Centre for Longitudinal Studies

National Child Development Study

Thirty Seven-Year Sample Survey

> Guide to data available at the UK Data Archive

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National Child Development Study Thirty Seven-Year Sample Survey

A Guide to the NCDS 37-year Data

available at the UK Data Archive

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION TO THE NATIONAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT STUDY

WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO THE THIRTY SEVEN –YEAR SAMPLE SURVEY

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1.1 Introduction

The National Child Development Study (NCDS) started life as the Perinatal Mortality Survey and examined the social and obstetric factors associated with stillbirth and infant mortality among over 17,000 babies born in Britain in a single week in 1958. Between that time and 1995 the whole cohort were surveyed on six other occasions in order to monitor their health, education, social and economic circumstances. These surveys were carried out in 1965 (age 7), 1969 (age 11), 1974 (age 16), 1981 (age 23), 1991 (age 33), and 2000 (age 42).

From its original focus on the circumstances and outcomes of birth, NCDS has broadened in scope to map all aspects of health, education and social development of its subjects as they passed through childhood and adolescence. In latter sweeps, the information collected has covered their transitions into adult life, including leaving full-time education, entering the labour market, setting up independent homes, forming partnerships and becoming parents.

As part of the 1991 survey, a special study was also undertaken of the children of one third of the cohort members, including assessments of the behaviour and cognitive development of approximately 5,000 children.

Also in 1991, the Social Statistics Research Unit (SSRU) of City University carried out a survey of a sample of the 1970 British Cohort (BCS70) - a continuing national longitudinal study of everyone in Great Britain who was born in the week 5-11 April 1970. A major element of that survey was designed to assess the literacy and numeracy skills of the cohort in order that they could be related to: other aspects of their social and economic circumstances measured during the survey; and to background information gathered during previous follow-up surveys. This aspect of the survey and data analysis was funded by the Adult Literacy and Basic Skills Unit (ALBSU) – now the Basic Skills Agency. This is reported in Ekinsmyth C and Bynner J (1994) The Basic Skills of Young Adults. London: ALBSU.

This work built, in part, on analysis of the extent, antecedents and correlates of literacy and numeracy problems reported by members of NCDS. Also funded by ALBSU, this analysis was based on data collected for the cohort as a whole when they were aged 23 years, in 1981 - see Hamilton M and Stasinopoulos M (1987) Literacy, Numeracy and Adults: Evidence from the National Child Development Study. London: ALBSU.

With further ALBSU funding, the approach adopted for the BCS70 sample survey was adapted for application to a sample of NCDS cohort members. This survey was designed to supplement the information on self-reported literacy and numeracy problems gathered during the NCDS follow-ups in 1981 and 1991 with objective assessments of skills in these areas. It provides for a detailed analysis of the extent, antecedents and correlates of basic skills in the NCDS cohort, and enables comparisons with the BCS70 cohort.

The fieldwork for this was conducted between 23 May and 7 July 1995 by the MORI research organisation. This note reports on the design, development and conduct of the survey; and reviews the extent and nature of survey response.

1.2 Survey Instruments

The survey instruments used were developed by the Social statistics Research Unit (SSRU) at City University and the survey contractor - MORI, in consultation with the Basic Skills Agency. There were three:

(a) *Literacy and Numeracy Assessments* - a new assessment based on development work undertaken on behalf of the Agency by National Foundation for Educational Research.

- (b) Interview to obtain information about key aspects of the current social, economic and health circumstances of the cohort member; to update the job-, family- and housing-history information gathered during the fifth and latest major NCDS follow-up in 1991 - NCDS5; and to include the questions on self-reported basic skills problems used in earlier NCDS and BCS70 surveys.
- (c) Self-completion questionnaire to obtain other information about, for example, selfreported occupational skills, and attitudes. Again, this updated information gathered during NCDS5.

1.3 Pilot surveys

Two pilot surveys were undertaken:

1. *Literacy and Numeracy Assessment Pre-test*, **17-21 March** - In total 21 interviews were conducted among a quota sample of respondents aged 25-40 years. in 4 sampling areas. All interviewers attended personal briefings and debriefings and both interviewers and respondents completed a short feedback questionnaire on the assessments. Twelve literacy and twelve numeracy assessments were piloted, taking an average of 27 and 21 minutes, respectively, to complete.

Following this pilot, and in consultation with the Agency, the number of individual assessment tasks was reduced to 19 (9 literacy and 10 numeracy), and elements of certain tasks modified or dropped.

 Pilot of all Interview, Self-completion, Assessments, 8-18 April - In order to test all survey instruments and procedures, a total of 31 pilot interviews were conducted among a sample of NCDS cohort members in 5 Postcode Areas in SE England. Again, all interviewers attended personal briefings and debriefings. The modified literacy and numeracy assessments took an average of 24 and 18 minutes, respectively, while the interview averaged 37 minutes, and the self-completion 12 minutes.

As a result of this second pilot, changes were made to both the Assessments and the Interview, once again in consultation with the Agency.

The Assessments were further amended by reducing the number of assessments (to 9 literacy and 9 numeracy), and modifying elements of certain tasks (the three writing tasks were combined into one task covering three levels).

The Interview was amended by simplifying the treatment of employment and qualifications.

Copies of the instruments are provided below.

1.4 Sample Design

The sample for the NCDS 1995 Sample Survey was selected by replicating the sampling design adopted for the NCDS 37-year Sample Survey - also funded by the Basic Skills Agency (then known as the Adult Literacy and Basic Skills Unit). Applying the same set of rules to draw a sample of NCDS cohort members.

This provides a representative sample with a geographical distribution which reflects that of the NCDS cohort as a whole, and will be similar, but not the same as, that selected for the BCS70 Survey. - see Ekinsmyth C and Bynner J (1994) Literacy and Numeracy Skills of British 21-year-Olds. London: ALBSU.

The sample was drawn from the 10,851 cohort members living in England and Wales for whom SSRU had a current address in February 1995. It was designed to have the same regional distribution of cohort members as was observed in the population of all NCDS members living in England and Wales.

It is a clustered sample design, based on Postcode Areas. The Postcode Area is designated by the initial, non-numeric, part of the postcode. Twenty-five clusters were selected using interval sampling. An interval of 434 cohort members was used ($25 \times 434 = 10,851$). The cumulative totals of cohort members living in each Postcode Area were listed. Postcode Areas were listed in geographical order to approximately maintain their relative positions. Starting from a randomly selected point, Postcode Areas were chosen where they contained each 434th cohort member. If a selected Postcode Area contained too few cohort members to be viable, the next adjacent Postcode Area was also included in that cluster.

In order to maintain the original regional distribution, the number of cohort members selected in each of the chosen clusters was proportional to the total number of cohort members resident in the region containing that cluster. Where regions contained more than one selected Postcode Area, the distribution of sampled cohort members reflects the relative numbers of cohort members resident in those Postcode Areas. Cohort members were chosen at random within the selected Postcode Areas.

Table 1 shows the target and achieved distribution of the sample - each Postcode Area represents a cluster.

| Denien | Destanda | Planned | Planned sample Interviews ach | | s achieved |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Region | Postcode area | n | % | n | % |
| North | NE | 111 111 | 6.72 6.72 | 122 122 | 7.12 7.12 |
| North West | L LA OL WA | 212 108 21 34 49 | 12.84 6.54 1.27 2.06 2.97 | 226 104 23 43 56 | 13.19 6.07 1.34 2.51 3.27 |
| Yorkshire & Humberside | DN LS | 176 79 97 | 10.66 4.78 5.88 | 184 79 105 | 10.74 4.61 6.13 |
| East Midlands | DE LE | 110 46 64 | 6.66 2.79 3.87 | 117 46 71 | 6.83 2.69 4.14 |
| East Anglia | NR | 70 70 | 4.24 4.24 | 76 76 | 4.44 4.44 |
| South East | CM LU SL SO TN | 354 97 45 54 76 82 | 21.44 5.88 2.73 3.27 4.60 4.97 | 368 98 47 49 81 94 | 21.48 5.72 2.74 2.86 4.73 5.49 |
| Greater London | BR CR IG SE WD EN | 197 30 30 21 66 23 27 | 11.93 1.82 1.82 1.27 3.99 1.39 1.64 | 202 35 33 22 63 23 26 | 11.79 2.04 1.93 1.28 3.68 1.34 1.52 |
| South West | BH GL TR | 159 50 77 32 | 9.63 3.03 4.66 1.94 | 162 52 77 33 | 9.46 3.04 4.50 1.93 |
| Wales | CF | 103 103 | 6.24 6.24 | 101 101 | 5.90 5.90 |
| West Midlands | B ST WV | 159 99 38 22 | 9.63 6.00 2.30 1.33 | 155 97 35 23 | 9.05 5.66 2.04 1.34 |
| Total | | 1,651 | 100 | 1,714 | 100 |

Table 1: NCDS sample by Region and Postcode Area

1.5 Fieldwork

Before beginning work on data collection, all 79 interviewers working on the project attended one of six personal briefings, held across the country in the period 22-30 May. The briefings provided: instructions on all aspects of the survey, including contacting procedures, survey instrument structure and content; required them to work through a dummy Interview to ensure that they understood all sections of the instrument. Particular attention was given to the administration of the Assessments, with all interviewers practising each of the tasks. A member of the SSRU team attended each of these briefings in order to give the background to the survey, answer queries, and to assure themselves that the selected interviewers were competent to administer all aspects of the survey, especially the Assessments.

A copy of the Interviewer Instructions supplied to all interviewers working on the survey is provided below.

All initial contact with cohort members made by interviewers was by telephone, or by visiting the cohort members' homes. This procedure was adopted to minimise non-response amongst cohort members with literacy difficulties. Interviewers were instructed to explain the purpose and nature of the survey, and to make an appointment to visit the cohort member's home at a convenient time. During this visit, the Interview and Self-completion were administered before the Assessments. Where cohort members experienced difficulty in answering the self-completion, they were assisted by the interviewer. The interviewer also recorded the nature of any help given.

Analysis shows that the Interview took an average of 29 minutes to complete, the Self-completion some 5 minutes, and the Assessments an average of 35 minutes.

1.6 Data preparation

Following completion, survey instruments were returned to MORI, who were responsible for a preliminary visual edit; followed by data entry; and a preliminary computer edit to check that data was valid (ie: for the main part single-coded, 0-9), and within range (ie: as specified in the survey instruments).

Unedited and edited data, together with all completed survey instruments, were subsequently passed to SSRU for further processing. This included:

- (a) Coding of occupation data using Computer-assisted Standard Occupational Coding CASOC software developed by the University of Warwick.
- (b) Further computer editing to ensure that data is consistent. This will sometimes require reference to the original survey instruments to resolve problems cases.
- (c) Establishment of a clean and documented cross-sectional data base to facilitate early analysis.
- (d) Longitudinal linking of the new sample survey data with that from NCDS5 and earlier followups to establish a longitudinal database to permit more detailed and longitudinal analysis. This included further checks on consistency.

1.7 Response

As Table 1 indicates, response to the survey was very good, and enabled the regional targets to be met in most instances. Further details are given in Table 2.

Overall, 1,714 cohort members were interviewed during the survey. This represents 80 percent of those whose details were issued to interviewers, and 88 percent of those traced. The main causes of non-response are refusals and moving home.

| Survey outcome | Number | Overall percent | Percent of those traced |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Interview | 1714 | 79.9 | 87.6 |
| Refused | 184 | 8.6 | 9.4 |
| II/away | 46 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| ncapable of interview | 12 | .6 | .6 |
| Noved from Postcode Area | 28 | 1.3 | - |
| Noved whereabouts unknown | 103 | 4.8 | - |
| No contact after 4 or more calls | 48 | 2.2 | - |
| Address vacant | 8 | .4 | - |
| Address not found | 2 | .1 | - |
| | 2145 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table 2: Summary of survey response

1.8 Response Bias

Although generally satisfactory response rates have been achieved, anything less than a perfect response raises the question of whether those who were interviewed and assessed were representative of the sampled population - in this case, the cohort members living in England and Wales for whom SSRU had a current address in February 1995. This issue has been explored by exploiting a possibility only available to longitudinal studies - to compare respondents to the target sample, and to the sampled population.

Comparison with the target sample

Comparison with the target sample has been restricted to consideration of the regional distribution.

Table 3 contrasts the regional distribution of the target sample and achieved sample, and gives the Percentage bias for each region. The Percentage bias indicates the extent of the departure of the achieved sample from the expected distribution and is calculated as follows:

((Achieved sample % - Target sample %)/Target sample %) x 100

A negative percentage bias indicates under-representation in the NCDS 1995 Sample Survey, and a positive percentage bias shows over-representation.

It is clear that, although the regional distribution of the achieved sample is broadly in line with that of the target sample, Greater London and regions in the west are somewhat under-represented, whilst northern and eastern regions are rather over-represented.

| Region | Target sample % | Achieved sample % | % Bias |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| North | 6.72 | 7.12 | 5.93 |
| East Anglia | 4.24 | 4.44 | 4.64 |
| North West | 12.84 | 13.19 | 2.75 |
| East Midlands | 6.66 | 6.83 | 2.51 |
| Yorkshire & Humberside | 10.66 | 10.74 | .76 |
| South East | 21.44 | 21.48 | .19 |
| Greater London | 11.93 | 11.79 | -1.17 |
| South West | 9.63 | 9.46 | -1.80 |
| Wales | 6.24 | 5.90 | -5.49 |
| West Midlands | 9.63 | 9.05 | -6.04 |

Table 3: Regional distribution of target and achieved samples compared

Target sample % Achieved sample % % Bias

Percent in sample as drawn Percent in achieved sample ((Achieved sample % - Target sample %)/Target sample %) x

100

Comparisons with the sampled population

Comparisons between the achieved sample and the sampled population have been extensive. They are based on variables selected from the earlier NCDS follow-ups. The variables chosen include many relating to demography, education, post-school education and training, literacy and numeracy problems, social and economic circumstances, financial problems, the family and relationships, housing and household, and health. A full list of variables used in this analysis is given in Table 4 below. It may be noted that many of these variables have been included in similar analyses designed to explore differential attrition in the more recent NCDS follow-ups.

Table 4 contrasts the characteristics of the sampled population (NCDS cohort members living in England and Wales for whom SSRU had a current address in February 1995) and those of the achieved sample for the 1995 NCDS Sample Survey using the wide range of variables described above. Again, the Percentage bias is reported for each variable, indicating the extent of the difference between the cohort and the sample. For this table Percentage bias is calculated as follows:

((Sample % - Cohort %)/Cohort %) x 100

where: Sample % = Percent in achieved sample. Cohort % = Percent in NCDS cohort with confirmed address.

As before, a negative percentage bias indicates under-representation in the NCDS 1995 Sample Survey, and a positive percentage bias shows over-representation.

The analysis provides an important and encouraging insight into differential response. Absolute differences between the sampled population and the achieved sample are, on the whole, small and this is reflected in many of the figures for percentage bias Nevertheless, small differences can result in a relatively large figure for percentage bias where the percentage in the sampled population is small. Levels of statistical significance are not reported, but it should be noted that in

samples of this size tests of statistical significance are sensitive to very small differences. In general, the achieved sample does not differ greatly from the sampled population.

Overall, it appears that those with low achievements and aspirations whilst at school are underrepresented, as are those who have not pursued education and training since leaving school. Also under-represented are: those who are handicapped; those who have been "in care"; those with origins in the lower social classes; those who grew-up in families with financial problems; and who have experienced poor housing conditions.

Perhaps not surprisingly, this picture is similar to that emerging from the analyses of differential response to earlier NCDS follow-ups. However, these earlier analyses also revealed a marked under-representation of members of the ethnic minority communities. This appears not to be the case for the current survey.

Finally, it is important to note that this analysis of differential response reveals that those who reported problems with basic skills during the last 1991 NCDS follow-up (NCDS5) are underrepresented in the achieved sample for the current survey. This is not unexpected, but it is stressed that the absolute percentage differences are small.

| | Source | Cohort % | Sample % | %Bias |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Demographic Variables | | | | |
| Male cohort members | ALL | 49.8 | 46.8 | -6.02 |
| Mother born in West Indies | NCDS2 | .7 | .8 | 14.29 |
| Father born in West Indies | NCDS2 | .8 | .8 | .00 |
| Child's ethnic group is Afro-Caribbean 11 | NCDS2 | .8 | .7 | -12.50 |
| Ethnic identification Afro-Caribbean at 33 | NCDS5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .00 |
| Education Attended 3 or more schools 5-7 Attended 3 or more schools 5-11 Attended 3 or more schools 11-16 Attended comprehensive school 16 Reading Test Score Low (<17) at 7 Reading Test Score Low (<11) at 11 Arithmetic Test Score Low (<1) at 11 Arithmetic Test Score Low (<4) at 7 Mathematics Test Score Low (<7) at 11 Teacher rates mathematics ability below average/poor at 16 Teacher rates English ability below average/poor at 16 Parents don't want child to stay at school at 7 Mother shows little interest in child's education at 7 Father shows little interest in child's education at 7 Father has little interest in child's education at 11 Mother has little interest in child's education at 11 Father shows little interest in child's education at 16 Mother shows little interest in child's education at 16 CM intendes to leave school at 16 at 11 Likely to leave school at 16 CM's view at 16 CM wants job on leaving school - view at 16 | NCDS1 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS1 NCDS1 NCDS2 NCDS1 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS1 NCDS1 NCDS1 NCDS2 NCDS2 NCDS2 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 NCDS3 | $\begin{array}{c} 3.2 \\ 15.7 \\ 3.1 \\ 58.8 \\ 17.5 \\ 17.8 \\ 26.4 \\ 18.0 \\ 30.8 \\ 21.1 \\ 3.9 \\ 13.6 \\ 14.6 \\ 16.0 \\ 12.4 \\ 16.6 \\ 15.2 \\ 20.6 \\ 61.1 \\ 18.4 \end{array}$ | 3.5 17.0 3.3 58.9 14.1 15.4 24.3 16.8 26.9 17.7 3.4 11.5 12.4 13.9 11.3 14.8 12.7 19.8 60.5 17.7 | 9.37 8.28 6.45 .17 -19.43 -13.48 -7.95 -6.67 -12.66 -16.11 -12.82 -15.44 -15.07 -13.12 -8.87 -10.84 -16.45 -3.88 -98 -3.80 |
| Post-school Education and Training | | | | |
| Left school at 16 or under | NCDS4 | 70.2 | 70.3 | .14 |
| No further education, training or apprenticeship by 23 | NCDS4 | 14.4 | 11.9 | -17.36 |
| No qualifications by 23 | NCDS4 | 51.3 | 51.7 | .78 |
| No qualifications by 33 | NCDS5 | 11.0 | 10.8 | -1.82 |
| Taken any qualification courses by 33 | NCDS5 | 33.9 | 34.5 | 1.77 |
| Taken 3 or more qualification courses by 33 | NCDS5 | 19.4 | 19.0 | -2.06 |
| Taken any work related training courses by 33 | NCDS5 | 47.8 | 48.4 | 1.26 |
| Done evening classes, etc "out of interest" by 33 | NCDS5 | 34.5 | 34.4 | 29 |
| Done more than 3 courses "out of interest" by 33 continued | NCDS5 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 3.52 |

| | Source | Cohort % | Sample % | %Bias |
|--|--------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <i>Literacy and Numeracy Problems</i> Can't read enough to cope with everyday needs | | | | |
| (teacher's view) at 16 Child can't do calculations required by an everday | NCDS3 | 1.1 | .5 | -54.55 |
| shopper (teacher's view) at 16 | NCDS3 | 2.1 | 1.8 | -14.29 |
| Problems with reading since 16 reported at 33 | NCDS5 | 4.2 | 3.6 | -14.29 |
| Attended courses/class to improve reading reported at 33 | NCDS5 | 17.0 | 16.7 | -1.76 |
| Writing/spelling problems since 16 at 33 | NCDS5 | 9.8 | 9.3 | -5.10 |
| Problems with numbers/arithmetic since 16 reported at 33 | NCDS5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | -13.33 |
| Attended any courses/classe to improve numberwork by 33 | NCDS5 | 9.3 | 6.7 | -27.96 |
| Any reading/writing/spelling/numbnerwork problem by 33 | NCDS5 | 9.5 | 9.3 | -2.11 |
| Social and Economic Circumstances Father stayed at school after minimum leaving age | NCDS1 | 24.0 | 23.1 | -3.75 |
| Father's social class at birth – Manual | PMS | 79.3 | 79.8 | .63 |
| Father's social class 1965 – Manual | NCDS1 | 64.7 | 63.7 | -1.55 |
| Father's social class at 11 – Manual | NCDS2 | 62.4 | 61.4 | -1.60 |
| Father's social class at 16 – Manual | NCDS3 | 60.5 | 59.2 | -2.15 |
| Cohort Member's social class at 23 - Manual | NCDS4 | 42.7 | 41.8 | -2.11 |
| Cohort Member's social class at 33 - Manual | NCDS5 | 37.8 | 36.7 | -2.91 |
| Employed at 23 | NCDS4 | 75.3 | 76.8 | 1.99 |
| Employed at 33 | NCDS5 | 79.7 | 78.3 | -1.76 |
| Five of more jobs by 23 | NCDS4 | 14.6 | 14.0 | -4.11 |
| Five or more jobs 33 | NCDS5 | 16.4 | 15.4 | -6.10 |
| <i>Financial Problems</i> Receiving free school meals at 11 | NCDS2 | 9.0 | 7.8 | -13.33 |
| Receiving free school meals at 16 | NCDS3 | 8.5 | 7.1 | -16.47 |
| Family had serious finacial hardship in last year at 11 | NCDS2 | 10.0 | 10.3 | 3.00 |
| Family had serious financial trouble in last year at 16 | NCDS3 | 9.0 | 8.7 | -3.33 |
| Ever been 2 months or more behind with rent/mortgage at 33 | NCDS5 | 7.7 | 7.5 | -2.60 |
| Cohort Member/Partner receiving state benefit at 33 | NCDS5 | 71.8 | 73.7 | 2.65 |
| Cohort Member/Partner receive other regular income at 33 | NCDS5 | 10.5 | 10.0 | -4.76 |
| Cohort member/Partner have savings at 33 | NCDS5 | 79.8 | 81.8 | 2.51 |
| Cohort Member/Partner have investments at 33 | NCDS5 | 30.9 | 29.2 | -5.50 |
| Cohort/Partner have debts at 33 | NCDS5 | 34.7 | 36.7 | 5.76 |
| <i>Family and Relationships</i> Child ever in care by 16 | NCDS3 | 3.1 | 2.2 | -29.03 |
| With natural mother at 7 | NCDS1 | 97.5 | 97.8 | .31 |
| Natural mother at 11 | NCDS2 | 96.7 | 96.6 | 10 |
| Natural mother at 16 | NCDS3 | 95.4 | 95.2 | 21 -3.31 |
| Parents ever permanently separated/divorced by 33 | NCDS5 | 15.1 | 14.6 | 2.01 |
| Married at 23 | NCDS4 | 44.7 | 45.6 | |
| Has partner (spouse/cohabitee) at 33 | NCDS5 | 80.1 | 81.9 | 2.25 |
| Children at 23 | NCDS4 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 1.28 |
| Has children at 33 | NCDS5 | 69.0 | 71.0 | 2.90 |
| Housing and Household More than 2 family moves 0-7 | NCDS1 | 12.7 | 14.2 | 11.81 |
| Family moved 3 or more times 1958-74 | NCDS3 | 24.1 | 26.5 | 9.96 |
| Six or more addresses 16-23 | NCDS4 | 12.6 | 11.7 | -7.14 |
| Tenure at 7 - Private rented | NCDS1 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 3.36 |
| Tenure at 11 - Private rented | NCDS2 | 7.3 | 6.8 | -6.85 |
| continued | - | | · | - |

| | Source | Cohort % | Sample % | %Bias |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Tenure at 16 - Private rented Tenure ate 23 - Private rented Tenure at 33 -Other rented Family sharing household amenities at 7 Household sharing amenities at 11 Sharing household amenities at 16 Share rooms or amenities with other household at 23 Crowded at 11 (>1 person/room) Crowded at 16 (>1 person/room) Crowded at 23 (>1 person/room) Five or more persons in household at 23 Five or more people in household at 33 Normal address at 33 is private residence Ever homeless in last 10 years 33 | NCDS3 NCDS4 NCDS5 NCDS1 NCDS2 NCDS3 NCDS4 NCDS3 NCDS4 NCDS4 NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 | 5.2 8.4 3.9 12.0 9.4 4.6 3.2 34.6 27.6 2.3 12.7 16.9 99.5 3.4 | 5.3 7.5 2.3 11.6 8.8 4.5 2.8 34.1 26.1 2.4 12.2 17.7 99.8 3.6 | 1.92 -10.71 -41.03 -3.33 -6.38 -2.17 -12.50 -1.45 -5.43 4.35 -3.94 4.73 .30 5.88 |
| Health Cohort Member handicapped or disabled at 16 Any longstanding illness or disability reported at 23 Any longstanding illness/disability reported at 33 Malaise - "depressed"(<7) at 23 "Excellent"/"good" health reported at 33 "Good" health over last 12 months reported at 33 Any accident/assault since March 1981 reported at 33 Admitted to hospital overnight at 33 Any "emotional problem" reported at 33 | NCDS3 NCDS4 NCDS5 NCDS4 NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 | 7.5 4.5 15.6 7.1 86.9 75.6 40.5 30.8 55.5 | 6.5 4.6 15.0 6.8 87.1 76.8 39.7 30.4 54.1 | -13.33 2.22 -3.85 -4.23 .23 1.59 -1.98 -1.30 -2.52 |
| <i>Other</i> Smokes cigarettes at 33 Drinks alcohol most days reported at 33 Would vote Conservative if General Election tomorrow at 33 Professes no religion at 33 | NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 NCDS5 | 31.4 13.0 36.6 48.5 | 29.2 12.3 36.3 46.6 | -7.01 -5.38 82 -3.92 |

Note:

| Source | Source of variable for which comparison is provided: |
|----------|---|
| | PMS - Perinatal Mortality Survey, 1958 NCDS1 - First NCDS Follow-up, 1965 NCDS2 - Second NCDS Follow-up, 1969 NCDS3 - Third NCDS4 Follow-up, 1974 NCDS4 - Fourth NCDS Follow-up, 1981 NCDS5 - Fifth NCDS Follow-up, 1991 |
| Cohort % | Percent in NCDS cohort with confirmed address (from which sample taken). |
| Sample % | Percent in achieved sample. |
| % Bias | ((Sample % - Cohort %)/Cohort %) x 100 |

1.9 Further Information on NCDS

For more information about the NCDS Thirty Seven-year Sample Survey, contact the Cohort User Support Group by post, telephone, fax, or email as shown below:

| Post: | NCDS User Support Group | Tel: | 020-7612-6860 |
|-------|---|--------|----------------------|
| | Centre for Longitudinal Studies Institute of Education University of London 20 Bedford Way | Fax: | 020-7612-6880 |
| | London WC1H 0AL | Email: | cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk |

User Support Group

The *NCDS User Support Group* provides advice and guidance on the use of NCDS data; produces documentation; collates and disseminates information on uses of the data, publications, and other developments; produces and distributes a newsletter and working papers; provides access to non-computerised NCDS data; collects additional information; and services the User Group.

User Group

The *NCDS User Group* is open to all users of NCDS data. It provides opportunities for users to get together to explore developments, problems, and other issues of mutual interest. Ad hoc "Updates" on NCDS data and developments are circulated to members.

Membership is free on application to the User Support Group.

1.10 Acquiring NCDS Data for Research

As noted above, data sets containing the birth, 7-year, 11-year, 16-year, 23-year, 33-year and 42-year data are already lodged at the UK Data Archive, and are available to the research community for analysis.

The UK Data Archive may be contacted by post, telephone, fax, or email as shown below:

| Post: | UK Data Archive University of Essex | Tel: | (01206) 872001 |
|-------|--|--------|---|
| | Colchester CO4 3SQ | Fax: | (01206) 872003 |
| | | Email: | archive@essex.ac.uk www.data-archive.ac.uk |

SECTION 2

USING THE 37-YEAR DATA

2.1 Introduction

As mentioned in Section 1, the NCDS Thirty Seven-year Sample Survey made use of selfcompletion questionnaires, an interview and assessments. An introduction to the development and use of this document has been outlined in *Section 1*. A copy of the questionnaire is reproduced in Section 3.

This section is designed to assist users of the data by describing:

- Variable names
- Data imputation
- The coding of missing values
- The derived variables included on the dataset
- An introduction to using the Interactive Data Dictionary
- Linkage of NCDS Thirty Seven-year Sample Survey data to data from other sweeps

2.2 Variable names

The variable names for the NCDS Thirty Seven-year dataset are characterised as follows:

- **Precoded questions** variable names for single-coded questions are of the form 'nssXXXX', where XXXX represents a four-digit number. The numbers are in the order that the questions appear on the annotated questionnaires (see Section 3).
- **Open-coded or multi-coded questions** are also of the form 'nssXXXX'; but the four-digit number is usually larger than those of the pre-coded questions, and although these variable names are also annotated on the questionnaires in Section 3, they do not necessarily appear in the same numerical order as the precoded questions.
- **Derived variables** variable names are those allocated by the authors of the code. They are most commonly mnemonics, such as seg91, empcat8 etc.

2.3 Data imputation

As mentioned in section 1.6, the data underwent checking and editing by MORI with the aim of ensuring the values were valid and within the expected range. However, in the case of one particular variable, nss1022 ('Income: Name of first benefit received'), the data received by SSRU were clearly suspect: of the total 1,714 cases, 1,189 were coded as '1' (i.e unemployment benefit), 358 were system-missing, and the remaining 167 had the value '0', which is an invalid code.

As 1,281 cohort members had children of their own living with them, and only 171 of these stated they received child benefit as 'second/third/.../sixth benefit received', there is a strong likelihood that anything up to 1,110 cases should have had child benefit coded as their 'first benefit received' (i.e nss1022=11), since the national take-up of child benefit is known to be not far off 100%.

As a check, frequency counts were run of the actual amount of 'benefit 1' received (variable nss1024). As expected, there was pronounced 'heaping' in the distribution, around the amounts corresponding to the value of child benefit for the number of children present in the household. This provided a strong justification for imputing a value of 11 for nss1022 (i.e. 'first benefit received

= child benefit) in a large number of cases. However, it was difficult to employ a rigorously cleancut algorithm to select which cases might be safely imputed, because of the following confounding factors:

- (a) Although it is known that the weekly amount of child benefit should have been £10.40 for the eldest child and £8.45 for each additional child, the situation is more complicated in the case of lone parents, who at that time were entitled to an additional £7.15. This supplement was still officially called 'one parent benefit', but because it was paid in the same order book as the child benefit, many people conceptualised it as part of the child benefit. Of the 97 cohort members with children who had no spouse/partner living with them, only 47 stated they separately received one parent benefit, as one of benefits 2-6.
- (b) Some respondents put the 'period covered' as a week or four weeks, but others as a month, and there was also a smaller spread of respondents stating other periods such as fortnightly, three-monthly, etc. Some respondents who stated 'month' also stated 'four weeks'. In converting the figure to a standardised weekly amount, there was a spread in the distribution on either side of the expected figure, probably resulting, at least partly, from the uncertainty about whether one should simply divide by four, or multiply by 12 and divide by 52.
- (d) Besides the 'heaping' around the expected figure for the number of children present, there was a certain amount of heaping around the amount for a different number of children: e.g. one more or one less than was resident (in odd cases, even two more or less). This could be due to the possibility that one or more children spent part of the week with the other parent; in this case, either the non-resident parent might receive child benefit for a child stated as resident with the cohort member, or conversely the cohort member might receive benefit for a child stated as non-resident.
- (e) Generally, respondents are not 100% reliable at recalling exactly how much they receive in child benefit. For example, if one looks at the 69 cases where a respondent stated that benefit 2 was child benefit and that it was paid on a weekly basis, seven of these (i.e. 10%) gave a figure which differed by at least two or three pounds from any plausible figure (i.e. the amounts stated were £14, £15, £16, £20, £22 or £23). The figure should be (to the nearest pound) £10 for one child, £19 for two or £27 for three; or in the case of a one-parent family, £18 for one, £26 for two, or £34 for three. Only 49 of the 69 gave an amount which was within a pound of the correct figure for the number of children they had (even taking into account the possibility of them being a lone parent) the remaining 13 gave a figure within a pound of the correct amount for a different number of children.

An SPSS imputation algorithm was therefore written, to re-code the variable nss1022 to a value of '11' (i.e. child benefit) in the following circumstances:-

- (a) the cohort member had one or more of their own children living with them, *and*
- (b) child benefit was not stated as 'benefit 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6', and
- (c) the amount of 'benefit 1' is within £1-£2 of a plausible amount for some number of children (not necessarily the same number the respondent reports to be resident). For example, since the exact entitlement for one child should be £10.45, a tolerance from £9-£12 is used in the algorithm; for two children (entitlement £18.85), a tolerance from £18-£20, for three, £25-£28. In deciding these tolerance intervals, a certain regard was had for the observed 'heaping' around an expected level, which accounted for £25 being set as the lower limit for the case of three children, when the exact entitlement was in fact £27.30.

Lone parents - if the cohort member has no resident partner, then in (c) above, the range of 'plausible amounts' is calculated to include one parent benefit *as well as* figures which don't include one parent benefit. In addition, if a respondent stipulated one parent benefit was one of benefits 2-6, and satisfied conditions (a) and (b) above, then nss1022 was re-coded to 11 even if

condition (c) was not satisfied, since in practice no-one receives one parent benefit without also receiving child benefit (there were 4 such cases).

The net effect was that 672 cases had a value of 11 (i.e. child benefit) imputed for variable nss1022. Of the remaining 1,042 cases, 171 had stated that child benefit was one of benefits 2-6, so we know benefit 1 could not be child benefit. There were 355 cases which had all benefits coded as system-missing, including benefit 1, leading one to assume these respondents were not in receipt of any benefits. As one would expect, almost all of these (333) had no children living at home, although 22 did. In these 355 cases a new value of 20 was imputed for nss1022, which was labeled 'no benefits received at all.' There were a further 93 cases where the respondent did say they received one or more benefits, but had no children resident, so benefit 1 could not be child benefit. The remaining 423 cases had no resident children, but there was insufficient evidence to assume benefit 1 was child benefit in their case. (See the SPSS syntax at the end of Appendix 1 for the exact imputation algorithm).

In the longer term, we are planning an exercise to go through all 1,714 paper questionnaires, and to re-key the entries to question nss1022 in order to correct this problem more satisfactorily.

2.4 Missing values

The standard missing value codes (which are consistent with other NCDS sweeps) are as follows:

| 8, 98, 998, 9998, 99998, 999998 | = | Don't Know |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------|
| 9, 99, 999, 9999, 99999, 999999 | = | Not answered |
| -1 or . (sysmis) | = | Not applicable |

The codes 6, 96, 996, 9996, 99996, 999996 are generally used to denote 'other' (e.g. nss0250, nss0412).

Where there is more than one 'other' category classified as missing, the codes 5, 95, 995, 9995, 99995, 99995, 99995 have occasionally been used (e.g. nss0522).

In addition, the following codes have been used to signify missing-value categories peculiar to individual variables or sets of questions, e.g.:

| 7, 97 | = | 'It varies' (e.g. nss0263, nss0281-312); or |
|-------|---|--|
| -99 | = | 'Course lasted less than 1 month' (e.g. nss0537-545) 'CASOC program unable to reach a conclusion about job category' (soc) |

2.5 Derived variables

Although a number of derived variables have been created for the purposes of different projects using the 37-year data, we were only able to acquire the documentation of a limited number of derived variables, which have been included with the dataset deposited with the UK Data Archive:

| rgsc91 | Registrar-General's Social Class 1991 based on SOC |
|----------|--|
| seg91 | Socio-Economic Group 1991 based on SOC |
| SOC | SOC Occupational Coding Classification |
| kos | KOS Occupational Categories |
| codot | CODOT Occupational Categories |
| occgrp95 | Occupational Status at 37 |
| c1prob | Child #1 Skill Difficulties? |
| c2prob | Child #2 Skill Difficulties? |
| c3prob | Child #3 Skill Difficulties? |
| c4prob | Child #4 Skill Difficulties? |

| c5prob c6prob c1_6prob read37 write37 basic37 basic37c litscor1 litscor2 numscor1 numscor2 litscor3 numscor3 litscor4 numscor4 litgrp1 litgrp2 litgrp2a numgrp1 numgrp2 numgrp2a mala37 mal37 empcat8 everunem manyunem home37 books mags childa empcatp8 empcatp5 empfam empfamb skill1 skill2 Job1 to job57 | Child #5 Skill Difficulties? Child #6 Skill Difficulties? Any Child Skill Difficulties? Reading difficulties at age 37 Basic skill difficulties at age 37 Basic skill difficulties at age 37 Basic skill difficulties at age 37 - not spelling Literacy composite test scores (short version based on performance criteria) Literacy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) Numeracy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) Literacy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) Literacy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) Literacy composite test scores (based on numscor1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) Numeracy composite test scores (based on numscor1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) Literacy composite test scores (based on numscor2 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor2) Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor2) Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor1) Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor2) Grouped numeracy test scores (4 categories, based on numscor2) Grouped numeracy test scores (4 categories, based on numscor2) malaise scores at 37 grouped malaise scores 37 Ever unemployed from march 1991 ? How many spells unemployed ? Own or Rent at age 37 ? Hours reading Magazines per week Age had FIRST child Employment status of partner at 37 Cm & partner employment status at 37 No. of Wage Earners (cm and/or partner) Literacy and numeracy skill levels (Very Low = Poor; Other = Competent) VeryLow/Low Lit, VeryLow Num = Poor |
|---|--|
| skill2 Job1 to job57 year91-year94 | VeryLow/Low Lit, VeryLow Num = Poor Employment Status in Mar 91 - Nov 95 (month-by-month). Employment Status in 12 months from March 1991(2/3/4) |
| intrvid | Interviewer Identification Number |

The syntax for deriving these variables is given in Appendix 1.

2.6 Interactive data dictionary

In order to help users find their way about the *NCDS Thirty seven-year Sample Survey*, CLS has prepared an *Interactive Data Dictionary* as a guide to the contents of the SPSS data. This is based on the *Idealist* Information Retrieval System, and is distributed, free of charge with the deposited data. It is available from the UK Data Archive and also from the Centre for Longitudinal Studies (go to <u>http://www.cls.ioe.ac.uk/Cohort/Ncds/mainncds.htm</u> and click blue button 'Data Dictionary')

Contents

2.6.1 The *Interactive Data Dictionary* is supplied as two files:

- NCDS_37 Data Dictionary the *Data Dictionary* in "ZIPped" form. This holds all the files which together make-up the Data Dictionary.
- README- notes on how to load the Data Dictionary on your PC.

YOU MAY COPY THESE FILES AS MANY TIMES AS YOU WISH.

IMPORTANT

2.6.2 Further details of the *Interactive Data Dictionary* are given below. Please read these carefully before attempting to load/use this software. If you have any problems or queries, please contact the User Support Group (see below for full contact information).

Loading the Interactive Data Dictionary from disk

2.6.3 To load this documentation on your PC, follow the instructions given below. (See also file "READ.ME").

- 1. Users should extract the contents of the ' NCDS_37 Data Dictionary' ZIPfile into a separate directory
- 2. To use:
 - Within the Data Dictionary directory, click on 'lwinread' the Data Dictionary should load
 - If Idealist opens, but no database is loaded:
 - Within Idealist, click on 'File'
 - Within 'File', click on 'Open'
 - Within 'Open', select
 - 'NCDS_37.tex'
- 3. Opening screens will provide guidance on use and background on the survey (see also below).
- 4. Address queries to: cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk



Guide to using the Interactive Data Dictionary

2.6.4 A brief guide to using the *Interactive Data Dictionary* is given below.

Starting the Data Dictionary

Within the Data Dictionary directory, click on 'Iwinread' to load the Data Dictionary.

You will be presented with an opening screen which includes a summary of the available search options and a guide to layout of the information, as well as access to more information about BCS70 and the 37-year Sample Survey:

| Blackwell Idealist - [c:\work\d\temppc\peter\ncds\37year~1\datadi~1\ncds_37.tex] | - 🗆 🗵 |
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| | |
| NATIONAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT STUDY - 37-YEAR SAMPLE SURVEY | - |
| Idealist Data Dictionary for the SPSS DATASET HOLDING DATA FROM SAMPLE SURVEY AT 37-YEARS Version 1.0 (based on the SPSS Data Dictionaries) June 2004 Prepared by Centre for Longitudinal Studies, Institute of Education, Univ of Londo |)n |
| TO SEARCH: Press F5/Click 'Search' and enter a word/phrase TO BROWSE SELECTED VARIABLES: Use +/- TO BROADEN/NARROW SEARCH/EXCLUDE VARIABLES: Press F6/F7/F8 | |
| Follow-up identifier | • |
| - VARIABLE NAME Variable label Sequential position on dataset Missing Values:) | ; |
| <pre>value Label } Where applicable Value label 1} Z Value label 2}</pre> | |
| Press +/- for more information about the NCDS 37-year Sample Survey | |
| PLEASE REPORT ALL ERRORS TO: cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk. THANK YOU. | - |
| :Home !Home 1st of 2 | ReadOnly |

Search options

The Data Dictionary is designed to provide an interactive guide to the information held on the NCDS 37-year SPSS dataset, and is based on the SPSS 'data dictionary'.

It provides the opportunity to search the variable names, variable labels and value labels for partuicular 'words' or 'phrases' and to generate a 'hit list' of all potentially relevant variables. To refine the search, the hit list can be broadened or narrowed, and selected variables may be excluded.

Searches my be initiated using the keyboard function keys; the drop down menus or menu buttons:

| To SEARCH | Function key | Menu | Button |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|
| Use Function key/menu/button as follows: | F5 | Search | 9 |
| Enter | String/phrase to search for BCS70 21-year dataset vari labels | | |
| NB: | A list of all indexed terms box. This may be brown numbers/letters until derisre | sed using cursor | or by entering |
| Click OK | This will select all records of | containing the chose | sen string. |
| Hit List: | Selected records are known | as a 'HIT LIST' | |
| To BROWSE hit list | + and/or – keys on mumeric keypad | Not available | |
| To browse ENTRIES in hit list | Use the arrow/PgUp/PgDn/I | Home/End keys | |
| To WIDEN (add to) hit list To NARROW (shorten) hit list To EXCLUDE (drop) from hit list | F6 F7 F8 | Widen Narrow Exclude | Not available Not available Not available |

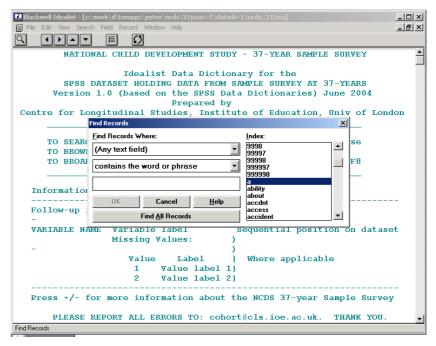
See examples below:

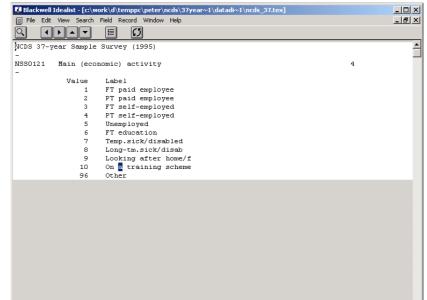
SEARCH Menu

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| Centre for Options es, Institute of Education, Univ of London | |
| | |
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| TO BROADEN/NARROW SEARCH/EXCLUDE VARIABLES: Press F6/F7/F8 | |
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| Value Label } Where applicable | |
| 1 Value label 1} | |
| 2 Value label 2} | |
| Press +/- for more information about the NCDS 37-year Sample Survey | |
| PLEASE REPORT ALL ERRORS TO: cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk. THANK YOU. | - |

SEARCH Dialog box for 'a'

Record #1 of the hit list for 'a'





1st of 59

ReadOnly

Layout of information

As the opening screen indicates, the information provided for each variable included in the 21-year dataset includes:

- Follow-up identifier (always 'NCDS 37-year Sample Survey (1995)')
- Variable name
- Variable label
- Missing values (where appropriate)
- Value labels (where appropriate)
- Sequential position in dataset

An example is given below:

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|--|----------|
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| | |
| NCDS 37-year Sample Survey (1995) | <u> </u> |
| - | |
| NSS0121 Main (economic) activity 4 | |
| - Value Label | |
| 1 FT paid employee | |
| 2 PT paid employee | |
| 3 FT self-employed | |
| 4 PT self-employed | |
| 5 Unemployed | |
| 6 FT education | |
| 7 Temp.sick/disabled | |
| 8 Long-tm.sick/disab | |
| 9 Looking after home/f | |
| 10 On a training scheme 96 Other | |
| 96 Other | |
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| :Variable 4th of 1007 | ReadOnly |

Information about NCDS and the 37-year Sample Survey

A brief overview of NCDS in general, and the 37-year sample survey in partcular is presented after the opening screen and may be accessed by usning the + and/or – keys on mumeric keypad or the **b**uttons.

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| | | |
| NATIONAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT ST | JDY - 37-YEAR SAMPLE SURVEY | ^ |
| Idealist Data Dict. SPSS DATASET HOLDING DATA FRO Version 1.0 (based on the SPS Prepared) Centre for Longitudinal Studies, Inst | 4 SAMPLE SURVEY AT 37-YEARS 5 Data Dictionary) June 2004 Dy | on |
| This 'Interactive Data Dictionary' has deposit, with the UK Data Archive at the the 371-year sample survey of the subject Development Study (NCDS). | ne University of Essex, of data | from |
| It provides an interactive guide to the Sample Survey SPSS dataset. | e contents of the NCDS 37-year | |
| SCROLL DOWN FOR FURTHER INFOMATION ON: | | |
| ELEMENTS OF THE DEPOSIT | USING THE 37-YEAR DATA | |
| BRIEF GUIDE TO USING THE DATA | Introduction | |
| DICTIONARY | Variable names | |
| SUMMARY OF THE DATA DEPOSIT | Data Imputation | |
| INTRODUCTION TO NCDS & THE 37-YEAR | Missing values | |
| SAMPLE SURVEY | Derived variables | |
| Introduction | Interactive Data Dictionary | |
| Survey Instruments | Longitudinal Linkage to earlie | r |
| Pilot Surveys | and later datasets | |
| Sample Design | ANNOTATED QUESTIONNAIRES | |
| Fieldwork | Interviewer instructions | |
| Data Preparation | Interview schedule | |
| Response | Interview showcards | - |
| :Home !Home 2 | 2nd of 2 | Result |

Further information about idealist

Further information about Idealist may be obtained using the built-in Help function which includes a useful guide on 'How to use help' – see below.

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| Version 1.0 (based on the SPSS Data Dictionaries) June 2004 Prepared by Centre for Longitudinal Studies, Institute of Education, Univ of Lond | lon |
| TO SEARCH: Press F5/Click 'Search' and enter a word/phrase TO BROWSE SELECTED VARIABLES: Use +/- TO BROADEN/NARROW SEARCH/EXCLUDE VARIABLES: Press F6/F7/F8 | |
| Information provided for each variable: | |
| VARIABLE NAME Variable label Sequential position on datase Missing Values:) -) | et |
| Value Label } Where applicable 1 Value label 1} 2 Value label 2} | |
| Press +/- for more information about the NCDS 37-year Sample Survey | |
| PLEASE REPORT ALL ERRORS TO: cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk. THANK YOU. | - |

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| Centre for Longitudinal Studies, I | Contents for How to Use Help |
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| TO BROWSE SELECTED VARIABLES: | How To |
| TO BROADEN/NARROW SEARCH/EXCL | Move Around in a Help file |
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| | 🔲 Use Help Menu Items |
| Follow-up identifier | Get Help within an Application |
| - VARIABLE NAME Variable label | View an Application and Help Together |
| - Missing Values: | Commands and Buttons |
| Value Label | How to Use Help Menu Commands and Buttons |
| 1 Value la | |
| 2 Value lab | el Z} |
| Press +/- for more information ab | out the NCDS 37-year Sample Survey |
| PLEASE REPORT ALL ERRORS TO: | cohort@cls.ioe.ac.uk. THANK YOU. |
| :Home !Home 1 | 006th of 1007 Read0 |

2.7 Longitudinal linkage to earlier and later datasets

The unique case identifier included with the NCDS 37-year data is the 7-digit string variable nserial. The appropriate SPSS code for sorting cases and linking datasets would appear as follows:

sort cases by nserial.

match files file=filename1/ file=filename2/ by=nserial.

The name 'nserial' is the same on the NCDS 1999_2000 dataset, but it appears as 'serial' on the earlier datsets (original Perinatal Mortality Survey and NCDS follow-up sweeps 1-5). So when linking to earlier datasets, it is necessary to change the name of the identifier on either these or the 37-year dataset to harmonise them.

SECTION 3

NCDS THIRTY SEVEN-YEAR SAMPLE SURVEY ANNOTATED QUESTIONNAIRES

The *NCDS Thirty Seven-Year Sample Survey* made use of two instruments, the Main Questionnaire and a Self-Completion Questionnaire, plus Literacy and Numeracy Assessments. These instruments, annotated with the names of the associated variables included in the deposited dataset, are reproduced below. Copies of showcards and interviewer instructions are also provided.

The order of documents in this section is as follows:-

- 1. Interviewer instructions
- 2. Interview schedule
- 3. Interview showcards
- 4. Self-completion questionnaire
- 5. Literacy and numeracy assessment
- 6. Literacy and numeracy assessment showcards

3.1 Interviewer instructions

MORI/8722/3

NCDS - Cohort Study

Background to the Study

Three years ago MORI was commission by the Social Statistics Research Unit (SSRU) at City University, to undertake both a survey and literacy and numeracy assessments amongst the 1970 cohort (BSC70). This was the first time that such an exercise had been undertaken by a market research agency.

We have been asked to repeat the exercise (albeit with different assessments and a slightly different questionnaire) amongst the 1958 cohort (NCDS). The NCDS (National Child Development Study) is following the lives of everyone living in Great Britain who was born in the week 3-9 March 1958. Cohort members were most recently contacted this year when SSRU sent them a birthday card in March.

You will find that the cohort members are very co-operative; this is because they have been involved in the study throughout their lives and are used to filling in questionnaires and answering survey questions. They see themselves as special because they are part of this important national project. Cohort members may be cooperative, but they are also irreplaceable; the success of the study depends on the good will of these respondents, so it is even more important than usual to avoid causing irritation or upset. If the cohort members have any questions that you aren't sure about refer them to City University staff - a name and telephone number is given in the introductory letter.

The Study

The study requires you to carry out several tasks as follows:-

- 1. Initially contacting the respondents by telephone or personally calling.
- 2. Conducing the face-to-face interview which is made up of two components

- a questionnaire

- a literacy and numeracy assessment.
- 3. Administering a self completion questionnaire and collecting it.

The interview instructions will describe each different task in detail. It is vital you read all of these instructions very carefully. Whilst none of the tasks are very complicated you must conduct each one in a consistent manner.

The Contact Sheet

The contact sheet should have been designed to cover every eventuality. At the top a number of details are printed:

Sample Point These numbers are for office use only Address No

- Serial Number: This is the unique identifying number for each cohort member. It is vital that this number is transferred into the boxes on the front of each and every questionnaire, including the loose assessment sheet. This is essential so that the information from the face-to-face interview can by tied up with the assessment results and self completion.
- Cohort member: The name of the respondent.
- Address: The most recent address of the cohort member this has been updated from information received from this years' birthday cards where possible.
- Telephone No: Where possible telephone numbers are given. If there is more than one number one of the numbers (normally the bottom one) will be the cohort member's work number. If no number is available it is still worth checking the local directory in case a phone has been installed since the last tracing exercise.

Contacting the Respondent

There are two contact boxes: one for telephone contacts, the other for personal contacts. Both boxes are exactly the same and should be filled out in the same way using the same contact codes. Please ensure you fill out every box for every contact since both Field and City University will be checking that the call-back procedure is followed in the prescribed manner. You will note that for any successful contact the final contact is always a personal once since it is the actual face-to-face interview.

When talking to the cohort members you should emphasis the following points:-

- you are contacting them on behalf of the Social Statistics Research Unit at City University who are continuing their 1958 National Child Development Survey.
- the survey is strictly confidential and the information will not be revealed by the SSRU to anyone else
- the face-to-face interview will consist of a range of questions asking about their experiences over the past 5 years including work, education and any difficulties they may have faced, and any problems they may have had in reading, writing or number work
- the interview will also include filling in a self-completion questionnaire
- when arranging the appointment you should explain that the total length of the interview is 75 minutes. If the cohort member is unable to commit themselves to a time there and then say you will phone in a few days and arrange an appointment.
- AGAIN stress the confidentiality of the research and the fact that it is part of the ongoing NCDS study. The introductory letter contains a contact name and number at City University. If the cohort member has any further question you can give them the name and number of this contact.

YOU SHOULD NEVER TAKE A REFUSAL FROM ANYONE ELSE (unless in very exceptional circumstances eg cohort member is seriously ill)

You are required to make a first call to 60% of your sample within the first week after briefing. If there is no telephone number, or you have not made contact by telephone, you must then make a personal call.

In total you should make at least four call backs, although in some instances more may be necessary. If at the first contact the cohort member is not available you should explain the nature of the study and try to arrange a time when the cohort member can be contacted - in many cases it is hoped that other household members will be aware of the cohort study. You should ensure that you vary the time of callbacks and conduct at least two in the evening and at weekends. Obviously if you also have their work number you can try this during working hours. If you are not able to make contact by telephone you must make at least 4 personal calls to the address, at different times of day and at the weekend.

Once you have achieved a final outcome you should code this using the "Outcome of Contact" pre-codes on the reverse of the contact sheet. Most are self-explanatory, although you should note the following points:

> If the cohort member has moved attempt to gain information on the new address and fill in the space provided wherever you have that information.

> If the cohort member has moved to another address in the same postal area (eg moved from NG25 to NG3) you should fill in the detail on a new contact sheet, and try to contact him/her at the new address.

> If however, the respondent has moved outside the postal area (eg from NG25 to SE1) you should return the original contact sheet with the new address filled in to Field immediately.

Finally, remember to fill in your name and interviewer number on every contact sheet.

Face-to-Face Questionnaire

The face-to-face questionnaire looks longer that it is since it is unlikely that anyone will need to be asked every section. The questionnaire contains a lot of filters and you should go through it in detail before you conduct an interview.

You should take particular note of the following questions and filters:

QA1 - QA27 Current Activity

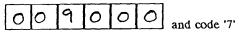
QA2a Complete for each job respondent has had since March 1991. Always use a leading zero where necessary.

eg. if the respondent started the job in January 1992 you should write the month and the year **12**

QA2b Write in the code using the key below the questions

The section current or most recent job (QA3 - QA27) should only be asked of those who are currently employed or have had a job in the past. If the cohort member is currently employed, this section applies to the current job, not any previous one. If the cohort member is not currently employed, but has had a job in the past, this section should refer to their last job since March 1991. This section applies to both full-time and part-time jobs. If the cohort member has not had a full or part time job since March 1991 go to QB1.

- QA8 Record full details for each question. Please try to be neat since all this handwritten data will be entered directly onto the computer.
- QA9 Enter the qualification code from the qualification showcard. Usually one code should be sufficient. Write in any other details that cannot be coded.
- QA19 Use leading zeros and code in frequency underneath eg if paid £9,000 a year write in



QA21a&b If the cohort member answers in years, convert to months.

eg 2 years =
$$24$$
 and 3 years = 36

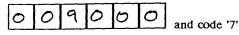
QB1 - QB12 Unemployment

- QB2 Ask only if the cohort member is currently out of work and seeking work, (but they do not have to be registered unemployed).
- QB4 Ask all not currently unemployed and seeking work.
- QB6-QB12 For those currently unemployed ask about current period of unemployment. If not ask about most recent spell of unemployment lasting one month or more.

QC1 - QC16_Husband/Wife/Partner's job

This section concerns the cohort member's partners job. QC1 is a filter question to check that they are only asked of those currently married/or living as married.

QC14 Use leading zeros and code in frequency underneath - eg if paid £9,000 a year write in



QC15 & QC16 Do not ask these questions, but record from observation.

OD1a - OD5 Education & Training

L

This section is about courses taken since March 1991 which lead to a qualification, including those courses which were intended to lead to a qualification but where none was gained.

QD1 If no qualifications code 00 and go to next section - QE1

If more than one course taken then ask these questions for each course taken, starting with the first course taken and ending with the most recent one.

QE1 - QE3 Qualification Summary

All cohort members should answer this section.

OF1 - OF8 Other Courses

This section asks about courses the cohort member may have attended which were not intended to lead to a qualification. QF1 is a filter question for this section. If the cohort member has been on more than one course you should start with the longest course.

QG1 Household Composition

This section should be asked of all cohort members. Do not forget to circle the number of members of the household down the left hand side column.

QH1 - QH3 Relationships

This section should be asked of all cohort members who have lived as a couple for more than one month with anyone else. This applies to a relationship with someone of the opposite or same sex as the cohort member.

QI1a - QI4 Children

This section has a filter question at QI1b to filter out those cohort members who have not given birth (fathered) a child.

If the cohort member has had more than one child you should start with the first birth and work forward (QI2b - QI4). If a cohort member has more than six children please use a blank questionnaire to record the answers for the extra children, but remember to put the serial number on the front of the questionnaire in case it gets separated.

QJ1 - QJ9 Children's Literacy & Numeracy

QJ1- QJ5 This section applies to all those cohort members with children over 5 years old. If they have more than one child start with the eldest and work forwards to the youngest.

. . . .

QJ6-QJ9 This section applies to all those cohort members with children - regardless of their age.

OK1 - OK7 Housing

This section looks at the type of property the cohort member currently lives in.

- QK1 If the cohort member is working/studying away/in hospital etc for more than 6 months then take this address. If they are away for less than 6 months take their home address. If they have more than one address take what they consider to be the main address.
- QK2 & QK3 Should be possible to determine through interviewer observation. If, however you are not sure, you should get confirmation from the cohort member.

QL1 - QL4d Income

This section focuses on the money the cohort member receives.

- QL2 Probe fully for all state benefits or payments the cohort member of spouse/partner receive, including those not included on the showcard. Make sure that you are correctly recording whether benefits are received four weekly or monthly these are in fact different. Be aware that for some benefit such as Housing benefit respondents may well not know how much they receive.
- QL4 Do not include income from the cohorts' main job, but do include income from odd jobs, and casual work.

QM1 - QM6 Health

This section (QM1 - QM6) looks at the self-perceived health of the cohort member.

QM3 This is a filter question for QM4.

Self-Completion

After the Health section you should record the time and then ask the respondent to fill in the selfcompletion questionnaire. Many of the cohort members will have completed this form in previous surveys and may recognise the questions, but explain how to complete the questionnaire and if the respondent has any difficulties understanding what is required of them assist as necessary. If the respondent has difficulties reading or writing you may administer the questionnaire as an interview. Do not forget to record how the self-completion questionnaire was completed.

Before re-starting the interview record the time.

QN1 - QN37 Literacy and Numeracy

This section may prove sensitive to those cohort members who do have problems with reading, writing or arithmetic. You may need to emphasise that the survey is confidential and the importance of giving honest answers.

You must take great care to follow the filters very carefully so that you don't ask any questions that may cause embarrassment to the cohort member.

QN11 - QN16 Do not ask these questions if the cohort member has any difficulties in being able to read (Code '3' at QN3, QN4, QN5 OR QN6).

QN31 - QN35 Only ask these questions of those with problems: Code 1 at QN1 or Code 1, 2, 3 at QN15 or Code 1 at QN24

The final question QN36 should be asked of all cohort members.

The Literacy and Numeracy Assessments

Remember to enter the serial number onto the front sheet and also onto the loose assessment sheet. There are 9 literacy assessments and 9 numeracy assessments and there will be a showcard for each assessment The respondent is required to extract information, without help, from the showcards they can either read the showcards through thoroughly before being asked the questions or can scan them for the information needed after being asked the questions. Do not forget to record the start time at the beginning and the end of both the literacy and numeracy assessments.

For each assessment there are instructions to the interviewer, telling you what to do and an introductory script; which you should always read out and then the questions themselves. For each question you should tick whether the answer given is correct or incorrect or if the respondent cannot give an answer then tick the NA box (Not Attempted). For each assessment as a whole you need to tick whether the respondent has passed the 'performance criterion' or not. It is vital that you do this because if a respondent fails to meet the performance criterion of three consecutive literacy assessments then they should stop the literacy tasks and move to the numeracy (task 10). If the respondent fails to meet the performance criterion for three consecutive literacy assessments.

For the first numeracy task (Assessment 10) the respondent should not use a calculator. For all the following assessments involving calculations the use of a calculator is permitted. For each assessment you should record whether or not a calculator was used.

You will have received comprehensive training on how to administer the Literacy and Numeracy Assessments but here are a number of key points which need to be emphasised.

- 1. <u>Never</u> use the word "tests" always use "assessments"
- 2. <u>Never</u> indicate to the respondent member whether they have an answer correct or incorrect it will be embarrassing when they get an answer wrong if you do. You will have explained at the beginning that you will not tell them whether their answers are correct or incorrect.
- 3. Do not let the cohort member see your assessment schedule, since they may see the answers or the recording of their answers.
- 4. Continually check that the respondent is looking at the appropriate response sheet.
- 5. Do not distract the cohort member while he/she is reading response sheets or completing the writing assessment sheet.
- 6. Reassure the respondent that they can take as much time as they like answering questions or completing the writing assessment sheet. Do not do anything that will make them feel a pressure of time or that you are impatient.
- 7. Administer the assessments clearly, precisely and thoughtfully, remembering that the respondent may feel awkward, embarrassed or threatened.
- 8. For the maths questions, always check that the respondent has some paper and a pencil.
- 9. Do not let anybody else help the respondent and try to ensure that only yourself and the respondent are present.
- 10. Do not prompt the respondent, but repeat questions if necessary.
- 11. If the respondent changes his or her mind about an answer, you are allowed to accept the second answer.
- 12. You must not direct or assist the respondent member in answering the question, but you may repeat a question.

Timing

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The timing for the fieldwork is as follows:

Briefing22-30 May 1995FieldworkOne month from briefing

If you have any queries either before you start or at any other stage of the survey please get in touch with either Mark Speed or myself on 0171 928 5955.

Nacitut.

Naomi Kent Research Executive

3.2 Interview schedule

| CARD | |
|------|---|
| | 1 |
| | |

MORI/8722

Serial Number:

(10)(11)(12)(13)(14)(15)(16)

9

National Child Development Study - 1995 Sample Survey

Good morning/afternoon/evening. My name is from MORI. We have been commissioned by City University to conduct this survey which is part of the National Child Development Survey. That is the study which involves everybody born between 3-9 March 1958 and has been gathering information about their lives since they were born.

| TIME | INTERV | VIEW STARTED: (17) (18) (19) (20) Hours Minutes NSSOIIT NSSOI 19 |
|------|--------|--|
| | | SECTION A: CURRENT ACTIVITY |
| QA1 | | WCARD A Which of the things on this card describes what you are currently doing? SINGLE E ONLY |
| | | Main Activity |
| | | (21) |
| | 01 | Full-time paid employee NSS0121 (30+ hours a week) NSS0121 |
| | 02 | Part-time paid employee (under 30 hours a week) |
| | 03 | Full-time self employed |
| | 04 | Part-time self employed4 |
| | 05 | Unemployed and seeking work |
| | 06 | Full-time education |
| | 07 | Temporarily sick/disabled (less than 6 months) |
| | 08 | Long-term sick/disabled (6 months or longer) |
| | 09 | Looking after home/family |
| | 10 | On a training scheme |
| | _ | Other (WRITE IN AND CODE X) DETAILS NOT ODED (1=6) |

DEFINITION OF A 'JOB' INTERVIEWER REMINDER ONLY READ OUT THESE RULES TO RESOLVE QUERIES

Include any job, full-time or part-time, which you did for at least one month.

Only a change of employer counts as a change of job. If your job title or duties changed while working for an employer, this counts as the same job.

If you were "temping" or self-employed count the whole period as one job.

Count work experience, sandwich jobs or placements as full-time education.

Don't count holiday jobs while you were in full-time education.

Don't count jobs while you were in full-time education.

Don't count time spent on a Government training scheme (eg: Community Programme, YTS or YT etc).

If you worked in a school, hospital or Government Department, count as a change of job - any change of school, hospital or Government Department.

If you went on maternity leave or sick leave and went back to the same job, count the whole period as one job. Include work in sheltered workshops.

Definition of Self-Employed

People not on PAYE/Schedule E and payig their own National insurance stamps should be counted as self employed (even if work for a company eg taxi driver).

All Jobs

QA2a Now I would like you to think about all jobs that you have had, lasting a month or more since March, 1991, including any you are doing at the moment.

What were the dates that your jobs started and ended? DO NOT INCLUDE HOLIDAY JOBS WHILE IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION. START WITH FIRST JOB SINCE MARCH 1991 AND FINISH WITH MOST RECENT JOB. (DON'T KNOW = 98)

- QA2b SHOWCARD B What was the main reason you left this job? SINGLE CODE ONLY. CODE FROM KEY BELOW. IF STILL IN JOB CODE X, Y, A OR B
- QA2c . And was this job full or part-time? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | QA2a Start month | QA2a Start year | QA2a End month | QA2a End year | QA2b Reason | Q2c FT PT | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|----------------------|
| Job 1 | NSS 012 2 | NJSSOR4 | NSSOIR6 | NSSO128 | NSS0130 | N\$S0131 | (31) |
| 000 1 | (22) (23) | (24) (25) | (26) (27) | (28) (29) | (30) | | (51) |
| Job 2 | NES 0 132 (32) (33) | NS\$0134 (34) (35) | NSSD136 (36) (37) | NISSOIZ 8 (38) (39) | N550 140 | NSSOI #1 | (41) |
| Job 3 🖡 | VSS0142 (42) (43) | NSOIH4 (44) (45) | NSSD146 (46) (47) | 148) (49) | NSCO 1.50 | NSS 01 5 1 | (51) |
| Job 4 | NSS0152 (52) (53) | NSSD154 (54) (55) | NSSD156 (56) (57) | N <u>SSDIS</u> (58) (59) | N\$501.60 | NSS0161 | (61) |
| Job 5 | N6\$0167 | NSSOI 64 | N5501-66 | NSSDI68 | NESSOIT O | NSS0171 | (71) |
| Job 6 | (62) (63) NS <u>SO (77)</u> | (64) (65) NSSDI74 | (66) (67) | (68) (69) NSSOF 8 (78) (79) | (70) NSG0(8¢ (80) | ନ୍ଟର୍ଦ୍ଧାହା | (81) |
| | (72) (73) | (74) (75) | (76) (77) | | (00) | | |
| | | | | | ſ | CARD 2 | 0 |
| | | | | | | CARD 2 | 9 |
| Job 7 | NS\$0210 | NESDE | NSS0214 | N550216 | N\$502.1.8 | CARD 2 NSSO219 1 2 | 9 (19) |
| | NSS0210 (10) (11) | NESDEL (12) (13) | NSSD214 (14) (15) | NSS02 6 (16) (17) | (18) | NSSO219 | (19) |
| Job 7 Job 8 | NSS0210 (10) (11) NSS0220 (20) (21) | NESPIL (12) (13) NESO222 (22) (23) | NSSD214 (14) (15) | N550216 | E | NSS0219 12 NSS0229 | J |
| Job 8 | NSE0220 (20) (21) NSE0230 | NSC0222 (22) (23) NSC0232 | NSSD214 (14) (15) NSSD224 (24) (25) NSSD234 | NSSO2 6 (16) (17) NSSO226 (26) (27) NSSO236 | (18) NSCOD.2.8 (28) NSCOD.3.8 | NSS0219 | (19) |
| Job 8 | NSEO220 (20) (21) NSEO220 (30) (31) NSEO240 | NSS0222 (22) (23) NSS0232 (32) (33) NSS02222 | NSSD244 (14) (15) NSSD224 (24) (25) NSSD224 (34) (35) NSSD44 | NSSO2 6 (16) (17) NSSO226 (26) (27) NSSO236 (36) (37) NSSO246 | (18) NSCO2.2.8 (28) NSCO2.3.8 (38) NSCO2.4.8 | NSS0219 12 NSS0229 | (19) (29) |
| Job 8 Job 9 Job 10 | NSCO220 (20) (21) NSCO20 (30) (31) NSCO240 (40) (41) | $N \frac{5502}{(22)} \frac{2}{(23)}$ $N \frac{5502}{(32)} \frac{3}{(33)}$ $N \frac{5502}{(42)} \frac{2}{(43)}$ | NSSD24 (14) (15) NSSD224 (24) (25) NSSD234 (34) (35) | NSS 02 6 (16) (17) NSS 022 6 (26) (27) NSS 023 6 (36) (37) | (18) NSCOD.2.8 (28) NSCOD.3.8 | NSS0219 12 NSS0229 12 NSS0239 12 NSS0249 | (19) (29) (39) |
| Job 8 Job 9 Job 10 | NSEO220 (20) (21) NSEO220 (30) (31) NSEO240 | $N \frac{5502}{(22)} \frac{2}{(23)}$ $N \frac{5502}{(32)} \frac{3}{(33)}$ $N \frac{5502}{(42)} \frac{2}{(43)}$ | NSSD244 (14) (15) NSSD224 (24) (25) NSSD224 (34) (35) NSSD44 | N (16) (17) (16) (17) (26) (27) (26) (27) (27) (26) (27) (26) (27) (26) (27) (27) (26) (27) (26) (27) (26) (27) (26) (27) (27) (27) (26) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) (27) | (18) $N_{(28)}$ $N_{(28)}$ $N_{(38)}$ $N_{(38)}$ $N_{(38)}$ $N_{(48)}$ | NSS0219 1.2 NSS0229 1.2 NSS0239 1.2 NSS0249 | (19) (29) (39) |

- 1 It was a fixed term or temporary job
- 2 You were made redundant
- 3 You were dismissed
- 4 You were pregnant
- 5 For other health reasons
- 6 To look after your home or children
- 7 You decided to return to education or go on a training course
- 8 You had a better job to go to

- 9 You just decided to leave (INCLUDE:
- "Pay too low"/"Didn't like job" etc)
- 0 Other reason

STILL IN JOB

- X Main current job
- Y 2nd current job
- A 3rd current job
- B 4th current job

Current or Most Recent Job

IF RESPONDENT CURRENTLY EMPLOYED (ASK QA3)

IF RESPONDENT NOT CURRENTLY EMPLOYED BUT HAS HAD A JOB ASK QA3, REFERRING TO THEIR MOST RECENT JOB

IF RESPONDENT HAS NEVER HAD A JOB GO TO INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE QB1 (Pg 8)

QA3 Can I just check, do you currently/dld you have one job or more than one job at the same time. IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: How many jobs do/dld you have at that time?

| | WRITE IN NUMBER OF JOBS | (51) NGS0251 | |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|--|
| | JOB NUMBER ASKING ABOUT | | |
| | IF JOB NO. 10, CODE X | [] <u>NSSO252</u> (52) | CODE FROM QA2 |
| | ENSURE CURRENT OR MOST REC IF MORE THAN ONE JOB ASK ABO | | DED ON GRID ON PAGE 2 |
| QA4 | Are/were you READ OUT | | |
| | | (53) | NSS0253 |
| | an employee | »y | <u>GO TO QA6</u> ASK QA5 |
| QA5 | IF SELF-EMPLOYED ASK QA5. OTH Do/did you employ any other people | e? | |
| | None | (54) | NSS0254 |
| | 1-24 25 or more | | GO TO QA8 |
| QA6 | ASK IF NOT SELF EMPLOYED. SE Have you been (were you) prom job description AND a salary incre | oted since you started workir | A4) GO TO QA8 ng for this employer (a change of |
| | | (55 | |
| | Yes | | |
| QA7 | How many times were you promo | | |
| | Once Twice Three times Four or more times Don't know | | NSS0256 |

- 4 -

ASK ALL

• QA8 Can you tell me about the work you are/were actually doing in the job?

a) What is/was the name or title of your job? INCLUDE RANK OR GRADE NSSRGSC NSSSEC NSSSOC NSSOCCO b) What kind of work do/did you do most of the time? PROBE: Do/did you use any machinery or special materials? IF YES: What? CHECK SPECIAL SKILLS/TRAINING QA9 What were the minimum qualifications that were required when you started working with this employer? ENTER QUALIFICATION CODE FROM QUALIFICATION CARD. RECORD HIGHEST QUALIFICATION. IF NONE ENTER 00, IF DON'T KNOW ENTER 98 NSS0257 (57)(58) QA10 What is/was .nade or done by your organisation? DESCRIBE FULLY. PROBE MANUFACTURING/PROCESSING/DISTRIBUTING ETC, AND MAIN GOODS PRODUCED. MAIN MATERIALS USED, WHOLESALE/RESALE ETC

ASK ALL THOSE WHO ARE/WERE AN EMPLOYEE (CODE 1 AT QA4) OR WORKING AS A TEMP (CODE 2 AT QA4). OTHERS GO TO QA16

QA11 SHOWCARD C Which type of organisation do/did you work for?

(59) 01 Private firm or company (any firm however NSS0259 02 03 04 Health Authority/Hospital 4 05 Central government/ 06 07 08

QA12 Is/was the place you work(ed) from at a branch of a larger organisation or not? Your branch/site is the building or group of buildings where you normally work or work from?

| (60) | |
|-----------------------|---------|
| (60) Yes, branch 1 | NSSO260 |
| No 2 | . – |
| Don't know | |

QA13 How many people are/were employed by your employer at the place you work/worked (at your branch)?

| 10 or less | (61) 1NSS02.61 |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 11 - 25 | |
| 26 - 99 | 3 |
| 100 - 499 | 4 |
| 500+ | |
| Don't know/Varies | 6 |

QA14 Do/dld you have any management responsibilities or do/did you supervise the work of others at all?

| | | NSS0262 |
|-----------------------|---|----------|
| Yes (INCLUDE FOREMAN) | 1 | ASK QA15 |
| No/Neither | 2 | GO TO |
| Don't know | 3 | QA16 |

QA15 How many people do you manage or supervise? USE LEADING ZERO. IT VARIES = '97'

(63)(64)

NSS0263

ASK ALL

QA16 Is/was this with a firm belonging to your family?

| Yes | |
|-----|-------|
| No | 2 |

(65)

(00)

QA17 Do/did you receive an income on a regular basis from this work?

| (oc Yes 1 | "NSS0266 |
|--------------|----------|
| No | |
| Don't know | |

QA18 I would now like to ask you some questions about income from work. On the last occasion you were paid was the amount you received - that is your take home pay - the amount you usually receive?

| | (67) |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Yes | 1 NSSO267 |
| No, usually different | |
| Don't know | . 3 |

QA19a What is/was your usual gross pay on your pay day, that is your pay before any deductions for tax, National Insurance, company cars travel loans etc, but including any overtime, bonus, commission or tips etc. that you usually receive? RECORD AMOUNT AND FREQUENCY. PROMPT RESPONDENT TO USE DIFFERENT TIME PERIODS IF NECESSARY. USE LEADING ZEROS

QA19b And what is/was your NET pay, that is your pay after deductions? USE LEADING ZEROS

| | | QA19a (| Gross Amount | : | | QA19b N | let Amount | |
|-------|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | NEAREST £ | (68)(69 |)(70)(71)(72) | | NEAREST £ | (73)(74)(7 | 5)(76)(77) | |
| | | NSSO | | | | NSSO | 273 | |
| | | | · | QA19a Gross | | QA19b Net | | |
| | | | | equency | | Frequenc | .v | |
| | | 00 | | (78) | | (79) | | |
| | per day | | | . 1 | NES 027 | 3 1 | | |
| | per week | | | | | | | |
| | per month | • | | | | | | |
| | 3 months | | | | | | | |
| | 6 months | | | | | | | |
| | per year | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | •••••• | | | |
| | | | | | •••••••••• | | | |
| | Refused | | | | | | | |
| | Don't know/can't rem Other reasons for no | | | . 0 | ••••••••• | 0 | | |
| | (WRITE IN AND COD | | | . x | | X | | |
| • | | · | | | | | | |
| | | | | | ••••• | | | |
| | No usual amount of p | bay/varies | ••••• | . T | ••••• | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | _ |
| QA20 | Is/was this job | . READ C | DUT | • | | | | |
| | | | | | | 100 0.05 | CC A7 0/ | |
| | | | | | | N / P / | 550280 | |
| | | | | | ••••• | 1 | | |
| | casual or ter | mporary v | work | • • • • • • • • | •••• | 1 2 GO TO | QA22 | |
| | casual or ter | eriod | work | | • • • • • • • • • • • • | 1 2 GO TO 3 ASK Q |) QA22 A21a | |
| QA21a | casual or ter | nporary v eriod Is/was ye | work | last) con | tract or agreed | 1 2 <u>GO TC</u> 3 ASK Q | QA22 A21a employment | |
| QA21a | casual or ter for a fixed p How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO | nporary v eriod Is/was ye | work | last) con EG: 2 YEA | tract or agreed | 1 <u>2 GO TC</u> 3 ASK Q I period of NTHS; 3 YEA | O QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO | NTHS) |
| QA21a | casual or ter for a fixed p How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO | nporary v eriod is/was yo NVERT TO | our current (O MONTHS (E | last) con EG: 2 YEA | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON | . 1 <u>2 GO TC</u> 3 ASK Q I period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) | 0 QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO | NTHS) 2 8 / |
| QA21a | casual or ter for a fixed p How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO | nporary v eriod is/was yo NVERT TO | our current (O MONTHS (E | last) con EG: 2 YEA | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON | 1 <u>2 GO TC</u> 3 ASK Q I period of NTHS; 3 YEA | 0 QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO | NTHS) |
| QA21a | casual or ter for a fixed p How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO | nporary v eriod is/was yo NVERT TO | our current (O MONTHS (E | last) con EG: 2 YEA | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON | . 1 <u>2 GO TC</u> 3 ASK Q I period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) | 0 QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO | NTHS) 2 8 / |
| QA21a | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer | IS/WAS YO IS/WAS YO NVERT TO Months | our current (O MONTHS (E (81)(82) | iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' YED. OT period c | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment | A 2 GO TC 2 GO TC 3 ASK Q 1 period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) CARD A 222 run for? | <u>O QA22</u> A21a employment ARS = 36 MO O NISSO2 3 USE LEADING | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 |
| | casual or ter for a fixed point of the form of the form of the fixed point of the form of the fixed point of the form of t | IS/WAS YO IS/WAS YO NVERT TO Months | our current (O MONTHS (E (81)(82) | last) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' YED. OT period c ARS = 2 | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment | A 2 GO TC 2 GO TC 3 ASK Q 1 period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) CARD A 222 run for? | <u>O QA22</u> A21a employment ARS = 36 MO O NISSO2 3 USE LEADING | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 |
| | ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IS/WAS YO IS/WAS YO NVERT TO Months | work | iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' PYED. OT period c EARS = 2 | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{GO TC}{GO TC}$ $\frac{2}{3} ASK G$ $\frac{1}{3} Period of $ | A21a employment ARS = 36 MO NSSO2 3 USE LEADING MONTHS) | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 |
| | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IF CURRE Will this | work | iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' PYED. OT period c EARS = 2 | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment 4 MONTHS; 3 Y | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{GO TC}{GO TC}$ $\frac{2}{3} ASK G$ $\frac{1}{3} Period of $ | A21a employment ARS = 36 MO NSSO2 3 USE LEADING MONTHS) | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 |
| QA21E | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IF CURRE Will this Months | work | iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' PYED. OT period c EARS = 2 CON (Don' | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment 4 MONTHS; 3 Y t know = 98, It | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{2}{GO} \frac{TC}{C}$ $\frac{2}{S} \frac{GO}{C} \frac{TC}{C}$ $\frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C}$ $\frac{C}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C}$ $\frac{C}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C} \frac{1}{C}$ $\frac{C}{C} \frac{1}{C} $ | D QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO) NSSO2 3 USE LEADING MONTHS)) | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 G ZERO |
| | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IF CURRE Will this Months Months | work | iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' PYED. OT period c ARS = 2 COn (Don' | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment 4 MONTHS; 3 Y t know = 98, It y do in an ave | A 2 GO TC 3 ASK Q 1 period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) CARD AQ22 run for? EARS = 36 varies = 97 rage week | QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO ARS = 36 MO ONESCO 3 USE LEADING MONTHS)) including at | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 G ZERO |
| QA21E | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IF CURRE Will this Months Months | work | Iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' PYED. OT period c ARS = 2 ARS = 2 (Don' (Don' u actually ng meal | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment 4 MONTHS; 3 Y t know = 98, It y do in an ave | A 2 GO TC 3 ASK Q 1 period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) CARD AQ22 run for? EARS = 36 varies = 97 rage week | QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO ARS = 36 MO ONESCO 3 USE LEADING MONTHS)) including at | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 G ZERO |
| QA21E | casual or ter for a fixed point How long, in total, LEADING ZERO. CO ONLY ASK QA21b I How much longer CONVERT YEARS | IF CURRE Will this Months Months | work | Iast) con EG: 2 YEA (Don' Period c ARS = 2 (Don' (Don' u actually ng meal- | tract or agreed RS = 24 MON t know = 98, It HERS GO TO A of employment 4 MONTHS; 3 Y t know = 98, It y do in an ave | 1 2 GO TC 3 ASK Q 1 period of NTHS; 3 YEA varies = 97) CARD Q22 run for? EARS = 36 varies = 97 rage week EADING ZE | QA22 A21a employment ARS = 36 MO ARS = 36 MO ONESCO 3 USE LEADING MONTHS) ONESCO Including at ERO | NTHS) 2 8 / 9 G ZERO |

| QA23 | | SK QA23 IF CURRENTLY EMPLOYED. OTHERS GO TO C l looking for a different job at the moment? | 0A27 |
|------|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | | (14) | . ' |
| | | Yes | NSS0314 |
| QA24 | SHOWO have ga | CARD D Which of the statements on this card best description in this job? | ibe the usefulness of the skills you |
| | | (15) | |
| | | useful in this particular job1 | |
| | | useful with employers in the same | NSS0315 |
| | | of work | · |
| | | useful in jobs with quite | |
| | | rent lines of work | |
| | | e of these | |
| | Don | 't know | |
| QA25 | How m employ | any training courses, lasting less than three days in er? USE LEADING ZERO. IF NONE CODE OO. | total, have been provided by this |
| | | | NSS 0316 |
| | | Number | 10000310 |
| | | of courses (16)(17) | |
| | | (Don't know = 98) | |
| | IF NO T | RAINING COURSES GO TO QA27. OTHERS ASK QA26 | |
| QA26 | SHOW | CARD E Which of the things on this card did this (the | se) course(s) provide training in? |
| | MULTIC | ODE OK. PROBE: What else? | |
| | | (18) | |
| | 01 | Learning the basics of the job | NSCOZITS |
| | 02 | Developing skills using your hands 2 | NSS0343 |
| | 03 | Creativity, thinking of new or | |
| | ~ / | different ways of doing things | N510344 |
| | 04 | Making decisions | N850345 |
| | 05 | Communicating with other people | NSSO346 |
| | 06 | Managing or supervising the work | NCSDALL |
| | 07 | of other people | NSCOIL |
| | 08 | Developing technical skills, such as | , marate |
| | | operating machines or office equipment | PU502119 |
| | 09 | Working with numbers (non-specialised)9 | |
| | 10 | Working with numbers (specialised)0 | NSSORCI |
| | 11 | General reading or writing X | 4550332 |
| | 12 | Specialised writing, such as reports | N8503.53 |
| | | Other (WRITE IN AND CODE 1) 1 | NSS 0354 |
| | | DETAILS NOT CODED (N=119) | · |
| | | Don't know | NSS0355 |
| | ASK AL | L | |
| QA27 | | you describe this job as part of your career? (20) | |
| | | Yes | NSC0320 |

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ALL

| QB1 | INTERVIEWER CHECK QA1 RECORD: | (21) NSS032 | Ĵ. |
|-----|--|--------------------------|-----------|
| | Respondent is currently unemployed and | | |
| | seeking work (CODE '5' at QA1) | · · · · · · · · <u>1</u> | ASK QB2 |
| | All others | 2 | GO TO QB4 |
| | | | |

ALL CURRENTLY UNEMPLOYED AND SEEKING WORK

QB2 Including your current period of unemployment, how many times have you been unemployed and seeking work for a month or more since March 1991? IF NECESSARY: Including any period of unemployment that lasted a month or more in March 1991. RECORD NUMBER OF PERIODS. USE LEADING ZEROS.

INCLUDE CURRENT UNEMPLOYMENT EVEN IF THIS HAS LASTED FOR LESS THAN ONE MONTH.

EXCLUDE PERIODS OF UNEMPLOYMENT DURING VACATIONS FROM FULL-TIME EDUCATION COURSES.

Periods of unemployment

(22)(23)

Don't know = 98 NSS0322

A

QB3 Are you currently "signing on"?

| (24) Yes | | NS30324 |
|-------------|------------|---------|
| NO | QD0 | |

ALL NOT CURRENTLY UNEMPLOYED AND SEEKING WORK IE NOT CODE '1' AT QB1 QB4 Have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period of a month or more since March, 1991? IF NECESSARY: Including any period of unemployment that lasted a month or more in March 1991.

EXCLUDE PERIODS OF UNEMPLOYMENT DURING VACATIONS FROM FULL-TIME EDUCATION COURSES.

| (25) | N200243 | |
|--------------|-------------------|--|
| Yes <u>1</u> | GO TO QB5 | |
| No 2 | GO TO QC1 (pg 11) | |

QB5 How many times? RECORD NUMBER OF PERIODS. USE LEADING ZEROS.

Periods of unemployment

| | 1_ | |
|-----|------|----|
| (26 | š)(2 | 7) |

Don't know = 98 NSSO326

ASK QB6-QB10 ABOUT CURRENT/MOST RECENT PERIOD OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND, IF RELEVANT, NEXT MOST RECENT SPELL LASTING ONE MONTH OR MORE. START WITH THE CURRENT/MOST RECENT.

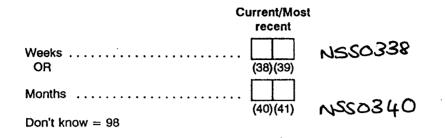
ASK ABOUT CURRENT UNEMPLOYMENT EVEN IF IT HAS LASTED LESS THAN ONE MONTH



.....

| | | Current/Most | |
|-----|----------|--|-----|
| | | Month | |
| | | Year | |
| | | Don't know = 98 | |
| QB7 | Date pe | period of unemployment ended: | |
| | | Current/Most | |
| | | recent | |
| | | Month | |
| | | Year | |
| | | Don't know = 98 | |
| QB8 | | WCARD F I'd like you to think about the period of unemployment whic). How did you come to be unemployed at this time? SINGLE CODE ON Current/Most recent | |
| | 01 | (36) (36) (36) (36) (36) (36) (36) (36) | 300 |
| | 02 | You were made redundant | |
| | 03 | You were dismissed from a job | |
| | 04 | You left because you were pregnant4 | |
| | 05 | You left a job for health reasons | |
| | 06 | You decided to leave a job yourself 6 | |
| | 07 | You left a period of self-employment | |
| | 08 | You couldn't get a job after leaving | |
| | 09 | full-time education | |
| | | Don't know0 | |
| QB9 | Have y | e you been "signing on" for (Did you "sign on" for)READ OUT | |
| | | Current/Most recent | |
| | | (37) | |
| th | e whole | le of this period 1 NSSO337 | |
| pa | rt of it | t 2 | |
| | | of it | |
| | Don't kn | know 4 | |
| | | | |

QB10 For how long have you been "signing on" (did you "sign on")? •RECORD 'WEEKS' OR 'MONTHS'. USE LEADING ZEROS.



| | | | | CARD | | |
|-----|--|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| SEC | TION | C: HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER'S JOB | | CARD | 4 | 9 |
| QC1 | | AL• STATUS - DNDENT IS: Currently living with spouse/partner | | NSS 0 QC2 0 QD1 (| 0410 Pg 14) | |
| QC2 | your h | would like to ask you a few questions about your husband/ nusband/wife/partner when he/she finally left his/her full-tilT AND RE-ENTERED, CODE AGE LAST LEFT(11)Under 16116217318419520-23624 or older7_Still in full-time education8_Don't know9 | Me edi ASK QC3 | NS | Firstly, how | , old was |
| QC3 | CODE 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 | VCARD G Which of the things on this card describe what here only (12) Full-time paid employee (30+ hours a week) 1 Part-time paid employee (under 30 hours a week) 2 Full-time self employed 3 Part-time self employed 4 Unemployed and seeking work 5 Full-time education 6 Temporarily sick/disabled (less than 6 months) 7 Long-term sick/disabled (6 months or longer) 8 Looking after home/family 9 On a training scheme 0 Other (WRITE IN AND CODE 'X' X DETAILS NOT Don't know Y | GO 1 ASK QC4 | n SS | S412 | |
| QC4 | Has f monti | ne/she had any job, or worked as a self-employed person ns, apart from in vacation jobs? (13) Yes | | | NSSOL (Pg 14) | |
| QC5 | Can y | F HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER HAS JOB NOW OR IN LAST 3 you tell me about the work he/she is/was actually doing in ABOUT MAIN JOB | MONT the jol | HS b? IF MO | ORE THAN | ONE JOB |
| | a) | What is/was the name or title of his/her job? INCLUDE I | | | | |
| | b) | What kind of work does/did he/she do most of the tim machinery or special materials? IF YES: What? CHECH | I e? PF < SPEC | ROBE: I VIAL SKIL | Do/did they LS/TRAININ | v use any NG |
| | | DETAILS NOT CODED | •••• | • • • • • • • • • | ••••• | |

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| QC6 | What were the minimum qualifications that were required when he/she started working with the employer? ENTER QUALIFICATION CODE FROM QUALIFICATION CARD, RECORD HIGHEST QUALIFICATION. NONE ENTER 00, IF DON'T KNOW ENTER 98 | | | | | |
|------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | (14) (15) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| | | ••••• | | | | |
| QC7 | What is/was made or done by his/her employer? MANUFACTURING/PROCESSING/DISTRIBUTION ETC, AND MAIN GOUSED, WHOLESALE/RESALE ETC | DESCRIBE FULLY. PROBE OODS PRODUCED, MAIN MATERIAL | | | | |
| | DETAILS NOT CODED | ••••• | | | | |
| | | ••••• | | | | |
| QC8 | Is/was she/he READ OUT | | | | | |
| | (16) an employee | | | | | |
| | self-employ ed | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| QC9 | IF SELF-EMPLOYED ASK QC9. OTHERS GO TO QC10 Do/did you he/she employ any other people? | | | | | |
| • | (17) None | NSS04R | | | | |
| | None | GO TO QC12 | | | | |
| QC10 | ASK ALL WHOSE HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER IS/WAS AN EMPLOY AS A TEMP (CODE 2 AT QC8). OTHERS GO TO QC12 Does/did he/she have any management responsibilities or supe | | | | | |
| | (18) | NSS0418 | | | | |
| | Yes (INCLUDE FOREMAN) 1 No/Neither 2 Don't know 3 | ASK QC11 | | | | |
| QC11 | How many people does/did he/she manage or supervise? USE Li '98'. IT VARIES CODE '97' | EADING ZERO. DON'T KNOW CODE | | | | |
| | (19) (20) NSSO | 419 | | | | |
| QC12 | ASK IF HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER HAS JOB NOW OR IN LAST 3 Is/was this with a firm belonging to his/her family? | MONTHS | | | | |
| | (21) | NSS0421 | | | | |
| | Yes | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | <i>.</i> | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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QC13 Does/did he/she receive an income on a regular basis from this work?

| Yes | (22) 1 | NS50422 |
|------------|-----------|---------|
| No | | |
| Don't know | 3 | |

QC14 What Is/was his/her usual take home pay, that is pay after any deductions for tax and National Insurance, and company cars, travel loans and including any overtime, bonus, commission or tips etc. that he/she usually receives?

RECORD AMOUNT AND FREQUENCY. USE LEADING ZEROS

| | | Nearest £ | | NSSOL | נ) <i>ג</i> | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Total take- | -home pay | | | | 723 | | |
| | | (23)(24)(25) | (26)(27)(28) | Fr | equency (29) | NS50429 | |
| Period | | | | | | • | |
| | er day er week | | | | | | • |
| pe | er 2 weeks | | | | 3 | | |
| | month | | | | | | |
| - | months | | | | | | |
| | er year | | | | | | |
| 0 | ther period (W | HILE IN & C | JUDE 8) | • • • • • • • • • | 8 | | |
| | | | • • • • • • • • • • • | | | | |
| | efused on't know/can | | | | | | |
| | ther reasons f | | | | | | , |
| | * | | | | | | |
| N | lo usual amou | | | | | | |
| | DO NOT AO | | | | | | |
| QC15 Was husb | DO NOT AS | | for QC1-QC1 | 4? | | 1000120 | |
| | | | | | (/ | NSS0420 | |
| • | 'es | | | | | ASK QC16 GO TO QD1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| • | 10 | | | | | | |
| OC16 Who answ | warad? | | | | | | |
| QC16 WHO alls | wereur | | | | (31) | NSCOUTI | |
| C | Cohort membe | roniy | • • • • • • • • • • | | 1 | NS50431 | |
| | Husband/wife/j Both | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| CARD | 5 | 9 |
|------|---|---|
| | | |

SECTION D: EDUCATION AND TRAINING

QD1a Now I would like you to think about any courses that you did after March 1991, which you took to get qualifications. We are interested in all courses leading to qualifications, however well or badly you did.

IF NONE, CODE 00

How many courses, which were supposed to lead to qualifications, have you started since March 1991?

Number of courses

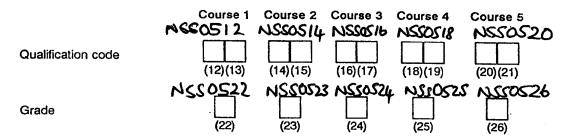
(10) (11)

N\$\$0510

ONE COURSE CAN COVER SEVERAL SUBJECTS, EG: A UNIVERSITY/POLYTECHNIC DEGREE IS ONE COURSE

IF ONE OR MORE COURSES, ASK QD1b, OTHERS GO TO QE1 (Pg 16)

QD1b Starting with the first course after March 1991, please tell me the qualifications and grades that you got, or tried to get, on this course. Include qualifications you are studying for at the moment. USE QUALIFICATION AND GRADE CARDS TO CODE



QUALIFICATIONS OBTAINED SINCE MARCH 1991

IF NO COURSES FOR QUALIFICATIONS SINCE MARCH 1991, GO TO QE1 (Pg 16)

IF TAKEN COURSES LEADING TO QUALIFICATIONS SINCE MARCH 1991, ASK QD2

I now want you to think about the courses taken for these qualifications since March 1991. We are interested in all courses for qualifications, even if you did not obtain a qualification? REPEAT FOR EACH COURSE LEADING TO QUALIFICATIONS

START WITH THE FIRST COURSE AFTER MARCH 1991, AND ASK QD2-QD5 FOR ONE COURSE AT A TIME - THEN GO ON TO NEXT COURSE.

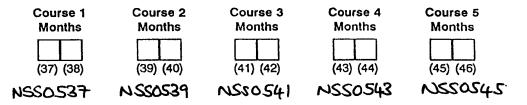
QD2 SHOWCARD H Which of these best describes this course? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | | Course 1 (27) | Course 2 (28) | Course 3 (29) | Course 4 (30) | Course 5 (31) | |
|----|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----|
| 01 | Course is part of work | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 02 | Access course | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 03 | Correspondence course | | | | | | |
| 04 | Open University course | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 05 | Community Programme | 5 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| 06 | Employment training | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | |
| 07 | Youth Training | 7 | | | 7 | 7 | |
| 08 | Enterprise Allowance scheme (f Other type of course | EAS) 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| | (WRITE IN & CODE '9') | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | |
| | | | | | | | 31 |

QD3 SHOWCARD I And which of these best describes this course? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | | Course 1 (32) | Course 2 (33) | | | Course 5 (36) |
|----|--|------------------|------------------|--|-------------|------------------|
| 01 | Full time course | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 02 | Part time course | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 03 | Sandwich course or a course with work experience/placement | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 04 | Evening course in your own time | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 05 | Weekend only course | | | | | |
| | Other type of course (WRITE IN & CODE '6') | (1) 6 . (1 | NF29)6.(| (∩=13) 6 .(| n=9) 6 . (. | n-5) 6 |
| | | DETAI | LS NOT | r code | <u>.</u> | • • • • • • |
| | Don't know | | NSS0533 | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | sy nessos | sc vissoes f |

QD4 How long altogether did the course last? USE LEADING ZEROS. CONVERT TO MONTHS IF ANSWERED IN YEARS (eg 2 YEARS = 24 MONTHS, YEARS = 36 MONTHS). IF COURSES LESS THAN ONE MONTH CODE 'XX'



QD5 Did you complete this course or did you leave early? IF NOT COMPLETED ASK Did you gain a qualification or not? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| • | Course 1 (47) | | Course 3 (49) | Course 4 (50) | Course 5 (51) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Completed it | N | • • | • • | • • | <u> </u> |
| Left before completion | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Left before completion but still | | | | | |
| qualification | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Still on course | | | | | |
| N | SEOS47 | NSSOS4 | s vesos | 49 NSSOS | 1220221 02 |

REPEAT QD2-QD5 FOR EACH SEPARATE POST SCHOOL COURSE SINCE MARCH 1991 LEADING TO A QUALIFICATION. TO A MAXIMUM OF 5 COURSES.

SECTION E: QUALIFICATION SUMMARY

QE1 SHOWCARD J Could you help us check our records are complete by showing me on this card all the qualifications you have obtained in your life (including any you have just told me about).

| CODE ALL THAT APPLY None | (52) 1 | NSSO 563-NSSO 599 |
|--|---|-------------------|
| CSE, GCE, '0' and 'A' level, GCSE, Sco CSE grades 2-5 CSE grade 1 GCE '0' level - passes or grades GCSE grades A-C GCE 'A' level Scottish '0' Grades passes or gr Scottish Standard Grade grades Scottish Higher Grade Scottish Certificate of Sixth Year S | | rd' Grades: |
| Royal Society of Arts (RSA) Awards: RSA - Stage 1 RSA - Stage 2 RSA - Stage 3 | Y (53) | |
| City and Guilds and Regional Examinin Operative Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I Advanced/Final/Part II/Part III Full Technological (FTC) Other Cit / and Guilds (CODE '17' | | |
| City and Guilds - can't say which Insignia Award in Technology (CO | | |
| Joint Industry Board (JIB), National Jol JIB/NJC or other Craft/Techniciar | | her Awards: |
| National Diplomas and Certificates: ONC/OND (or SNC/SHND) HNC/HND (or SHNC/SHND) | | |
| TEC/BEC/BTEC/SCOTEC/SCOTBEC/SC TEC/BEC/BTEC (or SCOTEC/SC National General Certificate or I TEC/BEC/BTEC (or SCOTEC/SC Higher or Higher National Certif | OTBEC/SCOTVEC) DiplomaY OTBEC/SCOTVEC) (54) | |
| Other Technical or Business Qualificat Other technical or business quali including HGV, PSV, etc | fication - | |
| Professional Qualifications (including I Full professional qualifications - r awarded by professional institur Part of a professional qualification of a two part course Nursing qualifications - including Nursery (NNEB) | nembership tion | |
| CONTINUED/ | | |

۰.

University, Polytechnic, and CNAA Awards: Polytechnic (or Central Institution) Diploma or Certificate (NOT CNAA VALIDATED) 6 University or CNAA Diploma or Certificate - including Dip HE and Teacher Training College Certificate 7 University or CNAA 1st degree - including B Ed 8 University or CNAA Post Graduate Diploma 9 University or CNAA Higher degree - MSc, PhD, etc ... 0 Any Other Qualifications: w o Any other qualification 1 (CODE '34' AND WRITE IN) X Any other qualification 2 (CODE '35' AND WRITE IN) Y Any other qualification 3 (CODE '36' AND WRITE IN) . 1

DETAILS NOT CODED (n=26)

QE2 Are any of these qualifications you have gained National Vocational Qualifications, sometimes known as NVQs?

| (56) | NSSOSSE |
|------------|-----------|
| Yes | GO TO QE3 |
| No | GO TO |
| Don't know | QF1 |

SHOWCARD J (AGAIN) Which of these were National Vocational Qualifications (NVQs)? WRITE IN QE3 NUMBERS FROM QUALIFICATION CARD

DON'T KNOW = 98

| Qualifications 1: | | NSS0557 |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|
| | (57) (58) | |
| Qualifications 2: | | NSS0559 |
| | (59) (60) | |
| Qualifications 3: | | NSS0561 |
| | (61) (62) | |

DERIVED VARIABLE: HQUAL37

THIS VARIABLE USED INFORMATION CONTAINED IN VARIABLES NSS0563 - NSS0596 and

NSS 0557 - NSS 0561

HOUAL37 IS A SIX CATEGORY VARIABLE SETTING QUALIFICATIONS TO NUQ LEVELS (AS QCA STANDARDS IN 1995)

- 18 -

CARD 6

SECTION F: OTHER COURSES (NOT LEADING TO QUALIFICATIONS)

Now I would like to talk about all courses that were NOT supposed to lead to a qualification and which lasted 3 days or longer.

QF1 Since March 1991 have you taken any courses simply out of interest and not to advance your career or improve your work skills, such as ...? MULTICODE OK. READ OUT.

| | ° (10) | |
|-----|--|--|
| | evening or day classes taken just because you are interested in the subject (not to help you find a job or to help with your work) | N SSO660 ASK NSSO661 QF2 NSS 0662 GO TO QF3 NS30663 |
| QF2 | ASK QF2 IF CODE 1-3 AT QF1, IF 'NO' GO TO QF3 How many courses like this have you taken since March 1991? | USE LEADING ZEROS |

(11) (12)

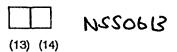
NSSOFII

ASK ALL

QF3 I'd like to continue by talking about any training courses lasting 3 days or longer which didn't lead to qualifications which you have taken since March 1991, IF 1 OR MORE AT QF2. Please don't include the ones we have just talked about however do include access courses, Government Training Schemes and courses which could help with reading, writing or number work.

Also include training your job courses provided by your employer, but not those that just showed you how to do a job/your job when you first started.

How many training courses of this nature lasting more than 3 days have you attended? USE LEADING ZERO. DON'T KNOW CODE 98



9

QF4 SHOWCARD K Which of the things on this card did this course provide training in? PROBE: What else? MULTICODE OK. CODE ALL THAT APPLY

| | Course 1 Course 2 Course 3 Course 4 Course 5 |
|----|---|
| | (15) (17) (19) (21) (23) |
| 01 | Developing skills using your hands . INSSO664 INSSO679 INSSO779 INSSO774. I NSSO868 |
| 02 | Creativity, thinking of new or different |
| | ways of doing things |
| 03 | Making decisions |
| 04 | Communicating with other people 4 4 4 |
| 05 | Managing or supervising the work of |
| | other people |
| 06 | Using your time efficiently |
| 07 | Developing technical skills, such as operating machines or office |
| | equipment |
| 08 | Working with numbers (non-specialised) |
| 09 | Working with numbers (specialised) 9 9 9 9 9 |
| 10 | General reading and writing 0 0 0 0 |
| 11 | Specialised writing, such as reports X X X X X |
| 12 | Work experience |
| | (16) (18) (20) (22) (24) |
| 13 | Finding and applying for a job 1 |
| | Other (WRITE IN & CODE '2') 2 (N=SS. 2 (N=ZS) 2 (N=R) 2 (N=R) 2 (N=4) |
| | |
| | DETAILS NOT CODED |

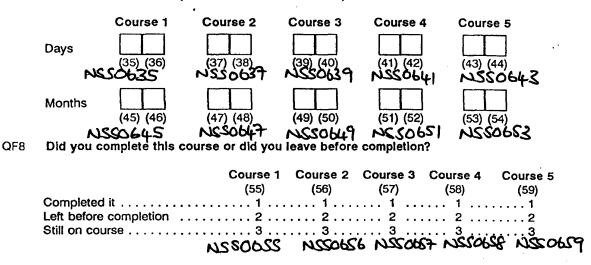
QF5 SHOWCARD L Which of these best describes this course? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | | Course 1 (25) | Course 2 (26) | Course 3 (27) | | Course 5 (29) |
|----|---|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 01 | Course is part of work | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 02 | Access course | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 03 | Correspondence course | | | | | |
| 04 | Open University course | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 05 | Community Programme (CP) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 06 | Employment training (ET) | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 07 | Youth Training (YT/YTS) | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 08 | Enterprise Allowance Scheme (I Other (WRITE IN & CODE '9') | EAS) 8 9 (.r. ; | 56). 9(n= | 16). ⁸ (.h. | ≓7) ⁸ (∩= | 3) ⁸ (∩=3) |
| | | PAILS. | NOT. | COD€D | | |
| | Don't know | | | | | |

| NSS062.S | NSS0626 | NSC0627 NISS0628 | NS\$0629 |
|----------|---------|------------------|----------|
| | | | |

QF6 SHOWCARD M And which of these best describes this course? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | Course 1 Course 2 Course 3 Course 4 Course 5 (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) |
|-----|---|
| 01 | Full time course |
| 02 | Part time course |
| 03 | Sandwich course or a course with work experience/placement |
| 04 | Evening course in your own time 4 4 4 4 |
| 05 | Weekend only course |
| | DON'T KNOW NSSO630 NSSO631 NSSO632 NSSO634 |
| | |
| QF7 | How long altogether did the course last? USE LEADING ZEROS. CONVERT TO MONTHS IF ANSWERED IN YEARS (EG 2 YEARS = 24 MONTHS) |

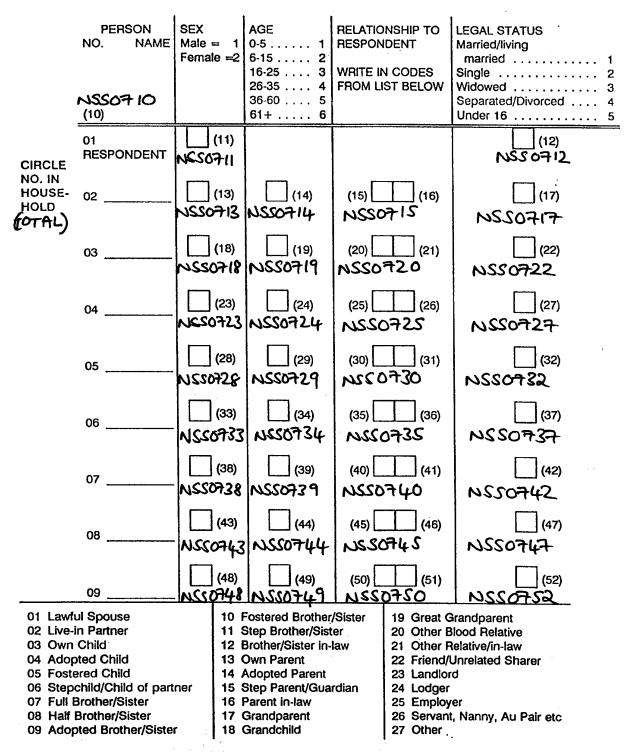


REPEAT QF4-QF8 FOR EACH COURSE ATTENDED UP TO 5 COURSES. OTHERS GO TO QG1

SECTION G: HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

QG1 I would now like to ask some questions about the members of your household, that is people who normally live here and with whom you share a living room OR normally share at least one meal a day. How many people are there altogether in your household, including both adults and children, and including yourself?

CIRCLE THE NUMBER IN HOUSEHOLD, THEN RECORD DETAILS OF EACH HOUSEHOLD MEMBER



9

CARD 7

SECTION H: RELATIONSHIPS

I would like to ask you some questions about marriage and similar relationships, that is any people you may have lived with as a couple, for one month or more, whether or not you were actually married.

ASK ALL

QH1 SHOWCARD N What Is your present legal marital status? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| 1 2 | (53) Single, and never married1 Married, first and only marriage2 | NSSO753 |
|-------------|---|---------|
| - 3 4 | Re-married, second or later marriage | |
| 5 | Legally separated/separated | |
| 6 | Widowed6 | |

QH2 SHOWCARD O Which of the following best describes your present circumstances? SINGLE CODE ONLY

| | (54) | NSSOT34 |
|---|---|---------|
| 1 | Living alone | |
| 2 | Living with your husband or wife | ASK |
| 3 | Living as a couple with someone to whom you are not married | QH3 |
| 4 | Living in some other arrangement (CODE '4' AND GIVE DETAILS BELOW) | |
| | • | |

QH3 When did you marry/start living as a couple? USE LEADING ZEROS.

;

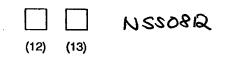
| Month | Year | | |
|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| (55) (56) | (57) (58) | | |

NSSAJS

F2F022M

| SECT | 'ION I: | CHILDREN | CARD 8 | 9 |
|------|------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------|
| QI1a | SHO | ALL WOMEN ONLY. MEN GO TO QI1b WCARD P Which of the statements on this card best describe THE NUMBER BESIDE THE DESCRIPTION | es you at the moment? JUS | ST READ |
| | 01 02 | د (10) I am currently pregnant 1 I am not pregnant 2 Refused | NSS0810 | |
| QI1b | ASK / I wou chec | ALL JId now like to ask you about any children you may have (gi k, have you ever (given birth)/(fathered a child)? | ven birth to)/(fathered):- C | an I first |
| | | (11) Yes | NSS0811 60 TO 0129 | |

Ql2a How many children have you (given birth to) (fathered)? WRITE IN. USE LEADING ZEROS.



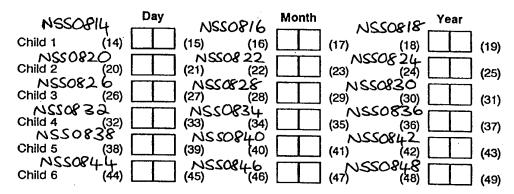
ASK QI2b TO QI4 FOR EACH CHILD IN TURN. IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD, START WITH THE FIRST BIRTH AND WORK FORWARDS

GO TO QK1 (Page 28)

÷

Ql2b And when was/were your child/children born?

No



QI2c And where is/are this/these child/children now?

| Child 1 | Child 2 | Child 3 | Child 4 Child 5 Child 6 |
|---|---------|------------|-------------------------|
| (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) (54) (55) |
| ANSSOR50 | NSSO651 | NSSO852 | NSSOB3 NSSO854 NSSO8555 |
| Living with respondent 1. | 1 | 1 | |
| Living elsewhere 2 Stillborn 3 Died 4 Other (WRITE IN & CODE '5') 5 | 2 | ···· 2 ··· | 2 2 2 |
| | 3 | ··· 3 ··· | 3 3 3 |
| | 4 | ··· 4 ··· | 4 4 |
| | DETAILS | NOT | CODED |

DO NOT ASK QI3 IF CHILD IS NOT ALIVE - GO TO QJ1 QI3 Is this child a boy or girl?

| | (57) | (58) | (59) | Child 5 (60) | (/ | |
|------------|------|------|------|-----------------|-----------|---|
| ····· 1 ·· | | | | | | |
| | | | | | so nssore | ł |

QI4 IF CHILD IS LIVING WITH RESPONDENT. CONFIRM WITH RESPONDENT THE ENTRY FOR THIS CHILD ON THE HOUSEHOLD GRID (QG1), AND CODE PERSON NUMBER FROM COLUMN HEADED 'NO', BELOW.

| | Child 1 | Child 2 | Child 3 | Child 4 | Child 5 | Child 6 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Person number froni household grid NS REPEAT QI2b-QI4 FOR | (62) (62) SOS 62 EACH CHI | (63) NSSOF63 | (64) NSSO864 | (65) NSSOF65 | (66) NSS0866 | [67] NSSO867 |

CARD 9

•

9

SECTION J: CHILDREN'S LITERACY AND NUMERACY PROBLEMS

ASK ALL WITH CHILDREN AGED 5 OR OVER. ALL WITH CHILDREN UNDER 5 GO TO QJ6. OTHERS GO TO K1 (Pg 28)

QJ1 As you know children grow and develop at different rates. As far as you know, compared with other children of his/her age does (NAME CHILD) have problems with . . .READ OUT

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

| | IF MORE THAN ONE CHILD AGED 5 OR OLDER, START WITH ELDEST AND WORK FORWARDS Child 1 Child 2 Child 3 Child 4 Child 5 Child 6 (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) reading 1 NSSO961 INSSO9773 INSSO9791 NSSO9785 1 NSSO9791 writing 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 spelling 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 numbers or simple 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 No, none of these 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 Don't know 6NSSO7666 6 NSSO772 6NSSO778 6NSSO770 6 NSSO796 |
|-----|--|
| QJ2 | ASK QJ2-QJ5 FOR EACH CHILD WHERE A PROBLEM IS REPORTED AT QJ1 (CODES: '1' - '4'). OTHERS GO TO QJ6 Can you tell me a little more about these problems. First, are these problems due mainly to him/her not being able to see properly, or not being able to hold a pen or pencil, or use a keyboard properly, or does he/she just have difficulties with reading, writing or number work? CODE ONE ONLY |
| | Child 1 Child 2 Child 3 Child 4 Child 5 Child 6 |
| | (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) Sight problem 1 1 1 1 1 1 Problem holding pen/pencil GO TO GO TO /using keyboard 2 2 2 2 QJ6 Both problems 3 3 3 3 3 3 Just has difficulties 4 4 4 4 4ASK QJ3 NSSO916 NSSO917 NSSO918 NSSO919 NSSO920 NSSO921 |
| QJ3 | Has (NAME CHILD) been given special help with this problem at school or elsewhere? |
| | CODE ALL THAT APPLY Child 1 Child 2 Child 3 Child 4 Child 5 Child 6 (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) Yes, special help given |
| | at school |
| | Child 1: |
| | Child 2: DETAILS NO.T. CODEDL (29) |
| | Child 3: |
| | |
| | Child 4: (31) |
| | Child 5: |
| | Child 6: |
| | No, no special help given 3 NSS 1912 3 NSS 1916 3 NSS 1920 3 NSS 1924 ANSS 1928 3 NSS 1982 |
| | Don't know |

QJ4 Have you tried to help (NAME CHILD) with his/her problem(s) by. . .

| READ OUT. CODE ALL THAT APP | _Y | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | Child 2 Child | | | |
| (34) reading with him/her 1 \\S | (35) (36) | | | |
| correcting with hinther 2 | | | | |
| correcting spelling 3 | | | | |
| helping with learning | | | | GOTO |
| numbers or simple | | | | QIE |
| arithmetic | 1 4 | NC 10505.000 | 4 | |
| (CODE '4' AND WRITE IN) | id as a wasidthe | nosiyeu~ nosi | -186° 1.000 h | M2 ° NSS1798 |
| | | | | |
| CHILD 1: | | ••••• | • • • • • • • • • • • | (40) |
| CHILD.2: | •••••••••••••• | | | (41) |
| CHILD 3: | ALLS NOT | CONED | | (40) |
| CHILD 3: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | • • • • • • • • • • • | (42) |
| CHILD 4: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | •••••••••••• | | (43) GO TO |
| CHILD 5: | | ••••• | | (44) QJ6 |
| CHILD 6: | | | | (45) |
| | ••••• | ••••• | • • • • • • • • • • | <u>[45]</u> |
| No, none of these NSS/96 | | | | |
| NSS 19 | 69 NSS1975 | NESI481 NE | IS1987 NS | S1993 NSS19999 |

QJ5 Is this because you also have problems with reading, writing or spelling, or with number work, or is this for some other reason? CODE ALL THAT APPLY

| (46 | 5) |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Have problem with reading | |
| Have problem with writing | 2 NSS2059 |
| have problem with spelling | B NSS2060 |
| Have problem with number work | + NSS2061 |
| Other reason | 5 NSS 2062 |

ASK ALL WITH CHILDREN

QJ6 Approximately how many books does your child/children have? (47)

NSS0947

| None 1 | |
|-------------------|--|
| 1 or 2 2 | |
| 3-9 3 | |
| 10-19 4 | |
| 20-49 5 | |
| 50 or more 6 | |
| Child too young 7 | |
| Don't know | |

QJ7 SHOWCARD Q About how often do you read stories to or with your child? Please choose your answer from this card.

| | | | Child 2 (49) | | | Child 5 (52) | Child 6 (53) |
|---|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Never | . 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 , |
| 2 | Several times a year | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | Several times a month | | | | | | |
| 4 | Once a week | | | | | | |
| 5 | At least three times a week | | | | | | |
| 6 | Every day | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| | Child too young | 7 | 7 | 7 | | 7 | |
| | Child too old | | | | | | |
| | Don't know | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | NSS0953 |

QJ8 Does your household get a daily newspaper?

| (54) | |
|------|---------|
| Yes | NSS0954 |
| No 2 | 1 |

QJ9 SHOWCARD R About how often would you say your child reads for enjoyment? Please choose your answer from this card.

| | - | Child 1 (55) | Child 2 (56) | Child 3 (57) | Child 4 (58) | Child 5 (59) | Child 6 (60) |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Every day | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Several times a week | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | Several times a month | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | Several times a year | | | | | | |
| 5 | Never | | | | | | |
| | Child too young | 6 | 6 | 6 | | 6 | 6 |
| | Don't know | | | | | | |
| | NSS | 60955 r | 1550956 | NSS095 | 7 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | 8 ASSORS | 1 NSS0960 |

• .

CARD 10

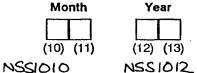
9

SECTION K: HOUSING

QK1 When did you start living at your present address? IF 'NORMAL' ADDRESS ELSEWHERE, When did you start living at your 'normal' address?

'NORMAL' ADDRESS:

- 1. IF WORKING/STUDYING AWAY/IN HOSPITAL/PRISON/ARMED FORCES/MERCHANT NAVY: AND AWAY LESS THAN 6 MONTHS THEN TAKE HOME ADDRESS
 - AND AWAY 6 MONTHS OR MORE THEN TAKE HOSPITAL/PRISON/ETC
- 2. IF MORE THAN ONE ADDRESS TAKE WHAT RESPONDENT CONSIDERS IS HIS/HER MAIN ADDRESS



QK2 RESPONDENT'S CURRENT ADDRESS IS [INTERVIEWER OBSERVATION UNLESS CONFIRMATION NEEDED]

| | (14) | |
|-----|---|------------------------|
| | | NSSI014 |
| | Sheltered housing | · |
| | Hotel/Boarding house/Hostel | |
| | Hostel for homeless people etc | |
| | Barracks/Nurses home, etc | |
| | Room (only) at workplace | |
| | Prison/Remand centre | |
| | Hospital/Nursing home, etc (as a patient) | |
| | Other (WRITE IN AND CODE '9') (.N=11) 9 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | ······ | |
| | | |
| QK3 | 3 ACCOMMODATION OCCUPIED BY RESPONDENT'S HOUS OBSERVATION] | SEHOLD IS (INTERVIEWER |
| | (15) | · · · |
| | Detached house or bungalow | NSSIDIS |
| | Semi-detached house or bungalow | |
| | Terrace/End terrace | |
| | Self-contained flat or maisonette | |
| | | • . |
| | Room(s), not self-contained - Lodging, bedsits etc 5 | |
| | Caravan/Mobile home/Houseboat | |
| | Other (WRITE IN AND CODE '7')(.ハ.キル)7 | |
| | ••• ••• | ···· · |
| | • | |
| | | |

QK4 Do you (or your partner) own or rent this accommodation, or do you live here in some other arrangement?

| Own outright | (16) | GO TO NSSI016 |
|---------------------------------------|------|---------------|
| Buying on mortgage/loan | | |
| Rented - furnished | | |
| - unfurnished | 4 | : |
| - paying rent to parents | 5 | ASK QK5 |
| Squatting | 6 | |
| Goes with the job (rent free) | 7 | GO TO |
| Rent free (other) | 8 | QK7 |
| Living with parents (rent-free) | 9 | |
| Others (WRITE IN AND CODE '0') (.N=I) | 0 | • · |
| | | •. |

IF RENTED (CODES 3-5 AT QK4)

QK5 Who do you rent this property from?

| (17) | NSS 1017 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Local authority/New Town | 1055 1017 |
| Housing association | |
| Employer | |
| Charitable trust | |
| Educational establishment | |
| Student accommodation | |
| Parent | |
| Other relative | |
| Other private landlord | |
| | |
| Other (WRITE IN AND CODE 'X') | |
| | |
| DETAILS NOT CODED | |
| Don't know Y | |
| | |

ASK IF RENTED OR OWNED OR BOUGHT ON MORTGAGE (CODE 1-5 AT QK4) QK6 SHOWCARD S Looking at this card how is this accommodation rented (owned) in......

| | (18) | |
|---|--|---------|
| 1 | Your name only 1 | NSSI018 |
| 2 | You and your partner's name | |
| 3 | You and someone else's name | |
| 4 | In your partner's name but not in yours | |
| 5 | In someone else's name (include parents) | |
| 6 | In someone else's name (include parents) | |
| | DETAILS NOT CODED | |
| | Don't know | |

ASK ALL

QK7 How many different addresses have you lived at for one month or more since March 1991, Including the address you were living at then? IF DON'T KNOW CODE 98. USE LEADING ZEROS. IF LIVING AT SAME ADDRESS CODE '01'

NISSIO IFI

Number of different address

| (19) | (20) |
|------|------|

SECTION L: INCOME

ASK ALL

QL1 I now want to talk about income from sources other than work.

SHOWCARD T At present, are you (or your husband/wife/partner) receiving any of the state benefits or payments shown on this card?

| | (21) | NSS1021 | |
|------------|------|----------|-----|
| Yes | . 1 | ASK QL2a | |
| No | 2 | GO TO | |
| Refused | 3 | QL3 | |
| Don't know | 4 | | |
| | | • | ÷ . |

QL2a Which of these are you (or your husband/wife/partner) receiving? PROBE: 'Any of the others?' UNTIL FINAL 'NO'. WRITE IN AND CODE EACH BENEFIT RECEIVED IN GRID BELOW. IF RESPONDENT AND SPOUSE/PARTNER RECEIVE SEPARATELY SAME BENEFIT, ENTER ONCE ONLY.

FOR EACH RECEIVED ASK QL2b-QL2d) AND RECORD IN GRID

- How much was the last payment of . . . (BENEFIT)? IF BOTH RESPONDENT AND SPOUSE/ PARTNER QL2b RECEIVE THIS SEPARATELY, COMBINE AMOUNTS. DON'T KNOW = 9998. REFUSED = 9999
- QL2c What period did that cover?
- QL2d LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER Do you or does your husband/wife/partner receive this benefit?

CODE UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED'

IF NOT LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER RING CODE '1' UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED'

| | QL2a | QL2b | | Q | L2c | QL2d | |
|---|-----------------------|--|------------------|--------|---|---|-----------|
| NAME OF BENEFIT/ ALLOWANCE | BENEFIT CODE | AMOUNT OF LAST PAYMENT (to nearest £) DK = 9998 | Weeks 1 2 3 4 | 5 4 | OVERED Months WRITE IN DK = 98 | WHO RECEN Resp Spouse/ only partner only | |
| | NESIO2.2 (22) (23) | (24)(25)(26)(27) | NSS10: 1 2 3 | | NSS1029 (29) (30) | NSS 10231 | 3 (31) |
| | NSS1032 | NSS1034 | NSSIC 12: | 34 | NSS1039 | NSS1041 | 3 |
| • | (32) (33) | (34)(35)(36)(37) | 110010 | (38) | (39) (40) | NEELOEL | (41) |
| | | NSS1044 | NSSIC 12: | | NSSIQLA | NSS1051 1 2 | 3 |
| | (42) (43) | (44)(45)(46)(47) | • | (48) | (49) (50) | | (51) |
| | NSS1052 | NSS1054 | NSSIC 12: | - | NSS1059 | NSS1061 1 2 | 3 |
| | (52) (53) | (54)(55)(56)(57) | | (58) | (59) (60) | | (61) |
| | NSS 1062 | NSS1064 | MSS1 | _ | MSS1069 | NSS 1071 | 3 |
| | (62) (63) | (64)(65)(66)(67) | | (68) | (69) (70) | | (71) |
| | NSS1072 | NSSI074 | NSS 10 | | NSSIO79 | 1955 1081 | 3 |
| | (72) (73) | (74)(75)(76)(77) | | (78) | (79) (80) | | (81) |
| 01 Unemployment Be 02 Supplementary Be | | 07 Disability living allowance/Attend | lance | | Dne parent t Naternity allo | | |
| Income Support | | Allowance | | | naternity and nvalid care a | | |
| 03 Unemployment Be | enefit and | 08 Non-contributory | | 15 H | lousing ben | efit | |
| Supplementary | | invalidity pensior | | 16 C | Disability wo | rking allowance | : |
| Income Support | | severe disableme allowance | ent | | Council Tax | | |
| 04 Sickness Benefit/I Benefit | ncapacity | 09 Mobility allowance | | 10 4 | Any other sta or allowand | ate benefit ce (WRITE IN) | |

- 05 Invalidity Benefit
- 06 Industrial injury benefit/ pension
- 10 Family income supplement/family credit
- 11 Child benefit

DETAILS NOT CODED 98 Don't know

- 99
 - Refused

OTHER SOURCES OF INCOME

- 31 -

ASK ALL

CARD 11

9

SHOWCARD U Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) currently receive regular payment or income from any QL3 of the sources on this card, including any income from any odd jobs or casual work you or your husband/wife or partner might receive?

| . (10) | | | |
|------------|----------|--------|--|
| Yes | ASK QL4a | NSSIIO | |
| No | GO TO | | |
| Refused | QM1 | | |
| Don't know | | | |

QL4a From which of the sources are you (or your husband/wife/partner) receiving payments? PROBE: 'Any others?' UNTIL FINAL 'NO'. ENSURE RESPONDENT GIVES NAME AND CODE WHAT EACH RECEIVED AND ENTER IN GRID BELOW. IF RESPONDENT AND SPOUSE/PARTNER RECEIVE SEPARATELY SAME PAYMENT, ENTER ONCE ONLY.

FOR EACH RECEIVED ASK QL4b-QL4d) AND RECORD IN GRID

- QL4b How much was the last payment of . . .(INCOME SOURCE)? IF BOTH RESPONDENT AND SPOUSE/PARTNER RECEIVE THIS SEPARATELY, COMBINE AMOUNTS. (DON'T KNOW: 9998, REFUSED 9999)
- QL4c What period did that cover?

IF LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER

QL4d Do you or does your husband/wife/partner receive this benefit? RING CODE UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED' IF NOT LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER RING CODE '1' UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED' OBTAIN PARTNER'S GROSS AND NET PAY

CODE UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED'

IF NOT LIVING WITH SPOUSE/PARTNER RING CODE '1' UNDER 'WHO RECEIVED'

| QL4a | QL4a | QL4b | QL4c | | QL4d | |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|--------------|
| NAME OF SOURCE | SOURCE CODE | AMOUNT OF LAST PAYMENT | PERIOD COVERED Weeks Months | | WHO RECEN Resp Spouse/ | |
| | | (to nearest £) DK = 9998 | 1234 WRITE DK = | 98 | only partner only | |
| | ASSLIL | AVSS 11 13 | NSSIII7 NSS 1234 | | 1 2 NSS1120 | 3 |
| | (11) (12) | (13)(14)(15)(16) | | (19) | | (20) |
| | NSS/121 | NSS 123 | | 1128 | 1 2 | 3 |
| | (21) (22) | (23)(24)(25)(26) | · · · | (29) | 051130 | (30) |
| | NSS1131 | 19551133-1 | | 1138 | 1 2 | 3 |
| | (31) (32) | (33)(34)(35)(36) | 1 2 3 4 (37) (38) | (39) | 2551140 | (40) |
| | NSSIII | MESH43 | r | ++48 | 1 2 | 3 |
| | (41) (42) | (43)(44)(45)(46) | | (49) | 1551150 | (50) |
| | NSSILS | MSS4+53-1 | | 1158 | 1 2 | 3 |
| | (51) (52) | (53)(54)(55)(56) | 1 2 3 4 (57) (58) | (59) | 1551160 | (60) |
| | NSSIIGI | ASS1143 | NSSI167NSS | | 1 2 | 3 |
| | (61) (62) | (63)(64)(65)(66) | 1 2 3 4 (67) (68) | (69) r | 051170 | (70) |

CODE

01 Educational grant

02 Pension

- Trade Union/Friendly Society 03
- 04 Maintenance
- 05 Cash from parents
- 06 Cash from relatives or friends
- 07 Rent from boarders, etc
- 08 Other outside Household

CODE

09 Annuity/Trust fund

Foster allowance 10

Accident insurance 11

12 Income from odd jobs/casual work

13 Other

98 Don't know

99

Refused

CARD 12

9

SECTION M: HEALTH

QM1 I'd like to ask you a few questions about your health. Firstly, how would you describe your health generally?

.....

Would you say it is . . . READ OUT

| ()(Excellent | " NSS1210 |
|------------------|-----------|
| Good | |
| Fair | 3 |
| Or poor | ţ |

QM2 Over the last twelve months, would you say your health on the whole has been ... READ OUT

| (11) Good | NSSI211 |
|----------------|---------|
| Fairly good | |
| Or not so good | |

QM3 Do you suffer from any long term health problem, long standing illness, infirmity or disability, including problems due to depression or emotional problems?

| (12) | NSS1212 | |
|------------|---------|--|
| Yes | ASK QM4 | |
| No | GO TO | |
| Don't know | QM5 | |

QM4 What illness or disabilities cause these problem? WRITE IN PROBE FULLY

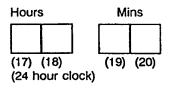
| PROBLEM 1 NSS2110 NSS2121 | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| PROBLEM 2 NSS2122 - NSS2133 | |
| PROBLEM 3 : NSS2134 - NSS2145 | |
| PROBLEM 4 NSS 2146 - NSS 2154 | (13-14) |
| | • • |

| QM5 | Have you ever been registered as a disabled person? | (15) | NSS1215 | |
|-----|---|----------|-------------------|--|
| | Yes | <u>1</u> | ASK QM6 | |
| | No | 2 | GO TO INSTRUCTION | |
| | Unsure | 3 | BELOW QM6 | |

QM6 Are you currently registered as a disabled person?

| | (16) NSS1216 |
|--------|--------------|
| Yes | 1 |
| No | 2 |
| Unsure | 3 |

TIME INTERVIEW BROKEN:



NSSI217 NSSI219

RESPONDENT SELF-COMPLETION - 'SOME MORE QUESTIONS'

THANK RESPONDENT FOR THE HELP THEY HAVE GIVEN SO FAR, AND ASK THEM TO COMPLETE THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE. GIVE HIM/HER THE QUESTIONNAIRE AND A PEN/PENCIL, AND EXPLAIN HOW TO COMPLETE. WAIT FOR RESPONDENT TO COMPLETE AND THEN CODE BELOW.

IF RESPONDENT HAS APPARENT DIFFICULTIES WITH READING, WRITING OR UNDERSTANDING WHAT IS REQUIRED OF THEM, ASSIST AS NECESSARY, YOU MAY ADMINISTER THE QUESTIONNAIRE AS AN INTERVIEW, ENSURE ALL ANSWERS CODED ARE THOSE OF THE RESPONDENT. CODE DETAILS OF ANY HELP GIVEN BELOW.

COMPLETE FOR ALL RESPONDENTS

| Q1 | Did respondent complete the Self-completion Questionnaire? NSS122 | |
|----|---|------|
| | (21) | |
| | Yes, completed unaided <u>1 RECORD TIME</u> | |
| | Yes, completed with help 2 ANSWER | |
| | Yes, completed as an interview | |
| | No, respondent refused 4 RECORD TIME | |
| Q2 | Give details of help given below. | |
| | | • • |
| | NSS2164 - NSS2173 | |
| | | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | (22) |
| | | |

TIME INTERVIEW RE-STARTED:

| Hours | Mins | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| (23) (24) | (25) (26) | | | | |
| (24 Hour Clock |) | | | | |
| NSS 1223 | NSS1225 | | | | |

3.3 Interview showcards

SHOWCARD A

- 01 Full-time paid employee (30+ hours a week)
- 02 Part-time paid employee (under 30 hours a week)
- 03 Full-time self employed
- 04 Part-time self employed
- 05 Unemployed and seeking work
- 06 Full-time education
- 07 Temporarily sick/disabled (less than 6 months)
- 08 Long-term sick/disabled (6 months or longer)
- 09 Looking after home/family
- 10 On a training scheme

Something else

SHOWCARD B

- 1 It was a fixed term or temporary job
- 2 You were made redundant
- 3 You were dismissed
- 4 You were pregnant
- 5 For other health reasons
- 6 To look after your home or children
- 7 You decided to return to education or go on a training course
- 8 You had a better job to go to
- 9 You just decided to leave

Other reason

SHOWCARD C

- 01 Private firm or company (any firm however large or small)
- 02 Nationalised industry/public corporation
- 03 Local Authority/Local Education Authority
- 04 Health Authority/Hospital
- 05 Central Government/Civil Service
- 06 Charity or Trust
- 07 University/Polytechnic
- 08 Armed Forces

Other type of organisation

SHOWCARD D

01 Only useful in this particular job

02 Only useful with employers in the same line of work

,

03 Also useful in jobs with quite different lines of work

SHOWCARD E

- 01 Learning the basics of the job
- 02 Developing skills using your hands
- 03 Creativity, thinking of new or different ways of doing things
- 04 Making decisions
- 05 Communicating with other people
- 06 Managing or supervising the work of other people
- 07 Using your time efficiently
- 08 Developing technical skills, such as operating machines or office equipment
- 09 Working with numbers (non-specialised)
- 10 Working with numbers (specialised)
- **11** General reading or writing
- 12 Specialised writing, such as reports

Other things

SHOWCARD F

.

| 01 | Fixed term or temporary job ended |
|----|--|
| 02 | You were made redundant |
| 03 | You were dismissed from a job |
| 04 | You left because you were pregnant |
| 05 | You left a job for health reasons |
| 06 | You decided to leave a job yourself |
| 07 | You left a period of self-employment |
| 80 | You couldn't get a job after leaving full-time education |
| 09 | You became unemployed for another reason |

SHOWCARD G

- 01 Full-time paid employee (30+ hours a week)
- 02 Part-time paid employee (under 30 hours a week)
- 03 Full-time self employed
- 04 Part-time self employed
- 05 Unemployed and seeking work
- 06 Full-time education
- 07 Temporarily sick/disabled (less than 6 months)
- 08 Long-term sick/disabled (6 months or longer)
- 09 Looking after home/family
- 10 On a training scheme

Something else

SHOWCARD H

.

| 01 | Course is part of work |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 02 | Access course |
| 03 | Correspondence course |
| 04 | Open University course |
| 05 | Community Programme (CP) |
| 06 | Employment training (ET) |
| 07 | Youth Training (YT/YTS) |
| 08 | Enterprise Allowance scheme (EAS) |
| | Other type of course |

SHOWCARD I

- 01 Full time course
- 02 Part time course
- 03 Sandwich course or a course with work experience
- 04 Evening course in your own time
- 05 Weekend only course

Other type of course

SHOWCARD J

'O' AND 'A' Level, GCSE, SCOTTISH 'O', 'H' AND STANDARD GRADES

- 01 CSE grades 2-5
- 02 CSE CSE grade 1
- 03 GCE 'O' Level passes or grades A-C
- 04 GCSE grades A-C
- 05 GCE 'A' Level
- 06 Scottish 'O' Grade passes or grades A-C
- 07 Scottish Standard Grade grades 1-3
- 08 Scottish Higher Grade
- 09 Scottish Certificate of Sixth Year Studies (CSYS)

ROYAL SOCIETY OF ARTS (RSA) AWARDS

- 10 RSA Stage 1
- 11 RSA Stage 2
- 12 RSA Stage 3

CITY AND GUILDS AND REGIONAL EXAMINING BOARD CERTIFICATES

- 13 Operative
- 14 Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part 1
- 15 Advanced/Final/Part II or III
- 16 Full Technological (FTC)
- 17 Other City and Guilds
- 18 City & Guilds can't say which
- 19 Insignia Award in Technology (GCIA)

JOINT INDUSTRY BOARD (JIB) NATIONAL JOINT COUNCIL, (JNC) AND OTHER AWARDS

20 JIB/NJC or other Craft Technician Certificate

NATIONAL DIPLOMAS AND CERTIFICATES

- 21 ONC/OND (or SNC/SND)
- 22 HNC/HND (or SHNC/SHND)

TEC/BEC/SCOTED/SCOTBEC/SCOTVEC AWARDS

- 23 TEC/BEC/BTEC (or SCOTEC/SCOTBEC/SCOTVEC) National General Certificate or Diploma
- 24 TEC/BEC/BTEC (or SCOTEC/SCOTBEC/SCOTVEC) Higher or National Certificate or Diploma

OTHER TECHNICAL or BUSINESS QUALIFICATIONS

25 Other technical or business qualifications - including HGV, PSV etc

PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS including NURSING

- 26 Full professional qualification membership awarded by professional institution
- 27 Part of a professional qualification eg Part 1 of a two part course
- 28 Nursing qualifications including Nursery Nursing (NNEB)

UNIVERSITY, POLYTECHNIC AND CNAA AWARDS

- 29 Polytechnic (or Central Institute) Diploma or Certificate (NOT CNAA VALIDATED)
- 30 University or CNAA Diploma or Certificate Including Dip HE and Teaching Training College Certificate
- 31 University or CNAA First Degree Including B Ed
- 32 University or CNAA Post Graduate Diploma
- 33 University or CNAA Higher Degree Msc, PhD, etc

ANY OTHER QUALIFICATIONS

34 Any other qualifications

SHOWCARD K

- 01 Developing skills using your hands
- 02 Creativity, thinking of new or different ways of doing things
- 03 Making decisions
- 04 Communicating with other people
- 05 Managing or supervising the work of other people
- 06 Using your time efficiently
- 07 Developing technical skills, such as operating machines or office equipment
- 08 Working with numbers (non-specialised)
- 09 Working with numbers (specialised)
- 10 General reading or writing
- 11 Specialised writing, such as reports
- 12 Work experience
- 13 Finding and applying for a job

Other things

SHOWCARD L

| 01 | Course is part of work |
|----|-----------------------------------|
| 02 | Access course |
| 03 | Correspondence course |
| 04 | Open University course |
| 05 | Community Programme (CP) |
| 06 | Employment training (ET) |
| 07 | Youth Training (YT/YTS) |
| 08 | Enterprise Allowance Scheme (EAS) |
| | Other type of course |

SHOWCARD M

- 01 Full time course
- 02 Part time course
- 03 Sandwich course or a course with work experience/placement
- 04 Evening course in your own time
- 05 Weekend only course

Other type of course

SHOWCARD N

- 1 Single, and never married
- 2 Married, first and only marriage
- 3 Re-married, second or later marriage
- 4 Legally separated/separated
- 5 Divorced
- 6 Widowed

SHOWCARD O

- 1 Living alone
- 2 Living with your husband or wife
- 3 Living as a couple with someone to whom you are not married
- 4 Living in some other arrangement

SHOWCARD P

- 1 I am currently pregnant
- 2 I am not pregnant

SHOWCARD Q

- 1 Never
- 2 Several times a year
- 3 Several times a month
- 4 Once a week
- 5 At least three times a week
- 6 Every day

SHOWCARD R

- 1 Every day
- 2 Several times a week
- 3 Several times a month
- 4 Several times a year
- 5 Never

SHOWCARD S

- 1 Your name only
- 2 You and your partner's name
- 3 You and someone else's name
- 4 In your partner's name but not yours
- 5 In someone else's name (include parents)
- 6 Some other arrangement

SHOWCARD T

- 01 Unemployment Benefit
- 02 Supplementary Benefit/Income Support
- 03 Unemployment Benefit and Supplementary Benefit/Income Support
- 04 Sickness Benefit/Incapacity Benefit
- 05 Invalidity Benefit
- 06 Industrial injury benefit/pension
- 07 Disability Living Allowance/Attendance Allowance
- 08 Non-contributory invalidity pension/severe disablement allowance
- 09 Mobility allowance
- 10 Family income supplement/family credit
- 11 Child Benefit
- 12 One parent benefit
- 13 Maternity allowance
- 14 Invalid care allowance
- 15 Housing benefit
- 16 Disability Working Allowance
- 17 Council Tax Benefit
- 18 Any other State Benefit or Allowance

MORI/8722/3

SHOWCARD U

.

| 01 | Educational grant |
|----|---|
| 02 | Pension |
| 03 | Trade Union/Friendly Society |
| 04 | Maintenance |
| 05 | Cash from parents |
| 06 | Cash from relatives or friends |
| 07 | Rent from boarders, etc. |
| 08 | Other income from sources outside the household |
| 09 | Annuity/Trust fund |
| 10 | Foster allowance |
| 11 | Accident insurance |
| 12 | Income from odd jobs/casual work |
| 13 | Any other source of regular family/household income |

MORI/8722/3

SHOWCARD V

| 1 | Everyday, including weekends |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 2 | Everyday, excluding weekends |
| 3 | Several times a week |
| 4 | Once a week - weekend edition |
| 5 | Less than once a week |
| | |

6 Never

.

3.4 Self-completion questionnaire

SECTION N: LITERACY AND NUMERACY

ASK ALL

QN1 As you probably know, thousands of adults have difficulties with reading or writing at one time or another. It would help us if you could answer some questions about your own experience of reading and writing. Since leaving school, have you had any problems with reading?

| | (27) | N551227 |
|------------|----------|------------|
| Yes | <u>1</u> | ASK QN2 |
| No | | |
| Don't know | 3 | GO TO QN11 |
| Refused | 4 | |

QN2 Can you tell me a little more about these problems. First, are these problems due mainly to your not being able to see properly or do you just have difficulties reading?

| (28) | NSS1228 |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Sight problem | GO TO QN11 |
| Just have difficulties reading | ASK QN3 |

QN3 Let me ask you first about some of the problems you have with reading. Can you read and understand what is written in a magazine or newspaper? IF YES: Can you usually read this easily, or do you find some difficulty?

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (29) | NSS 1229 |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|
| Yes easily | 1 | • |
| Yes, some are difficult | 2 | |
| No | 3 | |

ON4 Can you usually read and understand what is written in an official typed letter sent to you? IF YES: Can you usually read this easily, or do you find some difficult?

| | | NSS1230 |
|-------------------------|---|---------|
| Yes easily | 1 | |
| Yes, some are difficult | 2 | |
| No | 3 | |

QN5 If you have to, can you usually read and understand any paperwork or forms you would have to deal with In a job? IF YES: Can you usually read this easily, or do you find some difficult?

| Yes easily | (31) 1 | NSS1231 |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Yes, some are difficult | | |
| No : | 3 | |

QN6 If you have to, can you read aloud to a child from a children's story book? IF YES: Can you usually read this easily, or do you find some difficult?

| (32 Yes easily | |
|-------------------|--|
| NO | |

| QN7 | What other things do you usually find difficult to read? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM | | |
|------|--|------------------------------|--|
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | |
| | • | | |
| | NS\$2174N.\$\$2178 | | |
| | ······ | (33) | |
| QN8 | When you do try to read something, what do you find difficult? Do you find it difficult toRE/ OUT AND CODE ONE FOR EACH | | |
| | Yes No Don't know | | |
| | recognise particular words 1 2 3 NSS/234 make sense of the whole thing 1 2 3 NSS/235 concentrate for very long 1 2 3 NSS/235 concentrate for very long 1 2 3 NSS/235 (Never try to read) 1 NSS/237 | (34) (35) (36) (37) | |
| QN9 | Have you been on any courses or classes since leaving school to help you get better at rea | ding? | |
| | (38) NESI238 | | |
| | Yes | ORE | |
| QN10 | What type of classes/courses were these? (RECORD VERBATIM) PROBE | | |
| | | | |
| | DETAILS NOT CODED | | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | • • | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | |
| | (39) | | |
| QN11 | IF ANSWER 'NO' (CODE '3') TO ANY OF Qs N3, N4, N5 OR N6 GO TO QN16. ALL OTHERS ASK QN11 SHOWCARD V. How often do you read a newspaper? Please choose your answer from this card. | • . | |
| | | | |
| | (40) 1 Every day, including weekends | | |

QN12 Now I'd like to ask you about magazines. In an average week, how much time do you spend reading or looking at magazines? USE LEADING ZEROS. DON'T KNOW = 98. IT VARIES = 97



QN13 Next, I'd like to ask you about books you may have read recently. They might be novels, story books, factual or text books, hardcover or paperbacks, and you don't need to have read the entire book, cover to cover. You may have just been looking for some particular information in a manual or an encyclopedia, whether at work or at home.

Have you read or looked something up in a book during the last six months?

| (45) | NSS1245 |
|-------|------------|
| Yes1_ | ASK QN14 |
| No | GO TO QN15 |

QN14 In an average week, how much time do you spend reading books? USE LEADING ZEROS. DON'T KNOW = 98, IT VARIES = 97

| Hours | [|
|-------|------|
| | · (|
| | NSSI |

Minutes

| (48) (49) |
|-----------|
| NSS1248 |

ASK ALL

QN15 And since leaving school, have you had any problems with writing or spelling? IF YES Is this just with writing, just with spelling, or do you have problems with both?

| Spelling only | ••••• | 2 | ASK QN16 |
|---------------|---|--|------------|
| No | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | · · · · · · · · · · · · 4 · · · · · · · | GO TO QN24 |

QN16 Can you tell me a little more about these problems. Are these problems due mainly to your not being able to see properly, or not being able to hold a pen and pencil or use a keyboard properly, or do you just have difficulties with writing generally?

| (51) Eyesight problem | QN24 |
|----------------------------------|------|
| Difficulties writing generally 4 | |

QN17 Let me ask you about some of the problems you have with writing. If you need to, can your write a letter to a friend to thank them for a gift or invite them to visit? IF YES: Can you usually do this easily, or is it with difficulty?

| (52) | NSS1252 |
|------------------------|---------|
| Yes, easily | |
| Yes, with difficulty 2 | |
| No | |

| QN18 | Could you write to an employer to apply for a job? IF YES: C easily, or is it with difficulty? | an you usually do this |
|-------|--|---|
| | (53) Yes, easily | NSS1253 |
| | Yes, with difficulty | |
| | No | |
| | | |
| QN19 | Could you fill in a form, from the council for example, or for a hosp Can you usually do this easily, or is it with difficulty? | oltal appointment? YES: |
| | (54) | NSSI254 |
| | Yes, easily 1 | 10331234 |
| | Yes, with difficulty 2 | |
| | No | |
| | | |
| QN20 | Could you write a letter of complaint about something if you was | nted to? IF YES: Could |
| | you do this easily, or would it be with difficulty? | |
| | (55) | NSS1255 |
| | Yes, easily | |
| | Yes, with difficulty 2 | |
| | No | |
| | | |
| QN21 | When you try to write something, what is it you find difficult? | Do you find it difficult |
| | toREAD OUT AND CODE ONE FOR EACH | |
| | Yes No | Don't know |
| | anali warda carraathu 1 0 | |
| | spell words correctly | |
| | put down in words what it is you | |
| | want to say | |
| | (Never try to write) 1 | (59) NSS R59 |
| | | |
| 01/22 | Have you been on any courses or classes to help you get b | etter et 2 PEAD OUT |
| GINZZ | MULTICODE OK | ACTES ALLES NEAD OUT. |
| | (60) | |
| | Writing | ASK QN23 NSS/290 |
| | | NSS 1291 |
| | None | GO TO QN24NSS1292 |
| | | |
| | ASK IF BEEN ON COURSE AT QN22 OTHERS GO TO QN24 | |
| QN23 | | 1 |
| | | |
| | | • |
| | DETAILS NOT CODED | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | • |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | (61) |
| | ASK ALL | |
| QN24 | | s or simple arithmetic? |
| | | • |
| | (62) | NSS 1262 |
| | Yes | ASK QN25 |
| | No | GO TO INSTRUCTION BEFORE QN31 |
| | Juint day | |

QN25 Now I'd like to know a little more about the problems you have with numbers and simple arithmetic.

When you buy things in shops with a five or ten pound note, can you usually tell if you are given the right change? IF YES: Can you usually do this easily, or is it with difficulty?

| Yes, easily | (63) | NSS1263 |
|----------------------|------|---------|
| Yes, with difficulty | .2 | |
| No | . 3 | |

QN26 If you need to, can you keep simple household accounts of what you have spent or saved or what to put by for bills when they come? IF YES: Can you usually do this easily, or is it with difficulty?

| (6- Yes, easily | 4) NSS1264 |
|----------------------|------------|
| Yes, with difficulty | 2 |
| No | 3 |

QN27 If you need to, can you usually work out what dates go with which day on a calendar? IF YES: Can you usually do this easily, or is it with difficulty?

| Maximum | (65) | NSSI265 |
|----------------------|------|---------|
| Yes, easily | | |
| Yes, with difficulty | 2 | |
| No | | |

QN28 What is it you find difficult with numbers and simple arithmetic? Do you find it difficult to....READ OUT AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

| Yes | No | Don't know |
|-----|----|------------|
|-----|----|------------|

....recognise and understand numbers when you

| see them | 1 | (66) NSS 1266 |
|-----------|---|--|
| add up | 1 | (67)NSS1267 |
| take away | | (68) NSS1268 |
| divide | | (67)NSS 1267 (68)NSS 1268 (69)NSS 1269 |

QN29 Have you been on any courses or classes since leaving school to help you get better at numbers or simple arithmetic?

| (| (70) . 1 | ASK QN30 | NSSR70 |
|----|-------------|----------|----------------|
| No | | | RUCTION BEFORE |

QN30 What type of classes/courses were these? RECORD VERBATIM

| DETAILS NOT CODED | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
|---|---|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | |

INTERVIEWER CHECK QN1, QN15 AND QN24

| | CODE 1 OR 2 BELOW: Respondent has problems with reading, writing or arithmetic (Code 1 at QN1, | (73) | NSS12= | +3 | |
|-------|--|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | codes 1, 2 or 3 at QN15 or code 1 at QN24) | 1 | ASK QN31 | | |
| | Respondent has no problems (Code 2, 3 or 4 at QN1, | | | | |
| | codes 4, 5, 6 at QN15 and codes 2, 3 at QN24 | 2 | GO TO QN36 | • | |
| QN31 | Thinking about problems you have experience always had these kinds of problems or have | they come about re | | iave you | |
| | Always had these problems | | NSSI274 | | |
| QN32 | How often did you receive special help at sc occasionally or never? COMPLETE AS APPR | OPRIATE | | | |
| | Regularly | Occassionally | Never | NĄ | |
| | IF CODE 1 AT QN01 Reading | SR7:5. 2 | 3 | 4 | (75) |
| | Writing 1 NS | \$127.6.2 | 3 | 4 | (76) |
| | IF CODE 1 AT QN24 Number work 1 NS | \$1277.2 | 3 | 4 | (77) |
| QN 33 | Thinking back over the last 5 years (since problems have got less, not changed, or got Problems got less | worse? CODE ON (78) | | _ | • |
| | Not changed | 3 | | | |
| | | | CARD 13 | | 9 |
| QN34 | I'd now like to ask you about some of the effe Do they make it difficult for you toREAD | | s have for you Ir | your everyd | ay life. |
| | • | Yes No | Not applic | able | |
| | get a new job if you want one? cope with a job if you have one? | .1 | | VSS1311 | (10) (11) |
| | to get on and get promotion in a job? manage your household business? | .1 | | 1551312 | (12) (13) |
| | help children read or learn things? to do the kinds of things you'd like | .12 | | NSS1314 | (14) |
| | to do in your spare time?to to communicate with official people? to get your point of view across when | . 1 2 . 1 2 | | 4551315 4551316 | (15) (16) |
| | to do other things | | | | (17) (18) |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | | | | |
| | DETAILS NOT (| <u>oded</u> | | | |
| | | м. М | ·. | | |
| | | | | · | (19) |

QN35 Is there anything that you find you are able to do in order to reduce the effect that these problems have for you in your everyday life?

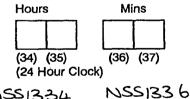
| Yes | (20) 1 | NSS 1320 |
|---|-----------|----------|
| | • • | |
| | | |
| DETAILS NOT CODED | •• | |
| | | |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | •• | |
| | | • |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | •• | |
| No, able to do nothing | | |

ASK ALL

QN36 In general, which of the following did you have in your home, on a regular basis, while you were at secondary school?

| | Yes | No | Don't know | |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| A daily newspaper A weekly newspaper Magazines Comic books | 1 1 | 2 2 | 3NSS1323 3NSS1324 | (22) (23) (24) (25) |
| A selection of other books in your home, say 25 or more An encyclopedia A dictionary A radio or stereo A television A typewriter A telephone A computer | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 3 NSS1327 3 NSS1328 3 NSS1329 3 NSS1330 3NSS1331 3NSS1332 | (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) |

TIME INTERVIEW FINISHED:



NSS1334

LENGTH OF QUESTIONNAIRE:



Interviewer Declaration: I confirm that I have conducted this interview face-to-face with the above named person and that I asked all the relevant questions and recorded the answers conformance with the survey in full specifications and in accordance with the MRS code of conduct.

Date

Interviewer Signature

Interviewer Name

Interviewer No:

| | | | | \square |
|-----|------|------|------|-----------|
| 40) | (41) | (42) | (43) | (44) |

NSS1340 END INTERVIEW AND CONDUCT ASSESSMENTS

3.5 Literacy and numeracy assessment

| | | CA | RD | 1 | | | 1 | 9 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| MORI/8722 | Serial Number: | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| LITERACY & NUMERACY A | SSESSMENTS | (, | () | (/ | (, | (*) | () | (, |
| NAME | | • • • | | | | | | |
| ADDRESS | | ••• | | • | | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ••• | • • • | • | | | | |
| • | ••••••••• | • • • | | • | | | | |
| TEL | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

READ OUT

Most people find some types of reading or numberwork easier to do than other types. Different people have difficulty with different things. We would like to find out a little more about the things that you find easy or difficult to do.

I would like you to look at some cards like this (SHOWCARD A) and answer some questions about them. You do not have to read them out loud to me. You can look at the cards whenever you like - this is not a test of memory. People have different ways of reading, some people want to read the text fully before being asked the questions, others want to scan the text and then look back after being asked the questions. It doesn't matter how you want to do it. You can take as much time as you like and "pass" if you do not know the answer. You can ask me to repeat questions, but I cannot tell you if you get an answer right or wrong.

Most people find that they enjoy this. Shall we start?

Interviewer Declaration: I confirm that I have conducted this interview face-to-face with the above named person and that I asked all the relevant questions and recorded the answers in full conformance with the survey specifications and in accordance with the MRS code of conduct.

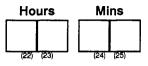
Date

Interviewer Signature

Interviewer No:



TIME AT START OF ASSESSMENT USE LEADING ZEROS



(24 hour clock time)

ASSESSMENT TASK 1

FOUNDATION

ADVERT

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW INTERVIEWEE THE NEWSPAPER ADVERT FOR A CONCERT. (CARD A). WHEN THEY HAVE READ IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

I'd like to start by asking you to do some reading. There is nothing to write. Read the advert to yourself and then when you are ready I will ask you a couple of questions about it. You don't need to read it to me.

-

-

. . .

- Q1 Now you have had a look at the advert, can you tell me where the concert is being held? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 Who will be playing at the concert? Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

| | | Correct | Incorrect | NA |
|-------------|---|---------|-----------|--------|
| Answer 1 | Birmingham National Exhibition Centre/ | | | |
| | Birmingham NEC/National Exhibition Centre/ NEC | L 1 | 2 | 3 (26) |
| Answer 2 | The Firm | 1 | 2 | 3 (27) |
| Performance | e criterion: Both correct | Yes | No | |
| | | 1 | 2 | (28) |

READING A LETTER

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW THE INTERVIEWEE THE LETTER (CARD B). WHEN THEY HAVE READ IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

Now I would like you to do some more reading. Read this letter from a neighbour and when you are ready I will ask you some questions about it. You don't need to read it to me.

Now that you have read the letter, can you tell me

- What does Jo want Pat to do for her? Q1 Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Why does she ask Pat to do the shopping? O2 Interviewee answers. Thank you
- At what time does Jo expect to return home? O3 Interviewee answers. Thankyou.

Assessment guidelines

| Assessment g | indefinity | Correct | Incorrect | Not Attempted |
|--------------|--|---------|-----------|------------------|
| Answer 1 | She wants her to do some shopping for her/buy some items for her | 1 | 2 | 3 (29) |
| Answer 2 | Because she is going to be home late. | 1 | 2 | 3 (30) |
| Answer 3 | At about 9 o'clock (this evening). | 1 | 2 | 3 (31) |

| Performance criterion: Two or more correct | YES | NO | | |
|--|-----|----|---|------|
| | | | 2 | (32) |

CHANGING BATTERIES

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW THE INTERVIEWEE THE INSTRUCTIONS (CARD C). WHEN THEY HAVE LOOKED AT IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

Sometimes we have to follow instructions given through pictures and writing. Here are some instructions for replacing a battery in a transistor radio. Please look at the four pictures and read the instructions and when you are ready, I will ask you some questions about them.

Now that you have looked at the instructions:

- Q1 Where is the battery compartment to be found? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 Which of the old batteries should be removed first? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q3 Which of the three new batteries should be inserted last? Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

| indenines | Correct | Incorrect | NA |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| On the back of the transistor. | 1 | 2 | 3 (33) |
| The middle (or central) battery. | 1 | 2 | 3 (34) |
| The middle (or central) battery. | 1 | 2 | 3 (35) |
| | | | |
| | On the back of the transistor. The middle (or central) battery. | CorrectOn the back of the transistor. \Box^1 The middle (or central) battery. \Box^1 | CorrectIncorrectOn the back of the transistor. 1 2 The middle (or central) battery. 1 2 |

Performance criterion: Two or more correct

| YES | NO | |
|-----|----|--|
| 1 | 2 | |

(36)

NEWSPAPER EXTRACT

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW THE INTERVIEWEE THE NEWSPAPER EXTRACT (CARD D). WHEN THEY HAVE LOOKED AT IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This time I would like you to read an extract from a newspaper.

- Q1 Now that you have looked at the newspaper extract, can you tell me what are we told about Whisky's condition when she walked into the distillery in Scotland? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 How did she survive without food? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q3 Where is Whisky now? Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

| | | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|----------|---|---------|-----------|----|------|
| Answer 1 | She was very much the worse for wea unsteady on her feet. | r/ 🔲 1 | 2 | 3 | (37) |
| Answer 2 | She licked the dregs from the barrel. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (38) |
| Answer 3 | In a cattery or in Scotland (words to that effect). | 1 | 2 | 3 | (39) |

Performance criterion: Two or more correct

| YES | NO |
|-----|----|
| 1 | 2 |

(40)

CONSULTING YELLOW PAGES

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE THE YELLOW PAGES EXTRACTS (SHEETS Ea, Eb, Ec, Ed and Ee). WHEN THEY HAVE LOOKED AT THEM, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

The Yellow Pages issued by British Telecom are helpful if we want to locate a business of any kind.

- Q1 Look at the index papers of the Yellow Pages and tell me which page the details of plumbers is on? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 What is the telephone number of a Plumber in the Chiswick area Interviewee answers. Thank you.

| Assessment guidelines | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|---------|-----------|----|------|
| | | | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
| Answer 1 | Page 817 (| Plumbers) | 1 | 2 | 3 | (41) |
| Answer 2 | Any of | 081 948 8486 081 998 8412 081 998 5600 081 943 4525 081 995 4135 Cellnet (0860) 822285 | 1 | 2 | 3 | (42) |
| Performance | e criterion: Bo | th correct | | | | (43) |

CONSERVATION ARTICLE

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE INTERVIEWEE THE ARTICLE (CARD F) AND WHEN THEY HAVE READ IT ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ABOUT IT.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

Next I would like you to look through an article about conservation. I will then ask some questions about it.

- Q1 Now that you have looked through the article, approximately how many different types of grass are there in the world? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 Can you tell me the names of three types of cereal? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q3 Which cereal grows well in poor, sandy soil? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q4 How is flour made from wheat? Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

| | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|---|---------|-----------|----|------|
| Answer 1 There are approximately 10,000 types of grasses. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (44) |
| Answer 2 Any three of wheat, rice, maize, barley, oats & rye. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (45) |
| Answer 3 Rye. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (46) |
| Answer 4 Ears of wheat are ground to make flour. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (47) |
| | | | | |
| Performance criterion: Three or more correct. | | | | (48) |

READING INFORMATION ABOUT A TOWN

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE (CARD G). WHEN THEY HAVE READ IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

The next bit of reading is about employment in Washington new town. It contains statistics and charts. Please look through it and I will ask you some questions about it.

- Q1 Now that you have read about Washington new town, can you tell me during the period 1965-1982 in which year do the statistics show the greatest amount of new factory space being made available?
 Interviewee answers.
 Thank you.
- Q2 What percentage of people, according to the charts, work in the Town Centre and in the Concord Centre and other villages? Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q3 How do we know that the pedestrian walkways have proved very successful? Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

Answer 1 1970.

Answer 2 40% or 21% + 19%

Answer 3 Because more than one third of workers, who lived in the new town, walked to work.

Performance criterion: Two or more correct

| Correct | t Incorrect | NA | |
|---------|-------------|----|------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | (49) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | (50) |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | (51) |
| | | | |
| YES | NO | | |

2

(52)

1

HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE ARTICLE (CARDS Ha & Hb) TO INTERVIEWEE AND WHEN THEY HAVE READ IT, ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ABOUT IT.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

Now I would like you to extract and interpret information from passages from a report, with charts and graphs. Please, read this passage from "Social Trends" and then answer some questions on what you have read.

Now you have read the article, please tell me whether, according to the article, the following information is true or false.

- Q1 Between 1971 and 1991 the number of divorces has more than trebled. Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q2 Since 1971 there has been a decrease in the number of people living alone. Interviewee answers. Thank you.
- Q3 In 1991 just over 17 per cent of families with dependent children were headed by a lone mother. Interviewee answers. Thank you.

Assessment guidelines

| | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|--|----------|-----------|----|------|
| Answer 1 False | 1 | 2 | 3 | (53) |
| Answer 2 False | <u> </u> | 2 | 3 | (54) |
| Answer 3 True | 1 | 2 | 3 | (55) |
| Performance criterion: Two or more correct | | | | (56) |

COMPLETING A JOB APPLICATION FORM

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW INTERVIEWEE THE FORM. WHEN THEY HAVE LOOKED AT IT, THEY ARE ASKED TO COMPLETE IT. EXPLAIN ANY WORDS OR PHRASES THAT ARE UNCLEAR.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

When you apply for a job you usually have to complete an application form. I would like you to look at this form and complete it. The job is to organise a summer camp for disabled children.

Q1 Now that you have looked at the form, please complete it. When you get to the 'Previous Experience' section I will give you some information that I want you to put in. (IF NECESSARY: If any words or phrases are unclear, let me know and I will explain them.) Interviewee answers. Thank you.

WAIT FOR RESPONDENT TO REACH "PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE" SECTION AND THEN ASK Q2

Q2 Please say that you have had previous experience in helping to organise a summer camp for disabled children. You have also had temporary work in a supermarket which involved dealing with the public. Interviewee answers. Thank you.

INTERVIEWER REMARKS (COMPLETE EVEN IF TEST ENDED PREMATURELY)

Q1 TIME AT COMPLETION OF LITERACY TASKS

Q3



(59) (60)

Mins

(24 hour clock time)

Q2 a) Was anyone else present in the room during the administration of this section?

| | (61) |
|-----|-----------------------|
| YES | . <u>1 GOT TO Q2b</u> |
| NO | . 2 GO TO Q3 |

b) IF OTHERS PRESENT: ENTER NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CODE EFFECT ON COHORT MEMBER'S PERFORMANCE

| | EFFECT ON RESPONDENT'S PERFORMANCE |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| NO. OF PERSONS | Seemed to None Seemed to |
| (USE LEADING ZERO) | <u>be harmful observable improve</u> |
| | |
| ADULTS $(62)(63)$ | 1 2 |
| CHILDREN (64) (65) | 1 2 |
| a) Was this section ended pren | |
| | (68) |
| YES | <u>1 GO TO Q3b</u> |
| NO | 2GO TO NOs |
| | SECTION |
| b) Reason for premature termin | nation of this section. |
| Cohort member asked to ter | minate |
| Cohort member became unc | omfortable |
| | |
| and interviewer suggested te | |
| Major interruption caused te | ermination |
| Other (WRITE IN AND CO | DDE 4) 4 |
| | |
| | |
| MOVE ON TO NUMBERS | SECTION |

SHOPPING FOR A NEIGHBOUR

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD I. ASK THE QUESTION FAIRLY SLOWLY AND REPEAT IT IF NECESSARY. THE INTERVIEWEE MAY <u>NOT</u> USE A CALCULATOR FOR THIS QUESTION.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

The next part is to find out how happy you are using numbers in a variety of different situations. The first one is about money. I am going to ask you a question and then I want you to tell me the answer.

We are neighbours, you have offered to do some shopping for me. People sometimes make mistakes when handling money. The price of the items is on the card.

Q1 You have bought me a loaf of bread and two tins of soup. If I give you £2 how much change should you give me?

| Assessment guidelines | Correct | Incorrect | NA |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|
| Answer 1 42p given | 1 | 2 | 3 (70) |
| Performance criterion: Item correct. | | | (71) |

PLANNING A ROUTE FOR A JOB INTERVIEW

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD J. READ OUT THE QUESTIONS SLOWLY. MAKE SURE THEY HAVE A PENCIL AND PAPER.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

The next question is about planning a route to a job interview in Almsford and working out how long it will take to get there.

You need to work out which train to take for a job interview in Almsford at 11.30. However, you want to arrive early, at 11.15 and there is a ten minute walk from the station to the company's offices. Look at the timetable on this Card (J) to answer the following questions. You will take the train from Newgate Station.

Q1 Work out which train you need so that you arrive at the company by 11.15.

Q2 What time will you arrive at the company?

| Assessment g | uidelines | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----|------|
| Answer 1 | Selects the 10.32 train from Newgate | 1 | 2 | 3 | (72) |
| Answer 2 | Calculates arrival time as 11.05 | 1 | 2 | 3 | (73) |
| | | | | | |

| Performance criterion: | One or more answers correct. | YES | NO | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----|----|------|
| | | 1 | 2 | (74) |

THE AMOUNT OF FLOOR SPACE IN A ROOM

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD K. READ THE QUESTION SLOWLY. THE INTERVIEWEE MAY USE A CALCULATOR - RECORD WHETHER THEY DO USE A CALCULATOR IN THE BOXES BELOW.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This question asks you to calculate the area of a room. Here is a diagram of the room with the measurements. Please calculate the floor area of the room. You may use a calculator from now on.

| Assessment guidelines | Correct | Incorrect | NA |
|---|---------|-------------|--------|
| 294 Square feet | 1 | 2 | 3 (75) |
| Performance criterion: Right answer | | | (76) |
| Calculation correct but omitted "square feet" | | NO 2 | (77) |
| Used Calculator | | | (78) |

AN EVENING WITH FRIENDS

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD L. READ THE QUESTION SLOWLY.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

Now I would like you to imagine that you and some friends are going to watch some videos.

The whole group decides to order some take-away pizza while watching the videos. There will be six of you in total and you have decided to split the costs equally between you.

Two videos were hired for the evening. Each video costs £2.50 for the evening. The pizza costs £19.66 in total for all six people.

Q1 What is the total cost ?

Q2 Work out exactly how much each person has to pay.

You may use a calculator.

| Assessment gi | ıidelines | | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|------------------|------|
| Answer 1 | Calculates tota | l as £24.66 | 1 | 2 | 3 | (10) |
| Answer 2 | Calculates tot (N.B. need ex | al per person as £4.11 act answer) | 1 | 2 | 3 | (11) |
| Performance | criterion: | Both correct. | Y [| | NO 2 | (12) |
| | | Used Calculator. | Y [| | NO 2 2 | (13) |

9

CARD 2

POND LINER

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD M. READ THE QUESTIONS SLOWLY.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This time I want you to imagine you are going to dig a pond in a garden. You need to work out the area of the pondliner required. On this sheet there is a diagram of the pond.

The sheet also gives a gardening magazine's instructions for working out the amount of liner required. Work out the amount of liner you will need for this pond.

Assume that your pond is going to be two feet deep. Please go ahead and calculate the area of the pond liner you need.

| Assessment guidelines | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|----|------|
| | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
| 45 Square feet | 1 | 2 | 3 | (14) |
| Performance criterion: Right answer | | NO 2 | | (15) |
| Calculation correct but omitted "square feet" | YES | | | (16) |

| Used Calculator | YES | NO | |
|-----------------|-----|----|------|
| | 1 | 2 | (17) |

COUNCIL SPENDING

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD N. READ THE QUESTIONS SLOWLY.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This is about extracting information about council spending from a chart.

- Q1 What was the 1993 Education spending, to the nearest million pounds?
- Q2 What was the 1994 Fire department spending, to the nearest million pounds?
- Q3 Which department spent nearly £6 million in 1994?

| Assessment gu | idelines | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|---------------|--|---------|-------------|----|------|
| Answer 1 | £24m to the nearest £million N.B incorrect if gives exact answers | 1 | 2 | 3 | (18) |
| Answer 2 | £2m to the nearest £million N.B incorrect if gives exact answers | 1 | 2 | 3 | (19) |
| Answer 3 | Housing | 1 | 2 | 3 | (20) |
| | | | | | |
| Performance | criterion: Three items correct. | | NO 2 | | (21) |

AT THE RESTAURANT

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER GIVE THE INTERVIEWEE CARD O. READ THE QUESTION SLOWLY.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

The next question is about two families together at a restaurant. This is what they have ordered.

Q1 What is the total bill, including a 12¹/₂% service charge, going to be?

| Assessment gu | idelines | | Correct] | ncorrect | NA | |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|----|------|
| Answer 1 | £53.92 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | (22) |
| Performance | criterion: | Right answer | | NO 2 | | (23) |
| | | Used Calculator | | NO 2 | | (24) |

BUYING FURNITURE ON CREDIT

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

GIVE INTERVIEWEE CARD P. READ THE QUESTIONS SLOWLY. A CALCULATOR MAY BE USED.

THE RESPONDENT MAY NOT CHANGE THEIR ANSWER TO Q1 AFTER ANSWERING Q2. MARK THEIR FIRST ANSWER

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This time you are deciding whether to pay for a new suite of furniture by taking out a bank loan or using the store's hire purchase scheme. The suite costs $\pounds 2000$ and you want to pay for it over two years. Find out which is cheapest: the bank loan or the hire purchase scheme by answering these questions.

- Q1 Which is the cheapest way of paying monthly?
- Q2 Which is the cheapest way of paying overall?
- Q3 And by how much cheaper is it overall?

Assessment guidelines

| | | Correct | Incorrect | NA | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------|------|
| Answer 1 | Bank loan | 1 | 2 | 3 | (25) |
| Answer 2 | Bank loan | 1 | 2 | 3 | (26) |
| Answer 3 | £21.12 (Need exact answer) | 1 | 2 | 3 | (27) |
| Performance | e criterion: Three correct | | | NO 2 | (28) |
| | Used Calculator | | | NO | (29) |

LEVEL 2

BASICS

INSTRUCTION TO INTERVIEWER

SHOW INTERVIEWEE CARD Q. READ QUESTIONS SLOWLY. A CALCULATOR MAY BE USED.

INTRODUCTORY SCRIPT

This is about what people spend on food, fuel and shelter - the basic necessities of life.

- Q1 What percentage of income does a UK person earning £10,000 per year spend on basics?
- Q2 What percentage of income does someone in the USA earning £30,000 per year spend on basics?
- Q3 What does the second graph tell us about the relationship between earnings and cost of living since 1993?
- Q4 What was the percentage difference between the rise in earnings and the rise in the cost of living in 1994?

| Assessment gu | ıidelines | | Correct | ncorrect | NA | |
|---------------|-------------|--|----------------|-------------|----|------|
| Answer 1 | About 65% | | 1 | 2 | 3 | (30) |
| Answer 2 | About 65% | | 1 | 2 | 3 | (31) |
| Answer 3 | Earnings ha | ve risen faster than the cost te 1988 | 1 | 2 | 3 | (32) |
| Answer 4 | 4-5% | | 1 | 2 | 3 | (33) |
| | | | | | | |
| Performance | criterion: | Three or more correct. | | NO 2 | | (34) |
| | Use | d Calculator | | | | (35) |

INTERVIEWER REMARKS (COMPLETE EVEN IF TEST ENDED PREMATURELY)

Q1 TIME AT COMPLETION OF NUMERACY TASKS $\prod_{(36) (37)}^{\text{Hours}}$



(24 hour clock time)

Q2 a) Was anyone else present in the room during the administration of this section?

| (40) |) |
|-------|------------|
| YES 1 | GO TO Q2b |
| NO 2 | 2 GO TO Q3 |

b) IF OTHERS PRESENT: ENTER NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CODE EFFECT ON COHORT MEMBER'S PERFORMANCE

EFFECT ON RESPONDENT'S PERFORMANCE

| NO. OF PERSONS (USE LEADING ZERO) | Seemed to be harmful | None <u>observable</u> | Seemed to improve | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----|
| ADULTS $(41) (42)$ | 1 | 2 | 3 (* | 45) |
| CHILDREN (43) (44) | 1 | 2 | 3 (4 | 46) |
| a) Was this section terminated | l prematurely? | (47) | | |
| YES | | 1 | GO TO Q3b | |
| | •••••••••• | | END | |
| b) Reason for premature termi | nation of this sect | ion. | | |
| | | (48) | | |
| Cohort member asked to ter | | 1 | | |
| Cohort member became und | | | | |
| and interviewer suggested te | | | | |
| Major interruption caused to | ermination | 3 | | |
| Other (WRITE IN AND Co | ODE 4) | 4 | | |
| | | • • • • • • | | |

Q3

3.6 Literacy and numeracy assessment showcards



Dear Pat,

As I am going to be late home from work today I would be very grateful if you could buy some items for me on your regular trip to the supermarket. I shall need:

a large loaf of sliced brown bread

a jar of marmalade

a packet of cornflakes

1 pound of apples

1 packet (1 kg) of basmati rice

2 small plain yoghurts

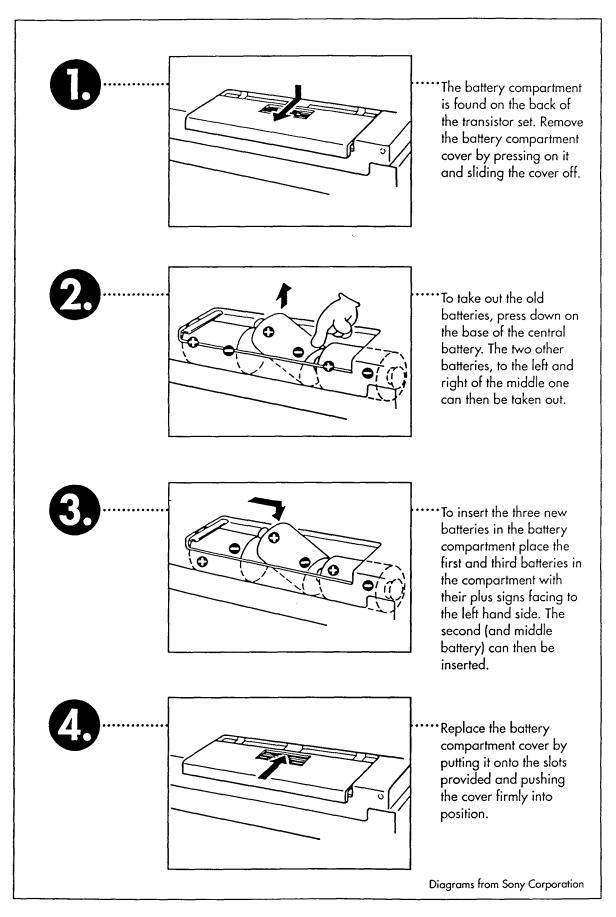
l enclose £10.00 to cover the cost of these items.

I hope to see you at about 9 o'clock this evening.

Thank you very much for your kindness.

Jo

ASSESSMENT 3



The Stowaway Cat

Whisky the cat had only planned to curl up for a quick snooze after a night on the tiles in Louisville, Kentucky. She ended up nursing a bad hangover after spending thirty days in a used whisky barrel while crossing the Atlantic Ocean by ship.

The young black and white cat survived without food by licking the dregs from the wooden barrel. When she walked unsteadily into the whisky distillery in Keith, Scotland, she was very much the worse for wear. "She was struggling to get to her feet, not just through lack of food, but because she would also have been somewhat affected by the whisky", said company boss John Watson.

The police, who were called to look into this unlawful entry, said cat stowaways are usually destroyed. But the company decided to spare what was left of Whisky the cat's nine lives.

"It seemed the only decent thing to do after all she has been through. It's amazing that she's still alive."

Whisky is now serving out her time in a cattery. She had lost weight during the journey by ship but was able to get vital nourishment from the whisky dregs.

Adapted from report by Angelia Johnson The Guardian, 17.6.93

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| Landscapers WATER HEATERS See: Electrical appliance retailers Electrical appliance retailers Gas appliances-supply & maintenance Heating eqpt-gas Plumbers' merchants WATER METERS See: Meter mfrs & installers Water conservation & management WATER SOFTENERS WATER SOFTENERS WATER SUPPLY COMPANIES WATER SUPPLY COMPANIES WATER SUPPLY COMPANIES WATER TREATMENT WATERBEDS See also: Beds & bedding WATERCRESS GROWERS WATERPROOF CLOTHING See: Rainwear WATERPROOF COVERS See also: Damp proofing & control WATERPROOFING SERVICES See also: Damp proofing & control WAX MFRS & MERCHANTS WEATING-COMMISSION WEATING-COMMISSION WEATING SERVICES See also: Bridal wear Horse drawn cartiages Vintage & classic car hire WEIGHBRIDGE MAKERS See Cales: & weighing eqpt See: Scales & weighing eqpt See: Scales & weighing eqpt See: Consumer organisations | 648 413 415 542 584 840 693 1150 1151 1151 1151 1151 1152 76 1152 871 1035 1035 1152 1157 |

| WELDING EQPT & TOOLS See also: Engineers' merchants & | 1158 |
|---|---------------------|
| supplies Plant & machinery dealers | 439 812 |
| Plant & machinery repairs WELFARE ORGANISATIONS | 812 |
| <i>See:</i> Charitable organisations Social service & welfare organisations | 254 981 |
| WELL BORING EQPT MFRS See: Irrigation systems & eqpt mfrs | 635 |
| WELLBORERS & SINKERS See: Drilling contractors | 401 |
| WHEEL CLAMPS See: Traffic control eqpt | 1070 |
| WHEEL MFRS | 1158 |
| WHEELBARROW See: Truck, barrow & trolley makers WHEELCHAIRS | 1085 |
| See: Disabled-eqpt & vehicles | 363 |
| WHISKY BLENDERS WHISKY MERCHANTS | 1158 |
| See also: Wine & spirit merchants-wh'sale WHOLEFOODS | 1174 |
| See: Health food mfrs & suppliers Health food shops | 582 582 |
| Organic foods WIG MAKERS & RENOVATORS | 757 1158 |
| See also: Hairpiece mfrs & importers Hairpiece & wig retailers | 577 577 |
| WILDLIFE PARKS See: Nature & wildlife parks | 725 |
| Tourist attractions Zoos | 1067 1180 |
| WILLS See: Legal services | 658 |
| Solicitors WINCH MFRS | 983 1158 |
| See also: Lifting gear | 662 |
| WINDMILLS & WINDPOWER EQPT WINDOW CLEANERS | 1158 1158 |
| See also: Cleaning & maintenance services | 266 |
| Office cleaners WINDOW CONSULTANTS | 736 1159 |
| <i>See also:</i> Builders Double glazing installers Leaded lights & windows | 92 376 |
| WINDOW DISPLAY SUPPLIES | 658 |
| See: Shop fitting mfrs Shop fitting suppliers | 967 967 |
| WINDOW DRESSERS See also: Display contractors | 1160 367 |
| WINDOW FILM See: Blinds & awnings | 81 |
| Energy conservation systems WINDOW FRAME & ACCESSORY MFRS | $\frac{437}{1160}$ |
| WINDOW MFRS-SPECIAL PURPOSE See also: Joinery mfrs | 1161 638 |
| Leaded lights & windows WINDSCREEN SERVICES | 658 |
| See also: Garage services Glass-safety | 1161 516 560 |
| WINDSCREEN-MFRS | |
| See: Glass-safety WINDSURFING | 560 |
| See: Watersports WINE BARS | 1151 1174 |
| WINE MAKING & BREWING SUPPLIES | 1174 |
| WINE PRODUCERS & VINEYARDS WINE & SPIRIT IMPORTERS | 1174 1174 |
| WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS See: Off licences & wine merchants | 734 |
| WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS-WH'SALE | |
| WIPING CLOTHS See: Cleaning rags & waste | 274 |
| WIRE & CABLE MFRS-INSULATED WIRE GOODS MFRS | 1174 1174 |
| WIRE MFRS | 1174 |
| WIRE MFRS-INSULATED See: Wire & cable mfrs-insulated | 1174 |
| WIRE ROPE MERCHANTS See: Rope merchants-fibre & wire | 929 |
| WIRE ROPE MFRS WIREWORKERS & WIRE WEAVERS | 1175 1175 |
| WIRING & ASSEMBLING See: Assembly & fabricating work | 53 |
| WOOD CARVERS | 1175 |
| WOOD PRESERVATION See also: Damp proofing & control | 1175 334 |
| See also: Damp proofing & control Woodworm & dry rot control WOOD TURNERS | 334 1175 1175 |
| WOODWARE | 1175 |
| | |

PLUMBERS



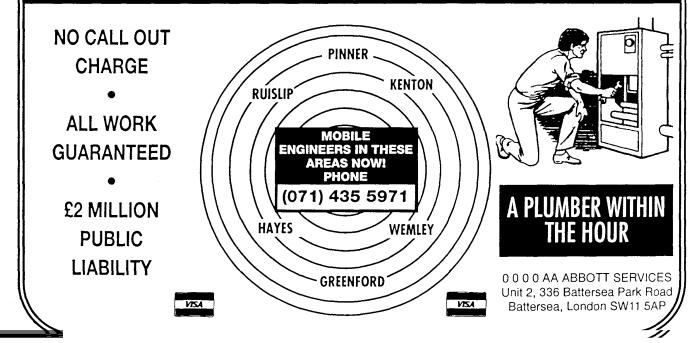
Head Office 291 Rayners Lane, Pinner

CARD Ee

| PLUMBING PROBLEMS? • BURST PIPES TANKS • CENTRAL HEATING • BOILER DIAGNOSIS • DRAINS ONE HOUR EMERGENCY SERVICE 24 HOUR A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK RING ANYTIME ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR MINIMUM ALL PRICES AGREED IN ADVANCE 081-998 3540/081-998 6372 001 AALECTRON PLUMBING CORGI REGISTERED MEMBER NO 17802 SUPERTAON UTO, MEM FEDERATION OF MASTER BUILDERS 1927 FOSSE WAY. EALING WI3 08Z | OO1 A. ANDREWS EST 1977 EMERGENCY PLUMBING BOILER SPECIALISTS BURST PIPES + BOILERS REPAIRED DRAIN CLEANING LOWEST HOURLY RATES WE NEVER CLOSE 081-575 2491 11 ST. PETERS ROAD, SOUTHALL | All Small Electrical Repairs Commercial and Domestic General Electrical Work, Alarm Systems Head Office: 348 Chaddow Rd, Bristol BS1 BPT |
|--|---|--|
| 19/21 FOSSE WAT, EACHING WIS UG2 101 A. Albert Plumbing & Heating. 291 Alexandra Avenue, Harrow HA2 081 440 3221 081 440 3221 071 431 48558 24 Hour Plumbing & Heating Co. Bystan House, 1a Elstan Place, SW 3. 071 731 7597 071 191 18558 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 5. 100 Fortune Green Rd, NW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, NW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, NW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 5. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, NW 6. 101 A. Albert Plumbing K-Hating Service. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 5. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 6. 100 Fortune Green Rd, SW 6. 101 A. Albert Plumbing K-Hating Service. 102 General Plumbing K-Bathrooms 44 Byron Rd. Wembley, HA0 3PD 081-904 5413 AC Contractors. 11 Stapenbiil Rd, Wembley, HA0 081-904 3502 AJLC All Types Plumbing & Central Heating 25 Hartswood Road London W12 081-740 5171 <td>1A AEC PLUMBERS EALING, ACTON & CHISWICK 1 HOUR INSTANT SERVICE • BURST PIPES • BLOCKED DRAINS • CENTRAL HEATING ETC 081-998 8412 081-998 5600 Z4 MADELEY ROAD, EALING W5</td> <td>HAMAGESANTTH OST.7417752 HAMAGESANTTH OST.741752 RUISLING HARROW OBI-845 8105 HARROW OBI-843 8105 HARROW OBI-</td> | 1A AEC PLUMBERS EALING, ACTON & CHISWICK 1 HOUR INSTANT SERVICE • BURST PIPES • BLOCKED DRAINS • CENTRAL HEATING ETC 081-998 8412 081-998 5600 Z4 MADELEY ROAD, EALING W5 | HAMAGESANTTH OST.7417752 HAMAGESANTTH OST.741752 RUISLING HARROW OBI-845 8105 HARROW OBI-843 8105 HARROW OBI- |

24 HOUR PLUMBING SERVICE

TOILETS • TANKS • TAPS • LEAKS • BURSTS BOILERS • RADIATORS • PUMPS • BLOCKED DRAINS WASTE DISPOSAL UNITS • IMMERSION HEATERS • BALL VALVES



PLUMBERS



LOOK FOR THESE SIGNS OF COMPETENCE AND RESPONSIBILITY

Those listed below are a selection of IOP Registered Plumbers and Companies who undertake to carry out work to high standards



The Institute of Plumbing, 64 Station Lane, Hornchurch, Essex RM12 6NB

*Emergency Service Emergency Service

| CHISWICK | *M.J. Williams, RP |
|--|--|
| *J. Skinner, RP | M.J. Williams & Son |
| J. Skinner Plumbing & Heating | 25 Glamas Crescent 081-561 6509 |
| 2 Winston Walk | UB3 1QA Vodafone (0836) 552904 |
| Acton Green 081-995 4135 | |
| W4 5SN Cellnet (0860) 822285 | ISLEWORTH |
| | J.G. Fielder, RP |
| EDGWARE | 53 Talbot Road 081-892 3088 |
| L.R. Gold, Eng Tech MIP RP | TW7 7HG Vodafone (0831) 336883 |
| L.R. Gold (Plumbing & Heating) | KINGSBURY |
| 54 Farm Road HA8 9LT 081-958 9300 | G.F. Mcmullan, RP |
| | G.M. Plumbing & Heating Co |
| *M.H. Luke, RP | 32a Leith Close |
| All-Ways (Emergency) | Kingsbury 081-205 5280 |
| 111 Beverley Drive 081-952 5200 | NW9 8DE Cellnet (0860) 519741 |
| HA8 5NH Cellnet (0860) 462008 | NW2 |
| Plumbing, Heating & Cleaning Services incl Boiler & | D. Cheese, RP |
| Saniflo Maintenance. CORGI Registered | David Cheese Plumbing & Heating |
| D.W. Smith, RP | 71 Prayle Grove |
| 186 Broadfields Avenue | Cricklewood NW2 1BB 081-458 9293 |
| HA8 8TF 081-958 3868 | |
| | NW6 |
| FULHAM | *D. Sanford, MIP RP |
| R.W. Barron, Eng Tech MIP RP | Sanden Plumbing Co Ltd |
| Barron Building Services | 202 West End Lane |
| 92 Stephendale Road | Hampstead NW6 1SG 071-794 0064 |
| SW6 2PQ 071-731 2561 | NW7 |
| A.D. Williams, RP | M.P. Rudd, RP |
| A.D. Williams Plumbing & Heating | Rudd Engineering Ltd |
| 57 Cuckoo Avenue | 12 Fernside Avenue |
| W7 1BW 081-578 5237 | NW7 3BD 081-959 8181 |
| W7 1DW 001-378 3237 | |
| HARROW | NW9 |
| P.L. Brown, Eng Tech MIP RP | *J.F. Green, MIP RP |
| Peter Brown Plumbing & Heating Contractors | J.F. Green Plumbing & Heating Engineer |
| Unit 3 | 42 Mallard Way 081-205 0486 |
| 29/31 Frognal Avenue | Kingsbury NW9 8JH Vodafone (0831) 832770 Any Make – Gas Boiler Serviced/Repaired/Replaced |
| HA1 2SG 081-863 1155 | , , , , |
| Industrial Domestic And Contract Work | NW10 |
| M I Croonwar AIR DD | G.R. Beirens, RP |
| *M.J. Greenyer, AIP RP M. & M. Plumbing & Heating | Walkerfern |
| 115 Learnington Crescent 081-864 6827 | 97 Leigh Gardens |
| HA2 9HJ Vodafone (0831) 320248 | NW10 5HN 081-960 6787 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | SW6 |
| *A.A. Marshall, RP | *T.C. Anderson, AIP, RP |
| A.A. Marshall (Plumbing & Heating) | Anderson & Sons |
| 17 Twyford Road 081-422 0979 | 25 Filmer Road |
| HA2 0SH 081-205 6283 | Fulham SW6 7BP 071-381 3784 |
| *W.P. Murray, RP | Showers, Pumps, Wash Machines, Combination Boilers |
| W. Murray & Associates | Installed, Burst Pipes, Block Drains, 24 Hr Emerg. |
| 54 Headstone Road 081-863 3824 | W5 |
| HA1 1PE Vodafone (0836) 549962 | P.D. Corsini, RP |
| Specialists in Domestic Plumbing and Heating Gas | Berkley Plumbing & Heating |
| Installations | 20 Freeland Road 081-992 2908 |
| *A.S. Patel, RP | W5 3HR Vodafone (0836) 634043 |
| A.P. Plumbing | Plumbing, Heating, Drainage & Leadwork |
| 11 Carlyon Avenue | *Anthony Halvey, RP |
| HA2 8SN 081-422 2145 | Ash Services |
| | 37 Cumberland Road |
| J.A. Sumner, RP | W7 2ED 081-566 2967 |
| L.H. Plumbing & Heating Services Ltd | Bathroom Design & Installation |
| 132-134 Vaughan Road | W12 |
| HA1 4ED 081-864 2311 | *D.A. Coughlan, RP |
| | Anthonies Plumbing & Heating Contractor |
| HAYES | |
| J.F. Heppelthwaite, MIP RP | 20 Foxalove Street |
| J.F. Heppelthwaite Ltd | 20 Foxglove Street Shepherds Bush, W12 80D 081-749 6695 |
| Caxton House | Shepherds Bush, W12 8OD 081-749 6695 |
| Printing House Lane 081-756 1608 | Shepherds Bush, W12 8OD 081-749 6695 NEASDON |
| | Shepherds Bush, W12 8OD 081-749 6695 NEASDON *S.M. Gorsia, RP |
| UB3 1AP 081-573 9410 | Shepherds Bush, W12 8OD 081-749 6695 NEASDON *S.M. Gorsia, RP Plumbing & Heating |
| UB3 1AP 081-573 9410 Heating Installation, Servicing & Repairs, Domestic & Commercial Housing Assoc. Schools | Shepherds Bush, W12 8OD 081-749 6695 NEASDON *S.M. Gorsia, RP |

| NORTHOLT *B.A. Bennett, RP Harrow Plumbing 28 Millway Gardens UB5 5DX Any Emergency – Phone Cellnet (08 | |
|---|---|
| *J.H. Davies, AIP RP Express Plumbing & Drainage 64 Aspen Lane UB5 6XH | 081-841 5094 081-579 5765 |
| NORTHWOOD *S.R. Curtis, AIP RP London & Home Counties Ltd 72 High Street HA6 1BL | (0923) 821262 |
| *I.F. Keene, AIP RP Plumbing & Central Heating Se 67 Stanley Road HA6 1RJ CORGI Registered | ervices (0923) 825075 |
| RICKMANSWORTH *G. Maddison, AIP RP 51 Frankland Road Croxley Green WD3 3AS | (0923) 770167 |
| D.A.W. Stratford, RP 213 Baldwins Lane WD3 3LH *E.A. Tack, RP | (0923) 775600 |
| E.A. Tack, Plumbing & Heating 13 The Greenway WD3 2HX RUISLIP | (0923) 778144 |
| J.F. Flynn, RP J.F. Flynn & Son Plumbing Con 16 Evelyn Avenue HA4 8AS | tractors (0895) 631238 081-569 1670 |
| SOUTH HARROW S.R. Newton, RP 162 Roxeth Green Avenue HA2 0QW | 081-423 3090 |
| SOUTHALL *K.K. Madar, RP K.M. Plumbing 75 Ranelagh Road UB1 1DJ Celinet | 081-843 9365 (0860) 887175 |
| UXBRIDGE *A. Callaby, AIP RP A.C. Home Services 41 Church Road UB8 3NO Domestic Commercial Industrial Plume | (0895) 259178 bing/Heating |
| M.J. Fryer, RP Fryer Plumbing Services 142 Windsor Avenue Hillingdon UB10 9BO G.S. Weekes, RP | (0895) 255435 |
| F & G Weekes 180 Grosvenor Crescent Hillingdon UB10 9EZ | (0895) 259326 |
| | (0895) 449452 (0831) 690564 |

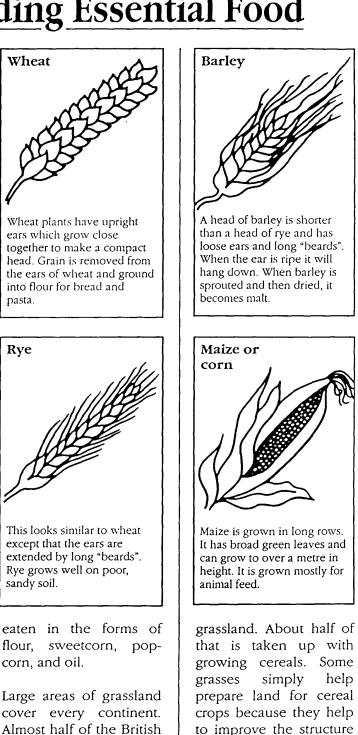
The following article recently appeared in a conservation magazine.

<u>The Importance of Cereal Grasses</u> <u>in Providing Essential Food</u>

landscape consists of

≺HE grass family is one of the most important plant groups in the world. It is a major source of food for humans and animals, and grows with the least encouragement. It helps to prevent topsoil being worn away by the rain and wind. Many people do not realise that there are about 10,000 different species of grass in the world. They can be divided into six main groups: cereals, grazing grasses, sugar cane, turf, ornamental, and woody grasses.

Our need for cereal grasses is very large. Cereal grasses cover over half of the land used to grow food in the world. Cereals include things such as wheat, rice, maize, barley oats and rye. The seeds of wheat make grain which is ground into flour for making bread, noodles, pasta and breakfast cereals. Rice is the staple food for over a third of the world's population. Oats and maize are used to feed animals as well as humans. Oats are used to make things such as porridge, and maize is



of the soil.

CARD G

ASSESSMENT 7

WASHINGTON NEW TOWN

what kinds of job

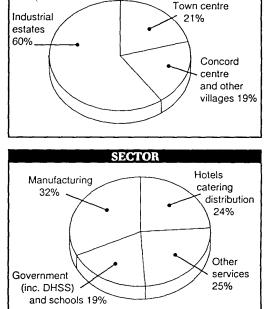
WASHINGTON, County Durham, was planned as a new town in 1964. At that time local unemployment was considered high at 4.5% as a result of a decline in coal mining, shipbuilding and heavy industries.

However, in the period 1965-1982 the population nearly trebled as new employers sought workers. One of the biggest employers, Nissan the motor manufacturers, built their new factory just outside the new town boundary. Firms that supplied parts to Nissan set up in Washington itself.

Of those in employment 44% worked in the new town, while the remainder had jobs outside. More than a third of the workers, who lived in the town, walked to work – a tribute to the new town planners who had provided pedestrian walkways.

Washington new town statistics

Where people work in Washington, and



| Year | Population | New Dwellings | New factory space (m2) |
|------|------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 1965 | 20,000 | 59 | |
| 1966 | 20,298 | 142 | - |
| 1967 | 20,483 | 88 | _ |
| 1968 | 21,182 | 333 | 19,942 |
| 1969 | 22,856 | 797 | 42,013 |
| 1970 | 23,623 | 365 | 63,822 |
| 1971 | 25,200 | 1061 | 12,701 |
| 1972 | 28,566 | 1603 | 39,624 |
| 1973 | 30,609 | 973 | 13,730 |
| 1974 | 33,120 | 1023 | 28,265 |
| 1975 | 37,900 | 1238 | 38,960 |
| 1976 | 41,500 | 1668 | 55,051 |
| 1977 | 46,565 | 1047 | 17,750 |
| 1978 | 47,733 | 685 | 4,598 |
| 1979 | 49,620 | 595 | 11,291 |
| 1980 | 50,100 | 908 | 57,833 |
| 1981 | 51,960 | 952 | 25,030 |
| 1982 | 52,570 | 937 | 24,060 |

ASSESSMENT 8

Households & Families

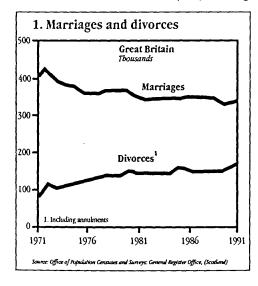
Marriage and divorce

In recent decades most European countries have experienced considerable social change. These changes have been in various demographic reflected indicators, such as marriage, divorce and cohabitation. Generally speaking, in most European countries the prevelance of divorce and cohabitation has risen, whilst marriage rates have declined. Chart 1, which looks at marriage and divorce rates in Great Britain over the past two decades, shows that marriages have fallen by almost 16 per cent, whilst divorces have more than doubled over the same period.

In 1991, the number of divorces was over 171 thousand – the highest on record. For every two marriages in Great Britain in 1991 there was one divorce.

Households

Since 1945, there has been a large increase in the number of people living



alone. Whilst the number of one person households has been growing, the number of 'traditional' households has been falling.

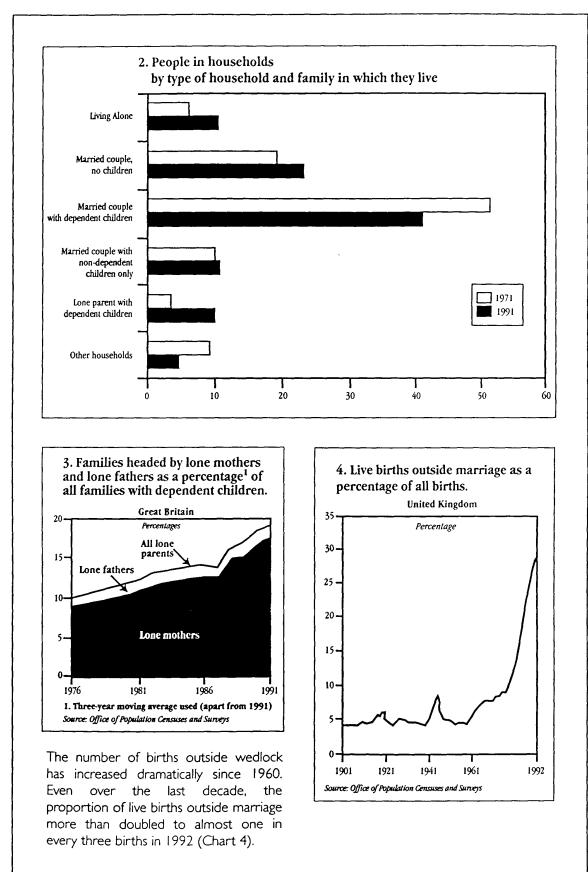
The most common household type in Great Britain is a married couple without children. One family households with between one or two children, or no children at all, comprise almost half the households in each country.

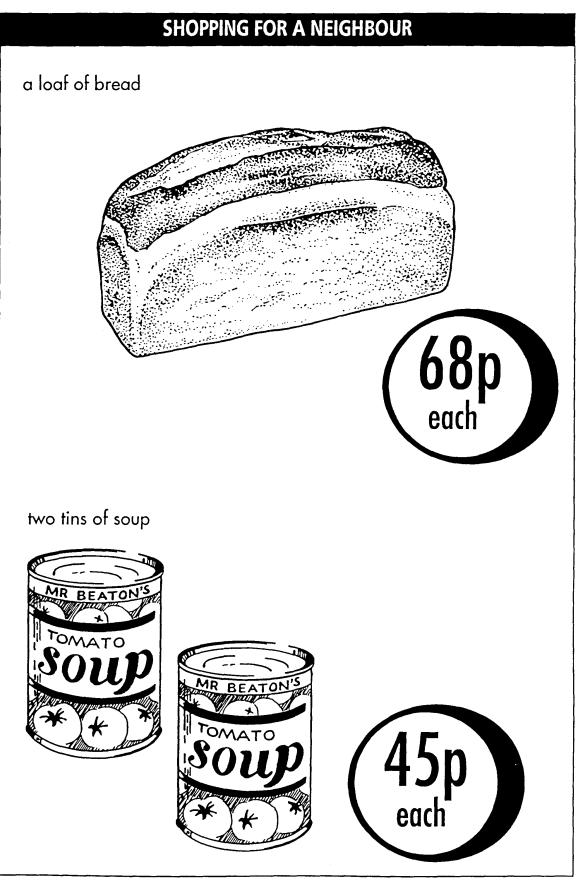
Families

Whereas a household is defined as a person living alone or a group of people living together, a family is a married, or cohabiting, couple with or without children, or a lone parent with children. People living alone are not considered a family. Between 1961 and 1992 there was a threefold increase in the proportion of people living alone and a fourfold increase in the proportion of the population living in lone parent families (compare Chart 2).

There were about 1.3 million one-parent families in Great Britain in 1991, containing approximately 2.2 million dependent children. In the four years up to 1991 the number of single parents grew, increasing by 24 per cent, while the number of dependent children in oneparent families increased by half a million, from 1.7 million in 1987. In 1991 just over 17 per cent of families with dependent children were headed by a lone mother compared with just over 1 per cent headed by a lone father (Chart 3). The figures reflect the rise in both divorce and births outside marriage.

ASSESSMENT 8





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ASSESSMENT 11

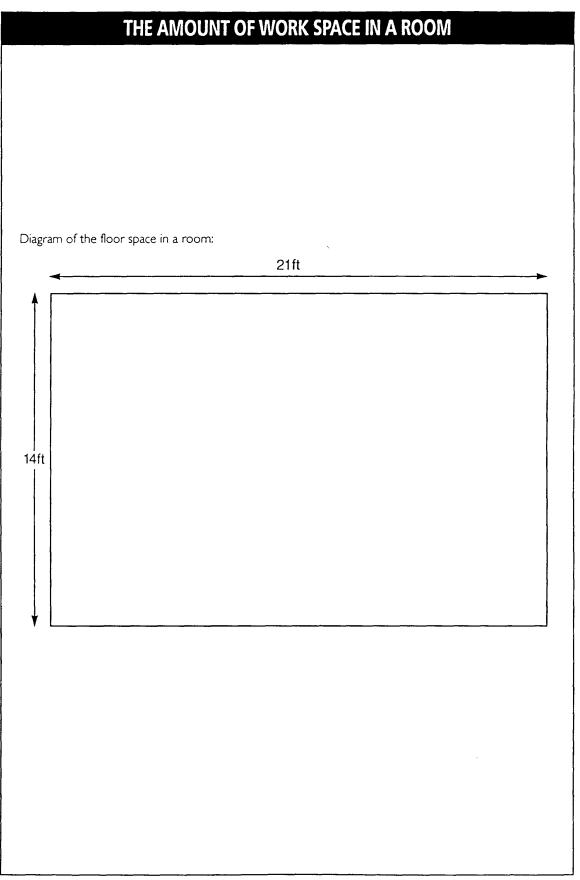
PLANNING A ROUTE FOR A JOB INTERVIEW

Hazledene & Co are a 10 minute walk from Almsford Railway Station.

| Britis Morton to Tu | | ·· ← | T | imetabl |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------|---------|
| | Inerstone | | | Mon-Fri |
| Morton | 10.17 | 10.37 | 10.57 | |
| Graves End | 10.21 | 10.41 | 1 | 11.17 |
| Newgate | 10.32 | 10.52 | 11.01 | 11.21 |
| Appleby | 10.40 | 11.00 | 11.12 | 11.32 |
| Meadstone | 10.49 | | 11.20 | 11.40 |
| Almsford | 10.55 | 11.09 | 11.29 | 11.49 |
| Turnerstone | 11.01 | 11.15 | 11.35 | 11.55 |
| | | 11.21 | 11.41 | 12.01 |
| Turnerstone to | o Morton | | | Mon-Fri |
| Turnerstone | 12.24 | 12.59 | 13.34 | T |
| Almsford | 12.30 | 13.05 | 13.40 | 13.59 |
| Meadstone | 12.36 | 13.11 | 1 | 14.05 |
| Appleby | 12.45 | 13.20 | 13.46 | 14.11 |
| Newgate | 12.53 | | 13.55 | 14.20 |
| Graves End | 13.04 | 13.28 | 14.03 | 14.28 |
| Morton | | 13.39 | 14.14 | 14.39 |
| | 13.08 | 13.43 | 14.18 | 14.43 |

CARD K

ASSESSMENT 12

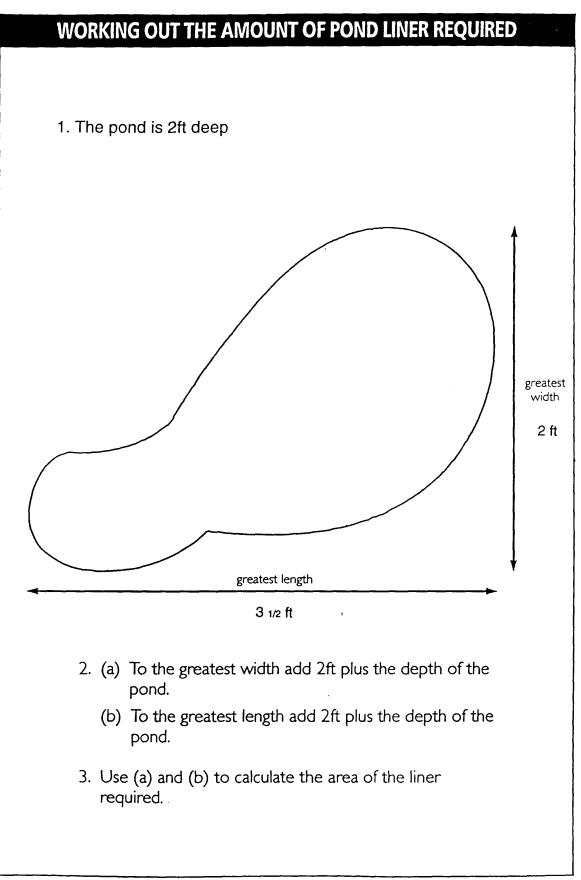








ASSESSMENT 14



CARD N

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ASSESSMENT 15

| CITY COUNCIL | SPENDING 1993 AN | ND 1994 (£ MILLION) |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| DEPARTMENT | 1993 (£m) | 1994 (£m) |
| EDUCATION | 23.73 | 24.28 |
| HOUSING | 6.24 | 5.96 |
| CLEANSING | 2.16 | 2.87 |
| FIRE | 1.99 | 2.31 |
| POLICE | 8.80 | 10.34 |
| AMBULANCE | 2.85 | 3.02 |
| OTHER | 6.50 | 10.25 |
| TOTAL | 52.27 | 58.85 |

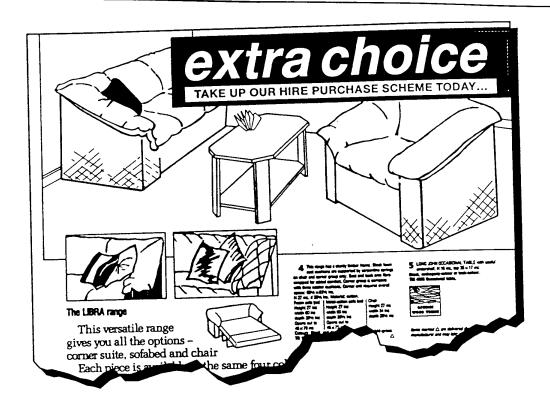
.

ORDER

Family 1 orders:2 x Steak & Chips£4.95 each2 x Fish & Chips£3.95 each1 Bottle of Red Wine£4.99 each3 x Ice Cream£0.95 each1 x Chocolate Pudding£1.60 each

Family 2 orders:

| 1 x Steak & Chips | £4.95 each |
|----------------------|------------|
| 2 x Fish & Chips | £3.95 each |
| 1 Bottle of Red Wine | £4.99 each |
| 3 x Ice Cream | £0.95 each |



Bank Loan Rate Table

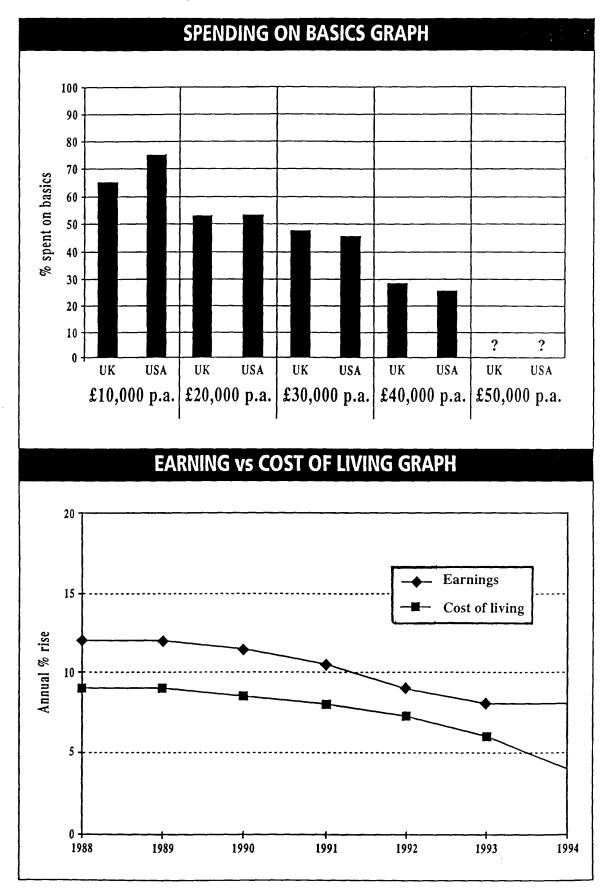
| LOAN | 60 mon | th term | 48 mon | th term | 36 mon | th term | 24 month term 12 mo | | nth term | |
|------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | Monthly Repayment | Total Payable |
| 1000 | 26.01 | 1560.60 | 29.97 | 1438.56 | 36.72 | 1321.92 | 50.47 | 1211.28 | 92.22 | 1106.64 |
| 1500 | 39.02 | 2341.20 | 44.95 | 2157.60 | 55.08 | 1982.88 | 75.71 | 1817.04 | 138.33 | 1659.96 |
| 2000 | 52.02 | 3121.20 | 59.94 | 2877.12 | 73.44 | 2643.84 | 100.94 | 2422.56 | 184.44 | 2213.28 |
| 2500 | 62.72 | 3763.20 | 72.70 | 3489.60 | 89.68 | 3228.48 | 124.13 | 2979.12 | 228.53 | 2742.36 |
| 3000 | 75.26 | 4515.60 | 87.24 | 4187.52 | 107.61 | 3873.96 | 148.96 | 3575.04 | 274.24 | 3290.88 |
| 4000 | 100.35 | 6021.00 | 116.33 | 5583.84 | 143.48 | 5165.28 | 198.61 | 4766.64 | 365.65 | 4387.80 |
| 5000 | 125.44 | 7526.40 | 145.41 | 6979.68 | 179.35 | 6456.60 | 248.26 | 5958.24 | 457.06 | 5484.72 |

Hire Purchase Loan Rate Table

| | LOAN | £500 | £2,000 | £2,500 | £5,000 | £10,000 |
|-----------|---------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 12 MONTHS | Total to repay £ | 555.96 | 2223.60 | 2755.08 | 5436.12 | 10872.12 |
| | Monthly repayment £ | 46.32 | 185.30 | 229.59 | 453.01 | 906.01 |
| 24 MONTHS | Total to repay £ | 611.04 | 2443.68 | 3005.04 | 5859.84 | 11719.68 |
| | Monthly repayment £ | 25.46 | 101.82 | 125.21 | 244.16 | 488.32 |
| 36 MONTHS | Total to repay £ | 669.24 | 2676.96 | 3268.44 | 6303.96 | 12607.92 |
| | Monthly repayment £ | 18.59 | 74.36 | 90.79 | 175.11 | 350.22 |
| 48 MONTHS | Total to repay £ | 730.56 | 2923.20 | 3545.76 | 6768.00 | 13536.00 |
| | Monthly repayment £ | 15.22 | 60.90 | 73.87 | 141.00 | 282.00 |
| 60 MONTHS | Total to repay £ | 795.60 | 3181.80 | 3835.80 | 7251.60 | 14503.20 |
| | Monthly repayment £ | 13.26 | 53.03 | 63.93 | 120.86 | 241.72 |

CAKD Q

ASSESSMENT 18



APPENDIX 1

Derived Variables (including imputation syntax)

NCDS Thirty seven-year Sample Survey: Derived variables

As mentioned in the earlier sections, the variables corresponding to specific questions asked on the survey instruments or results of assessments, have names of the form 'nssXXXX'.

The rest of those on the dataset are derived variables, whose names and descriptions are as follows:-

| rgsc91 seg91 soc kos codot | Registrar-General's Social Class 1991 based on SOC Socio-Economic Group 1991 based on SOC SOC Occupational Coding Classification KOS Occupational Coding Classification CODOT Occupational Coding Classification |
|--|--|
| occgrp95 | Occupational Status at 37 |
| c1prob | Child #1 Skill Difficulties? |
| c2prob | Child #2 Skill Difficulties? |
| c3prob | Child #3 Skill Difficulties? |
| c4prob c5prob | Child #4 Skill Difficulties? Child #5 Skill Difficulties? |
| c6prob | Child #6 Skill Difficulties? |
| c1_6prob | Any Child Skill Difficulties? |
| read37 | Reading difficulties at age 37 |
| write37 | Write/spell difficulties at age 37 |
| basic37 | Basic skill difficulties at age 37 |
| basic37c | Basic skill difficulties at age 37 - not spelling |
| litscor1 | Literacy composite test scores (short version based on performance criteria) |
| litscor2 | Literacy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) |
| numscor1 numscor2 | Numeracy composite test scores (short version based on performance criteria) Numeracy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items) |
| litscor3 | Literacy composite test scores (based on litscore1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) |
| numscor3 | Numeracy composite test scores (based on numscor1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) |
| litscor4 | Literacy composite test scores (based on litscore2 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) |
| numscor4 | Numeracy composite test scores (based on numscor2 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10) |
| litgrp1 | Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor1) |
| litgrp2 | Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor2) |
| litgrp2a | Grouped literacy test scores (4 categories, based on litscor2) |
| numgrp1 | Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor1) |
| numgrp2 | Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor2) |
| numgrp2a mala37 | Grouped numeracy test scores (4 categories, based on numscor2) malaise scores at 37 |
| mal37 | grouped malaise scores 37 |
| empcat8 | Employment status at 37 |
| everunem | Ever unemployed from march 1991 ? |
| manyunem | How many spells unemployed ? |
| home37 | Own or Rent at age 37 ? |
| books | Hours reading Books per Week |
| mags | Hours reading Magazines per week |
| childa | Age had FIRST child |
| empcatp8 empcatp5 | Employment status of partner at 37 Employment status of partner at 37 |
| empfam | CM & partner employment status at 37 |
| empfamb | No. of Wage Earners (cm and/or partner) |
| skill1 | Literacy and numeracy skill levels (Very Low = Poor; Other = Competent) |
| skill2 | VeryLow/Low Lit, VeryLow Num = Poor |
| job1 to job57 | Employment Status in Mar 91 - Nov 95 (month-by-month). |
| year91 to | Employment Status in 12 months from March 1991(2/3/4) |
| year94 | Interviewer Identification Number |
| intrvid | |

The first five of these (rgsc91, seg91, soc, kos, codot) were derived by running the CASOC¹ software on the cohort member's occupation. The last (intrvid) was derived from the interviewer reference numbers on the

questionnaires, so as to anonymise them but still enable an analyis of interviewer effects. The remaining variables were derived using the following SPSS code:-

** OCCUPATIONAL STATUS AT AGE 37 .

RECODE SOC (MISSING=Copy) (100 thru 199=1) (200 thru 299=2) (300 thru 399=3) (400 thru 499=4) (500 thru 599=5) (600 thru 699=6) (700 thru 799=7) (800 thru 899=8) (900 thru 999=9) INTO OCCGRP95. VARIABLE LABELS OCCGRP95 'Occupational Status at 37'. VALUE LABELS OCCGRP95 1'Professional' 2'Managers & Administrators' 3'Associated Professional' 4'Clerical & Secretarial' 5'Craft & Related' 6'Personal/Services' 7'Sales' 8'Plant/Machine' 9'Other'. EXECUTE . missing values occgrp95 (-99). * Child skill problems. compute c1prob=-1. if (nss0966=6)c1prob=0. if (nss0965=5)c1prob=1. if (nss0961=1 or nss0962=2 or nss0963=3 or nss0964=4)c1prob=2. if (nss0916=1 or nss0916=2 or nss0916=3)c1prob=3. compute c2prob=-1. if (nss0972=6)c2prob=0. if (nss0971=5)c2prob=1. if (nss0967=1 or nss0968=2 or nss0969=3 or nss0970=4)c2prob=2. if (nss0917=1 or nss0917=2 or nss0917=3)c2prob=3. compute c3prob=-1. if (nss0978=6)c3prob=0. if (nss0977=5)c3prob=1. if (nss0973=1 or nss0974=2 or nss0975=3 or nss0976=4)c3prob=2. if (nss0918=1 or nss0918=2 or nss0918=3)c3prob=3. compute c4prob=-1. if (nss0984=6)c4prob=0. if (nss0983=5)c4prob=1. if (nss0979=1 or nss0980=2 or nss0981=3 or nss0982=4)c4prob=2. if (nss0919=1 or nss0919=2 or nss0919=3)c4prob=3. compute c5prob=-1. if (nss0990=6)c5prob=0. if (nss0989=5)c5prob=1. if (nss0985=1 or nss0986=2 or nss0987=3 or nss0988=4)c5prob=2. if (nss0920=1 or nss0920=2 or nss0920=3)c5prob=3. compute c6prob=-1. if (nss0996=6)c6prob=0. if (nss0995=5)c6prob=1. if (nss0991=1 or nss0992=2 or nss0993=3 or nss0994=4)c6prob=2.

if (nss0921=1 or nss0921=2 or nss0921=3)c6prob=3.

variable labels c1prob 'Child #1 Skill Difficulties?'. variable labels c2prob 'Child #2 Skill Difficulties?'. variable labels c3prob 'Child #3 Skill Difficulties?'. variable labels c4prob 'Child #4 Skill Difficulties?'. variable labels c5prob 'Child #5 Skill Difficulties?'. variable labels c6prob 'Child #6 Skill Difficulties?'.

value labels c1prob to c6prob

- 0 "Don't know"
- 1 'No difficulties'
- 2 "Any non-'sight/hand' difficulty"
- 3 'Sight/Hand difficulties'.

Missing values c1prob to c6prob(-1).

```
compute c1 6prob=1.
if (c1prob=0 or c2prob=0 or c3prob=0 or c4prob=0 or c5prob=0 or c6prob=0)c1 6prob=0.
if (c1prob=2 or c1prob=3 or c2prob=2 or c2prob=3 or c3prob=2 or c3prob=3 or c4prob=2 or c4prob=3 or
c5prob=2 or c5prob=3 or c6prob=2 or c6prob=3)c1 6prob=2.
variable labels c1 6prob 'Any Child Skill Difficulties?'.
value labels c1_6prob
0 'Not known'
1 'No child skill difficulties'
2 'Some child skill difficulties'.
missing values c1 6prob (0).
format c1prob to c1 6prob (f2.0).
COMPUTE READ37 = -1.
IF (nss1227 = 1 & nss1228 = 2) READ37 = 1.
IF (nss1227 = 1 & nss1228 = 1) READ37 = 2.
IF (nss1227 = 2) READ37 = 3.
IF (nss1227 = 3) read37 = 4.
EXECUTE .
VAR LABELS READ37 'READING DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37' .
VALUE LABELS READ37 1'DIFFICULTIES'
           2'SIGHT DIFFS'
           3'NO DIFFICULTIES'
           4'REFUSED'
MISSING VALUES READ37 (-1 4).
COMPUTE WRITE37 = -1.
IF (nss1250 = 1 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 1.
IF (nss1250 = 2 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 2.
IF (nss1250 = 3 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 3.
IF (nss1250 <= 3 & nss1251 <= 3) WRITE37 = 4.
IF (nss1250 = 4) WRITE37 = 5.
IF (nss1250 = 5) WRITE37 = 6.
EXECUTE .
VAR LABELS WRITE37 'WRITE SPELL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37' .
VALUE LABELS WRITE37 1'WRITING DIFFS'
            2'SPELLING DIFFS'
            3'DIFFS WITH BOTH'
            4'SIGHT HAND DIFFS'
            5'NO DIFFICULTIES'
            6'DIDN T KNOW'
MISSING VALUES WRITE37 (-1 6).
COMPUTE BASIC37 = -1.
```

IF (READ37 = 3 | WRITE37 = 5 | nss1262 = 2) BASIC37 = 1 . IF (READ37 = 1 | WRITE37 <= 3 | nss1262 = 1) BASIC37 = 2 . EXECUTE.

VAR LABEL BASIC37 'BASIC SKILL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37'. VALUE LABELS BASIC37 1'NO DIFFICULTIES' 2'DIFFICULTIES'. MISSING VALUES BASIC37 (-1).

COMPUTE BASIC37C = -1 . IF (READ37 = 3 | WRITE37 = 5 | nss1262 = 2) BASIC37C = 1 . IF (READ37 = 1 | (WRITE37 = 1 | WRITE37 = 3) | nss1262 = 1) BASIC37C = 2 . EXECUTE.

VAR LABEL BASIC37C 'BASIC SKILL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37 - NOT SPELLING'. VALUE LABELS BASIC37C 1'NO DIFFICULTIES' 2'DIFFICULTIES'. MISSING VALUES BASIC37C (-1).

*SCORES.sps.

```
**LITERACY AND NUMERACY SCORES IN NCDS 10% SAMPLE SURVEY.
```

```
COMMENT convert missing values into incorrect response, and recode all raw test item responses and performance criteria to correct/not correct .
```

**LITERACY.

**performance criteria.

```
DO IF (sum(nss1428,nss1432,nss1436,nss1440,nss1443,nss1448,nss1452,nss1456) >= 0).
RECODE
 nss1428 nss1432 nss1436 nss1440 nss1443 nss1448 nss1452 nss1456 (1=1)
 (MISSING=0) (2 thru 3=0) .
END IF .
EXECUTE .
**raw scores.
Do If (sum(nss1426,nss1427,nss1429,nss1430,nss1431,nss1433,nss1434,nss1435,
   nss1437,nss1438,nss1439,nss1441,nss1442,nss1444,nss1445,nss1446,nss1447,
   nss1449,nss1450,nss1451,nss1453,nss1454,nss1455) >= 0).
recode
  nss1426 nss1427 nss1429 nss1430 nss1431 nss1433 nss1434 nss1435
  nss1437 nss1438 nss1439 nss1441 nss1442 nss1444 nss1445 nss1446
  nss1447 nss1449 nss1450 nss1451 nss1453 nss1454 nss1455
  (1=1) (missing=0) (2 thru 3 =0).
End If .
EXECUTE .
**NUMERACY.
**performance criteria.
Do If (SUM(nss1471,nss1474,nss1476,nss1512,nss1515,nss1521,nss1523,nss1528,nss1534) >= 0).
recode
  nss1471 nss1474 nss1476 nss1512 nss1515 nss1521 nss1523 nss1528
  nss1534 (1=1) (missing=0) (2 thru 3 =0).
End If.
EXECUTE .
```

```
**raw scores.
```

```
Do lf(SUM(nss1470,nss1472,nss1473,nss1475,nss1510,nss1511,nss1514,nss1518,
  nss1519,nss1520,nss1522,nss1525,nss1526,nss1527,nss1530,nss1531,nss1532,
  nss1533) >= 0).
recode
  nss1470 nss1472 nss1473 nss1475 nss1510 nss1511 nss1514 nss1518 nss1519
  nss1520 nss1522 nss1525 nss1526 nss1527 nss1530 nss1531 nss1532 nss1533
  (1=1) (missing=0) (2 thru 3 =0).
End If.
EXECUTE .
COMMENT compute short version (based on performance criteria) and long
 version (based on recoded test items) of literacy and numeracy composite test scores).
compute litscor1 = nss1428 + nss1432 + nss1436 + nss1440
 +nss1443 + nss1448 + nss1452 + nss1456.
compute litscor2 = nss1426 + nss1427 + nss1429 + nss1430 + nss1431
 + nss1433 + nss1434 + nss1435 + nss1437 + nss1438 + nss1439 + nss1441
 + nss1442 + nss1444 + nss1445 + nss1446 + nss1447 + nss1449 + nss1450
 + nss1451 + nss1453 + nss1454 + nss1455.
compute numscor1 =nss1471+ nss1474+nss1476+nss1512
 +nss1515 +nss1521 + nss1523+nss1528+nss1534.
compute numscor2 = nss1470 +nss1472 +nss1473 +nss1475+ nss1510
 +nss1511 +nss1514 +nss1518 +nss1519+ nss1520+ nss1522
 +nss1525 + nss1526 +nss1527 +nss1530 +nss1531+ nss1532+ nss1533 .
```

EXECUTE .

variable labels litscor1 'Literacy composite test scores (short version based on performance criteria)'. variable labels numscor1 'Numeracy composite test scores (short version based on performance criteria)'. variable labels litscor2 'Literacy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items)'. variable labels numscor2 'Numeracy composite test scores (long version based on recoded test items)'.

COMMENT

rescale the literacy and numeracy test scores to a scale of 0 to 10.

compute litscor3 = litscor1*10/8.

compute numscor3 = numscor1*10/9.

compute litscor4 = litscor2*10/23.

compute numscor4 = numscor2*10/18. EXECUTE .

variable labels litscor3 'Literacy composite test scores (based on litscore1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10)'. variable labels numscor3 'Numeracy composite test scores (based on numscor1 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10)'.

variable labels litscor4 'Literacy composite test scores (based on litscore2 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10)'. variable labels numscor4 'Numeracy composite test scores (based on numscor2 but re-scaled to range 0 to 10)'.

COMMENT

group literacy and numeracy test scores into three groups, 'very low', 'low', 'no difficulty',based on natural cutting points in the distributions of test scores. In the case of the long versions of the scales do another grouping into four groups to divide the 'no difficulty' group into 'good' and 'average' performers.

recode

litscor1 (0 thru 4 = 1) (5 thru 6 = 2) (7 thru 10 = 3) into litgrp 1.recode litscor2 (0 thru 15 = 1) (16 thru 18 = 2) (19 thru 23 = 3) into litgrp 2.recode litscor2 (0 thru 15 =1) (16 thru 18 =2) (19 thru 21 =3) (22 thru 23 =4) into litgrp2a. recode numscor1 (0 thru 3 =1) (4 thru 5 = 2) (6 thru 9 =3) into numgrp1. recode numscor2 (0 thru 10 = 1) (11 thru 13 = 2) (14 thru 18 = 3) into numgrp2.recode numscor2 (0 thru 10 =1) (11 thru 13 = 2) (14 thru 15 = 3) (16 thru 18 =4) into numgrp2a. COMMENT assign value labels to the grouped scores . value labels litgrp1 litgrp2 numgrp1 numgrp2 1 'very low' 2 'low' 3 'no difficulty' . value labels litgrp2a numgrp2a 1 'very low' 2 'low' 3 'average' 4 'good' .

variable labels litgrp1 'Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor1)'. variable labels numgrp1 'Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor1)'.

variable labels litgrp2 'Grouped literacy test scores (3 categories, based on litscor2)'. variable labels numgrp2 'Grouped numeracy test scores (3 categories, based on numscor2)'.

variable labels litgrp2a 'Grouped literacy test scores (4 categories, based on litscor2)'. variable labels numgrp2a 'Grouped numeracy test scores (4 categories, based on numscor2)'.

* DERIVE37bd.sps.

** DERIVED VARIABLES AT AGE 37

** MALAISE AT AGE 37

RECODE

```
nss1623 nss1624 nss1625 nss1626 nss1627 nss1628 nss1629 nss1630 nss1631
nss1632 nss1633 nss1634 nss1635 nss1636 nss1637 nss1638 nss1639 nss1640
nss1641 nss1642 nss1643 nss1644 nss1645 nss1646 (1=1) (2=0)
(ELSE=SYSMIS) .
EXECUTE .
```

** SERIAL numbers which had enough missing answers to possibly change their overall MALAISE score .

DO IF

(nserial ~= '052027R' & nserial ~= '186139B' & nserial ~= '380081D' & nserial ~= '382029N' & nserial ~= '510167K' & nserial ~= '518114E' &

```
nserial ~= '581004E' & nserial ~= '583015W' & nserial ~= '710064P' &
 nserial ~= '730022K' & nserial ~= '810002X' & nserial ~= '825117Z' &
 nserial ~= '932013K' & nserial ~= '962004C' & nserial ~= '986082K' &
 nserial ~= 'Y31102B' & nserial ~= 'Y31123L').
COMPUTE MALA37 = SUM(nss1623,nss1624,nss1625,nss1626,nss1627,nss1628,nss1629,
   nss1630,nss1631,nss1632,nss1633,nss1634,nss1635,nss1636,nss1637,nss1638,
   nss1639,nss1640,nss1641,nss1642,nss1643,nss1644,nss1645,nss1646).
END IF .
EXECUTE .
variable labels mala37 'malaise scores at 37'.
RECODE mala37 (Lowest thru 6=1) (7 thru Highest=2) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO mal37.
VARIABLE LABELS mal37 'grouped malaise scores 37'.
VALUE LABELS mal37 1'fine'
          2'depressed' .
EXECUTE .
** CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT AGE 37
RECODE
 nss0121
 (1=1) (3=2) (2=3) (4=Copy) (5=Copy) (9=6) (0=7) (6=7) (7=8)
 (8=Copy) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO EMPCAT8.
VARIABLE LABELS EMPCAT8 'EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT 37'.
VALUE LABELS EMPCAT8 1'F/T EMPLOYEE'
           2'F/T SELF'
           3'P/T EMPLOYEE'
           4'P/T SELF'
           5'UNEMPLOYED'
           6'HOME CARE'
           7'F/T EDU/TRAIN'
           8'SICK'.
EXECUTE .
** EVER UNEMPLOYED
COMPUTE EVERUNEM = -1.
IF (nss0321 = 1) EVERUNEM = 1.
IF (nss0325 = 1) EVERUNEM = 2.
IF (nss0325 = 2) EVERUNEM = 3.
EXECUTE .
VARIABLE LABELS EVERUNEM 'EVER UNEMPLOYED FROM MARCH 1991 ?' .
VALUE LABELS EVERUNEM 1'NOW UNEM'
           2'WAS UNEM'
           3'NEVER UNEM' .
MISSING VALUES EVERUNEM (-1).
COMPUTE MANYUNEM = -1 .
IF (nss0321 = 1 & nss0322 = 1) MANYUNEM = 1.
IF (nss0321 = 1 & (nss0322 >= 2 & nss0322 <= 6)) MANYUNEM = 2.
IF (nss0325 = 1 & nss0326 = 1) MANYUNEM = 3.
IF (nss0325 = 1 & (nss0326 >= 2 & nss0326 <= 6)) MANYUNEM = 4.
EXECUTE .
** SPELLS OF UNEMPLOYMENT .
```

VARIABLE LABELS MANYUNEM 'HOW MANY SPELLS UNEMPLOYED ?' . VALUE LABELS MANYUNEM 1'CURRENT SPELL ONLY' 2'CURRENT 2+' 3'ONE PREVIOUS' 4'2+ PREVIOUS' .

MISSING VALUES MANYUNEM (-1). EXECUTE .

** HOUSING - RENT OR BUY AT AGE 37 .

COMPUTE HOME37 = -1 . IF (nss1016 = 1 | nss1016 = 2) HOME37 = 1 . IF ((nss1016 >= 3 & nss1016 <= 5) & (nss1017 = 1 | nss1017 = 2)) HOME37 = 2 . IF ((nss1016 >= 3 & nss1016 <= 5) & nss1017 = 9) HOME37 = 3 . IF ((nss1016 >= 3 & nss1016 <= 5) & (nss1017 = 3 | nss1017 = 4 | nss1017 = 7)) HOME37 = 4 . IF (nss1016 = 7 | nss1016 = 8) HOME37 = 5 . IF (nss1016 = 9) HOME37 = 6 . IF (nss1016 = 0) HOME37 = 7 . EXECUTE .

VARIABLE LABELS HOME37 'Own or Rent at age 37 ?' . VALUE LABELS HOME37 1'OWN/MORTGAGE' 2'RENT(Social)'

3'RENT(Private)' 4'RENT(Parent/Other)' 5'RENT FREE(job,etc)' 6'RENT FREE(Parent)' 7'OTHER'.

MISSING VALUES HOME37 (-1).

```
COMPUTE timeread = ((nss1246 * 60 + nss1248)/ 60) . EXECUTE .
```

RECODE timeREAD (0=0) (0.08 THRU 0.83=1)(1 thru 1.5=2) (2 thru 2.5=3) (3 thru 5.5=4) (6 THRU HIGHEST=5) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO BOOKS. VARIABLE LABELS BOOKS 'Hours reading Books per Week'. VALUE LABELS BOOKS 0'NEVER' 1'UNDER 1 HOUR' 2'UNDER 2 HOURS' 3'UNDER 3 HOURS' 4'UNDER 6 HOURS' 5'6+ HOURS' . EXECUTE . COMPUTE timemags = ((nss1241 * 60 + nss1243) / 60). EXECUTE . RECODE timemags (0=0) (0.03 THRU 0.83=1)(1 thru 1.75=2) (2 thru 2.75=3) (3 thru Highest=4) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO mags. VARIABLE LABELS mags 'Hours reading Magazines per week'. VALUE LABELS MAGS 0'NEVER' 1'UNDER 1 HOUR' 2'UNDER 2 HOURS'

3'UNDER 3 HOURS'

4'3+ HOURS' .

EXECUTE .

** AGE HAD FIRST CHILD

DO IF

(nserial ~= '310090K' & nserial ~= '514031D' & nserial ~= '528016M' & nserial ~= '730032N').

COMPUTE CHILD37 = (((nss0818 - 58) * 12) + (nss0816 - 3)) / 12.

END IF .

EXECUTE .

RECODE child37 (Lowest thru 18.99=1) (19 thru 20.99=2) (21 thru 22.99=3) (23 thru 24.99=4) (25 thru 27.99=5) (28 thru 29.99=6) (30 thru 31.99=7) (32 thru 34.99=8) (35 thru Highest=9) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO CHILDa. VARIABLE LABELS CHILDa 'Age had FIRST child'. VALUE LABELS CHILDa 1'<19' 2'<21' 3'<23' 4'<25' 5'<28' 6'<30' 7'<32' 8'<35' 9'35+'. EXECUTE .

** CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF PARTNER AT AGE 37

RECODE nss0412 (1=1) (3=2) (2=3) (4=Copy) (5=Copy) (9=6) (0=7) (6=7) (7=8) (8=Copy) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO EMPCATP8. VARIABLE LABELS EMPCATP8 'EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF PARTNER AT 37'. VALUE LABELS EMPCATP8 1'F/T EMPLOYEE' 2'F/T SELF' 3'P/T EMPLOYEE' 4'P/T SELF' 5'UNEMPLOYED' 6'HOME CARE' 7'F/T EDU/TRAIN' 8'SICK'.

EXECUTE .

** COMBINING SELF-EMPLOYED AND EMPLOYEE STATUS CATEGORIES

RECODE empcatP8 (1=Copy) (2=1) (3=2) (4=2) (5=3) (6=4) (7=5) (8=-1) (ELSE=SYSMIS) INTO EMPCATP5 . VARIABLE LABELS EMPCATP5 'EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF PARTNER AT 37'. VALUE LABELS EMPCATP5 1'FULL-TIME' 2'PART-TIME' 3'UNEMPLOYED' 4'HOME CARE' 5'F/T EDU/TRAIN' -1'SICK'. MISSING VALUES EMPCATP5 (-1) . EXECUTE .

** EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF BOTH CM AND PARTNERS.

```
COMPUTE EMPFAM = -1.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 1 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2)) EMPFAM = 1.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 1 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4)) EMPFAM = 2.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2)) EMPFAM = 3.

IF (EMPCAT8 <= 4 & EMPCATP8 = 5) EMPFAM = 4.

IF (EMPCAT8 = 5 & EMPCATP8 <= 4) EMPFAM = 5.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 5 & EMPCATP8 <= 4) EMPFAM = 5.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4)) EMPFAM = 6.

IF (EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2)) EMPFAM = 7.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 2) & EMPCATP8 = 6) EMPFAM = 7.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 7 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & EMPCATP8 = 6) EMPFAM = 8.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 7 | EMPCAT8 = 8) & EMPCATP8 <= 4) EMPFAM = 9.

IF (EMPCAT8 <= 4 & (EMPCATP8 = 7 | EMPCATP8 = 8)) EMPFAM = 10.

IF (EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 7 | EMPCATP8 = 8)) EMPFAM = 10.

IF (EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 7 | EMPCATP8 = 8)) EMPFAM = 10.

IF (EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 7 | EMPCATP8 = 8)) EMPFAM = 10.
```

IF (EMPCAT8 = 6 & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4)) EMPFAM = 12.

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & EMPCATP8 = 6) EMPFAM = 13 .

VARIABLE LABELS EMPFAM 'CM & PARTNER EMPLOYMENT STATUS AT 37'. VALUE LABELS EMPFAM 1'BOTH FT'

2'CM FT P PT' 3'CM PT P FT' 4'CM FTPT P UNEM' 5'CM UNEM P FTPT' 6'BOTH PT' 7'CM HOME P FT' 8'CM FT P HOME' 9'CM OLF P FTPT' 10'CM FTPT P OLF' 11'BOTH OLF INC UNEM' 12'CM HOME P PT' 13'CM PT P HOME'.

MISSING VALUES EMPFAM (-1) . EXECUTE .

** EARNINGS COMING INTO HOUSEHOLD FROM WAGES .

```
COMPUTE EMPFAMb = -1 .

IF ((EMPCAT8 = 1 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2)) EMPFAMb = 1 .

IF (((EMPCAT8 = 1 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4))|

((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2))|

((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4)))EMPFAMb = 2 .

IF ((EMPCAT8 >= 5 & (EMPCATP8 = 1 | EMPCATP8 = 2)) |

((EMPCAT8 = 1 | EMPCAT8 = 2) & EMPCATP8 >= 5)) EMPFAMb = 3 .

IF ((EMPCAT8 >= 5 & (EMPCATP8 = 3 | EMPCATP8 = 4)) |

((EMPCAT8 = 3 | EMPCAT8 = 4) & EMPCATP8 >= 5)) EMPFAMb = 4 .

IF (EMPCAT8 >= 5 & EMPCATP8 >= 5) EMPFAMb = 5 .
```

VARIABLE LABELS EMPFAMb 'No. of Wage Earners (cm and/or partner)'. VALUE LABELS EMPFAMb 1'Both ft' 2'1ft1pt or 2pt' 3'1 ft 1 olf' 4'1 pt 1 olf' 5'Both olf' .

MISSING VALUES EMPFAMb (-1).

* BASIC37.sps COMPUTE READ37 = -1. IF (nss1227 = 1 & nss1228 = 2) READ37 = 1. IF (nss1227 = 1 & nss1228 = 1) READ37 = 2. IF (nss1227 = 2) READ37 = 3. IF (nss1227 = 3) read37 = 4. EXECUTE . VAR LABELS READ37 'READING DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37' . VALUE LABELS READ37 1'DIFFICULTIES' 2'SIGHT DIFFS' **3'NO DIFFICULTIES'** 4'REFUSED' MISSING VALUES READ37 (-1 4). COMPUTE WRITE37 = -1. IF (nss1250 = 1 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 1. IF (nss1250 = 2 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 2. IF (nss1250 = 3 & nss1251 = 4) WRITE37 = 3. IF (nss1250 <= 3 & nss1251 <= 3) WRITE37 = 4. IF (nss1250 = 4) WRITE37 = 5. IF (nss1250 = 5) WRITE37 = 6. EXECUTE . VAR LABELS WRITE37 'WRITE SPELL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37' . VALUE LABELS WRITE37 1'WRITING DIFFS' 2'SPELLING DIFFS' 3'DIFFS WITH BOTH' **4'SIGHT HAND DIFFS' 5'NO DIFFICULTIES'** 6'DIDN T KNOW' . MISSING VALUES WRITE37 (-1 6). COMPUTE BASIC37 = -1. IF (READ37 = 3 | WRITE37 = 5 | nss1262 = 2) BASIC37 = 1. IF (READ37 = 1 | WRITE37 <= 3 | nss1262 = 1) BASIC37 = 2. EXECUTE. VAR LABEL BASIC37 'BASIC SKILL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37'. VALUE LABELS BASIC37 1'NO DIFFICULTIES' 2'DIFFICULTIES'. MISSING VALUES BASIC37 (-1). COMPUTE BASIC37C = -1. IF (READ37 = 3 | WRITE37 = 5 | nss1262 = 2) BASIC37C = 1. IF (READ37 = 1 | (WRITE37 = 1 | WRITE37 = 3) | nss1262 = 1) BASIC37C = 2. EXECUTE. VAR LABEL BASIC37C 'BASIC SKILL DIFFICULTIES AT AGE 37 - NOT SPELLING'. VALUE LABELS BASIC37C 1'NO DIFFICULTIES' 2'DIFFICULTIES'. MISSING VALUES BASIC37C (-1). ** RE GROUPING LITERACY AND NUMERACY ABILITY GROUPS AT AGE 37 INTO POOR AND COMPETENT.

COMPUTE SKILL1 = -1.

EXECUTE .

IF (LITGRP2 = 1 & NUMGRP2A = 1) SKILL1 = 1. IF (LITGRP2 = 1 & (NUMGRP2A = 2 | NUMGRP2 = 3)) SKILL1 = 2. IF ((LITGRP2 = 2 | LITGRP2 = 3) & NUMGRP2A = 1) SKILL1 = 3. IF ((LITGRP2 = 2 | LITGRP2 = 3) & (NUMGRP2A = 2 | NUMGRP2 = 3)) SKILL1 = 4. VARIABLE LABELS SKILL1 'Literacy and numeracy skill levels (Very Low = Poor; Other = Competent)'. VALUE LABELS SKILL1 1'Poor Lit & Num' 2'Poor Lit' 3'Poor Num' 4'Comp Lit & Num' . MISSING VALUES SKILL1 (-1). EXECUTE . COMPUTE SKILL2 = -1 . IF ((LITGRP2 = 1 | LITGRP2 = 2) & NUMGRP2 = 1) SKILL2 = 1. IF ((LITGRP2 = 1 | LITGRP2 = 2) & (NUMGRP2 = 2 | NUMGRP2 = 3)) SKILL2 = 2. IF (LITGRP2 = 3 & NUMGRP2 = 1) SKILL2 = 3. IF (LITGRP2 = 3 & (NUMGRP2 = 2 | NUMGRP2 = 3)) SKILL2 = 4. VARIABLE LABELS SKILL2 'VeryLow/Low Lit, VeryLow Num = Poor'. VALUE LABELS SKILL2 1'Poor Lit & Num' 2'Poor Lit' 3'Poor Num' 4'Comp Lit & Num' . MISSING VALUES SKILL2 (-1). EXECUTE . * JOBHIST.sps. ** CALCULATING JOB HISTORIES FOR NCDS AT 37. ** USING SAME CODE AS IN NCDS5 ON JOB HISTORY INFORMATION GIVEN AT 33. ** RECODE DON'T KNOW START/END MONTHS TO 6 FROM 98 . RECODE nss0122 nss0126 nss0132 nss0136 nss0142 nss0146 nss0152 nss0156 nss0162 nss0166 nss0172 nss0176 nss0210 nss0214 nss0220 nss0224 nss0230 nss0234 nss0240 nss0244 (98 = 6).EXECUTE. ** IF START/END MONTHS MORE THAN 12 RECODE TO 12. RECODE nss0122 nss0126 nss0132 nss0136 nss0142 nss0146 nss0152 nss0156 nss0162 nss0166 nss0172 nss0176 nss0210 nss0214 nss0220 nss0224 nss0230 nss0234 nss0240 nss0244 (12 THRU HIGH = 12). EXECUTE. ** LOOK AT COHORT MEMBERS WHO DONT KNOW START/END YEAR FOR ALL JOBS. TEMPORARY. SELECT IF (nss0124 = 98| nss0128 = 98| nss0134 = 98| nss0138 = 98 | nss0144 = 98 nss0148 = 98| nss0154 = 98| nss0158 = 98| nss0164 = 98| nss0168 = 98 nss0174 = 98| nss0178 = 98| nss0212 = 98| nss0216 = 98| nss0222 = 98 | nss0226 = 98| nss0232 = 98| nss0236 = 98| nss0242 = 98| nss0246 = 98). LIST VARIABLES=nserial nss0121 /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED.

EXECUTE .

** LOOK AT COHORT MEMBERS WHO DONT KNOW START/END YEAR FOR FIRST JOB.

```
TEMPORARY.
SELECT IF (nss0124 = 98| nss0128 = 98).
LIST
VARIABLES=nserial nss0121 NSS0122 NSS0124 NSS0126 NSS0128
/CASES= BY 1
/FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED.
EXECUTE.
```

** THERE WERE ONLY 13 CASES OVERALL REFER TO OUTPUT FILE WORK\SAM\AT37\JOBHIST.SAV

** CASE 79, 470, 1000, 1066, 1499 ALL SET TO MISSING.

** THE FOLLOWING CASES WERE CHANGED TO START OF RELEVANT EMPLOYMENT HISTORY MARCH 1991 AS STARTED FIRST JOB MANY YEARS AGO AND NEVER BEEN UNEMPLOYED.

DO IF

```
(nserial = '089019Z' | nserial ='287092Q' | nserial = '330061Q' |
nserial = '381065M' | nserial = '450064S' | nserial = '500084Y' |
nserial = '730032N' | nserial = '987064N').
RECODE
NSS0122 (6 = 3) .
RECODE
NSS0124 (98 = 91).
END IF .
EXECUTE.
```

** LOOK AT 0 RESPONSE IN JOB VARIABLES .

** JUST 3 CASES - CASE '500360W' 503027B' '505019P'.

** SEE OUTPUT FILE FOR DETAILS.

** SYSTEM MISSING ON DATA WITH NO MONTH BUT YEAR DATE GIVEN.

** RECODE SYSTEM MISSING TO 6.

```
IF (NSS0124 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0122)) NSS0122 = 6.
IF (NSS0128 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0126)) NSS0126 = 6.
IF (NSS0134 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0132)) NSS0132 = 6.
IF (NSS0138 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0136)) NSS0136 = 6.
IF (NSS0144 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0142)) NSS0142 = 6.
IF (NSS0148 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0146)) NSS0146 = 6.
IF (NSS0154 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0152)) NSS0152 = 6.
IF (NSS0158 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0156)) NSS0156 = 6.
IF (NSS0164 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0162)) NSS0162 = 6.
IF (NSS0168 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0166)) NSS0166 = 6.
IF (NSS0174 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0172)) NSS0172 = 6.
IF (NSS0178 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0176)) NSS0176 = 6.
IF (NSS0212 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0210)) NSS0210 = 6.
IF (NSS0216 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0214)) NSS0214 = 6.
IF (NSS0222 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0220)) NSS0220 = 6.
IF (NSS0226 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0224)) NSS0224 = 6.
IF (NSS0232 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0230)) NSS0230 = 6.
IF (NSS0236 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0234)) NSS0234 = 6.
IF (NSS0242 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0240)) NSS0240 = 6.
IF (NSS0246 >= 1 & SYSMIS(NSS0244)) NSS0244 = 6.
```

** RECODING MISSING DATA TO O FROM SYSTEM MISSING FOR CALCULATION OF MONTHS IN ANY WORK, ETC .

RECODE nss0122 nss0124 nss0126 nss0128 nss0132 nss0134 nss0136 nss0138 nss0142 nss0144 nss0146 nss0148 nss0152 nss0154 nss0156 nss0158 nss0162 nss0164 nss0166 nss0168 nss0172 nss0174 nss0176 nss0178 nss0210 nss0212 nss0214 nss0216 nss0220 nss0222 nss0224 nss0226 nss0230 nss0232 nss0234 nss0236 nss0240 nss0242 nss0244 nss0246 (SYSMIS=0). EXECUTE . ** LOOK AT CASES WHO ANSWERED F/T OR P/T BUT GAVE NO JOB HISTORY INFORMATION. **JOB1. temporary. select if (nss0131 > 0 & nss0122 = 0 & nss0124 = 0). LIST VARIABLES=nserial /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. ** 8 CASES HAD EITHER GIVEN NO DATES OR HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN SET TO MISSING. ** CHANGED THE F/T P/T INFORMATION IN VAR NSS0131 TO O . ** HAD TO DO THIS OR GET A COMPLETE FULLOR PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT HISTORY. ** CASE NO 79 147 178 470 869 1000 1066 1199. **JOB2. temporary. select if (nss0141 > 0 & nss0132 = 0 & nss0134 = 0). LIST VARIABLES=nserial /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. ** 4 CASES AS ABOVE. ** CASE 79 470 1000 1066. ** CHANGED TO 0. **JOB3. temporary. select if (nss0151 > 0 & nss0142 = 0 & nss0144 = 0). LIST VARIABLES=nserial /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. ** CASE 1000 ONLY. **JOB4. temporary. select if (nss0161 > 0 & nss0152 = 0 & nss0154 = 0). LIST VARIABLES=nserial /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. ** CASE 1000 ONLY.

**JOB5 TO JOB10 NO CASES WERE LISTED.

** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB1. DO IF (NSS0131 = 1). COMPUTE FULL1S = (NSS0124 * 12) + NSS0122 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0126 ~= 0 & NSS0128 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL1E = (NSS0128 * 12) + NSS0126 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0128 = 0 | NSS0126 = 0). COMPUTE FULL1E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB1. DO IF (NSS0131 = 2). COMPUTE PART1S = (NSS0124 * 12) + NSS0122 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0126 ~= 0 & NSS0128 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART1E = (NSS0128 * 12) + NSS0126 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0128 = 0 | NSS0126 = 0). COMPUTE PART1E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB2. DO IF (NSS0141 = 1). COMPUTE FULL2S = (NSS0134 * 12) + NSS0132 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0136 ~= 0 & NSS0138 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL2E = (NSS0138 * 12) + NSS0136 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0138 = 0 | NSS0136 = 0). COMPUTE FULL2E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB2. DO IF (NSS0141 = 2). COMPUTE PART2S = (NSS0134 * 12) + NSS0132 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0136 ~= 0 & NSS0138 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART2E = (NSS0138 * 12) + NSS0136 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0138 = 0| NSS0136 = 0). COMPUTE PART2E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB3. DO IF (NSS0151 = 1). COMPUTE FULL3S = (NSS0144 * 12) + NSS0142 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0146 ~= 0 & NSS0148 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL3E = (NSS0148 * 12) + NSS0146 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0148 = 0 | NSS0146 = 0). COMPUTE FULL3E = 60. END IF. END IF.

** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.

** JOB3.

```
DO IF (NSS0151 = 2).
COMPUTE PART3S = (NSS0144 * 12) + NSS0142 - 1092.
DO IF (NSS0146 ~= 0 & NSS0148 ~= 0).
COMPUTE PART3E = (NSS0148 * 12) + NSS0146 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0148 = 0 | NSS0146 = 0).
COMPUTE PART3E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.
** JOB4.
DO IF (NSS0161 = 1).
COMPUTE FULL4S = (NSS0154 * 12) + NSS0152 - 1092.
DO IF (NSS0156 ~= 0 & NSS0158 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FULL4E = (NSS0158 * 12) + NSS0156 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0158 = 0 | NSS0156 = 0).
COMPUTE FULL4E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.
** JOB4.
DO IF (NSS0161 = 2).
COMPUTE PART4S = (NSS0154 * 12) + NSS0152 - 1092.
DO IF (NSS0156 ~= 0 & NSS0158 ~= 0).
COMPUTE PART4E = (NSS0158 * 12) + NSS0156 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0158 = 0 | NSS0156 = 0).
COMPUTE PART4E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.
** JOB5.
DO IF (NSS0171 = 1).
COMPUTE FULL5S = (NSS0164 * 12) + NSS0162 - 1092.
DO IF (NSS0166 ~= 0 & NSS0168 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FULL5E = (NSS0168 * 12) + NSS0166 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0168 = 0 | NSS0166 = 0).
COMPUTE FULL5E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.
** JOB5.
DO IF (NSS0171 = 2).
COMPUTE PART5S = (NSS0164 * 12) + NSS0162 - 1092.
DO IF (NSS0166 ~= 0 & NSS0168 ~= 0).
COMPUTE PART5E = (NSS0168 * 12) + NSS0166 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0168 = 0 | NSS0166 = 0).
COMPUTE PART5E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991.
** JOB6.
```

```
DO IF (NSS0181 = 1).
```

COMPUTE FULL6S = (NSS0174 * 12) + NSS0172 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0176 ~= 0 & NSS0178 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL6E = (NSS0178 * 12) + NSS0176 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0178 = 0 | NSS0176 = 0). COMPUTE FULL6E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB6. DO IF (NSS0181 = 2). COMPUTE PART6S = (NSS0174 * 12) + NSS0172 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0176 ~= 0 & NSS0178 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART6E = (NSS0178 * 12) + NSS0176 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0178 = 0 | NSS0176 = 0). COMPUTE PART6E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB7. DO IF (NSS0219 = 1). COMPUTE FULL7S = (NSS0212 * 12) + NSS0210 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0214 ~= 0 & NSS0216 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL7E = (NSS0216 * 12) + NSS0214 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0214 = $0 \mid NSS0216 = 0$). COMPUTE FULL7E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB7. DO IF (NSS0219 = 2). COMPUTE PART7S = (NSS0212 * 12) + NSS0210 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0214 ~= 0 & NSS0216 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART7E = (NSS0216 * 12) + NSS0214 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0214 = $0 \mid NSS0216 = 0$). COMPUTE PART7E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB8. DO IF (NSS0229 = 1). COMPUTE FULL8S = (NSS0222 * 12) + NSS0220 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0224 ~= 0 & NSS0226 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL8E = (NSS0226 * 12) + NSS0224 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0224 = 0 |NSS0226 = 0). COMPUTE FULL8E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB8. DO IF (NSS0229 = 2). COMPUTE PART8S = (NSS0222 * 12) + NSS0220 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0224 ~= 0 & NSS0226 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART8E = (NSS0226 * 12) + NSS0224 - 1092.

ELSE IF (NSS0224 = 0 | NSS0226 = 0). COMPUTE PART8E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB9. DO IF (NSS0239 = 1). COMPUTE FULL9S = (NSS0232 * 12) + NSS0230 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0234 ~= 0 & NSS0236 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL9E = (NSS0236 * 12) + NSS0234 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0234 = 0 | NSS0236 = 0). COMPUTE FULL9E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB9. DO IF (NSS0239 = 2). COMPUTE PART9S = (NSS0232 * 12) + NSS0230 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0234 ~= 0 & NSS0236 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART9E = (NSS0236 * 12) + NSS0234 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0234 = 0 | NSS0236 = 0). COMPUTE PART9E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN FULL-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB10. DO IF (NSS0249 = 1). COMPUTE FULL10S = (NSS0242 * 12) + NSS0240 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0244 ~= 0 & NSS0246 ~= 0). COMPUTE FULL10E = (NSS0246 * 12) + NSS0244 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0244 = 0 | NSS0246 = 0). COMPUTE FULL10E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN PART-TIME WORK FROM MARCH 1991. ** JOB10. DO IF (NSS0249 = 2). COMPUTE PART10S = (NSS0242 * 12) + NSS0240 - 1092. DO IF (NSS0244 ~= 0 & NSS0246 ~= 0). COMPUTE PART10E = (NSS0246 * 12) + NSS0244 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0244 = 0 | NSS0246 = 0). COMPUTE PART10E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991 WHERE full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB1. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0131) & NSS0124 ~= 0 & NSS0122 ~= 0).

COMPUTE FTPT1S = (NSS0124 * 12) + NSS0122 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0131) & NSS0126 ~= 0 & NSS0128 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT1E = (NSS0128 * 12) + NSS0126 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0128 = 0 | NSS0126 = 0).

COMPUTE FTPT1E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB2. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0141) & NSS0134 ~= 0 & NSS0132 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT2S = (NSS0134 * 12) + NSS0132 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0141) & NSS0136 ~= 0 & NSS0138 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT2E = (NSS0138 * 12) + NSS0136 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0138 = 0 | NSS0136 = 0). COMPUTE FTPT2E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB3. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0151) & NSS0144 ~= 0 & NSS0142 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT3S = (NSS0144 * 12) + NSS0142 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0151) & NSS0146 ~= 0 & NSS0148 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT3E = (NSS0148 * 12) + NSS0146 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0148 = 0 | NSS0146 = 0). COMPUTE FTPT3E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB4. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0161) & NSS0154 ~= 0 & NSS0152 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT4S = (NSS0154 * 12) + NSS0152 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0161) & NSS0156 ~= 0 & NSS0158 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT4E = (NSS0158 * 12) + NSS0156 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0158 = 0 |NSS0156 = 0). COMPUTE FTPT4E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB5. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0171) & NSS0164 ~= 0 & NSS0162 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT5S = (NSS0164 * 12) + NSS0162 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0171) & NSS0166 ~= 0 & NSS0168 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT5E = (NSS0168 * 12) + NSS0166 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0168 = 0 | NSS0166 = 0). COMPUTE FTPT5E = 60. END IF. END IF. ** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB6. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0181) & NSS0174 ~= 0 & NSS0172 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT6S = (NSS0174 * 12) + NSS0172 - 1092. DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0181) & NSS0176 ~= 0 & NSS0178 ~= 0). COMPUTE FTPT6E = (NSS0178 * 12) + NSS0176 - 1092. ELSE IF (NSS0178 = 0 | NSS0176 = 0). COMPUTE FTPT6E = 60.

END IF.

** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB7.

```
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0219) & NSS0212 ~= 0 & NSS0210 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT7S = (NSS0212 * 12) + NSS0210 - 1092.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0219) & NSS0214 ~= 0 & NSS0216 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT7E = (NSS0216 * 12) + NSS0214 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0214 = 0 | NSS0216 = 0).
COMPUTE FTPT7E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
```

** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB8.

```
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0229) & NSS0222 ~= 0 & NSS0220 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT8S = (NSS0222 * 12) + nss0220 - 1092.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0229) & NSS0224 ~= 0 & NSS0226 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT8E = (NSS0226 * 12) + NSS0224 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0224 = 0 | NSS0226 = 0).
COMPUTE FTPT8E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
```

** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated. ** JOB9.

```
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0239) & NSS0232 ~= 0 & NSS0230 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT9S = (NSS0232 * 12) + NSS0230 - 1092.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0239) & NSS0234 ~= 0 & NSS0236 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT9E = (NSS0236 * 12) + NSS0234 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0234 = 0 | NSS0236 = 0).
COMPUTE FTPT9E = 60.
END IF.
END IF.
```

```
** CALCULATING MONTHS IN WORK FROM MARCH 1991. full-time or part-time not stated.
** JOB10.
```

```
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0249) & NSS0242~= 0 & NSS0240 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT10S = (NSS0242 * 12) + NSS0240 - 1092.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0249) & NSS0244 ~= 0 & NSS0246 ~= 0).
COMPUTE FTPT10E = (NSS0246 * 12) + NSS0244 - 1092.
ELSE IF (NSS0244 = 0 | NSS0246 = 0).
```

COMPUTE FTPT10E = 60. END IF. END IF.

```
** CALCULATING MONTHS OUT OF THE LABOUR FORCE FROM MARCH 1991.
** IF ALL INFORMATION MISSING ON JOB1 THEN OLF FOR ALL MONTHS FROM MARCH 1991.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0131) & NSS0124 = 0 & NSS0122 = 0 & NSS0126 = 0
& NSS0128 = 0).
COMPUTE OLFS = 0.
END IF.
DO IF (SYSMIS(NSS0131) & NSS0124 = 0 & NSS0122 = 0 & NSS0126 = 0
& NSS0128 = 0).
COMPUTE OLFE = 0.
END IF.
```

** LOOKING AT IF START DATES OF A JOB ARE BEFORE END OF A PREVIOUS JOB.

SELECT IF (FULL1E > FULL2S). LIST VARIABLES=nserial FULL1S FULL1E FULL2S FULL2E /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. EXECUTE . TEMPORARY. SELECT IF (PART1E > PART2S). LIST VARIABLES=nserial PART1S PART1E PART2S PART2E /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. EXECUTE . TEMPORARY. SELECT IF (FULL2E > FULL3S). LIST VARIABLES=nserial FULL2S FULL2E FULL3S FULL3E /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. EXECUTE . TEMPORARY. SELECT IF (PART2E > PART3S). LIST VARIABLES=nserial PART2S PART2E PART3S PART3E /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED. EXECUTE . ** SOME CASES WITH INFORMATION ENTERED BACKWARDS, OTHER CASES JOBS JUST OVERLAPPING. ** SEE OUTFILE FOR DETAILS.

** RECODING TO GET A CORRECT START DATE IE. MARCH 1991.

COMPUTE FULL1S = FULL1S - 3. COMPUTE FULL1E = FULL1E - 3. COMPUTE PART1S = PART1S - 3. COMPUTE PART1E = PART1E - 3. COMPUTE FULL2S = FULL2S - 3. COMPUTE FULL2E = FULL2E - 3. COMPUTE PART2S = PART2S - 3. COMPUTE PART2E = PART2E - 3. COMPUTE FULL3S = FULL3S - 3. COMPUTE FULL3E = FULL3E - 3. COMPUTE PART3S = PART3S - 3. COMPUTE PART3E = PART3E - 3. COMPUTE FULL4S = FULL4S - 3. COMPUTE FULL4E = FULL4E - 3. COMPUTE PART4S = PART4S - 3 . COMPUTE PART4E = PART4E - 3. COMPUTE FULL5S = FULL5S - 3. COMPUTE FULL5E = FULL5E - 3. COMPUTE PART5S = PART5S - 3. COMPUTE PART5E = PART5E - 3. COMPUTE FULL6S = FULL6S - 3. COMPUTE FULL6E = FULL6E - 3. COMPUTE PART6S = PART6S - 3.

TEMPORARY.

COMPUTE PART6E = PART6E - 3. COMPUTE FULL7S = FULL7S - 3. COMPUTE FULL7E = FULL7E - 3. COMPUTE PART7S = PART7S - 3. COMPUTE PART7E = PART7E - 3. COMPUTE FULL8S = FULL8S - 3. COMPUTE FULL8E = FULL8E - 3. COMPUTE PART8S = PART8S - 3. COMPUTE PART8E = PART8E - 3. COMPUTE FULL9S = FULL9S - 3. COMPUTE FULL9E = FULL9E - 3. COMPUTE PART9S = PART9S - 3. COMPUTE PART9E = PART9E - 3. COMPUTE FULL10S = FULL10S - 3. COMPUTE FULL10E = FULL10E - 3. COMPUTE PART10S = PART10S - 3. COMPUTE PART10E = PART10E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT1S = FTPT1S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT1E = FTPT1E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT2S = FTPT2S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT2E = FTPT2E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT3S = FTPT3S - 3 COMPUTE FTPT3E = FTPT3E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT4S = FTPT4S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT4E = FTPT4E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT5S = FTPT5S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT5E = FTPT5E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT6S = FTPT6S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT6E = FTPT6E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT7S = FTPT7S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT7E = FTPT7E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT8S = FTPT8S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT8E = FTPT8E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT9S = FTPT9S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT9E = FTPT9E - 3. COMPUTE FTPT10S = FTPT10S - 3. COMPUTE FTPT10E = FTPT10E - 3.

** RECODING ALL NEGATIVE VALUES TO 0.

** NEGATIVE VALUES INDICATE A START DATE PRIOR TO MARCH 1991.

** O INDICATES MARCH 1991.

RECODE

FULL1S FULL1E PART1S PART1E FULL2S FULL2E PART2S PART2E FULL3S FULL3E PART3S PART3E FULL4S FULL4E PART4S PART4E FULL5S FULL5E PART5S PART5E FULL6S FULL6E PART6S PART6E FULL7S FULL7E PART7S PART7E FULL8S FULL8E PART8S PART8E FULL9S FULL9E PART9S PART9E FULL10S FULL10E PART10S PART10E FTPT1S FTPT1E FTPT2S FTPT2E FTPT3S FTPT3E FTPT4S FTPT4E FTPT5S FTPT5E FTPT6S FTPT6E FTPT7S FTPT7E FTPT8S FTPT8E FTPT9S FTPT9E FTPT10S FTPT10E (LOWEST THRU 0 = 0) (ELSE=COPY). EXECUTE.

EXECUTE .

** CREATING A SET OF VARIABLES FOR MISSING START/END DATES .

DO REPEAT

X = full1e full2e full3e full4e full5e full6e full7e full8e full9e full10e part1e part2e part3e part4e part5e part6e part7e part8e part9e part10e olfe ftpt1e ftpt2e ftpt3e ftpt4e ftpt5e ftpt6e ftpt7e ftpt8e ftpt9e ftpt10e /

```
Y = Mfull1e Mfull2e Mfull3e Mfull4e Mfull5e Mfull6e Mfull7e Mfull8e Mfull9e
Mfull10e Mpart1e Mpart2e Mpart3e Mpart4e Mpart5e Mpart6e Mpart7e Mpart8e
Mpart9e Mpart10e Molfe Mftpt1e Mftpt2e Mftpt3e Mftpt4e Mftpt5e Mftpt6e Mftpt7e
Mftpt8e Mftpt9e Mftpt10e /
```

- W = full1s full2s full3s full4s full5s full6s full7s full8s full9s full10s part1s part2s part3s part4s part5s part6s part7s part8s part9s part10s olfs ftpt1s ftpt2s ftpt3s ftpt4s ftpt5s ftpt6s ftpt7s ftpt8s ftpt9s ftpt10s /
- z = Mfull1s Mfull2s Mfull3s Mfull4s Mfull5s Mfull6s Mfull7s Mfull8s Mfull9s
 Mfull10s Mpart1s Mpart2s Mpart3s Mpart4s Mpart5s Mpart6s Mpart7s Mpart8s
 Mpart9s Mpart10s Molfs Mftpt1s Mftpt2s Mftpt3s Mftpt4s Mftpt5s Mftpt6s Mftpt7s
 Mftpt8s Mftpt9s Mftpt10s .

COMPUTE Y = 0. IF MISSING (X) Y = 1. COMPUTE Z = 0. IF MISSING (W) Z = 1. END REPEAT.

```
** CREATING THE JOB HISTORY VECTOR.
** WHETHER IN FULL-TIME PART-TIME UNSPECIFIED FULL OR PART OR OLF FROM MARCH 1991.
** VALUES = 1 FULL-TIME 2 PART-TIME 3 UNSPECIFIED 4 OLF.
```

VECTOR JOB (60,f3.0) .

```
DO IF (MOLFS ~= 1 & MOLFE ~= 1).
LOOP #a=OLFS TO OLFE.
+ COMPUTE JOB(#a)=4.
END LOOP.
END IF.
do if (mftpt1s ~= 1 & mftpt1e ~= 1).
loop #a=ftpt1s to ftpt1e.
+ compute job (#a)=3.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mftpt2s \sim= 1 & mftpt2e \sim= 1).
loop #b=ftpt2s to ftpt2e.
+ compute job (#b)=3.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mftpt3s ~= 1 & mftpt3e ~= 1).
loop #c=ftpt3s to ftpt3e.
+ compute job (#c)=3.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mftpt4s ~= 1 & mftpt4e ~= 1).
loop #d=ftpt4s to ftpt4e.
+ compute job (#d)=3.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mftpt5s ~= 1 & mftpt5e ~= 1).
loop #e=ftpt5s to ftpt5e.
+ compute job (#e)=3.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mftpt6s ~= 1 & mftpt6e ~= 1).
loop #f=ftpt6s to ftpt6e.
+ compute job (#f)=3.
end loop.
end if.
```

do if (mftpt7s ~= 1 & mftpt7e ~= 1). loop #g=ftpt7s to ftpt7e. + compute job (#g)=3. end loop. end if. do if (mftpt8s ~= 1 & mftpt8e ~= 1). loop #h=ftpt8s to ftpt8e. + compute job (#h)=3. end loop. end if. do if (mftpt9s ~= 1 & mftpt9e ~= 1). loop #i=ftpt9s to ftpt9e. + compute job (#i)=3. end loop. end if. do if (mftpt10s ~= 1 & mftpt10e ~= 1). loop #j=ftpt10s to ftpt10e. + compute job (#j)=3. end loop. end if. execute. vector job = job1 to job60. do if (mpart1s ~= 1 & mpart1e ~= 1). loop #a=part1s to part1e. + compute job (#a)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart2s ~= 1 & mpart2e ~= 1). loop #b=part2s to part2e. + compute job (#b)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart3s ~= 1 & mpart3e ~= 1). loop #c=part3s to part3e. + compute job (#c)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart4s ~= 1 & mpart4e ~= 1). loop #d=part4s to part4e. + compute job (#d)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart5s ~= 1 & mpart5e ~= 1). loop #e=part5s to part5e. + compute job (#e)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart6s ~= 1 & mpart6e ~= 1). loop #f=part6s to part6e. + compute job (#f)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart7s ~= 1 & mpart7e ~= 1). loop #g=part7s to part7e. + compute job (#g)=2. end loop. end if. do if (mpart8s ~= 1 & mpart8e ~= 1). loop #h=part8s to part8e. + compute job (#h)=2.

```
end loop.
end if.
do if (mpart9s ~= 1 & mpart9e ~= 1).
loop #i=part9s to part9e.
+ compute job (#i)=2.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mpart10s ~= 1 & mpart10e ~= 1).
loop #j=part10s to part10e.
+ compute job (#j)=2.
end loop.
end if.
EXECUTE.
vector job = job1 to job60.
do if (mfull1s \sim= 1 & mfull1e \sim= 1).
loop #a=full1s to full1e.
+ compute job (#a)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull2s ~= 1 & mfull2e ~= 1).
loop #b=full2s to full2e.
+ compute job (#b)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull3s ~= 1 & mfull3e ~= 1).
loop #c=full3s to full3e.
+ compute job (#c)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull4s \sim= 1 & mfull4e \sim= 1).
loop #d=full4s to full4e.
+ compute job (#d)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull5s ~= 1 & mfull5e ~= 1).
loop #e=full5s to full5e.
+ compute job (#e)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull6s ~= 1 & mfull6e ~= 1).
loop #f=full6s to full6e.
+ compute job (#f)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull7s ~= 1 & mfull7e ~= 1).
loop #g=full7s to full7e.
+ compute job (#g)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull8s ~= 1 & mfull8e ~= 1).
loop #h=full8s to full8e.
+ compute job (#h)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull9s ~= 1 & mfull9e ~= 1).
loop #i=full9s to full9e.
+ compute job (#i)=1.
end loop.
end if.
do if (mfull10s ~= 1 & mfull10e ~= 1).
loop #j=full10s to full10e.
```

+ compute job (#j)=1. end loop. end if.

EXECUTE.

** ATTEMPTING TO LOOK AT 'MISSING INFORMATION' IN HISTORIES OR GENUINE 'OLF'.

** LOOKING AT CASES WHO HAVE NOT GIVEN US CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS.

TEMPORARY. SELECT IF(SYSMIS(NSS0121)). LIST VARIABLES=nserial /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED.

** SEE OUTFILE.

** 5 CASES - JUST 1 NOT VALID.

** CASES WITH WITH CONTINUAL OLF STATUS .

TEMPORARY. SELECT IF(JOB1 = 4 & JOB60 = 4). LIST VARIABLES=nserial NSS0121 /CASES= BY 1 /FORMAT= WRAP NUMBERED.

** A TOTAL OF 161 CASES -OF WHICH 158 ARE CURRENTLY NOT WORKING.

** 2 CASES - 1499 IS WORKING PART-TIME AND 1584 IS 'MISSING'.

** RECODING JOB HISTORIES TO BE MISSING.

DO IF

(nserial = '960061E' | nserial = '986376C').

RECODE

job10 job11 job12 job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job2 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job3 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 job37 job38 job39 job4 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 job49 job5 job50 job51 job52 job53 job54 job55 job56 job57 job58 job59 job6 job60 job7 job8 job9 job1 (4 = 0) . END IF.

** RECODING JOB HISTORIES FROM SYSTEM MISSING TO 4 IF THERE IS SOME VALID JOB INFO. ** CASES PUT AS OLF (4) IN GAPS BETWEEN JOB INFORMATION.

DO IF

(nserial ~= '960061E' | nserial ~= '986376C').

RECODE

job10 job11 job12 job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job2 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job3 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 job37 job38 job39 job4 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 job49 job5 job50 job51 job52 job53 job54 job55 job56 job57 job58 job59 job6 job60 job7 job8 job9 job1 (SYSMIS = 4) . END IF.

| ** CREATING YEAR INFORMATION. ** MOST TIME SPENT IN ONE STATUS IN ANY ONE YEAR. |
|--|
| ** YEAR FROM MARCH 1991. COUNT |
| full91 = job1 job2 job3 job4 job5 job6 job7 job8 job9 job10 job11 job12 (1) . VARIABLE LABELS full91 'F/T Employment Status in 1991' . |
| COUNT part91 = job1 job2 job3 job4 job5 job6 job7 job8 job9 job10 job11 job12 (2) . VARIABLE LABELS PART91 'P/T Employment Status in 1991' . |
| COUNT FTPT91 = job1 job2 job3 job4 job5 job6 job7 job8 job9 job10 job11 job12 (3) . VARIABLE LABELS FTPT91 'Employment Status in 1991 where FT/PT not known'. |
| COUNT OLF91 = job1 job2 job3 job4 job5 job6 job7 job8 job9 job10 job11 job12 (4) . VARIABLE LABELS OLF91 'OUT OF LABOUR FORCE IN 1991' . |
| COUNT MISS91 = job1 job2 job3 job4 job5 job6 job7 job8 job9 job10 job11 job12 (0). VARIABLE LABELS MISS91 'MISSING DATA IN 1991'. |
| ** IF A VALUE IS THE SAME, IE. FULL91 = 6 AND OLF91 = 6, BY SETTING OUT THE ORDER AS BELOW, THE 'HIGHER' EMPLOYMENT STATUS IS AWARDED IE. IF FULL91 = 6 AND OLF91 = 6 THEN YEAR91 = 1 NOT 4. |
| IF (MAX(FULL91,PART91,FTPT91,OLF91,MISS91) = MISS91) YEAR91 = 5 . IF (MAX(FULL91,PART91,FTPT91,OLF91,MISS91) = OLF91) YEAR91 = 4 . IF (MAX(FULL91,PART91,FTPT91,OLF91,MISS91) = FTPT91) YEAR91 = 3 . IF (MAX(FULL91,PART91,FTPT91,OLF91,MISS91) = PART91) YEAR91 = 2 . IF (MAX(FULL91,PART91,FTPT91,OLF91,MISS91) = FULL91) YEAR91 = 1 . |
| VARIABLE LABELS YEAR91 'Employment Status in 12 months from March 1991'. VALUE LABELS YEAR91 1 'Predominantly full-time' 2 'Predominantly part-time' 3 'Predominantly working (FT/PT status not known)' 4 'Predominantly out of labour force' 5 'Predominantly missing data'. |
| MISSING VALUES YEAR91 (5). |
| ** YEAR FROM MARCH 1992. COUNT full92 = job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 (1). VARIABLE LABELS full92 'F/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1992'. |
| COUNT part92 = job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 (2) . VARIABLE LABELS PART92 'P/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1992' . |
| COUNT FTPT92 = job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 (3). VARIABLE LABELS PART92 'P/T OR F/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1992'. |
| COUNT OLF92 = job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 (4) . VARIABLE LABELS OLF92 'OUT OF LABOUR FORCE IN 1992' . |
| COUNT MISS92 = job13 job14 job15 job16 job17 job18 job19 job20 job21 job22 job23 job24 (0) . |
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VARIABLE LABELS MISS92 'MISSING IN 1992' .

IF (MAX(FULL92,PART92,FTPT92,OLF92,MISS92) = MISS92) YEAR92 = 5 . IF (MAX(FULL92,PART92,FTPT92,OLF92,MISS92) = OLF92) YEAR92 = 4 . IF (MAX(FULL92,PART92,FTPT92,OLF92,MISS92) = FTPT92) YEAR92 = 3 . IF (MAX(FULL92,PART92,FTPT92,OLF92,MISS92) = PART92) YEAR92 = 2 . IF (MAX(FULL92,PART92,FTPT92,OLF92,MISS92) = FULL92) YEAR92 = 1 .

VARIABLE LABELS YEAR92 'Employment Status in 12 months from March 1992'. VALUE LABELS YEAR92 1 'Predominantly full-time'

2 'Predominantly part-time'

- 3 'Predominantly working (FT/PT status not known)'
- 4 'Predominantly out of labour force'
- 5 'Predominantly missing data' .

MISSING VALUES YEAR92 (5).

** YEAR FROM MARCH 1993.

COUNT

full93 = job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 (1) . VARIABLE LABELS full93 'F/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1993' .

COUNT

part93 = job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 (2) . VARIABLE LABELS PART93 'P/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1993' .

COUNT

 $\label{eq:FTPT93} \ensuremath{\mathsf{FTPT93}} = \ensuremath{\mathsf{job26}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job27}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job28}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job30}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job33}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job34}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job35}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{job35}}$

COUNT

OLF93 = job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 (4) . VARIABLE LABELS OLF93 'OUT OF LABOUR FORCE IN 1993' .

COUNT

 $\mathsf{MISS93}$ = job25 job26 job27 job28 job29 job30 job31 job32 job33 job34 job35 job36 (0) . VARIABLE LABELS MISS93 'MISSING IN 1993' .

IF (MAX(FULL93,PART93,FTPT93,OLF93,MISS93) = MISS93) YEAR93 = 5 . IF (MAX(FULL93,PART93,FTPT93,OLF93,MISS93) = OLF93) YEAR93 = 4 . IF (MAX(FULL93,PART93,FTPT93,OLF93,MISS93) = FTPT93) YEAR93 = 3 . IF (MAX(FULL93,PART93,FTPT93,OLF93,MISS93) = PART93) YEAR93 = 2 . IF (MAX(FULL93,PART93,FTPT93,OLF93,MISS93) = FULL93) YEAR93 = 1 .

VARIABLE LABELS YEAR93 'Employment Status in 12 months from March 1993'. VALUE LABELS YEAR93 1 'Predominantly full-time'

2 'Predominantly part-time'

- 3 'Predominantly working (FT/PT status not known)'
- 4 'Predominantly out of labour force'
- 5 'Predominantly missing data' .

MISSING VALUES YEAR93 (5) .

** YEAR FROM MARCH 1994.

COUNT

full94 = job37 job38 job39 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 (1) . VARIABLE LABELS full94 'F/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1994' .

COUNT

part94 = job37 job38 job39 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 (2) . VARIABLE LABELS PART94 'P/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1994' . COUNT

FTPT94 = job37 job38 job39 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 (3) . VARIABLE LABELS PART94 'P/T OR F/T EMPLOYMENT STATUS IN 1994' .

COUNT

OLF94 = job37 job38 job39 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 (4) . VARIABLE LABELS OLF94 'OUT OF LABOUR FORCE IN 1994' .

COUNT

 $\mathsf{MISS94}$ = job37 job38 job39 job40 job41 job42 job43 job44 job45 job46 job47 job48 (0) . VARIABLE LABELS MISS94 'MISSING IN 1994' .

```
IF (MAX(FULL94,PART94,FTPT94,OLF94,MISS94) = MISS94) YEAR94 = 5 .
IF (MAX(FULL94,PART94,FTPT94,OLF94,MISS94) = OLF94) YEAR94 = 4 .
IF (MAX(FULL94,PART94,FTPT94,OLF94,MISS94) = FTPT94) YEAR94 = 3 .
IF (MAX(FULL94,PART94,FTPT94,OLF94,MISS94) = PART94) YEAR94 = 2 .
IF (MAX(FULL94,PART94,FTPT94,OLF94,MISS94) = FULL94) YEAR94 = 1 .
```

VARIABLE LABELS YEAR94 'Employment Status in 12 months from March 1994'. VALUE LABELS YEAR94 1 'Predominantly full-time'

2 'Predominantly part-time'

- 3 'Predominantly working (FT/PT status not known)'
- 4 'Predominantly out of labour force'
- 5 'Predominantly missing data' .

MISSING VALUES YEAR94 (5).

Variable labels job1 'Employment status March 1991'.

Variable labels job2 'Employment status April 1991'.

Variable labels job3 'Employment status May 1991'.

Variable labels job4 'Employment status June 1991'.

Variable labels job5 'Employment status July 1991'.

Variable labels job6 'Employment status Aug 1991'.

Variable labels job7 'Employment status Sept 1991'.

Variable labels job8 'Employment status Oct 1991'.

Variable labels job9 'Employment status Nov 1991'.

Variable labels job10 'Employment status Dec 1991'.

Variable labels job11 'Employment status Jan 1992'.

Variable labels job12

'Employment status Feb 1992'.

Variable labels job13 'Employment status March 1992'.

Variable labels job14 'Employment status April 1992'.

Variable labels job15 'Employment status May 1992'.

Variable labels job16 'Employment status June 1992'.

Variable labels job17 'Employment status July 1992'.

Variable labels job18 'Employment status Aug 1992'.

Variable labels job19 'Employment status Sept 1992'.

Variable labels job20 'Employment status Oct 1992'.

Variable labels job21 'Employment status Nov 1992'.

Variable labels job22 'Employment status Dec 1992'.

Variable labels job23 'Employment status Jan 1993'.

Variable labels job24 'Employment status Feb 1993'.

Variable labels job25 'Employment status March 1993'.

Variable labels job26 'Employment status April 1993'.

Variable labels job27 'Employment status May 1993'.

Variable labels job28 'Employment status June 1993'.

Variable labels job29 'Employment status July 1993'.

Variable labels job30 'Employment status Aug 1993'.

Variable labels job31 'Employment status Sept 1993'.

Variable labels job32 'Employment status Oct 1993'.

Variable labels job33

'Employment status Nov 1993'.

Variable labels job34 'Employment status Dec 1993'.

Variable labels job35 'Employment status Jan 1994'.

Variable labels job36 'Employment status Feb 1994'.

Variable labels job37 'Employment status March 1994'.

Variable labels job38 'Employment status April 1994'.

Variable labels job39 'Employment status May 1994'.

Variable labels job40 'Employment status June 1994'.

Variable labels job41 'Employment status July 1994'.

Variable labels job42 'Employment status Aug 1994'.

Variable labels job43 'Employment status Sept 1994'.

Variable labels job44 'Employment status Oct 1994'.

Variable labels job45 'Employment status Nov 1994'.

Variable labels job46 'Employment status Dec 1994'.

Variable labels job47 'Employment status Jan 1995'.

Variable labels job48 'Employment status Feb 1995'.

Variable labels job49 'Employment status March 1995'.

Variable labels job50 'Employment status April 1995'.

Variable labels job51 'Employment status May 1995'.

Variable labels job52 'Employment status June 1995'.

Variable labels job53 'Employment status July 1995'.

Variable labels job54

'Employment status Aug 1995'.

Variable labels job55 'Employment status Sept 1995'.

Variable labels job56 'Employment status Oct 1995'.

Variable labels job57 'Employment status Nov 1995'.

Variable labels job58 'Employment status Dec 1995'.

Variable labels job59 'Employment status Jan 1996'.

Variable labels job60 'Employment status Feb 1996'.

value labels job1 to job60 1 'working full-time' 2 'working part-time' 3 'working (PT/FT unspecified)' 4 'out of labour force'.

format c1prob to numscor2 (f8.0). format litgrp1 to year94(f8.0).

fre c1prob to home37. fre books mags. fre childa to occgrp95. fre job1 to year94.

save outfile='c:\NCDS37 dataset.sav'/drop=timeread timemags child37 full1s to mftpt10s full91 to miss91 full92 to miss92 full93 to miss93 full94 to miss94 job58 to job60.

Imputation syntax for variable nss1022 (see section 2.3)

* First test if child benefit stated as 'benefit 2' or 'benefit 3, 4, 5 or 6'.

compute cb_other=0. if (nss1032=11 or nss1042=11 or nss1052=11 or nss1062=11 or nss1072=11)cb_other=1. format cb_other (f2.0). variable labels cb_other 'Was child benefit stated as one of benefits 2-6?'. value labels cb_other 0 'No' 1 'Yes'. fre cb_other.

* 171 cohort members stated child benefit as one of benefits 2-6, so in those cases benefit 1 can't be CBen.

* In 1995, child benefit was £10.40/week for the first child and £8.45 for each subsequent child, except that * for one-parent families it was £17.55 for first child and £8.45 for each subsequent one (although strictly

* speaking, it's a totally separate benefit: One Parent Benefit.

* Equivalent monthly rates would be: £45.07 for first child, and £36.62 for each subsequent child, except that * for one-parent familes it was £76.05 for first child and £36.62 for each subsequent one.

* Equivalent '4-weekly' rates would be £41.60 for first child, and £33.80 for each subsequent child, except that

* for one-parent families it was £70.20 for first child and £33.80 for each subsequent one.

* Convert benefit 1 to weekly amount.

compute ben1week=-1. if (nss1028 = 1)ben1week=nss1024. if (nss1028 > 1)ben1week=nss1024/nss1028. if (nss1029 = 1)ben1week=(nss1024*12)/52.

* Count number of cohort member's own children living at home with them. count nkidhome=nss0850 nss0851 nss0852 nss0853 nss0854 nss0855(1). format nkidhome (f2.0). variable labels nkidhome 'Number of own children living at home'. fre nkidhome.

* Check out if cohort member is a lone parent or one of a couple.

compute parentyp=0. if (nkidhome ge 1)parentyp=1. if (nss0410=1 and nkidhome ge 1)parentyp=2. format parentyp (f2.0). variable labels parentyp 'Child Benefit entitlement status'. value labels parentyp 0 'No children' 1 'Lone Parent' 2 'Married/Cohabiting parent'. fre parentyp.

* Compute variable 'childben' which flags when a case should have nss1022 recoded to a value of 11. compute childben=0. format childben (f2.0).

* If the weekly amount of benefit 1 received is within £1 or £2 of a plausible CB amount (not necessarily for * the exact number of children resident), assume benefit 1 should have been coded as child benefit.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=1 and (ben1week ge 9 and ben1week le 12))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=1 and (ben1week ge 18 and ben1week le 20))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=1 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 9 and ben1week le 12))childben=1.

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if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 18 and ben1week le 20))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=3 and (ben1week ge 9 and ben1week le 12))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=3 and (ben1week ge 18 and ben1week le 20))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=3 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=4 and (ben1week ge 18 and ben1week le 20))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=4 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=4 and (ben1week ge 30 and ben1week le 38))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=5 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=5 and (ben1week ge 30 and ben1week le 38))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=5 and (ben1week ge 40 and ben1week le 45))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=5 and (ben1week ge 40 and ben1week le 45))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=2 and nkidhome=5 and (ben1week ge 50 and ben1week le 55))childben=1.

* For lone parents, increase range of plausible amounts to include the extra £7.15 One Parent Benefit entitlement

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=1 and (ben1week ge 9 and ben1week le 12))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=1 and (ben1week ge 16 and ben1week le 19))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 9 and ben1week le 12))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 16 and ben1week le 19))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=2 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1.

if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=3 and (ben1week ge 25 and ben1week le 28))childben=1. if (cb_other=0 and parentyp=1 and nkidhome=3 and (ben1week ge 30 and ben1week le 35))childben=1.

* There were no lone parents with more than three children.

* In the case of any respondents who were receiving One Parent Benefit, but did not mention child benefit anywhere,

* assume benefit 1 should be child benefit even if it's not in the range of 'plausible amounts' outlined above.

if (cb_other=0 and ((nss1032=12) or (nss1042=12) or (nss1052=12) or (nss1062=12) or (nss1072=12)))childben=1.

fre childben.

* Look at cases where all entries involving benefits are system-missing. Assume these respondents really do not receive any benefits.

compute nobens=0.

if (sysmis(nss1022) and sysmis(nss1031) and sysmis(nss1032) and sysmis(nss1042) and sysmis(nss1052) and sysmis(nss1062) and sysmis(nss1062) and sysmis(nss1072) and childben=0)nobens=1. fre nobens.

compute nss1022=23. if (nkidhome=0)nss1022=21. if (nobens=1)nss1022=20. if (cb_other >=1)nss1022=22. if (childben=1)nss1022=11.

variable labels nss1022 'Income: Benefit #1 (imputed, due to erroneous data input)'. value labels nss1022

11 'child benefit (CB)'

20 'no benefits received at all'

21 "some benefit received, but no kids at home so it's not CB"

22 "some benefit received - not CB, as CB stated as benefit 2-6"

23 "some benefit received - may be CB, but evidence inconclusive".

References:

1 Elias, P. (1993). CASOC: Computer-Assisted Standard Occupational Coding. London: HMSO. (Distributed by HMSO Publications Centre, PO Box 276, London SW8 5DT, UK).

APPENDIX 2

Summary of Data Collected at NCDS Birth Survey and Sweeps 1-6

NCDS: SUMMARY OF DATA COLLECTED 1958-2000

Perinatal Mortality Survey (PMS): 1958

Parents and Medical Records

Social & family background Obstetric history Antenatal care Abnormalities during pregnancy Length & abnormalities of labour Analgesia & Anaesthesia Sex, weight, progress, management & outcome of infant Mother's smoking during pregnancy

National Child Development Study, First Follow-up (NCDS1): 1965

Parents Family size Parental situation Father's occupation Father's education Mother's work Type of accommodation Tenure Number of rooms Household amenities Periods 'In Care' Hospital admissions Clinic attendance Medical history **Behaviour** Physical co-ordination Adjustment to school Separation from mother Pre-school experience Infant Welfare Clinic attendance

Medical

Height and weight Head circumference Tests & clinical assessments of motor co-ordination & laterality Full clinical examination

School

School size and organisation School and parents Teachers assessment of child's abilities, attainment & behaviour

Subject

Southgate Reading Test Copying Designs Test Goodenough Draw-a-man Test Problem Arithmetic Test

National Child Development Study, Second Follow-up (NCDS2): 1969

| Parents | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Family size | |
| Parental situation | |
| Father's occupation | T |
| Father's education | |
| Mother's work | |
| Type of accommodation | |
| Tenure | |
| Number of rooms | Sc |
| Household amenities | |
| Periods 'In Care' | Teache |
| Hospital admissions | |
| Clinic attendance | |
| Medical history | |
| Behaviour | R |
| Physical co-ordination | Math |
| Adjustment to school | Iviau |
| Separation from mother | |
| Pre-school experience | Short quest |
| Infant Welfare Clinic attendance | Short questi |
| Financial situation | Essay |
| Housing satisfaction | L55a |
| Satisfaction with neighbourhood | |

Medical

Height and weight Head circumference Tests & clinical assessment Full clinical examination Pubertal development

School

School size and organisation School and parents Teachers assessment of child's abilities, attainment & behaviour

Subject

Reading comprehension test Mathematics comprehension Test General Ability Test Copying-designs Test Short questionnaire on interest out of school & educational aspiration Essay describing their life at age 25

National Child Development Study, Third Follow-up (NCDS3): 1974

Parents Family size Parental situation Father's occupation Father's education Mother's work Type of accommodation Tenure Number of rooms Household amenities Periods 'In Care' Hospital admissions Clinic attendance Medical history Behaviour Physical co-ordination Adjustment to school Separation from mother Pre-school experience Infant Welfare Clinic attendance Financial situation Child's future education and employment

Medical

Height and weight Head circumference Tests & clinical assessment Full clinical examination Pubertal development

School

School size and organisation School and parents Teachers assessment of child's abilities, attainment & behaviour, future education and development

Subject

Reading comprehension test Mathematics comprehension test Questionnaire covering: School; Education; Further & higher education; Future employment; Relationships with the family; Marriage & family plans; Leisure activities Schools (and colleges)

Details of entry and performance in public examinations

National Child Development Study, Fourth Follow-up (NCDS4): 1981

Subject Employment & Unemployment Apprenticeship & training Education & qualifications since school Literacy & numeracy Periods out of the labour force Attitudes to school & work Number, age & sex of all natural children Children's health Marriage & cohabitation Characteristics of partners Marriage/family plans Contraceptive use Housing

Subject (continued)

Family income & savings Health, accidents & hospital admissions Height & weight Leisure & voluntary activities Economic status of parents Experience of 'Care' as a child Malaise Index

Area Data

These data provide details of the location and characteristics of the area the subject was living at NCDS4 and NCDS3. They are based on the Small Area Statistics of the 1971 and 1981 Census.

National Child Development Study, Fifth Follow-up (NCDS5): 1991

Cohort Member Survey

"Your Life Since 1974"

Self-completion event history questionnaire covering: Marriage/ cohabitation Children Jobs Periods not in a job Housing

"What Do You Think"

Self-completion attitude questionnaire covering: Marriage (including the Locke-Wallace "Quality of Relationship" battery) Women's roles Children and the family Social support Social and political values (left/right, traditional/modern) Environmentalism Racism Sexism Political trust/cynicism Orientation towards work Value of work Job control Perceived job-related skills

Interview Questionnaire

Current/last and previous jobs Spouse partner's current job Spouse/partner's earnings Unemployment Education and training Qualifications held Literacy and numeracy problems Marriages and cohabitations Pregnancies and children Housing circumstances Aspects of housing history (including rent/mortgage arrears, and homelessness) Income from state benefits Income from other sources Savings and investments Inheritance and debt Health and health history (including: asthma and other specific conditions, disability, accidents and assaults, hospital admissions, etc) Health behaviour (including: smoking, drinking, drink driving) Citizenship (including: voting behaviour, religiosity) Ethnicity. Malaise Inventory: 24 items derived from the **Cornell Medical Index**

> Cohort Member Height and Weight Measurement Using portable measuring equipment.

Partner Survey

Partner "Your Life..."

Self-completion event history questionnaire covering: Marriage/ cohabitation Children Jobs Periods not in a job Housing

Mother and Child Survey

(All natural/adopted children in a sample of one in three cohort families)

Mother Interview Questionnaire

Gathering the following details for each child: Family life Pregnancy and birth Health history Separations from mother Experience of being "in care" Pre-school experience Schooling history Experience of day care

Mother "Your Child"

Self-completion questionnaire giving for each child: Motor and Social Development Behaviour Problems Index Temperament Home Environment Child Height and Weight Measurement Using portable measuring equipment.

Child Assessments (children 4 years and older)

Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test McCarthy Scale of Children's Abilities: Verbal Memory Subscale Peabody Individual Achievement Tests: - Math Subscale - Reading Recognition Subscale - Reading Comprehension Subscale Weschler Intelligence Scale for Children: - Digit Span Subscale Perceived Competence Scale Self-Perception Profile Plus, an interviewer evaluation of: Testing Conditions Child Temperament Home Environment

National Child Development Study, Sixth Follow-up (NCDS6): 2000

Interview

Household grid Ethnicity Language spoken in the home Current address Intentions to move Property inheritance Homelessness Housing history Marital status Relationship history Pregnancy history Lone parenthood Infertility Adopted children Partner's children from a previous relationship Children over 16 Family activities Demands of parenting Contact with family Emotional support Other Income **Financial situation** Economic activity Current job Other paid work Currently unemployed Labour market histories Partner's job Qualifications Current course for qualification Assessment of current/most recent course Other courses and training No formal learning Learning overview Contact with information technology Literacy and numeracy General health Long-term health conditions Respiratory problems Mental health Seeing and hearing Other conditions Accidents/injuries Hospital admissions Smoking Drinking Diet Exercise Height and weight

Interview (continued)

Involvement with organisations Voting behaviour and intentions Political alignment Trade union membership Religion Newspaper readership Car ownership Values Political activity

Self-completion

Views and attitude How you get on with your husband, wife or partner, Includes Locke-Wallace Malaise Inventory Your skills, How good at skill/is skill used at work GHQ 12 School exclusion and truancy Contact with the police and crime Use of illegal drugs

APPENDIX 3

NCDS Publications

NCDS National Child Development Study

NCDS Publications list, May 2004

Key Publications

Over the years, many hundreds of publications, dealing with all aspects of life and development, have come from the research based on the information gathered on the NCDS cohort. A limited number of key publications are listed below.

BUTLER N R, and BONHAM D G (1963) Perinatal Mortality. E & S Livingstone

BUTLER N R, and ALBERMAN E D (1969) Perinatal Problems. E & S Livingstone

DAVIE R, BUTLER N, and GOLDSTEIN H (1972) From Birth to Seven. Longman.

FERRI E (Ed) (1993) Life at 33: the fifth follow-up of the National Child Development Study. National Children's Bureau, City University, Economic and Social Research Council.

FOGELMAN K (1976) Britain's Sixteen-Year-Olds. National Children's Bureau

FOGELMAN K (Ed) (1983) Growing Up in Great Britain: collected papers from the National Child Development Study. Macmillan

MAKEPEACE G.H. AND DOLTON P.J. (2001). What can the National Child Development Study (NCDS) and the 1970 British Birth Cohort Study (BCS70) tell us about the individual's acquisition and use of education and training? *Research review for the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority. Prepared January 2001*

Books and Journals

Entries are arranged alphabetically within year.

The symbol (*) following the publication year indicates that the entry is also included in the volume <u>Growing-up in Great Britain</u>.

The symbol (**) following the publication year indicates that the entry is included in the volume <u>Life at 33</u>. You can obtain copies of *LIfe at 33* from the Institute of Education <u>bookshop</u>.

1961

BUTLER N R (1961) National survey of perinatal mortality: first results. British Medical Journal, vol i pp 1313-1315

BUTLER N R (1961) Perinatal mortality survey under auspices of the National Birthday Trust Fund. Proceedings of the Royal Society of Medicine, vol 54 no 12 pp 1089-1092

1962

BUTLER N R (1962) Fatal coxackie B myocarditis in a newborn infant. British Medical Journal, vol i pp 1251-1252

BUTLER N R (1962) Perinatal mortality survey. British Medical Journal, vol ii pp 1463-1465

BUTLER N R, and CLAIREAUX A E (1962) Congenital diaphragmatic hernia as a cause of perinatal mortality. Lancet, vol ii, p 1187

1963

BUTLER N R (1963) Complications of birth asphyxia with special reference to resuscitation. In: BARNETT, and JOYCE J (Eds) The Obstetrician Anaesthetist and the Paediatrician in the Management of Obstetrical Problems. Oxford: Pergamon.

BUTLER N R, and BONHAM D G (1963) Perinatal Mortality. Edinburgh, E & S Livingstone

1964

There were no publications in 1964.

1965

BUTLER N R (1965) An analysis of data on 'high risk' mothers in relation to perinatal mortality. In: Report on Symposium on the Role of Obstetricians in Maternal and Child Health Programmes. Geneva, World Health Organisation

BUTLER N R (1965) Perinatal death. In: DAWKINS M, and MacGREGOR W G (Eds) Gestational Age, Size and Maturity. London, Spastics Society in association with Heinemann Medical. (Clinics in Developmental Medicine, no 19) BUTLER N R (1965) The problems of low birthweight and early delivery. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology of the British Commonwealth, vol 72 no 6 pp 1001-1003

PRINGLE M K (1965) The National Child Development Study (1958 cohort). Bulletin of the British Psychological Society, July pp 1-6

F

1966

BUTLER N R, and PRINGLE M K (1966) Prevention of handicaps in children. Maternal and Child Care, vol 2 no 17 pp 237-242

DAVIE R (1966) Summary of the National Child Development Study. London, National Bureau for Co-operation in Child Care

DAVIE R (1966) Seven year olds in England. Special Education, vol 55 no 3 pp 9-11

PRINGLE M K, BUTLER N, and DAVIE R (1966) 11,000 Seven Year Olds. London, Longman in association with the National Children's Bureau

₽

1967

ALBERMAN E D, FEDRICK J M, and SCHUTT W H (1967) The hypoplastic left heart complex. Journal of Medical Genetics, vol 4 pp 83-87

BUTLER N, and PRINGLE M K (1967) National Child Development Study (1958 cohort). In: ASSOCIATION FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION, What is Special Education?

DAVIE R (1967) Summary of the first report of the National Child Development Study. Forward Trends, vol 2 no 1 pp 5-13

PRINGLE M K (1967) Follow-up of adopted children. Journal of the Medical Women's Federation, vol 43 no 3 pp 146-148

₽

1968

DAVIE R (1968) National Child Development Study. In: COLLEGE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION, Research Relevant to the Education of Children with Learning Handicaps

DAVIE R (1968) The behaviour and adjustment of seven-year-old children: some results from the National Child Development Study (1958 cohort). British Journal of Educational Psychology, vol 38 no 1 pp 1-2 GOLDSTEIN H (1968) Longitudinal studies and the measurement of change. Statistician, vol 18 no 2 pp 93-117

PRINGLE M K (1968) National Child Development Study (1958 cohort). In: COLLEGE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION Research Relevant to the Education of Children with Learning Handicaps.

PRINGLE M K (1968) Planning and programming for child care. In: Selected Papers on Learning Difficulties. San Rafael, California: Academic Therapy Publications

F

1969

ALBERMAN E (1969) The prevalence of congenital defects in the children of the 1958 cohort. Concern, no 3 pp 29-33

BUTLER N R (1969) Children at risk. Concern, no 3 pp 8-16

BUTLER N R, and ALBERMAN E D (1969) Perinatal Problems, Edinburgh, E & S Livingstone

DAVIE R (1969) The first follow-up of the children born in the control week. In: BUTLER N, and ALBERMAN E Perinatal Problems. Edinburgh, E & S Livingstone

DAVIE R (1969) Local authority services for children. Concern, no 3 pp 17-22

FEDRICK J (1969) Comparison of birth weight/gestation distribution in cases of stillbirth and neo-natal death according to lesions found at necropsy. British Medical Journal, vol iii pp 745-748

MAPSTONE E (1969) Children in Care. Concern, no 3 pp 40-48

PRINGLE M K (1969) Policy implications of child development studies. Concern, no 3 pp 40-48

PRINGLE M K (1969) Regional differences in child behaviour. Eugenic Society Bulletin, vol 1 no 4

ROSS E (1969) 16,000 home visits. Nursing Times, 27 November pp 1511-1513

WEDGE P (1969) The second follow-up of the National Child Development Study. Concern, no 3 pp 34-39



1970

ALBERMAN E, and GOLDSTEIN H (1970) The 'at risk' register: a statistical evaluation. British Journal of Social and Preventative Medicine, vol 24 no 3 pp 129-135

DAVIE R (1970) Children at risk. Froebel Journal, vol 16 pp 30-33

DAVIE R (1970)

Reading at the infant stage: some results from the National Child Development Study (1958 cohort). In: DANIELS J C (Ed) Reading: Problems and Perspectives: a Report of the Nottingham Reading Study Conference, 1967. Stockport, United Kingdom Reading Association

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- Entries are arranged alphabetically within year.
- Please advise the User Support Group of any errors or omissions.

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1987

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1988

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1994

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COOK L (1984) Giving up before time: apprentices who do not complete their apprenticeship. <u>NCDS4 Working Paper 18.</u>

COOK L (1984) Current labour-market experience of the apprentice-trained. NCDS4 Working Paper 26.

GHODSIAN M (1984) Unexpected success and failure in obtaining qualifications. NCDS4 Working Paper 30.

HENDERSON D (1984) A comparison of marriage and cohabitation in NCDS IV. NCDS4 Working Paper 20.

HENDERSON D (1984) The partners of cohort members: a comparison of the characteristics of married and cohabiting partners. <u>NCDS4 Working Paper 23.</u>

HENDERSON D (1984) Partnership breakdown and the formation of new families. <u>NCDS4 Working Paper 28.</u>

IVES R (1984) Careers advice and obtaining a job. NCDS4 Working Paper 17.

IVES R (1984) Unsuccessful education courses. NCDS4 Working Paper 27.

IVES R (1984) School examinations failure. NCDS4 Working Paper 36.

IVES R (1984) Education from sixteen to twenty-three. NCDS4 Working Paper 37.

IYER R (1984) Analysis of response. NCDS4 Working Paper 25.

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Self-employment in NCDS IV. NCDS4 Working Paper 10.

[Now published as: PAYNE J (1984) Young self employed workers. Employment Gazette, 92 11 pp 497-503]. PAYNE J (1984) A comparison of various measures of unemployment and their correlates. NCDS4 Working Paper 21.

PAYNE J (1984) Destinations of young people who left full-time education at different ages. NCDS4 Working Paper 24.

POWER C (1984) Health and health-related behaviour in NCDS IV. NCDS4 Working Paper 22.

POWER C (1984) Relationship of body mass index to morbidity in young adults. NCDS4 Working Paper 29.

SHEPHERD P (1984) Earnings, income and other aspects of the financial circumstances of the NCDS Cohort at 23. NCDS4 Working Paper 19.

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1985 PAYNE J (1985) Work histories and employment outcomes at age 23. <u>NCDS4 Working Paper 31.</u>

PAYNE J (1985) Attitudes to work. <u>NCDS4 Working Paper 32.</u>

PAYNE J (1985) TOPS trainees. NCDS4 Working Paper 38.

PAYNE J (1985) Characteristics of training courses. NCDS4 Working Paper 39.

1986 SHEPHERD P (1986) Size and composition of family income. NCDS4 Working Paper 35.

HENDERSON D (1986) Material circumstances of NCDS families. NCDS4 Working Paper 33.

HENDERSON D (1986) Women and children at risk. NCDS4 Working Paper 34.

NCDS User Support Group Working Papers

Working Papers in this series report on the background to the Study and the research that has been based on the information collected over the years.

Entries are arranged alphabetically within year.

1985 FOGELMAN K (1985) After School: the education and training experiences of the 1958 cohort <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 3</u>

GHODSIAN M (1985)

A Longitudinal Study of Alcohol Consumption Amongst Young Adults in Britain: III Childhood and adolescent characteristics associated with drinking behaviour in early adulthood. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 6

GHODSIAN M, and POWER C (1985)

A Longitudinal Study of Alcohol Consumption Amongst Young Adults in Britain: II A national longitudinal study of Alcohol consumption between the ages of 16 and 23. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 5</u>

NCDS USER SUPPORT GROUP, and LIBRARIAN, NATIONAL CHILDREN'S BUREAU (1985) Publications arising from the National Child Development Study. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 2 (Revised 1995)

POWER C (1985)

A Longitudinal Study of Alcohol Consumption Amongst Young Adults in Britain: I Alcohol consumption and associated factors in young adults in Britain. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 4

SHEPHERD P (1985)

The National Child Development Study: an introduction to the origins of the Study and the methods of data collection.

NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 1

1986

BLAXTER M (1986)

Report on the longitudinal exploitation of the National Child Development Study in areas of interest to DHSS. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 7</u>

HUTCHISON D (1986) Response to a national longitudinal study: policy and academic implications for the study of change. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 13</u>

HUTCHISON D (1986) Drop out from apprenticeship: an application of survival methods to grouped data. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 14</u>

HUTCHISON D (1986) Event history and survival analysis in the social sciences: review paper and introduction. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 15</u>

JONES G (1986) Leaving the parental home: an analysis of early housing careers. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 10</u>

JONES G (1986) Stratification in youth. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 11

KERCKHOFF A (1986) Effects of ability grouping in secondary schools in Great Britain. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 9</u> [Now published as: KERCKHOFF A (1986) Effects of ability grouping in British secondary schools. American Sociological Review, vol 51 no 6 pp 842-858]

KIERNAN K (1986) Transitions in young adulthood. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 16

SHEPHERD P (1986) The NCDS5 Development Programme. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 17

MICKLEWRIGHT J (1986) A note on household income data in NCDS3. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 18

PAYNE J (1986) Unemployment, apprenticeships and training - does it pay to stay on at school? <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 19</u> [Now published as: PAYNE J (1988) Unemployment, apprenticeships and training - does it pay to stay on at school? British Journal of Sociology of Education, vol 8 no 4 pp 425-445]

POWER C, and MOYNIHAN C (1986) Social class changes in weight-for-height between childhood and early adulthood. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 12</u>

POWER C, FOGELMAN K, and FOX A J (1986) Health and social mobility during the early years of life. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 8</u>

1987 ANNETT M (1987) Handedness in Twins: the right shift theory. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 22

FOGELMAN, K POWER C, and FOX A J (1987) Class and tenure mobility, do they explain social inequalities in health among young adults in Great Britain. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 21</u>

FOGELMAN K, POWER C, and FOX A J (1987) Family breakdown, social mobility and health inequalities. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 25

FOX A J, and FOGELMAN K (1987) New possibilities for longitudinal studies of intergenerational factors in child health and development. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 26</u>

HIBBETT A (1987) Early adult outcomes of truancy. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 24

NCDS4 RESEARCH TEAM (1987) The Fourth Follow-up of the National Child Development Study: an account of the methodology and summary of the early findings. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 20

PAYNE J (1987) Trade union membership and activism among young people in Great Britain. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 23</u>

1988

FOGELMAN K (1988) Smoking in pregnancy and development into early adulthood. NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 27

GHODSIAN M, and FOGELMAN K (1988) A longitudinal study of housing and social circumstances in childhood and early adulthood. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 29</u>

GLOVER J (1988) Occupational expectations and outcomes: Some implications for vocational guidance & manpower planning NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 31

HIBBETT A, and FOGELMAN (1988) Early adult outcomes of truancy, II: The effects of truancy after allowing for other factors. <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 30</u>

POWER C, and PECKHAM C (1988) Childhood morbidity and adult ill-health NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 32

POWER C, MANOR O, FOX A J, and FOGELMAN K (1988) Health selection: an explanation of social inequalities in young adults? <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 28</u>

1989

ESTAUGH V and POWER C (1989) Family disruption in early life and drinking in young adulthood NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 33

1991

JOSHI H and HINDE P R A (1991) Employment after childbearing in post-war Britain: Cohort study evidence on contrasts within and across generations NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 35

POWER C (1991) A review of child health in the 1958 birth cohort: National Child Development Study NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 34

1993 DAVIES H and JOSHI H (1993) Intra-family transfers over the lifecycle <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 37</u>

WARD C, JOSHI H and DALE A (1993) Income dependency within couples NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 36



WARD C, DALE A and JOSHI H (1994) Combining employment with childcare: an escape from dependence? NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 38

1995

MACRAN S, JOSHI H AND DEX S (1995) Employment after childbearing: A survival analysis NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 40

DI SALVO P, ERMISCH J and JOSHI H (1995) Household Formation and Tenure Decisions among the 1958 Birth Cohort: A Descriptive Analysis NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 41

WIGGINS R D and WALE C J (1995) Modelling intergenerational transmission in longitudinal birth cohorts using multilevel methods <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 39</u>

1996

BYNNER J (1996) Skills and occupations: Analysis of cohort members' self-reported skills in the fifth sweep of the National Child Development Study NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 45

BYNNER J, MORPHY L AND PARSONS S (1996) Women, employment and skills NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 44

BYNNER J, UKOUMUNNE O AND WIGGINS R D (1996) Modelling childhood antecedents of political cynicism using structural equation modelling <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 43</u>

DI SALVO P (1996) Who's at home at 33? NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 42

JONES D R AND SEDGWICK P (1996) Life events and accidents in the National Child Development Study NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 46

JONES DR AND SEDGWICK P (1996) Accident liability in the National Child Development Study <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 47</u>

MONTGOMERY S, BARTLEY M J AND WILKINSON R G (1996) The association of slow growth in childhood with family conflict NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 48

1997

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1998

JOSHI H, COOKSEY E, CLARKE L, WIGGINS R and McCULLOCH A (1998) Family disruption and the cognitive and behavioural development of children in longitudinal data from Britain and USA

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WIGGINS, R.W., ELY, M. and LYNCH, K. (2000) A comparative evaluation of currently available software remedies to handle missing data in the context of longitudinal design and analysis NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 51

2002

GOLDSTEIN H., PAN H. AND BYNNER J. (2002) A note on methodology for analysing longitudinal event histories using repeated partnership data from the National Child Development Study (NCDS) <u>NCDS User Support Group Working Paper 52</u>

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Other Publications, etc

A comprehensive publication list is available from the <u>User Support Group</u> and may also be browsed or downloaded by following the links below.

Miscellaneous Working/Discussion Papers

These are normally the product of secondary analysis by researchers who have gained access to NCDS data via the ESRC Data Archive. Many are available in .pdf format by clicking the appropriate hyperlink. Otherwise, these papers are available from the authors unless indicated to the contrary. Entries are arranged alphabetically within year.

1979

CULLINGFORD D, and OPENSHAW S (1979) Deprived places or deprived people: a study of aggregation effects inherent in area-based policies. Discussion Paper, No. 28, Centre for Urban and Regional Development, University of Newcastle upon Tyne.

1987

ELIAS P, and BLANCHFLOWER D (1987) Who gets good jobs? Parental background, education, work history and location as factors in early career formation.

Mimeo, Institute for Employment Research, University of Warwick.

1988

BLANCHFLOWER D, DEEKS A, GARRETT M, and OSWALD A (1988) Entrepreneurship and self-employment in Britain. Mimeo, Department of Economics, University of Surrey.

BLANCHFLOWER D, DEEKS A, and OSWALD A (1988) Work history patterns of the young self-employed. Mimeo, Department of Economics, University of Surrey.

ELIAS P, and BLANCHFLOWER D (1988)

Occupational earnings and work histories: Who gets the good jobs? Mimeo, Institute for Employment Research, University of Warwick.

1994

WALDFOGEL J (1994) Women Working for Less: Family Status and Women's Pay in the US and UK Working Paper No. D--94-1, Cambridge MA: Harvard University, Malcolm Wiener Centre for Social Policy

1995

ERMISCH J, DI SALVO P and JOSHI H (1995) Household formation and housing tenure decisions of young people. Occasional Papers of the ESRC Centre for Micro-social Chance, Occasional Paper 95-1, Colchester: University of Essex

KIERNAN K E (1995) Transition to parenthood: Young mothers, young fathers: associated factors and later life experiences LSE-STICERD Discussion Paper No 113 54pg

NÍ BHROLCHÁIN M, CHAPPELL R and DIAMOND I (1995) Educational and Socio-Demographic Outcomes Among Children of Disrupted and Intact Families *University of Southampton, Department of Social Statistics Working Paper No. 95-2*, 1995. (English language version of 1994 Population article in French)



ARULAMPALAM W, BOOTH A L (1996) Who gets over the training hurdle? A study of the training experiences of young men and women in Britain. *Discussion Paper, no. 1470, Centre for Economc Policy Research* DEX S, JOSHI H, McCULLOCH A and MACRAN S (1996) Women's empoloyment transitions around childbearing. *Discussion Paper*, no. 1408, Centre for Economic Policy Research

JOSHI H, PACI P, WALDFOGEL J (1996) The wages of motherhood: better or worse? *Discussion Paper*, WSP/122, London School of Economics and Political Science

1997

BURKE A E, FITZROY F R and NOLAN M A (1997) Enterpreneurial choice and performance: a re-appraisal of liquidity and human capital constraints. *Discussion Paper*, no. 9723, Centre for Research into Industry, Enterprise and the Firm (C.R.I.E.F.F.)

CLARKE L, JOSHI H, Di SALVO P and WRIGHT J (1997) Stability and instability in children's family lives: longitudinal evidence from two British sources. *Research Paper 97-1*, London: Centre for Population Studies, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

Di SALVO P (1997)

Confronting employment, partnership and housing histories in one analysis. *Exploiting national survey and census data: longitudinal and partnership analyses* CCSR Occasional Paper no. 10, pp 135-139, Manchester: Faculty of Economic and Social Studies, University of Manchester

JOSHI H and PACI P (1997)

Wage differentials between men and women: evidence from the British Birth Cohort Studies. *Discussion Paper no. 600*, ETLA - The Research Institute of the Finnish Economy.

KIERNAN K (1997)

The legacy of parental divorce: social, economic and demographic experiences in adulthood Centre for Analysis of Social Exclusion (CASE Paper 1)

1998

KIERNAN K E and MUELLER G (1998) <u>The Divorced and Who Divorces?</u> (published as ch.16 in "Changing Britain: Families and Households in the 1990s", S McRae (ed), OUP, 1999) *STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion* CASE Paper No 7

WALDFOGEL J, HIGUCHI Y and ABE M (1998) Maternity leave policies and women's employment after childbirth: evidence from the United States, Britain

<u>and Japan</u>

STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion CASE Paper No 3

1999 BYNNER J and JOSHI H (1999) <u>Equality mapping</u>: published seminar held May 1999 at 11 Downing Street *The Smith Institute, London*

HOBCRAFT J, and KIERNAN K (1999) <u>Childhood poverty, early motherhood and adult social exclusion</u> *STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion* CASE Paper No 28

McCULLOCH A and JOSHI H (1999)

<u>Child Development and Family Resources: as exploration of evidence from the second generation of the 1958 Birth Cohort</u>

Institute for Social and Economic Research, Working Paper 99-15, University of Essex. (forthcoming in Journal of Population Economics)

2000

BYNNER J (2000) The Social Benefits of Higher Education In <u>Equality in Action</u>: series of five published seminars by The Smith Institute, London

BYNNER J, JOSHI H and TSATSAS M (2000) <u>Obstacles and Opportunities on the Road to Adulthood: Evidence from two British Birth Cohort Studies</u> *Occasional Paper, The Smith Institute, London*

DEARDEN L, McINTOSH S, MYCK M and VIGNOLES A (2000) <u>The Returns to Academic and Vocational Qualifications in Britain</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 4, November 2000*

HOBCRAFT J (2000) <u>The Roles of Schooling and Educational Qualifications in the Emergence of Adult Social Exclusion</u> *STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion* CASE Paper No 43

JOSHI H (2000) What is the effect on Children of their Mothers' Employment? In <u>Equality in Action</u>: series of five published seminars by The Smith Institute, London

JOSHI H and McCULLOCH A (2000) <u>Neighbourhood and Family Influences on the Cognitive Ability of Children in the British National Child</u> <u>Development</u> *ISER Working Paper 2000-24*

JOSHI H and VERROPOULOU G (2000) <u>Maternal Employment and Child Outcomes</u> Occasional Paper, The Smith Institute, London

McINTOSH S and VIGNOLES A (2000) <u>Measuring and Assessing the Impact of Basic Skills on Labour Market Outcomes</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 3, November 2000*

2001 BLUNDELL R, DEARDEN L and SIANESI B (2001) <u>Estimating the Returns to Education: Models, Methods and Results</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 16, October 2001*

CHEVALIER A and LANOT G (2001) <u>The relative effect of family and financial characteristics on educational achievement</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 8, April 2001*

CONLON G (2001) <u>The differential in earnings premia between academically and vocationally trained males in the United</u> <u>Kingdom</u> Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 11, June 2001

IACOVOU M (2001) Fertility and female labour supply ISER Working Paper 2001-19 Colchester: University of Essex. IACOVOU M (2001) <u>Family composition and children's educational outcomes</u> *ISER Working Paper 2001-12* Colchester: University of Essex.

IACOVOU M (2001) <u>Class size in the early years: is smaller really better?</u> *ISER Working Paper 2001-10* Colchester: University of Essex.

2002

BLANDEN J, GOODMAN A, GREGG P and MACHIN S (2002) <u>Changes in Intergenerational Mobility in Britain</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 26, June 2002*

CONLON G (2002) <u>The Determinants of Undertaking Academic and Vocational Qualifications in the UK</u> Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 20, February 2002

GIBBONS S (2002) <u>Neighbourhood Effects on Educational Achievement</u> Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 18, February 2002

GRAWE N D (2002) <u>The Three-Day Week of 1974 and Measurement Error in the FES and NCDS Data Sets</u> *ISER Working Paper 2002-11 (August 2003)*

JENKINS A, VIGNOLES A, WOLF A and GALINDO-RUEDA F (2002) <u>The Determinants and Effects of Lifelong Learning</u> Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 19, April 2002

2003

BLANDEN J, GREGG P and MACHIN S (2003) Changes in Educational Inequality Centre for the Economics of Education mimeo (to appear soon as CEE discussion paper)

CASE A, FERTIG A and PAXSON C (2003) <u>From Cradle to Grave? The Lasting Impact of Childhood Health and Circumstance</u> *National Bureau of Economic Research Working Paper No. w9788, June 2003*

GALINDO-RUEDA F (2003) Employer Learning and Schooling-Related Statistical Discrimination in Britain IZA Discussion Paper No.778, May 2003 (Forschungsinstitut zur Kukunft der Arbeit: Institute for the Study of Labour)

GALINDO-RUEDA F (2003) Employer Learning and Schooling-Related Statistical Discrimination in Britain Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 31, May 2003

GALINDO-RUEDA F and VIGNOLES A (2003)

<u>Class Ridden or Meritocratic?</u> An Economic Analysis of Recent Changes in Britain Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 32, May 2003

HOBCRAFT J (2003)

Continuity and Change in Pathways to Young Adult Disadvantage: Results from a British Birth Cohort STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion CASE Paper No 66

KIERNAN K E (2003) <u>Cohabitation and Divorce across Nations and Generations</u> *STICERD-LSE-ESRC Centre for the Analysis of Social Exclusion* CASE Paper No 65

2004

FEINSTEIN L, GALINDO-RUEDA F and VIGNOLES A <u>The Labour Market Impact of Adult Education and Training: A cohort analysis</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 36, Jan 2004*

JENKINS A and WOLF A (2004) <u>Regional Variations in Adult Learning and Vocational Training: Evidence from NCDS and WERS 98</u> Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 37, Jan 2004

McINTOSH S (2004) <u>Further Analysis of the Returns to Academic and Vocational Qualifications</u> *Centre for the Economics of Education Discussion Paper no 35, Jan 2004*



Other Publications, etc

A comprehensive hard-copy publication list is available from the <u>User Support Group</u>, but may also be browsed or downloaded in its constituent parts (books and journals, reports, working/discussion papers, etc.) by following the buttons to the left.

Inter -cohort analysis working papers

EKINSMYTH C, BYNNER J, MONTGOMERY S and SHEPHERD P (1992) An integrated approach to the design and analysis of the 1970 British Cohort Study (BCS70) and the National Child Development Study (NCDS) SSRU, <u>Inter-Cohort Analysis Working Paper 1</u>

BYNNER J, WIGGINS R and PARSONS S (1996) An exploratory comparative analysis of data collected in the 1958 and 1970 British Birth Cohort Studies: The role of Personal Agency in Entry to Employment under Different Labour Market Conditions SSRU, <u>Inter-Cohort Analysis Working Paper 2</u>

BYNNER J., BUTLER N.R., FERRI E., SHEPHERD P. AND SMITH K. (2000) The 1990-2000 surveys of the National Child Development Study & the 1970 British Cohort Study: summary of content.

CLS paper Draft 1

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2000

BYNNER, J, BUTLER, N, FERRI, E, SHEPHERD, P, SMITH, K (2000) The design and conduct of the 1999-2000 surveys of the National Child Development Study and the 1970 British Cohort Study CLS Cohort Studies Working Paper No.1.

2002

DOLTON, P, JOSHI, H, MAKEPEACE, G (2002) Unpacking Unequal Pay Between Men and Women. <u>CLS Cohort Studies Working Paper No.2.</u>

BYNNER, J, WOODS, L, BUTLER, N. (2002) Youth Factors and Labour Market Experience in Job Satisfaction. CLS Cohort Studies Working Paper No.3.

JACKSON, S, FEINSTEIN, L, LEVACIC, R, OWEN, C, SIMON, A, BRASSETT-GRUNDY, A (2002) The Costs and Benefits of Educating Children in Care. <u>CLS Cohort Studies Working Paper No.4.</u>