a large amount of stratification is employed, and helps to ensure an *epsem* sample. The PSUs were then selected from this listing using a systematic procedure with a random integer start and a systematically applied sampling interval.

For the purposes of stratification and selection, the size of each PSU was estimated as follows: for PSUs in England and Wales, size was estimated as the total number of delivery points in a given PSU; for those in Scotland, size was estimated as the sum of the Multiple Occupancy Indicators (MOI) for a given PSU. The MOI is an estimate of the number of separate units or households at a given delivery point. A full description of the stages of stratification and the PSU selection procedure is given below:

- a. The population of postcode sectors was ordered into 18 regions (see *Table 10*). All PSUs were then checked for size to ensure that they contained, at minimum, 500 households. Where PSUs did not meet the size criterion they were grouped, prior to the first stage selection, with their nearest adjacent sector, where adjacent was defined as the shortest straight line distance from the centre of the undersized sector.
- b. Within each of these implicit regional strata, PSUs were ranked in order by the proportion of

heads of households in socio-economic groups 1 to 5 and 13 (that is, the proportion of heads of households in professional or managerial positions). Within each region, PSUs were then split into major strata of approximately equal size (on the basis of estimated delivery points as calculated above). PSUs were not split between strata. The number of major strata varies by region from two to three, depending on region size and is detailed in *Table 10*.

- c. Within the major strata created within regions, PSUs were then re-ranked by the proportion of the population of pensionable age (ie females over 60 and males over 65). The order of sorting alternated between ascending and descending within each successive major strata (i.e. a serpentine listing), in order to ensure that the listing was as heterogeneous as possible so that potential periodicity problems in the frame could be avoided. The major strata were then split into two minor strata each of approximately equal size, PSUs not being split between strata.
- d. Finally, within the minor strata PSUs were re-ranked, again using serpentine listing under the following scheme:
 - (i) PSUs in non-metropolitan areas were ranked by the proportion of the employed PSU population working in agriculture (denoted AGEMP in *Table 10*) and
 - (ii) PSUs in metropolitan areas were ranked by the proportion of the PSU population that was both under pensionable age and living in single person households (denoted SPH in *Table 10*).

Two separate factors were used, since they discriminated overall population characteristics more effectively in the two types of area.

For example, *Table 11* gives a diagrammatic representation of the stratified listing for PSUs in Outer London:

From the resulting implicitly stratified ordered listing of the population of PSUs on the frame, 250 were selected with the probability of selection being proportional to the size of the PSU, using a systematic procedure with a random integer start and consistently applied sampling interval, with the list being treated as circular.

IV.1.1.2. Stage Two Selection: Address Selection

From each of the 250 PSUs selected at stage one, it was intended to select on average thirty three delivery points using a systematic sampling procedure. Since it was necessary, for reasons of fieldwork efficiency, to allocate interviewers to selected areas some time before the fieldwork period began the PSUs were selected some time before the final selection of delivery points. It was thought appropriate to select delivery points from the PAF as late as possible to ensure the use of the most recent possible list of addresses. In order to retain equal selection probability, some account had to be taken of changes in PSU size arising from PAF updates in the interval between the first and second stage selections. As a consequence, the final selected sample varied slightly from the required 33 addresses per section with, in total, 8166 delivery points being selected. The lowest number in any sector was 21 with the highest being 36.

There were slight differences in the methods of address selection in Scotland compared to England and Wales as described below.

Table 10 Definition of Regions and Strata

REGION	MAJOR STRATA	MINOR STRATA	PSUs RANKED BY
INNER LONDON	2	2	SPH
OUTER LONDON	3	2	SPH
REST OF SOUTH EAST	3	2	AGEMP
SOUTH WEST	3	2	AGEMP
EAST ANGLIA	2	2	AGEMP
EAST MIDLANDS	3	2	AGEMP
WEST MIDLANDS CONURBATION	2	2	SPH
REST OF WEST MIDLANDS	2	2	AGEMP
GREATER MANCHESTER	2	2	SPH
MERSEYSIDE	2	2	SPH
REST OF NORTH WEST	2	2	AGEMP
SOUTH YORKSHIRE	2	2	SPH
WEST YORKSHIRE	2	2	SPH
REST OF YORKSHIRE AND HUMBERSIDE	2	2	AGEMP
TYNE AND WEAR	2	2	SPH
REST OF NORTH ENGLAND	2	2	AGEMP
WALES	2	2	AGEMP
SCOTLAND	3	2	AGEMP

Table 11 Outer London PSUs

% HouseHolds in SEG 1-5 & 13	HIG	GH	MED	DIUM	Lo	OW
% Population Pensionable	HIGH	LOW	LOW	HIGH	HIGH	LOW
% Population Under Pensionable Age in SPH	HI>LO	LO>HI	HI>LO	LO>HI	HI>LO	LO>HI

Selection of Sectors in England and Wales

Each delivery point was selected with equal probability. Sampling was carried out by means of a random number start and a systematically applied sampling interval. The random start was an integer chosen from the range 1 up to and including the interval. Since changes had occurred in the sizes of some of the selected sectors in the updated PAF, the applied sampling interval was taken as the new sector size divided by the required number of addresses (ie 33) adjusted by the ratio of the old sector size to the new sector size.

Selection of Sectors in Scotland

Each delivery point was selected with probability proportional to its MOI. An analogous systematic procedure was used as defined above using the same definitions of the random start integer and the sampling interval.

IV.1.1.3. Stage Three Selection: Selection of Households within Delivery Points

Non-residential addresses were excluded from the sample at the interviewing stage of Wave One, as were institutions. For the purposes of the survey, an institution was defined as

an address at which four or more unrelated people sleep; while they may or may not eat communally, the establishment must be run or managed by a person or persons employed for this purpose by the owner.

Selection of households from delivery points was carried out by the interviewers at the time of fieldwork. The selection procedure used by the interviewers was as follows: for a selected delivery point with up to three households present, all households were included in the sample. If there were more than three households at an address, a random selection procedure defined on the total number of households present was used to select three households from the total number available for inclusion in the sample. This was operationalised using a Kish Grid on the Multi-Household Selection Sheet. Ideally, given the different address selection procedures in Scotland, a different procedure would have been adopted for multiple households there. However, it was found to be impossible to carry out a more precise selection procedure due to fieldwork and organisational constraints. The design weights allow for this problem (see section on Weighting and Imputation).

The standard OPCS definition of a household was used to establish the sample:

one person living alone or a group of people who either share living accommodation OR share one meal a day and who have the address as their only or main residence.

Up to six months continuous residence during the year was a minimum requirement, thus excluding students who might have been at a parental home during vacation. Students sampled at their term-time address were included if this was non-institutional (i.e. not a hall of residence). Interviewers identified a

Household Reference Person (HRP) using the following definition: the *person legally or financially* responsible for the accommodation or the elder of two people equally responsible.

Interviews were sought with all resident household members who were aged 16 or over on 1st December 1991. Proxy interviews were attempted for all eligible members of the household who could not be interviewed because of illness or absence.

IV.1.2. Sample Size Calculations

The target sample size was set at 5000 households with the following calculations defining the required number of addresses to be selected in order to achieve this. The divergence of the selected sample from the calculations presented here was due to the updating of the PAF between the times of PSU and address selection, as explained above.

- a. Assuming a 67.5% response rate: 5000 x 1/.675 = 7407 households need to be selected
- b. Assuming, on average, 1.02 households per address: 7407 x 1/1.02 = 7262 addresses need to be selected
- c. Assuming 12% of addresses on the frame are ineligible: 7262 x 1/.88 = 8252 addresses need to be selected
- d. Given that the sample is approximately equally spread over 250 PSUs: 8252/250 = 33 addresses need be selected per PSU

IV.1.3. Bibliography

Butcher, R. (1988) "The use of the post-code address file as a sampling frame." *The Statistician*, 37; *pp* 15-24.

Smythe, M. and Browne, F. (1992) General Household Survey 1990, OPCS Series GHS no.21, HMSO: London.

Wilson, P.R., & Elliot, D.J., (1987) An Evaluation of the Postcode Address File as a Sampling Frame and its Uses with OPCS., *JRSS(A)*, 150(3), pp 230-240.

IV.2. Sampling and Following Rules after Wave One

This section reproduces information also appearing in Section II.

The sample for Wave Two and beyond consists of all eligible adults in all households where at least one interview was obtained in Wave One, regardless of whether that individual had been interviewed in Wave One. Thus, with a few exceptions, an attempt was made to interview all those individuals in responding households who had refused to participate at Wave One, or for any reason had been unable to take part. All these sample members are known as Original Sample Members (OSMs). In addition, a number of households where no contact had been made in Wave One were approached for interview in Wave Two after confirmation that no household moves between waves had taken place.

The following rules applied in subsequent waves differed from the sample rules in Wave One in only one respect. In both, eligibility depends on domestic residence in England, Wales, or Scotland below the Caledonian Canal. However, OSMs were followed into institutions (unless in prison or in circumstances where the respondent was not available for interview e.g. too frail, mentally impaired and so on) in waves after Wave One, or into Scotland north of the Caledonian Canal.

New eligibility for sample inclusion could occur between waves in the following ways:

- 1. A baby born to an OSM.
- 2. An OSM move into a household with one or more new people.
- 3. One or more new people move in with an OSM.

Children born to OSMs after the start of the study automatically count as OSMs. New Entrants to the sample (categories two and three) become eligible for interview on the standard OPCS household definition, (i.e. as long as they were living with an OSM and `either share living accommodation OR share one meal a day and have the address as their only or main residence'). The main requirement for marginal cases of household membership was six months continuous residence during the year. This excluded students who might have been at a parental home during vacation (students were treated as members of their term-time household). The household non-contacts from Wave One referred to above count technically as OSMs but for all practical purposes (in particular the need to obtain `initial conditions' data) were treated as new entrants. The sample for each wave thus consists of all adult OSMs plus their natural descendants plus other adult members of their households, known as Temporary Sample Members (TSMs).

Once household membership is determined, interviews are sought with all resident household members aged 16 or over on 1 December of the sample year, thus including OSMs previously coded as children. Proxy interviews with another household member were carried out for eligible members who were either too ill or too busy to be interviewed.

Where OSMs were not found at the expected address, interviewers attempted to trace them using a variety of methods. These are described below. Interviewees who do not qualify as OSMs are only reinterviewed in subsequent years if they are still co-resident in households with OSMs. However, a subset of TSMs become permanent sample members, and are followed even if they no longer reside with an OSM. The criteria for this status is that the TSM is the parent, with an OSM of a new OSM birth.

In Wave One, the sample was of individuals in private households; in subsequent waves, however, the sample consists of all original sample members from Wave One plus people co-resident with OSMs. Sample members in institutions are interviewed whenever possible, excluding, as in Wave One, those in permanent or long-stay institutions where the respondent was too elderly or too unwell to be approached, and those in prison.

All non-responding adults within responding households were `re-issued' in Wave Two and beyond, while whole-household non-responders are withdrawn. An exception was made, however, in the case of a non-contact at a located address, partly in order to see whether their characteristics differed significantly from those of the main sample. From fieldwork through to analysis, this group has been treated as a distinct sub-sample.

In Wave One, 288 households fell into the above category. A number of these may have been genuinely unoccupied; even where occupied, the occupants may have moved out between Waves One and Two. Only those originally resident could count as eligible for the attempted re-contact. A brief questionnaire was therefore sent to each of these addresses asking if the resident was living there before the end of Wave One fieldwork (taken for this purpose as the end of 1991). Negative replies were received from 15 addresses. All of those remaining, other than three refusals, were reissued in Wave Two. Interviews were achieved in 43 households, producing 79 OSMs, of whom 62 were adults (and including five new entrants). The exercise produced 60 interviews or proxies.

IV.3. Data Collection and Fieldwork

The Research Centre together with NOP Social and Political (a part of MAI), who were commissioned to conduct the fieldwork, worked closely together on all aspects of data collection, implementing an agreed set of survey-specific procedures designed to ensure adequate response and effective data quality.

For field purposes, the British Household Panel Survey is called simply `Living in Britain.' The complexity of the survey and the need to maintain the panel year-on-year necessitated a close and continuous working relationship between the Centre and its fieldwork agency throughout the year. NOP organised and controlled fieldwork, editing, coding and data-entry, and at the same time advised on the design of all research instruments. Primary responsibility for design work and production of interviewer instructions, as well as design and production of additional briefing materials remained with the Centre, which also provided staff on a regular basis to advise on editing and coding decisions. The Centre also played a major role in quality control through specification of fieldwork practices, editing and coding requirements; random review of editing outputs; accompaniment of interviewers; supplementing checks

on interviews with telephone calls to respondents; and subjecting fieldwork progress to detailed weekly scrutiny. An agreed set of survey-specific procedures designed to ensure adequate response and effective data quality reinforced this working relationship. Full details of these, and other technical aspects of the data collection and fieldwork, coding, and data processing can be found in *The British Household Panel Study Technical Reports*. See *Appendix 5* for a full list of **BHPS** publications.

IV.4. Preparatory Work for Wave One

The first stage of the Wave One Mainstage survey was preceded by a number of pretests and pilots. Pretest interviewing allowed draft questionnaires and procedures to be tested, evaluated and improved. Pilot interviewing was a "dress rehearsal" testing of the data collection instruments and procedures. By way of example, the schedule for this is illustrated in *Table 12*.

Table 12				
PRETESTS (50 - 300 issued addresses)				
Tests	Location	Fieldwork Organisation	Date	
Household and employment	Colchester and Sheffield	Research Centre	April 1990	
All schedules	Colchester and Sheffield	Research Centre	May 1990	
All schedules and full procedures	Colchester and Sheffield	Research Centre	June/July 1990	
	London	NOP	dulic/duly 1990	
Calendar Design	Colchester	Research Centre	September 1990	
PILOTS				
Full Dress Rehearsal (effective sample size = 657 HH)	National	NOP	Oct/Nov 1990	
Full Dress Rehearsal (effective sample size = 609 HH)	National	NOP	April/May 1991	
Note: Effective sample size = issued addresses minus ineligible addresses. The achieved response rate in the first pilot was deemed inadequate as a preparation for mainstage; the second pilot was established to ensure a successful full-scale rehearsal.				

IV.5. Preparatory Work for Subsequent Waves

For subsequent waves, mainstage fieldwork is preceded by two pre-tests and (Waves Two and Three) a full-scale pilot. Pretests were used to test the variable component that was added to each wave. Feedback from interviewers in debriefings after both pretests and the pilot facilitates important revisions of both the new section of the questionnaire and the longitudinal fieldwork procedures.

IV.6. Interviewers

For Wave One, 243 interviewers were employed to cover 250 areas in the sample, generally one per area. Because of the demanding nature of the **BHPS** special attempts were made to use interviewers of above average levels of experience and ability.

In subsequent waves, the great majority of respondents still lived in the same two 250 sectors, but because of household and individual moves, the sample has become slightly, but progressively more, dispersed over time. Details of movers are given to NOP and local NOP field managers are advised on which of the 250 original interviewer allocations it was most sensible to put each mover. Thus, to all intents and purposes, there remain 250 sample areas. With the exception of the Inter-Penetrated Sample, described below, generally speaking one interviewer works in each of the 250 areas in the sample. In total, for example, 237 interviewers worked on Wave Two, all but 35 of whom had also worked on Wave One.

IV.7. Briefings

For Wave One, all interviewers and field supervisors were briefed at one of 14 two-day briefing sessions, presented jointly by the Research Centre and NOP all round the country. A special training video was prepared by the Centre for use in these briefings.

In subsequent waves, interviewers and area managers are briefed at one of 14 briefing sessions, held in different locations. All the interviewers with previous **BHPS** experience attend one-day briefings, while the interviewers new to the survey attend a two-day briefing, conducted jointly by NOP executives and Research Centre staff. Again, a short video is included as part of the one day briefing, designed to give interviewers a greater understanding of the way in which the whole **Living in Britain** survey works. In particular, it shows the coding team using the *CASOC (Computer Aided Standard Occupational Classification)* coding and the problems that can arise from inadequate job descriptions.

IV.8. The Fieldwork Process

The Wave One fieldwork period started on 3 September, and ended in mid-December with some minimal follow-up work in early 1992.

Before contacting any of their sample, interviewers mailed out an introductory letter from the Research Centre to all sampled addresses (addressed to "The Occupier"), together with a small leaflet outlining the purpose of the survey. The interviewer called within a week of dispatch. All participating households later received a more detailed brochure, giving further information about the survey and thanking respondents for participating. Copies of the documents sent to respondents can be obtained from the Institute for Social and Economic Research.

A minimum of six calls was made at each sampled address before it was considered a non-contact; interviewers were encouraged to make further calls, if possible. If the Centre considered a conversion of those households which refused to participate worthwhile, a special conversion letter was sent by the Centre. In all, 685 refusals were re-contacted, and 62 extra interviews were obtained by supervisors converting refusals into interviews. In total, interviews were achieved in 5538 households, with full or proxy interviews with 10,302 individuals.

In subsequent waves, all eligible respondents, excluding a small number of firm refusals, were sent an advance letter prior to contact by the interviewer. Interviewers were supplied with this introductory letter for every eligible member of their sample households and were responsible for posting this just before expecting to call on the household.

The fieldwork period thus starts in early September, though the start is staggered over three weeks because of the spread of briefings. Most of the fieldwork is completed by the beginning of December, but with the time-lag resulting from the process of tracing of movers and conversion of refusals, a small number of interviews are undertaken in the first three months of the next year.

In line with the overall concern for quality control, all interviewers are accompanied at the beginning of the interview period by their supervisor, who complete a duplicate copy of the interview. A twice weekly field progress monitor carried out by supervisors assesses interviewer progress. This information is, from Wave Two, fed into a specially designed computer database, which produces weekly summary report which are sent to the Centre. Two forms of post interview quality control are carried out: a postal recall on 10% of all completed interviews, and field supervisor recalling on completed interviews by

phone to check that an interview has taken place in that household, and that the claimed individual interviews has been conducted. The Research Centre supplements the call-back quality control process by telephone. In addition to the above consistency checks, this provides an indication of respondents' reactions to the **BHPS** interview on issues such as the length of the interview, content, concerns about personal questions obtaining personal and possibly sensitive information and other overall impressions.

IV.9. Refusal Conversion

At each wave, the Centre and NOP undertake a thorough refusal conversion process to attempt to minimise attrition due to refusal and other forms of non-response. This process covers both previous wave refusals, and also new refusals encountered in the current wave. This section describes this refusal conversion process, and the conditions under which we withdraw previous wave refusals from the **BHPS** survey process. For illustrative purposes, the situation for Wave Three is discussed here.

IV.9.1. Previous wave refusal

Total

The refusal conversion work undertaken at Wave Two left a complicated pattern of types of refusal to deal with in Wave Three. In total, there were 654 refusing households at Wave Two, broken down into the categories given in *Table 13* below.

Wave Two Whole Household RefusalN%No conversion attempted19730.0NOP attempted conversion but failed18128.0Centre attempted conversion but failed24137.0Centre converted by phone. NOP were refused interview355.0

654

100%

Table 13

With regard to whole household refusal, the Wave Two conversion programme mounted by the Centre comprehensively reviewed these cases, contacting and returning to those which it was considered might be converted. In addition, up to three attempts were made to convert these households (interviewer, supervisor, Centre). We did not seek to interview any households in these categories again <u>unless</u> there was reason to believe that the refusal was for Wave Two only and that the respondent would agree to be interviewed this year. Prior to Wave Three, all Wave Two refusals were extensively reviewed. Out of all 654 Wave Two refusing households, 354 (54%) were re-issued at Wave Three.

IV.9.2. Current wave new refusals

When new refusals were encountered at Wave Three, a number of procedures were implemented:

- 1. A refusal form was used consisting of a full A4 page integrated within the coversheet. This allowed the interviewer to give more detail on the nature and reason for refusal. Each subsequent conversion attempt was logged on this form or continuation sheets.
- 2. A wider group of experienced interviewers was asked to take on conversions in order to limit the distance field managers have to travel.
- 3. A bonus payment was given to interviewers for successful conversions.
- 4. In some circumstances interviewers were issued with vouchers prior to returning to attempt

conversion.

Different types of refusal warranted different responses as highlighted below:

- 1. Weak reasons for refusal: can't be bothered, too busy, boring, did not receive vouchers last time, and so on: these respondents were sent a conversion letter and reissued with vouchers to be given on successful completion of interview.
- 2. Strong reasons for refusal but not conclusive: I am busy looking after very ill parent, I have just come out of hospital: these respondents were sent a conversion letter, and telephoned if possible from Centre. If there was no telephone number, respondents were written to, with a return slip indicating willingness for continued co-operation. If the respondent decided to continue to take part, they were reissued with vouchers.
- 3. Conclusive refusal: do not darken my door again, and so on: no action was taken with respondents in this wave. Judgement as to whether to try again at the next wave will be made by the Centre. Two consecutive conclusive refusals are seen as signalling the household's withdrawal from the survey after tailored persuasion letters have failed to have any affect.

Table 14 illustrates the variety of reasons given by households for non-participation at Wave Three. Although the total number of household refusals (758) initially looks quite high, 354 (47%) of these households had also refused to participate at Wave Two, but had been reissued in the hope that their situation might have changed.

When a phone number was available and a conversion attempt was judged possible, the Centre attempted telephone conversions from January 4th 1994 onwards. When the attempt was successful, the household was reissued to the original interviewer, who had to call within 7 days of receipt of the coversheet. If successful, the interviewer received the usual interview fee plus a bonus; if not, the interviewer got the usual non-contact fee plus the bonus.

An aspect of refusal conversion new to Wave Three and a feature of all later waves was the introduction of a short telephone interview, carried out by a single, very experienced interviewer, hired directly by the Research Centre. Her initial approach on each call was to elicit the respondent's view of the survey and what aspect of it, if any, had led to their refusal. The telephone interview is only taken with respondents who are definitely unable to be interviewed at the current wave and would therefore refuse any other approach.

Table 14

Reasons given for Household Refusal at Wave Three	Frequency	Percentage
Competence of Respondent		
Too ill	83	11.0
Too elderly	6	1.0
Respondent is senile or incompetent	22	3.0
Respondent does not speak English	5	1.0
Stressful family situation	49	6.5
Too Busy		
Looking after ill/elderly	6	1.0
Looking after child(ren)	3	0.5
Respondent almost never home	29	4.0
Respondent is temporarily absent	8	1.0
Too busy (not elsewhere specified)	70	9.0
Personal Reasons		
Unhappy about confidentiality	5	0.5
Questions too personal	20	2.5
Attitudes towards survey		
Respondent does not want to be bothered	172	23.0
Nothing has changed since last year	10	1.0
Survey is too long	20	2.5
Survey is waste of time	19	2.5
Previous bad experience with surveys (in general)	4	0.5
Had problems with LIB voucher payment in past	16	2.0
Family Pressure		
Other family member opposes Respondent participating	23	3.0
Someone has convinced Respondent to refuse	3	0.5
Other HH member refuses on behalf of Respondent	29	4.0
Other		
Other	10	1.0
No reason given	146	19.0
Total	758	100%

They fell mainly into the following groups:

- a) **Too ill/old**, e.g. respondents who were unable to give an appointment because of the changing conditions of their health or would find it difficult to sit through a one-hour interview.
- b) **Personal Circumstances**, e.g. respondents who had recent bereavements in the family or are going through a divorce.
- c) **Too busy**, e.g. respondents who were carers or had other heavy commitments and just didn't have the time.

Telephone interviews were carried out <u>only</u> with those who had been interviewed either at Wave One or Wave Two.

Where no telephone was available, but conversion was judged possible, the Centre sent the respondent a letter with a bonus voucher and a refusal card. If the card was **not** returned within 7 days, the nearest interviewer called. For a successful interview at this point, the double interview rate was paid. Respondents achieved a further voucher payment following the interview.

Letters were sent to those without a phone number, followed by a visit from an interviewer with access to all the notes made by the previous interviewer and, where applicable, the relevant field executive. (In most cases, the re-call was made by the original interviewer, who received a bonus for a successful conversion.) In addition, respondents received an extra gift voucher, partly as an acknowledgement that more approaches had already been made to them seeking an interview than in other cases (for instance, by a field executive after the first refusal). To maximise response, this voucher was sent in advance of the interview.

Conversion procedures were implemented on 546 households during Wave Three. The impressive results of this exercise can be seen in *Table 15*

Table 15

Summary of Wave Three Refusal-Conversion Exercise			
	N	%	
Telephone Conversions	95	17.0	
Postal Conversions	12	2.0	
Telephone Interviews	254	47/0	
Total Converted	361	66.0	
Not Converted	185	34.0	
Total Attempted	546	100	

IV.10. Maintaining Contact with Respondents

The process of maintaining contact with respondents is obviously, in a household panel study, a crucial and complex one which continues throughout the year. The description below outlines some of the techniques used in the **BHPS** to maintain contact with panel respondents, and to trace those who moved in the period between fieldwork periods of successive waves.

IV.10.1. Panel maintenance

The Centre maintains an extensive database of information on respondents' location; this database is continuously up-dated with new information which it receives. This database is the basis on which all fieldwork documents for successive waves of the survey are prepared.

At least two types of communication with respondents are made between each wave, both to ensure accurate information on residence before entering the field in September, and to foster a sense of identity with the survey among respondents. After the interview, a thank-you letter is sent from the Research Centre to all those interviewed, enclosing a gift voucher and a change-of-address card requesting notification of any intended move. Prior to fieldwork for the next wave, a summary report of findings was sent to all adults (except refusals), enclosing an address-confirmation card. Interviewers were subsequently informed of all address confirmations so that they could identify addresses which required checking early in the fieldwork period. Cards also requested information on any moves by respondents from the household in the past year, even if members of the original household were still remaining at the original address. This not only minimised the amount of tracing work required of interviewers during fieldwork but also aided the preparation of correct documents for each address. The cards were also often forwarded to the Centre in cases where a whole household had moved, or a new resident returned the card giving the forwarding address. Finally, some deaths were also notified to the Centre through this means. (A letter of condolence is usually sent where this is considered appropriate.)

The result of this work means that some major aspects of the sample issued in each wave are significantly different from that which existed at the end of the previous wave, with many new addresses, household splits, and moves out-of-scope (or into an institution). Deaths could also be taken into account.

IV.10.2. Procedures during fieldwork

Within the Centre, cover sheets were produced containing the last known address of sample members, using information from the panel maintenance database mentioned above. Moves notified subsequent to this but prior to the briefings were given to interviewers on separate listings. Moves discovered by interviewers during fieldwork were dealt with in two ways:

- 1. The interviewer was required to seek a forwarding address or phone number from other respondents, any new residents, neighbours. Failing these sources they were asked to consult local phone directories, shops or the post office where appropriate.
- 2. Where no forwarding address was available, they were required to enter details of the missing respondents on a **movers form** for return to the Research Centre. Panel maintenance staff then approached people that respondents had given as points of contact at the end of the previous wave (see tracking section in the household composition form (*Volume B*). Attempts were made to trace people who failed to give contact names, or where no forwarding information was obtained from these, through access to the computerised telephone directory, though this helped in only a very small number of cases.

IV.11. Confidentiality and Informed Consent

The Research Centre has adopted, in full, the Ethical Guidelines of the Social Research Association, which conform very closely with those of the International Statistical Institute. To ensure confidentiality, names and addresses are separated from substantive data in both its computer and paper records, and strict internal procedures are enforced. All staff are required to sign an undertaking of confidentiality. Every attempt was made to ensure that people approached for interview could respond on the basis of informed consent, by:

a. sending letters to sampled households in advance of fieldwork, enclosing a freephone number, allowing time and opportunity for potential respondents to seek further information or to refuse an interview.

- b. providing background information through a leaflet and a brochure, either before or during interview, and a report on findings some time after interview. It also made available a Statement of Confidentiality upon request. (Copies of these, and other respondent documents, can be supplied on request).
- c. requiring interviewers to read the following statement before interview:

This interview is completely voluntary. If we should come to any question that you don't want to answer, just let me know and we'll go on to the next question.

d. requiring interviewers to make clear before leaving each respondent that the survey would continue in the following year. Tracking information is obtained to allow respondents to be traced in case of loss of contact. No attempts are made to persuade respondents to commit themselves to the entire life of the panel.

The Centre has registered its analysis of the **BHPS** data with the Data Protection Registrar.

IV.12. Data Processing

BHPS data have gone through two major processing phases, carried out by the fieldwork agency NOP and at the Research Centre:

Visual edits and data input; Data cleaning.

Figure 5 presents an overview of the BHPS Survey Data Processing steps

IV.12.1. Visual edits and data input

The **BHPS** data were collected via a paper and pencil questionnaire. Visual edits are restricted to a small number of crucial checks, including one to ensure that identifiers have been correctly carried over between schedules. After coding of open ended questions, data are keyed to disk by the fieldwork agency (NOP), 100% verified, and are then subject to a small number of checks for the overall integrity of the raw data structures prior to being sent to the Centre for more in-depth processing.

IV.12.2. Data cleaning

During the initial period of the data processing cycle, the Centre receive small amounts of data from NOP on a periodic basis. At the Centre, they are put through a staged series of procedures to check both for consistency and plausibility.

On receipt, each batch of raw data are scanned to produce a listing of card types associated with each household and with each person in it; this listing is cross-checked against the schedules received to ensure both that no schedules have been lost and that all schedules have been punched. In addition, a small number of checks are run to ensure that the data can be loaded into the "survey" database with the minimal number of structural errors.

Once error free to this point, the raw data file is restructured, loaded into the survey database, and subjected to a more intensive cycle of checking and cleaning.

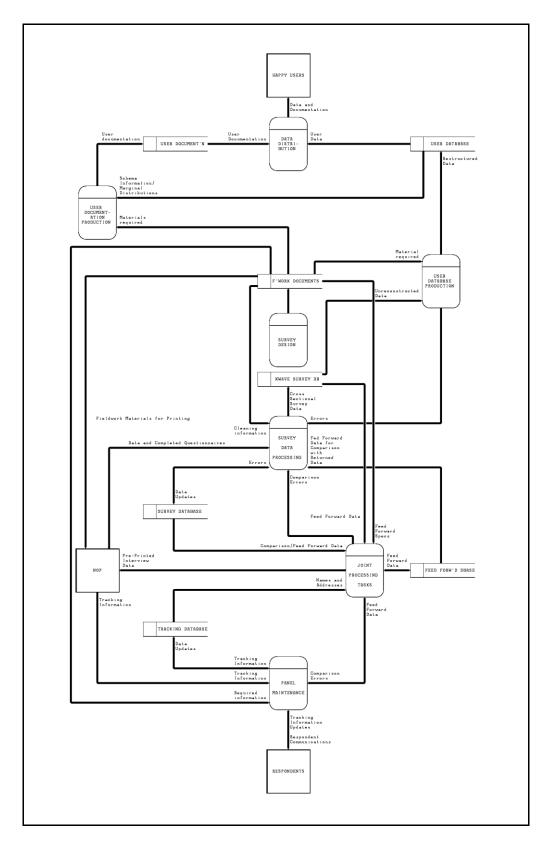


Figure 6 Overview of BHPS Survey Data Processing

The "survey" database refers to the data structures in use during the data cleaning process. The structures have been designed to represent as accurately as possible the structure and content of the questionnaire, and have been implemented as a "caseless" (i.e. non-hierarchical) SIR database. It is necessary to restructure the raw data in order to map its "card" based logic on to the "record" based logic of a SIR database, and to define a suitable household level identifier for each Record Type.

Range checks are implemented across all variables, and the data undergo two major sets of consistency checking and cleaning procedures. The first set checks for major continuity errors, data assignment errors, errors in inter-person referencing within a household, as well as a wide range of checks on the integrity of the job history section. The second set deals with the remaining continuity errors. At all points, "global" edits are employed whenever the detailed examination of a set of errors indicated a systematic problem which can be corrected by a general re-code.

Additionally, Centre staff have access to the data throughout the cleaning period, and their analyses have also contributed to the data cleaning exercise.

IV.13. Coding

All occupations are coded to the 1990 OPCS Standard Occupational Classification and also to the 1990 Standard Industrial Classification. SOC coding was carried out using the Computer Assisted Standard Occupational Classification (CASOC) system developed by Peter Elias. ² This involves keying into a computer the verbatim description of occupation recorded by the interviewer. The computer then suggests a single suggested code, or a series of suggestions. In the latter case, the coder uses other information on the questionnaire, and other information about the codes supplied by the computer, in order to assign a final code for that occupation. In all cases a full 6 digit code was assigned, the first three digits being the normal three-digit SOC, and the other three being special codes used to permit matching between 1990 SOC and previous occupational classifications. A special feature of CASOC is that is contains the algorithms to re-code SOC codes into SEG, RGSC, Goldthorpe, Hope-Goldthorpe, Cambridge Scale and ILO-ISCO 88. This re-coding has been carried out in the current release of BHPS. All the derived occupation/class variables data have been done via the CAMCON utility in CASOC.

Coding of all other open questions are carried by trained coders using traditional paper based methods. In some instances this is carried out using pre-existing coding frames, such as the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification. Where such frames do not exist, they are developed by the Research Centre on the basis of listings of verbatim responses.

As a validation exercise on the coding, a sample of questionnaires was subjected to blind re-coding by a second coder. All questions coded were included in the re-coding, with a sample of 5% or 250 cases being re-coded. The results of this validation exercise are in *BHPS Technical Paper 7*.

IV.14. The Inter-Penetrating Sample

As part of the Research Centre's on-going programme of methodological research, an experiment was conducted in Wave Two to try to measure correlated response variance, in the form of interviewer effects. Normally interviewer effect is hard to assess in a survey because each sampling point is only worked by one interviewer, and so it is impossible to separate interviewer from other effects.

An inter-penetrating design was implemented in a sample of PSUs in Wave Two of the survey. Due to field requirements and travel costs, the BHPS adopted a constrained form of randomisation in which addresses were allocated to interviewers at random within geographic `pools'. These pools consisted of two or three nearby PSUs. All PSUs whose centroid was a minimum of 10 kilometres away from the centroid of at least one other PSU were eligible for inclusion in the design. One hundred and fifty three

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^{1.} For more information on the Survey Database and its "caseless" structure, please refer to Appendix 1.

For a full discussion of CASOC, see: Elias, Peter, Keith Halstead and Keith Prandy: Computer Assisted Standard Occupational Coding (CASOC) 1993. London: HMSO

of the 250 PSUs in the **BHPS** sample were eligible. Mutually exclusive and exhaustive combinations of these 153 eligible PSU's were then formed. This process resulted in 70 pools of two or three PSUs each. A systematic sample of 35 pools was then selected for inclusion in the inter-penetrating sample design.

Twenty six of the 35 geographic pools included 2 interviewers and 2 PSUs, 5 included 3 interviewers and 3 PSUs, and four proved to be ineligible as the same interviewer was needed to cover all of the PSUs in the pool. Within a given pool, households were randomly assigned to the interviewers working in those PSUs.

Households involved in the experiment are indicated in the dataset by the variable BIVIPS, where 1 = Designated for experiment, 2 = Not designated for experiment, and 3 = Designated for experiment but ineligible because moved out of pool. The case of a 2 interviewer/2 PUS pool can be conceived of as a two-by-two table.

	AREA (BIVIA)				
	001	006			
001 Interviewer assignment (BIVIAM)					
006					

As area and interviewer variance components are no longer confounded, one can obtain a separate estimate of the correlated response variance due to interviewers. This can be thought of as a pseudo design factor for interviewers, that is

pseudo-deft =
$$\sqrt{(1+p(m-1))}$$

where #m# is the average interviewer workload and p is the intraclass correlation coefficient for interviewers. This has an effect on confidence intervals in the same way as a standard deft.

estimated proportion + 1.96 x (pseudo-deft x se se(prop)srs

Ideally both pseudo-deft and deft should be considered in the width of the confidence interval. Incorporating an independent estimate of each of these in the above formula, however, will overestimate the width of the confidence interval as the two defts are correlated.³

IV.15. The Young Person's Survey: The British Youth Panel (BYP)

Background to the survey

The BHPS was supplemented in wave four to include children in sample households and this has been maintained in subsequent waves. The age band is 11 and 15 inclusive but with slight alteration at each end of this range in line with the BHPS criterion for selection into the adult sample. Those 15-year olds turning 16 by 1 December in the current wave are interviewed as adults rather than in the youth survey even if interviewed before then, while 10-year olds turning 11 by this date are included.

The Institute is very grateful to the Health Education Authority for its help in funding this extension to the BHPS in wave 4 and subsequently. The BYP offers for the first time in this country a yearly panel survey which offers three important research advantages:

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A thorough exploration of data from the experiment was conducted by P. Campanelli (Survey Methods Centre, SCPR) and C O'Muircheartaigh (LSE). P Campanelli (35 Northampton Square, London EC1V OAX, 071-250-1866) can be contacted for further information.

- 1. Because of the transitional nature of adolescence, youth panels are a scarce resource. The BYP is an on-going panel with an increasing pool of transitions which can be studied as new 11-year olds are added and as the cohorts move upwards one year. Every year the number of wave-on-wave and longer transitions increases.
- 2. Equally, as respondents move into the adult survey analysis of their responses in the BYP can be linked to their responses in the BHPS.
- 3. As with the BHPS, the full range of household information is available to enable analysis of the impacts of both home context and of specific relationships, whether with parents, siblings, or other household members.

Interview procedure

The questions for the children are tape-recorded and delivered through use of a personal stereo system, which respondents can control at their own pace. The child can therefore also complete the questionnaire while adult members of the household are being interviewed. The interviewer's only task is to hand over the personal stereo equipment, tape and questionnaire form, and to collect the completed questionnaire.

The main purpose of the personal stereo system is to ensure confidentiality even where family members might be present. This is further assisted by printing only response categories, that is without the questions themselves, on the questionnaire form. Any household member scanning the child's responses would therefore not be able to link these with the original questions.

The questionnaires

The questions are different from the adult survey. While about two thirds of these have been retained throughout the life of the BYP as a continuous core, the questionnaire was revised for wave 5 and then for wave 7. The non-core questions are therefore replaced or rotated every two years. In wave 4 the main focus was the health, health behaviour, psychological well-being and aspirations of young people, and in particular to see how these are associated with family relationships. For this reason also, the adult questionnaire contained a small number of new questions for parents of eligible children which were designed to match key questions in the Young Person's questionnaire. In waves 5 and 6 further questions on health behaviour and psychological well-being were asked, while in waves 7 and 8 the focus has shifted to social networks.

Panel Design

The BYP is effectively a variant of the standard rotating panel. That is, while a core group remains within the panel for some time (a maximum of five waves) every wave one year group is "lost" (to the adult survey) to be "replaced" by previous "rising-elevens". The full scheme over the current four waves is as follows.

	Age							
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
wave 4	Α	В	С	D	Ε			
wave 5	F	Α	В	С	D	Ε		
wave 6	G	F	Α	В	С	D	Ε	
wave 7	Н	G	F	Α	В	С	D	Ε

Each letter represents a specific year group over time. Thus only A and B are interviewed over four waves. The italics on the left-hand side show the new entrants to the 11-15 survey over time. The italics on the right-hand side show the departure at the other end of the age range into the adult survey. Thus by wave 7 only those aged 11 and 12 in wave 4 remain in the adolescent group, but there are 3 additional groups (F to H), one of which has been interviewed over three years and another over two. Meanwhile three of the original age groups have been interviewed as adults (now aged 16-18), one of which has given an adult interview three times but an adolescent interview only once.

This complexity means that change can be measured in several ways, taking the above table as a

starting-point:

- 1. Each wave can be analysed cross-sectionally (that is, taking the rows of the table). Using the correct statistical procedures all four waves can also be pooled for analysis of changes over the cross-sections.
- 2. Treating the table in terms of the columns produces a pooled cohort design (though with an unbalanced panel: that is, there are four waves of 13 and 14-year olds but only three of thirteen-year olds, and so on.)
- 3. A full panel design would use the diagonals to follow each individual over time. This approaches closer to a full balanced panel the shorter the range of the transition (ie most wave four respondents have been interviewed in the BYP twice; analysis restricting itself to a single transition would therefore be both balanced and nearly complete).

In practice, none of these approaches are mutually exclusive.

Sample size and response rates

In wave 4 there were 605 households containing eligible, co-operating children. Numbers of youth interviews for each of the four waves are as follows. The response rate for the baseline figure in wave 4 of 89% is itself based on the number known to be in the right age group in the previous wave plus a small number of new entrants. Non-response is divided fairly equally between refusal or non-contact with the household and with the respondent.

wave	number				
4	773 (89%)				
5	749				
6	748				
7	720				

The following set of response rates is for the initial wave four sample of 773 only. The baseline in each subsequent wave is the number of interviews in the previous wave. (For instance, in wave 7 the 262 youth interviews were 65% of the remaining 403 interviews from wave 6 while another 120 of the latter were interviewed as adults).

	Youth outcome		adult	outcome	non-response		
wave	N	%	N	%	N	%	
4	773	89					
5	580	75	131	17	62	8	
6	403	69	156	27	21	4	
7	262	65	120	30	21	5	

The following shows the proportion of interviews amongst the total number of young people who have been interviewed at least once. Adult interviews indicate an adult interview in all post-BYP waves, otherwise respondents fall into the "some non-response" category.

4 youth interviews	N 262	% 20.5
3 youth interviews complete response, adult in wave 7 complete response, new entrant wave 5 one-wave non-response	287 12 141 26	22.5 9.4 11.1 2.0
2 youth interviews complete response, adult in wave 6 complete response, new entrant wave 6 some non-response	355 147 155 53	27.9 11.5 12.2 4.2
1 youth interview adult in wave 5 new entrant, 7 some non-response	371 118 153 100	29.1 9.3 12.0 7.8
Total	1275	100

In terms of adult interviews this produces the following outcomes:

interview status	N
1 youth, 3 adult	118
2 youth, 2 adult	147
3 youth, 1 adult	120

File structure

The data from the Young Person's survey are available in the SIR record type wYOUTH or its equivalent SPSS file. The parental questions can be found in the values section of the adult individual questionnaire. (The question numbers in wave 4 run from V22 to V37.) Data for these are therefore found in wINDRESP.

The wYOUTH file or record type contains the normal key identifiers, that is wHID, and wPNO. Selection of co-operating respondents is through code 21 ("youth interview") in the individual outcome variable wIVFIO, in the wINDALL file or record type. WYOUTH contains an individual weight wYPWGHT specific to the youth responses. However, no longitudinal weight additional to the standard longitudinal enumeration weight (wLEWGHT) is provided.

For longitudinal analysis it is necessary as with all BHPS files to use the PID identifier, which is unique to each individual over time. For analysis where information from parents is to be used, the relationship of youth respondents to other household members can be obtained through wHGR2R, wHGMNO, wHGFNO in file wINDALL. These and other variables in this file help to ascertain relationships (for instance, which are the natural parents). The process of matching youth respondents with adult household members will require utilisation of the wINDRESP files mentioned above. This includes the entire BHPS adult sample and it will be necessary to exclude adults not related to youth respondents when the match has been made.

IV.16 The transition from PAPI to CAPI at Wave 9.

At Wave 9 of the BHPS, the survey moved from a pen-and paper (PAPI) mode of data collection to a Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI) mode of collection. This represents the most significant methodological shift in the life of the BHPS to date with potentially wide ranging implications for data quality.

There were three main reasons for making the move to CAPI. The first and most important reason was the potential for improving data quality that would be offered by a CAPI system. The BHPS individual paper questionnaire runs to 45 minutes and contains some complex routing which inevitably produces errors from interviewers. As CAPI ensures the routing is enforced consistently and correctly throughout the questionnaire, it provides significant benefits in data quality through minimising missing data while reducing the level of data cleaning and editing post fieldwork.

The second reason was a longer-term aim to speed data turnaround and release of the data to the user community. At Wave 9 we have not increased the speed of data turn around times as various data processing systems needed to be rebuilt to deal with the CAPI environment (see Banks, R. and Laurie, H., 2000 for further details). The Wave 9 data were deposited for public use by December 2000 as usual. In the future, as the post field data processing systems become more streamlined we are aiming for improvements in this area.

The final reason for shifting the BHPS to CAPI was a significant savings in our fieldwork costs. As a longitudinal annual survey, with a questionnaire that changes relatively little year on year, the BHPS is an ideal vehicle for CAPI as the initial development costs can be recouped over the whole period of the survey.

National Opinion Polls (NOP), the fieldwork agency that has carried out the BHPS since 1991, were responsible for programming the CAPI questionnaire to the design and specifications provided by ISER. ISER carried out all testing and checking of the CAPI scripts.

NOP interviewers were equipped with touch screen laptops, which were, light to carry, robust and had good screen resolution. The laptops are easy to use and do not rely on interviewers having keyboard skills. The CAPI software used was *In2itive*, a product owned and supported by SPSS MR. Completed interviews were dialled into a central server via a modem.

A Pilot study of 100 households was carried out in May 1999 to test the CAPI questionnaires, to get feed back from interviewers on usability, to assess the reaction of respondents to the lap-top and to test data delivery and processing systems. The Pilot was successful with no adverse reactions from either interviewers or respondents to the laptop. The Pilot identified areas within the script and the data processing systems that required improvements. Revisions to the CAPI script and the surrounding systems for data management and processing were carried out with a further small-scale field test of the instruments in July 1999. Fieldwork for Wave 9 of the BHPS began on September 1st 1999 as usual.

The whole of the BHPS sample was moved to CAPI at Wave 9 in order to minimise any potential disruption to either response rates or to the time series data. This decision meant that we did not attempt to implement any large-scale experiments to assess mode effects at the point CAPI was introduced. We were confident of making the move as experimental research on mode effects conducted by others had not produced evidence of significant adverse effects by moving to CAPI from PAPI in a longitudinal context.

A further element at Wave 9 was the introduction of the booster samples in each of Scotland and Wales (see page A4-24 for details of these samples). These newly recruited respondents were also interviewed using the CAPI instruments.

IV.16.1 Questionnaire design and implementation

At Wave 9 the Household Questionnaire and Individual Questionnaire were the two schedules conducted using CAPI. All other questionnaires and fieldwork documents remained in their standard paper format.

To minimise the potential for mode effects, the CAPI implementation followed the design of the paper questionnaires as far as possible while exploiting the benefits of CAPI. While there is considerable evidence that the only mode effects of moving from PAPI to CAPI are positive effects in that routing is followed correctly and the levels of item non-response are reduced (Couper, M. et al (eds) 1998), we were still concerned to maintain as close a representation to the paper questionnaire as possible.

Clear conventions for screen layouts, colours and fonts were established to produce a questionnaire with a consistent look and feel for interviewers. All question wording and response categories were in

black and interviewer instructions were in red. The screen design was simple and uncluttered so that interviewers could easily see what they needed to ask and where responses were to be coded.

Checks were included within the CAPI script to ensure the correct identification of households and individuals, the entry of valid ranges of responses, and the consistency of date reporting. Standard types of error messages were developed. In some cases 'soft' checks were used which asked the interviewer to confirm an entry was correct e.g. if there were date inconsistencies between two items. Other checks were 'hard' and required the interviewer to return to a specific question to correct an error e.g. the entry of the household identifier had to be valid. Interviewers were able at any point in the interview to go back to previous questions to alter earlier responses if necessary.

On-screen information to guide the interviewer through complex sections of the questionnaire was also provided. For example, the annual training and education history collects repeated education or training events over the past year, and these events were displayed on screen to help the interviewer navigate through the section. The same type of on-screen information was also used in the annual job history to aid navigation through the section and provide a summary of employment or non-employment spells already entered.

Questions and screens were of five main types. Closed category single response, closed category multiple response, grid entry, text entry of amounts and text entry of verbatim responses.

- Single and multiple response closed category questions used a radio button beside each response category for interviewers to code the response.
- Single response questions could not be multi-coded.
- Questions administered with a showcard had the category number beside the response categories on screen so that when respondents gave the number on the card it could be found quickly by interviewers.
- All response categories for a given question were visible on screen simultaneously so that interviewers did not have to scroll to find them. This is important where long lists of potential responses are used to prevent any bias from a failure to code off-screen responses.
- Grid entry questions were of the type where a number of categories had the same range of responses e.g. opinion questions using a five point disagree/agree scale or frequency of various leisure activities.
- As the laptops did not have a conventional keyboard, questions that required entry of an amount or date had a pop-up number pad appear on screen.
- Wherever dates were delimited by a known possible time period (e.g. the reference period for the
 receipt of benefits or house moves reported in the previous twelve months), pre-coded year and
 month categories were provided on screen instead of a text box for date entry in order to minimise
 entry errors by interviewers.
- Questions requiring a verbatim text response had a pop-up keyboard appear on screen for entry by the interviewer.
- Where an 'other specify' category was included a text box for entry of the response was provided on screen.

Under CAPI, all questions require an answer of some type before the programme will move on to the next question. On all questions where the paper questionnaire had always carried an explicit 'don't know' or 'refused' category, these appeared on screen as possible valid responses. For all other questions, apart from key routing questions where a response was required (e.g. whether an employee or self-employed) a 'not answered' code was provided on screen. If interviewers used this code, they were required to enter the reason it had been used in a pop-up text box. Interviewers could also enter explanatory marginal comments at any point in the questionnaire by clicking on a comments field which brought up a text box.

NOP developed an on-line coding system for the post field coding of verbatim responses. The same team of coders who had previously worked on the BHPS coded Wave 9 using the on-line system. This system simply picked up the identifiers and verbatim text for the question concerned from the database of interviews held on the central server and displayed these on the coder's screen together with any contextual information needed for coding. For example, when coding occupational descriptions the details of the industry, whether an employee or self-employed, and managerial duties were also displayed. The coders used the standard BHPS coding frames to code the responses and

entered the codes directly. The coded responses were then merged back into the completed interview data for each individual.

IV.16.2 Fieldwork procedures and interviewer training

Fieldwork procedures at Wave 9 did not alter in any respect other than the introduction of CAPI. Interviewer experience of CAPI and good training were critical elements in a successful transition to CAPI. The fieldwork agency was responsible for providing specific training on using the laptops to interviewers and this training was required prior to the interviewer briefings for the main survey.

The BHPS has a policy of sending the same interviewer back to households they have previously interviewed in order to maintain continuity and a rapport with respondents. As there is evidence that maintaining the same interviewer for respondents has been beneficial to response rates over the life of the survey (Laurie, H. et al, 1999), we wished to minimise any response effects from interviewer turnover. The majority of the regular BHPS interviewers had prior experience of using NOP's CAPI system in the field and very few of the regular interviewers dropped out due to the shift to CAPI. Of the 220 interviewers working on the main survey only 16 were newly recruited to the BHPS for Wave 9 and all had prior CAPI experience.

How respondents would react to the move to CAPI, particularly in relation to issues of confidentiality and sensitivity, were also of concern. While there is a body of evidence which shows that the vast majority of both interviewers and respondents react very favourably to CAPI, any drop in our wave on wave reinterview response rates would be unwelcome. CAPI was introduced to respondents in an intentionally low-key manner. Respondents were not forewarned that the survey was moving to CAPI with the interviewers being instructed to simply pick up and start using the laptop in the same way they would have when using the paper questionnaires. The reaction from both interviewers and respondents during the pre-testing and piloting of the CAPI questionnaire was very positive. During the mainstage fieldwork all comments from respondents were carefully monitored with no evidence of an adverse reaction to the laptops. The interviewer observations completed after every individual interview also show no evidence of an adverse reaction from respondents.

The individual re-interview response rates remained high with 97.1% of those respondents interviewed at every wave of the survey being re-interviewed at Wave 9. The response rate data shown in tables 19h and 21, suggest show no significant differences to the previous paper waves. For the core BHPS longitudinal respondents, there is no evidence that the response was affected by the move the CAPI, while the response for all respondents interviewed at the previous wave is virtually identical to the previous paper wave.

IV.16.3 Mode effects on key measures

The key concern in shifting to CAPI midway in the life of the panel was the danger of introducing unexpected mode effects that could compromise longitudinal comparability of the data. While maintaining comparability with the design of the paper questionnaire, fieldwork procedures and data collection had been central aims in making the transition, it was always possible that we could inadvertently introduce an element which produced markedly different responses under CAPI.

To date, no significant mode effects that can be attributed to the introduction of CAPI have been found within the Wave 9 data as compared to earlier paper waves. The distributions on key demographic items including age, sex, marital status, employment status, ethnicity, occupation and industry are virtually identical to earlier paper sweeps. The entry of dates and amounts produce distributions consistent with earlier waves as do verbatim items coded post field (see Laurie, H., 2000 for further details).

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IV.17 Scotland and Wales Extension Samples

A major development at Wave 9 was the recruitment of two additional samples to the BHPS in Scotland and Wales. There were two main aims of the extensions. First, to increase the relatively small Scottish and Welsh sample sizes (around 400-500 households in each country in the initial BHPS sample) in order to permit independent analysis of the two countries. Second, to facilitate analysis of the two countries compared to England in order to assess the impacts of the substantial public policy changes which may be expected to follow from devolution. A consultation period in the early part of 1999 established the requirements of the Scottish and Welsh user-communities. Provision of comparable data between the different parts of Great Britain required using identical questionnaires and fieldwork arrangements for the additional samples to those used for the main BHPS sample.

A sample of 2,475 addresses in each country was drawn from the Postcode Address File, sufficient to yield approximately 1,500 respondent households after allowance for non-residential addresses and non-response. The geographic areas sampled included the "Highlands and Islands" in Scotland, areas that were <u>not</u> included in the original BHPS sample. In all other respects, the sample designs for both Scotland and Wales were comparable with the Wave 1 BHPS design. The primary sampling units (PSU's) were postcode sectors selected with probability proportional to size (i.e. number of addresses). Stratification was carried out to ensure balanced geographical representation and by socio-economic characteristics to reduce sampling error and improve the precision of estimates. For each country, 75 PSU's were selected with 33 addresses randomly selected within each PSU. The new samples consist of all those individuals resident at the selected addresses at the time of interview.

NOP Research Group, the BHPS fieldwork contractor since 1991, carried out the recruitment and fieldwork for the new samples. By using the same fieldwork agency we aimed to maximise comparability with the main BHPS sample by employing the same methodological techniques and fieldwork procedures as well as exploiting the expertise of interviewers familiar with working on the BHPS. The Scottish and Welsh extensions used the same questionnaire instruments as the BHPS, following the routings for new entrants to respondent households to collect initial conditions data such as place of birth, ethnicity, qualifications and some key life events. In recognition of the importance of these extensions as a way of addressing issues relating to devolution, new questions on national identity and attitudes to the Government were included both in the extension samples and in the whole BHPS sample.

Fieldwork commenced for both the main sample and the extensions on 1 September, 1999. NOP used existing BHPS interviewers where this was possible, and trained new interviewers where necessary. Because of the extra load on existing interviewers, and some need to recruit interviewers, interviews in Scotland and Wales took place rather later than on original sample of BHPS, and substantial number took place in the early months of 2000. Response rates for the new sample are presented in section IV.18.

At Wave 10, the second wave for these new samples, we reissued all of the first wave non-contact households, and refusal households except those which were judged to be permanent adamant refusals. Significant numbers of these households were interviewed, and their members will be treated as OSMs.

IV.18 Dependent Interviewing in the BHPS

This section discusses briefly the introduction of dependent interviewing in wave 16 of the BHPS. Dependent interviewing (DI) is a method of designing questions in longitudinal surveys, where

information about respondents obtained in past interviews is used to personalise the questionnaire and adapt it to the respondent's situation in future interviews. With computer assisted interviewing, previous information can be included in the formulation of questions, to remind respondents of previous responses and ask whether their situation has changed. Previous information can also be used to compute edit checks during the interview. In this case, the computer script compares responses with previous responses and prompts edit check questions if these differ.

The main motivation for introducing dependent interviewing in the BHPS was to improve data quality, in particular the longitudinal consistency of responses. DI can however also be used to identify and route around redundant questions, if the respondent's situation has not changed. The design of DI for the BHPS was inspired by other panel studies around the world and based on an earlier experimental study called 'Improving Survey Measurement of Income and Employment' (ISMIE). This study tested the effects of DI for different types of questions on a former sample associated with the BHPS. Based on the findings from this study, DI was introduced in three sections of the individual questionnaire: current employment, the labour market activity history and the household finance sections.

For the current employment questions, responses given in previous interviews were used to ask respondents whether their situation had changed. Respondents were for example reminded of their occupation at the previous wave and asked whether this was still the same. Similar questions were used to collect information about the employer, industry, whether employee or self-employed, managerial duties and size of employer organisation. This approach should make the survey task easier for respondents and thereby improve the consistency of data on employment characteristics across waves.

DI was also used for the questions asking about earnings from employment. Here the previous reports were used to compute automatic edit checks, whereby the current response was compared with the response from the previous interview. If there appeared to be an unusually large change in earnings, then a follow-up question was prompted, to check whether the change was real or due to an error in the data. This approach will reduce the number of outliers, by catching keying and reporting errors during the interview.

For the questions about respondents' labour market activities since the previous interview, the previous information was used as a starting point into the history. Respondents were reminded of the activity they were doing at the time of the previous interview and then asked what they had been doing since. In contrast, in previous waves respondents were asked about their activities in reverse chronological order, starting with their current situation. The new approach will make it easier for respondents to remember activities in the past, and to provide reports that are more consistent with previous reports.

In the household finance section, DI is used to remind respondents of sources of unearned income which they have reported in the past, but not mentioned in the current interview. This will help respondents recall and identify sources, from the list of 35 about which they are asked, and as a result reduce the extent of under-reporting of incomes.

The implementation of these DI questions required substantial development of the computer scripts. Previous responses also had to be edited and prepared to be 'fed-forward'. A pilot study was carried out to check that all procedures were working and to obtain feedback on the reactions of respondents and interviewers before introducing DI in the BHPS.

The changes will have implications for data users. The standard BHPS variables will still be provided for the whole sample. Additional information will however be available to analysts, indicating how a variable for a particular respondent was collected, whether using DI or by asking the independent question. Thus while analyses which made use of standard variables should still work in the same way users should consider the implications of the different way in which data have been collected. Relevant sections of the annotated individual questionnaire are questions E1 to E10 (pages 51-56 at wave 16), E54 and E55 (page 68), J1 to J29 (pages 86 to 94), NFA to NFH (pages 111 to 112).

For further information about the introduction of dependent interviewing in the BHPS, see Jäckle, Annette, Heather Laurie, SC Noah Uhrig (May 2007) 'The Introduction of Dependent Interviewing on the British Household Panel Survey', ISER Working Paper 2007-07. Colchester: University of Essex. This can be found at http://www.iser.essex.ac.uk/pubs/workpaps/pdf/2007-07.pdf. This contains full information about the routing of the DI sections and the nature of the data which was fed forward.

IV.19 Northern Ireland Household Panel Survey

At wave 11 a substantial new sample in Northern Ireland, the Northern Ireland Household Panel Survey (NIHPS) was added. This sample is jointly funded by the ESRC and government departments in Northern Ireland. Since the start of the BHPS it has been recognised that a sample was needed in Northern Ireland so that the coverage of the panel was UK wide rather than Great Britain only. Until now, funding has not been available to run a panel that was large enough to enable comparative analysis between Northern Ireland and the rest of the UK. More recently, having longitudinal data that is comparable with Great Britain has become something of a priority for the Northern Ireland policy makers as well as for the wider academic community. There are three years of funding in the first instance.

Following tendering, the contract to carry out the fieldwork was awarded to the Central Survey Unit (CSU) of the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency and the first wave of fieldwork was carried out in 2001. The design of the panel and content of the questionnaire follows the BHPS with ISER staff overseeing and working with staff at CSU responsible for data collection.

The wave 1 fieldwork was carried out between October 2001 and March 2002. A random sample of addresses was selected by CSU and, as with wave 1 of the BHPS, all individuals resident at those addresses when the interviewer called were eligible for inclusion in the sample. Interviews were achieved in 1,979 households across Northern Ireland, giving an extremely good household response rate of 69%. A total of 3,528 full individual interviews were achieved plus 200 proxy interviews, representing an individual response rate for eligible adults found of 89%.

The design and content of the survey is largely similar to the BHPS to provide comparability. There are some changes in content due to local circumstances and some additional questions that are specific to Northern Ireland. The data from wave 1 of NIHPS have been processed by ISER using the standard BHPS procedures.

IV.20 Response Rates

Interview outcomes at Wave One in terms of the original issued sample are shown in *Table 16*, at the household level. Thus around 13% of issued addressed did not contain households, but multiple occupied addresses meant the addition of around 4% to the number of households in the sample. On this basis, there was at least one interview in 74% of eligible households, complete coverage of eligible adults, including proxies in 69% of households, and full interviews with all eligible members in 65% of households. Responses at the individual level within respondent households are shown in *Table 17*.

After the first wave of a Panel Study, the main focus of interest shifts to response at the individual level, and the calculation of response rates becomes increasingly complex. We may distinguish between a wave-on-wave response rate (i.e. how many of the people interviewed last wave are re-interviewed in the current wave), and a longitudinal response rate (i.e. how many of the people interviewed at Wave One are interviewed at the latest wave). This is further complicated since individual's eligibility status may change, e.g. they may die or move out of scope, or children may reach the age of 16 and become eligible for interview. In addition, it is still possible from a fieldwork point of view to speak of household response patterns, though these are rather unreliable due to uncertainty as to the eligibility of issued households.

In this section we show response outcomes in the following ways:

For each wave, we show the outcomes for all issued and enumerated individuals in terms of their response at the previous wave.

For each wave, we show the outcomes for the combination of all issued households and new households encountered in the field.

For all full interview respondents at Wave One, we show response status at each subsequent wave.

Table 18a shows wave-on-wave response status for Wave Two at the individual level. Thus 86.4% of Wave One respondents gave an interview at Wave Two. Given that a number had died or moved out of scope, this gives a wave-on-wave response rate of 87.7%. *Table 18b* shows equivalent information for Wave Three in tems of Wave Two response status. Once ineligible new entrants are excluded the wave on wave response rate is around 90%. *Table 18c* shows Wave Four information. Here the wave on wave response rate is almost 95%.

Table 19 shows response at the household level. In a household panel study, this is complex since households may have split since the previous wave. Some of this is known before fieldwork, thus at Wave Two the total number of issued households, at 5611, was larger than the number of respondent households at Wave One (5511). However, an additional 331 households were found during the course of fieldwork. In addition to this, Wave One non-contact households were reissued, and the 44 which responded are included in the table above. Similar patterns emerge in subsequent waves. Note that the base for each wave includes a significant number of previous wave non-repsondent households.

Table 20 shows the response status of Wave One full interview respondents at each subsequent wave. Thus 76.4% of Wave One respondents were interviewed at Wave Four. Once those who have died or moved out of scope are excluded this turns into a response rate of 80.0%.

Table 16 Wave One Individual Outcomes

Enumerated Individuals	13840 (100%)
Ineligible Children (Under 16)	3089 (22%)
Eligible Adults	10751 (100%)
Refusals	426 (4%)
Non-Contact / Absent	48 (0%)
Age / Infirmity / Disability or Language Difficulty	13 (0%)
Full Interviews	9912 (92%)
Proxy Interviews	352 (3%)
Total Interviews	10264 (95%)

^{*} This conforms to the database. In 38 cases, documents were either missing or otherwise unusable.

Table 17 Wave One Household Outcomes and Response Rates *

Addresses Issued 8167					
Vacant/Non-residential/Foreign	1033				
Multi-Households Addition to Sample	357				
Effective Sample Size	7491				
Refusal to Field Agency/Research Centre	123 (2%)				
Household Refusal to Interviewer	1420 (19%)				
Household Non-contact	288 (4%)				
Language/Age/Infirmity Problems	122 (2%)				
Complete Household Interview	4862 (65%)				
Complete Household Coverage (inc. proxies)	5143 (69%)				
Partial Household Coverage	5538 (74%)				

^{*} In 29 households included here with respondent households (10 complete interviews, and 19 partial coverage) documents were missing or otherwise unusable, and there are no response data on the database. These cases have a response code of 19.

Table 18a: Wave Two Individual Outcomes by Wave One Response Status

Wave Two Response Status	Wave One Response Status							
Ciaido	Full Interview	Proxy	Refusal	Child Under 16	New Entrant/Other*	TOTAL		
Full Interview	8586 (86.4)	112 (31.8)	73 (15.2)	153 (5.0)	552 (58.4)	9459 (64.0)		
Proxy Interview	150 (1.5)	140 (39.8)	47 (9.8)	7 (0.2)	42 (4.4)	386 (2.6)		
Within HH Refusal	112 (1.1)	27 (7.7)	170 (35.3)	5 (0.2)	61 (6.4)	375 (2.5)		
Other Non-Interview	12 (0.1)	3 (0.9)	8 (1.7)	1 (0.0)	14 (1.5)	38 (0.3)		
Child Under 16				2651 (85.8)	242 (25.6)	2893 (19.6)		
Refusal Household	657 (6.6)	34 (9.7)	149 (31.0)	180 (5.8)	18 (1.9)	1038 (7.0)		
Non-contact Household	274 (2.8)	18 (5.1)	29 (6.0)	80 (2.6)	14 (1.5)	415 (2.8)		
Out of Scope	58 (0.6)	3 (0.9)	2 (0.4)	13 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	77 (0.5)		
Dead	81 (0.8)	15 (4.3)	3 (0.6)	2 (0.2)		101 (0.7)		
TOTAL	9912 (67.1)	352 (2.4)	481 (3.3)	3090 (20.9)	947 (6.4)	14782 (100.0)		

^{*} Included Members of Wave One Non-Contact Households

Table 18b: Wave Three Individual Outcomes by Wave Two Response Status

Wave Three Response Status	Wave Two Response Status						
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8209 (86.9)	74 (19.2)	36 (8.7)	140 (4.8)	165 (15.4)	400 (51.5)	9024 (60.2)
Proxy Interview	103 (1.1)	157 (40.7)	27 (6.5)	4 (0.1)	9 (0.8)	24 (3.1)	324 (2.2)
Telephone Interview	190 (2.0)	3 (0.8)	2 (0.5)	1 (0.0)	54 (5.0)	2 (0.3)	254 (1.7)
Within HH Refusal	133 (1.4)	48 (12.4)	221 (53.5)	8 (0.3)	53 (4.9)	85 (10.9)	548 (3.7)
Other Non-Interview	35 (0.4)	21 (5.4)	15 (3.6)	2 (0.1)	11 (1.0)	29 (3.7)	113 (0.7)
Child Under 16				2550 (88.1)	57 (5.3)	236 (30.5)	2843 (19.0)
Refusal Household	296 (3.1)	34 (8.8)	63 (15.3)	112 (3.9)	339 (31.6)		844 (5.6)
Non-contact Household	145 (1.5)	24 (6.2)	30 (7.3)	56 (1.9)	291 (27.1)		546 (3.6)
Out of Scope	35 (0.4)	7 (1.8)	3 (0.7)	6 (0.2)	81 (7.5)		132 (0.9)
No One Eligible in HH	214 (2.3)	9 (2.3)	15 (3.6)	14 (0.5)	2 (0.2)		254 (1.7)
Dead	99 (1.0)	9 (2.3)	1 (0.2)		11 (1.0)		120 (0.8)
TOTAL	9459 (63.1)	386 (2.6)	413 (2.8)	2893 (19.3)	1073 (7.2)	776 (5.2)	15000 (100.0)

Table 18c: Wave Four Individual Outcomes by Wave Three Response Status

Wave Four Response Status	Wave Three Response Status								
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL	
Full Interview	8178 (90.6)	65 (20.1)	125 (49.6)	75 (11.3)	147 (5.2)	86 (8.2)	384 (52.7)	9060 (60.9)	
Proxy Interview	73 (0.8)	164 (50.6)	2 (0.8)	47 (7.1)	2 (0.1)	3 (0.8)	18 (2.3)	309 (2.1)	
Telephone Interview	64 (0.7)	1 (0.3)	37 (14.7)	3 (0.5)	1 (0.0)	6 (0.6)		112 (0.8)	
Within HH Refusal	67 (0.7)	31 (9.6)	10 (4.0)	334 (50.5)	7 (0.2)	21 (2.0)	76 (10.4)	546 (3.7)	
Other Non-Interview	12 (0.1)	3 (0.9)		11 (1.7)	3 (0.1)	2 (0.2)	12 (1.6)	43 (0.3)	
Child Under 16					2526 (88.8)	29 (2.8)	226 (31.0)	2781 (18.7)	
Refusal Household	191 (2.1)	26 (8.0)	65 (25.8)	92 (13.9)	76 (2.7)	283 (27.1)	12 (1.6)	745 (5.0)	
Non-contact Household	106 (1.2)	11 (3.4)	9 (3.6)	35 (5.3)	36 (1.3)	465 (44.5)		662 (4.5)	
Out of Scope	46 (0.5)	5 (1.5)	2 (0.8)	11 (1.7)	21 (0.7)	134 (12.8)		219 (1.5)	
No One Eligible in HH	207 (2.3)	9 (2.8)	1 (0.4)	49 (7.4)	24 (0.8)	5 (0.5)		295 (2.0)	
Dead	80 (0.9)	9 (2.8)	1 (0.4)	4 (0.6)		10 (1.0)		104 (0.7)	
TOTAL	9024 (60.7)	324 (2.2)	252 (1.7)	661 (4.4)	2843 (19.1)	1044 (7.0)	728 (4.9)	14876 (100.0)	

Table 18d: Wave Five Individual Outcomes by Wave Four Response Status

Wave Five Response Status				Wave Four	Response Status	3		
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8125 (89.7)	52 (16.8)	45 (40.2)	49 (8.3)	139 (5.0)	85 (6.6)	332 (48.4)	8827 (59.6)
Proxy Interview	69 (0.8)	161 (52.1)		21 (3.6)	3 (0.1)	11 (0.9)	21 (3.1)	286 (1.9)
Telephone Interview	85 (0.9)	4 (1.3)	23 (20.5)	5 (0.8)	2 (0.1)	15 (1.2)	2 (0.3)	136 (0.9)
Within HH Refusal	64 (0.7)	28 (9.1)	5 (4.5)	325 (55.2)	11 (0.4)	1.5 (1.5)	87 (12.7)	539 (3.6)
Other Non-Interview	22 (0.2)	6 (1.9)		17 (2.9)			25 (3.6)	70 (0.5)
Child Under 16					2446 (88.0)	33 (2.6)	212 (30.9)	2691 (18.2)
Refusal Household	191 (2.1)	23 (7.4)	32 (28.6)	87 (14.8)	90 (3.2)	286 (22.3)	7 (1.0)	716 (4.8)
Non-contact Household	126 (1.4)	15 (4.9)	7 (6.3)	25 (4.2)	66 (2.4)	592 (46.1)		831 (5.6)
Out of Scope	40 (0.4)	2 (0.6)		4 (0.7)	5 (0.2)	222 (173)		273 (1.8)
No One Eligible in HH	251 (2.8)	11 (3.6)		53 (9.0)	19 (0.7)	10 (0.8)		344 (2.3)
Dead	87 (1.0)	7 (2.3)		3 (0.5)		11 (0.9)		108 (0.7)
TOTAL	9060 (61.1)	309 (2.1)	112 (0.8)	589 (4.0)	2781 (18.8)	1284 (8.7)	686 (4.6)	14821 (100.0)

Table 18e: Wave Six Individual Outcomes by Wave Five Response Status

Wave Six Response Status				Wave Five	Response Status	3		
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8237 (93.3)	63 (22.0)	65 (47.8)	67 (11.0)	163 (6.1)	148 (9.6)	394 (51.7)	9137 (61.5)
Proxy Interview	51 (0.6)	153 (53.5)	2 (1.5)	26 (4.3)	1 (0.0)	3 (0.2)	13 (1.7)	249 (1.7)
Telephone Interview	31 (0.4)	1 (0.3)	10 (7.4)	3 (0.5)		6 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	52 (0.4)
Within HH Refusal	17 (0.2)	29 (10.1)	4 (2.9)	349 (57.4)	7 (0.3)	14 (0.9)	88 (11.5)	508 (3.4)
Other Non-Interview	14 (0.2)	3 (1.0)	1 (0.7)	18 (3.0)		2 (0.1)	26 (3.4)	64 (0.4)
Child Under 16					2435 (90.5)	44 (2.9)	231 (30.3)	2710 (18.3)
Refusal Household	95 (1.1)	10 (3.5)	45 (33.1)	48 (7.9)	40 (1.5)	358 (23.3)	9 (1.2)	605 (4.1)
Non-contact Household	59 (0.7)	4 (1.4)	7 (5.1)	20 (3.3)	26 (1.0)	656 (42.8)		772 (5.2)
Out of Scope	26 (0.3)	2 (0.7)		4 (0.7)	6 (0.2)	265 (17.5)		306 (2.1)
No One Eligible in HH	218 (2.5)	14 (4.9)	1 (0.7)	71 (11.7)	11 (0.4)	6 (0.4)		321 (2.2)
Dead	80 (0.9)	7 (2.4)	1 (0.7)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.1)	29 (1.9)		121 (0.8)
TOTAL	8828 (59.5)	286 (1.9)	136 (0.9)	608 (4.1)	2691 (18.1)	1534 (10.3)	762 (5.1)	14845 (100.0)

Table 18f: Wave Seven Individual Outcomes by Wave Six Response Status

Wave Seven Response Status				Wave Six F	Response Status			
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8440 (92.6)	35 (0.4)	29 (0.3)	43 (0.5)	136 (1.5)	65 (0.7)	370 (4.1)	9118 (64.2)
Proxy Interview	38 (17.0)	158 (70.9)	1 (0.4)	10 (4.5)	2 (0.9)		14 (6.3)	223 (1.6)
Telephone Interview	27 (84.4)		3 (9.4)	1 (3.1)		1 (3.1)		32 (0.2)
Within HH Refusal	23 (4.8)	20 (4.1)	1 (0.2)	354 (73.4)	2 (0.4)	5 (1.0)	77 (16.0)	482 (3.4)
Other Non-Interview	22 (56.4)	4 (10.3)		6 (15.4)		1 (2.6)	6 (15.4)	39 (0.3)
Child Under 16					2440 (91.8)	10 (0.4)	208 (7.8)	2658 (18.7)
Refusal Household	107 (27.3)	6 (1.5)	13 (3.3)	47 (12.0)	48 (12.2)	162 (41.3)	9 (2.3)	392 (2.8)
Non-contact Household	86 (23.9)	10 (2.8)	5 (1.4)	19 (5.3)	28 (7.8)	212 (58.9)		360 (2.5)
Out of Scope	39 (10.6)			5 (1.4)	11 (3.0)	312 (85.0)		367 (2.6)
No One Eligible in HH	280 (68.5)	7 (1.7)		79 (19.3)	43 (10.5)			409 (2.9)
Dead	77 (62.6)	9 (7.3)		6 (4.9)		31 (25.2)		123 (0.9)
TOTAL	9139 (64.3)	249 (1.8)	52 (0.4)	570 (4.0)	2710 (19.1)	799 (5.6)	684 (4.8)	14203 (100)

Table 18g: Wave Eight Individual Outcomes by Wave Seven Response Status

Wave Eight Response Status				Wave Seven	Response Statu	ıs		
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8363 (93.5)	35 (0.4)	10 (0.1)	30 (0.3)	125 (1.4)	67 (0.7)	310 (3.5)	8940 (62.8)
Proxy Interview	48 (22.2)	137 (63.4)		13 (6.0)	1 (0.5)	3 (1.4)	14 (6.5)	216 (1.5)
Telephone Interview	43 (72.9)	1 (1.7)	6 (10.2)	1 (1.7)		8 (13.6)		59 (0.4)
Within HH Refusal	48 (9.4)	18 (3.5)		354 (69.3)	5 (1.0)	18 (3.5)	68 (13.3)	511 (3.6)
Other Non-Interview	26 (50.0)	1 (1.9)		8 (15.4)	1 (1.9)	2 (3.8)	14 (26.9)	52 (0.4)
Child Under 16					2449 (91.3)	19 (0.7)	215 (8.0)	2683 (18.9)
Refusal Household	127 (29.7)	10 (2.3)	12 (2.8)	25 (5.8)	40 (9.3)	204 (47.7)	10 (2.3)	428 (3.0)
Non-contact Household	76 (17.1)	3 (0.7)	3 (0.7)	16 (3.6)	17 (3.8)	329 (74.1)		444 (3.1)
Out of Scope	17 (4.4)	2 (0.5)		2 (0.5)	2 (0.5)	360 (94.0)		383 (2.7)
No One Eligible in HH	279 (72.5)	8 (2.1)		65 (16.9)	18 (4.7)	15 (3.9)		385 (2.7)
Dead	91 (72.2)	8 (6.3)	1 (0.8)	5 (4.0)		21 (16.7)		126 (0.9)
TOTAL	9118 (64.1)	223 (1.6)	32 (0.2)	519 (3.6)	2658 (18.7)	1046 (7.4)	631 (4.4)	14227 (100)

Table 18h: Wave Nine Individual Outcomes by Wave Eight Response Status

Wave Nine Response Status				Wave Eight	Response Statu	s		
	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8255 (93.6)	25 (0.3)	24 (0.3)	45 (0.5)	141 (1.6)	69 (0.8)	261 (3.0)	8820 (61.8)
Proxy Interview	44 (21.2)	130 (62.5)		16 (7.7)	2 (1.0)	3 (1.4)	13 (6.3)	208 (1.5)
Telephone Interview	52 (71.2)		7 (9.6)	5 (6.8)		6 (8.2)	3 (4.1)	73 (0.5)
Within HH Refusal	45 (8.6)	15 (2.9)	1 (0.2)	343 (65.6)	13 (2.5)	11 (2.1)	95 (18.2)	523 (3.7)
Other Non-Interview	25 (29.1)	2 (2.3)		14 (16.3)	2 (2.3)	3 (3.5)	40 (46.5)	86 (0.6)
Child Under 16					2400 (91.4)	12 (0.5)	213 (8.1)	2625 (18.4)
Refusal Household	143 (26.5)	13 (2.4)	22 (4.1)	41 (7.6)	63 (11.7)	247 (45.8)	10 (1.9)	539 (3.8)
Non-contact Household	66 (11.8)	11 (2.0)	4 (0.7)	25 (4.5)	21 (3.8)	430 (77.2)		557 (3.9)
Out of Scope	41 (9.3)	3 (0.7)	1 (0.2)	4 (0.9)	11 (2.5)	383 (86.5)		443 (3.1)
No One Eligible in HH	195 (62.5)	13 (4.2)		64 (20.5)	30 (9.6)	10 (3.2)		312 (2.2)
Dead	74 (83.1)	4 (4.5)		6 (6.7)		5 (5.6)		89 (0.6)
TOTAL	8940 (62.6)	216 (1.5)	59 (0.4)	563 (3.9)	2683 (18.8)	1179 (8.3)	635 (4.4)	14275 (100.0)

Table 18i: Wave Ten Individual Outcomes by Wave Nine Response Status

				Wave Nine	Response Status	3		
Wave Ten Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	8117 (93.3)	26 (0.3)	25 (0.3)	64 (0.7)	131 (1.5)	90 (1.0)	248 (2.9)	8701 (60.6)
Proxy Interview	45 (22.3)	126 (62.4)		20 (9.9)	1 (0.5)	2 (1.0)	8 (4.0)	202 (1.4)
Telephone Interview	62 (60.2)	1 (1.0)	19 (18.4)	1 (1.0)		19 (18.4)	1 (1.0)	103 (0.7)
Within HH Refusal	44 (7.9)	21 (3.8)	7 (1.3)	349 (62.8)	9 (1.6)	24 (4.3)	102 (18.3)	556 (3.9)
Other Non-Interview	24 (37.5)	3 (4.7)	2 (3.1)	14 (21.9)	1 (1.6)	2 (3.1)	18 (28.1)	64 (0.4)
Child Under 16					2368 (90.1)	45 (1.7)	215 (8.2)	2628 (18.3)
Refusal Household	151 (29.7)	8 (1.6)	17 (3.3)	42 (8.3)	48 (9.4)	240 (47.2)	3 (0.6)	509 (3.5)
Non-contact Household	75 (11.4)	6 (0.9)	3 (0.5)	25 (3.8)	30 (4.5)	521 (78.9)		660 (4.6)
Out of Scope	55 (10.7)	1 (0.2)		7 (1.4)	17 (3.3)	436 (84.5)		516 (3.6)
No One Eligible in HH	172 (57.9)	7 (2.4)		83 (27.9)	19 (6.4)	16 (5.4)		297 (2.1)
Dead	75 (64.1)	9 (7.7)		2 (1.7)	1 (0.9)	30 (25.6)		117 (0.8)
TOTAL	8820 (61.5)	208 (1.4)	73 (0.5)	607 (4.2)	2625 (18.3)	1425 (9.9)	595 (4.1)	14353 (100.0)

Table 18j: Wave Eleven Individual Outcomes by Wave Ten Response Status

				Wave Ten I	Response Status	3		
Wave Eleven Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7978 (92.9)	35 (0.4)	23 (0.3)	51 (0.6)	129 (1.5)	112 (1.3)	262 (3.1)	8590 (59.2)
Proxy Interview	39 (21.4)	111 61.0)		15 (8.2)	5 (2.8)	2 (1.1)	10 (5.5)	182 (1.3)
Telephone Interview	88 (53.7)	2 (1.2)	35 (21.3)	7 (4.3)		32 (19.5)		164 (1.1)
Within HH Refusal	54 (8.8)	26 (4.2)	8 (1.3)	375 (60.9)	9 (1.5)	33 (5.4)	111 (18.0)	616 (2.3)
Other Non-Interview	27 (37.0)	1 (1.4)	3 (4.1)	16 (21.9)	1 (1.4)	7 (9.6)	18 (24.7)	73 (0.5)
Child Under 16					2360 (90.5)	36 (1.4)	213 (8.2)	2609 (18.0)
Refusal Household	176 (26.9)	9 (1.4)	27 (4.1)	46 (7.0)	58 (8.9)	338 (51.6)	1 (0.2)	655 (4.5)
Non-contact Household	67 (9.8)	2 (0.3)	5 (0.7)	28 (4.1)	31 (4.5)	553 (80.6)		686 (4.7)
Out of Scope	37 (6.8)	3 (0.6)		1 (0.2)	6 (1.1)	498 (91.4)		545 (3.8)
No One Eligible in HH	170 (57.8)	8 (2.7)	1 (0.3)	75 (25.5)	28 (9.5)	12 (4.1)		294 (2.0)
Dead	65 (73.9)	5 (5.7)		3 (3.4)	1 (1.1)	14 (15.9)		88 (0.6)
TOTAL	8701 (60.0)	202 (1.4)	102 (0.7)	617 (4.3)	2628 (18.1)	1637 (11.3)	615 (4.2)	14502 (100)

Table 18k: Wave Twelve Individual Outcomes by Wave Eleven Response Status

				Wave Eleven	Response Statu	ıs		
Wave Twelve Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7849 (93.6)	31 (0.4)	41 (0.5)	48 (0.6)	130 (1.6)	88 (1.0)	196 (2.3)	8383 (59.4)
Proxy Interview	58 (29.7)	93 (47.7)	2 (1.0)	24 (12.3)	2 (1.0)	5 (2.6)	11 (5.6)	195 (1.4)
Telephone Interview	127 (52.9)	5 (2.1)	68 (28.3)	15 (6.3)	3 (1.2)	16 (6.7)	6 (2.5)	240 (1.7)
Within HH Refusal	71 (11.5)	16 (2.6)	8 (1.3)	398 (64.4)	12 (1.9)	30 (4.9)	83 (13.4)	618 (4.4)
Other Non-Interview	27 (26.0)	10 (9.6)	3 (2.9)	33 (31.7)	1 (1.0)	3 (2.9)	27 (26.0)	104 (0.7)
Child Under 16					2370 (91.4)	38 (1.5)	186 (7.2)	2594 (18.4)
Refusal Household	136 (21.3)	6 (0.9)	30 (4.7)	49 (7.7)	38 (6.0)	380 (59.5)		639 (4.5)
Non-contact Household	75 (19.3)	4 (1.0)	9 (2.3)	28 (7.2)	23 (5.9)	249 (64.2)		388 (2.7)
Out of Scope	26 (4.4)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)	8 (1.4)	9 (1.5)	540 (92.3)		585 (4.1)
No One Eligible in HH	161 (57.3)	4 (1.4)		80 (28.5)	21 (7.5)	15 (5.3)		281 (2.0)
Dead	60 (69.0)	12 (13.8)	2 (2.3)	6 (6.9)		7 (8.0)		87 (0.6)
TOTAL	8590 (60.9)	182 (1.3)	164 (1.2)	689 (4.9)	2609 (18.5)	1371 (9.7)	509 (3.6)	14114 (100)

Table 18I: Wave Thirteen Individual Outcomes by Wave Twelve Response Status

				Wave Twelve	Response Stat	us		
Wave Thirteen Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7694 (93.1)	34 (0.4)	60 (0.7)	55 (0.7)	154 (1.9)	65 (0.8)	202 (2.4)	8264 (59.0)
Proxy Interview	43 (20.2)	106 (49.8)		40 (18.8)	3 (1.4)	2 (0.9)	19 (8.9)	213 (1.5)
Telephone Interview	103 (46.0)	5 (2.2)	59 (26.3)	22 (9.8)	3 (1.3)	30 (13.4)	2 (0.9)	224 (1.6)
Within HH Refusal	53 (9.4)	20 (3.5)	15 (2.7)	388 (68.8)	4 (0.7)	12 (2.1)	72 (12.8)	564 (4.0)
Other Non-Interview	29 (30.9)	3 (3.2)	3 (3.2)	27 (28.7)	4 (4.3)		28 (29.8)	94 (0.7)
Child Under 16					2299 (91.4)	24 (1.0)	192 (7.6)	2515 (17.9)
Refusal Household	148 (20.7)	7 (1.0)	81 (11.3)	84 (11.7)	74 (10.3)	322 (45.0)		716 (5.1)
Non-contact Household	60 (13.6)	6 (1.4)	12 (2.7)	18 (4.1)	20 (4.5)	326 (73.8)		442 (3.2)
Out of Scope	45 (7.0)	1 (0.2)	3 (0.5)	5 (0.8)	9 (1.4)	579 (90.2)		642 (4.6)
No One Eligible in HH	140 (55.6)	6 (2.4)	3 (1.2)	76 (30.2)	24 (9.5)	3 (1.2)		252 (1.8)
Dead	68 (75.6)	7 (7.8)	2 (2.2)	7 (7.8)		6 (6.7)		90 (0.6)
TOTAL	8383 (59.8)	195 (1.4)	238 (1.7)	722 (5.2)	2594 (18.5)	1369 (9.8)	515 (3.7)	14016 (100.0)

Table 18m: Wave Fourteen Individual Outcomes by Wave Thirteen Response Status

				Wave Thirtee	n Response Sta	tus		
Wave Fourteen Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7547 (93.4)	38 (0.5)	35 (0.4)	61 (0.8)	142 (1.8)	71 (0.9)	186 (2.3)	8080 (100.0)
Proxy Interview	45 (24.2)	103 (55.4)	3 (1.6)	12 (6.5)	3 (1.6)	3 (1.6)	17 (9.1)	186 (100.0)
Telephone Interview	161 (45.6)	5 (1.4)	94 (26.6)	24 (6.8)	2 (0.6)	62 (17.6)	5 (1.4)	353 (100.0)
Within HH Refusal	50 (8.7)	31 (5.4)	12 (2.1)	367 (63.6)	5 (0.9)	26 (4.5)	86 (14.9)	577 (100.0)
Other Non-Interview	45 (35.7)	7 (5.6)	1 (0.8)	31 (24.6)	2 (1.6)	8 (6.3)	32 (25.4)	126 (100.0)
Child Under 16					2263 (91.2)	20 (0.8)	198 (8.0)	2481 (100.0)
Refusal Household	107 (17.4)	5 (0.8)	58 (9.4)	74 (12.1)	54 (8.8)	316 (51.5)		614 (100.0)
Non-contact Household	44 (8.9)	4 (0.8)	12 (2.4)	8 (1.6)	17 (3.5)	407 (82.7)		492 (100.0)
Out of Scope	34 (5.0)	3 (0.4)		7 (1.0)	6 (0.9)	628 (92.6)		678 (100.0)
No One Eligible in HH	158 (58.7)	9 (3.3)	4 (1.5)	66 (24.5)	19 (7.1)	13 (4.8)		269 (100.0)
Dead	73 (39.9)	8 (4.4)	2 (1.1)	8 (4.4)	2 (1.1)	90 (49.2)		183 (100.0)
TOTAL	8264 (58.9)	213 (1.5)	221 (1.6)	658 (4.7)	2515 (17.9)	1644 (11.7)	524 (3.7)	14039 (100.0)

Table 18n: Wave Fifteen Individual Outcomes by Wave Fourteen Response Status

				Wave Fourtee	n Response Sta	tus		
Wave Fifteen Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7437 (93.0)	30 (0.4)	35 (0.4)	79 (1.0)	141 (1.8)	49 (0.6)	223 (2.8)	7994 (100)
Proxy Interview	33 (20.4)	103 (63.6)	2 (1.2)	14 (8.6)	1 (0.6)	1 (0.6)	8 (4.9)	162 (100)
Telephone Interview	97 (25.4)	2 (0.5)	221 (57.9)	24 (6.3)	11 (2.9)	24 (6.3)	3 (0.8)	382 (100)
Within HH Refusal	58 (9.3)	20 (3.2)	11 (1.8)	389 (62.2)	10 (1.6)	24 (3.8)	113 (18.1)	625 (100)
Other Non-Interview	28 (27.5)	5 (4.9)	6 (5.9)	43 (42.2)	3 (2.9)	7 (6.9)	10 (9.8)	102 (100)
Child Under 16					2215 (91.0)	23 (0.9)	197 (8.1)	2435 (100)
Refusal Household	127 (21.8)	3 (0.5)	45 (7.7)	52 (8.9)	44 (7.5)	312 (53.5)		583 (100)
Non-contact Household	62 (10.2)	2 (0.3)	23 (3.8)	25 (4.1)	20 (3.3)	475 (78.3)		607 (100)
Out of Scope	35 (4.9)	4 (0.6)	4 (0.6)	3 (0.4)	6 (0.8)	667 (92.8)		719 (100)
No One Eligible in HH	137 (55.0)	7 (2.8)	1 (0.4)	69 (27.7)	25 (10.0)	10 (4.0)		249 (100)
Dead	63 (67.7)	10 (10.8)	3 (3.2)	5 (5.4)	2 (2.2)	10 (10.8)		93 (100)
TOTAL	8077 (57.9)	186 (1.3)	351 (2.5)	703 (5.0)	2478 (17.8)	1602 (11.5)	554 (4.0)	13951 (100)

Table 18o: Wave Sixteen Individual Outcomes by Wave Fifteen Response Status

				Wave Fifteer	Response Statu	ıs		
Wave Sixteen Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7451 (93.8)	18 (0.2)	47 (0.6)	50 (0.6)	124 (1.6)	53 (0.7)	203 (2.6)	7946 (100)
Proxy Interview	29 (18.5)	98 (62.4)	0 (0.0)	18 (11.5)	1 (0.6)	1 (0.6)	10 (6.4)	157 (100)
Telephone Interview	80 (21.0)	1 (0.3)	243 (63.8)	14 (3.7)	5 (1.3)	34 (8.9)	4 (1.0)	381 (100)
Within HH Refusal	41 (6.3)	19 (2.9)	17 (2.6)	449 (69.1)	8 (1.2)	12 (1.8)	104 (16.0)	650 (100)
Other Non-Interview	21 (18.8)	6 (5.4)	5 (4.5)	35 (31.3)	6 (5.4)	9 (8.0)	30 (26.8)	112 (100)
Child Under 16					2166 (91.6)	25 (1.1)	174 (7.4)	2365 (100)
Refusal Household	98 (17.2)	9 (1.6)	39 (6.8)	43 (7.5)	52 (9.1)	329 (57.7)		570 (100)
Non-contact Household	41 (5.9)	2 (0.3)	21 (3.0)	23 (3.3)	40 (5.8)	563 (81.6)		690 (100)
Out of Scope	27 (3.6)		2 (0.3)	5 (0.7)	7 (0.9)	715 (94.6)		756 (100)
No One Eligible in HH	139 (54.5)	4 (1.6)	3 (1.2)	80 (31.4)	24 (9.4)	5 (2.0)		255 (100)
Dead	67 (57.3)	5 (4.3)	2 (1.7)	8 (6.8)		35 (29.9)		117 (100)
TOTAL	7994 (57.1)	162 (1.2)	379 (2.7)	725 (5.2)	2433 (17.4)	1781 (12.7)	525 (3.8)	13999 (100)

Table 18p: Wave Seventeen Individual Outcomes by Wave Sixteen Response Status

				Wave Sixteer	n Response Stat	us		
Wave Seventeen Response Status	Full Interview	Proxy Interview	Telephone Interview	Refusal	Child Under 16 years	Refusal/ Non-contact Household	New Entrant	TOTAL
Full Interview	7301 (94.0)	19 (0.2)	42 (0.5)	48 (0.6)	167 (2.2)	41 (0.5)	148 (1.9)	7766 (100)
Proxy Interview	32 (22.2)	90 (62.5)	1 (0.7)	12 (8.3)	3 (2.1)	1 (0.7)	5 (3.5)	144 (100)
Telephone Interview	105 (25.5)	2 (0.5)	261 (63.3)	15 (3.6)	3 (0.7)	22 (5.3)	4 (1.0)	412 (100)
Within HH Refusal	63 (9.5)	21 (3.2)	6 (0.9)	457 (69.2)	14 (2.1)	16 (2.4)	83 (12.6)	660 (100)
Other Non-Interview	22 (21.4)	3 (2.9)	3 (2.9)	48 (46.6)		1 (1.0)	26 (25.2)	103 (100)
Child Under 16					2087 (91.2)	13 (0.6)	189 (8.3)	2289 (100)
Refusal Household	142 (22.5)	9 (1.4)	37 (5.9)	63 (10.0)	47 (7.5)	332 (52.7)		630 (100)
Non-contact Household	45 (6.1)	3 (0.4)	25 (3.4)	24 (3.3)	20 (2.7)	619 (84.1)		736 (100)
Out of Scope	36 (4.5)		1 (0.1)	5 (0.6)	2 (0.3)	752 (94.5)		796 (100)
No One Eligible in HH	144 (54.1)	5 (1.9)	1 (0.4)	83 (31.2)	19 (7.1)	14 (5.3)		266 (100)
Dead	55 (74.3)	5 (6.8)	2 (2.7)	6 (8.1)	1 (1.4)	5 (6.8)		74 (100)
TOTAL	7945 (57.3)	157 (1.1)	379 (2.7)	761 (5.5)	2363 (17.0)	1816 (13.1)	455 (3.3)	13876 (100)

Table 18q Wave Eighteen Individual Outcomes by Wave Seventeen Response Status

	Wave Seventeen Response Status									
Wave eighteen response status	Full interview	Proxy interview	Telephone interview	Refusal	Child under 16	Refusal/non- cont HH	New entrant	Total		
Full interview	7124 (95.0)	19 (0.3)	31 (0.4)	45 (0.6)	102 (1.4)	45 (0.6)	134 (1.8)	7500 (100)		
Proxy interview	26 (19.1)	88 (64.7)	1 (0.7)	11 (8.1)	1 (0.7)	4 (2.9)	5 (3.7)	136 (100)		
Telephone interview	101(23.3)	0 (0.0)	294 (67.7)	11 (2.5)	5 (1.2)	22 (5.1)	1 (0.2)	434 (100)		
Refusal	71 (9.9)	15 (2.1)	11 (1.5)	494 (69.0)	12 (1.7)	18 (2.5)	95 (13.3)	716 (100)		
Other non-interview	45 (34.4)	3 (2.3)	2 (1.5)	41 (31.3)	4 (3.1)	1 (0.8)	35 (26.7)	131 (100)		
Child under 16					2074 (91.2)	21 (0.9)	178 (7.8)	2273 (100)		
Refusal/non-cont HH	126 (21.9)	8 (1.4)	51 (8.9)	59 (10.2)	48 (8.3)	284 (49.3)	0 (0.0)	576 (100)		
Non-cont/NC HH	48 (6.2)	4 (0.5)	13 (1.7)	20 (2.6)	10 (1.3)	684 (87.8)	0 (0.0)	779 (100)		
Out of scope/NC HH	31 (3.7)	0 (0.0)	3 (0.4)	6 (0.7)	7 (0.8)	795 (94.4)	0 (0.0)	842 (100)		
No one elig in HH	118 (46.3)	2 (0.8)	1 (0.4)	89 (34.9)	26 (10.2)	19 (7.5)	0 (0.0)	255 (100)		
Dead	65 (89.0)	5 (6.8)	1 (1.4)	1 (1.4)	0 (0.0)	1 (1.4)	0 (0.0)	73 (100)		
Total	7755 (56.5)	144 (1.0)	408 (3.0)	777 (5.7)	2289 (16.7)	1894 (13.8)	448 (3.3)	13715 (100)		

Table 19

Household Response Outcomes

	Wave Two	Wave Three	Wave Four	Wave Five	Wave Six	Wave Seven	Wave Eight	Wave Nine	Wave Ten
Total Households Issued and Identified in Field	5986	6534	6558	6553	6487	6531	6179	6216	6333
All Sample Members deceased or out of scope	83 (1.4%)	134 (2.1%)	195 (3.0%)	232 (3.5%)	264 (4.1%)	301 (4.6%)	301 (4.9%)	297 (4.8%)	393 (6.2%)
No Eligible members		176 (2.7%)	207 (3.2%)	241 (3.7%)	215 (3.3%)	255 (3.9%)	253 (4.1%)	205 (3.3%)	208 (3.3%)
All Sample members returned to Previous Wave Household	22 (0.4%)	90 (1.4%)	57 (0.9%)	43 (0.7%)	23 (0.4%)	40 (0.6%)	34 (0.6%)	42 (0.7%)	44 (0.7%)
Effective Eligible Households	5881 (100%)	6134 (100%)	6099 (100%)	6037 (100%)	5985 (100%)	5935 (100%)	5591 (100%)	5672 (100%)	5688 (100%)
Previous wave adamant refusals		173 (2.8%)	220 (3.6%)	157 (2.6%)	130 (2.2%)	455 (7.7%)	41 (0.7%)	40 (0.7%)	56 (1.0%)
Effective Eligible Households Issued to Field	5881 (100%)	5961 (100%)	5879 (100%)	5880 (100%)	5855 (100%)	5480 (100%)	5500 (100%)	5632 (100%)	5632 (100%)
Household not found	216 (3.7%)	348 (5.8%)	408 (6.9%)	503 (8.6%)	479 (8.2%)	247 (4.5%)	313 (5.6%)	372 (6.6%)	440 (7.8%)
Household refusal	438 (7.4%)	385 (6.5%)	346 (5.9%)	343 (5.8%)	310 (5.3%)	206 (3.8%)	230 (4.1%)	276 (4.9%)	276 (4.9%)
Complete Household Interview	4556 (77.5%)	4354 (73.1%)	4378 (74.5%)	4259 (72.4%)	4372 (74.7%)	4384 (80.0%)	4328 (78.0%)	4273 (75.9%)	4194 (74.5%)
Complete Household Coverage (inc. proxies)	334 (5.7%)	279 (4.7%)	273 (4.6%)	257 (4.4%)	222 (3.8%)	201 (3.7%)	197 (3.2%)	188 (3.3%)	188 (3.3%)
Partial Household Coverage	331 (5.6%)	378 (6.3%)	384 (6.5%)	419 (7.1%)	429 (7.3%)	415 (7.6%)	432 (7.8%)	465 (8.2%)	455 (8.1%)
Telephone Interview only		212 (3.6%	88 (1.5%)	98 (1.7%)	40 (0.7%)	25 (0.5%)	47 (0.8%)	45 (0.8%)	74 (1.3%)
Proxy at Previous Address	6 (0.1%)	5 (0.1%)	2 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	3 (0.1%)	2 (0.0%)	3 (0.1%)	3 (0.1%)	5 (0.1%)
All Respondent Households	5227 (88.9%)	5228 (87.7%)	5125 (87.2%)	5034 (85.6%)	5066 (86.5%)	5027 (91.7%)	5007 (90.2%)	4974 (88.3%)	4916 (87.3%)

Table 19 (continued)

Household Response Outcomes

	Wave Eleven	Wave Twelve	Wave Thirteen	Wave Fourteen	Wave Fifteen	Wave Sixteen	Wave Seventeen	Wave Eighteen
Total Households Issued and Identified in Field	6353	6437	6256	6278	6224	6237	6288	6267
All Sample Members deceased or out of scope	387 (6.1%)	395 (6.1%)	443 (7.1%)	534 (8.5%)	481 (7.7%)	539 (8.6%)	534 (8.5%)	574 (9.2%)
No Eligible members	197 (3.1%)	187 (2.9%)	184 (2.9%)	194 (3.1%)	184 (3.0%)	179 (2.9%)	195 (3.1%)	173 (2.8)
All Sample members returned to Previous Wave Household	48 (0.8%)	57 (0.9%)	40 (0.6%)	48 (0.8%)	43 (0.7%)	33 (0.5%)	37 (0.6%)	37 (0.6%)
Effective Eligible Households	5721 (100%)	5798 (100%)	5589 (100%)	5502 (100%)	5516 (100%)	5486 (100%)	5522 (100%)	5483 (100%)
Previous wave adamant refusals	25 (0.4%)	315 (5.4%)	125 (2.2%)	87 (1.6%)	101 (1.8%)	63 (1.1%)	107 (1.9%)	129 (2.4%)
Effective Eligible Households Issued to Field	5696 (100%)	5483 (100%)	5464 (100%)	5415 (100%)	5415 (100%)	5423 (100%)	5415 (100%)	5354 (100%)
Household not found	467 (8.2%)	257 (4.7%)	293 (5.4%)	328 (6.1%)	396 (7.3%)	429 (7.9%)	468 (8.6%)	540 (10.1%)
Household refusal	339 (6%)	373 (6.8%)	406 (7.4%)	327 (6.0%)	321 (5.9%)	320 (5.9%)	350 (6.5%)	305 (5.7%)
Complete Household Interview	4104 (72.1%)	3987 (72.7%)	3951 (72.3%)	3877 (71.6%)	3803 (70.2%)	3761 (69.4%)	3673 (67.8%)	3550 (66.3%)
Complete Household Coverage (inc. proxies)	160 (2.8%)	171 (3.1%)	188 (3.4%)	159 (2.9%)	142 (2.6%)	132 (2.4%)	126 (2.3%)	119 (2.2%)
Partial Household Coverage	503 (8.8%)	527 (9.6%)	485 (8.9%)	489 (9.0%)	501 (9.3%)	512 (9.4%)	511 (9.4%)	528 (9.9%)
Telephone Interview only	117 (2.1%)	166 (3.0%)	139 (2.5%)	226 (4.2%)	247 (4.6%)	262 (4.8%)	284 (5.2%)	310 (5.8%)
Proxy at Previous Address	3 (0.1%)	2 (0.0%)	2 (0.0%)	9 (0.2%)	5 (0.1%)	7 (0.1%)	3 (0.1%)	2 (0%)
All Respondent Households	4887 (85.8%)	4853 (88.5%)	4765 (87.2%)	4760 (87.9%)	4698 (86.8%)	4674 (86.2%)	4597 (84.9%)	4509 (84.2%)

Outcomes for Original Sample Members with Full Interview at Wave One

	Wave Two	Wave Three	Wave Four	Wave Five	Wave Six	Wave Seven	Wave Eight	Wave Nine	Wave Ten
Full Interview Respondent	8568 (86.4%)	7839 (79.1%)	7577 (76.4%)	7183 (72.5%)	7132 (72.0%)	6903 (69.6%)	6651(67.1%)	6396 (64.5%)	6143 (62.0%)
Proxy Interview Respondent	150 (1.5%)	138 (1.4%)	128 (1.3%)	116 (1.2%)	104 (1.0%)	96 (1.0%)	95 (1.0%)	85 (0.9%)	77 (0.8%)
Telephone Interview Respondent		237 (2.4%)	104 (1.0%)	113 (1.1%)	42 (0.4%)	30 (0.3%)	47 (0.5%)	47 (0.5%)	82 (0.8%)
Within-household Refusal	112 (1.1%)	234 (2.4%)	224 (2.3%)	200 (2.0%)	166 (1.7%)	152 (1.5%)	159 (1.6%)	135 (1.6%)	149 (1.5%)
Other Non-interview in respondent household	12 (0.1%)	37 (0.4%)	18 (0.2%)	29 (0.3%)	17 (0.2%)	10 (0.1%)	13 (0.2%)	19 (0.2%)	14 (0.1%)
Died	81 (0.8%)	194 (2.0%)	290 (2.9%)	387 (3.9%)	489 (4.9%)	596 (6.0%)	695 (7.0%)	771 (7.8%)	877 (8.8%)
Out-of-scope	64 (0.6%)	93 (0.9%)	140 (1.4%)	173 (1.7%)	198 (2.0%)	237 (2.4%)	246 (2.5%)	269 (2.7%)	312 (3.1%)
In non-contact household	267 (2.7%)	343 (3.5%)	395 (4.0%)	478 (4.8%)	427 (4.3%)	191 (1.9%)	235 (2.4%)	286 (2.9%)	326 (3.3%)
In refusal household	620 (6.2%)	488 (4.9%)	382 (3.9%)	355 (3.6%)	274 (2.8%)	154 (1.6%)	153 (1.5%)	206 (2.1%)	197 (2.0%)
In other non-interviewed household	38 (0.4%)	66 (0.7%)	85 (0.9%)	100 (1.0%)	112 (1.1%)	85 (0.9%)	112 (1.1%)	129 (1.3%)	117 (1.2%)
In household not issued due to previous wave refusal		243 (2.5%)	569 (5.7%)	778 (7.8%)	951 (9.6%)	1164 (14.7%)	1212 (12.2%)	1235 (12.7%)	1324 (13.4%)
In household not issued due to long-term non-contact						294 (3.0%)	294 (3.0%)	294 (3.0%)	294 (3.0%)

Table 20

Outcomes for Original Sample Members with Full Interview at Wave One

	Wave Eleven	Wave Twelve	Wave Thirteen	Wave Fourteen	Wave Fifteen	Wave Sixteen	Wave Seventeen	Wave Eighteen
Full Interview Respondent	5914 (59.7%)	5694 (57.4%)	5481 (55.3%)	5212 (52.6%)	4994 (50.4%)	4835 (48.8%)	4622 (46.6%)	4411 (44.5%)
Proxy Interview Respondent	68 (0.7%)	67 (0.7%)	6 (0.6%)	58 (0.6%)	40 (0.4%)	38 (0.4%)	34 (0.3%)	36 (0.4%)
Telephone Interview Respondent	131 (1.3%)	161 (1.6%)	133 (1.3%)	234 (2.4%)	241 (2.4%)	242 (2.4%)	263 (2.7%)	270 (2.7%)
Within-household Refusal	160 (1.6%)	166 (1.7%)	149 (1.5%)	154 (1.6%)	149 (1.5%)	146 (1.5%)	157 (1.6%)	155 (1.6%)
Other Non-interview in respondent household	20 (0.2%)	19 (0.2%)	14 (0.1%)	28 (0.3%)	21 (0.2%)	21 (0.2%)	11 (0.1%)	27 (0.3%)
Died	951 (9.6%)	1021 (10.3%)	1098 (11.1%)	1258 (12.7%)	1338 (13.5%)	1443 (14.6%)	1507 (15.2%)	1570 (15.8%)
Out-of-scope	320 (3.2%)	340 (3.4%)	370 (3.7%)	373 (3.8%)	399 (4.0%)	416 (4.2%)	439 (4.4%)	464 (4.7%)
In non-contact household	310 (3.1%)	135 (1.4%)	157 (1.6%)	169 (1.7%)	190 (1.9%)	208 (2.1%)	212 (2.1%)	223 (2.2%)
In refusal household	234 (2.4%)	245 (2.5%)	231 (2.3%)	176 (1.8%)	187 (1.9%)	166 (1.7%)	166 (1.7%)	143 (1.4%)
In other non-interviewed household	156 (1.6%)	146 (1.5%)	163 (1.6%)	117 (1.2%)	135 (1.4%)	127 (1.3%)	140 (1.4%)	156 (1.6%)
In household not issued due to previous wave refusal	1356 (13.7%)	1400 (14.1%)	1535 (15.5%)	1615 (16.3%)	1702 (17.2%)	1754 (17.7%)	1846 (18.6%)	1942 (19.6%)
In household not issued due to long- term non-contact	292 (9.6%)	518 (5.7%)	518 (5.2%)	518 (5.2%)	516 (5.2%)	516 (5.2%)	515 (5.2%)	515 (5.2%)

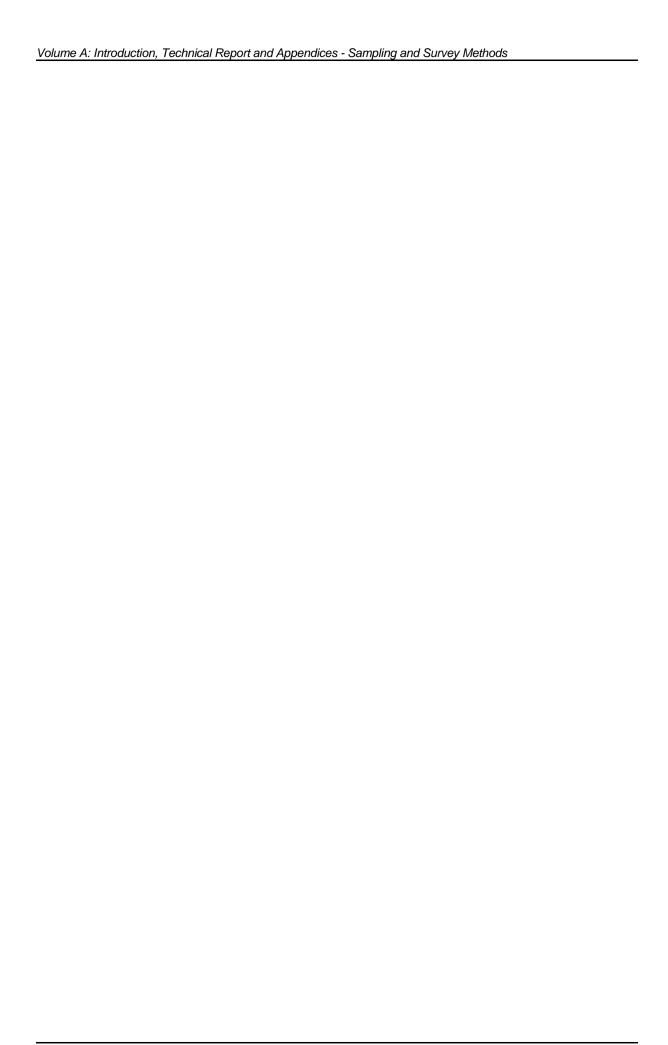
Table 20

Household outcomes and response rates for the first wave of the extension samples in Scotland and Wales are shown in Table 21. These rates are somewhat below expectation. However they are not wholly out of line with other current surveys. For example the Scottish Household Survey, under the auspices of the Scottish Executive had a partial coverage response rate of 64.7%. A comparison of survey estimates with the 1999 Labour Force Survey suggest that while there is some underrepresentation of older age groups, on indicators such as employment status, housing tenure and socio-economic group, differences are relatively small. A full technical report is in preparation, and will be available from the ISER.

Table 21

Household Outcomes and response rates for the 1999/2000 extension samples in Scotland and Wales

	Scotland	Wales
Addresses Issued	2475	2475
Vacant/Non-residential/Foreign	302	295
Multi-Households Addition to Sample	226	11
Effective Sample Size	2399	2191
Refusal to Field Agency/Research Centre	28 (1%)	33 (1%)
Household Refusal to Interviewer	668 (28%)	580 (26%)
Household Non-contact	189 (8%)	91 (4%)
Language/Age/Infirmity Problems	55 (2%)	59 (3%)
Complete Household Interview	1241 (52%)	1152 (53%)
Complete Household Coverage (inc. proxies)	1276 (53%)	1186 (54%)
Partial Household Coverage	1459 (61%)	1428 (65%)



V. Weighting, Imputation and Sampling Errors

V.1. Weighting Adjustments in the BHPS Wave One

There are separate weights for each wave of data. The calculation of these weights is discussed in the sections below. In general, there are separate weights for respondent individuals, for all enumerated individuals and for households. The appropriate weight to use will depend on the level of the analysis. It should be noted that proxy and telephone respondents have zero respondent weights, but positive enumerated individual weights. There are cross-sectional weights for use with single wave analyses for each wave. At Wave One the household weight is in the variable AHHWGHT on records AHHSAMP and AHHRESP, the individual respondent weight is AXRWGHT on record AINDRESP, and the enumerated individual weight is AXEWGHT on records AINDALL and AINDRESP. At Wave Two and beyond the equivalent household weight is wXHWGHT, and equivalent individual weights wXRWGHT and wXEWGHT.

However these weights should not be used for longitudinal analyses. The appropriate weights for such analyses are the longitudinal weight wLRWGHT for respondent individuals, and wLEWGHT for all enumerated individuals. These variables are on records wINDSAMP, wINDALL and wINDRESP. The weights from the last wave of any longitudinal sequence should be used. Note that only cases who have responded at each wave up to and including the latest wave will have positive longitudinal weights at that wave.

This section details the weighting adjustments applied to the **BHPS** Wave One data. The weighting adjustments were of the following form:

- Weights to adjust for unequal selection probabilities of delivery points (design weights);
- (2) Weights to adjust for non-response at the household level;
- (3) Weights to adjust for non-response of individuals within responding households;
- (4) Re-scaling of final weights to the raw sample size (Household n = 5511, Individuals interviewed n = 9912). Weights were derived in the above order with all calculations being based on data weighted by the product of all previously derived weights so that the weighting adjustments were made contingent on the already derived weights. The final weights to be applied for analysis purposes are the product of these weights.

The following discussion details the derivation of each of the above weights, their combination to obtain final weights for each type of analysis and information on their use. The interested reader is referred to Elliot (1991) for an introductory discussion of weighting adjustments for sample surveys.

V.1.1. Weighting for Unequal Selection Probabilities

The first weights are applied in order to adjust for differential representation in the sample due to the two-stage stratified systematic sample design. The sample selection mechanism was designed to be approximately an equal probability selection mechanism (epsem design). However, some deviation from a truly epsem design occurred, due mainly to the method of selection of households within addresses in Scotland and to a lesser degree in England and Wales. This necessitates the use of weights to adjust

the sample back to an *epsem* design. These weights are made proportional to the inverse of the probability of selection for a given sampled unit and their derivation is detailed below.

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Considering firstly the probability of selection of a given household under the sampling scheme applied, this can be defined as follows:

The probability of household γ in delivery point β (approximately equivalent to an address) in PSU α being selected for the sample is:

$$p(\alpha \beta \gamma) = P(\alpha).P(\beta/\alpha).P(\gamma/\alpha \beta)$$

That is the product of the probability of selection of PSU α multiplied by the probability of selection of delivery point β conditional on the selection of PSU α multiplied by the probability of selection delivery point γ conditional on the previous two selections.

These components are defined as follows:

(a) The probability of selecting a given PSU at the first stage of selection is defined as:

$$P(\alpha) = \frac{250 M_{\alpha}}{\sum M_{\alpha}}$$

The term M_{α} is an estimate of the size of PSU α and is defined as the number of delivery points on the PAF (at the time of area selection) for a PSU in England and Wales and the sum of the Multiple Occupancy Indicators (MOI) for a PSU in Scotland. Since sampling was with replacement and 250 PSUs were selected, each PSU had 250 chances of being selected. Therefore the term is multiplied by 250 with the denominator summation being over all PSUs.

(b) The probability of selecting a given delivery point within a given PSU, conditional on that PSU being selected at the first stage of selection, is given as:

$$P(\beta/\alpha) = \begin{cases} \frac{33}{M_{\alpha}} & \text{in England and Wales} \\ \\ \frac{33 N_{\alpha\beta}}{M_{\alpha}} & \text{in Scotland} \end{cases}$$

The selection of delivery points was made on the most up-to-date version of the PAF available. However, since the first stage of selection took place using an older PAF, in order to keep the sample approximately *epsem*, the systematic selection procedure applied was based on the number of delivery points in this older version of the PAF. For PSUs in England and Wales approximately 33 delivery points were selected from the total with equal selection probabilities and for PSUs in Scotland, again, approximately 33 addresses were selected with selection being proportional to the value of the MOI ($N_{\alpha\beta}$, an estimate of the number of households at an address) on the new PAF.

(c) The probability of selecting a given household within a given delivery point, conditional on the selection of that delivery point and that area in the previous stages of selection, is defined as:

$$P(\gamma/\alpha \beta) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} \leq 3 \text{ Where } n_{\alpha\beta} \text{ is the number of} \\ \\ \frac{3}{n_{\alpha\beta}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} > 3 \text{ households found at delivery point } \alpha \beta \end{cases}$$

Where up to three households were found at a delivery point, all households were selected. Where more than three households were found, three household were selected randomly from all those present with a selection procedure based on a Kish Grid.

The overall selection probabilities are therefore the product of the above components with the full probabilities being defined as:

$$P(\alpha \beta \gamma) = \begin{cases} \frac{250 M_{\alpha}}{\sum M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{33}{M_{\alpha}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha \beta} \leq 3 \\ \\ \frac{250 M_{\alpha}}{\sum M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{33}{M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{3}{n_{\alpha \beta}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha \beta} > 3 \end{cases}$$

In England and Wales, and

$$P(\alpha \beta \gamma) = \begin{cases} \frac{250 M_{\alpha}}{\sum M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{33 N_{\alpha\beta}}{M_{\alpha}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} \leq 3 \\ \\ \frac{250 M_{\alpha}}{\sum M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{33 N_{\alpha\beta}}{M_{\alpha}} \cdot \frac{3}{n_{\alpha\beta}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} > 3 \end{cases}$$

in Scotland.

In order to obtain design weights for all addresses, a number of assumptions were necessary since at certain delivery points no information on the total number of households at selected delivery point was available. This was due to interviewer error in completing the field documents. The rules applied to these situations were as follows: (1) If the number of households at a selected delivery point was missing from all households where interviews were attempted, then the total number of households at that delivery point equals the number of households where interviews were attempted; (2) If the number of households at a selected delivery was available for only some households where an interview was attempted, then this number is applied to all households where interviews were attempted at that delivery point.

The weights to compensate for unequal selection probabilities are taken as proportional to the inverse of the selection probabilities which, excluding common terms are given as:

$$\omega_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} \leq 3\\ \frac{n_{\alpha\beta}}{3} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} > 3 \end{cases}$$

in England and Wales, and

$$\omega_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{N_{\alpha\beta}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} \leq 3 \\ \\ \frac{n_{\alpha\beta}}{3N_{\alpha\beta}} & \text{if } n_{\alpha\beta} > 3 \end{cases}$$

in Scotland.

This formula was used to derive the design weights for all households in the **BHPS** sample.

Weighting for Household Non-Response

Weights were applied to the responding households in order to compensate for non-responding households. These weights were applied so that valid inferences can be made to the survey population. Although assumptions are involved in the definition of these weights these are explicitly defined and as plausible as possible given the limited information available on non-responding households. It should be noted that if non-response weights are not applied to the sample, then this is equivalent to assuming that means, proportions and relationships between variables in the responding sample are identical to those that would be found in the non-responding sample, generally a stronger assumption than those used in the definition of non-response weights. All the weighting adjustments described below were based on data weighted by previously derived weights so that subsequent adjustments do not replicate previous weights.

The weights were obtained by defining weighting classes based on information available for both responding and non-responding households. The classes were therefore defined on the basis of region, PSU characteristics, and type of household dwelling. The respondents in each class are weighted so that they compensate for the non-respondents in that class. The main assumption of this type of weighting is that the means etc. of respondents and non-respondents are the same for a given weighting class.

Household non-response of a given household can be categorised into the following classes for the purposes of the non-response weighting applied to the **BHPS**:

- (i) Non-response at the households level where type of dwelling is unknown.
- (ii) Non-response at the household level where type of dwelling is known.

The non-response adjustment for category (i) non-response was carried out by defining all households as members of weighting classes using a cross-classification of region and the socio-economic group stratifier (defined as high, medium or low percentage of individuals in PSU who were classified in SEG 1-5 and 13). Within each of these classes, the responding households were weighted up by a factor that made the total number of households for a given class equal to the total number of responding and non-responding households in that class.

For households in category (ii), the weighting classes were further subdivided by type of accommodation which was collected for both responding and non-responding households. The accommodation types

being defined as (1) Detached; (2) Semi-detached (3) Terraced (4) Flats and other types of accommodation. In 137 of the responding cases, no information was available on accommodation type so a hot-deck imputation procedure was used in order to efficiently use these households in the weighting adjustments. In order to obtain optimal weighting class size (30-45 responding households), given the initial definition of weighting classes detailed above, some weighting classes were combined together while others were split by a second stratifier - that of percentage population over pensionable age. As described above, within each of these classes the responding households were weighted up by a factor that made the total number of households for a given class equal to the total number of responding and non-responding households for that weighting class.

V.1.2. Individual Level Non-Response Weights

In a small number of cases responding households contained individuals who failed to give a full interview. In order to allow for valid inferences where the individual is the unit of analysis, non-response weights were derived in order to adjust for this within-household non-response. A model based adjustment approach was used, in which a logit model was fitted to the binary response defined as (1) Individual full interview obtained (2) Individual interview not obtained, or only proxy interview. The best fitting model contained the effects for region, housing tenure, an affluence measure, number of eligible individuals in household, marital status, employment status, age, sex and their interaction. These weights were trimmed back to a maximum of 1.75 in order to avoid excessive variance inflation due to these weights. The weights were then defined as the inverse of the predicted propensity or probability to respond for all responding individuals. Since a complete data set was required in order to obtain fitted probabilities for all responding individuals, a small amount of hot-deck item imputation was carried out on the data file.

V.1.3. Final Wave One Weights

The following are the final weights derived for Wave One.

Household Weight (AHHWGHT), for use with household-based analysis, was calculated as the product of the design and household non-response weights which was then truncated, post-stratified and rescaled to the number of households in the sample.

Enumerated Individual Weight (AXEWGHT), for use when the unit of analysis is individual enumerated within the household, was calculated as the product of the design and household non-response weights which was then truncated, post-stratified and rescaled to the number of enumerated individuals in the sample.

Individual Respondent Weight (AXRWGHT), for use when the unit of analysis is the individual with full interview, was calculated as the product of the design, household non-response and individual non-response weights which was then truncated, post-stratified and re-scaled to the number of interviewed individuals in the sample.

The procedures used for truncation, post-stratification and re-scaling are detailed below:

V.1.3.1. Truncation

To ensure that variance inflation due to weighting was minimised and to reduce the potential of high values for weights derived on the basis of the Wave One weights, the Wave One household, enumerated respondent and individual respondent weights were truncated so that no weight was greater than 2.50. The effective sample size and the percentage increase in the variance of estimates was used to assess the bias and variance inflation trade-off associated with using this cut-off for each of the three weights concerned.

V.1.3.2. Post-stratification

Post-stratification is a method of stratification which is carried out after the sample data have been collected rather than at the time of sample selection which makes it possible to use a much wider range of variables for stratification. This process adjusts marginal distributions of the sample data to be the same as the known distribution in the population. Since the 1991 Census was carried out at approximately the same time as the first wave of the **BHPS**, Census data were used as the bench mark distributions. The application of post-stratification weights can adjust for under coverage of the frame, although this is not a serious problem in the PAF (Butcher 1988, Wilson & Elliot 1987), and can give more robust and precise estimators (Holt and Smith 1979, Little 1993). Post-stratification was carried out so that the marginal distributions for household tenure, household size and number of cars were corrected to the population marginals at the household and enumerated individual level. A further post-stratification to the population age by sex marginal table was carried out at the enumerated individual level. The same variables were used to adjust at the interviewed adults level (i.e. the population aged 16 or over were post-stratified by tenure, household size, number of cars, age and sex). Note that stratification at the enumerated individual level results in differing weights for individuals within the same household.

V.1.3.3. Re-scaling

After the process of truncation and post-stratification the final weights were re-scaled to that they summed to the achieved sample sizes for each group, this ensure that the weighted total sample sizes will be the same as that for unweighted data.

An index that gives an approximate measure of the increase in variance of sample means and proportions caused by the variability of the weights (Lepkowski, Kalton, Kasprzyk, 1989) can be defined as:

$$I = \frac{n \sum_{W_i}^2}{(\sum_{W_i})^2} \text{ where } w_i \text{ is the weight for case i.}$$

An associated measure is termed the effective sample size which gives the size of an equal probability sample which would produce the same precision as the **BHPS** design given weighting for the design, non-response and post-stratification. Both of these measures are given in subsequent tables summarising the weights applied to **BHPS** data. *Tables 23, 24 and 25* give summary information regarding the weights for analysis of Wave One of the **BHPS**.

V.2. Longitudinal and Cross-sectional Weights after Wave One

There are separate weights for each wave of data. The calculation of these weights is discussed in the sections below. In general, there are separate weights for respondent individuals, for all enumerated individuals and for households. The appropriate weight to use will depend on the level of the analysis. It should be noted that proxy and telephone respondents have zero respondent weights, but positive enumerated individual weights. There are cross-sectional weights for use with single wave analyses for each wave. At Wave One the household weight is in the variable AHHWGHT on records AHHSAMP and AHHRESP, the individual respondent weight is AXRWGHT on record AINDRESP, and the enumerated individual weight is AXEWGHT on records AINDALL and AINDRESP. At Wave Two and beyond the equivalent household weight is wXHWGHT, and equivalent individual weights wXRWGHT and wXEWGHT.

However these weights should not be used for longitudinal analyses. The appropriate weights for such analyses are the longitudinal weight wLRWGHT for respondent individuals, and wLEWGHT for all enumerated individuals. These variables are on records wINDSAMP, wINDALL and wINDRESP. The weights from the last wave of any longitudinal sequence should be used. Note that only cases who have responded at each wave up to and including the latest

wave will have positive longitudinal weights at that wave. (See also Section V.1 for a discussion of Weighting Adjustments for Wave One.)

Two types of weights are derived for each wave after Wave One: Longitudinal and Cross-Sectional Weights. The longitudinal weights, for those interviewed at all waves up to and including the current wave¹ (wLRWGHT) and for those enumerated in respondent households in all waves up to and including the current wave (wLEWGHT), allow for the analysis of change between sequences of waves. by adjusting for sample loss between the two waves. The cross-sectional weights, for those enumerated at each wave (wXEWGHT) and for those giving a full interview (wXRWGHT), allow for the use of data in cross-sectional analysis by including new entrants and adjusting for within household non-response. The weight names above relate to the original BHPS sample. Sections V.2.4, V.2.5 and V.2.6 below discuss equivalent weights for use with the newer extension samples to BHPS. Table 25 provides an overview of the selection of weights for analysis.

V.2.1. Weights for Longitudinal Respondents

For the purposes of panel analyses, only cases which responded at all waves are generally of interest. The longitudinal respondent weights (wLRWGHT) selects out cases who gave a full interview at all waves in the **BHPS** files. At each wave these cases are re-weighted to take account of previous wave respondents lost through refusal at the current wave or through some other form of sample attrition. Thus the longitudinal weight at any wave will be the product of the sequence of attrition weights accounting for losses between each adjacent pair of waves up to that point, as well as the initial respondent weight at wave one. It should be noted that for these purpose response also includes the deceased, people who have moved into institutions or otherwise gone out-of-scope. These fail to give an interview not through non-response but due to a terminating event which results in their leaving the population of interest.

Due to varying amount of information available for non-respondents, the longitudinal respondent weights were calculated in two stages. First, all respondents at both waves including those with "terminal events" were weighted to adjust for the attrition of cases whose final status was indeterminate, in that it was not known whether these cases were still eligible for interview or had left the population of interest. These included people who had moved from their previous wave address and were subsequently not traced for interview, as well as refusal households where the interviewer was unable to determine who was still resident and eligible. The second adjustment weighted up the cases interviewed at both waves to take account of those who refused an interview, were proxied or were unable to give an interview at Wave Two. (Those with terminating events were not included since all non-respondents in this group were known to be ineligible.)

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In addition to those interviewed at all waves, OSM children enumerated in a respondent household at all waves before they reached 16, and respondents thereafter, will have positive longitudinal respondent weights.

Percentage Variance Inflation due to weights:

Table 22 AH	IHWGHT - Hou	usehold Weight					
Mean:	1.000	Standard Dev	riation:	.219			
Minimum	.000	Maximum:		2.500			
N:	5511						
Percentile	Value	Percentile	Value		Percentile	Value	
10	.817	20	.874		30	.915	
40	.950	50	.992		60	1.024	
70	1.065	80	1.121		90	1.202	
Effective Sam	nple Size:		5260				

4.78

Table 23 AX	EWGHT - Enu	merated Individu	ual Weight			
Mean:	1.000	Standard Devia	ation:	.221		
Minimum	.000	Maximum:		2.498		
N:	13840					
Percentile	Value	Percentile	Value		Percentile	Value
10	.785	20	.853		30	.900
40	.943	50	.985		60	1.029
70	1.080	80	1.145		90	1.246
Effective Sam	ple Size:		13197			
Percentage V	ariance Inflatio	n due to weights:			4.88	

Table 24 AX	RWGHT - En	umerated Adult	Weight				
Mean:	1.000	Standard Dev	viation:	.251			
Minimum	.202	Maximum:		2.499			
N:	9912						
Percentile	Value	Percentile	Value		Percentile	Value	
10	.761	20	.833		30	.882	
40	.931	50	.975		60	1.025	
70	1.078	80	1.150		90	1.281	
Effective San	nple Size:		9326				
Percentage \	/ariance Inflat	ion due to weights	S: 		6.29		

Weighting was carried out using a weighting class method where respondents and non-respondents were classified by a number of variables thought to be informative of non-response or of critical interest in the analysis of BHPS data. The main assumption of this approach is that, within the final cells, the respondents and non-respondents constitute a random sample of the population sub-group defined by the cell variables. Since all cases (except new 16 year olds) were respondents who gave a full interview at the previous wave, there were a large number of variables available to define these classes. In order to make this process manageable, an automatic interaction detection programme (SPSS CHAID) was used to aid the splitting of respondents and non-respondents into groups defined by variables associated with non-response. This allowed for the definition of very specific weighting classes and for easy control over the size of the classes and their percentage of non-respondents. The inverse of the response ratio defines the weight to be applied to respondent cases within each class. Since some of the most informative variables for non-response had small numbers of missing values these variables were initially imputed using a hot-deck procedure. This method applies to the majority of the weighting factors discussed below.

Variables used in these adjustments included: Whether moved from the previous wave address; individual characteristics such as age, sex, employment status, income total and composition, race, level of organisational membership, educational qualifications, etc. and household characteristics such are region, tenure, number of cars and ownership of consumer durables. The initial attrition weight was defined as the product of the previous wave longitudinal respondent weight (before post-stratification) and the adjustment factors defined on the basis of the two weighting steps described above. After this, a post-stratification adjustment was added so that the **Wave One characteristics** of the surviving sample corresponded to population marginals for 1991, in terms of age, sex, housing tenure, numbers of cars and household size. Post stratification methods are described in more detail in the previous section.

In addition to respondents at both waves those previous wave children who reach the age of 16 and are interviewed receive longitudinal respondent weights. In order to adjust for this group, those children interviewed were given a weight defined as the minimum of the longitudinal respondent weight of their parents, or the minimum longitudinal respondent weight in the household if no parent weight was available. This rule was applied since this group were too small to model adequately for adjustment and since children rising to age sixteen and eligible for interview are likely to have more in common with other members of their household than with other children in this category. Minimum values were used since this was most likely to reflect the probability of a household response. After this adjustment, the whole group of respondent new 16 year olds was re-weighted back to the number of eligible 16 year olds.

From Wave Three onwards, a small number of respondents out of scope at previous waves return to the sample. These cases are treated for weighting purposes as if they had responded at the previous wave. Predictor variables are taken from the most recently available wave.

V.2.2. Weights for Longitudinal Enumerated Individuals

Weights for individuals enumerated at each wave were derived using the same two stage method as used for longitudinal respondents with the weighting classes being primarily based on household and head of household characteristics. This weight (wLEWGHT) adjusts the individuals enumerated at each wave (including those experiencing terminating events) for the cases lost through attrition. Longitudinal weights for children and for proxy and telephone respondents as well as within household non-respondents are provided by this weight. New births to the sample are given the mean value of their parents' weights (so that children with two sample parents generally receive a higher weight than those with only one sample parent).

There is no longitudinal household weight since households are not definable as longitudinal entities.

V.2.3. Cross-Sectional Weights

For some research purposes, it is desirable to analyse each wave of the **BHPS** as a cross-section. In order to make this possible, cross-sectional weights have been derived that allow for the inclusion of new entrants who, by definition, do not have a Wave One or longitudinal weight. Assumptions are

necessary in order to include these individuals since their initial inclusion and response probability are unknown. There are a number of approaches available and we employed a standard technique called the 'fair shares approach' (Ernst 1989, Lavallée & Hunter 1992, Rendtel 1991). Basically, this approach shares the Wave One weights of all enumerated cases, after adjustment for attrition, to all other enumerated members of their later wave household. The sharing of weights was applied so that all members of each household have a weight equal to the sum of the weights of all the Wave One enumerated individuals, adjusted for non-response, divided by the number of members of the population at Wave One (i.e. including new entrants who were in that population, but excluding new births since Wave One).

The first stage of this derivation was to weight the enumerated individuals present at Wave One to adjust for attrition up to the latest wave². This used a similar weighting class method to that defined above for longitudinal respondents. The weighting classes were defined using head of household, household and individual characteristics (available from the enumeration grid). Once these attrition factors were calculated, weights were defined for original sample members based on the Wave One weights (after post-stratification). These were used to define the fair share weights for all eligible enumerated individuals, including new entrants, as described above, giving the final cross-sectional enumerated weight (wXEWGHT). Consequent to this weight, a cross-sectional respondent weight (wXRWGHT) was calculated by adjusting all interviewed adults at the wave for those who refused, were proxied or were unable to give an interview. This weight adjusts for within-household non-response for cross-sectional non-respondents. Again a weighting class method was employed using similar variables to that defining the cross-sectional enumerated classes, except that the adjustment depended only on current wave characteristics.

A cross-sectional household weight (wXHWGHT) is available. This is set equal to the cross-sectional enumerated individual weight (wXEWGHT) subject to rescaling back to the total number of households.

As discussed in the previous section, all weights are trimmed to a maximum value of 2.5, and rescaled so that the weighted sample is equal to the total number of respondent individuals. A number of distribution statistics for weights at each wave are given in Table 26. This includes statistics for percentage variance inflation due to weights, and the consequent effective sample size.

V.2.4 Weights including the ECHP sub-sample

It is most important to note that the combined original and ECHP sub-sample over-represent lower income households and individuals. Thus estimates to the whole GB or UK population must use weights in order to correct for this.

The standard BHPS weights are based on sample probabilities, estimated response probabilities at Wave One, and probabilities of attrition since Wave One, using weight sharing within households to provide cross-sectional weights for new entrants. These methods clearly will not directly allow ECHP sub-sample members to be weighted, and these members are zero-weighted using the standard weight variables. However new cross-sectional weights are available in the data set to permit analyses which include the sub-sample. These variables are called wXEWGHTE and wXRWGHTE, equivalent to the standard cross-sectional enumerated and respondent weights.

These weights are based on combining BHPS weights with weights derived for the ECHP subsample. This section describes briefly the methods of construction. The enumerated weight is constructed first. The ECHP sub-sample weight starts from the ECHP Wave Three cross-sectional weight for all household members in respondent households, and adjusts this for non-response between ECHP Wave Three and the first wave of entry to BHPS (equivalent to ECHP Wave Four). A weight share calculation within the sub-sample households then gives new entrants a weight.

The cross-sectional respondent weight was then calculated from the enumerated weight using the

^{2.} For this weight, but not for the longitudinal weights, Wave One non-contact and other households interviewed at Wave Two but not Wave One are given a token Wave One weight based the weights of other households in their PSU, so that they can be included in future wave cross-sectional weighting. This also leads to a very small adjustment in the base Wave One weight used for all other cases.

same algorithm as for the standard weights.

V.2.5 Weights for the Extension Samples in Scotland and Wales

The new extension samples in Scotland and Wales mean that there are substantial differences in selection probabilities within the whole BHPS. In the unweighted sample there are around 2.5 times as many enumerated individuals in Scotland as would be expected from population distribution, and around 4 times as many in Wales. As a result UK or GB analyses must be weighted if biases are not to arise

There is a new set of cross-sectional weights included at Wave Nine to allow the incorporation of the extension samples in Scotland and Wales. Weights are available at the household level, the enumerated individual level, and the respondent individual level. There are two sets of these weights:

- a) weights to allow the analysis of the whole UK (or GB), incorporating the new samples, and also including the ECHP sub-sample (IXHWTSW1, IXEWTSW1, IXRWTSW1);
- b) weights to permit the analysis of Scotland or Wales on their own, including both the new samples, and existing cases from the original BHPS and the ECHP sub-sample.

Weights were first computed for enumerated individuals. Non-response weights for the new samples were computed, based on inverse response probabilities at primary sampling unit level. These cases were combined with cases from the existing samples, using normal cross-sectional weights (IXEWGHTE), with weights scaled in proportion to the unweighted number in each sub-sample. In Scotland and Wales these combined weights were post-stratified to Labour Force Survey 1999 estimates of age and sex groupings, housing tenure and household size.

Respondent weights were calculated on the basis of these enumerated individual weights and a model of within-household non-response. Household weights are calculated as the enumerated individual weight of the household reference person within each household.

The difference between the two sets of weights identified above is simply one of rescaling to different sample size totals. The first set (IXEWTSW1 etc.) are scaled so as ensure that the Scotland and Wales samples contain the expected proportion of the UK population. They thus tend to have very low weights. In the second set (IXEWTSW2 etc.), weights are rescaled so that the sum of weights in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland is equal to the number of weighted cases in each of these areas. In Scotland and Wales, where there are members of both the original sample and the boost samples, both sets of weights have been scaled so that the mean weights for these two groups have been equalised.

With some statistical software, e.g. STATA, computations correctly adjust to the number of cases in the analysis, so that there will be no difference between results at the sub-UK level using the different types of weight. However other software, e.g. SPSS, performs statistical significance calculations on the basis of the weighted number of cases, and hence will tend to produce higher standard errors of estimates for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland on the basis of the first set of weights than the second. It should be remembered that most standard statistical software does not correctly adjust for the variance inflation effects produced by weighting. There are a number of exceptions, including the STATA svy procedures.

From Wave 11 onwards, the cross-sectional weights for use with these samples are renamed to wXRWTUK1, wXRWTUK2, wXEWTUK1 and wXEWTUK2.

Weight statistics for these new weights are shown in Table 26. It should be noted in particular that the distribution of the first set of weights is such as to a substantial effect in inflating variance and reduces effective sample size by around 60%.

The cross-sectional weights for the second wave of the extension samples incorporate the households which were converted at the second wave (i.e. the wave nine non-contact and 'soft' refusal households). This was done by adjusting the Wave Nine PSU non-response factors to take account of the fact that more households responded at wave 10. These factors were used as the

base weights for the Wave Ten entrant household members, and were adjusted for non-response between Wave Nine and Wave Ten for the Wave Nine entrant households.

New longitudinal weights which incorporate the extension samples were introduced from Wave Ten. They follow the same structure as the cross-sectional weights, i.e. wLEWTSW1 and wLRWTSW1 scaled to include the whole sample, and wLEWTSW2 and wLRWTSW2 including only the Scottish and Welsh components. These weights are computed in the same way as longitudinal weights for the original sample. However, original and permanent members of the initial sample who were present at Wave Nine were eligible for a positive weight regardless of their response status between Wave One and Wave Nine. (By contrast the standard longitudinal weights give OSM cases who were non-respondent between Wave One and Wave Nine, and all PSMs a zero weight).

V.2.6. Weights for the Northern Ireland Sample

The new sample in Northern Ireland is also selected with much higher probability than that in England. In the unweighted sample there are around 7 times as many enumerated individuals in Northern Ireland as would be expected from the UK population distribution. As a result UK analyses must be weighted if biases are not to arise. In addition it is necessary to adjust for non-response in the first wave, even where Northern Ireland analysis only is required.

Northern Ireland weights are included with the weight variables described in the section above (KXEWTUK1, KXRWTUK2 etc) Weights are available at the household level, the enumerated individual level, and the respondent individual level. There are two sets of these weights: a) weights to allow the analysis of the whole UK, incorporating all the samples, and also including the ECHP subsample (KXHWTUK1, KXEWTUK1, KXRWTUK1); b) weights to permit the analysis of Northern Ireland on its own. Note that these weights do not incorporate the small Northern Ireland component of the ECHP sub-sample, included at previous waves.

The Northern Ireland sample is a simple random sample design without any clustering. So unlike other parts of the BHPS primary sampling unit level non response was not used in the construction of non-response weights. Instead, response rates for postcode areas (sometimes grouped where sample numbers were small) were computed, and inverse response probabilities used in the computation of weights. In addition to this, these initial weights were post-stratified to 2001 Population Census estimates of age and sex groupings, housing tenure and household size.

Respondent weights were calculated on the basis of these enumerated individual weights and a model of within-household non-response. Household weights are calculated as the enumerated individual weight of the household reference person within each household.

The difference between the two sets of weights identified above is simply one of rescaling to different sample size totals. The first set (KXEWTUK1 etc.) are scale so as ensure that the Northern Ireland sample contains the expected proportion of the UK population. They thus tend to have very low weights. In the second set (KXEWTUK2 etc.), weights are rescaled so that the sum of weights in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland is equal to the number of weighted cases in each of these areas.

New longitudinal weights which incorporate the extension samples were introduced from Wave 12. They follow the same structure as the cross-sectional weights, i.e. wLEWTUK1 and wLRWTUK1 scaled for UK estimates, and wLEWTUK2 and wLRWTUK2 scaled for estimates at the England, Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland levels. These weights are computed in the same way as longitudinal weights for the original sample. However, original and permanent members of the initial sample who were present at Wave 11 were eligible for a positive weight regardless of their response status between Wave One and Wave Nine, and members of Scotland and Wales extension samples who were present at Wave 11 were also eligible regardless of their previous response status. (By contrast the standard longitudinal weights give OSM cases who were non-respondent between Wave One and Wave 11, and all PSMs a zero weight).

Weight statistics for these new weights are shown in Table 26. It should be noted in particular that the distribution of the first set of weights is such as to a substantial effect in inflating variance and reduces effective sample size by around 60%.

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Table 25Guide to the selection of BHPS weights for analysis

	Longitudinal analysis of individual respondent original sample members	Longitudinal analysis of all individual original sample members, including children	Cross-sectional analysis of individual respondents, including temporary sample members	Cross-sectional analysis of all individuals, including children, and including TSMs
GB or UK level analysis:				
Original BHPS sample	wLRWGHT from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wLEWGHT from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wXRWGHT from wave to be analysed	wXEWGHT from wave to be analysed
Original BHPS sample + ECHP sub-sample (waves 7 to 11)	Weight not available	Weight not available	wXRWGHTE from wave to be analysed	wXEWGHTE from wave to be analysed
Original BHPS sample + Scotland and Wales extension samples (wave 9 onwards)	wLRWTSW1 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wLEWTSW1 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wXRWTSW1 from wave to be analysed (wXRWTUK1 from wave 11 onwards)	wXEWTSW1 from wave to be analysed (wXEWTUK1 from wave 11 onwards)
Original BHPS sample + Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples: (wave 11 onwards)	wLRWTUK1 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wLEWTUK1 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wXRWTUK1 from wave to be analysed	wXEWTUK1 from wave to be analysed
Analysis at England, Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland level				
Original BHPS sample + Scotland and Wales extension samples	wLRWTSW2 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wLEWTSW2 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wXRWTSW2 from wave to be analysed (wXRWTUK2 from wave 11 onwards)	wXEWTSW2 from wave to be analysed (wXEWTUK2 from wave 11 onwards)
Original BHPS sample + Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland extension samples: (wave 11 onwards)	wLRWTUK2 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wLEWTUK2 from latest wave in longitudinal sequence	wXRWTUK2 from wave to be analysed	wXEWTUK2 from wave to be analysed

Table 26

	Statistics for Longitudinal and Cross-sectional weights after Wave One											
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size		
BLRWGHT	8721	1.00	0.297	0.20	0.72	0.95	1.35	2.50	8.8	8016		
BLEWGHT	12398	1.00	0.294	0.21	0.74	0.94	1.34	2.50	8.6	11416		
BXEWGHT	13151	1.00	0.321	0.09	0.70	0.97	1.33	2.50	10.3	11923		
BXRWGHT	9459	1.00	0.338	0.09	0.67	0.97	1.37	2.50	11.4	8488		
CLRWGHT	7905	1.00	0.321	0.18	0.68	0.94	1.40	2.50	10.3	7166		
CLEWGHT	11713	1.00	0.326	0.21	0.70	0.92	1.40	2.50	10.6	10586		
CXEWGHT	13099	1.00	0.368	0.07	0.58	0.97	1.41	2.50	13.8	11538		
CXRWGHT	9029	1.00	0.386	0.07	0.55	0.97	1.44	2.50	14.9	7858		
DLRWGHT	7525	1.00	0.329	0.18	0.67	0.93	1.44	2.50	10.8	6791		
DLEWGHT	11236	1.00	0.345	0.21	0.68	0.91	1.46	2.50	11.9	10039		
DXEWGHT	12844	1.00	0.380	0.07	0.52	0.98	1.40	2.50	14.5	11220		
DXRWGHT	9059	1.00	0.391	0.07	0.51	0.98	1.41	2.50	15.2	7860		
ELRWGHT	7170	1.00	0.335	0.18	0.65	0.93	1.47	2.50	11.2	6446		
ELEWGHT	10751	1.00	0.353	0.07	0.66	0.91	1.52	2.50	12.4	9562		
EXEWGHT	12529	1.00	0.417	0.07	0.49	0.96	1.45	2.50	17.4	10676		
EXRWGHT	8817	1.00	0.423	0.06	0.49	0.97	1.46	2.50	17.9	7479		
FLRWGHT	7059	1.00	0.339	0.18	0.65	0.93	1.50	2.50	11.5	6332		
FLEWGHT	10512	1.00	0.363	0.07	0.65	0.91	1.56	2.50	13.2	9288		
FXEWGHT	12678	1.00	0.426	0.06	0.46	0.99	1.46	2.50	18.2	10729		
FXRWGHT	9117	1.00	0.418	0.06	0.46	0.99	1.45	2.50	17.5	7759		
GLRWGHT	6901	1.00	0.347	0.18	0.64	0.92	1.54	2.50	12.0	6161		
GLEWGHT	10311	1.00	0.371	0.07	0.63	0.90	1.58	2.50	13.7	9065		
GXEWHGT	12492	1.00	0.429	0.07	0.47	0.98	1.48	2.50	18.4	10553		
GXRWGHT	9091	1.00	0.426	0.07	0.47	0.98	1.48	2.50	18.2	7694		

Table 26 continued

			Statistics fo	or Longitudina	al and Cross-s	ectional we	ights after Wav	e One		
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
GXEWGHTE	14979	1.00	0.463	0.06	0.45	0.97	1.54	2.93	21.4	12338
GXRWGHTE	10795	1.00	0.461	0.05	0.45	0.97	1.55	3.29	21.2	8910
HLRWGHT	6719	1.00	0.348	0.18	0.63	0.92	1.55	2.50	12.1	5992
HLEWGHT	100111	1.00	0.379	0.07	0.62	0.90	1.60	2.50	14.4	8839
HXEWHGT	12360	1.00	0.411	0.09	0.49	0.98	1.47	2.50	16.9	10575
HXRWGHT	8894	1.00	0.403	0.08	0.49	0.98	1.46	2.50	16.3	7650
HXEWGHTE	14730	1.00	0.447	0.06	0.46	0.99	1.53	2.92	19.9	12281
HXRWGHTE	10498	1.00	0.441	0.06	0.47	0.99	1.54	3.77	19.2	8805
ILRWGHT	6533	1.00	0.354	0.17	0.61	0.91	1.59	2.50	12.5	5806
ILEWGHT	9863	1.00	0.388	0.07	0.61	0.89	1.65	2.50	15.0	8575
IXEWHGT	12208	1.00	0.430	0.10	0.46	0.98	1.52	2.50	18.5	10299
IXRWGHT	8756	1.00	0.419	0.10	0.47	0.98	1.51	2.50	17.6	7446
IXEWGHTE	14464	1.00	0.466	0.06	0.44	0.97	1.57	3.28	21.7	11884
IXRWGHTE	10287	1.00	0.462	0.06	0.45	0.98	1.56	4.60	21.1	8495
IXEWTSW1	21418	1.00	0.778	0.03	0.22	0.80	2.11	4.55	59.8	13404
IXRWTSW1	15124	1.00	0.780	0.03	0.22	0.81	2.05	6.93	60.4	9431
IXEWTSW2	9064	1.00	0.398	0.08	0.63	0.93	1.48	2.50	15.8	7829
IXRWTSW2	6299	1.00	0.410	0.07	0.60	0.93	1.53	2.50	16.7	5396
JLEWGHT	9322	1.00	0.407	0.10	0.63	0.90	1.51	2.50	16.6	7997
JLRWGHT	6304	1.00	0.366	0.20	0.66	0.92	1.44	2.50	13.4	5560
JXEWGHT	12111	1.00	0.456	0.09	0.46	0.97	1.52	2.50	20.8	10024
JXRWGHT	8626	1.00	0.451	0.09	0.47	0.96	1.53	2.50	20.3	7170
JXEWGHTE	14298	1.00	0.470	0.06	0.42	0.96	1.56	2.51	22.6	11664
JXRWGHTE	10116	1.00	0.465	0.06	0.43	0.98	1.58	2.51	21.6	8317
JXEWTSW1	21235	1.00	0.783	0.03	0.22	0.77	2.16	2.85	61.3	13162
JXRWTSW1	14889	1.00	0.752	0.03	0.21	0.79	2.15	2.53	56.5	9512

Table 26 continued

			Statistics fo	or Longitudina	al and Cross-s	ectional we	ights after Wav	e One		
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
JXEWTSW2	21235	1.00	0.441	0.06	0.49	0.96	1.55	6.09	19.4	17786
JXRWTSW2	14889	1.00	0.431	0.07	0.50	0.97	1.57	6.39	18.4	12571
JLEWTSW1	18850	1.00	0.731	0.07	0.20	1.06	1.95	3.06	51.8	12419
JLRWTSW1	13153	1.00	0.702	0.05	0.21	1.08	1.90	2.88	48.2	8873
JLEWTSW2.	17214	1.00	0.409	0.17	0.66	0.92	1.45	11.58	16.6	14761
JLRWTSW2	12054	1.00	0.399	0.12	0.66	0.93	1.43	8.25	15.9	10402
KLEWGHT	9077	1.00	0.421	0.10	0.62	0.89	1.53	2.50	17.7	7710
KLRWGHT	6042	1.00	0.369	0.20	0.66	0.91	1.46	2.50	13.6	5320
KXEWGHT	12082	1.00	0.444	0.10	0.46	1.00	1.48	2.50	19.7	10091
KXRWGHT	8518	1.00	0.439	0.09	0.47	0.99	1.48	2.50	19.3	7140
KXEWGHTE	14202	1.00	0.470	0.06	0.42	0.98	1.56	2.52	22.0	11638
KXRWGHTE	9964	1.00	0.460	0.06	0.43	0.99	1.56	2.51	21.1	8228
KXEWTUK1	26120	1.00	1.000	0.02	0.09	0.53	2.54	4.18	99.9	13064
KXRWTUK1	17825	1.00	0.958	0.02	0.09	0.56	2.46	4.11	91.8	9292
KXEWTUK2	26120	1.00	0.868	0.03	0.47	0.86	1.55	16.90	74.8	14942
KXRWTUK2	17825	1.00	0.830	0.03	0.47	0.87	1.54	16.00	68.4	10583
KLEWTSW1	17978	1.00	0.728	0.06	0.20	1.06	1.97	3.75	51.2	11887
KLRWTSW1	12372	1.00	0.693	0.05	0.21	1.08	1.87	2.95	47.0	8419
KLEWTSW2	16470	1.00	0.464	0.16	0.64	0.91	1.48	14.56	21.4	13569
KLRWTSW2	11359	1.00	0.442	0.12	0.64	0.92	1.46	11.33	19.4	9511

Table 26 continued

			Statistics fo	or Longitudin	al and Cross-s	ectional we	ights after Wav	e One		
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
LLEWGHT	8901	1.00	0.428	0.10	0.61	0.89	1.55	2.50	18.3	7522
LLRWGHT	5812	1.00	0.375	0.20	0.66	0.91	1.46	2.50	14.0	5097
LXEWGHT	11936	1.00	0.445	0.13	0.46	0.98	1.51	2.50	19.8	9963
LXRWGHT	8295	1.00	0.437	0.12	0.47	0.97	1.52	2.50	19.1	6966
LXEWTUK1	22984	1.00	0.915	0.04	0.23	0.54	2.54	4.21	76.1	13054
LXRWTUK1	15508	1.00	0.906	0.02	0.14	0.57	2.44	3.94	80.1	8612
LXEWTUK2	22984	1.00	0.419	0.09	0.57	0.97	1.62	14.01	16.8	19671
LXRWTUK2	15508	1.00	0.429	0.08	0.56	0.96	1.64	13.12	17.9	13157
LLEWTSW1	15528	1.00	0.721	0.07	0.19	1.06	1.94	2.90	51.3	10261
LLRWTSW1	10449	1.00	0.687	0.06	0.21	1.07	1.85	3.15	46.7	7121
LLEWTSW2	15528	1.00	0.472	0.18	0.63	0.90	1.51	10.79	21.9	12738
LLRWTSW2	10449	1.00	0.454	0.14	0.64	0.91	1.46	11.99	20.3	8686
LLEWTUK1	20994	1.00	0.901	0.07	0.13	0.50	2.27	3.78	80.5	11630
LLRWTUK1	13995	1.00	0.861	0.07	0.13	0.55	2.18	2.90	73.7	8058
LLEWTUK2	20994	1.00	0.384	0.20	0.67	0.94	1.45	12.92	14.6	18327
LLRWTUK2	13995	1.00	0.372	0.17	0.67	0.94	1.45	9.01	13.6	12316
MLEWGHT	8639	1.00	0.442	0.10	0.60	0.88	1.57	2.50	19.5	7229
MLRWGHT	5624	1.00	0.381	0.22	0.65	0.91	1.47	2.50	14.5	4912
MXEWGHT	11657	1.00	0.427	0.12	0.49	0.98	1.50	2.50	18.3	9857
MXRWGHT	8162	1.00	0.421	0.11	0.49	0.98	1.50	2.50	17.8	6931
MXEWTUK1	22163	1.00	0.945	0.03	0.14	0.55	2.46	3.85	81.7	12196
MXRWTUK1	15141	1.00	0.912	0.03	0.13	0.61	2.37	5.05	76.8	8563
MXEWTUK2	22163	1.00	0.442	0.08	0.55	0.96	1.54	9.44	19.4	18566
MXRWTUK2	15141	1.00	0.456	0.08	0.55	0.95	1.54	16.24	20.7	12545
MLEWTSW1	14876	1.00	0.729	0.07	0.19	1.05	1.95	2.91	52.5	9756

Table 26 continued

			Statistics fo	or Longitudin	al and Cross-s	ectional we	ights after Wav	e One		
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
MLRWTSW1	9940	1.00	0.685	0.06	0.21	1.07	1.85	3.01	46.5	6786
MLEWTSW2	14876	1.00	0.508	0.18	0.61	0.89	1.52	10.38	25.7	11832
MLRWTSW2	9940	1.00	0.452	0.15	0.63	0.90	1.47	7.25	20.4	8256
MLEWTUK1	19723	1.00	0.918	0.07	0.14	0.53	2.30	3.84	78.8	11033
MLRWTUK1	13111	1.00	0.873	0.07	0.13	0.60	2.23	2.98	71.8	7632
MLEWTUK2	19723	1.00	0.432	0.20	0.64	0.92	1.49	12.67	18.6	16632
MLRWTUK2	13111	1.00	0.421	0.16	0.66	0.93	1.45	9.97	17.6	11145
NLEWGHT	8639	1.00	0.448	0.08	0.59	0.88	1.59	2.50	20.1	7075
NLRWGHT	5624	1.00	0.386	0.21	0.64	0.91	1.48	2.50	14.9	4736
NXEWGHT	11657	1.00	0.442	0.14	0.48	0.98	1.50	2.50	19.6	9669
NXRWGHT	8162	1.00	0.433	0.13	0.48	0.97	1.51	2.50	18.7	6711
NXEWTUK1	22163	1.00	0.952	0.03	0.15	0.57	2.61	3.04	81.5	11945
NXRWTUK1	15141	1.00	0.890	0.02	0.13	0.63	2.41	3.80	75.9	8268
NXEWTUK2	22163	1.00	0.451	0.09	0.53	0.94	1.59	8.38	20.1	18046
NXRWTUK2	15141	1.00	0.458	0.08	0.54	0.93	1.63	7.59	20.8	12035
NLEWTSW1	14876	1.00	0.726	0.06	0.19	1.04	1.95	2.91	52.0	9481
NLRWTSW1	9940	1.00	0.677	0.06	0.21	1.06	1.85	3.33	45.2	6476
NLEWTSW2	14876	1.00	0.511	0.16	0.59	0.88	1.55	10.46	26.0	11441
NLRWTSW2	9940	1.00	0.457	0.15	0.62	0.90	1.50	7.78	20.8	7786
NLEWTUK1	19723	1.00	0.878	0.06	0.14	0.55	2.23	4.16	76.4	10702
NLRWTUK1	13111	1.00	0.836	0.07	0.13	0.66	2.15	3.69	69.0	7263
NLEWTUK2	19723	1.00	0.437	0.20	0.63	0.92	1.52	14.32	19.0	15871
NLRWTUK2	13111	1.00	0.437	0.17	0.64	0.92	1.47	9.68	19.0	10318

Table 26 continued

			Statistics fo	or Longitudin	al and Cross-s	ectional we	ights after Wav	e One		
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
OLEWGHT	8320	1.00	0.459	0.08	0.58	0.88	1.63	2.50	21.1	6873
OLRWGHT	5275	1.00	0.398	0.21	0.63	0.90	1.50	2.50	15.8	4555
OXEWGHT	11426	1.00	0.457	0.11	0.48	0.97	1.55	2.50	20.9	9451
OXRWGHT	7873	1.00	0.445	0.14	0.48	0.97	1.54	2.50	19.8	6569
OXEWTUK1	21241	1.00	0.949	0.03	0.15	0.59	2.61	3.98	81.2	11721
OXRWTUK1	14387	1.00	0.896	0.03	0.13	0.63	2.43	5.46	77.5	8107
OXEWTUK2	21241	1.00	0.457	0.06	0.51	0.96	1.58	11.26	20.6	17607
OXRWTUK2	14387	1.00	0.483	0.07	0.52	0.95	1.57	18.29	23.1	11687
OLEWTSW1	13948	1.00	0.724	0.06	0.19	1.02	1.95	2.91	52.1	9168
OLRWTSW1	9024	1.00	0.672	0.08	0.22	1.05	1.84	3.50	44.8	6231
OLEWTSW2	13948	1.00	0.495	0.16	0.59	0.88	1.57	10.89	24.4	11213
OLRWTSW2	9024	1.00	0.456	0.18	0.62	0.90	1.50	8.04	20.7	7477
OLEWTUK1	18190	1.00	0.872	0.06	0.14	0.56	2.22	4.43	75.9	10339
OLRWTUK1	11765	1.00	0.830	0.07	0.13	0.68	2.13	2.91	68.5	6981
OLEWTUK2	18190	1.00	0.437	0.19	0.62	0.92	1.54	15.23	19.0	15283
OLRWTUK2	11765	1.00	0.426	0.16	0.65	0.92	1.48	9.74	18.0	9967
PLEWGHT	8121	1.00	0.465	0.08	0.58	0.87	1.63	2.50	21.7	6675.3
PLRWGHT	5139	1.00	0.402	0.20	0.62	0.90	1.50	2.50	16.1	4424.7
PXEWGHT	11307	1.00	0.483	0.13	0.52	1.05	1.67	2.50	20.3	9402.5
PXRWGHT	7804	1.00	0.444	0.11	0.48	0.97	1.54	2.50	19.7	6518.8
PXEWTUK1	20897	1.00	0.945	0.04	0.23	0.65	2.75	5.42	70.6	12245.7
PXRWTUK1	14148	1.00	0.893	0.03	0.15	0.64	2.42	5.38	77.1	7986.7
PXEWTUK2	20897	1.00	0.480	0.05	0.53	1.04	1.62	19.04	20.1	17402.1
PXRWTUK2	14148	1.00	0.508	0.04	0.51	0.96	1.58	20.08	24.9	11326.1

Table 26 continued

Statistics for Longitudinal and Cross-sectional weights after Wave One										
	N. gt 0	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	10th percentile	Median	90th percentile	Maximum	% variance inflation	Effective sample size
PLEWTSW1	13520	1.00	0.718	0.06	0.20	1.01	1.95	2.92	51.2	8939.2
PLRWTSW1	8738	1.00	0.670	0.08	0.22	1.04	1.84	3.49	44.7	6039.4
PLEWTSW2	13520	1.00	0.504	0.15	0.57	0.86	1.56	11.21	26.0	10732.2
PLRWTSW2	8738	1.00	0.457	0.18	0.61	0.88	1.49	7.95	21.5	7190.8
PLEWTUK1	17557	1.00	0.860	0.06	0.14	0.61	2.21	4.96	73.7	10107.0
PLRWTUK1	11346	1.00	0.822	0.07	0.14	0.70	2.13	3.15	67.3	6781.2
PLEWTUK2	17557	1.00	0.456	0.11	0.60	0.91	1.54	16.27	20.9	14521.4
PLRWTUK2	11346	1.00	0.426	0.08	0.64	0.90	1.48	10.44	18.4	9585.8
RLEWGH	7744	1.00	0.482	0.10	0.56	0.87	1.66	2.50	23.2	6284.1
RLRWGHT	4683	2.00	0.405	0.19	0.62	0.90	1.51	2.50	16.4	4022.3
RXEWGHT	10820	3.00	0.494	0.11	0.54	1.07	1.73	2.50	20.2	9003.1
RXRWGHT	7813	4.00	0.489	0.14	0.58	1.10	1.78	2.50	18.4	6597.6
RXEWTUK1	19641	5.00	0.977	0.03	0.17	0.70	2.80	5.39	76.1	11150.9
RXRWTUK1	14176	6.00	0.959	0.03	0.17	0.73	2.73	5.27	73.5	8171.1
RXEWTUK2	19641	7.00	0.512	0.06	0.51	1.04	1.62	18.10	22.1	16083.8
RXRWTUK2	14176	8.00	0.534	0.07	0.54	1.03	1.64	17.81	23.8	11446.1
RLEWTSW1	12729	9.00	0.722	0.06	0.20	1.00	1.97	3.55	51.6	8398.1
RLRWTSW1	7941	10.00	0.671	0.08	0.22	1.02	1.85	3.44	44.9	5479.0
RLEWTSW2	12729	11.00	0.539	0.16	0.56	0.85	1.58	12.77	30.0	9792.4
RLRWTSW2	7941	12.00	0.466	0.18	0.60	0.87	1.50	7.64	22.5	6483.9
RLEWTUK1	16084	13.00	0.848	0.06	0.14	0.66	2.20	4.97	71.7	9368.4
RLRWTUK1	10229	14.00	0.821	0.07	0.14	0.75	2.13	3.65	67.1	6120.9
RLEWTUK2	16084	15.00	0.464	0.15	0.59	0.89	1.54	16.03	22.0	13183.3
RLRWTUK2	10229	16.00	0.457	0.17	0.63	0.89	1.50	10.78	21.3	8435.4

V.3. Imputation Procedures Used in the BHPS

V.3.1. Introduction

Missing data on a range of income and housing cost variables have been imputed in all waves of data. This section discusses the methods used to carry out these imputations, and indicates how imputed data should be used.

Item non-response, where a respondent has given a full interview but where certain items on the questionnaire are missing, is a particular problem in all social surveys. Imputation is one of a number of possible techniques which can be used to deal with this problem. It is likely to be preferable to the default with standard statistical packages, which is to delete cases with one or more missing values when carrying out modelling procedures. This amounts to a strong assumption that the valid cases are a random sample of all cases, which implies that individuals with item non-response can be adequately represented by cases with complete data. This assumption is applicable when dealing with small amounts of item non-response, although it can lead to a large decrease in the number of available cases for analysis. However, in other cases, this assumption could seriously bias results. For example, refusers on a question asking about their dividend income over the year are likely to be systematically different from those answering this question so that the analysis of complete cases cannot be capturing the true nature of the population. One method of adjustment in such cases is to estimate the true value for missing cases using an imputation technique. Imputation techniques use various models with defined assumptions to obtain a 'best' estimate of the missing values. **BHPS** data contain imputation for important money amount variables.

It is important to stress that the main aim of imputation is to reduce potential bias caused by the elimination of cases with missing data, rather than to increase precision of estimates by increasing the effective sample size. Note that the main problem with imputation as a method of dealing with item non-response is that methods for adjusting estimates of precision such as confidence interval etc. are not easily available so that analysis carried out on data containing imputed values where this fact is not taken into account will give an over-estimate of precision. Alternatives to imputation are to model the missing data process during the analysis but this often requires rather strong assumptions (Little and Rubin 1989) or to use some form of multiple imputation to estimate the variance effects of the imputation procedure (Rubin 1987). One practical problem with these techniques is that they are not in generally available in statistical software. One further alternative which users may want to adopt in very specialised cases is to re-weight data to take account of cases excluded from analysis because of missing data. The interested reader can consult the references given below for further information regarding all these procedures and the use of imputation in surveys.

Using imputed data: For the reasons given above it will almost always be preferable to use imputed data, rather than only complete cases, since biasses in results will be reduced. As described below the imputation methods have been designed to ensure that imputed values have the same error around the prediction model used as reported values, so that there should be no tendency to over-predict association (as there may be with simple imputation techniques such as mean substitution).

However for those users who wish to exclude imputed values, or to identify them, each variable subject to imputation has an associated imputation flag variable. These flags take three forms. For variables directly associated with a question, the imputation flag takes the missing value code of the original variable (e.g. Don't Know, Refused, etc.) if imputed, and 0 if not imputed, or -8 if the variable was inapplicable, including cases where the respondent was a proxy. This is to ensure that different missing value categories can still be distinguished. For individual level derived variables, as well as housing related derived variables, the imputation flag takes the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. For household income variables, the flag takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household member's income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed (for example, a complete refusal to the interview or a Proxy respondent missing at BPRFITB).

Two main imputation techniques were used:

V.3.2. Hot-deck Imputation

A standard Hot-Deck imputation routine is analogous to weighting using weighting classes. This method was applied by firstly dividing the sample into imputation classes found to be predictive of the variable to be imputed. Then, assuming that cases within each class comprise a random sub-sample of the population, a valid value of the variable taken from a non-missing case within a given imputation class was used to impute the value of a missing case in the same class. The validity of this procedure is dependent on how informative the imputation classification for predicting values of missing cases. It ensures also that the imputed value is a possible value for a respondent with the relevant characteristics, and also that some randomness is introduced into the assignment of an imputed value.

This method was used for certain categorical money variables such as Proxy's personal income (wPRFITB), banded income from Dividends and Investments, and a number of cases where regression methods appeared inappropriate (e.g. income from welfare benefits). In order to ensure that the imputation classes were as informative as possible, classes were defined using an automatic interaction detection programme (SPSS CHAID). This procedure allows a high degree of control over the definition and size of these classes and can handle a large number of classification variables.

At various points in both the derivation of weights and for imputation of money amount variables, there was a requirement to impute a small number of missing cases so that certain variables could be used in the definition of weighting classes or within model based imputation procedures. Similar hot-deck procedures were used for this imputation. Since the variables imputed were those with less than two percent of cases missing, these imputation are unlikely to seriously effect the derivation of weights or the more complex regression imputations. These minor imputations are not carried over to the public released data set.

V.3.3. Regression Imputation

Money amount variables were imputed using a regression-based imputation technique. First, a regression model was fitted to all valid cases for the variable of interest using predictor variables which were non-missing (or had themselves been imputed) for both valid and missing cases of the variable to be imputed. Once a well fitting model was obtained, defined in terms of maximal adjusted R-squared, predicted values were defined for valid and missing cases using the model. These were then used to find the closest valid case in terms of the predicted value for each missing case. The missing case was then imputed with the real value of the closest valid case. This form of regression imputation is termed predictive mean matching. The advantage over imputing at the predicted value is both that a possible real value is imputed, and that a random error component is added so that the imputed values are not subject to less variance that reported values.

Having imputed a number of primary variables, a number of other income related variables were computed from these variables, with some additional small scale hot-deck imputation; for example, for the small number of cases where there was a complete refusal to the financial receipts section. Incomes were also imputed for refusers to the whole questionnaire, in order to construct a complete household income. However, no household income imputation was attempted for the six households where no individual interviews were completed, and thus no household income imputation was attempted with those households where the only interview was by telephone.

V.3.4. Cross-wave Imputation

In a panel study, there are not only variables from the current wave available to use as predictors in an imputation process, but there may also be variables from the same respondent collected at a different wave. It is likely that the best predictor of a missing value for a variable at Wave One, is a value of the same variable at Wave Two. However in using this value in `cross-wave imputation' it is important to ensure that biasses in rates of change in values are not introduced. This is essentially achieved through the methods described above. So in making a cross-wave imputation we are essentially taking a value from a donor who is both similar to the recipient in current characteristics and in the value of the imputed variable at the other wave. The imputed value should therefore imply a rate of change drawn from a randomly selected similar case. This approach will avoid introducing spurious change for panel analysis, which would be likely to arise if only single wave imputation was used.

For the following imputed variables (and hence the other variables which are derived from them) a three-wave imputation strategy was adopted: wPAYGU, wJSPROF, wJSPAYG, wJ2PAY, wFIYRDI, wPRFITB (as well as related imputation for interview refusers), wHSVAL, wXPMG, wRENT. In some cases this used regression methods, and in others hot-deck methods as described above. However the model strategy was in each case essentially similar, and used either forward or backward imputation, or in the case of the middle wave, where valid data was available from both other waves this was used. An example is set out in Table 27, which shows the models run for Waves One, Two and Three for wPAYGU. The table also show the R-squared value and the number of cases involved at each step. For other variables the distinction according to whether the respondent was in the same job was not used or not relevant, so that the total number of models reduced to 10. For some of these other variables model fit was somewhat less good, with R-square values in the range 0.5 to 0.75 for self-employed income models, and 0.2 to 0.3 for pay in second job. This same three wave structure is moved forward with each new release, so that the latest three waves may be used in the imputation process.

V.3.5. References

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V.4. Sampling Errors

The precision of population estimates obtained from a survey are described by the standard errors of these estimates. These provide a measure for assessing the value of a given estimate and are used extensively in statistical tests and modelling. The total error of a survey estimate is the difference between the estimate and the `true value', and consists of two components, a systematic error or bias and a random error. The systematic component arises from a number of sources such as deficiencies in the frame, question wording, interviewer effects and non-response. Substantial effort is placed in the design of a survey to reduce this form of error to a minimum. The random component consists of sampling error, due to the fact that a sample was taken rather than a census and to other random factors in the survey which might include for example variation in interviewer technique and difference between coders in how they categorise a particular set of circumstances (though these factors may have systematic effects). The standard error of a survey estimate measures the sampling error, but in

Table 27

Cross-wave Imputation Models for Gross Usual Pay (A/B/CPAYGU)							
Model N.	To impute data missing at	Where	N of cases imputed	Complete cases in model	Model R**2		
1	Wave 1	No data at other waves	306	4619	0.7916		
2	Wave 2	Pay for work in same job available at wave 1	187	2877	0.9203		
3	Wave 2	Pay for work in different job available at wave 1	44	663	0.8392		
4	Wave 2	No data at other waves (not recorded as working at wave 1)	36	4688	0.8018		
5	Wave 3	Pay for work in same job available at wave 2	201	2745	0.9221		
6	Wave 3	Pay for work in different job available at wave 2	69	725	0.8378		
7	Wave 3	Pay for work in different job available at wave 1 (not record working at wave 2)	26	3338	0.8558		
8	Wave 2	Pay for work in same job available at wave 3	56	2992	0.9215		
9	Wave 2	Pay for work in different job available at wave 3	17	794	0.8596		
10	Wave 1	Pay for work in same job available at wave 2	175	3018	0.9151		
11	Wave 1	Pay for work in different job available at wave 2	50	707	0.8417		
12	Wave 1	Pay for work in different job available at wave 3 (not record working at wave 2)	14	3550	0.8597		
13	Wave 2	Pay for work in same job available at both wave 1 and wave 3	46	2262	0.9379		
14	Wave 3	No data at other waves - not recorded as working.	56	4609	0.7877		

estimating, other sources of random error may become conflated. This section will focus on how the sample design of a survey can affect these standard errors. For a more complete introduction, the reader is referred to Butcher and Elliot (n.d.).

Most practical survey designs like that for the BHPS involve two general strategies for efficiency and to minimise costs. First, the sample is selected from a stratified list where the stratification is designed to ensure that specified subgroups are adequately represented and therefore the precision of estimates will be increased over simple random selection. Second, selection also tends to be made in a number of stages where the initial stages involve the selection of geographically clustered units in order to reduce field costs by locating the sample in a defined area. For example, the **BHPS** initially selected postcode sectors which contain an average of 2,500 households. This procedure can inflate the standard error of an estimate if there is geographical clustering of population characteristics of interest. For example, estimates of tenure type have an inflated standard error (or a decrease in precision) when based on a clustered sample compared with estimates based on an equivalently sized simple random sample since housing tenure is highly geographically clustered. The effect of clustering on estimates of standard errors is dependent on how homogeneous the characteristic of interest is within primary sampling units and the degree to which it varies within primary sampling units.

We will only discuss the effect of a complex sample design on estimates of proportions but these results generalise to other estimates such as means and standard errors of regression coefficients. The effect that a multistage selection procedure has had on the standard errors of a proportion (p) is given by the design factor which is defined as:

$$deft(p) = \frac{estimated\ standard\ error\ of\ p\ with\ complex\ design}{estimated\ standard\ error\ of\ p\ with\ srs\ of\ the\ same\ size}$$

The design factor indicates the increase in the standard error of an estimate over and above the size of the standard error which would be obtained from a simple random sample (*srs*) as indicated in the following:

$$se(p)_{complex} = deft \ x \ se(p)_{srs}$$

In terms of the homogeneity of primary sampling units for given characteristics, the complex standard error can be expressed as follows:

$$se_{complex} = \sqrt{1 + (\bar{b} - 1)roh} \ x \ se_{srs}$$

roh, the rate of homogeneity, approximates the intra-cluster correlation (ρ), a measure of clustering of similar characteristics within primary sampling units, while \bar{b} 7 denotes the average number of elements per primary sampling unit. The above formula indicates how the larger the homogeneity of primary sampling units, the larger the complex sampling error will be compared to simple random sampling.

Confidence intervals for given point estimates can easily be obtained assuming that a normal approximation is valid, which is generally true for frequencies above 30. A 95% confidence interval is then bounded by the points defined below where p is the proportion:

$$(p-1.96 \ x(\ deft\ x\ se(\ p\)_{srs}\),\ p+1.96 \ x(\ deft\ x\ se(\ p\)_{srs}\)$$

The estimation of complex sampling errors and other related statistics is currently only available in specialised statistical packages. We used the package SUDAAN to calculate our estimates of complex standard errors and design factors. For a range of variables in the **BHPS**, the complex standard errors, DEFT's and 95% Confidence Intervals were calculated in order to give a general overview of the effect of sampling on the survey estimates. These are presented in *Table 28* below. A more complete indication of the general effect of multistage sample selection on a wide range of variables similar to those included in the **BHPS** is available in Breeze (1990), which details results for the General Household Survey.

The majority of DEFT's lie in the range 1-1.3 indicating that there is a relatively small effect of the sample design on *srs* based tests. For example, the DEFT for the proportion of respondents who had an in-patient stay since 1.9.90 is 1.05, so that the complex standard error is almost exactly the same as the *srs* standard error. However, for variables that are in some way geographically clustered in line with the selection procedure, the effect on standard errors can be large. For example, the DEFT for local authority tenure is 1.57 indicating a high degree of clustering which is consistent with local authority property being in large estates. It should be noted that, even with attitudinal variables such as agreement to the statement "All Health Care Should Be Free", the effect of the sample selection method can be marked. In this case, the DEFT is 1.63, indicating that the complex standard error is almost two thirds larger than the *srs* standard error. Care must therefore be taken in the analysis of variables which may have a strong association with area, since the use of *srs* techniques for the analysis of such variables can lead to misleading results due to the inappropriate estimation of precision. For a fuller discussion of the analysis of complex surveys and the problems associated with simple random sample assumptions being used as the basis for modelling and testing procedures, the reader is referred to the introductory text by Lee et al (1989) and the more comprehensive volume by Skinner et al (1989)

V.4.1. Bibliography

Breeze, E. (1990) General Household Survey: Report on Sampling Error. OPCS Series G.H.S. no 18.

Butcher, B., Elliot, D. A Sampling Errors Manual, OPCS Paper NM13.

Lee, E. S., Forthofer, R.N., Lorimor, R.J. (1989) *Analyzing Complex Survey Data: Quantitative Application in the Social Sciences No. 71*, Sage Publications: Newbury Park.

Skinner, C.J., Holt, D., Smith, T.M.F. (1989) Analysis of Complex Surveys, Wiley: Chichester.

Table 28 Complex Standard Errors, DEFTs and 95% Confidence Intervals for a Range of BHPS Variables

VARIABLE	Proportion	DEFT	Complex se	95% C.I.
Housing Tenure (ATENURE)				
Owner Occupier	66.20	1.46	.93	64.37 - 68.03
LA Rented	20.41	1.57	.85	18.74 - 22.08
Private Rented	9.43	1.65	.65	8.16 - 10.70
Car Available For Private Use (ANCARS)				
None	31.09	1.36	.85	29.42 - 32.75
1	45.94	1.09	.73	44.51 - 47.37
2	19.43	1.26	.67	18.12 - 20.75
Household Type (AHHTYPE)				
Single Non-Elderly	11.61	1.49	.61	10.41 - 12.81
Single Elderly	14.65	1.15	.55	13.57 - 15.73
Couple	17.41	1.11	.57	16.29 - 18.52
Elderly Couple	9.27	1.12	.44	8.41 - 10.12
Couple and Children	28.85	1.12	.67	25.54 - 28.15
Political Party Supported (AVOTE)				
Conservative	39.34	1.57	.81	37.79 - 40.91
Labour	36.04	1.66	.84	34.39 - 37.68
Lib Dem/Lib/SDP	11.57	1.36	.46	10.67 - 12.47
Current Employment Status (AHGEST)				
Working	58.30	1.37	.68	56.97 - 59.62
Unemployed	6.31	1.26	.31	5.70 - 6.91
Retired	17.80	1.42	.55	16.72 - 18.87
Family Care	11.17	1.21	.38	10.41 - 11.92

Table 28 Complex Standard Errors, DEFTs and 95% Confidence Intervals for a range of BHPS variables (contd.)

VARIABLE	Proportion	DEFT	Complex se	95% C.I.					
Receiving Unemployment Benefit (AF131)	2.58	1.25	.20	2.19 -2.96					
Receiving Housing Benefit (AF139)	8.15	1.55	.43	7.31 - 8.99					
Highest Government Priority (AOPPOL4)									
Living Standards	50.54	1.39	.72	49.14 - 51.95					
Protect Environment	46.67	1.34	.69	45.32 - 48.02					
School Leaving Age (ASCEND & ASCHOOL)									
Less than or equal to 16	76.47	1.66	.71	75.09 - 77.86					
Goldthorpe Social Class (AJBGOLD)									
Service class	32.54	1.38	.84	30.89 - 34.19					
Routine Non-Manual	13.75	1.18	.53	12.72 - 14.78					
Married Female Employed (Derived)	56.26	1.11	1.01	54.29 - 58.23					
Employee Union Member (Derived)	37.45	1.25	.84	35.81 - 39.10					
Current Job Spell Began Before 1.9.90	24.07	1.25	.54	23.01 - 25.12					
Health Limits Daily Activities (AHLLT)	13.18	1.14	.39	12.42 - 13.94					
All Health Care Should Be Free (AOPHLA)									
Agree	46.74	1.63	.81	45.15 - 48.33					
Disagree	10.20	1.06	.32	9.57 - 10.84					
Respondent Smokes (ASMOKER)	29.87	1.37	.63	28.63 - 31.10					
Respondent Had In-Patient Stay Since 1.9.90 (AHOSP)	11.50	1.05	.34	10.84 - 12.16					



VI. Data Dissemination

VI.1. Release of BHPS Data

The ESRC Research Centre is concerned to facilitate and promote the widest possible use of its data within the user community. It has therefore undertaken to deposit a copy of each wave of the **BHPS** data in the Data Archive only one year after the end of fieldwork. This early deposit is clearly in the interests of both the Centre and the user community. We would ask users to inform the Centre and/or the Archive of any errors or inconsistencies of which they become aware during their use of the data. All **BHPS** data users will be informed of these via the **BHPS User Group** as soon as we are informed. As the data from each wave will be re-issued in a merged file with the next wave of data, communicating information to the Centre is particularly important so that errors and omissions can be rectified in the later releases.

VI.2. Access to BHPS Data

All users of data for academic purposes have open access to the data through the Data Archive. Data are supplied in formats suitable for use with a number of different statistical and analysis packages.

Only researchers carrying out analysis for commercial clients may be charged by the Research Centre for access. Decision on such charges will be made by the Research Centre and administered through the Data Archive. Each use, for whatever purpose, must be the subject of a separate application; an undertaking form must be signed before the data can be released. This covers the use of the data and the obligations of the user to both the Data Archive and the data depositors, the ESRC Research Centre for Micro-social Change. These obligations include the deposit in the Data Archive of two copies of all publications arising from the use of the data, one of which will be held in the Research Centre's Research Resources Unit, from whom a list of publications held can be obtained on request. (A brief list of those of which we are currently aware appears in *Appendix 5*: this list will be up-dated in future editions of the *User Manual*.)

Contact the Data Archive directly for more information:

User Services The Data Archive University of Essex Colchester, Essex CO4 3SQ

Tel: +44 (0)1206 872001 Fax: +44 (0)1206 872003 E-Mail: archive@essex.ac.uk World Wide Web http://dawww.essex.ac.uk/

VI.3. Acknowledging the Source of Data

Users are also obliged to acknowledge both the Archive and the Institute for Social and Economic Research (incorporating the ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Change) in any publications arising from analysis of the data, and to include a disclaimer statement. The proper forms of both are indicated below.

The following disclaimer should be quoted, adapting the items in parentheses as appropriate:

The data (and tabulations) used in this (publication) were made available through the ESRC Data Archive. The data were originally collected by the ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Change at the University of Essex (now incorporated within the Institute for Social and Economic Research). Neither the original collectors of the data nor the Archive bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

The following elements should be included in the bibliographic citation when acknowledging the **BHPS** as a source:

British Household Panel Survey [computer file] principal investigator, ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Change .-Colchester: The Data Archive [distributor], 199_ .-Data files and associated documentation.

VI.4. The BHPS User Group

The Centre administers a **User Group** whose aims are to provide a forum for the exchange of ideas, problems and solutions for data users and a liaison mechanism for the Centre and the users of its data. As the **BHPS** is a longitudinal panel study, regular contact with users will be of particular value to the Centre as it continues to collect data in the future. Users should also benefit from the opportunity to put their ideas for future data collection to the Centre and to become aware of the development of the survey during its lifetime. The Data Archive will deal with all issues relating to data access, and will pass the names of all registered users of **BHPS** data to the **User Group**.

User Group communication will take place via an electronic Newsletter and periodic news sheets and messages from the Scientific Documentation and Liaison Officer at the Centre. The SDLO is available via e-mail, telephone, fax or slowmail to answer queries on the data and its analysis. There is a wide body of expertise within the Research Centre and, through the User Group, it is anticipated that a cross-flow of ideas and knowledge will take place which will enrich the social science community as a whole. All users are urged to become members of this Group. Workshops and meetings of **User Group** members will be announced via the Mailbase, via e-mail and on our World Wide Web pages.

For information on the British Household Panel Study User Group, contact:

Scientific Documentation and Liaison Officer Institute for Social and Economic Research University of Essex Colchester Essex CO4 3SQ United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0)1206 873543 Fax: +44 (0)1206 873151 e-mail: bhpsug@essex.ac.uk

World Wide Web http://www.iser.essex.ac.uk/bhps/bhpsug/

In addition, a User Group Mailbase, *bhps-all* exists to allow rapid dissemination of information from the Centre to all users. To contact the Mailbase *bhps-all*, simply send an e-mail via JANET to:

mailbase@mailbase.ac.uk

with the message text containing the command:

join bhps-all <your firstname> <your lastname>

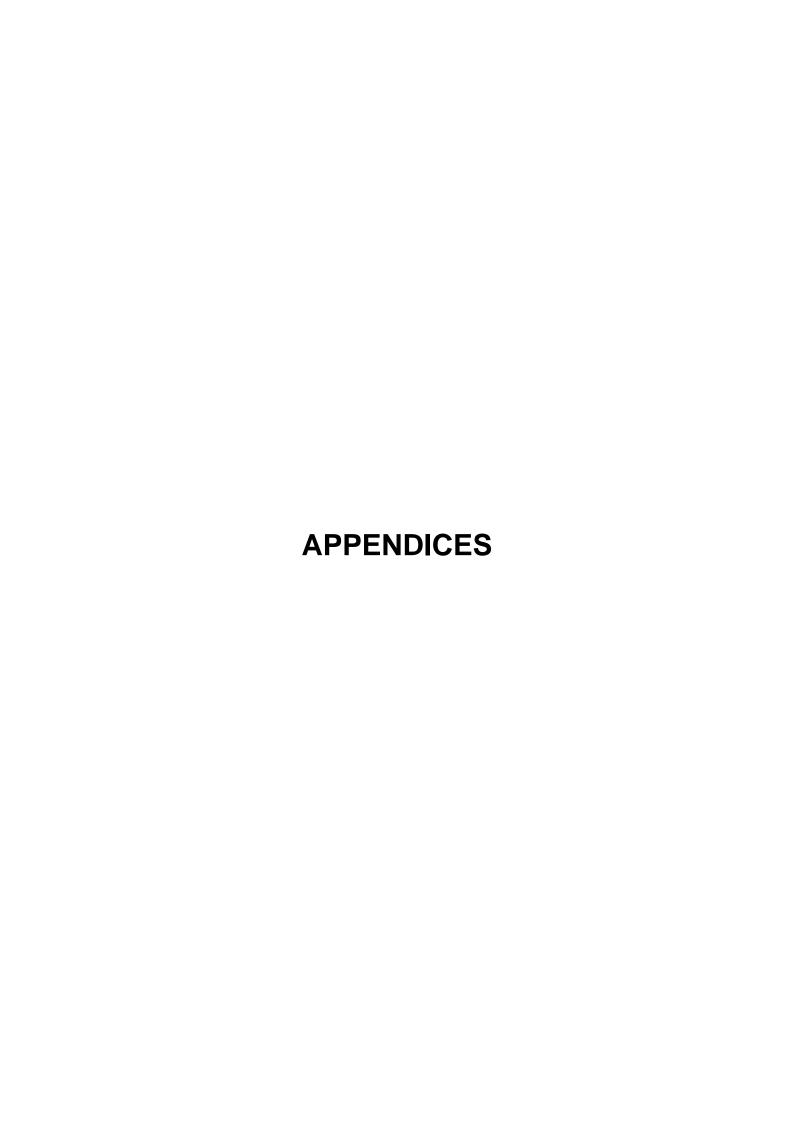
We would urge all users to join and use the Mailbase to communicate with the Centre and other users.

VI.5. BHPS Documentation

The clarity and depth of the documentation of a dataset is fundamental to the success of its analysis by researchers. The Research Centre has released this documentation in the hope that it will provide a user-friendly introduction to **BHPS** data, and provide the information that is required for its analysis. We would welcome comments and feedback to inform future editions. Users who require more information should consult the publications cited in *Appendix 5* and contact the Scientific Documentation and Liaison Officer on the number given above.

Future releases of **BHPS** data will be accompanied by up-dated documentation. These volumes have been designed to allow up-dating by the issue of up-date and/or replacement sheets for future waves. Those who acquire later releases of the **BHPS** database and who have already purchased the previous volumes will be supplied with these up-date sheets as part of the purchase of the codebook (*Volume B*) for the latest wave. Indexes will be up-dated to include both previous and latest wave.

Publications of the Institute are listed within the Institute Research Resources Unit's cataloguing system, ISERCAT, which provides a fast interactive guide to publications within the social sciences. Enquiries are welcome.



Appendix 1. Using BHPS Data

This section gives a very brief introduction to the use of BHPS data for research with some of the standard statistical software. In particular, it gives examples of linking data from different levels of analysis (e.g. individuals and households) using SPSS and STATA at a single wave in *Section I.1* and linking individuals across waves in *Section I.2*. These short discussions are, of course, no substitute for the User Manuals for the two packages, but they are intended to give some indication of possible ways of organising **BHPS** data for different types of analysis.

1.1. Linking Data from Different SPSS System Files and Stata Datasets at a Single Wave

The examples below all related to Wave One data, but, suitably modified, apply equally at later waves. Where analysis is concerned with only one level, then all the necessary data are likely to be found in a single SPSS system file or STATA dataset. The exception to this is where one file contains a subset of the units contained in another, as in the case of AINDRESP, which contains only respondent individuals.

1.1.1. Creating a File Containing One Record for Each Adult

In this first example, we want to create a file containing one record for each adult, whether respondent or not, with non-respondent adults having missing values for variables from the respondent file.

In SPSS this would be achieved by the following (it is assumed here and in following example that FILE HANDLES have been set up):

```
MATCH FILES FILE = AINDALL /FILE = AINDRESP /BY AHID APNO. SELECT IF (AAGE GE 16).

and then any analysis commands ...
```

Again this would produce a very large file, and users might want to include a KEEP sub-command.

```
In STATA ...
```

use pid aivfio using aindall if aivfio~=7 // aivfio=7 are children under 16 sort pid save alladults, replace

use aindresp sort pid merge pid using alladults tab aivfio _merge

1.1.2. Distributing Household Level Information to the Individual Level

In this second example, household level information about housing costs is linked to individual level data about preferences for moving, and a file is output at the individual level.

In SPSS ...

MATCH FILES TABLE = AHHRESP / FILE = AINDRESP / BY AHID.

/KEEP = AHID AXPHSN ATENURE AXPHSDF APNO ALKMOVE ALKMOVY

ASEX AAGE AJBSTAT.

In STATA ...

use ahid axphsn atenure axphsdf using ahhresp sort ahid save hhinfo, replace

use ahid apno alkmove alkmovy asex aage ajbstat using aindresp sort ahid merge ahid using hhinfo tab _merge

1.1.3. Summarising Individual Level Information at the Household Level

The following example takes the opposite approach - aggregating from individual level to create two new variables at the household level: the count of the number of household members in the age group 18-24; and the number of students in the same age group. These are exported to a new file with information about total household size and tenure.

In SPSS we make use of the AGGREGATE command to count dummy variables over the household.

```
GET FILE = AINDALL.

COMPUTE STUDENT = 0.

COMPUTE A1824 = 0.

DO IF (AAGE GE 18 AND AAGE LE 24).

COMPUTE A1824 = 1.

IF (AHGEST EQ 5) STUDENT = 1.

END IF.

AGGREGATE OUTFILE = * /PRESORTED / BREAK = AHID /N1824 = SUM(A1824) /NSTUDENT = SUM(STUDENT).

MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = AHHRESP /BY AHID /KEEP = AHID AHHSIZE ATENURE N1824 NSTUDENT.
```

In STATA we make use of 'by group' operations [bysort ...:] in combination with 'egen'

```
use ahid ahhsize atenure using ahhresp sort ahid save hhinfo, replace

use ahid aage ahgest using aindall bysort ahid: egen n1824= sum(aage>=18 & aage<=24) bysort ahid: egen nstudent = sum(ahgest==5) bysort ahid: keep if _n==1 // keep only first observation for every household sort ahid merge ahid using hhinfo tab _merge
```

The expression in brackets is a logical statement which evaluates to 1 if true for the observation and 0 otherwise. Egen in combination with sum() creates the total sum within the 'by group' and distributes this sum to all observations in the group.

1.1.4. Aggregating Income Information to the Individual Level

The following example uses the income information. It computes separate variables for the estimated amount of income received from Unemployment Benefit, Income Support and the two combined (payment codes 31, 32 and 33) in September 1991, and then saves this with the variable AJBSTATT, the employment status on 1st September 1991.

In SPSS we again use the AGGREGATE command:

```
GET FILE = AINCOME.
COMPUTE UB = 0.
COMPUTE IS = 0.
COMPUTE UI = 0.
IF (AFICODE EQ 31) UB = AFIM09T.
IF (AFICODE EQ 32) IS = AFIM09T.
IF (AFICODE EQ 33) UI = AFIM09T.
AGGREGATE OUTFILE = * / PRESORTED / BREAK = AHID APNO
 /UNBEN = SUM(UB)
 /INCSUP = SUM(IS)
 /UBIS = SUM(UI).
MATCH FILES FILE = * /IN = INC / FILE = AINDRESP / BY AHID APNO
 /KEEP = AHID APNO AJBSTATT UNBEN INCSUP UBIS.
DO IF (INC EO 0).
COMPUTE UNBEN = 0.
COMPUTE INCSUP = 0.
COMPUTE UBIS = 0.
END IF.
```

(The last five lines of the SPSS example are intended to ensure that the values of the target variables for individuals who receive no payments of any type are set to '0' rather than having missing values assigned.)

Similar structures would be used to aggregate employment history information.

```
In STATA ...

use ahid apno ajbstatt using aindresp sort ahid apno save indinfo, replace

use ahid apno aficode afim09t using aincome bysort ahid apno: egen unben = sum(afim09t * (aficode==31) * (afim09t>=0)) bysort ahid apno: egen incsup = sum(afim09t * (aficode==32) * (afim09t>=0)) bysort ahid apno: egen ubis = sum(afim09t * (aficode==33) * (afim09t>=0)) bysort ahid apno: keep if _n==1  // keep only first observation for every respondent sort ahid apno merge ahid apno using indinfo tab _merge inspect unben incsup ubis, mv(0) override
```

1.1.5. Matching Individuals with a Household

The next example matches data from each female respondent who is married or living with a partner, with data from her spouse or partner. There may be missing data if her spouse was not interviewed. Note that variables are renamed, so that the second set of variables collected do not overwrite the first.

In SPSS (note that here the spouse number is renamed the person number for the purpose of the match file)

```
GET FILE = AINDRESP /RENAME = (APNO AHGSPN ASEX AIVFIO AJBSTAT
AOPFAMA = WPNO APNO WSEX WIVFIO WJBSTAT WOPFAMA).

SELECT IF (APNO GT 0 AND WSEX EQ 2).

EXECUTE.

MATCH FILES FILE = * /IN = WIFE /FILE = AINDRESP /RENAME = (ASEX AIVFIO
AJBSTAT AOPFAMA = HSEX HIVFIO HJBSTAT HOPFAMA) /BY AHID APNO.
```

In STATA ...

use ahid apno ahgspn asex aivfio ajbstat aopfama using aindresp if ahgspn>0 & asex==2 renpfix a w rename whgspn apno rename whid ahid sort ahid apno save wife, replace

use ahid apno ahgspn asex aivfio ajbstat aopfama using aindresp renpfix a h rename hhid ahid rename hpno apno sort ahid apno merge ahid apno using wife tab _merge keep if _merge==3

An alternative, more Stata-ish method, is to create an identification number for each partnership within the household and to use this to create new variables containing the spouse's characteristics using 'explicit subscripting', where the number in square brackets indicates the position of the observation in the by group.

The cond() function evaluates the first expression and if true returns the value of the second element in the brackets; if false it returns the value of the third element. In this case, the partnership identification number is set to equal the smaller of either apno or ahgspn. To create the spouse variables, the cond() function evaluates whether the observation is the first in the by group (n=1). If true, the spouse variable is assigned the value of the variable in the second position in the by group; If not true, the spouse variable is assigned the value of the variable in the first position in the by group.

1.1.6. Using the AEGOALT Record

The following more complex retrieval (only shown In STATA) is intended to identify unmarried respondents to the full interview, who are living with their parents, together with information on the number of their siblings of each sex, the number of rooms in the house, the total household size and whether they would prefer to move.

```
In STATA ...
use ahid ahsroom ahhsize using ahhresp
sort ahid
save hhinfo, replace
use ahid apno arel aosex using aegoalt
bysort ahid apno: egen npar = sum(arel==13)
bysort ahid apno: egen nbro = sum((arel==10 | arel==11 | arel==28) & (aosex==1))
bysort ahid apno: egen nsis = sum((arel==10 | arel==11 | arel==28) & (aosex==2))
bysort ahid apno: keep if n==1
keep if npar>=1
sort ahid apno
save relatives, replace
use ahid apno asex aage amastat alkmove aivfio using aindresp if aivfio==1 & amastat>=3
sort ahid apno
merge ahid apno using relatives
tab _merge
_merge==1: full respondents, but not single living with parents
_merge==2: single living with parents, not full respondents
_merge==3: full respondents and single living with parents
keep if merge==3
drop _merge
sort ahid
merge ahid using hhinfo
tab merge
keep if _merge==3
```

1.2. Linking Data from Different Waves

1.2.1. Matching Respondents at Wave One and Wave Two

Here we are only concerned with full respondents at both waves, but want to create a file containing all respondents.

```
In SPSS ...
GET FILE BINDRESP
 /KEEP PID BHLGHQ1 BJBSTAT BLRWGHT.
SORT CASES BY PID.
MATCH FILES FILE = */FILE = XWAVEID / by PID.
EXECUTE.
SORT CASES BY AHID APNO.
SELECT IF (AIVFIO = 1 AND BIVFIO =1).
EXECUTE.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = AINDRESP BY AHID APNO.
EXECUTE.
In STATA
WIDE file (Wave 2 variables added to Wave 1 file as separated columns):
foreach w in a b {
       use pid 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'jbstat 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       sort pid
       save wave'w', replace
merge pid using wavea
tab _merge
keep if _merge==3
LONG file (Wave 2 variables added to Wave 1 file as separate rows):
foreach w in a b {
       use pid 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'jbstat 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       renpfix 'w'
       gen wave = index("ab","`w'")
       sort pid
       save wave'w', replace
append using wavea
```

bysort pid: keep if N==2

1.2.2. Including Household Level Information

The above examples may be easily adapted to include information from the household level records. Note that most matches of household level information follow this pattern, and match via individual members, since there is no crosswave household identifier.

```
In SPSS:
```

```
MATCH FILES FILE = BINDRESP / TABLE = BHHRESP / BY = BHID
       /KEEP = PID BHLGHQ1 BJBSTAT BLRWGHT BFIHHMN BFIEQFCB BHHTYPE.
SORT CASES BY PID.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = XWAVEID /BY = PID.
SELECT IF (AIVFIO EO 1 AND BIVFIO EO 1).
SORT CASES BY AHID APNO.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = AINDRESP /BY AHID APNO.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /TABLE = AHHRESP /BY AHID.
EXECUTE.
In STATA
WIDE file (Wave 2 variables added to Wave 1 file as separated columns):
foreach w in a b {
       use 'w'hid 'w'fihhmn 'w'fiegfcb 'w'hhtype using 'w'hhresp
       sort 'w'hid
       save hhinfo`w', replace
       use 'w'hid pid 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'jbstat 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       sort 'w'hid
       merge 'w'hid using hhinfo`w'
       tab merge
       keep if _merge==3
       drop merge
       sort pid
       save wave`w', replace
merge pid using wavea
tab _merge
keep if _merge==3
LONG file (Wave 2 variables added to Wave 1 file as separate rows):
foreach w in a b {
       use 'w'hid 'w'fihhmn 'w'fiegfcb 'w'hhtype using 'w'hhresp
       renpfix 'w'
       sort hid
       save hhinfo`w', replace
       use 'w'hid pid 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'jbstat 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       gen wave = index("ab","`w'")
       renpfix 'w'
       sort hid
```

```
merge hid using hhinfo`w'
tab _merge
drop _merge
save wave`w', replace
}
append using wavea
bysort pid: keep if _N==2
```

1.2.3. Including information about Wave Two Non-respondents

Not all Wave One respondents were interviewed at Wave Two, and it is necessary to take this into account in making links. In the above examples only both wave respondents were included, but in the example below all Wave One respondents are included whatever their Wave Two status

In SPSS

```
GET FILE = AINDRESP / KEEP = PID ASMOKER AIVFIO.
SORT CASES BY PID.
SELECT IF (AIVFIO EQ 1).
MATCH FILES FILE = * /IN = SM /FILE = XWAVEID /BY = PID.
SELECT IF (SM EQ 1).
SORT CASES BY BHID BPNO.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = BINDRESP /BY = BHID BPNO.
SELECT IF (SM EQ 1).
RECODE BSMOKER (SYSMIS = -10).
In STATA
WIDE file:
foreach w in a b {
       if "`w"=="a" {
               use pid 'w'smoker 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       else {
               use pid 'w'smoker 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp
       sort pid
       save wave'w', replace
merge pid using wavea
tab merge
drop if _merge==1
                      // new entrants at wave 2
drop _merge
mvencode bsmoker, mv(-10)
LONG file:
foreach w in a b {
       if "`w"=="a" {
               use pid 'w'smoker 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       else {
               use pid 'w'smoker 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp
       renpfix 'w'
       gen wave = index("ab","`w'")
       sort pid
       save wave`w', replace
append using wavea
bysort pid (wave): keep if (_N==2) | (_N==1 & wave==1)
                                                            // drop wave 2 new entrants
```

1.2.4. Matching a Subset of Cases

Here we are concerned with creating a file containing only a subset of cases defined on some substantive variables. This could be done as above, selecting cases out at the end, but it is likely to be more efficient to do it as follows:

In SPSS the structure is the same as in the previous example:

```
GET FILE = AINDRESP /KEEP = PID AJBSTAT ASEX AAGE AHLGHQ1 AREGION AIVFIO.
SELECT IF (AJBSTAT EQ 3 AND AIVFIO EQ 1).
SORT CASES BY PID.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /IN = UE /FILE = XWAVEID /BY = PID.
SELECT IF (UE EQ 1).
SORT CASES BY BHID BPNO.
MATCH FILES FILE = * /FILE = BINDRESP /BY = BHID BPNO.
SELECT IF (UE EO 1).
RECODE BJBSTAT BHLGHQ1 BREGION (SYSMIS = -9).
In STATA:
WIDE file:
foreach w in a b {
       if "`w"=="a" {
               use pid 'w'ibstat 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlaha1 'w'region 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1 &
               'w'ibstat==3
       else {
               use pid 'w'jbstat 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'region 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       sort pid
       save wave'w', replace
merge pid using wavea
drop if _merge==1
drop merge
mvencode bjbstat bhlghq1 bregion, mv(-10)
LONG file:
foreach w in a b {
       if "`w"=="a" {
               use pid 'w'jbstat 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'region 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1 &
               'w'ibstat==3
               }
       else {
               use pid 'w'jbstat 'w'sex 'w'age 'w'hlghq1 'w'region 'w'ivfio using 'w'indresp if 'w'ivfio==1
       renpfix 'w'
       gen wave = index("ab","`w'")
       sort pid
       save wave`w', replace
append using wavea
bysort pid (wave): keep if (_N==2) | (_N==1 & wave==1)
```

1.2.5. Constructing a flat cross-wave file at the individual level

The techniques described above can be used to construct a flat file at the person level containing all information from each wave from record types wINDSAMP, wINDALL, wINDRESP, as well as household level information from wHHRESP. More substantial restructuring would be required to include the other record types. Such a flat file would contain around 4000 variables at Wave four, and therefore is not particularly efficient for use in statistical analysis, but it may be a useful way of holding the data, where the main analytical intention is person level panel analysis.

a) matching single wave records together - using the technique described in example 1.1.1 above to match data at the individual level from different files, and the technique shown in 1.1.2 to distribute household level information to the individual level. Thus for wave two, using SPSS:

This is repeated for each wave separately. It would of course be possible to select at this point the subset of variables which are required for analysis.

b) Matching the waves. This requires that the files are sorted by PID. The cross-wave file XWAVEID should also be matched in, since it provides information about the status of individuals not record at a particular wave. Thus for the first four waves using SPSS:

```
MATCH FILES FILE=XWAVEID.SYS /FILE=WAVE1.SYS /FILE=WAVE2.SYS /FILE=WAVE3.SYS /FILE=WAVE4.SYS /BY=PID.
SAVE OUTFILE=XWIND.SYS
```

c) In the file created above there will be system missing values, for example for wINDRESP variables for children, and adults who did not respond at a wave, and for all wave specific variables (except wHID wPNO wIVFIO wIVFHO, contained on XWAVEID) for individuals not part of the issued sample. Users may want to reset these. Note that there are a limited number of alphanumeric variables on the dataset, and if any of these are included, a single recode statement will not work.

1.2.6. Using the Lifetime History Data

At Wave Two and Wave Three a range of lifetime history information was collected, covering, marriages (BMARRIAG), cohabitation spells (BCOHABIT), children (BCHILDAD, BCHILDNT), lifetime employment status (BLIFEMST) and a lifetime job history (CLIFEJOB). These data are all structured as one record for each spell (or child), containing information about the date of the start of the spell (e.g. marriage date, child birth, date of taking job), the end date if any, and other information about the nature of the spell. Thus there is an indeterminate number of records for each respondent. These data have a variety of uses. For spell analysis techniques such as event history analysis the data may be usable in their current form, though it is likely that information from other record types must be matched in. Here we briefly outline two other possible uses: the construction of summary lifetime information, and the restructuring of the information into calendar format.

The construction of summary variables describing lifetime experience, for example, the number of unemployment or cohabitation spells, the number of months unemployed to date etc. use the aggregation techniques described in example 1.1.4 above. Thus to use SPSS to construct an individual level file giving the total number of employment and unemployment spells and the total number of months in each state:

```
GET FILE=BLIFEMST.SYS
COMPUTE NUNEM=0
COMPUTE LUNEM=0
COMPUTE NEMP=0
COMPUTE LEMP=0
   Create flag variables to indicate if length missing
    for relevant spell
COMPUTE EMFLAG=0
COMPUTE UMFLAG=0
DO IF (BLESHST GE 1 AND BLESHST LE 3)
COMPUTE NEMP=1
IF (BLESLEN GE 0) LEMP=BLESLEN
IF (BLESLEN LT 0) EMFLAG=1
ELSE IF (BLESHST EQ 4)
COMPUTE NUNEM=1
IF (BLESLEN GE 0) LUNEM=BLESLEN
IF (BLESLEN LT 0) UMFLAG=1
AGGREGATE OUTFILE = * / PRESORTED / BREAK=BHID BPNO
  /NUNEM LUNEM NEMP LEMP EMFLAG UMFLAG =
   SUM (NUNEM LUNEM NEMP LEMP EMFLAG UMFLAG)
```

For some research purposes calendar information is needed. This restructures the spell data so as to create a vector of variables at the respondent level, with each variable representing the status at a particular time point (e.g. month or year). A number of design issues have to be resolved. For example, where the time interval is longer than that for which the data was collected, then some provision must be made for coding multiple statuses. The following example does not deal with these issues, but simply constructs a monthly calendar of status from age 16 to age 60, derived from the BLIFEMST record.

In SPSS we could do this using the following methods. Note that the first step is to flatten all the separate BLIFEMST records into a single long record.

```
GET FILE=BINDRESP.SYS / KEEP=BHID BPNO BLEDENDM BLEDENDY BDOBM BDOBY
BDOIM BDOIY

COMPUTE BDOBY=BDOBY-1900

MATCH FILES TABLE=* / FILE=BLIFEMST.SYS / BY=BHID BPNO
SELECT IF (BLEDENDY GE 0)

VECTOR AGEEND (38)

VECTOR AGESTT (38)
```

```
VECTOR STAT (38)
RECODE BLEDENDM BLESHSM BLESHEM (-1,-2,-9=6) (13=1) (14=4) (15=7) (16=10)
IF (BLESHEY EQ -8) BLESHEY=BDOIY
IF (BLESHEM EO -8) BLESHEM=BDOIM
DO IF (BLESHSY GE 1)
      COMPUTE AGESTART=(12*BLESHSY+BLESHSM)-(12*BDOBY+BDOBM)-192
ELSE
     COMPUTE AGESTART=-999
END IF
DO IF (BLESHEY GE 1)
     COMPUTE AGEEND= (12*BLESHEY+BLESHEM) - (12*BDOBY+BDOBM) -192
ELSE
     COMPUTE AGEEND=-999
END IF
LOOP #I=1 TO 38
     DO IF (BLESHNO EQ #I)
            COMPUTE AGESTT (#I) = AGESTART
            COMPUTE AGEEND (#I) = AGEEND
            COMPUTE STAT(#I)=BLESHST
      END IF
END LOOP
AGGREGATE OUTFILE=* /PRESORTED / BREAK=BHID BPNO
 /AGESTT1 TO AGESTT38=MAX(AGESTT1 TO AGESTT38)
 /AGEEND1 TO AGEEND38=MAX(AGEEND1 TO AGEEND38)
/STAT1 TO STAT38=MAX(STAT1 TO STAT38)
DESCRIPTIVES ALL
VECTOR MSTAT (528)
* PERIOD BEFORE SCHOOL LEAVING
DO IF (AGESTT1 GE 1)
     COMPUTE #AGE1=AGESTT1
      IF (#AGE1 GT 528) #AGE1=528
      LOOP #J=1 TO #AGE1
            COMPUTE MSTAT (#J) = 8
      END LOOP
END IF
VECTOR AGESTT=AGESTT1 TO AGESTT38
VECTOR AGEEND=AGEEND1 TO AGEEND38
VECTOR STAT=STAT1 TO STAT38
LOOP #K=1 TO 38
     DO IF (SYSMIS(STAT(#K)))
            BREAK
     END IF
      DO IF (AGESTT(#K) GT -999 AND AGESTT(#K) LE 528 AND AGEEND(#K) GE
1).
            COMPUTE #AGEST=AGESTT(#K)
            IF (#AGEST LT 1) #AGEST=1
            COMPUTE #AGEEN=AGEEND(#K)
            IF (#AGEEN GT 528) #AGEEN=528
            DO IF (#AGEEN GE #AGEST)
                  LOOP #L=#AGEST TO #AGEEN
                        COMPUTE MSTAT(#L)=STAT(#K)
                  END LOOP
            END IF
      END IF
END LOOP
EXECUTE
SAVE OUTFILE=LIFECAL.SYS
```

As indicated in section III above, the lifetime employment status history (BLIFEMST) and the lifetime job history (CLIFEJOB) were collected at separate waves, but relate to approximately the same time period. Some linkage can be achieved by using the variable CLJESFN, which should correspond to a value of BLESHNO for the same time period. However some histories have the value zero for this variable, indicating that the respondent was not able to link the job to the information from the previous wave which was fed forward. In addition, there are some discrepancies in dating even where an apparent match exists. The Research Centre intends to release as soon as possible, a special purpose combined file, also including information from the panel records.



Appendix 2. Notes on Derived Variables

Below are notes pertaining to the nature and function of the derived variables which exist in the BHPS database. The exact means of derivation can be found in the procedure files contained within the SIR database. These files are named M1DV for Wave One derived variables, M2DV for Wave Two, M3DV for Wave Three and so on, and MXDV for the cross wave records. If you receive the data in a format other than SIR and would like to study these derivations, a printout of selected procedures can be supplied.

Derived variables are listed according to Record Types, and then alphabetically within these Records. Generic Variable Names are presented (that is, without the wave-specific initial letter). Users should therefore be aware that not all variables appear in all waves. Neither, it should be noted, do all Record Types appear at all waves. Refer to the Cross-Wave Continuity Index for wave occurrence of individual variables.

Keys to conventions employed in descriptions below:

w = initial letter of all Record and Variable Names, which replaces the wave-specific initial letter (e.g. A = Wave One, B = Wave Two, and so on)

Derived variables sometimes use data taken from earlier, and in some cases, later waves. This is indicated by:

w-1 = indicates the year prior to the wave under investigation:

w+1 = indicates the year following the wave under investigation

LY = indicates the period 12 months prior to the start of fieldwork (e.g.1 September 1990 or 1 September 1990 - 31 August 1991 for Wave One)

TY = indicates the present period, beginning at the 1 September on which fieldwork begins for a specific wave (e.g. 1 September 1991 for Wave One, 1 September 1992 for Wave Two, etc.)

Variable names are, in part, mnemonic. See Section III earlier in this Volume for a table listing some of the conventions employed.

2.1. RECORD TYPE whhsamp

wFID

Fieldwork household identifier. This is a string variable and should be treated accordingly in analysis.

wHHMOVE

Household Mover Indicator. This indicates whether expected Original Sample Members have moved household since earlier wave. Coding as a non-mover household implies that all OSM's who are resident there at Wave w were also resident at the same address at Wave w-1. New entrants may however have moved in. Conversely, coding as a mover household implies that all the OSMs are at a new address. New entrants to the sample may have been resident at the address at the time of the previous wave. Uses wIVNADD wIVIA wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP.

wHHWGHT

See section on Weighting earlier in this manual for a description of the derivation of weights. This weight should be used for any analysis at the household level. (cf wXRWGHT on Record wINDRESP and wXEWGHT on Record wINDALL)

wLADISTC

The local authority districts are aggregated if their population falls below 120,000. This aggregation is on the same basis as that for the Census Sample of Anonymised Records individual sample, and the codes used are the same as those given in Marsh, C. & Teague, A. `Samples of anonymised records from the 1991 Census', *Population Trends*, 69, 17-26, 1992.

Internally computed from confidential information on Survey Database.

wREGION

Standard Region, distinguishing former Metropolitan Counties, and Inner and Outer London.

Internally computed from confidential information on Survey Database.

wSTRATA

This indicator distinguishes separate stratification classes used in the sampling procedure. (See Section on Sampling earlier in this manual)

wXHWGHT

See section on Weighting earlier in this manual. for a description of the derivation of weights. This weight should be used for any analysis at the household level. (cf wXRWGHT on Record wINDRESP and wXEWGHT on Record wINDALL)

2.2. RECORD TYPE wINDSAMP

wMOVEST

Individual Mover Status. Indicates whether sample members have moved location since last Wave. Its is intended to enable measures of household composition change to be computed.

Uses wFINLOC wIVFIO PID wSAMPST wLVLOC on Record wINDSAMP. Uses wHHMOVE wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP.

wSAMPST

Sample Membership Status. This variable distinguishes between Original Sample members, new Permanent Sample members and Temporary Sample members. See Section on Sampling earlier in this manual for a discussion of these terms.

Uses wFINLOC wIVFIO PID on Record wINDSAMP. Uses MSTAT YOSM on Record XWLSTEN.

wLEWGHT

Longitudinal Enumerated Individual Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wLRWGHT

Longitudinal Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

2.3. RECORD TYPE wINDALL

wAGE

Internally computed from confidential information on Survey Database and date of interview variables wDOID wDOIM on Record wINDRESP. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wAGEI (on Record Type wINDALL), as an individual level derived variables, takes the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wAGE12

Two age variables are computed. The age at date of interview is used for most purposes internal to a wave, e.g. computation of household characteristics. The age at 1.12.9TY is intended to ensure consistency in cross-wave comparison. 1st December is also the criterion date for determining whether those close to 16 should be interviewed. Includes imputed data, see entry for wAGE.

Internally computed from confidential information on Survey Database

wAGEI

Imputation flag for wAGE and wAGE12 both in Record type wINDALL and Record type wINDRESP. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual for more details on imputation.

wBUNO

This distinguishes the separate benefit unit to which an individual belongs. Benefit units (see also wBUTYPE) are subsets of households, consisting of single individuals or couples, and their dependent children, if any. The value of wBUNO is the person number of the first member of that benefit unit in sequential order of person numbers. wBUNO is missing if there are missing data on input variables, and the benefit unit cannot be inferred.

Uses wPNO wHGSPN wHGFNO wHGMNO wHGRA wAGE wHGEST wDEPCHL wHGR2R on Record wINDALL. Uses wHHSIZE on Record wHHRESP. Uses wREL wOPNO on Record wEGOALT.

wBUTYPE

This identifies the type of benefit unit to which an individual belongs. Benefit units (see also wBUNO) are subsets of households, consisting of single individuals or couples, and their dependent children, if any.

Uses wHGSEX wMASTAT wAGE wHGEST wHGSPN wHGFNO wHGMNO wBUNO on Record wINDALL.

wDEPCHL

A dependent child is defined as one aged under 16 or aged 16-18 and in school or non-advanced further education, not married and living with parent. If an individual aged 16-18 and in full time education did not receive an interview (to determine their educational status), they were assumed to be dependent children.

Uses wAGE wHGMNO wHGFNO wMASTAT wHGEST wIVFIO on Record wINDALL. Uses wSCHOOL wFETYPE on Record wINDRESP.

wHOH

This variable is an indicator of the head of household as defined, for example by the GHS, i.e. the principal owner or renter of the property, and (where there is more than one), the male taking precedence, and (where there is more than one potential HOH of the same sex), the eldest taking precedence. The BHPS household reference person definition is similar except that only the age criterion is used to distinguish multiple potential Household Reference Person(s). In the calculation, where any potential information is missing, the HRP definition takes precedence.

Uses wHSOWND wHSOWR1 wHSOWR2 wRENTP1 wRENTP2 on Record wHHRESP. Uses wAGE wHGSEX on Record wINDALL.

wNCHILD

This includes natural children, adopted children and step children, under the age of 16. Uses wPNO wHGSEX wAGE on Record wINDALL. Uses wOPNO wREL on Record wEGOALT.

wRACH16

Whether responsible adult for child under 16. This is copied from Record wINDRESP if full interview, or computed from wHGRA otherwise. This variable is inapplicable for children.

Uses wAGE wHGRA wIVFIO on Record wINDALL.

wXEWGHT

Individual weight for any analysis involving enumerated individuals, as distinct from full respondent individuals. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wXRWGHT

Cross-sectional Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wLEWGHT

Longitudinal Enumerated Individual Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wLRWGHT

Longitudinal Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

2.4. RECORD TYPE WHHRESP

WAGECHY

The age of the youngest child in the household (wAGECHY) is computed as the minimum age of children under 16. Households without children are coded as inapplicable. Households containing one or more children with missing ages are coded as missing.

Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wFIEQFCA

wFIEQFCA contains a conversion factor to allow for the effects of household size and composition on needs in making income comparisons. The equivalence scale used in this variable is the McClements scale, as used in publications such as `Households Below Average Income' (Department of Social Security, 1992).

wFIEQFCA is based on the scale to be used with income **after** housing costs are deducted. (See McClements Equivalence Scales Table 29).

wFIEQFCB

wFIEQFCB contains a conversion factor to allow for the effects of household size and composition on needs in making income comparisons. The equivalence scale used in this variable is the McClements scale, as used in publications such as `Households Below Average Income' (Department of Social Security, 1992). wFIEQFCB is based on the scale to be used with income **before** housing costs are deducted. (see Table 29) Uses wHGR2R wAGE wDEPCHL on Record wINDALL.

Table 29 McClements Equivalence Scales

	Before housing costs	After housing costs
Head	0.61	0.55
Spouse	0.39	0.45
Other second adult	0.46	0.45
Third adult	0.42	0.45
Further adult	0.36	0.40
Dependent child aged:		
0-1	0.09	0.07
2-4	0.18	0.18
5-7	0.21	0.21
8-10	0.23	0.23
11-12	0.25	0.26
13-15	0.27	0.28
16+	0.36	0.38

wFIHHMB

This sums the values of benefit income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMBI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNB wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMBI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMB.

wFIHHMI

This sums the values of investment income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMII takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNI wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMII

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMI.

wFIHHML

This sums the values of labour income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMLI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNL wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMLI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHML.

wFIHHMN

This variable sums the values of total income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMNI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMN wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMNI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMN.

WFIHHMNL

This sums the values of non-labour income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHMNLI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNNL wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMP

This sums the values of pension income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMPI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNP wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMPI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMP.

wFIHHMT

This sums the values of pension income in the month before interview for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHMTI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO from Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIMNT wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHMTI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMT.

wFIHHYB

This variable sums the values of annual benefit income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYBI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual . Uses wIVFHO on Record wIHDSAMP. Uses wFIYRB wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYBI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYB.

wFIHHYI

This variable sums the values of annual investment income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYII takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual

Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIYRI wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYII

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYI.

wFIHHYL

This variable sums the values of annual labour income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYLI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIYRL wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYLI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYL.

wFIHHYNI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYNL.

wFIHHYNL

This variable sums the values of annual non-labour income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYNI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIYRNL wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYP

This variable sums the values of annual pension income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYPI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIYRP wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYPI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYP.

wFIHHYR

This variable sums the values of annual total income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. Includes imputed data. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYRI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual h/hold members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more h/hold members was imputed. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual. Uses wIVFHO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYRI

Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYR.

wFIHHYT

This variable sums the values of annual transfer income in the reference year, that is the twelve months prior to the start of the interview period (1st Sept.) for individuals in the household. The imputation flag variable wFIHHYTI takes a value 0 if there was no imputation, 1 if some component of an individual household members income was imputed, and 2 if the whole income of one or more household members was imputed.

See section on Imputation earlier in this manual

Uses wIVFHO on Record wHHSAMP. Uses wFIYRT wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP.

wFIHHYTI Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHYT.

wFIHMNLI Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wFIHHMNL.

wHHDC Indicates those households for which there was no completed household level

questionnaire.

wHHSIZE Calculated by summing the number of individuals per household.

whhttype This classification, closely related to that used in GHS published data, relates to size of

household, whether there is a married couple present, and whether there are dependent children. For the purposes of this classification, married and cohabiting couples are treated as equivalent, and dependent children include those up to the age of 18, if they are still in (non-advanced) full time education. The elderly are defined as those over pensionable age (60 for women and 65 for men). Couple and lone parent

households may contain other individuals who were not family members.

Uses wHHSIZE wNKIDS wNCH1618 wNCOUPLE wNONEPAR on Record wHHRESP. Uses wAGE wHGSEX wMASTAT wHGSPN wHGFNO wHGMNO

wDEPCHL on Record wINDALL.

AHHWGHT See entry in Record type wHHSAMP

wHLGHQ1 This measure converts valid answers to questions wGHQA to wGHQL to a single scale

by recoding so that the scale for individual variables runs from 0 to 3 instead of 1 to 4, and then summing, giving a scale running from 0 (the least distressed) to 36 (the most distressed). See Cox, B.D *et al*, *The Health and Lifestyle Survey.* (London: Health

Promotion Research Trust, 1987).

wHLGHQ2 This measure converts valid answers to questions wGHQA to wGHQL to a single scale

by recoding 1 and 2 values on individual variables to 0, and 3 and 4 values to 1, and then summing, giving a scale running from 0 (the least distressed) to 12 (the most

distressed). Reference as above.

wHSVALI Imputation flag for wHSVAL. See note for wMGNEWI.

wLADISTC See entry in Record type wHHSAMP

wMGNEWI Imputation flag for wMGNEW. For variables directly associated with a question, the

imputation flag takes the missing value code of the original variable (e.g. Don't know, refuse, etc.) if imputed, and 0 if not imputed, or -8 if the variable was inapplicable. See

section on Imputation earlier in this manual .

wNA75PL This variable is missing if any elderly person has a missing age.

Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNCH02 This variable is missing if any child in the household has a missing age.

wNCH1215 This variable is missing if any child in the household has a missing age.

Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNCH1618 This measures the number of dependent children in the household aged 16 and over.

Dependent children are defined as those unmarried, aged under 19, and in school or non-advanced further education. The sum of this variable and wNKIDS gives the total number of dependent children in the household. This variable is missing if any person in the household has a missing age, or if a child in the age range has a missing

employment status.

Uses wAGE wDEPCHL on Record wINDALL. Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNCH34 This variable is missing if any child in the household has a missing age.

Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNCH511 This variable is missing if any child in the household has a missing age.

Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNCOUPLE Number of couples (married or cohabiting) in household. This is based on de facto

marital status, and does not include couples where one partner is non-resident.

Uses wMASTAT wHGSPN on Record wINDALL.

WNEMP Number of employed persons in household - derived from AHGEST at Wave One.

Uses wHGEMP on Record wINDALL.

wNKIDS This is the total number of children in the household aged under 16. This total may

differ from the total of wNCH02+wNCH34+wNCH511+wNCH1215 as it includes

children whose age is missing. Uses wAGE on Record wINDALL.

wNONEPAR This counts the number of single parents with dependent children in the household,

where a dependent child is defined as in wDEPCHL.

Uses wAGE wHGFNO wHGMNO wHGRA wRACH16 wHGSPN wDEPCHL on Record

wINDALL.

wNPENS Number in household of pensionable age, i.e. 60 and over for women, and 65 and over

for men.

Uses wAGE wHGSEX on Record wINDALL.

wNUE Number of unemployed persons in household - derived from wHGEST.

wNWAGE Number of women aged 16-59 and men aged 16-64.

Uses wAGE wHGSEX on Record wINDALL.

wNWED Includes married and cohabiting, based on status within household, rather than legal

status.

Uses wMASTAT on Record wINDALL.

wPHONE This uses the telephone verification question to check the presence of a telephone in

the household. A telephone is assumed to be present if a number was given, or was

refused.

wREGION See entry in Record type wHHSAMP

wRENTGI Imputation flag for wRENTG. See note above for wMGNEWI.

wRENTI Imputation flag for wRENT. See note above for wMGNEWI.

WTENURE Uses wMGHAVE wRENTLL wRENTF wHSOWND on Record wHHRESP.

wXPFUEL Monthly fuel expenditure on oil, gas, electricity.

Uses wXPGAS wXPLEC wXPOIL on Record wHHRESP.

wXPGAS Monthly expenditure on gas, computed from wXPGASL or wXPGASLW, depending on

the means of payment.

Uses wHEATYP wGASUSE wGASWAY wXPGASL wXPGASW wXPGASLW on

Record wHHRESP.

This measures gross monthly mortgage or rent costs. In the case of renters who **wXPHSG**

receive housing benefit, either partial or complete, this variable includes the rent before the rebate. This variable is zero for houses rent free or owned outright. Includes imputed data. For housing related derived variables the imputation flag wXPHSGI takes

the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses whown wrenth wrent wrent wrent wrent wrentw wmghave

wXPMG on Record wHHRESP.

wXPHSGI Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wXPHSG.

wXPHSN This measures net monthly mortgage or rent costs. In the case of renters who receive

> housing benefit, either partial or complete, this variable includes the rent after the rebate. This variable is zero for houses rent free or owned outright. Includes imputed data. For housing related derived variables the imputation flag (here AXPHSNI) takes

the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses whoownd wrenthb wrentg wrentgw wrent wrentw wmghave

wXPMG on Record wHHRESP.

wXPHSNI Imputation flag. See notes above for variable wXPHSN.

wXPLEC Monthly expenditure on electricity, computed from wXPLECL or wXPLECLW,

depending on the means of payment.

Uses wLECWAY wXPLECL wXPLECW wXPLECLW on Record wHHRESP.

wXPMGI Imputation flag for wXPMG. See note above for wMGNEWI.

wXPOIL Monthly expenditure on heating oil, computed from estimated annual expenditure

(wXPOILY).

Uses wHEATYP wXPOILY on Record wHHRESP.

2.5. RECORD TYPE wINDRESP

wAGE Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wAGE12 Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wBUNO Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wBUTYPE Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wCJSTEN This measures the length of time in the current labour market spell, whether, employee,

> self employed or not employed in number of days. Where day is missing, this is assumed to be one. For years before 199LY, where month is missing, this is assumed

to be July.

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBBGD wJBBGM wJBBGY wJBSEMP wJSBGD wJSBGM wJSBGY wCJSBGD wCJSBGM wCJSBGY wDOID wDOIM on Record wINDRESP

wCJSWK9 This variable measures the number of weeks in the current labour market spell which

fell into the reference year (1.9.9LY -31.8.9TY). The measure is exact (i.e. number of

days divided by seven).

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSEMP wJBSTAT wJBBGD wJBBGM wJBBGY wJSBGD wJSBGM wJSBGY wCJSBGD wCJSBGM wCJSBGY wCJSBLY wJLYID wJTYID on

Record wINDRESP.

wEDGEN

This variable measures the number of days in the year to 1.9.9TY spent in general training (i.e. training not related to a particular job). It is based on the variables wJBED, etc, and wEDNEW, etc. Codes at wJBED4-5 and wEDNEW3-4 are taken to indicate general training. Days associated with such training purposes are allocated to this variable. If specific purposes are also identified, then the days are partitioned between the two types.

Uses wJBHAS wJBSEMP wJBED wJBED1 wJBED2 wJBED3 wJBED4 wJBED5 wJBEDD wEDNEW wEDNEW1 wEDNEW2 wEDNEW3 wEDNEW4 wEDNEWD on Record wINDRESP

wEDSPEC

This variable measures the number of days in the year to 1.9.9TY spent in specific training (i.e. training related to a particular job). It is based on the variables wJBED, etc, and wEDNEW, etc. Codes at wJBED1-3 and wEDNEW1-2 are taken to indicate general training. Days associated with such training purposes are allocated to this variable. If specific purposes are also identified, then the days are partitioned between the two types.

Uses wJBHAS wJBSEMP wJBED wJBED1 wJBED2 wJBED3 wJBED4 wJBED5 wJBEDD wEDNEW wEDNEW1 wEDNEW2 wEDNEW3 wEDNEW4 wEDNEWD on Record wINDRESP.

WFIHHMNI

Imputation flag for wFIHHMN taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMN

This variable is the sum of wFIMNL (non-labour income), and labour income, taken from wPAYGU, wJSPROF, wJSPAYG as appropriate. Income from second jobs is also added if non- missing. For proxy cases estimated total personal income (APRFITB) is used, taking the mid point of each band (£3300 pcm for the highest band). Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNTHI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. Uses wFIMNL wPAYGU wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPROF wJSPAYG wJ2PAY wPRFITB on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNB

This variable totals all receipts from state benefits (including NI retirement pension), recieved in the month before interview. It is constructed by summing the amount received converted to a monthly basis, for all wINCOME Records where the wFICODE takes the values 1,5,6,16 to 22, or 31 to 41, and where the amount is currently being received. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNBI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFRVAL wFRW wFRNOW wFRJT on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNBI

Imputation flag for wFIMNB taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNI

This variable totals the estimated income from savings and investments, and receipts from rented property, recieved in the month before interview. Income from investments is only collected as a banded variable, and the monthly value is estimated as follows: if wFIYRDI = 2, then income is £5, if wFIYRDI = 3 then income is £50, and if wFIYRDI = 4 then income is £150. Rent income calculated by summing the amount received, converted to a monthly basis, for all wINCOME Records where the wFICODE takes the values 55 or 56, and where the amount is currently being received. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNII takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. Uses wNF1 wFIYRDI on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFRVAL wFRW wFRNOW wFRJT on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNII

Imputation flag for wFIMNI taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNL

Labour Income in month before interview. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNLI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wJ2PAY wPAYGU wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPROF wJSPAYG wPRFITB wIVFIO from Record wINDRESP

wFIMNLI

Imputation flag for wFIMNL taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNNL

This variable sums the values of wFIMNP wFIMNB wFIMNT and wFIMNI. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNNLI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wFIMNP wFIMNB wFIMNT wFIMNI on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNNLI

Imputation flag for wFIMNNL taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNP

This variable totals all receipts from non-state pension sources, recieved in the month before interview. It is constructed by summing the amount received, converted to a monthly basis, for all wINCOME Records where the wFICODE takes the values 2, 3 or 4, and where the amount is currently being received. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on Record wINCOME. wFIMNP is missing if the variable wNF1 is coded 'Refused'. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNPI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFRVAL wFRW wFRNOW wFRJT on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNPI

Imputation flag for wFIMNP taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNT

This variable totals all receipts from other transfers, (including education grants, sickness insurance, maintenance, foster allowance and payments from TU/Friendly societies, from absent family members), received in the month before interview. It is constructed by summing the amount received, converted to a monthly basis, for all wINCOME Records where wFICODE takes the values 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58 or 59, and where the amount is currently being received. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM090 on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIMNTI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFRVAL wFRW wFRNOW wFRJT on Record wINDRESP.

wFIMNTHI

Imputation flag for wFIMN taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIMNTI

Imputation flag for wFIMNT taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYEARI

Imputation flag for wFIYR taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYR

Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wFIYRL wFIYRNL on Record wINDRESP.

wFIYRB

This variable totals all receipts from state benefits (including NI retirement pensions), recieved in the months from 1st. September in the year prior to the interview until 31st August in the year in which interviewing begins. It is constructed by summing the estimated amounts received, (in the variables wFIM09L-wFIM08T), for all wINCOME records where wFICODE takes the values 1,5,6,16 to 22, or 31 to 41. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRBI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFIM09L wFIM10L wFIM11L wFIM12L wFIM01T wFIM02T wFIM03T wFIM04T wFIM05T wFIM06T wFIM07T wFIM08T on Record wINCOME.

wFIYRBI

Imputation flag for wFIYRB taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYRDII

Imputation flag for wFIYRDI taking the missing value code of the original variable (e.g. Don't know, refuse, etc.) if imputed, and 0 if not imputed, or -8 if the variable was inapplicable.

wFIYRI

This variable totals the estimated income from savings and investments, and all receipts from rent from property or boarders and lodgers, recieved in the months from September in the year prior to the interview until August in the year in which interviewing begins. Income from investments is only collected as a banded variable, and the annual value is estimated as follows: if wFIYRDI = 2, then income is £60, if wFIYRDI = 3 then income is £600, and if wFIYRDI = 4 then income is £1800. Rent income is constructed by summing the estimated amounts received, (in the variables wFIM090-wFIM081), for all wINCOME Records where wFICODE takes the values 55 or 56. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM090 on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRII takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 wFIYRDI on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFIM09L wFIM10L wFIM11L wFIM01T wFIM02T wFIM03T wFIM04T wFIM05T wFIM06T wFIM07T wFIM08T on Record wINCOME.

wFIYRII

Imputation flag for wFIYRI taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYRL

This variable computes annual labour income in the reference year from September in the year prior to the interview until September in the year in which interviewing begins There are three basic components: 1) Pay from current job where this started before 1.9.9LY. This is calculated as the mean of monthly gross pay at 1.9.9TY (wPAYGTY) and monthly gross pay at 1.9.9LY (wPAYGLY), multiplied by 12. or 2) Pay from current job where this started after 1.9.9LY but before 1.9.9TY. This is calculated as the mean of monthly gross pay at 1.9.9TY (wPAYGTY) and gross monthly starting pay in current job (calculated here) multiplied by the number of elapsed weeks in current job in reference year (wCJSWK9) divided by 4.33. and/or 3) Pay from previous jobs, calculated as the sum over all jobs of monthly gross pay (wJHGPAY) times elapsed weeks in reference year (wJHSPW), divided by 4.33. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRLI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wCJSBLY wCJSWK9 wJTYID wJLYID wNJBWKS wPAYGU wPAYGTY wPAYGLY wPAYS wPAYSW wPAYSG on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSTAT wJHGPAY wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST

wFIYRLI

Imputation flag for wFIYRL taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYRNL

This variables is the sum of wFIYRP, wFIYRB, wFIYRT and wFIYRI. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRNLI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. Uses wFIYRP wFIYRB wFIYRT wFIYRI on Record wINDRESP.

wFIYRNLI

Imputation flag for wFIYRNL taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYRP

This variable totals all receipts from non-state pension sources, received in the months from September 199LY to August 199TY. It is constructed by summing the estimated amounts received, (in the variables wFIM09L-wFIM08T), for all wINCOME Records where wFICODE takes the values 2,3 or 4. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRPI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFIM09L wFIM10L wFIM11L wFIM01T wFIM02T wFIM03T wFIM04T wFIM05T wFIM06T wFIM07T wFIM08T on Record wINCOME.

wFIYRPI

Imputation flag for wFIYRP taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wFIYRT

This variable totals all receipts from other transfers (including education grants, sickness insurance, maintenance, foster allowance and payments from TU/Friendly societies, from absent family members), received in the months from September 199LY to August 199TY. It is constructed by summing the estimated amounts received, (in the variables wFIM09L-wFIM08T), for all wINCOME records where wFICODE takes the values 51,52,53,54, 57,58,59. Jointly received payments are treated as described in the documentation to wFIM09L on Record wINCOME. Includes imputed data. As this is an individual level derived variable, the imputation flag variable wFIYRTI takes the value 1 if imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise.

Uses wNF1 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wFICODE wFIM09L wFIM10L wFIM11L wFIM01T wFIM02T wFIM03T wFIM04T wFIM05T wFIM06T wFIM07T wFIM08T on Record wINCOME.

wFIYRTI

Imputation flag for wFIYRT taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wHHSIZE

Copied variable. See entry in wHHRESP.

WHHTYPE

Copied variable. See entry in wHHRESP.

wHOH

Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wINWGHT

Individual Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual for a description of the derivation of weights and discussion as to their use. This weight should be used for analysis which uses only individual respondents to the full questionnaire. Proxy subjects have a will have weight of zero on this variable. (The variable wXHWGHT should be used for analyses at the household level.

wJ2PAYI

Imputation flag for wJ2PAY taking the missing value code of the original variable (e.g. Don't know, refuse, etc.) if imputed, and 0 if not imputed, or -8 if the variable was inapplicable.

wJBFT

This measure is based on total hours, i.e. including both normal and overtime hours. It is computed for both employees and the self employed.

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSEMP wJBHRS wJBOT wJSHRS on Record wINDRESP.

wJBGOLD

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. See the Section on Data collection and Fieldwork in Volume A. See also Goldthorpe, JH and Hope, K (1974) *The Social Grading of Occupations: A New Approach and Scale*, Oxford: Clarendon Press. Uses wJBSEMP wJBMNGR wJBSIZE wJSBOSS wJSSIZE wJBSOC wJBHAS wJBOFF on Record wINDRESP.

wJBRGSC

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. This computes the Registrar General's Social Class for those currently employed based on the 3 digit Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and employment status variables. The classification is described in *Standard Occupational Classification*, *Volume 3: Social Classifications and Coding Methodology* (London OPCS/HMSO 1991).

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBMNGR wJSBOSS wJBSOC on Record wINDRESP.

wJBSEG

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. This computes the Socio-Economic Group for those currently employed, based on the 3 digit Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and employment status variables. The classification is described in *Standard Occupational Classification, Volume 3: Social Classifications and Coding Methodology.* (London OPCS/HMSO 1991).

Uses wJBSEMP wJBMNGR wJBSIZE wJSBOSS wJSSIZE wJBSOC wJBHAS wJBOFF on Record wINDRESP

wJBSOCLY

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSOC on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSOC on Record wJOBHIST. For complete SOC coding frame see Appendix.

wJBSTATL

This is the equivalent to wJBSTAT, for 1.9.9LY. If wJLYID = 0, wJBSTATL = wJBSTAT; if wJLYID is greater than 0, then wJBSTATL is based on wJHSTAT for the job history spell referenced.

Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSEMP on Record wJOBHIST.

wJBSTATT

This is the equivalent to wJBSTAT, for 1.9.9TY. If wJTYID = 0, wJBSTATT = wJBSTAT; if wJTYID is greater than 0, then wJBSTATT is based on wJHSTAT for the job history spell referenced.

Uses wJTYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT on Record wJOBHIST.

wJLGOLD

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. This computes the Goldthorpe social class classification for the previous job of those who have not held a job since 1.9.9LY. See note for wJBGOLD above.

Uses wJBHAD wJLSEMP wJLMNGR wJLSIZE wJLBOSS wJLSOC on Record wINDRESP

wJLID

This variable provides a means of identifying the latest job (i.e. the current job or the most recent if not currently employed).

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT wCJSBLY wNJBS wJBHAD on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT on Record wJOBHIST.

wJLRGSC

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. This computes Registrar General's Social Class for the previous job of those who have not held a job since 1.9.9LY. See note for wJBRGSC above.

Uses wJBHAD wJLSEMP wJLMNGR wJLSIZE wJLBOSS wJLSOC on Record wINDRESP.

wJLSEG

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. This computes the Socio-Economic Group for the last job for those without a job since 1.9.9LY. See note for wJBSEG above.

Uses wJBHAD wJLSEMP wJLMNGR wJLSIZE wJLBOSS wJLSOC on Record wINDRESP.

wJLYID

This variable identifies the respondent's labour market spell for 1 September 199LY (i.e. it identifies the current labour market spell if this started before 1.9.9LY, and the relevant wJOBHIST Record if not).

Uses wJBSTAT wCJSBLY wCJSBGD wCJSBGM wCJSBGY wIVFIO on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO on Record wJOBHIST.

wJSPAYG

This computes a monthly self-employed gross pay variable if a self-employed respondent does not draw up profit and loss accounts. It is inapplicable for those who are not self-employed, and the self employed who draw up accounts. (cf. wJSPROF) Uses wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPAYL wJSPYBM wJSPYBY wJSPYEM wJSPYEY on Record wINDRESP.

wJSPAYGI

Imputation flag for wJSPAYG taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wJSPROF

This computes a monthly self-employed profit variable for self-employed respondents who draw up profit and loss accounts. It is inapplicable for those who are not self-employed, and the self employed who do not draw up accounts. (cf. wJSPAYG) Uses wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPAYL wJSPYBM wJSPYBY wJSPYEM wJSPYEY on Record wINDRESP.

wJSPROFI

Imputation flag for wJSPROF taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wJTYID

This variable identifies the respondent's labour market spell for 1 September 199TY (i.e. it identifies the current labour market spell if this started before 1.9.9TY, and the relevant wJOBHIST Record if not).

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSEMP wJBSTAT wJBBGD wJBBGM wJBBGY wJSBGD wJSBGM wJSBGY wCJSBGD wCJSBGM wCJSBGY wCJSBLY on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY wJHSTAT on Record wJOBHIST.

wLJNREC

Gives the total number of lifetime job history records from the Record Type wLIFEJOB, includes the computed record for current job.

Uses wHID wPNO wLJHAD on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHID wPNO on Record wLIFEJOB.

wLJLRST

Shows status type for last job history records from the Record Type CLIFEJOB, this makes it possible to determine whether information about other jobs is to be expected in any of the panel records.

Uses wHID wPNO wLJHAD wLJNREC on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHID wPNO wLJENST on Record wLIFEJOB.

wNCHILD

Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wNJBNEW

This measures the number of jobs with distinct employers, (or self-employment spells) held in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY).

Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT wCJSWK9 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST

wNJBSP

This measures the number of separate jobs (including self-employment spells) held in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY). Different jobs held with the same employer are each counted.

Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT wCJSWK9 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNJBWKS

This variable measures the number of weeks of employment in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY). The measure is exact (i.e. number of days divided by seven). Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wCJSBLY wCJSWK9 wJLYID wJBSTAT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNJISP

This measures the number of separate economically inactive (i.e. not in employment or unemployed) spells in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY).

Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT wCJSWK9 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNJIWKS

This variable measures the number of weeks of economically inactive (i.e. not in employment or unemployed) in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY). The measure is exact (i.e. number of days divided by seven).

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wCJSBLY wCJSWK9 wJLYID wJBSTAT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNJUSP

This measures the number of separate unemployment spells in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY).

Uses wJLYID wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSTAT wCJSWK9 on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNJUWKS

This variable measures the number of weeks of unemployment in the reference year (1.9.9LY - 31.8.9TY). The measure is exact (i.e. number of days divided by seven). Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wCJSBLY wCJSWK9 wJLYID wJBSTAT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJSPNO wJHSTAT wJHSPW on Record wJOBHIST.

wNORGA

Counts number of different types of organisation R is active in, mentioned at question CORGA.

Uses wORGA wORGAA wORGAB wORGAC wORGAD wORGAE wORGAF wORGAG wORGAH wORGAI wORGAJ wORGAK wORGAL wORGAM wORGAO wORGAP wORGAQ on Record wINDRESP.

wNORGM

Counts number of different types of organisation R is member of, mentioned at question CORGM.

Uses wordm wordma wordmb wordmc wordmd wordme wordmf wordmg wordmh wordmi wordmi wordmk wordml wordmi wordm

wPAYG

This converts employees' last wage or salary payment before tax and other deductions in current main job (wPAYGL) to a monthly amount. If gross pay was missing, but net pay was present, then gross pay is estimated from net pay, on the basis of information about marital status, partner's activity, and pension scheme membership.

Uses wPAYGW wPAYGL wPAYNW wPAYNL wPAYNW wSPJB wMLSTAT wSEX wJBPENM on Record wINDRESP.

wPAYGLI

Imputation flag for wPAYGLY taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPAYGLY

This measures the monthly gross payment of wage, salary or self-employment income received at 1.9.9LY. If current job spell started before this date, then for employees the answer to wPAYLY is used, converted from net to gross where necessary, and for the self-employed the current pay or profit. If the current job spell started after 1.9.9LY, then this variable is equal to the value of wJHGPAY for the job spell at this date.

Uses wJBPENM wMLSTAT wSEX wJBOFF wJBHAS wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPROF wJSPAYG wPAYLY wPAYLYW wPAYLYG wCJSBLY wSPJB wJLYID wPAYGU on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSTAT wJHGPAY on Record wJOBHIST.

wPAYGTI

Imputation flag for wPAYGTY taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPAYGTY

This measures the monthly gross payment of wage, salary or self-employment income received at 1.9.9TY. If current job spell started before this date, then for employees wPAYGU is used, and for the self-employed the current pay or profit. If the current job spell started after 1.9.9TY, then this variable is equal to the value of wJHGPAY for the job spell at this date.

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPROF wJSPAYG wJBPENM wMLSTAT wSEX wPAYGU wJTYID on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSTAT wJHGPAY on Record wJOBHIST.

wPAYGU

This measures usual monthly wage or salary payment before tax and other deductions in current main job for employees. If the last gross payment was the usual, then this is used. If last gross pay was missing, but net pay was present, and this was usual, then gross pay is estimated from net pay, on the basis of information about marital status, partner's activity, and pension scheme membership. If last payment was not the usual, then if usual payment is given gross, this is used. Otherwise, if usual payment is given net, then this is converted as above.

Uses wJBPENM wPAYUSL wPAYG wPAYUG wPAYU wPAYUW wPAYN wMLSTAT wSEX wSPJB wJBSEMP on Record wINDRESP.

wPAYGUI

Imputation flag for wPAYGU taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPAYN

This converts employees' last wage or salary payment after tax and other deductions in current main job (wPAYNL) to a monthly amount. If net pay was missing, but gross pay was present, then net pay is estimated from gross pay, on the basis of information about marital status, partner's activity, and pension scheme membership.

Uses wPAYGW wPAYGL wPAYNW wPAYNL wPAYNW ASPJB wMLSTAT ASEX wJBPENM on Record wINDRESP.

wPAYNLI

Imputation flag for wPAYNLY taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPAYNLY

This measures the monthly net payment of wage, salary or self-employment income received at 1.9.9LY. If current job spell started before this date, then for employees the answer to wPAYLY is used, converted from gross to net where necessary, and for the self-employed the current pay or profit, converted to a net amount. If the current job spell started after 1.9.9LY, then this variable is equal to the value of wJHNPAY for the iob spell at this date.

Uses wJBPENM wMLSTAT wSEX wJBOFF wJBHAS wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPRF wJSPRBM wJSPRBY wJSPREM wJSPAYL wJSPYBM wJSPYBY wJSPYEM wJSPYEY wPAYLY wPAYLYW wPAYLYG wCJSBLY wSPJB wJLYID wPAYNU on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSTAT wJHNPAY on Record wJOBHIST.

wPAYNTI

Imputation flag for wPAYNTY taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPAYNTY

This measures the monthly net payment of wage, salary or self-employment income received at 1.9.9TY. If current job spell started before this date, then for employees wPAYNU is used, and for the self-employed the current pay or profit, converted to a net amount. If the current job spell started after 1.9.9TY, then this variable is equal to the value of wJHNPAY for the job spell at this date.

Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF wJBSEMP wJSACCS wJSPROF wJSPAYG wJBPENM wMLSTAT wSEX wPAYNU wJTYID on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHSTAT wJHNPAY on Record wJOBHIST

wPAYNU

This measures usual monthly wage or salary payment after tax and other deductions in current main job for employees. If the last net payment was the usual, then this is used. If last net pay was missing, but gross pay was present, and this was usual, then net pay is estimated from gross pay, on the basis of information about marital status, partner's activity, and pension scheme membership. If last payment was not the usual, then if usual payment is given net, this is used. Otherwise, if usual payment is given gross, then this is converted as above.

Uses wJBPENM wPAYUSL wPAYN wPAYG wPAYUG wPAYU wPAYUW wMLSTAT wSEX wSPJB wJBSEMP on Record wINDRESP.

wPAYNUI

Imputation flag for wPAYNU taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation earlier in this manual.

wPRFITBI

Imputation flag for wPRFITB taking the missing value code of the original variable (e.g. Don't know, refuse, etc.) if imputed, and 0 if not imputed, or -8 if the variable was inapplicable.

wQFACHI

The definition of categories in terms of the input variables wQFA to wQFN and wQFEDA to wQFEDS is as follows, with respondents allocated to the highest category into which they fall, or into category 7 if no academic qualifications:

- 1. Higher Degree is held (wQFM)
- 2. 1st Degree (wQFL)
- 3. Higher National Certificate/Diploma (wQFH) or teaching qualifications (wQFJ)
- 4. A Levels (wQFEDJ), Scottish Higher Grades (wQFEDO), Scottish School Leaving Certificate Higher Grade (wQFEDR), Scottish Certificate of Sixth Year Studies (wQFEDP), Higher School Certificate (wQFEDH), Ordinary National Certificate/Diploma, BEC/TEC/BTEC National/General Certificate or Diploma (wQFG) or City & Guilds Certificate (Advanced/Final/Part II) (wQFE)
- 5. O Levels (pre 1975) (wQFEDF), O Level grades A-c (1975 or later) (wQFEDG), GCSE grades A-C (wQFEDE), CSE grade 1 (wQFEDC), Scottish O Grades (pass or bands A-C or 1-3) (wQFEDL), Scottish School Leaving Certificate Lower Grade (wQFEDQ), School Certificate or Matric (wQFEDJ), Scottish Standard Grade Level 1-3 (wQFEDN) or City & Guilds Certificate (Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I) (wQFD)
- CSE Grades 2-5 (wQFEDB), O Level grades D-E (wQFEDH), GCSE grades D-G (wQFEDD), Scottish SCE Ordinary Grade bands D-E or 4-5 (wQFEDK) or Scottish Standard Grade levels 4-7 (wQFEDM)

The data in this variable is up-dated each year to include the most recent qualifications of new entrants and existing panel members. The variable shows the current status of the respondent and there is no need for the user to add the recently acquired qualifications to the first, or any subsequent, iteration of this variable.

Uses					
wQFA	wQFB	wQFC	wQFD	wQFE	wQFF
wQFG	wQFH	wQFI	wQFJ	wQFK	wQFL
wQFM	wQFN	wQFED	wQFEDA	wQFEDB	wQFEDC
wQFEDD	wQFEDE	wQFEDF	wQFEDG	wQFEDH	wQFEDI
wQFEDJ	wQFEDK	wQFEDL	wQFEDM	wQFEDN	wQFEDO
wQFEDP	wQFEDQ	wQFEDR	wQFEDS	wQFEDHI	wQFXA
wQFXB	wQFXC	wQFXD	wQFXE	wQFXF	wQFXG
wQFXH	wQFXI	wQFXJ	wQFXK	wQFXL	wQFXM
wQFXN	wQFEDX	wQFEDXA	wQFEDXB	wQFEDXC	wQFEDXD
wQFEDXE	wQFEDXF	wQFEDXG	wQFEDXH	wQFEDXI	wQFEDXJ
wQFEDXK					

on Record wINDRESP. Uses (w-1)QFACHI on Record (w-1)INDRESP.

wQFEDHI

The definition of categories is that used by the GHS. The definition of categories in terms of the input variables wQFA to wQFN and wQFEDA to wQFEDS is as follows, with respondents allocated to the highest category into which they fall, or into category 12 if no qualifications, and category 13 if no qualifications and still at school:

- 1. University or CNAA Higher Degree (wQFM)
- 2. University or CNAA First Degree (wQFL)
- 3. Teaching Qualifications (wQFJ)
- 4. City & Guilds Certificate (Full Technological/Part III) (wQFF), HNC, HND, BEC/TEC/BTEC Higher Certificate/Diploma (wQFH), University Diploma (wQFK), Any other technical, professional or higher qualifications (wQFN)
- 5. Nursing Qualifications (wQFI)
- 6. A Levels (wQFEDJ), Scottish Higher Grades (wQFEDO), Scottish School Leaving Certificate Higher Grade (wQFEDR), Scottish Certificate of Sixth Year Studies (wQFEDP), Higher School Certificate (wQFEDH), Ordinary National Certificate/Diploma, BEC/TEC/BTEC National/General Certificate or Diploma (wQFG) or City & Guilds Certificate (Advanced/Final/Part II) (wQFE)
- 7. O Levels (pre 1975) (wQFEDF), O Level grades A-C (1975 or later) (wQFEDG), GCSE grades A-C (wQFEDE), CSE grade 1 (wQFEDC), Scottish O Grades (pass or bands A-C or 1-3) (wQFEDL), Scottish School Leaving Certificate Lower Grade (wQFEDQ), School Certificate or Matric (wQFEDA), Scottish Standard Grade Level 1-3 (wQFEDN) or City & Guilds Certificate (Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I) (wQFD)
- 8. Clerical or Commercial Qualifications (wQFC)
- CSE Grades 2-5 (wQFEDB), O Level grades D-E (wQFEDH), GCSE grades D-G (wQFEDD), Scottish SCE Ordinary Grade bands D-E or 4-5 (wQFEDK) or Scottish Standard Grade levels 4-7 (wQFEDM)
- 10. Recognised trade apprenticeship (wQFB)
- 11. Youth Training Certificate (wQFA) Any other qualifications (wQFEDS)

The data in this variable is up-dated each year to include the most recent qualifications of new entrants and existing panel members. The variable shows the current status of the respondent and there is no need for the user to add the recently acquired qualifications to the first iteration, or any subsequent, of this variable.

Uses					
wSCNOW	wFENOW	wSCHOOL	wSCEND	wQFHAS	wQFA
wQFB	wQFC	wQFD	wQFE	wQFF	wQFG
wQFH	wQFI	wQFJ	wQFK	wQFL	wQFM
wQFN	wQFED	wQFEDA	wQFEDB	wQFEDC	wQFEDD
wQFEDE	wQFEDF	wQFEDG	wQFEDH	wQFEDI	wQFEDJ
wQFEDK	wQFEDL	wQFEDM	wQFEDN	wQFEDO	wQFEDP
wQFEDQ	wQFEDR	wQFEDS	wQFX	wQFXA	wQFXB
wQFXC	wQFXD	wQFXE	wQFXF	wQFXG	wQFXH
wQFXI	wQFXJ	wQFXK	wQFXL	wQFXM	wQFXN
wQFEDX	wQFEDXA	wQFEDXB	wQFEDXC	wQFEDXD	wQFEDXE
wQFEDXF	wQFEDXG	wQFEDXH	wQFEDXI	wQFEDXJ	wQFEDXK
on Record w	INDRESP. US	ses (w-1)QFEI	DHI on Record	d (w-1)INDRE	SP.

wQFVOC

Coded 'Yes' if respondent has any of the following qualifications: a recognised trade apprenticeship (wQFB), a clerical or commercial qualification (wQFC), a nursing qualification (wQFI), City & Guilds Certificate (wQFD, wQFE, wQFF), Ordinary National Certificate/Diploma (wQFG), Higher National Certificate or Diploma (wQFH).

The data in this variable is up-dated each year to include the most recent qualifications of new entrants and existing panel members. The variable shows the current status of the respondent and there is no need for the user to add the recently acquired qualifications to the first, or any subsequent, iteration of this variable.

Uses					
wQFA	wQFB	wQFC	wQFD	wQFE	wQFF
wQFG	wQFH	wQFI	wQFJ	wQFK	wQFL
wQFM	wQFN	wQFED	wQFEDA	wQFEDB	wQFEDC
wQFEDD	wQFEDE	wQFEDF	wQFEDG	wQFEDH	wQFEDI
wQFEDJ	wQFEDK	wQFEDL	wQFEDM	wQFEDN	wQFEDO
wQFEDP	wQFEDQ	wQFEDR	wQFEDS	wQFEDHI	wQFXA
wQFXB	wQFXC	wQFXD	wQFXE	wQFXF	wQFXG
wQFXH	wQFXI	wQFXJ	wQFXK	wQFXL	wQFXM
wQFXN	wQFEDX	wQFEDXA	wQFEDXB	wQFEDXC	wQFEDXD
wQFEDXE	wQFEDXF	wQFEDXG	wQFEDXH	wQFEDXI	wQFEDXJ
wQFEDXK					

on Record wINDRESP. Uses (w-1)QFACHI on Record (w-1)INDRESP.

wREGION

Copied variable. See entry in wINDALL.

wSPJB

Indicates if spouse of R is employed.

Uses wHGSPN wHGEST wIVFIO on Record wINDALL. Uses wJBHAS wJBOFF on Record wINDRESP.

wSPJBHR

This variable measures spouse's/partner's usual weekly hours of work excluding overtime. It is taken from wJBHRS if employee and wJSHRS if self-employed. Uses wJBSEMP wJBHRS wJSHRS on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHGSPN wIVFIO on Record wINDALL.

wSPJBOT

This variable measures spouse's/partner's weekly overtime hours. It is only applicable where spouse is an employee.

Uses wJBOT on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHGSPN wIVFIO on Record wINDALL.

wSPJBYR

This variable measures whether spouse/partner had a job between 1.9.LY and 1.9.TY. It is taken from the value of wNJBSP.

Uses wNJBSP on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHGSPN wIVFIO on Record wINDALL.

wSPPAYG

This variable measures spouse's/partner's usual monthly gross pay, it is taken from wPAYGU, wJSPAYG or wJSPROF, depending on employment status.

Uses wJBSEMP wPAYGU wJSACCS wJSPAYG wJSPROF on Record wINDRESP.

Uses wHGSPN wIVFIO on Record wINDALL.

wSPPAYGI

Imputation flag for wSPPAYG taking the value 1 if the variable was imputed, and 0 or -8 otherwise. See section on Imputation in this manual.

wSPSOC

Computed using the CAMCON facility in CASOC. Uses wJBSOC on Record wINDRESP. Uses wHGSPN wIVFIO on Record wINDALL. For complete SOC coding frame see Appendix III.

wTENURE

Copied variable. See entry in wHHRESP.

wVOTE

This variable combines the information given in the variables wVOTE3 and wVOTE4. Uses wVOTE1 wVOTE2 wVOTE3 wVOTE4 on Record wINDRESP.

The adoption of CASOC (Computer Aided Standard Occupational Classification) has meant that we no longer needed to use our own algorithms to compute the social class variables for Goldthorpe (GOLD), Registrar General's (RGSC), or Socio-Economic Group (SEG) which are generated as a by-product of SOC coding. An added bonus is that the Hope-Goldthorpe Scale (HGS), Cambridge Scale (CSSF and CSSM) and International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) coding are generated too. The following variables were derived via CASOC and the utilities within it.

on Record wINDRESP

on Record wJOBHIST

wJHCSSF	wJHCSSM	wJHGOLD	wJHHGS	wJHISCO	wJHRGSC
wJHSEG					

on Record wLIFEJOB

wLJCSSF	wLJCSSM	wLJGOLD	wLJHGS	wLJISCO	wLJRGSC
wLJSEG					

wLRWGHT Longitudinal Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wLEWGHT Longitudinal Enumerated Individual Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wXRWGHT Cross-sectional Respondent Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this manual.

wXEWGHT Cross-sectional Enumerated Individual Weight. See section on Weighting earlier in this

manual.

2.6. RECORD TYPE wJOBHIST

wJHA9LY Whether job started after 1.9.9LY. This was a base variable at Wave One, but is computed at subsequent Waves.

Uses wJSPNO on Record wJOBHIST. Uses wJLYID on Record wINDRESP.

wJHENDD End date (day) of job history spell, computed as start date of following job spell. If spell

number is 1, end date is taken as start date of current spell.

Uses wJSPNO wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY on Record wJOBHIST. Uses wCJSBGD

wCJSBGM wCJSBGY on Record wINDRESP.

wJHENDM End date (month) of job history spell, computed as start date of following job spell. If

spell number is 1, end date is taken as start date of current spell.

Uses wJSPNO wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY on Record wJOBHIST. Uses wCJSBGD

wCJSBGM wCJSBGY on Record wINDRESP.

wJHENDY End date (year) of job history spell, computed as start date of following job spell. If spell

number is 1, end date is taken as start date of current spell.

Uses wJSPNO wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY on Record wJOBHIST; wCJSBGD

wCJSBGM wCJSBGY on Record wINDRESP.

wJHSEG See notes on CASOC variables in Section wINDRESP.

See notes on CASOC variables in Section wINDRESP. wJHGOLD

wJHRGSC See notes on CASOC variables in Section wINDRESP.

wJHSPW This measures the number of weeks of job history spell falling in the reference year: 1

September 199LY - 31 August 199TY. This variable is used in the calculation of annual measures of duration in states and annual incomes. It is **not** the total spell length. The

measure is exact (i.e. number of days divided by seven).

Uses wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY wJHENDD wJHENDM wJHENDY on Record

wJOBHIST.

wJHGPAY This measures gross monthly rate of wage, salary or self-employment income in the

employment spell. It is based on the payment at the start date or at 1.9.LY, depending on which is available, converted from net to gross where necessary, based on information about sex, marital status, spouse's employment status and pension membership. The start date is used to determine the appropriate tax and National

Insurance regime.

Uses wSEX wMLSTAT wJBPENM wSPJB wCJSBLY on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHA9LY wJHPAYL wJHPYLW wJHPYLG wJHPAYS wJHPYSW wJHPYSG

wJHSPW wJHSTAT wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY on Record wJOBHIST.

wJHNPAY This measures net monthly rate of wage, salary or self-employment income in the employment spell. It is based on the payment at the start date or at 1.9.LY, depending

on which is available, converted from gross to net where necessary, based on information about sex, marital status, spouse's employment status and pension membership. The start date is used to determine the appropriate tax and National

Insurance regime.

Uses wSEX wMLSTAT wJBPENM ASPJB wCJSBLY on Record wINDRESP. Uses wJHA9LY wJHPAYL wJHPYLW wJHPYLG wJHPAYS wJHPYSW wJHPYSG

wJHSPW wJHSTAT wJHBGD wJHBGM wJHBGY on Record wJOBHIST.

2.7. RECORD TYPE WINCOME

wFIM01T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM02T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM03T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM04T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM05T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM06T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM07T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM08T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM09L This variable calculates the estimated personal income from the income source

referred to on the current record received in the month of September 199LY. In many cases the variable is simply the amount received converted to a monthly rate. However

the following exceptions are made:

Where the income is jointly received, the amount is divided by two. (The data have been edited to ensure that as far as possible all references to joint receipt are consistently recursive. However where two joint recipients gave different amounts, these have been left. In this case, at the household level, the amount given will be the

mean value.)

For state benefits received in April 1991 and after, it is assumed that the amount given as received is at the new rate, and amounts before this will be at a lower rate. These figures have been adjusted using percentage factors for the different benefits derived from *Social Security Statistics* 1991, (HMSO, 1992). For payments only received before April 1991, it is assumed that the amount given is at the appropriate earlier rate, and the figures are not adjusted.

Periods of receipt less than one week are treated as single one-off payments, unless the payment is income support, in which case it is treated as a weekly amount. Uses wFICODE wFRALL wFR01 wFR02 wFR03 wFR04 wFR05 wFR06 wFR07 wFR08 wFR09 wFR10 wFR11 wFR12 wFR13 wFR14 wFR15 wFR16 wFRVAL wFRW wFRJT wFRJTPN on Record wINCOME. Uses wOPNO wREL on Record wEGOALT. Uses wDEPCHL on Record wINDALL

wFIM09T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM10L See variable wFIM09L

wFIM10T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM11L See variable wFIM09L

wFIM11T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM12L See variable wFIM09L

wFIM12T See variable wFIM09L

wFIM01N See variable wFIM09L

wFRJTVF

Joint receipt verification flag. This variable is used in the computation of income measures from the financial receipts grids. There is some inconsistency between household members in their reporting of income receipts, and if they reported receipt, whether it was reported as sole or joint receipt. This variable is a recomputation of wFRJT. It takes the value 1 if the current payment is not matched to any other with complete information about payment amounts, 2 if it is matched to another, where either both have complete information or both are missing information, and 3 if the current record has missing information, but is matched to a record with complete information.

Uses wFRJT wFRJTPN on Record wINCOME.

2.8. RECORD TYPE wEGOALT

wBLWSTAT

Alter's residence at Wave w - 1. This variable indicates whether Alter was resident in the same household at Wave w - 1. It is intended to enable measures of household composition change to be computed.

Uses wHID wPNO wOPNO wREL on Record wEGOALT. Uses PID wSAMPST wMOVEST on Record wINDALL. Uses wIVFHO on Record XWAVEID.

wNWSTAT

Alter's residence at Wave w+1. This variable indicates whether Alter was resident in the same household at Wave w+1. It is intended to enable measures of household composition change to be computed. It is only available in the database after the following years data becomes available. That is, ANWSTAT appeared on the database with the release of the Wave Two dataset.

wREL Relationship of Ego to Alter, Person to Other

Uses wPNO wHGR2R wHGSEX wMASTAT wHGSPN wHGFNO wHGMNO from Record wINDALL

2.9. RECORD TYPE BLIFEMST

BLESHSM Month lifetime employment history status started. This variable is computed as the

month the previous spell ended including date when respondent first left full-time

education.

Uses BLESHNO on Record BLIFEMST. Uses BLEDENDM on Record BINDRESP.

BLESHSY Year lifetime employment history status started. This variable is computed as the year

the previous spell ended including date when respondent first left full-time education.

Uses BLESHNO on Record BLIFEMST. Uses BLEDENDY on Record BINDRESP.

BLESLEN Length of employment history spell (months). In the computation of this length, it is

assumed that 'winter' corresponds to January, 'spring' to April, 'summer' to July and

'autumn' to October.

Uses BLESHNO BLESHEM BLESHEY BLESHNE BLESHSM BLESHSY on Record

BLIFEMST. Uses BDOIM on Record BINDRESP.

2.10. RECORD TYPE CLIFEJOB

CLJSEQ This is the index number of **employment** spells only. Compare with CLJESFN.

CLJSEG CASOC computes the Socio-Economic Group for jobs, based on the 3 digit Standard

Occupational Classification (SOC), and employment status variables See the Section

on Data Collection and Fieldwork, and Appendix III.

CLJGOLD CASOC computes the Goldthorpe social class classification for jobs, based on the 3

> digit Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and employment status variables. to Vol. A for details. See the Section on Data Collection and Fieldwork, and Appendix III.

CLJRGSC CASOC computes Registrar General's Social Class for jobs based on the 3 digit

Standard occupational classification (SOC), and employment status variables. See the

Section on Data collection and Fieldwork, and Appendix in Volume A.

CLJISCO This is a 'STRING' variable - an alphanumeric. Computed using CASOC. See the

Section on Data Collection and Fieldwork, and coding frame for ISCO in Appendix to Vol. A. International Labour Office (1990) `International Standard Classification of

Occupations: ISCO 88. Geneva: International Labour Office.

CLJCSSM Computed using CASOC. See the Section on Data Collection and Fieldwork Vol. A.

See also Prandy K (1990) `The Revised Cambridge Scale of Occupations', Sociology

24, pp 629-655.

CLJCSSF Computed using CASOC. See the Section on Data Collection and Fieldwork Vol. A.

See also Prandy K (1990) Revised Cambridge Scale of Occupations', Sociology 24, pp.

629-655.

CLJHGS Computed using CASOC. See the Section on Data Collection and Fieldwork Vol. A.

See also Goldthorpe, JH and Hope, K (1974) The Social Grading of Occupations: A

New Approach and Scale, Oxford: Clarendon Press.

CLJLEN The following assumptions are made in calculating spell length Winter corresponds to

January, Spring to April, Summer to July and Autumn to October. If month or season

missing, assumed July if before 199LY, else missing.

Uses CHID CPNO CLJBGM CLJBGY CLJLFTM CLJLFTY on Record CLIFEJOB

CLJENST

Status type for last job history records - this makes it possible to determine whether information about other jobs is to be expected in any of the panel records, and what information should be expected on the current record.

Uses CHID CPNO CLJNREC CLJHAD on Record CINDRESP. Uses CHID CPNO CLJSEQ CLJSOC CLJOTHJ on Record CLIFEJOB.

2.11. RECORD TYPE BMARRIAG

BMRMSEQ

Sequence number of most recent marriage. This variable indicates whether the most recent marriage, i.e. where BMARNO equals 4, is a first or subsequent marriage. Uses BMARNO on Record BMARRIAG. Uses BNMAR on Record BINDRESP.





Appendix 3. Coding Frames

3.1. Interview outcomes

3.1.1. Final household interview outcome - wIVFHO

- 10 Every eligible member interviewed
- 11 Some interviews some proxies
- 12 Some interviewed or proxied some non-contacts / refusals
- 13 Household composition form and questionnaire only
- 14 Household composition form only
- 15 Proxy taken at original address
- 16 Telephone interview only
- 17 Youth interview only
- 39 Documents missing or unusable
- 40 Demolished or derelict
- 41 Used only for business purposes
- 42 Temporary accommodation only
- 43 Empty at first call
- 44 New building not yet completed
- 45 Institution with no private households
- 50 Address not found
- 51 Address occupied but no contact
- 60 Refusal to Research Centre
- 61 Refusal to interviewer
- 62 Language problems
- No interview: Age, infirmity or disability
- 70 Moved to previous wave address
- 80 Institutionalised: Won't be followed
- 81 Moved out of scope
- 90 Whole household deceased
- 91 Only XXXs resident
- 92 Adamant refusal
- 93 Long-term untraced, withdrawn
- 96 Withdrawn before field

3.1.2. Individual interview outcome - wIVFIO, LRIO, ASTAT

- 1 Full Interview
- 2 Proxy interview
- 3 Telephone interview
- 10 Adult: Refusal
- 11 Adult: Other non-interview
- 12 Moved
- 20 Child under 16 years
- 21 Youth interview
- 22 Youth: Refusal
- 23 Youth: Other non-interview
- 24 Child under 11 years
- 30 Adult: Refusal / non-interview household
- 31 Adult: Other non-interview / non-interview household
- 32 Moved / non-interview household
- 40 Child under 16 years / non-interview household
- 41 Youth: Refusal / non-interview household
- 42 Youth: Other non-interview / non-interview household
- 43 Child under 11 years / non-interview household
- 50 Adult: Refusal / non-contact household
- 51 Adult: Language Problems / non-contact household

- 52 Adult: Age, infirmity or disability / non-contact household
- 53 Adult: Non-contact / non-contact household
- 54 Adult: Out-of-scope / non-contact household
- 55 Adult: Institutionalised / non-contact household
- 56 Adult: Other mover / non-contact household
- 60 Child under 16 years: Refusal / non-contact household
- 61 Child under 16 years : Language Problems / non-contact household
- 62 Child under 16 years : Age, infirmity or disability / non-contact household
- 63 Child under 16 years : Non-contact / non-contact household
- Child under 16 years : Out-of-scope / non-contact household
- 65 Child under 16 years: Institutionalised / non-contact household
- 66 Child under 16 years : Other mover / non-contact household
- 80 Isolated Temporary Sample Member
- 81 Previous Wave Adamant Refusal
- 82 Long-term untraced, withdrawn
- 98 Other Retiring
- 99 Dead

3.2. Reasons for Refusing

3.2.1 Whole household refusal reasons (wIVRREFH) First Occurrence W3

Competence of respondent(s)

- 01 Too ill
- 02 Too elderly
- 03 R(s) is senile or otherwise incompetent
- 04 R(s) does not speak English
- 05 Stressful family situation (eg bereavement, divorce)

Too busy

- 10 Looking after ill/elderly
- 11 Looking after child(ren)
- 12 R(s) almost never home
- 13 R(s) are temporarily away/absent
- 14 Too busy (not elsewhere specified)

Personal reasons

- 20 Unhappy about confidentiality
- 21 Questions too personal

Attitudes towards survey

- 30 R(s) doesn't want to be bothered
- 31 Nothing has changed since last year
- 32 Survey is too long
- 33 Survey is a waste of time/suspicious of survey/opposed to survey
- Previous bad experience with surveys (in general)
- 35 Have had problems with LIB voucher payment(s) in past

Family pressure

- 40 Other family member(s) oppose participation
- 41 One family member refuses on behalf of all R(s) (no reason specified)

Other

- 94 Address occupied no contact
- 95 R(s) have moved out-of scope/institutionalised
- 96 Other
- 99 No reason given

3.2.2 Individual within household refusal reasons (wIVRREF) First Occurrence W2

Competence of respondent

- 01 Too ill
- 02 Too elderly
- 03 R is senile or otherwise incompetent
- 04 R does not speak English
- O5 Stressful family situation (eg bereavement, divorce)

Too busy

- 10 Looking after ill/elderly
- 11 Looking after child(ren)
- 12 R almost never home
- 13 R is temporarily absent
- 14 Too busy (not elsewhere specified)

Personal reasons

- 20 Unhappy about confidentiality
- 21 Questions too personal

Attitudes towards survey

- 30 R doesn't want to be bothered
- 31 Nothing has changed since last year
- 32 Survey is too long

Individual Within Household Refusal Reasons (Continued)

- 33 Survey is a waste of time/suspicious of survey/opposed to survey
- 34 Previous bad experience with surveys (in general)
- 35 Has had problems with LIB voucher payment in past

Family pressure

- 40 Other family member opposes R's participating/includes refusal of parental permission.
- 41 Someone has convinced R to refuse
- 42 Other household member refuses on behalf of R.
- 43 Never interviewed pressure may jeopardise other interviews in hhold

Other

- 96 Other
- 99 No reason given

3.3. Relationship to HRP

HOUSEHOLD GRID

Relationship to Reference Person Codes (wHGR2R) also used for wREL on wEGOALT First Occurrence W1

- 01 Reference person
- 02 Lawful spouse (husband/wife)
- 03 Live-in partner (common-law husband/wife, cohabitee) (include same sex partner)
- 04 Natural child
- 05 Adopted child
- 06 Foster child
- 07 Step-child
- 08 Partner's child
- 09 Daughter/son-in-law
- 10 Natural brother/sister (half brother/sister)
- 11 Other brother/sister (adopted, step)
- 12 Brother/sister-in-law
- 13 Natural parent
- 14 Other parent (adopted/foster/step)
- 15 Mother/father-in-law
- 16 Any grand parent (incl of partner)
- 17 Any grand child (incl of partner)
- 18 Any cousin (incl of partner)
- 19 Any aunt/uncle (incl of partner)
- 20 Any nephew/niece (incl of partner)
- 21 Any other relative
- 22 Employee (e.g. nanny)
- 23 Lodger/boarder
- 24 Unrelated sharer
- 30 Other

3.4. Reasons for Moving

3.4.1 Main Reason for Preference to Move – (wLKMOVY) First Occurrence W1

HOUSING RELATED REASONS

01	Wants larger accommodation (other than reference solely to garden / garage)
02	Wants smaller/cheaper accommodation
03	Wants accommodation of their own / to form their own household (other than wanting to purchase accommodation)
04	To buy somewhere
05	Health reasons (eg house too damp, house not healthy) (other than needing accommodation without stairs)
06	To bungalow / accommodation with no stairs / ground floor flat
07	Wants other specific type of accommodation (eg detached house) (This code used only if no reference to larger / better or smaller / cheaper accommodation)
80	Wants change in other aspects of the property (eg wants a garden, larger garden, garage)
09	Dislikes current house / flat (not elsewhere specified)
10	Wants better accommodation (not elsewhere specified)

AREA RELATED REASONS

11	Dielikae igalation	/ absence of facilities
111	Dislikes isolation	/ absence of facilities

- Wants move **to** a more rural environment
- 13 Dislike of urban environment (not elsewhere specified)
- 14 Dislikes traffic (include noise or danger from traffic)
- 15 Dislikes crime, vandalism, etc. / area unsafe
- 16 Noise (other than traffic)
- 17 Unfriendly area / Dislikes neighbours
- 18 Wants to move to specific place (not elsewhere specified)
- 19 Dislikes area (not elsewhere specified)

OTHER REASONS

- Wants to move for new job / to find work
 Wants to move to reduce commuting time
- Wants to move because of retirement (If retirement is specifically mentioned, this code takes precedence over other codes)
- 24 Wants to be closer to family / friends
- 25 Wants more privacy
- Wants a change
- 96 Other
- 97 No Reason (written in)

3.4.2 Other reasons for move (1st & 2nd) –(wMOVY1 and wMOVY2) First Occurrence W2

PERSONAL REASONS

- 01 To marry / move in with partner
- 02 To separate / divorce/split up from spouse / partner
- Moved in with family / moved back with family (other than 01)
- 04 Moved away from family (other than 02)
- 05 Moved in with friends
- 06 Moved to be closer to family / friends

EDUCATIONAL/EMPLOYMENT RELATED REASONS

- 10 Moved to / be closer to / for term-time accommodation / college or university
- 11 Left education / ended course
- Job related reason for self, include commuting time (not elsewhere specified)
- Job related reason for other (include commuting time)
- Retirement (self or spouse) (NB if retirement is specifically mentioned, this code takes precedence over other codes)

FORCED MOVES

15 Evicted from rented accommodation / repossessed / other forced moves

HOUSING RELATED REASONS

- 21 Wanted larger accommodation (other than reference solely to garden / garage)
- 22 Wanted smaller / cheaper accommodation
- Wanted accommodation of their own / to form their own household / setting up house with partner (other than wanting to purchase accommodation)
- 24 To buy somewhere
- 25 Health reasons (eg house too damp, house not healthy) (other than needing accommodation without stairs)
- To bungalow / accommodation with no stairs / ground floor flat
- 27 To sheltered accommodation / institution (needed care)
- Wanted other specific type of accommodation (eg detached house, wanted a garden, larger garden, garage) (Only used if no reference to larger, better or smaller / cheaper accommodation)
- 29 Disliked previous house / flat (not elsewhere specified)
- Wanted better accommodation (not elsewhere specified)
- 31 Wanted more privacy / previous accommodation overcrowded
- Wants a change (not elsewhere specified)

AREA RELATED REASONS

- 41 Disliked isolation / absence of facilities
- 42 Wanted to move to a more rural environment
- 43 Disliked urban environment (not elsewhere specified)
- Disliked traffic (include noise or danger from traffic)
- 45 Disliked crime, vandalism, etc. / area unsafe
- 46 Noise (other than traffic)
- 47 Unfriendly area / Disliked neighbours
- 48 Wanted to move to specific place
- 49 Disliked area (not elsewhere specified)
- 96 Other (include being nearer to children's school)
- 97 No other reason (written in)

3.5. Coding Frame for GCITZN1, GCITZN2, present citizenship / Wave 7

3 Digit Citizenship (wCITZN1 and CITZN2)

First Occurrence W7

Code both if dual citizenship

- 01 French
- 02 Belgian
- 03 Dutch
- 04 German (East and West)
- 05 Italian
- 06 British (UK)
- 07 Irish (Republic of / Southern)
- 08 Danish
- 09 Greek
- 10 Portuguese
- 11 Spanish
- 12 Luxembourg
- 14 Monaco
- 15 San Marino
- 24 Icelandic
- 28 Norwegian
- 30 Swedish
- 32 Finish
- 36 Swiss
- 37 Liechtenstein
- 38 Austrian
- 41 Faroe Islander
- 43 Andorra
- 44 Gibraltar
- 45 Vatican City State
- 46 Maltese
- 52 Turkish
- 53 Estonian
- 54 Latvian
- 55 Lithuanian
- 60 Polish
- 61 Czech
- 63 Slovak
- 64 Hungarian
- 66 Romanian
- 68 Bulgarian
- 70 Albanian
- 72 Ukrainian
- 73 Belarussian
- 74 Moldavian
- 75 Russian
- 76 Georgian
- 77 Armenian
- 78 Azerbaijani
- 79 Kazakhstani

- 80 Turkmenistan
- 81 Uzbek
- 82 Tadjikistani
- 83 Kyrghystani
- 91 Slovenian
- 92 Croatian
- 93 Bosnian
- 94 Serbian (formally Yugoslavian)
- 96 Macedonian
- 204 Moroccon
- 208 Algerian
- 212 Tunisian
- 216 Libyan
- 220 Egyptian
- 224 Sudanese
- 228 Mauritanian
- 232 Mali
- 236 Burkina Faso
- 240 Niger
- 244 Chad
- 247 Cape Verde
- 248 Senegalese
- 252 Gambian
- 257 Guinea-Bissau
- 260 Guinea
- 264 Sierra Leone
- 268 Liberian
- 272 Ivory Coast
- 276 Ghanain
- 280 Togo
- 284 Benin
- 288 Nigerian
- 302 Cameroon
- 306 Central Africa
- 310 Equatorial Guinea
- 311 Sao Tome and Principe
- 314 Gabon
- 318 Congolese
- 322 Zairean
- 324 Rwandan
- 328 Burundian
- 329 St.Helena
- 330 Angolan
- 334 Ethiopian
- 338 Djibouti
- 342 Somalian
- 346 Kenyan
- 350 Ugandan
- 352 Tanzanian
- 355 Seychelles
- 357 British Indian Ocean Territory
- 366 Mozambigue
- 370 Madagascan
- 372 Reunion
- 373 Mauritian
- 375 Comorose
- 377 Mayotte

- 378 Zambian
- 382 Zimbabwe
- 386 Malawian
- 388 South African
- 389 Namibian
- 391 Botswana
- 393 Swaziland
- 395 Lesotho
- 400 American
- 401 Puerto Rican
- 404 Canadian
- 406 Greenlander
- 408 St.Pierre and Miguelon
- 412 Mexican
- 413 Bermuda
- 416 Guatemalan
- 421 Belize
- 424 Honduras
- 428 El Salvador
- 432 Nicaraguan
- 436 Costa Rican
- 442 Panama
- 446 Anguilla
- 448 Cuban
- 449 St.Christopher and Nevis
- 452 Haitian
- 453 Bahamas
- 454 Turks and Caicos Island
- 456 Dominican Republic
- 457 Virgin Islands of the US
- 458 Guadeloupe
- 459 Antigua and Barbuda
- 460 Dominica
- 461 British Virgin Islands and Montserrat
- 462 Martinique
- 463 Cayman Island
- 464 Jamaican
- 465 St Lucian
- 467 St Vincent
- 469 Barbados
- 472 Trinidad and Tobago
- 473 Grenada
- 474 Aruba
- 478 Netherlands Antilles
- 480 Colombian
- 484 Venezuelan
- 488 Guyanese
- 492 Surinam
- 496 French Guiana
- 500 Ecuadorian
- 504 Peruvian
- 508 Brazilian
- 512 Chilean
- 516 Bolivian
- 520 Paraguay
- 524 Uruguay
- 528 Argentinian
- 529 Falkland Islands

- 600 Cypriat
- 604 Lebanese
- 608 Syrian
- 612 Iraqi
- 616 Iranian
- 624 Israeli
- 628 Jordanian
- 632 Saudi
- 636 Kuwaiti
- 640 Bahrain
- 644 Qatar
- 647 United Arab Emirates
- 649 Oman
- 653 Yemeni
- 660 Afghani
- 662 Pakistani
- 664 Indian
- 666 Bangladeshi
- 667 Maldives
- 669 Sri Lanka
- 672 Nepalese
- 675 Bhutan
- 676 Myanmar
- 680 Thai
- 684 Laos
- 690 Vietnamese
- 696 Cambodian Kampuchean)
- 700 Indonesian
- 701 Malaysian
- 703 Brunei
- 706 Singapore
- 708 Philippino
- 716 Mongolian
- 720 Chinese
- 724 North Korean
- 728 South Korean
- 732 Japanese
- 736 Taiwanese
- 740 Hong Kong
- 743 Macao
- 800 Australian
- 801 Papua New Guinea
- 802 Australian Oceania
- 803 Nauru
- 804 New Zealand
- 806 Solomon Island
- 807 Tuvalu
- 809 New Caledonian
- 810 American Oceania
- 811 Wallis and Futuna
- 812 Kiribati
- 813 Pitcairn
- 814 New Zealand Oceania
- 815 Fiji
- 816 Vanuatu
- 817 Tonga
- 819 Western Samoan
- 822 French Polynesian

- 823 States of Micronesia
- 824 Marshall Island
- 890 Polar region
- 900 EUROPEAN
- 901 European Community
- 902 Other European countries
- 910 AFRICAN
- 911 North African
- 912 West African
- 913 Central, East and South African
- 921 North American
- 922 Central and South American
- 930 ASIAN
- 931 Near and Middle Eastern
- 932 Other Asian countries
- 940 AUSTRALIAN, OCEANIA
- 990 ANY OTHER COUNTRY /

3.6. Main Attraction of Respondent's Current Job

Main thing attracted respondent about current job (wJBLKY)

First Occurrence W1

READ WHOLE ANSWER BUT CODE ONLY ONE MENTION

PRIORITY CODE (Lower numbered codes have priority over higher numbers)

- 01 More/better money
- 02 Better **promotion** or **career prospects**
- 03 More responsibility
- 04 New job more secure
- Work in new job more interesting
- To do **specific type** of work (eg. is what I want to do, like working with elderly/young people etc)
- O7 Given chance **to be own boss** (NB Self-employed only)
- 08 More opportunity to **work on/use own initiative** (other than self-employed)
- 09 Closer to home less travelling time to work or while working
- 10 Shorter/fewer hours
- 11 More flexible hours (eg work when I want to, flexitime)
- Health reasons (eg changed jobs because of health problems associated with conditions of previous employment)
- New job better suited to respondent's **<u>qualifications</u>**, **<u>training</u>** or **<u>experience</u>** (eg what R had been trained for, what R used to do)
- Work less demanding/easier than previous job (other than health reason)
- 15 Preferred to previous job (not elsewhere specified)
- 16 New job better (not elsewhere specified)
- 96 Other
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused/Not available

3.7. Standard Industrial Classification 1980 (SIC)

Used at Waves 1 - 12 (not available from W13 onwards)

The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) is broken down into 4 areas; the divisions, the classes, the groups, and the activity units. At the most detailed level the units are distinguished with a 4 digit classification. Each unit is allocated to a group (3 digits). Each group is allocated to a class (2 digits) and each class allocated to a division (1 digit).

In the four digit activity units, the first digit denotes the division in which the unit is contained. The first 2 digits denote the class and the first 3 digits denote the group classification.

In the **British Household Panel Survey**, we have coded to SIC activity level. Where it was impossible to classify an industry in this detail, the broader category was filled out with trailing 0s. This means that "2400", for example, corresponds to Class "24" and so on.

Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, March-May 1992: User Guide, September 1992

1: DIVISIONS¹

- 0 Agriculture, forestry & fishing
- 1 Energy & water supplies
- Extraction of minerals & ores other than fuels; manufacture of metals, mineral products & chemicals
- 3 Metal goods, engineering & vehicles industries
- 4 Other manufacturing industries
- 5 Construction
- 6 Distribution, hotels & catering (repairs)
- 7 Transport & communication
- 8 Banking, finance, insurance, business services & leasing
- 9 Other services

2: CLASSES

- 01 Agriculture & horticulture
- 02 Forestry
- 03 Fishing
- 11 Coal extraction & manufacture of solid fuels
- 12 Coke ovens
- 13 Extraction of mineral oil & natural gas
- 14 Mineral oil processing
- 15 Nuclear fuel production
- 16 Production & distribution of electricity, gas & other forms of energy
- 17 Water supply industry
- 21 Extraction & preparation of metalliferous ores
- 22 Metal manufacturing
- 23 Extraction of minerals not elsewhere specified
- 24 Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products
- 25 Chemical industry
- 26 Production of man-made fibres
- 31 Manufacture of metal goods not elsewhere specified
- 32 Mechanical engineering
- 33 Manufacture of office machinery & data processing equipment
- 34 Electrical & electronic engineering
- 35 Manufacture of motor vehicles & parts thereof
- 36 Manufacture of other transport equipment
- 37 Instrument engineering
- 41/42 Food, drink & tobacco manufacturing industries

^{1.} In the following, "nec" means "not elsewhere classified".

- 43 Textile industry
- 44 Manufacture of leather & leather goods
- 45 Footwear & clothing industries
- 46 Timber & wooden furniture industries
- 47 Manufacture of paper & paper products; printing & publishing
- 48 Processing of rubber & plastics
- 49 Other manufacturing industries
- 50 Construction
- Wholesale distribution (except dealing in scrap & waste materials)
- 62 Dealing in scrap & waste materials
- 63 Commission agents
- 64/65 Retail distribution
- 66 Hotels & catering
- 67 Repair of consumer goods & vehicles
- 71 Railways
- 72 Other inland transport
- 74 Sea transport
- 75 Air transport
- 76 Supporting services to transport
- 77 Miscellaneous transport services & storage nec
- 79 Postal services & telecommunications
- 81 Banking & finance
- 82 Insurance, except for compulsory social security
- 83 Business services
- 84 Renting of movables
- 85 Owning & dealing in real estate
- 91 Public administration, national defence & compulsory social security
- 92 Sanitary services
- 93 Education
- 94 Research & development

3: GROUPS

- 010 agriculture & horticulture
- 020 forestry
- 030 fishing
- 111 coal extraction & manufacture of solid fuels
- 120 coke ovens
- 130 extraction of mineral oil & natural gas
- 140 mineral oil processing
- 152 nuclear fuel production
- 161 production & distribution of electricity
- 162 public gas supply
- 163 production & distribution of other forms of energy
- 170 water supply industry
- 210 extraction & preparation of metalliferous ores
- 221 iron & steel industry
- 222 steel tubes
- 223 drawing, cold rolling & cold forming of steel
- 224 non-ferrous metals industry
- 231 extraction of stone, clay, sand & gravel
- 233 salt extraction & refining
- 239 extraction of other minerals nec
- 241 structural clay products
- 242 cement, lime & plaster
- 243 building products of concrete, cement or plaster
- 244 asbestos goods
- 245 working of stone & other non-metallic minerals nec
- 246 abrasive products
- 247 glass & glassware

- 248 refractory & ceramic goods
- 251 basic industrial chemicals
- paints, varnishes & printing ink
- 256 specialised chemical products mainly for industrial & agricultural purposes
- 257 pharmaceutical products
- 258 soap & toilet preparations
- 259 specialised chemical products mainly for household & office use
- 260 production of man-made fibres
- 311 foundries
- 312 forging, pressing & stamping
- bolts, nuts etc; springs; non precision chains; metals treatment
- 314 metal doors, windows etc
- 316 hand tools & finished metal goods
- 320 industrial plant & steelwork
- 321 agricultural machinery & tractors
- 322 metal-working machine tools & engineer's tools
- 323 textile machinery
- 324 machinery for the food, chemical & related industries; process engineering contractors
- 325 mining machinery, construction & mechanical handling equipment
- 326 mechanical power transmission equipment
- 327 machinery for the printing, paper, wood, leather, rubber, glass & related industries; laundry & dry cleaning equipment
- 328 other machinery & mechanical equipment
- 329 ordnance, small arms & ammunition
- 330 manufacture of office machinery & data processing equipment
- 341 insulated wires & cables
- 342 basic electrical equipment
- 343 electrical equipment for industrial use & batteries & accumulators
- 344 telecommunication equipment, electrical measuring equipment, electronic capital goods & passive electronic components
- 345 other electronic equipment
- 346 domestic-type electric appliances
- 347 electric lamps & other electric lighting equipment
- 348 electrical equipment installation
- 351 motor vehicles & their engines
- 352 motor vehicle bodies, trailers & caravans
- 353 motor vehicle parts
- 361 shipbuilding & repairing
- 362 railway & tramway vehicles
- 363 cycles & motor cycles
- 364 aerospace equipment manufacturing & repairing
- 365 other vehicles
- 371 measuring, checking & precision instruments & apparatus
- 372 medical & surgical equipment & orthopaedic appliances
- 373 optical precision instruments & photographic equipment
- 374 clocks, watches & other timing devices
- 411 organic oils & fats (other than crude animal fats)
- 412 slaughtering of animals & production of meat & by-products
- 413 preparation of milk & milk products
- 414 processing of fruit & vegetables
- 415 fish processing
- 416 grain milling
- 418 starch
- 419 bread, biscuits & flour confectionery
- 420 sugar & sugar by-products
- 421 ice cream, cocoa, chocolate & sugar confectionery
- 422 animal feeding stuffs
- 423 miscellaneous foods
- 424 spirit distilling & compounding
- 426 wines, cider & perry
- 427 brewing & malting
- 428 soft drinks

- 429 tobacco industry
- 431 woollen & worsted industry
- 432 cotton & silk industries
- 433 throwing, texturing, etc of continuous filament yarn
- 434 spinning & weaving of flax, hemp & ramie
- 435 jute & polypropylene yarns & fabrics
- 436 hosiery & other knitted goods
- 437 textile finishing
- 438 carpets & other textile floor coverings
- 439 miscellaneous textiles
- 441 leather (tanning & dressing) & fellmongery
- 442 leather goods
- 451 footwear
- 453 clothing, hats & gloves
- 455 household textiles & other made-up textiles
- 456 fur goods
- 461 sawmilling, planing, etc of wood
- 462 manufacture of semi-finished wood products & further processing & treatment of wood
- 463 builders' carpentry & joinery
- 464 wooden containers
- other wooden articles (except furniture)
- 466 articles of cork & plaiting materials, brushes & brooms
- 467 wooden & upholstered furniture and shop & office fittings
- 471 pulp, paper & board
- 472 conversion of paper & board
- 475 printing & publishing
- 481 rubber products
- 482 retreading & specialist repairing of rubber tyres
- 483 processing of plastics
- 491 jewellery & coins
- 492 musical instruments
- 493 photographic & cinematographic processing laboratories
- 494 toys & sports goods
- 495 miscellaneous manufacturing industries
- 500 general construction & demolition work
- 501 construction & repair of buildings
- 502 civil engineering
- 503 installation of fixtures & fittings
- 504 building completion work
- wholesale distribution of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials & semimanufactures
- wholesale distribution of fuels, ores, metals & industrial materials
- wholesale distribution of timber & building materials
- Wholesale distribution of machinery, industrial equipment & vehicles
- wholesale distribution of household goods, hardware & ironmongery
- wholesale distribution of textiles, clothing, footwear & leather goods
- wholesale distribution of food, drink & tobacco
- wholesale distribution of pharmaceutical, medical & other chemist's goods
- other wholesale distribution including general wholesalers
- dealing in scrap metals
- dealing in other scrap materials, or general dealers
- 630 commission agents
- 641 food retailing
- confectioners, tobacconists & newsagents; off-licences
- 643 dispensing & other chemists
- retail distribution of clothing
- retail distribution of footwear & leather goods
- retail distribution of furnishing fabrics & household textiles
- retail distribution of household goods, hardware & ironmongery
- retail distribution of motor vehicles & parts
- 652 filling stations (motor fuel & lubricants)
- retail distribution of books, stationery & office supplies

- other specialised retail distribution (non food)
- 656 mixed retail businesses
- restaurants, snack bars, cafes & other eating places
- 662 public houses & bars
- 663 night clubs & licensed clubs
- 664 canteen & messes
- 665 hotel trade
- other tourist or short-stay accommodation
- 671 repair & servicing of motor vehicles
- 672 repair of footwear & leather goods
- 673 repair of other consumer goods
- 710 railways
- 721 scheduled road passenger transport & urban railways
- 722 other road passenger transport
- 723 road haulage
- 726 transport nec
- 740 sea transport
- 750 air transport
- 761 supporting services to inland transport
- 763 supporting services to sea transport
- 764 supporting services to air transport
- 770 miscellaneous transport services & storage nec
- 790 postal services & telecommunications
- 814 banking & bill-discounting
- 815 other financial institutions
- 820 insurance, except for compulsory social security
- 831 activities auxiliary to banking & finance
- 832 activities auxiliary to insurance
- 834 house & estate agents
- 835 legal services
- 836 accountants, auditors, tax experts
- 837 professional & technical services nec
- 838 advertising
- 839 business services
- 841 hiring out agricultural & horticultural equipment
- 842 hiring out construction machinery & equipment
- 843 hiring out office machinery & furniture
- 846 hiring out consumer goods
- 848 hiring out transport equipment
- 849 hiring out movables
- 850 owning & dealing in real estate
- 911 national government service nec
- 912 justice
- 913 police
- 914 fire services
- 915 national defence
- 919 social security
- 921 refuse disposal, sanitation & similar services
- 923 cleaning services
- 931 higher education
- 932 school education (nursery, primary & secondary)
- 933 education nec & vocational training
- 936 driving & flying schools
- 940 research & development
- 951 hospitals, nursing homes etc
- 952 other medical care institutions
- 953 medical practices
- 954 dental practices
- 955 agency & private midwives, nurses etc
- 956 veterinary practices & animal hospitals
- 961 social welfare, charitable & community services
- 963 trade unions, business & professional associations

- 966 religious services & other cultural services
- 969 tourist offices & other community services
- 971 film production, distribution & exhibition
- 974 radio & television services, theatres etc
- 976 authors, music composers & other own account artists nec
- 977 libraries, museums, art galleries etc
- 979 sport & other recreational services
- 981 laundries, dyers & dry cleaners
- 982 hairdressing & beauty parlours
- 989 personal services nec
- 990 domestic services
- 000 diplomatic representation, international organisations, allied armed forces

4: UNITS

- 0100 agriculture & horticulture
- 0200 forestry
- 0300 fishing
- 1113 deep coal mines
- 1114 opencast coal working
- 1115 manufacture of solid fuels
- 1200 coke ovens
- 1300 extraction of mineral oil & natural gas
- 1401 mineral oil refining
- other treatment of petroleum products (excluding petrochemical manufacture)
- 1520 nuclear fuel production
- 1610 production & distribution of electricity
- 1620 public gas supply
- 1630 production & distribution of other forms of energy
- 1700 water supply industry
- 2100 extraction & preparation of metalliferous ores
- 2210 iron & steel industry
- 2220 steel tubes
- 2234 drawing & manufacture of steel wire & steel wire products
- 2235 other drawing, cold rolling & cold forming of steel
- 2245 aluminium & aluminium alloys
- 2246 copper, brass & other copper alloys
- 2247 other non-ferrous metals & their alloys
- 2310 extraction of stone, clay, sand & gravel
- 2330 salt extraction & refining
- 2396 extraction of other minerals nec
- 2410 structural clay products
- 2420 cement, lime & plaster
- 2436 ready mixed concrete
- 2437 other building products of concrete, cement or plaster
- 2440 asbestos goods
- 2450 working of stone & other non-metallic minerals nec
- 2460 abrasive products
- 2471 flat glass
- 2478 glass containers
- 2479 other glass products
- 2481 refractory goods
- 2489 ceramic goods
- 2511 inorganic chemicals except industrial gases
- 2512 basic organic chemicals except specialised pharmaceutical chemicals
- 2513 fertilisers
- 2514 synthetic resins & plastics materials
- 2515 synthetic rubber
- 2516 dyestuffs & pigments
- 2551 paints, varnishes & painters' fillings

- 2552 printing ink
- 2562 formulated adhesives & sealants
- 2563 chemical treatment of oils & fats
- 2564 essential oils & flavouring materials
- 2565 explosives
- 2567 miscellaneous chemical products for industrial use
- 2568 formulated pesticides
- 2569 adhesive film, cloth & foil
- 2570 pharmaceutical products
- 2581 soap & synthetic detergents
- 2582 perfumes, cosmetics & toilet preparations
- 2591 photographic materials & chemicals
- 2599 chemical products nec
- 2600 production of man-made fibres
- 3111 ferrous metal foundries
- 3112 non-ferrous metal foundries
- 3120 forging, pressing & stamping
- 3137 bolts, nuts, washers, rivets, springs & non-precision chains
- 3138 heat & surface treatment of metals, including sintering
- 3142 metal doors, windows etc
- 3161 hand tools & implements
- 3162 cutlery, spoons, forks & similar tableware; razors
- 3163 metal storage vessels (mainly non-industrial)
- 3164 packaging products of metal
- 3165 domestic heating & cooking appliances (non-electrical)
- 3166 metal furniture & safes
- 3167 domestic & similar utensils of metal
- 3169 finished metal products nec
- 3204 fabricated constructional steelwork
- 3205 boilers & process plant equipment
- 3211 agricultural machinery
- 3212 wheeled tractors
- 3221 metal-working machine tools
- 3222 engineers' small tools
- 3230 textile machinery
- 3244 food, drink & tobacco processing machinery; packaging & bottling machinery
- 3245 chemical industry machinery; furnaces & kilns; gas, water & waste treatment plant
- 3246 process engineering contractors
- 3251 mining machinery
- 3254 construction & earth moving equipment
- 3255 mechanical lifting & handling equipment
- 3261 precision chains & other mechanical power transmission equipment
- 3262 ball, needle & roller bearings
- 3275 machinery for working wood, rubber, plastics, leather & making paper, glass, bricks & similar materials; laundry & dry cleaning machinery
- 3276 printing, bookbinding & paper goods machinery
- internal combustion engines (except for road vehicles, wheeled tractors primarily for agricultural purposes & aircraft) & other prime movers
- 3283 compressors & fluid power equipment
- 3284 refrigerating machinery, space heating, ventilating & air conditioning equipment
- 3285 scales, weighing machinery & portable power tools
- 3286 other industrial & commercial machinery
- 3287 pumps
- 3288 industrial valves
- 3289 mechanical, marine & precision engineering nec
- 3290 ordnance, small arms & ammunition
- 3301 office machinery
- 3302 electronic data processing equipment
- 3410 insulated wires & cables
- 3420 basic electrical equipment
- 3432 batteries & accumulators
- 3433 alarms & signalling equipment

- 3434 electrical equipment for motor vehicles, cycles & aircraft
- 3435 electrical equipment for industrial use nec
- 3441 telegraph & telephone apparatus & equipment
- 3442 electrical instruments & control systems
- 3443 radio & electronic capital goods
- 3444 components other than active components, mainly for electronic equipment
- 3452 gramophone records & pre-recorded tapes
- 3453 active components & electronic sub-assemblies
- 3454 electronic consumer goods & other electronic equipment nec
- 3460 domestic-type electric appliances
- 3470 electric lamps & other electric lighting equipment
- 3480 electrical equipment installation
- 3510 motor vehicles & their engines
- 3521 motor vehicle bodies
- 3522 trailers & semi-trailers
- 3523 caravans
- 3530 motor vehicle parts
- 3610 shipbuilding & repairing
- 3620 railway & tramway vehicles
- 3633 motor cycles & parts
- 3634 pedal cycles & parts
- 3640 aerospace equipment manufacturing & repairing
- 3650 other vehicles
- 3710 measuring, checking & precision instruments & apparatus
- 3720 medical & surgical equipment & orthopaedic appliances
- 3731 spectacles & unmounted lenses
- 3732 optical precision instruments
- 3733 photographic & cinematographic equipment
- 3740 clocks, watches & other timing devices
- 4115 margarine & compound cooking fats
- 4116 processing organic oils & fats (other than crude animal fat production)
- 4121 slaughterhouses
- 4122 bacon curing & meat processing
- 4123 poultry slaughter & processing
- 4126 animal by-product processing
- 4130 preparation of milk & milk products
- 4147 processing of fruit & vegetables
- 4150 fish processing
- 4160 grain milling
- 4180 starch
- 4196 bread & flour confectionery
- 4197 biscuits & crispbread
- 4200 sugar & sugar by-products
- 4213 ice cream
- 4214 cocoa, chocolate & sugar confectionery
- 4221 compound animal feeds
- 4222 pet foods & non-compound animal feeds
- 4239 miscellaneous foods
- 4240 spirit distilling & compounding
- 4261 wines, cider & perry
- 4270 brewing & malting
- 4283 soft drinks
- 4290 tobacco industry
- 4310 woollen & worsted industry
- 4321 spinning & doubling on the cotton system
- 4322 weaving of cotton, silk & man-made fibres
- 4336 throwing, texturing, etc of continuous filament yarn
- 4340 spinning & weaving of flax, hemp & ramie
- 4350 jute & polypropylene yarns & fabrics
- 4363 hosiery & other weft knitted goods & fabrics
- 4364 warp knitted fabrics
- 4370 textile finishing

- 4384 pile carpets, carpeting & rugs
- 4385 other carpets, carpeting, rugs & matting
- 4395 lace
- 4396 rope, twine & net
- 4398 narrow fabrics
- 4399 other miscellaneous textiles
- 4410 leather (tanning & dressing) & fellmongery
- 4420 leather goods
- 4510 footwear
- 4531 weatherproof outerwear
- 4532 men's & boys' tailored outerwear
- 4533 women's & girls' tailored outerwear
- 4534 work clothing & men's & boys' jeans
- 4535 men's & boys' shorts, underwear & nightwear
- 4536 women's & girls' light outerwear, lingerie & infants' wear
- 4537 hats, caps & millinery
- 4538 gloves
- 4539 other dress industries
- 4555 soft furnishings
- 4556 canvas goods, sacks & other made-up textiles
- 4557 household textiles
- 4560 fur goods
- 4610 sawmilling, planing, etc of wood
- 4620 manufacture of semi-finished wood products & further processing & treatment of wood
- 4630 builders' carpentry & joinery
- 4640 wooden containers
- 4650 other wooden articles (except furniture)
- 4663 brushes & brooms
- 4664 articles of cork & basketware, wickerwork & other plaiting materials
- 4671 wooden & upholstered furniture
- 4672 shop & office fitting
- 4710 pulp, paper & board
- 4721 wall coverings
- 4722 household & personal hygiene products of paper
- 4723 stationery
- 4724 packaging products of paper & pulp
- 4725 packaging products of board
- 4728 other paper & board products
- 4751 printing & publishing of newspapers
- 4752 printing & publishing of periodicals
- 4753 printing & publishing of books
- 4754 other printing & publishing
- 4811 rubber tyres & inner tubes
- 4812 other rubber products
- 4820 retreading & specialist repairing of rubber tyres
- 4831 plastic coated textile fabric
- 4832 plastics semi-manufactures
- 4833 plastics floor coverings
- 4834 plastics building products
- 4835 plastics packaging products
- 4836 plastics products nec
- 4910 jewellery & coins
- 4920 musical instruments
- 4930 photographic & cinematographic processing laboratories
- 4941 toys & games
- 4942 sports goods
- 4954 miscellaneous stationers' goods
- 4959 other manufactures nec
- 5000 general construction & demolition work
- 5010 construction & repair of buildings
- 5020 civil engineering
- 5030 installation of fixtures & fittings

- 5040 building completion work
- 6110 wholesale distribution of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials & semimanufactures
- 6120 wholesale distribution of fuels, ores, metals & industrial materials
- 6130 wholesale distribution of timber & building materials
- 6148 wholesale distribution of motor vehicles & parts & accessories
- 6149 wholesale distribution of machinery, industrial equipment & transport equipment other than motor vehicles
- 6150 wholesale distribution of household goods, hardware & ironmongery
- 6160 wholesale distribution of textiles, clothing, footwear & leather goods
- 6170 wholesale distribution of food, drink & tobacco
- 6180 wholesale distribution of pharmaceutical, medical & other chemist's goods
- 6190 other wholesale distribution including general wholesalers
- 6210 dealing in scrap & waste materials
- 6220 dealing in scrap & waste materials
- 6300 commission agents
- 6410 food retailing
- 6420 confectioners, tobacconists & newsagents; off-licences
- 6430 dispensing & other chemists
- 6450 retail distribution of clothing
- 6460 retail distribution of footwear & leather goods
- 6470 retail distribution of furnishing fabrics & household textiles
- 6480 retail distribution of household goods, hardware & ironmongery
- 6510 retail distribution of motor vehicles & parts
- 6520 filling stations (motor fuel & lubricants)
- 6530 retail distribution of books, stationery & office equipment
- 6540 other specialised retail distribution (non food)
- 6560 mixed retail businesses
- eating places supplying food for consumption on the premises
- 6612 take-away food shops
- 6620 public houses & bars
- 6630 night clubs & licensed clubs
- 6640 canteen & messes
- 6650 hotel trade
- 6670 other tourist or short-stay accommodation
- 6710 repair & servicing of motor vehicles
- 6720 repair of footwear & leather goods
- 6730 repair of other consumer goods
- 7100 railways
- 7210 scheduled road passenger transport & urban railways
- 7220 other road passenger transport
- 7230 road haulage
- 7260 transport nec
- 7400 sea transport
- 7500 air transport
- 7610 supporting services to inland transport
- 7630 supporting services to sea transport
- 7640 supporting services to air transport
- 7700 miscellaneous transport services & storage nec
- 7901 postal services
- 7902 telecommunications
- 8140 banking & bill-discounting
- 8150 other financial institutions
- 8200 insurance, except for compulsory social security
- 8310 activities auxiliary to banking & finance
- 8320 activities auxiliary to insurance
- 8340 house & estate agents
- 8350 legal services
- 8360 accountants, auditors, tax experts
- 8370 professional & technical services nec
- 8380 advertising
- 8394 computer services

- 8395 business services nec
- 8396 central offices not allocable elsewhere
- 8410 hiring out agricultural & horticultural equipment
- 8420 hiring out construction machinery & equipment
- 8430 hiring out office machinery & furniture
- 8460 hiring out consumer goods
- 8480 hiring out transport equipment
- 8490 hiring out movables
- 8500 owning & dealing in real estate
- 9111 national government service nec
- 9112 local government service nec
- 9120 justice
- 9130 police
- 9140 fire services
- 9150 national defence
- 9190 social security
- 9211 refuse disposal, street cleaning, fumigation etc
- 9212 sewage disposal
- 9230 cleaning services
- 9310 higher education
- 9320 school education (nursery, primary & secondary)
- 9330 education nec & vocational training
- 9360 driving & flying schools
- 9400 research & development
- 9510 hospitals, nursing homes etc
- 9520 other medical care institutions
- 9530 medical practices
- 9540 dental practices
- 9550 agency & private midwives, nurses etc
- 9560 veterinary practices & animal hospitals
- 9611 social welfare, charitable & community services
- 9631 trade unions, business & professional associations
- 9660 religious services & other cultural services
- 9690 tourist offices & other community services
- 9711 film production, distribution & exhibition
- 9741 radio & television services, theatres etc
- 9760 authors, music composers & other own account artists nec
- 9770 libraries, museums, art galleries etc
- 9791 sport & other recreational services
- 9811 laundries
- 9812 dry cleaning & allied services
- 9820 hairdressing & beauty parlours
- 9890 personal services nec
- 9900 domestic services
- 0000 diplomatic representation, international organisations, allied armed forces

3.8. Standard Industrial Classification 92 (SIC92)

Used at Waves 4, 7, 11 and 12 onwards

In the **British Household Panel Study** this coding frame applies to one variable only **DJBSIC92**. We have included this to enable comparison with our usual coding i.e. to SIC 1980. The SIC 92 coding frame is identical to **NACE** - European Community Classification of Economic Activities. For further details see **Standard Industrial Classification of economic activities 1992.** (London CSO/GSS/HMSO 1992).

Source: Labour Force Survey User's Guide, Volume 5 LFS Classifications, 1995

Note the data in DJBSIC92 is coded to 4 digits without the decimal points shown in the table below. Note also, any case with 3 digits is missing a **leading** zero. This means that "501" should be read as 05.01.

UK STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - SIC 92

The 1992 SIC is broken down into 17 main alphabetical sections, 14 sub-sections, 60 divisions, 222 groups, 503 classes and 142 subclasses; these are set out in the following pages:

The 17 main Divisions in the 1992 SIC are:

Ρ

Α	Agriculture, Hunting and Forestry
В	Fishing
С	Mining and Quarrying
D	Manufacturing
E	Electricity, Gas and Water Supply
F	Construction
G	Wholesale and Retail Trade: Repair of Motor Vehicles, Motorcycles and Personal Household Goods
Н	Hotels and Restaurants
I	Transport, Storage and Communication
J	Financial Intermediation
K	Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities
L	Public Administration and Defence: Compulsory Social Security
M	Education
N	Health and Social Work
Ο	Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities

Detailed breakdown of the full 1992 Standard Industrial Classification

Private Households with Employed Persons Extra-Territorial Organisations and Bodies

Division	Class	Class and sub class	Description
SECTION	A		AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY
01			AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND RELATED SERVICE ACTIVITIES
	01.1	01.11 01.12 01.13	Growing of crops; market gardening; horticulture Growing of cereals and other crops not elsewhere classified Growing of vegetables, horticultural specialties and nursery products Growing of fruit, nuts, beverage and spice crops
	01.2	01.21 01.22 01.23 01.24 01.25	Farming of animals Farming of cattle, dairy farming Farming of sheep, goats, horses, asses, mules and hinnies Farming of swine Farming of poultry Other farming of animals

volume F	A. ITHIOGUCHOTI, T	есппса кероп ап	iu Appendices - Appendix 3.6. Standard industriai Classification 92
	01.3	01.30	Growing of crops combined with farming of animals (mixed farming) Growing of crops combined with farming of animals (mixed farming)
	01.4	01.41 01.42	Agricultural and animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities Agricultural service activities Animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities
	01.5	01.50	Hunting, trapping and game propagation including related service activities Hunting, trapping and game propagation including related service activities
02			FORESTRY, LOGGING AND RELATED SERVICE ACTIVITIES
	02.0	02.01 02.02	Forestry, logging and related service activities Forestry and logging Forestry and logging related service activities
SECTION	l B		FISHING
05			FISHING, OPERATION OF FISH HATCHERIES AND FISH FARMS; SERVICE ACTIVITIES INCIDENTAL TO FISHING
	05.0	05.01 05.02	Fishing 9, operation of fish hatcheries and fish farms; service activities incidental to fishing Fishing Operation of fish hatcheries and fish farms
SECTION	I C		MINING AND QUARRYING
Subsecti	on CA		MINING AND QUARRYING OF ENERGY PRODUCING MATERIALS
10			MINING OF COAL AND LIGNITE; EXTRACTION OF PEAT
	10.1	10.10	Mining and agglomeration of hard coal Mining and agglomeration of hard coal
	10.2	10.20	Mining and agglomeration of lignite Mining and agglomeration of lignite
	10.3	10.30	Extraction and agglomeration of peat Extraction and agglomeration of peat
11			EXTRACTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS; SERVICE ACTIVITIES INCIDENTAL TO OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION EXCLUDING SURVEYING
	11.1	11.10	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
	11.2	11.20	Service activities incidental to oil and gas extraction excluding surveying Service activities incidental to oil and gas extraction excluding surveying
12			MINING OF URANIUM AND THORIUM ORES
	12.0 12.00		Mining of uranium and thorium ores Mining of uranium and thorium ores
Subsecti	on CB		MINING AND QUARRYING EXCEPT ENERGY PRODUCING MATERIALS
13			MINING OF METAL ORES
	13.1		Mining of iron ores

	13.10	Mining of iron ores
13.2	13.20	Mining of non-ferrous metal ores, except uranium and thorium ores Mining of non-ferrous metal ores, except uranium and thorium ores
		OTHER MINING AND QUARRYING
14.1	14.11 14.12 14.13	Quarrying of stone Quarrying of stone for construction Quarrying of limestone, gypsum and chalk Quarrying of slate
14.2	14.21 14.22	Quarrying of sand and clay Operation of gravel and sand pits Mining of clays and kaolin
14.3	14.30	Mining of chemical and fertilizer minerals Mining of chemical and fertilizer minerals
14.4	14.40	Production of salt Production of salt
14.5	14.50	Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified
D		MANUFACTURING
on DA		MANUFACTURE OF FOOD PRODUCTS; BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO
		MANUFACTURE OF FOOD PRODUCTS AND BEVERAGES
15.1	15.11 15.12 15.13	Production, processing and preserving of meat and meat products Production and preserving of meat Production and preserving of poultry meat Production of meat and poultry meat products
15.2	15.20	Processing and preserving of fish and fish products Processing and preserving of fish and fish products
15.3	15.31 15.32 15.33	Processing and preserving of fruit and vegetables Processing and preserving of potatoes Manufacture of fruit and vegetable juice Processing and preserving of fruit and vegetables not elsewhere classified
15.4	15.41 15.42 15.43	Manufacture of vegetable and animal oils and fats Manufacture of crude oils and fats Manufacture of refined oils and fats Manufacture of margarine and similar edible fats
15.5	15.51 15.52	Manufacture of dairy products Operation of dairies and cheese making Manufacture of ice cream
15.6	15.61 15.62	Manufacture of grain mill products, starches and starch products Manufacture of grain mill products Manufacture of starches and starch products
15.7	15.71 15.72	Manufacture of prepared animal feeds Manufacture of prepared feeds for farm animals Manufacture of prepared pet foods
15.8		Manufacture of other food products Manufacture of bread; manufacture of pastry goods and cakes
	14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 D on DA 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5 15.6	13.2 14.1 14.11 14.12 14.13 14.2 14.3 14.30 14.4 14.40 14.5 14.50 D In DA 15.1 15.11 15.12 15.13 15.2 15.30 15.31 15.32 15.33 15.4 15.41 15.42 15.43 15.5 15.51 15.52 15.60 15.61 15.62 15.71 15.72

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	15.84 15.85	Manufacture of cocoa; chocolate and sugar confectionary Manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products
	15.86 15.87 15.88	Processing of tea and coffee Manufacture of condiments and seasonings Manufacture of homogenised food preparations and dietetic food
	15.89	Manufacture of other foods products not elsewhere specified
15.9	15.91 15.92 15.93 15.94 15.95 15.96	Manufacture of beverages Manufacture of distilled potable alcoholic beverages Production of ethyl alcohol from fermented materials Manufacture of wines Manufacture of cider and other fruit wines Manufacture of other non-distilled fermented beverages
	15.97	Manufacture of beer Manufacture of malt
	15.98	Production of mineral waters and soft drinks
16		MANUFACTURE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS
16.0	16.00	Manufacture of tobacco products Manufacture of tobacco products
Subsection DB		MANUFACTURE OF TEXTILES AND TEXTILE PRODUCTS
17		MANUFACTURE OF TEXTILES
17.1	17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17	Preparation and spinning of textile fibres Preparation and spinning of cotton-type fibres Preparation and spinning of woollen-type fibres Preparation and spinning of worsted-type fibres Preparation and spinning of flax-type fibres Throwing and preparation of silk including from noils and throwing and texturing of synthetic or artificial filament yarns Manufacture of sewing threads Preparation and spinning of other textile fibres
17.2	17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	Textile weaving Cotton type weaving Woollen type weaving Worsted type weaving Silk type weaving Other textile weaving
17.3		Finishing of textiles
	17.30	Finishing of textiles
17.4	17.40	Manufacture of made-up textile articles, except apparel Manufacture of made-up textile articles, except apparel
17.5	17.51 17.52 17.53 17.54	Manufacture of other textiles Manufacture of carpets and rugs Manufacture of cordage, rope, twine and netting Manufacture of non-wovens and articles made from non-wovens, except apparel Manufacture of other textiles not elsewhere specified
47.0	17.04	
17.6	17.60	Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics Manufacture of knitted and crocheted fabrics
17.7	17.71 17.72	Manufacture of knitted and crocheted articles Manufacture of knitted and crocheted hosiery Manufacture of knitted and crocheted pullovers, cardigans and similar articles
18		MANUFACTURE OF WEARING APPAREL; DRESSING AND DYING OF FUR

		The state of the s
18.1	18.10	Manufacture of leather clothes Manufacture of leather clothes
18.2	18.21 18.22 18.23 18.24	Manufacture of wearing apparel and accessories Manufacture of workwear Manufacture of other outerwear Manufacture of underwear Manufacture of other wearing apparel and accessories not elsewhere specified
18.3	18.30	Dressing and dyeing of fur; manufacture of articles of fur Dressing and dyeing of fur; manufacture of articles of fur
Subsection DC		MANUFACTURE OF LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS
19		TANNING AND DRESSING OF LEATHER; MANUFACTURE OF LUGGAGE, HANDBAGS, SADDLERY, HARNESS AND FOOTWEAR
19.1	19.10	Tanning and dressing of leather Tanning and dressing of leather
19.2		Manufacture of luggage, handbags and the like, saddlery and harness
	19.20	Manufacture of luggage, handbags and the like, saddlery and harness
19.3	19.30	Manufacture of footwear Manufacture of footwear
Subsection DD		MANUFACTURE OF WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS
20		MANUFACTURE OF WOOD AND OF PRODUCTS OF WOOD AND CORK, EXCEPT FURNITURE; MANUFACTURE OF ARTICLES OF STRAW AND PLAITING MATERIALS
20.1	20.10	Sawmilling and planing of wood, impregnation of wood Sawmilling and planing of wood, impregnation of wood
20.2	20.20	Manufacture of veneer sheets; manufacture of plywood, laminboard, particle board, fibre board and other panels and boards Manufacture of veneer sheets; manufacture of plywood, laminboard, particle board, fibre board and other panels and boards
20.3	20.30	Manufacture of builders' carpentry and joinery Manufacture of builders' carpentry and joinery
20.4	20.40	Manufacture of wooden containers Manufacture of wooden containers
20.5	20.51 20.52	Manufacture of other products of wood; manufacture of articles of cork, straw and plaiting materials Manufacture of other products of wood Manufacture of articles of cork, straw and plaiting materials
Subsection DE		MANUFACTURE OF PULP, PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS; PUBLISHING AND PRINTING
21		MANUFACTURE OF PULP, PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS
21.1	21.11 21.12	Manufacture of pulp, paper and paperboard Manufacture of pulp Manufacture of paper and paperboard
21.2	21.21	Manufacture of articles of paper and paperboard Manufacture of corrugated paper and paperboard and of containers of paper and paperboard
	21.22 21.23	Manufacture of household and sanitary goods and of toilet requisites Manufacture of paper stationery

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	21.24 21.25	Manufacture of wallpaper Manufacture of other articles of paper and paperboard not elsewhere classified
22		PUBLISHING, PRINTING AND REPRODUCTION OF RECORDED MEDIA
22.1	22.11 22.12 22.13 22.14 22.15	Publishing Publishing of books Publishing of newspapers Publishing of journals and periodicals Publishing of sound recordings Other publishing
22.2	22.21 22.22 22.23 22.24 22.25	Printing and service activities related to printing Printing of newspapers Printing not elsewhere classified Bookbinding and finishing Composition and plate-making Other activities related to printing
22.3	22.31 22.32 22.33	Reproduction of recorded media Reproduction of sound recording Reproduction of video recording Reproduction of computer media
Subsection DF		MANUFACTURE OF COKE, REFINED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND NUCLEAR FUEL
23		MANUFACTURE OF COKE, REFINED PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND NUCLEAR FUEL
23.1	23.10	Manufacture of coke oven products Manufacture of coke oven products
23.2	23.20	Manufacture of refined petroleum products Manufacture of refined petroleum products
23.3	23.30	Processing of nuclear fuel Processing of nuclear fuel
Subsection DG		MANUFACTURE OF CHEMICALS, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND MAN-MADE FIBRES
24		MANUFACTURE OF CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS
24.1	24.11 24.12 24.13 24.14 24.15 24.16 24.17	Manufacture of basic chemicals Manufacture of industrial gases Manufacture of dyes and pigments Manufacture of other inorganic basic chemicals Manufacture of other organic basic chemicals Manufacture of fertilizers and nitrogen compounds Manufacture of plastics in primary forms Manufacture of synthetic rubber in primary forms
24.2	24.20	Manufacture of pesticides and other agro-chemical products Manufacture of pesticides and other agro-chemical products
24.3	24.30	Manufacture of paints, varnishes and similar coatings, printing ink and mastics Manufacture of paints, varnishes and similar coatings, printing ink and mastics
24.4	24.41 24.42	Manufacture of pharmaceuticals, medicinal chemicals and botanical products Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations

	04.5		
	24.5		Manufacture of soap and detergents, cleaning and polishing preparations, perfumes and toilet preparations
		24.51	Manufacture of soap and detergents, cleaning and polishing
		24.52	preparations Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations
	24.6		Manufacture of other chamical products
	24.0	24.61	Manufacture of other chemical products Manufacture of explosives
		24.62	Manufacture of glues and gelatine
		24.63	Manufacture of essential oils
		24.64	Manufacture of essential oils Manufacture of photographic chemical material
		24.65	Manufacture of prepared unrecorded media
		24.66	Manufacture of other chemical products not elsewhere classified
	24.7		Manufacture of man made fibras
	24.7	24.70	Manufacture of man-made fibres Manufacture of man-made fibres
		24.70	
Subsecti	on DH		MANUFACTURE OF RUBBER AND PLASTIC PRODUCTS
25			MANUFACTURE OF RUBBER AND PLASTIC PRODUCTS
	25.1		Manufacture of rubber products
		25.11	Manufacture of rubber tyres and tubes
		25.12	Retreading and rebuilding of rubber tyres
		25.13	Manufacture of other rubber products
	25.2		Manufacture of plastic products
		25.21	Manufacture of plastic plates, sheets, tubes and profiles
		25.22	Manufacture of plastic packing goods
		25.23	Manufacture of builders' ware of plastic
		25.24	Manufacture of other plastic products
Subsecti	on DI		MANUFACTURE OF OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS
26			MANUFACTURE OF OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL
26			MANUFACTURE OF OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS
26	26.1		
26	26.1	26.11	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products
26	26.1	26.11 26.12	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass
26	26.1		PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products
26	26.1	26.12	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass
26	26.1	26.12 26.13	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres
26	26.1	26.12 26.13 26.14	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass
26	26.1	26.12 26.13 26.14	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical
26		26.12 26.13 26.14	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware
26		26.12 26.13 26.14	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for
26		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products
26		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures
26		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.21	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings
26		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.21 26.22 26.23	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures
26		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products
		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products
26.3		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags
		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products
		26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26 26.30	Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26 26.30 26.40	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster
	26.2 26.4 26.5	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26 26.30 26.40	Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster Manufacture of lime Manufacture of plaster
	26.2	26.12 26.13 26.14 26.15 26.21 26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26 26.30 26.40	PRODUCTS Manufacture of glass and glass products Manufacture of flat glass Shaping and processing of flat glass Manufacture of hollow glass Manufacture of glass fibres Manufacture and processing of other glass including technical glassware Manufacture of non-refractory ceramic goods other than for construction purposes; manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic household and ornamental articles Manufacture of ceramic sanitary fixtures Manufacture of ceramic insulators and insulating fittings Manufacture of other technical ceramic products Manufacture of other ceramic products Manufacture of refractory ceramic products Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of ceramic tiles and flags Manufacture of bricks, tiles and construction products, in baked clay Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster Manufacture of cement Manufacture of lime

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		00.00	Manufacture of plantar products for acceptivation provides
		26.62	Manufacture of plaster products for construction purposes
		26.63	Manufacture of ready-mixed concrete
		26.64	Manufacture of mortars
		26.65	Manufacture of fibre cement
		26.66	Manufacture of other articles of concrete, plaster and cement
	26.7		Cutting, shaping and finishing of stone
		26.70	Cutting, shaping and finishing of stone
	26.8		Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products
		26.81 26.82	Production of abrasive products Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products not elsewhere classified
Subsecti	on DJ		MANUFACTURE OF BASIC METALS AND FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS
27			MANUFACTURE OF BASIC METALS
	27.1		Manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloys (ECSC)
	21.1	27.10	Manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloys (ECSC)
	27.2		Manufacture of tubes
		27.21	Manufacture of cast iron tubes
		27.22	Manufacture of steel tubes
	27.3		Other first processing of iron and steel and production of non-ECSC ferro-alloys
		27.31	Cold drawing
		27.32	Cold rolling of narrow strip
		27.33	Cold forming or folding
		27.34	Wire drawing
		27.35	Other first processing of iron and steel not elsewhere classified;
			production of non-ECSC ferro-alloys
	27.4		Manufacture of basic precious and non-ferrous metals
	21.1	27.41	Precious metals production
		27.42	Aluminium production
		27.43	Lead, zinc and tin production
		27.44	Copper production
		27.45	Other non-ferrous metal production
	27.5		Casting of metals
	21.0	27.51	Casting of irror
		27.52	Casting of steel
		27.53	Casting of light metals
		27.54	Casting of other non-ferrous metals
20			MANUFACTURE OF EARRICATED METAL PROPULETS EVERT
28			MANUFACTURE OF FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT
	28.1		Manufacture of structural metal products
		28.11	Manufacture of metal structures and parts of structures
		28.12	Manufacture of builders' carpentry and joinery of metal
	28.2		Manufacture of tanks reconvoirs and containers of motals
	۷۵.۷		Manufacture of tanks, reservoirs and containers of metal; manufacture of central heating radiators and boilers
		28.21	Manufacture of tentral freating radiators and boilers Manufacture of tanks, reservoirs and containers of metal
		28.22	Manufacture of tentral heating radiators and boilers
	00.0		_
	28.3		Manufacture of steam generators, except central heating hot water
		20.20	boilers
		28.30	Manufacture of steam generators, except central heating hot water boilers
	20.4		Forming proposing atomping and rell forming of match according
	28.4		Forging, pressing, stamping and roll forming of metal; powder metallurgy
		28.40	Forging, pressing, stamping and roll forming of metal; powder
		20.70	i organy, processing, stamping and roll forming of metal, powder

	•	metallurgy
28.5	28.51 28.52	Treatment and coating of metals; general mechanical engineering Treatment and coating of metals General mechanical engineering
28.6	28.61 28.62 28.63	Manufacture of cutlery, tools and general hardware Manufacture of cutlery Manufacture of tools Manufacture of locks and hinges
28.7	28.71 28.72 28.73 28.74 28.75	Manufacture of other fabricated metal products Manufacture of steel drums and similar containers Manufacture of light metal packaging Manufacture of wire products Manufacture of fasteners, screw machine products, chain and springs Manufacture of other fabricated metal products not elsewhere classified
Subsection DK		MANUFACTURE OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
29		MANUFACTURE OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
29.1	29.11 29.12 29.13 29.14	Manufacture of machinery for the production and use of mechanical power, except aircraft, vehicle and cycle engines Manufacture of engines and turbines, except aircraft, vehicle and cycle engines Manufacture of pumps and compressors Manufacture of taps and valves Manufacture of bearings, gears, gearing and driving elements
29.2	29.21 29.22 29.23 29.24	Manufacture of other general purpose machinery Manufacture of furnaces and furnace burners Manufacture of lifting and handling equipment Manufacture of non-domestic cooling and ventilation equipment Manufacture of other general purpose machinery not elsewhere classified
29.3	29.31 29.32	Manufacture of agricultural and forestry machinery Manufacture of agricultural tractors Manufacture of other agricultural and forestry machinery
29.4	29.40	Manufacture of machine tools Manufacture of machine tools
29.5	29.51 29.52 29.53 29.54 29.55 29.56	Manufacture of other special purpose machinery Manufacture of machinery for metallurgy Manufacture of machinery for mining, quarrying and construction Manufacture of machinery for food, beverage and tobacco processing Manufacture of machinery for textile, apparel and leather production Manufacture of machinery for paper and paperboard production Manufacture of other special purpose machinery not elsewhere classified
29.6	29.60	Manufacture of weapons and ammunition Manufacture of weapons and ammunition
29.7	29.71 29.72	Manufacture of domestic appliances not elsewhere classified Manufacture of electric domestic appliances Manufacture of non-electric domestic appliances
Subsection DL		MANUFACTURE OF ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL EQUIPMENT
30		MANUFACTURE OF OFFICE MACHINERY AND COMPUTERS
30.0		Manufacture of office machinery and computers

		30.01 30.02	Manufacture of office machinery Manufacture of computers and other information processing equipment
31			MANUFACTURE OF ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND APPARATUS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
	31.1	31.10	Manufacture of electric motors, generators and transformers Manufacture of electric motors, generators and transformers
	31.2	31.20	Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus
	31.3	31.30	Manufacture of insulated wire and cable Manufacture of insulated wire and cable
	31.4	31.40	Manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries Manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries
	31.5	31.50	Manufacture of lighting equipment and electric lamps Manufacture of lighting equipment and electric lamps
	31.6	31.61	Manufacture of electrical equipment not elsewhere classified Manufacture of electrical equipment for engines and vehicles not elsewhere classified
		31.62	Manufacture of other electrical equipment not elsewhere classified
32			MANUFACTURE OF RADIO, TELEVISION AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT AND APPARATUS
	32.1	32.10	Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes and other electronic components Manufacture of electronic valves and tubes and other electronic components
	32.2	32.20	Manufacture of television and radio transmitters and apparatus for line telephony and line telegraphy Manufacture of television and radio transmitters and apparatus for line telephony and line telegraphy
	32.3	32.30	Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus and associated goods Manufacture of television and radio receivers, sound or video recording or reproducing apparatus and associated goods
33			MANUFACTURE OF MEDICAL, PRECISION AND OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, WATCHES AND CLOCKS
	33.1	33.10	Manufacture of medical and surgical equipment and orthopaedic appliances Manufacture of medical and surgical equipment and orthopaedic appliances
	33.2	33.20	Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, checking, testing, navigating and other purposes, except industrial process control equipment Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, checking, testing, navigating and other purposes, except industrial process control equipment
	33.3	33.30	Manufacture of industrial process control equipment Manufacture of industrial process control equipment
	33.4	33.40	Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment
	33.5	33.50	Manufacture of watches and clocks Manufacture of watches and clocks

Subsection	DM		MANUFACTURE OF TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT
34			MANUFACTURE OF MOTOR VEHICLES, TRAILERS AND SEMITRAILERS
3	34.1	34.10	Manufacture of motor vehicles Manufacture of motor vehicles
3	34.2	34.20	Manufacture of bodies (coachwork) for motor vehicles; manufacture of trailers and semi-trailers Manufacture of bodies (coachwork) for motor vehicles; manufacture of trailers and semi-trailers
3	34.3	34.30	Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles and their engines Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles and their engines
35			MANUFACTURE OF OTHER TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT
3	35.1	35.11 35.12	Building and repairing of ships and boats Building and repairing of ships Building and repairing of pleasure and sporting boats
3	35.2	35.20	Manufacture of railway and tramway locomotives and rolling stock Manufacture of railway and tramway locomotives and rolling stock
3	35.3	35.30	Manufacture of aircraft and spacecraft Manufacture of aircraft and spacecraft
3	35.4	35.41 35.42 35.43	Manufacture of motorcycles and bicycles Manufacture of motorcycles Manufacture of bicycles Manufacture of invalid carriages
3	35.5	35.50	Manufacture of other transport equipment not elsewhere classified Manufacture of other transport equipment not elsewhere classified
Subsection	DN		MANUFACTURING NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
36			MANUFACTURE OF FURNITURE; MANUFACTURING NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
3	36.1	36.11 36.12 36.13 36.14 36.15	Manufacture of furniture Manufacture of chairs and seats Manufacture of other office and shop furniture Manufacture of other kitchen furniture Manufacture of other furniture Manufacture of mattresses
3	36.2	36.21 36.22	Manufacture of jewellery and related articles Striking of coins and medals Manufacture of jewellery and related articles not elsewhere classified
3	36.3	36.30	Manufacture of musical instruments Manufacture of musical instruments
3	36.4	36.40	Manufacture of sports goods Manufacture of sports goods
3	36.5	36.50	Manufacture of games and toys Manufacture of games and toys
3	36.6	36.61 36.62 36.63	Miscellaneous manufacturing not elsewhere classified Manufacture of imitation jewellery Manufacture of brooms and brushes Other manufacturing not elsewhere classified

37			RECYCLING
	37.1	37.10	Recycling of metal waste and scrap Recycling of metal waste and scrap
	37.2	37.20	Recycling of non-metal waste and scrap Recycling of non-metal waste and scrap
SECTION	E		ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER SUPPLY
40			ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND HOT WATER SUPPLY
	40.1	40.10	Production and distribution of electricity Production and distribution of electricity
	40.2	40.20	Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains
	40.3	40.30	Steam and hot water supply Steam and hot water supply
41			COLLECTION, PURIFICATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WATER
	41.0	41.00	Collection, purification and distribution of water Collection, purification and distribution of water
SECTION	F		CONSTRUCTION
45			CONSTRUCTION
	45.1	45.11 45.12	Site preparation Demolition and wrecking of buildings; earth moving Test drilling and boring
	45.2	45.21 45.22 45.23 45.24	Building of complete constructions or parts thereof-, civil engineering General construction of buildings and civil engineering works Erection of roof covering and frames Construction of highways, roads, airfields and sport facilities Construction of water projects
		45.25	Other construction work involving special trades
	45.3	45.31 45.32 45.33 45.34	Building installation Installation of electrical wiring and fittings Insulation work activities Plumbing Other building installation
	45.4	45.41 45.42 45.43 45.44 45.45	Building completion Plastering Joinery installation Floor and wall covering Painting and glazing Other building completion
	45.5	45.50	Renting of construction or demolition equipment with operator Renting of construction or demolition equipment with operator
SECTION	G		WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES, MOTORCYCLES AND PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS
50			SALE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES; RETAIL SALE OF AUTOMOTIVE FUEL
	50.1	50.10	Sale of motor vehicles Sale of motor vehicles

	50.2		Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles
		50.20	Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles
	50.3	50.30	Sale of motor vehicle parts and accessories Sale of motor vehicle parts and accessories
	50.4		Sale, maintenance and repair of motorcycles and related parts and
		50.40	accessories Sale, maintenance and repair of motorcycles and related parts and accessories
	50.5	50.50	Retail sale of automotive fuel Retail sale of automotive fuel
51			WHOLESALE TRADE AND COMMISSION TRADE, EXCEPT OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES
	51.1	51.11	Wholesale on a fee or contract basis Agents involved in the sale of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials and semi-finished goods
		51.12	Agents involved in the sale of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials and semi-finished goods
		51.13	Agents involved in the sale of agricultural raw materials, live animals, textile raw materials and semi-finished goods
		51.14	Agents involved in the sale of machinery, industrial equipment, ships and aircraft
		51.15	Agents involved in the sale of furniture, household goods, hardware and ironmongery
		51.16	Agents involved in the sale of textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods
		51.17 51.18	Agents involved in the sale of food, beverages and tobacco Agents specialising in the sale of particular products or ranges of
		51.19	products not elsewhere classified Agents involved in the sale of a variety of goods
	51.2		Wholesale of agricultural raw materials and live animals
	J1.Z	51.21	Wholesale of grain, seeds and animal feeds
		51.22 51.23	Wholesale of flowers and plants Wholesale of live animals
		51.24	Wholesale of live arithals Wholesale of hides, skins and leather
		51.25	Wholesale of unmanufactured tobacco
	51.3		Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco
		51.31 51.32	Wholesale of fruit and vegetables Wholesale of meat and meat products
		51.33	Wholesale of meat and meat products Wholesale of dairy produce, eggs and edible oils and fats
		51.34	Wholesale of alcoholic and other beverages
		51.35 51.36	Wholesale of tobacco products
		51.37	Wholesale of sugar and chocolate and sugar confectionery Wholesale of coffee, tea, cocoa and spices
		51.38	Wholesale of other food including fish, crustaceans and molluscs
		51.39	Non-specialised wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco
	51.4	51.41	Wholesale of household goods Wholesale of textiles
		51.41 51.42	Wholesale of clothing and footwear
		51.43	Wholesale of electrical household appliances and radio and television
		51.44	goods Wholesale of china and glassware, wallpaper and cleaning materials
		51.45	Wholesale of perfume and cosmetics
		51.46 51.47	Wholesale of pharmaceutical goods Wholesale of other household goods
		31.17	•
	51.5	51 51	Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap
		51.51 51.52	Wholesale of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and related products Wholesale of metals and metal ores
		51.53	Wholesale of wood, construction materials and sanitary equipment

		51.54	Wholesale of hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and
			supplies
		51.55	Wholesale of chemical products
		51.56	Wholesale of other intermediate products
		51.57	Wholesale of waste and scrap
	51.6		Wholesale of machinery, equipment and supplies
		51.61	Wholesale of machine tools
		51.62	Wholesale of construction machinery
		51.63	Wholesale of machinery for the textile industry, and of sewing and
		51.64	knitting machines Wholesale of office machinery and equipment
		51.65	Wholesale of other machinery for use in industry, trade and
		01.00	navigation
		51.66	Wholesale of agricultural machinery and accessories and
			implements, including tractors
	51.7		Other wholesale
		51.70	Other wholesale
52			RETAIL TRADE, EXCEPT OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND
			MOTORCYCLES; REPAIR OF PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD
			GOODS
	52.1		Retail sale in non-specialised stores
		52.11	Retail sale in non-specialised stores with food, beverages or tobacco
			predominating
		52.12	Other retail sale in non-specialised stores
	52.2		Retail sale of food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores
		52.21	Retail sale of fruit and vegetables
		52.22	Retail sale of meat and meat products
		52.23	Retail sale of fish, crustaceans and molluscs
		52.24	Retail sale of bread, cakes, flour confectionery and sugar confectionery
		52.25	Retail sale of alcoholic and other beverages
		52.26	Retail sale of tobacco products
		52.27	Other retail sale of food, beverages and tobacco in specialised stores
	52.3		Retail sale of pharmaceutical and medical goods, cosmetic and toilet
			articles
		52.31	Dispensing chemists
		52.32	Retail sale of medical and orthopaedic goods
		52.33	Retail sale of cosmetic and toilet articles
	52.4		Other retail sale of new goods in specialised stores
		52.41	Retail sale of textiles
		52.42	Retail sale of clothing
		52.43 52.44	Retail sale of footwear and leather goods
		52.44	Retail sale of furniture, lighting equipment and household articles not elsewhere classified
		52.45	Retail sale of electrical household appliances and radio and television
		50.40	goods
		52.46 52.47	Retail sale of hardware, paints and glass Retail sale of books, newspapers and stationery
		52.47 52.48	Other retail sale in specialised stores
		02.40	Other retain sale in specialised stores
	52.5		Retail sale of second-hand goods in stores
		52.50	Retail sale of second-hand goods in stores
	52.6		Retail sale not in stores
		52.61	Retail sale via mail order houses
		52.62	Retail sale via stalls and markets
		52.63	Other non-store retail sale
	52.7		Repair of personal and household goods
		52.71	Repair of boots, shoes and other articles of leather
		52.72	Repair of electrical household goods

		,	
		52.73 52.74	Repair of watches, clocks and jewellery Repair not elsewhere classified
SECT	ION H		HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS
55			HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS
	55.1	55.11 55.12	Hotels Hotels and motels, with restaurant Hotels and motels, without restaurant
	55.2	55.21 55.22 55.23	Camping sites and other provision of short-stay accommodation Youth hostels and mountain refuges Camping sites, including caravan sites Other provision of lodgings not elsewhere classified
	55.3	55.30	Restaurants Restaurants
	55.4	55.40	Bars Bars
	55.5	55.51 55.52	Canteens and catering Canteens Catering
SECT	ION I		TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION
60			LAND TRANSPORT; TRANSPORT VIA PIPELINES
	60.1	60.10	Transport via railways Transport via railways
	60.2	60.21 60.22 60.23 60.24	Other land transport Other scheduled passenger land transport Taxi operation Other passenger land transport Freight transport by road
	60.3	60.30	Transport via pipelines Transport via pipelines
61			WATER TRANSPORT
	61.1	61.10	Sea and coastal water transport Sea and coastal water transport
	61.2	61.20	Inland water transport Inland water transport
62	62.1	62.10	AIR TRANSPORT Scheduled air transport Scheduled air transport
	62.2	62.20	Non-scheduled air transport Non-scheduled air transport
	62.3	62.30	Space transport Space transport
63			SUPPORTING AND AUXILIARY TRANSPORT ACTIVITIES; ACTIVITIES OF TRAVEL AGENCIES
	63.1	63.11 63.12	Cargo handling and storage Cargo handling Storage and warehousing
	63.2		Other supporting transport activities

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		63.21 63.22 63.23	Other supporting land transport activities Other supporting water transport activities Other supporting air transport activities
	63.3	63.30	Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities not elsewhere classified Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities not elsewhere classified
	63.4	63.40	Activities of other transport agencies Activities of other transport agencies
64			POST AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS
	64.1	64.11 64.12	Post and courier activities National post activities Courier activities other than national post activities
	64.2	64.20	Telecommunications Telecommunications
SECTIO	DN J		FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION
65			FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION, EXCEPT INSURANCE AND PENSION FUNDING
	65.1	65.11 65.12	Monetary intermediation Central banking Other monetary intermediation
	65.2	65.21 65.22 65.23	Other financial intermediation Financial leasing Other credit granting Other financial intermediation not elsewhere classified
66			INSURANCE AND PENSION FUNDING, EXCEPT COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY
	66.0	66.01 66.02 66.03	Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security Life insurance Pension funding Non-life insurance
67			ACTIVITIES AUXILIARY TO FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION
	67.1	67.11 67.12 67.13	Activities auxiliary to financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding Administration of financial markets Security broking and fund management Activities auxiliary to financial intermediation not elsewhere classified
	67.2	67.20	Activities auxiliary to insurance and pension funding Activities auxiliary to insurance and pension funding
SECTIO	ON K		REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
70			REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES
	70.1	70.11 70.12	Real estate activities with own property Development and selling of real estate Buying and selling of own real estate
	70.2	70.20	Letting of own property Letting of own property
	70.3	70.31 70.32	Real estate activities on a fee or contract basis Real estate agencies Management of real estate on a fee or contract basis

71			RENTING OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT WITHOUT OPERATOR AND OF PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS
	71.1	71.10	Renting of automobiles Renting of automobiles
	71.2	71.21 71.22 71.23	Renting of other transport equipment Renting of other land transport equipment Renting of water transport equipment Renting of air transport equipment
	71.3	71.31 71.32	Renting of other machinery and equipment Renting of agricultural machinery and equipment Renting of construction and civil engineering machinery and equipment
		71.33 71.34	Renting of office machinery and equipment including computers Renting of other machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified
	71.4	71.40	Renting of personal and household goods not elsewhere classified Renting of personal and household goods not elsewhere classified
72			COMPUTER AND RELATED ACTIVITIES
	72.1	72.10	Hardware consultancy Hardware consultancy
	72.2	72.20	Software consultancy and supply Software consultancy and supply
	72.3	72.30	Data processing Data processing
	72.4	72.40	Data base activities Data base activities
	72.5	72.50	Maintenance and repair of office, accounting and computing machinery Maintenance and repair of office, accounting and computing machinery
	72.6	72.60	Other computer related activities Other computer related activities
73			RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
	73.1		Research and experimental development on natural sciences and
		73.10	engineering Research and experimental development on natural sciences and engineering
	73.2	73.20	Research and experimental development on social sciences and humanities Research and experimental development on social sciences and humanities
74			OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
	74.1	74.11 74.12 74.13 74.14 74.15	Legal, accounting, book-keeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy; market research and public opinion polling; business and management consultancy; holdings Legal activities Accounting, book-keeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy Market research and public opinion polling Business and management consultancy activities Management activities of holding companies
	74.2		Architectural and engineering activities and related technical

		74.20	consultancy Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy
	74.3	74.30	Technical testing and analysis Technical testing and analysis
	74.4	74.40	Advertising Advertising
	74.5	74.50	Labour recruitment and provision of personnel Labour recruitment and provision of personnel
	74.6	74.60	Investigation and security activities Investigation and security activities
	74.7	74.70	Industrial cleaning Industrial cleaning
	74.8	74.81 74.82 74.83 74.84	Miscellaneous business activities not elsewhere classified Photographic activities Packaging activities Secretarial and translation activities Other business activities not elsewhere classified
SECTION	L		PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY
75			PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY
	75.1	75.11 75.12 75.13 75.14	Administration of the State and the economic and social policy of the community General (overall) public service activities Regulation of the activities of agencies that provide health care, education, cultural services and other social services excluding social security Regulation of and contribution to more efficient operation of business Supporting service activities for the government as a whole
	75.2	75.21 75.22 75.23 75.24 75.25	Provision of services to the community as a whole Foreign affairs Defence activities Justice and judicial activities Public security, law and order activities Fire service activities
	75.3	75.30	Compulsory social security activities Compulsory social security activities
SECTION	М		EDUCATION
80			EDUCATION
	80.1	80.10	Primary education Primary education
	80.2	80.21 80.22	Secondary education General secondary education Technical and vocational secondary education
	80.3	80.30	Higher education Higher education
	80.4	80.41 80.42	Adult and other education Driving school activities Adult and other education not elsewhere classified

SECTION N			HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK
85			HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK
	85.1	85.11 85.12 85.13 85.14	Human health activities Hospital activities Medical practice activities Dental practice activities Other human health activities
	85.2	85.20	Veterinary activities Veterinary activities
	85.3	85.31 85.32	Social work activities Social work activities with accommodation Social work activities without accommodation
SECTION	10		OTHER COMMUNITY, SOCIAL AND PERSONAL SERVICE ACTIVITIES
90			SEWAGE AND REFUSE DISPOSAL, SANITATION AND SIMILAR ACTIVITIES
	90.0	90.00	Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and similar activities Sewage and refuse disposal, sanitation and similar activities
91			ACTIVITIES OF MEMBERSHIP ORGANISATIONS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED
	91.1	91.11 91.12	Activities of business, employers and professional organisations Activities of business and employers organisations Activities of professional organisations
	91.2	91.20	Activities of trade unions Activities of trade unions
	91.3	91.31 91.32 91.33	Activities of other membership organisations Activities of religious organisations Activities of political organisations Activities of other membership organisations not elsewhere classified
92			RECREATIONAL, CULTURAL AND SPORTING ACTIVITIES
	92.1	92.11 92.12 92.13	Motion picture and video activities Motion picture and video production Motion picture and video production Motion picture projection
	92.2	92.20	Radio and television activities Radio and television activities
	92.3	92.31 92.32 92.33 92.34	Other entertainment activities Artistic and literary creation and interpretation Operation of arts facilities Fair and amusement park activities Other entertainment activities not elsewhere classified
	92.4	92.40	News agency activities News agency activities
	92.5	92.51 92.52 92.53	Library, archives, museums and other cultural activities Library and archives activities Museum activities and preservation of historical sites and buildings Botanical and zoological gardens and nature reserves activities
	92.6	92.61 92.62	Sporting activities Operation of sports arenas and stadiums Other sporting activities

00	92.7	92.71 92.72	Other recreational activities Gambling and betting activities Other recreational activities not elsewhere classified
93	93.0	93.01 93.02 93.03 93.04 93.05	OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES Other service activities Washing and dry cleaning of textile and fur products Hairdressing and other beauty treatment Funeral and related activities Physical well-being activities Other service activities not elsewhere classified
SECTION	I P		PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS WITH EMPLOYED PERSONS
SECTION 95	I P		PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS WITH EMPLOYED PERSONS PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS WITH EMPLOYED PERSONS
	95.0	95.00	
	95.0	95.00	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS WITH EMPLOYED PERSONS Private households with employed persons
95	95.0	95.00	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS WITH EMPLOYED PERSONS Private households with employed persons Private households with employed persons

3.9. Standard Occupational Classification 1990 (SOC)

Available at all waves

Occupational coding was carried out using the CASOC system. See Section on Sampling and Survey Methods for more details.

The Standard Occupational Classification 1990 (SOC) is broken down into 3 areas; the major groups, the minor groups and the constituent unit groups. At the most detailed level of classification 374 unit groups are distinguished, each with a 3 digit classification. Each occupation unit group is allocated to a minor group (two digit), of which there are 77 and a major group (one digit) of which there are 9. The major group structure is a set of broad occupational categories which are designed be useful in bringing together unit groups which are similar in terms of the qualifications, training, skills and experience.

In the 3 digit unit group codes, the first digit denotes the major group classification in which it is contained. The first 2 digits of the unit group codes denote the minor group classification.

Source: Quarterly Labour Force Survey, March-May 1992: User Guide, September 1992.

1: MAJOR GROUPS

- 1 Managers & administrators
- 2 Professional occupations
- 3 Associate professional & technical occupations
- 4 Clerical & secretarial occupations
- 5 Craft & related occupations
- 6 Personal & protective service occupations
- 7 Sales occupations
- 8 Plant & machine operatives
- 9 Other occupations

2: MINOR GROUPS²

- 10 General managers & administrators in national & local Government, large companies & organisations
- 11 Production managers in manufacturing, construction, mining & energy industries
- 12 Specialist managers
- 13 Financial institution & office managers, civil service executive officers
- 14 Managers in transport & storing
- 15 Protective service officers
- 16 Managers in farming, horticulture, forestry & fishing
- 17 Managers & proprietors in service industries
- 19 Managers & administrators nec
- 20 Natural scientists
- 21 Engineers & technologists
- 22 Health professionals
- 23 Teaching professionals
- 24 Legal professionals
- 25 Business & financial professionals
- 26 Architects, town planners & surveyors
- 27 Librarians & related professionals
- 29 Professional occupations nec
- 30 Scientific technicians
- 31 Draftspersons, quantity & other surveyors
- 32 Computer analyst/programmers
- 33 Ship & aircraft officers, air traffic planners & controllers

^{2.} In the following, "nec" means "not elsewhere classified".

- 34 Health associate professionals
- 35 Legal associate professionals
- 36 Business & financial associate professionals
- 37 Social welfare associate professionals
- 39 Associate professional & technical occupations nec
- 40 Administrative/clerical officers & assistants in civil service & local government
- 41 Numerical clerks & cashiers
- 42 Filing & records clerks
- 43 Clerks (not otherwise specified)
- 44 Stores & despatch clerks, storekeepers
- 45 Secretaries, personal assistants, typists, word processor operators
- 46 Receptionists, telephonists & related occupations
- 49 Clerical & secretarial occupations nec
- 50 Construction trades
- 51 Metal machining, fitting &instrument making trades
- 52 Electrical/electronic trades
- 53 Metal forming, welding & related trades
- 54 Vehicle trades
- 55 Textiles, garments & related trades
- 56 Printing & related trades
- 57 Woodworking trades
- 58 Food preparation trades
- 59 Other craft &related occupations nec
- 60 NCOs & other ranks, armed forces
- 61 Security & protective service occupations
- 62 Catering occupations
- 63 Travel attendants & related occupations
- 64 Health & related occupations
- 65 Childcare & related occupations
- 66 Hairdressers, beauticians & related occupations
- 67 Domestic staff &related occupations
- 69 Personal & protective service occupations nec
- 70 Buyers, brokers & related agents
- 71 Sales representatives
- 72 Sales assistants & check-out operators
- 73 Mobile market & door-to-door salespersons & agents
- 79 Sales occupations nec
- 80 Food, drink & tobacco process operatives
- 81 Textiles & tannery process operatives
- 82 Chemicals, paper, plastics & related process operatives
- 83 Metal making &treating process operatives
- 84 Metal working process operatives
- 85 Assemblers/lineworkers
- 86 Other routine process operatives
- 87 Road transport operatives
- 88 Other transport & machinery operatives
- 89 Plant & machine operatives nec
- 90 Other occupations in agriculture, forestry & fishing
- 91 Other occupations in mining & manufacture
- 92 Other occupations in construction
- 93 Other occupations in transport
- 94 Other occupations in communication
- 95 Other occupations in sales & service
- 99 Other occupations nec

3: UNIT GROUPS

- 100 General administrators; nation government (Assistant Secretary/Grade 5 & above)
- 101 General managers; large companies & organisations
- 102 Local government officers (administrative & executive functions)
- 103 General administrators; national government (HEO to Senior Principal/Grade 6)
- 110 Production, works & maintenance managers
- 111 Managers in building & contracting
- 112 Clerks of works
- 113 Managers in mining & energy industries
- 120 Treasurers & company financial managers
- 121 Marketing & sales managers
- 122 Purchasing managers
- 123 Advertising & public relations managers
- 124 Personnel, training & industrial relations managers
- 125 Organisation & methods & work study managers
- 126 Computer systems & data processing managers
- 127 Company secretaries
- 130 Credit controllers
- 131 Bank, Building Society & Post Office managers (except self-employed)
- 132 Civil Service executive officers
- 139 Other financial institution & office managers nec
- 140 Transport managers
- 141 Stores controllers
- 142 Managers in warehousing & other materials handling
- 150 officers in UK armed forces
- 151 Officers in foreign & Commonwealth armed forces
- 152 Police officers (inspector & above)
- 153 Fire service officers (station officer & above
- 154 Prison officers (principal officer 7 above
- 155 Customs & excise, immigration service officers (customs: chief preventive officer & above; excise: surveyor & above)
- 160 Farm owners & managers, horticulturists
- 169 Other managers in farming, horticulture, forestry & fishing nec
- 170 Property & estate managers
- 171 Garage managers & proprietors
- 172 Hairdressers' & barbers' managers & proprietors
- 173 Hotel & accommodation managers
- 174 Restaurant & catering managers
- 175 Publicans, innkeepers & club stewards
- 176 Entertainment & sports managers
- 177 Travel agency managers
- 178 Managers & proprietors of butchers & fishmongers
- 179 Managers & proprietors in service industries nec
- 190 Officials of trade associations, trade unions, professional bodies & charities
- 191 Registrars & administrators of educational establishments
- 199 Other managers & administrators nec
- 200 Chemists
- 201 Biological scientists & biochemists
- 202 Physicists, geologists & meteorologists
- 209 Other natural scientists nec
- 210 Civil, structural, municipal, mining & quarry engineers
- 211 mechanical engineers
- 212 Electrical engineers
- 213 Electronic engineers
- 214 Software engineers
- 215 Chemical engineers
- 216 Design & development engineers
- 217 Process & production engineers
- 218 Planning & quality control engineers

- 219 Other engineers & technologists nec
- 220 Medical practitioners
- 221 Pharmacists/pharmacologists
- 222 Ophthalmic opticians
- 223 Dental practitioners
- 224 Veterinarians
- 230 University & polytechnic teaching professionals
- 231 Higher & further education teaching professionals
- 232 Education officers, school inspectors
- 233 Secondary (& middle school deemed secondary) education teaching professionals
- 234 Primary (& middle school deemed primary) & nursery education teaching professionals
- 235 Special education teaching professionals
- 239 Other teaching professionals nec
- 240 Judges & officers of the court
- 241 Barristers & advocates
- 242 Solicitors
- 250 Chartered & certified accountants
- 251 Management accountants
- 252 Actuaries, economists & statisticians
- 253 Management consultants, business analysts
- 260 Architects
- 261 Town planners
- 262 Building, land, mining & 'general practice' surveyors
- 270 Librarians
- 271 Archivists & curators
- 290 Psychologists
- 291 Other social & behavioural scientists
- 292 Clergy
- 293 Social workers, probation officers
- 300 Laboratory technicians
- 301 Engineering technicians
- 302 Electrical/electronic technicians
- 303 Architectural & town planning technicians
- 304 Building & civil engineering technicians
- 309 Other scientific technicians nec
- 310 Draughtspersons
- 311 Building inspectors
- 312 Quantity surveyors
- 313 Marine, insurance & other surveyors
- 320 Computer analyst/programmers
- 330 Air traffic planners & controllers
- 331 Aircraft flight deck officers
- 332 Ship & hovercraft officers
- 340 Nurses
- 341 Midwives
- 342 Medical radiographers
- 343 Physiotherapists
- 344 Chiropodists
- 345 Dispensing opticians
- 346 Medical technicians, dental auxiliaries
- Occupational & speech therapists, psychotherapists, therapists nec
- 348 Environmental health officers
- 349 Other health associate professionals nec
- 350 Legal service & related occupations
- 360 Estimators, valuers
- 361 Underwriters, claims assessors, brokers, investment analysts
- 362 Taxation experts
- 363 Personnel & industrial relations officers
- 364 Organisation & methods & work study officers
- 370 Matrons, houseparents
- 371 Welfare, community & youth workers
- 380 Authors, writers, journalists

- 381 Artists, commercial artists, graphic designers
- 382 Industrial designers
- 383 Clothing designers
- 384 Actors, entertainers, stage managers, producers & directors
- 385 Musicians
- 386 Photographers, camera, sound and video equipment operators
- 387 Professional athletes, sports officials
- 390 Information officers
- 391 Vocational & industrial trainers
- 392 Careers advisers & vocational guidance specialists
- 393 Driving instructors (excluding HGV)
- 394 Inspectors of factories, utilities & trading standards
- 395 Other statutory & similar inspectors nec
- 396 Occupational hygienists & safety officers (health & safety)
- 399 Other associate professional & technical occupations nec
- 400 Civil Service administrative officers & assistants
- 401 Local government clerical officers & assistants
- 410 Accounts & wages clerks, book-keepers, other financial clerks
- 411 Counter clerks & cashiers
- 412 Debt, rent & other cash collectors
- 420 Filing, computer & other records clerks (inc. legal conveyancing)
- 421 Library assistants/clerks
- 430 Clerks (nec)
- 440 Stores, despatch & production control clerks
- 441 Storekeepers & warehousemen/women
- 450 Medical secretaries
- 451 Legal secretaries
- 452 Typists & word processor operators
- Other secretaries, personal assistants, typists, word processor operators nec
- 460 Receptionists
- 461 Receptionist/telephonists
- 462 Telephone operators
- 463 Radio & telegraph operators, other office communication system operators
- 490 Computer operators, data processing operators, other office machine operators
- 491 Tracers, drawing office assistants
- 500 Bricklayers, masons
- 501 Roofers, slaters, tilers, sheeters, cladders
- 502 Plasterers
- 503 Glaziers
- 504 Builders, building contractors
- 505 Scaffolders, stagers, steeplejacks, riggers
- 506 Floorers, floor coverers, carpet fitters & planners, floor & wall tilers
- 507 Painters & decorators
- 509 Other construction trades nec
- 510 Centre, capstan, turret & other lathe setters & setter-operators
- 511 Boring & drilling machine setters & setter-operators
- 512 Grinding machine setters & setter-operators
- 513 Milling machine setters & setter-operators
- 514 Press setters & setter-operators
- Tool makers, tool fitters & markers-out
- 516 Metal working production & maintenance fitters
- 517 Precision instrument makers & repairers
- 518 Goldsmiths, silversmiths, precious stone workers
- 519 Other machine tool setters & setter-operators nec (inc CNC setter-operators)
- 520 Production fitters (electrical/electronic)
- 521 Electricians, electrical maintenance fitters
- 522 Electrical engineers (not professional)
- 523 Telephone fitters
- 524 Cable jointers, lines repairers
- 525 Radio, TV & video engineers
- 526 Computer engineers, installation & maintenance
- 529 Other electrical/electronic trades nec

- 530 Smiths & forge workers
- 531 Moulders, core makers, die casters
- 532 Plumbers, heating & ventilating engineers & related trades
- 533 Sheet metal workers
- Metal plate workers, shipwrights, riveters
- 535 Steel erectors
- 536 Barbenders, steel fixers
- 537 Welding trades
- Motor mechanics, auto engineers (inc. road patrol engineers)
- 541 Coach & vehicle body builders
- Vehicle body repairers, panel beaters
- 543 Auto electricians
- 544 Tyre & exhaust fitters
- 550 Weavers
- 551 Knitters
- 552 Warp preparers, bleachers, dyers & finishers
- 553 Sewing machinists, menders, darners & embroiderers
- 554 Coach trimmers, upholsterers & mattress makers
- 555 Shoe repairers, leather cutters & sewers, footwear lasters, makers & finishers, other leather making & repairing
- 556 Tailors & dressmakers
- 557 Clothing cutters, milliners, furriers
- 559 Other textiles, garments & related trades nec
- 560 Originators, compositors & print preparers
- 561 Printers
- 562 Bookbinders & print finishers
- 563 Screen printers
- 569 Other printing & related trades nec
- 570 Carpenters & joiners
- 571 Cabinet makers
- 572 Case & box makers
- 573 Pattern makers (moulds)
- 579 Other woodworking trades nec
- 580 Bakers, flour confectioners
- 581 Butchers, meat cutters
- 582 Fishmongers, poultry dressers
- 590 Glass product & ceramics makers
- 591 Glass product & ceramics finishers & decorators
- 592 Dental technicians
- 593 Musical instrument makers, piano tuners
- 594 Gardeners, groundsmen/groundswomen
- 595 horticultural trades
- 596 Coach painters, other spray painters
- 597 Face trained coalmining workers, shotfirers & deputies
- 598 Other machinery mechanics
- 599 Other craft & related occupations nec
- 600 NCOs & other ranks, UK armed forces
- NCOs & other ranks, foreign & Commonwealth armed forces
- 610 Police officers (sergeant & below)
- Fire service officers (leading fire officer & below)
- Prison service officers (below principal officer)
- Customs & excise officers, immigration officers (customs: below chief preventive officer; excise: below surveyor)
- 614 Traffic wardens
- 615 Security guards & related occupations
- 619 Other security & protective service occupations nec
- 620 Chefs, cooks
- 621 Waiters, waitresses
- 622 Bar staff
- 630 Travel & flight attendants
- 631 Railway station staff
- 640 Assistant nurses, nursing auxiliaries

- 641 Hospital ward assistants
- 642 Ambulance staff
- 643 Dental nurses
- 644 Care assistants & attendants
- 650 Nursery nurses
- 651 Playgroup leaders
- 652 Educational assistants
- Other childcare & related occupations nec
- 660 Hairdressers, barbers
- 661 Beauticians & related occupations
- Domestic housekeepers & related occupations
- 671 Housekeepers (non domestic)
- 672 Caretakers
- 673 Launderers, dry cleaners, pressers
- 690 Undertakers
- 691 Bookmakers
- 699 Other personal & protective service occupations nec
- 700 Buyers (retail trade)
- 701 Buyers & purchasing officers (not retail)
- 702 Importers & exporters
- 703 Air, commodity & ship brokers
- 710 Technical & wholesale sales representatives
- 719 Other sales representatives nec
- 720 Sales assistants
- 721 Retail cash desk & check-out operators
- 722 Petrol pump forecourt attendants
- 730 Collector salespersons & credit agents
- 731 Roundsmen/women & van salespersons
- 732 Market & street traders & assistants
- 733 Scrap dealers, scrap metal merchants
- 790 Merchandisers
- 791 Window dressers, floral arrangers
- 792 Telephone salespersons
- 800 Bakery & confectionery process operatives
- 801 Brewery & vinery process operatives
- 802 Tobacco process operatives
- 809 Other food, drink & tobacco process operatives nec
- 810 Tannery production operatives
- 811 Preparatory fibre processors
- 812 Spinners, doublers, twisters
- 813 Winders, reelers
- 814 Other textiles processing operatives
- 820 Chemical, gas & petroleum process plant operatives
- Paper, wood & related process plant operatives
- 822 Cutting & slitting machine operatives (paper products etc)
- 823 Glass & ceramics furnace operatives, kilnsetters
- Rubber process operatives, moulding machine operatives, tyre builders
- Plastics process operatives, moulders & extruders
- 826 Synthetic fibre makers
- 829 Other chemicals, paper, plastics & related process operatives nec
- 830 Furnace operatives (metal)
- 831 Metal drawers
- 832 Rollers
- Annealers, hardeners, temperers (metal)
- 834 Electroplaters, galvanisers, colour coaters
- Other metal making & treating process operatives nec
- 840 Machine tool operatives (inc CNC machine tool operatives)
- Press stamping & automatic machine operatives
- 842 Metal polishers
- 843 Metal dressing operatives
- 844 Shot blasters
- 850 Assemblers/lineworkers (electrical/electronic goods)

- 851 Assemblers/lineworkers (vehicles & other metal goods)
- 859 Other assemblers/lineworkers nec
- 860 Inspectors, viewers & testers (metal & electrical goods)
- lnspectors, viewers, testers & examiners (other manufactured goods)
- 862 Packers, bottlers, canners, fillers
- Weighers, graders, sorters
- 864 Routine laboratory testers
- 869 Other routine process operatives nec
- 870 Bus inspectors
- 871 Road transport depot inspectors & related occupations
- 872 Drivers of road goods vehicles
- 873 Bus & coach drivers
- 874 Taxi, cab drivers & chauffeurs
- 875 Bus conductors
- 880 Seafarers (merchant navy); barge, lighter & boat operatives
- 881 Rail transport inspectors, supervisors & guards
- Rail engine drivers & assistants
- 883 Rail signal operatives & crossing keepers
- 884 Shunters & points operatives
- 885 Mechanical plant drivers & operatives (earth moving & civil engineering)
- 886 Crane drivers
- 887 Fork lift & mechanical truck drivers
- 889 Other transport & machinery operatives nec
- 890 Washers, screeners & crushers in mines & guarries
- 891 Printing machine minders & assistants
- Water & sewerage plant attendants
- 893 Electrical, energy, boiler & related plant operatives & attendants
- 894 Oilers, greasers, lubricators
- 895 Mains & service pipe layers, pipe jointers
- 896 Construction & related operatives
- 897 Woodworking machine operatives
- 898 Mine (excluding coal) & quarry workers
- 899 Other plant & machine operatives nec
- 900 Farm workers
- 901 Agricultural machinery drivers & operatives
- 902 All other occupations in farming & related
- 903 Fishing & related workers
- 904 Forestry workers
- 910 Coal mine labourers
- 911 Labourers in foundries
- 912 Labourers in engineering 7 allied trades
- 913 Mates to metal/electrical & related fitters
- 919 Other labourers in making & processing industries nec
- 920 Mates to woodworking trades workers
- 921 Mates to building trades workers
- 922 Rail construction & maintenance workers
- 923 Road construction & maintenance workers
- 924 Paviors, kerb layers
- 929 Other building & civil engineering labourers nec
- 930 Stevedores, dockers
- 931 Goods porters
- 932 Slingers
- 933 Refuse & salvage collectors
- 934 Driver's mates
- 940 Postal workers, mail sorters
- 941 Messengers, couriers
- 950 Hospital porters
- 951 Hotel porters
- 952 Kitchen porters, hands
- 953 Counterhands, catering assistants
- 954 Shelf fillers
- 955 Lift & car park attendants

956	Window cleaners
957	Road sweepers
958	Cleaners, domestics
959	Other occupations in sales & services nec
990	All other labourers & related workers
999	All others in miscellaneous occupations nec
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3.10. Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC2000)

Used from Wave 11 onwards

Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC2000)

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Summary of Structure

The Standard Occupational Classification consists of the following major groups:

- 1 Managers and Senior Officials
- 2 Professional Occupations
- 3 Associate Professional and Technical Occupations
- 4 Administrative and Secretarial Occupations
- 5 Skilled Trades Occupations
- 6 Personal Service Occupations
- 7 Sales and Customer Service Occupations
- 8 Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
- 9 Elementary Occupations

The sub-major, minor group and unit group structure of these major groups is defined as follows:

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
1				MANAGERS AND SENIOR OFFICIALS
	11			CORPORATE MANAGERS
		111		Corporate Managers And Senior Officials
			1111 1112 1113 1114	Senior officials in national government Directors and chief executives of major organisations Senior officials in local government Senior officials of special interest organisations
		112		Production Managers
			1121 1122 1123	Production, works and maintenance managers Managers in construction Managers in mining and energy
		113		Functional Managers
			1131 1132 1133 1134 1135 1136 1137	Financial managers and chartered secretaries Marketing and sales managers Purchasing managers Advertising and public relations managers Personnel, training and industrial relations managers Information and communication technology managers Research and development managers

	114		Quality And Customer Care Managers
		1141 1142	Quality assurance managers Customer care managers
	115		Financial Institution And Office Managers
		1151 1152	Financial institution managers Office managers
	116		Managers In Distribution, Storage And Retailing
		1161 1162 1163	Transport and distribution managers Storage and warehouse managers Retail and wholesale managers
	117		Protective Service Officers
		1171 1172 1173	Officers in armed forces Police officers (inspectors and above) Senior officers in fire, ambulance, prison and related services Security managers
	118		Health And Social Services Managers
		1181 1182 1183 1184 1185	Hospital and health service managers Pharmacy managers Healthcare practice managers Social services managers Residential and day care managers
12			MANAGERS AND PROPRIETORS IN AGRICULTURE AND SERVICES
	121		Managers In Farming, Horticulture, Forestry And Fishing
		1211 1212 1219	Farm managers Natural environment and conservation managers Managers in animal husbandry, forestry and fishing n.e.c.
	122		Managers And Proprietors In Hospitality And Leisure Services
		1221 1222 1223 1224 1225 1226	Hotel and accommodation managers Conference and exhibition managers Restaurant and catering managers Publicans and managers of licensed premises Leisure and sports managers Travel agency managers
	123		Managers And Proprietors In Other Service Industries
		1231 1232 1233 1234 1235 1239	Property, housing and land managers Garage managers and proprietors Hairdressing and beauty salon managers and proprietors Shopkeepers and wholesale/retail dealers Recycling and refuse disposal managers Managers and proprietors in other services n.e.c.

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
2				PROFESSIONAL OCCUPATIONS
	21			SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROFESSIONALS
		211		Science Professionals
			2111 2112 2113	Chemists Biological scientists and biochemists Physicists, geologists and meteorologists
		212		Engineering Professionals
			2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129	Civil engineers Mechanical engineers Electrical engineers Electronics engineers Chemical engineers Design and development engineers Production and process engineers Planning and quality control engineers Engineering professionals n.e.c.
		213		Information And Communication Technology Professionals
			2131 2132	IT strategy and planning professionals Software professionals
	22			HEALTH PROFESSIONALS
		221		Health Professionals
			2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216	Medical practitioners Psychologists Pharmacists/pharmacologists Ophthalmic opticians Dental practitioners Veterinarians
	23			TEACHING AND RESEARCH PROFESSIONALS
		231		Teaching Professionals
			2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2319	Higher education teaching professionals Further education teaching professionals Education officers, school inspectors Secondary education teaching professionals Primary and nursery education teaching professionals Special needs education teaching professionals Registrars and senior administrators of educational establishments Teaching professionals n.e.c.
		232		Research Professionals
			2321 2322 2329	Scientific researchers Social science researchers Researchers n.e.c.

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BUSINESS AND PUBLIC SERVICE PROFESSIONALS 241 **Legal Professionals** 2411 Solicitors and lawyers, judges and coroners 2419 Legal professionals n.e.c. 242 **Business And Statistical Professionals** Chartered and certified accountants 2421 Management accountants 2422 2423 Management consultants, actuaries, economists and statisticians 243 Architects, Town Planners, Surveyors 2431 Architects 2432 Town planners 2433 Quantity surveyors 2434 Chartered surveyors (not quantity surveyors) **Public Service Professionals** 244 2441 Public service administrative professionals 2442 Social workers 2443 Probation officers 2444 Clergy 245 **Librarians And Related Professionals** 2451 Librarians Archivists and curators 2452

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
3				ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS
	31			SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
		311		Science And Engineering Technicians
			3111 3112 3113 3114 3115 3119	Laboratory technicians Electrical/electronics technicians Engineering technicians Building and civil engineering technicians Quality assurance technicians Science and engineering technicians n.e.c.
		312		Draughtspersons And Building Inspectors
			3121 3122 3123	Architectural technologists and town planning technicians Draughtspersons Building inspectors
		313		IT Service Delivery Occupations
			3131 3132	IT operations technicians IT user support technicians
	32			HEALTH AND SOCIAL WELFARE ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
		321		Health Associate Professionals
			3211 3212 3213 3214 3215 3216 3217 3218	Nurses Midwives Paramedics Medical radiographers Chiropodists Dispensing opticians Pharmaceutical dispensers Medical and dental technicians
		322		Therapists
			3221 3222 3223 3229	Physiotherapists Occupational therapists Speech and language therapists Therapists n.e.c.
		323		Social Welfare Associate Professionals
			3231 3232	Youth and community workers Housing and welfare officers
	33			PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
		331		Protective Service Occupations
			3311 3312 3313	NCOs and other ranks Police officers (sergeant and below) Fire service officers (leading fire officer and below)

		3314 3319	Prison service officers (below principal officer) Protective service associate professionals n.e.c.
34			CULTURE, MEDIA AND SPORTS OCCUPATIONS
	341		Artistic And Literary Occupations
		3411 3412 3413 3414 3415 3416	Artists Authors, writers Actors, entertainers Dancers and choreographers Musicians Arts officers, producers and directors
	342		Design Associate Professionals
		3421 3422	Graphic designers Product, clothing and related designers
	343		Media Associate Professionals
		3431 3432 3433 3434	Journalists, newspaper and periodical editors Broadcasting associate professionals Public relations officers Photographers and audio-visual equipment operators
	344		Sports And Fitness Occupations
		3441 3442 3443 3449	Sports players Sports coaches, instructors and officials Fitness instructors Sports and fitness occupations n.e.c.
35			BUSINESS AND PUBLIC SERVICE ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
	351		Transport Associate Professionals
		3511 3512 3513 3514	Air traffic controllers Aircraft pilots and flight engineers Ship and hovercraft officers Train drivers
	352		Legal Associate Professionals
		3520	Legal associate professionals
	353		Business And Finance Associate Professionals
		3531 3532 3533 3534 3535 3536 3537 3539	Estimators, valuers and assessors Brokers Insurance underwriters Finance and investment analysts/advisers Taxation experts Importers, exporters Financial and accounting technicians Business and related associate professionals n.e.c.
	354		Sales And Related Associate Professionals
		3541 3542	Buyers and purchasing officers Sales representatives

3543 3544	Marketing associate professionals Estate agents, auctioneers
	Conservation Associate Professionals
3551 3552	Conservation and environmental protection officers Countryside and park rangers
	Public Service And Other Associate Professionals
3561 3562 3563 3564 3565 3566 3567	Public service associate professionals Personnel and industrial relations officers Vocational and industrial trainers and instructors Careers advisers and vocational guidance specialists Inspectors of factories, utilities and trading standards Statutory examiners Occupational hygienists and safety officers (health and safety) Environmental health officers
	3544 3551 3552 3561 3562 3563 3564 3565 3566

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
4				ADMINISTRATIVE AND SECRETARIAL OCCUPATIONS
	41			ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS
		411		Administrative Occupations: Government And Related Organisations
			4111 4112 4113 4114	Civil Service executive officers Civil Service administrative officers and assistants Local government clerical officers and assistants Officers of non-governmental organisations
		412		Administrative Occupations: Finance
			4121 4122	Credit controllers Accounts and wages clerks, book-keepers, other financial clerks
			4123	Counter clerks
		413		Administrative Occupations: Records
			4131 4132 4133 4134 4135 4136 4137	Filing and other records assistants/clerks Pensions and insurance clerks Stock control clerks Transport and distribution clerks Library assistants/clerks Database assistants/clerks Market research interviewers
		414		Administrative Occupations: Communications
			4141 4142	Telephonists Communication operators
		415		Administrative Occupations: General
			4150	General office assistants/clerks
	42			SECRETARIAL AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS
		421		Secretarial And Related Occupations
			4211 4212 4213 4214 4215 4216 4217	Medical secretaries Legal secretaries School secretaries Company secretaries Personal assistants and other secretaries Receptionists Typists

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
5				SKILLED TRADES OCCUPATIONS
	51			SKILLED AGRICULTURAL TRADES
		511		Agricultural Trades
			5111 5112 5113 5119	Farmers Horticultural trades Gardeners and groundsmen/groundswomen Agricultural and fishing trades n.e.c.
	52			SKILLED METAL AND ELECTRICAL TRADES
		521		Metal Forming, Welding And Related Trades
			5211 5212 5213 5214 5215 5216	Smiths and forge workers Moulders, core makers, die casters Sheet metal workers Metal plate workers, shipwrights, riveters Welding trades Pipe fitters
		522		Metal Machining, Fitting And Instrument Making Trades
			5221 5222 5223 5224	Metal machining setters and setter-operators Tool makers, tool fitters and markers-out Metal working production and maintenance fitters Precision instrument makers and repairers
		523		Vehicle Trades
			5231 5232 5233 5234	Motor mechanics, auto engineers Vehicle body builders and repairers Auto electricians Vehicle spray painters
		524		Electrical Trades
			5241 5242 5243 5244 5245 5249	Electricians, electrical fitters Telecommunications engineers Lines repairers and cable jointers TV, video and audio engineers Computer engineers, installation and maintenance Electrical/electronics engineers n.e.c.
	53			SKILLED CONSTRUCTION AND BUILDING TRADES
		531		Construction Trades
			5311 5312 5313 5314 5315 5316 5319	Steel erectors Bricklayers, masons Roofers, roof tilers and slaters Plumbers, heating and ventilating engineers Carpenters and joiners Glaziers, window fabricators and fitters Construction trades n.e.c.

532		Building Trades
	5321 5322 5323	Plasterers Floorers and wall tilers Painters and decorators
		TEXTILES, PRINTING AND OTHER SKILLED TRADES
541		Textiles And Garments Trades
	5411 5412 5413 5414 5419	Weavers and knitters Upholsterers Leather and related trades Tailors and dressmakers Textiles, garments and related trades n.e.c.
542		Printing Trades
	5421 5422 5423 5424	Originators, compositors and print preparers Printers Bookbinders and print finishers Screen printers
543		Food Preparation Trades
	5431 5432 5433 5434	Butchers, meat cutters Bakers, flour confectioners Fishmongers, poultry dressers Chefs, cooks
549		Skilled Trades n. e. c.
	5491 5492 5493 5494 5495 5496 5499	Glass and ceramics makers, decorators and finishers Furniture makers, other craft woodworkers Pattern makers (moulds) Musical instrument makers and tuners Goldsmiths, silversmiths, precious stone workers Floral arrangers, florists Hand craft occupations n.e.c.

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
6				PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
	61			CARING PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
		611		Healthcare And Related Personal Services
			6111 6112 6113 6114 6115	Nursing auxiliaries and assistants Ambulance staff (excluding paramedics) Dental nurses Houseparents and residential wardens Care assistants and home carers
		612		Childcare And Related Personal Services
			6121 6122 6123 6124	Nursery nurses Childminders and related occupations Playgroup leaders/assistants Educational assistants
		613		Animal Care Services
			6131 6139	Veterinary nurses and assistants Animal care occupations n.e.c.
	62			LEISURE AND OTHER PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
		621		Leisure And Travel Service Occupations
			6211 6212 6213 6214 6215 6219	Sports and leisure assistants Travel agents Travel and tour guides Air travel assistants Rail travel assistants Leisure and travel service occupations n.e.c.
		622		Hairdressers And Related Occupations
			6221 6222	Hairdressers, barbers Beauticians and related occupations
		623		Housekeeping Occupations
			6231 6232	Housekeepers and related occupations Caretakers
		629		Personal Services Occupations n. e. c.
			6291 6292	Undertakers and mortuary assistants Pest control officers

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
7				SALES AND CUSTOMER SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
	71			SALES OCCUPATIONS
		711		Sales Assistants And Retail Cashiers
			7111 7112 7113	Sales and retail assistants Retail cashiers and check-out operators Telephone salespersons
		712		Sales Related Occupations
			7121 7122 7123 7124 7125 7129	Collector salespersons and credit agents Debt, rent and other cash collectors Roundsmen/women and van salespersons Market and street traders and assistants Merchandisers and window dressers Sales related occupations n.e.c.
	72			CUSTOMER SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
		721		Customer Service Occupations
			7211 7212	Call centre agents/operators Customer care occupations

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
8				PROCESS, PLANT AND MACHINE OPERATIVES
	81			PROCESS, PLANT AND MACHINE OPERATIVES
		811		Process Operatives
			8111 8112 8113 8114 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119	Food, drink and tobacco process operatives Glass and ceramics process operatives Textile process operatives Chemical and related process operatives Rubber process operatives Plastics process operatives Metal making and treating process operatives Electroplaters Process operatives n.e.c.
		812		Plant And Machine Operatives
			8121 8122 8123 8124 8125 8126 8129	Paper and wood machine operatives Coal mine operatives Quarry workers and related operatives Energy plant operatives Metal working machine operatives Water and sewerage plant operatives Plant and machine operatives n.e.c.
		813		Assemblers And Routine Operatives
			8131 8132 8133 8134 8135 8136 8137 8138 8139	Assemblers (electrical products) Assemblers (vehicles and metal goods) Routine inspectors and testers Weighers, graders, sorters Tyre, exhaust and windscreen fitters Clothing cutters Sewing machinists Routine laboratory testers Assemblers and routine operatives n.e.c.
		814		Construction Operatives
			8141 8142 8143 8149	Scaffolders, stagers, riggers Road construction operatives Rail construction and maintenance operatives Construction operatives n.e.c.
	82			TRANSPORT AND MOBILE MACHINE DRIVERS AND OPERATIVES
		821		Transport Drivers And Operatives
			8211 8212 8213 8214 8215 8216 8217	Heavy goods vehicle drivers Van drivers Bus and coach drivers Taxi, cab drivers and chauffeurs Driving instructors Rail transport operatives Seafarers (merchant navy); barge, lighter and boat operatives Air transport operatives

	8219	Transport operatives n.e.c.
822		Mobile Machine Drivers And Operatives
	8221 8222	Crane drivers Fork-lift truck drivers
	8223	Agricultural machinery drivers
	8229	Mobile machine drivers and operatives n.e.c.

Major Group	Sub-Major Group	Minor Group	Unit Group	Group Title
9				ELEMENTARY OCCUPATIONS
	91			ELEMENTARY TRADES, PLANT AND STORAGE RELATED OCCUPATIONS
		911		Elementary Agricultural Occupations
			9111 9112 9119	Farm workers Forestry workers Fishing and agriculture related occupations n.e.c.
		912		Elementary Construction Occupations
			9121 9129	Labourers in building and woodworking trades Labourers in other construction trades n.e.c.
		913		Elementary Process Plant Occupations
			9131 9132 9133 9134 9139	Labourers in foundries Industrial cleaning process occupations Printing machine minders and assistants Packers, bottlers, canners, fillers Labourers in process and plant operations n.e.c.
		914		Elementary Goods Storage Occupations
			9141 9149	Stevedores, dockers and slingers Other goods handling and storage occupations n.e.c.
	92			ELEMENTARY ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
		921		Elementary Administration Occupations
			9211 9219	Postal workers, mail sorters, messengers, couriers Elementary office occupations n.e.c.
		922		Elementary Personal Services Occupations
			9221 9222 9223 9224 9225 9226 9229	Hospital porters Hotel porters Kitchen and catering assistants Waiters, Waitresses Bar staff Leisure and theme park attendants Elementary personal services occupations n.e.c.

3.11. International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-88

Available at all waves.

The ISCO-88 has a hierarchical structure, with ten major groups at the top level of aggregation, subdivided into 28 major sub-groups, 116 minor groups, and 390 unit groups. The **BHPS** is coded to the four digit level. Coding has been done using CASOC; the resulting variable is a string variable, unlike SOC coding. For further details, see section on Sampling and Survey Methods or the publication on CASOC referenced there.

Source: International Labour Organisation³

MAJOR, SUB-MAJOR, MINOR AND UNIT GROUP TITLES

MAJOR GROUP 1

LEGISLATORS, SENIOR OFFICIALS AND MANAGERS

- 11 LEGISLATORS AND SENIOR OFFICIALS
- 111 LEGISLATORS
- 1110 Legislators
- 112 SENIOR GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS
- 1120 Senior government officials
- 113 TRADITIONAL CHIEFS AND HEADS OF VILLAGES
- 1130 Traditional chiefs and heads of villages
- 114 SENIOR OFFICIALS OF SPECIAL-INTEREST ORGANISATIONS
- 1141 Senior officials of political-party organisations
- 1142 Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations
- 1143 Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations
- 12 CORPORATE MANAGERS (This group is intended to include persons who as directors, chief executives or department managers manage enterprises or organisations, or departments, requiring a total of three or more managers.)
- 121 DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES
- 1210 Directors and chief executives

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122	PRODUCTION AND OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT MANAGERS
1221	Production and operations department managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing
1222	Production and operations department managers in manufacturing
1223	Production and operations department managers in construction
1224	Production and operations department managers in wholesale and retail trade
1225	Production and operations department managers in restaurants and hotels
1226	Production and operations department managers in transport, storage and communications
1227	Production and operations department managers in business services
1228	Production and operations department managers in personal care, cleaning and related services
1229	Production and operations department managers not elsewhere classified
123	OTHER DEPARTMENT MANAGERS
1231	Finance and administration department managers
1232	Personnel and industrial relations department managers
1233	Sales and marketing department managers
1234	Advertising and public relations department managers
1235	Supply and distribution department managers
1236	Computing services department managers
1237	Research and development department managers
1239	Other department managers not elsewhere classified
13	GENERAL MANAGERS (This group is intended to include persons who manage enterprises, or in some cases organisations, on their own behalf, or on behalf of the proprietor, with some non-managerial help and the assistance of no more than one other manager who should also be classified in this sub- major group as, in most cases, the tasks will be broader than those of a specialised manager in a larger enterprise or organisation. Non-managerial staff should be classified according to their specific tasks.
131	GENERAL MANAGERS
311	General managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry/ and fishing
1312	General managers in manufacturing
1313	General managers in construction
1314	General managers in wholesale and retail trade
1315	General managers of restaurants and hotels

1316	General managers in transport, storage and communications
1317	General managers of business services
1318	General managers in personal care, cleaning and related services
1319	General managers not elsewhere classified
MA IOF	R GROUP 2
	ESSIONALS
21	PHYSICAL, MATHEMATICAL AND ENGINEERING SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS
211	PHYSICISTS, CHEMISTS AND RELATED PROFESSIONALS
2111	Physicists and astronomers
2112	Meteorologists
2113	Chemists
2114	Geologists and geophysicists
040	MATUEMATICIANO OTATIOTICIANO AND DELATED DOCESCIONALO
212	MATHEMATICIANS, STATISTICIANS AND RELATED PROFESSIONALS
2121	Mathematicians and related professionals
2122	Statisticians
213	COMPUTING PROFESSIONALS
2131	Computer systems designers and analysts
2132	Computer programmers
2139	Computing professionals not elsewhere classified
214	ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND RELATED PROFESSIONALS
2141	Architects, town and traffic planners
2142	Civil engineers
2143	Electrical engineers
2144	Electronics and telecommunications engineers
2145	Mechanical engineers
2146	Chemical engineers
2147	Mining engineers, metallurgists and related professionals
2148	Cartographers and surveyors
2149	Architects, engineers and related professionals not elsewhere classified

22	LIFE SCIENCE AND HEALTH PROFESSIONALS
221	LIFE SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS
2211	Biologists, botanists, zoologists and related professionals
2212	Pharmacologists, pathologists and related professionals
2213	Agronomists and related professionals
222	HEALTH PROFESSIONALS (except nursing)
2221	Medical doctors
2222	Dentists
2223	Veterinarians
2224	Pharmacists
2229	Health professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
223	NURSING AND MIDWIFERY PROFESSIONALS
2230	Nursing and midwifery professionals
	Training and mammery professionals
23	TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
231	COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY AND HIGHER EDUCATION TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
2310	College, university and higher education teaching professionals
232	SECONDARY EDUCATION TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
2320	Secondary education teaching professionals
233	PRIMARY AND PRE-PRIMARY EDUCATION TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
2331	Primary education teaching professionals
2332	Pre-primary education teaching professionals
2002	Pre-primary education teaching professionals
234	SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
2340	Special education teaching professionals
235	OTHER TEACHING PROFESSIONALS
2351	Education methods specialists
2352	School inspectors
2359	Other teaching professionals not elsewhere classified

24	OTHER PROFESSIONALS
241	BUSINESS PROFESSIONALS
2411	Accountants
2412	Personnel and careers professionals
2419	Business professionals not elsewhere classified
242	LEGAL PROFESSIONALS
2421	Lawyers
2422	Judges
2429	Legal professionals not elsewhere classified
243	ARCHIVISTS, LIBRARIANS AND RELATED INFORMATION PROFESSIONALS
2431	Archivists and curators
2432	Librarians and related information professionals
244	SOCIAL SCIENCE AND RELATED PROFESSIONALS
2441	Economists
2442	Sociologists, anthropologists and related professionals
2443	Philosophers, historians and political scientists
2444	Philologists, translators and interpreters
2445	Psychologists
2446	Social work professionals
245	WRITERS AND CREATIVE OR PERFORMING ARTISTS
2451	Authors, journalists and other writers
2452	Sculptors, painters and related artists
2453	Composers, musicians and singers
2454	Choreographers and dancers
2455	Film, stage and related actors and directors
246	RELIGIOUS PROFESSIONALS
2460	Religious professionals

MAJOR GROUP 3

TECHNICIANS AND ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS

31	PHYSICAL AND ENGINEERING SCIENCE ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
311	PHYSICAL AND ENGINEERING SCIENCE TECHNICIANS
3111	Chemical and physical science technicians
3112	Civil engineering technicians
3113	Electrical engineering technicians
3114	Electronics and telecommunications engineering technicians
3115	Mechanical engineering technicians
3116	Chemical engineering technicians
3117	Mining and metallurgical technicians
3118	Draughtspersons
3119	Physical and engineering science technicians not elsewhere classified
312	COMPUTER ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3121	Computer assistants
3122	Computer equipment operators
3123	Industrial robot controllers
313	OPTICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT OPERATORS
3131	Photographers and image and sound recording equipment operators
3132	Broadcasting and telecommunications equipment operators
3133	Medical equipment operators
3139	Optical and electronic equipment operators not elsewhere classified
314	SHIP AND AIRCRAFT CONTROLLERS AND TECHNICIANS
3141	Ships' engineers
3142	Ships' deck officers and pilots
3143	Aircraft pilots and related associate professionals
3144	Air traffic controllers
3145	Air traffic safety technicians
315	SAFETY AND QUALITY INSPECTORS

3151	Building and fire inspectors
3152	Safety, health and quality inspectors
32	LIFE SCIENCE AND HEALTH ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
321	LIFE SCIENCE TECHNICIANS AND RELATED ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3211	Life science technicians
3212	Agronomy and forestry technicians
3213	Farming and forestry advisers
322	MODERN HEALTH ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS (except nursing)
3221	Medical assistants
3222	Sanitarians
3223	Dieticians and nutritionists
3224	Optometrists and opticians
3225	Dental assistants
3226	Physiotherapists and related associate professionals
3227	Veterinary assistants
3228	Pharmaceutical assistants
3229	Modern health associate professionals (except nursing) not elsewhere classified
323	NURSING AND MIDWIFERY ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3231	Nursing associate professionals
3232	Midwifery associate professionals
324	TRADITIONAL MEDICINE PRACTITIONERS AND FAITH HEALERS
3241	Traditional medicine practitioners
3242	Faith healers
33	TEACHING ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
331	PRIMARY EDUCATION TEACHING ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3310	Primary education teaching associate professionals
332	PRE-PRIMARY EDUCATION TEACHING ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3320	Pre-primary education teaching associate professionals

333	SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHING ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3330	Special education teaching associate professionals
334	OTHER TEACHING ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3340	Other teaching associate professionals
34	OTHER ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
341	FINANCE AND SALES ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3411	Securities and finance dealers and brokers
3412	Insurance representatives
3413	Estate agents
3414	Travel consultants and organisers
3415	Technical and commercial sales representatives
3416	Buyers
3417	Appraisers, valuers and auctioneers
3419	Finance and sales associate professionals not elsewhere classified
342	BUSINESS SERVICES AGENTS AND TRADE BROKERS
3421	Trade brokers
3422	Clearing and forwarding agents
3423	Employment agents and labour contractors
3429	Business services agents and trade brokers not elsewhere classified
343	ADMINISTRATIVE ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3431	Administrative secretaries and related associate professionals
3432	Legal and related business associate professionals
3433	Bookkeepers
3434	Statistical, mathematical and related associate professionals
3439	Administrative associate professionals not elsewhere classified
344	CUSTOMS, TAX AND RELATED GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3441	Customs and border inspectors
3442	Government tax and excise officials

3443	Government social benefits officials
3444	Government licensing officials
3449	Customs, tax and related government associate professionals not elsewhere classified
345	POLICE INSPECTORS AND DETECTIVES
3450	Police inspectors and detectives
346	SOCIAL WORK ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3460	Social work associate professionals
347	ARTISTIC, ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORTS ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3471	Decorators and commercial designers
3472	Radio, television and other announcers
3473	Street, night-club and related musicians, singers and dancers
3474	Clowns, magicians, acrobats and related associate professionals
3475	Athletes, sportspersons and related associate professionals
348	RELIGIOUS ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS
3480	Religious associate professionals
MAJO	R GROUP 4
CLERI	KS
41	OFFICE CLERKS
411	SECRETARIES AND KEYBOARD-OPERATING CLERKS
4111	Stenographers and typists
4112	Word-processor and related operators
4113	Data entry operators
4114	Calculating-machine operators
4115	Secretaries
412	NUMERICAL CLERKS
4121	Accounting and bookkeeping clerks
4122	Statistical and finance clerks
<i>1</i> 13	MATERIAL-RECORDING AND TRANSPORT CLERKS

4131	Stock clerks
4132	Production clerks
4133	Transport clerks
414	LIBRARY, MAIL AND RELATED CLERKS
4141	Library and filing clerks
4142	Mail carriers and sorting clerks
4143	Coding, proof-reading and related clerks
4144	Scribes and related workers
419	OTHER OFFICE CLERKS
4190	Other office clerks
42	CUSTOMER SERVICES CLERKS
421	CASHIERS, TELLERS AND RELATED CLERKS
4211	Cashiers and ticket clerks
4212	Tellers and other counter clerks
4213	Bookmakers and croupiers
4214	Pawnbrokers and money-lenders
4215	Debt-collectors and related workers
422	CLIENT INFORMATION CLERKS
4221	Travel agency and related clerks
4222	Receptionists and information clerks
4223	Telephone switchboard operators
MAJOI	R GROUP 5
SERVI	CE WORKERS AND SHOP AND MARKET SALES WORKERS
51	PERSONAL AND PROTECTIVE SERVICES WORKERS
511	TRAVEL ATTENDANTS AND RELATED WORKERS
5111	Travel attendants and travel stewards
5112	Transport conductors
5113	Travel guides

512	HOUSEKEEPING AND RESTAURANT SERVICES WORKERS
5121	Housekeepers and related workers
5122	Cooks
5123	Waiters, waitresses and bartenders
513	PERSONAL CARE AND RELATED WORKERS
5131	Child-care workers
5132	Institution-based personal care workers
5133	Home-based personal care workers
5139	Personal care and related workers not elsewhere classified
514	OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES WORKERS
5141	Hairdressers, barbers, beauticians and related workers
5142	Companions and valets
5143	Undertakers and embalmers
5149	Other personal services workers not elsewhere classified
515	ASTROLOGERS, FORTUNE-TELLERS AND RELATED WORKERS
5151	Astrologers and related workers
5152	Fortune-tellers, palmists and related workers
516	PROTECTIVE SERVICES WORKERS
5161	Fire-fighters
5162	Police officers
5163	Prison guards
5169	Protective services workers not elsewhere classified
52	MODELS, SALESPERSONS AND DEMONSTRATORS
521	FASHION AND OTHER MODELS
5210	Fashion and other models
522	SHOP SALESPERSONS AND DEMONSTRATORS
5220	Shop salespersons and demonstrators
523	STALL AND MARKET SALESPERSONS

5230 Stall and market salespersons

MAJOR GROUP 6

SKILLED AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY WORKERS

61	MARKET-ORIENTED SKILLED AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY WORKERS
611	MARKET GARDENERS AND CROP GROWERS
6111	Field crop and vegetable growers
6112	Tree and shrub crop growers
6113	Gardeners, horticultural and nursery growers
6114	Mixed-crop growers
612	MARKET-ORIENTED ANIMAL PRODUCERS AND RELATED WORKERS
6121	Dairy and livestock producers
6122	Poultry producers
6123	Apiarists and sericulturists
6124	Mixed-animal producers
6129	Market-oriented animal producers and related workers not elsewhere classified
613	MARKET-ORIENTED CROP AND ANIMAL PRODUCERS
6130	Market-oriented crop and animal producers
614	FORESTRY AND RELATED WORKERS
6141	Forestry workers and loggers
6142	Charcoal burners and related workers
615	FISHERY WORKERS, HUNTERS AND TRAPPERS
6151	Aquatic-life cultivation workers
6152	Inland and coastal waters fishery/ workers
6153	Deep-sea fishery workers
6154	Hunters and trappers
62	SUBSISTENCE AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY WORKERS
621	SUBSISTENCE AGRICULTURAL AND FISHERY WORKERS
6210	Subsistence agricultural and fishery/ workers

MAJOR GROUP 7

CRAFT AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS

71	EXTRACTION AND BUILDING TRADES WORKERS
711	MINERS, SHOTFIRERS, STONE CUTTERS AND CARVERS
7111	Miners and quarry workers
7112	Shotfirers and blasters
7113	Stone splitters, cutters and carvers
712	BUILDING FRAME AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7121	Builders, traditional materials
7122	Bricklayers and stonemasons
7123	Concrete placers, concrete finishers and related workers
7124	Carpenters and joiners
7129	Building frame and related trades workers not elsewhere classified
713	BUILDING FINISHERS AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7131	Roofers
7132	Floor layers and tile setters
7133	Plasterers
7134	Insulation workers
7135	Glaziers
7136	Plumbers and pipe fitters
7137	Building and related electricians
714	PAINTERS, BUILDING STRUCTURE CLEANERS AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7141	Painters and related workers
7142	Varnishers and related painters
7143	Building structure cleaners
72	METAL, MACHINERY AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
721	METAL MOULDERS, WELDERS, SHEET-METAL WORKERS, STRUCTURAL-METAL PREPARERS, AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7211	Metal moulders and coremakers

7212	Welders and flamecutters
7213	Sheet metal workers
7214	Structural-metal preparers and erectors
7215	Riggers and cable splicers
7216	Underwater workers
722	BLACKSMITHS, TOOL-MAKERS AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7221	Blacksmiths, hammer-smiths and forging-press workers
7222	Tool-makers and related workers
7223	Machine-tool setters and setter-operators
7224	Metal wheel-grinders, polishers and tool sharpeners
723	MACHINERY MECHANICS AND FITTERS
7231	Motor vehicle mechanics and fitters
7232	Aircraft engine mechanics and fitters
7233	Agricultural- or industrial-machinery mechanics and fitters
724	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT MECHANICS AND FITTERS
7241	Electrical mechanics and fitters
7242	Electronics fitters
7243	Electronics mechanics and servicers
7244	Telegraph and telephone installers and servicers
7245	Electrical line installers, repairers and cable jointers
73	PRECISION, HANDICRAFT, PRINTING AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
731	PRECISION WORKERS IN METAL AND RELATED MATERIALS
7311	Precision-instrument makers and repairers
7312	Musical instrument makers and tuners
7313	Jewellery and precious-metal workers
732	POTTERS, GLASS-MAKERS AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7321	Abrasive wheel formers, potters and related workers
7322	Glass makers, cutters, grinders and finishers

7323	Glass engravers and etchers
7324	Glass, ceramics and related decorative painters
733	HANDICRAFT WORKERS IN WOOD, TEXTILE, LEATHER AND RELATED MATERIALS
7331	Handicraft workers in wood and related materials
7332	Handicraft workers in textile, leather and related materials
734	PRINTING AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7341	Compositors, typesetters and related workers
7342	Stereotypers and electrotypers
7343	Printing engravers and etchers
7344	Photographic and related workers
7345	Bookbinders and related workers
7346	Silk-screen, block and textile printers
74	OTHER CRAFT AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
741	FOOD PROCESSING AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7411	Butchers, fishmongers and related food preparers
7412	Bakers, pastry-cooks and confectionery makers
7413	Dairy-products makers
7414	Fruit, vegetable and related preservers
7415	Food and beverage tasters and graders
7416	Tobacco preparers and tobacco products makers
742	WOOD TREATERS, CABINET-MAKERS AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7421	Wood treaters
7422	Cabinet makers and related workers
7423	Woodworking machine setters and setter-operators
7424	Basketry weavers, brush makers and related workers
743	TEXTILE, GARMENT AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS
7431	Fibre preparers
7432	Weavers, knitters and related workers
7433	Tailors, dressmakers and hatters

7434	Furriers and related workers
7435	Textile, leather and related pattern-makers and cutters
7436	Sewers, embroiderers and related workers
7437	Upholsterers and related workers
744	PELT, LEATHER AND SHOEMAKING TRADES WORKERS
7441	Pelt dressers, tanners and fellmongers
7442	Shoe-makers and related workers
MAJOR	GROUP 8
PLANT	AND MACHINE OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLERS
81	STATIONARY-PLANT AND RELATED OPERATORS
811	MINING- AND MINERAL-PROCESSING PLANT OPERATORS
8111	Mining-plant operators
8112	Mineral-ore- and stone-processing-plan operators
8113	Well drillers and borers and related workers
812	METAL-PROCESSING-PLANT OPERATORS
8121	Ore and metal furnace operators
8122	Metal melters, casters and rolling-mill operators
8123	Metal-heat-treating-plant operators
8124	Metal drawers and extruders
813	GLASS, CERAMICS AND RELATED PLANT OPERATORS
8131	Glass and ceramics kiln and related machine operators
8139	Glass, ceramics and related plant operators not elsewhere classified
814	WOOD-PROCESSING- AND PAPERMAKING-PLANT OPERATORS
8141	Wood-processing-plant operators
8142	Paper-pulp plant operators
8143	Papermaking-plant operators
815	CHEMICAL-PROCESSING-PLANT OPERATORS
8151	Crushing-, grinding- and chemical-mixing machinery operators

8152	Chemical-heat-treating-plant operators
8153	Chemical-filtering- and separating-equipment operators
8154	Chemical-still and reactor operators (except petroleum and natural gas)
8155	Petroleum- and natural-gas-refining-plant operators
8159	Chemical-processing-plant operators not elsewhere classified
816	POWER-PRODUCTION AND RELATED PLANT OPERATORS
8161	Power-production plant operators
8162	Steam-engine and boiler operators
8163	Incinerator, water-treatment and related plant operators
817	AUTOMATED-ASSEMBLY-LINE AND INDUSTRIAL-ROBOT OPERATORS
8171	Automated-assembly-line operators
8172	Industrial-robot operators
82	MACHINE OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLERS
821	METAL- AND MINERAL-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8211	Machine-tool operators
8212	Cement and other mineral products machine operators
822	CHEMICAL-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8221	Pharmaceutical- and toiletry-products machine operators
8222	Ammunition- and explosive-products machine operators
8223	Metal finishing-, plating- and coating-machine operators
8224	Photographic-products machine operators
8229	Chemical-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
823	RUBBER- AND PLASTIC-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8231	Rubber-products machine operators
8232	Plastic-products machine operators
824	WOOD-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8240	Wood-products machine operators

825	PRINTING-, BINDING- AND PAPER-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8251	Printing-machine operators
8252	Bookbinding-machine operators
8253	Paper-products machine operators
826	TEXTILE-, FUR- AND LEATHER-PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8261	Fibre-preparing-, spinning- and winding machine operators
8262	Weaving- and knitting-machine operators
8263	
	Sewing machine operators
8264	Bleaching-, dyeing- and cleaning-machine operators
8265	Fur and leather-preparing-machine operators
8266	Shoemaking- and related machine operators
8269	Textile-, fur- and leather-products machine operators not elsewhere classified
827	FOOD AND RELATED PRODUCTS MACHINE OPERATORS
8271	Meat- and fish-processing-machine operators
8272	Dairy-products machine operators
8273	Grain- and spice-milling-machine operators
8274	Baked-goods, cereal and chocolate-products machine operators
8275	Fruit-, vegetable- and nut-processing-machine operators
8276	Sugar production machine operators
8277	Tea-, coffee-, and cocoa-processing-machine operators
8278	Brewers-, wine and other beverage machine operators
8279	Tobacco production machine operators
828	ASSEMBLERS
8281	Mechanical-machinery assemblers
8282	Electrical-equipment assemblers
8283	Electronic-equipment assemblers
8284	Metal-, rubber- and plastic-products assemblers
8285	Wood and related products assemblers
8286	Panarhoard taytile and related products assemblers

829	OTHER MACHINE OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLERS
8290	Other machine operators and assemblers
83	DRIVERS AND MOBILE-PLANT OPERATORS
831	LOCOMOTIVE-ENGINE DRIVERS AND RELATED WORKERS
8311	Locomotive-engine drivers
8312	Railway brakers, signallers and shunters
832	MOTOR-VEHICLE DRIVERS
8321	Motor-cycle drivers
8322	Car, taxi and van drivers
8323	Bus and tram drivers
8324	Heavy truck and lorry drivers
833	AGRICULTURAL AND OTHER MOBILE-PLANT OPERATORS
8331	Motorised farm and forestry plant operators
8332	Earth-moving- and related plant operators
8333	Crane, hoist and related plant operators
8334	Lifting-truck operators
834	SHIPS' DECK CREWS AND RELATED WORKERS
8340	Ships' deck crews and related workers
MAJOR	GROUP 9
ELEME	NTARY OCCUPATIONS
91	SALES AND SERVICES ELEMENTARY OCCUPATIONS
911	STREET VENDORS AND RELATED WORKERS
9111	Street food vendors
9112	Street vendors, non-food products
9113	Door-to-door and telephone salespersons
912	SHOE CLEANING AND OTHER STREET SERVICES ELEMENTARY OCCUPATIONS
9120	Shoe cleaning and other street services elementary occupations
913	DOMESTIC AND RELATED HELPERS. CLEANERS AND LAUNDERERS

9131	Domestic helpers and cleaners
9132	Helpers and cleaners in offices, hotels and other establishments
9133	Hand-launderers and pressers
914	BUILDING CARETAKERS, WINDOW AND RELATED CLEANERS
9141	Building caretakers
9142	Vehicle, window and related cleaners
915	MESSENGERS, PORTERS, DOORKEEPERS AND RELATED WORKERS
9151	Messengers, package and luggage porters and deliverers
9152	Doorkeepers, watchpersons and related workers
9153	Vending-machine money collectors, meter readers and related workers
916	GARBAGE COLLECTORS AND RELATED LABOURERS
9161	Garbage collectors
9162	Sweepers and related labourers
92	AGRICULTURAL, FISHERY AND RELATED LABOURERS
921	AGRICULTURAL, FISHERY AND RELATED LABOURERS
9211	Farm-hands and labourers
9212	Forestry labourers
9213	Fishery, hunting and trapping labourers
93	LABOURERS IN MINING, CONSTRUCTION, MANUFACTURING AND TRANSPORT
931	MINING AND CONSTRUCTION LABOURERS
9311	Mining and quarrying labourers
9312	Construction and maintenance labourers: roads, dams and similar constructions
9313	Building construction labourers
932	MANUFACTURING LABOURERS
9321	Assembling labourers
9322	Hand packers and other manufacturing labourers
033	TRANSPORT LAROURERS AND FREIGHT HANDLERS

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9331 Hand or pedal vehicle drivers

9332 Drivers of animal-drawn vehicles and machinery

9333 Freight handlers

MAJOR GROUP 0

ARMED FORCES

01 ARMED FORCES

011 ARMED FORCES

0110 Armed forces

3.12. National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC)

Table 2

Analytic Classes	Operati	ional Categories and Sub-Categories
1.1	L1 L2	Employers in large organisations Higher managerial occupations
1.2	L3	Higher professional occupations L3.1 'Traditional' employees L3.2 'New' employees L3.3 'Traditional' self-employed L3.4 'New' self-employed
2	L4	Lower professional and higher technical occupations L4.1 'Traditional' employees L4.2 'New' employees L4.3 'Traditional' self-employed L4.4 'New' self-employed
	L5	Lower managerial occupations
	L6	Higher supervisory occupations
3	L7	Intermediate occupations L7.1 Intermediate clerical and administrative L7.2 Intermediate sales and service L7.3 Intermediate technical and auxiliary L7.4 Intermediate engineering
4	L8	Employers in small organisations L8.1 Employers in small organisations (non-professional) L8.2 Employers in small organisations (agriculture)
	L9	Own account workers L9.1 Own account workers (non-professional) L9.2 Own account workers in (agriculture)
5	L10	Lower supervisory occupations
	L11	Lower technical occupations L11.1 Lower technical craft L11.2 Lower technical process operative
6	L12	Semi-routine occupations L12.1 Semi-routine sales L12.2 Semi-routine service L12.3 Semi-routine technical L12.4 Semi-routine operative L12.5 Semi-routine agricultural L12.6 Semi-routine clerical L12.7 Semi-routine childcare
7	L13	Routine occupations L13.1 Routine sales and service L13.2 Routine production L13.3 Routine technical L13.4 Routine operative L13.5 Routine agricultural

8	L14	Never worked and long-term unemployed L14.1 Never worked L14.2 Long-term unemployed
*	L15	Full-time Students
*	L16	Occupations not stated or inadequately described
*	L17	Not classifiable for other reasons

For complete coverage, catergories L15, L16 and L17 are added as 'Not Classified'. The composition of 'Not Classified' will be dependent on the data source.

3.13. Advantages / Disadvantages to Living as a Couple

3.13.1 Advantages to living as a couple (wCOHADV1 and wCOHADV2) First Occurrence W8

- O1 Trial marriage inc. get to know each other/try out compatibility before marriage/ before commitment of marriage and/or kids/less risk of divorce in future
- No legal ties inc. easier to split up/separate if doesn't work out/simpler/safer than marriage/can walk away/ less responsibility/ informal rather than formal relationship
- Improves relationship inc. makes you work harder at relationship/don't take partner for granted/ more respect/ get on better/ less arguments
- O4 Bad experience marriage inc. previously married so prefers cohabitation this time/ marriage changes people/ seen bad marriages
- O5 Personal independence inc.no commitment/ personal freedom/ not ready for marriage/ keep own privacy
- 06 Financial inc. tax advantages/ no expense of wedding or divorce
- 07 Companionship inc. someone to share things with
- O8 Prefer cohabitation (n.e.s) inc. convenience
- 96 Other (n.e.s)
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused
- 00 Nothing written (blank)

3.13.2 Disadvantages of living as a couple (wCOHDIS1 and wCOHDIS2) First Occurrence W8

- 01 Lack of financial security inc. tax/pensions/benefit system favours marrieds/no discounts/no equal rights with marrieds
- No legal status inc. difficult to split-up/ no automatic inheritance if partner dies/ division of assets difficult
- Hard on children inc. affects children
- Uncommitted relationship inc. lack of security/no recognition of lasting relationship for life/marriage would be better
- 05 Social stigma inc. embarrassment/ awkward social situations/ surname problems
- 96 Other (n.e.s)
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused
- 00 Nothing written (blank)

3.14. Reasons not to go onto Further Education

What are the main reasons you might not go on to further full-time education? (wFEDNT1 and wFEDNT2)

First Occurrence W12

Refused

01	School level qualifications enough/all that is needed
02	Decided on specific career/job/apprenticeship/other training
03	Wants to work/get a job/earn money
04	Cost of education/too expensive/financial reasons/don't want debt
05	Depends on grades/may fail exams
06	Not academic enough/work too hard/no concentration
07	Just don't want to/Can't be bothered
80	Want to travel
09	Undecided/unsure at the moment
10	Other
97	Blank
98	Don't know

3.15. Why Financial Situation Changed

Why Financial Situation Changed (wFISITY)

First Occurrence W3

96

98

99

Other

Don't know

Refused

Reasons better/worse off.

01	Earned income has increased (more pay, new/better job)
02	Benefits have increased (include pensions/child benefit)
03	Investment/asset income increased (higher interest rates/profit on selling shares/property)
04	Less expenses; spending reduced (lower bills, taxes, mortgages etc) prices fallen
05	Had 'windfall' payment eg. inheritance, gifts, redundancy payments.
11	Earned income decreased (lost job, pay reduced, less hours)
12	Benefits reduced/stopped
13	Investment/asset income decreased (lower interest rates/losses on selling
	shares/property)
14	More expenses; spending increased; cost of living up/inflation (higher bills, taxes,
	mortgages etc) prices higher.
15	Unexpected/'one-off' expenditure eg. wedding, moved house.
21	Combination of income down and expenses down
22	Combination of income up and expenses up/inflation
23	Combination of benefits down and expenses up
24	Combination of benefits up and expenses up/inflation
25	Savings down but standard of living the same
26	Good management, thrift
27	No change in income/benefits/expenses (not elsewhere specified)
31	Other reasons for being better off (not elsewhere specified)
32	Other reasons for being worse off (not elsewhere specified)
33	Other reasons neither better nor worse off (not elsewhere specified)

3.16. Purpose of Saving

Purpose of Savings (wSAVEY1 and wSAVEY2)

First Occurrence W3

01	Holidays
02	Old age/retirement specifically mentioned (include pension schemes/plans
03	Car
04	Child(ren) (include children's education, and if buying shares to invest in children's education)
05	Housing/property purchase inc. land purchase
06	Home improvements
07	Household bills (eg TV license, etc.; also include motor maintenance such as car/bike insurance, tax, servicing)
80	Special events (eg weddings, burials, Christmas)
09	No particular reason specified (eg just saving for a rainy day, to be safe, emergencies, just in case)
10	Shares schemes
11	Own education
12	Grandchild
96	Other (include shares not elsewhere specified)
98	Don't know
99	Refused / Not available

Appendix 3.17. Counties and Unitary Authorities

Coding frame for wLADUA found in Record Types wHHSAMP from Wave 9 onwards reflects the Boundary Commission changes introduced during the 1990's.

Please note that this is a string or alphanumeric variable

AA City of London AB Barking & Dagenham AC Barnet ΑD Bexley ΑE **Brent** ΑF **Bromley** AG Camden Croydon AΗ ΑJ Ealing ΑK Enfield AL Greenwich

Hackney Hammersmith & Fulham ΑN

AΡ Haringey AQ Harrow Havering AR AS Hillingdon Hounslow ΑT ΑU Islinaton

AM

AW Kensington & Chelsea AX Kingston upon Thames

ΑY Lambeth ΑZ Lewisham BA Merton BB Newham Redbridge BC

Richmond upon Thames BD

Southwark ΒE BF Sutton BG **Tower Hamlets**

ВН Waltham Forest Wandsworth BJ Westminster BK BL Bolton ВМ Bury Manchester ΒN ΒP Oldham BQ Rochdale BR Salford BS Stockport ВТ Tameside BU Trafford BW Wigan Knowsley BX ΒY Liverpool St. Helens ΒZ CA Sefton CB Wirral CC Barnsley CE Doncaster CF Rotherham

CJ Newcastle upon Tyne

Sheffield

Gateshead

CG

СН

CK North Tyneside CL South Tyneside CM Sunderland CN Birmingham CQ Coventry CR Dudley CS Sandwell CT Solihull CU Walsall

CW Wolverhampton
CX Bradford
CY Calderdale
CZ Kirklees
DA Leeds
DB Wakefield

HA Bath & NE Somerset EX Blackburn w Darwen

EY Blackpool
HN Bournemouth
MA Bracknell Forest
ML Brighton & Hove
HB City of Bristol
EH Darlington
FK Derby

FB E Riding - Yorkshire

ET Halton EB Hartlepool

GA Herefordshire County

MW Isle of Wight FA Kingston upon Hull

FΝ Leicester KΑ Luton LC Medway EC Middlesbrough MG Milton Keynes NE Lincolnshire FC FD North Lincolnshire HC North Somerset FΥ Nottingham JΑ Peterborough HG **Plymouth** HP Poole MR Portsmouth MC Reading

EE Redcar & Cleveland

FΡ Rutland Slough MD Southampton MS Southend-on-Sea KF HDS Gloucestershire EF Stockton-on-Tees GL Stoke-on-Trent GF Telford & Wrekin

HX Swindon
KG Thurrock
HH Torbay
EU Warrington
MB West Berkshire

ME Windsor & Maidenhead

MF Wokingham

FF York

NA Isle of Anglesey

PL Blaenau Gwent
PB Bridgend
NC Gwynedd
PK Caerphilly
PT Cardiff

NU Carmarthenshire NQ Ceredigion NΕ Conwy Denbighshire NG NJ Flintshire PΗ Merthyr Tydfil Monmouthshire PP NΖ Neath Port Talbot

PR Newport NS Pembrokeshire

NN Powys

PF Rhondda, Cynon, Taff

NX Swansea

PD Vale of Glamorgan

PM Torfaen
NL Wrexham
QA Aberdeen City
QB Aberdeenshire

QC Angus QD Argyll & Bute

QE The Scottish Borders
QF Clackmannanshire
QG West Dunbartonshire
QH Dumfries & Galloway

QJ Dundee City QK East Ayrshire

QL East Dunbartonshire

QM East Lothian
QN East Renfrewshire
QP City of Edinburgh

QQ Falkirk QR Fife

QS Glasgow City
QT Highland
QU Inverclyde
QW Midlothian
QX Moray

QY North Ayrshire QΖ North Lanarkshire Orkney Islands RA Perth & Kinross RΒ Renfrewshire RC Shetland Islands RDRE South Ayrshire RFSouth Lanarkshire

RG Stirling
RH West Lothian
RJ Eilean Siar
09 Bedfordshire
11 Buckinghamshire
12 Cambridgeshire
13 Cheshire

15 Cornwall & Scilly Isles

16 Cumbria17 Derbyshire18 Devon19 Dorset

20	Durham
21	East Sussex
22	Essex
23	Gloucestershire
24	Hampshire
26	Hertfordshire
29	Kent
30	Lancashire
31	Leicestershire
32	Lincolnshire
33	Norfolk
34	Northamptonshire
35	Northumberland
36	North Yorkshire
37	Nottinghamshire
38	Oxfordshire
39	Shropshire
40	Somerset
41	Staffordshire
42	Suffolk
43	Surrey
44	Warwickshire
45	West Sussex
46	Wiltshire
47	Worcestershire

3.18. To Whom External Payments Made

To Whom Payments Made (wFTEXA; wFTEXB wFTEXAC)

First Occurrence W1

CODE PERSONS 1 - 3

01	Parent(s) (if both mentioned eg 'Mum and Dad' code once only)
02	Child (inc step/adopted)
03	Current (separated) spouse
04	Ex-spouse
05	Parents-in-law
06	Other relative
07	Other individual
80	Organisation (but code maintenance payments or alimony paid into court or to
	DSS/CSA as 2 - 4 above as apply)
	△

96 Other

3.19. The Verbatim Coded Final Question (Individual Questionnaire)

From Wave Two onwards, an open ended question was placed as the final question on the individual questionnaire. To date, there have been five different questions used at varying intervals. These are detailed in the coding frames which follow. All of these verbatim questions are coded at the Essex Institute.

Important Events

The first of these questions asked people to state in their own words what "has happened to you (or your family) which has stood out as important". Answers were recorded verbatim. Verbatim responses can not be made available for public release, because of confidentiality concerns. However, a numeric code was developed to capture the full range of events mentioned. Up to four events are coded for each response. Along with the events mentioned, code 97 has been retained for "nothing happened". This is sometimes a substantive response as people indicate that little of consequence occurred, although in the vast majority of cases, the answer is probably the equivalent of "don't know" (code -1). Missing data is assigned -9.

As would be expected, people's answers include not only events that happened to them personally but also events that happened to other family members or friends. Each event is therefore assigned a "subject code," with 20 being used if no subject is specified. The pertinent "subject code" where ambiguous is indicated by the event frame (e.g. code 40 pregnancy / birth indicates the subject is the parent). The subject code frame includes mentions of pets (code 18). For further details, see chapter 11 in Buck et al (1994).

For this question, coding was done at the Essex Institute, using specially trained coders. An intercoder reliability check was carried out on 10% of the sample. For Wave Two, inter-coder reliability was 97% for subject mentions, over 90% for the specific category of events, 90% and 95% for the 12 major categories (health, caring, education, employment, leisure / political, non-familial, family, financial, consumption, residential move, crime and religion).

3.19.1 Would you please tell me anything that has happened to you (or your family) which has stood out as important? This might be things you've done, or things that have been of interest or concern. Just whatever comes to mind as important to you. (MENTIONS: wEVENT1 - wEVENT4; SUBJECTS: wEVENT1S - wEVENT4S

First Occurrence W2

HEALTH MENTIONS

- 01 Ill Health / Concern about Health
- 02 Hospitalisation / Operation
- 03 Accident (Involving Injury)
- 04 Health Tests (Positive & Negative)
- 05 Loss of Mobility / House-Bound
- 06 Recovery / Continuing Good Health
- 09 Health (nec)

CARING

- 10 Caring Responsibilities Not Childcare (i.e. Who is Cared For?)
- 11 Babysitting (ie Who is the Sitter?)

EDUCATION

- 12 Starting / In School
- 13 Leaving School
- 14 Starting / In Further Education (inc. Sixth Form)
- 15 Leaving Further Education

- 16 Studying For / Passing Educational / Vocational Qualifications / Acquiring Skills Training (nec)
- 17 Travel Related to Study
- 19 Education (nec)

EMPLOYMENT

- 20 Change of Job (inc. Hours, Status) / Starting Own Business
- 21 Planned / Possible Change of Job
- 22 Getting Job (Following Economic Inactivity)
- 23 Work-related Training (inc. Apprenticeship / HGV Licence / Work Experience)
- 24 Redundancy / Unemployment (Threat of or Actual)
- 25 Retirement
- 26 Travel Related to Work (Who Travels?)
- 27 Work-related Problems (Recession and / or Personal Whose Job?)
- 29 Jobs / Careers (nec)

LEISURE / POLITICAL

- 30 Vacation / Travel (nec)
- 31 Leisure Activities
- 32 Learning to Drive / Passing Test (not HGV)
- 33 Political Participation / Voluntary Work (inc Committee Work)
- Reference to National / World Events (who is Concerned by Event?)

NON-FAMILIAL RELATIONSHIPS

- 35 Began Friendship (including Girl / Boy Friend)
- 36 End Friendship (including Girl / Boy Friend)
- 37 Spending Time with / Visiting Friends (Coded as Holiday as Appropriate)
- 38 Problems with Neighbours (Who Has the Problem?)
- 39 Non-Family Relationship (nec)

FAMILY EVENTS

- 40 Pregnancy / Birth (Identity of Parent?)
- 41 Cohabitation
- 42 Engagements / Weddings
- 43 Separation / Divorce / End of Cohabitation
- 44 Leaving Parental Home
- 45 Death (Who Died?)
- 46 Wedding Anniversaries
- 47 Birthday Celebrations
- 48 Becoming Godparent
- 50 Spending Time / Visits with Relatives (Not Within Household)
- 51 Day-to-day Family Life
- 52 Family Problems (Person Causing Problems?)
- Domestic Incident (eg Fire / Burst Pipes, etc)
- Pets / Animals (Pet Coded)
- 59 Family Event / Family Reference (nec)

FINANCIAL MATTERS

- Money Problems / Drop in Income / Debt
- 61 Forced Move (Repossession / Eviction (Residential Move Not Included)
- 62 Improved Financial Situation
- Received Money (Inheritance / Compensation / Pools)
- 69 Financial Other (nec)

CONSUMPTION

- 70 Bought / Buying Vehicle (Car, Caravan, etc)
- 71 Bought / Buying / Building House

- 72 Household Repairs / Improvements / Appliances
- 73 Won Prize (Not Cash) / Award
- 74 Received Present (from whom ?)
- 79 Other Purchases (nec)

RESIDENTIAL MOVE

- 80 Moved In Past Year
- 81 Future Intention to Move
- 82 Move into Residential Home (Nursing / Retirement, etc)
- 83 Move into Respondent's Household (Who is Moving In?)

CRIME

- 90 Victim of Crime (Burglary, etc)
- 91 Committed Crime / In Trouble with Police

RELIGION

- 92 Joined / Changed Religion
- 93 Other Religious Reference (Not Confirmation / Baptism of Children)
- 94 Plan Not Fulfilled/ Something That Didn't Happen (eg Didn't Have a Holiday)
- 95 Civil Court Action / Battles with Bureaucracy
- Other Occurrence (nec) given low priority
- 97 Nothing Happened
- -1 Don't Know
- -9 Missing

SUBJECT OF EVENT TOPIC

- 00 Not Mentioned
- 01 'We'/ Household
- 02 Self (Explicit or Inferred or No Pronoun)
- 03 Spouse /Partner
- 04 Daughter(s)
- 05 Son(s)
- 06 Child(ren) (nec)
- 07 Son / Daughter in-law
- 08 Mother
- 09 Father
- 10 Parents (both or not specified)
- 11 Parent(s) in-law
- 12 Siblings (sister / brother)
- 13 Sister-in-law / Brother-in-law
- 14 Grandparent(s)
- 15 Grandchild(ren)
- 16 Other Family Members / Family Members Unspecified
- 17 Friend / Colleague / Neighbour / Employer
- 18 Other
- 19 Pet
- 20 Not Specified

Child faces different world today

3.19.2 Do you think children born today will face a very different world than you did when you were growing up? CODE UP TO FOUR MENTIONS (wDFWLD1; wDFWLD2; wDFWLD3; wDFWLD4

First Occurrence W6

OPTIMISTIC / POSITIVE TONE

Individual Level

- 01. More leisure, less work/ more free time
- 02. Increased freedom for the individual, freedom of speech, sexual freedom, etc.
- 03. More opportunities, e.g. travel

Societal Level

- 11. Technological improvements beyond household. Emphasis on excitement, progress, advantages generally. Include mention of computers, space exploration and the like. Science, scientific advancements/contributions (see also 13)
- 12. Technological improvements: life will be easier or better or more convenient. (Include mention of technology here if it is given as emphasis or convenience (and there is no elaboration or examples that place it in 11 above)
- 13. Medical and health improvements. Emphasis on life being healthier, people living longer, etc. New medical drugs, new medical procedures.
- 14. Improvement in education. Children/people will be smarter, will know/learn more. Education better, more widely available/more educational opportunities
- 15 .More jobs. Working conditions easier
- 16. More (economic) opportunities. People will have more money
- 17. Political Improvements.

Global Level

- 21. Peace/absence of war.
- 22. Improved Environmental awareness.
- 29. Other positive.

PESSIMISTIC / NEGATIVE TONE

Individual Level

- 31. Kids grow up too fast. E.g. Kids into sex, drugs etc. at a much earlier age. Kids are more sophisticated worldly wise; peer pressure.
- 32. Lack of discipline: Disrespect. Loss of respect for adults, for older people, for parents, for authority, for law, for others.
- 33. Too Individualistic. Lack of close relatives; anonymity. People don't think of others, just of themselves. (if emphasis on lack of community code 45)
- 34. Too Materialistic. Money all important; Too much money; Too much emphasis on consumption pressure to buy designer fashions
- 35. Life 'too cushy', have higher expectations. Want immediate gratification (see also 34)
- 36. More pressure. Too competitive; More complicated (technically or economically). Include need more education in order too compete; education more demanding.

Family/Household Level

- 38. Family breakdown. Increase in divorce, loss of family values; breakdown in extended family
- 39. Parents working/absent from home. mothers not at home, etc.

Societal Level

- 40. Media influence. Exerts strong influence, has negative consequences (if specific consequence is increased crime/drugs/sex code 42/43/44 also)
- 41. Less safe society. (code 42 if crime mentioned) violence more accepted/kids have to be restricted can't play out because of danger
- 42. Increased crime; fear of crime.
- 43. Increased drugs, alcohol.(if emphasis is on children's early exposure code 31, also)

- 44. Increased sex, promiscuity, pornography. (if emphasis is on children's early exposure code 31, also)
- 45. Moral Breakdown general; loss of religion.
- 46. Loss of Community (if emphasis on too individualistic code 33)
- 47. Increased Unemployment. job insecurity; fewer jobs/ more unemployment (see also code 52)
- 48. Other economic. E.g. huge deficit; incomes lower, prices too high; economy worse widening gap between have/have-nots; housing market collapse
- 49. Decline in Welfare state.
- 50. Decline in Education. Poor quality of education, decline in standards. Less availability (excl. due to cost, code 48); cuts in grants/loans
- 51. Increased Health Risks. E.g. AIDS, Bird Flu
- 52. Technological Change with bad consequences. e.g. 'with calculators people become less self-reliant'
- 53. Political Problems. Government not doing its job; dominance by Brussels

Global Level

- 60. Urbanisation loss of countryside.
- 61. Environmental Problems.
- 62. War/ Conflicts. Threat of war/nuclear weapons
- 77. Life will be harder LOW PRIORITY. Not codable elsewhere
- 79. Other negative.

NEUTRAL, MIXED, UNCLEAR IN VALENCE

i.e. objective statement that has no indication of whether R feels positively or negatively about change

- 81. Technological Change. No clear evaluation of change
- 82. Life has a faster pace. No clear evaluation
- 83. Neutral-individual level.
- 84. Neutral family/household level.
- 85. Neutral-societal level.
- 86. Neutral-global level.
- 89. Other neutral, mixed.
- 99. Not codable/Missing (FIRST MENTION ONLY)

Quality of life

3.19.3 Would you take a moment to think about what 'quality of life' means to you, and tell me what things you consider are important for your own quality of life? ((wQUALLIF1, wQUALLIF2, wQUALLIF3, wQUALLIF4)

First Occurrence W7

The two responses are coded together, with up to four mentions coded. Often the second response elaborates the first and makes clear under what category the response belongs. Most answers are positive but the few that are negative need to be distinguished by using the 70s codes.

POSITIVE MENTIONS

Personal characteristics

- 01 good health / mobility / living & breathing / personal welfare
- 02 freedom / independence
- 03 happiness / peace of mind / security
- o4 safety; lack of fear (see also 54 below)
- 05 time for self / not too overworked / life in balance / sleep / no stress
- Other personal characteristics (not elsewhere specified) / love / sense of humour / personal cleanliness

Material characteristics

- 11 finances / money / standard of living
- 12 consumption / shopping / getting new things
- home comforts / roof over head / regular meals / domestic hygiene
- 14 employment / job satisfaction
- 15 car transport
- 16 education (own / children's / standards of system in general)
- 19 Other material benefits (not elsewhere codable)

Leisure and pleasure activities

- 21 food cooking (if stress on having enough food-code as 12 above) / having a drink
- 22 music / radio / theatre
- 23 sports
- 24 walking / exercise
- 25 TV
- 26 gardening / nature in general
- 27 reading / writing / painting
- travel incl. holidays abroad / getting out and about (going places generally)
- 29 Other leisure/pleasure activities (not elsewhere codable) / exercising

Spiritual/Moral/Community Aspects

- 31 religion
- 32 treating others well/ equality/ tolerance
- 33 helping others/voluntary work/community participation
- 34 political activities
- 39 other spiritual / moral / community aspects / law & order

Other People (includes pets)

- 41 children and grandchildren
- 42 partner / marriage
- Other family members/family in general
- 44 neighbours
- 45 friends/friendship

- 46 pets
- 49 Other relationships (not elsewhere codable) / A relationship

Aspects of Locality and Environment

- 51 good recreational facilities
- 52 neighbourhood specific rural / urban benefits
- 53 neighbourhood general mention / likes area or neighbourhood
- environment lack of pollution / general mention of environment
- 55 crime lack of ; safe area
- 56 climate/weather
- 59 Other local / environment mentions (not elsewhere codable) / news & current affairs
- Other Positive Mentions (not elsewhere codable)

NEGATIVE MENTIONS: (this could be by implication i.e. need more/better....)

- 70 need better personal characteristics less worry; better health; more happiness
- 71 need better material characteristics more money, better job etc.
- 72 more leisure recreation
- 73 more morality/ spiritual /community spirit
- 74 better relationships
- improvements in locality/environment e.g. less crime; less crowds etc.
- 77 Other Negative Mentions (not elsewhere codable) / need more time
- 97 Other (not clear whether positive or negative use as last code after positive codes)
- Don't know (use only if nothing else is mentioned)
- 99 Missing

Attitudes to local neighbourhood

3.19.4 What makes your neighbourhood a good/bad place to live? (wNEIGH1, wNEIGH2, wNEIGH3, wNEIGH4, wNEIGH5, wNEIGH6)

First Occurrence W8

Positive Responses

Family, friends, neighbours, people

- O1 People friendly/ people in area generally friendly/helpful/ approachable/ nice people / decent people/ shopkeepers friendly/ no yobbos
- Neighbours friendly/ helpful/ good neighbours
- 03 Family/ some/all extended family live in area
- 04 Friends live in area/ children have friends in area/ good social life
- O5 <u>Privacy</u>/ people keep themselves to themselves/ respect privacy/ don't interfere/ live and let live/ left to own devices
- O6 Community/ people know each other/ community spirit/ people trust each other/ people help each other/ do odd jobs for each other/ village life
- 07 Racial diversity/ like multi-cultural aspect of area/ no racial discrimination
- 08 Kids well behaved/ no problems with youngsters, children, teenagers
- 09 Mixture of types of people/ different classes, ages, occupations etc./cosmopolitan
- 10 White area
- 11 <u>Long-standing connection to area</u>/ childhood area/ brought up in area as child/lived in area whole life/ know area well

Local facilities and services/ access to facilities

- 12 <u>Good public transport</u>/ near to, easy access to public transport/ convenient for bus, train etc.
- 13 Good shopping facilities/ near to, easy access to shopping/ convenient for shops/ post office
- 14 <u>Entertainment/</u> plenty of/ good/ interesting restaurants, cafes cinemas, clubs, pubs, bingo/ can go out to eat, drink locally
- Leisure facilities/ not too far from/ plenty of/ good/ sporting /leisure facilities (inc. libraries) / leisure centres/swimming pools/ ice rink/ tennis/ bowls/recreation ground/ village hall / cricket ground etc.
- 16 <u>Open spaces</u>/ has parks/ green open spaces/ commons/ green and leafy/ places to walk/ places for children to play
- 17 <u>Schools</u>/ has primary school/ secondary school/ schools nearby/ convenient/ good school(s) in area
- 18 Church/ has Church (that R attends)/ good churches
- 19 <u>Medical facilities</u>/ doctor's surgery nearby/ hospital close/ health centre, clinic nearby/ easy to get to
- 20 Good <u>local facilities</u>/ amenities/ lots of things to do in area (n.e.s)

Crime and security

- 21 Feels safe/ can walk safely at night / good street lighting/ Police station nearby
- 22 Not many/ no drugs
- Not much/ no physical violence/ muggings
- 24 Not much/ no car crime (car specifically mentioned)
- Not much/ no burglary/ break-ins/ theft
- 26 Not much/ no vandalism/ graffiti
- Not much/ no crime/never any / not much trouble (n.e.s)

Other positive area characteristics

- 28 <u>Area quiet/</u> peaceful/relaxed/ low noise levels/ no noisy neighbours/ no noisy animals/ no wild parties
- 29 <u>Good area for children</u>/ kids/ inc. safe for children

- 30 <u>City centre (town) accessible</u>/ close to town/ can get to the city easily/ nicely situated/ good position
- 31 <u>Accessible to London/central London/</u> West End / the City (London specifically mentioned)
- 32 Easy access to rest of country/ close to major roads/ motorways/ national rail links
- Rural surroundings/ close to/ can get to countryside / in rural village/ like being in countryside, living by sea/ nice views of country, sea
- 34 <u>Employment</u>/ near to work/ handy for work/ easy to get to work/ employment in area/ good for commuting to work
- 35 Affluent area/ well off / Middle class area
- No traffic problems/ Not too much traffic/ good for bikes and pedestrians
- 37 Car parking/ Can park car/ has parking available/ free parking
- No pollution/ from traffic, industry/ clean air/ clean and tidy
- 39 <u>No housing problems</u>/ houses well maintained by council / houses and gardens maintained well by residents/ small, good development of houses/ space around and between houses/ not too built up
- 40 <u>Like architecture</u> and buildings in area/ Conservation area/ pretty buildings
- Like house where living/ nice views / own house has a nice garden/ well maintained /used to living in current house
- 42 House a good investment/ will sell easily in this area
- 43 Desirable area/ exclusive area/
- 44 <u>Area improved</u> in recent years/ nicer/ better atmosphere/ area more upmarket now/ new,decent people have moved into the area/ more professional people /got rid of troublemakers/ crime reduced
- Like the area/ nice neighbourhood/ nice, good environment / good area (n.e.s)
- 46 'Other' positive aspect (n.e.s)

Negative responses

Family, friends, neighbours, people

- 47 <u>People unfriendly</u>/ rough/ rude/ unpleasant/ no respect for others/ snobbish/ yobbos/ shopkeepers unfriendly
- 48 <u>Neighbours unfriendly</u>/ don't talk to you/ problem neighbours (noise, alcohol, abuse, drugs, arguments, several cars)
- 49 No family living in area
- 50 No friends living in area/ no social life in area
- 51 No privacy/ lack of privacy/ people too nosy/ gossip/ no respect for privacy
- No sense of community/ no common interests among neighbours/ people don't help each other/ I don't fit in
- 53 Racial mix/ a lot of/ too many non white/non-British people in area/ illegal immigrants/ a lot of non-whites moving in
- Problems with youngsters, teenagers, children, youths/ no respect from youngsters/ cheeky/ bullies/ rude/ generally cause trouble/ drinking and smoking/hang on street corner/too many on street/ no parental control
- 55 <u>Use of bad language</u>, spitting and swearing

Local facilities and services

- Poor/ no <u>public transport</u>/ poor access to public transport/ inconvenient for bus, train etc.
- 57 Poor/ no shopping facilities/ not close to shops/ inconvenient for shops/ shops closing down / no Post Office nearby
- Poor/ no entertainment/ not many restaurants, cafes cinemas, clubs, pubs, bingo/ can't go out to eat
- Poor/ no <u>leisure facilities</u>/ not many sporting /leisure facilities (inc. libraries) / leisure centres/ swimming pools/ ice rink/ tennis/ bowls/recreation ground/ village hall etc.
- 60 Lack of/ no <u>open spaces</u>/ no parks, green open spaces/ commons/ no places to walk/ no places for children to play
- 61 Poor/ no schools/ no schools nearby/ local schools bad, poor
- No church/ has no Church (that R attends)/ no good churches

- Poor/ no <u>medical facilities</u>/ no doctor's surgery nearby/ no hospital close/ no health centre, clinic nearby/ not easy to get to
- Poor/ no local facilities/ nothing to do / boring area (n.e.s)

Crime and security

- Not safe environment/ don't feel safe/ poorly lit/ feels less secure now than before/ bad atmosphere/ no Police Station nearby/ no police presence
- Drugs, drug addicts, drug dealers on street/in area
- 67 Physical violence/ muggings, stabbings, beatings
- 68 <u>Car crime</u>/ joy-riders/ theft/ vandalism (car specifically mentioned)
- 69 <u>Burglary</u>/ theft/ petty crime break-ins
- 70 <u>Vandalism</u>/ graffiti
- 71 <u>Crime/ crime rate high/ lot of crime (n.e.s)</u>
- 72 Alcohol/ drunken behaviour/ homeless alcoholics on street
- 73 Gangs on street/ children in gangs (gangs specifically mentioned)
- 74 Police involvement/ often calling on houses in area/ police raids/ dog vans etc.

Other negative area characteristics

- Noise problems/ too much traffic noise/ trains/ people generally noisy/ environmental noise/ noise from pubs or clubs
- 76 Not good area for children/ not safe for children/ can't play outside because of traffic
- 77 Unemployment in area/ no work
- 78 <u>Area deprived and poor/</u> lot of people on benefits/ low incomes/ lone parents on benefits
- 79 <u>Traffic problems</u>/ busy main road/ too much traffic/ worsening traffic/ roads and footpaths not maintained
- 80 Lack of parking facilities/ difficult to park car/ no parking/ nowhere safe to park car
- 81 <u>Pollution and dirt</u>/ filth/ pollution from industry, traffic/dog dirt / roads not swept/ rubbish dumped and not collected/ getting more polluted
- 82 <u>Housing problems</u>/ housing in poor condition/ housing cramped/ no gardens/ too built up/ poor quality housing / derelict properties/ DSS bed-sit housing close by/ housing over crowded/ gardens not maintained/ local housing authority/ association not maintaining properties/
- 83 Over population/ too many people / too crowded
- Area <u>has become</u>, is getting worse/more run-down/ turning into a rough area / bad element moving in
- 85 <u>Don't like area/ dreadful/ terrible/ hate area / bad environment (n.e.s)</u>
- 86 'Other' negative aspect (n.e.s)

Neutral responses

- 87 Good and bad people/ some okay, some not
- 88 Good and bad aspects of neighbourhood/ area
- 89 Average area/ no strong views either way/ is just where I live
- 90 Other neutral (n.e.s)
- 95 Blank/ nothing written in/ missing
- 96 Other
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused

Advantages / disadvantages of current age

3.19.5 What are the main advantages or disadvantages of being aged {R's age} as far as you are concerned?

wAGEAD1, wAGEAD2, wAGEAD3, wAGEAD4

First Occurrence W11

- 0 Not mentioned
- 1 Happy with work
- 2 Unhappy with work
- 3 Ageism in respect of work
- 4 More job opportunities
- 5 Advantages of (semi)retirement
- 6 Dissatisfaction with retirement
- 7 Mentions of education
- 9 Other work related mentions
- 10 Secure financially
- 11 Insecure financially
- 12 Financial concessions
- 13 Financial penalties
- 14 More financial responsibilities
- 15 Less financial responsibilities
- 16 Cost of education
- 19 Other money mentions
- 20 Happy with partner
- 21 Problems with partner
- 22 Mentions of children
- 23 Mentions of grandchildren
- 24 Happy with family
- 25 Family problems
- 26 Living alone
- 27 Happy with friends
- 28 Lack of friends/social life
- 29 Other family/friends mentions
- 30 More leisure time
- 31 Pressures on time
- 32 Reached legal drinking age
- 39 Other mentions of leisure/time
- 40 Good (physical) health
- 41 Complaints about (physical) health
- 42 Good psychological health
- 43 Problems with memory/depression
- 49 Other health mentions
- 50 More mature/experienced
- 51 Life slipping by
- 52 Stability/established
- 53 Greater freedom
- 54 Constraints of current age
- 55 Looking forward to future
- 56 Uncertain future
- 57 Fewer responsibilities
- 58 More responsibilities
- 59 Concerns of aging body
- 60 Positive with respect to body fitness
- 61 Towards end of life
- 69 Other issues of aging
- 70 Age not important
- 71 Other ages less desirable
- 72 Other ages more desirable

- 73 Likes current age
- 74 Dislikes current age
- 75 More respect shown
- 76 Less respect shown
- 77 Generally happy with life
- 90 No disadvantages
- 91 No advantages
- 96 Other reason (not elsewhere specified)
- 97 Nothing/blank
- -1 Don't know
- -2 Refused
- -8 Not applicable
- -9 Missing

3.20. Relationship of Closest Friend

Relationship of closest friend (wSSUPR2R)

First Occurrence W3

- 01 Partner/husband/wife
- 02 Child (natural, adopted, step or foster)
- 03 Sibling (brother, sister)
- 04 Parent
- 05 Grandparent
- 06 Grandchild
- 07 Aunt/Uncle/Cousin
- 08 Other eg (in-laws)
- 09 Friend

If left blank by respondent code 00

3.21. Why Wants Specific Job when Leaves School

Why wants specified job when leaves school (wEYPSOCY) on record wYOUTH

First Occurrence W5

If more than one reason given, code first mention

REWARDS

- 01 Money/well paid
- 02 Good job/high status

APTITUDE/VOCATION

- Have always wanted to do/be/ambition or career
- 04 Following family footsteps

SPECIFIC SKILLS OR APPEAL

- 05 Like/good at computing
- 06 Like/good at art/music/writing/theatre
- 07 Like/want to travel
- 08 Like/good at sports
- 09 Like/want to be working with people
- 10 Like/want to be working with hands/cars/want a trade
- 11 Has other specific skill (nes)

CARING/ETHICAL JOBS

- 12 Want to work with animals
- 13 Want to work with children
- 14 Want to help others/provide care/handicapped
- 15 General moral concern/environment/religion/law

GENERAL APPEAL

Job is interesting/would enjoy it/enjoy subject (at school)

UNKNOWN

- 17 Undecided/too young
- 97 Other
- 98 Don't know
- 99 Refused
- 00 Blank nothing written in

3.22. Reason for not going on to Further/Higher Education

Reasons may not go on to further/higher education when finishes school (wYPNUNA wYPNUNB) on record wYOUTH

First Occurrence W12

CODE FIRST TWO MENTIONS

- 01 Want to earn money/Get a job (inc. Less money when you're a student. If going to university after working mentioned CODE 02)
- 02 Earn money first then go to university (inc. Work experience/gap year and then go to university. If 'going to university or college' NOT mentioned CODE 01 (want to earn money/get job)
- 03 Want to get an apprenticeship/Waiting to do a modern apprenticeship (apprenticeship explicitly mentioned)
- 04 Specific job/career planned (E.G. want to be a carpenter/want to be a model/want to be famous/play professional football/ want to join the RAF/Army/Royal Marines)
- 05 No need for more qualifications (inc. Won't teach anything useful/ Already got qualifications/Educated enough already, have grades needed/Had enough of education)
- 06 Hard work/ Too much work and hassle
- 07 Not capable of work at university (inc. Can't do the work/Won't do very well/Might not get in to college or university)
- 08 Hate school/college (inc. Don't like teachers/Can't handle anymore school/ Boring/Quicker leave school the better)
- 09 Waste of time / Takes up too much time (time explicitly mentioned)
- 10 Wants to/prefers to stay at (parental) home
- 11 Want to set up own home/ have a family
- 12 Get on with life/Be out in the world/to do different things
- 13 Want to go abroad/travel
- 14 Can't be bothered / Don't want to/Don't feel like it/ (inc. not wanting to get up early every morning)
- 15 Not sure what to do when leave school (inc. Haven't thought about it/Not decided/ Don't know what job I want)
- 96 Other
- 97 Missing
- 98 Don't know/Pass (NES)
- 99 Refused

3.23. Coding Frames Youth Questionnaire Verbatim

Important Events

3.23.1 Please tell me anything that has happened to you (or your family) which has stood out as important. This might be things you've done or things that have been of interest or concern. Just whatever comes to mind as important to you. (wYPEVNT1, wYPEVNT2, wYPEVNT3, wYPEVNT4

First Occurrence W4

Codes 01 to 19 are for events mentioned in a positive way, and also the default for 'happy' events such as holidays, leisure, recovery from illness, spending time with friends, and starting a relationship with a boy/girlfriend. Codes 21 to 39 are for negative references or objectively 'bad' events - separation, death, illness, end of a relationship, etc. Codes 41 to 59 is the default for most other events which are neutral or ambiguous including school, births and getting a job. Where there is an orientation, this determines the coding - 'we have been blessed with a baby', etc. Similarly, where there is seemingly an indifference to a happy/sad event, the event is coded to neutral ('I have been in and out of relationships with three separate girls', 'gained/lost friends', etc.). A response is only coded as 'nothing' or 'don't know' if no event is subsequently mentioned.

Code up to four mentions.

SCHOOL

- 01 positive passing exams, improving at school also taking music exams.
- 21 negative pressure, worries.
- 41 neutral default

FAMILY RELATIONS

- 02 positive 'parents trust me more' etc.
- 22 negative separation, divorce, death rows.
- 42 neutral birthdays and family visits.

FAMILY EVENT

- positive recovery from illness (not youth's) and family holiday.
- 23 negative illness (not youth's) and job loss.
- 43 neutral birthdays and family visits.

LEISURE

- 04 default for all mentions of leisure. Also for holidays taken with friends, youth club or school.
- 24 negative mentions of leisure none at Wave 4.

PEERS

- making/spending time with friends.
- 25 being bullied or losing friends.
- 45 neutral foreign exchange student visit and 'gained/lost friends'.

MONEY

- positive reference to earning/handling own money.
- 26 negative reference to earning/handling own money none at Wave 4.
- default for earning/handling own money.

CONSUMPTION

- 07 default for buying or being given things includes the family's new car.
- 27 loss/damage/theft of items.

JOB/WORK EXPERIENCE

- ositive reference to own job or work experience.
- negative reference none at Wave 4.
- 48 default reference.

BOY/GIRLFRIENDS

- starting/maintaining a relationship with a boy/girlfriend.
- 30 end of a relationship.
- visible indifference to the start/end of a relationship.

OWN HEALTH

- improvement in a long term health condition.
- 31 youth's ill health or accident.
- 51 default

CAREER

- 14 positive reference to future career or long-term plans.
- negative reference none at Wave 4.
- default for reference to future career or long-term plans.

PETS

- death of pet.
- reference to pet.

HOUSE MOVES

- 12 positive reference none at Wave 4.
- negative reference none at Wave 4.
- 52 default

OTHER EVENT

- 19 other positive event.
- other negative event.
- 59 other neutral event.
- 97 nothing happened
- 98 don't know
- 99 missing

One change to life

3.23.2 If you could change just one thing to make your life better, what would you change? (wYPDLFA, wYPDLFB, wYPDLFC, wYPDLFD)

First Occurrence W7

CODE FIRST TWO MENTIONS

Self Image and Attributes

- 01 Appearance / weight
- 02 Personality/self-confidence/less worries/more social skills etc.
- Age (include wanting to be older for specific purpose e.g. driving)
- O4 Academic ability/performance (e.g. want to work harder to get good qualifications; more brains etc.)
- 05 Health
- 06 Give up Smoking
- 07 Sporting ability / fitness
- 08 More Independence/ freedom (having/being given)
- 09 Other Changes in self and self attributes (not elsewhere specified)

Relationship of Self and Others

- 11 Girl-friend/boy-friend; opposite sex easier / better / new relationship
- 12 Other friends / peer-group mentions (NB mentions of bullying code 31)

Family Relationship / Household Change

- 13 Relationships of self and family members
- 14 Parental relations (with each other)
- 15 Living arrangements (who lives with whom)
- 16 Family relationship problems (include bereavement)
- 17 Other family problems/changes (health; financial; job etc.)

Material Improvement / Life Style Change

- 21 Getting Job /Better Job
- 22 More money for self
- 23 More money for family
- 24 Bigger or better accommodation (house/room/garden)
- 25 New possessions
- 26 Animal/pet
- 27 Other life style changes (not elsewhere specified)

School and Community

- 31 Being bullied (knowing bullies)
- 32 School circumstances (teacher, class etc.)
- 33 Leaving school
- 35 Change area/location live somewhere else; change existing features
- 37 Other school/community changes

General Well-Being of People / Planet

- 41 Less violence/ people happier / less suffering
- 42 Environmental improvement less pollution; saving wildlife
- 47 Other societal world improvements

<u>Other</u>

- NO CHANGE everything OK /good now NO CHANGE / NOTHING (no elaboration) 50
- 51
- 97
- Other changes (not elsewhere specified) Don't know (code only if no substantive response given) 98
- No answer BLANK 99

Future plans

3.23.3 What would you like to be doing with your life in about ten year's time from now? (wYPFUTA, wYPFUTB)

First Occurrence W12

Career	
01	have a particular career
02	have a good job (well paid / enjoyable / interesting / successful / secure)
03	have own particular business
Education	
10	pass my exams / get good qualifications
11	go to / have finished university or college / get a particular degree

Family

- 20 be married / have a partner / stable relationship
- be married / have a partner AND children (includes: have a family / children)
- be married / have a partner NO children
- 23 not settle down yet / not be married / be single
- be in contact / get on well with family

Material ownership

- 30 have own car
- 31 have own house / flat / move out / leave home
- have a lot of money (if not specified elsewhere)

Leisure / general

- 40 play sports
- 41 play music / be in a band
- 42 travel
- 43 have good friends / have a good social life
- 44 be happy / enjoy life / have fun
- 45 give money to charity / help society (others) / be involved in church
- 46 have financial security / no worries
- 47 move abroad
- 96 other / uncodable 97 missing/blank 98 don't know 99 refused

Appendix 4. Help For Old Friends: Modifications Since Seventeenth Release

This section is intended for the use of those who have already worked with the fifteenth release of BHPS data for Waves One to Seventeen, or earlier releases. It lists the specific changes which have been made in data for those earlier waves since that release and should be studied before repeating earlier analyses on this new release of the data.

At this release there are have been some major changes and enhancements going back to wave 1. The following new variables have been added:

At all waves, wherever there is a variable wREGION, there is new variable wREGION2: 'Government Office Region'

On wINDSAMP, wINDALL, wINDRESP for all waves from wave 2 onwards, there is a new variable wDISTMOV 'Distance of residential move'

Wherever there is a coding of International Standard Classification of Occupations e.g. wJBISCO, there is a new variable with the values converted to numeric format – names are of the form wJBISCON

There are two new classification of education qualification variables on wINDRESP at each wave: wCASMIN and wISCED.

There is a new cross-wave file XIVDATA contain some information on interviewer characteristics.

For Wave 16 and 17, the values of derived variables relating to the job history over the previous year have been recalculated.

The scaling of weight variables in Northern for waves 12, 16 and 17 has been modified,

In addition, imputations for Wave Seventeen which form part of cross-wave imputation schemes have been updated.

Appendix 5. Related Publications and documentation

5.1. Research Centre Publications

A book has been published containing initial results from the first two waves of the **BHPS**:

Changing Households: The British Household Panel Survey 1990-1992.

Nick Buck, Jonathan Gershuny, David Rose and Jacqueline Scott (1994)

In this book, researchers from the Research Centre analyse the data from the first two years of the study. Each chapter examines a different aspect of change in people's lives and the introduction provides an overview of longitudinal surveys in general and the BHPS in particular.

Copies can be ordered from the Research Centre.

Other documents which you might find useful can be ordered from the ESRC Research Centre at the address below. Among these are:

Technical Paper Number 1	British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage Wave One 1991
Technical Paper Number 2	British Household Panel Study Interviewer Instructions Mainstage Wave One 1991
Technical Paper Number 3	British Household Panel Study Technical Report Mainstage Wave One 1991
Technical Paper Number 4	British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage Wave Two 1992
Technical Paper Number 5	British Household Panel Study Wave One: Outline of the British Household Panel Study Documentation System. Marcia Freed Taylor, Elaine C.A. Prentice and John Brice. (1992)
Technical Paper Number 6	British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage Wave Three 1993.
Technical Paper Number 7	British Household Panel Study Technical Report Mainstage Two 1994
Technical Paper Number 8	Panel Study of Manufacturing Establishments - First Stage. Andrew K.G. Hildreth and Nigel Tremlett. (1994)
Technical Paper Number 9	British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage

Wave Four 1994.

Technical Paper Number 10 British Household Panel Study Technical Report Mainstage Three 1995 **Technical Paper Number 11 British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage** Wave Five 1995 Technical Paper Number 12 **British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage** Wave Six 1996 **Technical Paper Number 13** Unified BHPS Work-life Histories: Combining Multiple Sources into a User-friendly Format. Brendan Halpin (1997)**Technical Paper Number 14** British Household Panel Study Wave Four Technical ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Report 1994. Change (1997) **Technical Paper Number 15** British Household Panel Study Wave Five Technical ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Report 1995. Change (1997) **Technical Paper Number 16** British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage Wave Seven 1997 ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Change (1998) **Technical Paper Number 17 British Household Panel Study Questionnaire Mainstage** Wave Eight 1998 ESRC Research Centre on Micro-social Change (1998) For information on research design and methodology, the following Research Papers can also be obtained: Working Paper 1 Micro-social change in Britain: an outline of the role and objectives of the British Household Panel Study. David Rose et al. Working Paper 2 Design issues in the British Household Panel Study. David Rose, Nick Buck and Louise Corti. Working Paper 3 Sample design issues in a panel survey: the case of the British Household Panel Study. A P M Coxon (ed). Micro-social Change in Britain: Current and Future Working Paper 21 Research Using the British Household Panel Study, David Rose et al. (1992) Working Paper 23 Methodological Issues in the Design of the British Household Panel Survey, Pamela C. Campanelli and Louise Corti (1993) Using Household Panels to Study Micro-social Change, Working Paper 25 Jacqueline Scott (1993)

Other Research Papers of the ESRC Research Centre which might be of interest are:

Working Paper 4	The Use of Panel Data in Econometric Analysis: A Survey. Gordon Kemp. (1991)
Working Paper 5	Methodological Issues in the Study of Household Allocative Systems. Heather Laurie. (1991)
Working Paper 6	Household Allocative Systems, Gender and Class Analysis. David Rose and Heather Laurie. (1991)
Working Paper 7	Combining Qualitative and Quantitative Data in the Longitudinal Study of Household Allocations. Heather Laurie and Oriel Sullivan. (1991)
Working Paper 8	Gender Differences in Living Arrangements, Employment and Stress: Comparison of Britain and the USA. Jacqueline Scott and Louise Corti. (1991)
Working Paper 9	A Cross-national Comparison of Gender-role Attitudes: Is the Working Mother Selfish? Jacqueline Scott and Jean Duncombe. (1991)
Working Paper 10	Visions of the Future: A Computer Content Analysis of Open Ended Survey Data. Jacqueline Scott, David Fan, Howard Schuman and Carol Shaffer. (1991)
Working Paper 11	The Reliability of Recall Data: A Literature Review. Shirley Dex. (1991)
Working Paper 12	Spell Incidence, Spell Duration and the Measurement of Unemployment. A. F. Shorrocks. (1992)
Working Paper 13	Response Contamination by Third Parties in a Household Interview Survey. Louise Corti and Karin M. Clissold. (1992)
Working Paper 14	Comparative Analysis Using Large Scale National Data Sources of Women's Employment. Shirley Dex and Heather Laurie. (1992)
Working Paper 15	Rooms, Relatives and Relationships: Household Density and Mental Health. Duane F. Alwin and Jacqueline Scott. (1992)
Working Paper 16	She's Leaving Home: But Why? An Analysis of Young People Leaving the Parental Home. Nick Buck and Jacqueline Scott. (1992)
Working Paper 17	Social Polarisation in Britain and Germany: The Impacts of Household and Labour Market Change. Nick Buck.
Working Paper 18	Generations, Collective Memory and Events in Europe. Jacqueline Scott and Lilian Zac. (1992)
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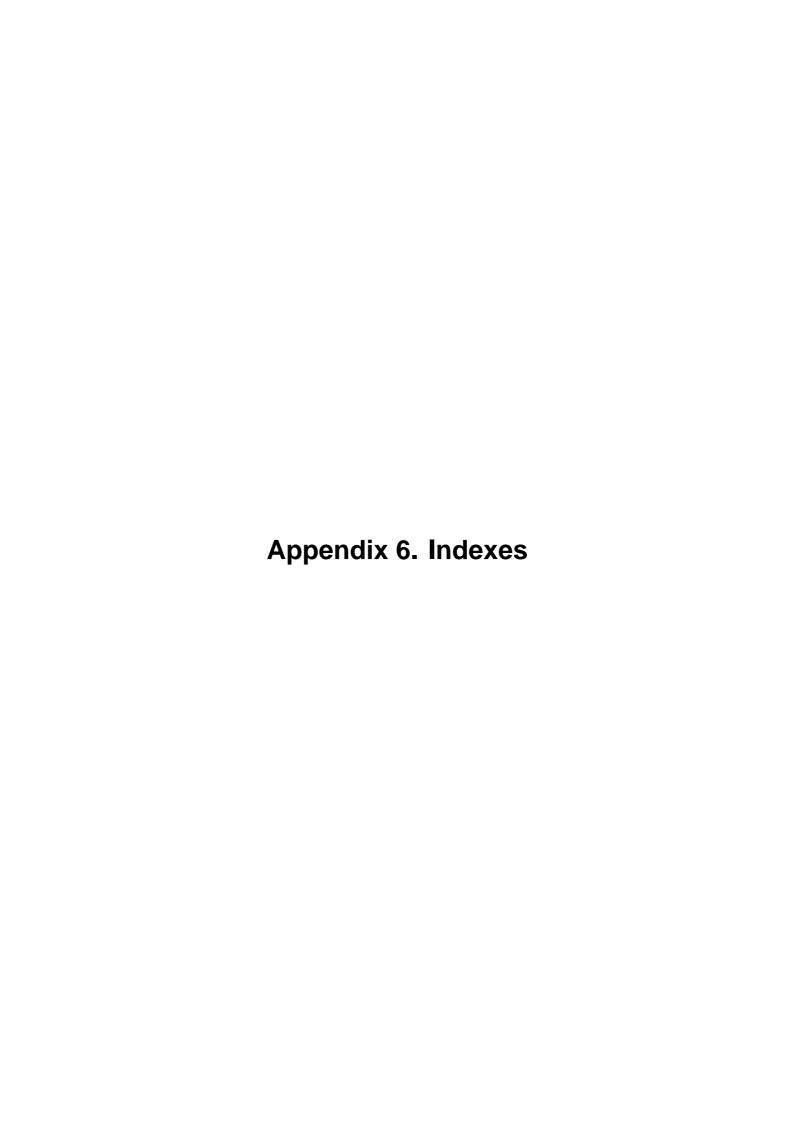
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5.3. Notice for Users of BHPS Data

All users who obtain **BHPS** data through the Data Archive will have been required to sign a User Undertaking Form, under the terms of which they are required to deposit in the Data Archive two copies of all publications arising from the use of the data. One of these copies will be held in the Institute's Research Resources Unit. A list of these related publications can be obtained from that Unit upon request.

Volume A: Introduction, Technical Report and Appendices - Appendix 6.4: Question Number to Variable Index



Appendix 6.3. Subject Category Thesaurus

This Thesaurus has been created to allow users to more readily locate the variables which are most relevant to their research interests, and to find other variables with related data throughout the database. There are two types of entry:

Terms marked with a * are main terms which actually appear in the Cross-Wave Subject Category Index. For many of these, other related terms are indicated by "See also":

Alternative or expanded terms have references to the main term entries under which it is likely that variables of interest will appear.

Once you have consulted this Thesaurus, the identified terms can be used to interrogate the Cross-Wave Subject Category Index.

Absence from work

See Employment: Hours of Work and Overtime

Accidents

See Health: Accidents, Illness

Accommodation

See Housing: Size and Condition of Dwelling

Adopted Children

See Children

Adoption

See Children

Affiliation and Social Psychology

See Social and Interest Group Activity

Social and Interest Group Membership

Age

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Alimony

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Allowances

See Financial Management: Allowances

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Housing: Allowances/Rebates

Assets

See Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure Incomes: Rents, Savings, Investments

Attitudes

See Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Health: NHS vs Private Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Bedrooms

See Housing: Size and Condition of Dwelling

Benefits

See Employment: Benefits Receipt

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Births

See Children

Fertility

Birthplace

See Geographic Location

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Board/Keep

See Financial Management: Internal Transfers

* Caring

See also Child Care

Cars

See Transport

Central Heating

See Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

* Child Care

See also Gender Roles

Family Life

Child Support

See Financial Management: External Transfers

* Children

See also Family Life

Children: Care for

See Child Care

Children: Financial Transfers To

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Incomes

Children: Health

See Health: Childrens Health

Children: Maintenance

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Children: Number

See Children

Fertility

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Class

See Social Classification

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Clinic Visits

See Health: Hospital and Clinic Use

Health: Medical Consultations

Cohabitation History

ee Marital and Cohabitation History

Marital Status

Colour Television

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

* Computers and Computing

CD Player

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Consumer Confidence

See Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

Financial Management: Material Well-Being

Consumer Durables

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Consumption

See Household Consumption

Household Consumption: Consumer Durables Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

Household Consumption: Food

Household Consumption: Home Improvements Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Country of Birth

See Geographic Location

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Credit and Debt

See Financial Management: Credit and Debt

Financial Management: Loan Repayments

Financial Management: Problems

Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details Incomes: Rents, Savings, Investments

* Crime

See also Neighbourhood and Residence

Decision-Making

See Gender Roles

Demographic Information

See Children

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Dependants Allowances

See Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Difficulties with Rent

See Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Housing: Problems

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

Disability Allowances

See Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Disabilities

See Health: Accidents, Illness

Health: Effect on Daily Life, Employment Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Dishwashers

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Division of Labour in Household

See Child Care

Gender Roles

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Divorce

See Marital and Cohabitation History

Marital Status

Doctors

See Health: Childrens Health

Health: Medical Consultations Health: NHS vs Private

Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Domestic Duties, Responsibility For

See Child Care

Gender Roles

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Family Life

Driving Licences

See Transport

Earnings

See Employment: Self-Employment

Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions Employment History: Wages, Salary and Deductions

Incomes

* Education: Background and Attainments

* Education: Recent Education and Training

Elderly

See Employment: Labour Force Status

Employment: Superannuation and Pension Schemes

Financial Management: Pensions

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

* Employment: Attitude to Work and Incentives

* Employment: Benefits Receipt

* Employment: Expectations

* Employment: Hours Worked and Overtime

* Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

* Employment: Labour Force Status

- * Employment: Length of Job Tenure
- * Employment: Not Working/Seeking Work
- * Employment: Prospects and Training

See also Education: Background and Attainments

Education: Recent Education and Training

Values, Opinions, and Attitudes

* Employment: Second Job

* Employment: Sector and Duties

* Employment: Self-Employment

* Employment: Superannuation and Pension Schemes

* Employment: Travelling Time and Means of Travel

See also Transport

* Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions

See also Employment History: Wages, Salary and Deductions

* Employment: Workplace and Size of Firm

See also Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

* Employment History: Labour Force Status Spells

See also Lifetime Employment History

- * Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs
- * Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

See also Employment: Workplace and Size of Firm

* Employment History: Wages, Salary and Deductions

See also Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions

* Environmental Issues

See also Values, Opinions and Attitudes

* Ethnicity

See also Geographic Location, Geographic Mobility

Expenditure

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Financial Management: Internal Transfers Financial Management: Loan Repayments Financial Management: Material Well-Being Financial Management: Personal Spending

External Transfers

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Financial Management: Loan Repayments Financial Management: Material Well-Being Financial Management: Personal Spending

Family Allowances

See Financial Management: Allowances

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Family History

See Children

Fertility

Marital and Cohabitation History

* Family Life

See also Children

Values Opinions and Attitudes

Family Structure

See Children Fertility

Marital and Cohabitation History

Relationship between Household Members

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Family Values

See Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Father's Employment

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Father's Job Title

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

* Fertility

See also Children

Finance

See Financial Management

Incomes

* Financial Management: Allowances

* Financial Management: Credit and Debt

* Financial Management: External Transfers

* Financial Management: Internal Transfers

* Financial Management: Loan Repayments

See also Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

* Financial Management: Material Well-Being

* Financial Management: Personal Spending

* Financial Management: Pensions

* Financial Management: Problems

See also Credit and Debt

* Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

See also Incomes: Rents, Savings, Investments

Food

See Household Consumption: Food

Freezer

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Friendship

See Social Support Networks

Fuel

See Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

Full-Time Education

See Education: Background and Attainments

Education: Recent Education and Training

Gas

See Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

* Gender Roles

See also Child Care

Financial Management: Personal Spending

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

General Election

See Political Support and Behaviour

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

General Health Questionnaire

See Health: Personal Health Condition

* Geographic Location

See also Geographic Mobility

Neighbourhood and Residence

* Geographic Mobility

See also Geographic Location

Neighbourhood and Residence

Government Policies

See Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Handicapped

See Health: Personal Health Condition

Caring

* Health: Accidents, Illness

* Health: Childrens Health

* Health: Effect on Daily Life, Employment

* Health: Hospital and Clinic Use

* Health: NHS vs Private

* Health: Medical Consultations

* Health: Personal Health Condition

* Health: Smoking

* Health: Subjective Well-Being

* Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Heating

See Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

Home Computer

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Home Improvements

See Household Consumption: Home Improvements

Housing: Size, Condition of Housing

Home Purchase

See Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

Home Working

See Employment: Workplace and Size of Firm

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Lifetime Employment History

Hospital

See Health: Accidents, Illness,

Health: Hospital and Clinic Use Health: Medical Consultations

Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Hospital Visits

See Health: Hospital and Clinic Use

Hours of Work

See Employment: Hours Worked and Overtime

House Purchase

See Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

House Values

See Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

* Household Changes

See also Geographic Mobility

Household Composition

See Relationship between Household Members

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

* Household Consumption

* Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

* Household Consumption: Food

* Household Consumption: Heating and Fuel

* Household Consumption: Home Improvements

Household Finances: Decision-Making

See Gender Roles

Household Type

See Household Changes

Key Linking Variable

Relationship between Household Members

Housekeeping - Responsibility for

See Gender Roles

Housekeeping Costs

See Financial Management: Internal Transfers

Housework

See Gender Roles

* Housing: Allowances/Rebates

* Housing: Local Authority and Services Charges

* Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

* Housing: Problems

* Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

* Housing: Size and Condition of Dwelling

See also Household Consumption: Home Improvements

Illness

See Health: Accidents, Illness

Health: Childrens Health

Health: Personal Health Condition

* Imputation Flag Variable

* Incomes

See also Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions

Employment History: Wages, Salary and Deductions

* Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

* Incomes: Grants for Education

* Incomes: Household Income

* Incomes: Rents, Savings, Investments

See also: Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

* Incomes: Windfalls

Information Technology

See Computers and Computing

Inheritance

See Incomes

Internal Transfers

See Financial Management: Internal Transfers

International Standard Occupational Classification ISCO: Parent

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

International Standard Occupational Classification ISCO: Respondent

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

* Interview Characteristics and Conditions

Investments

See Incomes: Rents, Savings, Investments

Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

Job Description

See Employment: Sector and Duties

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Job Expectations

See Employment: Expectations

Employment: Not Working/Seeking Work

Job History

See Employment History

Lifetime Employment History: Events

Job Preferences

See Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Employment: Expectations

Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Job Satisfaction

See Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Job Search

See Employment: Not Working/Seeking Work

* Key Linking Variable

Leisure

See Leisure Activity

Social and Interest Group Activity Social and Interest Group Membership

* Leisure Activity

* Life Events

* Lifetime Employment History: Events

Loans

See Financial Management: Loan Repayments

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

* Marital and Cohabitation History

Maintenance Payments

See Financial Management: External Transfers

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

* Marital Status

Marriages

See Marital and Cohabitation History

Marital Status

Maternity History

ee Children

Fertility

Membership of Organisations

See Social and Interest Group Membership

Metropolitan Area

See Geographic Location

Mobility

See Geographic Mobility

Household Changes

Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Mortgages

See Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details

Financial Management: Loan Repayments

Mother's Employment

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Mother's Job Title

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Moving House

See Geographic Mobility

Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Neighbourhood and Residence

National Health Service (NHS)

See Health: Hospital and Clinic Use

Health: Medical Consultations Health: NHS vs Private

Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

* Neighbourhood and Residence

See also Crime

Crime

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

* Newspaper Readership

Old Age Benefits

See Employment: Superannuation and Pension Schemes

Financial Management: Pensions

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

One-Parent Families

See Relationship between Household Members

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Opinions

See Health: Subjective Well-Being

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Financial Management: Material Well-Being

Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Health: NHS vs Private Neighbourhood and Residence

Gender Roles Life Events

Orphans

See Fertility

Children

Relationship between Household Members Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Overtime

See Employment: Hours Worked and Overtime

Owner-Occupier

See Housing: Ownership Status and Tenure

Part-Time Work

See Employment: Hours Worked and Overtime

Employment: Labour Force Status

Parental Care

See Child Care

Children

Relationship between Household Members

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Family Life

Parental Status

See Children

Partisan Support

See Newspaper Readership

Political Support and Behaviour Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Pay

See Employment: Self-Employment

Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions Employment History: Wages, Salary and Deductions

Incomes

Pensions

See Employment: Superannuation and Pension Schemes

Financial Management: Pensions

Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Personal Events

See Life Events

Personal Opinions

See Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Financial Management: Material Well-Being

Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Health: NHS vs Private Health: Subjective Well-Being Neighbourhood and Residence

Gender Roles Life Events

Personal Spending

See Financial Management: Personal Spending

* Physical Characteristics

Place of Birth

See Geographic Location

Geographic Mobility

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Political Efficacy

See Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Political Party

See Newspaper Readership

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

* Political Support and Behaviour

See also Newspaper Readership

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Politics

See Newspaper Readership

Political Support and Behaviour Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Private Medicine

See Health: Hospital and Clinic Use

Health: Medical Consultations Health: NHS vs Private

Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Promotions

See Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Employment: Sector and Duties

Employment History: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Lifetime Employment History

Purchases

See Gender Roles

Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Redundancy

See Employment: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Region

See Geographic Location

* Relationship between Household Members

See also Family Life

* Religion

See also Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Social and Interest Group Activity
Social and Interest Group Membership

Rents

See Housing: Allowances/Rebates

Housing: Rent, Mortgage and Loan Details Incomes: Rent, Savings, Investments

Residence

See Neighbourhood and Residence

Geographic Location

Housing: Size and Condition of Dwelling

* Retirement

* Sampling Factors

Satisfaction with: Accommodation

See Housing: Problems

Neighbourhood and Residence

Satisfaction with: Job

See Employment: Attitudes to Work and Incentives

Employment: Reasons for Leaving and Taking Jobs

Satisfaction with: Health Services

See Health: NHS vs Private

Savings and Bank Accounts

See Incomes: Rent, Savings, Investments

Financial Management: Savings and Bank Accounts

School

See Education: Background and Attainments

Education: Recent Education and Training

Second Job

See Employment: Second Job

Employment: Hours Worked and Overtime

Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Employment: Labour Force Status Employment: Self-Employment

Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions

Sector of Employment

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Employment: Sector and Duties

Self-Employment

See Employment: Self-Employment

Sickness

See Health: Accidents, Illness

Health: Childrens Health Health: Personal Health

Size of Household

See Household Changes

Relationship between Household Members

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Key Linking Variable

Smoking

See Health: Smoking

- * Social and Interest Group Activity
- * Social and Interest Group Membership

Social and Welfare Services

See Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

- * Social Classification
- * Social Support Networks
- * Socio-demographic Characteristics

Socio-Economic Status

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Social Classification

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): Parents

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): Respondent

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC): Parents

See Socio-Demographic Characteristics

Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Standard Occupational Classification (SOC): Respondent

See Employment: Industrial and Occupational Classification

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Step Children

See Children

Telephone

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Television

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Terminal Education Age

See Education: Background and Attainments

Education: Recent Education and Training

* Time Use

* Trade Unions and Union Membership

See also Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Training

See Education: Background and Attainments

Education: Recent Education and Training Employment: Prospects and Training

* Transport

Travel to Work

See Transport

Unemployment

See Employment: Not Working/Seeking Work

Unemployment Benefits

See Employment: Benefits Receipt

Employment: Not Working/Seeking Work Incomes: Benefits and Allowances and Pensions

Union Membership

See Trades Unions and Union Membership

Use of Health Services

See Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

* Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Video Recorder

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Voting

See Political Support and Behaviour

Values, Opinions and Attitudes

Wages

See Employment: Second Job

Employment: Wages, Salary and Deductions Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Washing Machine

See Household Consumption: Consumer Durables

Welfare Services

See Health: Use of Health and Welfare Services

Well-Being

See Health: Subjective Well-Being

Financial Management: Material Well-Being

Widows

See Marital and Cohabitation History

Marital Status

Workplace

See Employment: Workplace and Size of Firm

Employment History: Size, Sector and Duties

Young Persons

See Children

Family Life

Appendix 6.4. Question Number to Variable Name Index

AD1 ALKNBRD	AD20I AQFEDJ	AE11 AJBMIX
AD2 ALKMOVE	AD20J AQFEDA	AE12A AJBHRS
AD3 ALKMOVY	AD20K AQFEDK	AE12B AJBOT
AD4 APLEVER	AD20L AQFEDL	AE12C AJBOTPD
AD4M APLNOWM	AD20M AQFEDM	AE13 AJBHRLK
AD4Y APLNOWY	AD20N AQFEDN	AE14 AJBTIME
AD5CTY APLB4C	AD20O AQFEDO	AE15A AJBONUS
AD5DSTAPLB4D	AD20P AQFEDP	AE15B AJBRISE
AD6CTY APLBORNC	AD20Q AQFEDQ	AE16A ATUJBPL
AD6DST APLBORND	AD20R AQFEDR	AE16B ATUIN1
AD7 AYR2UK	AD20S AQFEDS	AE16C ATUIN2
AD8M ADOBM	AD21A ANQFEDB	AE17A AJBOPPS
AD8Y ADOBY	AD21B ANQFEDC	
		AE17B AJBED
AD9 ASEX	AD21C ANQFEDD	AE17C1 AJBED1
AD10A APASOC	AD21D ANQFEDE	AE17C2 AJBED2
AD10ANA APAJU	AD21E ANQFEDF	AE17C3 AJBED3
AD10B APASEMP	AD21F ANQFEDG	AE17C4 AJBED4
AD10C APABOSS	AD21G ANQFEDH	AE17C5 AJBED5
AD10D APAMNGR	AD21H ANQFEDI	AE17D AJBEDD
AD11A AMASOC	AD21I ANQFEDJ	AE18 AJBPEN
AD11ANA AMAJU	AD21J ANQFEDA	AE19 AJBPENM
AD11B AMASEMP	AD21K ANQFEDK	AE20 AJBPL
AD11C AMABOSS	AD21L ANQFEDL	AE21A AJBTTWT
AD11D AMAMNGR		
	AD21M ANQFEDM	AE21B AJBTTWM
AD12 AMLSTAT	AD21N ANQFEDN	AE22A1 AJBSAT1
AD13 ASCEND	AD210 ANQFEDO	AE22A2 AJBSAT2
AD13NA ASCHOOL	AD21P ANQFEDP	AE22A3 AJBSAT3
AD14A ASCTYPE	AD21Q ANQFEDQ	AE22A4 AJBSAT4
AD14B ASCNOW	AD21R ANQFEDR	AE22A5 AJBSAT5
AD15 AFETYPE	AD21S ANQFEDS	AE22A6 AJBSAT6
AD16 AFEEND	AD22B AEAAGE	AE22A7 AJBSAT7
AD16NA AFENOW	AD23A AEDNEW	AE22B AJBSAT
AD17 AQFHAS	AD23B1 AEDNEW1	AE23A APAYGL
AD18A AQFA	AD23B2 AEDNEW2	AE23B APAYGW
AD18BAQFB	AD23B3 AEDNEW3	AE23C APAYNL
AD18C AQFC	AD23B3 AEDNEW3 AD23B4 AEDNEW4	AE23D APAYNW
	AD23C AEDNEWD	_
AD18D AQFD		AE23E APAYSLP
AD18E AQFE	AD24A APAPERR	AE24A APAYUSL
AD18F AQFF	AD24B1 APAPER1	AE24B APAYU
AD18G AQFG	AD24B2 APAPER2	AE24C APAYUW
AD18H AQFH	AD24C APAPERM	AE24D APAYUG
AD18IAQFI	AD25 APAPERP	AE24E1 APAYDF1
AD18J AQFJ	AD26A AIVDA	AE24E2 APAYDF2
AD18K AQFK	AD26B AIVDB	AE24E3 APAYDF3
AD18L AQFL	AD26C AIVDC	AE24E4 APAYDF4
AD18M AQFM	AD26D AIVDD	AE24E5 APAYDF5
AD18N AQFN	AE1 AJBHAS	AE24E6 APAYDF6
AD19 AQFED	AE2 AJBOFF	AE24E7 APAYDF7
AD20A AQFEDB	AE3 AJBOFFY	AE24E8 APAYDF8
AD20B AQFEDC	AE4 AJBTERM	AE25D AJBBGD
AD20C AQFEDD	AE5 AJBSOC	AE25M AJBBGM
AD20D AQFEDE	AE6 AJBSIC	AE25Y AJBBGY
AD20E AQFEDF	AE7 AJBSEMP	AE26 AJBBGLY
AD20F AQFEDG	AE8B AJBMNGR	AE27 APAYLY
AD20G AQFEDH	AE9 AJBSECT	AE28 APAYLW
AD20H AQFEDI	AE10 AJBSIZE	AE28 APAYLYW

AE29 APAYLG	AE61 AJBLKY1	AF17 AFTHH
AE29 APAYLYG	AE62 AJBLKY2	AF18A1 AFTHH1
AE30 AJBHRLY	AE64 AJBUB	AF18A2 AFTHH2
AE31 AJBOTLY	AE65 AJBUBY	AF18A3 AFTHH3
		AF18B11 AFTHH11
AE32 APAYS	AE66 AJ2HAS	_
AE33 APAYSW	AE67 AJ2SOC	AF18B12AFTHH21
AE34 APAYSG	AE68 AJ2SEMP	AF18B13AFTHH31
AE35A AJBHRBG	AE69 AJ2HRS	AF18B21 AFTHH12
AE35B AJBOTBG	AE70 AJ2PAY	AF18B22 AFTHH22
AE36 APAYGYR	AE72A AJBHHA	AF18B23 AFTHH32
AE36DK APAYGYA	AE72B AJBHHB	AF18B31 AFTHH13
AE37A AJSBOSS	AE72C AJBHHC	AF18B32 AFTHH23
AE37B AJSSIZE	AE72D AJBHHD	AF18B33 AFTHH33
AE38 AJSHRS	AE72E AJBHHE	AF18B41 AFTHH14
AE39A AJSHRLK	AE72F AJBHHF	AF18B42 AFTHH24
AE39B AJSTIME	AE73 AJBHH	AF18B43 AFTHH34
AE40A AJSTYPE	AE74A AIVEA	AF18B51 AFTHH15
AE40B AJSACCS		
	AE74B AIVEB	AF18B52 AFTHH25
AE40C AJSPRF	AE74C AIVEC	AF18B53 AFTHH35
AE40DBM AJSPRBM	AE74D AIVED	AF18B61 AFTHH16
AE40DBY AJSPRBY	AF2 ANF1	AF18B62 AFTHH26
AE40DEM AJSPREM	AF3A AFICODE	AF18B63 AFTHH36
AE40DEY AJSPREY	AF3B01 AFR01	AF18C1 AFTHH1V
AE40E AJSPAYL	AF3B02 AFR02	AF18C2 AFTHH2V
AE40FBM AJSPYBM	AF3B03 AFR03	AF18C3 AFTHH3V
AE40FBYAJSPYBY	AF3B04 AFR04	AF18DOC1 AFTHH1W
AE40FEM AJSPYEM	AF3B05 AFR05	AF18DOC2 AFTHH2W
AE40FEY AJSPYEY	AF3B06 AFR06	AF18DOC3 AFTHH3W
AE41AAJSPL	AF3B07 AFR07	AF19 AFTEXHH
AE41B AJSTTWT	AF3B08 AFR08	AF20A AFTEXA
AE41C AJSTTWM	AF3B09 AFR09	AF20B AFTEXB
AE42A1 AJSSAT1	AF3B10 AFR10	AF20C AFTEXC
AE42A2 AJSSAT1	AF3B10 AFR10	AF21A1 AFTEXA1
AE42A3 AJSSAT3	AF3B12 AFR12	AF21A2 AFTEXA2
AE42A4 AJSSAT4	AF3B13 AFR13	AF21A3 AFTEXA3
AE42A5 AJSSAT5	AF3B14 AFR14	AF21A4 AFTEXA4
AE42BAJSSAT	AF3B15 AFR15	AF21A5 AFTEXA5
AE43D AJSBGD	AF3B16 AFR16	AF21A6 AFTEXA6
AE43M AJSBGM	AF3BAL AFRALL	AF21B1 AFTEXB1
AE43Y AJSBGY	AF3C AFRNOW	AF21B2 AFTEXB2
AE44 ARACH12	AF3D AFRVAL	AF21B3 AFTEXB3
AE45M1 AJBCHC1	AF3EOC AFRW	AF21B4 AFTEXB4
AE45M2 AJBCHC2	AF3F AFRJT	AF21B5 AFTEXB5
AE45M3 AJBCHC3	AF3FPN AFRJTPN	AF21B6 AFTEXB6
AE47 AXPCHCF	AF3GM AFISBM	AF21C1 AFTEXC1
AE48 AXPCHC	AF3GY AFISBY	AF21C2 AFTEXC2
AE49 AHUXPCH	AF3SEQ AFISEQ	AF21C3 AFTEXC3
AE50 AHUNURS	AF4 AFISIT	AF21C4 AFTEXC4
AE51 AJULK1	AF5 AFISITC	AF21C5 AFTEXC5
AE52 AJULK4	AF6 AFISITX	AF21C6 AFTEXC6
AE53 AJULKJB	AF8 AFIYRDI	AF22 AXPSELF
AE54 AJUSPEC	AF9 ASAVE	AF24 ASPINHH
AE55 AJUSOC	AF10 ASAVED	AF25A AHUBUYS
AE56 AJUPAYX	AF11 ASAVEY	AF25B AHUFRYS
AE57 AJUHRSX	AF12 ABANKAC	AF25C AHUMOPS
AE58A AJUPAYL	AF14 ABANKJT	AF25D AHUIRON
AE58B AJUHRSL	AF15P1 ABANKJ1	AF26 AHHCH12
AE59 AJBASP1	AF15P2 ABANKJ2	AF27 AHUSITS
AE60 AJBASP2	AF16AHUDRAW	AF28 AHURUNS

AF29 AHUBOSS	AH4 AMGHAVE	AH24A3 ACD3USE
AF30 AHUPAYS	AH5 AMGYNOT	AH24A4 ACD4USE
AF31 AHUKEEP	AH6A AHSSNIP	AH24A5 ACD5USE
		AH24A6 ACD6USE
AF32 AHUASKS	AH6B AHSVNDR	
AF33A AHUSHOP	AH7A AHSCOST	AH24A7 ACD7USE
		AH24A8 ACD8USE
AF33B AHUCOOK	AH7B AMGYR0	
AF33C AHUDUST	AH8A AHSSNIP	AH24A9 ACD9USE
		AH24B1 ACD10WN
AF33DAHUWASH	AH8B AHSVNDR	
AF34 ADRIVER	AH8C AHSCOST	AH24B2 ACD2OWN
AF35 ACARUSE	AH9 AHSYR0	AH24B3 ACD3OWN
AF36 ACAROWR	AH10A AMGYR0	AH24B4 ACD4OWN
AF37 ACAROWRP	AH10B AHSSNIP	AH24B5 ACD5OWN
AF38 ACARJOB	AH10C AHSVNDR	AH24B6 ACD6OWN
AF39 ACARVAL	AH10D AHSCOST	AH24B7 ACD7OWN
		AH24B8 ACD8OWN
AF40 AIVFOIM	AH11A AMGOLD	
AF40 AIVFOIH	AH11B AMGLIFE	AH24B9 ACD9OWN
	AH11C AMGTYPE	AH24C1 ACD1NEW
AF40A AIVFA		
AF40B AIVFB	AH12A AMGXTRA	AH24C2 ACD2NEW
AF40C AIVFC	AH12B AMGNEW	AH24C3 ACD3NEW
AF40D AIVFD	AH12C1 AMGXTY1	AH24C4 ACD4NEW
AF41 AIVSC	AH12C2 AMGXTY2	AH24C5 ACD5NEW
AF101AF101	AH12C3 AMGXTY3	AH24C6 ACD6NEW
AF102 AF102	AH12C4 AMGXTY4	AH24C7 ACD7NEW
-		AH24C8 ACD8NEW
AF103AF103	AH12C5 AMGXTY5	
AF104 AF104	AH13A AXPMG	AH24C9 ACD9NEW
	AH13B1 AXPMG1	AH25 AHEATCH
AF106 AF106	AH13B2 AXPMG2	AH26 AHEATYP
AF116AF116	AH13B3 AXPMG3	AH27 AXPOILY
AF117AF117	AH13B4 AXPMG4	AH28 AGASUSE
AF118 AF118	AH14 AHSVAL	AH29 AGASWAY
		AH30A AXPGASL
AF119AF119	AH16 AHSJB	
AF120 AF120	AH17M1 ARENTP1	AH30B AXPGASW
AF121AF121	AH17M2 ARENTP2	AH30C AXPGASLW
AF122 AF122	AH18 ARENTLL	AH31 ALECWAY
AF131 AF133	AH19 ARENTF	AH32A AXPLECL
	-	AH32B AXPLECW
AF132 AF132	AH20B ARENT	-
AF133 AF131	AH20C ARENTW	AH32C AXPLECLW
AF134 AF134	AH20D1 ARENT1	AH33 AXPFOOD
AF135 AF135	AH20D2 ARENT2	AH34 ANCARS
AF136 AF136	AH20D3 ARENT3	AH37M1 AIVH1
	AH20D4 ARENT4	AH37M2 AIVH2
AF137AF137		
AF138 AF138	AH20D5 ARENT5	AH37M3 AIVH3
AF139 AF139	AH20D6 ARENT6	AH38M1 AIVHC1
AF140 AF140	AH21A ARENTHB	AH38M2 AIVHC2
AF141AF141	AH21B ARENTG	AH38M3 AIVHC3
		AHC2 AHHJND
AF151AF151	AH21C ARENTG	
AF152 AF152	AH21D ARENTGW	AHC5AY AHHAB1Y
		AHC5BY AHHAB2Y
AF153 AF153	AH22A AXPHSDF	
AF154 AF154	AH22B1 AXPHSD1	AI1 AIV1
AF155 AF155	AH22B2 AXPHSD2	AI2 AIV2
AF156 AF156	AH22C AXPHSDB	Al4 AlV4
AF157AF157	AH23A AHSPRBA	AI5 AIV5
AF158 AF158	AH23B AHSPRBB	AI6A AIV6A
AF159 AF159	AH23C AHSPRBC	AI6B AIV6B
	AH23D AHSPRBD	AI6C AIV6C
AH1A AHSROOM		
AH1B AHSBEDS	AH23E AHSPRBE	AI6D AIV6D
AH2AHSOWND	AH23F AHSPRBF	AI6E AIV6E
		AI6F AIV6F
AH3M1 AHSOWR1	AH24A1 ACD1USE	
AH3M2 AHSOWR2	AH24A2 ACD2USE	AI7 AIV7
- 		

AJ2 AJBSTAT	AM13AM AXDT1M	AM23E AHLCKEN
AJ3D ACJSBGD	AM13AY AXDT1Y	AM23F AHLCKFN
AJ3M ACJSBGM	AM13BM AXDT2M	AM23G AHLCKGN
AJ3Y ACJSBGY	AM13BY AXDT2Y	AM23H AHLCKHN
AJ4 ACJSBLY	AM13CM AXDT3M	AM24 ASMOKER
AJ5A AJHSTAT	AM13CY AXDT3Y	AM25 ANCIGS
AJ5BD AJHBGD	AM14M1 AXDT1PL	AM26A AOPHLA
AJ5BM AJHBGM	AM14M2 AXDT2PL	AM26B AOPHLB
AJ5BY AJHBGY	AM14M3 AXDT3PL	AM26C AOPHLC
AJ5D ANJBS	AM15 AHOSP	AM27 ARACH16
AJ6B AJHSOC	AM16 AHOSPD	AM28 AHLCH
AJ8 AJHPLDF		
	AM17A AHOSPCH	AM29P1 AHLCH1
AJ9A AJHSIC	AM18AHOSPNHS	AM29P2 AHLCH2
AJ9B AJHSIZE	AM19A AHLSV	AM29P3 AHLCH3
AJ10AJHMNGR	AM19BA AHLSVA	AM29P4 AHLCH4
AJ11B AJHSEMP	AM19BB AHLSVB	AM31 AAIDHH
AJ11C AJHBOSS	AM19BCAHLSVC	AM32P1AAIDHUA
AJ13 AJHSECT	AM19BDAHLSVD	AM32P2 AAIDHUB
AJ15 AJHA9LY	AM19BE AHLSVE	AM32P3 AAIDHUC
AJ16A AJHPAYL	AM19BF AHLSVF	AM33A AAIDXHH
AJ16B AJHPYLW	AM19BG AHLSVG	AM34 ANAIDXHH
AJ16C AJHPYLG	AM19BHAHLSVH	AM35D1 AAIDHU1
AJ17A AJHPAYS	AM19BI AHLSVI	AM35D2 AAIDHU2
AJ17B AJHPYSW	AM19BJ1 AHLSVJ	AM36D1 AAIDPL1
AJ17C AJHPYSG	AM19BJ2AHLSVK	AM36D2 AAIDPL2
AJ18 AJHSTPY	AM20A AHLSVAN	AM37 AAIDHRS
AJ19 AJBLKY	AM20B AHLSVBN	AM38A AIVMA
AJ91 AJBHAD	AM20C AHLSVCN	AM38B AIVMB
AJ92 AJLEND	AM20D AHLSVDN	AM38C AIVMC
AJ93 AJLSOC	AM20E AHLSVEN	AM38D AIVMD
AJ94 AJLSIC	AM20F AHLSVFN	AP13 APRFEHQ
AJ95 AJLSEMP	AM20G AHLSVGN	AP15 APRSEHQ
AJ96 AJLBOSS	AM20H AHLSVHN	AP51 APRJBFT
AJ97 AJLMNGR	AM20I AHLSVIN	AP63 APRFITB
AJ98 AJLSIZE	AM20J1 AHLSVJN	APB APRRS2I
AJ99A AIVJA	AM20J2 AHLSVKN	APC APRIPN
AJ99B AIVJB	AM21A AHLSVAF	APD APRWHY
AJ99C AIVJC	AM21B AHLSVBF	AS1A AGHQA
AJ99D AIVJD	AM21C AHLSVCF	AS1B AGHQB
		AS1C AGHQC
AM1 AHLSTAT	AM21D AHLSVDF	
AM2 AHLZEST	AM21E AHLSVEF	AS1D AGHQD
AM3 AHLDSBL	AM21F AHLSVFF	AS1E AGHQE
AM4M0 AHLPRB	AM21G AHLSVGF	AS1F AGHQF
AM4M1AHLPRB1	AM21H AHLSVHF	AS1G AGHQG
AM4M2AHLPRB2	AM21I AHLSVIF	AS1H AGHQH
AM4M3AHLPRB3	AM21J1 AHLSVJF	AS1I AGHQI
AM4M4AHLPRB4	AM21J2 AHLSVKF	AS1J AGHQJ
AM5 AHLLT	AM22A AHLCKA	AS1K AGHQK
AM6A AHLLTA	AM22B AHLCKB	AS1L AGHQL
AM6B AHLLTB	AM22C AHLCKC	AS2A AOPFAMA
AM6CAHLLTC	AM22D AHLCKD	AS2B AOPFAMB
AM6DAHLLTD	AM22E AHLCKE	AS2C AOPFAMC
AM6E AHLLTE	AM22F AHLCKF	AS2D AOPFAMD
AM7AHLLTW	AM22G AHLCKG	AS2E AOPFAME
AM8 AHLENDW	AM22H AHLCKH	AS2F AOPFAMF
AM9 AHLLTWA	AM23A AHLCKAN	AS2G AOPFAMG
AM10 AHL2GP	AM23B AHLCKBN	AS2H AOPFAMH
AM11 AXDTS	AM23C AHLCKCN	AS2IAOPFAMI
AM12 ANXDTS	AM23D AHLCKDN	AS3A ASSUPA
AWIZ ANADIO	ANIZOD ALILONDIN	A00A A000FA

AS3B ASSUPB	AV22D AIVVD	BD20J BQFEDXJ
AS3C ASSUPC	BD2 BLKNBRD	BD20K BQFEDXK
AS3D ASSUPD	BD3 BLKMOVE	BD21A BNQFEXA
AS3E ASSUPE	BD4 BLKMOVY	BD21B BNQFEXB
AS4A ASSUP1	BD5 BPLNEW	BD21C BNQFEXC
AV1A AOPSOCA	BD6 BPLNOWM	BD21E BNQFEXE
AV1B AOPSOCB	BD6 BPLNOWY	BD21F BNQFEXF
AV1C AOPSOCC	BD7 BMOVJB	BD21G BNQFEXG
AV1DAOPSOCD	BD8A BMOVJBA	BD21H BNQFEXH
AV1E AOPSOCE	BD8B BMOVJBB	BD21I BNQFEXI
AV1F AOPSOCF	BD8C BMOVJBC	BD21J BNQFEXJ
AV2 AOPCLS1	BD8D BMOVJBD	BD21K BNQFEXK
AV3 AOPCLS2	BD8E BMOVJBE	BD22CTY BPLBORNC
AV4 AOPCLS3	BD8F BMOVJBF	BD22DST BPLBORND
AV5 AVOTE1	BD8G BMOVJBG	BD23 BYR2UK
AV6 AVOTE2	BD8H BMOVJBH	BD24 BRACE
AV7 AVOTE3	BD8IBMOVJBI	BD26 BSCEND
AV8 AVOTE4		BD26NA BSCHOOL
	BD9M1 BMOVY1	
AV9 AVOTE5	BD9M2 BMOVY2	BD27 BSCTYPE
AV10 AVOTE6	BD10M BDOBM	BD28 BSCNOW
AV11 AOPRLG1	BD10Y BDOBY	BD29 BFETYPE
		BD30 BFEEND
AV12 AOPRLG2	BD11 BSEX	
AV13 AOPRLG3	BD11 BSEX	BD30NA BFENOW
AV14 ARACE	BD12 BIVLYR	BD31 BQFHAS
AV15 AORGM	BD13BJBSTAT	BD32A BQFA
AV16A AORGMA	BD14 BEDLYR	BD32B BQFB
AV16BAORGMB	BD15M BEDENDM	BD32C BQFC
AV16C AORGMC	BD15Y BEDENDY	BD32D BQFD
AV16D AORGMD	BD16 BEDTYPE	BD32E BQFE
AV16E AORGME	BD17 BQFX	BD32F BQFF
AV16F AORGMF	BD18A BQFXA	BD32G BQFG
AV16G AORGMG	BD18B BQFXB	BD32H BQFH
AV16H AORGMH	BD18C BQFXC	BD32I BQFI
AV16I AORGMI	BD18D BQFXD	BD32J BQFJ
AV16J AORGMJ	BD18E BQFXE	BD32K BQFK
AV16K AORGMK	BD18F BQFXF	BD32L BQFL
AV16L AORGML	BD18G BQFXG	BD32M BQFM
AV16M AORGMM	BD18H BQFXH	BD32N BQFN
AV17 AORGA	BD18I BQFXI	BD33 BQFED
AV18A AORGAA	BD18J BQFXJ	BD34A BQFEDB
AV18B AORGAB	BD18K BQFXK	BD34B BQFEDC
AV18C AORGAC	BD18L BQFXL	BD34C BQFEDD
AV18D AORGAD	BD18M BQFXM	BD34D BQFEDE
AV18E AORGAE	BD18N BQFXN	BD34E BQFEDF
AV18F AORGAF	BD19 BQFEDX	BD34F BQFEDG
AV18G AORGAG	BD1AD BDOID	BD34G BQFEDH
AV18H AORGAH	BD1AM BDOIM	BD34H BQFEDI
AV18I AORGAI	BD1AY BDOIY	BD34I BQFEDJ
AV18J AORGAJ	BD1BH BIVSOIH	BD34J BQFEDA
AV18K AORGAK	BD1BM BIVSOIM	BD34K BQFEDK
AV18L AORGAL	BD20A BQFEDXA	BD34L BQFEDL
AV18M AORGAM	BD20B BQFEDXB	BD34M BQFEDM
AV19M1 AOPPOL1	BD20C BQFEDXC	BD34N BQFEDN
AV19M2 AOPPOL2	BD20D BQFEDXD	BD34O BQFEDO
AV20 AOPPOL3	BD20E BQFEDXE	BD34P BQFEDP
AV21 AOPPOL4	BD20F BQFEDXF	BD34Q BQFEDQ
AV22A AIVVA	BD20G BQFEDXG	BD34R BQFEDR
AV22B AIVVB	BD20H BQFEDXH	BD34S BQFEDS
AV22CAIVVC		BD35A BNQFEDB
AV220AIVVO	BD20I BQFEDXI	BUSSA BINQFEUB

BD35B BNQFEDC	BE23 BPAYSLP	BE79E BJSSAT5
		BE80 BJSSAT
BD35C BNQFEDD	BE25 BPAYUSL	
BD35D BNQFEDE	BE26 BPAYU	BE81D BJSBGD
BD35E BNQFEDF	BE27OC BPAYUW	BE81M BJSBGM
BD35F BNQFEDG		BE81Y BJSBGY
	BE28 BPAYUG	
BD35G BNQFEDH	BE29A BPAYDF1	BE82 BJBED
BD35H BNQFEDI	BE29B BPAYDF2	BE83A BJBED1
BD35I BNQFEDJ	BE29C BPAYDF3	BE83B BJBED2
BD35J BNQFEDA	BE29D BPAYDF4	BE83C BJBED3
BD35K BNQFEDK	BE29E BPAYDF5	BE83D BJBED4
BD35L BNQFEDL	BE29FBPAYDF6	BE83E BJBED5
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BD35M BNQFEDM	BE29G BPAYDF7	BE84H BJBEDH
BD35N BNQFEDN	BE29H BPAYDF8	BE84W BJBEDW
BD35O BNQFEDO	BE31D BJBBGD	BE85 BRACH12
BD35P BNQFEDP	BE31M BJBBGM	BE86M1 BJBCHC1
BD35Q BNQFEDQ	BE31Y BJBBGY	BE86M2BJBCHC2
BD35R BNQFEDR	BE32BJBBGLY	BE86M3BJBCHC3
BD35S BNQFEDS	BE33 BJBSECT	BE88 BXPCHCF
BD36 BPAPERR	BE34 BJBONUS	BE89 BXPCHC
BD37 BPAPER1	BE35 BJBRISE	BE90 BHUXPCH
BD37 BPAPER2	BE36BTUJBPL	BE91 BHUNURS
BD38 BPAPERM	BE37 BTUIN1	BE92 BJULK1
BD39 BPAPERP	BE38 BTUIN2	BE93 BJULK4
BD40ABOPSOCG	BE39 BJBOPPS	BE94 BJULKJB
BD40B BOPSOCH	BE40 BJBTIME	BE95 BJUSPEC
BD40C BOPSOCI	BE41 BPAYS	BE96 BJUSOC
BD40D BOPSOCJ	BE42 BPAYSW	BE97 BJUHRSX
BD41ABIVDA	BE43 BPAYSG	BE98 BJUPAYX
BD41BBIVDB	BE44 BJBPEN	BE99 BJUPAYL
BD41C BIVDC	BE45 BJBPENM	BE100 BJUHRSL
BD41D BIVDD	BE58 BPAYLY	BE102 BJBUB
BE1 BJBHAS	BE59OC BPAYLYW	BE103 BJBUBY
BE2 BJBOFF	BE60 BPAYLYG	BE104 BJ2HAS
BE3 BJBOFFY	BE64 BPAYGYR	BE105 BJ2SOC
BE4 BJBTERM	BE64DK BPAYGYA	BE106 BJ2SEMP
BE5 BJBSOC		
	BE65 BJSBOSS	BE107 BJ2HRS
BE6 BJBSIC	BE66 BJSSIZE	BE108 BJ2PAY
BE7 BJBSEMP	BE67 BJSHRS	BE110A BJBHHA
BE8 BJBMNGR	BE68 BJSHRLK	BE110B BJBHHB
BE9 BJBSIZE	BE69 BJSTIME	BE110C BJBHHC
BE10 BJBHRS	BE70BJSTYPE	BE110D BJBHHD
BE11 BJBOT	BE71 BJSACCS	BE110E BJBHHE
BE12 BJBOTPD	BE72 BJSPRF	BE110F BJBHHF
BE13 BJBHRLK	BE73BM BJSPRBM	BE111A BIVEA
BE14BJBPL	BE73BY BJSPRBY	BE111B BIVEB
BE15 BJBTTWT	BE73EM BJSPREM	BE111C BIVEC
BE16 BJBTTWM	BE73EY BJSPREY	BE111D BIVED
BE17A BJBSAT1	BE74 BJSPAYL	BEG7 BIVIOW1
BE17B BJBSAT2	BE75BM BJSPYBM	BEG7 BIVIOW1
BE17C BJBSAT3	BE75BY BJSPYBY	BEG7 BIVIOW1
BE17D BJBSAT4	BE75EM BJSPYEM	BEG8 BIVELIG
BE17E BJBSAT5	BE75EY BJSPYEY	BEG8 BIVELIG
BE17F BJBSAT6	BE76 BJSPL	BEG9 BHHMEM
BE17GBJBSAT7	BE77 BJSTTWT	BEG9 BHHMEM
BE18 BJBSAT	BE78 BJSTTWM	BEG9BHHMEM
BE19 BPAYGL	BE79A BJSSAT1	BEG10BNELYR
BE20OC BPAYGW	BE79B BJSSAT2	BEG10BNELYR
BE21 BPAYNL	BE79C BJSSAT3	BEG10BNELYR
BE22OC BPAYNW	BE79D BJSSAT4	BEG11 BNEWHY

BEG11 BNEWHY	BF11 BPPPEN	BF24C1 BFTEXAV
BEG11BNEWHY	BF12 BPENB4	BF24C2 BFTEXBV
=		_
BEG12M BNEMNJN	BF13 BPENB4YR	BF24C3BFTEXCV
BEG12M BNEMNJN	BF14 BPENB4V	BF24DOC1 BFTEXAW
BEG12M BNEMNJN	BF15 BPENB4W	BF24DOC2 BFTEXBW
BEG12Y BNEYRJN	BF16 BPENYR	BF24DOC3 BFTEXCW
BEG12Y BNEYRJN	BF17 BPENADD	BF25 BSPINHH
BEG12Y BNEJNYR	BF18 BPENADV	BF26 BHURUNS
BEG12Y BNEYRJN	BF19 BPENADW	BF27 BHUBOSS
BEG13BLEAVER	BF21 BFTHH	BF28 BHUDOES
BEG14 BLVWHY	BF22A1BFTHH1	BF29 BFAIR1
BEG15M BLVMN	BF22A2 BFTHH2	BF30 BHHCH12
BEG15Y BLVYR	BF22A3BFTHH3	BF31 BHUSITS
BEG16BLVLOC	BF22B11 BFTHH11	BF32 BFAIR2
BEG17BIVFIO	BF22B12 BFTHH21	BF33 BHOWLNG
BEG17 BIVFIO	BF22B13BFTHH31	BF34BEVENT3S
BEG17 BIVFIO	BF22B21 BFTHH12	BF34 BEVENT4
BEG18 BIVRREF	BF22B22 BFTHH22	BF34 BEVENT4S
BEG18 BIVRREF	BF22B23 BFTHH32	BF34 BEVENT3
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BEG20 BIVCOOP	BF22B31BFTHH13	BF34BEVENT2
BEG20 BIVCOOP	BF22B32 BFTHH23	BF34 BEVENT1S
BEG20BIVCOOP	BF22B33 BFTHH33	BF34BEVENT1
BEG21 BIODC	BF22B41 BFTHH14	BF34 BEVENT2S
BEG21 BIODC	BF22B42 BFTHH24	BF35A BIVFA
BEG22 BIVMVST	BF22B43BFTHH34	BF35B BIVFB
BF2 BNF1	BF22B51 BFTHH15	BF35C BIVFC
BF3A BFICODE	BF22B52 BFTHH25	BF35D BIVFD
BF3ANO BNFR	BF22B53 BFTHH35	BF36 BIVSC
BF3B01 BFR01	BF22B61BFTHH16	BF101BF101
BF3B02 BFR02	BF22B62BFTHH26	BF102BF102
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BF3B04 BFR04	BF22C1 BFTHH1V	BF104 BF104
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BF3B09 BFR09	BF22DOC3 BFTHH3W	BF118 BF118
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	BF24A1 BFTEXA	-
BF3B11 BFR11		BF120 BF120
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BF3B14 BFR14	BF24B11BFTEXA1	BF123BF123
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BF3BAL BFRALL	BF24B22BFTEXB2	BF133 BF133
BF3C BFRNOW	BF24B23BFTEXC2	BF134 BF134
BF3D BFRVAL	BF24B31BFTEXA3	BF135 BF135
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		BF136 BF136
BF3FBFRJT	BF24B33BFTEXC3	BF137BF137
BF3FPN BFRJTPN	BF24B41BFTEXA4	BF138 BF138
BF3SEQ BFISEQ	BF24B42BFTEXB4	BF139 BF139
BF4 BFISIT	BF24B43 BFTEXC4	BF140 BF140
BF5 BFISITC		
BF6 BFISITX	BF24B52BFTEXB5	BF151BF151
BF7 BFIYRDI	BF24B53BFTEXC5	BF152BF152
BF8 BSAVE	BF24B61BFTEXA6	BF153 BF153
BF9 BSAVED	BF24B62 BFTEXB6	BF154 BF154
BF10 BSAVEY	BF24B63 BFTEXC6	BF155 BF155
DI 10	DI ZTDOO DI TEACO	Di 100

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BF157BF1	57 BH45B	BRENT2	BHG7	BMASTAT
BF158 BF1	58 BH45C	BRENT3	BHG7	BMASTAT
BF159 BF1		BRENT4		BHGSPN
BFFOIH BIVFO		BRENT5		BHGSPN
BFFOIM BIVFO		BRENT6		BHGEMP
BH1BHSROC	M BH46	BRENTHB	BHG9	BHGEMP
BH2BHSOWN	ID BH47	BRENTG	BHG10	BHGFNO
BH3M1 BHSOW		BRENTGW		BHGFNO
BH3M2 BHSOW		BXPHSDF		BHGMNO
BH5 BMGHA		BXPHSD1		BHGMNO
BH6 BHSOWF		BXPHSD2		BHGRA
BH7BMGYNC	OT BH52	BXPHSDB	BHG12	BHGRA
BH8 BHSCOS	ST BH53	BCDHAVE	BI1	BIV1
BH9 BMGSTA		BCD1USE		BIV2
BH10 BMGXTF		BCD2USE		
BH11 BMGNE		BCD3USE		BIV5
BH12A BMGXT		BCD4USE		BIV6A
BH12B BMGXT	/2 BH54E .	BCD5USE	BI6B	BIV6B
BH12C BMGXT	/3 BH54F .	BCD6USE	BI6C	BIV6C
BH12D BMGXT		BCD7USE		BIV6D
BH12E BMGXT		BCD8USE		BIV6E
BH13 BHSCOS		BCD9USE		BIV6F
BH14 BMGOL		BCD1NEW		BIV7
BH15 BMGLIF	E BH55B .	BCD2NEW	BJ2	BEDNEW
BH16 BMGTYF	PE BH55C .	BCD3NEW	BJ3A	BEDNEW1
BH17 BMGNE	W BH55D	BCD4NEW	BJ3B	BEDNEW2
BH18A BMGXT		BCD5NEW		BEDNEW3
BH18B BMGXT		BCD6NEW		BEDNEW4
BH18C BMGXT		BCD7NEW		BEDNEWH
BH18D BMGXT		BCD8NEW	BJ4W	BEDNEWW
BH18E BMGXT	/5 BH55I .	BCD9NEW	BJ9	BJBSTAT
BH19 BXPM	G BH56	BCDNUXP	BJ9	BNEMST
BH20A BXPMC		BHSIP		BCJSBGD
BH20B BXPM0		BHSIPXP		BCJSBGM
BH20C BXPMC		BHEATCH		BCJSBGY
BH20D BXPM0		BHEATYP		BCJSBLY
BH23 BHSCOS		BXPOILY	BJ12	BJHSTAT
BH25 BHSCOS	ST BH62	BGASUSE	BJ13D	BJHBGD
BH26 BHSYF	RO BH63	BGASWAY	BJ13M	BJHBGM
BH27 BHSV/		BXPGASL		BJHBGY
BH29 BHSCOS		BXPGASW		BNJBS
BH30 BMGOL		BXPGASLW		BJHSOC
BH31 BMGLIF		BLECWAY		BJHSEMP
BH32 BMGTYF	PE BH68	BXPLECL	BJ20	BJHBOSS
BH33 BMGXTF	RA BH69	BXPLECW	BJ21	BJHSECT
BH34 BMGNE	W BH70	BXPLECLW	BJ22	BJHMNGR
BH36 BXPM		BXPFOOD		BJHPLDF
BH37A BXPM0		BNCARS		BJHSIC
BH37B BXPM0		BIVH1		BJHSIZE
BH37C BXPM0		BIVH2		BJHPAYL
BH37D BXPM0	64 BH73M3 .	BIVH3	BJ28OC	BJHPYLW
BH38 BHS.	IB BHG2	BHGR2R	BJ29	BJHPYLG
BH39M1 BRENTI		BHGR2R		BJHSTPY
BH39M2 BRENTI		BHGSEX		BJBLKY
BH40 BRENT		BHGSEX		BJBHAD
BH41 BREN		BHGBM		BJLEND
BH43 BREN		BHGBM		BJLSOC
BH44 BRENT	W BHG4Y	BHGBY	BJ37	BJLSIC

BJ38 BJLSEMP	BL48C BIVLC	BM21G BHLSVG
BJ39 BJLBOSS	BL48D BIVLD	BM21H BHLSVH
BJ40 BJLMNGR	BL49M BLEDENDM	BM21I BHLSVI
BJ41 BJLSIZE	BL49NL BLEDNOW	BM21J1 BHLSVJ
BJ42A BIVJA	BL49Y BLEDENDY	BM21J2 BHLSVK
BJ42B BIVJB	BL50 BLESHST	BM21J2 BHLSVJ
BJ42C BIVJC	BL50SPNO BLESHNO	BM22A BHLSVAN
BJ42D BIVJD	BL51M BLESHEM	BM22B BHLSVBN
BL10M BLMSPM	BL51NE BLESHNE	BM22C BHLSVCN
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BL4M BLMARM	BM3 BHLDSBL	BM22G BHLSVGN
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BL6M BLMCBM	BM4C BHLPRBC	BM22J1 BHLSVJN
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BL9M BLMDVM	BM4MG BHLPRBG	BM23D BHLSVDF
BL9Y BLMDVY	BM4MH BHLPRBH	BM23E BHLSVEF
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BL28 BMPNO	BM4MI BHLPRBI	BM23F BHLSVFF
BL35 BLCOH	BM4MJBHLPRBJ	BM23G BHLSVGF
BL36 BLNCOH	BM4MK BHLPRBK	BM23H BHLSVHF
BL37 BLCSBM	BM4MLBHLPRBL	BM23I BHLSVIF
BL37M BLCHSM	BM4MM BHLPRBM	BM23J1 BHLSVJF
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BL37Y BLCSBY	BM6A BHLLTA	BM24 BHLCK
BL38M BLCSEM	BM6B BHLLTB	BM25A BHLCKA
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BL39 BLADOPT	BM6E BHLLTE	BM25D BHLCKD
BL40 BLNADPT	BM7 BHLLTW	BM25E BHLCKE
BL41 BLACNO	BM8 BHLENDW	BM25F BHLCKF
BL41AM BLACBM	BM9 BHLLTWA	BM25G BHLCKG
BL41AY BLACBY	BM10 BHL2GP	BM25H BHLCKH
BL41B BLACSX	BM11 BXDTS	BM26A BHLCKAN
BL41C BLACST	BM12 BNXDTS	BM26B BHLCKBN
	BM13AM BXDT1M	
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BL41FBLACYD	BM13BM BXDT2M	BM26E BHLCKEN
BL41G BLACAL	BM13BY BXDT2Y	BM26F BHLCKFN
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BL45 BCBAGE	BM21B BHLSVB	BM35 BAIDHU1
BL46 BLCHMOR	BM21C BHLSVC	BM36 BAIDPL1
BL47 BLCHMORN	BM21D BHLSVD	BM36 BAIDPL2
BL48A BIVLA	BM21E BHLSVE	BM37 BAIDHRS
BL48B BIVLB	BM21FBHLSVF	BM38A BIVMA

BM38B BIVMB	BV1C BOPPOLC	CD3CLKMOVE
BM38C BIVMC	BV1D BOPPOLD	CD4 CLKMOVY
BM38D BIVMD	BV2 BVOTE1	CD5 CPLNEW
BP2B BPRRS2I	BV3 BVOTE2	CD6MCPLNOWM
BP2C BPRIPN	BV4 BVOTE4	CD6Y CPLNOWY
BP2D BPRWHY	BV5 BVOTE5	CD7 CMOVJB
BP3 BP3M	BV6 BVOTE7	CD8A CMOVJBA
BP3 BP3AL	BV7 BVOTE8	CD8B CMOVJBB
BP3 BP3Y	BV8 BVOTE6	CD8C CMOVJBC
_		
BP13 BPRFEHQ	BV9A BOPISS1	CD8D CMOVJBD
BP15 BPRSEHQ	BV9B BOPISS2	CD8E CMOVJBE
BP49 BPRJBFT	BV9C BOPISS3	CD8F CMOVJBF
BP61 BPRFITB	BV9D BOPISS4	CD8G CMOVJBG
BPI1BPIM2	BV9E BOPISS5	CD8H CMOVJBH
BPI1BPIM1	BV10 BOPPOL1	CD8I CMOVJBI
BS1A BGHQA	BV11 BOPPOL2	CD9M1 CMOVY1
BS1B BGHQB	BV12 BORGM	CD9M2 CMOVY2
BS1C BGHQC	BV13A BORGMA	CD10M CDOBM
BS1DBGHQD	BV13BBORGMB	CD10Y CDOBY
BS1E BGHQE	BV13C BORGMC	CD11 CSEX
BS1F BGHQF	BV13D BORGMD	CD11 CSEX
BS1G BGHQG	BV13E BORGME	CD13CJBSTAT
BS1H BGHQH	BV13F BORGMF	CD15M CEDENDM
BS1I BGHQI		
	BV13G BORGMG	CD15Y CEDENDY
BS1J BGHQJ	BV13H BORGMH	CD16 CEDTYPE
BS1K BGHQK	BV13I BORGMI	CD17 CQFX
BS1L BGHQL	BV13JBORGMJ	CD18A CQFXA
BS2A BOPFAMJ	BV13K BORGMK	CD18B CQFXB
BS2B BOPFAMK	BV13L BORGML	CD18C CQFXC
BS2C BOPFAML	BV13M BORGMM	CD18D CQFXD
BS2D BOPFAMM	BV14 BORGA	CD18E CQFXE
BS2E BOPFAMN	BV15A BORGAA	CD18F CQFXF
BS3A BNETSX3	BV15B BORGAB	CD18G CQFXG
BS3A BNETSX2	BV15C BORGAC	CD18H CQFXH
BS3A BNETSX1	BV15D BORGAD	CD18I
BS3B BNET2RL	BV15E BORGAE	CD18J CQFXJ
BS3B BNET1RL	BV15F BORGAF	CD18K CQFXK
BS3B BNET3RL	BV15G BORGAG	CD18L CQFXL
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BS3B BNET3WR	BV15I BORGAI	CD18N CQFXN
BS3B BNET1WR	BV15J BORGAJ	CD19 CQFEDX
		·
BS3C BNET1AG	BV15K BORGAK	CD20A CQFEDXA
BS3C BNET3AG	BV15L BORGAL	CD20B CQFEDXB
BS3C BNET2AG	BV15M BORGAM	CD20C CQFEDXC
BS3D BNET3KN	BV16BDRIVER	CD20D CQFEDXD
BS3DBNET1KN	BV17 BCARUSE	CD20E CQFEDXE
BS3D BNET2KN	BV18A BIVVA	CD20F CQFEDXF
BS3EBNET3PH	BV18B BIVVB	CD20G CQFEDXG
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BS3E BNET2PH	BV18D BIVVD	CD20ICQFEDXI
BS3F BNET2LV	CD0ADCDOID	CD20J CQFEDXJ
BS3F BNET3LV	CD0AM CDOIM	CD20K CQFEDXK
BS3F BNET1LV	CD0AY CDOIY	CD21A CNQFEXA
BS3G BNET3JB	CD0B CIVLYR	CD21B CNQFEXB
BS3G BNET2JB	CD0C CIVIEVR	CD21C CNQFEXC
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BV1B BOPPOLB	CD2 CLKNBRD	CD21H CNQFEXH

CD21I CNQFEXI	CD39G CNQFEDH	CE34 CJBONUS
CD21J CNQFEXJ	CD39H CNQFEDI	CE35 CJBRISE
CD21K CNQFEXK	CD39I CNQFEDJ	CE36 CTUJBPL
CD22 CMLSTAT	CD39J CNQFEDA	CE37 CTUIN1
CD23 CMLCHNG	CD39K CNQFEDK	CE38 CTUIN2
CD24M CMLCHM	CD39L CNQFEDL	CE39 CJBOPPS
CD24Y CMLCHY	CD39M CNQFEDM	CE40 CJBTIME
CD25DST CPLBORND	CD39N CNQFEDN	CE41 CPAYS
CD25OS CPLBORNC	CD39O CNQFEDO	CE42OC CPAYSW
CD26 CYR2UK		
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CD28 CRACE	CD39Q CNQFEDQ	CE44 CJBPEN
CD30 CSCEND	CD39R CNQFEDR	CE45 CJBPENM
CD30NA CSCHOOL	CD39S CNQFEDS	CE57 CPAYLY
CD31 CSCTYPE	CE1CJBHAS	CE58OC CPAYLYW
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CD33 CFETYPE	CE3CJBOFFY	CE63 CJSBOSS
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CD35 CQFHAS	CE6 CJBSIC	CE66 CJSHRLK
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CD36ICQFI	CE15 CJBPL	CE72 CJSPAYL
CD36J CQFJ	CE16 CJBTTWT	CE73BM CJSPYBM
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CD37 CQFED	CE18D CJBSAT4	CE75CJSTTWT
CD38A CQFEDB	CE18E CJBSAT5	CE76 CJSTTWM
CD38B CQFEDC	CE18F CJBSAT6	CE77A CJSSAT1
CD38CCQFEDD	CE18G CJBSAT7	CE77B CJSSAT2
CD38D CQFEDE	CE19 CJBSAT	CE77C CJSSAT3
CD38E CQFEDF	CE20 CPAYGL	CE77DCJSSAT4
CD38F CQFEDG	CE21OC CPAYGW	CE77E CJSSAT4
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CD38H CQFEDI	CE23OC CPAYNW	CE79D CJSBGD
CD38I CQFEDJ	CE24 CPAYSLP	CE79M CJSBGM
CD38J CQFEDA	CE26 CPAYUSL	CE79Y CJSBGY
CD38K CQFEDK	CE27 CPAYU	CE80 CJBED
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CD38Q CQFEDQ	CE30D CPAYDF4	CE82A CJBEDQ
CD38R CQFEDR	CE30E CPAYDF5	CE82B CJBEDP1
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CD39C CNQFEDD	CE32D CJBBGD	CE84M2 CJBCHC2
CD39D CNQFEDE	CE32M CJBBGM	CE84M3 CJBCHC3
CD39E CNQFEDF	CE32Y CJBBGY	CE86 CXPCHCF
CD39F CNQFEDG	CE33 CJBBGLY	CE87 CXPCHC

CE00 CHILYDOH	CEC44 CIVEIO	OFOEDOO OFTUUOO
CE88 CHUXPCH	CEG14 CIVFIO	CF25B23 CFTHH32
CE89 CHUNURS	CEG14 CIVFIO	CF25B32 CFTHH23
CE90 CJULK1	CEG14 CIVFIO	CF25B33 CFTHH33
CE91 CJULK4	CEG15 CIVTEL	CF25B42 CFTHH24
CE92 CJULKJB	CEG15 CIVTEL	CF25B43 CFTHH34
CE93 CJUSPEC	CF2 CNF1	CF25B52 CFTHH25
CE94 CJUSOC	CF3ACFICODE	CF25B53 CFTHH35
CE95 CJUHRSX	CF3ANO CNFR	CF25B62 CFTHH26
CE96 CJUPAYX	CF3B01 CFR01	CF25B63 CFTHH36
		CF25B63 CFTTH130 CF25C2 CFTHH2V
CE97 CJUPAYL	CF3B02 CFR02	
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CE108B CIVEB	CF3C CFRNOW	CF28B11 CFTEXA1
CE108C CIVEC	CF3D CFRVAL	CF28B12 CFTEXB1
CE108D CIVED	CF3EOC CFRW	CF28B13 CFTEXC1
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CEG4 CHGSEX	CF3SEQ CFISEQ	CF28B23 CFTEXC2
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CEG5MCHGBM	CF4 CFISIT	
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CEG5Y CHGBY	CF6 CFISITY	CF28B33 CFTEXC3
CEG5Y CHGBY	CF7 CFISITX	CF28B41 CFTEXA4
CEG6 CIVIOW2	CF8 COPXPSV	CF28B42 CFTEXB4
CEG6 CIVIOW2	CF9 COPXPCR	CF28B43 CFTEXC4
CEG7 CIVIEVR	CF10 CFIYRDI	CF28B51 CFTEXA5
CEG7 CIVIEVR	CF11 CFIYRDIU	CF28B52 CFTEXB5
CEG7 CIVIEVR	CF12 CSAVE	CF28B53 CFTEXC5
CEG8 CIVELIG	CF13 CSAVED	CF28B61 CFTEXA6
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CEG9 CHHMEM	CF15 CPPPEN	CF28C1 CFTEXAV
CEG9 CHHMEM	CF16 CPENB4	CF28C2 CFTEXAV
CEG10 CNEWHY	CF17 CPENB4YR	CF28C3 CFTEXCV
CEG10 CNEWHY	CF18 CPENB4V	CF28DOC1 CFTEXAW
CEG10CNEWHY	CF19OC CPENB4W	CF28DOC2 CFTEXBW
CEG11 CLVWHY	CF20 CPENYR	CF28DOC3 CFTEXCW
CEG12M CLVMN	CF21 CPENADD	CF29CSPINHH
CEG12M CNEMNJN	CF22 CPENADV	CF30 CHURUNS
CEG12M CNEMNJN	CF23OC CPENADW	CF31 CHUBOSS
CEG12M CNEMNJN	CF25 CFTHH	CF32 CHOWLNG
CEG12Y CNEYRJN	CF25A2 CFTHH2	CF33 CEVENT4
CEG12Y CNEYRJN	CF25A3 CFTHH3	CF33 CEVENT3S
CEG12Y CNETRSIN	CF25B12 CFTHH21	CF33 CEVENT3
CEG12Y CNEYRJN	CF25B12 CF1HH21 CF25B13 CFTHH31	CF33 CEVENT3
CEG121 CNETRJN	CF25B13 CF1HH31 CF25B22 CFTHH22	CF33 CEVENT2
CEG IS CLVLUC	GFZSDZZ GFTHHZZ	Gras GEVENIZ

CF33 CEVENT1S	CH12 CMGYR0	CH47H CCD8NEW
CF33 CEVENT1	CH13 CMGLY	CH47I CCD9NEW
CF33 CEVENT4S	CH14 CHSIVW2	CH48 CCDNUXP
CF34A CIVFA	CH17 CMGOLD	CH49 CHSIP
CF34B CIVFB	CH18 CMGLIFE	CH50 CHSIPXP
CF34C CIVFC	CH19 CMGTYPE	CH51 CHEATCH
CF34D CIVFD	CH20CMGXTRA	CH52 CHEATYP
CF34E CIVFE	CH21 CMGNEW	CH53 CXPOILY
CF35 CIVSC	CH22A CMGXTY1	CH54 CGASUSE
CF101 CF101	CH22B CMGXTY2	CH55 CGASWAY
CF102 CF102	CH22C CMGXTY3	CH56 CXPGASL
CF103 CF103	CH22D CMGXTY4	CH57CXPGASW
CF104 CF104	CH22E CMGXTY5	CH58 CXPGASLW
CF105 CF105	CH23 CXPMG	CH59 CLECWAY
CF106 CF106	CH24A CXPMG1	CH60 CXPLECL
CF116 CF116		
	CH24B CXPMG2	CH61 CXPLECW
CF117 CF117	CH24C CXPMG3	CH62 CXPLECLW
CF118 CF118	CH24D CXPMG4	CH63 CXPFOOD
CF119 CF119	CH25 CHSJB	CH64 CNCARS
CF120 CF120	CH26M1 CRENTP1	CH65 CCAROWN
CF121 CF121	CH26M2 CRENTP2	CH66 CCARVAL
CF122 CF122	CH27 CRENTLL	CH67M1 CIVH1
CF123 CF123	CH28 CRENTF	CH67M2 CIVH2
CF124 CF124	CH30 CRENT	CH67M3 CIVH3
CF131 CF131	CH31 CRENTW	CHG2 CHGR2R
CF132 CF132	CH32A CRENT1	CHG2 CHGR2R
	CH32B CRENT2	
CF133 CF133		CHG7CAGE
CF134 CF134	CH32C CRENT3	CHG8 CMASTAT
CF135 CF135	CH32D CRENT4	CHG8 CMASTAT
CF136 CF136	CH32E CRENT5	CHG9 CHGSPN
CF137 CF137	CH32F CRENT6	CHG9 CHGSPN
CF138 CF138	CH33 CRENTHB	CHG10CHGEMP
	CH34 CRENTG	CHG10CHGEMP
CF139 CF139		
CF140 CF140	CH36 CRENTGW	CHG11CHGFNO
CF141 CF141	CH37 CXPHSDF	CHG11CHGFNO
	CH38A CXPHSD1	
CF151 CF151		CHG12CHGMNO
CF152 CF152	CH38B CXPHSD2	CHG12 CHGMNO
CF153 CF153	CH39 CXPHSDB	CHG13 CHGRA
	CH40 CHS2OWND	CHG13CHGRA
CF154 CF154		
CF155 CF155	CH41 CHS2VAL	CI1 CIV1
CF156 CF156	CH43 CMGTOT	CI2 CIV2
	CH44 CCDHAVE	Cl4 CIV4
CF157 CF157		
CF158 CF158	CH45A CCD1USE	CI5 CIV5
CF159 CF159	CH45B CCD2USE	CI6A CIV6A
CH0ADCHHDOI	CH45C CCD3USE	
CH0AM CHHMOI	CH45D CCD4USE	CI6C CIV6C
CH0AY CHHYOI	CH45E CCD5USE	CI6D CIV6D
CH0C CHSTYPE	CH45F CCD6USE	CI6E
CH1B CHSRINS	CH45G CCD7USE	CI6F CIV6F
CH2CHSROOM	CH45H CCD8USE	CI7 CIV7
CH3 CHSOWND	CH45I CCD9USE	CJ2 CEDNEW
CH4M1 CHSOWR1	CH46 CCDBGHT	CJ3A CEDNEW1
CH4M2 CHSOWR2	CH47A CCD1NEW	CJ3B CEDNEW2
CH5 CHSVAL	CH47BCCD2NEW	CJ3C CEDNEW3
CH6CMGHAVE	CH47C CCD3NEW	CJ3D CEDNEW4
CH7CHSOWRP	CH47D CCD4NEW	CJ4A CEDNEWQ
CH8 CMGYNOT	CH47ECCD5NEW	CJ4B CEDNEWP1
CH9 CHSCOST	CH47F CCD6NEW	CJ4B CEDNEWP2
CH10 CHSYR0	CH47G CCD7NEW	CJ8 CCJSBGD
OTTO OFISTNO	OT ITTO OODT NEV	000 COUGBGD

CJ8M	. CCJSBGM	CM2 CHLZEST	CM22G CHLSVGN
CJ8Y	CC ISBGV	CM3 CHLDSBL	CM22H CHLSVHN
CJ9	CNEMST	CM4A CHLPRBA	CM22ICHLSVIN
CJ10D	CCUSBGD	CM4B CHLPRBB	CM22J1CHLSVJN
			CM22J2 CHLSVKN
CJ11		CM4C CHLPRBC	
CJ12	. CJHSTAT	CM4D CHLPRBD	CM23A CHLSVAF
CJ13D	CJHRGD	CM4E CHLPRBE	CM23B CHLSVBF
CJ13M		CM4F CHLPRBF	CM23C CHLSVCF
CJ13Y	. CJHBGY	CM4G CHLPRBG	CM23D CHLSVDF
CJ15	CNIBS	CM4H CHLPRBH	CM23E CHLSVEF
CJ17		CM4I CHLPRBI	CM23FCHLSVFF
CJ19	. CJHSEMP	CM4J CHLPRBJ	CM23G CHLSVGF
CJ20	CIHBOSS	CM4K CHLPRBK	CM23H CHLSVHF
CJ21		CM4L CHLPRBL	CM23I CHLSVIF
CJ22	CJHMNGR	CM4M CHLPRBM	CM23J1 CHLSVJF
CJ24		CM4M0 CHLPRB	CM23J2 CHLSVKF
CJ25	CJHSIC	CM5 CHLLT	CM24 CHLCK
CJ26	CJHSIZE	CM6ACHLLTA	CM25A CHLCKA
CJ27		CM6BCHLLTB	CM25B CHLCKB
CJ28OC	. CJHPYLW	CM6C CHLLTC	CM25C CHLCKC
CJ29	CJHPYLG	CM6D CHLLTD	CM25D CHLCKD
CJ30		CM6ECHLLTE	CM25E CHLCKE
CJ31	CJBLKY	CM7 CHLLTW	CM25F CHLCKF
CJ34	CJBHAD	CM8 CHLENDW	CM25G CHLCKG
CJ35		CM9 CHLLTWA	CM25H CHLCKH
CJ36	CJLSOC	CM10 CHL2GP	CM26A CHLCKAN
CJ37	CJI SIC	CM11 CXDTS	CM26B CHLCKBN
CJ38		CM12 CNXDTS	CM26C CHLCKCN
CJ39	. CJLBOSS	CM13AYCXDT1Y	CM26D CHLCKDN
CJ40	CILMNGR	CM13BYCXDT2Y	CM26E CHLCKEN
			CM26F CHLCKFN
CJ41		CM13CYCXDT3Y	
CJ42A	CIVJA	CM13MAM CXDT1M	CM26G CHLCKGN
CJ42B	CIV.IB	CM13MBM CXDT2M	CM26H CHLCKHN
CJ42C		CM13MCM CXDT3M	CM27 CSMOKER
CJ42D	CIVJD	CM14M1CXDT1PL	CM28 CNCIGS
CJ42E	CIVIE	CM14M2 CXDT2PL	CM29A COPHLA
		CM14M3 CXDT3PL	
CL1H			CM29B COPHLB
CL1M	CLJBM	CM15 CHOSP	CM29C COPHLC
CL3	CLJHAD	CM16 CHOSPD	CM31 CAIDHH
CL4			
-		CM18 CHOSPCH	CM32P1 CAIDHUA
CL5	. CLJESFN	CM19 CHOSPNHS	CM32P2 CAIDHUB
CL6	CLISEMP	CM20 CHLSV	CM32P3 CAIDHUC
CL7M		CM21A CHLSVA	CM33CAIDXHH
CL7Y	CLJBGY	CM21B CHLSVB	CM34 CNAIDXHH
CL8OC1	CLJSOC	CM21C CHLSVC	CM35 CAIDHU1
CL8OC2		CM21D CHLSVD	CM35 CAIDHU2
CL9	. CLJMNGR	CM21E CHLSVE	CM37 CAIDHRS
CL10	CLJTERM	CM21FCHLSVF	CM38A CIVMA
CL11M		CM21G CHLSVG	CM38B CIVMB
CL11Y	CLJLFTY	CM21H CHLSVH	CM38C CIVMC
CL12	CLJYLFT	CM21I CHLSVI	CM38DCIVMD
CL13		CM21J1 CHLSVJ	CM38E CIVME
CL14D	. CJCEBGD	CM21J2 CHLSVK	CP2B CPRRS2I
CL14M	. CJCEBGM	CM22A CHLSVAN	CP2C CPRIPN
CL14Y		CM22B CHLSVBN	CP2D CPRWHY
CL15		CM22C CHLSVCN	CP3 CPPLEVR
CL16	CJCESEMP	CM22D CHLSVDN	CP10M CPRESBGM
CL17		CM22E CHLSVEN	CP10Y CPRESBGY
CM1	. CHLSTAT	CM22F CHLSVFN	CP11 CPRESLY

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CP12 CEDLYR	CV2 CVOTE1	DD0C DIVIEVR
CP23 CPRFEHQ	CV3 CVOTE2	DD0D DRACH12
CP25 CPRSEHQ	CV4 CVOTE3	DD1H DIVSOIH
CP51 CPRJBFT	CV5 CVOTE4	DD1M DIVSOIM
CP52M CPRJBBGM	CV6 CVOTE5	DD2 DLKNBRD
CP52Y CPRJBBGY	CV7 CVOTE6	DD3 DLKMOVE
CP53 CPRJBLY	CV8 COPPOL1	DD4 DLKMOVY
CP54 CPREARN	CV9 COPPOL2	DD5 DPLNEW
CP63A CPRF101	CV10 COPPOL3	DD6MDPLNOWM
CP63B CPRF102	CV11 COPPOL4	DD6Y DPLNOWY
CP63C CPRF116	CV12 COPCHD1	DD7 DMOVJB
CP63D CPRF131	CV13 COPCHD2	DD8A DMOVJBA
CP63E CPRF134	CV14 COPCHD3	DD8B DMOVJBB
CP63F CPRF135	CV15 COPCHD4	DD8C DMOVJBC
CP63G CPRF137	CV16 CORGM	DD8D DMOVJBD
CP63H CPRF139	CV17A CORGMA	DD8E DMOVJBE
CP63I CPRF141	CV17B CORGMB	DD8F DMOVJBF
CP63NONE CPRFIRN	CV17C CORGMC	DD8G DMOVJBG
CP64 CPRFITB	CV17D CORGMD	DD8H DMOVJBH
CPI1ACIVPA	CV17E CORGME	DD8I DMOVJBI
CPI1BCIVPB	CV17F CORGMF	DD9M1 DMOVY1
CPI1C CIVPC	CV17G CORGMG	DD9M2 DMOVY2
CPI1D CIVPD	CV17H CORGMH	DD10M DDOBM
CPI1ECIVPE	CV17I CORGMI	DD10Y DDOBY
CS1A CGHQA	CV17J CORGMJ	DD11 DSEX
CS1B CGHQB	CV17K CORGMK	DD11 DSEX
CS1C CGHQC	CV17L CORGML	DD13DJBSTAT
CS1DCGHQD	CV17M CORGMM	DD14 DEDLYR
	CV17O CORGMO	DD15M DEDENDM
CS1ECGHQE		
CS1FCGHQF	CV17P CORGMP	DD15Y DEDENDY
CS1G CGHQG	CV17Q CORGMQ	DD16 DEDTYPE
CS1H CGHQH	CV18A CORGAA	DD17 DQFX
CS1I CGHQI	CV18B CORGAB	DD18A DQFXA
CS1J CGHQJ	CV18C CORGAC	DD18B DQFXB
		DD18C DQFXC
CS1KCGHQK	CV18D CORGAD	
CS1L CGHQL	CV18E CORGAE	DD18D DQFXD
CS2ACOPFAMA	CV18F CORGAF	DD18E DQFXE
CS2B COPFAMB	CV18G CORGAG	DD18FDQFXF
CS2C COPFAMC	CV18H CORGAH	DD18G DQFXG
CS2DCOPFAMD	CV18I CORGAI	DD18H DQFXH
CS2ECOPFAME	CV18J CORGAJ	DD18IDQFXI
CS2F COPFAMF	CV18K CORGAK	DD18J DQFXJ
CS2G COPFAMG	CV18L CORGAL	DD18K DQFXK
CS2H COPFAMH	CV18M CORGAM	DD18L DQFXL
CS2I COPFAMI	CV18N CORGA	DD18M DQFXM
CS3A CSSUPA	CV180 CORGAO	DD18N DQFXN
CS3B CSSUPB	CV18P CORGAP	DD19 DQFEDX
CS3C CSSUPC	CV18Q CORGAQ	DD20A DQFEDXA
CS3D CSSUPD	CV19 COPRLG2	DD20B DQFEDXB
CS3E CSSUPE	CV20 CCARUSE	DD20C DQFEDXC
CS4A CSSUP1	CV21A CIVVA	DD20D DQFEDXD
CS4B CSSUPR2R	CV21B CIVVB	DD20E DQFEDXE
CT2B CTELWHY	CV21C CIVVC	DD20F DQFEDXF
CV1A COPSOCA	CV21D CIVVD	DD20G DQFEDXG
CV1B COPSOCB	CV21E CIVVE	DD20H DQFEDXH
CV1C COPSOCC	DD0ADDD0ID	DD20I DQFEDXI
CV1D COPSOCD	DDOAM DDOIM	DD20J DQFEDXJ
CV1E COPSOCE	DD0AY DDOIY	DD20K DQFEDXK
CV1F COPSOCF	DD0B DIVLYR	DD21A DNQFEXA

DD21B	. DNQFEXB	DD39A DNQFEDA	DE30F DPAYDF6
DD21C	DNOFEXC	DD39B DNQFEDB	DE30G DPAYDF7
		DD39C DNQFEDC	DE30H DPAYDF8
DD21E			
DD21F	. DNQFEXF	DD39D DNQFEDD	DE32D DJBBGD
DD21G	DNOFFXG	DD39E DNQFEDE	DE32M DJBBGM
DD21H		DD39F DNQFEDF	DE32Y DJBBGY
DD21I		DD39G DNQFEDG	DE33 DJBBGLY
DD21J	. DNQFEXJ	DD39H DNQFEDH	DE34 DJBONUS
DD21K	DNOFEXK	DD39IDNQFEDI	DE35 DJBRISE
DD22		DD39J DNQFEDJ	DE36 DTUJBPL
	_		
DD23		DD39K DNQFEDK	DE37 DTUIN1
DD24M	DMLCHM	DD39L DNQFEDL	DE38 DTUIN2
DD24Y	DMLCHY	DD39M DNQFEDM	DE39 DJBOPPS
DD25DST		DD39N DNQFEDN	DE40 DJBTIME
DD25OS		DD39O DNQFEDO	DE41 DPAYS
DD26		DD39P DNQFEDP	DE42OC DPAYSW
DD28	DRACE	DD39Q DNQFEDQ	DE43 DPAYSG
DD30	DSCEND	DD39R DNQFEDR	DE44 DJBPEN
DD30NA		DD39S DNQFEDS	DE45 DJBPENM
DD31		DE1DJBHAS	DE57 DPAYLY
DD32	DSCNOW	DE2 DJBOFF	DE58OC DPAYLYW
DD33	DEETYPE	DE3DJBOFFY	DE59 DPAYLYG
DD34		DE4 DJBTERM	DE63 DJSBOSS
DD34NA		DE5 DJBSOC	DE64 DJSSIZE
DD35	DQFHAS	DE6 DJBSIC	DE65 DJSHRS
DD36A	DQFA	DE6 DJBSIC92	DE66 DJSHRLK
DD36B		DE7 DJBSEMP	DE67 DJSTIME
DD36C		DE8 DJBMNGR	DE68 DJSTYPE
DD36D		DE9DJBSECT	DE69 DJSACCS
DD36E	DQFE	DE10 DJBSIZE	DE70 DJSPRF
DD36F	DQFF	DE11 DJBHRS	DE71BM DJSPRBM
DD36G		DE12 DJBOT	DE71BY DJSPRBY
DD36H		DE13 DJBOTPD	DE71EM DJSPREM
DD36I	DQFI	DE14 DJBHRLK	DE71EY DJSPREY
DD36J	DQFJ	DE15 DJBPL	DE72 DJSPAYL
DD36K	DQFK	DE16 DJBTTWT	DE73BM DJSPYBM
DD36L		DE17 DJBTTWM	DE73BY DJSPYBY
		DE18A DJBSAT1	
DD36M			DE73EM DJSPYEM
DD36N		DE18B DJBSAT2	DE73EY DJSPYEY
DD37	DQFED	DE18C DJBSAT3	DE74 DJSPL
DD38A	DQFEDA	DE18D DJBSAT4	DE75 DJSTTWT
DD38B		DE18E DJBSAT5	DE76 DJSTTWM
DD38C		DE18F DJBSAT6	DE77A DJSSAT1
DD38D		DE18G DJBSAT7	DE77BDJSSAT2
DD38E	DQFEDE	DE19 DJBSAT	DE77C DJSSAT3
DD38F	DQFEDF	DE20 DPAYGL	DE77D DJSSAT4
DD38G		DE21OC DPAYGW	DE77E DJSSAT5
DD38H		DE22 DPAYNL	DE78 DJSSAT
DD38I		DE23OC DPAYNW	DE79D DJSBGD
DD38J	DQFEDJ	DE24 DPAYSLP	DE79M DJSBGM
DD38K	DQFEDK	DE26 DPAYUSL	DE79Y DJSBGY
DD38L		DE27 DPAYU	DE80 DJBED
DD38M		DE28OC DPAYUW	
			DE81A DJBED1
DD38N		DE29 DPAYUG	DE81B DJBED2
DD38O	DQFEDO	DE30A DPAYDF1	DE81C DJBED3
DD38P	DQFEDP	DE30B DPAYDF2	DE81D DJBED4
DD38Q		DE30C DPAYDF3	DE81E DJBED5
DD38Q		DE30D DPAYDF4	DE82A DJBEDQ
DD38S	DQFEDS	DE30E DPAYDF5	DE82B DJBEDP1

DE84M1 DJBCHC1	DEG12Y DNEYRJN	DF26A2 DFTHH2
DE84M2 DJBCHC2	DEG12Y DNEYRJN	DF26A3 DFTHH3
DE84M3 DJBCHC3	DEG12Y DNEYRJN	DF26B1 DFTHH11
		DF26B12 DFTHH21
DE86 DXPCHCF	DEG13 DLVLOC	
DE87 DXPCHC	DEG14 DIVFIO	DF26B13 DFTHH31
DE88 DHUXPCH	DEG14 DIVFIO	DF26B2 DFTHH12
DE89 DHUNURS	DEG14 DIVFIO	DF26B22 DFTHH22
DE90 DJULK1	DEG15 DIVRREF	DF26B23 DFTHH32
DE91 DJULK4	DEG16 DIVIREIS	DF26B3 DFTHH13
DE92 DJULKJB	DF2 DNFR	DF26B32 DFTHH23
DE93 DJUSPEC	DF2 DNF1	DF26B33 DFTHH33
DE94 DJUSOC	DF3A DFICODE	DF26B4 DFTHH14
DE95 DJUHRSX	DF3B01 DFR01	DF26B42 DFTHH24
DE96 DJUPAYX	DF3B02 DFR02	DF26B43 DFTHH34
DE97 DJUPAYL	DF3B03 DFR03	DF26B5 DFTHH15
DE98 DJUHRSL	DF3B04 DFR04	DF26B52 DFTHH25
DE99 DEAAGE	DF3B05 DFR05	DF26B53 DFTHH35
DE100A DJBHHA	DF3B06 DFR06	DF26B6 DFTHH16
DE100B DJBHHB	DF3B07 DFR07	DF26B62 DFTHH26
DE100C DJBHHC	DF3B08 DFR08	DF26B63 DFTHH36
DE100D DJBHHD	DF3B09 DFR09	DF26C DFTHH1V
DE100B DJBHHE	DF3B10 DFR10	DF26C2 DFTHH2V
DE100E DJBHHF	DF3B11 DFR11	DF26C3 DFTHH3V
DE101 DJBUB	DF3B12 DFR12	DF26DOC DFTHH1W
DE102 DJBUBY	DF3B13 DFR13	DF26DOC2 DFTHH2W
DE103 DJ2HAS	DF3B14 DFR14	DF26DOC3 DFTHH3W
DE104 DJ2SOC	DF3B15 DFR15	DF27 DFTEXHH
DE105 DJ2SEMP	DF3B16 DFR16	DF28A1DFTEXA
DE106DJ2HRS	DF3B17 DFR17	DF28A2DFTEXB
DE107 DJ2PAY	DF3BAL DFRALL	DF28A3 DFTEXC
DE108A DIVEA	DF3C DFRNOW	DF28B11 DFTEXA1
DE108B DIVEB	DF3D DFRVAL	DF28B12 DFTEXB1
DE108C DIVEC	DF3EOC DFRW	DF28B13 DFTEXC1
DE108D DIVED	DF3F DFRJT	DF28B21 DFTEXA2
DE108E DIVEE	DF3FPN DFRJTPN	DF28B22 DFTEXB2
DEG3 PID	DF3SEQ DFISEQ	DF28B23 DFTEXC2
DEG3 PID	DF4 DFISIT	DF28B31 DFTEXA3
DEG4DHGSEX	DF5 DFISITC	DF28B32 DFTEXB3
DEG4MDHGBM	DF6 DFISITY	DF28B33 DFTEXC3
DEG4Y DHGBY	DF7 DFISITX	DF28B41 DFTEXA4
DEG6DIVIOW3	DF8 DOPXPSV	DF28B42 DFTEXB4
DEG6DIVIOW3	DF9 DOPXPCR	DF28B43 DFTEXC4
DEG6DIVIOW3	DF10 DFIYRDI	DF28B51 DFTEXA5
DEG7 DIVIEVR	DF11 DFIYRDIU	DF28B52 DFTEXB5
DEG7 DIVIEVR	DF12 DSAVE	DF28B53 DFTEXC5
DEG7 DIVIEVR	DF13 DSAVED	DF28B61 DFTEXA6
DEG8 DIVELIG	DF14 DSAVEY1	DF28B62 DFTEXB6
DEG9 DHHMEM	DF14 DSAVEY2	DF28B63 DFTEXC6
DEG9DHHMEM	DF15 DPPPEN	DF28C1 DFTEXAV
DEG9DHHMEM	DF16 DPENB4	DF28C2 DFTEXBV
DEG10 DNEWHY	DF17 DPENB4YR	DF28C3 DFTEXCV
DEG10 DNEWHY	DF18 DPENB4V	DF28DOC1 DFTEXAW
DEG10 DNEWHY	DF19OC DPENB4W	DF28DOC2 DFTEXBW
DEG11 DLVWHY	DF20 DPENYR	DF28DOC3 DFTEXCW
DEG12M DNEMNJN	DF21 DPENADD	DF29 DSPINHH
DEG12M DNEMNJN	DF22 DPENADV	DF30 DHURUNS
DEG12M DNEMNJN	DF23OC DPENADW	DF31 DHUBOSS
DEG12M DLVMN	DF25 DFTHH	DF32A DHUBUYS
DEG12Y DLVYR	DF26A1 DFTHH1	DF32B DHUFRYS

DF32C DHUMOPS	DH0C DHSTYPE	DH45F DCD6USE
DF32D DHUIRON	DH2DHSROOM	DH45G DCD7USE
DF33 DHHCH12	DH3 DHSOWND	DH45H DCD8USE
DF34 DHUSITS	DH5 DHSVAL	DH45I DCD9USE
DF35 DHOWLNG	DH6 DMGHAVE	DH46 DCDBGHT
DF36 DEVENT2S	DH7DHSOWRP	DH47A DCD1NEW
DF36 DEVENT1S	DH8 DMGYNOT	DH47B DCD2NEW
DF36 DEVENT1	DH9 DHSCOST	DH47C DCD3NEW
DF36 DEVENT2	DH10 DHSYR0	DH47D DCD4NEW
DF36 DEVENT4S		
	DH12 DMGYR0	DH47E DCD5NEW
DF36 DEVENT4	DH13 DMGLY	DH47F DCD6NEW
DF36 DEVENT3S	DH14 DHSIVW3	DH47G DCD7NEW
DF36 DEVENT3	DH17 DMGOLD	DH47H DCD8NEW
DF37A DIVFA	DH18 DMGLIFE	DH47I DCD9NEW
DF37B DIVFB	DH19 DMGTYPE	DH48 DCDNUXP
DF37CDIVFC	DH1B DHSRINS	DH49 DHSIP
DF37D DIVFD	DH20DMGXTRA	DH50 DHSIPXP
DF37E DIVFE	DH21 DMGNEW	DH51 DHEATCH
DF38H DIVFOIH	DH4M1 DHSOWR1	DH52 DHEATYP
DF38M DIVFOIM	DH4M2 DHSOWR2	DH53 DXPOILY
DF39 DIVSC	DH22A DMGXTY1	DH54 DGASUSE
DF101 DF101	DH22B DMGXTY2	DH55 DGASWAY
DF102 DF102	DH22C DMGXTY3	DH56 DXPGASL
DF103 DF103	DH22D DMGXTY4	DH57 DXPGASW
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DF104 DF104	DH22E DMGXTY5	DH58 DXPGASLW
DF105 DF105	DH23 DXPMG	DH59 DLECWAY
DF106 DF106	DH24A DXPMG1	DH60 DXPLECL
DF116 DF116	DH24B DXPMG2	DH61 DXPLECW
DF117 DF117	DH24C DXPMG3	DH62 DXPLECLW
DF118 DF118	DH24D DXPMG4	DH63 DXPFOOD
DF119 DF119	DH25 DHSJB	DH64 DNCARS
DF120 DF120	DH26M1 DRENTP1	DH65 DCAROWN
DF121 DF121	DH26M2 DRENTP2	DH66 DCARVAL
	DH27DRENTLL	
DF122 DF122		DH67M1 DIVH1
DF123 DF123	DH28 DRENTF	DH67M2 DIVH2
DF124 DF124	DH30 DRENT	DH67M3 DIVH3
		DHG2 DHGR2R
DF131 DF131	DH31 DRENTW	
DF132 DF132	DH32A DRENT1	DHG2 DHGR2R
DF133 DF133	DH32B DRENT2	DHG3 DHGSEX
DF134 DF134	DH32C DRENT3	DHG3 DHGSEX
DF135 DF135	DH32D DRENT4	DHG4M DHGBM
DF136 DF136	DH32E DRENT5	DHG4Y DHGBY
DF137 DF137	DH32F DRENT6	DHG8 DMASTAT
DF138 DF138	DH33 DRENTHB	DHG8 DMASTAT
DF139 DF139	DH34 DRENTG	DHG9 DHGSPN
DF140 DF140	DH36 DRENTGW	DHG9 DHGSPN
DF141 DF141	DH37 DXPHSDF	DHG10 DHGEMP
DF151 DF151	DH38A DXPHSD1	DHG10 DHGEMP
DF152 DF152	DH38B DXPHSD2	DHG11DHGFNO
DF153 DF153	DH39 DXPHSDB	DHG11DHGFNO
DF154 DF154	DH40 DHS2OWND	DHG12DHGMNO
DF155 DF155	DH41 DHS2VAL	DHG12DHGMNO
DF156 DF156	DH43 DMGTOT	DHG13DHGRA
DF157 DF157	DH44 DCDHAVE	DHG13 DHGRA
DF158 DF158	DH45A DCD1USE	DI1
DF159 DF159	DH45B DCD2USE	DI2 DIV2
DH0ADDHHD0I	DH45C DCD3USE	DI4
DH0AM DHHMOI	DH45D DCD4USE	DI5 DIV5
DH0AY DHHYOI	DH45E DCD5USE	DI6A DIV6A

DI6B DIV6B	DM4D DHLPRBD	DM23A DHLSVAF
DI6CDIV6C	DM4E DHLPRBE	DM23B DHLSVBF
DI6D DIV6D	DM4F DHLPRBF	DM23C DHLSVCF
DI6E DIV6E	DM4G DHLPRBG	DM23D DHLSVDF
DI6F DIV6F	DM4H DHLPRBH	DM23E DHLSVEF
DI7	DM4I DHLPRBI	DM23FDHLSVFF
DJ2 DEDNEW	DM4J DHLPRBJ	DM23G DHLSVGF
DJ3A DEDNEW1	DM4K DHLPRBK	DM23H DHLSVHF
DJ3B DEDNEW2	DM4L DHLPRBL	DM23I DHLSVIF
DJ3C DEDNEW3	DM4M DHLPRBM	DM23J1 DHLSVJF
DJ3D DEDNEW4	DM4M0 DHLPRB	DM23J2 DHLSVKF
DJ4A DEDNEWQ	DM5 DHLLT	DM24 DHLCK
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DJ4B DEDNEWP1	DM6ADHLLTA	DM25A DHLCKA
DJ8 DCJSBGD	DM6BDHLLTB	DM25B DHLCKB
DJ8M DCJSBGM		DM25C DHLCKC
	DM6C DHLLTC	
DJ8Y DCJSBGY	DM6D DHLLTD	DM25D DHLCKD
DJ9 DNEMST	DM6EDHLLTE	DM25E DHLCKE
DJ10D DCJSBGD	DM7 DHLLTW	DM25F DHLCKF
DJ10M DCJSBGM	DM8 DHLENDW	DM25G DHLCKG
	_	
DJ10Y DCJSBGY	DM9 DHLLTWA	DM25H DHLCKH
DJ11 DCJSBLY	DM10 DHL2GP	DM26A DHLCKAN
DJ12 DJHSTAT	DM11 DXDTS	DM26B DHLCKBN
DJ13D DJHBGD	DM12 DNXDTS	DM26C DHLCKCN
	DM13AM DXDT1M	
DJ13M DJHBGM	-	DM26D DHLCKDN
DJ13Y DJHBGY	DM13AYDXDT1Y	DM26E DHLCKEN
DJ15 DNJBS	DM13BM DXDT2M	DM26F DHLCKFN
DJ17 DJHSOC	DM13BYDXDT2Y	DM26G DHLCKGN
DJ19 DJHSEMP	DM13CM DXDT3M	DM26H DHLCKHN
DJ20 DJHBOSS	DM13CYDXDT3Y	DM27 DSMOKER
DJ21DJHSECT	DM14M1 DXDT1PL	DM28 DNCIGS
	DM14M2 DXDT2PL	
DJ22 DJHMNGR		DM29A DOPHLA
DJ24 DJHPLDF	DM14M3 DXDT3PL	DM29B DOPHLB
DJ25 DJHSIC	DM15 DHOSP	DM29C DOPHLC
DJ26DJHSIZE	DM16 DHOSPD	DM31 DAIDHH
DJ27DJHPAYL	DM18 DHOSPCH	DM32P1 DAIDHUA
DJ28OC DJHPYLW	DM19 DHOSPNHS	DM32P2 DAIDHUB
DJ29 DJHPYLG	DM20 DHLSV	DM32P3 DAIDHUC
DJ30 DJHSTPY	DM21A DHLSVA	DM33 DAIDXHH
DJ31 DJBLKY	DM21B DHLSVB	DM34 DNAIDXHH
DJ34 DJBHAD	DM21C DHLSVC	DM35 DAIDHU2
DJ35 DJLEND	DM21D DHLSVD	DM35 DAIDHU1
DJ36 DJLSOC	DM21E DHLSVE	DM37 DAIDHRS
DJ37 DJLSIC	DM21FDHLSVF	DM38A DIVMA
DJ38 DJLSEMP	DM21G DHLSVG	DM38B DIVMB
DJ39DJLBOSS	DM21H DHLSVH	DM38CDIVMC
DJ40 DJLMNGR	DM21I DHLSVI	DM38D DIVMD
DJ41 DJLSIZE	DM21J1 DHLSVJ	DM38E DIVME
DJ42A DIVJA	DM21J2 DHLSVK	DP2B DPRRS2I
DJ42B DIVJB	DM22A DHLSVAN	DP2C DPRIPN
DJ42C DIVJC	DM22B DHLSVBN	DP2D DPRWHY
DJ42D DIVJD	DM22C DHLSVCN	DP3 DPPLEVR
DJ42E DIVJE	DM22D DHLSVDN	DP10M DPRESBGM
DJSPNO DJSPNO	DM22E DHLSVEN	DP10Y DPRESBGY
DM1 DHLSTAT	DM22F DHLSVFN	DP11 DPRESLY
DM2 DHLZEST	DM22G DHLSVGN	DP23 DPRFEHQ
DM3 DHLDSBL	DM22H DHLSVHN	DP25 DPRSEHQ
DM4A DHLPRBA	DM22IDHLSVIN	DP51 DPRJBFT
DM4B DHLPRBB	DM22J1 DHLSVJN	DP52M DPRJBBGM
DM4C DHLPRBC	DM22J2 DHLSVKN	DP52Y DPRJBBGY
DIVITO DI ILF NOC	DIVIZZOZ DI ILOVINI	DI UZI DENUDUGI

DP53 DPRJBLY	DS4A DNETSOC	DV18Q DORGAQ
DP54 DPREARN	DT2B DTELWHY	DV19 DOPRLG2
DP63A DPRF101	DT45 DTLFIYRL	DV20 DCARUSE
DP63B DPRF102	DT50 DTLFIYR	DV21 DYPPAR
DP63C DPRF116	DV1A DOPPOLA	DV22 DPYRULE
DP63D DPRF131	DV1B DOPPOLB	DV23 DPYENRL
DP63E DPRF134	DV1C DOPPOLC	DV24 DPYTVRL
DP63F DPRF135	DV1D DOPPOLD	DV25A DPYSTM
DP63G DPRF137	DV2 DVOTE1	DV25B DPYSWR
		_
DP63H DPRF139	DV3 DVOTE2	DV25C DPYSMOK
DP63I DPRF141	DV4 DVOTE3	DV25D DPYLIE
DP63NONE DPRFIRN	DV5 DVOTE4	DV25E DPYDRUG
DP64 DPRFITB	DV6 DVOTE5	DV25F DPYBUNK
DPI1ADIVPA	DV7 DVOTE6	DV26 DPYSER
DPI1BDIVPB	DV8 DOPPOL1	DV27 DPYNYP
DPI1C DIVPC	DV9 DOPPOL2	DV27OC DPYPNO2
DPI1D DIVPD	DV9A DOPISS1	DV27OC DPYPNO3
DPI1EDIVPE	DV9BDOPISS2	DV27OC DPYPNO1
DS1A DGHQA	DV9C DOPISS3	DV28Y1 DPYWHR1
DS1B DGHQB	DV9DDOPISS4	DV28Y2 DPYWHR2
DS1C DGHQC	DV9E DOPISS5	DV28Y3 DPYWHR3
DS1D DGHQD	DV10 DOPPOL3	DV29Y1 DPYARG1
DS1E DGHQE	DV12 DOPCHD1	DV29Y2 DPYARG2
DS1F DGHQF	DV13 DOPCHD2	DV29Y3 DPYARG3
DS1G DGHQG	DV14 DOPCHD3	DV30Y DPYTLK2
DS1H DGHQH	DV15 DOPCHD4	DV30Y1 DPYTLK1
DS1I DGHQI	DV16 DORGM	DV30Y3 DPYTLK3
DS1J DGHQJ	DV17A DORGMA	DV31Y1 DPYASM1
DS1K DGHQK	DV17B DORGMB	DV31Y2 DPYASM2
DS1L DGHQL	DV17C DORGMC	DV31Y3 DPYASM3
DS2A DOPFAMJ	DV17D DORGMD	DV32Y1 DPYTHH1
DS2B DOPFAMK	DV17E DORGME	DV32Y2 DPYTHH2
DS2C DOPFAML	DV17F DORGMF	DV32Y3 DPYTHH3
DS2D DOPFAMM	DV17G DORGMG	DV33Y1 DPYESM1
DS2E DOPFAMN	DV17H DORGMH	DV33Y2 DPYESM2
DS3A DNETSX1	DV17I DORGMI	DV33Y3 DPYESM3
DS3A DNETSX2	DV17J DORGMJ	DV34Y1 DPYTDR1
DS3A DNETSX3	DV17K DORGMK	DV34Y2 DPYTDR2
DS3B DNET1WR	DV17L DORGML	DV34Y3 DPYTDR3
DS3BDNET2WR	DV17M DORGMM	DV35Y1 DPYSAD1
DS3B DNET3WR	DV170 DORGMO	DV35Y2 DPYSAD2
DS3BDNET1RL	DV17P DORGMP	DV35Y3 DPYSAD3
DS3BDNET3RL	DV17Q DORGMQ	DV36Y1 DPYWOR1
DS3B DNET2RL	DV18A DORGAA	DV36Y2 DPYWOR2
DS3C DNET3AG	DV18B DORGAB	DV36Y3 DPYWOR3
DS3C DNET1AG	DV18C DORGAC	DV37AY1 DPYHSW1
DS3C DNET2AG	DV18D DORGAD	DV37AY2 DPYHSW2
DS3D DNET3KN	DV18E DORGAE	DV37AY3 DPYHSW3
DS3D DNET1KN	DV18F DORGAF	DV37BY1 DPYHAP1
DS3D DNET2KN	DV18G DORGAG	DV37BY2 DPYHAP2
DS3E DNET1PH	DV18H DORGAH	DV37BY3 DPYHAP3
DS3E DNET2PH	DV18I DORGAI	DV37CY1 DPYHFM1
DS3E DNET3PH	DV18J DORGAJ	DV37CY2 DPYHFM2
DS3FDNET3LV	DV18K DORGAK	DV37CY3 DPYHFM3
DS3F DNET1LV	DV18L DORGAL	DV37DY1 DPYHFR1
DS3F DNET2LV	DV18M DORGAM	DV37DY2 DPYHFR2
DS3G DNET3JB	DV18N DORGA	DV37DY3 DPYHFR3
DS3G DNET1JB	DV180 DORGAO	DV37EY1 DPYHLF1
DS3G DNET2JB	DV18P DORGAP	DV37EY2 DPYHLF2

DV37EY3 DPYHLF3	DY58 DYPHFR	ED15M EEDENDM
DY1 DYPNTV	DY59 DYPHLF	ED15Y EEDENDY
DY2 DYTVHRS	DY60 DYPCOMA	ED16 EEDTYPE
DY3 DYTVLMT	DY61 DYPCOMB	ED17 EQFX
DY4DYTVSTP	DY62 DYPCOMC	ED18A EQFXA
DY5DYPCOMP	DY63 DYPCOMD	ED18BEQFXB
		-
DY6DYPPALS	DY64 DYPCOME	ED18C EQFXC
DY7 DYPUTEL	DY65 DYPCOMF	ED18D EQFXD
DY8DYPTELL	DY66 DYPCOMG	ED18E EQFXE
DY9DYPLATE	DY67 DYPNBKS	ED18F EQFXF
DY10DYPARGM	DY68 DYPVTE6	ED18G EQFXG
DY11 DYPARGF	DY69 DYPVTE3	ED18H EQFXH
DY12 DYPTLKM	DY70 DYPLVSC	ED18I EQFXI
DY13 DYPTLKF	DY71 DYPLVHM	ED18J EQFXJ
DY14 DYPNPAL	DY72 DYPAMAR	ED18K EQFXK
DY15 DYPFGHT	DY73 DYPAPAR	ED18L EQFXL
DY16 DYPASMK	DY74 DYPWHRS	ED18M EQFXM
DY17 DYPEATN	DY75 DYPPAY	ED18N EQFXN
DY18 DYPMENU	DY76 DYPFSOC	ED19 EQFEDX
DY19 DYPTHHC	DY76N DYPFJOB	ED20A EQFEDXA
DY20 DYPSHHC	DY77 DYPSOC	ED20B EQFEDXB
DY21L DYPPKML	DY78 DYPJBQA	ED20C EQFEDXC
DY21P DYPPKMP	DY79 DYPJBQB	ED20D EQFEDXD
DY22 DYPSTM	DY80 DYPJBQC	ED20E EQFEDXE
DY23DYPSWR	DY81 DYPJBQD	ED20F EQFEDXF
DY24 DYPSMOK	DY82 DYPJBQE	ED20G EQFEDXG
DY25 DYPLIE	DY83 DYPJBQT	ED20H EQFEDXH
DY26 DYPDRUG	ED0AD ED0ID	ED20I EQFEDXI
DY27 DYPBUNK	ED0AM ED0IM	ED20J EQFEDXJ
DY28 DYPSER	ED0AY EDOIY	ED20K EQFEDXK
DY29 DYPSMEV	ED0B EIVLYR	ED21A ENQFEXA
DY30 DYPSMAG	ED0C EIVIEVR	ED21B ENQFEXB
DY31 DYPSMOF	ED0D ERACH12	ED21C ENQFEXC
DY32 DYPSMLW	ED1H EIVSOIH	ED21E ENQFEXE
DY33 DYPSMYR	ED1M EIVSOIM	ED21F ENQFEXF
DY34 DYPSMOP	ED2 ELKNBRD	ED21G ENQFEXG
DY35 DYPDGSC	ED3 ELKMOVE	ED21H ENQFEXH
DY36 DYPDGPA	ED4 ELKMOVY	ED21I ENQFEXI
DY37 DYPDGFR	ED5 EPLNEW	ED21J ENQFEXJ
DY38 DYPDGYR	ED6M EPLNOWM	ED21K ENQFEXK
DY39 DYPOPHA	ED6Y EPLNOWY	ED22 EMLSTAT
DY40 DYPOPHB	ED7 EMOVJB	ED23 EMLCHNG
DY41 DYPOPHC	ED8A EMOVJBA	ED24M EMLCHM
DY42 DYPOPFJ	ED8B EMOVJBB	ED24Y EMLCHY
DY43 DYPOPFL	ED8C EMOVJBC	ED25DST EPLBORND
DY44 DYPOPFM	ED8D EMOVJBD	ED25OS EPLBORNC
DY45 DYPOPFN	ED8E EMOVJBE	ED26 EYR2UK
DY46 DYPSAD	ED8F EMOVJBF	ED28 ERACE
DY47 DYPWOR	ED8G EMOVJBG	ED30 ESCEND
DY48 DYPESTA	ED8H EMOVJBH	ED30NA ESCHOOL
DY49 DYPESTB	ED8IEMOVJBI	ED31 ESCTYPE
DY50 DYPESTC	ED9M1 EMOVY1	ED32 ESCNOW
DY51 DYPESTD	ED9M2 EMOVY2	ED33 EFETYPE
DY52 DYPESTE	ED10M EDOBM	ED34 EFEEND
DY53 DYPESTF	ED10Y EDOBY	ED34NA EFENOW
DY54 DYPESTG	ED11 ESEX	ED35 EQFHAS
DY55DYPHSW	ED11 ESEX	ED36A EQFA
DY56 DYPHAP	ED13 EJBSTAT	ED36B EQFB
DY57 DYPHFM	ED14 EEDLYR	ED36C EQFC
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ED36D EQFD	EE10 EJBSIZE	EE61 EJSPRF
ED36EEQFE	EE11 EJBHRS	EE62BM EJSPRBM
ED36F EQFF	EE12 EJBOT	EE62BY EJSPRBY
ED36G EQFG	EE13 EJBOTPD	EE62EM EJSPREM
ED36H EQFH	EE14 EJBHRLK	EE62EY EJSPREY
ED36I EQFI	EE15 EJBPL	EE63 EJSPAYL
ED36JEQFJ	EE16 EJBTTWT	EE64BM EJSPYBM
ED36KEQFK	EE17 EJBTTWM	EE64BYEJSPYBY
ED36L EQFL	EE18A EJBSAT1	EE64EM EJSPYEM
ED36M EQFM	EE18B EJBSAT2	EE64EYEJSPYEY
ED36N EQFN	EE18C EJBSAT3	EE65 EJSPL
ED37 EQFED	EE18D EJBSAT4	EE66 EJSTTWT
ED38A EQFEDA	EE18E EJBSAT5	EE67 EJSTTWM
ED38B EQFEDB	EE18F EJBSAT6	EE68A EJSSAT1
ED38C EQFEDC	EE18G EJBSAT7	EE68B EJSSAT2
ED38D EQFEDD	EE19EJBSAT	EE68C EJSSAT3
ED38E EQFEDE	EE20 EPAYGL	EE68D EJSSAT4
ED38F EQFEDF	EE21OC EPAYGW	EE68E EJSSAT5
ED38G EQFEDG	EE22 EPAYNL	EE69 EJSSAT
ED38H EQFEDH	EE23OC EPAYNW	EE70D EJSBGD
ED38I EQFEDI	EE24 EPAYSLP	EE70M EJSBGM
ED38J EQFEDJ	EE26 EPAYUSL	EE70Y EJSBGY
ED38K EQFEDK	EE27 EPAYU	EE71 EJBED
	EE28OC EPAYUW	EE72A EJBED1
ED38L EQFEDL		
ED38M EQFEDM	EE29 EPAYUG	EE72B EJBED2
ED38N EQFEDN	EE30A EPAYDF1	EE72C EJBED3
ED380 EQFEDO	EE30B EPAYDF2	EE72D EJBED4
ED38P EQFEDP	EE30C EPAYDF3	EE72E EJBED5
ED38Q EQFEDQ	EE30D EPAYDF4	EE73A EJBEDQ
ED38R EQFEDR	EE30E EPAYDF5	EE73B EJBEDP1
ED38S EQFEDS	EE30FEPAYDF6	EE75M1 EJBCHC1
ED39A ENQFEDA	EE30G EPAYDF7	EE75M2 EJBCHC2
ED39B ENQFEDB	EE30H EPAYDF8	EE75M3 EJBCHC3
ED39C ENQFEDC	EE31 EJBONUS	EE77 EXPCHCF
ED39D ENQFEDD	EE32 EJBRISE	EE78 EXPCHC
ED39E ENQFEDE	EE33 ETUJBPL	EE79 EHUXPCH
ED39F ENQFEDF	EE34 ETUIN1	EE80 EHUNURS
ED39G ENQFEDG	EE35 ETUIN2	EE81 EJULK1
ED39H ENQFEDH	EE36 EJBOPPS	EE82 EJULK4
ED39IENQFEDI	EE37 EJBTIME	EE83 EJULKJB
ED39J ENQFEDJ	EE38 EJBPEN	EE84 EJUSPEC
ED39K ENQFEDK	EE39 EJBPENM	EE85 EJUSOC
ED39L ENQFEDL	EE41D EJBBGD	EE86 EJUHRSX
ED39M ENQFEDM	EE41M EJBBGM	EE87 EJUPAYX
ED39N ENQFEDN	EE41Y EJBBGY	EE88 EJUPAYL
ED39O ENQFEDO	EE42 EJBBGLY	EE89 EJUHRSL
ED39P ENQFEDP	EE43 EPAYS	EE90 EEAAGE
ED39Q ENQFEDQ	EE44OC EPAYSW	EE91A EJBHHA
ED39R ENQFEDR	EE45 EPAYSG	EE91B EJBHHB
ED39S ENQFEDS	EE48 EPAYLY	EE91C EJBHHC
EE1 EJBHAS	EE49OC EPAYLYW	EE91D EJBHHD
EE2 EJBOFF	EE50 EPAYLYG	EE91E EJBHHE
EE3 EJBOFFY	EE54 EJSBOSS	EE91F EJBHHF
EE4 EJBTERM	EE55 EJSSIZE	EE92 EJBUB
EE5 EJBSOC	EE56 EJSHRS	EE93 EJBUBY
EE6 EJBSIC	EE57 EJSHRLK	EE94 EJ2HAS
EE7 EJBSEMP	EE58 EJSTIME	EE95 EJ2SOC
EE8 EJBMNGR	EE59EJSTYPE	EE96 EJ2SEMP
EE9 EJBSECT	EE60 EJSACCS	EE97 EJ2HRS

EE98 EJ2PAY	EF3BAL EFRALL	EF39 EWINDF
EE99A EIVEA	EF3C EFRNOW	EF40A EWINDFA
EE99B EIVEB	EF3D EFRVAL	EF40BEWINDFB
EE99C EIVEC	EF3EOC EFRW	EF40C EWINDFC
EE99D EIVED	EF3F EFRJT	EF40D EWINDFD
EE99E EIVEE	EF3FPN EFRJTPN	
		EF40EEWINDFE
EEG3 PID	EF3SEQ EFISEQ	EF40F EWINDFF
EEG3 PID	EF4 EFISIT	EF40G EWINDFG
	_	
EEG3 PID	EF5 EFISITC	EF40H EWINDFH
EEG4EHGSEX	EF6 EFISITY	EF40R EWINDFR
EEG4MEHGBM	EF7 EFISITX	EF41 EWINDFY
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EEG4Y EHGBY	EF8 EOPXPSV	EF43 EFTHH
EEG6 EIVIOW4	EF9 EOPXPCR	EF44A1 EFTHH1
EEG6 EIVIOW4	EF10 EFCCARD	EF44A2 EFTHH2
EEG6 EIVIOW4	EF11 EFIYRDI	EF44A3 EFTHH3
EEG7 EIVIEVR	EF12 EFIYRDIU	EF44B1 EFTHH11
EEG7 EIVIEVR	EF13 ESAVE	EF44B12 EFTHH21
EEG8 EIVELIG	EF14 ESAVED	EF44B13 EFTHH31
EEG9 EHHMEM	EF15 ESAVEY1	EF44B2 EFTHH12
EEG9 EHHMEM	EF15 ESAVEY2	EF44B22 EFTHH22
	EF16 ESAVEK	EF44B23 EFTHH32
EEG9 EHHMEM		
EEG10 ENEWHY	EF17AESAVEKB1	EF44B3 EFTHH13
EEG10 ENEWHY	EF17B ESAVEKB2	EF44B32 EFTHH23
	EF17C ESAVEKB3	EF44B33 EFTHH33
EEG10 ENEWHY		
EEG11 ELVWHY	EF17D ESAVEKB4	EF44B4 EFTHH14
EEG12M ENEMNJN	EF18ESAVEJ	EF44B42 EFTHH24
EEG12M ENEMNJN	EF19 EBANK	EF44B43 EFTHH34
EEG12M ENEMNJN	EF20 EBANKK	EF44B5 EFTHH15
EEG12M ELVMN	EF21A EBANKKB1	EF44B52 EFTHH25
EEG12Y ENEYRJN	EF21B EBANKKB2	EF44B53 EFTHH35
EEG12Y ENEYRJN	EF21C EBANKKB3	EF44B6 EFTHH16
EEG12Y ENEYRJN	EF21D EBANKKB4	EF44B62 EFTHH26
EEG12Y ELVYR	EF22 EBANKJ	EF44B63 EFTHH36
EEG13ELVLOC	EF23 ENVEST	EF44C EFTHH1V
EEG14EIVFIO	EF24A ENVESTA	EF44C2 EFTHH2V
		_
EEG14 EIVFIO	EF24B ENVESTB	EF44C3 EFTHH3V
EEG14EIVFIO	EF24C ENVESTC	EF44DOC EFTHH1W
EEG15 EIVRREF	EF24D ENVESTD	EF44DOC2 EFTHH2W
EEG16 EIVIREIS	EF24DK ENVESTR	EF44DOC3 EFTHH3W
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EF2 ENFR	EF24E ENVESTE	EF45 EFTEXHH
EF2 ENF1	EF24FENVESTF	EF46A1 EFTEXA
EF3A EFICODE	EF24G ENVESTG	EF46A2 EFTEXB
EF3B01 EFR01	EF25 ENVESTN	EF46A3EFTEXC
EF3B02 EFR02	EF26ENVESTL	EF46B11 EFTEXA1
EF3B03 EFR03	EF27 ENVESTK	EF46B12 EFTEXB1
EF3B04 EFR04	EF28A ENVESTC1	EF46B13 EFTEXC1
	EF28B ENVESTC2	EF46B21 EFTEXA2
EF3B05 EFR05		
EF3B06 EFR06	EF28C ENVESTC3	EF46B22 EFTEXB2
EF3B07 EFR07	EF28D ENVESTC4	EF46B23 EFTEXC2
EF3B08 EFR08	EF29ENVESTJ	EF46B31 EFTEXA3
		EF46B32 EFTEXB3
EF3B09 EFR09	EF30 EPPPEN	
EF3B10 EFR10	EF31 EPENB4	EF46B33 EFTEXC3
EF3B11 EFR11	EF32 EPENB4YR	EF46B41 EFTEXA4
EF3B12 EFR12	EF33 EPENB4V	EF46B42 EFTEXB4
EF3B13 EFR13	EF34OC EPENB4W	EF46B43 EFTEXC4
EF3B14 EFR14	EF35 EPENYR	EF46B51 EFTEXA5
EF3B15 EFR15	EF36 EPENADD	EF46B52 EFTEXB5
EF3B16 EFR16	EF37 EPENADV	EF46B53 EFTEXC5
EF3B17 EFR17	EF38OC EPENADW	EF46B61 EFTEXA6

EF46B62 EFTEXB6	EF117 EF117	EH24B EXPMG2
EF46B63 EFTEXC6		
	EF118 EF118	EH24C EXPMG3
EF46C1 EFTEXAV	EF119 EF119	EH24D EXPMG4
EF46C2 EFTEXBV	EF120EF120	EH25 EHSJB
EF46C3 EFTEXCV	EF121 EF121	EH26M1ERENTP1
EF46DOC1 EFTEXAW	EF122 EF122	EH26M2ERENTP2
EF46DOC2 EFTEXBW	EF123 EF123	EH27 ERENTLL
EF46DOC3 EFTEXCW	EF124 EF124	EH28 ERENTF
EF47 EDEBT	EF125EF125	EH30 ERENT
EF48A EDEBTA	EF131 EF131	EH31 ERENTW
EF48B EDEBTB	EF132 EF132	EH32A ERENT1
EF48C EDEBTC		EH32B ERENT7
	EF133 EF133	
EF48D EDEBTD	EF134 EF134	EH32C ERENT2
EF48DK EDEBTR	EF135 EF135	EH32D ERENT3
EF48E EDEBTE	EF136 EF136	EH32E ERENT4
EF48F EDEBTF		
	EF137 EF137	EH32F ERENT5
EF48G EDEBTG	EF138 EF138	EH32G ERENT8
EF49 EDEBTY	EF139 EF139	EH32H ERENT6
EF50A EDEBTC1	EF140 EF140	EH33 ERENTHB
EF50B EDEBTC2		EH34 ERENTG
	EF141 EF141	
EF50C EDEBTC3	EF151 EF151	EH35 ERENTG
EF50D EDEBTC4	EF152 EF152	EH36 ERENTGW
EF51 EDEBTJ	EF153 EF153	EH37 EXPHSDF
EF52 ESPINHH		EH38A EXPHSD1
	EF154 EF154	
EF53 EHURUNS	EF155 EF155	EH38B EXPHSD2
EF54 EHUBOSS	EF156EF156	EH39 EXPHSDB
EF55A EHUBUYS	EF157 EF157	EH40 EHS2OWND
EF55B EHUFRYS		EH41 EHS2VAL
	EF158 EF158	
EF55CEHUMOPS	EF159 EF159	EH43 EMGTOT
EF55D EHUIRON	EH0AD EHHDOI	EH44 ECDHAVE
EF56 EHHCH12	EH0AM EHHMOI	EH45A ECD1USE
EF57 EHUSITS	EH0AY EHHYOI	EH45B ECD2USE
EF58 EHOWLNG	EH0C EHSTYPE	EH45C ECD3USE
EF59EEVENT1S	EH1A EHSRINS	EH45D ECD4USE
EF59 EEVENT2	EH2EHSROOM	EH45E ECD5USE
EF59 EEVENT1	EH3EHSOWND	EH45F ECD6USE
EF59EEVENT4S	EH4M1 EHSOWR1	EH45G ECD7USE
EF59EEVENT2S	EH4M2 EHSOWR2	EH45H ECD8USE
EF59 EEVENT4	EH5 EHSVAL	EH45I ECD9USE
EF59EEVENT3S	EH6 EMGHAVE	EH46 ECDBGHT
EF59EEVENT3	EH7 EHSOWRP	EH47A ECD1NEW
EF60A EIVFA	EH8 EMGYNOT	EH47B ECD2NEW
EF60B EIVFB	EH9 EHSCOST	EH47C ECD3NEW
EF60C EIVFC	EH10 EHSYR0	EH47D ECD4NEW
		EH47E ECD5NEW
EF60D EIVFD	EH12 EMGYR0	
EF60E EIVFE	EH13 EMGLY	EH47F ECD6NEW
EF61H EIVFOIH	EH14 EHSIVW4	EH47G ECD7NEW
EF61M EIVFOIM	EH17 EMGOLD	EH47H ECD8NEW
EF62 EIVSC	EH18 EMGLIFE	
		EH47I ECD9NEW
EF63A EMRSSCH	EH19 EMGTYPE	EH48 ECDNUXP
EF63B EMRSSCI	EH20 EMGXTRA	EH49 EHSIP
EF63I EPRF125	EH21 EMGNEW	EH50 EHSIPXP
EF101 EF101	EH22A EMGXTY1	EH51 EHEATCH
EF102 EF102	EH22B EMGXTY2	EH52 EHEATYP
EF103 EF103	EH22C EMGXTY3	EH53 EXPOILY
EF104EF104	EH22D EMGXTY4	EH54 EGASUSE
EF105 EF105	EH22E EMGXTY5	EH55 EGASWAY
EF106 EF106		
	EH23 EXPMG	EH56 EXPGASL
EF116EF116	EH24A EXPMG1	EH57 EXPGASW

EH58 EXPGASLW	EJ17 EJHSOC	EM13AM EXDT1M
EH59 ELECWAY	EJ19 EJHSEMP	EM13AY EXDT1Y
EH60 EXPLECL	EJ20 EJHBOSS	EM13BM EXDT2M
EH61 EXPLECW		EM13BY EXDT2Y
	EJ21 EJHSECT	
EH62 EXPLECLW	EJ22 EJHMNGR	EM13CM EXDT3M
EH63 EXPBLDF	EJ24 EJHPLDF	EM13CYEXDT3Y
EH64 EXPHP	EJ25 EJHSIC	EM14M1 EXDT1PL
EH65 EXPHPDF	EJ26 EJHSIZE	EM14M2 EXDT2PL
EH66 EXPFOOD	EJ27 EJHPAYL	EM14M3 EXDT3PL
EH67 ENCARS	EJ28OC EJHPYLW	EM15 EHOSP
EH68 ECAROWN	EJ29 EJHPYLG	EM16 EHOSPD
EH69 ECARVAL	EJ30 EJHSTPY	EM18 EHOSPCH
EH70M1 EIVH1	EJ31 EJBLKY	EM19 EHOSPNHS
EH70M2 EIVH2	EJ34 EJBHAD	EM20 EHLSV
EH70M3 EIVH3	EJ35 EJLEND	EM21A EHLSVA
EHG2 EHGR2R	EJ36 EJLSOC	EM21B EHLSVB
EHG2 EHGR2R	EJ37 EJLSIC	EM21C EHLSVC
EHG3 EHGSEX	EJ38 EJLSEMP	EM21D EHLSVD
EHG4MEHGBM	EJ39 EJLBOSS	EM21E EHLSVE
EHG4Y EHGBY	EJ3A EEDNEW1	EM21F EHLSVF
EHG8 EMASTAT	EJ3B EEDNEW2	EM21G EHLSVG
EHG8 EMASTAT	EJ3C EEDNEW3	EM21H EHLSVH
EHG9 EHGSPN	EJ3D EEDNEW4	EM21I EHLSVI
EHG9EHGSPN	EJ40 EJLMNGR	EM21J1 EHLSVJ
EHG10 EHGEMP	EJ41EJLSIZE	EM21J2 EHLSVK
EHG10 EHGEMP	EJ42A EIVJA	EM21K EHLSVL
EHG11 EHGFNO	EJ42B EIVJB	EM21L EHLSVM
EHG11 EHGFNO	EJ42C EIVJC	EM22A EHLSVAN
EHG12 EHGMNO	EJ42D EIVJD	EM22B EHLSVBN
EHG12 EHGMNO	EJ42E EIVJE	EM22C EHLSVCN
	EM1 EHLSTAT	
EHG13 EHGRA		EM22D EHLSVDN
EHG13 EHGRA	EM2 EHLZEST	EM22E EHLSVEN
EI1 EIV1	EM3 EHLDSBL	EM22FEHLSVFN
		_
El2 ElV2	EM4A EHLPRBA	EM22G EHLSVGN
El4 ElV4	EM4B EHLPRBB	EM22H EHLSVHN
EI5 EIV5	EM4C EHLPRBC	EM22I EHLSVIN
		_
EI6A EIV6A	EM4D EHLPRBD	EM22J1 EHLSVJN
EI6B EIV6B	EM4E EHLPRBE	EM22J2 EHLSVKN
EI6C EIV6C	EM4F EHLPRBF	EM22K EHLSVLN
EI6D EIV6D	EM4G EHLPRBG	EM22L EHLSVMN
EI6E EIV6E	EM4H EHLPRBH	EM23A EHLSVAF
El7 ElV6F	EM4I EHLPRBI	EM23B EHLSVBF
El8 ElV7	EM4J EHLPRBJ	EM23C EHLSVCF
EJ2 EEDNEW	EM4K EHLPRBK	EM23D EHLSVDF
EJ4A EEDNEWQ	EM4L EHLPRBL	EM23E EHLSVEF
EJ4B EEDNEWP1	EM4M EHLPRBM	EM23FEHLSVFF
EJ8D ECJSBGD	EM4M0 EHLPRB	EM23G EHLSVGF
EJ8M ECJSBGM	EM5 EHLLT	EM23H EHLSVHF
EJ8Y ECJSBGY	EM6A EHLLTA	EM23I EHLSVIF
EJ9 ENEMST	EM6B EHLLTB	EM23J1 EHLSVJF
EJ10D ECJSBGD	EM6CEHLLTC	EM23J2 EHLSVKF
EJ10M ECJSBGM		EM23K EHLSVLF
EJ10Y ECJSBGY	EM6E EHLLTE	EM23L EHLSVMF
EJ11 ECJSBLY	EM7 EHLLTW	EM24 EHLCK
EJ12 EJHSTAT	EM8 EHLENDW	EM25A EHLCKA
EJ13D EJHBGD	EM9 EHLLTWA	EM25B EHLCKB
EJ13M EJHBGM	EM10 EHL2GP	EM25C EHLCKC
EJ13Y EJHBGY	EM11 EXDTS	EM25D EHLCKD
EJ15 ENJBS	EM12 ENXDTS	EM25E EHLCKE

EM25F EHLCKI	EPI1C EIVPC	EV19C EORGMC
EM25GEHLCKF	EPI1DEIVPD	EV19D EORGMD
EM25H EHLCKG	EPI1E EIVPE	EV19E EORGME
EM25I EHLCKH	ES1A EGHQA	EV19F EORGMF
EM26A EHLCKAN	ES1B EGHQB	EV19G EORGMG
EM26B EHLCKBN	ES1C EGHQC	EV19H EORGMH
EM26C EHLCKCN	ES1D EGHQD	EV19I EORGMI
EM26D EHLCKDN	ES1E EGHQE	
		EV19J EORGMJ
EM26E EHLCKEN	ES1F EGHQF	EV19K EORGMK
EM26F EHLCKIN	ES1G EGHQG	EV19L EORGML
EM26G EHLCKFN	ES1H EGHQH	EV19MEORGMM
EM26H EHLCKGN	ES1I EGHQI	EV190 EORGMO
EM26I EHLCKHN	ES1J EGHQJ	EV19P EORGMP
EM27 ESMOKER	ES1K EGHQK	EV19Q EORGMQ
EM28 ENCIGS	ES1L EGHQL	EV20 EORGA
EM29A EOPHLA	ES2A EOPFAMA	EV20A EORGAA
EM29B EOPHLB	ES2B EOPFAMB	EV20B EORGAB
EM29C EOPHLC	ES2C EOPFAMC	EV20C EORGAC
EM31 EAIDHH	ES2DEOPFAMD	EV20D EORGAD
EM32P1 EAIDHUA	ES2E EOPFAME	EV20E EORGAE
EM32P2 EAIDHUB	ES2F EOPFAMF	EV20F EORGAF
EM32P3 EAIDHUC	ES2G EOPFAMG	EV20G EORGAG
EM33 EAIDXHH	ES2H EOPFAMH	EV20H EORGAH
EM34 ENAIDXHH	ES2I EOPFAMI	EV20I EORGAI
EM35 EAIDHU2	ES3A ESSUPA	EV20J EORGAJ
EM35 EAIDHU1	ES3B ESSUPB	EV20K EORGAK
EM37 EAIDHRS	ES3C ESSUPC	EV20L EORGAL
EM38A EIVMA	ES3D ESSUPD	EV20M EORGAM
EM38B EIVMB	ES3E ESSUPE	EV20O EORGAO
EM38C EIVMC	ES4A ESSUP1	EV20P EORGAP
EM38D EIVMD	ES4B ESSUPR2R	EV20Q EORGAQ
EM38E EIVME	ET2B ETELWHY	EV21 EOPRLG2
EP2BEPRRS2I	ET45 ETLFIYRL	EV22 ECARUSE
EP2C EPRIPN	ET50 ETLFIYR	EV23 EYPPAR
EP2D EPRWHY	EV1A EOPSOCA	EV24 EPYHLTH
EP3 EPPLEVR	EV1B EOPSOCB	EV25 EPYHWRK
EP10M EPRESBGM	EV1C EOPSOCC	EV26 EPYSXED
EP10Y EPRESBGY	EV1D EOPSOCD	EV27 EPYSXAG
EP11 EPRESLY	EV1E EOPSOCE	EV28 EPYNYP
EP23 EPRFEHQ	EV1F EOPSOCF	EV28B1 EPYAGE1
EP25 EPRSEHQ	EV2 EVOTE1	EV28B2 EPYAGE2
EP51 EPRJBFT	EV3 EVOTE2	EV28B3 EPYAGE3
EP52M EPRJBBGM	EV4 EVOTE3	EV28OC EPYPNO1
EP52Y EPRJBBGY	EV5 EVOTE4	EV28OC EPYPNO2
EP53 EPRJBLY	EV6 EVOTE5	EV28OC EPYPNO3
EP54 EPREARN	EV7 EVOTE7	EV29Y1 EPYWHR1
EP63A EPRF101	EV8 EVOTE8	EV29Y2 EPYWHR2
EP63B EPRF102	EV9 EVOTE6	EV29Y3 EPYWHR3
EP63C EPRF116	EV10 EOPPOL1	EV30Y1 EPYMAN1
EP63D EPRF131	EV11 EOPPOL2	EV30Y2 EPYMAN2
EP63E EPRF134	EV12 EOPPOL3	EV30Y3 EPYMAN3
EP63F EPRF135	EV13 EOPPOL4	EV31Y1 EPYARG1
EP63G EPRF137	EV14 EOPCHD1	EV31Y2 EPYARG2
EP63H EPRF139	EV15 EOPCHD2	EV31Y3 EPYARG3
EP63JEPRF141	EV16 EOPCHD3	EV32Y EPYTLK2
EP63NONE EPRFIRN	EV17 EOPCHD4	EV32Y1 EPYTLK1
EP64 EPRFITB	EV18 EORGM	EV32Y3 EPYTLK3
EPI1A EIVPA	EV19A EORGMA	EV33Y1 EPYSMK1
EPI1B EIVPB	EV19B EORGMB	EV33Y2 EPYSMK2

EV33Y3 EPYSMK3	EY7 EYPUTEL	EY65 EYPOPRL
EV34Y1EPYSAD1	EY8 EYPLATE	EY66 EYPNBKS
EV34Y2EPYSAD2	EY9 EYPARGM	EY67 EYPOPSC
EV34Y3EPYSAD3	EY10 EYPARGF	EY68 EYPPASC
EV35Y1 EPYWOR1	EY11 EYPTLKM	EY69 EYPLVSC
EV35Y2 EPYWOR2	EY12 EYPTLKF	EY70 EYPLVHM
		_
EV35Y3 EPYWOR3	EY13EYPTLKP	EY71 EYPAMAR
EV36AY1 EPYHSW1	EY14 EYPNPAL	EY72 EYPAPAR
EV36AY2 EPYHSW2	EY15 EYPFGHT	EY73 EYPWHRS
EV36AY3 EPYHSW3	EY16 EYPEATN	EY74 EYPPAY
EV36BY1EPYHAP1	EY17L EYPPKML	EY75 EYPSOC
EV36BY2 EPYHAP2	EY17P EYPPKMP	EY76 EYPSOCY
EV36BY3 EPYHAP3	EY18 EYPBEAU	EY77 EYPJBQA
EV36CY1 EPYHFM1	EY19 EYPDKLM	EY78 EYPJBQB
EV36CY2 EPYHFM2	EY20 EYPSMEV	EY79 EYPJBQC
EV36CY3 EPYHFM3	EY21 EYPSMAG	EY80 EYPJBQD
EV36DY1EPYHFR1	EY22 EYPSMOF	EY81 EYPJBQE
		-
EV36DY2 EPYHFR2	EY23 EYPSMLW	EY82 EYPJBQT
EV36DY3 EPYHFR3	EY24 EYPSMYR	EY83 EYPEVNT1
EV36EY1 EPYHLF1	EY25 EYPSMPA	EY83 EYPEVNT3
EV36EY2 EPYHLF2	EY26 EYPNOSM	EY83 EYPEVNT4
EV36EY3 EPYHLF3	EY27 EYPEDSM	EY83 EYPEVNT2
EV37Y1 EPYHLT1	EY28 EYPSMOP	FD0AD FD0ID
EV37Y2 EPYHLT2	EY29 EYPDGSC	FD0AMFDOIM
EV37Y3 EPYHLT3	EY30 EYPDGPA	FD0AY FD0IY
EV38 EPYRA	EY31 EYPDGWH	FD0B FIVLYR
EV39Y1 EPYSAT1	EY32 EYPDGFR	FD0C FIVIEVR
EV39Y2 EPYSAT2	EY33 EYPDGYR	FD0D FRACH12
EV39Y3 EPYSAT3	EY34 EYPNODG	FD1H FIVSOIH
EV40AY1 EPYSTY1	EY35 EYPOPHD	FD1M FIVSOIM
EV40AY2 EPYSTY2	EY36 EYPOPHA	FD2 FLKNBRD
EV40AY3 EPYSTY3	EY37 EYPOPHE	FD3 FLKMOVE
EV40B1Y1 EPYTAE1	EY38 EYPOPHC	FD4 FLKMOVY
EV40B1Y2 EPYTAE2	EY39 EYPMENU	FD5 FPLNEW
EV40B1Y3 EPYTAE3	EY40 EYPHLTA	FD6M FPLNOWM
EV40B2Y1 EPYTAM1	EY41 EYPHLTB	FD6Y FPLNOWY
EV40B2Y2 EPYTAM2	EY42 EYPSAD	FD7 FMOVJB
EV40B2Y3 EPYTAM3	EY43 EYPWOR	FD8A FMOVJBA
EV40B3Y1 EPYTAS1	EY44 EYPBULL	FD8B FMOVJBB
EV40B3Y2 EPYTAS2	EY45 EYPLONE	FD8C FMOVJBC
EV40B3Y3 EPYTAS3	EY46 EYPESTA	FD8D FMOVJBD
EV40C1Y1 EPYSTE1	EY47 EYPESTB	FD8E FMOVJBE
EV40C1Y2 EPYSTE2	EY48 EYPESTC	FD8F FMOVJBF
EV40C1Y3 EPYSTE3	EY49 EYPESTD	FD8G FMOVJBG
EV40C2Y1 EPYSTM1	EY50 EYPESTE	FD8H FMOVJBH
EV40C2Y2 EPYSTM2	EY51 EYPESTF	FD8I FMOVJBI
EV40C2Y3 EPYSTM3	EY52 EYPESTG	FD9M1 FMOVY1
EV40C3Y1 EPYSTS1	EY53 EYPHSW	FD9M2 FMOVY2
EV40C3Y2 EPYSTS2	EY54 EYPHAP	FD10M FDOBM
EV40C3Y3 EPYSTS3	EY55 EYPHFM	FD10Y FDOBY
EV40PNO EPYSPN1	EY56 EYPHFR	FD11 FSEX
EV40PNO EPYSPN3	EY57 EYPHLF	FD11 FSEX
EV40PNO EPYSPN2	EY58 EYPOPLA	FD13 FJBSTAT
EY1 EYPTVBR	EY59 EYPOPFF	FD14 FEDLYR
EY2 EYTVHRS	EY60 EYPOPFB	FD15M FEDENDM
EY3 EYTVLMT	EY61 EYPOPLB	FD15Y FEDENDY
EY4 EYTVSTP	EY62 EYPOPLC	FD16 FEDTYPE
EY5 EYPCOMP	EY63 EYPVTE6	FD17 FQFX
EY6 EYPPALS	EY64EYPVTE3	FD18A FQFXA

FD18B FQFXB	FD36I FQFI	FE9 FJBSECT
FD18C FQFXC	FD36J FQFJ	FE10 FJBSIZE
FD18D FQFXD	FD36K FQFK	FE11 FJBMIX
FD18E FQFXE	FD36L FQFL	FE12 FJBHRS
FD18F FQFXF	FD36M FQFM	FE13 FJBOT
FD18G FQFXG	FD36N FQFN	FE14 FJBOTPD
FD18H FQFXH	FD37 FQFED	FE15 FJBHRLK
FD18I FQFXI	FD38A FQFEDA	FE16 FJBPL
	FD38B FQFEDB	FE17 FJBTTWT
FD18J FQFXJ		
FD18K FQFXK	FD38C FQFEDC	FE18 FJBTTWM
FD18L FQFXL	FD38D FQFEDD	FE19A FJBSAT1
FD18M FQFXM	FD38E FQFEDE	FE19B FJBSAT2
FD18N FQFXN	FD38F FQFEDF	FE19C FJBSAT3
FD19 FQFEDX	FD38G FQFEDG	FE19D FJBSAT4
FD20A FQFEDXA	FD38H FQFEDH	FE19E FJBSAT5
FD20B FQFEDXB	FD38I FQFEDI	FE19F FJBSAT6
	FD38J FQFEDJ	
FD20C FQFEDXC		FE19G FJBSAT7
FD20D FQFEDXD	FD38K FQFEDK	FE20 FJBSAT
FD20E FQFEDXE	FD38L FQFEDL	FE21 FPAYGL
FD20F FQFEDXF	FD38M FQFEDM	FE22OC FPAYGW
FD20G FQFEDXG	FD38N FQFEDN	FE23 FPAYNL
FD20H FQFEDXH	FD38O FQFEDO	FE24OC FPAYNW
FD20I FQFEDXI	FD38P FQFEDP	FE25 FPAYSLP
FD20J FQFEDXJ	FD38Q FQFEDQ	FE27 FPAYUSL
FD20K FQFEDXK	FD38R FQFEDR	FE28 FPAYU
FD21A FNQFEXA	FD38S FQFEDS	FE29OC FPAYUW
FD21B FNQFEXB	FD39A FNQFEDA	FE30 FPAYUG
FD21C FNQFEXC	FD39B FNQFEDB	FE31A FPAYDF1
FD21E FNQFEXE	FD39C FNQFEDC	FE31BFPAYDF2
FD21F FNQFEXF	FD39D FNQFEDD	FE31C FPAYDF3
FD21G FNQFEXG	FD39E FNQFEDE	FE31D FPAYDF4
FD21H FNQFEXH	FD39F FNQFEDF	FE31E FPAYDF5
FD21I FNQFEXI	FD39G FNQFEDG	FE31F FPAYDF6
FD21J FNQFEXJ	FD39H FNQFEDH	FE31G FPAYDF7
FD21K FNQFEXK	FD39I FNQFEDI	FE31H FPAYDF8
FD22 FMLSTAT	FD39J FNQFEDJ	FE32 FJBONUS
FD23 FMLCHNG	FD39K FNQFEDK	FE33 FJBRISE
FD24M FMLCHM	FD39L FNQFEDL	FE34 FTUJBPL
FD24Y FMLCHY	FD39M FNQFEDM	FE35 FTUIN1
FD25DST FPLBORND	FD39N FNQFEDN	FE36 FTUIN2
FD25OS FPLBORNC	FD39O FNQFEDO	FE37 FJBOPPS
FD26 FYR2UK	FD39P FNQFEDP	FE38 FJBTIME
FD28 FRACE	FD39Q FNQFEDQ	FE39 FJBPEN
FD30 FSCEND	FD39R FNQFEDR	FE40 FJBPENM
FD30NA FSCHOOL	FD39S FNQFEDS	FE42D FJBBGD
FD31 FSCTYPE	FD40FBPAR16	FE42M FJBBGM
FD32 FSCNOW	FD41 FLVHMAG	FE42Y FJBBGY
FD33 FFETYPE	FD42 FWHR14	FE43 FJBBGLY
FD34 FFEEND	FD43 FPAPERR	FE44 FPAYS
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FD34NA FFENOW	FD44 FPAPERM	FE45C FPAYSW
FD35 FQFHAS	FD45 FPAPERP	FE46 FPAYSG
FD36A FQFA	FE1 FJBHAS	FE49 FPAYLY
FD36B FQFB	FE2 FJBOFF	FE50OC FPAYLYW
FD36C FQFC	FE3 FJBOFFY	FE51 FPAYLYG
FD36D FQFD	FE4 FJBTERM	FE55 FJSBOSS
FD36E FQFE	FE5 FJBSOC	FE56FJSSIZE
FD36F FQFF	FE6 FJBSIC	FE57 FJSHRS
FD36G FQFG	FE7FJBSEMP	FE58 FJSHRLK
FD36HFQFH	FE8 FJBMNGR	FE59 FJSTIME

FE60FJSTYPE	FE93FJUHRSL	FF3B08 FFR08
FE61 FJSACCS	FE94A FEPROSG	FF3B09 FFR09
FE62 FJSPRF	FE94B FEPROSH	FF3B10 FFR10
FE63BM FJSPRBM	FE95 FEAAGE	FF3B11 FFR11
FE63BYFJSPRBY	FE96A FJBHHA	FF3B12 FFR12
FE63EM FJSPREM	FE96BFJBHHB	FF3B13 FFR13
FE63EY FJSPREY	FE96C FJBHHC	FF3B14 FFR14
FE64 FJSPAYL	FE96D FJBHHD	FF3B15 FFR15
FE65BM FJSPYBM	FE96EFJBHHE	FF3B16 FFR16
FE65BYFJSPYBY	FE96FFJBHHF	FF3B17 FFR17
FE65EM FJSPYEM	FE97 FJBUB	FF3BAL FFRALL
	-	
FE65EYFJSPYEY	FE98FJBUBY	FF3C FFRNOW
FE66 FJSPL	FE99 FJ2HAS	FF3D FFRVAL
FE67FJSTTWT	FE100 FJ2SOC	FF3EOC FFRW
FE68 FJSTTWM	FE101 FJ2SEMP	FF3F FFRJT
FE69A FJSSAT1	FE102 FJ2HRS	FF3FPN FFRJTPN
FE69B FJSSAT2	FE103 FJ2PAY	FF3SEQ FFISEQ
FE69C FJSSAT3	FE104A FIVEA	FF4 FFISIT
FE69D FJSSAT4	FE104B FIVEB	FF5 FFISITC
FE69E FJSSAT5	FE104C FIVEC	FF6 FFISITY
FE70 FJSSAT	FE104D FIVED	FF63I FPRF125
FE71D FJSBGD	FE104E FIVEE	FF7 FFISITX
FE71M FJSBGM	FEG3PID	FF8 FFIYRDI
FE71Y FJSBGY	FEG4 FHGSEX	FF9 FFIYRDIU
FE72 FJBED	FEG4M FHGBM	FF10 FSAVE
FE73A FJBED1	FEG4Y FHGBY	FF11FSAVED
FE73B FJBED2	FEG6 FIVIOW5	FF12 FSAVEY1
FE73C FJBED3	FEG6 FIVLYR	FF12 FSAVEY2
FE73DFJBED4	FEG7 FIVIEVR	FF13 FPPPEN
FE73E FJBED5	FEG8 FIVELIG	FF14 FPENB4
FE74A FJBEDQ	FEG9FHHMEM	FF15 FPENB4YR
FE74B FJBEDP1	FEG9 FHHMEM	FF16FPENB4V
FE75 FEPROSA	FEG9 FHHMEM	FF170C FPENB4W
FE75 FEPROSB	FEG10 FNEWHY	FF18 FPENYR
FE75 FEPROSC	FEG10FNEWHY	FF19 FPENADD
FE75 FEPROSD	FEG10 FNEWHY	FF20 FPENADV
	FEG11 FLVWHY	
FE75 FEPROSE		FF21OC FPENADW
FE75 FEPROSF	FEG12M FLVMN	FF22 FFTEXHH
FE77M1 FJBCHC1	FEG12M FNEMNJN	FF23A1 FFTEXA
FE77M2 FJBCHC2	FEG12M FNEMNJN	FF23A2 FFTEXB
FE77M3 FJBCHC3	FEG12M FNEMNJN	FF23A3 FFTEXC
FE79 FXPCHCF	FEG12Y FNEYRJN	FF23B11 FFTEXA1
FE80 FXPCHC	FEG12Y FLVYR	FF23B12 FFTEXB1
FE81 FHUXPCH	FEG12Y FNEYRJN	FF23B13FFTEXC1
FE82 FHUNURS	FEG12Y FNEYRJN	FF23B21 FFTEXA2
FE83 FJULK1	FEG13FLVLOC	FF23B22 FFTEXB2
FE84 FJULK4	FEG14 FIVFIO	FF23B23FFTEXC2
FE85A FJULKA	FEG15 FIVRREF	FF23B31 FFTEXA3
FE85B FJULKB	FEG16 FIVIREIS	FF23B32 FFTEXB3
FE85C FJULKC	FF2 FNFR	FF23B33FFTEXC3
FE85D FJULKD	FF2 FNF1	FF23B41 FFTEXA4
FE85E FJULKE	FF3A FFICODE	FF23B42FFTEXB4
FE86 FJULKJB	FF3B01 FFR01	FF23B43FFTEXC4
FE87 FJUBGN	FF3B02 FFR02	FF23B51 FFTEXA5
FE88 FJUSPEC	FF3B03 FFR03	FF23B52 FFTEXB5
FE89 FJUSOC	FF3B04 FFR04	FF23B53FFTEXC5
FE90 FJUHRSX	FF3B05 FFR05	FF23B61 FFTEXA6
FE91FJUPAYX	FF3B06 FFR06	FF23B62 FFTEXB6
FE92 FJUPAYL	FF3B07 FFR07	FF23B63FFTEXC6

FF23C1FFTEXAV	FF155 FF155	FH39A FXPHSD1
FF23C2FFTEXBV		FH39B FXPHSD2
	FF156 FF156	
FF23C3FFTEXCV	FF157 FF157	FH40 FXPHSDB
FF23DOC1 FFTEXAW	FF158 FF158	FH41AFHSTLT
FF23DOC2 FFTEXBW	FF159 FF159	FH41A FHSGDN
FF23DOC3 FFTEXCW	FH0AD FHHDOI	FH41A FHSKCH
FF24 FSPINHH	FH0AMFHHMOI	FH41A FHSBTH
FF25A FHUBUYS	FH0AY FHHYOI	FH41B FHSGDNS
FF25B FHUFRYS	FH0C FHSTYPE	FH41B FHSTLTS
FF25C FHUMOPS	FH1A FHSRINS	FH41B FHSKCHS
FF25D FHUIRON	FH2 FHSROOM	FH41B FHSBTHS
FF26 FHHCH12	FH3 FHSOWND	FH42 FHEATCH
FF27 FHUSITS	FH4M1 FHSOWR1	FH43 FHEATYP
FF28 FHOWLNG	FH4M2 FHSOWR2	FH44A FHSPRBG
FF29 FCARUSE	FH5 FHSVAL	FH44B FHSPRBH
FF30FDFWLD	FH6 FMGHAVE	FH44C FHSPRBI
FF31 FDFWLD1	FH7 FHSOWRP	FH44DFHSPRBJ
FF31 FDFWLD2	FH8 FMGYNOT	FH44E FHSPRBK
FF31 FDFWLD3	FH9 FHSCOST	FH44F FHSPRBL
FF31 FDFWLD4	FH10 FHSYR0	FH44G FHSPRBM
FF32A FIVFA	FH12 FMGYR0	FH44H FHSPRBN
FF32B FIVFB	FH13 FMGLY	FH44I FHSPRBO
FF32C FIVFC	FH14 FHSIVW5	FH44J FHSPRBP
FF32D FIVFD	FH17 FMGOLD	FH44K FHSPRBQ
FF32E FIVFE	FH18 FMGLIFE	FH45 FHSCTAX
FF33H FIVFOIH	FH19 FMGTYPE	FH46 FCDHAVE
FF33M FIVFOIM	FH20 FMGXTRA	FH47A FCD1USE
FF34 FIVSC	FH21 FMGNEW	FH47B FCD2USE
FF101 FF101	FH22A FMGXTY1	FH47D FCD4USE
FF102 FF102	FH22B FMGXTY2	FH47F FCD6USE
FF103 FF103	FH22C FMGXTY3	FH47G FCD7USE
FF104 FF104	FH22D FMGXTY4	FH47H FCD8USE
FF105 FF105	FH22E FMGXTY5	FH47I FCD9USE
FF106 FF106	FH23 FXPMG	FH48 FCDBGHT
FF116 FF116	FH24A FXPMG1	FH49A FCD1NEW
	FH24B FXPMG2	
FF117 FF117		FH49B FCD2NEW
FF118 FF118	FH24C FXPMG3	FH49C FCD10NEW
FF119 FF119	FH24D FXPMG4	FH49C FCD10USE
FF120 FF120	FH25 FMGTOT	FH49D FCD11NEW
FF121 FF121	FH26 FHSJB	FH49DFCD11USE
FF122 FF122	FH27M1 FRENTP1	FH49D FCD4NEW
FF123 FF123	FH27M2 FRENTP2	FH49F FCD6NEW
FF124 FF124	FH28 FRENTLL	FH49G FCD7NEW
FF125 FF125	FH29 FRENTF	FH49H FCD8NEW
FF131 FF131	FH31 FRENT	FH49I FCD9NEW
FF132 FF132	FH32 FRENTW	FH49J FCD12NEW
FF133 FF133	FH33A FRENT1	FH49J FCD12USE
FF135 FF135	FH33B FRENT7	FH50 FCDNUXP
FF136 FF136	FH33C FRENT2	FH51 FHSPC
	FH33D FRENT3	FH52 FHSWPC
FF138 FF138	FH33E FRENT4	FH53 FPCWHEN
FF139 FF139	FH33FFRENT5	FH54 FPCMODM
FF140 FF140	FH33G FRENT8	FH55 FPCNET
FF141 FF141	FH33H FRENT6	FH56 FPCUSR4
FF142 FF142	FH34 FRENTHB	FH56 FPCUSR3
FF151 FF151	FH35 FRENTG	FH56 FPCUSR5
FF152 FF152	FH36 FRENTG	FH56 FPCUSR6
FF153 FF153	FH37 FRENTGW	FH56 FPCUSR2
FF154 FF154	FH38 FXPHSDF	FH56 FPCUSR1

FH57A FPCUSE1	FJ8M FCJSBGM	FM5E FHLLTE
		_
FH57B FPCUSE2	FJ8Y FCJSBGY	FM6 FHLLTW
FH57C FPCUSE3	FJ9 FNEMST	FM7 FHLENDW
FH57D FPCUSE4	FJ10D FCJSBGD	FM8 FHLLTWA
FH57E FPCUSE5	FJ10M FCJSBGM	FM9 FHL2GP
FH57F FPCUSE6	FJ10Y FCJSBGY	FM10FXDTS
FH57G FPCUSE7	FJ11FCJSBLY	FM11FNXDTS
FH58 FPCUSES	FJ12FJHSTAT	FM12 FHOSP
FH59 FXPHP	FJ13D FJHBGD	FM13 FHOSPD
FH60 FXPHPDF	FJ13M FJHBGM	FM15 FHOSPCH
FH61A FHSCAND	FJ13Y FJHBGY	FM16 FHOSPNHS
FH61A FHSCANA	FJ15 FNJBS	FM17 FHLCVR
FH61A FHSCANC	FJ17FJHSOC	FM18 FHLCVRH
FH61A FHSCANB	FJ19 FJHSEMP	FM19FHLCVRL
FH61A FHSCANE	FJ20 FJHBOSS	FM20 FHLSV
FH61A FHSCANF	FJ21 FJHSECT	FM21A FHLSVA
FH61B FHSCNTA	FJ22 FJHMNGR	FM21B FHLSVB
FH61B FHSCNTC	FJ24FJHPLDF	FM21C FHLSVC
FH61B FHSCNTF	FJ25 FJHSIC	FM21D FHLSVD
FH61B FHSCNTE	FJ26 FJHSIZE	FM21E FHLSVE
FH61B FHSCNTD	FJ27FJHPAYL	FM21F FHLSVF
FH61B FHSCNTB	FJ28OC FJHPYLW	FM21G FHLSVG
FH62 FXPFOOD	FJ29 FJHPYLG	FM21H FHLSVH
FH63 FNCARS	FJ30 FJHSTPY	FM21I FHLSVI
FH64 FCAROWN	FJ31FJBLKY	FM21J FHLSVL
FH65M1 FIVH1	FJ34 FJBHAD	FM21K FHLSVM
FH65M2 FIVH2	FJ35 FJLEND	FM21L1 FHLSVJ
FH65M3 FIVH3	FJ36 FJLSOC	FM21L2FHLSVK
FHG2 FHGR2R	FJ37 FJLSIC	FM22A FHLSVAN
FHG3 FHGSEX	FJ38 FJLSEMP	FM22B FHLSVBN
FHG4M FHGBM	FJ39 FJLBOSS	FM22C FHLSVCN
FHG4Y FHGBY	FJ40 FJLMNGR	FM22D FHLSVDN
FHG8 FMASTAT	FJ41 FJLSIZE	FM22E FHLSVEN
FHG8 FMASTAT	FJ42A FIVJA	FM22F FHLSVFN
FHG9 FHGSPN	FJ42B FIVJB	FM22G FHLSVGN
FHG9 FHGSPN		
	FJ42C FIVJC	FM22H FHLSVHN
FHG10FHGEMP	FJ42D FIVJD	FM22I FHLSVIN
FHG11 FHGFNO	FJ42E FIVJE	FM22J FHLSVLN
FHG12 FHGMNO	FM1FHLSTAT	FM22K FHLSVMN
FHG13 FHGRA	FM2 FHLDSBL	FM22L1 FHLSVJN
FI1 FIV1	FM3A FHLPRBA	FM22L2 FHLSVKN
FI2 FIV2	FM3B FHLPRBB	FM23A FHLSVAF
FI4 FIV4	FM3C FHLPRBC	FM23B FHLSVBF
FI5 FIV5	FM3D FHLPRBD	FM23C FHLSVCF
FI6A FIV6A	FM3E FHLPRBE	FM23D FHLSVDF
FI6B FIV6B	FM3FFHLPRBF	FM23E FHLSVEF
FI6C FIV6C	FM3G FHLPRBG	FM23FFHLSVFF
FI6D FIV6D	FM3H FHLPRBH	FM23G FHLSVGF
FI6E FIV6E	FM3I FHLPRBI	FM23H FHLSVHF
FI7 FIV6F	FM3J FHLPRBJ	FM23I FHLSVIF
FI8 FIV7	FM3K FHLPRBK	FM23J FHLSVLF
FJ2 FEDNEW	FM3L FHLPRBL	FM23K FHLSVMF
FJ3AFEDNEW1	FM3M FHLPRBM	FM23L1 FHLSVJF
FJ3BFEDNEW2	FM3M0FHLPRB	FM23L2 FHLSVKF
FJ3C FEDNEW3	FM4 FHLLT	FM24 FHLCK
FJ3D FEDNEW4	FM5A FHLLTA	FM25A FHLCKA
FJ4A FEDNEWQ	FM5B FHLLTB	FM25B FHLCKB
FJ4BFEDNEWP1	FM5C FHLLTC	FM25C FHLCKC
FJ8D FCJSBGD	FM5D FHLLTD	FM25D FHLCKD
1000 100000	I WIOD I TILLID	TIVIZOD FFILORD

FM25E FHLCKE	FS1A FGHQA	FV10FVOTE10A
	FS1B FGHQB	FV12 FVOTE6
FM25F FHLCKI		
FM25G FHLCKF	FS1CFGHQC	FV13A FOPISS1
FM25H FHLCKG	FS1DFGHQD	FV13B FOPISS2
FM25I FHLCKH	FS1E FGHQE	FV13C FOPISS3
FM26A FHLCKAN	FS1F FGHQF	FV13D FOPISS4
FM26B FHLCKBN	FS1G FGHQG	FV13E FOPISS5
FM26C FHLCKCN	FS1H FGHQH	FV14A FLACTA
FM26D FHLCKDN	FS1I FGHQI	FV14BFLACTB
FM26E FHLCKEN	FS1J FGHQJ	FV14C FLACTC
FM26F FHLCKIN	FS1K FGHQK	FV14D FLACTD
FM26G FHLCKFN	FS1L FGHQL	FV14EFLACTE
FM26H FHLCKGN	FS2A FOPFAMJ	FV14F FLACTF
FM26I FHLCKHN	FS2B FOPFAMK	FV14G FLACTG
FM27 FSMOKER	FS2C FOPFAML	FV14H FLACTH
FM28 FNCIGS	FS2DFOPFAMM	FV14I FLACTI
FM30 FAIDHH	FS2E FOPFAMN	FV14JFLACTJ
FM31P1 FAIDHUA	FS3A FLFSAT1	FV14K FLACTK
FM31P2 FAIDHUB	FS3B FLFSAT2	FV14L FLACTL
FM31P3 FAIDHUC	FS3C FLFSAT3	FV15 FYPPAR
FM32 FAIDXHH	FS3D FLFSAT4	FV16FPYHLTH
FM33 FNAIDXHH	FS3E FLFSAT5	FV17 FPYHWRK
FM35 FAIDHU2	FS3F FLFSAT6	FV18 FPYSXED
FM35 FAIDHU1	FS3G FLFSAT7	FV19 FPYSXAG
FM36 FAIDHRS	FS3H FLFSAT8	FV20 FPYNYP
FM37A FIVMA	FS4A FLFSATO	FV20A1 FPYPNO1
FM37B FIVMB	FS4B FLFSATL	FV20A2 FPYPNO2
FM37C FIVMC	FS5A FNETSX1	FV20A3 FPYPNO3
FM37D FIVMD	FS5A FNETSX2	FV20B1 FPYAGE1
FM37E FIVME	FS5A FNETSX3	FV20B2 FPYAGE2
FP2B FPRRS2I	FS5B FNET1WR	FV20B3 FPYAGE3
		FV21Y1 FPYWHR1
FP2C FPRIPN	FS5B FNET2WR	
FP2DFPRWHY	FS5B FNET3WR	FV21Y2 FPYWHR2
FP3 FPPLEVR	FS5C FNET1AG	FV21Y3 FPYWHR3
FP10M FPRESBGM	FS5C FNET2AG	FV22Y1 FPYMAN1
FP10Y FPRESBGY	FS5C FNET3AG	FV22Y2 FPYMAN2
FP11 FPRESLY	FS5D FNET1JB	FV22Y3 FPYMAN3
FP23 FPRFEHQ	FS5D FNET2JB	FV23Y1 FPYARG1
FP25 FPRSEHQ	FS5D FNET3JB	FV23Y2 FPYARG2
FP51 FPRJBFT	FS5E FNET1PH	FV23Y3 FPYARG3
FP52M FPRJBBGM	FS5E FNET2PH	FV24Y1 FPYTLK1
FP52Y FPRJBBGY	FS5E FNET3PH	FV24Y2 FPYTLK2
FP53 FPRJBLY	FT2B FTELWHY	FV24Y3 FPYTLK3
FP54 FPREARN	FT45 FTLFIYRL	FV25Y1 FPYSMK1
FP63A FPRF101	FT50 FTLFIYR	FV25Y2 FPYSMK2
FP63B FPRF102	FV1A FOPPOLA	FV25Y3 FPYSMK3
FP63C FPRF116	FV1B FOPPOLB	FV26Y1 FPYSAD1
FP63D FPRF131	FV1C FOPPOLC	FV26Y2 FPYSAD2
FP63F FPRF135	FV1D FOPPOLD	FV26Y3 FPYSAD3
FP63G FPRF137	FV2 FOPCLS1	FV27Y1 FPYWOR1
FP63H FPRF139	FV3 FOPCLS2	FV27Y2 FPYWOR2
FP63J FPRF141	FV4 FVOTE3	FV27Y3 FPYWOR3
FP63NONE FPRFIRN	FV4 FOPCLS3	FV28AY1 FPYHSW1
FP64 FPRFITB	FV5 FVOTE1	FV28AY2 FPYHSW2
FPI1A FIVPA	FV6 FVOTE2	FV28AY3 FPYHSW3
FPI1B FIVPB	FV7 FVOTE4	FV28BY1 FPYHAP1
FPI1CFIVPC	FV8 FVOTE5	FV28BY2 FPYHAP2
FPI1D FIVPD	FV9 FVOTE9	FV28BY3 FPYHAP3
FPI1E FIVPE	FV10 FVOTE10B	FV28CY1 FPYHFM1

FV28CY2	FPYHFM2	FY20 F\	/PSMEV	FY79 FYPJBQC
FV28CY3				
		FY21 FY		FY80 FYPJBQD
FV28DY1	. FPYHFR1	FY22 FY	/PSMOF	FY81 FYPJBQE
FV28DY2	FPYHFR2	FY23 FY	PSMLW	FY82 FYPJBQT
FV28DY3		FY24 FY		FY83 FYPEVNT3
			-	
FV28EY1		FY25 F	/PSMPA	FY83 FYPEVNT2
FV28EY2	FPYHLF2	FY26 FY	PNOSM	FY83FYPEVNT4
FV28EY3		FY27 FY		FY83 FYPEVNT1
FV28Y1		FY28 FY	'PSMOP	GD0AD GD0ID
FV29Y2	. FPYHLT2	FY29 FY	/PDGSC	GD0AM GD0IM
FV29Y3	EDVHI T3	FY30 F		GD0AYGD0IY
FV30		FY31 FY	PDGWH	GD0B GIVLYR
FV31Y1	. FPYSAT1	FY32 F	/PDGFR	GD0C GIVIEVR
FV31Y2	FPYSAT2	FY33 FY	/PDGVR	GD0D GRACH12
FV31Y3				
		FY34 FY		GD1H GIVSOIH
FV32AY1	. FPYSTY1	FY35 FY	/POPHD	GD1MGIVSOIM
FV32AY2	FPYSTY2	FY36 F	/POPHA	GD2GLKNBRD
FV32AY3		FY37 F		
				GD3 GLKMOVE
FV32B1Y1		FY38 FY	/POPHC	GD4 GLKMOVY
FV32B1Y2	FPYTAE2	FY39 FY	/PMFNU	GD5 GPLNEW
FV32B1Y3		FY40 F		GD6M GPLNOWM
FV32B2Y1		FY41 F		GD6Y GPLNOWY
FV32B2Y2	FPYTAM2	FY42 I	FYPSAD	GD7 GMOVJB
FV32B2Y3	FPYTAM3	FY43 F	YPWOR	GD8A GMOVJBA
FV32B3Y1	FPYTAS1	FY44 F		GD8B GMOVJBB
FV32B3Y2			_	
		FY45 F		GD8C GMOVJBC
FV32B3Y3		FY46 F	YPESTA	GD8D GMOVJBD
Fv32C1Y1	. FPYSTE1	FY47 F	YPESTB	GD8E GMOVJBE
FV32C1Y2	FPYSTE2	FY48F		GD8F GMOVJBF
FV32C1Y3				
		FY49 F		GD8G GMOVJBG
FV32C2Y1		FY50 F	YPESTE	GD8H GMOVJBH
FV32C2Y2		FY51 F	YPESTF	GD8I GMOVJBI
FV32C2Y3	FPYSTM3	FY52 F	YPESTG	GD9M1 GMOVY1
FV32C3Y1				GD9M2 GMOVY2
FV32C3Y2		FY53 F		
		FY54I		GD10M GDOBM
FV32C3Y3		FY55 F	FYPHFM	GD10Y GDOBY
FV32PNO	. FPYSPN1	FY56I	FYPHFR	GD11 GSEX
FV32PNO	FDVSDN2			GD13M1 GCITZN1
		FY57		
FV32PNO		FY58F	YPOPLA	GD13M2 GCITZN2
FY1	FYPTVBR	FY59F	YPOPFF	GD14GJBSTAT
FY2	FYTVHRS	FY60 F		GD15 GEDLYR
FY3	FYTVI MT			GD16M GEDENDM
FY4		FY61F		
		FY62 F	YPOPLC	GD16Y GEDENDY
FY5		FY63 F	YPVTE6	GD17 GEDTYPE
FY6	FYPPALS	FY64 F	VP\/TF3	GD18
FY7	FYPLITFI	-	-	
FY8		FY65 F	-	GD19A
		FY66 F	YPNBKS	GD19B GQFXB
FY9	FYPARGM	FY67 FY	/POPSC	GD19C
FY10	FYPARGF	FY68 F		GD19D
FY11				
		FY69 F		GD19E GQFXE
FY12		FY70 F	YPLVHM	GD19F GQFXF
FY13	. FYPTLKP	FY71 FY	/PAMAR	GD19G GQFXG
FY14	. FYPNPAL	FY72 F		GD19H
FY15				
		FY73 FY		GD19I
FY16		FY74		GD19J GQFXJ
FY17L		FY75 F	FYPSOC	GD19K GQFXK
FY17P	FYPPKMP	FY76 F		GD19L
FY18		FY77 F		GD19M GQFXM
FY19				
1 1 10	I II DINLIVI	FY78 F	ILIRAR	GD19N GQFXN

ODOO OOFFDY	OD400 00FFD0	050 0 10055
GD20 GQFEDX	GD40G GQFEDG	GE2 GJBOFF
GD21A GQFEDXA	GD40H GQFEDH	GE3 GJBOFFY
GD21B GQFEDXB	GD40I GQFEDI	GE4 GJBTERM
GD21C GQFEDXC	GD40J GQFEDJ	GE5 GJBSOC
GD21D GQFEDXD	GD40K GQFEDK	GE6
GD21E GQFEDXE	GD40L GQFEDL	GE6 GJBSIC92
GD21F GQFEDXF	GD40M GQFEDM	GE7 GJBSEMP
GD21G GQFEDXG	GD40N GQFEDN	GE8 GJBMNGR
GD21H GQFEDXH	GD40O GQFEDO	GE10 GJBSIZE
GD21I GQFEDXI	GD40P GQFEDP	GE11 GJBHRS
GD21J GQFEDXJ	GD40Q GQFEDQ	GE12GJBOT
GD21K GQFEDXK	GD40R GQFEDR	GE13 GJBOTPD
GD22A GNQFEXA	GD40S GQFEDS	GE14 GJBHRLK
GD22B GNQFEXB	GD41A GNQFEDA	GE15 GJBPL
GD22C GNQFEXC	GD41B GNQFEDB	GE16 GJBTTWT
GD22E GNQFEXE	GD41C GNQFEDC	GE17 GJBTTWM
GD22F GNQFEXF	GD41D GNQFEDD	GE18A GJBSAT1
	GD41B GNQFEDE	
GD22G GNQFEXG		GE18B GJBSAT2
GD22H GNQFEXH	GD41F GNQFEDF	GE18C GJBSAT3
GD22I GNQFEXI	GD41G GNQFEDG	GE18D GJBSAT4
GD22J GNQFEXJ	GD41H GNQFEDH	GE18E GJBSAT5
GD22K GNQFEXK	GD41I GNQFEDI	GE18F GJBSAT6
GD23 GMLSTAT	GD41J GNQFEDJ	GE18G GJBSAT7
GD24 GMLCHNG	GD413 GNQFEDK	
		GE19 GJBSAT
GD25M GMLCHM	GD41L GNQFEDL	GE20 GPAYGL
GD25Y GMLCHY	GD41MGNQFEDM	GE21OC GPAYGW
GD26DST GPLBORND	GD41N GNQFEDN	GE22 GPAYNL
GD26OS GPLBORNC	GD410 GNQFEDO	GE23OC GPAYNW
GD27 GYR2UK	GD41P GNQFEDP	GE24 GPAYSLP
GD30 GRACE	GD41Q GNQFEDQ	GE26 GPAYUSL
GD32NA GSCHOOL	GD41R GNQFEDR	GE27 GPAYU
GD32 GSCEND	GD41S GNQFEDS	GE28OC GPAYUW
GD33 GSCTYPE	GD42 GCRWORA	GE29 GPAYUG
GD34 GSCNOW	GD43 GCRWORB	GE30A GPAYDF1
GD35 GFETYPE	GD44 GCRDARK	GE30B GPAYDF2
GD36NA GFENOW	GD45A GCRGRAF	GE30C GPAYDF3
GD36 GFEEND	GD45A GCRTEEN	GE30D GPAYDF4
GD37 GQFHAS	GD45C GCRDRNK	GE30E GPAYDF5
GD38A GQFA	GD45D GCRVAND	GE30F GPAYDF6
GD38B	GD45E GCRRACE	GE30G GPAYDF7
GD38C	GD45F GCRBURG	GE30H GPAYDF8
GD38D GQFD	GD45G GCRCAR	GE44D GJBBGD
GD38E	GD45H GCRMUGG	GE44M GJBBGM
GD38F GQFF	GD46 GPAPERR	GE44Y GJBBGY
GD38G GQFG	GD47 GPAPERM	GE45 GJBBGLY
GD38H GQFH	GD48 GPAPERP	GE9 GJBSECT
GD38I	GD49 GPCUSE	GE32 GJBONUS
GD38J	GD50A GPCUSEA	GE32 GJBONAM
GD38K GQFK	GD50B GPCUSEB	GE33 GJBONG
GD38L	GD50C GPCUSEC	GE34 GJBRISE
GD38M GQFM	GD50D GPCUSED	GE35 GTUJBPL
GD38N	GD50E GPCUSEE	GE36 GTUIN1
GD39	GD50F GPCUSEF	GE37 GTUIN2
GD40A GQFEDA	GD50G GPCUSEG	GE38 GJBOPPS
GD40B GQFEDB	GD50H GPCUSEH	GE39 GJBOPCR
GD40C GQFEDC	GD50I GPCUSEI	GE40 GJBTIME
GD40DGQFEDD	GD51 GPCUSEM	GE41 GJBPEN
GD40E GQFEDE	GD52 GPCOFTN	GE42 GJBPENM
GD40F	GE1 GJBHAS	GE46 GPAYS
32-01 OQI LDI	CET OUDITAG	52-10 OI A10

GE47OC GPAYSW	GE88C GEPROSC	GEG12M GLVMN
GE48 GPAYSG	GE88D GEPROSD	GEG12Y GLVYR
GE51 GPAYLY	GE88E GEPROSE	GEG13 GLVLOC
GE52OC GPAYLYW	GE88F GEPROSF	GEG14 GIVFIO
GE53 GPAYLYG	GE90M1 GJBCHC1	GEG15 GIVRREF
GE57 GJSBOSS	GE90M2 GJBCHC2	GEG16 GIVIREIS
GE58 GJSSIZE	GE90M3 GJBCHC3	GF2 GNF1
GE59 GJSHRS	GE92 GXPCHCF	GF2 GNFR
GE60 GJSHRLK	GE93 GXPCHC	GF3A GFICODE
GE61 GJSTIME	GE94 GHUXPCH	GF3BAL GFRALL
GE62 GJSTYPEB	GE95 GHUNURS	GF3B01 GFR01
GE63 GJSACCS	GE96 GJULK1	GF3B02 GFR02
GE64GJSPART	GE97 GJULK4	GF3B03 GFR03
GE65BM GJSPRBM	GE98A GJULKA	GF3B04 GFR04
GE65BY GJSPRBY	GE98B GJULKB	GF3B05 GFR05
GE65EM GJSPREM	GE98C GJULKC	GF3B06 GFR06
GE65EY GJSPREY	GE98D GJULKD	GF3B07 GFR07
GE66 GJSPRF	GE98E GJULKE	GF3B08 GFR08
GE67GJSPRLS	GE99 GJULKJB	GF3B09 GFR09
GE68GJSPRTX	GE100 GJUBGN	GF3B10 GFR10
GE69 GJSPRNI	GE101 GJUSPEC	GF3B11 GFR11
GE70BM GJSPRBM	GE102 GJUSOC	GF3B12 GFR12
GE70BY GJSPRBY	GE103 GJUHRSX	GF3B13 GFR13
GE70EM GJSPREM	GE104 GJUPAYX	GF3B14 GFR14
GE70EY GJSPREY	GE105 GJUPAYL	GF3B15 GFR15
GE71 GJSPRF	GE106 GJUHRSL	GF3B16 GFR16
GE72 GJSPRLS	GE107A GEPROSG	GF3B17 GFR17
GE73GJSPRTX	GE107B GEPROSH	GF3C GFRNOW
GE74 GJSPRNI	GE108 GEAAGE	GF3D GFRVAL
GE71	GE109A GJBHHA	GF3EOC GFRW
GE72 GJSPRLS	GE109B GJBHHB	GF3F GFRJT
GE73 GJSPRTX	GE109C GJBHHC	GF3FPN GFRJTPN
GE74GJSPRNI	GE109D GJBHHD	GF3SEQ GFISEQ
GE75 GJSPAYU	GE109E GJBHHE	GF4GFISIT
GE76 GJSPAYW	GE109F GJBHHF	GF5GFISITC
GE77 GJSPYTX	GE110 GJBUB	GF6GFISITY
GE78 GJSPYNI	GE111 GJBUBY	GF7GFISITX
GE79GJSPL	GE112 GJ2HAS	GF8 GFIYRDI
GE80 GJSTTWT	GE113 GJ2SOC	GF9 GFIYRDIU
GE81 GJSTTWM	GE114 GJ2SEMP	GF10 GSAVE
GE82A GJSSAT1	GE115 GJ2HRS	GF11 GSAVED
GE82B GJSSAT2	GE116 GJ2PAY	GF12 GSAVEY1
GE82C GJSSAT3	GE117A GIVEA	GF12 GSAVEY2
GE82D GJSSAT4	GE117B GIVEB	GF13 GPPPEN
GE82E GJSSAT5	GE117C GIVEC	GF14 GPENB4
GE83GJSSAT	GE117D GIVED	GF15 GPENB4YR
GE84D GJSBGD	GE117E GIVEE	GF16 GPENB4V
GE84M GJSBGM	GEG3 PID	GF17OC GPENB4W
GE84Y GJSBGY	GEG4 GHGSEX	GF18 GPENYR
GE85GJBED	GEG4M GHGBM	GF19 GPENADD
GE86A GJBED1	GEG4Y GHGBY	GF20 GPENADV
GE86B GJBED2	GEG6 GIVIOW6	GF21OC GPENADW
GE86C GJBED3	GEG7 GIVIEVR	GF22 GWINDF
GE86D GJBED4	GEG8 GIVELIG	GF23A GWINDFA
GE86E GJBED5	GEG9GHHMEM	GF23B GWINDFB
GE87A GJBEDQ	GEG10 GNEWHY	GF23C GWINDFC
GE87B GJBEDP1	GEG12M GNEMNJN	GF23D GWINDFD
GE88A GEPROSA	GEG12Y GNEYRJN	GF23F GWINDFF
GE88B GEPROSB	GEG11 GLVWHY	GF23G GWINDFG

GF23H GWINDFH	GF41B GIVFB	GH13 GMGLY
GF23I GWINDFI		
	GF41C GIVFC	GH14GHSIVW6
GF24A GWINDFAY	GF41D GIVFD	GH17GMGOLD
GF24B GWINDFBY	GF41E GIVFE	GH18GMGLIFE
GF24C GWINDFCY	GF42H GIVFOIH	GH19 GMGTYPE
GF24D GWINDFDY	GF42M GIVFOIM	GH20 GMGXTRA
GF24F GWINDFFY	GF43 GIVSC	GH21 GMGNEW
	GF38 GCARUSE	GH22A GMGXTY1
GF24G GWINDFGY		
GF24H GWINDFHY	GF101 GF101	GH22B GMGXTY2
GF24I GWINDFIY	GF102 GF102	GH22C GMGXTY3
GF25 GBSCON	GF103 GF103	GH22D GMGXTY4
GF26 GBSCNSP	GF104 GF104	GH22E GMGXTY5
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GF27M2 GBSCNSP2	GF106 GF106	GH24A GXPMG1
GF28A GXPMEAL	GF116 GF116	GH24B GXPMG2
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GF30B11 GFTEXA1		
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GF30B12 GFTEXB1	GF124 GF124	GH28 GRENTF
GF30B13 GFTEXC1	GF125 GF125	GH30 GRENT
GF30B21 GFTEXA2	GF131 GF131	GH31 GRENTW
GF30B22 GFTEXB2	GF132 GF132	GH32A GRENT1
GF30B23 GFTEXC2	GF133 GF133	GH32C GRENT2
GF30B31 GFTEXA3	GF142 GF142	GH32D GRENT3
GF30B32 GFTEXB3	GF135 GF135	GH32E GRENT4
GF30B33 GFTEXC3	GF136 GF136	GH32F GRENT5
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GF30B42 GFTEXB4	GF138 GF138	GH32B GRENT7
GF30B43 GFTEXC4	GF139 GF139	GH32G GRENT8
GF30B51 GFTEXA5	GF140 GF140	GH33 GRENTHB
GF30B52 GFTEXB5	GF141 GF141	GH34 GRENTG
GF30B53 GFTEXC5	GF151 GF151	GH35 GRENTG
GF30B61 GFTEXA6	GF152 GF152	GH36 GRENTGW
GF30B62 GFTEXB6	GF153 GF153	GH37 GXPHSDF
GF30B63 GFTEXC6	GF154 GF154	GH38A GXPHSD1
GF30C1 GFTEXAV	GF155 GF155	GH38B GXPHSD2
GF30C2 GFTEXBV	GF156 GF156	GH39 GXPHSDB
GF30C3 GFTEXCV	GF157 GF157	GH40A GHSKCH
GF30DOC1 GFTEXAW	GF158 GF158	GH40B GHSKCHS
GF30DOC2 GFTEXBW	GF159 GF159	GH40A GHSBTH
GF30DOC3 GFTEXCW	GH0AD GHHDOI	GH40B GHSBTHS
	GHOAM GHHMOI	GH40A GHSTLT
GF32A GHUBUYS	GH0AYGHHYOI	GH40B GHSTLTS
GF32B GHUFRYS	GH0C GHSTYPE	GH40A GHSGDN
GF32C GHUMOPS	GH1A GHSRINS	GH40B GHSGDNS
GF32D GHUIRON	GH2 GHSROOM	GH41 GHEATCH
GF33 GFAIR1	GH3 GHSOWND	GH42 GHEATYP
GF34 GHHCH12	GH4M1 GHSOWR1	GH43A GXPGASY
GF35 GHUSITS	GH4M2 GHSOWR2	GH43B GXPLECY
GF36 GFAIR2	GH5 GHSVAL	GH43C GXPOILY
GF37 GHOWLNG	GH6GMGHAVE	GH43D GXPSFLY
GF40 GQALLIF1	GH7 GHSOWRP	GH44A GHSPRBG
GF40 GQALLIF2	GH8GMGYNOT	GH44B GHSPRBH
GF40 GQALLIF3	GH9GHSCOST	GH44C GHSPRBI
GF40 GQALLIF4	GH10 GHSYR0	GH44D GHSPRBJ
GF41A GIVFA	GH12 GMGYR0	GH44E GHSPRBK
5. 11	3.1.2	C.TTTE GIIGI NDIN

GH44F GHSPRBL	GH58D GHSCNTD	GJ27 GJHPAYL
GH44G GHSPRBM	GH58E GHSCNTE	GJ28OC GJHPYLW
GH44H GHSPRBN	GH58F GHSCNTF	GJ29 GJHPYLG
GH44IGHSPRBO	GH59 GXPFOOD	GJ30 GJHSTPY
GH44J GHSPRBP	GH60 GNCARS	GJ31 GJBLKY
GH44K GHSPRBQ	GH61 GCAROWN	GJ34 GJBHAD
GH45 GHSCTAX	GH62 GCARVAL	GJ35 GJLEND
GH46 GHS2OWND	GH63M1 GIVH1	GJ36 GJLSOC
GH47 GHS2VAL	GH63M2 GIVH2	GJ37 GJLSIC
GH49 GMGTOT	GH63M3 GIVH3	GJ38 GJLSEMP
GH50 GCDHAVE	GHG2 GHGR2R	GJ39 GJLBOSS
GH52 GCDBGHT	GHG3 GHSSEX	GJ40 GJLMNGR
GH51A GCD1USE	GHG4M GHGBM	GJ41 GJLSIZE
GH51B GCD2USE	GHG4Y GHGBY	GJ42A GIVJA
GH51C GCD10USE	GHG8 GMASTAT	GJ42B GIVJB
GH51D GCD11USE	GHG9 GHGSPN	GJ42C GIVJC
GH51E GCD3USE	GHG10 GHGEMP	GJ42D GIVJD
GH51F GCD4USE	GHG11 GHGFNO	GJ42E GIVJE
GH51G GCD5USE	GHG12GHGMNO	GM1 GHLSTAT
GH51H GCD6USE	GHG13 GHGRA	GM2 GHLDSBL
GH51I GCD7USE	GI1 GIV1	GM3M0 GHLPRB
GH51J GCD8USE	GI2 GIV2	GM3A GHLPRBA
GH51K GCD9USE	GI4 GIV4	GM3B GHLPRBB
GH51L GCD12USE	GI5 GIV5	GM3C GHLPRBC
GH53A GCD1NEW	GI6A GIV6A	GM3D GHLPRBD
GH53B GCD2NEW	GI6B GIV6B	GM3E GHLPRBE
GH53C GCD10NEW	GI6C GIV6C	GM3F GHLPRBF
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GH53E GCD3NEW	GI6E	GM3H GHLPRBH
GH53F GCD4NEW	GI7 GIV6F	GM3I GHLPRBI
GH53G GCD5NEW	GI8 GIV7	GM3J GHLPRBJ
GH53H GCD6NEW	GJ2 GEDNEW	GM3K GHLPRBK
GH53IGCD7NEW	GJ3A GEDNEW1	GM3L GHLPRBL
GH53J GCD8NEW	GJ3B GEDNEW2	GM3M GHLPRBM
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GH53L GCD12NEW	GJ3D GEDNEW4	GM5A GHLLTA
GH54A GCD1CST	GJ4A GEDNEWQ	GM5B GHLLTB
GH54B GCD2CST	GJ4B GEDNEWP1	GM5C GHLLTC
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GH54G GCD5CST	GJ8Y GCJSBGY	GM6 GHLLTW
GH54H GCD6CST	GJ9 GNEMST	GM7GHLENDW
GH54I GCD7CST	GJ10D GCJSBGD	GM8 GHLLTWA
GH54J GCD8CST	GJ10M GCJSBGM	GM9 GHLIV65
GH54K GCD9CST	GJ10Y GCJSBGY	GM10A GADLA
GH54C GCD10CST	GJ11GCJSBLY	GM10B GADLAD
GH54D GCD11CST	GJ12 GJHSTAT	GM11A GADLB
GH54L GCD12CST	GJ13D GJHBGD	GM11B GADLBD
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GH56 GXPHPDF	GJ13Y GJHBGY	GM12B GADLCD
GH57A GHSCANA	GJ15 GNJBS	GM13A GADLD
GH57B GHSCANB	GJ17 GJHSOC	GM13B GADLDD
GH57C GHSCANC	GJ19 GJHSEMP	GM14A GADLE
GH57D GHSCAND	GJ20 GJHBOSS	GM14B GADLED
GH57E GHSCANE	GJ21 GJHSECT	GM15A GADLF
GH57F GHSCANF	GJ22 GJHMNGR	GM15B GADLFD
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GH58B GHSCNTB	GJ25 GJHSIC	GM17 GHL2HOP
GH58C GHSCNTC	GJ26 GJHSIZE	GM18 GXDTS

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GM21GHOSPD	GM34D GHLCKDN	GS1E GGHQE
GM23 GHOSPCH	GM34E GHLCKEN	GS1F
GM24 GHOSPNHS	GM34F GHLCKIN	GS1GGGHQG
GM25 GHLCVR	GM34G GHLCKFN	GS1H
GM26 GHLCVRH	GM34H GHLCKGN	GS1I GGHQI
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GM28 GHLSV	GM35 GSMOKER	GS1K GGHQK
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GM29B GHLSVB	GM37A GOPHLA	GS2A GOPFAMA
GM29C GHLSVC	GM37B GOPHLB	GS2B GOPFAMB
GM29D GHLSVD	GM37C GOPHLC	GS2C GOPFAMC
GM29E GHLSVE	GM39 GAIDHH	GS2D GOPFAMD
GM29F GHLSVF	GM40P1 GAIDHUA	GS2E GOPFAME
GM29G GHLSVG	GM40P2 GAIDHUB	GS2FGOPFAMF
GM29H GHLSVH	GM40P3 GAIDHUC	GS2GGOPFAMG
GM29I GHLSVI	GM41 GAIDXHH	GS2H GOPFAMH
GM29L1 GHLSVJ	GM42 GNAIDXHH	GS2I GOPFAMI
GM29L2 GHLSVK	GM43M1 GAIDHU1	GS3A GLFSAT1
GM29J GHLSVL	GM43M2 GAIDHU2	GS3B GLFSAT2
GM29K GHLSVM	GM45 GAIDHRS	GS3C GLFSAT3
GM30A GHLSVAN	GM46AGIVMA	GS3D GLFSAT4
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GM30C GHLSVCN	GM46C GIVMC	GS3FGLFSAT6
GM30D GHLSVDN	GM46D GIVMD	GS3GGLFSAT7
GM30E GHLSVEN	GM46EGIVME	GS3H GLFSAT8
GM30F GHLSVFN	GP2B GPRRS2I	GS4A GLFSATO
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GM30H GHLSVHN	GP2D GPRWHY	GS5A GXSUPA
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GM30J GHLSVLN	GP11 GPRESLY	GS6B GSSUPB
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GM31F GHLSVFF	GP61 GPREARN	GT45 GTLFIYRL
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GM32 GHLCK	GP70H GPRF139	GV2 GVOTE1
GM33A GHLCKA	GP70J GPRF141	GV3 GVOTE2
GM33B GHLCKB	GP70NONE GPRFIRN	GV4 GVOTE3
GM33C GHLCKC	GP71 GPRFITB	GV5 GVOTE4
GM33D GHLCKD	GPI1A GIVPA	GV6 GVOTE5
GM33E GHLCKE	GPI1B GIVPB	GV7 GVOTE7
GM33G GHLCKF	GPI1C GIVPC	GV8 GVOTE8
GM33H GHLCKG	GPI1D GIVPD	GV9GORGM
GM33I GHLCKH	GPI1E GIVPE	GV10A GORGMA
GM33F GHLCKI	GS1A GGHQA	GV10B GORGMB
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CIVIO-77 CITECITATI		

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	GV28Y2 GPYSMK2	
GV10E GORGME		GY51 GYPHFR
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GV10G GORGMG	GV29Y1 GPYSAD1	GY53 GYPCOMA
	GV29Y2 GPYSAD2	
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GV10J GORGMJ	GV30Y1 GPYWOR1	GY56 GYPCOMD
	GV30Y2 GPYWOR2	
GV10K GORGMK		GY57 GYPCOME
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GV10M GORGMM	GY1 GYTVHRS	GY59 GYPCOMG
	GY2 GYTVSTP	GY60 GYPOPLA
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GV11A GORGAA	GY5 GYPPALS	GY63 GYPOPSCB
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	GY12 GYPFSPOR	
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GV11J GORGAJ	GY14 GYPARGM	GY72 GYPPASC
	GY15 GYPARGF	GY73 GYPLVSC
GV11K GORGAK		
GV11L GORGAL	GY16 GYPTLKM	GY74 GYPLVHM
GV11MGORGAM	GY17 GYPTLKF	GY75 GYPAMAR
GV110 GORGAO	GY18 GYPNPAL	GY76 GYPAPAR
	GY19 GYPGANG	GY77 GYPWHRS
GV11P GORGAP		
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GV11 GORGA	GY21 GYPFGHT	GY80 GYPSOC
GV12 GFRNA	GY22 GYPEATN	GY81 GYPSOCY
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GV19 GOPRLG3	GY28 GYPSMAG	HD0BB HIVSTAT2
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	GY30 GYPSMLW	
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	GY34 GYPWOR	
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GV23B3 GPYAGE3	GY38 GYPESTA	HD7Y HPLNOWY4
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GV25Y2 GPYMAN2	GY42 GYPESTF	HD9C HMOVJBC
GV25Y3 GPYMAN3	GY43 GYPESTH	HD9D HMOVJBD
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GV26Y2 GPYARG2	GY45 GYPTCHB	HD9F HMOVJBF
GV26Y3 GPYARG3	GY46 GYPTCHC	HD9G HMOVJBG
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GV27Y3 GPYTLK3	GY49 GYPHAP	HD10M2 HMOVY2

HD11 HSEX	HD25C1 HEDQLC1	HD51Y HCOH1EY
HD11M HDOBM	HD25C1 HEDQLCN1	HD52 HNMAR
HD11Y HDOBY	HD25C2 HEDQLC2	HD53M HLMAR1M
HD12 HSEX	HD25D1 HEDQLD1	HD53Y HLMAR1Y
HD14 HMLSTAT	HD25D1 HEDQLDN1	HD54 HLPRNT
HD15 HMLCHNG	HD25D2 HEDQLD2	HD55 HLNPRNT
HD16M HEDENDM	HD25E1 HEDQLE1	HD56M HCH1BM
HD16M HMLCHM	HD25E1 HEDQLEN1	HD56Y HCH1BY
HD16Y HEDENDY	HD25E2 HEDQLE2	HD58 HSCEND
HD16Y HMLCHY4	HD25F1 HEDQLF1	HD58NA HSCHOOL
HD17 HEDTYPE	HD25F1 HEDQLFN1	HD59 HSCTYPE
HD17 HJBSTAT	HD25F2 HEDQLF2	HD60 HSCNOW
HD18 HEDLYR	HD25G1 HEDQLG1	HD61HFETYPE
HD19 HEDTYPE1	HD25G1 HEDQLGN1	HD62 HFEEND
HD19 HEDTYPE2	HD25G2 HEDQLG2	HD62NA HFENOW
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	HD25H1 HEDQLHN1	
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HD22M2 HEDENM2	HD25J2 HEDQLJ2	HD64H HQFH
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HD23B HEDFEEB2	HD27 HEDMORE1	HD65 HQFED
HD23C HEDFEEC1	HD27 HEDMORE2	HD66A HQFEDA
HD23C HEDFEEC2	HD29DST HPLBORND	HD66B HQFEDB
	HD29OS HPLBORNC	HD66C HQFEDC
HD23D HEDFEED1		
HD23D HEDFEED2	HD30 HYR2UK4	HD66D HQFEDD
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HD23E HEDFEEE2	HD32M1 HCITZN1	HD66F HQFEDF
HD23F HEDFEEF1	HD32M2 HCITZN2	HD66G HQFEDG
HD23F HEDFEEF2	HD33 HRACE	HD66H HQFEDH
HD23G HEDFEEG1	HD36 HPASOC	HD66IHQFEDI
HD23G HEDFEEG2	HD36ANAHPAJU	HD66J HQFEDJ
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HD24 HEDQUAL2	HD38 HPABOSS	HD66L HQFEDL
HD25A1 HEDQLA1	HD39 HPAMNGR	HD66M HQFEDM
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	HD40 HMAJU	
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HD25A2 HEDQLAN2	HD41 HMASEMP	HD66P HQFEDP
HD25A2 HEDQLBN2	HD42HMABOSS	HD66Q HQFEDQ
HD25A2 HEDQLCN2	HD43 HMAMNGR	HD66R HQFEDR
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HD25A2 HEDQLEN2	HD44NA HJ1NONE	HD67A HNQFEDA
HD25A2 HEDQLFN2	HD45 HJ1SEMP	HD67B HNQFEDB
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HD25A2 HEDQLJN2	HD49M HCOH1BM	HD67F HNQFEDF
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HD25B2 HEDQLB2	HD51M HCOH1EM	HD67IHNQFEDI

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HD67L		HD75NONE . HTRQLNN2		. HTRQLJN2
HD67M		HD76A1 HTRQLA1	HD76JN3	HTRQLJN3
HD67N	. HNQFEDN	HD76A2 HTRQLA2	HD76NONE .	. HTRQLNN3
HD670		HD76A3 HTRQLA3	HD77	
HD67P		HD76AN1 HTRQLAN1		HTROQL2
HD67Q	. HNQFEDQ	HD76AN2 HTRQLAN2	HD77	HTROQL3
HD67R	HNOFEDR	HD76AN3 HTRQLAN3	HD77	. HTROQLN3
HD67S		HD76B1 HTRQLB1	HD77NONE .	
HD68		HD76B2 HTRQLB2		. HTROQLN2
HD69	HNTRAIN	HD76B3 HTRQLB3	HD78	. HTRMORE1
HD70		HD76BN1 HTRQLBN1	HD78	. HTRMORE2
HD70		HD76BN2 HTRQLBN2		. HTRMORE3
HD70	. HTRPLCE3	HD76BN3 HTRQLBN3	HD79	HIVLPAR
HD71A	HTRWHYA2	HD76C1 HTRQLC1	HD80	HNRPART
HD71A1		HD76C2 HTRQLC2		HNRPTIM
			-	
HD71A3		HD76C3 HTRQLC3	HD82	
HD71B	HTRWHYB2	HD76CN1 HTRQLCN1	HD83	. HNRPXPM2
HD71B1	HTRWHYB1	HD76CN2 HTRQLCN2	HD84	HCOHADV
HD71B3		HD76CN3 HTRQLCN3	HD85	
HD71C		HD76D1 HTRQLD1	HD85	HCOHAD2
HD71C1	HTRWHYC1	HD76D2 HTRQLD2	HD86	HCOHDIS
HD71C3		HD76D3 HTRQLD3	HD87	HCOHDS1
		HD76DN1 HTRQLDN1		
HD71D				HCOHDS2
HD71D1		HD76DN2 HTRQLDN2	HD88	. HCOHXPM1
HD71D3	HTRWHYD3	HD76DN3 HTRQLDN3	HD89	. HCOHXPM2
HD71E		HD76E1 HTRQLE1		HIVLPARY
HD71E1		HD76E2 HTRQLE2		
				HCOHLYR
HD71E3	HTRWHYE3	HD76E3 HTRQLE3	HD92M1	. HCOHLBM1
HD72	HTRQ1	HD76EN1 HTRQLEN1	HD92M1	. HCOHLBY1
HD72		HD76EN2 HTRQLEN2		. HCOHLBM2
		HD76EN3 HTRQLEN3		
HD72				. HCOHLBY2
HD72	HTRU1	HD76F1HTRQLF1	HD92M3	. HCOHLBM3
HD72	HTRU2	HD76F2 HTRQLF2	HD92M3	. HCOHLBY3
HD72		HD76F3 HTRQLF3	HD93M1	
HD73A	. HTRFEEA2	HD76FN1 HTRQLFN1	HD93M1	. HCOHLEY1
HD73A1	. HTRFEEA1	HD76FN2 HTRQLFN2	HD93M2	. HCOHLEM2
HD73A3	. HTRFEEA3	HD76FN3 HTRQLFN3	HD93M2	. HCOHLEY2
HD73B		HD76G1 HTRQLG1		. HCOHLEM3
HD73B1		HD76G2 HTRQLG2		. HCOHLEY3
HD73B3		HD76G3 HTRQLG3	HD94	HIVCBAGE
HD73C	. HTRFEEC2	HD76GN1 HTRQLGN1	HD95	HLCHMOR
HD73C1		HD76GN2 HTRQLGN2		. HLCHNMOR
HD73C3		HD76GN3 HTRQLGN3		HIVDA
HD73E	. HTRFEEE2	HD76H1 HTRQLH1	HD97B	HIVDB
HD73E1	HTRFFFF1	HD76H2 HTRQLH2	HD97C	HIVDC
HD73E3		HD76H3 HTRQLH3	HD97D	
HD73F		HD76HN1 HTRQLHN1		HIVDE
HD73F1	. HTRFEEF1	HD76HN2 HTRQLHN2	HE1	HJBHAS
HD73F3		HD76HN3 HTRQLHN3	HE2	
HD73G		HD76I1 HTRQLI1		
		-		HJBOFFY
HD73G1		HD76I2 HTRQLI2	HE4	HJBTERM
HD73G3	. HTRFEEG3	HD76I3 HTRQLI3	HE5	HJBSOC
HD74		HD76IN1 HTRQLIN1	HE6	
HD74		HD76IN2 HTRQLIN2		
			HE7	
HD74		HD76IN3 HTRQLIN3	HE8	HJBMNGR
HD75	HTRQLAC1	HD76J1 HTRQLJ1	HE9	HJBSECT
HD75		HD76J2 HTRQLJ2		HJBSIZE
			11L1U	

HE11 HJBHRS	HE64BM HJSPRBM	HE100 HJUSOC
HE12 HJBOT	HE64BY HJSPRBY4	HE101 HJUHRSX
HE13 HJBOTPD	HE64EM HJSPREM	HE102 HJUPAYX
HE14 HJBHRLK	HE64EY HJSPREY4	HE103 HJUPAYL
HE15 HJBPL	HE65 HJSPRF	HE104 HJUHRSL
HE16 HJBTTWT	HE66 HJSPRLS	HE105 HEPROSH
HE17 HJBTTWM	HE67 HJSPRTX	HE106 HEAAGE
HE18B HJBSAT2	HE68 HJSPRNI	HE107 HJBUB
HE18D HJBSAT4	HE69BM HJSPRBM	HE108 HJBUBY
HE18FHJBSAT6	HE69BY HJSPRBY4	HE109HJ2HAS
HE18G HJBSAT7	HE69EM HJSPREM	HE110 HJ2SOC
HE19 HJBSAT	HE69EY HJSPREY4	HE111 HJ2SEMP
HE20 HPAYGL	HE70 HJSPRF	HE112 HJ2HRS
HE21OC HPAYGW	HE71 HJSPRLS	HE113 HJ2PAY
HE22 HPAYNL	HE72 HJSPRTX	HE114A HIVEA
HE23OC HPAYNW	HE73 HJSPRNI	HE114B HIVEB
HE24 HPAYSLP	HE74 HJSPAYU	HE114C HIVEC
HE26 HPAYUSL	HE75 HJSPAYW	HE114D HIVED
HE27 HPAYU	HE76 HJSPYTX	HE114E HIVEE
HE28OC HPAYUW	HE77 HJSPYNI	HEG3 PID
HE29 HPAYUG	HE78 HJSPL	HEG3 PID
HE30A HPAYDF1	HE79 HJSTTWT	HEG3 PID
HE30B HPAYDF2	HE80 HJSTTWM	HEG4 HHGSEX
HE30C HPAYDF3	HE81A HJSSAT1	HEG4MHHGBM
		_
HE30D HPAYDF4	HE81B HJSSAT2	HEG4Y HHGBY
HE30E HPAYDF5	HE81D HJSSAT4	HEG6 HIVIOW7
HE30F HPAYDF6	HE81E HJSSAT5	HEG6 HIVIOW7
HE30G HPAYDF7	HE82 HJSSAT	HEG6 HIVIOW7
HE30H HPAYDF9	HE83D HJSBGD	HEG6 HIVLYR
HE30I HPAYDF8	HE83M HJSBGM	HEG7 HIVSTAT1
HE31 HJBPERFP	HE83Y HJSBGY4	HEG7 HIVSTAT1
HE32 HJBONUS	HE84A HJBLKCHA	HEG8 HIVELIG
HE33 HJBONAM	HE84B HJBLKCHB	HEG9HHHMEM
HE34 HJBONG	HE84C HJBLKCHC	HEG9 HHHMEM
HE35 HJBRISE	HE84D HJBLKCHD	HEG9 HHHMEM
HE36 HTUJBPL	HE84E HJBLKCHE	HEG10HNEWHY
HE37 HTUIN1	HE85A HJBXPCHA	HEG10HNEWHY
HE38 HJBOPPS	HE85B HJBXPCHB	HEG10 HNEWHY
HE39 HJBTIME	HE85C HJBXPCHC	HEG11 HLVWHY
HE40 HJBPEN	HE85D HJBXPCHD	HEG12M HLVMN
HE41 HJBPENM	HE85E HJBXPCHE	HEG12M HNEMNJN
HE43D HJBBGD	HE86 HJBMRS	HEG12M HNEMNJN
HE43M HJBBGM	HE88M1 HJBCHC1	HEG12M HNEMNJN
HE43Y HJBBGY4	HE88M2 HJBCHC2	HEG12Y HLVYR4
HE44 HJBBGLY	HE88M3 HJBCHC3	HEG12Y HNEYRJN4
HE45 HPAYS		HEG12Y HNEYRJN4
	HE90 HXPCHCF	
HE46OC HPAYSW	HE91 HXPCHC	HEG12Y HNEYRJN4
HE48 HPAYSG	HE92 HHUXPCH	HEG13 HLVLOC
HE50 HPAYLY	HE93 HHUNURS	HEG14 HIVFIO
HE52OC HPAYLYW	HE94 HJULK1	HEG14 HIVFIO
HE53 HPAYLYG	HE95 HJULK4	HEG14 HIVFIO
HE56 HJSBOSS	HE96A HJULKA	HEG15 HIVRREF
HE57 HJSSIZE	HE96B HJULKB	HEG16 HIVIREIS
HE58 HJSHRS	HE96C HJULKC	HF2 HNF1
HE59 HJSHRLK	HE96D HJULKD	HF2 HNFR
HE60 HJSTIME	HE96E HJULKE	HF3A HFICODE
HE61 HJSTYPEB	HE97 HJULKJB	HF3B01 HFR01
HE62 HJSACCS	HE98 HJUBGN	HF3B02 HFR02
HE63 HJSPART	HE99 HJUSPEC	HF3B03 HFR03

HF3B04 HFR04	HF27A1 HFTEXA	HF124 HF124
HF3B05 HFR05	HF27A2 HFTEXB	HF125 HF125
HF3B06 HFR06	HF27A3 HFTEXC	HF126 HF126
HF3B07 HFR07	HF27B11 HFTEXA1	HF127 HF127
HF3B08 HFR08	HF27B12 HFTEXB1	HF128 HF128
HF3B09HFR09	HF27B13 HFTEXC1	HF131 HF131
HF3B10 HFR10	HF27B21 HFTEXA2	HF132 HF132
HF3B11 HFR11	HF27B22 HFTEXB2	HF135 HF135
HF3B12 HFR12	HF27B23 HFTEXC2	HF136 HF136
HF3B13 HFR13	HF27B31 HFTEXA3	HF137 HF137
HF3B14 HFR14	HF27B32 HFTEXB3	HF138 HF138
HF3B15 HFR15	HF27B33 HFTEXC3	HF139 HF139
HF3B16 HFR16	HF27B41 HFTEXA4	HF140 HF140
HF3B17 HFR17	HF27B42 HFTEXB4	HF141 HF141
HF3BAL HFRALL	HF27B43 HFTEXC4	HF142 HF142
HF3C HFRNOW	HF27B51 HFTEXA5	HF151 HF151
HF3D HFRVAL	HF27B52 HFTEXB5	
		HF152 HF152
HF3EOC HFRW	HF27B53 HFTEXC5	HF153 HF153
HF3F HFRJT	HF27B61 HFTEXA6	HF154 HF154
HF3FPN HFRJTPN	HF27B62 HFTEXB6	HF155 HF155
HF3SEQ HFISEQ	HF27B63 HFTEXC6	HF156 HF156
HF4 HFISIT	HF27C1 HFTEXAV	HF157 HF157
	HF27C2 HFTEXBV	
HF5 HFISITC		HF158 HF158
HF6 HFISITY	HF27C3 HFTEXCV	HF159 HF159
HF7 HFISITX	HF27DOC HFTEXAW	HH0ADHHHDOI
HF70I HPRF125	HF27DOC HFTEXBW	HH0AM HHHMOI
HF8 HFIYRDI	HF27DOC HFTEXCW	HH0AY HHHYOI4
HF9 HFIYRDIU	HF28 HSPINHH	HH0C HHSTYPE
HF10 HSAVE	HF29A HHUBUYS	HH2HHSROOM
HF11 HSAVED	HF29B HHUFRYS	HH3HHSOWND
HF12M1 HSAVEY1	HF29CHHUMOPS	HH4M1 HHSOWR1
HF12M2HSAVEY2	HF29D HHUIRON	HH4M2 HHSOWR2
HF13 HPPPEN	HF30 HHHCH12	HH5 HHSVAL
HF14 HPENB4	HF31 HHUSITS	HH6HMGHAVE
HF15 HPENB4Y4	HF32 HHOWLNG	HH7HHSOWRP
HF16 HPENB4V	HF33 HCARUSE	HH8HMGYNOT
-		
HF17OC HPENB4W	HF35 HNEIGH1	HH9 HHSCOST
HF18 HPENYR4	HF35 HNEIGH2	HH10 HHSYR04
HF19 HPENADD	HF35 HNEIGH3	HH12 HMGYR04
HF20 HPENADV	HF35 HNEIGH4	HH13 HMGLY
HF21OC HPENADW	HF36A HIVFA	HH14 HHSIVW7
HF22 HWINDF	HF36B HIVFB	HH17 HMGOLD
HF23A HWINDFA	HF36C HIVFC	HH18 HMGLIFE
HF23B HWINDFB	HF36D HIVFD	HH19 HMGTYPE
HF23C HWINDFC	HF36E HIVFE	HH1AHHSRINS
HF23D HWINDFD	HF37H HIVFOIH	HH20HMGXTRA
HF23F HWINDFF	HF37M HIVFOIM	HH21 HMGNEW
HF23G HWINDFG	HF38 HIVSC	HH22A HMGXTY1
HF23H HWINDFH	HF101 HF101	HH22B HMGXTY2
HF24A HWINDFAY	HF102 HF102	HH22C HMGXTY3
	HF103 HF103	HH22D HMGXTY4
HF24B HWINDFBY		
		_
HF24C HWINDFCY	HF104 HF104	HH22E HMGXTY5
HF24D HWINDFDY		_
	HF104 HF104	HH22E HMGXTY5
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY	HF104 HF104 HF105 HF105 HF106 HF106	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY HF24G HWINDFGY	HF104 HF104 HF105 HF105 HF106 HF116	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY HF24G HWINDFGY HF24H HWINDFHY	HF104	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY HF24G HWINDFGY HF24H HWINDFHY HF25A HXPMEAL	HF104 <td< td=""><td>HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4</td></td<>	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY HF24G HWINDFGY HF24H HWINDFHY HF25A HXPMEAL HF25B HXPLEIS	HF104 <td< td=""><td>HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4 HH25</td></td<>	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4 HH25
HF24D HWINDFDY HF24F HWINDFFY HF24G HWINDFGY HF24H HWINDFHY HF25A HXPMEAL	HF104 <td< td=""><td>HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4</td></td<>	HH22E HMGXTY5 HH23 HXPMG HH24A HXPMG1 HH24B HXPMG2 HH24C HXPMG3 HH24D HXPMG4

HH26M2 HRENTP2	HH51I HCD7USE	HHG10 HHGEMP
HH27 HRENTLL	HH51J HCD8USE	HHG10HHGEMP
HH28 HRENTF	HH51K HCD9USE	HHG11 HHGFNO
HH30 HRENT	HH51L HCD12USE	HHG11 HHGFNO
HH31 HRENTW	HH52 HCDBGHT	HHG12HHGMNO
HH32A HRENT1	HH53A HCD1NEW	HHG12HHGMNO
HH32B HRENT7	HH53BHCD2NEW	HHG13 HHGRA
HH32C HRENT2	HH53C HCD10NEW	HHG13 HHGRA
HH32D HRENT3	HH53D HCD11NEW	HI1HIV1
HH32E HRENT4	HH53E HCD3NEW	HI2
HH32F HRENT5	HH53F HCD4NEW	HI4
HH32G HRENT8	HH53G HCD5NEW	HI5 HIV5
HH32H HRENT6	HH53H HCD6NEW	HI6A HIV6A
HH33 HRENTHB	HH53IHCD7NEW	HI6B HIV6B
HH34 HRENTG	HH53J HCD8NEW	HI6CHIV6C
HH35 HRENTG	HH53K HCD9NEW	HI6DHIV6D
HH36 HRENTGW	HH53L HCD12NEW	HI6E
HH37 HXPHSDF	HH54A HCD1CST	HI7 HIV6F
HH38A HXPHSD1	HH54B HCD2CST	HI8HIV7
HH38B HXPHSD2	HH54C HCD10CST	HJ6 HNEMST
HH39 HXPHSDB	HH54D HCD11CST	HJ7D HCJSBGD
HH40A HHSBTH	HH54E HCD3CST	HJ7M HCJSBGM
HH40AHHSGDN	HH54F HCD4CST	HJ7Y HCJSBGY4
HH40A HHSKCH	HH54G HCD5CST	HJ9 HJHSTAT
HH40A HHSTLT	HH54H HCD6CST	HJ10D HCJSBGD
HH40B HHSBTHS	HH54I HCD7CST	HJ10D HJHBGD
HH40B HHSGDNS	HH54J HCD8CST	HJ10M HCJSBGM
HH40B HHSKCHS	HH54K HCD9CST	HJ10M HJHBGM
HH40B HHSTLTS	HH54L HCD12CST	HJ10Y HCJSBGY4
HH41A HXPGASY	HH55 HXPHP	HJ10Y HJHBGY4
HH41B HXPLECY	HH56 HXPHPDF	HJ11 HCJSBLY
HH41C HXPOILY	HH57A HHSCANA	HJ14 HJHSOC
HH41D HXPSFLY	HH57B HHSCANB	HJ15 HNJBS
HH42 HHEATCH	HH57C HHSCANC	HJ16 HJHSEMP
HH43 HHEATYP	HH57D HHSCAND	HJ17 HJHBOSS
HH44AHHSPRBG	HH57E HHSCANE	HJ18 HJHSECT
HH44B HHSPRBH	HH57F HHSCANF	HJ19 HJHMNGR
HH44C HHSPRBI	HH58A HHSCNTA	HJ21 HJHPLDF
HH44D HHSPRBJ	HH58B HHSCNTB	HJ22 HJHSIC
HH44E HHSPRBK	HH58C HHSCNTC	HJ23 HJHSIZE
HH44F HHSPRBL	HH58D HHSCNTD	HJ24HJHPAYL
HH44G HHSPRBM	HH58E HHSCNTE	HJ25OC HJHPYLW
HH44H HHSPRBN	HH58F HHSCNTF	HJ26 HJHPYLG
HH44I HHSPRBO	HH59 HXPFOOD	HJ27 HJHSTPY
HH44J HHSPRBP	HH60 HNCARS	HJ28 HJBLKY
HH44K HHSPRBQ	HH61 HCAROWN	HJ31 HJBHAD
HH45 HHSCTAX	HH63M1 HIVH1	HJ32 HJLEND4
HH46 HHS2OWND	HH63M2 HIVH2	HJ33 HJLSOC
HH47 HHS2VAL	HH63M3 HIVH3	HJ34 HJLSIC
HH49 HMGTOT	HHG2 HHGR2R	HJ35 HJLSEMP
HH50 HCDHAVE	HHG2 HHGR2R	HJ36 HJLBOSS
HH51A HCD1USE	HHG3 HHGSEX	HJ37 HJLMNGR
HH51B HCD2USE	HHG3 HHGSEX	HJ38 HJLSIZE
HH51C HCD10USE	HHG4M HHGBM	HJ39A HIVJA
HH51D HCD11USE	HHG4Y HHGBY	HJ39B HIVJB
HH51E HCD3USE		
	HHG8 HMASTAT	HJ39C HIV/IC
	HHG8 HMASTAT	HJ39C HIVJC
HH51F HCD4USE	HHG8 HMASTAT	HJ39D HIVJD
HH51F HCD4USE HH51G HCD5USE	HHG8 HMASTAT HHG9 HHGSPN	HJ39D HIVJD HJ39E HIVJE
HH51F HCD4USE	HHG8 HMASTAT	HJ39D HIVJD

HM2 HHLDSBL	HM29J2 HHLSVK	HM45A HIVMA
HM3A HHLPRBA	HM29L HHLSVL	HM45B HIVMB
HM3B HHLPRBB	HM29M HHLSVM	HM45CHIVMC
HM3C HHLPRBC	HM30A HHLSVAN	HM45DHIVMD
HM3D HHLPRBD	HM30B HHLSVBN	HM45E HIVME
HM3E HHLPRBE	HM30C HHLSVCN	HP2B HPRRS2I
HM3F HHLPRBF	HM30D HHLSVDN	HP2C HPRIPN
HM3G HHLPRBG	HM30E HHLSVEN	HP2D HPRWHY
HM3H HHLPRBH	HM30F HHLSVFN	HP3 HPPLEVR
-	HM30G HHLSVGN	
HM3I HHLPRBI		HP10M HPRESBGM
HM3J HHLPRBJ	HM30H HHLSVHN	HP10Y HPRESBY4
HM3K HHLPRBK	HM30IHHLSVIN	HP11 HPRESLY
HM3L HHLPRBL	HM30J1 HHLSVJN	HP23 HPRFEHQ
HM3M HHLPRBM	HM30J2 HHLSVKN	HP25 HPRSEHQ
HM3M0 HHLPRB	HM30L HHLSVLN	HP58 HPRJBFT
HM4 HHLLT	HM30M HHLSVMN	HP59M HPRJBBGM
HM5AHHLLTA	HM31A HHLSVAF	HP59Y HPRJBBY4
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HM5C HHLLTC	HM31C HHLSVCF	HP61 HPREARN
HM5D HHLLTD	HM31D HHLSVDF	HP70A HPRF101
HM5EHHLLTE	HM31E HHLSVEF	HP70B HPRF102
HM6 HHLLTW	HM31FHHLSVFF	HP70C HPRF116
HM7 HHLENDW	HM31G HHLSVGF	HP70D HPRF131
HM8 HHLLTWA	HM31H HHLSVHF	HP70F HPRF135
HM9 HHLIV65	HM31I HHLSVIF	HP70G HPRF137
HM10A HADLA	HM31J1 HHLSVJF	HP70H HPRF139
HM10B HADLAD	HM31J2 HHLSVKF	HP70J HPRF141
HM11A HADLB	HM31L HHLSVLF	HP70NONE HPRFIRN
HM11B HADLBD	HM31M HHLSVMF	HP71 HPRFITB
HM12A HADLC	HM32 HHLCK	HPI1AHIVPA
HM12B HADLCD	HM33A HHLCKA	HPI1BHIVPB
HM13A HADLD	HM33B HHLCKB	HPI1C HIVPC
HM13B HADLDD	HM33C HHLCKC	HPI1D HIVPD
HM14A HADLE	HM33D HHLCKD	HPI1EHIVPE
HM14B HADLED	HM33E HHLCKE	HS1A HGHQA
HM15A HADLF	HM33F HHLCKI	HS1B HGHQB
HM15B HADLFD	HM33G HHLCKF	HS1C HGHQC
HM16 HHL2GP	HM33H HHLCKG	HS1D HGHQD
HM17 HHL2HOP	HM33I HHLCKH	HS1EHGHQE
HM18 HXDTS	HM34A HHLCKAN	HS1F HGHQF
HM19 HNXDTS	HM34B HHLCKBN	HS1G HGHQG
HM20 HHOSP	HM34C HHLCKCN	HS1H HGHQH
HM21 HHOSPD	HM34D HHLCKDN	HS1I HGHQI
HM23 HHOSPCH	HM34E HHLCKEN	HS1J HGHQJ
HM24 HHOSPNHS	HM34F HHLCKIN	HS1K HGHQK
HM25 HHLCVR	HM34G HHLCKFN	HS1L HGHQL
HM26 HHLCVRH	HM34H HHLCKGN	HS2A HOPFAMO
HM27 HHLCVRL	HM34I HHLCKHN	HS2B HOPFAML
HM28 HHLSV	HM35 HSMOKER	HS2C HOPFAMP
HM29A HHLSVA	HM36 HNCIGS	HS2D HOPFAMQ
HM29B HHLSVB	HM38 HAIDHH	HS2E HOPFAMK
HM29C HHLSVC	HM39P1 HAIDHUA	HS2F HOPFAMR
HM29D HHLSVD	HM39P2 HAIDHUB	HS3A HLFSAT1
HM29E HHLSVE	HM39P3 HAIDHUC	HS3B HLFSAT2
HM29F HHLSVF	HM40 HAIDXHH	HS3C HLFSAT3
HM29G HHLSVG	HM41 HNAIDXHH	HS3DHLFSAT4
HM29H HHLSVH	HM42M1 HAIDHU1	HS3E HLFSAT5
HM29I HHLSVI	HM42M2 HAIDHU2	HS3F HLFSAT6
HM29J1HHLSVJ	HM44 HAIDHRS	HS3G HLFSAT7

HS3H HLFSAT8	HV11F HLFIMPF	HY9 HYPFBEAU
HS4A HLFSATO	HV11G HLFIMPG	HY10 HYPFCLUB
HS4B HLFSATL	HV11H HLFIMPH	HY11 HYPFDISC
HS5A HNETSX1	HV12A HLOCSERA	HY12 HYPFSPOR
HS5A HNETSX2	HV12B HLOCSERB	HY13 HYPFARCA
HS5A HNETSX3	HV12C HLOCSERC	HY14 HYPARGM
HS5B HNET1RL	HV12D HLOCSERD	HY15 HYPARGF
HS5B HNET2RL	HV12E HLOCSERE	HY16 HYPTLKM
HS5B HNET3RL	HV13 HLOCCHD	HY17 HYPTLKF
HS5BOC HNET1WR	HV14A HOPNGBHA	HY18 HYPNPAL
HS5BOC HNET2WR	HV14B HOPNGBHB	HY19 HYPGANG
HS5BOC HNET3WR	HV14C HOPNGBHC	HY20 HYPMKFRN
HS5C HNET1AG	HV14D HOPNGBHD	HY21 HYPFGHT
HS5C HNET2AG	HV14E HOPNGBHE	HY22 HYPEATN
HS5C HNET3AG	HV14F HOPNGBHF	HY23 HYPSAVE
HS5D HNET1KN	HV14G HOPNGBHG	HY24L HYPPKML
		HY24P HYPPKMP
HS5D HNET2KN	HV14H HOPNGBHH	
HS5D HNET3KN	HV15 HFRNA	HY25 HYPBEAU
HS5E HNET1PH	HV16 HFRNB	HY26 HYPDKLM
HS5E HNET2PH	HV17 HFRNC	HY27 HYPSMEV
HS5E HNET3PH	HV18 HYPPAR	HY28 HYPSMAG
HS5F HNET1LV	HV19 HPYHLTH	HY29 HYPSMOF
HS5F HNET2LV	HV20 HPYHWRK	HY30 HYPSMLW
HS5F HNET3LV	HV21 HPYNYP	HY31 HYPSMYR
HS5G HNET1JB	HV21A1 HPYPNO1	HY32 HYPDGFR
HS5G HNET2JB	HV21A2 HPYPNO2	HY33 HYPSAD
HS5G HNET3JB	HV21A3 HPYPNO3	HY34 HYPWOR
HS6A HNETSOC	HV21B1 HPYAGE1	HY35 HYPBULL
HT2B HTELWHY	HV21B2 HPYAGE2	HY36 HYPLONE
HT45 HTLFIYRL	HV21B3 HPYAGE3	HY37 HYPBORED
		_
HT50 HTLFIYR	HV22Y1 HPYWHR1	HY38 HYPESTA
HV1A HOPPOLA	HV22Y2 HPYWHR2	HY39 HYPESTB
HV1B HOPPOLB	HV22Y3 HPYWHR3	HY40 HYPESTC
HV1C HOPPOLC	HV23Y1 HPYMAN1	HY41 HYPESTE
HV1D HOPPOLD	HV23Y2 HPYMAN2	HY42 HYPESTF
HV2 HVOTE1	HV23Y3 HPYMAN3	HY43 HYPESTH
HV3 HVOTE2	HV24Y1 HPYARG1	HY44 HYPTCHA
HV4 HVOTE3	HV24Y2 HPYARG2	HY45 HYPTCHB
HV5 HVOTE4	HV24Y3 HPYARG3	HY46 HYPTCHC
HV6 HVOTE5	HV25Y1 HPYTLK1	HY47 HYPESTG
HV7 HVOTE7	HV25Y2 HPYTLK2	HY48 HYPHSW
HV8 HVOTE8	HV25Y3 HPYTLK3	HY49 HYPHAP
HV9A HLACTA	HV26Y1 HPYSMK1	HY50 HYPHFM
HV9B HLACTB	HV26Y2 HPYSMK2	HY51 HYPHFR
HV9C HLACTC	HV26Y3 HPYSMK3	HY52 HYPHLF
HV9D HLACTD	HV27Y1 HPYSAD1	HY53 HYPCOMA
HV9E HLACTE	HV27Y2 HPYSAD2	HY54 HYPCOMB
HV9FHLACTF	HV27Y3 HPYSAD3	HY55 HYPCOMC
	HV28Y1 HPYWOR1	
HV9H HLACTH		HY56HYPCOMD
HV9I HLACTI	HV28Y2 HPYWOR2	HY57 HYPCOME
HV9J HLACTJ	HV28Y3 HPYWOR3	HY58 HYPCOMF
HV9K HLACTK	HY1 HYTVHRS	HY59 HYPCOMG
HV9L HLACTL	HY2HYTVSTP	HY60 HYPOPLA
HV10 HTRUST	HY3 HYPFPC	HY61 HYPOPHA
HV11A HLFIMPA	HY4 HYPFPCGM	HY62 HYPOPPL
HV11B HLFIMPB		
	HY5HYPPALS	HY63 HYPOPSCB
HV11C HLFIMPC	HY6HYPUTEL	HY64 HYPVTE6
HV11D HLFIMPD	HY7 HYPLATE	HY65 HYPVTE3
HV11E HLFIMPE	HY8 HYPFPARK	HY66 HYPCRWRA
IIVIILIILI IIVIFL	IIIO IIII I FAINI	TITO ITTF ONWINA

HY67 HYPCRWRB	ID21Y IEDBGY1	ID25I1 IEDQLIN1
HY68 HYPEXPL	ID21Y2 IEDBGY2	ID25I2 IEDQLI2
HY69 HYPVAND	ID22 IEDENNE1	ID25J1 IEDQLJ1
HY70 HYPTRUN	ID22M IEDENM1	ID25J1 IEDQLJN1
HY71 HYPOPSC	ID22M2IEDENM2	ID25J2 IEDQLJ2
HY72 HYPPASC	ID22NE2 IEDENNE2	ID25NAIEDQNN2
HY73 HYPLVSC	ID22Y IEDENY1	ID25NONE IEDQNN1
HY74 HYPLVHM	ID22Y2 IEDENY2	ID26 IEDOQL1
HY75 HYPAMAR	ID23A IEDFEEA1	ID26 IEDOQL2
HY76 HYPAPAR	ID23A IEDFEEA2	ID26NONE IEDOQLN1
HY77HYPWHRS	ID23B IEDFEEB1	ID26NONE IEDOQLN2
HY78 HYPPAY	ID23B IEDFEEB2	ID27 IEDMORE1
HY80 HYPSOC	ID23C IEDFEEC1	ID27 IEDMORE2
HY81 HYPSOCY	ID23C IEDFEEC2	ID29DSTIPLBORND
HY82 HYPDLFA	ID23D IEDFEED1	ID29OSIPLBORNC
HY82 HYPDLFB	ID23D IEDFEED2	ID30 IYR2UK4
ID0ADID0ID	ID23E IEDFEEE1	ID31 IMLSTAT
ID0AM ID0IM	ID23E IEDFEEE2	ID32M1ICITZN1
ID0AY ID0IY4	ID23F IEDFEEF1	ID32M2ICITZN2
ID0BA IIVLYR	ID23F IEDFEEF2	ID33 IRACE
ID0BBIIVSTAT2	ID23G IEDFEEG1	ID36 IPASOC
ID0DIRACH12	ID23GIEDFEEG2	ID36ANA IPAJU
ID1H IIVSOIH	ID24 IEDQUAL1	ID37 IPASEMP
ID1M IIVSOIM	ID24 IEDQUAL2	ID38 IPABOSS
ID2ILKNBRD	ID25A1 IEDQLA1	ID39 IPAMNGR
ID3 ILKMOVE	ID25A1 IEDQLAN1	ID40 IMAJU
ID4 ILKMOVY	ID25A2 IEDQLA2	ID40 IMASOC
ID5IXPMOVE	ID25A2 IEDQLAN2	ID41 IMASEMP
ID6 IPLNEW	ID25A2 IEDQLBN2	ID42 IMABOSS
ID7M IPLNOWM	ID25A2 IEDQLCN2	ID43 IMAMNGR
ID7Y IPLNOWY4	ID25A2 IEDQLDN2	ID44 IJ1SOC
ID8IMOVJB	ID25A2 IEDQLEN2	ID44NA IJ1NONE
ID9A IMOVJBA	ID25A2 IEDQLFN2	ID45 IJ1SEMP
ID9BIMOVJBB	ID25A2 IEDQLGN2	ID46 IJ1BOSS
ID9C IMOVJBC	ID25A2 IEDQLHN2	ID47 IJ1MNGR
ID9D IMOVJBD	ID25A2 IEDQLIN2	ID48 ILCOH
ID9EIMOVJBE	ID25A2 IEDQLJN2	ID49M ICOH1BM
ID9F IMOVJBF	ID25B1 IEDQLB1	ID49Y ICOH1BY
ID9G IMOVJBG	ID25B1 IEDQLBN1	ID50 ICOH1MR
ID9H IMOVJBH	ID25B2 IEDQLB2	ID51M ICOH1EM
ID9I IMOVJBI	ID25C1 IEDQLC1	ID51YICOH1EY
ID10M1 IMOVY1	ID25C1 IEDQLCN1	ID52 INMAR
ID10M2 IMOVY2	ID25C2 IEDQLC2	ID53M ILMAR1M
ID11 ISEX	ID25D1 IEDQLD1	ID53Y ILMAR1Y
ID11M IDOBM	ID25D1 IEDQLDN1	ID54 ILPRNT
ID11YIDOBY	ID25D2 IEDQLD2	ID55 ILNPRNT
ID12 ISEX	ID25E1 IEDQLE1	ID56M ICH1BM
ID14 IMLSTAT	ID25E1 IEDQLEN1	ID56Y ICH1BY
ID15 IMLCHNG	ID25E2 IEDQLE2	ID57 ISCEND
ID16M IMLCHM	ID25F1 IEDQLF1	ID57NAISCHOOL
ID16Y IMLCHY4	ID25F1 IEDQLFN1	ID58 ISCTYPE
ID17 IJBSTAT	ID25F2 IEDQLF2	ID59 ISCNOW
ID18 IEDLYR	ID25G1 IEDQLG1	ID60 IFETYPE
ID19IEDTYPE1		ID61 IFEEND
		uwi icenii)
ID40 IEDTVDE9	ID25G1 IEDQLGN1	
ID19 IEDTYPE2	ID25G2IEDQLGN	ID61NAIFENOW
	ID25G2 IEDQLG2	ID61NA IFENOW
ID20 IEDBLYR1	ID25G2 IEDQLG2 ID25H1 IEDQLH1	ID61NA IFENOW ID62 IQFHAS
ID20 IEDBLYR1 ID20 IEDBLYR2	ID25G2 IEDQLG2 ID25H1 IEDQLH1 ID25H1 IEDQLHN1	ID61NA IFENOW ID62 IQFHAS ID63A IQFA
ID20 IEDBLYR1 ID20 IEDBLYR2 ID21M IEDBGM1	ID25G2 IEDQLG2 ID25H1 IEDQLH1 ID25H1 IEDQLHN1 ID25H2 IEDQLH2	ID61NA IFENOW ID62 IQFHAS ID63A IQFA ID63B IQFB
ID20 IEDBLYR1 ID20 IEDBLYR2	ID25G2 IEDQLG2 ID25H1 IEDQLH1 ID25H1 IEDQLHN1	ID61NA IFENOW ID62 IQFHAS ID63A IQFA

ID63D IQFD	ID70A3 ITRWHYA3	ID75F2 ITRQLF2
ID63E IQFE	ID70BITRWHYB2	ID75F3 ITRQLF3
ID63F IQFF	ID70B1 ITRWHYB1	ID75G1 ITRQLG1
ID63G IQFG	ID70B3 ITRWHYB3	ID75G2 ITRQLG2
ID63HIQFH	ID70C ITRWHYC2	ID75G3 ITRQLG3
ID63I IQFI	ID70C1ITRWHYC1	ID75H1 ITRQLH1
ID63J IQFJ	ID70C3ITRWHYC3	ID75H2 ITRQLH2
ID63KIQFK	ID70D ITRWHYD2	ID75H3 ITRQLH3
	-	
ID63L IQFL	ID70D1ITRWHYD1	ID75I1 ITRQLI1
ID63M IQFM	ID70D3ITRWHYD3	ID75I2 ITRQLI2
ID63N IQFN	ID70EITRWHYE2	ID75I3 ITRQLI3
ID64 IQFED	ID70E1 ITRWHYE1	ID75J1 ITRQLJ1
ID65A IQFEDA	ID70E3 ITRWHYE3	ID75J2 ITRQLJ2
ID65BIQFEDB	ID71 ITRQ1	ID75J3 ITRQLJ3
ID65CIQFEDC	ID71 ITRQ2	ID75NONE ITRQLNN1
ID65D IQFEDD	ID71 ITRQ3	ID75NONE ITRQLNN2
ID65EIQFEDE	ID71 ITRU1	ID75NONE ITRQLNN3
ID65F IQFEDF	ID71 ITRU2	ID76AN1 ITRQLAN1
ID65G IQFEDG	ID71 ITRU3	ID76AN2 ITRQLAN2
ID65HIQFEDH	ID72A ITRFEEA2	ID76AN3 ITRQLAN3
ID65I IQFEDI	ID72A1 ITRFEEA1	ID76BN1 ITRQLBN1
ID65J IQFEDJ	ID72A3 ITRFEEA3	ID76BN2 ITRQLBN2
ID65KIQFEDK	ID72B ITRFEEB2	ID76BN3 ITRQLBN3
ID65L IQFEDL	ID72B1 ITRFEEB1	ID76CN1 ITRQLCN1
ID65M IQFEDM	ID72B3 ITRFEEB3	ID76CN2 ITRQLCN2
ID65NIQFEDN	ID72C ITRFEEC2	ID76CN3 ITRQLCN3
ID65O IQFEDO	ID72C1 ITRFEEC1	ID76DN1 ITRQLDN1
ID65PIQFEDP	ID72C3 ITRFEEC3	ID76DN2 ITRQLDN2
		-
ID65Q IQFEDQ	ID72E ITRFEEE2	ID76DN3 ITRQLDN3
ID65RIQFEDR	ID72E1 ITRFEEE1	ID76EN1 ITRQLEN1
ID65SIQFEDS	ID72E3 ITRFEEE3	ID76EN2 ITRQLEN2
ID65T IQFEDT	ID72F ITRFEEF2	ID76EN3 ITRQLEN3
ID66AINQFEDA	ID72F1 ITRFEEF1	ID76FN1 ITRQLFN1
ID66BINQFEDB	ID72F3 ITRFEEF3	ID76FN2 ITRQLFN2
ID66CINQFEDC	ID72G ITRFEEG2	ID76FN3 ITRQLFN3
ID66DINQFEDD	ID72G1 ITRFEEG1	ID76GN1ITRQLGN1
ID66EINQFEDE	ID72G3 ITRFEEG3	ID76GN2 ITRQLGN2
ID66F INQFEDF	ID73 ITRQLXP1	ID76GN3 ITRQLGN3
ID66G INQFEDG	ID73 ITRQLXP2	ID76HN1 ITRQLHN1
ID66HINQFEDH	ID73ITRQLXP3	ID76HN2 ITRQLHN2
ID66I INQFEDI	ID74 ITRQLAC1	ID76HN3 ITRQLHN3
ID66J INQFEDJ	ID74 ITRQLAC2	ID76IN1 ITRQLIN1
ID66KINQFEDK	ID74 ITRQLAC3	ID76IN2 ITRQLIN2
ID66L INQFEDL	ID75A1 ITRQLA1	ID76IN3 ITRQLIN3
ID66M INQFEDM	ID75A2 ITRQLA2	ID76JN1 ITRQLJN1
ID66NINQFEDN	ID75A3 ITRQLA3	ID76JN2 ITRQLJN2
ID66O INQFEDO	ID75B1 ITRQLB1	ID76JN3 ITRQLJN3
	ID75B2 ITRQLB2	
ID66PINQFEDP		ID77 ITROQL1
ID66Q INQFEDQ	ID75B3 ITRQLB3	ID77 ITROQL2
ID66RINQFEDR	ID75C1 ITRQLC1	ID77 ITROQL3
ID66SINQFEDS	ID75C2 ITRQLC2	ID77 ITROQLN3
ID66T INQFEDT	ID75C3 ITRQLC3	ID77NONE ITROQLN1
ID67 ITRAIN	ID75D1 ITRQLD1	ID77NONE ITROQLN2
ID68 INTRAIN	ID75D2 ITRQLD2	ID78 ITRMORE1
ID69 ITRPLCE1	ID75D3 ITRQLD3	ID78 ITRMORE2
ID69 ITRPLCE2	ID75E1 ITRQLE1	ID79 IMABWT
ID69 ITRPLCE3	ID75E2 ITRQLE2	ID80 IMABWTN
ID70AITRWHYA2	ID75E3 ITRQLE3	ID81 IBWTAG1
ID70A1 ITRWHYA1	ID75F1 ITRQLF1	ID81 IBWTAG2

ID81 IBWTAG3	ID94EIWLSHUE	IE41 IJBONAM
ID81 IBWTAG4	ID95A IIVDA	IE42 IJBONG
ID81 IBWTPN1	ID95B IIVDB	IE43 IJBRISE
ID81 IBWTPN2	ID95CIIVDC	IE44 ITUJBPL
ID81 IBWTPN3	ID95DIIVDD	IE45 ITUIN1
ID81 IBWTPN4	ID95E IIVDE	IE46 IJBOPPS
ID82 IBWTXP1	IE1 IJBHAS	IE46OC IPAYSW
ID82 IBWTXP2	IE2 IJBOFF	IE47 IJBTIME
ID82 IBWTXP3	IE3 IJBOFFY	IE48 IJBWKHRA
ID82 IBWTXP4	IE4 IJBTERM1	IE48 IJBWKHRB
ID83 IBWTEL1	IE5 IJBSOC	IE48 IJBWKHRC
ID83 IBWTEL2	IE6 IJBSIC	IE48 IJBWKHRD
ID83 IBWTEL3	IE7 IJBSEMP	IE48 IJBWKHRE
ID83 IBWTEL4	IE8 IJBMNGR	IE48 IJBWKHRF
ID84 IBWTWK1	IE9 IJBSECT	IE48 IJBWKHRG
ID84 IBWTWK2	IE10 IJBSIZE	IE48 IJBWKHRH
ID84 IBWTWK3	IE11 IJBHRS	IE48 IPAYSG
ID84 IBWTWK4	IE12 IJBOT	IE49 IJBPEN
ID85 IBWTKN1	IE13 IJBOTPD	IE4A IJBTERM2
ID85 IBWTKN2	IE14 IJBHRLK	IE50 IJBPENM
ID85 IBWTKN3	IE15 IJBPL	IE52D IJBBGD
ID85 IBWTKN4		
	IE16 IJBTTWT	IE52MIJBBGM
ID86 IBWTLB1	IE17 IJBTTWM	IE52Y IJBBGY4
ID86 IBWTLB2	IE18B IJBSAT2	IE53 IJBBGLY
ID86 IBWTLB3	IE18DIJBSAT4	IE54 IPAYS
ID86 IBWTLB4	IE18F IJBSAT6	IE59 IPAYLY
ID86 IBWTOZ1	IE18GIJBSAT7	IE60OCIPAYLYW
ID86 IBWTOZ2		
	IE19 IJBSAT	IE61 IPAYLYG
ID86 IBWTOZ3	IE20 IPAYGL	IE65 INMWCHK
ID86 IBWTOZ4	IE21OC IPAYGW	IE66 INMWHRCH
ID87 IBWTGM1	IE22 IPAYNL	IE67 INMWPACH
ID87 IBWTGM2	IE23OC IPAYNW	IE68 INMWOPCH
ID87 IBWTGM3	IE24 IPAYSLP	IE70 INMWGBEF
ID87 IBWTGM4	IE26 IPAYUSL	IE71 INMWGFX
ID88 IBWTG51	IE27 IPAYU	IE72A INMWGFXA
ID88 IBWTG52	IE28OC IPAYUW	IE72B INMWGFXB
ID88 IBWTG53	IE29 IPAYUG	IE72C INMWGFXC
ID88 IBWTG54	IE30A IPAYDF1	IE72D INMWGFXD
ID89 INATIDA	IE30B IPAYDF2	IE73 IJSBOSS
ID89 INATIDB	IE30C IPAYDF3	IE74 IJSSIZE
ID89 INATIDC		IE75 IJSHRS
ID89 INATIDD	IE30E IPAYDF5	IE76IJSHRLK
ID89 INATIDE	IE30F IPAYDF6	IE77 IJSTIME
ID89 INATIDF	IE30G IPAYDF7	IE78IJSTYPEB
ID89 INATIDG	IE30H IPAYDF9	IE79 IJSACCS
ID89 INATIDH	IE30I IPAYDF8	IE80 IJSPART
ID89 INATIDI	IE31 IPAYTYP	IE81BMIJSPRBM
ID90 INATIDMN	IE32 IOVTPAY	IE81BY IJSPRBY4
ID91 IMABORN	IE33 IEXTRATE	IE81EMIJSPREM
ID92 IPABORN	IE33 IEXTREST	IE81EY IJSPREY4
ID93AIWLSHA	IE34 IBASRATE	IE82 IJSPRF
ID93BIWLSHB	IE34 IBASREST	IE83 IJSPRLS
ID93C IWLSHC	IE35 IOVTRATE	IE84 IJSPRTX
	IE35 IOVTREST	IE85 IJSPRNI
ID93EIWLSHE	IE36 IOVTCHC	IE86BMIJSPRBM
ID94AIWLSHUA	IE37 IPAYNMW1	IE86BY IJSPRBY4
ID94BIWLSHUB	IE38 IPAYNMW2	IE86EMIJSPREM
ID94C IWLSHUC	IE39 IJBPERFP	IE86EY IJSPREY4
ID94D IWLSHUD	IE40 IJBONUS	IE87 IJSPRF

IE88 IJSPRLS	IE127 IJBLKY1	IF3D IFRVAL
IE89 IJSPRTX	IE128 IJBLKY2	IF3EOC IFRW
IE90 IJSPRNI	IE129 IEAAGE	IF3F IFRJT
IE91 IJSPAYU	IE130 IJBUB	IF3FPN IFRJTPN
IE92 IJSPAYW	IE131 IJBUBY	IF3SEQ IFISEQ
IE93 IJSPYTX	IE132 IJ2HAS	IF4 IFISIT
IE94 IJSPYNI	IE133 IJ2SOC	IF5 IFISITC
IE95 IJSPL	IE134 IJ2SEMP	IF6 IFISITY
IE96 IJSTTWT	IE135 IJ2HRS	IF60I IPRF125
IE97 IJSTTWM	IE136 IJ2PAY	IF7 IFISITX
IE98A IJSSAT1	IE137A IIVEA	IF8 IFIYRDIA
IE98B IJSSAT2	IE137B IIVEB	IF9A IFIYRDB1
IE98D IJSSAT4	IE137C IIVEC	IF9B IFIYRDB2
IE98E IJSSAT5	IE137D IIVED	IF9CIFIYRDB3
IE99 IJSSAT	IE137E IIVEE	IF9DIFIYRDB4
IE100D IJSBGD	IEG3 PID	IF9E IFIYRDB5
IE100MIJSBGM	IEG4 IHGSEX	IF9FIFIYRDB6
IE100Y IJSBGY4	IEG4M IHGBM	IF10ISAVE
IE101A IJBLKCHA	IEG4Y IHGBY	IF11 ISAVED
IE101B IJBLKCHB	IEG6 IIVIOW8	IF12M1 ISAVEY1
		_
IE101C IJBLKCHC	IEG6 IIVLYR	IF12M2 ISAVEY2
IE101D IJBLKCHD	IEG7IIVSTAT1	IF13 IPPPEN
IE101E IJBLKCHE	IEG8IIVELIG	IF14 IPENB4
IE102A IJBXPCHA	IEG9 IHHMEM	IF15 IPENB4Y4
IE102B IJBXPCHB	IEG10 INEWHY	IF16 IPENB4V
IE102C IJBXPCHC	IEG11 ILVWHY	IF170C IPENB4W
IE102D IJBXPCHD	IEG12M ILVMN	IF18 IPENYR4
IE102E IJBXPCHE	IEG12M INEMNJN	IF19 IPENADD
IE103A IJBSTRNA	IEG12Y ILVYR4	IF20 IPENADV
IE103B IJBSTRNB	IEG12Y INEYRJN4	IF21OC IPENADW
IE103C IJBSTRNC	IEG13 ILVLOC	IF22 IWINDF
IE103D IJBSTRND	IEG14 IIVFIO	IF23A IWINDFA
IE105M1 IJBCHC1	IEG15 IIVRREF	IF23B IWINDFB
IE105M2 IJBCHC2	IEG16 IIVIREIS	IF23C IWINDFC
IE105M3 IJBCHC3	IF2 INF1	IF23D IWINDFD
IE107 IXPCHCF	IF2 INFR	IF23F IWINDFF
IE108 IXPCHC	IF3A IFICODE	IF23GIWINDFG
IE109 IHUXPCH	IF3B01 IFR01	IF23H IWINDFH
IE110 IHUNURS	IF3B02 IFR02	IF24A IWINDFAY
IE111 IJULK1	IF3B03 IFR03	IF24B IWINDFBY
IE112 IJULK4		IF24C IWINDFCY
	IF3B04 IFR04	_
IE113A IJULKA	IF3B05 IFR05	IF24D IWINDFDY
IE113B IJULKB	IF3B06 IFR06	IF24F IWINDFFY
IE113C IJULKC	IF3B07 IFR07	IF24G IWINDFGY
IE113D IJULKD	IF3B08 IFR08	IF24H IWINDFHY
IE113E IJULKE	IF3B09 IFR09	IF25A IXPMEAL
IE114 IJULKJB	IF3B10 IFR10	IF25B IXPLEIS
		-
IE115 IJUBGN	IF3B11 IFR11	IF26 IFTEXHH
IE116 IJUSPEC	IF3B12 IFR12	IF27A1 IFTEXA
IE117 IJUSOC	IF3B13 IFR13	IF27A2 IFTEXB
IE118 IJUHRSX	IF3B14 IFR14	IF27A3 IFTEXC
IE119 IJUPAYX	IF3B15 IFR15	IF27B11 IFTEXA1
IE120 IJUPAYL	IF3B16 IFR16	IF27B12 IFTEXB1
IE121 IJUHRSL	IF3B17 IFR17	IF27B13 IFTEXC1
IE122 INMWUFXA	IF3B18 IFR18	IF27B21 IFTEXA2
IE123 INMWUFXB	IF3B19 IFR19	IF27B22 IFTEXB2
IE124 IEPROSH	IF3B20 IFR20	IF27B23 IFTEXC2
IE125 IJBASP1	IF3BAL IFRALL	IF27B31 IFTEXA3
IE126 IJBASP2	IF3C IFRNOW	IF27B32 IFTEXB3

IF27B33 IFTEXC3	IF136 IF136	IH32B IRENT7
IF27B41 IFTEXA4	IF137 IF137	IH32C IRENT2
IF27B42 IFTEXB4	IF138 IF138	IH32D IRENT3
IF27B43 IFTEXC4	IF139 IF139	IH32E IRENT4
IF27B51 IFTEXA5	IF140 IF140	IH32F IRENT5
IF27B52 IFTEXB5	IF141 IF141	IH32G IRENT8
IF27B53 IFTEXC5	IF142 IF142	IH32H IRENT6
IF27B61 IFTEXA6	IF151 IF151	IH33 IRENTHB
IF27B62 IFTEXB6	IF152 IF152	IH34 IRENTG
IF27B63 IFTEXC6	IF153 IF153	IH35 IRENTG
IF27C1 IFTEXAV	IF154 IF154	IH36 IRENTGW
IF27C2 IFTEXBV	IF155 IF155	IH37 IXPHSDF
IF27C3 IFTEXCV	IF156 IF156	IH38A IXPHSD1
IF27DOC1IFTEXAW	IF157 IF157	IH38B IXPHSD2
IF27DOC2 IFTEXBW	IF158 IF158	IH39 IXPHSDB
IF27DOC3IFTEXCW	IF159 IF159	IH40AIHSBTH
IF28 ISPINHH	IH0AD IHHDOI	IH40AIHSGDN
IF29A IHUBUYS	IHOAM IHHMOI	IH40AIHSKCH
IF29B IHUFRYS	IH0AY IHHYOI4	IH40A IHSTLT
IF29C IHUMOPS	IH0BH IHHSOIH	IH40B IHSBTHS
IF29D IHUIRON	IHOBM IHHSOIM	
		IH40BIHSGDNS
IF30 IHHCH12	IH0CIHSTYPE	IH40BIHSKCHS
IF31 IHUSITS	IH1A IHSRINS	IH40B IHSTLTS
IF32 IHOWLNG	IH2 IHSROOM	IH41AIXPGASY
IF33 ICARUSE	IH3 IHSOWND	IH41B IXPLECY
IF34M1 IEVENT1	IH4M1 IHSOWR1	IH41C IXPOILY
IF34M1 IEVENT1S	IH4M2 IHSOWR2	IH41D IXPSFLY
IF34M2 IEVENT2	IH5IHSVAL	IH42 IHEATCH
IF34M2 IEVENT2S	IH6 IMGHAVE	IH43 IHEATYP
IF34M3 IEVENT3	IH7 IHSOWRP	IH44AIHSPRBG
IF34M3 IEVENT3S	IH8 IMGYNOT	IH44BIHSPRBH
IF34M4 IEVENT4	IH9 IHSCOST	IH44C IHSPRBI
IF34M4 IEVENT4S	IH10 IHSYR04	IH44D IHSPRBJ
IF35A IIVFA	IH12 IMGYR04	IH44EIHSPRBK
IF35B IIVFB	IH13 IMGLY	IH44F IHSPRBL
IF35C IIVFC	IH14 IHSIVW8	IH44G IHSPRBM
IF35D IIVFD	IH17 IMGOLD	IH44HIHSPRBN
IF35E IIVFE	IH18 IMGLIFE	IH44I IHSPRBO
IF36H IIVFOIH	IH19 IMGTYPE	IH44J IHSPRBP
IF36MIIVFOIM	IH20 IMGXTRA	IH44KIHSPRBQ
IF37 IIVSC	IH21 IMGNEW	IH45 IHSCTAX
IF101 IF101	IH22AIMGXTY1	IH46 IHS2OWND
IF102 IF102		
		IH47 IHS2VAL
IF103 IF103	IH22CIMGXTY3	IH49 IMGTOT
IF104 IF104	IH22DIMGXTY4	IH50 ICDHAVE
IF105 IF105	IH22E IMGXTY5	
IF106 IF106	IH23 IXPMG	IH51B ICD2USE
IF116 IF116	IH24AIXPMG1	IH51C ICD10USE
IF118 IF118	IH24BIXPMG2	IH51D ICD11USE
IF119 IF119	IH24CIXPMG3	IH51E ICD3USE
IF121 IF121	IH24D IXPMG4	IH51F ICD4USE
IF122 IF122	IH25 IHSJB	IH51GICD5USE
IF124 IF124	IH26M1 IRENTP1	IH51HICD6USE
IF125 IF125	IH26M2 IRENTP2	IH51I ICD7USE
IF126 IF126	IH27 IRENTLL	IH51J ICD8USE
IF127 IF127		
	IH28 IRENTF	IH51K ICD9USE
IF128 IF128	IH30 IRENT	IH51L ICD12USE
IF132 IF132	IH31 IRENTW	IH52 ICDBGHT
IF135 IF135	IH32A IRENT1	IH53AICD1NEW

IH53B ICD2NEW	II6A IIV6A	IM2M IHLPRBM
IH53C ICD10NEW	II6B IIV6B	IM2M0 IHLPRB
IH53DICD11NEW	II6C IIV6C	IM3 IHLSF1
IH53EICD3NEW	II6D IIV6D	IM4 IHLSF2
IH53F ICD4NEW	II6E IIV6E	IM5A IHLSF3A
IH53G ICD5NEW	II7 IIV6F	IM5B IHLSF3B
IH53H ICD6NEW	II8 IIV7	IM5C IHLSF3C
IH53I ICD7NEW	IJ5D ICJSBGD	IM5D IHLSF3D
IH53J ICD8NEW		IM5E IHLSF3E
	IJ5MICJSBGM	
IH53K ICD9NEW	IJ5Y ICJSBGY4	IM5F IHLSF3F
IH53L ICD12NEW	IJ6 INEMST	IM5G IHLSF3G
IH54A ICD1CST	IJ7D ICJSBGD	IM5H IHLSF3H
IH54B ICD2CST	IJ7M ICJSBGM	IM5I IHLSF3I
IH54C ICD10CST	IJ7Y ICJSBGY4	IM5J IHLSF3J
IH54D ICD11CST	IJ8 ICJSBLY	IM6A IHLSF4A
IH54E ICD3CST	IJ9 IJHSTAT	IM6B IHLSF4B
IH54F ICD4CST	IJ10D IJHBGD	IM6C IHLSF4C
IH54GICD5CST	IJ10M IJHBGM	IM6D IHLSF4D
IH54H ICD6CST	IJ10Y IJHBGY4	IM7A IHLSF5A
IH54I ICD7CST	IJ12 INJBS	IM7B IHLSF5B
IH54J ICD8CST	IJ14 IJHSOC	IM7C IHLSF5C
IH54K ICD9CST	IJ16 IJHSEMP	IM8 IHLSF6
IH54L ICD12CST	IJ17IJHBOSS	IM9 IHLSF7
IH55 IXPHP	IJ18 IJHSECT	IM10 IHLSF8
IH56 IXPHPDF	IJ19 IJHMNGR	IM11A IHLSF9A
IH57AIHSCANA	IJ21 IJHPLDF	IM11B IHLSF9B
IH57BIHSCANB	IJ22 IJHSIC	IM11C IHLSF9C
IH57CIHSCANC	IJ23 IJHSIZE	IM11D IHLSF9D
IH57DIHSCAND	IJ24 IJHPAYL	IM11E IHLSF9E
IH57EIHSCANE	IJ25OC IJHPYLW	IM11F IHLSF9F
	IJ26 IJHPYLG	
IH57F IHSCANF		IM11G IHLSF9G
IH58A IHSCNTA	IJ27 IJHSTPY	IM11H IHLSF9H
IH58B IHSCNTB	IJ28IJBLKY	IM11I IHLSF9I
IH58CIHSCNTC	IJ31 IJBHAD	IM11J IHLSF9J
IH58DIHSCNTD	IJ32 IJLEND4	IM12A IHLSF10A
IH58E IHSCNTE	IJ33 IJLSOC	IM12B IHLSF10B
IH58F IHSCNTF	IJ34 IJLSIC	IM12C IHLSF10C
IH59 IXPFOOD	IJ35 IJLSEMP	IM12D IHLSF10D
IH60 INCARS	IJ36 IJLBOSS	IM13 IHL2GP
IH61 ICAROWN	IJ37 IJLMNGR	IM14IHL2HOP
IH62M1 IIVH1	IJ38 IJLSIZE	IM15IXDTS
IH62M2 IIVH2	IJ39A IIVJA	IM16INXDTS
IH62M3 IIVH3	IJ39B IIVJB	IM17 IHOSP
IH63H IHHFOIH	IJ39C IIVJC	IM18 IHOSPD
IH63M IHHFOIM	IJ39D IIVJD	IM20 IHOSPCH
IHG2 IHGR2R	IJ39E IIVJE	IM21 IHOSPNHS
IHG3 IHGSEX	IM1IHLDSBL	IM22IHLCVR
IHG4M IHGBM	IM2A IHLPRBA	IM23IHLCVRH
IHG4Y IHGBY	IM2B IHLPRBB	IM24 IHLCVRL
IHG8 IMASTAT	IM2C IHLPRBC	IM25 IHLSV
IHG9 IHGSPN	IM2D IHLPRBD	IM26A IHLSVA
IHG10 IHGEMP	IM2E IHLPRBE	IM26BIHLSVB
IHG11 IHGFNO	IM2F IHLPRBF	IM26CIHLSVC
IHG12 IHGMNO	IM2G IHLPRBG	
		IM26DIHLSVD
IHG13 IHGRA	IM2H IHLPRBH	IM26E IHLSVE
II1 IIV1	IM2I IHLPRBI	IM26F IHLSVF
ll2 llV2		
		IM26G IHLSVG
II4 IIV4	IM2K IHLPRBK	IM26HIHLSVH
II5 IIV5	IM2L IHLPRBL	IM26I IHLSVI
		201

IM26J1 IHLSVJ	IM41P3 IAIDHUC	IS2H IOPFAMH
IM26J2IHLSVK		
	IM42 IAIDXHH	IS2I IOPFAMI
IM26L IHLSVL	IM43 INAIDXHH	IS3AILFSAT1
IM26M IHLSVM	IM44M1 IAIDHU1	IS3BILFSAT2
IM27A IHLSVAN	IM44M2 IAIDHU2	IS3C ILFSAT3
IM27B IHLSVBN	IM45A IIVMA	IS3D ILFSAT4
IM27CIHLSVCN	IM45B IIVMB	IS3EILFSAT5
IM27DIHLSVDN	IM45CIIVMC	IS3F ILFSAT6
IM27E IHLSVEN	IM45DIIVMD	IS3GILFSAT7
IM27F IHLSVFN	IM45E IIVME	IS3HILFSAT8
IM27G IHLSVGN	IM46 IAIDHRS	IS4A ILFSATO
IM27HIHLSVHN	IP2BIPRRS2I	IS4BILFSATL
IM27I IHLSVIN	IP2C IPRIPN	IS5AIXSUPA
IM27J1 IHLSVJN	IP2DIPRWHY	IS5BIXSUPB
IM27J2 IHLSVKN	IP3 IPPLEVR	IS5CIXSUPC
IM27L IHLSVLN	IP10M IPRESBGM	IS6A ISSUPA
IM27M IHLSVMN	IP10Y IPRESBY4	IS6B ISSUPB
IM28A IHLSVAF	IP11 IPRESLY	IS6CISSUPC
IM28B IHLSVBF	IP23 IPRFEHQ	IS6DISSUPD
IM28CIHLSVCF	IP25 IPRSEHQ	IS6EISSUPE
IM28DIHLSVDF	IP48 IPRJBFT	IS7A ISSUP1
IM28E IHLSVEF	IP49MIPRJBBGM	IS7BISSUPR2R
IM28F IHLSVFF	IP49Y IPRJBBY4	IT2B ITELWHY
IM28G IHLSVGF	IP50 IPRJBLY	IT45 ITLFIYRL
IM28HIHLSVHF	IP60A IPRF101	IT50 ITLFIYR
IM28I IHLSVIF	IP60B IPRF102	IV1AIOPNATA
IM28J1 IHLSVJF	IP60C IPRF116	IV1BIOPNATB
IM28J2 IHLSVKF	IP60D IPRF131	IV1C IOPNATC
IM28L IHLSVLF	IP60F IPRF135	IV1D IOPNATD
IM28M IHLSVMF	IP60G IPRF137	IV1EIOPNATE
	IP60H IPRF139	
IM29IHLCK		IV1F IOPNATF
IM30A IHLCKA	IP60J IPRF141	IV2 IVOTE1
IM30BIHLCKB	IP60NONE IPRFIRN	IV3 IVOTE2
IM30C IHLCKC	IP61 IPREARN	IV4 IVOTE3
IM30D IHLCKD	IP61 IPRFITB	IV5 IVOTE4
IM30EIHLCKE	IPI1A IIVPA	IV6 IVOTE5
IM30F IHLCKI	IPI1B IIVPB	IV7 IVOTE7
IM30G IHLCKF	IPI1C IIVPC	IV8 IVOTE8
IM30H IHLCKG	IPI1D IIVPD	IV9 ISWVT1
IM30I IHLCKH	IPI1E IIVPE	IV10 ISWVT2
IM31AIHLCKAN	IS1A IGHQA	IV11 ISWVT3
IM31BIHLCKBN	IS1B IGHQB	IV12 IOPDEV1
IM31C IHLCKCN	IS1C IGHQC	IV13 IOPDEV2
IM31D IHLCKDN	IS1D IGHQD	IV14 IOPEUR1
	IS1E IGHQE	IV15 IOPEUR2
IM31EIHLCKEN		
IM31F IHLCKIN	IS1F IGHQF	IV16 IOPEUR3
IM31G IHLCKFN	IS1G IGHQG	IV17 IOPEUR4
IM31H IHLCKGN	IS1HIGHQH	IV18 IORGM
IM31I IHLCKHN	IS1I IGHQI	IV19A IORGMA
IM32 ISMEVER	IS1J IGHQJ	IV19B IORGMB
IM33 ISMNOW	IS1KIGHQK	IV19C IORGMC
IM34 INCIGS	IS1L IGHQL	IV19D IORGMD
IM35 ISMCIGS	IS2AIOPFAMA	IV19E IORGME
IM36 ISMNCIGS	IS2BIOPFAMB	IV19F IORGMF
IM37 ISMSTOP	IS2C IOPFAMC	IV19G IORGMG
IM38 ISMAGBG	IS2DIOPFAMD	IV19H IORGMP
IM40 IAIDHH	IS2EIOPFAME	IV19IIORGMQ
IM41P1 IAIDHUA	IS2F IOPFAMF	IV19J IORGMO
IM41P2 IAIDHUB	IS2G IOPFAMG	IV19K IORGMH
IIVITIFZ IAIDITUD	1020IUFT AIVIG	IN ISIN IONGINIT

IV19L IORGMI	IY31 IYPLONE	JD9G JMOVJBG
IV19M IORGMJ	IY32 IYPBORED	JD9H JMOVJBH
IV19N IORGMK	IY33 IYPESTA	JD9I JMOVJBI
IV19O IORGML	IY34 IYPESTI	JD10M1 JMOVY1
IV19P IORGMM	IY35 IYPESTB	JD10M2 JMOVY2
IV20 IORGA	IY36 IYPESTJ	JD11 JSEX
IV20A IORGAA	IY37 IYPESTC	JD11M JDOBM
IV20B IORGAB	IY38 IYPESTK	JD11Y JDOBY
IV20CIORGAC	IY39 IYPESTE	JD12 JSEX
IV20D IORGAD	IY40 IYPESTF	JD14 JMLSTAT
IV20E IORGAE	IY41 IYPESTH	JD15 JMLCHNG
IV20F IORGAF	IY42 IYPTCHA	JD16M JMLCHM
IV20GIORGAG	IY43 IYPTCHB	JD16Y JMLCHY4
IV20HIORGAP	IY44 IYPHSW	JD17JJBSTAT
IV20I IORGAQ	IY45 IYPHAP	JD18 JEDLYR
IV20J IORGAO	IY46 IYPHFM	JD19 JEDTYPE1
IV20K IORGAH	IY47 IYPHFR	JD19 JEDTYPE2
IV20L IORGAI	IY48 IYPHLF	JD20 JEDBLYR2
IV20MIORGAJ	IY49 IYPOPFF	JD20 JEDBLYR1
IV20NIORGAK	IY50 IYPOPFB	JD21M JEDBGM1
IV20OIORGAL	IY51 IYPOPFJ	JD21M2 JEDBGM2
IV20P IORGAM	IY52 IYPOPPL	JD21Y JEDBGY1
IV21 IFRNA	IY53 IYPVTE6	JD21Y2 JEDBGY2
IV22 IFRNB	IY54 IYPVTE3	JD22 JEDENNE1
IV23 IFRNC	IY55 IYPCRWRA	JD22M JEDENM1
IV24 IOPRLG1	IY56 IYPCRWRB	JD22M2 JEDENM2
IV25 IOPRLG2	IY57 IYPEXPL	JD22NE2 JEDENNE2
IV26 IOPRLG3	IY58 IYPVAND	JD22Y JEDENY1
IY1 IYTVHRS	IY59 IYPTRUN	JD22Y2 JEDENY2
IY2IYTVSTP	IY60 IYPOPSC	JD23A JEDFEEA2
IY3 IYPFPC	IY61 IYPLVSC	JD23A JEDFEEA1
IY4 IYPFPCGM	IY62 IYPLVHM	JD23B JEDFEEB2
IY5 IYPPALS	IY63 IYPWHRS	JD23B JEDFEEB1
IY6 IYPPALO	IY64 IYPPAY	JD23C JEDFEEC1
IY7 IYPUTEL	IY65 IYPFSOC	JD23C JEDFEEC2
IY8IYPLATE	IY66 IYPDLFA	JD23D JEDFEED2
IY9 IYPFBEAU	IY67 IYPDLFB	JD23D JEDFEED1
IY10 IYPFCLUB	JD0AD JDOID	JD23E JEDFEEE1
IY11 IYPFDISC	JD0AM JDOIM	JD23E JEDFEEE2
IY12 IYPFSPOR	JD0AY JD0IY4	JD23FJEDFEEF1
IY13 IYPARGM	JD0BA JIVLYR	JD23FJEDFEEF2
IY14 IYPARGF	JD0BB JIVSTAT2	JD23G JEDFEEG1
IY15 IYPTLKM	JD0D JRACH12	JD23G JEDFEEG2
IY16 IYPTLKF	JD1H JIVSOIH	JD24 JEDQUAL1
IY17 IYPNPAL	JD1M JIVSOIM	JD24 JEDQUAL2
IY18 IYPMKFRN	JD2 JLKNBRD	JD25A1JEDQLA1
IY19 IYPFGHT	JD3 JLKMOVE	JD25A1 JEDQLAN1
IY20 IYPEATN	JD4 JLKMOVY	JD25A2 JEDQLIN2
IY21 IYPSAVE	JD5 JXPMOVE	JD25A2 JEDQLDN2
IY22L IYPPKML	JD6 JPLNEW	JD25A2JEDQLJN2
IY22P IYPPKMP	JD7M JPLNOWM	JD25A2 JEDQLHN2
IY23 IYPSMEV	JD7Y JPLNOWY4	JD25A2 JEDQLGN2
IY24 IYPSMOF	JD8 JMOVJB	JD25A2JEDQLFN2
IY25 IYPSMLW	JD9A JMOVJBA	JD25A2 JEDQLEN2
IY26 IYPOPSM	JD9B JMOVJBB	JD25A2 JEDQLBN2
IY27 IYPDGFR	JD9C JMOVJBC	JD25A2 JEDQLAN2
IY28 IYPSAD	JD9D JMOVJBD	JD25A2JEDQLA2
IY29 IYPWOR	JD9E JMOVJBE	JD25A2 JEDQLCN2
IY30 IYPBULL	JD9FJMOVJBF	JD25B1JEDQLB1
ITOU IIF DULL		JUZJUIJLUQLDI

JD25B1 JEDQLBN1	JD49YJCOH1BY	JD66F JNQFEDF
JD25B2 JEDQLB2	JD50JCOH1MR	JD66G JNQFEDG
JD25C1 JEDQLC1	JD51M JCOH1EM	JD66H JNQFEDH
JD25C1 JEDQLCN1	JD51Y JCOH1EY	JD66I JNQFEDI
JD25C2 JEDQLC2	JD52JNMAR	JD66JJNQFEDJ
JD25D1 JEDQLDN1	JD53M JLMAR1M	JD66K JNQFEDK
JD25D1 JEDQLD1	JD53Y JLMAR1Y	JD66L JNQFEDL
JD25D2 JEDQLD2	JD54 JLPRNT	JD66M JNQFEDM
JD25E1 JEDQLE1	JD55 JLNPRNT	JD66N JNQFEDN
JD25E1 JEDQLEN1	JD56M JCH1BM	JD66O JNQFEDO
JD25E2 JEDQLE2	JD56Y JCH1BY	JD66P JNQFEDP
JD25F1JEDQLF1	JD57 JSCEND	JD66Q JNQFEDQ
JD25F1JEDQLFN1	JD57NA JSCHOOL	JD66R JNQFEDR
JD25F2JEDQLF2	JD58JSCTYPE	JD66S JNQFEDS
JD25G1 JEDQLGN1	JD59 JSCNOW	JD66TJNQFEDT
JD25G1 JEDQLG1	JD60 JFETYPE	JD67JTRAIN
JD25G2 JEDQLG2	JD61JFEEND	JD68JNTRAIN
JD25H1 JEDQLHN1	JD61NA JFENOW	JD69 JTRPLCE1
JD25H1 JEDQLH1	JD62 JQFHAS	JD69 JTRPLCE2
JD25H2 JEDQLH2	JD63A JQFA	JD69 JTRPLCE3
JD25I1 JEDQLIN1	JD63B JQFB	JD70A JTRWHYA2
JD25I1 JEDQLI1	JD63C JQFC	JD70A1 JTRWHYA1
JD25I2 JEDQLI2	JD63D JQFD	JD70A3 JTRWHYA3
JD25J1 JEDQLJN1	JD63E JQFE	JD70B JTRWHYB2
JD25J1 JEDQLJ1	JD63F JQFF	JD70B1 JTRWHYB1
JD25J2 JEDQLJ2	JD63G JQFG	JD70B3 JTRWHYB3
JD25NA JEDQNN2	JD63H JQFH	JD70C JTRWHYC2
JD25NON JEDQNN1	JD63I JQFI	JD70C1 JTRWHYC1
JD26 JEDOQL2	JD63J JQFJ	JD70C3 JTRWHYC3
JD26 JEDOQL1	JD63K JQFK	JD70D JTRWHYD2
JD26NON JEDOQLN2	JD63L JQFL	JD70D1 JTRWHYD1
JD26NON JEDOQLN1	JD63M JQFM	JD70D3 JTRWHYD3
JD27 JEDMORE2	JD63N JQFN	JD70E JTRWHYE2
JD27 JEDMORE1	JD64 JQFED	JD70E1 JTRWHYE1
JD29DST JPLBORND	JD65A JQFEDA	JD70E3 JTRWHYE3
JD29OS JPLBORNC	JD65BJQFEDB	JD71 JTRQ2
JD30 JYR2UK4	JD65C JQFEDC	JD71 JTRQ3
JD31 JMLSTAT	JD65D JQFEDD	JD71 JTRU1
JD32M1 JCITZN1	JD65E JQFEDE	JD71 JTRU3
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JD32M2 JCITZN2	JD65FJQFEDF	JD71 JTRU2
JD33 JRACE	JD65G JQFEDG	JD71 JTRQ1
JD34JJBSTAT	JD65HJQFEDH	JD72A JTRFEEA2
JD36 JPASOC	JD65I JQFEDI	JD72A1 JTRFEEA1
		-
JD36ANA JPAJU	JD65JJQFEDJ	JD72A3JTRFEEA3
JD37 JPASEMP	JD65K JQFEDK	JD72B JTRFEEB2
JD38 JPABOSS	JD65L JQFEDL	JD72B1JTRFEEB1
JD39JPAMNGR	JD65M JQFEDM	JD72B3JTRFEEB3
JD40JMASOC	JD65N JQFEDN	JD72C JTRFEEC2
JD40 JMAJU	JD65O JQFEDO	JD72C1 JTRFEEC1
JD41JMASEMP	JD65P JQFEDP	JD72C3 JTRFEEC3
JD42 JMABOSS	JD65Q JQFEDQ	JD72E JTRFEEE2
JD43 JMAMNGR	JD65RJQFEDR	JD72E1JTRFEEE1
JD44 JJ1SOC	JD65S JQFEDS	JD72E3JTRFEEE3
JD44NA JJ1NONE	JD65T JQFEDT	JD72FJTRFEEF2
JD45 JJ1SEMP	JD66A JNQFEDA	JD72F1 JTRFEEF1
JD46 JJ1BOSS	JD66B JNQFEDB	JD72F3 JTRFEEF3
JD47 JJ1MNGR	JD66C JNQFEDC	JD72G JTRFEEG2
JD48 JLCOH	JD66D JNQFEDD	JD72G1 JTRFEEG1
JD49M JCOH1BM	JD66E JNQFEDE	JD72G3 JTRFEEG3

JD73 JTF	SOI XB3	JD76GN3 JTRQLGN3	.1	D93 JL	NGWKE
JD73 JTF	RQLXP2	JD76HN1 JTRQLHN1	J	D94JL	.NGWKX
JD73 JTF	OLXP1	JD76HN2 JTRQLHN2	- 1	D95A	II\/DA
JD74 JTR		JD76HN3 JTRQLHN3		D95B	
JD74 JTR	RQLAC2	JD76IN1 JTRQLIN1	J	D95C	. JIVDC
JD74 JTR		JD76IN2 JTRQLIN2		D95D	
			_		-
JD75A1 JT	ΓRQLA1	JD76IN3 JTRQLIN3	J	D95E	. JIVDE
JD75A2JT	TROLA2	JD76JN1 JTRQLJN1	.1	E1	JUBHAS
JD75A3JT		JD76JN2 JTRQLJN2		E2	
JD75B1 JT	ΓRQLB1	JD76JN3 JTRQLJN3	J	E3 J	JBOFFY
JD75B2 JT	LDUI B3	JD77 JTROQL1		E4 JJI	
JD75B3JT	ΓRQLB3	JD77JTROQL2	J	E5	JJBSOC
JD75C1 JT	TROLC1	JD77 JTROQL3	.1	E6	JUBSIC
JD75C2 JT		JD77 JTROQLN3		E7 J	
JD75C3 JT	「RQLC3	JD77NON JTROQLN1	J	E8 J	JBMNGR
JD75D1 JT	TROLD1	JD77NON JTROQLN2	1	E9 J	IBSECT
JD75D2 JT		JD78 JTRMORE1		E10	
JD75D3 JT	「RQLD3	JD78 JTRMORE2	J	E11	JJBHRS
JD75E1 JT		JD79A JBIRHH		E12	
JD75E2JT	ΓRQLE2	JD79B JMABWLY	J	E13 J	JBOTPD
JD75E3 JT	TROLE3	JD80JMABWNLY	.1	E14J	JBHRI K
JD75F1J1	- •	JD81AGM JBWTAGM1		E15	
JD75F2 J7	ΓRQLF2	JD81AGM JBWTAGM2	J	E16 J	JBTTWT
JD75F3JT	TDOI E3	JD81AGM JBWTAGM3		E17 J.	
			_		
JD75G1 JT	RQLG1	JD81PN1 JBWTPN1	J	E18B	JJBSAT2
JD75G2 JT	ROLG2	JD81PN2 JBWTPN2	J.	E18D	JJBSAT4
JD75G3 JT					
		JD81PN3 JBWTPN3		E18F	
JD75H1 JT	「RQLH1	JD82 JBWTXP1	J	E18G	JJBSAT7
JD75H2 JT	TROLH2	JD82 JBWTXP2	1	E19	IIRSAT
JD75H3 JT		JD82 JBWTXP3		E20	
JD75I1 J	TRQLI1	JD83 JBWTEL1	J	E210C	JPAYGW
JD75l2 J	TROLI2	JD83 JBWTEL2	- 1	E22	ΙΡΔΥΝΙΙ
JD75l3 J		JD83 JBWTEL3		E23A	
JD75J1 J	TRQLJ1	JD84 JBWTWK1	J	E23B JF	PYWFTC
JD75J2 J		JD84 JBWTWK2		E23C JPY	
			_		_
JD75J3 J⁻	TRQLJ3	JD84JBWTWK3		E23D J	
JD75NON JTR	ROLNN3	JD85 JBWTKN1		E23E JPY	/DPTCW
JD75NON JTR				E230C	
JD75NON JTR	RQLNN2	JD85 JBWTKN3	J	E24 J	PAYSLP
JD76AN1 JTF	ROLAN1	JD86LB1JBWTLB1	.1	E26 J	PAYUSI
JD76AN2 JTF				E27	
JD76AN3 JTR	RQLAN3	JD86LB3 JBWTLB3	J	E28OC	JPAYUW
JD76BN1 JTR	ROLBN1	JD86OZ1 JBWTOZ1	.1	E29	IPAYLIG
			_	-	
JD76BN2 JTR		JD86OZ2 JBWTOZ2		E30A J	
JD76BN3 JTR	RQLBN3	JD86OZ3 JBWTOZ3	J	E30B J	PAYDF2
JD76CN1 JTR	POLCN1	JD87JBWTGM1	- 1	E30C J	PAYDE3
			_		_
JD76CN2 JT		JD87JBWTGM2		E30D J	
JD76CN3 JT	RQLCN	JD87JBWTGM3	J	E30E J	PAYDF5
JD76DN1 JT		JD88 JBWTG51		E30F J	
JD76DN2 JT	RQLDN	JD88 JBWTG52	J	E30G J	PAYDF7
JD76DN3 JT	RQLDN	JD88 JBWTG53	J	E30H J	PAYDF9
JD76EN1 JT		JD89 JLNGENG		E30I J	
JD76EN2 JT	RQLEN	JD89 JLNGOTH	J	E31 J	PAYTYP
JD76EN3 JT	ROI FN	JD90A JLNGUSA	. 1	E32 J	OVTPAY
JD76FN1 JT		JD90BJLNGUSB		E33 JE	
JD76FN2 JTF	RQLFN2	JD90NON JLNGUSN	J	E33 JE	XTREST
JD76FN3 JTF		JD91 JLNGCNV		E34 JB	
JD76GN1 JTR		JD92 JLNGRED		E34 JB	
JD76GN2 JTR	RQLGN2	JD93JLNGWKO	J	E35 JO	VTREST
				, ,	-

	IEOE LIODI	IEC 4M IIICDM
JE35 JOVTRATE	JE95 JJSPL	JEG4M JHGBM
JE39JJBPERFP	JE96 JJSTTWT	JEG4Y JHGBY
JE40 JJBONUS	JE97 JJSTTWM	JEG6 JIVIOLW
JE41 JJBONAM	JE98AJJSSAT1	JEG6 JIVLYR
JE42 JJBONG	JE98BJJSSAT2	JEG7 JIVSTAT1
JE43 JJBRISE	JE98D JJSSAT4	JEG8 JIVELIG
JE44JTUJBPL	JE98EJJSSAT5	JEG9 JHHMEM
JE45 JTUIN1	JE99JJSSAT	JEG10 JNEWHY
JE46 JJBOPPS	JE100D JJSBGD	JEG11 JLVWHY
JE46OC JPAYSW	JE100M JJSBGM	JEG12M JNEMNJN
JE47 JJBTIME	JE100YJJSBGY4	JEG12M JLVMN
JE48 JJBWKHRC	JE101AJJBLKCHA	JEG12Y JNEYRJN4
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JE48 JJBWKHRA	JE101CJJBLKCHC	JEG13 JLVLOC
JE48 JPAYSG	JE101DJJBLKCHD	JEG14 JIVFIO
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JE48 JJBWKHRD	JE102AJJBXPCHA	JEG16 JIVIREIS
JE48 JJBWKHRF	JE102BJJBXPCHB	JEG18 JIVFIO
JE48JJBWKHRG	JE102C JJBXPCHC	JF2 JNFR
JE48 JJBWKHRE	JE102D JJBXPCHD	JF2 JNF1
JE49 JJBPEN	JE102EJJBXPCHE	JF3A JFICODE
JE4A JJBTERM2	JE105M1 JJBCHC1	JF3B01 JFR01
JE50 JJBPENM	JE105M2 JJBCHC2	IESDOS IEDOS
		JF3B02 JFR02
JE52D JJBBGD	JE105M3 JJBCHC3	JF3B03 JFR03
JE52M JJBBGM	JE107 JXPCHCF	JF3B04 JFR04
JE52Y JJBBGY4	JE108 JXPCHC	JF3B05 JFR05
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JE54 JPAYS	JE110 JHUNURS	JF3B07 JFR07
JE59 JPAYLY	JE111 JJULK1	JF3B08 JFR08
JE60OC JPAYLYW	JE112 JJULK4	JF3B09 JFR09
JE61 JPAYLYG	JE113AJJULKA	JF3B10 JFR10
JE73 JJSBOSS	JE113BJJULKB	JF3B11 JFR11
JE74 JJSSIZE	JE113C JJULKC	JF3B12 JFR12
JE75 JJSHRS	JE113DJJULKD	JF3B13 JFR13
JE76JJSHRLK	JE113EJJULKE	JF3B14 JFR14
JE77 JJSTIME	JE114 JJULKJB	JF3B15 JFR15
JE78JJSTYPEB	JE115 JJUBGN	JF3B16 JFR16
JE79 JJSACCS	JE116JJUSPEC	JF3B17 JFR17
JE80JJSPART	JE117 JJUSOC	JF3B18 JFR18
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JE81BY JJSPRBY4	JE119JJUPAYX	JF3B20 JFR20
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JE81EY JJSPREY4	JE121JJUHRSL	JF3C JFRNOW
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JE86BY JJSPRBY4	JE133 JJ2SOC	JF4 JFISIT
JE86EM JJSPREM	JE134JJ2SEMP	JF5 JFISITC
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IEGG IIGEEII		IEAOA IEN/DED/
JE90 JJSPRNI	JE137C JIVEC	JF10A JFIYRDB1
	JE137C JIVEC	
JE91 JJSPAYU	JE137C JIVEC JE137D JIVED	JF10B JFIYRDB2
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JE91 JJSPAYU JE92 JJSPAYW JE93 JJSPYTX	JE137C JIVEC JE137D JIVED JE137E JIVEE JEG3 PID	JF10B JFIYRDB2 JF10C JFIYRDB3 JF10D JFIYRDB4
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JF37C JWINDFCY	JF54JHUSITS	JH3 JHSOWND
JF37D JWINDFDY	JF55 JHOWLNG	JH4M1 JHSOWR1
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JH22C JMGXTY3	JH47A JHS2VALA	JH61JNCARS
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JH40B JHSBTHS	JH54GJCD5CST	JJ5M JCJSBGM
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ULITIAJAFGASI	01 10 1 1	JUUJINEIVIST

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5		2

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JS5A JNETSX1	JY1JYTVHRS	JY59 JYPTRUN
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JS5AJNETSX3	JY3 JYPFPC	JY61 JYPLVSC
JS5B JNET1RL	JY4JYPFPCGM	JY62 JYPLVHM
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JS5B JNET3RL	JY6JYPPALO	JY64 JYPPAY
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	JY9JYPFBEAU	JY67 JYPDLFB
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JS5C JNET1AG JS5C JNET2AG JS5C JNET3AG JS5D JNET1KN JS5D JNET2KN	JY9 JYPFBEAU JY10 JYPFCLUB JY11 JYPFDISC JY12 JYPFSPOR JY13 JYPARGM JY14 JYPARGF	JY67 JYPDLFB KD0AD KDOID KD0AM KDOIM KD0AY KDOIY4 KD0BA KIVLYR KD0BB KIVSTAT2
JS5C JNET1AG JS5C JNET2AG JS5C JNET3AG JS5D JNET1KN JS5D JNET2KN JS5D JNET3KN	JY9 JYPFBEAU JY10 JYPFCLUB JY11 JYPFDISC JY12 JYPFSPOR JY13 JYPARGM JY14 JYPARGF JY15 JYPTLKM	JY67 JYPDLFB KD0AD KDOID KD0AM KDOIM KD0AY KDOIY4 KD0BA KIVLYR KD0BB KIVSTAT2 KD1H KIVSOIH
JS5C JNET1AG JS5C JNET2AG JS5C JNET3AG JS5D JNET1KN JS5D JNET2KN JS5D JNET3KN JS5E JNET1PH	JY9 JYPFBEAU JY10 JYPFCLUB JY11 JYPFDISC JY12 JYPFSPOR JY13 JYPARGM JY14 JYPARGF	JY67 JYPDLFB KD0AD KDOID KD0AM KDOIM KD0AY KDOIY4 KD0BA KIVLYR KD0BB KIVSTAT2 KD1H KIVSOIH KD1M KIVSOIM
JS5C JNET1AG JS5C JNET2AG JS5C JNET3AG JS5D JNET1KN JS5D JNET2KN JS5D JNET3KN	JY9 JYPFBEAU JY10 JYPFCLUB JY11 JYPFDISC JY12 JYPFSPOR JY13 JYPARGM JY14 JYPARGF JY15 JYPTLKM	JY67 JYPDLFB KD0AD KDOID KD0AM KDOIM KD0AY KDOIY4 KD0BA KIVLYR KD0BB KIVSTAT2 KD1H KIVSOIH

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KF53M4 KEVENT4S	KH9 KHSCOST	
KF54A KIVFA	KH10 KHSYR04	KH44A KHSPRBG
KF54B KIVFB	KH11 KHSCOST	KH44B KHSPRBH
KF54C KIVFC	KH12 KMGYR04	KH44C KHSPRBI
KF54D KIVFD	KH13 KMGLY	KH44D KHSPRBJ
KF54E KIVFE	KH14 KHSIVLW	KH44E KHSPRBK
		_
KF55H KIVFOIH	KH15 KMGYR04	KH44F KHSPRBL
KF55M KIVFOIM	KH16 KHSCOST	KH44G KHSPRBM
KF56 KIVSC	KH17 KMGOLD	KH44H KHSPRBN
KF70I KPRF125	KH18 KMGLIFE	KH44I KHSPRBO
KF101 KF101	KH19 KMGTYPE	KH44J KHSPRBP
KF102 KF102	KH20 KMGXTRA	KH44K KHSPRBQ

KH45 KHSCTAX	KH59E KHSCNTE	KJ24 KJHPAYL
KH46 KHS2OWND	KH59F KHSCNTF	KJ25OC KJHPYLW
KH47 KHS2VALO	KH60 KXPFOOD	KJ26 KJHPYLG
KH47AKHS2VALA	KH61 KNCARS	KJ27 KJHSTPY
KH47B KHS2VALB	KH62 KCAROWN	KJ28 KJBLKY
KH47C KHS2VALC	KH63 KCARVAL	KJ31 KJBHAD
KH47D KHS2VALD	KH64M1 KIVH1	KJ32 KJLEND4
KH49 KMGTOT	KH64M2 KIVH2	KJ33KJLSOC00
KH50 KCDHAVE	KH64M3 KIVH3	KJ33 KJLSOC
KH51A KCD1USE	KH65H KHHFOIH	KJ34 KJLSIC
KH51B KCD2USE	KH65M KHHFOIM	KJ34 KJLSIC92
KH51C KCD10USE	KHG2 KHGR2R	KJ35 KJLSEMP
KH51D KCD11USE	KHG3 KHGSEX	KJ36 KJLBOSS
KH51E KCD3USE	KHG4M KHGBM	KJ37 KJLMNGR
KH51F KCD4USE	KHG4Y KHGBY	KJ38 KJLSIZE
KH51G KCD5USE	KHG8 KMASTAT	KJ39A KIVJA
KH51H KCD6USE	KHG9 KHGSPN	KJ39B KIVJB
KH51I KCD7USE	KHG10 KHGEMP	KJ39C KIVJC
KH51J KCD8USE	KHG10 KHGEMP	KJ39D KIVJD
KH51K KCD9USE	KHG11 KHGFNO	KJ39E KIVJE
KH51L KCD12USE	KHG11 KHGFNO	KL2 KMLSTAT
KH52 KCDBGHT	KHG12 KHGMNO	KL3 KNMAR
KH53A KCD1NEW	KHG12 KHGMNO	KL4M KLMARM
KH53B KCD2NEW	KHG13 KHGRA	KL4M KLMARY4
KH53C KCD10NEW	KHG13 KHGRA	KL4M KLCMARM
KH53D KCD11NEW	KI1 KIV1	KL4Y KLCMARY4
KH53E KCD3NEW	KI2 KIV2	KL5 KMPNO
KH53F KCD4NEW	KI4 KIV4	KL5 KMPNO
KH53G KCD5NEW	KI5 KIV5	KL6 KLCMCOH
KH53H KCD6NEW	KI5A KIV5AA	KL7M KLCMCBM
KH53I KCD7NEW	KI5B KIV5AB	KL7Y KLCMCBY4
KH53J KCD8NEW	KI5C KIV5AC	KL8M KLCMSPM
KH53K KCD9NEW	KI6A KIV6A	KL8Y KLCMSPY4
KH53L KCD12NEW		
	KI6B KIV6B	KL10 KLMCOH
KH54A KCD1CST	KI6C KIV6C	KL11M KLMCBM
KH54B KCD2CST	KI6D KIV6D	KL11Y KLMCBY4
KH54C KCD10CST	KI6E KIV6E	KL12 KLMEND
KH54D KCD11CST	KI7 KIV6F	KL13M KLMWWM
KH54E KCD3CST	KI8 KIV7	KL13Y KLMWWY4
KH54F KCD4CST	KJ5D KCJSBGD	KL15M KLMDVM
KH54G KCD5CST	KJ5M KCJSBGM	KL15Y KLMDVY4
KH54H KCD6CST	KJ5YKCJSBGY4	KL16M KLMSPM
KH54I KCD7CST	KJ6 KNEMST	KL16YKLMSPY4
KH54J KCD8CST	KJ8 KCJSBLY	KL18 KLCOH
KH54K KCD9CST	KJ9 KJHSTAT	KL19 KLNCOH
KH54L KCD12CST	KJ10D KJHBGD	KL20M KLCSBM
KH55 KPCNET	KJ10M KJHBGM	KL20Y KLCSBY4
KH56 KXPHP	KJ10Y KJHBGY4	KL21M KLCSEM
KH57 KXPHPDF	KJ12 KNJBS	KL21NE KLCSNE
KH58A KHSCANA	KJ14 KJHSOC00	KL21Y KLCSEY4
KH58B KHSCANB	KJ14 KJHSOC	KL22 KLADOPT
KH58C KHSCANC	KJ16 KJHSEMP	KL23 KLNADOPT
KH58D KHSCAND	KJ17 KJHBOSS	KL24AM KLACBM
KH58E KHSCANE	KJ18 KJHSECT	KL24AY KLACBY4
KH58F KHSCANF	KJ19KJHMNGR	KL24BKLACSX
KH59A KHSCNTA	KJ21 KJHPLDF	KL24CKLACST
KH59B KHSCNTB	KJ22 KJHSIC92	KL24D KLACYB4
KH59C KHSCNTC	KJ22KJHSIC	KL24E KLACLV
KH59D KHSCNTD	KJ23 KJHSIZE	KL24F KLACNO

KL24G KLACYD4	KM10A KHLLTA	KM36 KHLCVRL
KL24H KLACAL	KM10B KHLLTB	KM37 KHLSV
KL25 KLPRNT	KM10C KHLLTC	KM38A KHLSVA
KL26 KLNPRNT	KM10DKHLLTD	KM38B KHLSVB
KL27AM KLCHBM	KM10E KHLLTE	KM38C KHLSVC
KL27AY KLCHBY4	KM11 KHLLTW	KM38D KHLSVD
KL27B KLCHSX	KM11A KHLENDW	KM38E KHLSVE
KL27C KLCHLV	KM11B KHLLTWA	KM38FKHLSVF
KL27DNO KLNCNO	KM12 KHLPAIN	KM38G KHLSVG
KL27E KLCHYD4	KM13 KHLTRPN	KM38H KHLSVH
KL27F KLCHAL	KM14 KHLAVPN	KM38I KHLSVI
KL28 KCBAGE	KM15 KHLWTPN	KM38J1 KHLSVJ
KL30 KLCHMORN	KM16 KHLIV65	KM38J2KHLSVK
KL31A KIVLA	KM17A KADLA	KM38L KHLSVL
KL31B KIVLB	KM17B KADLAD	KM38M KHLSVM
KL31C KIVLC	KM18A KADLB	KM39A KHLSVAN
KL31D KIVLD	KM18B KADLBD	KM39B KHLSVBN
KL31E KIVLE	KM19A KADLC	KM39C KHLSVCN
KL32M KLEDENDM	KM19B KADLCD	KM39D KHLSVDN
KL32NL KLEDNOW	KM20A KADLD	KM39E KHLSVEN
KL33KLESHST	KM20B KADLDD	KM39FKHLSVFN
KL33SPN KLESHNO	KM21A KADLE	KM39G KHLSVGN
KL34M KLESHEM	KM21B KADLED	KM39H KHLSVHN
KL34NE KLESHNE	KM22A KADLF	KM39I KHLSVIN
KL34Y KLESHEY4	KM22B KADLFD	KM39J1KHLSVJN
KL37SPN KLCSNO	KM23 KRTRHM	KM39J2 KHLSVKN
KM1 KHLDSBL	KM24 KLVLONG	KM39L KHLSVLN
KM1AKHLSTAT	KM25 KHL2GP	
		KM39M KHLSVMN
KM2A KHLPRBA	KM26 KHL2HOP	KM40A KHLSVAF
KM2B KHLPRBB	KM27 KXDTS	KM40B KHLSVBF
KM2C KHLPRBC	KM28 KNXDTS	KM40C KHLSVCF
KM2D KHLPRBD	KM29 KHLCK	KM40D KHLSVDF
KM2E KHLPRBE	KM29 KHOSP	KM40E KHLSVEF
KM2F KHLPRBF	KM2O KHLPRBO	KM40FKHLSVFF
KM2G KHLPRBG	KM30 KHOSPD	KM40G KHLSVGF
KM2H KHLPRBH	KM30A KHLCKA	KM40H KHLSVHF
KM2I KHLPRBI	KM30B KHLCKB	KM40I KHLSVIF
KM2J KHLPRBJ	KM30C KHLCKC	KM40J1 KHLSVJF
KM2K KHLPRBK	KM30D KHLCKD	KM40J2 KHLSVKF
KM2L KHLPRBL	KM30E KHLCKE	KM40L KHLSVLF
		_
KM2M KHLPRBM	KM30F KHLCKI	KM40M KHLSVMF
KM2M0 KHLPRB	KM30GKHLCKF	KM47 KAIDHH
KM2N KHLPRBN	KM30H KHLCKG	KM48P1 KAIDHUA
KM3A KHLPRXA	KM30I KHLCKH	KM48P2 KAIDHUB
KM3B KHLPRXB	KM31A KHLCKAN	KM48P3 KAIDHUC
KM3C KHLPRXC	KM31B KHLCKBN	KM49 KAIDXHH
KM3D KHLPRXD	KM31C KHLCKCN	KM50 KNAIDXHH
	KM31D KHLCKDN	
KM3E KHLPRXE		KM51M1 KAIDHU1
KM3F KHLPRXF	KM31E KHLCKEN	KM51M2 KAIDHU2
KM3G KHLPRXG	KM31F KHLCKIN	KM53 KAIDHRS
KM3H KHLPRXH	KM31G KHLCKFN	KM54A KIVMA
KM3I KHLPRXI	KM31H KHLCKGN	KM54B KIVMB
KM3J KHLPRXJ	KM31I KHLCKHN	KM54C KIVMC
KM3K KHLPRXK	KM32 KHOSPCH	KM54D KIVMD
KM3L KHLPRXL	KM33 KHOSPNHS	KM54E KIVME
KM3M KHLPRXM	KM33 KSMOKER	KP2B KPRRS2I
KM3N KHLPRXN	KM34 KHLCVR	KP2C KPRIPN
KM3O KHLPRXO	KM34 KNCIGS	KP2D KPRWHY
KM9 KHLLT	KM35 KHLCVRH	KP3 KPPLEVR
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KP10M KPRESBGM	KS3N KQLFN	KV12K KORGAH
KP10Y KPRESBY4	KS30 KQLFO	KV12L KORGAI
KP11 KPRESLY	KS3PKQLFP	KV12M KORGAJ
KP23 KPRFEHQ	KS3Q KQLFQ	KV12N KORGAK
KP25 KPRSEHQ	KS3R KQLFR	KV12O KORGAL
KP58 KPRJBFT	KS3S KQLFS	KV12P KORGAM
KP59M KPRJBBGM	KS4A KXSUPA	KV13 KOPRLG2
KP59Y KPRJBBY4	KS4B KXSUPB	KV14 KFRNA
KP60 KPRJBLY	KS4C KXSUPC	KV15 KFRNB
KP61 KPREARN	KS5A KSSUPA	KV16 KFRNC
KP70A KPRF101	KS5B KSSUPB	KV16A KOPRLG1
KP70B KPRF102	KS5C KSSUPC	KV16C KOPRLG3
KP70C KPRF116	KS5D KSSUPD	KV17A KNOLVREL
KP70D KPRF131	KS5E KSSUPE	KV17A KLVGGPA
KP70F KPRF135	KS6A KSSUP1	KV17A KLVMA
KP70G KPRF137	KS6B KSSUPR2R	KV17A KLVGGCH
KP70H KPRF139	KT2B KTELWHY	KV17A KLVGPAR
KP70J KPRF141	KT45 KTLFIYRL	KV17A KLVSIB
		_
KP70NON KPRFIRN	KT50 KTLFIYR	KV17A KLVPA
KP71 KPRFITB	KV1A KOPPOLA	KV17A KLVGCH
KPI1A KIVPA	KV1B KOPPOLB	KV17A KLVCH
KPI1B KIVPB	KV1C KOPPOLC	KV17B KMAAGE
KPI1CKIVPC	KV1D KOPPOLD	KV17B KPAAGE
KPI1DKIVPD	KV2 KVOTE1	KV17C KNLVGGPA
KPI1E KIVPE	KV3 KVOTE2	KV17C KNLVGGCH
KS1A KGHQA	KV4 KVOTE3	KV17C KNLVGPA
KS1B KGHQB	KV5 KVOTE4	KV17C KNLVGCH
KS1C KGHQC	KV6 KVOTE5	KV17C KNLVSIB
KS1D KGHQD	KV7 KVOTE7	KV17C KNLVCH
KS1E KGHQE	KV8 KVOTE8	KV18 KPARMAR
KS1F KGHQF	KV9 KVOTE6	KV19 KMALONE
KS1G KGHQG	KV10KORGM	KV20 KPALONE
KS1H KGHQH	KV11A KORGMA	KV21A KMASEE
KS1I KGHQI	KV11BKORGMB	KV21B KMATEL
KS1J KGHQJ	KV11C KORGMC	KV21C KMAMAIL
KS1KKGHQK	KV11D KORGMD	KV22 KMAFAR
KS1L KGHQL	KV11E KORGME	KV23A KPASEE
KS2A KOPFAMA	KV11F KORGMF	KV23B KPATEL
KS2B KOPFAMB	KV11G KORGMG	KV23C KPAMAIL
KS2C KOPFAMC	KV11H KORGMP	KV24 KPAFAR
KS2D KOPFAMD	KV11I KORGMQ	KV25A KCHSEE
KS2E KOPFAME	KV11J KORGMO	KV25B KCHTEL
KS2F KOPFAMF	KV11K KORGMH	KV25C KCHMAIL
KS2G KOPFAMG	KV11L KORGMI	KV26 KCHFAR
KS2HKOPFAMH	KV11M KORGMJ	KV27A KCHAIDA
KS2I KOPFAMI	KV11N KORGMK	KV27B KCHAIDB
KS3A KQLFA	KV11O KORGML	KV27C KCHAIDC
KS3BKQLFB	KV11P KORGMM	KV27D KCHAIDD
KS3C KQLFC	KV120 KORGA	KV27E KCHAIDE
KS3D KQLFD	KV12A KORGAA	KV27F KCHAIDF
KS3EKQLFE	KV12B KORGAB	KV27G KCHAIDG
KS3F KQLFF	KV12C KORGAC	KV27H KCHAIDH
KS3G KQLFG	KV12D KORGAD	KV27I KCHAIDI
KS3H KQLFH	KV12E KORGAE	KV27NON KNOCHAID
KS3I KQLFI	KV12F KORGAF	KV28A KCAIDUA
KS3J KQLFJ	KV12G KORGAG	KV28B KCAIDUB
KS3K KQLFK	KV12H KORGAP	KV28C KCAIDUC
KS3L KQLFL	KV12I KORGAQ	KV28D KCAIDUD
KS3M KQLFM	KV12J KORGAO	KV28E KCAIDUE

KV28F KCAIDUF	KY34 KYPESTI	LD10M2 LMOVY2
KV28G KCAIDUG	KY35 KYPESTB	
		LD11M LDOBM
KV28H KCAIDUH	KY36KYPESTJ	LD11Y LDOBY
KV28I KCAIDUI	KY37 KYPESTC	LD12 LSEX
KV28NON KNOCAIDU	KY38 KYPESTK	LD14 LMLSTAT
KV29A KPAAIDA	KY39 KYPESTE	LD15 LMLCHNG
KV29B KPAAIDB	KY40 KYPESTF	LD16M LMLCHM
KV29C KPAAIDC	KY41 KYPESTH	LD16Y LMLCHY4
KV29DKPAAIDD	KY42 KYPTCHA	LD17 LJBSTAT
KV29E KPAAIDE	KY43 KYPTCHB	LD17A LHIFUED
KV29F KPAAIDF	KY44 KYPHSW	LD18 LEDLYR
KV29G KPAAIDG	KY45 KYPHAP	LD19 LEDTYPE1
KV29H KPAAIDH	KY46 KYPHFM	LD19 LEDTYPE2
KV29I KPAAIDI	KY47 KYPHFR	LD20 LEDBLYR1
KV29NON KNOPAAID	KY48 KYPHLF	LD20 LEDBLYR2
KV30A KPAIDUA	KY49 KYPOPFF	LD21M LEDBGM1
KV30B KPAIDUB	KY50 KYPOPFB	LD21Y LEDBGY1
KV30C KPAIDUC	KY51 KYPOPFJ	LD21M2 LEDBGM2
KV30D KPAIDUD	KY52 KYPOPPL	LD21Y2 LEDBGY2
KV30E KPAIDUE	KY53 KYPVTE6	LD22 LEDENNE1
KV30F KPAIDUF	KY54 KYPVTE3	LD22M LEDENM1
KV30G KPAIDUG	KY55 KYPCRWRA	LD22Y LEDENY1
KV30H KPAIDUH	KY56 KYPCRWRB	LD22M2 LEDENM2
KV30I KPAIDUI	KY57 KYPEXPL	LD22Y2 LEDENY2
KV30NON KNOPAIDU	KY58 KYPVAND	LD22NE LEDENNE2
KY1 KYTVHRS	KY59 KYPTRUN	LD23A1 LEDFEEA1
KY2 KYTVSTP	KY60 KYPOPSC	LD23A2 LEDFEEA2
		LD23B1 LEDFEEB1
KY3 KYPFPC	KY61 KYPLVSC	
KY4 KYPFPCGM	KY62 KYPLVHM	LD23B2 LEDFEEB2
KY5 KYPPALS	KY63 KYPWHRS	LD23C1 LEDFEEC1
KY6 KYPPALO	KY64 KYPPAY	LD23C2 LEDFEEC2
KY7 KYPUTEL	KY65 KYPFSOC	LD23D1 LEDFEED1
KY8 KYPLATE	KY67 KYPDLFA	LD23D2 LEDFEED2
KY9 KYPFBEAU	KY67 KYPDLFB	LD23E1 LEDFEEE1
KY10 KYPFCLUB	LD0AD LDOID	LD23E2 LEDFEEE2
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KY11 KYPFDISC	LD0AM LDOIM	LD23F1LEDFEEF1
KY12 KYPFSPOR	LD0AY LD0IY4	LD23F2LEDFEEF2
KY13 KYPARGM	LD0BA LIVLYR	LD23G1LEDFEEG1
KY14 KYPARGF	LD0BB LIVSTAT2	LD23G2 LEDFEEG2
KY15 KYPTLKM	LD1H LIVSOIH	LD24 LEDQUAL1
KY16 KYPTLKF	LD1M LIVSOIM	LD24 LEDQUAL2
KY17 KYPNPAL	LD2 LLKNBRD	LD25A1 LEDQLA1
KY18 KYPMKFRN	LD3 LLKMOVE	LD25A2 LEDQLA2
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KY19 KYPFGHT	LD4 LLKMOVY	LD25B1 LEDQLB1
KY20 KYPEATN	LD5 LXPMOVE	LD25B2 LEDQLB2
KY21 KYPSAVE	LD6 LPLNEW	LD25C1 LEDQLC1
KY22L KYPPKML	LD7M LPLNOWM	LD25C2 LEDQLC2
KY22P KYPPKMP	LD7Y LPLNOWY4	LD25D1 LEDQLD1
KY23 KYPSMEV	LD8 LMOVJB	LD25D2 LEDQLD2
KY24 KYPSMOF	LD9A LMOVJBA	LD25E1 LEDQLE1
KY25 KYPSMLW	LD9B LMOVJBB	LD25E2 LEDQLE2
KY26 KYPOPSM	LD9C LMOVJBC	LD25F1LEDQLF1
KY27 KYPDGFR	LD9D LMOVJBD	LD25F2LEDQLF2
KY28 KYPSAD	LD9E LMOVJBE	LD25G1 LEDQLG1
KY29 KYPWOR	LD9F LMOVJBF	LD25G2 LEDQLG2
KY30 KYPBULL	LD9G LMOVJBG	LD25H1 LEDQLH1
KY31 KYPLONE	LD9H LMOVJBH	LD25H2 LEDQLH2
KY32 KYPBORED	LD9I LMOVJBI	LD25I1 LEDQLI1
KY33 KYPESTA	LD10M1 LMOVY1	LD2512 LEDQLI2
NISS NIPESIA	LD IUIVII LIVIUVII	LUZUIZ LEUQLIZ

LD25J1 LEDQLJ1	LD51M LCOH1EM	LD66G LNQFEDG
LD25J2 LEDQLJ2	LD51Y LCOH1EY	LD66H LNQFEDH
LD25NA LEDQNN2	LD52 LNMAR	LD66I LNQFEDI
LD25NO LEDQNN1	LD53M LLMAR1M	LD66J LNQFEDJ
LD26A1 LEDQLAN1	LD53YLLMAR1Y	LD66K LNQFEDK
LD26A2 LEDQLAN2	LD54 LLPRNT	LD66L LNQFEDL
LD26B1 LEDQLBN1	LD55 LLNPRNT	LD66M LNQFEDM
LD26B2 LEDQLBN2	LD56M LCH1BM	LD66N LNQFEDN
LD26C1 LEDQLCN1	LD56Y LCH1BY	LD660 LNQFEDO
LD26C2 LEDQLCN2	LD57 LSCEND	LD66P LNQFEDP
LD26D1 LEDQLDN1	LD57NA LSCHOOL	LD66Q LNQFEDQ
LD26D2 LEDQLDN2	LD58LSCTYPE	LD66R LNQFEDR
LD26E1 LEDQLEN1	LD59 LSCNOW	LD66S LNQFEDS
LD26E2 LEDQLEN2	LD60 LFETYPE	LD66T LNQFEDT
LD26F1 LEDQLFN1	LD61LFEEND	LD66U LNQFEDU
LD26F2 LEDQLFN2	LD61NA LFENOW	LD67 LTRAIN
LD26G1 LEDQLGN1	LD62LQFHAS	LD68 LNTRAIN
LD26G2 LEDQLGN2	LD63A LQFA	LD69 LTRPLCE1
LD26H1 LEDQLHN1	LD63B LQFB	LD69 LTRPLCE2
LD26H2 LEDQLHN2	LD63C LQFC	LD69 LTRPLCE3
LD26I1 LEDQLIN1	LD63D LQFD	LD70A1 LTRWHYA1
LD26I2 LEDQLIN2	LD63E LQFE	LD70B1 LTRWHYB1
LD26J1 LEDQLJN1	LD63F LQFF	LD70C1 LTRWHYC1
LD26J2 LEDQLJN2	LD63G LQFG	LD70D1 LTRWHYD1
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LD27 LEDOQL1	LD63H LQFH	LD70E1 LTRWHYE1
LD27 LEDOQL2	LD63I LQFI	LD70A2 LTRWHYA2
LD27NO LEDOQLN1		
	LD63J LQFJ	LD70B2 LTRWHYB2
LD27NO LEDOQLN2	LD63K LQFK	LD70C2 LTRWHYC2
LD28 LEDMORE1	LD63L LQFL	LD70D2 LTRWHYD2
LD28 LEDMORE2	LD63M LQFM	LD70E2 LTRWHYE2
LD29 LLCHMOR	LD63N LQFN	LD70A3 LTRWHYA3
LD29DS LPLBORND	LD64 LQFED	LD70B3 LTRWHYB3
LD29OS LPLBORNC	LD65A LQFEDA	
		LD70C3 LTRWHYC3
LD30 LYR2UK4	LD65B LQFEDB	LD70D3 LTRWHYD3
LD32M1 LCITZN1	LD65C LQFEDC	LD70E3 LTRWHYE3
LD32M2 LCITZN2	LD65D LQFEDD	
		LD71 LTRQ1
LD33 LRACE	LD65ELQFEDE	LD71 LTRQ2
LD36 LPASOC	LD65F LQFEDF	LD71 LTRQ3
LD36LPASOC00	LD65G LQFEDG	LD71LTRU1
LD36AN LPAJU	LD65H LQFEDH	LD71 LTRU2
LD37 LPASEMP	LD65I LQFEDI	LD71 LTRU3
LD38 LPABOSS	LD65J LQFEDJ	LD72A1 LTRFEEA1
LD39 LPAMNGR	LD65K LQFEDK	LD72B1 LTRFEEB1
LD40 LMAJU	LD65L LQFEDL	LD72C1 LTRFEEC1
LD40 LMASOC	LD65M LQFEDM	LD72E1 LTRFEEE1
LD40 LMASOC00	LD65N LQFEDN	LD72F1LTRFEEF1
LD41 LMASEMP	LD65O LQFEDO	LD72G1 LTRFEEG1
LD42 LMABOSS	LD65P LQFEDP	LD72A2 LTRFEEA2
LD43 LMAMNGR	LD65Q LQFEDQ	LD72B2 LTRFEEB2
LD44 LJ1SOC	LD65R LQFEDR	LD72C2 LTRFEEC2
LD44 LJ1SOC00	LD65S LQFEDS	LD72E2 LTRFEEE2
LD44NA LJ1NONE	LD65TLQFEDT	LD72F2LTRFEEF2
LD45 LJ1SEMP	LD65U LQFEDU	LD72G2 LTRFEEG2
LD46 LJ1BOSS	LD66A LNQFEDA	LD72A3 LTRFEEA3
LD47 LJ1MNGR	LD66B LNQFEDB	LD72B3 LTRFEEB3
LD48 LLCOH	LD66C LNQFEDC	LD72C3 LTRFEEC3
LD49M LCOH1BM	LD66D LNQFEDD	LD72E3 LTRFEEE3
LD49Y LCOH1BY	LD66E LNQFEDE	LD72F3LTRFEEF3
LD50 LCOH1MR	LD66F LNQFEDF	LD72G3LTRFEEG3

LD73 LTRQLXP1	LD76GN3 LTRQLGN3	LD92E LCRRACE
LD73 LTRQLXP2		LD92F LCRBURG
LD73 LTRQLXP3	LD76HN2 LTRQLHN2	LD92G LCRCAR
LD74 LTRQLAC1	LD76HN3 LTRQLHN3	LD92H LCRMUGG
LD74 LTRQLAC2	LD76IN1 LTRQLIN1	LD93 LPCUSE
LD74 LTRQLAC3		LD94A LPCUSEA
LD75A1 LTRQLA1		LD94B LPCUSEB
LD75A2 LTRQLA2	LD76JN3 LTRQLJN3	LD94C LPCUSEC
LD75A3 LTRQLA3	LD76JN1 LTRQLJN1	LD94D LPCUSED
LD75B1 LTRQLB1		LD94E LPCUSEE
LD75B2 LTRQLB2		LD94FLPCUSEF
LD75B3 LTRQLB3		LD94G LPCUSEG
LD75C1 LTRQLC1	LD77 LTROQL3	LD94H LPCUSEH
LD75C2 LTRQLC2		LD94I LPCUSEI
LD75C3 LTRQLC3		LD95 LPCUSEM
LD75D1 LTRQLD1		LD96 LPCOFTN
LD75D2 LTRQLD2	LD78 LTRMORE1	LD97A LBIRHH
LD75D3 LTRQLD3	LD78 LTRMORE2	LD97B LMABWLY
LD75E1 LTRQLE1		LD98 LMABWNLY
LD75E2 LTRQLE2		LD99AG LBWTAGM1
LD75E3 LTRQLE3		LD99AG LBWTAGM2
LD75F1LTRQLF1		LD99AG LBWTAGM3
LD75F2LTRQLF2	LD83LFEDASP	LD99PN LBWTPN1
LD75F3LTRQLF3	LD83A LFEDTYP	LD99PN LBWTPN2
LD75G1 LTRQLG1		LD99PN LBWTPN3
		LD100 LBWTXP1
LD75G2 LTRQLG2		
LD75G3 LTRQLG3		LD100 LBWTXP2
LD75H3 LTRQLH3	LD86LOCFUT	LD100 LBWTXP3
LD75H1 LTRQLH1	LD87A LOCIMPA	LD101 LBWTEL1
LD75H2 LTRQLH2		LD101LBWTEL2
LD75I1 LTRQLI1		LD101 LBWTEL3
		LD102LBWTWK1
LD75I2 LTRQLI2		
LD75I3 LTRQLI3		LD102LBWTWK2
LD75J1 LTRQLJ1		LD102LBWTWK3
LD75J2 LTRQLJ2	LD87G LOCIMPG	LD103 LBWTKN1
LD75J3 LTRQLJ3		LD103 LBWTKN2
LD75NO LTRQLNN1		LD103 LBWTKN3
LD75NO LTRQLNN1		LD104L LBWTLB1
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LD75NO LTRQLNN3		LD104L LBWTLB2
LD76AN1 LTRQLAN1		LD104L LBWTLB3
LD76AN2 LTRQLAN2	LD88A LFUTRA	LD104O LBWTOZ1
LD76AN3 LTRQLAN3	LD88B LFUTRB	LD104O LBWTOZ2
LD76BN1 LTRQLBN1		LD104O LBWTOZ3
LD76BN2 LTRQLBN2		LD105 LBWTGM1
LD76BN3 LTRQLBN3		LD105LBWTGM2
LD76CN1 LTRQLCN1	LD88FLFUTRF	LD105LBWTGM3
LD76CN2 LTRQLCN2	LD88G LFUTRG	LD106 LBWTG51
LD76CN3 LTRQLCN3	LD88H LFUTRH	LD106 LBWTG52
LD76DN1 LTRQLDN1		LD106 LBWTG53
		LD110A LNATIDA
LD76DN2 LTRQLDN2		
LD76DN3 LTRQLDN3		LD110B LNATIDB
LD76EN1 LTRQLEN1		LD110C LNATIDC
LD76EN2 LTRQLEN2	LD89 LCRWORA	LD110D LNATIDD
LD76EN3 LTRQLEN3		LD110E LNATIDE
LD76FN1 LTRQLFN1		LD110F LNATIDF
LD76FN2 LTRQLFN2		LD110G LNATIDG
LD76FN3 LTRQLFN3		LD110H LNATIDH
LD76GN1 LTRQLGN1		LD110I LNATIDI
LD76GN2 LTRQLGN2	LD92D LCRVAND	LD111 LNATIDMN

LD113A LWLSHA	LE30D LPAYDF4	LE91 LJSPAYU
LD113B LWLSHB	LE30E LPAYDF5	LE92 LJSPAYW
LD113C LWLSHC	LE30F LPAYDF6	LE93 LJSPYTX
LD113D LWLSHD	LE30G LPAYDF7	LE94LJSPYNI
LD113E LWLSHE	LE30HLPAYDF9	LE95 LJSPL
LD114A LWLSHUA	LE30I LPAYDF8	LE96 LJSTTWT
LD114B LWLSHUB	LE31LPAYTYP	LE97 LJSTTWM
LD114C LWLSHUC	LE32 LOVTPAY	LE98A LJSSAT1
LD114D LWLSHUD	LE33 LEXTRATE	LE98B LJSSAT2
LD114E LWLSHUE	LE33 LEXTREST	LE98D LJSSAT4
LD115A LIVDA	LE34LBASRATE	LE98E LJSSAT5
LD115B LIVDB	LE34LBASREST	LE99 LJSSAT
LD115C LIVDC	LE35 LOVTRATE	LE100D LJSBGD
LD115D LIVDD	LE35 LOVTREST	LE100M LJSBGM
LD115E LIVDE	LE39 LJBPERFP	LE100YLJSBGY4
LDA67 LUNIB	LE40 LJBONUS	LE101A LJBLKCHA
LDA68 LUNIM	LE41 LJBONAM	LE102A LJBXPCHA
LE1 LJBHAS	LE42 LJBONG	LE101B LJBLKCHB
LE2 LJBOFF	LE43 LJBRISE	LE102B LJBXPCHB
LE3 LJBOFFY	LE44 LTUJBPL	LE101C LJBLKCHC
LE4 LJBTERM1	LE45 LTUIN1	LE102C LJBXPCHC
LE4A LJBTERM2	LE46 LJBOPPS	LE101D LJBLKCHD
LE5 LJBSOC	LE47 LJBTIME	LE102D LJBXPCHD
LE5 LJBSOC00	LE48LJBWKHRA	LE101E LJBLKCHE
LE6LJBSIC	LE48LJBWKHRB	LE102E LJBXPCHE
LE6 LJBSIC92	LE48LJBWKHRC	LE104 LRACH12
LE7 LJBSEMP	LE48LJBWKHRD	LE105M LJBCHC1
LE8 LJBMNGR	LE48LJBWKHRE	LE105M LJBCHC2
LE9 LJBSECT	LE48 LJBWKHRF	LE105M LJBCHC3
LE10 LJBSIZE	LE48LJBWKHRG	LE107 LXPCHCF
LE11 LJBHRS		LE108 LXPCHC
	LE48 LJBWKHRH	
LE12 LJBOT	LE49 LJBPEN	LE109 LHUXPCH
LE13 LJBOTPD	LE50 LJBPENM	LE110 LHUNURS
LE14 LJBHRLK	LE52D LJBBGD	LE111 LJULK1
LE15 LJBPL	LE52M LJBBGM	LE112 LJULK4
LE16 LJBTTWT		LE113ALJULKA
	LE52Y LJBBGY4	
LE17 LJBTTWM	LE53 LJBBGLY	LE113BLJULKB
LE18B LJBSAT2	LE54 LPAYS	LE113C LJULKC
LE18D LJBSAT4	LE55OC LPAYSW	LE113D LJULKD
LE18FLJBSAT6	LE56 LPAYSG	LE113ELJULKE
LE18G LJBSAT7		LE114 LJULKJB
	LE59 LPAYLY	
LE19 LJBSAT	LE60OC LPAYLYW	LE115 LJUBGN
LE20 LPAYGL	LE61LPAYLYG	LE116 LJUSPEC
LE21OC LPAYGW	LE73 LJSBOSS	LE117 LJUSOC
LE22 LPAYNL	LE74 LJSSIZE	LE117LJUSOC00
LE23OC LPAYNW	LE75 LJSHRS	LE118 LJUHRSX
LE23A LPYTC	LE76 LJSHRLK	LE119 LJUPAYX
LE23B LPYWFTC	LE77LJSTIME	LE120LJUPAYL
LE23C LPYWFTCW	LE78 LJSTYPEB	LE121 LJUHRSL
LE23D LPYDPTC		
	LE79 LJSACCS	LE124 LEPROSH
LE23E LPYDPTCW	LE80LJSPART	LE129 LEAAGE
LE24 LPAYSLP	LE81BM LJSPRBM	LE130 LJBUB
LE26LPAYUSL	LE81BY LJSPRBY4	LE131 LJBUBY
LE27 LPAYU	LE81EM LJSPREM	LE132LJ2HAS
LE28OC LPAYUW	LE81EY LJSPREY4	LE133 LJ2SOC
LE29 LPAYUG	LE82LJSPRF	LE133 LJ2SOC00
LE30A LPAYDF1	LE83 LJSPRLS	LE134 LJ2SEMP
LE30B LPAYDF2	LE84 LJSPRTX	LE135LJ2HRS
LE30C LPAYDF3	LE85 LJSPRNI	LE136LJ2PAY
LLJUG LFATDF3	LLOD LJOPKINI	LE 130 LJZPAY

LE137A LIVEA	LF9B LFIYRDB2	LF43C3LFTEXC3
LE137B LIVEB	LF9C LFIYRDB3	LF43C4LFTEXC4
LE137C LIVEC	LF9D LFIYRDB4	LF43C5LFTEXC5
LE137D LIVED	LF9E LFIYRDB5	LF43C6LFTEXC6
LE137ELIVEE	LF9FLFIYRDB6	LF44C LFTEXCV
LEG3 PID	LF10LSAVE	LF45C LFTEXCW
LEG4 LHGSEX	LF11 LSAVED	LF46LSPINHH
LEG5M LHGBM	LF11AMLSAVEY1	LF47A LHUBUYS
LEG5Y LHGBY	LF11AMLSAVEY2	LF47B LHUFRYS
LEG6 LIVIOLW	LF12 LSAVREG	LF47C LHUMOPS
LEG7 LIVSTAT1	LF13 LSAVLT	LF47D LHUIRON
LEG8 LIVELIG	LF14 LPPPEN	LF48 LHHCH12
LEG9 LHHMEM	LF15 LPENB4	LF49 LHUSITS
LEG10 LNEWHY	LF16 LPENB4Y4	LF50 LHOWLNG
LEG11 LLVWHY	LF17 LPENB4V	LF51 LCARUSE
LEG12M LLVMN	LF18 LPENB4W	LF52LMOBUSE
LEG12M LNEMNJN	LF19 LPENYR4	LF53 LQALLIF1
LEG12Y LLVYR4	LF20 LPENADD	LF53 LQALLIF2
LEG12Y LNEYRJN4	LF21 LPENADV	LF53 LQALLIF3
LEG13 LLVLOC	LF22LPENADW	LF53 LQALLIF4
LEG14 LIVFIO	LF37 LWINDF	LF54A LIVFA
LEG16 LIVRREF	LF38A LWINDFA	LF54BLIVFB
LEG17 LIVIREIS	LF39A LWINDFAY	LF54C LIVFC
LEG18 LIVFIO	LF38B LWINDFB	LF54D LIVFD
LF2 LNF1	LF39B LWINDFBY	LF54ELIVFE
LF3A LFICODE	LF38C LWINDFC	LF55H LIVFOIH
LF3BAL LFRALL	LF39C LWINDFCY	LF55M LIVFOIM
LF3B01LFR01	LF38D LWINDFD	LF56LIVSC
LF3B02LFR02	LF39DLWINDFDY	LF101 LF101
LF3B03LFR03	LF38F LWINDFF	LF102 LF102
LF3B04LFR04	LF39FLWINDFFY	LF103 LF103
LF3B05 LFR05	LF38G LWINDFG	LF104 LF104
LF3B06LFR06	LF39G LWINDFGY	LF105 LF105
LF3B07LFR07	LF38HLWINDFH	LF106 LF106
LF3B08LFR08	LF39H LWINDFHY	LF116 LF116
LF3B09 LFR09	LF40A LXPMEAL	LF118 LF118
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LF3B10LFR10	LF40B LXPLEIS	LF119 LF119
LF3B11LFR11	LF41LFTEXHH	LF121 LF121
LF3B12LFR12	LF42A LFTEXA	LF122 LF122
LF3B13LFR13	LF43A1LFTEXA1	LF124 LF124
LF3B14LFR14	LF43A2LFTEXA2	LF125 LF125
LF3B15LFR15	LF43A3LFTEXA3	LF126 LF126
LF3B16LFR16	LF43A4LFTEXA4	LF127 LF127
LF3B17 LFR17	LF43A5LFTEXA5	LF128 LF128
LF3B18LFR18	LF43A6 LFTEXA6	LF132 LF132
LF3B19LFR19	LF44A LFTEXAV	LF142 LF142
LF3B20 LFR20	LF45A LFTEXAW	LF135 LF135
LF3C LFRNOW	LF42B LFTEXB	LF136 LF136
LF3D LFRVAL	LF43B1 LFTEXB1	LF137 LF137
LF3EOC LFRW	LF43B2LFTEXB2	LF138 LF138
LF3F LFRJT	LF43B3 LFTEXB3	LF139 LF139
LF3FPN LFRJTPN	LF43B4LFTEXB4	LF140 LF140
LF3SEQ LFISEQ	LF43B5 LFTEXB5	LF141 LF141
LF4LFISIT	LF43B6LFTEXB6	LF151 LF151
LF5 LFISITC	LF44B LFTEXBV	LF152 LF152
LF6 LFISITY	LF45B LFTEXBW	LF153 LF153
LF7 LFISITX	LF42C LFTEXC	LF154 LF154
LF8 LFIYRDIA	LF43C1LFTEXC1	LF155 LF155
LF9A LFIYRDB1	LF43C2LFTEXC2	LF156 LF156

LF157 LF157	LH36LRENTGW	LH53H LCD6NEW
LF158 LF158	LH37LXPHSDF	LH53I LCD7NEW
LF159 LF159	LH38A LXPHSD1	LH53J LCD8NEW
LH0AD LHHDOI	LH38B LXPHSD2	LH53K LCD9NEW
LH0AM LHHMOI	LH39 LXPHSDB	LH53L LCD12NEW
LH0AY LHHYOI4	LH40A LHSKCH	LH54A LCD1CST
LH0BH LHHSOIH	LH40B LHSKCHS	LH54BLCD2CST
LH0BM LHHSOIM	LH40A LHSBTH	LH54C LCD10CST
LH0C LHSTYPE	LH40B LHSBTHS	LH54D LCD11CST
LH1A LHSRINS	LH40A LHSTLT	LH54E LCD3CST
LH2LHSROOM	LH40BLHSTLTS	LH54FLCD4CST
LH3 LHSOWND	LH40A LHSGDN	LH54G LCD5CST
LH4M1LHSOWR1	LH40B LHSGDNS	LH54H LCD6CST
LH4M2 LHSOWR2	LH41A LXPGASY	LH54I LCD7CST
LH5 LHSVAL	LH41BLXPLECY	LH54J LCD8CST
LH6 LMGHAVE	LH41C LXPOILY	LH54K LCD9CST
LH7 LHSOWRP	LH41D LXPSFLY	LH54L LCD12CST
LH8 LMGYNOT	LH42 LHEATCH	LH55 LPCNET
LH9 LHSCOST	LH43 LHEATYP	LH56 LXPHP
LH10LHSYR04	LH44A LHSPRBG	LH57LXPHPDF
LH11 LHSCOST	LH44B LHSPRBH	LH58A LHSCANA
LH12 LMGYR04	LH44C LHSPRBI	LH58B LHSCANB
LH13LMGLY	LH44DLHSPRBJ	LH58C LHSCANC
LH14 LHSIVLW	LH44E LHSPRBK	LH58D LHSCAND
LH15 LMGYR04	LH44FLHSPRBL	LH58E LHSCANE
LH16 LHSCOST	LH44G LHSPRBM	LH58F LHSCANF
LH17 LMGOLD	LH44H LHSPRBN	LH59A LHSCNTA
LH18 LMGLIFE	LH44I LHSPRBO	LH59B LHSCNTB
LH19 LMGTYPE	LH44J LHSPRBP	LH59C LHSCNTC
LH20 LMGXTRA	LH44K LHSPRBQ	LH59D LHSCNTD
LH21LMGNEW	LH45 LHSCTAX	LH59E LHSCNTE
LH22A LMGXTY1	LH46 LHS2OWND	LH59F LHSCNTF
LH22B LMGXTY2	LH47LHS2VALO	LH60 LXPFOOD
LH22C LMGXTY3	LH47A LHS2VALA	LH61 LNCARS
LH22D LMGXTY4	LH47B LHS2VALB	LH62 LCAROWN
LH22E LMGXTY5	LH47C LHS2VALC	LH63 LCARVAL
LH23 LXPMG	LH47D LHS2VALD	LH64M1 LIVH1
LH24A LXPMG1	LH49 LMGTOT	LH64M2 LIVH2
		LH64M3LIVH3
LH24B LXPMG2	LH50 LCDHAVE	
LH24C LXPMG3	LH51A LCD1USE	LH65HLHHFOIH
LH24D LXPMG4	LH51B LCD2USE	LH65M LHHFOIM
LH25 LHSJB	LH51C LCD10USE	LHG2 LHGR2R
LH26M1 LRENTP1	LH51D LCD11USE	LHG3 LHGSEX
LH26M2LRENTP2	LH51E LCD3USE	LHG4M LHGBM
LH27 LRENTLL	LH51F LCD4USE	LHG4Y LHGBY
LH28LRENTF	LH51G LCD5USE	LHG8LMASTAT
LH30 LRENT	LH51HLCD6USE	LHG9 LHGSPN
LH31 LRENTW	LH51I LCD7USE	LHG10 LHGEMP
LH32A LRENT1	LH51J LCD8USE	LHG11 LHGFNO
LH32C LRENT2	LH51K LCD9USE	LHG12 LHGMNO
LH32D LRENT3	LH51L LCD12USE	LHG13LHGRA
LH32ELRENT4	LH52 LCDBGHT	LI1 LIV1
LH32F LRENT5	LH53A LCD1NEW	LI2 LIV2
LH32H LRENT6	LH53B LCD2NEW	LI4 LIV4
LH32B LRENT7	LH53C LCD10NEW	LI5 LIV5
LH32G LRENT8	LH53D LCD11NEW	LI5A LIV5AA
LH33 LRENTHB	LH53E LCD3NEW	LI5B LIV5AB
LH34 LRENTG	LH53F LCD4NEW	LI5C LIV5AC
LH35 LRENTG	LH53G LCD5NEW	LI6A LIV6A
LI.SO LINEIVIO	2 1 LODOINE VV	2.5/ C LIVOA

LI6B LIV6B	LL13YLLMWWY4	LM2N LHLPRBN
LI6C LIV6C	LL15M LLMDVM	LM2O LHLPRBO
LI6D LIV6D	LL15Y LLMDVY4	LM2M LHLPRBM
LI6E LIV6E	LL16M LLMSPM	LM2M0 LHLPRB
LI7 LIV6F	LL16Y LLMSPY4	LM9 LHLLT
LI8 LIV7	LL19 LLNCOH	LM10A LHLLTA
LJ5D LCJSBGD	LL20M LLCSBM	LM10B LHLLTB
LJ5M LCJSBGM	LL20YLLCSBY4	LM10C LHLLTC
LJ5Y LCJSBGY4	LL21M LLCSEM	LM10D LHLLTD
LJ6 LNEMST	LL21YLLCSEY4	LM10E LHLLTE
LJ8LCJSBLY	LL21NE LLCSNE	LM11 LHLLTW
LJ9LJHSTAT	LL20SPLLCSNO	LM11A LHLENDW
LJ10D LJHBGD		LM11B LHLLTWA
LJ10M LJHBGM	LL23 LLNADOPT	LM12 LHLIV65
LJ10YLJHBGY4	LL24AM LLACBM	LM13A LADLA
LJ12LNJBS	LL24AYLLACBY4	LM13B LADLAD
LJ14 LJHSOC	LL24B LLACSX	LM14A LADLB
LJ14LJHSOC00	LL24C LLACST	LM14B LADLBD
LJ16LJHSEMP	LL24D LLACYB4	LM15A LADLC
LJ17 LJHBOSS	LL24ELLACLV	LM15B LADLCD
LJ18LJHSECT	LL24G LLACYD4	LM16A LADLD
LJ19 LJHMNGR	LL24H LLACAL	LM16B LADLDD
LJ21LJHPLDF	LL24F LLACNO	LM17A LADLE
LJ22 LJHSIC	LL27AM LLCHBM	LM17B LADLED
LJ22 LJHSIC92	LL27AY LLCHBY4	LM18A LADLF
LJ23LJHSIZE	LL27B LLCHSX	LM18B LADLFD
LJ24LJHPAYL	LL27C LLCHLV	LM21 LHL2GP
LJ25OC LJHPYLW	LL27E LLCHYD4	LM22 LHL2HOP
LJ26LJHPYLG	LL27FLLCHAL	LM23 LXDTS
LJ27LJHSTPY	LL28 LCBAGE	LM24 LNXDTS
LJ28 LJBLKY	LL30LLCHMORN	LM25 LHOSP
LJ31 LJBHAD	LL31A LIVLA	LM26 LHOSPD
LJ32 LJLEND4	LL31B LIVLB	LM28 LHOSPCH
LJ33LJLSOC	LL31CLIVLC	LM29 LHOSPNHS
LJ33 LJLSOC00	LL31D LIVLD	LM30 LHLCVR
LJ34 LJLSIC	LL31E LIVLE	LM31 LHLCVRH
LJ34LJLSIC92	LL32M LLEDENDM	LM32 LHLCVRL
LJ35LJLSEMP	LL32YLLEDENY4	LM33 LHLSV
LJ36LJLBOSS	LL32NL LLEDNOW	LM34A LHLSVA
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LJ37 LJLMNGR	LL27DN LLNCNO	LM35A LHLSVAN
LJ38 LJLSIZE	LL33SP LLESHNO	LM36A LHLSVAF
LJ39A LIVJA	LL33 LLESHST	LM34B LHLSVB
LJ39B LIVJB	LL34M LLESHEM	LM35B LHLSVBN
LJ39C LIVJC	LL34YLLESHEY4	LM36B LHLSVBF
LJ39D LIVJD	LL34NE LLESHNE	LM34C LHLSVC
LJ39E LIVJE	LM1 LHLDSBL	LM35C LHLSVCN
LL4M LLMARM	LM1A LHLSTAT	LM36C LHLSVCF
LL4M LLMARY4	LM2A LHLPRBA	LM34D LHLSVD
LL5LMPNO	LM2B LHLPRBB	LM35D LHLSVDN
LL6LLCMCOH	LM2C LHLPRBC	LM36D LHLSVDF
LL7M LLCMCBM	LM2D LHLPRBD	LM34E LHLSVE
LL7Y LLCMCBY4	LM2E LHLPRBE	LM35E LHLSVEN
LL8M LLCMSPM	LM2F LHLPRBF	LM36E LHLSVEF
LL8YLLCMSPY4	LM2G LHLPRBG	LM34FLHLSVF
LL10 LLMCOH	LM2H LHLPRBH	LM35FLHLSVFN
LL11M LLMCBM	LM2I LHLPRBI	LM36FLHLSVFF
LL11Y LLMCBY4	LM2J LHLPRBJ	LM34G LHLSVG
LL12 LLMEND	LM2K LHLPRBK	
		LM35G LHLSVGN
LL13M LLMWWM	LM2L LHLPRBL	LM36G LHLSVGF
LLIGIVI LLIVIVV VVIVI		2.11.000

LM34H LHLSVH	LP10M LPRESBGM	LS5B LNET3RL
LM35H LHLSVHN	LP10YLPRESBY4	LS5BOC LNET1WR
LM36H LHLSVHF	LP11 LPRESLY	LS5BOC LNET2WR
LM34I LHLSVI	LP23 LPRFEHQ	LS5BOC LNET3WR
LM35I LHLSVIN	LP25 LPRSEHQ	LS5C LNET1AG
	,	
LM36I LHLSVIF	LP58 LPRJBFT	LS5C LNET2AG
LM34L LHLSVL	LP59M LPRJBBGM	LS5C LNET3AG
LM35LLHLSVLN	LP59Y LPRJBBY4	LS5D LNET1KN
LM36L LHLSVLF	LP60 LPRJBLY	LS5D LNET2KN
	LP61 LPREARN	LS5D LNET3KN
LM34M LHLSVM		
LM35M LHLSVMN	LP70A LPRF101	LS5E LNET1PH
LM36M LHLSVMF	LP70B LPRF102	LS5E LNET2PH
LM34J1LHLSVJ	LP70C LPRF116	LS5E LNET3PH
LM35J1LHLSVJN	LP70D LPRF131	LS5F LNET1LV
LM36J1LHLSVJF	LP70F LPRF135	LS5F LNET2LV
LM34J2 LHLSVK	LP70G LPRF137	LS5F LNET3LV
LM35J2 LHLSVKN	LP70H LPRF139	LS5GLNET1JB
LM36J2LHLSVKF	LF70I LPRF125	LS5G LNET2JB
	LP70J LPRF141	
LM37 LHLCK		LS5GLNET3JB
LM38A LHLCKA	LP70NO LPRFIRN	LS6A LNETSOC
LM39A LHLCKAN	LP71 LPRFITB	LT2B LTELWHY
LM38B LHLCKB	LPI1A LIVPA	LT45 LTLFIYRL
LM39B LHLCKBN	LPI1B LIVPB	LT50 LTLFIYR
LM38C LHLCKC	LPI1C LIVPC	LV1A LOPNATA
LM39C LHLCKCN	LPI1D LIVPD	LV1B LOPNATB
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LM38DLHLCKD	LPI1E LIVPE	LV1C LOPNATC
LM39D LHLCKDN	LS1A LGHQA	LV1D LOPNATD
LM38E LHLCKE	LS1B LGHQB	LV1E LOPNATE
LM39E LHLCKEN	LS1C LGHQC	LV1F LOPNATF
LM38F LHLCKI	LS1DLGHQD	LV2 LVOTE1
LM39F LHLCKIN	LS1E LGHQE	LV3 LVOTE2
LM38G LHLCKF	LS1F LGHQF	LV4 LVOTE3
LM39G LHLCKFN	LS1G LGHQG	LV5 LVOTE4
LM38H LHLCKG	LS1HLGHQH	LV6 LVOTE5
LM39H LHLCKGN	LS1I LGHQI	LV7 LVOTE7
LM38I LHLCKH	LS1J LGHQJ	LV8 LVOTE8
LM39I LHLCKHN	LS1K LGHQK	LV9 LVOTE6
LM40 LSMOKER	LS1L LGHQL	LV10LOPDEV1
	LS2A LOPFAMO	LV11 LOPDEV2
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LM42 LSMCIGS	LS2B LOPFAML	LV12 LOPEUR1
LM43 LAGLQUT	LS2C LOPFAMP	LV13 LOPEUR2
LM45 LAIDHH	LS2D LOPFAMQ	LV14 LOPEUR3
LM46P1 LAIDHUA	LS2E LOPFAMK	LV15 LOPEUR4
	LS2F LOPFAMR	LV16A LLACTA
LM46P2 LAIDHUB		
LM46P3 LAIDHUC	LS3A LLFSAT1	LV16B LLACTB
LM47 LAIDXHH	LS3B LLFSAT2	LV16C LLACTC
LM48 LNAIDXHH	LS3C LLFSAT3	LV16D LLACTD
LM49M1 LAIDHU1	LS3D LLFSAT4	LV16ELLACTE
LM49M2 LAIDHU2	LS3E LLFSAT5	LV16F LLACTF
LM51LAIDHRS	LS3F LLFSAT6	LV16H LLACTH
LM52A LIVMA	LS3G LLFSAT7	LV16I LLACTI
LM52B LIVMB	LS3H LLFSAT8	LV16J LLACTJ
	LS4A LLFSATO	LV16K LLACTK
LM52C LIVMC		
LM52D LIVMD	LS4B LLFSATL	LV16LLLACTL
LM52E LIVME	LS5A LNETSX1	LV17 LFRNA
		v
LP2B LPRRS2I		
	LS5ALNETSX2	LV18LFRNB
	LS5ALNETSX2	
LP2C LPRIPN	LS5A LNETSX2 LS5A LNETSX3	LV19 LFRNC
LP2C LPRIPN LP2D LPRWHY	LS5A LNETSX2 LS5A LNETSX3 LS5B LNET1RL	LV19 LFRNC LV20A LLVMA
LP2C LPRIPN	LS5A LNETSX2 LS5A LNETSX3	LV19 LFRNC

LV20A LLVPA	LV48LSCTUTL	LY13LYPARGM
LV20BLPAAGE	LV48LSCTUTH	LY14 LYPARGF
LV20ALLVCH	LV48 LSCTUTO	LY15 LYPTLKM
LV20C LNLVCH	LV49A LSC2UNI	LY16 LYPTLKF
LV20A LNOLVREL	LV49B LSCLUNI	LY17 LYPNPAL
LV21 LPARMAR	LV50 LSCARG	LY18 LYPFGHT
LV22 LMALONE	LV51LSCTALK	LY19LYPEATN
LV23 LPALONE	LV52 LSCPRAZ	LY20 LYPSMEV
LV24A LMASEE	LV53LSCSMAK	LY21 LYPSMOF
LV24B LMATEL	LV54 LSCCUDL	LY22LYPSMLW
		_
LV24C LMAMAIL	LV55 LSCYELL	LY23 LYPDGFR
LV25 LMAFAR	LV56LSCHOSA	LY24 LYPESTA
LV26ALPASEE	LV57 LSCHOS1	LY25LYPESTI
LV26B LPATEL	LV57 LSCHOS2	LY26LYPESTB
LV26C LPAMAIL	LV58 LHSCIMP	LY27 LYPESTJ
LV27 LPAFAR	LV59 LPLYKID	LY28 LYPESTC
LV28ALCHSEE	LV60 LLEIKID	LY29LYPESTK
LV28B LCHTEL	LV61 LKIDOPA	LY30 LYPESTE
LV28C LCHMAIL	LV62LKIDSEE	LY31 LYPESTF
LV29 LCHFAR	LV63 LKIDWE	LY32 LYPTCHA
LV30A LCHAIDA	LV64 LKIDHOL	LY33 LYPTCHB
LV30B LCHAIDB	LV64A LKIDFAR	LY34LYPHSW
LV30C LCHAIDC	LV65LKIDREL	LY35 LYPHAP
LV30D LCHAIDD	LV66 LOHCH16	LY36LYPHFM
LV30E LCHAIDE	LV67LSEEKID	LY37 LYPHFR
LV30FLCHAIDF	LV68 LWEKID	LY38LYPHSC
LV30GLCHAIDG	LV69 LHOLKID	LY39 LYPHLF
LV30H LCHAIDH	LV69A LFARKID	LY40 LYPVTE6
LV30I LCHAIDI	LV70LRELKID	LY41 LYPVTE3
LV30NO LNOCHAID	LV71A LIVVA	LY42 LYPVT11
LV31A LCAIDUA	LV71B LIVVB	LY43 LYPTRUN
LV31B LCAIDUB	LV71C LIVVC	LY44 LYPBULL
LV31C LCAIDUC	LV71D LIVVD	LY45 LYPOPSC
LV31D LCAIDUD		LY46LYPLVSC
	LV71E LIVVE	
LV31E LCAIDUE	LVN12 LNIPOP1	LY47LYPACVS
LV31FLCAIDUF	LVN13 LNIPOP2	LY49 LYPSOC
LV31G LCAIDUG	LVN14 LNIPOP3	LY50 LYPWKLW
LV31H LCAIDUH	LVN15 LNIPOP4	LY51M1 LYPSOC1
LV31I LCAIDUI	LVN16 LNIPOP5	LY51M2 LYPSOC2
LV31NO LNOCAIDU	LVN17 LNIPOP6	LY52LYPWHRS
LV32 LHHCH16	LY1 LYTVHRS	LY53 LYPPAY
LV34 LPNO	LY2 LYTVSTP	LY54A LYPWKM
LV35 LSCAGE	LY3A LYPACTA	LY54B LYPWKT
LV36 LSCTEX	LY3B LYPACTB	LY54C LYPWKW
LV37 LSCAGE4	LY3C LYPACTC	LY54D LYPWKTH
LV38 LSCTYP	LY3D LYPACTD	LY54E LYPWKF
LV39Y LSCHBGY	LY3E LYPACTE	LY54F LYPWKSA
LV39M LSCHBGM	LY3F LYPACTM	LY54G LYPWKSU
LV40LSCHSTA	LY3G LYPACTN	LY55 LYPLVHM
LV41 LSCHLNG	LY3H LYPACTL	LY56LYP2UNI
LV42LSCHSAT	LY4 LYPCHOR	LY57M1 LYPNUNA
LV43 LSCHHW	LY5 LYPCOMP	LY57M2 LYPNUNB
LV44 LSCACVS	LY6 LYPPCHW	LY58A LYPJBQA
LV45 LSCACH	LY7 LYPPCG	LY58B LYPJBQD
LV46 LSCAG11	LY8 LYPPCNT	LY58C LYPJBQB
LV47LSCTUT	LY9 LYPMOBU	LY58DLYPJBQF
LV48LSCTUTE	LY10LYPPALS	LY58E LYPJBQG
LV48 LSCTUTM	LY11 LYPPALO	LY58F LYPJBQH
	LY12 LYPLATE	
LV48LSCTUTS	LTIZ LYPLATE	LY59A LYPFUTA

LY59B LYPFUTB	MD24 MEDQUAL1	MD33B MOPRLG5
MD0AD MD0ID	MD24 MEDQUAL2	MD33C MOPRLG6
MD0AM MDOIM	MD25A1 MEDQLA1	MD34 MJBSTAT
MD0AY MD0IY4	MD25A2 MEDQLA2	MD36 MPASOC
MD0BA MIVLYR	MD25B1 MEDQLB1	MD36 MPASOC00
MD0BB MIVSTAT2	MD25B2 MEDQLB2	MD36ANA MPAJU
MD1H MIVSOIH	MD25C1 MEDQLC1	MD37 MPASEMP
MD1MMIVSOIM	MD25C2 MEDQLC2	MD38 MPABOSS
MD2 MLKNBRD	MD25D1 MEDQLD1	MD39 MPAMNGR
MD9A MMOVJBA	MD25D2 MEDQLD2	MD4 MLKMOVY
MD9B MMOVJBB	MD25E1 MEDQLE1	MD40 MMASOC00
MD9C MMOVJBC	MD25E2 MEDQLE2	MD40 MMASOC
MD9D MMOVJBD	MD25F1 MEDQLF1	MD40 MMAJU
		MD40 MMASEMP
MD9E MMOVJBE	MD25F2 MEDQLF2	
MD9F MMOVJBF	MD25G1 MEDQLG1	MD42 MMABOSS
MD9GMMOVJBG	MD25G2 MEDQLG2	MD43 MMAMNGR
MD9H MMOVJBH	MD25H1 MEDQLH1	MD44 MJ1SOC
MD9I MMOVJBI	MD25H2 MEDQLH2	MD44 MJ1SOC00
MD10M1 MMOVY1	MD25I1MEDQLI1	MD44NA MJ1NONE
MD10M2 MMOVY2	MD25I2 MEDQLI2	MD45 MJ1SEMP
MD11M MDOBM	MD25J1 MEDQLJ1	MD46 MJ1BOSS
MD11Y MDOBY	MD25J2 MEDQLJ2	MD47 MJ1MNGR
MD12 MSEX	MD25NA MEDQNN2	MD48 MLCOH
MD12 MSEX	MD25NONE MEDQNN1	MD49MMCOH1BM
MD14 MMLSTAT	MD26A1 MEDQLAN1	MD49Y MCOH1BY
MD15 MMLCHNG	MD26A2 MEDQLAN2	MD5 MXPMOVE
MD16MMMLCHM	MD26B1 MEDQLBN1	MD50 MCOH1MR
MD16Y MMLCHY4	MD26B2 MEDQLBN2	MD51MMCOH1EM
MD17 MJBSTAT	MD26C1 MEDQLCN1	MD51Y MCOH1EY
MD17A MRACEL	MD26C2 MEDQLCN2	MD52 MNMAR
MD18 MEDLYR	MD26D1 MEDQLDN1	MD53M MLMAR1M
MD19 MEDTYPE2	MD26D2 MEDQLDN2	MD53Y MLMAR1Y
MD19 MEDTYPE1	MD26E1 MEDQLEN1	MD54 MLPRNT
MD20 MEDBLYR2	MD26E2 MEDQLEN2	MD55 MLNPRNT
MD20 MEDBLYR1	MD26F1 MEDQLFN1	MD56M MCH1BM
MD21M MEDBGM1	MD26F2 MEDQLFN2	MD56Y MCH1BY
MD21M2 MEDBGM2	MD26G1 MEDQLGN1	MD57 MSCEND
MD21Y MEDBGY1	MD26G2 MEDQLGN2	MD57NA MSCHOOL
MD21Y2 MEDBGY2	MD26H1 MEDQLHN1	MD58 MSCTYPE
MD22 MEDENNE1	MD26H2 MEDQLHN2	MD59 MSCNOW
MD22M MEDENM1	MD26I1 MEDQLIN1	MD6 MPLNEW
MD22M2 MEDENM2	MD26I2 MEDQLIN2	MD60 MFETYPE
MD22NE2 MEDENNE2	MD26J1 MEDQLJN1	MD61 MFEEND
MD22Y MEDENY1	MD26J2 MEDQLJN2	MD61NAMFENOW
MD22Y2 MEDENY2	MD27 MEDQL1	MD62MQFHAS
	,	
MD23A MEDFEEA1	MD27 MEDOQL2	MD63A MQFA
MD23A2 MEDFEEA2	MD27NONE . MEDOQLN1	MD63B MQFB
MD23B MEDFEEB1	MD27NONE . MEDOQLN2	MD63C MQFC
MD23B2 MEDFEEB2	MD28 MEDMORE2	MD63D MQFD
MD23C MEDFEEC1	MD28 MEDMORE1	MD63E MQFE
MD23C2 MEDFEEC2	MD29DST MPLBORND	MD63F MQFF
MD23D MEDFEED1	MD29OS MPLBORNC	MD63G MQFG
MD23D2 MEDFEED2	MD3 MLKMOVE	MD63H MQFH
MD23E MEDFEEE1	MD30 MYR2UK4	MD63I MQFI
MD23E2 MEDFEEE2	MD31 MMLSTAT	MD63J MQFJ
MD23F MEDFEEF1	MD32M1 MCITZN1	MD63K MQFK
MD23F2 MEDFEEF2	MD32M2 MCITZN2	MD63L MQFL
MD23G MEDFEEG1	MD33 MRACEL	MD63MMQFM
MD23G2 MEDFEEG2	MD33A MOPRLG4	MD63N MQFN
IVIDESSE IVIEDFEESE	IVIDUUA IVIOFREG4	IVIDUOIN IVIQFIN

MD64 MQFED	MD70D3 MTRWHYD3	MD75I2 MTRQLI2
MD65A MQFEDA	MD70E1 MTRWHYE1	MD75I3 MTRQLI3
MD65B MQFEDB	MD70E2 MTRWHYE2	MD75J1 MTRQLJ1
MD65C MQFEDC	MD70E3 MTRWHYE3	MD75J2 MTRQLJ2
MD65D MQFEDD	MD71 MTRQ3	MD75J3 MTRQLJ3
MD65E MQFEDE	MD71 MTRQ1	MD75NONE . MTRQLNN1
MD65F MQFEDF	MD71 MTRU3	MD75NONE . MTRQLNN3
MD65G MQFEDG	MD71 MTRQ2	MD75NONE . MTRQLNN2
MD65H MQFEDH	MD71	MD76AN1 MTRQLAN1
MD65I MQFEDI		
	MD71 MTRU2	MD76AN2 MTRQLAN2
MD65J MQFEDJ	MD72A1 MTRFEEA1	MD76AN3 MTRQLAN3
MD65K MQFEDK	MD72A2 MTRFEEA2	MD76BN1 MTRQLBN1
MD65L MQFEDL	MD72A3 MTRFEEA3	MD76BN2 MTRQLBN2
MD65MMQFEDM	MD72B1 MTRFEEB1	MD76BN3 MTRQLBN3
MD65N MQFEDN	MD72B2 MTRFEEB2	MD76CN1 MTRQLCN1
MD65O MQFEDO	MD72B3 MTRFEEB3	MD76CN2 MTRQLCN2
MD65P MQFEDP	MD72C1 MTRFEEC1	MD76CN3 MTRQLCN3
MD65Q MQFEDQ	MD72C2 MTRFEEC2	MD76DN1 MTRQLDN1
MD65R MQFEDR	MD72C3 MTRFEEC3	MD76DN2 MTRQLDN2
MD65SMQFEDS	MD72E1 MTRFEEE1	MD76DN3 MTRQLDN3
MD65T MQFEDT	MD72E2 MTRFEEE2	MD76EN1 MTRQLEN1
MD65U MQFEDU	MD72E3 MTRFEEE3	MD76EN2 MTRQLEN2
MD66A MNQFEDA	MD72F1 MTRFEEF1	MD76EN3 MTRQLEN3
MD66B MNQFEDB	MD72F2 MTRFEEF2	MD76FN1 MTRQLFN1
MD66C MNQFEDC	MD72F3 MTRFEEF3	MD76FN2 MTRQLFN2
MD66D MNQFEDD	MD72G1 MTRFEEG1	MD76FN3 MTRQLFN3
MD66E MNQFEDE	MD72G2 MTRFEEG2	MD76GN1 MTRQLGN1
MD66F MNQFEDF		
	MD72G3 MTRFEEG3	MD76GN2 MTRQLGN2
MD66G MNQFEDG	MD73 MTRQLXP3	MD76GN3 MTRQLGN3
MD66H MNQFEDH	MD73 MTRQLXP1	MD76HN1 MTRQLHN1
MD66I MNQFEDI	MD73 MTRQLXP2	MD76HN2 MTRQLHN2
MD66J MNQFEDJ	MD74 MTRQLAC3	MD76HN3 MTRQLHN3
MD66K MNQFEDK	MD74 MTRQLAC2	MD76IN1 MTRQLIN1
MD66L MNQFEDL	MD74 MTRQLAC1	MD76IN1 MTRQLIN1
MD66MMNQFEDM	MD75A1 MTRQLA1	MD76IN3 MTRQLIN3
MD66N MNQFEDN	MD75A2 MTRQLA2	MD76JN1 MTRQLJN1
MD66O MNQFEDO	MD75A3 MTRQLA3	MD76JN2 MTRQLJN2
MD66P MNQFEDP	MD75B1 MTRQLB1	MD76JN3 MTRQLJN3
MD66Q MNQFEDQ	MD75B2 MTRQLB2	MD77 MTROQL1
MD66R MNQFEDR	MD75B3 MTRQLB3	MD77 MTROQL3
MD66S MNQFEDS	MD75C1 MTRQLC1	MD77 MTROQL2
		·
MD66T MNQFEDT	MD75C2 MTRQLC2	MD77NO MTROQLN3
MD66U MNQFEDU	MD75C3 MTRQLC3	MD77NONE . MTROQLN1
MD67MTRAIN	MD75D1 MTRQLD1	MD77NONE . MTROQLN2
MD68 MNTRAIN	MD75D2 MTRQLD2	MD78 MTRMORE1
MD69 MTRPLCE2	MD75D3 MTRQLD3	MD78MTRMORE2
MD69 MTRPLCE3	MD75E1 MTRQLE1	MD79MIVLPAR
MD69 MTRPLCE1	MD75E2 MTRQLE2	MD7M MPLNOWM
MD70A1 MTRWHYA1	MD75E3 MTRQLE3	MD7Y MPLNOWY4
MD70A2MTRWHYA2	MD75F1 MTRQLF1	MD8 MMOVJB
MD70A3 MTRWHYA3	MD75F2 MTRQLF2	MD80 MNRPART
MD70B1 MTRWHYB1	MD75F3 MTRQLF3	MD81 MNRPTIM
MD70B2MTRWHYB2	MD75G1 MTRQLG1	MD82 MNRPXPM1
MD70B3 MTRWHYB3	MD75G2 MTRQLG2	MD83MNRPXPM2
MD70B3MTRWHYB3 MD70C1MTRWHYC1		
	MD75G3 MTRQLG3	MD84 MCOHADV
MD70C2 MTRWHYC2	MD75H1 MTRQLH1	MD85 MCOHAD1
MD70C3 MTRWHYC3	MD75H2 MTRQLH2	MD85 MCOHAD2
MD70D1 MTRWHYD1	MD75H3 MTRQLH3	MD86 MCOHDIS
MD70D2 MTRWHYD2	MD75I1 MTRQLI1	MD87

MD87 MCOHDS1	MD117E MWLSHE	ME15 MJBPL
MD88 MCOHXPM1	MD118A MWLSHUA	ME16 MJBTTWT
MD89 MCOHXPM2	MD118B MWLSHUB	ME17 MJBTTWM
MD90A MBIRHH	MD118C MWLSHUC	ME18B MJBSAT2
MD90B MMABWLY	MD118D MWLSHUD	ME18D MJBSAT4
		ME18FMJBSAT6
MD91 MMABWNLY	MD118E MWLSHUE	
MD92AGM1 MBWTAGM1	MD119 MAGLT20	ME18GMJBSAT7
MD92AGM2 MBWTAGM2	MD120 MSCNOW2	ME19 MJBSAT
MD92AGM3 MBWTAGM3	MD121 MINFTED	ME20 MPAYGL
MD92PN1 MBWTPN1	MD122 MEDASP	ME21OCMPAYGW
MD92PN2 MBWTPN2	MD123 MFEDASP	ME22 MPAYNL
MD92PN3 MBWTPN3	MD123A MFEDTYP	ME23A MPYTC
MD93 MBWTXP2	MD124 MFEDLIK	ME23B MPYWFTC
MD93 MBWTXP3	MD125M1 MFEDNT1	ME23C MPYWFTCW
MD93 MBWTXP1	MD125M2 MFEDNT2	ME23OC MPAYNW
MD94 MBWTEL2	MD126 MOCFUT	ME24 MPAYSLP
MD94 MBWTEL3	MD127A MOCIMPA	ME26 MPAYUSL
MD94 MBWTEL1	MD127B MOCIMPB	ME27 MPAYU
MD95 MBWTWK2	MD127C MOCIMPC	ME28OCMPAYUW
MD95 MBWTWK3	MD127D MOCIMPD	ME29 MPAYUG
MD95 MBWTWK1	MD127E MOCIMPE	ME30A MPAYDF1
MD96 MBWTKN1	MD127F MOCIMPF	ME30B MPAYDF2
MD96 MBWTKN2	MD127G MOCIMPG	ME30C MPAYDF3
MD96 MBWTKN3	MD127H MOCIMPH	ME30D MPAYDF4
MD97LB1 MBWTLB1	MD127I MOCIMPI	ME30E MPAYDF5
MD97LB2 MBWTLB2	MD127J MOCIMPJ	ME30F MPAYDF6
MD97LB3 MBWTLB3	MD127K MOCIMPK	ME30G MPAYDF7
MD97OZ1 MBWTOZ1	MD127L MOCIMPL	ME30H MPAYDF9
MD97OZ2 MBWTOZ2	MD128A MFUTRA	ME30I MPAYDF8
MD97OZ3 MBWTOZ3	MD128B MFUTRB	ME31 MPAYTYP
MD98 MBWTGM3	MD128C MFUTRC	ME32 MOVTPAY
MD98 MBWTGM2	MD128D MFUTRD	ME33 MEXTRATE
MD98 MBWTGM2		
	MD128E MFUTRE	ME33 MEXTREST
MD99 MBWTG53	MD128F MFUTRF	ME34 MBASRATE
MD99 MBWTG51	MD128G MFUTRG	ME34 MBASREST
MD99 MBWTG52	MD128H MFUTRH	ME35 MOVTRATE
MD100MCBAGE	MD128IMFUTRI	ME35 MOVTREST
MD101 MLCHMOR	MD128J MFUTRJ	ME39 MJBPERFP
MD102 MLCHMORN	MD129A MIVDA	ME40 MJBONUS
MD103 MLVAG16	MD129B MIVDB	ME41 MJBONAM
MD104 MAGELH	MD129C MIVDC	ME42 MJBONG
MD105 MLVAG14	MD129D MIVDD	ME43 MJBRISE
MD106 MYNLP14	MD129E MIVDE	ME44 MTUJBPL
MD107 MSIBS	ME1 MJBHAS	ME45 MTUIN1
MD108MNSIBS		ME46 MJBOPPS
	ME2 MJBOFF	
MD108A MFAMSIZ	ME3 MJBOFFY	ME47 MJBPEN
MD109 MFAMPOS	ME4 MJBTERM1	ME48 MJBPENM
MD110 MPABY	ME4A MJBTERM2	ME49A MJBWKHRC
MD110A MPAAGYB		
	ME5 MJBSOC	ME49A MJBWKHRH
MD111 MMABY	ME5 MJBSOC00	ME49A MJBWKHRG
MD111A MMAAGYB	ME6 MJBSIC92	ME49A MJBWKHRF
MD112 MPAEDHI	ME7 MJBSEMP	ME49A MJBWKHRD
MD113 MMAEDHI	ME8 MJBMNGR	ME49A MJBWKHRB
MD114 MNBOOKS	ME9 MJBSECT	ME49A MJBWKHRA
MD115 MHOOD15	ME10 MJBSIZE	ME49A MJBWKHRE
MD117A MWLSHA	ME11 MJBHRS	ME49B MJBWKPAT
MD117B MWLSHB	ME12 MJBOT	ME49C MJBEN2M
MD117C MWLSHC	ME13 MJBOTPD	ME49C MJBEN3M
MD117D MWLSHD	ME14 MJBHRLK	ME49C MJBEN2H
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ME49C MJ	BST2M	ME62	MPAYS	ME81BY	. MJSPRBY4
ME49C MJ	BST1M	ME63OC	MPAYSW	ME81EM	. MJSPREM
ME49C MJ		ME64		ME81EY	
				-	
ME49C MJ		ME73		ME82	
ME49C MJI	BEN1M	ME74	MJSSIZE	ME83	MJSPRLS
ME49C MJ	BST2H	ME75	MJSHRS	ME84	. MJSPRTX
ME49C MJ		-	MJSHRLK	ME85	
ME49C MJ			. MJSWKPAT	ME86BM	
ME49C MJ	BST1H	ME77B	MJSEN2H	ME86BY	. MJSPRBY4
ME49D MLV	VFN7M	ME77B	MJSST1M	ME86EM	MJSPREM
ME49D MLV		ME77B		ME86EY	
ME49D MLV			MJSEN1M	ME87	
ME49D MLW	/DNW4	ME77B	MJSST2H	ME88	MJSPRLS
ME49D ML\	NST5H	ME77B	MJSST2M	ME89	. MJSPRTX
ME49D MLV			MJSEN3M	ME90	
ME49D MLV			MJSEN3H	ME91	
ME49D MLV		ME77B	MJSST3M	ME92	
ME49D MLW	VDNW5	ME77B	MJSST3H	ME93	MJSPYTX
ME49D ML\		MF77B	MJSEN2M	ME94	
ME49D MLW			MJSST1H	ME95	
ME49D MLV	VEN6H		. MLWSST6H	ME96	
ME49D MLV	VEN6M	ME77C	. MLWSEN6M	ME97	. MJSTTWM
ME49D ML\	NST1H	MF77C	. MLWSEN4M	ME98A	MJSSAT1
ME49D ML\		-	MLWSDNW4	ME98B	
		_	_		
ME49D MLW			. MLWSST5H	ME98D	
ME49D MLV	VST4M	ME77C	. MLWSST5M	ME98E	MJSSAT5
ME49D MLV	VST7M	ME77C	. MLWSEN5H	ME99	MJSSAT
ME49D MLV		ME77C		ME100D	
ME49D MLV			. MLWSEN4H	ME100M	
ME49D MLW		ME77C	. MLWSEN6H	ME100Y	
ME49D MLV	VEN1H	ME77C	. MLWSST7M	ME101A	MJBLKCHA
ME49D ML\		ME77C		ME101B	
ME49D MLV			. MLWSST7H	ME101D ME101C	
		_			
ME49D ML\			. MLWSEN7H	ME101D	
ME49D MLV	VST2M	ME77C	. MLWSEN5M	ME101E	MJBLKCHE
ME49D MLV	WFN2H	MF77C	MLWSDNW7	ME102A	MJBXPCHA
ME49D MLV		_	. MLWSST1H	ME102B	
_		-			
ME49D MLV	_	_	. MLWSST6M	ME102C	
ME49D MLW		-	. MLWSST1M	ME102D	MJBXPCHD
ME49D MLV	VEN2M	ME77C	. MLWSEN7M	ME102E	MJBXPCHE
ME49D MLV			. MLWSST4M	ME104	
ME49D MLV		ME77C		ME105M1	_
		-	_		
ME49D ML\		ME77C		ME105M2	
ME49D MLW	/DNW2	ME77C	. MLWSST2H	ME105M3	. MJBCHC3
ME49E MJE	3PATW	ME77C	. MLWSST2M	ME107	. MXPCHCF
ME52D M		ME77C		ME108	
		ME77C	_		
ME52M M				ME109	
ME52Y MJ	BBGY4	ME77C		ME110	. MHUNURS
ME53 MJ	BBGLY	ME77C	. MLWSST3M	ME111	MJULK1
ME54	MPAYS	ME77C	MLW/SST4H	ME112	M.II II K4
ME55OC MF		ME77C		ME113A	
		_			
ME56 MI		ME77C		ME113B	
ME57D M	JBBGD	ME77C	. MLWSEN3M	ME113C	MJULKC
ME57M M	JBBGM	ME77C	MLWSDNW2	ME113D	MJULKD
ME57Y MJ		ME77C	-	ME113E	
ME58 MJ				ME113L	
		ME78			
ME59 M		ME79		ME115	
ME60OC MP/	AYLYW	ME80	MJSPART	ME116	
ME61 MP.	AYLYG	ME81BM	MJSPRBM	ME117	MJUSOC00
					-

ME117 MJUSOC	MF3B18 MFR18	MF43A3 MFTEXA3
ME118 MJUHRSX	MF3B19 MFR19	MF43A4 MFTEXA4
ME119 MJUPAYX	MF3B20 MFR20	MF43A5 MFTEXA5
ME120 MJUPAYL	MF3BALMFRALL	MF43A6 MFTEXA6
ME121 MJUHRSL	MF3C MFRNOW	MF43B1 MFTEXB1
ME124 MEPROSH	MF3D MFRVAL	MF43B2 MFTEXB2
ME129 MEAAGE	MF3EOCMFRW	MF43B3 MFTEXB3
ME130 MJBUB	MF3F MFRJT	MF43B4 MFTEXB4
ME131 MJBUBY	MF3FPN MFRJTPN	MF43B5 MFTEXB5
ME132 MJ2HAS	MF3SEQMFISEQ	MF43B6 MFTEXB6
ME133 MJ2SOC00	MF4 MFISIT	MF43C1 MFTEXC1
ME133 MJ2SOC	MF5 MFISITC	MF43C2 MFTEXC2
ME134 MJ2SEMP	MF6 MFISITY	MF43C3 MFTEXC3
ME135 MJ2HRS	MF7 MFISITX	MF43C4 MFTEXC4
ME136 MJ2PAY	MF8 MFIYRDIA	MF43C5 MFTEXC5
ME137A MIVEA	MF9A MFIYRDB1	MF43C6 MFTEXC6
ME137B MIVEB	MF9B MFIYRDB2	MF44A MFTEXAV
ME137C MIVEC	MF9C MFIYRDB3	MF44B MFTEXBV
ME137D MIVED	MF9D MFIYRDB4	MF44C MFTEXCV
ME137E MIVEE	MF9E MFIYRDB5	MF45A MFTEXAW
MEG3PID	MF9F MFIYRDB6	MF45B MFTEXBW
MEG4 MHGSEX	MF10 MSAVE	MF45C MFTEXCW
MEG5M MHGBM	MF11 MSAVED	MF46 MSPINHH
MEG5Y MHGBY	MF11AM1 MSAVEY1	MF47A MHUBUYS
	MF11AM2 MSAVEY2	MF47B MHUFRYS
MEG6 MIVLYR		
MEG6 MIVIOLW	MF12MSAVREG	MF47C MHUMOPS
MEG7 MIVSTAT1	MF13MSAVLT	MF47D MHUIRON
MEG8 MIVELIG	MF14 MPPPEN	MF48 MHHCH12
MEG9 MHHMEM		MF49 MHUSITS
	MF15 MPENB4	
MEG10MNEWHY	MF16 MPENB4Y4	MF50 MHOWLNG
MEG11 MLVWHY	MF17 MPENB4V	MF51 MCARUSE
MEG12M MLVMN	MF18 MPENB4W	MF52 MMOBUSE
MEG12M MNEMNJN		MF53 MNEIGH
	MF19 MPENYR4	
MEG12Y MLVYR4	MF20 MPENADD	MF54 MNEIGH3
MEG12Y MNEYRJN4	MF21 MPENADV	MF54 MNEIGH4
MEG13 MLVLOC	MF22 MPENADW	MF54 MNEIGH2
MEG14 MIVFIO	MF37 MWINDF	MF54 MNEIGH1
MEG16MIVRREF	MF38A MWINDFA	MF63 MDFWLD
MEG17 MIVIREIS	MF38B MWINDFB	MF648A3 MDFWLD3
MEG18 MIVFIO	MF38C MWINDFC	MF64A1 MDFWLD1
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MF2 MNF1	MF38D MWINDFD	MF64A2 MDFWLD2
MF3A MFICODE	MF38F MWINDFF	MF64A4 MDFWLD4
MF3B01 MFR01	MF38G MWINDFG	MF65A MIVFA
MF3B02 MFR02	MF38H MWINDFH	MF65B MIVFB
	MF39A MWINDFAY	
MF3B03 MFR03		MF65C MIVFC
MF3B04 MFR04	MF39B MWINDFBY	MF65D MIVFD
MF3B05 MFR05	MF39C MWINDFCY	MF65E MIVFE
MF3B06 MFR06	MF39D MWINDFDY	MF66H MIVFOIH
MF3B07 MFR07	MF39F MWINDFFY	MF66M MIVFOIM
MF3B08 MFR08	MF39G MWINDFGY	MF67 MIVSC
MF3B09 MFR09	MF39H MWINDFHY	MF70I MPRF125
MF3B10 MFR10	MF40A MXPMEAL	MF101 MF101
MF3B11 MFR11	MF40BMXPLEIS	MF102 MF102
MF3B12 MFR12	MF41 MFTEXHH	MF103 MF103
MF3B13 MFR13	MF42A MFTEXA	MF104 MF104
MF3B14 MFR14	MF42B MFTEXB	MF105 MF105
MF3B15 MFR15	MF42C MFTEXC	MF106 MF106
MF3B16 MFR16	MF43A1 MFTEXA1	MF116 MF116
MF3B17 MFR17	MF43A2 MFTEXA2	MF118 MF118

MF119 MF119	MH22E MMGXTY5	MH47C MHS2VALC
MF121 MF121	MH23 MXPMG	MH47D MHS2VALD
MF122 MF122	MH24A MXPMG1	MH49 MMGTOT
MF124 MF124	MH24B MXPMG2	MH50 MCDHAVE
MF125 MF125	MH24C MXPMG3	MH51A MCD1USE
MF126 MF126	MH24D MXPMG4	MH51B MCD2USE
MF127 MF127	MH25 MHSJB	MH51C MCD10USE
MF128 MF128	MH26M1 MRENTP1	MH51D MCD11USE
MF132 MF132	MH26M2 MRENTP2	MH51E MCD3USE
MF135 MF135	MH27 MRENTLL	MH51F MCD4USE
		MH51G MCD5USE
MF136 MF136	MH28 MRENTF	
MF137 MF137	MH30 MRENT	MH51H MCD6USE
MF138 MF138	MH31 MRENTW	MH51I MCD7USE
MF139 MF139	MH32A MRENT1	MH51J MCD8USE
	MH32B MRENT7	MH51K MCD9USE
MF140 MF140		
MF141 MF141	MH32C MRENT2	MH51L MCD12USE
MF142 MF142	MH32D MRENT3	MH52 MCDBGHT
MF143 MF143	MH32E MRENT4	MH53A MCD1NEW
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MF151 MF151	MH32F MRENT5	MH53B MCD2NEW
MF152 MF152	MH32G MRENT8	MH53C MCD10NEW
MF153 MF153	MH32H MRENT6	MH53D MCD11NEW
MF154 MF154	MH33 MRENTHB	MH53E MCD3NEW
MF155 MF155	MH34 MRENTG	MH53F MCD4NEW
MF156 MF156	MH35 MRENTG	MH53G MCD5NEW
MF157 MF157	MH36 MRENTGW	MH53H MCD6NEW
MF158 MF158	MH37 MXPHSDF	MH53I MCD7NEW
MF159 MF159	MH38A MXPHSD1	MH53J MCD8NEW
MH0AD MHHDOI	MH38B MXPHSD2	MH53K MCD9NEW
MH0AM MHHMOI	MH39 MXPHSDB	MH53L MCD12NEW
MH0AY MHHYOI4	MH40A MHSBTH	MH54A MCD1CST
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MH0BH MHHSOIH	MH40A MHSTLT	MH54B MCD2CST
MH0BM MHHSOIM	MH40A MHSGDN	MH54C MCD10CST
MH0C MHSTYPE	MH40A MHSKCH	MH54D MCD11CST
MH1A MHSRINS	MH40B MHSKCHS	MH54E MCD3CST
MH2 MHSROOM	MH40B MHSTLTS	MH54F MCD4CST
MH3 MHSOWND	MH40B MHSGDNS	MH54G MCD5CST
MH4M1 MHSOWR1	MH40B MHSBTHS	MH54H MCD6CST
MH4M2 MHSOWR2	MH41A MXPGASY	MH54I MCD7CST
MH5 MHSVAL	MH41B MXPLECY	MH54J MCD8CST
MH6 MMGHAVE	MH41C MXPOILY	MH54K MCD9CST
MH7 MHSOWRP	MH41D MXPSFLY	MH54L MCD12CST
MH8 MMGYNOT	MH42 MHEATCH	MH55 MPCNET
MH9MHSCOST	MH43 MHEATYP	MH56 MXPHP
MH10 MHSYR04	MH44A MHSPRBG	MH57 MXPHPDF
MH11 MHSCOST	MH44B MHSPRBH	MH58A MHSCANA
MH12 MMGYR04	MH44CMHSPRBI	MH58B MHSCANB
MH13 MMGLY	MH44D MHSPRBJ	MH58C MHSCANC
MH14 MHSIVLW	MH44E MHSPRBK	MH58D MHSCAND
MH15 MMGYR04	MH44F MHSPRBL	MH58E MHSCANE
MH16 MHSCOST	MH44GMHSPRBM	MH58F MHSCANF
MH17MMGOLD	MH44H MHSPRBN	MH59A MHSCNTA
MH18 MMGLIFE	MH44I MHSPRBO	MH59B MHSCNTB
MH19 MMGTYPE	MH44J MHSPRBP	MH59C MHSCNTC
MH20 MMGXTRA	MH44K MHSPRBQ	MH59D MHSCNTD
MH21 MMGNEW	MH45 MHSCTAX	MH59E MHSCNTE
MH22A MMGXTY1	MH46 MHS2OWND	MH59F MHSCNTF
MH22B MMGXTY2	MH47 MHS2VALO	MH60 MXPFOOD
MH22C MMGXTY3	MH47A MHS2VALA	MH61 MNCARS
MH22D MMGXTY4	MH47B MHS2VALB	MH62 MCAROWN
WIII 1220 WIIVIONI 14	WINTER CO WINDEVALD	WOAROWN

MH63 MCARVAL	MJ31 MJBHAD	MM23 MXDTS
MH64M1 MIVH1	MJ32 MJLEND4	MM24 MNXDTS
MH64M2 MIVH2	MJ33 MJLSOC	MM25 MHOSP
MH64M3 MIVH3	MJ33 MJLSOC00	MM26 MHOSPD
MH65H MHHFOIH	MJ34 MJLSIC92	MM28MHOSPCH
MH65M MHHFOIM	MJ35 MJLSEMP	MM29 MHOSPNHS
MHG2 MHGR2R	MJ36 MJLBOSS	MM2O MHLPRBO
MHG3MHGSEX	MJ37 MJLMNGR	MM30 MHLCVR
MHG4M MHGBM	MJ38 MJLSIZE	MM31 MHLCVRH
MHG4Y MHGBY	MJ39A MIVJA	MM32 MHLCVRL
MHG8 MMASTAT	MJ39B MIVJB	MM33 MHLSV
MHG9MHGSPN	MJ39C MIVJC	MM34A MHLSVA
MHG10MHGEMP	MJ39D MIVJD	MM34B MHLSVB
MHG11 MHGFNO	MJ39E MIVJE	MM34C MHLSVC
MHG12 MHGMNO	ML2 MMLSTAT	MM34D MHLSVD
MHG13 MHGRA	ML3 MNMAR	MM34E MHLSVE
MI1 MIV1	ML18 MLCOH	MM34F MHLSVF
MI2 MIV2	ML26 MLNPRNT	MM34G MHLSVG
MI4 MIV4	MM1 MHLDSBL1	MM34H MHLSVH
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MI5 MIV5	MM1A MHLSTAT	MM34I MHLSVI
MI6A MIV6A	MM2A MHLPRBA	MM34J1 MHLSVJ
MI6B MIV6B	MM2B MHLPRBB	MM34J2 MHLSVK
MI6C MIV6C	MM2CMHLPRBC	MM34L MHLSVL
MI6D MIV6D	MM2D MHLPRBD	MM34M MHLSVM
MI6E MIV6E	MM2E MHLPRBE	MM35A MHLSVAN
MI7 MIV6F	MM2F MHLPRBF	MM35B MHLSVBN
MI8 MIV7	MM2G MHLPRBG	MM35C MHLSVCN
MJ5D MCJSBGD	MM2H MHLPRBH	MM35D MHLSVDN
MJ5M MCJSBGM	MM2I MHLPRBI	MM35E MHLSVEN
MJ5Y MCJSBGY4	MM2J MHLPRBJ	MM35F MHLSVFN
MJ6 MNEMST	MM2K MHLPRBK	MM35G MHLSVGN
MJ7D MCJSBGD	MM2L MHLPRBL	MM35H MHLSVHN
MJ7M MCJSBGM	MM2M MHLPRBM	MM35I MHLSVIN
MJ7Y MCJSBGY4	MM2M0 MHLPRB	MM35J1 MHLSVJN
MJ8 MCJSBLY	MM2N MHLPRBN	MM35J2 MHLSVKN
MJ9 MJHSTAT	MM9 MHLLT	MM35L MHLSVLN
MJ10D MJHBGD	MM10A MHLLTA	MM35M MHLSVMN
MJ10M MJHBGM	MM10B MHLLTB	MM36A MHLSVAF
MJ10Y MJHBGY4	MM10C MHLLTC	MM36B MHLSVBF
MJ12 MNJBS	MM10D MHLLTD	MM36C MHLSVCF
MJ13 MJHSTAT	MM10E MHLLTE	MM36D MHLSVDF
MJ13M MJHBGM	MM11 MHLLTW	MM36E MHLSVEF
MJ13Y MJHBGY4	MM11AMHLENDW	MM36F MHLSVFF
MJ14 MJHSOC	MM11B MHLLTWA	MM36G MHLSVGF
MJ14 MJHSOC00	MM12 MHLIV65	MM36H MHLSVHF
MJ15 MJHSTAT	MM13A MADLA	MM36I MHLSVIF
MJ16 MJHSEMP	MM13B MADLAD	MM36J1 MHLSVJF
MJ17 MJHBOSS	MM14A MADLB	MM36J2 MHLSVKF
MJ18 MJHSECT	MM14B MADLBD	MM36L MHLSVLF
MJ19 MJHMNGR	MM15A MADLC	MM36M MHLSVMF
MJ20 MJHSTAT	MM15B MADLCD	MM37 MHLCK
MJ21 MJHPLDF	MM16A MADLD	MM38A MHLCKA
MJ22 MJHSIC92	MM16B MADLDD	MM38B MHLCKB
MJ23 MJHSIZE	MM17A MADLE	MM38C MHLCKC
MJ24 MJHPAYL	MM17B MADLED	MM38D MHLCKD
MJ25OC MJHPYLW	MM18A MADLF	MM38E MHLCKE
MJ26 MJHPYLG	MM18B MADLFD	MM38F MHLCKI
MJ27 MJHSTPY	MM21 MHL2GP	MM38G MHLCKF
MJ28 MJBLKY	MM22 MHL2HOP	MM38H MHLCKG

MM38I MHLCKH	MS1A MGHQA	MV13 MSWPOP1
MM39A MHLCKAN	MS1B MGHQB	MV14 MSWPOP2
MM39B MHLCKBN	MS1CMGHQC	MV15 MSWPOP3
MM39C MHLCKCN	MS1DMGHQD	MV16 MSWPOP4
MM39D MHLCKDN	MS1E MGHQE	MV18 MOPDEV2
MM39E MHLCKEN	MS1FMGHQF	MV19 MORGM
MM39F MHLCKIN	MS1G MGHQG	MV20A MORGMA
MM39G MHLCKFN	MS1HMGHQH	MV20B MORGMB
MM39H MHLCKGN	MS1I MGHQI	MV20C MORGMC
MM39I MHLCKHN	MS1J MGHQJ	MV20D MORGMD
MM40MSMOKER	MS1K MGHQK	MV20E MORGME
MM41 MNCIGS	MS1L MGHQL	MV20FMORGMF
MM43 MAIDHH	MS2A MOPFAMA	MV20G MORGMG
MM44P1 MAIDHUA	MS2B MOPFAMB	MV20H MORGMP
MM44P2 MAIDHUB	MS2C MOPFAMC	MV20I MORGMQ
MM44P3 MAIDHUC	MS2D MOPFAMD	MV20J MORGMO
MM45 MAIDXHH	MS2E MOPFAME	MV20K MORGMH
MM46 MNAIDXHH	MS2F MOPFAMF	MV20L MORGMI
MM47M1MAIDHU1	MS2GMOPFAMG	MV20MMORGMJ
MM47M2MAIDHU2	MS2H MOPFAMH	MV20N MORGMK
MM49 MAIDHRS	MS2I MOPFAMI	MV20O MORGML
MM50A MIVMA	MS3A MLFSAT1	MV20P MORGMM
MM50B MIVMB	MS3B MLFSAT2	MV21 MORGA
MM50C MIVMC	MS3CMLFSAT3	MV21A MORGAA
MM50D MIVMD	MS3DMLFSAT4	MV21B MORGAB
MM50E MIVME	MS3E MLFSAT5	MV21C MORGAC
MNF3 MNIPENS	MS3FMLFSAT6	MV21D MORGAD
MNF4 MNISERPS	MS3GMLFSAT7	MV21E MORGAE
MP2B MPRRS2I	MS3HMLFSAT8	MV21F MORGAF
MP2CMPRIPN	MS4A MLFSATO	MV21GMORGAG
MP2DMPRWHY	MS4B MLFSATL	MV21H MORGAP
MP3 MPPLEVR	MS5A MXSUPA	MV21I MORGAQ
MP10MMPRESBGM	MS5B MXSUPB	MV21J MORGAO
MP10Y MPRESBY4	MS5C MXSUPC	MV21K MORGAH
MP11 MPRESLY	MS6A MSSUPA	MV21L MORGAI
MP23 MPRFEHQ	MS6B MSSUPB	MV21M MORGAJ
MP25 MPRSEHQ	MS6C MSSUPC	MV21N MORGAK
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MP27 MHLDSBL	MS6D MSSUPD	MV21O MORGAL
MP58 MPRJBFT	MS6E MSSUPE	MV21P MORGAM
MP59M MPRJBBGM	MS7A MSSUP1	MV22 MFRNA
MP59Y MPRJBBY4	MS7B MSSUPR2R	MV23 MFRNB
MP60 MPRJBLY	MT2B MTELWHY	MV24 MFRNC
MP61 MPREARN	MT45 MTLFIYRL	MV25 MTRUST
MP70A MPRF101	MT50 MTLFIYR	MV26A MLFIMPA
MP70B MPRF102	MV1A MOPPOLA	MV26B MLFIMPB
MP70C MPRF116	MV1B MOPPOLB	MV26C MLFIMPC
MP70D MPRF131	MV1C MOPPOLC	MV26D MLFIMPD
MP70F MPRF135	MV1D MOPPOLD	MV26E MLFIMPE
MP70G MPRF137	MV2 MVOTE1	MV26F MLFIMPF
MP70H MPRF139	MV3 MVOTE2	MV26GMLFIMPG
MP70J MPRF141	MV4 MVOTE3	MV26H MLFIMPH
MP70K MPRF143	MV5 MVOTE4	MV27A MLOCSERA
MP70NONE MPRFIRN		MV27B MLOCSERB
	MV6 MVOTE5	
MP71 MPRFITB	MV7 MVOTE7	MV27C MLOCSERC
MPI1A MIVPA	MV8 MVOTE8	MV27D MLOCSERD
MPI1B MIVPB	MV9 MVOTE6	MV27E MLOCSERE
MPI1C MIVPC	MV10 MSWVT1	MV28 MLOCCHD
MPI1D MIVPD	MV11 MSWVT2	MV29A MOPNGBHA
MPI1E MIVPE	MV12 MSWVT3	MV29B MOPNGBHB
IVII IILIVIIVFE	IVIVIZ IVIOVVVIO	IVIV 23D IVIOPINGDAD

MV29C MOPNGBHC	MY1 MYTVHRS	MY53 MYPPAY
MV29D MOPNGBHD	MY2 MYTVSTP	MY54A MYPWKM
MV29E MOPNGBHE	MY3A MYPACTA	MY54B MYPWKT
MV29F MOPNGBHF	MY3B MYPACTB	MY54C MYPWKW
MV29G MOPNGBHG	MY3C MYPACTC	MY54D MYPWKTH
MV29H MOPNGBHH	MY3D MYPACTD	MY54E MYPWKF
MV30A MHHCH16	MY3E MYPACTE	MY54F MYPWKSA
MV32 MSCPNO	MY3F MYPACTM	MY54G MYPWKSU
MV33 MSCAGE	MY3G MYPACTN	MY55 MYPLVHM
MV34 MSCSEX	MY3H MYPACTL	MY56 MYP2UNI
MV35 MSCAGE4	MY4MYPCHOR	MY57M1 MYPNUNA
MV36 MSCTYP	MY5 MYPCOMP	MY57M2 MYPNUNB
MV37MMSCHBGM	MY6 MYPPCHW	MY58A MYPJBQA
MV37Y MSCHBGY	MY7 MYPPCG	MY58B MYPJBQD
MV38 MSCHSTA	MY8 MYPPCNT	MY58C MYPJBQB
MV39 MSCHSAT	MY9MYPMOBU	MY58D MYPJBQF
MV40 MSCHHW	MY10 MYPPALS	MY58E MYPJBQG
	MY11 MYPPALO	MY58F MYPJBQH
MV41 MSCACVS	_	
MV42 MSCACH	MY12 MYPLATE	MY59A MYPFUTA
MV43 MSCAG11	MY13MYPARGM	MY59B MYPFUTB
MV44 MSCTUT	MY14 MYPARGF	ND0ADNDOID
MV45 MSCTUTO	MY15 MYPTLKM	ND0AM NDOIM
MV45 MSCTUTE	MY16 MYPTLKF	ND0AY ND0IY4
MV45 MSCTUTM	MY17 MYPNPAL	ND0BA NIVLYR
MV45 MSCTUTS	MY18 MYPFGHT	ND0BB NIVSTAT2
MV45 MSCTUTL	MY19 MYPEATN	ND1H NIVSOIH
MV45 MSCTUTH	MY20 MYPSMEV	ND1M NIVSOIM
MV46A MSC2UNI	MY21 MYPSMOF	ND2 NLKNBRD
MV46B MSCLUNI	MY22 MYPSMLW	ND3 NLKMOVE
MV47 MSCARG	MY23 MYPDGFR	ND4 NLKMOVY
MV48 MSCTALK	MY24 MYPESTA	ND5NXPMOVE
MV49 MSCPRAZ	MY25 MYPESTI	ND6 NPLNEW
MV50 MSCSMAK	MY26 MYPESTB	ND7MNPLNOWM
MV51 MSCCUDL	MY27 MYPESTJ	ND7Y NPLNOWY4
MV52 MSCYELL	MY28 MYPESTC	ND8 NMOVJB
MV53 MSCHOSA	MY29 MYPESTK	ND9A NMOVJBA
MV54M1 MSCHOS2	MY30 MYPESTE	ND9B NMOVJBB
MV54M1 MSCHOS1	MY31 MYPESTF	ND9C NMOVJBC
MV55 MHSCIMP	MY32 MYPTCHA	ND9D NMOVJBD
MV56 MPLYKID	MY33 MYPTCHB	ND9E NMOVJBE
MV57 MLEIKID	MY34 MYPHSW	ND9F NMOVJBF
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MV58 MKIDOPA	MY35 MYPHAP	ND9G NMOVJBG
MV59 MKIDSEE	MY36 MYPHFM	ND9H NMOVJBH
MV60 MKIDWE	MY37 MYPHFR	ND9I NMOVJBI
MV61 MKIDHOL	MY38 MYPHSC	ND10M1 NMOVY1
MV61A MKIDFAR	MY39 MYPHLF	ND10M2 NMOVY2
MV62MKIDREL	MY40 MYPVTE6	ND11M NDOBM
MV63 MOHCH16	MY41 MYPVTE3	ND11Y NDOBY
MV64 MSEEKID	MY42 MYPVT11	ND12 NSEX
MV65 MWEKID	MY43 MYPTRUN	ND12 NSEX
		ND14 NMLSTAT
MV66 MHOLKID	MY44 MYPBULL	
MV66AMFARKID	MY45 MYPOPSC	ND15 NMLCHNG
MV67 MRELKID	MY46 MYPLVSC	ND16M NMLCHM
MV68A MIVVA	MY47 MYPACVS	ND16Y NMLCHY4
MV68B MIVVB	MY49 MYPSOC	ND17 NJBSTAT
MV68C MIVVC	MY50 MYPWKLW	ND18 NEDLYR
MV68D MIVVD	MY51M1 MYPSOC1	ND18 NLCOH
MV68E MIVVE	MY51M2 MYPSOC2	ND19 NEDTYPE2
MVN17 MNIPOP5	MY52 MYPWHRS	ND19NEDTYPE1
CADAININI I II I I I I I	IVI 102 IVI 1 PVV TRO	INDIS NEDITPET

ND19 NEDTYPE3	ND25F2 NEDQLF2	ND32M1 NCITZN1
ND20 NEDBLYR1	ND25F3 NEDQLF3	ND32M2 NCITZN2
ND20 NEDBLYR2	ND25G1 NEDQLG1	ND33 NRACEL
ND20 NEDBLYR3	ND25G2 NEDQLG2	ND34 NJBSTAT
ND21M NEDBGM1	ND25G3 NEDQLG3	ND36 NPASOC
ND21M2 NEDBGM2	ND25H1 NEDQLH1	ND36 NPASOC00
ND21M3 NEDBGM3	ND25H2 NEDQLH2	ND36ANA NPAJU
ND21Y NEDBGY1	ND25H3 NEDQLH3	ND37 NPASEMP
ND21Y2 NEDBGY2	ND25I1 NEDQLI1	ND38 NPABOSS
ND21Y3 NEDBGY3	ND25I2 NEDQLI2	ND39 NPAMNGR
ND22 NEDENNE1	ND25I3 NEDQLI3	ND40 NMAJU
ND22M NEDENM1	ND25J1 NEDQLJ1	ND40 NMASOC
ND22M2 NEDENM2	ND25J2 NEDQLJ2	ND40 NMASOC00
ND22M3 NEDENM3	ND25J3 NEDQLJ3	ND41NMASEMP
ND22NE2 NEDENNE2	ND25NA NEDQNN2	ND42 NMABOSS
ND22NE3 NEDENNE3	ND25NA NEDQNN3	ND43 NMAMNGR
ND22Y NEDENY1	ND25NONE NEDQNN1	ND44 NJ1SOC
ND22Y2 NEDENY2	ND26A1 NEDQLAN1	ND44NJ1SOC00
ND22Y3 NEDENY3	ND26A2 NEDQLAN2	ND44NA NJ1NONE
ND23A NEDFEEA1	ND26A3 NEDQLAN3	ND45 NJ1SEMP
ND23A2 NEDFEEA2	ND26B1 NEDQLBN1	ND46 NJ1BOSS
ND23A3 NEDFEEA3	ND26B2 NEDQLBN2	ND47 NJ1MNGR
ND23B NEDFEEB1	ND26B3 NEDQLBN3	ND48 NLCOH
ND23B2 NEDFEEB2	ND26C1 NEDQLCN1	ND49M NCOH1BM
ND23B3 NEDFEEB3	ND26C2 NEDQLCN2	ND49Y NCOH1BY
ND23C NEDFEEC1	ND26C3 NEDQLCN3	ND50 NCOH1MR
ND23C2 NEDFEEC2	ND26D1 NEDQLDN1	ND51M NCOH1EM
ND23C3 NEDFEEC3	ND26D2 NEDQLDN2	ND51Y NCOH1EY
ND23D NEDFEED1	ND26D3 NEDQLDN3	ND52 NNMAR
ND23D2 NEDFEED2	ND26E1 NEDQLEN1	ND53M NLMAR1M
ND23D3 NEDFEED3	ND26E2 NEDQLEN2	ND53Y NLMAR1Y
ND23E NEDFEEE1	ND26E3 NEDQLEN3	ND54 NLPRNT
ND23E2 NEDFEEE2	ND26F1 NEDQLFN1	ND55 NLNPRNT
ND23E3 NEDFEEE3	ND26F2 NEDQLFN2	ND56M NCH1BM
ND23F NEDFEEF1	ND26F3 NEDQLFN3	ND56Y NCH1BY
ND23F2 NEDFEEF2	ND26G1 NEDQLGN1	ND57 NSCEND
ND23F3 NEDFEEF3	ND26G2 NEDQLGN2	ND57NA NSCHOOL
ND23G NEDFEEG1	ND26G3 NEDQLGN3	ND58 NSCTYPE
ND23G2 NEDFEEG2		
	ND26H1 NEDQLHN1	ND59 NSCNOW
ND23G3 NEDFEEG3	ND26H2 NEDQLHN2	ND60 NFETYPE
ND24 NEDQUAL1	ND26H3 NEDQLHN3	ND61 NFEEND
ND24 NEDQUAL2	ND26I1 NEDQLIN1	ND61NA NFENOW
ND24 NEDQUAL3	ND26I2 NEDQLIN2	ND62 NQFHAS
ND25A1 NEDQLA1	ND26I3 NEDQLIN3	ND63A NQFA
ND25A2 NEDQLA2	ND26J1 NEDQLJN1	ND63B NQFB
ND25A3 NEDQLA3	ND26J2 NEDQLJN2	ND63C NQFC
ND25B1 NEDQLB1	ND26J3 NEDQLJN3	ND63D NQFD
	ND27 NEDOQL1	ND63E NQFE
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ND25B3 NEDQLB3	ND27 NEDOQL2	ND63F NQFF
ND25C1 NEDQLC1	ND27 NEDOQL3	ND63G NQFG
ND25C2 NEDQLC2	ND27NONE . NEDOQLN1	ND63H NQFH
ND25C3 NEDQLC3	ND27NONE . NEDOQLN2	ND63I NQFI
ND25D1 NEDQLD1	ND27NONE . NEDOQLN3	ND63J NQFJ
ND25D2 NEDQLD2	ND28 NEDMORE1	ND63K NQFK
ND25D3 NEDQLD3	ND28 NEDMORE2	ND63L NQFL
ND25E1 NEDQLE1	ND29DST NPLBORND	ND63M NQFM
ND25E2 NEDQLE2	ND29OS NPLBORNC	ND63N NQFN
ND25E3 NEDQLE3	ND30 NYR2UK4	ND64 NQFED
ND25F1 NEDQLF1	ND31 NMLSTAT	ND65A NQFEDA

ND65B NQFEDB	ND70E2 NTRWHYE2	ND75J1 NTRQLJ1
ND65C NQFEDC	ND70E3 NTRWHYE3	ND75J2 NTRQLJ2
ND65D NQFEDD	ND71 NTRQ1	ND75J3 NTRQLJ3
ND65E NQFEDE	ND71 NTRQ2	ND75NONE . NTRQLNN1
ND65F NQFEDF	ND71 NTRQ3	ND75NONE . NTRQLNN2
ND65G NQFEDG	ND71 NTRU1	ND75NONE . NTRQLNN3
ND65H NQFEDH	ND71 NTRU2	ND76AN1 NTRQLAN1
ND65INQFEDI	ND71 NTRU3	ND76AN2 NTRQLAN2
ND65J NQFEDJ	ND72A1 NTRFEEA1	ND76AN3 NTRQLAN3
ND65K NQFEDK	ND72A2 NTRFEEA2	ND76BN1 NTRQLBN1
ND65L NQFEDL	ND72A3 NTRFEEA3	ND76BN2 NTRQLBN2
ND65M NQFEDM	ND72B1 NTRFEEB1	ND76BN3 NTRQLBN3
ND65N NQFEDN	ND72B2 NTRFEEB2	ND76CN1 NTRQLCN1
ND65O NQFEDO	ND72B3 NTRFEEB3	ND76CN2 NTRQLCN2
ND65P NQFEDP	ND72C1 NTRFEEC1	ND76CN3 NTRQLCN3
	ND72C2 NTRFEEC2	ND76DN1 NTRQLDN1
ND65Q NQFEDQ		
ND65R NQFEDR	ND72C3 NTRFEEC3	ND76DN2 NTRQLDN2
ND65S NQFEDS	ND72E1 NTRFEEE1	ND76DN3 NTRQLDN3
ND65T NQFEDT	ND72E2 NTRFEEE2	ND76EN1 NTRQLEN1
ND65U NQFEDU	ND72E3 NTRFEEE3	ND76EN2 NTRQLEN2
	ND72F1 NTRFEEF1	ND76EN3 NTRQLEN3
ND66A NNQFEDA		
ND66B NNQFEDB	ND72F2 NTRFEEF2	ND76FN1 NTRQLFN1
ND66C NNQFEDC	ND72F3 NTRFEEF3	ND76FN2 NTRQLFN2
ND66D NNQFEDD	ND72G1 NTRFEEG1	ND76FN3 NTRQLFN3
ND66E NNQFEDE	ND72G2 NTRFEEG2	ND76GN1 NTRQLGN1
ND66F NNQFEDF	ND72G3 NTRFEEG3	ND76GN2 NTRQLGN2
ND66G NNQFEDG	ND73 NTRQLXP1	ND76GN3 NTRQLGN3
ND66H NNQFEDH	ND73 NTRQLXP2	ND76HN1 NTRQLHN1
ND66INNQFEDI	ND73 NTRQLXP3	ND76HN2 NTRQLHN2
ND66J NNQFEDJ	ND74 NTRQLAC1	ND76HN3 NTRQLHN3
ND66K NNQFEDK	ND74 NTRQLAC2	ND76IN1 NTRQLIN1
	ND74 NTRQLAC3	ND76IN2 NTRQLIN2
ND66L NNQFEDL		
ND66M NNQFEDM	ND75A1 NTRQLA1	ND76IN3 NTRQLIN3
ND66N NNQFEDN	ND75A2 NTRQLA2	ND76JN1 NTRQLJN1
ND660 NNQFEDO	ND75A3 NTRQLA3	ND76JN2 NTRQLJN2
ND66P NNQFEDP	ND75B1 NTRQLB1	ND76JN3 NTRQLJN3
ND66Q NNQFEDQ	ND75B2 NTRQLB2	ND77 NTROQL1
	-	ND77 NTROQL2
ND66R NNQFEDR	ND75B3 NTRQLB3	•
ND66S NNQFEDS	ND75C1 NTRQLC1	ND77 NTROQL3
ND66T NNQFEDT	ND75C2 NTRQLC2	ND77NO NTROQLN3
ND66U NNQFEDU	ND75C3 NTRQLC3	ND77NONE . NTROQLN1
ND67 NTRAIN	ND75D1 NTRQLD1	ND77NONE . NTROQLN2
	ND75D2 NTRQLD2	ND78 NTRMORE1
ND68 NNTRAIN		
ND69 NTRPLCE1	ND75D3 NTRQLD3	ND78 NTRMORE2
ND69 NTRPLCE2	ND75E1 NTRQLE1	ND79 NPAPERR
ND69 NTRPLCE3	ND75E2 NTRQLE2	ND80NPAPERM
ND70A1 NTRWHYA1	ND75E3 NTRQLE3	ND81 NPAPERP
	ND75F1 NTRQLF1	ND82A NBIRHH
ND70A2 NTRWHYA2		
ND70A3 NTRWHYA3	ND75F2 NTRQLF2	ND82B NMABWLY
ND70B1 NTRWHYB1	ND75F3 NTRQLF3	ND83 NMABWNLY
ND70B2 NTRWHYB2	ND75G1 NTRQLG1	ND84AGM1 . NBWTAGM1
ND70B3 NTRWHYB3	ND75G2 NTRQLG2	ND84AGM2 . NBWTAGM2
ND70C1 NTRWHYC1	ND75G3 NTRQLG3	ND84AGM3 . NBWTAGM3
		ND84PN1 NBWTPN1
ND70C2 NTRWHYC2	ND75H1 NTRQLH1	
ND70C3 NTRWHYC3	ND75H2 NTRQLH2	ND84PN2 NBWTPN2
ND70D1 NTRWHYD1	ND75H3 NTRQLH3	ND84PN3 NBWTPN3
ND70D2 NTRWHYD2	ND75I1 NTRQLI1	ND85 NBWTXP1
ND70D3 NTRWHYD3	ND75I2 NTRQLI2	ND85 NBWTXP2
ND70E1 NTRWHYE1	ND75I3 NTRQLI3	ND85 NBWTXP3
NDIOLI NIINVIIIEI		

ND86 NBWTEL1	NE13 NJBOTPD	NE52D NJBBGD
ND86 NBWTEL2	NE14 NJBHRLK	NE52M NJBBGM
ND86 NBWTEL3	NE15 NJBPL	NE52Y NJBBGY4
ND87 NBWTWK1	NE16 NJBTTWT	NE53 NJBBGLY
ND87 NBWTWK2	NE17 NJBTTWM	NE54 NPAYS
ND87 NBWTWK3	NE18B NJBSAT2	NE55OC NPAYSW
ND88 NBWTKN1	NE18D NJBSAT4	NE56 NPAYSG
ND88 NBWTKN2	NE18F NJBSAT6	NE57D NJBBGD
ND88 NBWTKN3	NE18G NJBSAT7	NE57M NJBBGM
ND89LB1 NBWTLB1	NE19 NJBSAT	NE57Y NJBBGY4
ND89LB2 NBWTLB2	NE20 NPAYGL	NE58 NJBBGLY
ND89LB3 NBWTLB3	NE21OC NPAYGW	NE59 NPAYLY
ND89OZ1 NBWTOZ1	NE22 NPAYNL	NE60OC NPAYLYW
ND89OZ2 NBWTOZ2	NE23A NPYTC	NE61 NPAYLYG
ND89OZ3 NBWTOZ3	NE23B NPYWFTC	NE62 NPAYS
ND90 NBWTGM1	NE23C NPYWFTCW	NE63OC NPAYSW
ND90 NBWTGM2	NE23OC NPAYNW	NE64 NPAYSG
ND90 NBWTGM3	NE24 NPAYSLP	NE74 NJSBOSS
ND91 NBWTG51	NE26 NPAYUSL	NE75 NJSSIZE
ND91 NBWTG52	NE27 NPAYU	NE76 NJSHRS
ND91 NBWTG52	NE28OC NPAYUW	NE77 NJSHRLK
ND93A NWLSHA	NE29 NPAYUG	NE78 NJSTYPEB
ND93BNWLSHB	NE30A NPAYDF1	NE79 NJSACCS
ND93C NWLSHC	NE30B NPAYDF2	NE80 NJSPART
ND93D NWLSHD	NE30C NPAYDF3	NE81BM NJSPRBM
ND93E NWLSHE	NE30D NPAYDF4	NE81BY NJSPRBY4
ND94A NWLSHUA		
	NE30E NPAYDF5	NE81EM NJSPREM
ND94BNWLSHUB	NE30F NPAYDF6	NE81EY NJSPREY4
ND94C NWLSHUC	NE30G NPAYDF7	NE82 NJSPRF
ND94D NWLSHUD	NE30H NPAYDF9	NE83 NJSPRLS
ND94ENWLSHUE	NE30I NPAYDF8	NE84 NJSPRTX
ND95 NAGLT20	NE31 NPAYTYP	NE85 NJSPRNI
ND96NSCNOW2	NE32 NOVTPAY	NE86BM NJSPRBM
ND97NINFTED	NE33 NEXTRATE	NE86BY NJSPRBY4
ND98 NEDASP	NE33 NEXTREST	NE86EM NJSPREM
ND99 NFEDASP	NE34 NBASRATE	NE86EY NJSPREY4
ND99A NFEDTYP	NE34 NBASREST	NE87 NJSPRF
ND100 NFEDLIK	NE35 NOVTRATE	NE88 NJSPRLS
ND101M1 NFEDNT1	NE35 NOVTREST	NE89 NJSPRTX
ND101M2 NFEDNT2	NE39 NJBPERFP	NE90 NJSPRNI
ND102 NOCFUT	NE40 NJBONUS	NE91 NJSPAYU
ND105A NIVDA	NE41 NJBONAM	NE92 NJSPAYW
ND105B NIVDB	NE42 NJBONG	NE93 NJSPYTX
ND105C NIVDC	NE43 NJBRISE	NE94 NJSPYNI
ND105D NIVDD	NE44 NTUJBPL	NE95 NJSPL
	NE45 NTUIN1	
ND105E NIVDE		NE96 NJSTTWT
NE1 NJBHAS	NE46 NJBOPPS	NE97 NJSTTWM
NE2 NJBOFF	NE47 NJBPEN	NE98A NJSSAT1
NE3 NJBOFFY	NE48 NJBPENM	NE98B NJSSAT2
NE4 NJBTERM1	NE49 NJBTIME	NE98D NJSSAT4
NE5 NJBSOC	NE4A NJBTERM2	NE98E NJSSAT5
NE5 NJBSOC	NE50A NJBWKHRA	
		NE99 NJSSAT
NE6 NJBSIC92	NE50A NJBWKHRB	NE100D NJSBGD
NE7 NJBSEMP	NE50A NJBWKHRC	NE100M NJSBGM
NE8 NJBMNGR	NE50A NJBWKHRD	NE100Y NJSBGY4
NE9 NJBSECT	NE50A NJBWKHRE	NE101A NJBLKCHA
NE10 NJBSIZE	NE50A NJBWKHRF	NE101B NJBLKCHB
NE11 NJBHRS	NE50A NJBWKHRG	NE101C NJBLKCHC
NE12 NJBOT	NE50A NJBWKHRH	NE101D NJBLKCHD

NE101E NJBLKCHE	NEG7 NIVSTAT1	NF13 NSAVLT
NE102A NJBXPCHA	NEG8 NIVELIG	NF14 NPPPEN
NE102B NJBXPCHB	NEG9 NHHMEM	NF15 NPENB4
NE102C NJBXPCHC	NEG10 NNEWHY	NF16 NPENB4Y4
NE102D NJBXPCHD	NEG11 NLVWHY	NF17 NPENB4V
NE102E NJBXPCHE	NEG12M NLVMN	NF18 NPENB4W
NE103A NJBSTRNA	NEG12M NNEMNJN	NF19 NPENYR4
NE103B NJBSTRNB	NEG12Y NLVYR4	NF20 NPENADD
NE103C NJBSTRNC	NEG12Y NNEYRJN4	NF21 NPENADV
NE103D NJBSTRND	NEG13 NLVLOC	NF22 NPENADW
NE104 NRACH12	NEG14 NIVFIO	NF37 NWINDF
NE105M1 NJBCHC1	NEG16 NIVRREF	NF38A NWINDFA
NE105M2 NJBCHC2	NEG17 NIVIREIS	NF38B NWINDFB
NE105M3 NJBCHC3	NEG18 NIVFIO	NF38C NWINDFC
NE107 NXPCHCF	NF2 NNF1	NF38D NWINDFD
NE108 NXPCHC	NF3A NFICODE	NF38F NWINDFF
NE109 NHUXPCH	NF3B01 NFR01	NF38G NWINDFG
NE110 NHUNURS	NF3B02 NFR02	NF38H NWINDFH
NE111 NJULK1	NF3B03 NFR03	NF39A NWINDFAY
NE112 NJULK4	NF3B04 NFR04	NF39B NWINDFBY
NE113A NJULKA	NF3B05 NFR05	NF39C NWINDFCY
NE113B NJULKB	NF3B06 NFR06	NF39D NWINDFDY
NE113C NJULKC	NF3B07 NFR07	NF39F NWINDFFY
NE113D NJULKD	NF3B08 NFR08	NF39G NWINDFGY
NE113E NJULKE	NF3B09 NFR09	NF39H NWINDFHY
NE114 NJULKJB	NF3B10 NFR10	NF40A NXPMEAL
NE115 NJUBGN	NF3B11 NFR11	NF40B NXPLEIS
NE116 NJUSPEC	NF3B12 NFR12	NF41 NFTEXHH
NE117 NJUSOC	NF3B13 NFR13	NF42A NFTEXA
NE117 NJUSOC00	NF3B14 NFR14	NF42B NFTEXB
NE118 NJUHRSX	NF3B15 NFR15	NF42C NFTEXC
NE119 NJUPAYX	NF3B16 NFR16	NF43A1 NFTEXA1
NE120 NJUPAYL	NF3B17 NFR17	NF43A2 NFTEXA2
NE121 NJUHRSL	NF3B18 NFR18	NF43A3 NFTEXA3
NE124 NEPROSH	NF3B19 NFR19	NF43A4 NFTEXA4
NE125 NJBASP1	NF3B20 NFR20	NF43A5 NFTEXA5
NE126 NJBASP2	NF3BAL NFRALL	NF43A6 NFTEXA6
NE127 NJBLKY1	NF3C NFRNOW	NF43B1 NFTEXB1
NE128 NJBLKY2		NF43B2 NFTEXB2
	NF3D NFRVAL	_
NE129 NEAAGE	NF3EOC NFRW	NF43B3 NFTEXB3
NE130 NJBUB	NF3F NFRJT	NF43B4 NFTEXB4
NE131 NJBUBY	NF3FPN NFRJTPN	NF43B5 NFTEXB5
NE132 NJ2HAS	NF3SEQ NFISEQ	NF43B6 NFTEXB6
NE133 NJ2SOC	NF4 NFISIT	NF43C1NFTEXC1
NE133 NJ2SOC00	NF5 NFISITC	NF43C2 NFTEXC2
NE134 NJ2SEMP	NF6 NFISITY	NF43C3 NFTEXC3
NE135 NJ2HRS	NF7 NFISITX	NF43C4 NFTEXC4
NE136 NJ2PAY	NF8 NFIYRDIA	NF43C5 NFTEXC5
NE137A NIVEA	NF9A NFIYRDB1	NF43C6 NFTEXC6
NE137B NIVEB	NF9B NFIYRDB2	NF44A NFTEXAV
NE137C NIVEC	NF9C NFIYRDB3	NF44B NFTEXBV
NE137DNIVED	NF9DNFIYRDB4	NF44C NFTEXCV
NE137E NIVEE	NF9ENFIYRDB5	NF45A NFTEXAW
NEG3 PID	NF9F NFIYRDB6	NF45B NFTEXBW
NEG4 NHGSEX	NF10 NSAVE	NF45C NFTEXCW
NEG5MNHGBM	NF10 NSAVE	
	_	NF46 NSPINHH
NEG5Y NHGBY	NF11AM1 NSAVEY1	NF47A NHUBUYS
NEG6 NIVIOLW	NF11AM2 NSAVEY2	NF47B NHUFRYS
NEG6 NIVLYR	NF12 NSAVREG	NF47C NHUMOPS

NF47D NHUIRON	NH0AM NHHMOI	NH39 NXPHSDB
NF48 NHHCH12	NH0AY NHHYOI4	NH40A NHSBTH
NF49 NHUSITS	NH0BHNHHSOIH	NH40A NHSGDN
NF50 NHOWLNG	NH0BM NHHSOIM	NH40A NHSKCH
NF51 NCARUSE	NH0C NHSTYPE	NH40A NHSTLT
NF52 NMOBUSE	NH1A NHSRINS	NH40B NHSBTHS
NF53M1 NEVENT1	NH2NHSROOM	NH40B NHSGDNS
NF53M1 NEVENT1S	NH3 NHSOWND	NH40B NHSKCHS
NF53M2 NEVENT2	NH4M1 NHSOWR1	NH40B NHSTLTS
NF53M2 NEVENT2S	NH4M2 NHSOWR2	NH41A NXPGASY
NF53M3 NEVENT3	NH5 NHSVAL	NH41B NXPLECY
NF53M3 NEVENT3S	NH6 NMGHAVE	NH41C NXPOILY
NF53M4 NEVENT4	NH7 NHSOWRP	NH41D NXPSFLY
NF53M4 NEVENT4S	NH8 NMGYNOT	NH42 NHEATCH
NF64A NIVFA	NH9 NHSCOST	NH43 NHEATYP
NF64B NIVFB	NH10NHSYR04	NH44A NHSPRBG
NF64C NIVFC	NH11 NHSCOST	NH44B NHSPRBH
NF64D NIVFD	NH12 NMGYR04	NH44C NHSPRBI
NF64E NIVFE	NH13 NMGLY	NH44D NHSPRBJ
NF65H NIVFOIH	NH14NHSIVLW	NH44E NHSPRBK
NF65M NIVFOIM	NH15 NMGYR04	NH44F NHSPRBL
NF66 NIVSC	NH16 NHSCOST	NH44G NHSPRBM
NF70I NPRF125	NH17 NMGOLD	NH44H NHSPRBN
NF101 NF101	NH18 NMGLIFE	NH44I NHSPRBO
NF102 NF102	NH19NMGTYPE	NH44J NHSPRBP
NF103 NF103	NH20 NMGXTRA	NH44K NHSPRBQ
NF104 NF104	NH21 NMGNEW	NH45 NHSCTAX
NF105 NF105	NH22A NMGXTY1	NH46 NHS2OWND
NF106 NF106	NH22B NMGXTY2	NH47 NHS2VALO
NF107 NF107	NH22C NMGXTY3	NH47A NHS2VALA
NF116 NF116	NH22D NMGXTY4	NH47B NHS2VALB
NF118 NF118	NH22E NMGXTY5	NH47C NHS2VALC
	NH23NXPMG	NH47D NHS2VALD
NF119 NF119		
NF121 NF121	NH24A NXPMG1	NH49 NMGTOT
NF122 NF122	NH24B NXPMG2	NH50 NCDHAVE
NF125 NF125	NH24C NXPMG3	NH51A NCD1USE
NF126 NF126	NH24D NXPMG4	NH51B NCD2USE
NF127 NF127	NH25 NHSJB	NH51C NCD10USE
NF128 NF128	NH26M1 NRENTP1	NH51D NCD11USE
NF132 NF132	NH26M2 NRENTP2	NH51E NCD3USE
NF135 NF135	NH27 NRENTLL	NH51F NCD4USE
NF136 NF136	NH28 NRENTF	NH51G NCD5USE
NF137 NF137	NH30 NRENT	NH51H NCD6USE
NF138 NF138	NH31 NRENTW	NH51I NCD7USE
NF139 NF139	NH32A NRENT1	NH51J NCD8USE
NF140 NF140	NH32B NRENT7	NH51K NCD9USE
NF141 NF141	NH32C NRENT2	NH51L NCD12USE
NF142 NF142	NH32D NRENT3	NH52 NCDBGHT
NF143 NF143	NH32E NRENT4	NH53A NCD1NEW
NF151 NF151	NH32F NRENT5	NH53B NCD2NEW
NF152 NF152	NH32G NRENT8	NH53C NCD10NEW
NF153 NF153	NH32H NRENT6	NH53D NCD11NEW
NF154 NF154	NH33 NRENTHB	NH53E NCD3NEW
NF155 NF155	NH34 NRENTG	NH53F NCD4NEW
NF156 NF156	NH35 NRENTG	NH53G NCD5NEW
NF157 NF157	NH36 NRENTGW	NH53H NCD6NEW
NF158 NF158	NH37 NXPHSDF	NH53I NCD7NEW
NF159 NF159	NH38A NXPHSD1	NH53J NCD8NEW
NH0ADNHHDOI	NH38B NXPHSD2	NH53K NCD9NEW

NH53L NCD12NEW	NI6B NIV6B	NM3B NHLPRBB
NH54A NCD1CST	NI6CNIV6C	NM3C NHLPRBC
NH54B NCD2CST	NI6DNIV6D	NM3D NHLPRBD
NH54C NCD10CST	NI6ENIV6E	NM3E NHLPRBE
NH54D NCD11CST	NI7 NIV6F	NM3F NHLPRBF
NH54E NCD3CST	NI8 NIV7	NM3G NHLPRBG
NH54F NCD4CST	NJ5D NCJSBGD	NM3H NHLPRBH
NH54G NCD5CST	NJ5M NCJSBGM	NM3I NHLPRBI
NH54H NCD6CST	NJ5Y NCJSBGY4	NM3J NHLPRBJ
NH54I NCD7CST	NJ6 NNEMST	NM3K NHLPRBK
NH54J NCD8CST	NJ7D NCJSBGD	NM3L NHLPRBL
NH54K NCD9CST	NJ7M NCJSBGM	NM3M NHLPRBM
NH54L NCD12CST	NJ7Y NCJSBGY4	NM3M0 NHLPRB
NH55 NPCNET	NJ8 NCJSBLY	NM3N NHLPRBN
NH56 NXPHP	NJ9 NJHSTAT	NM4 NHLSF1
NH57 NXPHPDF	NJ10D NJHBGD	NM5 NHLSF2
NH58A NHSCANA	NJ10M NJHBGM	NM6ANHLSF3A
NH58B NHSCANB	NJ10YNJHBGY4	NM6BNHLSF3B
NH58C NHSCANC	NJ12NNJBS	NM6C NHLSF3C
NH58D NHSCAND	NJ13 NJHSTAT	NM6D NHLSF3D
NH58E NHSCANE	NJ13M NJHBGM	NM6ENHLSF3E
NH58F NHSCANF	NJ13Y NJHBGY4	NM6F NHLSF3F
NH59A NHSCNTA	NJ14 NJHSOC	NM6G NHLSF3G
NH59B NHSCNTB	NJ14 NJHSOC00	NM6H NHLSF3H
NH59C NHSCNTC	NJ15 NJHSTAT	NM6I NHLSF3I
NH59D NHSCNTD	NJ16 NJHSEMP	NM6JNHLSF3J
NH59E NHSCNTE	NJ17 NJHBOSS	NM7ANHLSF4A
NH59F NHSCNTF	NJ18 NJHSECT	NM7BNHLSF4B
NH60 NXPFOOD	NJ19 NJHMNGR	NM7C NHLSF4C
NH61 NNCARS	NJ20 NJHSTAT	NM7D NHLSF4D
NH62 NCAROWN	NJ21 NJHPLDF	NM8ANHLSF5A
NH63 NCARVAL	NJ22 NJHSIC92	NM8BNHLSF5B
NH64M1 NIVH1	NJ23NJHSIZE	NM8C NHLSF5C
NH64M2 NIVH2	NJ24 NJHPAYL	NM9 NHLSF6
NH64M3 NIVH3	NJ25OC NJHPYLW	NM10 NHLSF7
NH65H NHHFOIH	NJ26 NJHPYLG	NM11 NHLSF8
NH65M NHHFOIM	NJ27 NJHSTPY	NM12A NHLSF9A
	NJ28 NJBLKY	NM12B NHLSF9B
NHG3 NHGSEX	NJ31 NJBHAD	NM12CNHLSF9C
NHG4M NHGBM	NJ32 NJLEND4	NM12DNHLSF9D
NHG4Y NHGBY	NJ33 NJLSOC	NM12E NHLSF9E
NHG8 NMASTAT	NJ33 NJLSOC00	NM12F NHLSF9F
NHG9 NHGSPN	NJ34NJLSIC92	NM12G NHLSF9G
NHG10 NHGEMP	NJ35NJLSEMP	NM12HNHLSF9H
NHG10 NHGEMP	NJ36NJLBOSS	NM12I NHLSF9I
NHG11 NHGFNO	NJ37NJLMNGR	NM12JNHLSF9J
NHG11NHGFNO	NJ38 NJLSIZE	NM13A NHLSF10A
NHG12 NHGMNO	NJ39A NIVJA	NM13B NHLSF10B
NHG12 NHGMNO	NJ39B NIVJB	NM13C NHLSF10C
NHG13 NHGRA	NJ39C NIVJC	NM13D NHLSF10D
NHG13 NHGRA	NJ39D NIVJD	NM16 NHL2GP
NI1 NIV1	NJ39E NIVJE	NM17 NHL2HOP
NI2NIV2	NL2 NMLSTAT	NM18 NXDTS
NI4 NIV4	NL3 NNMAR	NM19 NNXDTS
NI5 NIV5	NL25 NLPRNT	NM20 NHOSP
NI5A NIV5AA	NL26 NLNPRNT	NM21 NHOSPD
NI5B NIV5AB	NM1 NHLDSBL1	NM23 NHOSPCH
NI5CNIV5AC	NM2 NHLSTAT	NM24 NHOSPNHS
NI6A NIV6A	NM3A NHLPRBA	NM25 NHLCVR

NIMOO NILILOV/DLI	NIMO 4LL NILIL OLCONI	NIDZONIONE NIDDEIDNI
NM26 NHLCVRH	NM34H NHLCKGN	NP70NONE NPRFIRN
NM27 NHLCVRL	NM34I NHLCKHN	NP71 NPRFITB
NM28 NHLSV	NM35 NSMOKER	NPI1ANIVPA
NM29A NHLSVA	NM36 NNCIGS	NPI1BNIVPB
NM29B NHLSVB	NM37 NHLHTM	NPI1C NIVPC
NM29C NHLSVC	NM37A1 NHLHTF	NPI1D NIVPD
NM29D NHLSVD	NM37A2 NHLHTI	NPI1ENIVPE
NM29E NHLSVE	NM37B NHLHTC	NS1A NGHQA
NM29F NHLSVF	NM38 NHLWTM	NS1B NGHQB
NM29G NHLSVG	NM38A1NHLWTS	NS1C NGHQC
NM29H NHLSVH	NM38A2 NHLWTP	NS1D NGHQD
NM29INHLSVI	NM38B NHLWTK	NS1E NGHQE
NM29J1 NHLSVJ	NM39 NHLWTE	NS1F NGHQF
NM29J2 NHLSVK	NM3O NHLPRBO	NS1G NGHQG
NM29L NHLSVL	NM40 NHLWTL	NS1H NGHQH
NM29M NHLSVM	NM41 NHLWTR	NS1I NGHQI
NM30A NHLSVAN	NM42 NCBAGEF	NS1J NGHQJ
NM30B NHLSVBN	NM43 NHLPREG	NS1K NGHQK
NM30C NHLSVCN	NM45 NAIDHH	NS1L NGHQL
NM30D NHLSVDN	NM46P1 NAIDHUA	NS2A NOPFAMO
NM30E NHLSVEN	NM46P2NAIDHUB	NS2B NOPFAML
NM30F NHLSVFN	NM46P3 NAIDHUC	NS2C NOPFAMP
NM30G NHLSVGN	NM47 NAIDXHH	NS2D NOPFAMQ
NM30H NHLSVHN	NM48 NNAIDXHH	NS2E NOPFAMK
NM30INHLSVIN	NM49M1 NAIDHU1	NS2F NOPFAMR
NM30J1 NHLSVJN	NM49M2 NAIDHU2	NS3A NLFSAT1
	NM51 NAIDHRS	NS3B NLFSAT2
NM30J2 NHLSVKN		
NM30L NHLSVLN	NM52A NIVMA	NS3C NLFSAT3
NM30M NHLSVMN	NM52B NIVMB	NS3D NLFSAT4
NM31A NHLSVAF	NM52CNIVMC	NS3E NLFSAT5
NM31B NHLSVBF	NM52DNIVMD	NS3F NLFSAT6
NM31C NHLSVCF	NM52E NIVME	NS3G NLFSAT7
	NNF3NNIPENS	
NM31D NHLSVDF		NS3H NLFSAT8
NM31E NHLSVEF	NNF4 NNISERPS	NS4A NLFSATO
NM31F NHLSVFF	NP2B NPRRS2I	NS4B NLFSATL
NM31G NHLSVGF	NP2C NPRIPN	NS5A NNETSX1
NM31H NHLSVHF	NP2D NPRWHY	NS5A NNETSX2
NM31INHLSVIF	NP3 NPPLEVR	NS5A NNETSX3
NM31J1 NHLSVJF	NP10M NPRESBGM	
		NS5B NNET1RL
NM31J2 NHLSVKF	NP10Y NPRESBY4	NS5B NNET2RL
NM31L NHLSVLF	NP11 NPRESLY	NS5B NNET3RL
NM31M NHLSVMF	NP23 NPRFEHQ	NS5BOC NNET1WR
NM32 NHLCK	NP25 NPRSEHQ	NS5BOC NNET2WR
NM33A NHLCKA	NP27 NHLDSBL	NS5BOC NNET3WR
NM33B NHLCKB	NP58 NPRJBFT	NS5C NNET1AG
NM33C NHLCKC	NP59M NPRJBBGM	NS5C NNET2AG
NM33D NHLCKD	NP59Y NPRJBBY4	NS5C NNET3AG
NM33E NHLCKE	NP60 NPRJBLY	NS5D NNET1KN
NM33F NHLCKI	NP61 NPREARN	NS5D NNET2KN
NM33GNHLCKF	NP70A NPRF101	NS5D NNET3KN
NM33H NHLCKG	NP70B NPRF102	
		NS5E NNET1PH
NM33I NHLCKH	NP70C NPRF116	NS5E NNET2PH
NM34A NHLCKAN	NP70D NPRF131	NS5E NNET3PH
NM34B NHLCKBN	NP70F NPRF135	NS5F NNET1LV
NM34C NHLCKCN	NP70G NPRF137	NS5F NNET2LV
NM34D NHLCKDN	NP70H NPRF139	NS5FNNET3LV
NM34E NHLCKEN	NP70J NPRF141	NS5G NNET1JB
NM34F NHLCKIN	NP70K NPRF143	NS5G NNET2JB
NM34G NHLCKFN	NP70L NPRF107	NS5G NNET3JB

NS5HNNET1ET	NY15 NYPTLKF	NY65C NYPWKW
NS5H NNET2ET	NY16 NYPNPAL	NY65D NYPWKTH
NS5H NNET3ET	NY17 NYPFGHT	NY65E NYPWKF
NS6ANNETSOC	NY18 NYPEATN	NY65F NYPWKSA
NT2BNTELWHY	NY19 NYPSMEV	NY65G NYPWKSU
NT45 NTLFIYRL	NY20 NYPSMOF	NY66 NYPLVHM
NT50 NTLFIYR	NY21NYPSMLW	NY67 NYP2UNI
NV1A NOPSOCA	NY22 NYPDGFR	NY68M1 NYPNUNA
NV1B NOPSOCB	NY23 NYPHSTAT	NY68M2 NYPNUNB
NV1C NOPSOCC	NY24A NYPOPHE	NY69M1 NYPEVNT1
NV1DNOPSOCD	NY24B NYPOPHC	NY69M2 NYPEVNT2
NV1E NOPSOCE	NY25 NYPHFI	141001112 1411 241412
NV1F NOPSOCF	NY25 NYPHTC	
NV2 NVOTE1	NY25 NYPHTF	
NV3 NVOTE1	NY26 NYPWTK	
NV4 NVOTE3	NY26 NYPWTP	
NV5 NVOTE4	NY26 NYPWTS	
NV6 NVOTE5	NY27 NYPWGHR	
NV7 NVOTE7	NY28 NYPDIET	
NV8 NVOTE8	NY29 NYPSPRT	
NV9 NVOTE6	NY30M1 NYPSPRT1	
NV9A NNIVT1	NY30M2 NYPSPRT2	
NV9B NNIVT2	NY31M1 NYPNSPT1	
NV10A NLACTA	NY31M2 NYPNSPT2	
NV10B NLACTB	NY32 NYPFRUT	
NV10C NLACTC	NY33NYPFFD	
NV10DNLACTD	NY34 NYPJFD	
NV10E NLACTE	NY35 NYPTTSM	
NV10F NLACTF	NY36 NYPESTA	
NV10H NLACTH	NY37 NYPESTI	
NV10I NLACTI	NY38 NYPESTB	
NV10J NLACTJ	NY39 NYPESTJ	
NV10K NLACTK	NY40 NYPESTC	
NV10L NLACTL	NY41 NYPESTK	
NV11 NFRNA	NY42 NYPESTE	
NV12 NFRNB	NY43 NYPESTF	
NV13 NFRNC	NY44 NYPTCHA	
NV14 NOPRLG1	NY45 NYPTCHB	
NV15 NOPRLG2	NY46NYPHSW	
NV16 NOPRLG3	NY47 NYPHAP	
NV17A NIVVA	NY48 NYPHFM	
NV17B NIVVB	NY49 NYPHFR	
NV17C NIVVC	NY50 NYPHSC	
NV17D NIVVD	NY51 NYPHLF	
NV17E NIVVE	NY52 NYPVTE6	
NY1 NYTVHRS	NY53 NYPVTE3	
NY2NYTVSTP	NY54 NYPTRUN	
NY3NYPCOMP	NY55 NYPBULL	
NY4NYPPCHW	NY56 NYPOPSC	
NY5 NYPPCG	NY57 NYPLVSC	
NY5 NYPPCG NY6 NYPPCNT		
	NY58 NYPACVS	
NY7 NYPMOBU	NY60 NYPSOC	
NY8 NYPCHOR	NY61 NYPWKLW	
NY9NYPPALS	NY62M1 NYPSOC1	
NY10 NYPPALO	NY62M2 NYPSOC2	
NY11 NYPLATE	NY63NYPWHRS	
NY12NYPARGM	NY64 NYPPAY	
NY13 NYPARGF	NY65A NYPWKM	
NY14 NYPTLKM	NY65B NYPWKT	





