Summary

Sample

The sample frame was households who were formerly members of the British Household Panel Survey (BHPS) who had been dropped for technical and funding reasons. Randomly selected one person from each household.

Target sample size: 280 subjects Achieved sample size: 258 subjects

Sample was not representative of the general population. Women, low-income households and the elderly were over-represented.

Design

The experiment used an independent measures design. The study also involved two self-completion questionnaires and a short face-to-face interview.

Method

The experiment and subsequent interviews were carried out face-to-face at the subject's home. The experiment was carried out first. The two treatments were applied to one-half of the sampled Rs each. After completing the experiment, the respondents filled out a short confidential self-completion questionnaire on their own that followed up their decision, which we analyse below. They then completed a short questionnaire with the interviewer (CAPI) and finally another confidential self-completion questionnaire containing the twelve questions from the General Health Questionnaire (GHQ), two questions about willingness to take risks and six questions for assessing two of the 'big five' personality traits—'openness' and 'neuroticism'. The CAPI questionnaire allowed us to update some basic information, such as current employment, marital status, homeownership and financial situation, at the time of the experiment. On average, the experiment took 10 minutes and the remainder of the survey about 15 minutes.

The game we presented to subjects, whom we shall call the truster (R) and the trustee (E), is a basic 'one-shot' trust game in binary form. We first describe a treatment in which R must decide whether or not to pass on the entire amount of money he receives, and then briefly describe a second treatment in which he can keep a small part of what he receives.

1. R receives £10, described as compensation for taking part in the interview *cum* experiment. A £10 banknote is given to him by the interviewer at the onset of his visit. R is then notified that he will have the opportunity to give the money to another person (E) with whom he has been randomly matched and about whom he is told nothing. R is further told that if he does so, the experimenter will increase it by £30 and that E will thus receive £40.

- 2. R is then told that E will be given the choice to either pay back £22 to R, or keep all £40. R is informed that if he decides to give £10, he will know the outcome in about 4 weeks, and in that case he will receive a cheque for £22 if E decides to pay back the specified amount. (Of course £22 in four weeks is not necessarily worth the same to a person as £22 now. But for £10 now to be worth the present value of £22 in four weeks, R's *monthly* discount rate would need to be 120%, or an annual rate in excess of 1400%. Even loan sharks charge less interest than that.) R is also informed that E will have no knowledge of R, nor will E's interviewer know who R is.
- 3. R is then offered the binary choice of either to keep £10 or to give it to E. He either puts the £10 banknote inside of a decision card or not, and puts the card in an envelope and seals it; the interviewer does not observe or otherwise know his decision.
- 4. These payoffs imply that R would be better off not to give the money to E if E chooses to keep it all, but better off to pass it on if E chooses to pay back the specified amount. The problem is that E, in terms of his self-interested monetary payoffs, can do better by keeping it all; i.e. by not fulfilling the trust placed in him by R. If R thinks that this is what E will do then he should keep the £10. If R decides to pass on the £10 it means he 'trusts' in the precise sense defined by Bacharach and Gambetta (2001): that he expects E to resist the pull of his 'raw payoffs' and return the £22.
- 5. If R chooses to keep the £10 banknote, the game ends there.
- 6. If R chooses to pass the £10 on, E is offered, by a different interviewer who visits him at his home, a binary choice of whether to pay back £22 and keep the difference or keep the whole £40 he received. E is told that R was informed that E would be making this choice before R decided to pass on £10. E is given two cheques made out in their name: one for £40 pounds and one for £18, either of which he can cash without delay. Depending on how he decides, he keeps the appropriate one, puts the other cheque in an envelope along with the decision form and seals it; the interviewer does not know his decision.

In the second treatment, the protocol changes in the following way.

- 1. R receives £12 in cash (a £10 note and a £2 coin) as compensation for taking part in the interview *cum* experiment. Once again the cash is given to him when the interviewer arrives.
- 2. R is offered the binary choice of either keeping the whole £12 or giving £10 to E and keeping £2. He either puts the banknote valuing £10 inside of a decision card or not, and puts the card in an envelope and seals it; the interviewer does not know his decision. If R does choose to pass on the £10, the money available to E is increased by £30, and E will be told that R has kept £2.
- 3. The remaining steps are the same as in the previous treatment.

The outcome variables of interest are:

- (1) the probability that R passes £10 on ('trusts');
- (2) the probability that E pays back the £22 ('fulfils trust').

Data

Sample used for People's Trust

Our experimental study drew a sample of about 300 individuals from the 'low income' sub-sample of the UK part of the European Community Household Panel Survey (ECHP). In total, 258 individuals took part in this study. The ECHP sample was interviewed annually from 1994 to 2001 as part of the British Household Panel Survey (BHPS) – on eight occasions in total. Since 1997 it was administered by the Institute for Social and Economic Research (ISER) and undertaken jointly with the British Household Panel Survey (BHPS) activities. The sub-sample was selected in 1997 from the ECHP Great Britain panel. Selection was based on characteristics associated with low income – direct income data was not available at that time. Households were eligible if all adult members had been interviewed in the previous wave, and one of the following applied: household reference person unemployed currently or in the last year; household reference person receiving lone parent benefit; rented housing; receipt of means-tested welfare benefits.

Funding for the ECHP expired in 2001, but respondents who participated in the survey in 2001 were interviewed once more in early 2003 for purely methodological purposes (see Jäckle et al 2004). Interviews were sought with all ECHP sub-sample members who responded at the 2001 BHPS, that is, with 1,163 individuals in 781 households. New entrants and those not interviewed at the previous wave were not interviewed; eligible movers were followed to their new address. The interviews were based on the 2002 BHPS questionnaires. Efforts were made to maintain the context of the interview as far as possible, although both the household and individual questionnaires were shortened by removing some sections or questions not needed for the project. In particular the sections on demographics, health and values and opinions were reduced considerably. Other instruments used in

the 2002 BHPS, such as the self-completion questionnaire, youth questionnaire, telephone and proxy interviews, were also omitted. Interviews were completed with 88.8% of the 1,163 eligible adults. Non-interviews were due to untraced moves (2.8%), refusals either by the individual (3.2%) or the entire household (3.5%), or other non-coded reasons (1.6%).

The 2003 sample is not representative of the GB resident population in 2003, because low-income households are over-represented. Additionally, the sample is affected by attrition between 1994 and 2003. But the sample still contains a wide range of population groups, and the existence of a number of earlier waves of data for this sample provides a very rich background of information on these individuals. As an indication of the over-representation of poorer people, only 27% of the 2001 ECHP low-income respondent sample had bought the house they lived in, compared to an estimated 68 % of the 2001 census population. Similarly, the majority (52%) did not have a car for their private use, compared to 27% of the population. Also, a lower proportion of the survey sample is in employment (49%) than in the census population (60%), with a larger percent being retired (20% cf. 14%). In addition, only 10% of the sample have a degree or equivalent qualification (compared to 20% of the population) and 43% have no qualifications such as A-levels, O-levels or CSEs (cf. 30% of the population).

To quote Jäckle et al (2004), their 2003 sample "over-represents the older population and under-represents younger age groups compared to population estimates. Employment rates and educational qualifications are lower in the survey sample, as are the proportions of owner-occupiers and consumption indicators such as the number of cars in the household. As to the causes of these differences, the age distribution is clearly affected by attrition: younger sample members are less likely to

complete the interview. The survey also seems disproportionately to lose men, individuals with intermediate qualifications (A or O-levels, CSE), self-employed or unemployed, and those receiving zero benefits. For other employment and benefit characteristics the differences between respondents and non-respondents are not significant. Differences compared to the population estimates might therefore be attributed solely to the initial sampling process. However, the small number of employees may be masking differences caused by attrition."

			LIV	ING IN B	RIT	AIN - SPRI	NG 2007 - STAGE 1 CAR	D 1
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ENUMERATION GRID

CARD 2

DETERMINING WHICH LISTED MEMBERS ARE PRESENT "Last time we had (Name of first person) listed as living with you. Does he/she still live here?". Enter appropriate 'household membership' code at column 6. NB Column 6, Code 2 refers to temporary absence (less than 6 months). "And what about (next person)? Does he/she still live here?" Ask about **ALL** other persons listed below.

IF NONE OF THE PEOPLE LISTED BELOW ARE PRESENT, STOP HERE. DETERMINE THEIR NEW ADDRESS(ES).

GO BACK TO FRONT PAGE FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS.

IDENTIFYING UNLISTED MEMBERS "And does anyone else usually live here with you?" Enter their title, first name and surname in column 2, in sequence after the last preprinted line. Do not complete columns 3-5 unless they are former sample members who have rejoined the household. If you have their details transfer these in full to columns 3-5. (If no details contact Chelmsford). Then complete column 6. "I (now) have listed (read names out of all current household members). Is there anyone else who normally lives here that I have missed, such as babies or lodgers or anyone who usually lives here but is away at the moment?" Complete columns 2-6 as appropriate.

- 7. 'Are yow'is currently married, living with a partner, widowed, divorced or separated or have yow'they never been married?'
- 8. If coded 1 or 2 at 7 ask 'Does your / his / her spouse / partner live in the household?' IF YES enter person number of spouse/partner. IF NO enter 00. If coded 3-6 at 7 enter 00.
- 9. Ask 'Last week were you/was in paid employment at all, including being away temporarily from a job you/they would normally have been doing?

1. PN (19-20)	2. NAME Title, First name and surname	3. PID	4. S e x	5. Date of Birth	Membership Listed Resident	7. Marital Status Married	8. Spouse Partner Number Codes 3-0 at 8 code 00	9. Paid Employ Yes
SAMPI	LED RESPONDENT	(21-29)	(30)	(31-38)	(40)	(41)	(42-43)	(44)
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Total	No. of calls	at issued addres	SS (57-58		No. of calls a	at new address	Office Use Only: Batch Code (61-64)

ENUMERATION GRID

CARD 2

DETERMINING WHICH LISTED MEMBERS ARE PRESENT "Last time we had (Name of first person) listed as living with you. Does he/she still live here?". Enter appropriate 'household membership' code at column 6. NB Column 6, Code 2 refers to temporary absence (less than 6 months). "And what about (next person)? Does he/she still live here?" Ask about **ALL** other persons listed below.

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- 7. 'Are you/is currently married, living with a partner, widowed, divorced or separated or have you/they never been married?'
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- 9. Ask 'Last week were you/was in paid employment at all, including being away temporarily from a job you/they would normally have been doing?

1. PN (19-20)	2. NAME Title, First name and surname	3. PID	4. S e x	5. Date of Birth	Membership Listed Resident 1 Absent 2 Moved 3 Deceased 4 Unlisted Reigingr 5	7. Marital Status Maried	8. Spouse Partner Number Codes 3-0 at 8 code 00	9. Paid Employ Yes
SAMPI	LED RESPONDENT	(21-29)	(30)	(31-38)	(40)	(41)	(42-43)	(44)
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INELIG	SIBLE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS		 		
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FOR INTERVIEWER REFERENCE

this respondent.

(T1 = 0 & T2 = 0)
"This respondent is ineligible for interview."
(T1 = 1 & T2 = 1)
"This is a first-stage respondent. You will be using PINK coloured materials for this respondent.
Please ensure that this respondent has received the card with the £10 note.
Before you start, make sure the respondent has opened it and seen the money."
(T1 = 1 & T2 = 2)
"This is a first-stage respondent. You will be using PINK coloured materials for

Please ensure that this respondent has received the card with the £10 note and £2 coin. Before you start, make sure the respondent has opened it and seen the money."

(T1 = 2)

"This is a second-stage respondent. You will be using the CREAM coloured materials for this respondent.

Please hand over the two checks for £40 and £18 at the appropriate point in the experiment."

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT MUST BE READ TO ALL RESPONDENTS:

This interview is completely voluntary -- if we should come to any question that you don't want to answer, just let me know and we'll go on to the next question.

SC1 CHECK

IF T1 = 1 & T2 = 1 GO TO SC1 (£10 OPTIONS) ELSE IF T1 = 1 & T2 = 2 GO TO SC1 (£12 OPTIONS) ELSE IF T1 = 2 GO TO SC5

SC1 INTERVIEWER NOTE

THIS RESPONDENT SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED $\{£10\}$ (IF T2 = 1) / $\{£12\}$ (IF T2 = 2) IN CASH.

PLEASE MAKE SURE YOU HAVE HANDED OVER THE CARD WITH THE $\{£10 \text{ NOTE}\}\ (IF\ T2=1)\ \{£10 \text{ NOTE PLUS }£2\text{ COIN}\}\ (IF\ T2=2)\ BEFORE YOU START AND MAKE SURE THE RESPONDENT HAS OPENED IT AND SEEN THE MONEY$

READ OUT

As you know, we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. In this experiment we randomly matched you with another person. The other person does not know your identity or anything about you and I know nothing about the other person. I will have no contact with this person. They will be interviewed by another interviewer following your interview.

Let's start by explaining a bit more about the experiment and the choice you need to make. We have given you $\{£10\}$ (if T2=1) / $\{£12\}$ (if T2=2). This money is yours to keep as a "Thank you" for participating in this survey. In this experiment, however, we are giving you the opportunity to give $\{this £10\}$ (if T2=1) / $\{£10 \text{ of this}\}$ (if T2=2) to the person we have randomly matched you with. If you give $\{£10\}$ (it T2=1) / $\{£10 \text{ of this}\}$ (if T2=2) to the person we matched you with, we will add £30, so that the other person receives £40. We will then ask them to decide

whether to return £22 of this to you and keep £18, OR whether to keep the £40

The other person is absolutely free to choose either option.

Your decision needs to be made in private so please do not tell me now, even if you know immediately what you are going to do.. I will never know what you decided.

HAND LAMINATED SHOWCARD SIDE 1 TO RESPONDENT READ OUT

You must decide whether or not to give £10 to the other person.

If you decide **not to give the £10**, your participation in the experiment ends. We will just finish off the rest of the interview.

If you decide to give the £10, you may receive £22 back, or nothing. You will find out about the other person's decision and receive payment, if any, in about four weeks.

In this experiment both you and the other person are free to decide what you want to do. There is no 'correct' decision.

CONTINUE		
CONTINUE	CONTINUE	

SC2 HAND THE RESPONDENT THE ENVELOPE AND ASK THEM TO TURN OVER THE LAMINATED CARD TO SIDE 2 FOR THE INSTRUCTIONS

READ OUT

If you decide NOT to give the £10 to the other person, you should put the empty card in the envelope.

If you decide to give the £10 to the other person, put the £10 note inside the card and put it in the envelope.

Please seal the envelope before you hand it back to me. Someone else will open the envelope and I will never know your decision.

Can you please make your decision now. I will leave the room / turn my back so you can make your choice in private. Please take as long as you need to make your decision.

Interviewer code:		
Envelope with card returned		

SC3 ONCE THE RESPONDENT HAS HANDED BACK THE SEALED ENVELOPE WITH THE CARD PASS THEM THE SINGLE PINK PAGE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE TO COMPLETE TOGETHER WITH ANOTHER ENVELOPE

READ OUT

We would next like you to answer a few questions concerning your decision. Can you please complete the questions on the sheet and then seal it in the envelope before you hand it back to me. I will turn my back again so that you can complete the questions in private.

,	
Interviewer code:	
Questionnaire returned	

SC4 READ OUT

Thank-you. We will process your decision and, if you gave £10 and the person we paired you with returns £22, we will send you a cheque for £22. In any case, we will notify you about the outcome. This should take about four weeks.

That is the end of the experiment but I just have a few other questions I'd like to ask you. This will take only 5 or 10 minutes.

CONTINUE GO TO HO

SC5 READ OUT

As you know, we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. In this experiment we randomly matched you with another person. The other person does not know your identity or anything about you. I myself have had no contact with this person. They have already been interviewed by another interviewer.

Let's start by explaining a bit more about the experiment and the choices you can make about what to do with £40. This £40 has been made available to you because of the decision made by the other person when they were interviewed. This is what has happened so far.

The other person received $\{£10\}$ (IF T2 = 1) / $\{£12\}$ (IF T2 = 2) from us for taking part in the experiment.

We told them that they would have the opportunity to receive £22 if they chose to give you £10. They were told that if they gave you £10, we would add £30 to make £40, which is the amount you now have available.

The other person made their decision knowing that you would be asked to decide whether to keep £18 and return £22 to them or keep all £40.

They decided to give you the £10 knowing this was the choice you would be making.

Your decision needs to be made in private so please do not tell me now, even if you know immediately what you are going to do. I will never know what you decided.

HAND OVER THE CREAM SHOWCARD SIDE 1 READ OUT

We now ask you to decide whether you want to ...

Keep the £40
OR
Keep the £18 and return £22

Let me stress that you are absolutely free to choose either option and that the other person knew you would be free to choose. There is no 'correct' decision.

CONTINUE

SC6 HAND THE RESPONDENT THE ENVELOPE WITH THE CHEQUES AND ASK TO OPEN ASK TO REFER TO THE CREAM SHOWCARD SIDE 2 HAND THE RESPONDENT THE CREAM DECISION CARD AND ENVELOPE

READ OUT

Here are two cheques made out to you, one for £18 and the other for £40.

Can you look at this card and decide whether you want to keep £40 OR keep £18 and return £22 to the person who made the £40 available to you.

Put both the card with your decision and cheque in the envelope and seal it before handing it back to me. Someone else will open the envelope and I will never know your decision.

Let me stress again that you are absolutely free to choose either option. There is no 'correct' decision.

So that you can make your decision in private, I will leave the room/turn my back. Please take as long as you need to make your decision..

Interviewer code:

Envelope with card returned	
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SC7 ONCE THE RESPONDENT HAS HANDED BACK THE SEALED ENVELOPE WITH THE DECISION CARD PASS THEM THE SINGLE CREAM COLOURED SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE TOGETHER WITH ANOTHER ENVELOPE

READ OUT

complete the questions on this s	rer a few questions. Can you please sheet, then seal it in the envelope I will turn my back again so that you rivate.
Interviewer code: Questionnaire returned	

SC8 READ OUT

Thank-you. You can cash the cheque that you kept immediately.

That is the end of the experiment but I just have a few other questions I'd like to ask you. This will take only 5 or 10 minutes.

CONTINUE GO TO HO

H0.	TIME AT START Hours Minutes	
	HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS	
H1	Does your household own or rent this accommodation or does it come rent-free?	
	Owned/being bought on mortgage1 Shared ownership (part-owned part-rented) 2 Rented	ASK H2
	Rent free	GO ТО НЗ
H2	Is this accommodation: READ OUT	
	Owned outright	GO TO 2 H4
НЗ	Who is the accommodation rented from or provided by?	
	<u>ORGANISATIONS</u>	
	Local Authority/Council/ Northern Ireland Housing Executive	
	Other organisation (SPECIFY)07	
	INDIVIDUALS	
	Relative	

Neighbourhood and Individual Demographics

D1.	Question not asked
D2.	Can I just check, in what month and year did you move here? IF DON'T KNOW YEAR, GIVE APPROXIMATE DATE CODE DON'T KNOW - MONTH = 98, YEAR = 9998
	Month Year WRITE IN:
D3.	SHOWCARD 1 Which of the following best describes your current situation. Are you CODE ONE ONLY
	Self employed
D4.	What is your current <u>legal</u> marital status, are you READ OUT
	Married

D5. SHOWCARD 2A

Please look at this card. Do you have any of the qualifications listed?

	qualifications listed?
	Yes
D6.	Which qualifications do you have? CODE ALL THAT APPLY
	Youth training certificate/Skillseekers01
	Recognised trade / modern apprenticeship completed02
	Clerical and commercial qualifications (eg typing / shorthand / book-keeping / commerce)03
	City & Guilds Certificate - Craft / Intermediate / Ordinary / Part I / or Scotvec National Certificate Modules / or NVQ1 / SVQ104
	City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced / Final / Part II / or Scotvec Higher National Units / or NVQ2 / SVQ205
	City & Guilds Certificate - Full Technological / Part III / or Scotvec Higher National Units06
	Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND), BEC / TEC / BTEC / Scotvec National Certificate or Diploma / or NVQ3 / SVQ307
	Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND), BEC / TEC / BTEC / Scotvec Higher Certificate or Higher Diploma / or NVQ4 / SVQ408
	Nursing qualifications (eg SEN, SRN, SCM, RGN)09
	Teaching qualifications (not degree)10
	University diploma11
	University or CNAA First Degree (eg BA, B.Ed, BSc)12
	University or CNAA Higher Degree (eg MSc, PhD)13
	Other technical, professional or higher qualifications14

SHOWCARD 2B Please look at this card. Do you have any of the qualifications listed? Yes 1 No.....2 D8. Which qualifications do you have? **CODE ALL THE APPLY ENGLISH AND WELSH SCHOOL EXAMS** CSE grade 2-5 02 CSE grade 1 03 GCSE grades D-G 04 O level (obtained before 1975) 06 O level A-C (1975 or later)......07 O level D,E (1975 or later) 08 Higher School Certificate 09 A level 10 GNVQ......11 SCOTTISH SCHOOL EXAMS SCE Ordinary Grade bands D-E or 4-5 (1973 or later) 20 O grades (pass or bands A-C or 1-3)...... 21 Standard Grade level 4-7......22 Standard Grade level 1-3......23 Higher Grade 24 SLC: School Leaving Certificate - Lower Grade 26 SLC: School Leaving Certificate - Higher Grade27 OTHER (INCLUDING FOREIGN QUALIFICATIONS)

D7.

HEALTH AND CARING

I wou	ld now like to ask you about your health and the use you make of health services.
M1.	Can I check, do you consider yourself to be a disabled person?
	Yes1 No2
M2.	Please think back over the last 12 months about how your health has been. Compared to people of your own age, would you say that your health has on the whole been READ OUT
	Excellent
M3.	Does your health in any way limit your daily activities compared to most people of your age?
	Yes
M4.	SHOWCARD 3 Please look at this card and tell me which of these activities, if any, would you normally find difficult to manage on your own. CODE ALL THAT APPLY
	Doing the housework
M5.	Does your health limit the type of work or the amount of work you can do? INCLUDE BOTH PAID AND UNPAID WORK

es/													1
Jo.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2

M6.	Do you smoke cigarettes?
	Yes <u>1 ASK M7</u>
	No2 GO TO E1
M7.	Approximately how many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke, including those you roll yourself? IF VARIES, PROMPT FOR DAILY AVERAGE OVER LAST WEEK
	NUMBER: PER DAY
	Less than 1 =
	00

EMPLOYMENT

E1.	Can I just check, did you do any paid work last week - that is in the seven days ending last Sunday - either as an employee or self employed?	
	Yes No2	
E2.	Even though you weren't working did you have a job that you were away from last week?	
	Yes	GO TO 029
E3.	What was the main reason you were away from work last week?	
	Maternity leave	2 3 4 5
	Other reasons (GIVE DETAILS)	3
E4.	What was your (main) job last week? Please tell me the exact job title and describe fully the sort of work you do.	
	IF MORE THAN ONE JOB: MAIN = JOB WITH MOST HOURS IF EQUAL HOURS: MAIN JOB = HIGHEST PAID	OFFICE CODE
	ENTER JOB TITLE:	
	DESCRIBE FULLY WORK DONE: (IF RELEVANT `WHAT ARE THE MATERIALS MADE OF?')	

E5.	Are you an employee or self-employed?	
	Employee <u>1</u> Self-employed 2	ASK <u>E6</u> GO TO E21
E6.	Do you have any managerial duties or do you supervise any other employees?	
	Manager	
E7.	SHOWCARD 4 Which type of organisation on this card do you work for (in your main job)?	
	Private firm/company/plc	
	(inc local education, fire, police)	
	Non-profit making organisation (include charities, co-operatives etc)05 Armed forces	
	07	

k? .ude all employees incl	loyed at the place where you UDING PART-TIME AND SHIFT	
	1 - 2	02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
rtime and meal breaks, mal week?	are you expected to work in a	7
	nking about your (main) ertime and meal breaks, mal week?	1 - 2

E10.	The last time you were paid, what was is including any overtime, bonuses, cor refund, but before any deductions for to insurance, or pension contributions, un IF 'DON'T KNOW / CAN'T REMEMBER' PROBE: 'approximate amount?'	mmission, tips or tax ax, national ion dues and so on?	
	ENTER TO NEAREST £:		ASK E11
		Don't know	
	RESPONDENT TO CHECK PAY SL	IP IF POSSIBLE	
E11.	How long a period did that cover?		
	Fortnight Four weeks Calendar m Year		OFFICE COD

E12.	And what was your take-ho any deductions were made pensions, union dues etc? IF 'DON'T KNOW / CAN'T REMEME an approximate amount?'		
	ENTER TO NE	EAREST £:	ASK E13
	I	Don't know	GO TO V1 GO TO E14
	RESPONDENT TO CHE	CK PAY SLIP IF POSSIBLE	
E13.	How long a period did that of	cover?	OFFICE CODE
		Week 1 Fortnight 2 Four weeks 3 Calendar month 4 Year 5 Other (WRITE IN) 6	
E14.	Your take home pay last time was (AMOUNT AT E12 or amount at E10 if E12 = 0). Is this the amount you usually receive (before any statutory sick pay or statutory maternity pay)?		
		Yes <u>1</u> No2	

E15.	How much are you usually paid? IF NO USUAL: GIVE AVERAGE IF 'DON'T KNOW / CAN'T REMEMBER' PROBE: 'Can you give me an approximate amount?'		
	ENTER TO NEAREST £:		ASK E16
		Don't know 8 Refused 9	GO TO V1
E16.	How long a period did that cover?		
		Week 1 Fortnight 2 Four weeks 3 Calendar month 4 Year 5 Other (WRITE IN) 6	OFFICE CODE
E17.	And is that before or after any deductions for tax, national insurance, union dues and so on or are there usually no deductions at all made from your salary?		
		Before deductions 1 After deductions2 No deductions 3 Don't know 8	

THERE ARE NO QUESTIONS E18, E19, E20

SELF-EMPLOYED ONLY (E5 = 2)

E21.	Do you have any employees?		
		YES, has employees	
E22.	How many people do you e	employ?	
		1 - 2 01 3 - 9 02 10 - 24 03 25 - 49 04 50 - 99 05 100 - 199 06 200 - 499 07 500 - 999 08 1000 or more 09 Don't know but fewer than 25 10 Don't know but 25 or more 11	
E23.	How many hours in total do you usually work a week in your		
job?	IF NO USUAL: GIVE AVERAGE		
-		WRITE IN: Don't know8	
E24.	SHOWCARD 6 Please look at this card and tell me which of these best describes your employment situation. CODE ONE ONLY		
	Running a business or a professional practice1 Partner in a business or a professional practice2 Working for myself		

E25.	Now I'd like to ask some questions about your per income from your job/business; that is after paying materials, equipment or goods that you use(d) in your personal statement of the statement o				
	On average, what was your WEEKLY or MONTHLY income from this job/business over the last 12 months? IF `DON'T KNOW / CAN'T REMEMBER' PROBE: `Can you give me an approximate amount?'				
	WRITE IN TO NEAREST £:		ASK E26		
		ow8 9	GO TO V1		
E26.	Was that weekly or monthly income?				
	Weekly income. Monthly income Other (specify)	2		OFFICE COD	
E27. tax?	Can I just check, is that figure before deduction of income				
		ore tax)1 tax)2			

GO TO V1

Yes (before NI).....1 No (after NI)2

E28. And is that figure before deduction of National Insurance?

ASK ALL NOT CURRENTLY WORKING (E2=2)

E29.	Have you looked for any kind of paid work or government training scheme in the last week, that is the 7 days ending yesterday?		
		<u>1</u> 2	GO TO E31 ASK E30

E30. Have you looked for any kind of paid work or government training scheme in the last four weeks?

Yes	1	ASK E31
No	2	GO TO V1

E31. How likely do you think it is that you will begin paid work in the next twelve months? Do you think it is

READ OUT AND CODE ONE ONLY

Very likely	1
Likely	2
Unlikely	3
Very unlikely	
(Volunteered) Don't know	

VALUES AND OPINIONS

V1.	Now I have a few questions about your views on politics.
	Generally speaking do you think of yourself as a supporter
	of any one political party?

Yes.....<u>1 GO TO V4</u> No......2 **ASK V2**

Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political V2. party than to the others?

Yes......1 **GO TO V4** No.......2 **ASK V3**

IF NO AT V2

If there were to be a General Election tomorrow, which V3. political party do you think you would be most likely to support?

CODE ONE ONLY

Conservative	GO TO V6
Other answer (SPECIFY)	
08 None	

IF YES AT V1 OR V2

V4. Which one? **CODE ONE ONLY**

V5.

V6.

	Conservative Labour Liberal Democrat Scottish National Party (SNP) Plaid Cymru Green Party Other party (SPECIFY)	.02 .03 .04 .05	ASK V5
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	07	
		08-	<i>)</i> GO TO V6
	None Don't know Refused	98	
•	a very strong supporter of (QUOTE fairly strong?	≣	
	Very strong Fairly strong Not very strong Don't know	2 3	
How interested would yo you say you are READ OUT	ou say you are in politics? Would		
	Very interested Fairly interested		

Not very interested......3 or Not at all interested 4

V7. SHOWCARD 7

Are you currently a member of any of the kinds of organisations on this card?

Yes	1	ASK V8
No	2	GO TO V9

V8. Which ones? **PROBE**: `Any others?' until `No' **CODE ALL THAT APPLY ON GRID BELOW**

	- / / / / / - / - / - / - / - / - /	<u>Member</u>	<u>Activities</u>
		V8	V9
-\	Delitical acets	0.4	04
a)	Political party		
p)	Trade Unions		
c)	Environmental group		
d)	Parents'/School Association	04	04
e)	Tenants'/Residents' Group		
	or Neighbourhood Watch	05	05
f)	Religious group or church organisation	06	06
g)	Voluntary services group	07	07
h)	Pensioners group/organisation	80	8
i)	Scouts/Guides organisation		
j)	Professional organisation		
k)	Other community or civic group (GIVE DETAILS)		
,	, , ,		
		11	11
l)	Social Club/Working men's club	12	12
m)	Sports Club	13	13
n)	Women's Institute/Townswomen's Guild	14	14
0)	Women's Group/Feminist Organisation	15	15
p)	Other group or organisation (GIVE DETAILS)	16	16
. ,	,		
			
q)	None		17

V9. SHOWCARD 7

Whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these organisations on a regular basis? PROBE: `Which ones'? `Any others'? UNTIL `No'. CODE ALL THAT APPLY ON GRID ABOVE OR CODE NONE (q).

V10.	How often, if at all, do you attend religious services or meetings? PROMPT AS NECESSARY		
	Le Le Ne	ss often but at least once a month 2 ss often but at least once a year 3 ever or practically never 4 nly at weddings, funerals etc 5	
V11.	, ,	ould you say that most people can be i't be too careful in dealing with	
	Ca Ot	ost people can be trusted	

HOUSEHOLD FINANCES

F1.	How well would you say you yourself are managing financially these days? Would you say you are READ OUT		
	Living comfortably		
F2.	Would you say that you yourself are better off or worse off financially than you were a year ago?		
	Better off		
F3.	Looking ahead, how do you think you will be financially <u>a year from now,</u> will you be READ OUT		
	Better off		
F4.	Do you save any amount of your income for example by putting something away now and then in a bank, building society, or Post Office account other than to meet regular bills? Please include share purchase schemes, ISA's and Tessa accounts.		
	Yes		

F5.	About how much on average do you personally manage to save a month? IF `DON'T KNOW/CAN'T REMEMBER' PROBE: `Can you give me an approximate amount?'		
	w	RITE IN TO NEAREST £:	
		Don't know 8 Refused9	
F6.	Do you normally have access to a to?	a car or van that you can use whenever you want	
		Yes	
F7.	and tell me your household's tota	n this household, can you please look at this card all income from all sources including employment efits, before tax and other deductions. You can just	
		ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BEFORE TAX	
	£150 - £ 249 £250 - £ 349 £350 - £ 449 £450 - £ 549 £550 - £ 649 £650 - £ 949 £950 - £1,149	LESS THAN £7,800	
		Don't know98 Refused99	
	TIME NOW	Minutes	

INTERVIEWER OBSERVATIONS

COMPLETE AFTER INDIVIDUAL INTERVIEW

I1	Were any other people present during a	any of this interview?	
		Yes <u>1</u> No <u>2</u>	ANSWER I2 GO TO I6
l2	Aside from during the experiment, did a any of the answers given by the respon		n to influence
		A great deal	I3
13	In what way was the respondent influen [NOTE PARTICULAR QUESTIONS]	iced?	
14.	<u>During the experiment</u> , did any of these answers given by the respondent?	people seem to influen	ce any of the
		A great dealA fair amountA littleNot at allDon't Know / Not in ro	1 ANSWER 2 I5 3 4 GO TO I6 om 8
15	In what way was the respondent influen [NOTE PARTICULAR QUESTIONS]	ced?	
		 _	

Did the respondent ask your advice in deciding to $\{give \text{ the money to their matched person during the experiment?}\}$ (IF T = 1 or 2) / $\{return \text{ the money to their matched person}\}$ (IF T = 3)?				
	Yes1 No2			
Did the respondent ask the advice of any deciding to {give the money to their match (IF T = 1 or 2) / {return the money to their	ned person during the	experiment?}		
	Yes No Don't Know / Not in Ro			
How easily did the respondent understand in the experiment?	d what they were bein	g asked to do		
E N	Very easily			
How worried did the respondent seem by experiment?	being asked to take p	part in the		
	Not at all worried 1 Somewhat worried 2 Very worried 3	GO TO I10 GO TO I11		
What were the concerns they may have e WRITE IN DETAILS:	expressed			

16.

		Very good Good Fair Poor Very poor	2 3 4	
Were there an	y problems during	the interview?		
		Yes No	<u>1</u>	GO TO I1 END
WRITE IN DE	TAILS:			

In general, the respondent's cooperation during the interview was ...

l11.

DOCUMENT CHECK

WHEN ALL SECTIONS COMPLETED ENSURE YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS. DO YOU HAVE...

	Yes	No F	Refused	
Coversheet with Household Grid	1	2	9	
The decision card envelope	1	2	9	
The PINK (T2 = 1) / CREAM (T1 = 2) questionnaire in en	velope	1	2	9
Self-completion questionnaire	1	2	9	

PLEASE DIAL-IN YOUR CAPI INTERVIEW AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

SEND ALL PAPER DOCUMENTS TO CHELMSFORD IMMEDIATELY SO THAT THE DECISION THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS MADE CAN BE PROCESSED QUICKLY

THANK-YOU.

END

OFFICE USE ONLY

Wave		Seri	ial Nun	ıber		Hou	usehold N	No. C	heck N	0.	Perso	n No.
17							0				0	1
10-11		•	12-16		•		17		18	•	19-	-20

LIVING IN BRITAIN SPRING 2007

CONFIDENTIAL

SELF COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE:

The questionnaire should not take very long to complete. Each one can be answered simply by ticking the box next to the answer. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part. We hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by you. Any answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP

This survey is carried out by an independent social research institute situated within the University of Essex. It is funded by the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), with contributions also from government departments. Please contact us if you would like further information.

Here are some questions regarding the way you have been feeling over the last f weeks. For each question please tick the box next to the answer that best describ way you have felt.	
Have you recently	
a) been able to concentrate on whatever you're doing?	CARD 5
Better than usual	21
b) lost much sleep over worry?	
Not at all	22
c) felt that you were playing a useful part in things?	
More than usual	23
d) felt capable of making decisions about things?	
More so than usual	24

1.

e)	felt constantly under strain?	OFFICE USE ONLY
	Not at all	25
	No more than usual	25
	Rather more than usual	
	Much more than usual	
f)	felt you couldn't overcome your difficulties ?	
	Not at all	26
	No more than usual 2	
	Rather more than usual 3	
	Much more than usual	
g)	been able to enjoy your normal day-to-day activities?	
	More so than usual	27
	Same as usual 2	
	Less so than usual	
	Much less than usual	
h)	been able to face up to problems ?	
	More so than usual	28
	Same as usual 2	
	Less able than usual 3	
	Much less able	
i)	been feeling unhappy or depressed?	
	Not at all	29
	No more than usual 2	
	Rather more than usual	
	Much more than usual	

been losing confidence in yourself?	OFFICE USE ONLY
Not at all	30
been thinking of yourself as a worthless person?	
Not at all	31
been feeling reasonably happy, all things considered ?	
More so than usual	32
	Not at all

The following questions are about how you see yourself as a person. Please tick the number which best describes how you see yourself where 1 means 'does not apply to me at all' and 7 means 'applies to me perfectly'.						
1 = DOES NOT APPLY TO ME AT ALL 7 = APPLIES TO ME PERFECTLY						
I see myself as someone who						
a)Worries a lot 33 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Does not apply Applies to to me at all me perfectly						
b) Is original, comes up with new ideas 34 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Does not apply Applies to me at all me perfectly						
c)Gets nervously easily 35 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Does not apply Applies to to me at all me perfectly						
d)Values artistic, aesthetic experiences 36 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Does not apply Applies to me at all me perfectly	·					

2.

	I see myself as someone who	OFFICE USE ONLY
	n)Is relaxed, handles stress well 37 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 Does not apply Applies to me at all me perfectly	
	o)	
3.	Are you generally a person who is fully prepared to take risks or do you try to avoid taking risks? Please tick a box on the scale, where 0 means 'unwilling to take risks' and the value 10 means 'fully prepared to take risks'. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Unwilling to take risks Fully prepared to take risks	
4	Are you generally a person who is fully prepared to take risks in trusting strangers or do you try to avoid taking such risks? Please tick a box on the scale, where 0 means 'unwilling to take risks in trusting strangers' and the value 10 means 'fully prepared to take risks in trusting strangers'. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Unwilling to Fully prepared to take risks Fully prepared to take risks	40

THANK YOU.
YOU CAN NOW GIVE THIS TO YOUR INTERVIEWER

LIVING IN BRITAIN SPRING 2007

SHOWCARDS

- 1. Self employed
- 2. In paid employment (full or part-time)
- 3. Unemployed
- 4. Retired from paid work altogether
- 5. On maternity leave
- 6. Looking after family or home
- 7. Full-time student/ at school
- 8. Long term sick or disabled
- 9. On a government training scheme
- 10. Something else (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)

Showcard 2A

- 1 Youth training certificate / Skillseekers
- 2 Recognised trade / modern apprenticeship completed
- 3 Clerical and commercial qualifications (eg typing / shorthand / book-keeping / commerce)
- 4 City & Guilds Certificate Craft / Intermediate / Ordinary / Part I / or Scotvec National Certificate Modules / or NVQ1 / SVQ1
- 5 City & Guilds Certificate Advance / Final / Part II / or Scotvec Higher National Units / or NVQ2 / SVQ2
- 6 City & Guilds Certificate Full Technological / Part III / or Scotvec Higher National Units
- 7 Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND), BEC / TEC / BTEC / Scotvec National Certificate or Diploma / or NVQ3 / SVQ3
- 8 Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND), BEC / TEC / BTEC / Scotvec Higher Certificate or Higher Diploma / or NVQ4 / SVQ4
- 9 Nursing qualifications (eg SEN, SRN, SCM, RGN)
- 10 Teaching qualifications (not degree)
- 11 University diploma
- 12 University or CNAA First Degree (eg BA, B.Ed, BSc)
- 13 University or CNAA Higher Degree (eg MSc, PhD)

Showcard 2B

ENGLISH AND WELSH SCHOOL EXAMS **School Certificate or Matriculation** 1 2 CSE grade 2-5 3 CSE grade 1 **GCSE** grades D-G 4 5 **GCSE** grades A-C 6 O Level (obtained before 1975) O Level A-C (1975 or later) 7 8 O Level D,E (1975 or later) 9 **Higher School Certificate** 10 A Level 11 **GNVQ** 12 A/S Level SCOTTISH SCHOOL EXAMS SCE Ordinary Grade bands D-E or 4-5 (1973 or later) 20 O Grades (pass or bands A-C or 1-3) 21 Standard Grade level 4-7 22 **Standard Grade level 1-3** 23 24 **Higher Grade** 25 Certificate of 6th year studies **SLC: School leaving Certificate Lower grade** 26 27 **SLC: School leaving Certificate Higher grade** OTHER (INCLUDING FOREIGN QUALIFICATIONS)

30 Other school exams (please give details)

- 1. Doing the housework
- 2. Climbing stairs
- 3. Dressing yourself
- 4. Walking for at least 10 minutes
- 5. (None of these)

- 1. Private firm/company/plc
- 2. Civil Service or central government (not armed forces)
- 3. Local government or town hall (inc local education, fire, police)
- 4. National Health Service or State Higher Education
- 5. Non-profit making organisation (include charities, co-operatives etc)
- 6. Armed forces
- 7. Other (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)

- 1. 1 2
- 2. 3-9
- 3. 10 24
- 4. 25 49
- 5. 50 99
- 6. 100 199
- 7. 200 499
- 8. 500 999
- 9. 1000 or more
- 10. Don't know but fewer than 25
- 11. Don't know but 25 or more

- 1. Running a business or a professional practice
- 2. Partner in a business or a professional practice
- 3. Working for myself
- 4. A sub-contractor
- 5. Doing freelance work
- 6. Self-employed in some other way (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)

- 1. Political party
- 2. Trade Unions
- 3. Environmental group
- 4. Parents'/School Association
- 5. Tenants'/Residents' Group or Neighbourhood Watch
- 6. Religious group or church organisation
- 7. Voluntary services group
- 8. Pensioners group/organisation
- 9. Scouts/Guides organisation
- 10. Professional organisation
- 11. Other community or civic group (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)
- 12. Social Club/Working men's club
- 13. Sports Club
- 14. Women's Institute/Townswomen's Guild
- 15. Women's Group/Feminist Organisation
- 16. Other group or organisation (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)
- **17.** None

	Weekly Household Income Before Tax	Annual Household Income Before Tax
1.	LESS THAN £150	LESS THAN £7,800
2.	£150 - £ 249	£ 7,800 - £12,999
3.	£250 - £ 349	£13,000 - £18,199
4.	£350 - £ 449	£18,200 - £23,399
5.	£450 - £ 549	£23,400 - £28,599
6.	£550 - £ 649	£28,600 - £33,799
7.	£650 - £ 949	£33,800 - £49,399
8.	£950 - £1,149	£49,400 - £59,799
9.	MORE THAN £1,150	MORE THAN £59,800

SIDE 1

If you keep the money, you keep £10.

If you pass on £10, you can end up with either:

£22

or

Nothing

SIDE 2

If you keep the money, please tick your decision and put the empty card in the envelope.

<u>or</u>

If you decide to give £10, please tick your decision, put the £10 note inside the card and put it in the envelope.

Please tick your decision and follow the instructions

			Ple	ease, tick one
Lkoon C40				1
-	empty card in the envelop			
i lease place tills t	empty card in the envelope	C		
	he other person			2
Please place the £	£10 inside this card and pla	ace card in the envelo	pe	
OFFICE USE ON	ILY			
OFFICE USE ON	ILY			
OFFICE USE ON Wave	ILY Serial Number	Household No.	Check	Person
	· - -	Household No.	Check No.	Person No.

PLE.	ASE COMPLETE BOTH SIDES	OFFICE
1.	When you made your decision about whether to give the £10, did you weigh up the changes of getting your manay back?	USE ONLY
	weigh up the chances of getting your money back?	CARD 3
	Yes	(21)
2.	What did you think the chances of getting your money back were?	
	Less than a 50/50 chance 1 About a 50/50 chance 2 More than 50/50 chance 3	(22)
3.	If we had been able to disclose information on the person with whom you have been matched, do you think that information on any of the following items would have helped you in weighing up your chances of getting your money back? TICK UP TO THREE ITEMS	
	The person's	
	Gender 01	(23-24)
	Age	(25-26)
	Education	(27-28)
	Employment status (student, employed, retired etc)	(29-30)
	Amount of household income	(31-32)
	Marital status (married, cohabiting, divorced etc)	(33-34)
	Political party	(35-36)
	Whether or not they attend religious services regularly	(37-38)
	Whether or not they are a homeowner	(39-40)
	Photograph	(41-42)
	None of the above11	(43-44)
	Please continue over the page	
	CE USE ONLY	
	Wave Serial Number Household No. Check No. Person No. 17 0 0 1 (10-11) (12-16) (17) (18) (19-20)	STAGE 1

4.	If you ticked at least one item, would you have been willing to pay something for this information?	
	Yes	(45)
	If yes, how much? POUNDS: PENCE :	(46-49)
DI E	A CE DUE THE OLIECTIONNIA IDE INTO THE ENVIEL ODE DROVIDED. CEAL IT	

PLEASE PUT THE QUESTIONNAIRE INTO THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED, SEAL IT AND HAND BACK TO THE INTERVIEWER

THANK YOU

Please tick your decision and follow the instructions

Please,	tick	one

•	the cheque for £18 insider To an the envelope To cheque	de this card		1	
•	the cheque for £40 insided in the envelope			2	
OFFICE USE ONL	Y				
Wave	Serial Number	Household No.	Check No.	Person No.	1

 \mathbf{E}

e tick one box only.
;(

How <u>likely</u> would you be to trust the following types of people to repay a loan or return something they borrowed.

OFFICE USE ONLY

CARD 4

(21)

(22)

(23)

TICK ONE BOX PER LINE

a) Someone who is . . .

	Very likely	Likely	Neither likely or unlikely		Very unlikely
under age 25	1	2	3	4	5
aged 25-50	1	2	3	4	5
over age 50	1	2	3	4	5

b) Someone with an income of . . .

	Very likely	Likely	likely or unlikely	Un- likely	Very unlikely	
Under £20,000 a year	1	2	3	4	5	(24)
£20,000 to £40,000 per year	1	2	3	4	5	(25)
Over £40,000 a year	1	2	3	4	5	(26)

Neither

c) Someone who . . .

			Neither			
	Very	T '1 1	likely or	Un-	Very	
	likely	Likely	<u>unlikely</u>	likely	<u>unlikel</u> y	
Does not practice any religion	1	2	3	4	5	(27)
Attends religious services regularly	1	2	3	4	5	(28)

Please continue over the page

OFFICE USE ONLY

Wave	Serial Number	Household No.	Check No.	Person No.
17		0		0 1
(10-11)	(12-16)	(17)	(18)	(19-20)

STAGE 2

d) Someone who is	Very		Neither likely or	I In_	Very
a Man	likely	Likely 2	unlikely 3		unlikely 5
a Woman	1	2	3	4	5

PLEASE PUT THE QUESTIONNAIRE INTO THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED, SEAL IT AND HAND BACK TO THE INTERVIEWER

THANK YOU



Living in Britain Spring 2007

INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTIONS

Living in Britain Spring 2007

A Survey Experiment

Welcome to a rather non-standard Living in Britain survey. The interview this year will be very different to our normal LIB interview as it is an experiment designed to assess how people make financial decisions and the extent to which they trust others. To do this, you will be asking respondents to make choices about what to do with different amounts of money you will give them when you call. We hope that even though it is a little unusual both you and the respondents will find it interesting.

The experiment consists of two parts. First one respondent is interviewed, and depending on their decision, a second respondent in a different household is interviewed. This second respondent is randomly paired with the first respondent. Both the first and second respondents will be sent an advance letter explaining something about the experiment before you call on them. You have copies of the advance letter in your pack – included in the Appendix.

The first and second respondents will be interviewed by different interviewers. Also note there are two versions of the interview for the first respondent but the overall experimental procedure remains the same for each version.

For the experiment to work, it is very important that the respondent's decision is not influenced by you. So you will see that we ask you to either leave the room or turn your back at a certain point so that the respondent can make their choice in private. They should not tell you what they have done nor should you ask.

The CAPI script includes screens with the text you should use to explain the experiment to respondents. When you have completed the experiment there is then a short questionnaire and a self-completion questionnaire.

This year we are asking you to interview <u>ONLY</u> the selected sample person shown on your coversheet. This is the only person eligible and other household members cannot be interviewed. **The selected sample person will always be PNO 01 on your Coversheet.**

The sample includes people who were interviewed one year ago on the LIB Wave 16 Pilot and some people who have not been interviewed since 2003 on the former ECHP sample in the ISMIE 2003 Survey. Given this and the nature of the experiment, there are six different advance letters each tailored to the prior history of the sample on the one hand and the experimental treatment group on the other.

If your target sample person has moved, please try and get a new address for them and if the move is local, follow them to try for an interview. If the move is out of the area, please code this on the Coversheet and return to Chelmsford.

Documents

First respondent (use pink documents):

- Coversheet (pre-printed with address and details of household members as usual)
- Envelope containing £10 or £12 cash with the name, address and amount included printed on the envelope so you know what amount this respondent is initially receiving.
- Pink laminated showcard
- Pink decision card and envelope
- Pink question sheet and envelope
- Self-completion questionnaire
- Showcard booklet

Second respondent (use cream documents):

- Coversheet (pre-printed with address and details of household members as usual)
- Envelope containing a £40 cheque made out in the respondent's name and a £18 cheque made out in the respondent's name with the name, address and 'cheques' printed on the envelope.
- Cream decision card and envelope
- Cream question sheet and envelope
- Self-completion questionnaire
- Showcard booklet

The self-completion booklet and showcard booklet are the same for both respondents but <u>the pink and cream cards and question sheets are not the same</u> so it is important to use the correct ones.

For both first stage and second stage respondents, there are six main steps to the interview.

- 1. Enumerate the household
- 2. Conduct the experiment using CAPI script
- 3. Post-experiment question sheet (self-completion)
- 4. Complete short individual questionnaire (5-8 minutes)
- 5. Self-completion questionnaire for respondents (5 minutes)
- 6. Collate all materials and return to Chelmsford as soon as possible so that respondents receive their correct pay-out quickly.

First respondent instructions (pink documents)

For these respondents you should use the pink documents.

- 1. Having agreed to take part, you give the respondent the envelope containing £10 in cash for group 1 or £10 plus a £2 coin for group 2 and tell them that is for them.
- 2. Complete the Coversheet and enumerate who is in the household and add any new members
- 3. Start the Individual Interview on your laptop
- 4. Go through reading the screens to administer the experiment. The wording of the script will change depending on whether you are interviewing a £10 person or a £12 person.

- 5. You will ask the respondent to make a choice about whether to keep the £10 /£12 or to give £10 to someone we have paired them with at random. Group 1 will have the choice to give £10 or keep £10, while group 2 will have the choice to give £10 and keep £2 or keep the whole £12.
- 6. Explain that if the respondent gives the £10, this will be increased to £40 and the other person will be given £40. When the other person is interviewed, they will be asked to decide whether to return £22 to the respondent who has given the £10, in which case the respondent will get £22 back. Respondents in group 2 who originally received £12 could end up with £24 in total, that is £22 back from their paired respondent and the £2 coin they originally received. The respondent is free to decide whatever they like i.e. to keep the £10 or to give it to the other person knowing that person may or may not return £22 to them and they could end up with nothing. Please note, there is no right or wrong decision. Please take care not to influence the respondent's decision one way or the other.
- 7. Write the FID on the <u>pink card and on the envelope</u>. Hand the respondent the <u>pink card and envelope</u>. The card has two choices on it:
 - 1. I keep £10
 - 2. I give the £10 to the other person

Ask them to tick the choice they make and then put the card together with either the £10 note $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$ the empty card in the envelope and seal it.

- 8. You should stress that we want them to make their choice in private and then turn your back or move away so as to give the respondent the chance to do so.
- 9. After the respondent has made their choice and handed back the sealed envelope you should hand them the **pink question sheet and envelope**, ask them to complete it and put it in the envelope and seal it. Please make sure you have written the **FID on the sheet and on the envelope** before you hand it to the respondent. Again, you should turn away.
- 10. You then continue with the rest of the interview and ask them to complete the self-completion questionnaire. Make sure to **write the FID on the self-completion** questionnaire.
- 11. You tell the respondent that we will be in touch in a few weeks to tell them the outcome. If the respondent gave the £10 and their paired person returns it, we will send the respondent a cheque for £22.
 - N.B. If the respondent raises the issue of not being able to accept a cheque, ISER can raise a postal order instead. Please write on the DECISION ENVELOPE that a postal order is required and inform Sandra Jones at ISER on Freephone 0800 252853.
- 12. If the first respondent chooses to keep the £10 and not give it to the other person, then this is the end of the process for this case, even though you will not know this at the time.
- 13. Return all envelopes and documents together to Chelmsford so that the decision can be noted and the second respondent issued straight away.
- 14. Dial in your CAPI interview as soon as possible.

Second respondent (cream documents)

For these respondents you should use the cream documents.

- 1. Complete the Coversheet and enumerate who is in the household and add any new members
- 2. Start the Individual Interview on your laptop
- 3. Go through reading the screens to administer the experiment. The wording of the script will change for this stage of the experiment and will also change depending on whether the first respondent was given £10 or £12.
- 4. You will start by explaining what has happened with the first respondent, that they decided to give £10 and that this has been increased to £40.
- 5. You give the respondent the two cheques made out in the respondent's name. One cheque is for £40 and the other is for £18.
 - N.B. If the respondent raises the issue of not being able to accept a cheque, ISER can raise a postal order instead. Please write on the DECISION ENVELOPE that a postal order is required and inform Sandra Jones at ISER on Freephone 0800 252853.
- 6. The respondent is then asked whether they want to keep all the money (£40) or return £22 to the person who gave them the £10 and keep only the rest i.e. keep £18. The respondent is free to decide whatever they like i.e. to keep the £40 or to keep the £18 knowing that we will return £22 to the other person who gave the £10.
- 7. Write the FID on the <u>cream card and on the envelope.</u> Hand the respondent the <u>cream card and envelope</u>. The card has two choices on it:
 - a. I keep £40
 - b. I keep £18 and return £22

Ask them to tick the choice they make and then put either the £40 cheque <u>or</u> the £18 cheque in the card, put the card in the envelope and seal it.

- 8. You should stress that we want them to make their choice in private and then turn your back or move away so as to give the respondent the chance to do so.
- 9. After the respondent has made their choice and handed back the sealed envelope with the ID label on it you should hand them the <u>cream question sheet and envelope</u>, ask them to complete it and put it in the envelope and seal it. Please make sure you have written the <u>FID on the sheet and on the envelope</u> before you hand it to the respondent. Again, you should turn away.
- 10. You then continue with the rest of the interview and ask them to complete the self-completion questionnaire. Make sure to **write the FID on the self-completion** questionnaire.
- 11. Return all envelopes and documents together to Chelmsford so that the decision can be noted and a cheque sent to the first respondent if need be.
- 12. Dial in your CAPI interview as soon as possible.

Many thanks and good luck.

If you have any problems please call Yvonne Genchi or Jenny Talbot at GfK NOP. Also, the CAPI helpline number is 0800 279 8999

For specific respondent queries concerning addresses, respondent local tracing, obtaining alternative contact details, etc., call Sandra Jones at the University of Essex on Freephone 0800 252853.

For questionnaire related queries, please contact Heather Laurie at the University of Essex on 01206 873556

Appendix

D1

D2.

D3. Advance Letters for Living in Britain Spring 2007

There are six versions of the letter. If they were in the Living in Britain Wave 16 Pilot last year we have one introduction. If they have not been interviewed since ISMIE 2003 we have a different introduction. Recall that the ISMIE 2003 project used a portion of the former ECHP sample. As it has been a long time since contacting these respondents, we might need to remind them who we are.

The following table outlines the features of the sample and experimental treatment giving rise to the six different advance letters. The number in the box indicated the "letter code" for each respondent.

	LIB Wave 16 Pilot	ISMIE 2003
First Stage £10 group	1	3
First Stage £12 group	2	4
Second Stage	5	6

A. First Stage Respondents

1. Letter 1: LIB Wave 16 Pilot respondent -- £10 treatment group

Dear (name),

Many thanks for taking part in the Living in Britain survey last year. Your participation was much appreciated. If possible, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

If you agree to take part, the interviewer will give you £10 cash when they call.

The interview this year is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

During the experiment, you will have the opportunity to give the £10 you have received to another survey participant and increase this £10 to £22. However, it is possible that depending on what you and the other survey participant decide, you could end up with nothing. Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on **Freephone 0800 252 853.** You can also email us at libsurvey@essex.ac.uk or write to the Freepost address above.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck Director

Living in Britain

2. Letter 2: LIB Wave 16 Pilot respondent -- £12 treatment group Dear (name).

Many thanks for taking part in the Living in Britain survey last year. Your participation was much appreciated. If possible, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

If you agree to take part, the interviewer will give you £12 in cash when they call.

The interview this year is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

During the experiment, you will have the opportunity to give £10 of what you have received to another survey participant and increase this £10 to £22. However, it is possible that depending on what you and the other survey participant decide, you could end up with just £2. Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on **Freephone 0800 252 853.** You can also email us at libsurvey@essex.ac.uk or write to the Freepost address above.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck

Director

Living in Britain

3. Version 3: ISMIE 2003 respondent -- £10 treatment group Dear (name),

In the past you have taken part in the Living in Britain survey. Even though it is some time since we last contacted you, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

If you agree to take part, the interviewer will give you £10 cash when they call.

The interview this time is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

During the experiment, you will have the opportunity to give the £10 you have received to another survey participant and increase this £10 to £22. However, it is possible that depending on what you and the other survey participant decide, you could end up with nothing. Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on **Freephone 0800 252 853.** You can also email us at libsurvey@essex.ac.uk or write to the Freepost address above.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck

Director

Living in Britain

4. Version 4: ISMIE 2003 respondent -- £12 treatment group Dear (name),

In the past you have taken part in the Living in Britain survey. Even though it is some time since we last contacted you, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

If you agree to take part, the interviewer will give you £12 in cash when they call.

The interview this time is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

During the experiment, you will have the opportunity to give £10 of what you have received to another survey participant and increase this £10 to £22. However, it is possible that depending on what you and the other

survey participant decide, you could end up with just £2. Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on **Freephone 0800 252 853.** You can also email us at libsurvey@essex.ac.uk or write to the Freepost address above.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck

Director

Living in Britain

B. Second State Respondents

1. Version 5: Wave 16 Pilot respondent

Dear (name),

Many thanks for taking part in the Living in Britain survey last year. Your participation was much appreciated. If possible, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

The interview this year is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. **Depending on your decisions, you will have the opportunity to receive £18 or £40.** Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on **Freephone 0800 252 853.** You can also email us at libsurvey@essex.ac.uk or write to the Freepost address above.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck

Director

Living in Britain

2. Version 6: ISMIE 2003 respondent

Dear (name),

In the past you have taken part in the Living in Britain survey. Even though it is some time since we last contacted you, we would like to interview you again and an interviewer will be calling in the next week or so. We do hope you will be able to take part. On this occasion, we do not need to interview everyone living in your household. We would like to interview only you as your name has been randomly selected to take part.

The interview this time is slightly different to the usual interview as we are running an experiment on how people make simple financial decisions. The experiment will be carried out by your interviewer and will take between 5 and 10 minutes. **Depending on your decisions, you will have the opportunity to receive £18 or £40.** Your decisions will not be known to the interviewer and your identity will as usual remain strictly confidential. We would also like to ask you a very short questionnaire lasting about 10 minutes.

Your interviewer will call in the next week or so and will be able to answer any questions you may have about the experiment. They will be happy to arrange an appointment to call back if they catch you at an inconvenient time.

If you have any queries you can call Sandra Jones on Freephone 0800 252 853.	You can also email us at
<u>libsurvey@essex.ac.uk</u> or write to the Freepost address above.	

Yours sincerely,

Professor Nick Buck

Director

Living in Britain

area interviewer area

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,62] units: 1

unique values: 35 missing .: 4/254

mean: 32.436

std. dev: 16.7473

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

20 33.5 48 54

type: numeric (long)

range: [1.700e+08,1.700e+08] units: 100

unique values: 254 missing .: 0/254

mean: 1.7e+08 std. dev: 11847.1

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

1.7e+08 1.7e+08 1.7e+08 1.7e+08

pno type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [1,1]

unique values: 1 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

241 1 13 .

pid unique person id

type: numeric (long)

units: 1 range: [78001099,1.041e+08] missing .: 0/254 unique values: 254

mean: 7.9e+07 std. dev: 3.7e+06

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 7.8e+07 7.8e+07 7.9e+07 7.9e+07 7.8e + 07

type: numeric (byte)

label: outcome

range: [10,10] units: 1 unique values: 1 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

241 10 interviewed

stageldec stage 1 decision

type: numeric (byte) label: stageldec

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 93/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

1 keep #10 93 2 give #10 68

93

stage2dec stage 2 decision

type: numeric (byte) label: stage2dec

units: 1 range: [1,2]

unique values: 2 missing .: 174/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

38 1 keep #40

2 return #22 42

type: numeric (byte) label: t1 range: [1,2] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 13/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 1 stage 1 161 2 stage 2 80 13 t2 group type: numeric (byte) label: t2 range: [1,2] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq.

123

118 13 Numeric Label 1 #10

2 #12

letter letter type

type: numeric (byte)

label: letter

range: [1,6] units: 1

unique values: 6 missing .: 13/254

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	26	1	2006_1_10
	35	2	2006_1_12
	55	3	2003_1_10
	45	4	2003_1_12
	32	5	2006_2
	48	6	2003_2
	13	•	

lastint when last interviewed

type: numeric (int)

range: [2003,2006] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

148 2003

93 2006

respid

respondent id

type: numeric (int)

units: 1 range: [1,244]

unique values: 241 missing .: 0/254

116.917 mean:

std. dev: 73.1306

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

16 52 115.5 181 219

waveo wave

type: numeric (byte)

range: [17,17] units: 1

missing .: 0/254 unique values: 1

tabulation: Freq. Value

gstartt

type: numeric daily date (double)

range: [17262.489,17323.81] units: 1.000e-06

or equivalently: [06apr2007,06jun2007] units: days unique values: 254 missing .: 0/254

mean: 17292.3 = 06may2007 (+ 7 hours)

std. dev: 14.549

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

17277.5 17281.7 17288.1 17302.4 17316.6 21apr2007 25apr2007 02may2007 16may2007 30may2007

interview_day day of interview

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,31] units: 1

unique values: 31 missing .: 0/254

mean: 17.6969

std. dev: 10.0327

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 2 9 21 26 30

interview month month of interview

type: numeric (byte)

range: [4,6] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

111 4

134 5

9 6

interview_year year of interview

type: numeric (int)

range: [2007,2007] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

254 2007

fp2_w10o issued interviewer area

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,62] units: 1

unique values: 36 missing .: 0/254

mean: 31.9882

std. dev: 16.9888

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 8 20 33 48 54

issued interviewer area

fp2 wlao

type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [1,62]

unique values: 35 missing .: 0/254

mean: 32.2402

std. dev: 16.7976

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

20 33 54

fp6_issm date of birth: month

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,12] units: 1

missing .: 0/254 unique values: 12

mean: 6.89764

std. dev: 3.14808

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

fp6 issd date of birth: day

type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [1,31]

unique values: 31 missing .: 0/254

mean: 16.0433

std. dev: 8.91739

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

9 17 24 28

fp6_issy date of birth: year

type: numeric (int)

range: [1922,1989] units: 1

missing .: 0/254 unique values: 65

> mean: 1952.97

16.9491 std. dev:

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

dobm							 dob	dummy
	type:	numeric (byte)						
	range: unique values:	[1,12] 12		units: 1 missing .: 0/254				
	mean: std. dev:							
	percentiles:	10% 2	25% 4	50% 7	75% 9	90% 11		
dobd							 dob	dummy
	type:	numeric (byte)						
	range: unique values:	[1,31] 31		units: missing .:				
	mean: std. dev:	16.0433 8.91739						
	percentiles:	10%	25% 9	50% 17	75% 24	90% 28		

doby	dob dummy

type: numeric (int)

units: 1 range: [1922,1989]

unique values: 65 missing .: 0/254

> 1952.97 mean:

std. dev: 16.9491

percentiles: 25% 50% 75% 90% 10%

1930 1939 1955 1966 1974

age of respondent age

type: numeric (byte)

range: [18,84] units: 1

unique values: 63 missing .: 0/254

mean: 53.2992

std. dev: 16.9476

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

32 40 51 77

group treatment group

type: numeric (byte)

label: group

units: 1 range: [0,1]

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

121 0 #12

133 1 #10 -----

scl_ches no text

type: numeric (byte)

label: sc1_ches

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

88 1 t=1 82 2 t=2 84 3 t=3

house owned or rented

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,4] units: 1
unique values: 4 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

107 1 owned/being bought on mortgage 5 2 shared ownership (part-owned

part-rented)

138 3 rented 4 4 rent free mghave home mortgaged or owned outright type: numeric (byte) label: h2s units: 1 range: [1,2] unique values: 2 missing .: 142/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 46 1 owned outright 2 or is it being bought with a 66 mortgage or a loan? 142 rentll landlord of rented accommodation type: numeric (byte) label: h3s range: [1,10] units: 1 unique values: 8 missing .: 112/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 1 local authority/council/northern ireland housing executive 4 3 property company 1 4 scottish homes/communities scotland (scottish special housin 5 other housing association, 35 cooperative or charitable trust

7 other organisation (specify)

8 relative
9 employer

10 other individual

3

2

1 16

plnowm month moved to present address

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,12] units: 1

unique values: 12 missing .: 20/254

mean: 6.67949

std. dev: 3.43859

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

3 6 10 11

plnowy year moved to present address

type: numeric (int)

range: [1926,2007] units: 1

unique values: 52 missing .: 2/254

mean: 1990.03

std. dev: 13.7831

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

1969 1984 1993.5 2000 2004

```
ibstat
                               which of the following best describes your current situation. are you . . .
                 type: numeric (byte)
                label: d3s
                                                    units: 1
                range: [1,9]
        unique values: 9
                                                missing .: 0/254
           tabulation: Freq.
                               Numeric Label
                           13
                                      1 self employed
                          102
                                      2 in paid employment (full or
                                        part-time)
                           12
                                      3 unemployed
                           82
                                      4 retired from paid work
                                        altogether
                            2
                                      5 on maternity leave
                           19
                                      6 looking after family or home
                                      7 full-time student/ at school
                           19
                                      8 long term sick or disabled
                                      9 on a government training scheme
                            3
                                                                               present legal marital status
mlstat
                 type: numeric (byte)
                label: d4s
                                                    units: 1
                range: [1,6]
        unique values: 6
                                                missing .: 0/254
           tabulation: Freq.
                               Numeric Label
                                      1 married
                            5
                                      2 separated
                           54
                                     3 divorced
                           39
                                    4 widowed
                           62
                                     5 have never been married
                                      6 in a civil partnership
```

qualification a please look at this card. do you have any of the qualifications listed?

from the form of the first of the factorial from th

type: numeric (byte)

label: d5s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

109 1 yes 132 2 no

13

qfa which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_a

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

103 0 not

6 1 youth training

certificate/skillseekers

qfb which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_b

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

101 0 not

8 1 recognised trade apprenticeship

completed

145 .

qfc which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_c

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

81 0 not

28 1 clerical and commercial

qualifications (eg

typing/shorthand/

qfd which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m d

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

77 0 not

32 1 city & guilds certificate -

craft/intermediate/ordinary/part

145

qfe which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_e

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

85 0 not

24 1 city & guilds certificate -

advanced/final/part ii / or scot

qff which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m f

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

104 0 not

5 1 city & guilds certificate - full

technological/part iii /or

145

qfg which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_g

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

95 0 not

14 1 ordinary national certificate

(onc) or diploma (ond),bec/tec

qfh which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m h

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

102 0 not

7 1 higher national certificate

(hnc) or diploma (hnd),bec/tec/b

145

qfi which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_i

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

103 0 not

6 1 nursing qualifications (eg sen,

srn, scm, rgn)

qfj which qualifications do you have?

4-1

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_j

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

102 0 not

7 1 teaching qualifications (not

degree)

145

qfk which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_k

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

105 0 not

4 1 university diploma / foundation

degree

qfl which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m l

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

93 0 not

16 1 university or cnaa first degree

(eg ba, b.ed, bsc)

145

qfm which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_m

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

106 0 not

(eg msc, phd)

qfn which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d6m_n

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 145/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

104 0 not

5 1 other technical, professional or

higher qualifications ((ple

145

qualification_b showcard 2b

type: numeric (byte)

label: d7y

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

131 1 yes 110 2 no 13 . afeda which qualifications do you have? type: numeric (byte) label: d8d a range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 128 0 not 3 1 school cert/matriculation 123 which qualifications do you have? afedb ______ type: numeric (byte) label: d8d_b units: 1 range: [0,1] unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254 90 0 not 41 1 cse grade 2-5 123 qfedc which qualifications do you have? type: numeric (byte) label: d8d_c range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 109 0 not 22 1 cse grade 1

qfedd which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_d

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

106 0 not

25 1 gcse grades d-g

123

qfede which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_e

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

103 0 not

1 gcse grades a-c

gfedf which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d f

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

97 0 not

34 1 o level (before 1975)

123

qfedg which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_g

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

98 0 not

33 1 o level a-c (1975 or later)

gfedh which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d h

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

122 0 not

9 1 o level d-e (1975 or later)

123

qfedi which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_i

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

126 0 not

5 1 higher school certificate

gfed; which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_j

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

103 0 not

28 1 a level

123

qfedk which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_k

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

122 0 not 9 1 gnvq

gfedl which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d l

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

128 0 not

3 1 as level

123

qfedm which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_m

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

129 0 not

2 1 sce ordinary grade bands d-e/4-5

gfedn which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d n

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

129 0 not

2 1 o grades (pass or a-c/1-3)

123

qfedq which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_q

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

128 0 not

3 1 higher grade

gfedu which qualifications do you have?

type: numeric (byte)

label: d8d_u

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 123/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

130 0 not

1 1 other (inc foreign

qualifications)

123

hldsbl1 consider's self to be disabled

type: numeric (byte)

label: m1s

range: [1,2] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

47 1 yes 207 2 no

hlstat health status over last 12 months

type: numeric (byte)

label: m2s

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

48 1 excellent

95 2 good 61 3 fair 41 4 poor

9 5 or very poor?

health limits daily activities

type: numeric (byte)

label: m3s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

73 1 yes 181 2 no hllta

health hinders doing housework

type: numeric (byte)

label: m4m_a

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 0 not 39

1 doing the housework 34

181

hlltb health hinders climbing stairs

type: numeric (byte)

label: m4m_b

units: 1 range: [0,1]

unique values: 2 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

32 0 not

1 climbing stairs

hlltc health hinders getting dressed

----- meaten ninacib geteing arebbe

type: numeric (byte)

label: m4m_c

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

59 0 not

14 1 dressing yourself

181

hlltd health hinders walking more

type: numeric (byte)

label: m4m_d

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

37 0 not

36 1 walking for at least 10 minutes

health no hindrance to listed activities

type: numeric (byte)

label: m4m_e

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

51 0 not

1 (none of these)

181

hlltw health limits type or amount of work

type: numeric (byte)

label: m5s

range: [1,2] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

86 1 yes 168 2 no smoker Person smokes

type: numeric (byte)

label: m6s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

178 0

76 1 yes

ncigs approximately how many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke, including those yo

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,80] units: 1

unique values: 17 missing .: 178/254

mean: 14.6974 std. dev: 10.8947

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 5 10 12.5 20 25

jbhas can i just check, did you do any paid work last week - that is in the seven days

Johas Can't just check, did you do any paid work last week - that is in the seven days

type: numeric (byte)

label: els

range: [1,2] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

116 1 yes 138 2 no iboff even though you weren't working did you have a job that you were away from last type: numeric (byte) label: e2s range: [1,3] units: 1 unique values: 3 missing .: 116/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 1 yes 132 2 no 1 3 waiting to take up job 116 what was the main reason you were away from work last week? iboffy type: numeric (byte) label: e3s range: [1,8] units: 1 unique values: 4 missing .: 249/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 1 1 maternity leave 1 2 other leave/holiday 3 sick/injured 8 other reasons (give details)

jbsemp are you an employee or self-employed?

type: numeric (byte)

label: e5s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 133/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

107 1 employee

14 2 self-employed

133

jbmngr managerial duties: current job

type: numeric (byte)

label: e6s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 147/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

18 1 manager

19 2 foreman/supervisor

70 3 not manager or supervisor

ibsect which type of organisation on this card do you work for (in your main job)? type: numeric (byte) label: e7s units: 1 range: [1,7] unique values: 6 missing .: 147/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 65 1 private firm/company/plc 5 2 civil service or central government (not armed forces) 22 3 local government or town hall (inc local education, fire, po 4 national health service or state 10 higher education 3 5 non-profit making organisation (include charities, co-operat 2 7 other (please give details) 147

jbsize how many people are employed at the place where you work?

type: numeric (byte)

label: e8s

units: 1 range: [1,11]

unique values: 10 missing .: 147/254

examples: 5 50 - 99

1000 or more

ibhrs no. of hours normally worked per week

type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [3,60]

missing .: 148/254 unique values: 37

mean: 31.4811 std. dev: 12.3745

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 42

22 37 12 39

thinking about your (main) job, how many hours, excluding overtime and meal brea

type: numeric (byte)

label: e9s

units: 1 range: [8,8]

unique values: 1 missing .: 253/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 8 don't know 1

paygl gross pay at last payment

type: numeric (int)

range: [15,31000] units: 1

unique values: 86 missing .: 155/254

mean: 2225.77

std. dev: 4685.75

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

125 321 1200 1914 3450

el0s the last time you were paid, what was your gross pay - that is including any ove

type: numeric (byte)

label: e10s

range: [8,9] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 246/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

5 8 don't know 3 9 refused

paygw how long a period did that cover?

type: numeric (byte)

label: ells

range: [1,6] units: 1

unique values: 6 missing .: 155/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

25 1 week
2 2 fortnight
11 3 four weeks
54 4 calendar month

6 5 year

1 6 other (write in)

155 .

.-----

paynl net pay at last payment

type: numeric (int)

range: [50,10500] units: 1

unique values: 84 missing .: 159/254

mean: 1018.29 std. dev: 1188.7

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 185 261 940 1400 1778

el2s and what was your take-home pay last time, that is after any deductions were mad

type: numeric (byte)

label: e12s

range: [0,8] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 245/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

6 0 no deductions made

3 8 don't know

245

paynw how long a period did that cover?

type: numeric (byte)

label: e13s

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 159/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

24 1 week

2 2 fortnight 8 3 four weeks

60 4 calendar month

1 5 year

pytc your take home pay last time was #{amount}. is this the amount you usually rece

type: numeric (byte)

label: e14s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 153/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

89 1 yes 12 2 no

153

payu how much are you usually paid?

type: numeric (int)

range: [200,2000] units: 1

unique values: 12 missing .: 242/254

mean: 913.25 std. dev: 670.497

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 250 322.5 680.5 1578 1849

payuw how long a period did that cover?

payaw now long a period did char cover

type: numeric (byte)

label: e16s

range: [1,4] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 242/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

4 1 week

1 3 four weeks

7 4 calendar month

242

payug and is that before or after any deductions for tax, national insurance, union du

type: numeric (byte)

label: e17s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 242/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

2 1 before deductions 10 2 after deductions

isboss do you have any employees?

type: numeric (byte)

label: e21s

units: 1 range: [1,2]

missing .: 240/254 unique values: 2

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 2 1 yes, has employees

2 no, does not have employees 12

240

s/emp: hours normally worked per week jshrs

type: numeric (byte)

range: [17,70] units: 1

missing .: 240/254 unique values: 8

tabulation: Freq. Value

1 17

1 20

1 22

3 25

2 35

2 40

2 50

2 70

jstypeb please look at this card and tell me which of these best describes your employme

type: numeric (byte)

label: e24s

range: [1,6] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 240/254

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1	1	running a business or a
			professional practice
	1	2	partner in a business or a
			professional practice
	9	3	working for myself
	1	5	doing freelance work
	2	6	self-employed in some other way
			(give details)
	240		

e25o now i'd like to ask some questions about your personal income from your job/busi

type: numeric (int)

range: [90,12000] units: 10

unique values: 8 missing .: 245/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

1 90

1 100

1 300

1 400

. +00

1 500

2 1200

1 1400

1 12000

245 .

e25s now i'd like to ask some questions about your personal income from your job/busi

type: numeric (byte)

label: e25s

range: [8,9] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 249/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

4 8 don't know

l 9 refused

jspayw was that weekly or monthly income?

jspayw was that weekly or monthly income

type: numeric (byte)

label: e26s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 245/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

5 1 weekly income 3 2 monthly income 1 3 other (specify)

245

jspytx can i just check, is that figure before deduction of income tax?

type: numeric (byte)

label: e27s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 245/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

7 1 yes (before tax) 2 2 no (after tax)

and is that figure before deduction of national insurance?

ispyni

label: e28s

range: [1,2] units: 1

missing .: 245/254 unique values: 2

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

type: numeric (byte)

1 yes (before ni) 2 no (after ni)

245

julk1 have you looked for any kind of paid work or government training scheme in the 1

type: numeric (byte)

label: e29s

units: 1 range: [1,2]

unique values: 2 missing .: 122/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 6 1 yes 126 2 no

julk4 have you looked for any kind of paid work or government training scheme in the l

type: numeric (byte)

label: e30s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 128/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

2 1 yes 124 2 no

128

eprosh how likely do you think it is that you will begin paid work in the next twelve m

the state of the s

type: numeric (byte)

label: e31s

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 246/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

2 1 very likely

4 2 likely

1 4 very unlikely

1 5 (volunteered) don't know

votel supports a particular political party

type: numeric (byte)

label: v1s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

82 1 yes

172 2 no

vote2 closer to one political party than other

type: numeric (byte)

label: v2s

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 82/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

63 1 yes 109 2 no

vote3 party which would vote for tomorrow

type: numeric (byte)

label: v3s

range: [1,12] units: 1

unique values: 10 missing .: 145/254

examples: 9 none

11 don't know

.

vote4 which political party closest to

type: numeric (byte)

label: v4s

range: [1,11] units: 1

unique values: 7 missing .: 109/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

39 1 conservative

71 2 labour

18 3 liberal democrat

3 4 scottish national party (snp)

7 6 green party

5 7 other party (specify)

2 11 refused

vote5 strength of support for stated party

type: numeric (byte)

label: v5s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 111/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

13 1 very strong 51 2 fairly strong 79 3 not very strong

111

vote6 level of interest in politics

type: numeric (byte)

label: v6s

range: [1,4] units: 1 unique values: 4 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

18 1 very interested 89 2 fairly interested 85 3 not very interested 62 4 or not at all interested orgm member of one of listed organisation

orgm member of one of listed organisation

type: numeric (byte)

label: v7s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

127 0

127 1 yes

orgma which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_a

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

123 0 not

4 1 political party

127 .

orgmb which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m b

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

100 0 not

27 1 trade unions

orgmc which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m c

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

121 0 not

6 1 environmental group

127

orgmd which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_d

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

116 0 not

11 1 parents'/school association

orgme which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m e

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

110 0 not

17 1 tenants'/residents' group or

neighbourhood watch

127

orgmf which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_f

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

108 0 not

19 1 religious group or church

organisation

orgmg which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m q

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

119 0 not

8 1 voluntary services group

127

orgmh which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m h

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

120 0 not

7 1 pensioners group/organisation

orqmi which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m i

range: [0,1] units: 1

missing .: 127/254 unique values: 2

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

125 0 not

1 scouts/quides organisation

127

which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no' orgmj

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_j

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 0 not 114

1 professional organisation 13

orgmk which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m k

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

120 0 not

7 1 other community or civic group

(give details)

127

orgml which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_l

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

99 0 not

1 social club/working men's club

orgmm which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m m

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

100 0 not

27 1 sports club

127

orgmn which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_n

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

126 0 not

guild

orgmp which ones? probe: `any others?' until `no'

type: numeric (byte)

label: v8m_p

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 127/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

111 0 not

16 1 other group or organisation

(give details)

127 .

orgmaa whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m a

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

249 0 not

5 1 a) political party

orgmcc whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m c

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

249 0 not

5 1 c) environmental group

orgmdd whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_d

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 235 0 not

19 1 d) parents'/school association

orgmee whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

orgmee whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these c

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_e

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
233 0 not

1 e) tenants'/residents' group or

neighbourhood watch

oramff whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m f

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

228 0 not

1 f) religious group or church

organisation

whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_g

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

243 0 not

11 1 g) voluntary services group orgmhh whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m h

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

244 0 not

10 1 h) pensioners group/organisation

orgmii whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_i

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 248 0 not

6 1 i) scouts/guides organisation

orqmjj whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

orgmjj whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these of the section of the sec

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_j

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 249 0 not

5 1 j) professional organisation

orgmkk whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m k

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

250 0 not

4 1 k) other community or civic

group (give details)

orgmll whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_l

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

228 0 not

1 1) social club/working men's

club

orgmmm whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m m

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

222 0 not

32 1 m) sports club

orgmnn whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_n

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

252 0 not

2 1 n) women's

institute/townswomen's guild

v9m o whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m o

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

251 0 not

3 1 o) women's group/feminist

organisation

orgmpp whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_p

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

237 0 not

(give details)

orga whether you are a member or not, do you join in the activities of any of these o

type: numeric (byte)

label: v9m_q

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

116 0 not

138 1 q) none

religion how often, if at all, do you attend religious services or meetings?

type: numeric (byte)

label: v10s

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

22 1 once a week or more

12 2 less often but at least once a

month

36 3 less often but at least once a

year

4 never or practically never

5 only at weddings, funerals etc

trust would you say that most people can be trusted?

trust would you say that most people can be trusted

type: numeric (byte)

label: v11s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

96 1 most people can be trusted

142 2 can't be too careful

16 3 other depends

._____

fisit financial situation

type: numeric (byte)

label: f1s

range: [1,5] units: 1 unique values: 5 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

1 living comfortably

2 doing alright

3 just about getting by

4 finding it quite difficult
5 or finding it very difficult?

fisitc

type: numeric (byte)

label: f2s

units: 1 range: [1,4] unique values: 4 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

63 1 better off 66 2 worse off 123 3 about the same

4 (volunteered) don't know

financial expectations for year ahead fisitx ______

type: numeric (byte)

label: f3s

units: 1 range: [1,4] unique values: 4 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 63 1 better off

2 worse off than you are now

3 or about the same? 152

11 4 (volunteered) don't know save saves from current income

type: numeric (byte)

label: f4s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 2/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

153 0

99 1 yes

f5o about how much on average do you personally manage to save a month?

type: numeric (int)

range: [8,1000] units: 1

unique values: 25 missing .: 172/254

mean: 136.744 std. dev: 162.212

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 20 40 100 165 360

f5s about how much on average do you personally manage to save a month?

type: numeric (byte)

label: f5s

range: [8,9] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 237/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

13 8 don't know 4 9 refused

237

caruse access to car or van to use

type: numeric (byte)

label: f6s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

137 1 yes 77 2 no

40 3 don't drive

hhinc weekly household income before tax

type: numeric (byte)

label: f7s

range: [1,9] units: 1

unique values: 9 missing .: 20/254

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	47	1	
	47	2	less than #7,800 #150 - #249
	17	2	#7,800 - #12,999
	35	3	11 11
	30	4	#13,000 - #18,999 #350 - #449
	30	4	#18,200 - #23,399
	21	5	
		_	#23,400 - #28,599
	17	6	#550 - #649 #28,600 - #33,799
	18	7	" · " ·
			#33,800 - #49,399
	7	8	11 200 112/222
	12	9	#49,400 - #59,799 more than #1,150
	14		more than #59,800
	20		

iv1 were any other people present during any of this interview?

were any other people present auring any of one incerview.

type: numeric (byte)

label: ils

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

49 1 yes 205 2 no

iv2 aside from during the experiment, did any of these people seem to influence any

type: numeric (byte)

label: i2s

range: [2,4] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 205/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

1 2 a fair amount 2 3 a little 46 4 not at all

inf_experiment during the experiment, did any of these people seem to influence any of the answ

type: numeric (byte)

label: i4s

range: [2,8] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 205/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

1 2 a fair amount

1 3 a little 46 4 not at all

1 8 don't know/ not in room

205 .

advice1 respondent asked interviewer for advice

_ ------

type: numeric (byte)

label: i6s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

241 0

13 1 yes

advice2 respondent asked other HH member for advice

type: numeric (byte)

label: i7s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 3/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

3

0 241

10 1 yes

understand how easily did the respondent understand what they were being asked to do in the

type: numeric (byte)

label: i8s

units: 1 range: [1,4]

unique values: 4 missing : 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 1 very easily 150

2 easily 79 3 not easily 19

6 4 not very easily worried how worried did the respondent seem by being asked to take part in the experimen

type: numeric (byte)

label: i9s

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

240 1 not at all worried 11 2 somewhat worried 3 very worried

cooperation respondent's cooperation

type: numeric (byte)

label: ills

range: [1,3] units: 1

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

227 1 very good

24 2 good 3 3 fair problems were there any problems during the interview?

problems were there any problems during the interview

type: numeric (float)

label: i12s, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,2] units: 1

0

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

3

243 1 yes

3 2 no

documeg2 (the decision card envelope {textsub})

type: numeric (byte)

label: documeg2

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

253 1 yes

1 3 refused

documeg3 (the {colour} questionnaire in envelope)

type: numeric (byte)

label: documeg3

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

253 1 yes

1 3 refused

documeg4 (self-completion questionnaire)

type: numeric (byte)

label: documeg4

range: [1,3] units: 1

unique values: 3 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

246 1 yes 7 2 no

1 3 refused

pdintlp enter your id number:

type: numeric (long)

range: [7416,220005] units: 1

unique values: 35 missing .: 0/254

mean: 31320.4

std. dev: 24088.9

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

10616 14519 23132 34190 74170

pdintap

type: numeric (byte)

label: pdintap

range: [1,10] units: 1

unique values: 10 missing .: 0/254

examples: 3 e

5 g 7 j

9 n

postpons was this interview postponed?

type: numeric (byte)

label: postpons

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

3 1 yes 251 2 no

serial serial number on in2view machine

units: 1

type: numeric (long)

range: [600001,73200014]

unique values: 253 missing .: 0/254

mean: 3.6e+07

std. dev: 2.2e+07

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

3.7e+06 1.7e+07 3.1e+07 5.6e+07 6.9e+07

machine machine id on in2view machine

type: numeric (int)

range: [6,732] units: 1

unique values: 34 missing .: 0/254

mean: 358.13

std. dev: 223.805

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

37 170 311 555 686

start

type: numeric daily date (double)

range: [17262.489,17323.81] units: 1.000e-06

or equivalently: [06apr2007,06jun2007] units: days unique values: 254 missing .: 0/254

mean: 17292.3 = 06may2007 (+ 7 hours)

std. dev: 14.549

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

17277.5 17281.7 17288.1 17302.4 17316.6 21apr2007 25apr2007 02may2007 16may2007 30may2007

end end time

type: numeric daily date (double)

range: [17262.501,17323.821] units: .00001 or equivalently: [06apr2007,06jun2007] units: days unique values: 254 missing .: 0/254

mean: 17292.3 = 06may2007 (+ 7 hours)

std. dev: 14.5511

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

17277.5 17281.7 17288.1 17302.4 17316.6 21apr2007 25apr2007 02may2007 16may2007 30may2007

time

type: numeric (int)

range: [269,4578] units: 1

unique values: 234 missing .: 0/254

mean: 1286.83

std. dev: 532.932

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

782 943 1174.5 1515 1864

female respondent is female

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

98 0

156 1

self-employed

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

241 0

empl type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 152 0 102 1 unempl type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 242 0 12 1 retired retired type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 172 0

family care care type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 235 0 19 1 student ft student, school ______ type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 252 0 2 1

other_jb maternity leave, long term sick, disabled, governm. training

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value 230 0

married married, incl. civil partnership type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 160 0 94 1 divorced divorced, incl. separated type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 195 0 59 1 widowed widowed

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value 215 0

never mar

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

192 0 62 1

trust_people most people can be trusted

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

158 0 96 1

disabled considers as disabled

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

207 0 47 1

owner owner, on mortgage, shared

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

142 0 112 1

renter renter, incl. rent free

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

112 0 142 1

good_health excellent or good health, last 12 months

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

111 0 143 1

firmsize1 place of work: < 25 employees

type: numeric (float)

units: 1 range: [0,1]

unique values: 2 missing .: 147/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

78 0

29 1 147 .

firmsize2 place of work: 25-500 employees

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 147/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

69 0

38 1 147 .

firmsize3 place of work: >=500 employees

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 147/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

67 0

40 1

147 .

interest pol very, fairly interested in politics ______ type: numeric (float) units: 1 range: [0,1] missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 147 0 107 1 attends religion at least once a month attend reli ______ type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 220 0 34 1 good_fin finan. situation: living comportably, doing alright type: numeric (float) units: 1

range: [0,1]

tabulation: Freq. Value

117 0 137 1

upward mob finan. situation better off, compared to last year

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 2/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

189 0

63 1

2.

exp_upward finan. expectation for year ahead: better off

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 11/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

180 0

63 1

11 .

easy_under respondent understood very easily

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1
unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

104 0

respondent's cooperation: very good good coop type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 27 0 227 1 advice3 Ask interviewer or other person for advice

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 2/254

tabulation: Freq. Value 231 0

21 1 2.

wkhhinc1 hhinc==less than #150 less than #7,800

type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [0,1]

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

187 0 47 1 20 .

wkhhinc2	hhinc==#150 - #249	#7,800 - #12,999

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

187 0 47 1

20 .

wkhhinc3 hhinc==#250 - #349 #13,000 - #18,999

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

199 0 35 1

35 1 20 .

wkhhinc4 hhinc==#350 - #449 #18,200 - #23,399

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

204 0

30 1

20 .

wkhhinc5	hhinc==#450 - #549	#23,400 - #28,599

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

213 0

21 1

20 .

wkhhinc6 hhinc==#550 - #649 #28,600 - #33,799

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

217 0

17 1

20 .

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

216 0

18 1

20 .

wkhhinc8 hhinc==# 950 - #1,149 #49,400 - #59,799

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 33/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

214 0

7 1

33 .

wkhhinc9 hhinc==more than #1,150 more than #59,800

type: numeric (byte)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 33/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

209 0

12 1

33 .

other_people Other people present during interview

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

205 0

hhinc_250 weekly HH income < 250

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

140 0

94 1

20 .

hhinc_450 weekly HH income 250 - 450

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

169 0

65 1

20 .

hhinc_650 weekly HH income 450 - 650

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

196 0

38 1

hhinc_1150 weekly HH income >= 650

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 20/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

197 0

37 1 20 .

employed pt, ft or self-employed

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

139 0

115 1

dur_house number of years lived at present address

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,81] units: 1

unique values: 52 missing .: 2/254

mean: 16.9683

std. dev: 13.7831

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

3 7 13.5 23 38

age30 Dummy for age <= 30 type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 231 0 23 1 age40 Dummy for age 31-40 type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 210 0 44 1 age50 Dummy for age 41-50 type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value

201 053 1

age60 Dummy for age 51-60 type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 209 0 45 1 age70 Dummy for age > 60 .______ type: numeric (float) range: [0,1] units: 1 missing .: 0/254 unique values: 2 tabulation: Freq. Value 165 0 89 1 nr_member Membership in XY (non-professional) organsiations type: numeric (float) range: [0,5] units: 1 unique values: 5 missing .: 0/254 tabulation: Freq. Value 130 0 79 1 36 2

> 8 3 1 5

nr_active Active Membership in XY (non-professional) organsiations

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,7] units: 1

unique values: 7 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

139 0

73 1

26 2

10 3

3 4

2 5

1 7

qfedhi highest educational qualification

type: numeric (float)

label: qfedhi

range: [1,12] units: 1

unique values: 11 missing .: 13/254

examples: 6 gce a levels

7 gce o levels or equiv

12 no qf 12 no qf

serialnr Serial No.

type: numeric (float)

range: [1,610] units: 1

unique values: 249 missing .: 5/254

mean: 208.458

std. dev: 121.445

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

115 200 310 378

dob_c2 Date of birth

type: numeric (float)

range: [1041925,31101964] units: 1

unique values: 248 missing .: 5/254

mean: 1.6e+07 std. dev: 8.9e+06

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

3.1e+06 9.1e+06 1.7e+07 2.4e+07 2.8e+07

hh_member_c2 Household membership

type: numeric (float)

range: [1,1] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 83/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

171 1

```
mlstat c2
                                                                                       Marital status
                type: numeric (float)
               label: married
               range: [1,6]
                                                units: 1
        unique values: 6
                                           missing .: 8/254
           tabulation: Freq.
                             Numeric Label
                         88
                                   1 Married
                                  2 Living as couple
                         39
                                 3 Widowed
                         42
                                 4 Divorced
                                 5 Separated
                          5
                         46
                               6 Never married
                          8
partnr_c2
                                                                                 Spouse/Partner Number
                type: numeric (float)
                                                units: 1
               range: [0,8]
        unique values: 8
                                           missing .: 7/254
           tabulation: Freq. Value
                        136 0
                         85 2
                          9 3
                          9 4
```

employed c2

type: numeric (float)

label: employed

units: 1 range: [1,2]

missing .: 9/254 unique values: 2

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

120 1 Yes 125 2 No

birthyear_c2 Year of birth

type: numeric (float)

range: [1922,1995] units: 1

missing .: 5/254 unique values: 65

1952.8 mean: std. dev: 17.0953

percentiles: 50% 75% 90% 10% 25%

1929 1939 1953 1966 1975

card Card

type: numeric (float)

range: [11,11] units: 1 unique values: 1 missing .: 5/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

249 11

wave Wave

type: numeric (float)

range: [17,17] units: 1
unique values: 1 missing .: 5/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

249 17 5 .

prno Person No.

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1 unique values: 2 missing .: 5/254

tabulation: Freq. Value
123 0

126 1 5 .

address No corrections needed

type: numeric (float)

range: [1,1] units: 1 unique values: 1 missing .: 55/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

199 1 55 .

otheraddress Other address/phone corrections needed

type: numeric (float)

range: [3,3] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 225/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

29 3 225 .

last_interview Last interviewed in

type: numeric (float)

range: [2003,2006] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 18/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

146 2003 90 2006 18 .

interview_outcome Interview outcome

type: numeric (float)

range: [10,10] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 5/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

249 10

nrcalls Total no. of calls at issued address

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,8] units: 1

unique values: 7 missing .: 5/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

6 0

113 1

81 2

32 3

12 4

4 5

1 8

5.

nrcalls_new Total no. of calls at new address

type: numeric (float)

range: [1,4] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 232/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

16 1

4 2

1 3

1 4

weigh weigh up the chances of getting money back? type: numeric (float) label: weigh units: 1 range: [1,2] unique values: 2 missing .: 90/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 128 1 Yes 36 2 No 90 chances chances of getting money back? ______ type: numeric (float) label: chances range: [1,3] units: 1 unique values: 3 missing .: 124/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 72 1 Less than 50/50 chance 2 About a 50/50 chance 53 5 3 More than 50/50 chance 124 info1 Disclosed info: Gender type: numeric (float) range: [1,1] units: 1 unique values: 1 missing .: 230/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

24 1 230 .

info2 Disclosed info: Age

type: numeric (float)

range: [2,2] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 186/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

68 2 186 .

Disclosed info: Education

type: numeric (float)

range: [3,3] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 232/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

22 3 232 .

info4 Disclosed info: Employment status

type: numeric (float)

units: 1 range: [4,4]

missing .: 203/254 unique values: 1

tabulation: Freq. Value

51 4

info5 Disclosed info: Household income

type: numeric (float)

range: [5,5] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 202/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

52 5 202 .

info6 Disclosed info: Marital status

type: numeric (float)

range: [6,6] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 243/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

11 6 243 .

info7 Disclosed info: Political party

type: numeric (float)

range: [7,7] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 250/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

4 7

info8 Disclosed info: Attend religious services

type: numeric (float)

range: [8,8] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 234/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

20 8 234 .

info9 Disclosed info: Homeowner

type: numeric (float)

range: [9,9] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 243/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

11 9 243 .

infol0 Disclosed info: Photograph

type: numeric (float)

range: [10,10] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 246/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

8 10

infol1 Disclosed info: None of the above

type: numeric (float)

range: [11,11] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 201/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

53 11 201 .

pay Willing to pay for information?

type: numeric (float)

label: weigh

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 118/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

12 1 Yes 124 2 No 118 .

amountpay Amount willing to pay

type: numeric (float)

range: [3,20] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 243/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

1 3

3 5

6 10

1 20

243 .

concentrate able to concentrate

type: numeric (float)

label: feeling, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 15/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

10

172 1 Better than usual

51 2 Same as usual

6 3 Less than usual

lostsleep lost much sleep over worry ______ type: numeric (float) label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled units: 1 range: [0,3] unique values: 4 missing .: 15/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label Ω 70 124 1 Not at all 2 No more than usual 32 3 Rather more than usual 13 15 useful felt playing a useful part type: numeric (float) label: useful, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled range: [0,3] units: 1 unique values: 4 missing .: 14/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 35

> 1 More than usual 2 Same as usual

3 Less so than usual

165

29 11

decision capable of making decisions

type: numeric (float)

label: decision, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 14/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

23

190 1 More than usual

23 2 Same as usual

4 3 Less so than usual

14 .

strain felt constantly under strain

type: numeric (float)

label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

53 0

129 1 Not at all

50 2 No more than usual

9 3 Rather more than usual

difficulties felt couldn't overcome difficulties

type: numeric (float)

label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

71 0

129 1 Not at all

32 2 No more than usual 9 3 Rather more than usual

13

activities enjoy normal day-to-day activities

type: numeric (float)

label: useful, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

22

158 1 More than usual 50 2 Same as usual

11 3 Less so than usual

feeling unhappy or depressed

unhappy ______

type: numeric (float)

label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

units: 1 range: [0,3]

unique values: 4 missing .: 13/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 84 Ω

101 1 Not at all

2 No more than usual 3 Rather more than usual 15

13

loosing self confidence in yourself confidence

type: numeric (float)

label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

units: 1 range: [0,3]

unique values: 4 missing .: 27/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

87

0 100 1 Not at all

2 No more than usual 33

7 3 Rather more than usual

worthless feels as worthless person

type: numeric (float)

label: sleep, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 27/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

140 0

57 1 Not at all

22 2 No more than usual 8 3 Rather more than usual

27 .

happy feels reasonable happy

type: numeric (float)

label: useful, but 1 nonmissing value is not labeled

range: [0,3] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 27/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

25

162 1 More than usual 35 2 Same as usual

5 3 Less so than usual

type: numeric (float) label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled units: 1 range: [1,7] missing .: 31/254 unique values: 7 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 38 1 Does not apply to me at all 38 45 46 20 18 7 Applies to me perfectly 18 31 original original, comes up with new ideas type: numeric (float) label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled range: [1,7] units: 1 unique values: 7 missing .: 33/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 1 Does not apply to me at all 32 43 3 48 41

7 Applies to me perfectly

26

nervous get nervously easily

type: numeric (float)

label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [1,7] units: 1

unique values: 7 missing .: 31/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label
53 1 Does not apply to me at all
45 2
44 3
34 4
23 5
12 6

7 Applies to me perfectly

31

artistic values artistic, aesthetic experiences

type: numeric (float)

label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [1,7] units: 1

unique values: 7 missing .: 32/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

20 1 Does not apply to me at all

18 2

40 3

55

43

24

22 7 Applies to me perfectly

relaxed relaxed, handles stress well type: numeric (float) label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled units: 1 range: [1,7] missing .: 16/254 unique values: 7 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 13 1 Does not apply to me at all 23 47 53 38 37 7 Applies to me perfectly 27 16 imagination active imagination type: numeric (float) label: yourself, but 5 nonmissing values are not labeled range: [1,7] units: 1 unique values: 7 missing .: 15/254 tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label 11 1 Does not apply to me at all 23

7 Applies to me perfectly

33

41 41 46

44 15

risk prepared to take risks? type: numeric (float) label: risk, but 9 nonmissing values are not labeled range: [0,9] units: 1 unique values: 10 missing .: 21/254 examples: 2 6 prepared to take risks in trusting strangers? stranger type: numeric (float) label: risk, but 9 nonmissing values are not labeled range: [0,9] units: 1 unique values: 10 missing .: 20/254 examples: 1 3

trust_25 aged 25: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

5 1 very likely

17 2 Likely

31 3 Neither nor 18 4 Unlikely

2 5 Very unlikely

181

trust_2550 aged 25-50: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 180/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

17 1 very likely

42 2 Likely

3 Neither norVery unlikely

trust 50 aged 50: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

units: 1 range: [1,5]

unique values: 5 missing .: 174/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

> 48 1 very likely

18 2 Likely

3 Neither nor 10 4 Unlikely

2 5 Very unlikely

174

trust incl income < 20000: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

units: 1 range: [1,5]

missing .: 177/254 unique values: 5

Numeric Label tabulation: Freq.

> 15 1 very likely

2 Likely 28

26 3 Neither nor 7

4 Unlikely

1 5 Very unlikely

trust inc2 income 20-40000: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 178/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

24 1 very likely

37 2 Likely

13 3 Neither nor 1 4 Unlikely

1 5 Very unlikely

178 .

trust_inc3 income > 40000: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 181/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

32 1 very likely

20 2 Likely

18 3 Neither nor

2 4 Unlikely

1 5 Very unlikely

trust noreli no religion: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 178/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

8 1 very likely

19 2 Likely

3 Neither nor Unlikely

2 5 Very unlikely

178

trust_reli attends religious serv.: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,4] units: 1

unique values: 4 missing .: 178/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

24 1 very likely

24 2 Likely

26 3 Neither nor

2 4 Unlikely

trust_man man: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 178/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

11 1 very likely

24 2 Likely

36 3 Neither nor 4 Unlikely

1 5 Very unlikely

178

trust_woman woman: trust to repay loan

type: numeric (float)

label: repayage

range: [1,5] units: 1

unique values: 5 missing .: 175/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

16 1 very likely

35 2 Likely

24 3 Neither nor

2 4 Unlikely

2 5 Very unlikely

give Give 10/12 Pounds, First Stage

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 84/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

97 0

73 1

84 .

return22 Return 22 Pounds, Second Stage

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 170/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

42 0

42 1

nr info # of infos for weighing up chances

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,7] units: 1

unique values: 8 missing .: 102/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

53 0

12 1

20 2

58 3

4 4

2 5

2 6

1 7

102 .

type: numeric (byte)

units: 1 range: [4,16]

unique values: 3 missing .: 241/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

4 6

5 16

pilot Respondent from Pilot

.....

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,1] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 0/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

241 0 13 1

stage (pilot)

type: numeric (byte)

label: stage

range: [1,2] units: 1

unique values: 2 missing .: 241/254

tabulation: Freq. Numeric Label

9 1 stage 1 4 2 stage 2

type: numeric (byte)

label: d5s, but 8 nonmissing values are not labeled

range: [1,20] units: 1

unique values: 9 missing .: 241/254

tabulation:	Freq.	Numeric	Label
	1	1	yes
	2	4	
	2	5	
	1	7	
	2	10	
	1	13	
	1	17	
	1	18	
	2	20	
	241		

xcode exitcode

type: numeric (byte)

range: [1,1] units: 1

unique values: 1 missing .: 241/254

tabulation: Freq. Value

13 1

hlaha1 Subjective wellbeing (GHO)1: Likert

type: numeric (float)

range: [0,32] units: 1

unique values: 30 missing .: 30/254

mean: 11.8973 std. dev: 5.68321

percentiles: 10% 25% 50% 75% 90%

8 11 14 19

khid household identification number

type: numeric (long)

range: [11319771,11370548] units: 1

missing .: 3/254 unique values: 249

mean: 1.1e+07 std. dev: 13365.4

percentiles: 25% 75% 90% 10% 50%

1.1e+07 1.1e+07 1.1e+07 1.1e+07 1.1e+07