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#### INTRODUCTION

## The survey series

This report describes the design, administration and data format of the 1994 British Social Attitudes (BSA) survey, and of its companion study, Northern Ireland Social Attitudes (NISA) The BSA survey is the tenth in a series started by SCPR in 1983 and core-funded by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts. The series is designed to chart continuity and change across a wide range of social attitudes - for instance, towards politics, the economy, the workplace, education, health and the environment. It is similar to, and indeed was inspired by, the General Social Survey carried out since 1972 by the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) in the United States. The data derive from annual cross-sectional surveys of representative samples of adults aged 18 or over living in private households in Britain Following a successful experiment carried out in 1993 (Lynn and Purdon, 1994), the main questionnaires are now administered by interviewers using lap-top computers, rather than by the traditional pen and paper method

In 1994, the fifth in a series of Northern Ireland Social Attitudes (NISA) surveys was carried out. Also in 1994, for the first time in the BSA survey series, we fielded a parallel survey among young people aged between 12 and 19. This report includes technical details of both these surveys (see Part II and Part III below)

Surveys in the British Social Attitudes series have been carried out annually between 1983 and 1994, except in 1988 and 1992. In these two years, with the agreement of the corefunders, the BSA survey budgets were deployed towards conducting the 1987 and 1992 post-election studies of political attitudes. These were the most recent in the British Election Study (BES) series and, like the 1983 post-election study, were the responsibility of SCPR and Nuffield College, Oxford (The results of the 1987 and 1992 post-election surveys were published in 1991 and 1994 respectively (Heath et al., 1991, and Heath et al., 1994))

British Social Attitudes has been designed to be fielded as a series of surveys, to allow the monitoring and understanding of trends in attitudes, and to examine the relative rates at which different sorts of attitude change. Not all questions or groups of questions (modules) are included in each fieldwork round. The modules repeated every year tend to be on subjects where fairly rapid change in attitude might be expected, and for which an annual trend line is therefore likely to be helpful. Variables such as demographic characteristics or party identification, which are needed for interpreting other answers, are also included each time. In any event, constraints of space (we confine ourselves to an average of an hour-long interview each year), the need for economy and our wish to introduce new modules into the questionnaire, all combine to limit the frequency with which each group of questions can be carried. All questions are, however, scheduled for repetition - some each year, some at regular intervals and others less frequently.

Inevitably perhaps, a few questions do not seem to work very well, despite contrary indications at the pilot stage. Many survey series face this difficulty, and its resolution is by no means straightforward. To change or remove unsatisfactory questions would sacrifice comparability over time, to retain them would run the risk of producing and reproducing misleading information. Neither practice is desirable but one or the other is unavoidable. And, of course, the vocabulary changes over the years and our questions have inevitably to

3

change to reflect this. The main changes in question wording, filter and interviewer instructions and so on made between 1984 and 1989 are noted in the *Cumulative Sourcebook* (see below).

Each year the latest available dataset is deposited at the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) Data Archive at the University of Essex. This enables anyone in the academic community to do analytic or interpretative work of their own, or to use the datasets for teaching purposes. The Archive will provide details about on-line access. The survey data may be of interest substantively (either as sets of cross-sectional samples or as a series recording change over time), or methodologically (for instance, comparing different ways of asking questions, or the development of scale items). Until 1991, the SPSS-X set-up files were deposited together with the ASCII file. Since 1993, SPSS-X export-files have been deposited instead. The export-files are backed up by the SPSS-X programming files allowing anyone who wishes to read the data into a different programme to follow the necessary programming steps. Further information about the accessibility of the full dataset can be provided by BSA researchers at SCPR. This volume is intended to serve as the technical documentation for the 1994 British, Northern Ireland and Young People's data, to allow users to find and interpret the information they need.

#### Developments and offshoots

Users may like to take note of other developments in the British Social Attitudes series, some of which might affect the analyses they intend to carry out.

- As already noted, five surveys in the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes (NISA) series 1. have been carried out to date. Between 1989 and 1991 it was funded by the Nuffield Foundation and the Central Community Relations Unit in Belfast, and since 1993 by all the government departments in Northern Ireland. Until 1993, around 900 adults have been interviewed there each spring by the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU). In 1994, the sample size was increased to around 1,500, and two versions of the questionnaire were fielded. The questionnaires contain all of the 'core' questions asked each year on BSA, and several of the special modules fielded in Britain in that year. In addition, there is a module covering issues of particular concern to the province (for example, community relations and attitudes towards the security forces); some of these questions are also asked in Britain. The annual datasets are, of course, independent and cannot simply be added together to provide UK data. But they do allow data-users to make comparisons on a range of issues between the attitudes of UK citizens on either side of the Irish Sea. Technical details of the fifth NISA survey are given in **Part II** of this report. These datasets are also made available via the ESRC Data Archive. An annual book is published, presenting the findings of the latest survey and looking at trends over time.1
- 2. In November 1991, the first British Social Attitudes Cumulative Sourcebook (part-funded by Shell UK Ltd.) was published. The Sourcebook brings together responses to all the questions asked in the series between 1983 and 1989 (with all variations noted), together with year-by-year distributions of answers (numbers and percentages), and each variable's SPSS-X

Some of the findings have been reported in *The 7th, 8th and 9th British Social Attitudes Reports.* More comprehensive results are given in Stringer and Robinson (1991, 1992 and 1993); Breen, Devine and Robinson (1995); and for the 1994 survey Breen, Devine and Dowds (1996).

name Fully cross-referenced and with three indexes, the *Sourcebook* is intended both as a companion volume to the series of annual *Reports* (also published until 1990 by Gower), and as a comprehensive codebook for users of the dataset

- Thanks to funding from the ESRC (under Grant No R 000 233 230) the Sourcebook has now been complemented by a 'Combined Dataset', also deposited at the Data Archive This provides in one computer file the data for all eight BSA surveys carried out between 1983 and 1991. A parallel dataset for Northern Ireland, containing data from the 1989, 1990 and 1991 NISA surveys, has also been prepared. The two combined datasets, together with full documentation, are intended to benefit academic researchers and others who wish to carry out secondary analysis or to use them as teaching resources. In addition, the Data Archive has produced a CD-Rom disk containing the seven individual (not combined) BSA datasets from 1983 to 1990. The BSA 'Combined Dataset' 1983-95 is currently being updated and will be available on CD Rom by the end of 1996.
- 4 Since 1985, a module of questions included in each year's British Social Attitudes survey has allowed users of the British datasets to make cross-national comparisons. This initiative began in 1984 when the Nuffield Foundation funded SCPR to convene a series of meetings with research organisations abroad which were also carrying out regular national surveys of social attitudes. From these meetings, a group called the International Social Survey Programme (ISSP) has evolved Each member undertakes to field annually an agreed module of questions which conform to ISSP working principles. Each module is designed for repetition at intervals, to allow comparisons both between countries and over time. The following 27 institutions comprise the current (1995/96) membership

Research School of Social Sciences Australian National University, Canberra

Australia

Institute of Sociology

Karl-Franzens University of Graz

Austria

Institute for Trade Union and Social Studies

Sofia, Bulgaria

Institute of Sociology

Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences

Prague, Czech Republic

School of Journalism and Mass Communications

Carleton University, Ottawa

Canada

Center of Applied Social Research

Cyprus College, Nicosia

Cyprus

Laboratoire de Sociologie Quantitative

Malakoff Cedex, Paris

France

Zentrum für Umfragen, Methoden und Analysen

(ZUMA)

Mannheim, Germany

Social and Community Planning Research (SCPR)

London, Great Britain

Társadalomkutatási Informatikai Egyesülés

(TARKI), Budapest

Hungary

Department of Sociology and Anthropology

Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv

Israel

Eurisko Milan, Italy

NHK, Broadcasting Culture Research Institute

Tokyo, Japan

Institute of Philosophy and Sociology

Latvian Academy of Sciences,

Riga, Latvia

Sociaal en Cultureel Planbureau (SCP)

Rijswijk, Netherlands

Faculty of Business Studies

Massey University

Palmeston North, New Zealand

Norwegian Social Science Data Services (NSD)

Bergen, Norway

There are plans to update the NISA 'Combined Dataset' in the near future

Social Weather Stations
Philippine Social Science Center

Quezon City, Philippines

Institute for Social Studies University of Warsaw

Poland

Instituto de Cencias Sociais University of Lisbon

Lisbon, Portugal

Social Science Research Centre (SSRC)

University College of Dublin

Republic of Ireland

Centre for Public Opinion and Market Research

Moscow, Russia Academy of Science

Bratislava Slovak Republic

Public Opinion and Mass Communications

Research Centre

University of Ljubljana, Slovenia

Centre for Sociological Investigations

Sociological, Economical and Political Analysis

Madrid, Spain

Department of Sociology University of Umeå,

Sweden

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

Chicago, USA

Each year (except 1992) the ISSP modules have also been fielded in Northern Ireland, on the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey.

The ZentralArchiv at the University of Köln acts as archivist to the ISSP and has produced (on CD-Rom) combined datasets for each of the first seven modules fielded between 1985 and 1991, and accompanying codebooks. Modules fielded or planned are:

1985 Role of government - 1

1986 Family networks and support systems

1987 Social inequality

1988 Family and changing gender roles - 1

1989 Work orientations - 1

1990 Role of government - 2 (part-replication)

1991 Religion

1992 Social inequality - 2 (part-replication)

1993 Environment

1994 Family and changing gender roles - 2 (part-replication)

1995 National identity

1996 Role of government - 3 (part-replication)

1997 Work orientations - 2 (part-replication)

1998 Religion - 2 (part replication)

1999 Social inequality - 3 (part-replication)

In 1994, the family and changing gender roles module was carried on the C version of the BSA self-completion questionnaire (Qs. 2.01 to 2.21) and on both versions of the NISA self-completion questionnaire (also Qs. 2.01 to 2.21).

International Social Attitudes, the 10th BSA Report (published in 1993), and the sixth report in the annual series, British Social Attitudes: special international report, (published in 1989) present and comment on some of the data collected between 1985 and 1992.

Contact names and addresses for each of the current ISSP member countries are given in Appendix K.

- In a further cross-national venture, SCPR joined with social research institutes in four other EU countries (Germany, the Irish Republic, Italy and the Netherlands) in a consortium to extend the 1993 ISSP questionnaire module on environmental issues (see Witherspoon and Mohler, 1995) This consortium (COMPASS) has been funded by the European Union Further joint ventures are planned
- 6 In 1989, SCPR and Nuffield College, Oxford set up the Joint Unit for the Study of Social Trends (JUSST) which was awarded the status of an ESRC Research Centre in 1992 In 1994, the Centre received funding for a further five years, upon which it changed its name to CREST (Centre for Research into Elections and Social Trends) Under its new name, the Centre has launched a new panel study to investigate how, when and why people's attitudes, perceptions, political allegiances and voting behaviour change between general elections Respondents who were first interviewed as part of the SCPR/Nuffield College 1992 postelection cross-sectional study are being followed up at regular intervals (sometimes by faceto-face interviews, sometimes by telephone) until just after the next general election, when they will be replaced by a new panel These surveys will feed off the BSA surveys and vice versa, providing a rich source of data about changing social and political attitudes and behaviour in Britain during the last decade of this century CREST also carries out methodological research via the BSA and BES series in order to develop new and better tools for attitude measurement (for instance, see Chapters 7 and 9 of The 11th Report) Results of scaling experiments carried out in 1990 and 1991 are published in CREST Working Paper No 25 (Evans and Heath, 1994)
- Between 1984 and 1986 the ESRC funded the introduction of a panel element into the series, enabling us to reinterview respondents to the 1983 questionnaire in the three following years. In this way it was possible to examine *individual* attitude change, not simply aggregate change, and to assess the possible effects of attrition and conditioning in the panel (see Lievesley and Waterton, 1985). The data for all four panel surveys are lodged at the ESRC Data Archive, together with copies of the Technical Report (MacGrath and Waterton, 1986).

## Arrangement of the report

Part I of this report describes technical aspects of the 1994 British Social Attitudes survey The 1994 Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey is described in Part II, and The Young People's Social Attitudes survey in Part III Appendices A-K contain full technical details of the surveys and further information for users of the two datasets

## I BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1. THE 1994 SURVEY

## 1.1 Structure and funding

In common with previous *British Social Attitudes* surveys, the 1994 survey had two components. The main one was a questionnaire administered by interviewers using lap-top computers to key in the responses, and lasting on average about an hour. The second was a self-completion supplement for respondents to fill in after the interview. The supplement was either collected by the interviewer or posted by the respondent to SCPR's Field Office. The questionnaires appear in **Appendix D** of this report (the main questionnaire in the form of documentation of the Blaise program used to compile it).

In the first three years of the survey series, 1,700-1,800 people were interviewed annually. Between 1986 and 1993, the target achieved sample size was increased to around 3,000, enabling us to field two different versions of both the main and the self-completion questionnaire. In 1994, the target achieved sample was further increased to 3,600, certain 'core' questions (including all the classificatory items) being asked of all respondents, and the remainder being asked of (random) thirds or two-thirds of the sample. Details are given in Section 2.2 below.

Each year SCPR is committed to producing a book which serves as a guided tour around some of the main findings. The contents pages of the twelve *Reports* published to date are reproduced in **Appendix J**. Potential users of the data may wish to look at this appendix to see whether topic areas relating to their field of interest have been covered in any of the *Reports*.

The steadfast support of the core-funders has guaranteed the continuation of the survey at least until the end of the decade. However the series needs, and has been fortunate enough to receive, substantial additional financial support from a variety of sources. The Department of Employment (now the Department for Education and Employment) has supported the series since 1984, enabling us to include (and report on) employment and labour market questions. The Department of the Environment has been a regular supporter of the series since 1985, most recently providing funding for a set of question on attitudes to local government, fielded in 1994. The Countryside Commission has in most years between 1985 and 1993 provided funding for us to include questions designed to monitor 'green' issues: since 1990, the ESRC has provided additional funding (under Grant No. W 103 261 006 and currently No. R 000 221 282) to support modules on countryside and environmental issues until 1996. The Departments of Health, Education (now merged with Employment), Social Security and the Home Office have more recently provided financial support to enable us both to continue fielding questions first asked in 1983, and to rejuvenate the series with new ones.

Since 1991, funding has also come from the Charities Aid Foundation, to support a series of questions on charitable giving. The Nuffield Foundation has been a supporter of the series from its earliest days, providing 'seed-funding' which helped launch the series in 1983 also provided welcome funding over the years, to help the ISSP get off the ground in 1984-85, and to allow us to ask questions on popular perceptions of right and wrong. Between 1989 and 1991 (as already noted) the Foundation provided a valuable 'independent' element of seed-

funding for the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey series. And in 1994, a grant from the Foundation allowed part-replication of the module on civil libertarian issues first fielded (and supported by them) in 1990.

The Economic and Social Research Council, which contributed seed-funding for British Social Attitudes and funded the panel study, has continued to support the survey series (as noted above). In 1993, a grant (No. L. 119. 251. 021 under its Transport and the Environment Programme) helped to fund a set of questions on issues to do with road traffic (many repeated in 1994 thanks to enhanced funding from the Countryside Commission). The Council has also awarded us two other grants relating to the 1994 survey. First, under its Crime and Social Order Programme, we fielded a questionnaire module on fear of crime, first findings from which are reported by Dowds and Ahrendt in The 12th Report. Second, a grant (under the Population and Household Change Programme) awarded to us, in collaboration with Jacqueline Scott of Cambridge University, is enabling us to conduct further analyses of the 1988 and 1994 ISSP module on family and gender roles<sup>3</sup>. The ESRC also, of course, supports the series - and in particular SCPR's membership of ISSP - through its grant - No. M. 303. 253. 001 - to the Centre for Research into Elections and Social Trends (CREST).

Finally, a grant from the Leverhulme Trust funded a new module on trust in the political process (to be repeated in 1996)

## 1.2 Topic areas covered in the series to date

Each year the interview questionnaire contains a number of 'core questions'. These cover major topic areas such as the economy, labour market participation and the welfare state. The majority of these questions are repeated in most years, if not every year. In addition, a wide range of demographic and other classificatory questions is always included. The remainder of the questionnaire is devoted to a series of questions (modules) on specific issues - such as on AIDS, drugs, and sexual relations - which are intended for repetition at longer intervals. The chart overleaf provides a guide to the topic areas covered in the nine surveys carried out to date

The annual substantive *Report* to some extent mirrors the content of the previous year's questionnaire (see **Appendix J**) The *Reports* can, of course, present and interpret only a small fraction of the findings Nevertheless, they may be a useful starting point for potential users of the data

The grant numbers were L 210 252 010 and L 315 253 024 respectively

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES survey series Topics covered\*

TOPIC					(8) (6) (3)	3000				
	1983	1984	1985	1986	2000000000	1989	1990	1991	1993	1994
AIDS						•				
Britain's relations with Europe/ other countries	•	~	•	•	•	~	•		•	~
Changing gender roles (ISSP)  Charitable giving						•		V	7	<b>V</b>
Civil liberties							•			,
Consumer issues		•								
Countryside			•	Y	<b>y</b>		•		•	•
Crime - and police/the courts' - ways of reducing	~						7			1
- fear of - sentencing policy							ľ			<b>'</b>
Defence	1	•	7	✔.	•	•	•			•
Diet and health				<b>.</b>		•				
Divorce - and child support	2	Ž	~	•	V	•	•	7	v	¥
Drugs	**********	************							<b>/</b>	
Economic issues and policies	~	4	•		•	•	•	٧	~	•
Education	<b>'</b>	•	~		<b>/</b>		<b>•</b>	470000000000000000000000000000000000000	•	•
Environment -threats to	,				,	v	v	,	,	
- green behaviour - global issues (ISSP)							~	7	7	
Families and children				V		<b>'</b>			1	<b>'</b>
Family networks (1986: ISSP)				7						
Health and lifestyle								<b>'</b>		
Flealth care - by the NHS - private medicine	2	7		2.2	¥ ¥	7	3		v	v
Housing (long module)	~		~	V	V	<b>V</b>	~	~		
Industry and business				•	V	v				
Institutions - efficiency of - trust in		,		•	<b>Y</b>					11
Judgements of right and wrong		•			•					

<sup>\*</sup> Excluded from this chart are `core topics' such as public spending, workplace issues and economic prospects; and standard classificatory items such as economic activity, newspaper readership, religious denomination and party identification, all of which are asked every year.

## British Social Attitudes survey series (cont'd)

**************************************	`	<u> </u>			رجندي	28 67 V S	500000			
TOPIC ***	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990	1991	1993	1994
Labour market participation	1,00	2	1000	1,00			1,00		•	
-and childrane -and genderussues								7		/
-and new technology			Y				V"			
- and the work ethic - and redundancy		٠.	•			•		4	٧. ٧	•
- and trade unionism - and-training						•		v		
Local government	•		*****						****	•
Monarchy and other constitutional issues	· V									•
Northern Ireland										
- British presence in	<b>✓</b>	•	~	~	~	<b>V</b>	~	>>	<b>V</b>	~
- community relations in		54540000000	******				(2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3			220000000000000000000000000000000000000
North/South differences				*	Y				•	
Party politics	•		1-40-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	·~	· •	<b>/</b>	vi v to to v v stradnostvi	••••••
Pensions								¥	· V	
Political participation and efficacy	~	<b>"</b>		~	~	•		~		•
Poverty				~		V				7
Race - and racial prejudice and										
discrimination	<b>1</b>	1		<b>)</b> )		1	•	•		~
- and immigration	********					*********		3446477888	******	
Raligious beliefs (ISSP)										4
Road traffic and the law					************	ACCOMPONING TO		2512505250	************	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Rale of government (ISSP)			v				~			
Sex and gender issues	.,	1			7			7		
- and domestic division of labour - and equal opportunities	1	1			, i			1		4
- and job stereotyping	<b>'</b>	<i>'</i>			/		<b>V</b>	<i>'</i>		
Sexual relations	V	₩.	V			۷.	•		v	
eend discrimention against fromosexuals	ν		(1)		7/	~	•		•	
Single parents	274844344			1 <b>356</b> 000000000000000000000000000000000000			***************************************		<b>P</b>	<i>✓</i>
Social class	V		•		•//	•				
Social inequality (ISSP)					<i>y</i>	***** <b>**</b> *****		×		
Sincking							V			
				<b>₩</b>	<i>y</i>		•	v		· ·
Taxation	<b>V</b>			<b>,</b>		<i>y</i>				
Fransport and the environment									~	<b>V</b>
Trust in the political process			anaone		<b>.</b>	ALCO CONTRACTOR	2000000000		************	<b>'</b>
Weifare state	•	V	V	•	V	ν.	v	*	•	•
Work - attitudes to (ISSP)						~				<u> </u>
<u> </u>							_			

<sup>#=</sup> fielded as a `stand-alone' postal questionnaire in 1992

## 2. THE SAMPLE

The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over living in Great Britain.

## 2.1. Sample design

The sample for the 1994 British Social Attitudes survey (as in 1993) was drawn from the Postcode Address File (PAF)<sup>4</sup>.

The British Social Attitudes survey is designed to yield a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over. For practical reasons, the sample is confined to those living in private households. People living in institutions (though not in private households at such institutions) are excluded, as are households whose addresses were not on PAF. Postcodes of areas north of the Caledonian Canal were excluded: their geographically scattered inhabitants are prohibitively costly to interview. Fieldwork was carried out in the spring with some interviewing taking place in early summer.

The sampling method involved a multi-stage design, consisting of two stages of selection.

First, postal sectors were stratified prior to selection:

Any postal sector with less than 500 delivery points (DPs) was grouped with an adjacent sector which together were than treated as one

The list of postal sectors was sorted into 11 standard regions (treating London and the South East as two separate regions)

Within each region, sectors were listed in ascending order of population density

Cut-off points were then drawn at one third and two thirds down the ordered list of DPs so that, within each region, three roughly equal-sized bands were created

Within each of the 33 bands sectors, were listed in order of percentage of owner-occupier households

#### Selection of sectors

Two hundred sectors were selected systematically with probability proportional to DP count in England, Scotland and Wales.

#### Selection of addresses

Thirty addresses were selected from each sector. The PAF sample was therefore  $200 \times 30 = 6,000$  addresses.

The addresses in each sector were selected by starting from a random point on the list of addresses, and choosing each address at a fixed interval.

Before 1993 it had been drawn from the Electoral Register (ER). For a detailed discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of RE and PAF as sampling frames, see Lynn and Taylor (1994).

#### Selection of individuals

Interviewers called at each address selected from the PAF, and listed all those eligible for inclusion in the sample - that is, all persons currently aged 18 or over and resident at the selected address

The interviewer then selected one respondent by a random selection procedure (again using a computer-generated 'Kish-grid') Where there were two or more households or 'dwelling units' at the selected address, interviewers first had to select one household or dwelling unit using a Kish grid, they then followed the same procedure to select a person for interview

## 2.2 Questionnaire versions

Each address in each sector (sampling point) was allocated to the A, B or C third of the sample. The first address in the sampling point was allocated the A version, the second the B version, the third the C version and so on Each version was thus assigned to 2,000 addresses

#### 3. WEIGHTING

Before analysis, the data were weighted

The weighting applied reflected the relative selection probabilities of the individual at the three main stages of selection address, household and individual

First, because addresses were selected using the Multiple Output Indicator (MOI), weights had to be applied to compensate for the greater probability of an address with an MOI of more than one being selected when compared to an address with an MOI of one. In the event, the Indicator was greater than one in only 28 cases (see derived variable MOI). Secondly, because the PAF does not list the number of persons at each address (meaning that the selection probabilities cannot take size of household into account), the data were weighted to take account of the fact that individuals living in large households had a lower chance than individuals in small households of being included in the sample. Thirdly, the PAF does not contain any information about how many households or 'dwelling units' are present at each address, in some cases several dwelling units have the same postal address. To compensate for this, the weighting has to take account of the number of dwelling units at an address, as well as the number of adults in the selected unit

All the weights fell within a range between 0 25 and 12, and in only 40 cases was the weight greater than 4 0. The average weight applied was 1 9.

The distribution of weights used is shown below

Weight	No.	<b>%</b>	Scaled weight
0.25	9	0.2	0.1317
0.33	2	0.1	0.1756
0.38	1	0.0	0.1975
0.50	8	0.2	0.2634
0.75	2	0.1	0.3950
1.00	1099	31.7	0.5267
1.50	3	0.1	0.7901
1.67	1	0.0	0.8778
2.00	1816	52.3	1.0534
3.00	366	10.6	1.5801
3.33	1	0.0	1.7557
4.00	121	3.5	2.1068
5.00	22	0.6	2.6335
6.00	8	0.2	3.1602
7.00	1	0.0	3.6869
8.00	4	0.1	4.2136
10.00	1	0.0	5.2670
12.00	4	0.1	6.3204

The weighted sample was scaled down to make the number of weighted productive cases exactly equal to the number of unweighted productive cases (n=3,469).

Using the weights

The weight for each record has been computed and has been re-coded on position 1 of the system file. The relevant SPSS-x derived variable is:

Weight - WtFactor (format xx.xxxx)

Users must weight the data before analysis.

#### 4. DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

## 4.1 Piloting

Two small-scale pilots to test new questions were carried out in February and March 1994. Respondents were selected by quota sampling methods to include men and women in manual and non-manual jobs across a range of ages. In all, 108 interviews were achieved, all by traditional (paper and pen) methods. All interviewers were personally debriefed by the members of the research team.

## 4.2 Main stage fieldwork

Interviewing was carried out mainly during May, June and July 1994, with a small number of interviews at 'reissued' addresses taking place until October.

Fieldwork was conducted by 200 interviewers drawn from SCPR's regular panel. They all attended a one-day briefing conference, conducted by the researcher, to familiarise them with the selection procedures and questionnaires. All interviewers had earlier attended two training days on computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI). The average interview length was

61 minutes for version A of the questionnaire, 60 minutes for version B and 55 minutes for version C

The total final response achieved is shown below

	Total	
	No	%
Addresses issued	6,000	
Vacant, derelict, other out of scope	680	
In scope	5,320	100 0
Interview achieved	3,469	65 2
Interview not achieved	1,851	<i>34 8</i>
Refused <sup>5</sup>	1,454	27 <i>3</i>
Not contacted <sup>6</sup>	218	4 I
Other non-response	179	3 <b>4</b>

A response rate of 65 5% was achieved by interviewers administering the A and C versions of the questionnaire, while for the B version it was slightly lower at 64 7% Response rates ranged between 59% in the South-east (excluding Greater London, where it was 62%) and 78% in the North of England

More detailed statements of response, by questionnaire version and Standard Region, are included in Appendix B.

## 4.3 Self-completion questionnaire

As in earlier rounds of the series, respondents were asked to fill in a self-completion questionnaire which was, whenever possible, collected by the interviewer. Otherwise the respondent was asked to post it to SCPR. If necessary, one, two or three postal reminders were sent to obtain the self-completion supplement. The second reminder was accompanied by a further copy of the appropriate version of the questionnaire. In addition, interviewers who had notified the office that they themselves were to collect the self-completion questionnaire were sent letters reminding them to do so. Copies of the reminder letters are included in **Appendix I**.

A total of 540<sup>7</sup> respondents (16% of those interviewed) did not return their self-completion questionnaire. Version A of the self-completion questionnaire was returned by 85% per cent of respondents to the face-to-face interview, version B by 84% and version C also by 84%. As in previous rounds, we judged that it was not necessary to apply additional weights to correct for non-response.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 'Refusals' comprise refusals before selection of an individual at the address, refusals to the office, refusal by the selected person, 'proxy' refusals (on his or her behalf) and broken appointments after which the selected person could not be re-contacted

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 'Non-contacts' comprise households where no-one was contacted, and those where the selected person could not be contacted (never found at home)

The weighted figure is 512

There is a derived variable:

SelfComp

which identifies those *not* returning a self-completion questionnaire (code 51) and those returning one (code 61).

## 4.4 Advance letter

An advance letter was sent to 'the resident' at all the selected households in the 1994 British Social Attitudes sample. The letter briefly described the purpose of the survey and the coverage of the questionnaire, and asked for co-operation when the interviewer called. Although earlier experiments have shown that the effect of the advance letter on overall response is apparently negligible (for more details, see Brook, Prior, and Taylor, 1992), most interviewers have indicated that it greatly facilitates door-step procedures. The majority of respondents appreciate them too.

## 5. DATA PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS

## 5.1 Data preparation

As CAPI 'questionnaire disks' and paper self-completion questionnaires were returned from the field to SCPR's data processing office at Brentwood, Essex, they were booked in (that is, checked against the issued sample) and then sent for editing. A coding supervisor was appointed for this stage of the survey and worked closely with the team members and the programmer.

Data editing of the main questionnaires was carried out using computer methods. The self-completion questionnaires were edited manually. The coding team initially went through each questionnaire on screen. At this stage occupation coding was carried out, and listings were prepared (from 200 questionnaires) of verbatim 'other' answers<sup>8</sup> to selected precoded questions. From these listings, code frames were agreed by members of the research team, and were then incorporated into the edit and coding process (see Appendix F).

Following the first edit stage, the self-completion questionnaires were sent for keying which was 100 per cent verified. The self-completion questionnaires were then merged with the CAPI questionnaires so that the next editing stage could be done in CADI (Computer-Assisted Data Input) using the Blaise software (the same as that used to generate the CAPI questionnaire).

The second edit included a full set of range and filter checks. Error reports generated by the computer edit were of two kinds: a summary of errors by type and a listing of individual errors. Some classes of error were resolved by the application of logical rules, the remainder by individual amendments made by reference to the questionnaires. After correction, the

In CAPI, interviewers have a special box (or 'notepad') in which to enter verbatim 'other' answers. For each variable, there is space for up to 100 characters.

records were resubmitted to the edit procedure. The edit process continued until all records 'passed'

In the final edit, computer-generated checks, routing and the accuracy of responses to the main questionnaire and the self-completion questionnaire were verified

In general, code 8 (or 98, 998 or 9998 depending on the range of the column field) is used for 'don't know' responses. Code 9 (or 99, 999 or 9999) is used to indicate no response. Non-response can arise in two ways either the respondent refuses to answer the question, or the question is not asked in error. The latter category is, of course, rare in CAPI because interviewers must enter a code at each question in order to be able to continue. But it can still occur, for example in partially-completed interviews.

Final listings of 'other' answers to all other questions were compiled, and may be obtained from SCPR if required for a particular purpose. Coding frames used for open-ended questions, and 'other answers' and coding instructions for selected precoded questions, may be found in **Appendix F** 

## 5.2 Main analysis variables

The BSA datasets contain a large number of background demographic and other classificatory variables. Most of the information was collected about the respondent only, but some (mainly occupational details) were also collected for the respondent's spouse or partner, if he or she was married or living as married. In this section, the main analysis variables, the question number on the paper questionnaire and their SPSS-x variable name are listed, together with guidance as to how they have been grouped for ease of analysis. The exceptions are party political identification which is covered in Section 5.3, occupation covered in Section 5.4, socio-economic group and social class in Section 5.5, industry covered in Section 5.6 and attitude scales covered in Section 5.7

All the derived variables are listed in Appendix H

## Gender and age

Gender and exact age are recorded for the respondent and for all members of his or her household. The variables are RSex, RAge, P2Sex, P2Age, etc. Two further variables have been derived for the respondent only

```
Age (7 age-bands) within gender - RSexAge
Age (7 age-bands) - RAgeCat
```

#### Marital status

As is the case for many variables, a priority coding system operates for marital status (MarStat) For example, 'divorced' has priority over 'widowed' A further variable has been derived, combining 'married' and 'living as married'

Marital status (summary) Married

Note that 'living as married' refers only to partners of the opposite gender

#### Geographical/regional indictors

The Registrar General's Standard Regions have been used, with Greater London shown, as is customary, separate from the remainder of the South East. The full version, derived from the sampling point number (SPoint), has been recoded as a derived variable. There is also a summary version:

Standard Region - StRegion
Standard Region (compressed into 6 categories) - Region

In addition, the following geographical variables are included in the 1994 dataset:

Postcode sector - Sector

<u>District Health Authority</u> - CensuDHA (available for the whole sample)

<u>Parliamentary constituency</u> - CensParl (note that this derived variable is not available for sampling points in Scotland (325 cases), and that a very few cases (n=6) were unclassified

<u>District Council</u> - CensuDC (again there were 6 unclassified cases). (Derived variable NameDC is the respondent's answer to the question; and the derived variable RwDC matches respondents' answers with CensusDC (75% were matched). This is not available for the C version sample)

<u>County/Regional Council</u> - CensusCC (again there were 6 unclassified cases). (Derived variable NameCC is the respondent's answer to the question; and the derived variable RwCC matches respondents' answers with CensusCC (40% were matched). This is not available for the C version sample)

<u>Population density</u> - *PopDen* is supplied with the PAF sample; a derived variable *PopBand* divides *PopDen* into quartiles

Great care must be taken with regional analysis: the sample in several regions is small and heavily clustered and so could be subject to large sampling errors. For most purposes, it will be advisable to group regions to form broader categories for analysis, or to combine two or more years' data. As noted above, a combined dataset for 1983-91 is available from the ESRC Data Archive.

#### Education

Respondents are asked for the age when they completed their continuous full-time education. This variable is *TEA* (terminal education age). They are also asked about examinations

For examples of analyses carried out using combinations of years, see: Curtice, J., 'One nation?' in British Social Attitudes: The 5th Report (1988) (eds. Jowell, R., Witherspoon, S. and Brook, L.), Aldershot: Gower; Blanchflower, D. and Oswald, A., 'Self-employment and the enterprise culture' in British Social Attitudes: The 7th Report (1990) (eds. Jowell, R., Witherspoon, S. and Brook, L. with Taylor, B.), Aldershot: Gower; and Curtice, J. 'The North-South Divide', in British Social Attitudes: The 9th Report (1992) (eds. Jowell, R., Brook, L., Prior, G. and Taylor, B.), Aldershot: Dartmouth.

passed, and any academic or vocational qualifications obtained Variable names are SchQual, PSchQual, and EdQual1 - EdQual16 There is also a derived variable

Highest educational qualification obtained (7 categories excluding N/A, D/K) - HEdQual

We also ask about private schooling at Q 903 whether the respondent has ever attended a private primary or secondary school in the UK (RPrivEd), whether the respondent's spouse or partner has done so (SPrivEd), and whether any of the respondent's children have done so (ChPrivEd) Our definition of 'private school' excludes nursery and voluntary-aided schools, and 'opted-out' grant-maintained schools Responses to these three questions have been combined to form a derived variable

Household members' attendance at private schools (3 categories) - PrivEd

Priority coding operates

#### Accommodation

There are several variables relating to accommodation. In the 'household grid' (Q 901) we ask for each household member whether he or she has legal responsibility for the accommodation (RResp), (P2Resp), etc. There is also a derived variable

Whether respondent has sole, shared or no legal responsibility - LegalRes

The interviewer also checks and codes the type of accommodation occupied by the respondent (*HomeType*), asks whether or not the respondent lives on a housing estate (*HomeEst*), and asks about tenure type (*Tenure1*), which appears in summary form as derived variable

Accommodation tenure (summary) - Tenure2

collapsed into five categories (plus 'no information') On versions A and B, respondents were asked how long they had lived in their present neighbourhood variables AreaTime and NghbrhdY were combined to create the variable Nghbrhd

## Religious affiliation and attendance

Respondents are asked which religion, if any, they belong to (*Religion*), which religion, if any, they were brought up in (*FamRelig*), and how often they attend services or meetings connected with their religion (*ChAttend*) In addition, two summary variables are routinely derived

Respondent's religion (summary) - ReligSum

Religion respondent brought up in (summary) - RlFamSum

each of six categories

#### Ethnic origin

Respondents are shown a card and asked to which of seven ethnic groups they considered they belong. (The card also allowed respondents to name an 'other' origin.) This variable (RaceOrig) is asked on all three versions of the questionnaire.

#### Income

Towards the end of the classification section, interviewers show respondents a card (Card X5) listing 16 income bands, and ask them to read out the letter corresponding to their gross household income (*HhIncome*); and (if they are currently in paid work) their gross earnings (*REarn*). The income card used in 1994 is reproduced in **Appendix D** (it is periodically adjusted to take account of inflation).

In 1994, as we do in most years, we asked for self-rated income (SrInc) - 'high', 'middle' or 'low'. But this time it is only on the C version of the questionnaire.

## Economic position

At the beginning of Section Three of the questionnaire (Labour Market Participation) respondents were shown a card (Card G) and asked which description applied to what they were doing in the previous seven days (*REconAct*). A priority coding system operates. The response to this question determines which parts of the rest of the labour market module (e.g. for employees, the self-employed, unemployed people) respondents were asked. The economic position of the respondent's spouse or partner (*SEconAct*) is also coded (in the Classification section).

There are also variables incorporating responses to questions on full- or part-time work (for respondents (ESrJbTim); for spouses/partners (SPartFul); and on whether the respondent/spouse is an employee or self-employed (REmploye for respondents and SEmploye for spouses/partners). Two further variables have been derived:

Current economic position (12 categories) - REconPos for respondents - SEconPos for spouses/partners

It should be noted that the conventions used for classifying those in paid work differ from those used in the Census, in that a lower limit to the number of hours worked per week is specified; the classification used in the *British Social Attitudes* surveys is based on those working 10 or more hours in the seven days preceding the interview. This especially affects the classification of women's economic positions.

### Domestic and care responsibilities

Respondents were asked who was the person in the household mainly responsible for 'general domestic duties' (DutyResp), and (if there were children aged 17 or under) who was the person mainly responsible for the 'general care of the child(ren)'. (ChildResp). On the SPSS file, DutyResp and OthClA, and ChildResp and OthClB have been combined and recoded so that others in the household with domestic and childcare responsibilities (wife, husband and so on) can be identified. See pages 95-96 of the interview questionnaire documentation for full details.

Those in paid work (for more than ten hours a week) were also asked if they were responsible for 'looking after a disabled, sick or elderly friend or relative. The variable name is ESOldRsp

## Other background variables

#### These include

- Daily morning newspaper readership ReadPap, WhPaper
- Membership of private health insurance scheme, and who pays *PrivMed*, *PrivPaid*, and whether has had medical treatment as a private patient in the previous two years *PrivPat* (answered only by respondents returning a self-completion questionnaire)
- Receipt of pensions (other than state pension) Retired respondents were asked if
  they received a pension from their former employer (REmplPen), if they were retired
  and married, they were asked the same question about their spouse (SEmplPen)
  Retired respondents were also asked if they received a private pension (PrPenGet),
  if they were retired and married, they were asked the same question about their
  spouse (SPrPnGet)
- Trade union or staff association membership current *UnionSA*, and, for non-members, past membership *TUSAEver*, whether there are *recognised* unions at the respondent's workplace *WpUnions* (asked only of employees)
- Anyone in the respondent's household with regular use of a car or van TransCar, regular access to a car or van CarOwn, number of vehicles owned NumbCars, whether any vehicle is provided by an employer or run as a business expense CompCar, modes of travel nowadays Travel 1-4,6-8 (all except CarOwn asked on the B version only)
- Current receipt (by respondent and/or partner) of means-tested state benefits
   AnyBNew, BenftN1 BenftN12 Note that these replace the questions asked up until
   1991 which referred to benefits received within the previous five years. There is
   also a derived variable which shows the number of benefits currently received NumBen
- Share ownership OwnShare
- Respondents were asked if they 'had any long-standing health problems or disabilities' which limited any of their activities - Disab
- Measures taken to try to avoid crime AvdCrmNu (does nothing to does four or more things)

## 5.3 Party political identification

Respondents were classified as identified with a particular political party on one of three counts if they considered themselves supporters of the party (Q 2a,d), or as closer to it than to others (Q 2b,d), or as more likely to support it in the event of a general election - Q 2c

These three groups are described respectively as partisans, sympathisers and residual identifiers. The derived variable is:

Party political identification - PtyAlleg

The three groups combined are referred to as identifiers *PartyId1*. There is also a derived variable:

Party political identification (compressed) Partyld2

Respondents who indicated no party preference were classified as non-aligned.

## 5.4 Occupation

Until 1990, the occupation coding scheme used for all *British Social Attitudes* surveys was based on the *Classification of Occupations* 1980 (CO80) as used for the 1981 Census. Two elements, Occupation Code and Employment Status, were coded. This enabled Socioeconomic Group (SEG) and Registrar General's Social Class to be derived by reference to a look-up table, and added to the dataset. In addition, the Goldthorpe/Heath (revised Goldthorpe) class schema was also derived from a look-up table and added to the data-file.

In 1991, however, OPCS introduced a new occupation coding schema, the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and the new schema has been used for the occupation coding on the 1991, 1993 and 1994 BSA surveys. The reasons why a new schema was developed are explained in OPCS (1991a, 1991b). Social Class and SEG were re-based on SOC according to the principle of 'maximum continuity'; that is, the number of jobs (and hence persons) allocated to the same Social Class or SEG category as when they were based on CO80 was maximised. In practice, OPCS has established that overall, 2.3% of jobs were assigned to a different Social Class due to the re-basing on SOC, and 2.0% of jobs to a different Socio-economic Group (see OPCS, 1991b). The net redistribution of cases due to re-basing on SOC is therefore small, but since most of the change is concentrated in particular categories, the impact of change on those categories can be substantial (see OPCS, 1991b, p.15).

"Occupations are viewed in SOC as coherent sets of work activities carried on by individuals. In defining occupational groups, the aim has been to distinguish as far as possible in terms of the type and level of skills required to carry out the main work activities" (SOC, vol.3, p.2). The classification system comprises 371 Occupational Unit Groups (OUGs), the most detailed categories into which job titles and activities are coded. This 3-digit code for occupation is keyed for both the respondent (RSOC), and for the respondent's spouse or partner (SSOC) where there is a spouse or partner in the household.

Occupational Unit Groups have been aggregated as derived variables as follows:

SOC Minor Groups, comprising 77 categories: RMinGrp for respondents; SMinGrp for spouses/partners

SOC Sub-major Groups, comprising 22 categories: RSMajGrp for respondents; SSMajGrp for spouses/partners

SOC Major Groups, comprising 9 categories RMajGrp for respondents, SMajGrp for spouses/partners

Occupation details are collected for all respondents (and, where appropriate, their spouses or partners) in a series of questions in the Classification section. If respondents (or spouses/partners) are not currently in paid employment, they are asked about their last occupation (or, if waiting to take up paid work already offered, about their next occupation). Thus only those who had never had a job were excluded 10

Self-employed respondents and their partners can be identified as follows

Currently economic active code 2 at *REmploye* for respondents, code 2 at *SEmployee* for spouses/partners

Ever economically active code 2 at *REmplyee* for respondents, code 2 at *SEmplyee* for spouses/partners

There are variables that identify those with and without managerial or supervisory responsibilities in their present or last job, if their title is or was that of manager, foreman or supervisor, and (if applicable) the number of people they supervise(d)

RSuper2 for respondents, SSuper2 for spouses/partners, RSupMan and SSupMan, and RMany and SMany

The number of employees at the respondent's place of work, and (if applicable) that of his/her spouse/partner is identified by the variables REmpWork and SEmpWork

## 5.5 Socio-economic group and social class

A range of variables has been derived from respondents' occupational details and from those provided by respondents about their spouses/partners. Among the principal ones is the Registrar General's Socio-economic Group (SEG). There are two versions of both the full and the compressed version.

Socio-economic Group - 20 categories RSeG2 for respondents, SSeG2 for spouses/partners

Socio-economic Group (banded) - 8 categories RSeGGrp2 for respondents, SSeGGrp2 for spouses/partners

The second version of each of these derived variables is included in the dataset to maintain comparability with practice in earlier years of the survey series

Socio-economic Group - 17 categories RSeG for respondents, SSeG for spouses/partners

This differs from the practice adopted in the 1983 British Social Attitudes survey, when respondents coded as 'in full-time education', 'permanently sick or disabled', 'looking after the home' or 'doing something else' were not asked for their occupational details

Socio-economic Group (banded) - 9 categories: RSeGGrp for respondents; SSeGGrp for spouses/partners

(see SOC, vol.3, pp.13-14).

Also derived from occupational data are respondents' and spouse/partners' Employment Status; and Registrar General's Social Class:

Employment status - 11 categories: REmpStat for respondents; SEmpStat for spouses/partners

Social Class - 6 categories: RRGClass for respondents; SSGClass for spouses/partners<sup>11</sup>

Social Class - 5 categories (skilled non-manual workers being combined: RSocClas for respondents; SSocClas for spouses/partners

The six Social Class categories have been dichotomised into non-manual and manual in the following derived variable:

Whether in a non-manual or manual job: RManual for respondents; SManual for spouses/partners

This used to emerge automatically from the programme that creates the Social Class variable. However, with the change to SOC, this no longer happens. Instead it is derived separately from a combination of SOC and Employment Status codes. Full details are given in **Appendix H**.

In addition, John Goldthorpe's (revised) class schema (here referred to as Goldthorpe-Heath) is also coded. This system classifies occupations by their 'general comparability', considering such factors as sources and levels of income, economic security, promotion prospects, and level of job autonomy and authority. As for SEG and Social Class, it is based on the current or last job held.

The full Goldthorpe-Heath schema has eleven categories, to which we have added a residual category of those who have never had a job or who have given insufficient information to allow classification:

Goldthorpe-Heath class schema - 12 categories (including not-classifiable):

RGHClass for respondents; SGHClass for spouses/partners

Instead of the full schema, a compressed schema of five classes (plus a residual category described above) is often employed:

22

The variables RSocCla2 and SSocCla2 are identical, except that members of the armed forces have been allocated a separate code.

- 1 Salariat (professional and managerial)
- 2 Routine non-manual workers (office and sales)
- Petty bourgeoisie (the self-employed, inc farmers, with and without employees)
- 4 Manual foremen and supervisors
- 5 Working class (skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers, personal service and agricultural workers)

This is derived variable

Goldthorpe-Heath class schema (compressed) - 5 categories *RGHGrp* for respondents, *SGHGrp* for spouses/partners

## 5.6 Industry

All respondents for whom an occupation was coded were allocated a **Standard Industrial** Classification (SIC) code (CSO as revised 1980) For a full listing of SIC categories, see **Appendix F** The variable names are

RIndClas for respondents, SIndClas for spouses/partners

SIC also appears, compressed into 11 categories (including not classifiable)

RIndDiv for respondents, SIndDiv for spouses/partners

Respondents with an occupation were also allocated a **Sectoral Location**, being divided into public sector services, public sector manufacturing and transport, private sector manufacturing and private sector non-manufacturing. This was done by cross-analysing SIC categories with responses to a question about the type of employer worked for A similar exercise was carried out for spouses/partners. The derived variable is

Sectoral Location - 5 categories (including not classifiable) RIndSect for respondents, SIndSect for spouses/partners

### 5.7 Attitude scales

Following methodological work carried out by Heath et al (1986), British Social Attitudes survey questionnaires have regularly carried three attitudinal scales, designed respectively as measures of egalitarianism, libertarianism and welfarism (and their opposites) The scales are intended to be general, concentrating on underlying values and excluding items referring to specific policy issues

The measure of egalitarianism (the political 'left-right' dimension) is concerned primarily with issues of redistribution and equality, and is very effective in distinguishing party identification. It comprises five items, asked on all versions of the self-completion questionnaire

Questions	Scale	items
A2.44a,B2.38a,C2.53a	a.	Government should redistribute income from the better- off to those who are less well-off (Redistrb)
A2.44b,B2.38b,C2.53b	b.	Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers
		(BigBusnn]
A2.43a,B2.37a,C2.52a	c.	Ordinary people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth $(Wealth1^{12})$
A2.43g,B2.37g,C2.52g	d.	There is one law for the rich and one for the poor
		(RichLaw)
A2.44c,B2.38c,C2.53c	e.	Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance (Indust4)

The measure of authoritarian/libertarian values is concerned with the need for society to maintain a state of order and security *versus* the right within a democracy for individuals to maintain their civil liberties. The six items were asked on all three version of the 1994 self-completion questionnaire:

Questions	Scale	items
A2.43d,B2.37d,C2.52d	a.	Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values (TradVals)
A2.44d,B2.38d,C2.53d	b.	People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences (StifSent)
A2.44a,B2.38e,C2.53e	c.	For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence (DeathApp)
A2,44f,B2.38f,C2.53f	d.	Schools should teach children to obey authority (Obey)
A2.44g,B2.38g,C2.53g	e.	The law should be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong (WrongLaw)
A2.43h,B2.37h,C2.52h	f.	Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards (Censor)

The scale designed to measure individualistic versus welfarist values comprised eight items and was included on all three versions of the 1994 self-completion questionnaire:

## **Questions** Scale items

Q.A2.42/B2.36/ a.

- The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after Q.C2.51 themselves [WelfResp]
- b. People receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens [WelfStig]
- c. The welfare state encourages people to stop helping each other [WelfHelp]

In 1994, this scale item was changed. In earlier years, it has been: "Ordinary people do <u>not</u> get their fair share of the nation's wealth", and the variable name is Wealth.

- d The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if it lends to higher taxes [MoreWelf]
- e Around here, most unemployed people could find a job if they really wanted one [UnempJob]
- f Many people who get social security don't really deserve any help [SocHelp]
- g Most people on the dole are fiddling in one way or another [DoleFidl]
- h If welfare benefits weren't so generous, people would learn to stand on their own two feet [WelfFeet]

Experimental work to test various ways of administering these scales has been undertaken on the 1991 and 1994 British Social Attitudes surveys. Some of the findings of these experiments have been reported in two CREST Working Papers (Evans and Heath, 1994, and Taylor, Curtice and Heath, 1995)

#### 6. SAMPLING ERRORS

No sample precisely reflects the characteristics of the population it represents because of both sampling and non-sampling errors. If a sample were designed as a simple random sample (i.e. if every adult had an equal and independent chance of inclusion in the sample) then we could calculate the sampling error of any percentage, p, using the formula

$$s e (p) = \sqrt{\frac{p (100 - p)}{n}}$$

where n is the number of respondents on which the percentage is based. Once the sampling error had been calculated, it would be a straightforward exercise to calculate a confidence interval for the true population percentage. For example, a 95 per cent confidence interval would be given by the formula

$$p \pm 196 \times se(p)$$

Clearly, for a simple random sample (srs) the sampling error depends only on the values of p and n. However, simple random sampling is almost never used in British surveys because of its inefficiency in terms of time and cost

As noted above, the *British Social Attitudes* sample, like that drawn for most large-scale surveys, was clustered according to a stratified multi-stage design - in this case, into 200 postcode sectors. With a complex design like this, the sampling error of a percentage giving a particular response is not simply a function of the number of respondents in the sample and the size of the percentage, it also depends on how that percentage response is spread within and between postcode sectors

The complex design may be assessed relative to simple random sampling by calculating a range of design factors (DEFTs) associated with it, where

DEFT = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{Variance of estimator with complex design, sample size n}}{\text{Variance of estimator with srs design, sample size n}}}$$

and represents the multiplying factor to be applied to the simple random sampling error to produce its complex equivalent. A design factor of one means that the complex sample has achieved the same precision as a simple random sample of the same size. A design factor greater than one means the complex sample is less precise than its simple random sample equivalent.

If the DEFT for a particular characteristic is known, a 95 per cent confidence interval for a percentage may be calculated using the formula:

$$p \pm 1.96 x complex sampling error (p)$$

= 
$$p \pm 1.96 \text{ x DEFT x } \sqrt{\frac{p(100-p)}{n}}$$

Calculations of sampling errors and design effects were made using the Word Fertility Survey 'Clusters' programme.

The following table gives examples of the confidence intervals and DEFTs calculated for a range of different questions, some fielded on all three versions of the questionnaire and some on one only; some asked on the interview questionnaire and some on the self-completion supplement. It shows that most of the questions asked of all sample members have a confidence interval of around plus or minus two to three per cent of the survey proportion. This means that we can be 95 per cent certain that the true population proportion is within two to three per cent (in either direction) of the proportion we report. The confidence intervals calculated for questions asked of only half the sample tend to be greater than those calculated for questions asked of the entire sample.

It should be noted that the design effects for certain variables (notably those most associated with the area a person lives in) are greater than those for other variables. This is particularly the case for party identification and housing tenure. For instance, Labour identifiers and local authority tenants tend to be concentrated in certain areas; consequently the design effects calculated for these variables in a clustered sample are greater than the design effects calculated for variables less strongly associated with area, such as attitudinal variables.

		% (p)	Complex standard error of p (%)	95 per cent confidence interval	DEFT
Classif	ication variables	u,	1 (1-7		
DV*	Party identification Conservative Liberal Democrat Labour	28 9 14 4 40 6	1 1 0 8 1 2	26 7 - 31 1 12 8 - 16 0 38 2 - 43 0	1 43 1 34 1 43
DV*	Housing tenure Owns Rents from local authority Rents privately	70 2 17 1 11 4	1 2 1 0 0 7	67 8 - 72 6 15 2 - 19 1 9 9 - 12 9	1 53 1 52 1 37
DV*	Religion No religion Church of England Catholic	38 5 33 1 9 5	10 09 06	36 5 - 40 5 31 3 - 35 0 8 3 - 10 7	1 21 1 17 1 23
Q.795	Age of completing continuous full-time education 16 or under 17 or 18 19 or over	65 1 16 5 14 6	12 08 09	62 6 - 67 5 14 9 - 18 1 12 8 - 16 4	1 51 1 27 1 48
Attitud	lınal varıables				
Q 43	Benefits for the unemployed are . too low	53 2	11	51 1 - 55 4	1 27
A.277	too high  Attempts to give equal opportunities to homosexuals have gone much too far gone too far about right not gone far enough not gone nearly far enough	18 5 27 1 31 6 15 0 3 0	09 12 14 16 12 05	22 3 - 25 7 16 1 - 20 9 24 3 - 29 8 28 4 - 34 8 12 6 - 17 5 1 9 - 4 0	1 18 1 05 1 03 1 16 1 17 1 03
B.431	Britain should do all it can to unite fully with the EC protect its independence from the EC	40 3 52 6	1 4 1 5	37 6 - 43 1 49 5 - 55 6	0 97 1 04
C.634	In a year from now, respondent expects unemployment to have gone up a lot	20 3	1 4	17 5 - 23 1	1 81
A2.36a	Death penalty for murder in course of a terrorist act in favour against	70 2 26 3	1 8 1 7	66 5 - 73 9 22 8 - 29 7	1 25 1 22
B2.20c	Nuclear power stations create very serious risks for the future quite serious risks only slight risks hardly any risks	44 5 31 4 17 3 4 7	19 18 11 07	40 8 - 48 2 27 8 - 35 1 15 2 - 19 5 3 3 - 60	1 17 1 23 0 89 1 02
C2 45a	Law should allow abortion if the woman decides not to have the child yes no	54 4 41 6	1 8 1 8	50 7 - 58 0 38 0 - 45 2	1 15 1 15

These calculations are based on the total sample from the 1994 survey (3,469 respondents); on A version respondents (1,137 for the main questionnaire and 970 for the self-completion); on B version respondents (1,165 and 975 respectively); or on C version respondents (1,167 and 984 respectively). As the examples above show, sampling errors for proportions based only on respondents to just one of the three versions of the questionnaire, or on subgroups within the sample, are somewhat larger than they would have been had the questions been asked of everyone.

## 7. STRUCTURE OF THE QUESTIONNAIRES

As already noted, three different versions of the questionnaire were used (versions A, B and C). All contained a 'core' of standard attitudinal and classificatory questions, but the middle part covered different topic areas according to which version was used. The structure of the personal interview and self-completion questionnaires administered in Britain, and the topics covered by each, is shown overleaf. For ease of reference, the contents of the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes questionnaires are shown alongside.

**Appendix D** contains a copy of the questionnaires with variable names and show cards.

## BRITAIN

#### Interview questionnaire

#### All versions

- 1 Newspaper readership/party identification/politics
- 2 Public spending, welfare benefits and healthcare
- 3 Economic activity, the labour market, gender issues at the workplace and childcare

Version A	Version B	Version C
4 Civil liberties 5 Race 6 Local government 7 Political trust	4 Europe/international relations/NI 5 Race 6 Local government 7 Countryside/environment	4 Economic prospects 5 Charitable giving 6 Poverty/single parents 7 Gender
8 Europe	8 Transport	8 Education

#### All versions

- 9 Fear of crime
- 10 Housing
- 11 Religion and ethnic origin
- 12 Classification

## Self-completion questionnaire

,	Version A	,	Version B	Version C		
A2 01-13	Civil liberties	B2 01-04	Europe/international	C2 01-21	ISSP Women &	
A2 14-15	Health care		relations		family	
A2 16-17	Childcare	B2 05-06	Health care	C2 22-23	Healthcare	
A2 18-24	Local government	B2 07-08	Childcare	C2 24-25	Childcare	
A2 25-27	Immigration,	B2 09-14	Local government	C2 26-31	Gender	
	sentencing & prisons	B2 15-18	Immigration,	C2 32-34	Single parents	
A2 28	'Predictions'		sentencing & prisons	C2 35-37	Charitable giving	
A2 29-35	Political Trust	B2 19-28	Countryside/	C2 38-43	Education	
A2 36	Issues of conscience		environment	C2 44-47	Issues of conscience	
A2 38-40	Fear of crime	B2 29-31	Transport	C2 48-49	Fear of crime	
A2 41-44	Welfare state and	B2 32-34	Fear of crime	C2 50-53	Welfare state and	
	other attitude scales	B2 35-38	Welfare state and other attitude scales		other attitude scales	

#### NORTHERN IRELAND

#### Interview questionnaire

#### Both versions

- 1 Newspaper readership/politics
- 2 Public spending, welfare benefits and healthcare
- 3 Economic activity, the labour market, gender issues at the workplace and childcare
- 4 Community relations in Northern Ireland

#### Version A Version B

5 Class and race	5 Economic prospects
6 Political trust	6 Poverty/single parents
7 Europe and international relations	7 Countryside/environment
8 Civil liberties	8 Informal carers

#### Both versions

- 9 Housing
- 10 Religion and ethnic origin
- 11 Classification

#### Self completion questionnaire

#### **Both versions**

A/B 2 01-21	Changing gender roles (ISSP)
A/B 2 22-23	Childcare
A/B 2 24-26	Community relations in Northern Ireland

Version A		Version B		
A2 27-28	Immigration	B2 27-32	Gender	
A2 29-41	Civil liberties	B2 33-42	Countryside/environment	
A2 42	Ешгоре	B2 43-47	Single parents	
A2 43-49	Political trust		-	
A2 50	Death penalty			
A2 51	Welfare state	B2 48	Welfare state	
A2 52-53	Attitude scales	R2 49-50	Attitude scales	

## II NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1. THE SURVEY

The 1994 Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey was the fifth in the series which began in 1989. As in 1993, it was administered by the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU) now the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), and funded by all the government departments in Northern Ireland.

For the second year, the data for the survey was collected by interviewers using Computer-Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI).

As in previous years, both the *British Social Attitudes* (BSA) survey and the NISA survey consisted of 'core' questions and of 'modules' on specific topic areas. Due to an increase in demand for information from the NISA survey, for the first time two parallel versions of the questionnaire were fielded in Northern Ireland. Both versions of the questionnaire contained common questions plus topic modules specific to the version. Modules in the two Northern Ireland questionnaires were selected from the larger number that were used in the three versions of the British questionnaire. There were two exceptions to this. The first was that a module which dealt with issues specific to Northern Ireland were asked only in the NISA questionnaire. However, some of the questions could also be asked of British respondents, and so for comparative purposes were also asked in Britain. The second exception was a module on informal carers, fielded only in Northern Ireland with separate funding from the University of Ulster.

Researchers from Social and Community Planning Research (SCPR), and the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU) were principally responsible for constructing the basic content of the NISA questionnaire. Final responsibility for the construction and wording of the questionnaire remained with SCPR. Responsibility for the sampling and fieldwork rested with the Central Survey Unit of the PPRU.

We give below brief details of the methodology of the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey. Further information may be obtained from Alan McClelland, and his colleagues at the Central Survey Unit, NISRA, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Londonderry House, Chichester Street, Belfast, BT1 4SX, and from the technical appendix to the 5<sup>th</sup> NISA Report (Breen *et al.*, 1996)

## 2. THE SAMPLE

### 2.1 Selection of addresses

The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of all adults aged 18 or over, living in private households in Northern Ireland.

It was drawn from the rating list, in contrast to that in Britain, which is based on the Postcode Address File (PAF) and involved a multi-stage sample design. The rating list provided by the Rates Collection Agency (NI) is the most up-to-date listing of private households in Northern Ireland and is made available for research purposes. It excluded people in institutions, though not those in private households within institutions.

# NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES Topics covered\*

NOPICS (excluding (one sees)			1.072.000	AY.	
2000 60 0000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	1989	1990	1991	1993	1994
AIDS	~ ~				
Attitudes to work (ISSP)	~				
Changing gender roles (ISSP)					•
Charitable giving	*************		✓	<b>~</b>	****************
Childcare					v
Civil liberties		·			<i>-</i>
Countryside and the environment					<b>V</b>
Crime and the police		<b>√</b>		•	
Diet and health	V				
Economic prospects			• 1	V	
Education					
Gender issues at the workplace	* 4				
Gender roles			<b>V</b>		<i>y</i>
Global environmental issues (ISSP)			•	-	٧
				<b>/</b>	
Flesith and lifestyle			Ý		
Informal carers					7
National Health Service	•	· /	4	•	ý
Political trust			******************************		•
Roverty	7				•
Race and immigration					•
Religious beliefs (ISSP)			· • •		
Role of government (ISSP)		V			
Sangle parenthood and child support				Š	¥
Sexual morality	·	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		~~~~~
Social class	V	V			v
UK's relations with Europe/other countries	✓	•	· •	•	~····
Welfare state				•	

<sup>\*</sup> Details of topic areas mainly or wholly related to Northern Irish issues are not given in this chart. Also excluded are `core topics' such as public spending, workplace issues and economic prospects, and standard classificatory items such as economic activity, newspaper readership, religious denomination and party identification, all of which are asked every year

Several factors, including the generally low population density outside Belfast and its small geographical area, allow the use of an unclustered, simple random sample design. The NISA sample was therefore a simple random sample of all addresses contained on the rating list.

Prior to drawing the sample, Northern Ireland as a whole was stratified in to three geographical areas. This stratification, based on district council boundaries, consisted of Belfast, East, and West. Within each of these areas, using a routine for the generation of random numbers, a simple random sample of addresses was selected from the rating list, with probability proportionate to the number of addresses in that stratified area.

#### 2.2 Selection of individuals

The rating list is a good up-to-date source of private addresses in Northern Ireland. It does not, however, include information about the number of individuals living at each address. A further stage of sampling was required to select individual adults for interview.

At each address in their assignment, interviewers entered details of all the adults aged 18 or over into the laptop computer. From the list of eligible adults, the computer selected one respondent through a Kish grid random selection procedure.

#### 3. WEIGHTING

It is not possible to use the rating list to select addresses in Northern Ireland with probability proportionate to the size of the household. To compensate for this potential source of bias, the data were weighted prior to analysis. The weighting adjusted for the fact that individuals living in larger households had a lower chance of being included in the sample than individuals living in smaller households. The data were weighted in relation to the number of eligible adults at that address, derived from the details of household structure recorded by the interviewers. In order to retain the actual number of interviews, the weighted sample was scaled back to the originally achieved sample size, yielding a total of 1,519 interviews and an average weight of one.

#### Weighting of the sample

No of adults				
18 and over	Weight	No.	%	Scaled weight
1	1	248	16.3	0.5127
2	2	777	51.2	1.0253
3	3	280	18.4	1.5380
4	4	127	8.4	2.0506
5	5	77	5.1	2.5633
6	6	6	0.4	3.0759
7	7	4	0.2	3.5886

## 4. DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

#### 4.1 Fieldwork

The fieldwork was conducted by 66 interviewers from CSU's panel, all of whom were fully briefed and familiarised with the survey procedures. The first briefing session was held in late March, with fieldwork beginning immediately afterwards. The main fieldwork period extended till 8 July 1994, with a small proportion of interviews being carried out in the period between 8 July and 12 August 1994.

A total of 2400 addresses were selected An overall response rate of 70% was achieved, based on the total number of issued addresses which were in scope to the survey (ie private, occupied addresses)

	No	%
Addresses issued	2,400	
Vacant, derelict etc	233	
In scope	2,167	100
Interview achieved	1,519	70
Interview not achieved	648	30
- refused	439	20
- non-contact	108	5
other reasons	101	5

At the end of the face-to-face interview, respondents were asked to fill in a self-completion questionnaire. Where possible, the questionnaire was filled in whilst the interviewer was still with the respondent, otherwise, the interviewer arranged to collect it a later date, or asked the respondent to post it to a Northern Ireland Post Office box. This was then forwarded through CSU to SCPR. Return of self-completion questionnaires was monitored by CSU field staff, and if necessary up to two reminder letters were posted to respondents at two-weekly intervals. Overall, 87% of respondents to the interview filled in and returned the self-completion questionnaire.

#### 4.3 Advance letter

Just before fieldwork began, advance letters were sent to each household selected in the sample. The letter informed the 'resident' that his or her household had been selected for inclusion in the survey and contained a brief description of the nature of the survey. A copy will be found in Appendix H

## 5. DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS

## 5.1 Data preparation

Disks containing interview data were returned by the interviewers on a weekly basis. After the completion of the fieldwork period, final checks were made on the information contained on the return disks prior to the datafiles being sent to SCPR for checking, coding and editing For the self-completion questionnaire, SCPR conducted all the coding, editing, coding, keying and computer editing.

## 5.2 Analysis variables

The analysis variables in the Northern Ireland dataset are the same as those in the British survey. However, the questions on party identification of course include Northern Irish political parties. A number of analysis variables were coded by SCPR from the current or last job held by the respondent (and spouse or partner). Summary variables derived from these and some further derived variables are included in the dataset. For the principal analysis variables available in the dataset see pp.13-18 above. A complete list of derived variables is given in Appendix G.

## 5.3 Sampling errors

For a simple random sample design, such as the NISA sample, in which every member of the sampled population has an equal and independent chance of inclusion in the sample, the sampling error of any percentage, p, can be calculated by the formula

s.e. 
$$(p) = -\frac{p(100-p)}{n}$$

where n is the number of respondents on which the percentage is based. As the sample for the NISA survey is drawn as a simple random sample, this formula can be used to calculate the sampling error of any percentage estimate from the survey. A confidence interval for the population percentage can be calculated by the formula:

95 per cent confidence interval = 
$$p \pm 1.96 x$$
 s.e. (p)

If 100 similar, independent samples were chosen from the sample population, 95 of them would be expected to yield an estimate for the percentage, p, within this confidence interval. The absence of design effects in the Northern Ireland survey, and therefore of the need to calculate complex standard errors, means that the standard error and confidence intervals for percentage estimates from the survey are only slightly greater than for the British survey, despite the smaller sample size.

The table below gives examples of the sampling errors and confidence intervals for a range of percentage estimates from the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey:

	% (p)	Standard error of p (%)	95% confidence interval	95% confidence limits +/-
Classification variables n=1,519	(P)	(2)		17-
Derived Religion				
Protestant	53 4	1 3	2 5	51 6 - 56 6
Roman Catholic	35 9	1 2	2 4	33 5 - 38 3
Other	10 7	0 8	1 5	84 - 114
(Tenure2) Housing Tenure				
Owns	63 9	12	2 4	61 5 - 66 3
Rents from NIHE	27 8	1 1	2 2	25 6 - 30 0
(EmpStat) Employment status				
Economically active	53 1	1 3	2 5	50 6 - 54 4
Unemployed	6 4	06	1 2	52-76
Attitudinal variables (all) n=1,519				
(GpChange) Consider it not difficult to change GP	72 1	12	22	69 9 - 74 3
Version B n=754 (EldSell) The UK should have closer links with the European Community	44 7	1 8	3 5	41 2 - 48 2
Classification variables n=1519				
Employees only n=651 (IndRel) Not good relations between management and employees	16 3	1 4	2 8	13 5 - 19 1
Self-completion (Version A) n=663				
(VideoDem) Police should have the right to video demonstrations	59 7	19	3 7	56 0 - 63 4
Self-completion (Version B) n=652				
(PetitEnv) Signed a petition about the environment in the past five years	31 1	1 8	3 6	27 5 - 34 7

### III YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIAL ATTITUDES

### 1. THE SURVEY

In 1994, for the first time, the *British Social Attitudes* survey was supplemented by the *Young People's Social Attitudes* survey. All young people aged 12-19 who lived in the same household as a BSA respondent were eligible for interview.

### 2. THE SAMPLE

The British Social Attitudes survey is designed to yield a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over. The sampling frame for the 1994 survey was the Postcode Address File (PAF), a list of addresses (or postal delivery points) compiled by the Post Office. The sampling method for adults involved a multi-stage design, with three separate stages of selection. For further details of the sampling procedure, see Part I, Section 2.1.

All young people aged 12-19 who lived in the same household as an adult respondent were eligible for interview.

### 3. WEIGHTING

To ensure unbiased estimates, data had to be weighted to compensate for the selection procedures used to obtain the sample. As discussed in **Part I**, not all the units covered in the British Social Attitudes survey (from which the Young People's Social Attitudes sample was derived) had the same probability of selection. The weighting for the Young People's Social Attitudes data takes into account the different chances of selection which occurred at address level and household level. For further information about weighting, see Lynn and Lievesley (1991).

All weights fell within a range between 0.125 and 3. The vast majority of cases had a weight of 1.000. The weighted sample was scaled to make the number of weighted productive cases exactly equal to the number of unweighted productive cases (n = 580). The following distribution of weights was used:

Weight	No.	%	Scaled weight
0.125	2	0.3	0.125
0.333	2	0.3	0.334
0.500	4	0.7	0.501
0.750	1	0.2	0.752
1.000	569	98.1	1.002
3.000	2	0.3	3.007

### 4. DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

A small-scale pilot survey was carried out in late March 1994 in order to test question wording, questionnaire structure and flow.

Interviewing on the main survey was mainly carried out during May, June and July 1994, with a small number of interviews taking place later. Traditional (pen and paper) interviewing methods were used, rather than CAPI (as on the adults' questionnaire)

Fieldwork was conducted by interviewers drawn from SCPR's regular panel All interviewers attended a one-day briefing conference to familiarise them with the selection procedures used and the content and structure of the questionnaire

Interviews for the Young People's Social Attitudes survey were carried out by the same interviewers who worked on the adult British Social Attitudes survey. After the interview with the adult in the household, the interviewer established the number of eligible young people living in the household (that is, the number of young people aged between 12 and 19) and, where appropriate, asked permission from a responsible adult to interview them. In most cases the interviewer had to return to the household on at least one occasion

From a total of 3,469 adult interviews, 735 young people were identified as being eligible for interview. The response achieved was as follows

	No.	%
In scope (12-19 year		
old in household)	735	100
Interview achieved	580	79
Interview not achieved	155	21
Refused <sup>13</sup>	116	16
Non-contact <sup>14</sup>	17	2
Other non-response <sup>15</sup>	22	3

The average interview length was 31 minutes

As mentioned previously, all young people in a household were eligible for inclusion in the survey. The number of households in which one, and more than one, young person was interviewed was as follows.

No of young people interviewed in household	No. of households	% of sample
1	290	50 0
2	106	<i>36 5</i>
3	23	119
4	1	07
5	1	09

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 'Refusals' comprise refusal by the selected young person, 'proxy' refusals (on their behalf) and broken appointments after which the selected person could not be recontacted

<sup>14 &#</sup>x27;Non-contacts' comprise cases where the young person could not be contacted (never found at home)

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Other non-response' comprise cases where the young person was incapacitated, on holiday, in hospital or ill at home during the survey period, 'partial' interviews (interviews cut short before a specific point in the questionnaire) and any remaining cases which do not fit into either the refusal or non-contact categories outlined above

### 5. THE QUESTIONNAIRE

Approximately half the questions in the Young People's Social Attitudes questionnaire were also asked (with exactly the same wording) on one, two or all three versions of the 1994 British Social Attitudes survey. For these questions then, the answers given by young people can be compared to those given by adults. In addition, more detailed comparisons can be made between the responses of young people and those of the adult British Social Attitudes' respondent living in the same household. As some questions were asked of only a third or two-thirds of the adult sample, the comparisons that can be made are limited.

The remaining questions were unique to the Young People's Social Attitudes survey and covered issues of special relevance to young people.

Topics covered in the Young People's Social Attitudes survey were as follows:

'Age of consent' questions
Judgements of right and wrong
Education, school life and sex education
Fear and experience of crime
Crime and punishment
Gender roles and family life
Race prejudice and discrimination
Political knowledge, political interest and party identity
Important factors in 'doing well in life'
Life ambitions and aspirations

A number of demographic and other classificatory questions were also included (such as age, sex, religion, current activity and educational experience and expectations). Other background variables (such as those used to derive socio-economic grade) had been included in the adult British Social Attitudes questionnaire and so were not fielded again in the Young People's Social Attitudes questionnaire.<sup>16</sup>

Once the questionnaire was completed, interviewers were asked to indicate whether anyone else had been partially or wholly present during the interview. Responses to this question, perhaps unsurprisingly, varied according to the age of the young person and are shown below. Response did not vary according to the sex of the young person.

		Age (	of young p	erson
Presence of other person during interview:	<b>All</b> %	12-13 %	14-15 %	16-19 %
Yes, throughout	35.0	43.9	30.7	31.6
Yes, partially	22.4	25.5	22.9	19.7
No	40.6	28.5	43.6	48.2

This means that young people interviewed were assigned to the same Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and other variables derived from it, as the adult in the household already interviewed.

A copy of the young people's questionnaire, marked up with editing and coding instructions, is included in **Appendix E** Note that Q 43b was not coded since it concerned John Smith's leadership of the Labour Party and John Smith died at the start of our fieldwork period

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 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline APPENDIX $A$ \\ \hline DISTRIBUTION OF THE SAMPLE BETWEEN STANDARD REGIONS \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ 

BSA REGI CODI		<u>A</u>	SAMPLE TYPE B	<u>c</u>	TOTAL SELECTED
01	Scotland	108	110	114	332
02	Northern (Cleveland, Cumbria, Durham, Northumerland, Tyne and Wear)	66	74	77	217
03	North West (Cheshire, Lancashire, Greater Manchester, Merseyside)	123	128	128	379
04	Yorkshire and Humberside (Humberside, North Yorkshire, South Yorkshire, West Yorkshire)	101	94	106	301
05	West Midlands (Hereford and Worcester, Salop, Staffordshire, Warwickshire, West Midlands)	103	104	109	316
06	East Midlands (Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Northamptonshire, Nottinghamshire)	92	96	90	278
07	East Anglia (Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Suffolk)	45	39	43	127
08	South West (Avon, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Somerset, Wiltshire)	93	112	117	322
09	South East (Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, East Sussex, Essex, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Isle Of Wight, Kent, Oxfordshire, Surrey, West Sussex)	217	227	199	643
10	Greater London	128	121	127	376
11	Wales	61	60	57	178
	TOTAL SELECTED	1137	1165	1167	3469
	TOTAL ISSUED	2000	2000	2000	6000

### SAMPLED POSTCODE SECTORS

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Serial</u>	<u>Postcode</u>	<u>Local</u>	<b>REGION 01</b>
<u>point</u>	<u>number</u>	<u>sector</u>	<u>Authority</u>	SCOTLAND
158	64711-64740	IV18	Ross and Cromarty	
159	64741-64770	EH52	West Lothian	
160	64771-64800	PH15	Perth and Kinross	
161	64801-64830	KY12	Dunfermline	
162	64831-64860	KY10	North East Fife	
163	64861-64890	G65	Strathkelvin	
164	64891-64920	AB2	Aberdeen City	
165	64921-64950	G72	Glasgow City	
166	64951-64980	KY4	Dunfermline	
167	64981-65010	G72	Glasgow City	
168	65011-65040	ML3	Hamilton	
169	65041-65070	G67	Cumbernauld & Kilsy	rth
170	65071-65100	G45	Glasgow City	
171	65101-65130	AB2	Aberdeen City	
172	65131-65160	DD3	Dundee City	
173	65161-65190	G52	Glasgow City	
174	65191-65220	G74	East Kilbride	
175	65221-65250	G41	Glasgow City	
176	65251-65280	G46	Eastwood	
		_		
<u>Sample</u>	<u>Serial</u>	<u>Postcode</u>	Local	REGION 02
<u>point</u>	<u>number</u>	sector	<u>Authority</u>	NORTHERN
01	60001-60030	NE65	Alnwick/Castle Morp	eth
02	60031-60060	NE47	Tynedale	Çui
03	60061-60090	CA10	Eden	
03 04	60091-60120	TS16	Stockton-on-Tees	
05	60121-60150	DH3	Gateshead	
06	60151-60180	DL1	Darlington Darlington	
06 07	60181-60210	CA14	Allerdale	
		NE4		
08	60211-60240		Newcastle upon Tyne Stockton-on-Tees	
09	60241-60270	TS19		
10	60271-60300	NE6	Newcastle upon Tyne	
11	60301-60330	NE33	South Tyneside	

Sample point	<u>Serial</u> number	Postcode sector	Local Authority	REGION 03 NORTH WEST
30	60871-60900	M30	Salford	
31	60901-60930	CW7	Vale Royal	
32	60931-60960	WA8	Halton	
33	60961-60990	L39	West Lancashire	
34	60991-61020	WN4	Wigan	
35	61021-61050	OL4	Oldham	
36	61051-61080	BB9	Pendle	
37	61081-61110	M15	Manchester	
38	61111-61140	WA7	Halton	
39	61141-61170	WA10	St Helens	
40	61171-61200	M30	Salford	
41	61201-61230	WN2	Wigan	
42	61231-61260	M31	Trafford	
43	61261-61290	OL2	Oldham	
44	61291-61320	PR5	South Ribble	
45	61321-61350	L11	Liverpool	
46	61351-61380	L21	Sefton	
47	61381-61410	CH1	Chester	
48	61411-61440	WA2	Warrington	
49	61441-61470	L62	Wirtal	
50	61471-61500	PR6	Chorley	
51	61501-61530	L17	Liverpool	
52	61531-61560	BB9	Pendle	
Sample	Senal	Postcode	Local	REGION 04
Sample point	<u>Serial</u> number	Postcode sector	Local Authority	YORKSHIRE &
point	number	sector	Authority	
point 12	number 60331-60360	sector S74	Authority Barnsley	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13	number 60331-60360 60361-60390	sector S74 WF1	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14	number 60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420	sector S74 WF1 HU19	Authority Barnsley	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13	number 60331-60360 60361-60390	sector S74 WF1	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450	sector S74 WF1 HU19 DL6	Authority  Barnsley  Wakefield  Holderness  Hambleton	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480	S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510	S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540	S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570	S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690 60691-60720	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690 60691-60720 60721-60750	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2 LS11	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield Leeds	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690 60691-60720 60721-60750 60751-60780	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2 LS11 S4	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield Leeds Sheffield	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690 60691-60720 60721-60750 60751-60780 60781-60810	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2 LS11 S4 BD5	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield Leeds Sheffield Bradford	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60661-60690 60691-60720 60721-60750 60751-60780 60781-60810 60811-60840	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2 LS11 S4 BD5 DN3 7	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield Leeds Sheffield Bradford Great Grimsby	YORKSHIRE &
point  12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	number  60331-60360 60361-60390 60391-60420 60421-60450 60451-60480 60481-60510 60511-60540 60541-60570 60571-60600 60601-60630 60631-60660 60661-60690 60691-60720 60721-60750 60751-60780 60781-60810	Sector  S74 WF1 HU19 DL6 HD7 HD5 LS10 WF9 S64 BD22 BD17 HD2 S2 LS11 S4 BD5	Authority  Barnsley Wakefield Holderness Hambleton Kirklees Kirklees Leeds Wakefield Rotherham Bradford Bradford Kirklees Sheffield Leeds Sheffield Bradford	YORKSHIRE &

Sample	<u>Serial</u>	Postcode	Local	REGION 05
<u>point</u>	<u>number</u>	<u>sector</u>	authority	WEST MIDLANDS
67	61981-62010	B78	Lichfield/Tamworth	
68	62011-62040	B79	Lichfield	
69	62041-62070	WR11	Wychavon	
70	62071-62100	ST20	Stafford	
<b>7</b> 1	62101-62130	WR5	Worcester/Wychavon	
72	62131-62160	<b>B9</b> 1	Solihull	
73	62161-62190	SY1	Shrewsbury and Atcha	m
74	62191-62220	CV4	Coventry	
75	62221-62250	TF9	North Shropshire	
76	62251-62280	DY11	Wyre Forest	
77	62281-62310	WS7	Lichfield	
78	62311-62340	B72	Birmingham	
79	62341-62370	WV14	Wolverhampton	
80	62371-62400	WS5	Sandwell	
81	62401-62430	B34	Walsall	
82	62431-62460	<b>B</b> 11	Birmingham	
83	62461-62490	B17	Birmingham	
84	62491-62520	STI	Stoke-on-Trent	

Sample point	<u>Serial</u> number	Postcode sector	Local authority	REGION 06 EAST MIDLANDS
53	61561-61590	S81	Bassetlaw	
54	61591-61620	LN13	East Lindsey	
55	61621-61650	LE9	Hinckley and Boswort	h
56	61651-61680	DE72	South Derbyshire	
57	61681-61710	LE2	Leicester	
58	61711-61740	NG19	Mansfield and Bolsove	er
59	61741-61770	NN16	Kettering	
60	61771-61800	LE67	North West Leicesters	hire
61	61801-61830	SK12	Stockport/High Peak	
62	61831-61860	NG8	Nottingham	
63	61861-61890	NG5	Nottingham	
64	61891-61920	LN6	Lincoln	
65	61921-61950	NG10	Erewash	
66	61951-61980	LE3	Leicester	

Sample point	<u>Serial</u> number	Postcode sector	Local authority	REGION 07 EAST ANGLIA
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	62521-62550 62551-62580 62581-62610 62611-62640 62641-62670 62671-62700 62701-62730 62731-62760	IP28 NR11 PE1 IP31 PE3 CB4 PE3 NR3 2	Forest Heath/Bury St. North Norfolk Peterborough Bury St. Edmunds Peterborough Cambridge Peterborough Waveney	Edmunds
Sample point	<u>Serial</u> number	Postcode sector	Local authority	REGION 08 SOUTH WEST
131	63901-63930	BA22	South Somerset	
132	63931-63960	EX20	West Devon	
133	63961-63990	TQ10	South Hams	
134	63991-64020	BS19	Woodspring	
135	64021-64050	BA13	West Wiltshire	
136	64051-64080	BS1	Bristol	
137	64081-64110	SP1	Salisbury	
138	64111-64140	EX4	East Devon/Exeter	
139	64141-64170	GL52	Tewkesbury	
140	64171-64200	SN15	North Wiltshire	
141	64201-64230	EX4	Exeter	
142	64231-64260	PLI	Plymouth	
143	64261-64290	PL4	Plymouth	
144	64291-64320	BH4	Bournemouth	
145	64321-64350	BH16	Poole/Purbeck	
146	64351-64380	TQ12	Teignbridge	
147	64381-64410	BH14	Poole	

<u>Sample</u>	<u>Serial</u>	<u>Postcode</u>	Local	REGION 09
<u>point</u>	<u>number</u>	<u>sector</u>	<u>authority</u>	SOUTH EAST
93	62761-62790	CM5	Epping Forest	
94	62791-62820	SG12	East Hertfordshire	
95	62821-62850	SG7	North Hertfordshire	
96	62851-62880	AL3	St Albans	
97	62881-62910	GU3 2	East Hampshire	
98	62911-62940	TN26	Ashford	
99	62941-62970	ME3	Rochester upon Medw	av
100	62971-63000	MK46	Milton Keynes	<del>-</del> ,
101	63001-63030	PO30	Medina	
102	63031-63060	CR6	Tandridge	
103	63061-63090	BN24	Wealden	
104	63091-63120	BN26	Wealden	
105	63121-63150	SO23	Winchester	
106	63151-63180	DA11	Gravesham	
107	63181-63210	OX3	Oxford	
108	63211-63240	PO19	Chichester	
109	63241-63270	RG13	Newbury	
110	63271-63300	SL9	Chiltern	
111	63301-63330	PO14	Fareham	
112	63331-63360	GU9	Waverley	
113	63361-63390	RG13	Newbury	
114	63391-63420	LU6	South Bedfordshire	
115	63421-63450	WD1	Watford	
116	63451-63480	SS7	Castle Point	
117	63481-63510	GU15	Surrey Heath	
118	63511-63540	PO9	Havant	
119	63541-63570	SL2	Slough	
120	63571-63600	BN1	Brighton	
121	63601-63630	SS1	Southend-on-Sea	
122	63631-63660	OX14	Vale of White Horse	
123	63661-63690	SS2	Southend-on-Sea	
124	63691-63720	BN3	Hove	
125	63721-63750	RM17	Thurrock	
126	63751-63780	CT5	Canterbury	
127	63781-63810	BN25	Lewes	
128	63811-63840	LU3	Luton	
129	63841-63870	DA1	Dartford/Bexley	
130	63871-63900	SS9	Southend-on-Sea	

<u>Sample</u> point	<u>Serial</u> number	<u>Postcode</u> <u>sector</u>	Local authority	REGION 10 GREATER LONDON	
177	65281-65310	TW4	Hounslow		
178	65311-65340	TW9	Richmond upon Than	mes	
179	65341-65370	DA14	Bexley		
180	65371-65400	TW5	Hounslow		
181	65401-65430	EN3	Enfield		
182	65431-65460	EN5	Barnet		
183	65461-65490	SM3	Sutton		
184	65491-65520	DA5	Bexley		
185	65521-65550	W12	Hammersmith and Fi	ulham	
186	65551-65580	SE16	Southwark		
187	65581-65610	W8	Kensington and Chel	sea	
188	65611-65640	BR1	Bromley		
189	65641-65670	<b>W</b> 7	Ealing		
190	65671 <b>-</b> 65 <b>70</b> 0	EN2	Enfield		
191	65701-65730	SM1	Sutton		
192	65731-65760	KT4	Sutton/Kingston upo	n Thames	
193	65761-65790	E8	Hackney		
1 <del>9</del> 4	65791-65820	N1	Islington		
195	65821-65850	NW8	Westminster/Camder	n	
196	65851-65880	SW2	Lambeth		
197	65881-65910	W11	Kensington and Chel	lsea	
198	65911-65940	N15	Haringey		
199	65941-65970	SW12	Lambeth		
200	65971-66000	SW18	Wandsworth		
Comple	Samal	Postcode	Local	REGION 11	
Sample	<u>Serial</u>	<del></del>	authority	WALES	
<u>point</u>	<u>number</u>	<u>sector</u>	audiority	WALLES	
148	64411-64440	SY18	Montgomeryshire		
149	64441-64470	SA46	Ceredigion		
150	64471-64500	SA32	Carmarthen/Dinefwr	•	
151	64501-64530	NP4	Torfaen		
152	64531-64560	NP1	Rhymney Valley		
153	64561-64590	CF34	Ogwr		
154	64591-64620	SA1	Swansea		
155	64621-64650	NP9	Newport		
156	64651-64680	CH7	Delyn		
157	64681-64710	SA3	Swansea		

# RESPONSE BY QUESTIONNAIRE VERSION

	A VER	SION	B VER	SION	C VER	SION	TOT	'AT.
				<u> </u>	- 1.21	<u> </u>	, ,,,,	
İ	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
ADDRESSES								
Issued	2000		2000		2000		6000	
Found to be out of scope	İ							
- address empty/vacant	97		80		78		255	
- business/industrial premises only	75		38		44		157	
- weekend or holiday home	12	į	15		21	i	48	
- premises derelict/demolished	16		21		22		59	
- address an institution	8		2		5		15	į
- other	17		14		13		44	
Assumed to be out of scope								
- no trace of address	29		24		21		74	
- not yet built/not ready for								
occupation	10		5		13		28	
Total out of scope	264		199		217		680	
SELECTED PERSONS								
Total in scope	1736	100	1801	100	1783	100	5320	100
Total interviewed	1137	65	1165	65	1167	65	3469	65 2
Self-completion questionnaire	1137	- 05	1105	- 03	1107	- 05	3407	03 Z
collected/sent to office	970	56	975	54	984	55	2929	55 1
Total not interviewed	599	35	636	35	616	35	1851	348
Reasons for non-response		23	050	22	Old	23	1021	340
Refusal (total)	477	27	508	28	469	26	1454	27 3
- personally refused interview	249	14	284	16	262	15	795	149
- complete refusal of information	-''	- '	201	10	202	15	,,,,	177
about occupants	116	7	127	7	94	5	337	63
- refusal on behalf of selected	-110	•	12.	·	,,	Ĭ	55,	Ů.,
person	53	3	45	2	43	2	141	27
- broke appointment and could not	""	-		- 1	,,,	-		~
be recontacted	34	2	30	2	48	3	112	21
- refusal to office (letter/'phone)	25	1	22	- <u>1</u>	22	1	69	13
Non-contact (total)	72	4	67	4	79	4	218	41
- no contact with anyone at address		_			_			
after four or more calls	31	2	24	1	31	2	86	16
- selected person not contacted		_		_		_		
(eg never in)	26	1	22	1	25	1	73	14
- no contact with responsible adult	14	1	21	1	24	1	59	11
Other (total)	50	3	61	3	68	4	179	3 4
- semile/incapacitated	24	1	27	1	19	1	70	13
- away/ın hospital during survey		ľ						
period	7	*	12	1	22	1	41	09
- ill (at home) during survey period	6	*	12	*	11	1	29	05
- could not speak adequate English	6	*	4	*	9	1	19	04
- partially complete/other reason	7	*	6	*	7	*	20	04

### (1) A VERSION SAMPLE

			STANDARD REGION											
			<u> </u>		Yorks &	West	East							
ADDRESSES				North	Humber-	Mid-	Mid-	East	South	South	Greater			
	į	Scotland	Northern	West	side	lands	lands	Anglia	West	East	London	Wales	TOTAL	
Issued		190	110	230	180	180	140	80	170	380	240	100	2000	
Out of scope		18	14	25	26	27	17	13	32	40	36	16	264	
Total In scope (=100%)	1	172	96	205	154	153	123	67	138	340	204	84	1736	
PEDGONG	Í	Í				ľ								
PERSONS	l	100		100	101	102		4.5	00	21.5	100	,,		
Interviewed	No.	108	66	123	101	103	92	45	93	217	128	61	1137	
	%	63	69	60	66	67	75	67	67	64	63	73	65	
Self-completion supplement	No.	86	55	103	91	94	73	40	84	188	106	50	970	
returned	%	50	57	50	59	61	59	60	61	55	52	60	56	
Not interviewed	No.	64	30	82	53	50	31	22	45	123	76	23	599	
	%	37	31	40	34	33	25	33	33	36	3	27	35	
Reasons for non-response	ł	ł	ł	l		1					į	ļ		
Refusal (total)	No.	51	22	65	36	42	30	18	35	105	57	16	477	
]	%	30	23	32	23	27	24	27	25	31	28	19	27	
Non-contact (total)	No.	8	4	9	13	4	1	4	6	11	10	2	72	
1	%	5	4	4	8	3	1	6	4	3	5	2	4	
Other reason (total)	No.	5	4	8	4	4	-	- [	4	7	9	5	50	
	%	3	4	4	3	3			3	2	4	6	3	

### (1) B VERSION SAMPLE

			STANDARD REGION											
ADDRESSES		Scotland	Norther n	North West	Yorks & Humber- side	West Midland s	East Midland	East Anglia	South West	South East	Greater London	Wales	TOTAL	
Issued		190	110	230	180	180	140	80	170	380	240	100	2000	
Out of scope		20	9	26	10	17	8	15	13	33	30	18	199	
Total In scope (=100%)		170	101	204	170	163	132	65	157	347	210	82	1801	
PERSONS														
Interviewed	No	110	74	128	94	104	96	39	112	227	121	60	1165	
	%	65	73	63	55	64	73	60	71	65	58	73	65	
Self-completion supplement	No	83	60	99	80	88	80	33	106	198	95	53	975	
returned	% !	49	59	49	47	54	61	51	68	57	45	65	54	
Not interviewed	No	60	27	76	76	59	36	26	45	120	89	22	636	
	%	35	27	37	45	36	27	40	29	35	42	27	35	
Reasons for non-response														
Refusal (total)	No	46	22	63	58	48	32	24	38	94	71	12	508∗	
	%	27	22	31	34	29	24	37	24	27	34	15	28	
Non-contact (total)	No	5	5	7	12	4	-	1	5	13	10	5	67	
	%	3	5	3	7	2		2	3	4	5	6	4	
Other reason (total)	No	9	-	6	6	7	4	1	2	13	8	5	61	
	%	5		3	4	4	3	2	1	4	4	6	3	

### (1) C VERSION SAMPLE

			STANDARD REGION										
					Yorks &	-							
<u>ADDRESSES</u>				North	Humber-	West	East	East	South	South	Greater		
		Scotland	Northern	West	side	Midlands	Midlands	Anglia	West	East	London	<u>W</u> ales	TOTAL
Issued		190	110	230	180	180	140	80	170	380	240	100	2000
Out of scope		17	11	27	14	25	12	15	16	35	31	14	217
Total In scope (=100%)		173	99	203	166	155	128	65	154	345	209	86	1783
PERSONS												ļ	
Interviewed	No.	114	77	128	106	109	90	43	117	199	127	57	1167
	%	66	<i>78</i>	63	64	70	70	66	76	58	61	66	65
Self-completion supplement	No.	86	64	110	88	94	77	39	109	161	107	49	984
returned	%	50	64	54	53	61	60	60	71	47	51	57	55
Not interviewed	No.	59	22	75	60	46	38	22	37	146	82	29	616
	%	34	22	37	36	30	30	34	24	42	39	34	35
Reasons for non-response													
Refusal (total)	No.	43	18	61	40	40	34	15	32	109	57	20	469
, ,	%	25	18	30	24	26	27	23	21	32	27	23	26
Non-contact (total)	No.	و	2	10	13	4	=	=	3	16	17	5	<b>7</b> 9
ì '	%	5	2	5	8	3	_	-	2	5	8	6	4
Other reason (total)	No.	7	2	4	7	2	4	7	2	21	8	4	68
, ,	%	4	2	2	4	I	3	11	1	6	4	5	. 4

### (4) TOTAL

			STANDARD REGION										
ADDRESSES				North	Yorks & Humber-	West	East	East	South	South	Greater		
		Scotland	Northern	West	sıde	Midlands	Midlands	Anglia	West	East	London	Wales	TOTAL
Issued		570	230	690	540	540	420	240	510	1140	720	300	6000
Found to be out of scope		51	29	72	43	60	3	40	55	92	86	45	606
Assumed to be out of scope		4	5	6	7	9	4	3	6	16	11	3	74
Total out of scope		55	34	78	50	69	37	43	61	108	97	48	680
Total In scope (=100%)		515	296	612	490	471	383	197	449	1032	623	252	5320
PERSONS													'
Interviewed	No	332	217	379	301	316	278	127	322	643	376	178	3469
	%	64	<i>73</i>	62	61	67	73	64	72	62	60	71	65
Self-completion supplement	No	255	179	312	259	276	230	112	299	547	308	152	2929
returned	%	50	60	51	53	59	60	57	67	53	49	60	55
Not interviewed	No	183	79	233	189	155	105	70	127	389	247	74	1851
	96	36	27	38	39	33	27	36	28	38	40	29	35
Reasons for non-response													
Refusal (total)	No	140	63	189	134	130	96	57	105	307	185	48	1454
	%	27	21	31	27	28	25	29	23	30	30	19	27
Non-contact (total)	No	22	11	26	38	12	1	5	14	40	37	12	218
	%	4	4	4	8	3	*	3	3	4	6	5	4
Other reason (total)	No	21	5	18	17	13	8	8	8	42	25	14	179
	%	4	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	4	4	6	3

<sup>\* =</sup> less than 0.5%

1345

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1994 SURVEY MAIN (ADULT) SAMPLE ADDRESS RECORD FORM (ARF)

**SPRING 1994** 

ADD	RESS			SELECTION LABEL		
				OCCESTION EADLE		
Telep	hone No					
Inter	viewer Nam	ne		and No		
		N	VISI	FRECORD (Note <u>all personal visits, even if no reply)</u> RECORD VISITS TO OBTAIN ADULT MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE (	ONLY	
Visit No	Date	Day of week	Time 24hr clock	Notes on contact attempts, appointments, etc	Result of visit (enter code(s))	(if result = 4) interview lengtl: (mins)
1	1					
2	1					
3	-					
4	1					
5	1					-
6	1					-
7	1					
8	1					
9						
10	. /					
No     Re     Ap	uit of visit' of contact will spondent se opointment in the contact will interview it terviewer will serviewer will servie were serviewer will servie were serviewer will servie were serviewer will servie were service will service will service were serviced with service were serviced with service were serviced with service were serviced with service were serviced with service were serviced with serviced with serviced with service were serviced with serviced	th anyone dection co nade achieved	mpleted	Code all that apply 1 2 3 4 5 5	•	57

	COMPLETE AS FAR AS FINAL OUTCO	OME				RING FINAL
1.	IS THIS ADDRESS TRACEABLE, RES	IDENTIAL	AND OCCUPIED?	•		OUTCOME
			Yes No	A GO TO Q		
_	IF NO AT Q.1					
2.	WHY NOT? Inst		t address (call of		_	1 1
			ot traced (call of:		•	1
		NO	t yet built/not yet	Derelict/de	-	1 1
				Deletice, del		05 END
		Busines	s/industrial only	(no private dwe		06
			Institution only		_	07
			We	ekend or holid	day home	08
			Other	(please give	details)	09/
3.	IF YES AT Q.1 ESTABLISH NUMBER OF OCCUPIED DO (IF NOT KNOWN, TREAT AS OCCUPIED)		UNITS COVERED BY AI	DDRESS:		
	IF NECESSARY, ASK:		Number of occupied units	ANS	WER Q.4	
	i) Can I just check, is this house/bungalow occupied as a single dwelling, or is		No contact made with any adult	A RING CODE -		21 *
	split up into flats or bedsitters?		Information			END
	ii) How many of those flats/ bedsitters are occupied at the present time?		refused	B RING	G CODE -	22 * END
4.	INTERVIEWER SUMMARY	CODE:	1 unit only	A GO	ro Q.10	
			2-12 units	B GO	ro Q.5	
			13+ units	C GO	ro Q.7	
5.	IF 2-12 UNITS LIST ALL OCCUPIED DWELLING UNIT  in flat/room number ord OR from bottom to top of h	ier		ont to back		
		יטםי			'DU'	
	DWELLING UNIT	CODE	DWELLING	UNIT	CODE	
		01		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	07	
		02			08	
		03			09	
		04			10	Ė
ĺ		05			11	
ļ		06			12	6
1						8

IF 2-12 UNITS			RIN FIN
LOOK AT SELECTION LABEL ON PAGE 1			OUTC
i) "HOUSEHOLD/DU" ROW - Find number corresponding to tota	al number	r of DUs	
11) "SELECT" ROW - Number beneath total number of DUs is CODE NUMBER. RING ON GRID	SELECTE	טע ס	
111) GO TO Q8.			
IF 13+ UNITS CODE NUMBER OF SELECTED DU IS ON BACK OF PROJECT INSTRUCT	rions		
IF 2+ UNITS ENTER 'DU CODE' OF SELECTED DU			
RECORD FLAT NUMBER/DETAILS OF LOCATION OF SELECTED UNIT:			
	<del></del>		
		}	
			ŀ
NII (O ( A or B or C)		<del></del> _	
	DUCE SURV	/EY	
		VEY SK Q.11	
SEEK CONTACT WITH RESPONSIBLE ADULT AT ADDRESS AND INTROD  Contact made	A AS		
Contact made contact made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)	A AS	K Q.11	→ 23 END
Contact made Contact made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people	A AS	K Q.11	
Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?	A AS	NG CODE	END
Contact made  Contact made  Contact made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+	A AS	OK Q.11 ING CODE	END
Contact made Contact made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?	A AS	NG CODE	END
Contact made  Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused	A AS	OK Q.11 ING CODE	END R Q.12 CODE + 24
Contact made Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  EXCLUDE	A AS B RI	ANSWER	END R Q.12 CODE + 24
Contact made Contact made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/ part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  PEOPLE WHO NORMALLY LIVE AT ADDRESS WHO ARE AWAY FOR UNDER 6 MONTHS PEOPLE AWAY AT WORK FOR WHOM  CONTACT MADE  EXCLUDE  PEOPLE AGED 18+ WHERE TO STUDY OF SPOUSES WHO ARE NO LONGER RESIDE	A AS B RI  WHO LIVE OR WORK SEPARATE	ANSWER RING C	END R Q.12 CODE + 24
Contact made Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  PEOPLE WHO NORMALLY LIVE AT ADDRESS WHO ARE AWAY FOR WHERE TO STUDY OF SPOUSES WHO ARE	A AS B RI  WHO LIVE OR WORK SEPARATE	ANSWER RING C	END R Q.12 CODE + 24
Contact made Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/ part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  PEOPLE WHO NORMALLY LIVE AT ADDRESS WHO ARE AWAY FOR UNDER 6 MONTHS PEOPLE AWAY AT WORK FOR WHOM THIS IS THE MAIN ADDRESS BOARDERS AND LODGERS  FOR WHORE  PEOPLE AWAY FOR NO LONGER RESIDE PEOPLE AWAY FOR MORE	A AS B RI  WHO LIVE OR WORK SEPARATE	ANSWER RING C	END R Q.12 CODE + 24
Contact made Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  PEOPLE WHO NORMALLY LIVE AT ADDRESS WHO ARE AWAY FOR UNDER 6 MONTHS PEOPLE AWAY AT WORK FOR WHOM THIS IS THE MAIN ADDRESS BOARDERS AND LODGERS  CONTACT MADE  EXCLUDE  PEOPLE AGED 18+ WHERE TO STUDY OF SPOUSES WHO ARE NO LONGER RESIDE PEOPLE AWAY FOR MORE	A AS B RI  B RI  WHO LIVE OR WORK SEPARATE ONT 6 MONTHS	ANSWER RING C	END  R Q.12  CODE → 24  END
Contact made Contact not made with responsible adult (after 4+ calls)  IF CONTACT MADE  ASK: Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over live in this house/flat/part of the accommodation?  No of people aged 18+  Information refused  INCLUDE  PEOPLE WHO NORMALLY LIVE AT ADDRESS WHO ARE AWAY FOR UNDER 6 MONTHS PEOPLE AWAY AT WORK FOR WHOM THIS IS THE MAIN ADDRESS BOARDERS AND LODGERS  IF INFORMATION OBTAINED INTERVIEWER SUMMARY	A AS B RI  WHO LIVE OR WORK SEPARATE ONT 6 MONTHS	ANSWER RING C	END  R Q.12  CODE → 24  END

RING FINAL OUTCOME

51

52

53

70\* → END

Q18

Q20

13a.	ASK	FOR	FIRST	NAME	OR	INITIAL	OF	EACH	ADULT.	LIST	IN	ALPHABETICAL	ORDER.
		+											

ASK FOR FIRST NAME OR INITI	AL OF EAC
FIRST NAME OR INITIAL(S)	ADULT PERSON NUMBER
	01
	02
	03
	04
	05
	06

OKDEK.
ADULT PERSON NUMBER
07
08
09
10
11
12

ъ. П	LOOK	AT	SELECTION	LABEL	ON	PAGE	1
------	------	----	-----------	-------	----	------	---

- i) "ADULT/DU" ROW Find number corresponding to total number of adults
- ii) "SELECT" ROW Number beneath total number of households is SELECTED ADULT NUMBER. RING ON GRID ABOVE.
- iii) GO TO Q.15

IF 13+ ADULTS

ADULT PERSON NUMBER OF SELECTED ADULT IS ON BACK OF PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS. 14.

L5.	ENTER 'ADULT PERSON NUMBER'	OF SELECTED ADULT
	ALL (Q.12 A or B or C)	
L6.	RECORD FULL NAME OF ADULT:	

OUTCOME (CODE ONE ONLY)

Interview obtained with selected adult:

- and no 12-19 year old in household
- and all 12-19 year old(s) in household interviewed

	- but outcome from one or more 12-19 year old(s) not yet known (Contact Sheet filled in and retained)
	- but one or more 12-19 year old(s) not interviewed and no further attempts to be made
No interview obtained: RING ONE CODE ONLY AND RECORD DETAILS	- Office refusal ('phone or letter) - No contact with selected adult after 4+ calls
IN BOX ON PAGE 6	- Personal refusal by selected adult
	- Proxy refusal (on behalf of selected adult)
	- Broken appointment, no recontact
	- Ill at home during survey period
	- Away/in hospital during survey period
	- Selected adult senile/incapacitated
	- Inadequate English
- Other reason (WRITE	IN)
	Only partially completed

INTERVIEW LENGTH	TRANSFER FROM END OF QUESTIONNAL	RE	
	ELECTED ADULT AT Q.17 ELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE IS BE	ING RETURNED	
YOUR PLANS NOW. COI	E ONE ONLY		
	To return it together with	dısk 1	1
To collect	it yourself and return it separa		10
To ask the res	pondent to post it back to the of	fice 3	
	Not expected (SAY WHY	NOT) 6	1
OFFICE USE ONLY			
l	tion questionnaire		İ
	Returned later by	interviewer	4
	Returned later by	_	5
	Says has already returned qu Wrong versi	on returned	7
	TH SELECTED ADULT (Q17) UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
	<del></del>		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		
FULL REASON FOR C	UTCOMES CODES 70-80 (WRITE IN)		

21a. ARE THERE ANY YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 12-19 IN THIS HOUSEHOLD?
(APART FROM ONE YOU MAY ALREADY HAVE INTERVIEWED
AS PART OF THE ADULT SAMPLE)

Yes	1	ANSWER b.
No	2	END

IF YES AT a.

PLEASE COMPLETE GRID BELOW FOR <u>ALL</u> YOUNG PEOPLE AGED 12-19 IN THIS HOUSEHOLD, APART FROM ONE YOU MAY ALREADY HAVE INTERVIEWED AS PART OF THE ADULT SAMPLE. (THIS INFORMATION IS DISPLAYED IN THE 'ANYTEEN' QUESTION AT THE END OF THE CAPI QUESTIONNAIRE.)

Person number in household grid	First name	Age	Notes on contact attempts, appointments, etc.	Mein q'aire outcome code	Self- completion q'aire return code	Interview length (minutes)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				<del>                                     </del>		
	<u>.</u>					

Main	question	naire	outcome	codes

- 51 Full interview obtained
- 71 No contact with named person
- 72 Personal refusal by named person
- 73 Proxy refusal (on behalf of named person)
- 74 Broken appointment, no recontact
- 75 III at home during survey period
- 76 Away/at college/in hospital etc. during survey period
- 77 Named person incapacitated
- 79 Other reason (PLEASE SAY WHAT IN GRID)
- 80 Only partially completed

90	NO	Tinai	outcome	yet	•	intormation	transte	area	τo	gna	on
	Col	ntact	Sheet								

### Your plans now:

- 1 To return it attached to main 12-19 year old q'aire
- 2 To collect it yourself and return it separately
- 6 Not expected (SAY WHY NOT)


22. IF ONE OR MORE TEENAGER QUESTIONNAIRE(S) IS STILL OUTSTANDING, PLEASE FILL IN ONE CONTACT SHEET FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD.

FILL IN A CONTACT SHEET ONLY IF YOU ARE STILL TRYING TO OBTAIN AN INTERVIEW WITH A 12-19 YEAR OLD IN THIS HOUSEHOLD AFTER RETURNING THE ARF TO THE OFFICE.

### CONTENTS

**VERSION A** 

# British Social Attitudes 1994

# **Documentation**

(Blaise program)

Note This is a documentation of the Blaise program. Not all variables that appear in here are on the SPSS file. Similarly, not all derived variables which appear on the SPSS file are mentioned in this documentation. Please see separate documentation for details of derived variables.

мау 1996

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#### VERSION A

#### INTRODUCTION

ASK ALL [Serial] Serial Range: 60001 ... 69997 [Spare3a] (NOT ON SCREEN) spare 3 cols Open Question (Maximum of 3 characters) [CardNo] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Cardno Range: 1 ... 97 [Spare3b] (NOT ON SCREEN) spare 3 cols Open Question (Maximum of 3 characters) [Version] (FILLED IN AUTOMATICALLY) VERSION (A=1, B=2, C=3) Range: 1 ... 3 [ISSNUM] (FILLED IN AUTOMATICALLY)5 ISSUE NUMBER Range: 1 ... 7 [Region] (NOT ON SCREEN)1 REGION Range: 1 ... 11 [Spare9] (NOT ON SCREEN) spare 9 cols Open Question (Maximum of 9 characters) INTERVIEWER: FOR YOUR INFORMATION ... you are in the Ouestionnaire for Serial number: (serial number) - TO RETURN TO THE MENU, PRESS <Esc> - TO GO DIRECTLY TO 'ADMIN', PRESS <Ctrl + Enter> - OTHERWISE TO CONTINUE WITH INTERVIEW PRESS '1' AND <Enter>. Continue

-

Not on SPSS file.

Not on SPSs file. Note that this is not the same as the derived variable called [Region] on the SPSS file. See also derived variable [StRegion].

Q10 [IntNum]
Please type in your interviewer number
Range: 1 ... 9997

Q11 [Cargoi] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden spare cols for emergencies!
Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)

Not on SPSS file.

#### NEWSPAPER READERSHIP/ PARTY IDENTIFICATION/ POLITICS

JJK ALL

Q12 [CargoNr1 SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden spare cols for emergencies Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)

Q13 [CardNo] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* cardno Range 1 97

Q14 [CargoNr2 SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)

015 [STime] (ENTERED AUTOMATICALLY BY SYSTEM CLOCK) 1 Start Time Open Question (Maximum of 8 characters)

Q16 [RSex] 2 INTERVIEWER CHECK : PLEASE CODE SEX OF RESPONDENT

1 Male

2 Female

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA) 9

017 [ReadPap] Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?

3

Yes 1

2 No

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Yes' AT [ReadPap]

018 [WhPaper] Which one do you normally read?

IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one do you read most frequently? CODE ONE ONLY

(Scottish) Daily Express

Daily Mail

Daily Mirror/Record

Daily Star

The Sun

6 Today

Daily Telegraph

Financial Times

The Guardian

10 The Independent

11 The Times

Morning Star 12

Other Irish/Northern Irish/Scottish regional or local daily morning paper (WRITE IN)

95 Other (WRITE IN)

(Don't Know) 98

99 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other daily paper' AT [ReadPap]

Q19 [Othr OthSpec] 3

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

[Othr HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Other' AT [ReadPap]

Q21 [OthNRA OthSpec]\$

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q22 [OthNRA HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)

ASK ALL

023 [SupParty]

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter

of any one political party?

1 Yes

2 No

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

4

2

G S

Not on SPSS file

See also derived variable [StrtTime]

See also derived variable [RSexAge]

Not on SPSS file

Q24 1 2 8 9	IF 'No' AT [SupParty] [ClosePty] Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q25	IF 'Yes' AT [SupParty] OR 'Yes'/'No' AT [ClosePty]  [PartyFW]  IF 'Yes' AT [SupParty] OR AT [ClosePty]: Which one?  IF 'No' AT [ClosePty]: If there were a general election tomorrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to support?  CODE ONE ONLY
1	Conservative
2	Labour
3	Liberal Democrats
4	Scottish Nationalist
5	Plaid Cymru
6	Green Party
7 8	Other party (WRITE IN) Other answer (WRITE IN)
9	None
98	(Don't Know)
99	(Refusal/NA)
Q26	[PartyId1] (NOT ON SCREEN) 3
	Which political party?
1	Conservative
2	Labour
3	Liberal Democrats
6 7	Scottish Nationalist Plaid Cymru
8	Other party
9	Other answer
10	None
95	Green Party
98	(Don't Know)
99	(Refusal/NA)
Q27	IF 'Other party' AT [PartyFW]  {OthNRB.OthSpec} <sup>\$</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN  Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q28	[OthNRB.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>5</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed

ರಾ

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

#### IF 'Other answer' AT [PartyFW]

- Q29 [OthNRC.OthSpec]\*
  WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
  Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
- Q30 [OthNRC.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  Hidden category for coding if needed
  Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

#### IF ANY PARTY AT [PartyFW]

- Q31 [IdStrng] 1
  Would you call yourself very strong (name of party) fairly strong, or not very strong?
- Very strong (name of party)
  Fairly strong
- 3 Not very strong
- (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

#### VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL

Q32 [VoteResn]

CARD

Which of the four statements on this card comes closest to the way you vote in a general election?

- 1 I vote for a party regardless of the candidate
- 2 I vote for a party only if I approve of the candidate
- 3 I vote for a candidate regardless of his or her party
- 4 I do not generally vote at all
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q33 [Politics]
  How much interest do you generally have in what is going on in politics ... READ OUT ...
- 1 ... a great deal,
- 2 quite a lot,
- 3 some,
- 4 not very much,
- 5 or, none at all?
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

See also derived variables [PartyId1], [PartyId2], [PtyAlleg]

[PartyID1] is derived from [PartyFW]. See also derived variables [PartyID2] and [PtyAlleg]

Not on SPSS File

Not on SPSS file

See also derived variable [PtyAlleg]

#### PUBLIC SPENDING, WELFARE BENEFITS AND HEALTH CARE

ASK ALL

Q34 [Council] (NOT ON SCREEN)\*
council
Open Question (Maximum of 3 characters)

Q35 [rw] (NOT ON SCREEN)\*
rw
Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)

Q36 [CargoGs SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
Open Question (Maximum of S characters)

VERSION C: ASK ALL

Q37 [Spend1] •

CARD

Here are some items of government spending Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? Please read through the whole list before deciding ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR HIGHEST PRIORITY

Q38 (Spend2) •
And which next?
ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR NEXT HIGHEST

#### \* [Spend1] to [Spend2]

1 Education

2 Defence

3 Health

Housing

5 Public transport

Roads

Police and prisons

8 Social security benefits

Help for industry

10 Overseas aid

11 (None of these)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

.

[SocBen1] •

Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending?

ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR HIGHEST PRIORITY

Not on SPSS file

67

7

Q40 [SocBen2] \*
And which next?
ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR NEXT HIGHEST

#### \* [SocBen1] to [SocBen2]

Retirement pensions

2 Child benefits

Benefits for the unemployed

4 Benefits for disabled people

5 Benefits for single parents

(None of these)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusa1/NA)

#### ASK ALL

Q41 [FalseClm] \*
I will read two statements For each one please say whether you agree or disagree
Large numbers of people these days falsely claim benefits
IF AGREE OR DISAGREE: Strongly or slightly?

Q42 [FailClm] •

(And do you agree or disagree that )

Large numbers of people who are eligible for benefits these days fail to claim them

IF AGREE OR DISAGREE Strongly or slightly?

#### [FalseClm] to [FailClm]

1 Agree strongly

2 Agree slightly

3 Disagree slightly

Disagree strongly

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

O43 [Dole]

Opinions differ about the level of benefits for unemployed people
Which of these two statements comes closest to your own view

Which of these two statements comes closest to your own view READ OUT

1 benefits for unemployed people are too low and cause

or, benefits for unemployed people are too high and discourage them from finding jobs.

3 (Neither)

7 Other answer (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

### IF 'Other answer' AT [Dole] 044 (OthGsa OthSpec)

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

8

Not on SPSS file

Q45 [OthGsa.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN);
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

ASK ALL

Q46 [TaxSpend]

CARD

Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this card. Which do you think it should choose?

- 1 Reduce taxes and spend less on health, education and social benefits
- 2 Keep taxes and spending on these services at the same level as now
- 3 Increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social benefits
- 4 None
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q47 [NHSSat] \*

CARD

All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied would you say you are with the way in which the National Health Service runs nowadays?

Choose a phrase from this card.

Q48 [GPSat] \*

CARD AGAIN

From your own experience, or from what you have heard, please say how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with the way in which each of these parts of the National Health Service runs nowadays.

First, local doctors or GPs?

First, focal doctor

Q49 [DentSat] \*
CARD AGAIN

(And how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the NHS as regards...)
National Health Service dentists?

Q50 [InPatSat] \*
CARD AGAIN

(And how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the NHS as regards...)

Being in hospital as an in-patient?

Q51 [OutPaSat] \*
CARD AGAIN

(And how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the NHS as regards...)
Attending hospital as an out-patient?

#### [NhsSat] to [OutPaSat]

- Very satisfied
  - Ouite satisfied
- 3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
- 4 Quite dissatisfied5 Very dissatisfied
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q52 [PrivMed]

Are you covered by a private health insurance scheme, that is an insurance scheme that allows you to get private medical treatment?

ADD IF NECESSARY: For example, BUPA or PPP.

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

#### IF Yes AT [PrivMed]

053 [PrivPaid]

Does your employer (or your partner's employer) pay the majority of the cost of membership of this scheme?

- Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

#### ASK ALL

54 (NHSLimit)

It has been suggested that the National Health Service should be available only to those with lower incomes. This would mean that contributions and taxes could be lower and most people would then take out medical insurance or pay for health care.

- Do you support or oppose this idea?
- 1 Support
- 2 Oppose
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q55 [InPat1] \*

#### CARD

Now, suppose you had to go into a local NHS hospital for observation and maybe an operation. From what you know or have heard, please say whether you think the hospital doctors would tell you all you feel you need to know?

Not on SPSS file

Q56	<pre>[InPat2] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )   the hospital doctors would take seriously any views you may have on the sorts of treatment available?</pre>
Q57	<pre>[InPat3] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )    the operation would take place on the day it was booked for?</pre>
Q58	<pre>[InPat4] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )   you would be allowed home only when you were really well enough to leave?</pre>
Q59	<pre>[InPat5] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )    the nurses would take seriously any complaints you may have?</pre>
Q60	<pre>[InPat6] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )    the hospital doctors would take seriously any complaints you may have?</pre>
Q61	<pre>[InPat7] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )    there would be a particular nurse responsible for dealing with any problems you may have?</pre>
Q62	[OutPat1] * CARD AGAIN  Now suppose you had a back problem and your GP referred you to a hospital out-patients' department  From what you know or have heard, please say whether you think  you would get an appointment within three months?
Q63	<pre>{OutPat2} * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )   when you arrived, the doctor would see you within half an hour of your appointment time?</pre>
Q64	<pre>[OutPat3] * CARD AGAIN (And please say whether you think )    if you wanted to complain about the treatment you received, you would be able to without any fuss or bother?</pre>

```
065
     [WhchHosp] *
     CARD AGAIN
     Now suppose you needed to go into hospital for an operation
     Do you think you would have a say about which hospital you
     went to?
     [InPat1] to [WhchHosp]
     Definitely would
     Probably would
     Probably would not
     Definitely would not
     (Don't Know)
9
     (Refusal/NA)
066
     [GPChange]
     Suppose you wanted to change your GP and go to a different
     practice, how difficult or easy do you think this would be to
     arrange? Would it be
                               READ OUT
        very difficult,
     fairly difficult,
     not very difficult,
     or, not at all difficult?
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
067
     [WryHlth] *
     CARD
     I am going to read out things that some people worry about
     For each one please say how worried you are about it these
     First, your health?
Q68 [WryFam] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (Please say how worried you are these days about
         family problems?
069
     [WrvCrime] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (Please say how worried you are these days about
         crime?
Q70 [WryMoney] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (Please say how worried you are these days about
         money or bills?
```

071 [WryWorld] \* CARD AGAIN (Please say how worried you are these days about ...) ... things happening around the world? [WryHlth] to [WryWorld] Very worried Fairly worried 3 Not very worried Not at all worried (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 072 [BigWorry] CARD Which of the things on this card would you say is your biggest worry? CODE ONE ONLY 1 My health Family problems Crime Money or bills Things happening around the world (All equally) (None of these) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) [CargoNr3.SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Ouestion (Maximum of 5 characters)

[Cargonr4.SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)\*

Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) ASK ALL

[Cargolm1.SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Ouestion (Maximum of 5 characters)

Q76 [CardNo] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ cardno Range: 1 ... 97

[Cargolm2.SprCol] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Ouestion (Maximum of 5 characters)

[REconInt] 1 CARD Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is, in the seven days ending last Sunday? CODE ALL THAT APPLY PROBE: Any others?

Multicoded (Maximum of 10 codes)

In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

On government training/employment programme (eg. Employment 2 Training, Youth Training, etc)

In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in

Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

Unemployed and registered at a benefit office

Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week) but

not actively looking for a job 8 Permanently sick or disabled

Wholly retired from work 9

Looking after the home 10

(Doing something else) (WRITE IN) 11

(Don't know)

(Refusal/NA)

#### IF 'Other' AT [REconInt]

[Othlmal<sup>s</sup> WRITE IN WHAT ELSE RESPONDENT IS DOING Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

080 [Hidlma] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidlma Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Not on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file. See [REconACT]

ASK ALL [RECORACT] (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM AS FIRST CODE ON THE LIST AT [REconInt]) 1 Respondent's economic activity In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including 1 On government training/employment programme (eg Employment Training, Youth Training, etc) In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in 3 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted Unemployed and registered at a benefit office Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week) but not actively looking for a job 8 Permanently sick or disabled 9 Wholly retired from work 10 Looking after the home (Doing something else) (WRITE IN) 11 Respondent Refused 97 (Don't Know) 98 (Refusal/NA) 99 ASK ALL IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (IF 'in paid work' AT [REconact]) O82 [REmploye] READ OUT In your (main) job are you an employee, 2 or, self-employed? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL EMPLOYERS (IF 'employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) [EmploydT] 1 For how long have you been continuously employed by your present employer? ENTER NUMBER. THEN SPECIFY MONTHS OR YEARS Range 1 60 Q84 [EmploydY] 5 SPECIFY WRETHER TIME WITH PRESENT EMPLOYER GIVEN AS MONTHS OR 1 Months

Years

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Hidden category for coding if needed

Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)

8

See also derived variable (REconPos)

On the SPSS file the variable called EmploydT contains the combined information from EmploydT and EmploydY in months

Not on SPSS fale

O85 [ESrJbTim] In your present job, are you working READ OUT RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION full-time. 2 or, part-time? (Don't Know) 8 (Refusal/NA) [EJbHours] 086 How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK ROUND TO NEAREST HOUR CODE 95 FOR 95+ Range 10 [EJbHrCat] (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM) HOURS WORKED - CATEGORISED 10-15 hours a week 2 16-23 hours a week 24-29 hours a week 3 30 or more hours a week (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 9 088 How would you describe the wages or salary you are paid for the job you do - on the low side, reasonable, or on the high IF LOW: Very low or a bit low? Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) 8 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other' AT [WageNow] [Othlmb OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) [Othlmb HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) 090

Not on SPSS file

Q91	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) [PayGap] CARD Thinking of the highest and the lowest paid people at your place of work, how would you describe the gap between their pay, as far as you know? Please choose a phrase from this card.
1 2 3 4 5 8 9	Much too big a gap Too big About right Too small Much too small a gap (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q92 1 2 3 4 5 8 9	[WageXpct] If you stay in this job, would you expect your wages or salary over the coming year to READ OUT rise by more than the cost of living, rise by the same as the cost of living, rise by less than the cost of living, or, not to rise at all? (Will not stay in job) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q93 1 2 8 9	IF 'Not rise at all' AT [WageXpct] [WageDown] 1 Would you expect your wages or salary to stay the same, or in fact to go down? Stay the same Go down (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q94 1 2 3 7 8 9	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) [NumEmp] Over the coming year do you expect your workplace to be READ OUT increasing its number of employees, reducing its number of employees, or, will the number of employees stay about the same? Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q95	IF 'Other' AT [NumEmp] [Oth1mc.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
₫ <b>9</b> 6	[Othlmc.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN); Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

1

~

17

```
ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye])
097 [LeaveJob]
     Thinking now about your own job. How likely or unlikely is it
     that you will leave this employer over the next year for any
     reason?
     Is it ... READ OUT ...
     ... very likely,
     quite likely,
     not very likely
     or, not at all likely?
     (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'very likely' OR 'quite likely' AT [LeaveJob]
098 [WhyGoFW]<sup>5</sup>
     CARD
     Why do you think you will leave? Please choose a phrase from
     this card or tell me what other reason there is.
     CODE ALL THAT APPLY
     Multicoded (Maximum of 9 codes)
     Firm will close down
     I will be declared redundant
     I will reach normal retirement age
     My contract of employment will expire
     I will take early retirement
     I will decide to leave and work for another employer
     I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed
     I will leave to look after home/children/relative
     Other answer (WRITE IN)
97
98
      (Don't know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     [WhyGo1] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Firm close down
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'Firm will close
     down' AT [WhyGoFW])
0100 [WhyGo2] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Declared redundant
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will be declared
     redundant' AT [WhyGoFW])
0101 [WhyGo3] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Reach retirement age
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will reach normal
```

- retirement age' AT [WhyGoFW])
- Q102 [WhyGo4] \* (NOT ON SCREEN) Contract of employment expire (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'My contract of employment will expire' AT [WhyGoFW])

Called WageDrop on the SPSS file

**<sup>4</sup>** Not on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

```
0103 [WhyGo5] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Take early retirement
     (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will take early
     retirement' AT [WhyGoFW])
O104 [WhyGo6] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Leave and work for another employer
     (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will decide to
     leave and work for another employer' AT [WhyGoTW])
Q105 (WhyGo7) * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Leave and become self-employed
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will decide to
     leave and work for myself, as self-employed' AT [WhyGoFW])
Q106 [WhyGo10] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Leave to look after home or children
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM: SET TO 'yes' IF 'I will leave to look
     after home/children/relative' AT [WhyGoFW])
Q107 [WhyGo8] * (NOT ON SCREEN)
      Other answer
      (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM. SET TO 'yea' IF 'Other answer' AT
      [WhyGoFW])
      [WhyGo1] to [WhyGo8]
1
     Yes
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'Other' AT [WhyGoFW]
0108 [Oth1md OthSpec]<sup>3</sup>
      WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
      Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q109 [Oth1md HidCode] (NOT ON SCREWN)
      Hidden category for coding if needed
      Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
      ASK ALL EMPLOYERS (IF 'employee'/DK AT [REmploye])
      During the last five years - that is since March 1989 - have
      you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?
1
      Yes
2
```

ENTER NUMBER OF MONTHS Range 0 60

Not on SPSS file

Q111 [EUnempT]

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

8

9

ಲು

IF 'Yes' AT [EUnemp]

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) Oll2 [WoUnions] At your place of work are there unions, staff associations, or groups of unions recognised by the management for negotiating pay and conditions of employment? IF YES, PROBE FOR UNION OR STAFF ASSOCIATION IF 'BOTH', CODE 1 Yes trade union(s) Yes staff association No. none (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [WpUnions]) Q113 [WpUnionW] On the whole, do you think (these unions do their/this staff association does its) job well or not? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0114 [TUShould] CARD Listed on the card are a number of things trade unions or staff associations can do Which, if any, do you think is the most important thing they should try to do at your workplace? UNIONS OR STAFF ASSOCIATIONS SHOULD TRY TO-Improve working conditions Improve pay Protect existing jobs Have more say over how work is done day-to-day Have more say over management's long-term plans Work for equal opportunities for women Work for equal opportunities for ethnic minorities Reduce pay differences at the workplace (NONE OF THESE) 90 98 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL EMPLOYERS (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) Q115 [IndRel] In general how would you describe relations between management and other employees at your workplace READ OUT very good.

1.

2

8

1 2 quite good,

3 not very good,

or, not at all good? 4

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

For how many months in total during the last five years?

Q116  1 2 3 8 9	<pre>{WorkRun] And in general, would you say your workplace was READ OUT very well managed, quite well managed, or, not well managed? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)</pre>
Q117 1 2 3 8 9	[ELookJob] Suppose you lost your job for one reason or another - would you start looking for another job, would you wait for several months or longer before you started looking, or would you decide not to look for another job? Start looking Wait several months or longer Decide not to look (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q118	IF 'Start looking' AT [ELookJob] [EFindJob] 1 How long do you think it would take you to find an acceptable replacement job? IF 'NEVER' PLEASE CODE 96 ENTER NUMBER. THEN SPECIFY MONTHS OR YEARS Range: 1 96
Q119 1 2 8 9	[EFINDJDY] \$ SPECIFY WHETHER TIME TAKEN TO FIND JOB GIVEN AS MONTHS OR YEARS Months Years (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q120 1 2 8 9	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) [ESelfEm] For any period during the last five years, have you worked as a self-employed person as your main job? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q121	IF 'Yes' AT [ESelfEm] [ESelfEmT] In total, for how many months during the last five years have you been self-employed? Range: 1 60

Not on SPSS file

IF 'No' AT [EselfEm]

Q122 [ESelfSer]
How seriously in the last five years have you considered working as a self-employed person.... READ OUT ...

1 ... very seriously,

2 quite seriously,

3 not very seriously,

4 or, not at all seriously?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

#### ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye])

Q123 [EmpEarn]
Now for some more general questions about your work.
For some people their job is simply something they do in order to earn a living. For others it means much more than that. On balance, is your present job ... READ OUT ...

1 ... just a means of earning aliving,

or, does it mean much more to you than that?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

### IF 'just a means of earning a living' AT [EmpEarn]

Q124 [EmpLiv]

Is that because ... READ OUT ...
... there are no better jobs around here.

there are no better jobs around here,
 you don't have the right skills to get a better job,

or, because you would feel the same about any job you had?

(Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

#### ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye])

Q125 [EPrefJob] If without having to work, you had what you would regard as a reasonable living income, do you think you would still prefer to have a paid job or wouldn't you bother?

1 Still prefer paid job

Wouldn't bother

7 Other answer (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

#### IF 'Other answer' AT [EFrefJob]

Q126 [OthlmE.OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q127 [OthlmE.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

On the SPSS file, the variable called [EFindJob] contains the combined information from [EFindJob] and [EFindJby] in months.

Not on SPSS file

0128	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye]) [PrefHour]
•	Thinking about the number of hours you work each week including regular overtime, would you prefer a job where you worked READ OUT
1 2 3	more hours per week, fewer hours per week, or, are you happy with the number of hours you work at present?
8 9	(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q129	IF 'more hours per week' AT [PrefHour] [MoreHour] Is the reason why you don't work more hours because
1 2 3 7	your employer can't offer you more hours, or, your personal circumstances don't allow it? (Both) Other answer (WRITE IN)
8 9	(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q130	IF 'Other answer' AT [MoreHour] [OthlmF OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q131	[OthlmF HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>6</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q132 1 2 7 8 9	<pre>IF 'fewer hours per week' AT [PrefHour] {FewHour} In which of these ways would you like your working hours to be shortened</pre>
Q133	IF 'Other answer' AT [FewHour] [OthlmG]* WRITE IN OTHER WAYS Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q134	[HidlmG] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>5</sup> Hidlmg Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

- 1 I only work as hard as I have to
- I work hard, but not so that it interferes with the rest of my life
- I make a point of doing the best I can, even if it sometimes does interfere with the rest of my life
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Q138 [EWrkArrB] \*

- Q137 [EWrkArrA] \*
  CARD

  Please use this card to say whether any of the following arrangements are available to you, at your workplace
  Part-time working, allowing you to work less than the full working day?
- CARD
  (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
   flexible hours, so that you can adjust your own daily
  working hours?
- Q139 [EWrkArrC] \*
  CARD
  (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
  job-sharing schemes, where part-timers share one
  full-time job?
- Q140 (EwrkarrD) \*

  CARD

  (Is this available to you at your workplace?)

  working from home at least some of the time?
- Q141 [EWrkArrE] \*
  CARD
  (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
  term-time contracts, allowing parents special time off during school holidays?

Not on SPSS file

```
0142 [EWrkArrF] *
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
     ... nurseries provided by your employer for the young
     children of employees?
Q143 [EWrkArrG] *
     CARD
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
     ... arrangements by your employer for the care of children
     during school holidays?
0144 [EWrkArrH] *
     CARD
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
     ... childcare allowances towards the cost of child care?
     ASK ALL FRMALE EMPLOYRES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye] AND
      'Female' AT [RSex])
0145 [EWrkArrI] *
     CARD
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
      ... 'career breaks', that is keeping women's jobs open for a
     few years so that mothers can return to work after caring for
     young children?
     ASK ALL MALE EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye] AND
     'Male' AT [RSex] }
0146 [EWrkArrJ] *
     CARD
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
     ... paternity leave, allowing fathers extra leave, when their
     children are born?
     ASK ALL EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye])
0147 [EWrkArrL] *
     CARD
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
      ... time off, either paid or unpaid, to care for sick
     children?
     [EWrkArrA] to [EWrkArrL]
     Not available - and I would not use it if it were
     Not available - but I would use it if it were
3
     Available - but I do not use it
     Available - and I do use it
```

```
Q148 [EWrkArrK]1 *
     (Is this available to you at your workplace?)
      ... Any other arrangement to help people combine jobs and
     childcare?
      (PLEASE WRITE IN)
     IP 'NONE', PRESS (enter).
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters)
     ASK ALL MALE EMPLOYEES (IF 'Employee'/DK AT [REmploye] AND
      'Male' AT [RSex])
0149 [EMSmeWrk]
     Where you work, are there any women doing the same sort of
     work as you?
1
     Yes
      (Work alone)
      (No-one else doing the same job)
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0150 [EMSexWrk]
     Do you think of your work as ... READ OUT ...
     mainly men's work,
     mainly women's work,
     or, work that either men or women do?
     Other answer (WRITE IN)
      (Don't Know)
8
      (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'Other answer' AT [EMSexWrk]
0151 [OthlmHA.OthSpec]5
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
0152 [OthlmHA.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
      IF 'mainly men's work'/'Other answer'/DK/Refusal AT
      [EMSexWrk]
0153 [EMWomCld]
      Do you think that women could do the same sort of work as
1
     Yes
     No
      (Don't Know)
```

(Refusal/NA)

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

<sup>1 (</sup>EWrkarrK) does not collect exactly the same information as the other questions in the battery (i.e. whether the 'other' arrangement is available and whether it is used). From the open answers a 'yes, use other' code has been derived.

Not on SPSS file

Q154 1 2 8 9	IF 'Yes'/DK AT [ENWomCld] [ENWomWld] Do you think that women would be willing to do the same sort of work as you? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q155  1 2 3 4 8 9	ASK ALL FEMALE EMPLOYEES (IF 'employee'/DK AT [REmploye] AND 'Female' AT [RSex]) [EWSmeWrk] Where you work, are there any men doing the same sort of work as you? Yes No (Work alone) (No-one else doing the same job) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q156  1 2 3 7 8 9	[EWSexWrk] Do you think of your work as READ OUT mainly women's work, mainly men's work, or, work that either men or women do? Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q157	IF 'Other answer' AT [EWSexWrk] [OthImHB OthSpec]* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q158	(OthlmHB HidCode) (NOT ON SCREEN)* Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q159 1 2 8 9	IF 'mainly women's work'/other/DK/Refusal AT [EWSexWrk] [EWMenCld] Do you think that men could do the same sort of work as you? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q160  1 2 8 9	<pre>IF 'Yes'/DK AT [EWMenCld] [EWMenWld] Do you think that men would be willing to do the same sort of work as you? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)</pre>

```
ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye])
O161 [SSrJbTim]
     In your present job, are you working
                                               READ OUT
     RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION
          full-time,
1
     or, part-time?
2
      (Don't Know)
8
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q162 [SJbHours]
     How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main)
     IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK
     ROUND TO MEAREST HOUR
     CODE 95 FOR 95+
     Range 10
0163 [SJbHrCat] (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM)
     SELF-EMPLOYED HOURS WORKED - CATEGORISED
     10-15 hours a week
     16-23 hours a week
     24-29 hours a week
3
     30 or more hours a week
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q164 [SUnemp]
      During the last five years - that is since March 1989 - have
     you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?
1
     Yes
2
     No
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'Yes' AT [SUnemp]
Q165 [SUnempT]
      For how many months in total during the last five years (have
      you been unemployed) ?
      ENTER NUMBER OF MONTHS
      Range 0
      ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye])
Q166 [SEmplee]
      Have you, for any period in the last five years, worked as an
      employee as your main job rather than as self-employed?
      Yes
2
      No
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      If 'Yes' AT [SEmplee]
Q167 [SEmpleeT]
      In total for how many months during the last five years have
      you been an employee?
      ENTER NUMBER OF MONTHS
```

Range 1

60

Not on SPSS file

Q168 1 2 3 4 8 9	IF 'No'/DK/Refusal AT [SEmplee]  [SEmplSer] 1  How seriously in the last five years have you considered getting a job as an employee READ OUT very seriously, quite seriously, not very seriously, or, not at all seriously?  (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q169 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9	ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye]) [Bus10K] Compared with a year ago, would you say your business is doing READ OUT very well, quite well, about the same, not very well, or, not at all well? (Business not in existence then) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q170 1 2 3 7 8 9	[Bus1Fut] And over the coming year, do you think your business will do READ OUT better, about the same, or, worse than this year? Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q171	IF 'Other answer' AT [Bus1Fut] [Oth!mI] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER Open Question (Maximum of 80 characters)
Q172	[HidlmI] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>\$</sup> Hidlmi Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q173  1 2 8 9	ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye]) [SPartnrs] In your work or business, do you have any partners or other self-employed colleagues? NOTE: DOES NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYEES Yes, has partner(s) NO (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Q174 [SNumEmp]
And in your work or business, do you have any employees, or not?
NOTE: FAMILY MEMBERS MAY BE EMPLOYEES ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY

Yes, has employee(s)

2 N

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q175 [SEmpEarn]

Now for some more general questions about your work. For some people their job is simply something they do in order to earn a living. For others it means much more than that. On balance, is your present job ... READ OUT ...

... just a means of earning a living,

2 or, does it mean much more to you than that?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'just a means of earning a living' AT [SEmpEarn]

Q176 [SEmpLiv]

Is that because ... READ OUT ...

there are no better jobs around here.

2 you don't have the right skills to get a better job,

or, because you would feel the same about any job you had?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye])

Q177 (SPresJob) 1
If without having to work, you had what you would regard as a reasonable living income, do you think you would still prefer to have a paid job or wouldn't you bother?

1 Still prefer paid job

Wouldn't bother

7 Other answer (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other answer' AT [SPresJob]

Q178 [OthlmJ.OthSpec]\$

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q179 [OthlmJ.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

The routeing for [SEmplSer] is slightly different to past years. However, on the SPSS file past convention has been preserved and the question is routed on [SEmplee] = 'no' only.

Not on SPSS file

Called [SPrefJob] on the SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file

```
ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (IF 'self-employed' AT [REmploye])
0180 [SWkHrd]
     CARD
     Which of these statements best describes your feelings about
     your job?
     In my job
     I only work as hard as I have to
     I work hard, but not so that it interferes with the rest of
     I make a point of doing the best I can, even if it sometimes
     does interfere with the rest of my life
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL NOT IN PAID WORK (IF NOT 'in paid work' AT
     [REconact])
0181 [NPWork10]
     In the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid
     work of less than 10 hours a week?
     Νo
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME (IF 'looking after the home' AT
     [REconact])
0182 [EverJob]
     Have you, during the last five years, ever had a full- or
     part-time job of 10 hours or more a week?
     Yes
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'No' AT [EverJob]
0183 [FtJobSer] *
     How seriously in the past five years have you considered
      getting a full-time job
      PROMPT, IF NECESSARY Full-time is 30 or more hours a week
         READ OUT
     IF 'not very seriously'/'not at all seriously' AT [FtJobSer]
0184 [PtJobSer] *
     How seriously, in the past five years, have you considered
                                  READ OUT
      getting a part-time 10b
      [FtJobSer] to [PtJobSer]
         very seriously,
      guite seriously,
      not very seriously,
      or, not at all seriously?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

ASK ALL IN PAID WORK (INCLUDING RESPONDENTS LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WHO HAVE HAD PAID WORK OF LESS THAN 10 HOURS IN LAST WEEK) (IF 'in paid work' AT [REconact] PLUS THOSE 'looking after home' AT [REconact] AND 'Yes' AT [NFWork10])

Q185 [WChdLT5] 1 Can I just check, do you have any children under five living at home?

Yes

Nο

B (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'No' AT [WChdLT5]

Q186 [WChd512]

Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?

l Yes

No

2 110

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL WHO ARE WORKING AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [WChdLT5] OR AT [WChd512])

Q187 [WChArrFW] 2

Which of the following **best** describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work? Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 12 codes)

1 I work only while they are at school

They look after themselves until I get home

I work from home

4 A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home

5 They go to a workplace nursery

6 They go to a day nursery

They go to a child-minder

A relative looks after them

A friend or neighbour looks after them

10 My husband / wife / partner looks after them

90 (None of these)

97 Other answer (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

Compare [EChdLT5] (SChdLT5) and [TFChdLT5] in previous years Note that in previous years these questions were asked only of women. This applies to all the questions in the section [WChdLT5] to [WScFull]

On the SPSS file [WChArrFw] has been recoded as [WChArr01] Work School Hours [WChArr02] Latchkey kids [WChArr03] Work from home, [WChArr04] Mother shelp or namy [WChArr05] Workplace nursery [WChArr06] Day nursery [WChArr07] Child-minder [WChArr08] Relative looks after them, [WChArr09] Friend or neighbour, [WChArr0] Husband/wife/partner [WChAril] None of these [WChArr00] Other childcare arrangements

```
IF 'Other answer' AT [WCdArrFW]
0188 [OthlmK.OthSpec]<sup>$</sup>
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q189 [OthlmK.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)
     IF 'day nursery' AT [WChArrFW]
0190 [WNursry]
      Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive
      funds from the local council?
     Private nursery only
1
2
     Council-funded nursery only
      (Both - use both kinds)
3
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL WHO ARE WORKING AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes'
     AT [WChdLT5] OR AT [WChd512])
0191 [WChdCon]
     How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking
     after your children? Are they ... READ OUT ...
      ... very convenient,
      fairly convenient.
2
3
     not very convenient,
      or, not at all convenient?
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0192 [WChdSat]
      And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements?
      Are you ... READ OUT ...
1
      ... very satisfied,
      fairly satisfied.
      not very satisfied,
      or, not at all satisfied?
8
      (Don't Know)
```

Suppose you could choose from any of the types of childcare on the card. Which would be your first choice for childcare while you are at work? Please read the whole list before deciding. ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR FIRST CHOICE I would work only while they are at school They would look after themselves until I got home I would work from home A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home They would go to a workplace nursery They would go to a council-funded day nursery They would go to a private day nursery They would go to a child-minder A relative would look after them A friend or neighbour would look after them 10 My husband / wife / partner would look after them 11 (None of these) 90 97 Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) 98 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [WChdPr1] 0194 [OthlmL.OthSpec]5 WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) 0195 [OthlmL.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) ASK ALL WHO ARE WORKING AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [WChdLT5] OR AT [WChd512]) 0196 [WChdPr2] CARD ... and which would be your second choice? ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR SECOND CHOICE I would work only while they are at school They would look after themselves until I got home I would work from home A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home They would go to a workplace nursery They would go to a council-funded day nursery They would go to a private day nursery They would go to a child-minder A relative would look after them A friend or neighbour would look after them 10 My husband / wife / partner would look after them 11 (None of these) 90 Other answer (WRITE IN) 97 98 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

0193 [WChdPr1]

CARD

(Refusal/NA)

9

34

Not on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

```
IF 'Other answer' AT [WChdPr2]
0197 [OthlmM OthSpec]
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
0198 [OthlmM HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
     ASK ALL WHO ARE WORKING AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes'
     AT [WChdLT5] OR AT [WChd512])
Q199 [WPrfWrk]
     And if you did have the childcare arrangement of your choice,
                             READ OUT
     would you prefer to
1
         work more hours than now,
      work fewer hours than now,
      or, are you happy with the hours you work at present?
3
8
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF WOULD PREFER TO WORK MORE HOURS AND CURRENTLY NOT FULL-
      TIME (IF 'work more hours' AT [WPrfWrk] AND LESS THAN 30
      HOURS AT [EJbHrCat] OR AT [SJbHrCat] PLUS THOSE 'looking
      after home' AT [REconAct] AND 'Yes' AT [NFWork10])
O200 [WPtFull]
      Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?
      Yes, might work full-time
      No, would not
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      ASK ALL WHO ARE WORKING AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes'
      AT [WChdLT5] OR AT [WChd512])
Q201 [WScFull]
      When all your children have gone to secondary school, which
      do you think you are most likely to do
          work full-time,
      work part-time,
2
      or, not have a paid job at all?
      (Don't Know)
8
      (Refusal/NA)
      ABK ALL IN PAID WORK (OR AWAY TEMPORARILY) FOR MORE THAN 10
      HOURS PER NEEK (IF 'in paid work' AT [RECORACT])
Q202 [WOldResp] 1
      Some people have responsibilities for looking after a
      disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there
      anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular
      care for them?
      Yes
 1
      No
```

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

8

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IF 'Yes' AT [WoldResp] Q203 [WOldAfHr] 1 Does this responsibility READ OUT prevent you from working longer hours in your job, or, does it make no difference to your working hours? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE THE HOME WITH NO PAID WORK (IF 'looking after the home' AT [REconAct] AND 'No' AT [NPWork10]) 1 0204 [HfChdLT5] 3 Can I just check, do you have any children under five living at home? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'No' AT [HfChdLT5] Q205 [HfChd512] 4

Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at

home?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Yes

No

1

2

8

Called ESOldRap on SPSS file

Called ESOldAfH on SPSS file

Note that in 1990 the section [HChdLT5] to [ParnWrk8] was called [HfChdLtd] [MumNWork8] and was asked only of women

Called HChdLt5 on SPSS file

Called HChd512 on SPSS file

ASK ALL WHO ARE LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID WORK AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [HfChdLT5] OR AT [HfChd512]) 1 Q206 [HChArrFW] 2 CARD Do you regularly use any of these childcare arrangements for your child or children during the day? Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes) A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home 1 They go to a day-nursery They go to a child-minder A relative looks after them A friend or neighbour looks after them 5 My husband / wife / partner looks after them Other answer (WRITE IN) None of these (Don't know) 99 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [HCdArrFW] 0207 [OthlmN.OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q208 [OthlmN.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters) IF 'day nursery' AT [HChArrFW]

0209 [HfNursry] 3 Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council? Private nursery only Council-funded nursery only 2 (Both - use both kinds) (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Note that in 1990 the section (HfChdlt5) to [ParnWrk8] was asked only of women.

37

ASK ALL WHO ARE LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID JOB AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 AND ARE USING CHILD CARE REGULARLY (IF 'nanny' OR 'day-nursery' OR 'child-minder' OR 'relative' OR 'friend or neighbour' OR 'husband/wife/partner' OR 'other' AT [HChArrFW])

Q210 [HfChdCon] 1

How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are they ... READ OUT ...

... very convenient,

fairly convenient,

not very convenient,

or, not at all convenient?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

0211 [HfChdSat] 2

And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you ... READ OUT ...

... very satisfied,

fairly satisfied,

not very satisfied,

or, not at all satisfied?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL WHO ARE LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID JOB AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [HfChdLT5] OR AT [HfChd512] }

Q212 [HfChdPr1] 3

CARD

Suppose you decided to take a job outside the home, and you could choose from any of the types of childcare on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you were at work?

Please read through the whole list before deciding.

ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR FIRST CHOICE

I would work only while they are at school

They would look after themselves until I got home

I would work from home

A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home

They would go to a workplace nursery

They would go to a council-funded day nursery

They would go to a private day nursery

They would go to a child-minder

A relative would look after them

A friend or neighbour would look after them

My husband / wife / partner would look after them

90 NONE OF THESE (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

On the SPSS file, (HChArrFw) has been recoded as [HChArr04] Mothers help or nanny, [HChArr06] Day nursery, [HChArr07] Child-minder, (HChArr08] Relative looks after them, [HChArr09] Friend or neighbour, [HChAr10] Husband/wife/partner, [HChArr00] Other childcare arrangements and [HChAr11] None of these.

Not on SPSS file.

<sup>,∝</sup> Called HNursry on SPSS file. (C)

Called HChdCon on SPSS file.

Called HChdSat on SPSS file.

Called HChdPrl on SPSS file.

```
IF 'None of these' AT [HfChdPr1]
0213 [OthlmO OthSpec]*
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters)
0214 [OthlmO HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)
     ASK ALL WHO ARE LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID JOB AND
     HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [HICHGLT5] OR AT
      [RfChd5121)
Q215 [HfChdPr2] 1
     CARD
          and which would be your second choice?
     ENTER ONE CODE ONLY FOR SECOND CHOICE
     I would work only while they are at school
      They would look after themselves until I got home
3
     I would work from home
     A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home
     They would go to a workplace nursery
      They would go to a council-funded day nursery
      They would go to a private day nursery
      They would go to a child-minder
     A relative would look after them
     A friend or neighbour would look after them
      My husband / wife / partner would look after them
11
90
      NONE OF THESE (WRITE IN)
98
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'None of these' AT [HfChdPr2]
0216 [OthImP OthSpec] 1
      WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
      Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
0217 [OthlmP HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5
      Hidden category for coding if needed
      Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)
      ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID JOB AND HAVE
      CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [HfChdLT5] OR AT [HfChd512])
Q218 [HfWChoic] 2
      And if you did have the childcare arrangement of your choice,
                              READ OUT
      would you prefer to
          work part-time
      work full-time
      or, would you choose not to work outside the home?
3
      (Either full-time or part-time)
 4
 8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

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0219 [HfScFulll 1 When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT work full-time work part-time or, not have a paid job at all? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q220 [HOldResp] 2 Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them? 1 Yes 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [HOldResp] 0221 [HOldAfHr] 1 Does this responsibility READ OUT prevent you from getting a paid job. or, would you not want a paid job anyway? 8 (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE HOME WITH NO PAID JOB AND HAVE CHILDREN UNDER 12 (IF 'Yes' AT [HfChdLT5] OR AT [HfChd512]) CARD I am going to read out some reasons parents of young children give for not working, or not working many hours Please use this card to say how important each of these reasons is for you personally I enjoy spending time with my children more than working Q223 [ParNWrk2] \* CARD It's better for the children if I am home to look after (How important is this reason for you personally?) Q224 [ParNWrk3] \*

CARD

It would cost too much to find suitable childcare

(How important is this reason for you personally?)

Not on SPSS file

Called HChdPr2 on SPSS file

<sup>2</sup> Called HWChoic on SPSS file

<sup>39</sup> 

Called HScFull on SPSS file

Called HoldRspl on SPSS file Routeing for HoldRspl and HoldAfH1 is different to the routeing of HoldResp and HoldAfHr in 1990. In 1994 these questions were only asked of people looking after the home with children under 12

Called HOldAfH1 on SPSS file

Q225 [ParNWrk4] \*
CARD
... I cannot find the kind of childcare I would like.
(How important is this reason for you personally?)

Q226 [ParNWrk5] \*
CARD
... My life would be too difficult if I had to combine childcare and paid work.
(How important is this reason for you personally?)

Q227 [ParNWrk6] \*
CARD
... My partner would not want me to work.
(How important is this reason for you personally?)

Q228 [ParNWrk7] \*
CARD
... I cannot find the kind of work I want with suitable hours.
(How important is this reason for you personally?)

Q229 [ParNwrk8] \*
CARD
... I cannot find the kind of work I want near my home.
(How important is this reason for you personally?)

# \* [Parnwrk1] to [Parnwrk8]

1 Very important
2 Fairly important
3 Not very important
4 Not at all important
5 Does not apply to me

8 (Don't Know)
9 (Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL UNEMPLOYED (IF 'Unemployed and registered at a benefit office'/'unemployed not registered but actively looking for a job'/'unemployed wanting a job but not actively looking for a job' AT [RECONACT])

Q230 (UUnempT)
In total how many months in the last five years - that is, since March 1989 - have you been unemployed and seeking work?
Range: 1 ... 60

Q231 [CurUnemP] 1
How long has this present period of unemployment and seeking work lasted so far?
ENTER NUMBER THEN SPECIFY MONTHS OR YEARS
Range: 1 ... 60

Q232 [Curunemy]<sup>5</sup>
SPECIFY WHETHER TIME OF CURRENT UNEMPLOYMENT GIVEN AS MONTHS
OR YEARS

1 Months

Years

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q233 [JobQual] How confident are you that you will find a job to match your qualifications ... READ OUT ...

1 ... very confident,

2 quite confident, 3 not very confident,

4 or, not at all confident?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q234 [UFindJob] 2
Although it may be difficult to judge, how long from now do you think it will be before you find an acceptable job?
ENTER NUMBER THEN SPECIFY MONTHS OR YEARS
CODE 96 FOR NEVER
Range: 1 ... 96

IF NOT 'never'/DK/REFUSAL AT [UFindJob]

Q235 [UFindY] \$
SPECIFY WHETHER TIME TO FIND ACCEPTABLE JOB GIVEN AS
MONTHS OR YEARS

Months

2 Years

(Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 3 MONTHS OR MORE, NEVER OR DK (IF 'years' AT [UFindY] OR MORE THAN 2 AT [UFINdJob])

Q236 [URetrain] \*
How willing do you think you would be in these circumstances to retrain for a different job ... READ OUT ...

Q237 [UJobMove] \*
How willing would you be to move to a different area to find an acceptable job ... READ OUT ...

Q238 [UBadJob] \*
And how willing do you think you would be in these circumstances to take what you now consider to be an unacceptable job ... READ OUT ...

\* [URetrain] to [UBadJob]

1 ... very willing,

2 quite willing,

or, not very willing?

(Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

On the SPSS file, the variable called CurUnemP contains the combined information from CurUnemP and CurUnemY in months.

Not on SPSs file.

On the SPSS file, the variable called UFindJob contains the combined information from UFindJob and UFindY in months.

```
ASK ALL UNEMPLOYED (IF 'Unemployed and registered at a
     benefit office'/'unemployed not registered but actively
     looking for a job'/'unemployed wanting a job but not actively
     looking for a job' AT [REconAct])
O239 [ConMove]
     Have you ever actually considered moving to a different area
     - an area other than the one you live in now - to try to find
     work?
1
     Yes
     No
      (Don't Know)
8
9
      (Refusal/NA)
0240 [UJobChnc]
      Do you think that there is a real chance nowadays that you
      will get a job in this area, or is there no real chance
      nowadays?
      Real chance
      No real chance
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0241 [FPtWork]
      Would you prefer full- or part-time work, if you had the
      choice?
      Full-time
      Part-time
      Not looking for work
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'Part-time' AT [FPtWork]
Q242 [Parttime]
      About how many hours per week would you like to work?
      PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE
      Range 1
                   30
      ASK ALL UNEMPLOYED (IF 'Unemployed and registered at a
      benefit office'/'unemployed not registered but actively
      looking for a job'/'unemployed wanting a jopb but not
      actively looking for a job' AT [REconAct])
 Q243 [UnemEarn]
      For some people work is simply something they do in order to
      earn a living For others it means much more than that In
                                           READ OUT
      general, do you think of work as
          just a means of earning a living,
      or, does it mean much more to you than that?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'just a means of earning a living' AT [UnemEarn]
 O244 [UnempLiv]

    Is that because

                          READ OUT
          there are no good jobs around here,
 1
      you don't have the right skills to get a good job,
      or, because you would feel the same about any job you had?
       (Don't Know)
       (Refusal/NA)
```

```
ASK ALL WHOLLY RETIRED (IF 'wholly retired' AT [REconAct])
0245 [Emples] 1
     Do you receive a pension from any past employer?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
O246 [MsCheck]
     May I just check, are you
         READ OUT
         married,
     or, not married?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'married' AT [MsCheck]
O247 [SEmplPen]
     HEN:
      Does your wife receive a pension from any past employer?
     Does your husband receive a pension from any past employer?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      ASK ALL WHOLLY RETIRED (IF 'wholly retired' AT [REconAct])
O248 [PrPenGet]
      And do you receive a pension from any private arrangements
      you have made in the past, that is apart from the state
      pension or one arranged through an employer?
      Yes
      No
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'married' AT [MsCheck]
0249 [SPrPnGet]
      MEN:
      And does your wife receive a pension from any private
      arrangements she has made in the past, that is apart from the
      state pension or one arranged through an employer?
      And does your husband receive a pension from any private
      arrangements he has made in the past, that is apart from the
      state pension or one arranged through an employer?
      Yes
2
      No
      (Don't Know)
8
      (Refusal/NA)
```

2

8

ರಾ

Called REmplPen on the SPSS file

```
ASK ALL WHOLLY RETIRED (IF 'wholly retired' AT [REConAct]
0250 [RetAge]
     MEN: (Can I just check) are you over sixty-five?
     WOMEN: (Can I just check) are you over sixty?
1
     Yes
2
     No
8
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'Yes' AT [RetAge]
Q251 [RPension]
     On the whole would you say the present state pension is on
     the low side, reasonable, or on the high side?
     IF 'ON THE LOW SIDE': Very low or a bit low?
     Very low
     A bit low
     Reasonable
     On the high side
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
O252 [RPenInYr]
     Do you expect your state pension in a year's time to purchase
     more than it does now, less, or about the same?
     More
     Less
     About the same
3
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL WHOLLY RETIRED (IF 'wholly retired' AT [REconAct])
0253 [RetirAg2]
     At what age did you retire from work?
     NEVER WORKED, CODE: 00
     Range: 0 ... 80
     ASK ALL ON GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME OR WAITING TO TAKE UP WORK
     (IF 'on government training scheme' OR 'waiting to take up
     paid work' AT [REconAct])
0254 [WaUnemp]
     During the last five years - that is since March 1989 - have
     you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?
     Yes
1
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0255 [WgEarn]
     For some people work is simply something they do in order to
     earn a living. For others it means much more than that. In
     general, do you think of work as ... READ OUT ...
      ... just a means of earning a living,
     or, does it mean much more to you than that?
2
      (Don't Know)
8 4
      (Refusal/NA)
9
```

```
IF 'just a means to earning a living' AT [WgEarn]
0256 [WaLiv]
     Is that because ... READ OUT ...
     ... there are no good jobs around here,
     you don't have the right skills to get a good job,
     or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?
     (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION (IF 'in full-time education'
     AT [REconact])
Q257 [EdUnemp]
     During the last five years - that is since March 1989 - have
     you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?
1
     Yes
     No
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL
0258 [Cargolm3.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
     Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
     Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
Q259 [Cargolm4.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)5
     Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
     Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
```

Not on SPSS file.

#### CIVIL LIBERTIES (VERSION A)

VERSION A: ASK ALL

- Q260 [CargoCL1 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden spare cols for emergencies!

  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q261 [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN)\*
  cardno
  Range 1 97
- Q262 [CargoCL2 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q263 [PaprDef]
  Suppose a newspaper got hold of confidential government
  defence plans and wanted to publish them READ OUT
- Should the newpaper be allowed to publish the plans,
- or, should the government have the power to prevent
- publication?
  (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q264 [LeakDef]

CARD

Suppose the government wanted to find out the name of the person who had leaked these confidential defence plans Should the paper have the legal right to keep the person's name secret, or not?

- 1 Definitely should have the legal right to keep name secret
- Probably should
- 3 Probably should not
- Definitely should not have the legal right
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- 0265 [PaprEcon]

Now suppose a newspaper got hold of confidential government economic plans READ OUT

- 1 Should the newpaper be allowed to publish the plans,
- 2 or, should the government have the power to prevent publication?
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Q266 [LeakEcon] CARD AGAIN Suppose the government wanted to find out the name of the person who had leaked these confidential economic plans Should the paper have the legal right to keep the person's name secret, or not? 1. Definitely should have the legal right to keep name secret Probably should Probably should not Definitely should not have the legal right (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 9 Q267 [VCRoads1] \* 1 CARD Some people say that there ought to be video cameras in public places to detect criminals Others say this cuts down on everyone's privacy Do you think video cameras should or should not be allowed in the following places? on roads to detect speeding drivers? Q268 [VCFootb1] \* 2 CARD AGAIN (Should or should not video cameras be allowed ) at football grounds to detect troublemakers? 0269 [VCVand11] \* 3 CARD AGAIN (Should or should not video cameras be allowed ) on housing estates to detect vandals? [VCRoads1] to [VCVand11] Definitely be allowed Probably be allowed Probably not be allowed 3 4 Definitely not be allowed Я (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q270 [RaceGlty] Suppose two people - one white, one black - each appear in court, charged with a crime they did not commit What do you think their chances are of being found guilty? READ OUT the white person is more likely to be found guilty, they have the same chance.

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

or, the black person is more likely to be found guilty?

Called VCRoads on the SPSS file

Called VCFootbl on the SPSS file

Called VCVandal on the SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

Q271 [RichGlty]
Now suppose another two people from different backgrounds one rich, one poor - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not commit. What do you think their chances are of being found guilty?
... READ OUT ...

1 ... the rich person is more likely to be found guilty, they have the same chance,
3 or, the poor person is more likely to be found guilty?
(Don't Know)
9 (Refusal/NA)

Q272 [IrisGlty]
Now suppose another two people - one British and one Irish

Now suppose another two people ~ one British and one Irish - each appear in court charged with a burglary they did not commit. What do you think their chances are of being found quilty?

... READ OUT ...

1 ... the British person is more likely to be found guilty,

they have the same chance,

3 or, the Irish person is more likely to be found quilty?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Q273 [JuryTry]

Which of these three statements comes closest to how you feel about trial by jury ... RRAD OUT ...

. ...all accused people should always have the right to trial

by jury

or, only a person accused of a serious offence should always have the right to trial by jury,

or, no accused person should always have the right to trial by jury

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q274 [ChOppWom] \*

Now I want to ask about some changes that have been happening in Britain over the years. For each one, please tell me whether you think it has gone too far, or not gone far enough.

How about attempts to give equal opportunities to women in Britain?

Q275 [ChOppMin] \*
CARD AGAIN

Attempts to give equal opportunities to black people and Asians in Britain?
(Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q276 [ChNudSex] \*
The right to show nudity and sex in films and magazines?
(Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q277 [ChOppHom] \*
 Attempts to give equal opportunities to homosexuals - that
 is, gays and lesbians?
 (Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q278 [ChGypTrv] \*
Providing sites for gypsies and travellers to stay?
(Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q279 [ChRgtDem] \*
 The right of people to go on protest marches and
 demonstrations?
 (Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q280 [ChLwStrk] \*
 Laws to make it difficult for people to go on strike?
 (Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

Q281 [ChLegAid] \*
 Giving Legal Aid - that is, financial help with the cost of
 going to court?
 (Has it gone too far, or not far enough?)

\* [ChOppWom] to [ChLegAid]

1 Gone much too far

2 Gone too far

3 About right

4 Not gone far enough

Not gone nearly far enough

(Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q282 [CargoCL3] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
CargoCL3
Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

Not on SPSS file.

Q283 [CargoRA1] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ CargoRA1 Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

Q284 [RaceOrig] \* CARD

To which of these groups do you consider you belong?

BLACK of African or Caribbean or other origin

ASIAN of Indian origin

ASIAN of Pakistani origin

ASIAN of Bangladeshi origin

ASIAN of Chinese origin

ASIAN of other origin (WRITE IN)

WHITE of British origin

WHITE of Irish origin

WHITE of other origin (WRITE IN)

10 MIXED ORIGIN (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Asian' of other origin' AT [RaceOrig]

Q285 [OthVAB] Please specify

Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

0286 [HidVAB] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

Hidvab

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'White: of other origin' AT [RaceOrig]'

0287 [OthVAC]

Please specify

Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

0288 [HidVAC] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Mixed origin' AT [RaceOrig] \*

Q289 [OthVACA]

Please specify

Open Ouestion (Maximum of 50 characters)

Q290 [HidVACA] (NOT ON SCREEN)3

HidvacA

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

9

VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL

0291 [Pre:As] \*

Now I would like to ask you some questions about racial presudice in Britain Thinking of Asians - that is, people whose families were originally from India, Pakistan or Bangladesh - who now live in Britain Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?

Q292 [PrejBlk] \*

And black people - that is people whose families were originally from the West Indies or Africa - who now live in Britain Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?

#### [PrefAs] to [PrefBlk]

A lot

A little

Hardly any

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Q293 [PrejNow]

Do you think there is generally more radial prejudice in Britain now than there was 5 years ago. less, or about the same amount?

More now

Less now

About the same

Other answer (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other answer' AT [PrejNow]

Q294 [OthVAD OthSpec]s

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters)

0295 [OthVAD HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

Hidden category for coding if needed

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSIONS & AND B. ASK ALL

Q296 [PrejFut]

Do you think there will be more, less or about the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain in 5 years time compared with now?

\*1.5

More in 5 years

Less

About the same

Other answer (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Not on the SPSS file

 $<sup>\</sup>infty$ Also asked at Q 770 on Version C

Not on the SPSS file

Q297	IF 'Other answer' AT [PrejFut] [OthVAE.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q298	[OthVAE.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>5</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
1 2 3 7	VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL [SRPrej] How would you describe yourself READ OUT as very prejudiced against people of other races, a little prejudiced, or, not prejudiced at all? Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q300	IF 'Other answer' AT [SRPrej] [OthVAF.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q301	[OthVAF.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>1</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q302 1 2 3 8 9	VERSIONS & AND B: ASK ALL [AsJob] On the whole, do you think people of Asian origin in Britain are not given jobs these days because of their race READ OUT a lot, a little, or, hardly at all? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
1 2 3 8 9	<pre>[WIJob] On the whole, do you think people of West Indian origin in Britain are not given jobs these days because of their race READ OUT a lot, a little, or, hardly at all? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)</pre>
-4	

is against giving unfair preference to a particular race in housing, jobs and so on. Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a law for this purpose? Support 2 Oppose (Don't Know) 8 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Support' AT [RaceLaw] Q305 [StrctLaw] 1 Do you think that the present law against racial discrimination should be ... READ OUT ... ... used more strictly, used less strictly, or, is it about right? PROBE IF NECESSARY (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL Q306 [ViolLaw] 2 Some people say there should be a special law against attacks on people because of their race. Others say these attacks should be treated by the law like any other attacks. Do you think there should be a special law against racial violence PROBE: Definitely or probably should/should not? Definitely should Probably should Probably should not Definitely should not (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) VERSION A: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] 0307 [OBossAs] Do you think most white people in Britain would mind or not mind if a suitably qualified person of Asian origin were appointed as their boss? IF 'Would mind': A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [OBossAs] 0308 [OthVAH.OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

There is a law in Britain against racial discrimination, that

0304 [RaceLaw]

Called RaceLStr on SPSS file.

Called RaceVILw on SPSS file.

Not on the SPSS file.

Not on the SPSs file.

0309 [OthVAH HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN): Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSION A. IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] 0310 [SBossAs] And would you personally? Would you mind or not mind? IF 'Would mind': A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [SBossAs] 0311 [OthVAI OthSpec]\* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q312 [OthVAI HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSION A: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] Q313 [OMarAs] Do you think that most white people in Britain would mind or not mind if one of their close relatives were to marry a person of Asian origin? IF 'WOULD MIND' A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [OMarAs] Q314 [OthVAJ OthSpec]5 WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters) 0315 [OthVAJ HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN); Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSION A: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] 0316 [SMarAs] And you personally? Would you mind or not mind? IF 'Would mind' A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind

Not on the SPSS file

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Other answer (WRITE IN)

IF 'Other answer' AT [SMarAs]
Q317 [OthVAK OthSpec]\*

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q318 [OthVAK HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION B IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig]

Q319 [OBossWI]
Do you think most white people in Britain would mind or not mind if a suitably qualified person of black or West Indian origin were appointed as their boss? IF 'Would mind': A lot or a little?

- 1 Mind a lot
- Mind a little
- 3 Not mind
- 7 Other answer (WRITE IN)
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other answer' AT [OBOSSNI]

Q320 [OthVAL OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q321 [OthVAL HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION B: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig]

Q322 [SBossWI]

And would you personally? Would you mind or not mind?

IF 'Would mind' A lot or a little?

- Mind a lot
- Mind a little
- Not mind
- 7 Other answer (WRITE IN)
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other answer' AT [SBossWI]

Q323 [OthVAM OthSpec]\*
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q324 (OthVAM HidCode) (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Not on SPSS file

# VERSION B: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] 0325 [OMarWI] Do you think that most white people in Britain would mind or not mind if one of their close relatives were to marry a person of black or West Indian origin? IF 'WOULD MIND': A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [OMarWI] 0326 [OthVAO.OthSpec15 WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q327 [OthVAO.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSION B: IF 'White' AT [RaceOrig] 0328 [SMarWI] And you personally? Would you mind or not mind? IF 'Would mind': A lot or a little? Mind a lot Mind a little Not mind Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [SMarWI] 0329 [OthVAP.OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) 0330 [OthVAP.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) \$ Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSION A AND B: ASK ALL

CargoRA2

Q331 [CargoRA2] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

#### VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL

- Q332 [cargoLG1] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  cargoLG1
  Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)
- Q333 [CntlCnc1]
  Do you think that local councils ought to be controlled by central government more, less or about the same amount as now?
- 1 More
- Less
- About the same
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q334 [Rates]
  Do you think the level of the council tax should be up to the local council to decide, or should central government have the final say?
- 1 Local council
- 2 Central government
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q335 [CTaxVal]

CARD

And thinking about the level of the council tax in your area, do you think it gives good value or poor value for money?

Please choose a phrase from this card.

- Very good value for money
- 2 Good value
- 3 Neither good value nor poor value
- 4 Poor value
- 5 Very poor value for money
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- 0336 [DCBCName]

# IN ENGLAND AND WALES

Do you happen to know the name of your city, district or borough council?

IN SCOTLAND

Do you happen to know the name of your city, district or burgh council?

- Yes
- No/Don't know
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

s 🖛 Not on SPSS file.

<sup>5/0</sup> 

Not on SPSS file.

IF 'Yes' AT [DCBCName] Q337 [NameDCBC] 1 What is its name? ENTER NAME Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) 0338 [Hiddcbc] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hiddebc Open Question (Maximum of 4 characters) VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL Q339 [LocalB] 1 Do you happen to know which party or parties controls your local district or (borough/burgh) council at present? IF YES: Which party or parties? IF TWO OR MORE PARTIES, WRITE IN PARTIES UNDER 'SHARED CONTROL' 1 Yes Conservative Yes Labour Yes Liberal Democrats Yes Scottish Nationalist Yes Pland Cymru Yes Independents Other single party (WRITE IN) Shared control (WRITE IN) 98 (Don't Know) 99 (Refusal/NA) Q340 [HidLoc] (NOT ON BCREEN)5 Hidloc Open Question (Maximum of 4 characters) If 'Other single party' AT [LocalLB] 0341 [OthNRd] \* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q342 [HidNRd] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidnrd Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) IF 'Shared control' AT [LocalLB] 0343 [OthNRe] 5 WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q344 [HidNRe] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidnre Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Not on SPSS file. See NameDC which has been coded from the verbatim. See also derived variable [RWDC]

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VERSIONS A AND B ASK ALL 0345 [CCInArea] IN ENGLAND AND WALES To the best of your knowledge, is there a county council in your area? IN SCOTLAND To the best of your knowledge, is there a regional council in your area? 1 Yes 2 No 8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [CCInArea] Q346 [CCName] Do you happen to know the name of your (county/regional) council? Yes No 8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [CCName] Q347 [NameCC] 1 What is its name? ENTER NAME Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q348 [HidnCC] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* Hidnee Open Question (Maximum of 4 characters) IF 'Yes' AT [CCInArea] Q349 [LocalCC] 2 Do you happen to know which party or parties controls your (county/regional) council at present? IF YES Which party or parties? IF TWO OR MORE PARTIES, WRITE IN PARTIES UNDER 'SHARED CONTROL' Νo Yes Conservative Yes Labour Yes Liberal Democrats Yes Scottish Nationalist Yes Pland Cymru Yes Independents Other single party (WRITE IN) Shared control (WRITE IN)

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

98

99

Called PrtyDCBC on the SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

The variable called NameCC on the SPSS file has been coded from the verbatim See also derived variable [RWCC]

Not on SPSS file

Called PartyCC in the SPSS file

Q350 [HidLocc] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidlocc
Open Question (Maximum of 4 characters)

IF 'Other single party' AT [LocalCC]

Q351 [OthNRdC] <sup>\$</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q352 [HidNRdC] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidnrdc
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Shared control' AT [LocalCC]

Q353 [OthNReC] \*
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q354 [HidNReC] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidnrec
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL

Q355 [LGMoney]
The two main sources of local government money are the council tax and the grant from central government. Do you think that in total your local council(s) get more money from the council tax, or more from central government, or about the same amount for each?

IF 'MORE FROM COUNCIL TAX' OR 'MORE FROM CENTRAL GOVERNMENT'

A lot more or a little more?
A lot more from the council tax

A little more from the council tax

About the same amount from each

4 A little more from central government

A lot more from central government

8 (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file.

0356 [Membship] 1 CARD Are you currently a member of any of these? IF YES: Which ones? PROBE: Any others? Until 'NO' CODE ALL MENTIONED Multicoded (Maximum of 9 codes) (No. none of these) Yes: Tenants'/residents' association Yes: Parent-teachers association Yes: Board of school governors/School Board Yes: A political party Yes: Parish or town council Yes: Neighbourhood council/forum Yes: Neighbourhood Watch Scheme Yes: Local conservation or environmental group Yes: Other local community or voluntary group (WRITE IN) (Don't know) 98 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes: Other' AT [Membship] 0357 [OthMemb.OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters) Q358 [OthMemb.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) 5 Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) Q359 [HidMemb] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Hidmemb Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL 0360 [CnclMeet] Have you attended a local council meeting or a public meeting on a local issue, in the last twelve months? DO NOT COUNT MERTINGS ATTENDED AS A COUNCILLOR OR AS A COUNCIL OFFICIAL Yes

(Don't Know)
(Refusal/NA)

On the SPSS file, [Membship] has been recoded as [MemResid] R is member of tenats/reseidents association, [MemPTA] R is member of Parent-Teachers Association, [MemSclGy] R is member of board of school governors, [MemPlPty] R i member of a political party, [MemParCl] R is member of parish or town council [MemNghCl] R is member of neighbourhood council/forum, [MemNghWt] R is member of Neighbourhood Watch Scheme, [MemEnvir] R is member of local conservation/environment group, [MemComVl] R is member of other local community/voluntary group, [MemNone] R is a member of none of these.

Not on SPSS file.

IF 'Yes' AT [CnclMeet] 0361 /WhyAttenl Thinking about the last local meeting you attended, was it about some issue that affected you particularly, or was it about a general issue affecting your area? About an issue affecting me particularly About a general issue affecting my area (Both equally) (Can't remember) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) VERSIONS A AND B ASK ALL 0362 [LocEle94] 1 Did people in your neighbourhood have the chance to vote in local elections this May? 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'No' AT [LocEle94] Q363 [LocEle93] 1 And did people in your neighbourhood have the chance to vote in local elections in May last year? 1 Yes 2 No 8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF CHARCE TO VOTE AT LOCAL ELECTIONS IN 1994 OR 1993 (IF 'Yes' AT [Locale94] OR AT [Locale93]) 0364 [LocVoted] A lot of people don't manage to vote in the local elections How about you? Did you manage to vote in the last local elections in your area? 1 Yes 2 No Too young to vote Not eligible/Not on register (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Which party did you vote for, or perhaps you voted for an independent candidate?

1 Conservative

2 Labour

Liberal Democrats

4 Scottish Nationalist

5 Plaid Cymru

6 Independent

7 Green

8 Other party (WRITE IN)

9 More than one (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other party' AT [LocPty]

Q366 [OtherLgA OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q367 [OtherLgA HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q368 [HidlgA] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidlga
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q369 [OtherLgB OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q370 (OtherLgB HidCode) (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q371 [HidLgB] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidlgb
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Called VtMay94 on SPSS file

Called VtMay93 on SPSS file

Q365 [LocPty] 1

Called LocPtyVt on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

# IF DIDN'T VOTE IN LAST LOCAL ELECTIONS (IF 'No'/DK/Refusal AT [LocVoted])

Q372 [LocPtyIf] 1

Which party would you have voted for, if you had voted?

1 Conservative

Labour

Liberal Democrats

Scottish Nationalist

Plaid Cymru

6 Independent

Green

8 Other party (WRITE IN)

9 More than one (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

## IF 'Other party' AT [LocPtyIf]

Q373 [OtherLgC.OthSpec]5

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q374 [OtherLgC.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q375 [HidLgC] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidlgc
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'More than one' AT [LocPtyIf]

Q376 [OtherLgD.OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q377 [OtherLgD.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q378 [HidLgD] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidlgd
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Q379 [MPQuals]1

CARD

Now thinking of MPs, which of the personal qualities on this card would you say are important for an MP to have? You may choose more than one, or none, or suggest others.

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 9 codes)

To be well educated

2 To know what being poor means

3 To have business experience

To have trade union experience

5 To have been brought up in the area he or she represents

6 To be loval to the Party he or she represents

7 To be independent minded

96 None of these qualities

97 Other important qualities

98 (Don't know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

# IF 'Other important qualities' AT [MPQuals]

Q380 [OtherLgE.OthSpec]\$

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q381 (OtherLgE.HidCode) (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Called LocPtyWd on SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file.

On the SPSS file, [MPQuals] has been recoded as [MPEd] MP should be well educated, [MPPoor] MP should know poverty, [MPBus] MP should have business experience, [MPUnion] MP should have union exprience, [MPLocal] MP should have local upbringing, [MPLoyal] MP should be loyal to party, [MPInd] MP should be independent minded, [MPOth1] MP - other important qualities, [MPNone] MP - none of these.

Not on SPSS file.

VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL 0382 [ClrQuals] 1 CARD And which of these qualities would you say are important for a local councillor to have? Multicoded (Maximum of 10 codes) To be well educated To know what being poor means To have business experience To have trade union experience To have been brought up in the area he or she represents To be loval to the Party he or she represents To be independent minded To have a knowledge of local matters None of these qualities Other important qualities 98 (Don't know) 99 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other important qualities' AT [ClrQuals] 0383 [OtherLqF OthSpec] WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q384 [OtherLgF HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL 0385 [StandCoul 2 Have you ever considered standing for election as a (county/regional), district, city or (borough/burgh) councillor? IF YES: Have you ever actually stood, or not? Yes, and stood Yes, but have not stood No, have not considered (No, disqualified from standing because of job) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) O386 [AreaTime] READ OUT How long have you lived in your present area less than a year, 1 2 or, one year or more? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

67

IF 'One year or more' AT [AreaTime] Q387 [NghbrhdY] 1 How many years? PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE Range 1 90 VERSIONS A AND B. ASK ALL 0388 [LiveWork] Is the place where you work (from) in the same local government district or (borough/burgh) as the place where you Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0389 [Voted92] Talking to people, we have found that a lot of people don't manage to vote How about you? Did you manage to vote in the last general election in April 1992? Yes, voted 1 2 No Too young to to vote Not eligible/not on register (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF VOTED IN 1992 (IF 'Yes' AT [Voted92]) 0390 [Partv92] Can you remember which party did you vote for in the 1992 general election? DO NOT PROMPT RECORD EXACT ANSWER GIVEN Conservative Labour Liberal Democrats Scottish Nationalist Pland Cymru Other party (WRITE IN) 98 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other party' AT [Party92] Q391 [OtherLgG OthSpec] 5 WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q392 [OtherLgG HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) Q393 [H1dLgG] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 HidlgG Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

9

~1

On the SPSS file, [ClrQuals] has been recoded as [ClrEd] Cllr should be well educated, [ClrPoor] Cllr should know poverty [ClrBus] Cllr should have business experience, [CirUnion] Clir should have union exprience [CirLocal] Clir should have local upbringing, [Clroyal] Cllr should be loyal to party, [ClrInd] Cllr should be independent minded {ClrOth2} Cllr - knowledge of local matters, [ClrNone] Cllr - none of these, [ClrOth1] Cllr - other important qualities

Called StandCnd on SPSS file

Called Nghbrhd on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

VERSIONS A AND B: ASK ALL

Q394 [CargoLG2] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

cargoLG2

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

QC Not on cocc file

#### VERSION A: ASK ALL

0395 [GovtWork]

CARD

Which of these statements best describes your opinion on the present system of governing Britain?

- 1 Works extremely well and could not be improved
- 2 Could be improved in small ways but mainly works well
- 3 Could be improved quite a lot
- 4 Needs a great deal of improvement
- (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q396 [Lords]

Do you think that the House of Lords should remain as it is or is some change needed?

- 1 Remain as is
- 2 Change needed
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

# IF WANTING CHANGE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS (IF 'Change needed' AT (Lords!)

- 0397 [LordsHow]
- Do you think the House of Lords should be ... READ OUT ...
- i ... replaced by a different body,
- 2 abolished and replaced by nothing,
- or, should there be some other kind of change?
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

#### VERSION A: ASK ALL

Q398 [Monarchy]

How about the monarchy or the royal family in Britain? How important or unimportant do you think it is for Britain to continue to have a monarchy ... READ OUT ...

- 1 ... very important,
- 2 quite important,
- 3 not very important,
- 4 not at all important,
- or, do you think the monarchy should be abolished?
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Q399 [EvDoFW] \*1

CARD

Suppose a law was being considered by Parliament which you thought was really unjust and harmful Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think you would do? Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes)

Q400 [EvDnFW] \* 2

CARD

And have you ever done any of the things on this card about a government action which you thought was unjust and harmful? Which ones? Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes)

# [EvDoFW] and [EvDnFW]

Contact my MP

Speak to an influential person

Contact a government department

Contact radio, TV or newspaper

Sign a petition

Raise the issue in an organisation I already belong to

Go on a protest or demonstration

Form a group of like-minded people

(No, none of these)

(Don't know)

(Refusal/NA)

0401 [BreakLaw]

Are there any circumstances in which you might break a law to which you were very strongly opposed?

1 Yes

2 No

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Q402 [Coalitin]

Which do you think is generally better for Britain READ OUT

to have a government formed by one political party,

or, for two or more parties to get together to form a 2

government?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

On the SPSS file, [EvDnFW] has been recoded as [DoneMP] Would contact my MP,

0403 [VoteSyst]

Some people say that we should change the voting system to allow smaller political parties to get a fairer share of MPs Others say that we should keep the voting system as it is, to produce more effective government Which view comes closest READ OUT to vour own

IF ASKED, REFERS TO 'PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION'

that we should change the voting system.

or, keep it as it is?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

#### ASK IN SCOTLAND AND ENGLAND

Q404 [ScotParl]

CARD

An issue in Scotland is the question of an elected Assembly a special parliament for Scotland dealing with Scottish affairs Which of these statements comes closest to your view?

Scotland should become independent, separate from the UK and the European Community

Scotland should become independent, separate from the UK, but

part of the European Community

Scotland should remain part of the UK but with its own elected Assembly that has some taxation and spending powers

There should be no change from the present system

Other answer (WRITE IN) 97

98 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA) 99

IF 'Other answer' AT [ScotParl]

0405 [OthVag OthSpec]\$

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Ouestion (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q406 [OthVag HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)

ASK IN WALES

Q407 [WelshPar]

CARD

An issue in Wales is the question of an elected Assembly - a special parliament for Wales dealing with Welsh affairs Which of these statements comes closest to your view?

Wales should become independent, separate from the UK and the European Community

Wales should become independent, separate from the UK but part of the European Community

3 Wales should remain part of the UK, but with its own elected Assembly that has some taxation and spending powers

There should be no change from the present system?

97 Other answer (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

On the SPSS file (EvDoFW) has been recoded as [DoMP] Would contact my MP [DoSpk] Would speak to influential person, [DoGov] Would contact government department [DoTV] Would contact radio/TV/newspaper, [DoSign] Would sign petition [DoRais] Would raise issue in organisation, [DoProt] Would go on protest or demonstration [DoGrp] Would form group of like-minded people [DoNone] None of these See also derived variable (DoAct)

<sup>[</sup>DoneSpk] Would speak to influential person [DoneGov] Would contact government department, [DoneTV] Would contact radio/TV/newspaper [DoneSign] Would Bign petition, [DoneRais] Would raise issue in organisation [DoneProt] Would go on protest or demonstration [DoneGrp] Would form group of like-minded people, [DoneNone] None of these See also derived variable [DoneAct]

Not on SPSS file

## IF 'Other answer' AT [WelshPar]

Q408 [OthVah.OthSpec]5

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q409 [OthVah.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

#### VERSION A: ASK ALL

Q410 [ObeyLaw]

In general would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

- 1 Obey law without exception
- 2 Follow conscience on occasions
- (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q411 [GovNoSay] \*

CARD

Please choose a phrase from this card to say how much you agree or disagree with the following statements.

People like me have no say in what the government does.

Q412 [LoseTch] \*

CARD

Generally speaking, those we elect as MPs lose touch with people pretty quickly

O413 [VoteIntr] \*

CARD

Parties are only interested in people's votes, not in their opinions

Q414 [VoteOnly] \*

CARD

Voting is the only way people like me can have any say about how the government runs things

Q415 [GovComp] \*

CARD

Sometimes politics and government seem so complicated that a person like me cannot really understand what is going on

0416 [PtvNtMati \*

CARD

It doesn't really matter which party is in power, in the end things go on much the same

O417 [InfPolit] \*

CARD

I think I am better informed than most people about politics and government

[GovNoSay] to [InfPolit]

1 Agree strongly

2 Agree

3 Neither agree nor disagree

1 Disagree

5 Disagree strongly

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q418 [GovTrust] \*

CARD

How much do you trust British governments of **any** party to place the needs of the nation above the interests of their own political party?

Q419 [ClrTrust] \*

CARD

And how much do you trust local councillors of any party to place the needs of their area above the interests of their own political party?

Q420 [PapTrust] \*

CARD

How much do you trust British journalists on national newspapers to pursue the truth above getting a good story?

Q421 [PolTrust] \*

CARD

And how much do you trust British police not to bend the rules in trying to get a conviction?

Q422 [CSTrust] \*

CARD

And how much do you trust top civil servants to stand firm against a minister who wants to provide false information to parliament?

Q423 [MPsTrust] \*

ARD

How much do you trust politicians of any party in Britain to tell the truth when they are in a tight corner?

\* [GovTrust] to [MPsTrust]

- Just about always
- 2 Most of the time
- Only some of the time
- 4 Almost never
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file.

#### EUROPE/INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (VERSION A AMD B)

```
ASK ALL
Q424 [CargoIR1 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
     Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
Q425 [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     cardno
     Range 1
Q426 [CargoIR2 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden spare cols for emergencies '
     Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
     VERSION B: ASK ALL
O427 [ECGBC1se]
     Now a few questions about Britain's relationships with other
     As a member state, would you say that Britain's relationship
     with the European Community should be
                                               READ OUT
          closer.
     less close.
     or, is it about right?
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
O428 [ECLnkInf]
     Do you think that closer links with the European Community
     would give Britain READ OUT
         more influence in the world,
     less influence in the world,
     or, would it make no difference?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q429 [ECLnkStr]
     And would closer links with the European Community make
     Britain READ OUT
          stronger economically.
     weaker economically,
     or, would it make no difference?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q430 [Nation]
      On the whole, do you think Britain's interests are better
      served by
                    READ OUT
          closer links with Western Europe,
      or, closer links with America?
      (Both equally)
      (Neither)
      (Don't Know)
8
      (Refusal/NA)
```

0431 [UnitEEC] Which of these comes closer to your views READ OUT Britain should do all it can to unite fully with the European Community, or, Britain should do all it can to protect its independence from the European Community? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q432 [ECPolicy] CARD Do you think Britain's long-term policy should be READ CODE ONE ONLY 1 to leave the European Community, 2 to stay in the EC and try to reduce its powers. to leave things as they are, to stay in the EC and try to increase the EC's powers. or, to work for the formation of a single European 5 government? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q433 [EcuView] CARD And here are three statements about the future of the pound in the European Community Which one comes closest to your view? CODE ONE ONLY 1 Replace the pound by a single currency Use both the pound and a new European currency in Britain Keep the pound as the only currency for Britain R (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) VERSION A AND B: ASK ALL Q434 [VoterSEU] 1 CARD Which of the four statements on this card comes closest to the way you would vote in an European election? I would vote for a party regardless of the candidate I would vote for a party only if I approved of the candidate I would vote for a candidate regardless of his or her party I would generally not vote (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

# VERSION B ASK ALL

0435 [USANuke] \*

Do you think that the siting of American nuclear missiles in Britain would make Britain a safer or less safe place to live?

Not on SPSS file

<sup>75</sup> 

Called ECVotRes on the SPSS file

0436 (OwnNukel \* And do you think that having its own independent nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or less safe place to live? [USANuke] to [OwnNuke] 1 Safer Less safe (No difference) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0437 [UKNucPl11] 1 Which of these statements comes closest to your own opinion on Britain's nuclear defence policy? CODE ONE ONLY Britain should get rid its of nuclear weapons 1 2 Britain should keep its nuclear weapons until others get rid of theirs Britain should always have nuclear weapons (None of these) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0438 [NucWar3] 2 \* How likely do you think it is that there will be a nuclear war between Russia and the West within the next 15 years? Is it ... READ OUT ... 0439 [WarRConvl 3 \* And what about a war not involving nuclear weapons? How likely is it that there will be such a war between Russia and the West within the next 15 years? Is it ... READ OUT ... [NucWar3] to [WarkConv] ... very likely, quite likely. not very likely, or, not at all likely? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0440 [NIreland] Do you think the long-term policy for Northern Ireland should be for it ... READ OUT ... ... to remain part of the United Kingdom, or, to reunify with the rest of Ireland?

Called UKNucPo2 on SPSS file.

Other (WRITE IN)

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other' AT [NIreland]

Q441 [OthVAI.OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q442 [OthVAI.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION B: ASK ALL

Q443 [DecFutNI]
And who do you think should have the right to decide what the long-term future of Northern Ireland should be? Should it be

... the people in Northern Ireland on their own,

or, the people of Ireland, both north and south,

or, the people both in Northern Ireland and in Britain?

Other answer (WRITE IN)

B (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other' AT [DecFutNI]

Q444 {OthVAJ.OthSpec}\*
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q445 [OthVAJ.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION B: ASK ALL

Q446 [TroopOut]
Some people think that government policy towards Northern Ireland should include a complete withdrawal of British troops.

Would you personally support or oppose such a policy?

IF 'SUPPORT' OR 'OPPOSE', PROBE: Strongly or a little?

1 Support strongly

Support a little

3 Oppose strongly

4 Oppose a little

7 Other (WRITE IN)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other' AT [TroopOut]

Q447 [OthVAK.OthSpec]\*
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q448 [OthVAK.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Called NucWarl on the SPSS file.

Called NtNucWar on the SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file.

Q449 [CargoIR3] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>6</sup>
CargoIR3
Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

#### FEAR OF CRIME

#### ASK ALL

- Q710 [CargoFR1 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  Hidden spare cols for emergencies '
  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q711 [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  cardno
  Range 1 97
- Q712 (CargoFR2 Sprcol) (NOT ON SCREEN) 5
  Hidden spare cols for emergencies 1
  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q713 (Victim)

  Now, some questions about crime Do you ever worry about the possibility that you, or anyone else who lives with you, might be the victim of crime?
- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

## IF 'Yes' AT [Victim]

- Q714 [VmWorry]
  - Is this READ OUT
- l a big worry
- 2 a bit of a worry
- 3 or, an occasional doubt?
- Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

### ASK ALL

0715 (WorCrime)

Because of worries about crime some people change their everyday life, for example, where they go or what they do Other people don't change their lives at all Do worries about crime affect your everyday life?

- Yes
- No.
- 3 (No worries about crime)
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file

Q716 [AvoidCrm] 1 CARD Here are some things that some people can do to avoid crime. Which of any of these do you do? INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTION: THE CRIME MAY HAVE HAPPENED MORE THAN ONCE OR TOGETHER WITH ANOTHER CRIME CODE ALL THAT APPLY Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes) I am careful to lock up my/our home (and/or car) I don't go out alone I don't go out at all I avoid going out at certain times I avoid going to certain places I avoid public transport I carry a personal alarm or a weapon I make sure other people in the family take precautions 97 Other answer (WRITE IN) 98 (Don't know) (Refusal/NA) 99 IF 'Other answer' AT [AvoidCrm] 0717 [OthFRA.OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q718 [OthFRA.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Not on SPSS file.

ASK ALL 0719 [MoveCrim] Have you ever moved house because you or your family were worried about crime? Yes No 8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'No' AT [MoveCrim] 0720 [MoveCri1] And have you ever thought you would like to move house because you or your family were worried about crime? 1 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL Q721 [VicAttac] \* And now some questions about crimes that may have happened to you. THE CRIME MAY HAVE HAPPENED MORE THAN ONCE OR ON THE SAME OCCASION Have you yourself ever been physically attacked? 0722 [VicThrea] \* (Have you yourself ever ...) ... been threatened? 0723 [VicHmBur] \* (Have you yourself ever ...) ... had your home burgled? [VicAttac] and [VicHmBur] 1 Yes (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0724 [VictmCar] (Have you yourself ever ...) ... had a car belonging to you or another family member stolen, or had things stolen from a car? 1 Yes 2 No No car/Never had a car (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0725 [VicVand1] \* (Have you yourself ever ...) ... had your home or a car damaged by vandals?

On the SPSS file, [AvoidCrm] has been recoded as [AvoidCr1] Careful to lock up home, [AvoidCr2] Don't go out alone, [AvoidCr3] Don't go out at all, [AvoidCr4] Avoid going out at certain times, [AvoidCr5] Avoid going to certain places, [AvoidCr6] Avoid public transport, [AvoidCr7] Carries personal alarm or weapon, [AvoidCr8] Make sure other people in family take precautions, [AvoidCr9] Other answer, [AvoidCr0] None of these. See also derived variable [AvdCrmNu].

2726	<pre>[VicOther] * (Have you yourself ever )   had something else stolen?</pre>
•	[VicVandl] and [VicOther]
1 2 8 9	Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
-500	IF VICTIM OF CRIME (IF 'Yes' AT [VicAttac], [VicHmBur], [VicVandl], [VictmCar], OR [VicOther])
Q727 1 2 8 9	<pre>{VicAware} Do you think that as a result of any of these experiences you are now more aware of crime, or has it made no difference? More aware No difference (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)</pre>
Q728 1 2 8 9	IF 'more aware' AT [VicAware] [VictFear] And has it actually made you more afraid of crime? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q729 1 2 8 9	ASK ALL [KnowVitm] And do you know personally anyone else who has experienced any of these crimes? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q730 1 2 8 9	If 'Yes' AT [KnowVitm] [KnowAwar] Has knowing about someone else's experience of crime made you more aware of crime or has it made no difference? More aware No difference (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
.0731 1 2 8	If 'More aware' AT [KnowVitm] [KnowFear] And has it actually made you more afraid of crime? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Note that owing to a programming error [VicThrea] is missing from this list

Q732 [CrimNpTV] Thinking about reports of crimes in newspapers or or on radio or on television Do you think there are more reports nowadays than ten years ago, or fewer, or about the same number? A lot more More 3 About the same Fewer A lot fewer (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'A lot more' OR 'More' AT [CrmNpTV] Q733 [NpTVFear] And do you think this has this actually made you more afraid of crime? Yes 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL 0734 [SafeDark] How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark READ OUT very safe fairly safe a bit unsafe or, very unsafe? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0735 [Graffiti] \* CARD Please use this card to say how common or uncommon each of the following things is in your area Graffiti on walls or buildings? Q736 [TeenOnSt] \* CARD (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) Teenagers hanging around on the streets? 0737 [Drunks] \* (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) Drunks or tramps on the streets? 0738 (Vandals) \* (How common or uncommon is this in your area?)

ASK ALL

Vandalism and deliberate damage to property?

Q739 [RaceTens] \* CARD (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) Insults or attacks to do with someone's race or colour?

0740 [Burglary] \* CARD (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) Homes broken into?

0741 [VehTheft] CARD (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) Cars broken into or stolen?

0742 [Attacks] CARD (How common or uncommon is this in your area?) People attacked in the streets?

# [Graffiti] to [Attacks]

- Very common
- Fairly common Not very common
- Not at all common
- (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)
- [CargoFR3.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)

Not on SPSS file.

ASK ALL Q744 [CargoHol.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) Q745 [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ cardno Range: 1 ... 97 Q746 [CargoHo2.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) 0747 [HomeType] Now a few questions on housing. INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a... READ OUT ONE YOU THINK APPLIES ... detached house or bungalow, ... semi-detached house or bungalow, ... terraced house. ... self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc. in tenement block), ... self-contained converted flat/maisonette, ... room(s), not self-contained. Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [HomeType] 0748 [OthHoA] \$ Please specify Open Question (Maximum of 30 characters) 0749 [Hidhoal (NOT ON SCREEN) \$ Hidhoa Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) ASK ALL Q750 [HomeEst] May I just check, is your home part of a housing estate? NOTE: MAY BE PUBLIC OR PRIVATE, BUT IT IS THE RESPONDENT'S VIEW WE WANT Yes, part of estate

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file.

```
Q751 [Tenure1] 1
     Does your household own or rent this accommodation?
     PROBE IF NECESSARY
     IF OWNS Outright or on a mortgage?
     IF RENTS From whom?
     OWNS Own (leasehold/freehold) outright
     OWNS Buying (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage
     RENTS Local authority
     RENTS New Town Development Corporation
     RENTS Housing Association
     RENTS Property company
     RENTS Employer
     RENTS Other organisation
     RENTS Relative
     RENTS Other individual
10
11
     Housing Trust
```

Rent free, squatting, etc

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

12

98

99

# See also derived variable [Tenure2]

### RELIGION AND ETHNIC ORIGIN

- Q752 (CargoRel Sprcol) (MOT ON SCREEN) Hidden spare cols for emergencies Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q753 [RelRFW] \$
  Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion?
  IF YES Which?
  CODE ONE ONLY DO NOT PROMPT
  - 1 No religion
- 2 Christian no denomination
- 3 Roman Catholic
- 4 Church of England/Anglican
- 5 Baptist
- 6 Methodist
- 7 Presbyterian/Church of Scotland
- 8 Free Presbyterian
- 9 Břethren
- 10 United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational
- 11 Other Protestant
- 12 Other Christian
- 13 Hindu
- 14 Jewish
- 15 Islam/Muslim
- 16 Sikh
- 17 Buddhist
- 18 Other non-Christian
- 98 (Don't Know)
- 99 (Refusal/NA)

Q754 12345678910112222379899	[Religion] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1 Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion? IF YES: Which? CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion Christian - no denomination Roman Catholic Church of England/Anglican Baptist Methodist Presbyterian/Church of Scotland Other Christian Hindu Jewish Islam/Muslim Sikh Buddhist Other non-Christian Free Presbyterian Brethren United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational Other Protestant (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q755	IF 'Other Protestant' AT [RelRFW] [OthReA.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q756	[OthReA.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>5</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q757	IF 'Other Christian' AT [RelRFW] [OthReB.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q758	[OthReB.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>5</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q759	IF 'Other non-Christian' AT [RelRFW] [OthReC.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
0760	(OthreC HidCodel (NOT ON SCREEN)

Hidden category for coding if needed Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)

ALL WHO DID NOT REFUSE AT [RelRFW] 0761 [RelFFW] \$ In what religion, if any, were you brought up? PROBE IF NECESSARY: What was your family's religion? CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion Christian - no denomination Roman Catholic Church of England/Anglican Baptist Methodist Presbyterian/Church of Scotland Free Presbyterian Brethren United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational Other Protestant 11 , 12 Other Christian 13 Hindu 14 Jewish 15 Islam/Muslim 16 Sikh 17 Buddhist Other non-Christian 18 (Don't Know) 98 (Refusal/NA) Q762 [FamRelig] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1 In what religion, if any, were you brought up? PROBE IF NECESSARY: What was your family's religion? CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion Christian - no denomination Roman Catholic Church of England/Anglican Baptist Methodist Presbyterian/Church of Scotland Other Christian Hindu 10 Jewish Islam/Muslim 11 12 Sikh 13 Buddhist Other non-Christian 14 Free Presbyterian 21 22 Brethren 23 United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational 27 Other Protestant

(Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

98

Derived from [RelRFW]. See also derived variable [ReligSum].

<sup>\*</sup> OC Not on SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file.

Derived from [RelFFW]. See also derived variable [RlFamSun].

IF 'Other Protestant' AT [RelFFW]

Q763 [OthReD OthSpec] WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q764 [OthReD HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Other Christian' AT [RelFFW]

Q765 [OthReE OthSpec1\* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q766 [OthReE HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Other non-Christian' AT [RelFFW]

0767 [OthReF OthSpec]\$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q768 (OthRef HidCode) (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

> IF GIVING A RELIGION AT [RelFFW] OR AT [RelFFW] (IF 'Christian' THROUGH TO 'Other non-Christian' AT [RelRFW] OR AT [RelFWW])

Q769 [ChAttend] Apart from such special occasions as weddings, funerals and baptisms, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion? PROBE IF NECESSARY

Once a week or more

Less often but at least once in two weeks

Less often but at least once a month

Less often but at least twice a year

Less often but at least once a year

Less often

Never or practically never

Varies too much to say

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file

VERSION C: ASK ALL

Q770 [RaceOrig] L

To which of these groups do you consider you belong? CODE ONE ONLY

BLACK of African or Caribbean or other origin

ASIAN of Indian origin

ASIAN of Pakistani origin

ASIAN of Bangladeshi origin

ASIAN of Chinese origin

ASIAN of other origin (WRITE IN)

WHITE of British origin

WHITE of Irish origin

WHITE of other origin (WRITE IN)

MIXED ORIGIN (WRITE IN)

(Don't Know) 98

(Refusal/NA) 99

IF 'Asian: of other origin' AT [RaceOrig]

0771 [OthReG OthSpec] \$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q772 [OthReG HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'White: of other origin' AT [RaceOrig]

Q773 [OthReH OthSpec] \$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

0774 [OthReH HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

IF 'Mixed origin' AT [RaceOrig]

0775 [OthReI OthSpec] \$ WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q776 [OthReI HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

ASK ALL

Q777 [CargoRe2 Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidden spare cols for emergencies ' Open Ouestion (Maximum of 5 characters)

Combined on SPSS file with the identical question asked on Version A and B at Q 284

Not on SPSS file

#### **CLASSIFICATION**

ASK ALL Q778 [CargoCl1.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN); Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) 0779 [Cardnol (NOT ON SCREEN) \$ cardno Range: 1 ... 97 Q780 [CargoC12.Sprco1] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* Hidden spare cols for emergencies ! Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) 0781 [MarStatl 1 Can I just check whether at present you are ... READ OUT ... CODE FIRST TO APPLY ... married, living as married, separated or divorced aftermarrying, widowed. or not married? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q782 [Househld] Finally, a few questions about you and your household. Including yourself, how many people live here regularly as members of this household ? CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION OF HOUSEHOLD IF NECESSARY. Range: 1 ... 15 Q783 [HidPeop] (NOT ON SCREEN) HidPeop Range: 1 ... 97 HOUSEHOLD GRID: QUESTIONS [Perno] TO [LegalR] ARE ASKED ONCE FOR RACH HOUSEHOLD MEMBER ONCE FOR EACH PERSON AT [Househld] Q784.1[Perno] (NOT ON SCREEN) Person number on grid Range: 1 ... 15 0784.2 [Name]\$ FIRST PERSON IN GRID: Please type in the name of respondent SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PERSONS IN GRID: Please type in the name of person number (number) Open Question (Maximum of 10 characters) Not on SPSS file. See also derived variable [Married].

SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PERSONS IN GRID Q784.3 [Sex] 1 PLEASE CODE SEX OF (Name) 1 Male 2 Female (Don't Know) 8 (Refusal/NA) ONCE FOR EACH PERSON AT [Househld] Q784.4 [Age] 2 FIRST PERSON IN GRID: Now I'd like to ask you a few details about each person in your household. Starting with yourself, what was your age last birthday? PLEASE ENTER AGE OF (Name) SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PERSONS IN GRID: PLEASE ENTER AGE OF (Name) Range: 1 ... 97 SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PERSONS IN GRID Q784.5 [RelResp] 3 PLEASE ENTER RELATIONSHIP OF (Name) TO RESPONDENT Partner/Spouse/Cohabitee Son/daughter (inc step/adopted) Parent/ parent-in-law Other relative Other non-relative (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) PERSONS AGED 16 AND OVER Q784.6 [LegalR] 4 (Are you/Is he/she) legally responsible for the accommodation? (INCLUDE JOINT/SHARED RESPONSIBILITY) Yes No 8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Called P2Sex to P11Sex on SPSS file.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Called RAge and P2Age to P11Age on SPSS file. See also derived variables [RAgeCat] and [RSexAge].

Called P2Rel to P11Rel on SPSS file.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Called RResp and P2Resp to P11Resp on SPSS file. See also derived variable [LegalRes].

ABK ALL Q785 [ChldChk] 1 Apart from people you have just mentioned who live in your household, have you any (other) children, including stepchildren, who grew up in your household? 'CHILDREN' MEANS THOSE THEN AGED UNDER 18, AND INCLUDES THOSE NO LONGER LIVING 1 Yes 2 No 8 (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA) 0786 [RPrivEdn] 2 Have you ever attended a fee-paying, private primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom? NOTE: 'PRIVATE' INCLUDES INDEPENDENT / PUBLIC SCHOOLS [not 'DIRECT GRANT', as these were/are not 'fee-paying'] BUT EXCLUDES NURSERY SCHOOLS, VOLUNTARY-AIDED SCHOOLS AND 'OPTED OUT' GRANT-MAINTAINED SCHOOLS 1 Yes 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (IF 'married' OR 'living as married' AT [MarStat]) Q787 [SPrivEdn1 3 Has your (wife/husband/partner) ever attended a fee-paying, private primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom? NOTE, 'PRIVATE' INCLUDES INDEPENDENT / PUBLIC SCHOOLS (not 'DIRECT GRANT', as these were/are not 'fee-paying'] BUT EXCLUDES NURSERY SCHOOLS, VOLUNTARY-AIDED SCHOOLS AND 'OPTED

Called OthChild on SPSS file

OUT' GRANT-MAINTAINED SCHOOLS

1

2

Yes

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

NΩ

IF RESPONDENT HAS CHILDREN AGED FIVE OR OVER (AS GIVEN IN HOUSEHOLD GRID) OR ANSWERED 'Yes' AT [Chldchk]

Q788 [ChPrvEdn] 1

And (have any of your children / has your child) ever attended a fee-paying private primary or secondary school in United Kingdom?

NOTE 'PRIVATE' INCLUDES INDEPENDENT / PUBLIC SCHOOLS [not 'DIRECT GRANT', as these were/are not 'fee-paying'] BUT EXCLUDES NURSERY SCHOOLS, VOLUNTARY-AIDED SCHOOLS AND 'OPTED OUT' GRANT-MAINTAINED SCHOOLS

1 Yes

2 No

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL

Q789 [DutyResp]

Who is the person mainly responsible for general domestic duties in this household?

Respondent mainly

2 Someone else mainly

3 Duties shared equally

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'someone else' OR 'duties shared' AT [DutyResp]

Q790 [OthClA] 2

PLEASE SPECIFY THIS PERSONS/THESE PEOPLES RELATIONSHIP TO RESPONDENT

Multicoded (Maximum of 6 codes)

Wife/female partner of respondent

Mother/mother-in-law of respondent

3 Husband/male partner of respondent

Other female in household

Other male in household

Other answer

(Don't know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

0791 [HidClA] (NOT ON SCREEN)

Kidela

Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Called [RPrivEd] on the SPSS file See also derived variable [PrivEd]

Called [SPrivEd] on the SPSS file See also derived variable [PrivEd]

Called [ChPrivEd] on SPSS file See also derived variable [PrivEd]

On SPSS file (OthClA) has been recoded as [DutyWife] Wife/female partner responsible for household duties {DutyMum} Mother(-in-law) responsible for household duties (DutyHusb) Husband/male partner responsible for household duties [DutyFem] Other female responsible for household duties [DutyNale] Other male responsible for household duties, [DutyOthr] Other person responsible for household duties. See also derived variable [ElseDuty]

Not on SPSS file

## IF RESPONDENT HAS CHILDREN AGED 17 OR UNDER (AS GIVEN IN HOUSEHOLD GRID) 0792 [ChldResp] Who is the person mainly responsible for the general care of the child(ren) here? Respondent mainly Someone else mainly Care shared equally (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'someone else' OR 'care shared equally' AT [ChldResD] 0793 [OthClB] 1 PLEASE SPECIFY THIS PERSONS/THESE PEOPLES RELATIONSHIP TO RESPONDENT Multicoded (Maximum of 6 codes) Wife/female partner of respondent Mother/mother-in-law of respondent Husband/male partner of respondent Other female in household Other male in household Other answer (Don't know) (Refusal/NA) 0794 [HidClB] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Hidelb Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) ASK ALL Q795 [TEA] How old were you when you completed your continuous full-time education? PROBE IF NECESSARY 15 or under 16 3 17 18 19 or over Still at school Still at college or university Other answer (WRITE IN) 97 (Don't Know) 98 (Refusal/NA)

#### IF 'Other answer' AT [TEA]

Q796 [OthCIC.OthSpec]<sup>5</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q797 [OthClC.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

ASK ALL

Q798 [SchQual] 1

CARD

Have you passed any of the examinations on this card?

1 Yes

2 No

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Yes' AT [SchQual]

Q799 [EdqFW1] 2 Which ones? PROBE: Any others?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 16 codes)

CSE Grades 2-5

2 GCSE Grades D-G

3 CSE-Grade 1

4 GCE 'O'level

GCSE - Grades A-C

School certificate

7 Scottish (SCE) Ordinary

8 Scottish School-leaving Certificate lower grade

9 SUPE Ordinary

10 Northern Ireland Junior Certificate

11 GCE 'A'level/'S'level

12 Higher school certificate

13 Matriculation

14 Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at Higher grade

15 Northern Ireland Senior Certificate

16 Overseas school leaving exam or certificate

98 (Don't know)

On SPSS file [OthClB] has been recoded as [ChldWife] Wife/female partner responsible for the children, [ChldMum] Mother(-in-law) responsible for the children, [ChldHusb] Husband/male partner responsible for the children, [ChldFem] Other female responsible for the children, [ChldMale] Other male responsible for the children, [ChldOthr] Other person responsible for the children. See also derived variable [ElseCld].

Not on SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file.

See also derived variable [HEdQual].

On the SPSS file, [EdqFW1] has been recoded as [EdQual1] CSE Grade 2-5, [EdQual2] CSE Grade1/0-level, [EdQual3] A-level etc, [EdQual4] Overseas school leaving exam. See also derived variable (HEdQual1).

ASK ALL Q800 [PSchQual] 1 CARD And have you passed any of the exams or got any of the qualifications on this card? 1 Yes 2 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [PSchQual] Q801 [EdgFW2] 2 Which ones? PROBE Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY Multicoded (Maximum of 12 codes) Recognised trade apprenticeship completed RSA/other clerical, commercial qualification City & Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/ 7 City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or 8 Part III City & Guilds Certificate - Full technological BEC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or 10 Diploma (OND) BEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or 11 Diploma (HND) Teacher training qualification 12 Nursing qualification 13 Other technical or business qualification/certificate 14 University or CNAA degree or diploma 15 Other recognised academic or vocational qualification 97 (WRITE IN) (Don't know) 99 (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other qualification' AT [TEA] 0802 [OthClD OthSpec]\* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) Q803 [OthClD HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters) Q804 [CargoEq] (NOT ON SCREEN)\* cargoeq Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

See also derived variable [HEdQual]

IF NOT 'in paid work' OR 'waiting to take up paid work' AT [REconact] Q805 [JobChk] Have you ever had a job? No. never (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED (IF 'in paid work' OR 'waiting to take up paid work' AT [REconAct] OR 'Yes' AT [JobChk]) 0806 [RTitle] IF IN PAID WORK (IF 'in paid work' AT [REconAct]): Now I want to ask you about your present job What is your job?

PROBE IF NECESSARY What is the name or title of the job? IF WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (IF 'waiting to take up paid work' AT [REconAct]). Now I want to ask you about your future dor

What is your job?

PROBE IF NECESSARY What is the name or title of the job? IF NOT IN PAID WORK (OR WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK) BUT EVER HAD JOB IN THE PAST (IF 'Yes' AT [JobChk]) Now I want to ask you about your last job What was your job?

PROBE IF NECESSARY What was the name or title of the job? Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

Q807 [RTypeWk] What kind of work (do/will/did) you do most of the time? IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do/will/did) you use? Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

What training or qualifications (are/were) needed for that rdor Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

0809 [RSuper]1 (Do/Will/Did) you directly supervise or (are you/will you be/were you) directly responsible for the work of any other people?

Yes

2

8

2 No

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Yes' AT [RSuper] Q810 [RMany]<sup>2</sup>

How many? Range 0 9997

On the SPSS file [EdqFW2] has been recoded as [EdQual5] Trade apprenticeships [EdQual6] RSA/clerical [EdQual7] City and Guilds craft [EdQual8] City and Guilds Advanced [EdQual9] City and Guilds full techn [EdQual10] BEC ordinary/ONC/OND, (EdQual11) BEC higher/HNC/HND, (EdQual12) Teacher training, [EdQual13] Nursing qualification, [EdQual14] Other technical/business [EdQual15] University/CNAA degree/diploma, [EdQual16] other academic/vocational See also \_\_derived variable [HEdQual]

Not on SPSS file

<sup>1</sup> Called RSuper2 on SPSS file

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See also derived variable [RSuper]

```
ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED (IF 'paid work' OR 'waiting to
     take up paid work' AT [REconact] OR 'Yes' AT [JobChk])
O811 [RSupman]
     Can I just check, (are you/will you be/were you) ...
     READ OUT ...
1
     ...a manager,
2
     a foreman or supervisor,
3
     or not?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0812 [REmplyee] 1
     Can I just check, (are you/will you be/were you) ...
     READ OUT ...
     ... an employee.
     or, self-employed?
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     IF EMPLOYEE IN THE PAST OR PRESENT (IF 'employee' OR DK AT
      [REmplyee])
Q813 [Premises] $5
      (Is/Was) where you (work/will work/worked) your employer's
     only premises, or (are/were) there other premises elsewhere?
     Employer's only premises
     Employer has other premises elsewhere
2
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED (IF 'paid work' OR 'waiting to
      take up paid work' AT [REconact] OR 'Yes' AT [JobChk])
O814 [REmpMake]
     What (does/did) your employer/you make or do at the place
     where you usually (work/will work/worked) (from)?
      Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)
0815 [REmpWork]
      Including yourself, how many people (are/were) employed at
      the place where you usually (work/will work/worked) (from)?
      IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (do/will/did) you have any employees?
      IF YES: PROBE FOR CORRECT PRECODE
     None
     Under 10
      10-24
3
      25-99
     100-499
      500 or more
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
```

Q816 [RPartFul] 5 (Is/Was) the job ... READ OUT ... ...full-time (30+ HOURS) or, part-time (10-29 HOURS)? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q817 [OC\_r] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters) Q818 [SOC\_r] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2 Range: 100 ... 999 Q819 [r1] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 rl Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters) Q820 [RREmpee] (NOT ON SCREEN)3 To revise current status of employment. Employee Self employed (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0821 [r2] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$ Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters) Q822 [ES\_r] (NOT ON SCREEN) 4 Range: 1 ... 11 0823 [r3] (NOT ON SCREEN)5 Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters) 0824 [SIC\_r] (NOT ON SCREEN) 5 Range: 0 ... 99 Q825 (r4) (NOT ON SCREEN)5

Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)

See also derived variable (REconPos).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>"\$\$</sup> Not on SPSS file

<sup>5</sup> See also derived variable [REconPos].

Not on SPSS file.

Called RSOC on SPSS file. See also derived variables (RManual), [RMinGrp], [RSMajGrp], [RMajGrp].

REmplyee revised if necessary at the time of SOC coding.

Called REmpStat on SPSS file.

Called RIndClass on SPSS file. See also derived variable [RIndDiv].

```
Q826 [SEG_r] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1
     Range 0
                  20
0827 [r5] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q828 [SC_r] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2
     SOC CLASS
     Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q829 [HG_r] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     H-G
     Range 1
                  99
Q830 [r6] (NOT ON SCREEN)*
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 2 characters)
     ASK ALL
0831 [Union] 4
     (May I just check) are you now a member of a trade union or
     staff association?
     CODE FIRST TO APPLY
1
     Yes, trade union
     Yes, staff association
2
3
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'No' AT [Union]
Q832 [UnionEvr] 5
     Have you ever been a member of a trade union or staff
     association?
     CODE FIRST TO APPLY
     Yes, trade union
     Yes, staff association
2
3
     (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

ASK ALL MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (IF 'married' OR 'living as married' AT [MarStat]) 5

Q833 [SEconInt]

CARD

Which of these descriptions applied to what your (husband/wife/partner) was doing last week, that is the sever days ending last Sunday?

PROBE Any others?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 11 codes)

- In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)
- On government training/employment programme (eg Employment Training, Youth Training, etc)
- In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in week
- 4 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted
- 5 Unemployed and registered at a benefit office
- 6 Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job
  7 Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs a week), but
  - Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs a week), but not actively looking for a job
- 8 Permanently sick or disabled
- 9 Wholly retired from work
- 10 Looking after the home
- 11 (Doing something else) (WRITE IN)
- 98 (Don't know)
- 99 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Doing something else' AT [SEconInt]

Q834 [OthClf OthSpec]<sup>\$\$</sup>
WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q835 [OthClf HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN);
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

Called RSEG2 on the SPSS file See also dervied variables (RSEG) [RSEGGrp]

Not on SPSS file

Called [RSOCCLa2] on SPSS file See also derived variables [RSOCClas] and [RRGClass]

Called [RGHClass] on SPSS file See also derived variable (RGHGrp)

Called [UnionSA] on SPSS file

Called [TUSAEver] on SPSS file

103

Not on SPSS file

ASK ALL MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (IF 'married' OR 'living as married' AT [MarStat])

Q836 [SECONACT] (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM AS FIRST CODE ON THE LIST AT [SECONINT]) 1

Partners economic activity

- In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)
- On government training/employment programme (eg. Employment Training, Youth Training, etc)
- 3 In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in week
- Waiting to take up paid work already accepted
- 5 Unemployed and registered at a benefit office
- 6 Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job
- 7 Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs a week), but not actively looking for a job
- 8 Permanently sick or disabled
- 9 Wholly retired from work
- 10 Looking after the home
- 11 (Doing something else) (WRITE IN)
- 97 Respondent refused
- 98 (Don't Know)
- 99 (Refusal/NA)

IF SPOUSE/PARTMER IS NOT IN WORK (IF 'in full-time education', 'on government training scheme', 'unemployed', permanently sick', 'wholly retired', 'looking after home', 'doing something else'AT [SEconAct])

Q837 [SLastJob]
How long ago did your (husband/wife/partner) last have a paid job (other than the government programme you mentioned) of at least 10 hours a week?

- Within past 12 months
- 2 Over 1, up to 5 years ago
- 3 Over 5, up to 10 years ago
- Over 10, up to 20 years ago
- 5 Over 20 years ago
- 6 Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a week
- 8 (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)

ASK ALL WHOSE SPOUSE/PARTMER HAS EVER WORKED (IF 'in paid work'/'waiting to take up paid work' AT [SEconAt] OR 'Within past 12 months'/ 'Over 1, up to 5 years go'/ 'Over 5, up to 10 years ago'/ 'Over 10, up to 20 years ago'/ 'Over 20 years ago' AT [SLastJob])

Q838 [STitle]\$ IF SPOUSE/PARTNER IN PAID WORK (IF 'paid work' AT [SEconAct]): Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) present job. What is (his/her) job? PROBE IF NECESSARY: What is the name or title of that job? IF SPOUSE/PARTNER IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (IF 'waiting to take up paid work' AT [SECONACT]): Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) future job. What is (his/her) job? PROBE IF NECESSARY: What is the name or title of that job? IF SPOUSE/PARTNER IS NOT IN PAID WORK (OR WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK) BUT HAS EVER WORKED IN THE PAST (IF 'Within past 12 months'/ 'Over 1, up to 5 years go'/ 'Over 5, up to 10 years ago'/ 'Over 10, up to 20 years ago'/ 'Over 20 years ago' AT [SLastJob]): Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) past job. What was (his/her) job? PROBE IF NECESSARY: What was the name or title of that job? Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

Q839 [STypeWk]<sup>5</sup>
What kind of work (does/will/did) (he/she) do most of the time?
IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (does/will/did) (he/she) use?
Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

Q840 [STrain]<sup>\$</sup>
What training or qualifications (are/were) needed for that job?
Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)

Q841 (SSuper)<sup>1</sup>
(Does/Will/Did) (he/she) directly supervise or (is/will/was)
(he/she) (be) directly responsible for the work of any other people?

- . Yes
- 2 **N**o
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Yes' AT [SSuper]

Q842 [SMany] How many?

Range: 1 ... 9997

See also derived variable [SEconPos].

Not on SPSS file.

Called SSuper2 on SPSS file.

```
ASK ALL WROSE SPOUSE/PARTNER HAS EVER WORKED (IF 'in paid
     work'/ 'waiting to take up paid work' AT [SEconAt] OR 'Within
     past 12 months'/ 'Over 1, up to 5 years go'/ 'Over 5, up to
     10 years ago'/ 'Over 10, up to 20 years ago'/ 'Over 20 years
     ago' AT (SLastJob))
Q843 [SSupMan]
     Can I just check, (1s/will/was) (he/she) (be)
     READ OUT
        a manager,
     a foreman or supervisor,
     or not?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
O844 [SEmployel 1
      (Is/Will/Was) (he/she) (be)
                                      READ OUT
         an employee
2
     or, self-employed?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0845 [SEmpMake]*
     What (does/will/was) the employer (IF SELF-IMPLOYED:
      (he/she)) make or do at the place where (he/she) usually
      (works/will work/worked)?
     Open Question (Maximum of 50 characters)
Q846 [SEmpWork]
     Including (himself/herself), roughly how many people
      (are/were) employed at the place where (he/she) usually
      (works/will work/worked) (from)?
     IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (does/will/did) (he/she) have any
      employees?
     IF YES: PROBE FOR CORRECT PRECODE
     None
     Under 10
1
      10-24
      25-99
      100-499
      500 or more
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0847 [SPartFull 2
                           READ OUT
      (Is/Was) the job
          full-time (30+ HOURS)
1
      or, part-time (10-29 HOURS)?
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

107

```
ASK ALL MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (IF 'married' OR 'living
     as married' AT [MarStat]
Q848 [OC_s] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
Q849 [SOC_s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1
     SOC
     Range 100
                    999
Q850 [s1] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q851 [SREmpee] (NOT ON SCREEN)2
     To revise current status of employment
     Employee
2
     Self employed
8
     (Don't Know)
9
     (Refusal/NA)
Q852 [s2] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     s2
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q853 [ES_s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 3
     ES
     Range 1
                  11
Q854 [s3] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q855 [SIC s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 4
     SIC
     Range 0
                  99
Q856 [s4] (NOT ON SCREEN)5
     Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q857 [SEG s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 5
     SEG
     Range 0
                  20
```

See also derived variable (SEconPos)

Not on SPSS file

<sup>2</sup> See also derived variable [SRconPos]

Not on SPSS file

Called SSOC on SPSS file See also derived variables [SManual] [SMinGrp] [SSMajGrp], [[SMajGrp]

<sup>(</sup>SEmploye) revised if necessary at the time of SOC coding

J Called SEmpStat on SPSS file

Called SIndClass on SPSS variable See also derived variable [SIndDiv]

Called SSEG2 on the SPSS file See also derived variables [SSEG] [SSEGGrp]

```
Q858 [s5] (NOT ON SCREEN)$
     s5
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
Q859 [SC_s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1
     SOC CLASS
     Open Question (Maximum of 1 characters)
Q860 [HG_s] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2
     H-G
     Range: 1 ... 99
Q861 [s6] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
     ASK ALL
Q862 [CarOwn]
     VERSION A: (May I just check) Do you, or does anyone else in
     your household, own or have the regular use of a car or a
     VERSION B AND C: Do you, or does anyone else in your
     household, own or have the regular use of a car or a van?
1
     Yes
2
      (Don't Know)
8
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q863 [AnyBNew]
     CARD
     Do you (or does your husband/wife/partner) receive any of the
     state benefits on this card at present?
1
     Yes
      (Don't Know)
```

(Refusal/NA)

109

 $\infty$ 

```
IF 'Yes' AT [AnyBNew]
Q864 [BenftFW] 1
     Which ones?
     Any others?
     CODE ALL THAT APPLY
     Multicoded (Maximum of 12 codes)
     Unemployment benefit
     Income support
     One-parent benefit
     Family credit
     Housing benefit (rent-rebate)
     Statutory sick pay/sickness benefit
     Invalidity benefit
     Disability living allowance
10
     Widow's pension
     Council tax rebate
11
13
     Attendance allowance
     Severe disablement allowance
14
     Other state benefit(s) (PLEASE SAY WHAT)
     (Don't know)
98
99
      (Refusal/NA)
Q865 [Ben1] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2
     Unemployment benefit
     Yes
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
0866 [Ben2] (NOT ON SCREEN) 3
     Income support
1
     Yes
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
9
0867 [Ben3] (NOT ON SCREEN) 4
     One-parent benefit
1
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
```

9

Not on SPSS file.

Called [SSOCCla2] on SPSS file. See also derived variables [SSOCClas] and [SRCClass].

Recoded as [SGHClass] on SPSS file. See also derived variable [SGHGrp].

See variables [Ben1] to [Ben97] below. See also derived variables [BenftN13] (Attendance allowance), [BenftN14] (Severe disablement allowance) and [NumBen].

Derived from [BenftFW]. Called [BenftN1] on SPSS file.

Derived from [BenftFW]. Called [BenftN2] on SPSS file.

Derived from (BenftFW). Called [BenftN3] on SPSS file.

```
Q868 [Ben4] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1
     Family credit
     Yes
8
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
0869 [Ben5] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2
     Housing benefit (rate or rent rebate)
1
2
8
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q870 [Ben6] (NOT ON SCREEN) 3
     N I sickness benefit
     Yes
2
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q871 [Ben7] (NOT ON SCREEN) 4
      Invalidity benefit
1
      Yes
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q872 [Ben8] (NOT ON SCREEN) 5
      Disability Living Allowance
      Yes
2
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q873 [Ben9] (NOT ON SCREEN)*
      Disability Working Allowance
      Yes
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

```
Q874 [Ben10] (NOT ON SCREEN) 1
     Widow's pension
     Yes
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
0875 [Ben11] (NOT ON SCREEN) 2
     Community Charge/Council Tax rebate
     No
Я
     (Don't Know)
9
     (Refusal/NA)
O876 [Ben97] (NOT ON SCREEN) 3
     Other state benefit(s)
     Yes
2
     No
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     IF 'Other state benefit(s)' AT [BenftFW]
Q877 [QthClH]$
     Please specify
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q878 [HidClH] (NOT ON SCREEN)5
     Hidelh
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
     JIK ALL
Q879 [Disab]
     Do you have any long-standing health problems or disabilities
     which limit what you can do at work, at home or in your
     leisure time?
     INTERVIEWER 'LONG-STANDING' MEANS HAVE HAD PROBLEM FOR 3
     YEARS OR MORE OR EXPECT PROBLEM TO LAST FOR 3 YEARS OR MORE
1
     Yes
2
     No
8
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q880 [HHIncome] *
     Which of the letters on this card represents the total income
     of your household from all sources before tax?
     Please just tell me the letter
     NOTE INCLUDES INCOME FROM BENEFITS, SAVINGS, ETC
```

Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN4] on SPSS file
Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN5] on SPSS file
Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN6] on SPSS file
Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN7] on SPSS file
Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN8] on SPSS file
Not on SPSS file

Derived from (BenftFW) Called (BenftN10) on SPSS file

Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN11] on SPSS file

Derived from [BenftFW] Called [BenftN12] on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

```
ASK ALL IN PAID WORK (IF 'in paid work' AT RECONACT])
Q881 (REarn) *
     Which of the letters on this card represents your own gross
     or total earnings, before deduction of income tax and
     national insurance?
     [HHIncome] to [REarn] 1
     Т
     O
     K
10
     В
11
     M
12
13
     F
14
     J
15
     D
16
     H
17
     C
18
     G
19
     P
20
98
     (Don't Know)
99
      (Refusal/NA)
     ASK ALL
0882 [OwnShare]
     Do you (or does your husband/wife/partner) own any shares
      quoted on the Stock Exchange, including unit trusts?
1
     Yes
2
Я
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q883 [Teleph] 2
      Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation?
2
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
```

 $\Leftrightarrow$ 

PLEASE TYPE IN DATE OF INTERVIEW

IF 'Yes' AT [Teleph]

ADD IF NECESSARY

Number given

Some of my interviews are checked.

May I take your 'phone number for that purpose?

Your 'phone number will not be passed to anyone outside SCPR. IF NUMBER GIVEN, WRITE ON THE ARF - DO NOT KEY IT IN !

O884 [TelNum]

Date

The categories on the Showcard were: Q <3,999; T 4,000-5,999; O 6,000-7,999; K 8,000-9,999; L 10,000-11,999; B 12,000-14,999; Z 15,000-17,999; M 18,000-19,999; P 20,000-22,999; J 23,000-25,999; D 26,000-28,999; H 29,000-31,999; C 32,000-34,999; G 35,000-37,999; P 38,000-40,999; N≥41,000.

Called [Phone] on SPSS file.

Number refused (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) ASK ALL Q885 [Comeback] In a year's time we may be doing a similar survey and we may wish to include you again. Would this be all right? (Don't Know) 8 (Refusal/NA) Q886 [SCxplain] 1 INTERVIEWER: THANK RESPONDENT FOR HIS OR HER HELP AND EXPLAIN ABOUT THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE. PLEASE MAKE SURE YOU GIVE THE RESPONDENT VERSION (A/B/C) THEN TELL US WHETHER IT IS TO BE ... ... filled in immediately after interview in your presence, or, left behind to be filled in later, or, if the respondent refused. (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q887 [ETime] 2 End Time Open Ouestion (Maximum of 8 characters) Q888 [Qlength] 3 THIS INTERVIEW WAS STARTED AT (Start time) AND IT IS NOW (End PLEASE ENTER LENGTH OF INTERVIEW IN MINUTES (IF YOU HAVE HAD TO STOP AN INTERVIEW AND START AGAIN, JUST ENTER TIME SPENT INTERVIEWING) Range: 1 ... 150 0889 [ODate] 4

See derived variable [SelfComp].

Called OFilled on SPSS file.

Called Duration on SPSS file.

Called DateInt on SPSS file.

```
Q890 [AnyTeen]
     IF ANY TERNAGERS OTHER THAN RESPONDENT IN HOUSEHOLD
     INTERVIEWER: FROM THE HOUSEHOLD GRID, THE FOLLOWING PEOPLE
     HAVE BEEN CODED AS AGED 12-19
     (RESPONDENT NOT INCLUDED)
     Person number (Number) (Name)
     TRANSFER THIS INFORMATION TO YOUR ARF AND PLEASE ADMINISTER
     THE YOUNG PERSONS' QUESTIONNAIRE TO EACH OF THESE.
     IF NO THENAGERS (OTHER THAN RESPONDENT) IN HOUSEHOLD
     INTERVIEWER: FROM THE HOUSEHOLD GRID, THE POLLOWING PEOPLE
     HAVE BEEN CODED AS AGED 12-19
     (RESPONDENT NOT INCLUDED)
     No 12-19 year olds in household
1
     Continue
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
```

ASK ALL

Q891 (CargoCl3 Sprcol) (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden spare cols for emergencies '
Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)

```
ASK ALL
     [Serial] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     Serial
     Range 60001
                      69997
     [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     Card number
     Range 1
     [Spare3] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     3 spare cols
     Open Question (Maximum of 3 characters)
     [Region] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE) 1
     REGION
     Range 1
                 11
     (Field) (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     FIELD AREA
     Range 1
     (SPOINT) (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     SAMPLE POINT
     Range 1
                 9997
     [Version] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE) 5
     VERSION (A=1, B=2, C=3)
     Range 1
     (Sector) (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     POSTCODE SECTOR
     Open Question (Maximum of 6 characters)
     [IntNum] (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE) 5
     INTERVIEWER NUMBER
     Range 1
                  9997
     (ISSNUM) (NOT ON SCREEN - SUPPLIED BY SETUP FILE)
     ISSUE NUMBER
     Range 1 7
     [QStrt] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Start of g're reached MIRRORS newsgov rsex
1
     MALE
     FEMALE
2
8
     (Don't Know)
9
     (Refusal/NA)
```

ADMIN BLOCK (No question numbers in Admin Block)

Not on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file Note that this is not the same as the derived variable called [Region]

```
[OEnd] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     End of g're reached. SET BY classif.comeback
     Yes
2
     No
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     [IntStat] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Current Interview Status
     UPDATE THIS BEFORE EACH RETURN OF WORK TO HEAD OFFICE.
     ONCE SET TO 3, IT CANNOT BE CHANGED
     No work done vet
1
     Calls made but no contact
     Contact made, no work yet done on questionnaire
     Interview started/Any interviewing done.
     Other - no interviewing required (eg. ineligible/
     deadwood; refusal)
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
q
      [AdmNote]$
     Reminder/Note for opening menu (OPTIONAL)
     IF NOTHING TO SAY, JUST PRESS <Enter>.
      ENTER IN HERE ANY USEFUL DETAILS YOU WISH TO APPEAR ON THE
     ADDRESS MENU.
      Open Ouestion (Maximum of 50 characters)
      [Choice]
      INTERVIEWER: DO YOU NOW WANT TO ...
      ... RETURN TO THE MENU
      OR ... FILL IN THE ADMIN DETAILS?
      DO NOT SELECT ADMIN UNTIL YOU ARE READY TO PREPARE
      THIS QUESTIONNAIRE FOR DISPATCH TO HEAD OFFICE
     RETURN TO THE ADDRESS MENU -without filling in the admin
1
      FILL IN THE ADMIN DETAILS - and prepare this interview for
      return to Head Office?
      INTERVIEWER: Do not select code 5 until you are sure you wish
      to send this questionnaire to
      Head Office
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      [VChoice] (NOT ON SCREEN)
      RETURN TO THE ADDRESS MENU -without filling in the admin
      details?
      FILL IN THE ADMIN DETAILS - and prepare this interview for
      return to Head Office?
      INTERVIEWER: Do not select code 5 until you are sure you wish
      to send this questionnaire to
      Head Office
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

```
Not on SPSS file.
```

```
[TNC]
     ENTER TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS
     Range: 1 ... 10
CALLS AND OUTCOME GRID: QUESTIONS [CNum] TO [Callbur] ARE ASKED
ONCE FOR EACH CALL AT [TNC]
     ONCE FOR EACH CALL AT [TNC]
     [Cnum] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Call number
     Range: 1 ... 10
     [CallDat]$
     FIRST CALL:
     Date of call No. (call number) ...
     INTERVIEWER: IF NO CALLS MADE ENTER "DON'T KNOW".
     SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT CALLS:
     Date of call No. (call number)...
     Date
     ONCE FOR EACH CALL AT [TNC]:
     [DOWNO] (CALCULATED BY PROGRAM AS DAY OF THE WEEK OF
     [CallDat])5
     DOWno
     Range: 1 ... 7
      [CallTime] $
     FIRST CALL:
     Time of call No. (call number)...
      (Use 24hr clock)
     INTERVIEWER: IF NO CALLS MADE ENTER "DON'T KNOW".
     SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT CALLS:
     Time of call No. (call number)...
      (Use 24hr clock)
     Range: 0 ... 24
      [CallRes]$
     FIRST CALL:
     Code the result of call No. (call number)...
      INTERVIEWER: IF NO CALLS MADE ENTER "DON'T KNOW".
      SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT CALLS
      Code the result of call No. (call number) ...
     Multicoded (Maximum of 3 codes)
     No contact with anyone
      Respondent selection completed
      Appointment made
      Full / partial interview achieved
      Interviewer withdraws/all other results
      (Don't know)
```

IF 'FILL IN ADMIN DETAILS' AT [Choice]

Not on SPSS file.

```
[CallDurl*
     Time spent interviewing for call No (call number)
     IN MINUTES?
     Range 0
                 300
     IF 'FILL IN ADMIN DETAILS' AT [Choice]
     (FCallD) (NOT ON SCREEN - CALCULATED BY PROGRAM)
     ENTER CALL DATE OF FIRST CALL
     Range 1 31
     (FCallM) (NOT ON SCREEN - CALCULATED BY PROGRAM)5
     ENTER CALL MONTH OF FIRST CALL
     Range 1 12
     [LCallD] (NOT ON SCREEN - CALCULATED BY PROGRAM) 5
     ENTER CALL DATE OF LAST CALL
     Range 1
                31
     [LCallM] (NOT ON SCREEN - CALCULATED BY PROGRAM)
     ENTER CALL MONTH OF LAST CALL
                 12
     Range 1
     [RespOutc]
     PLEASE ENTER FINAL OUTCOME FOR THE MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE
     Insufficient address
     Not traced
     Not yet built/not yet ready for occupation
     Derelict/demolished
     Business/industrial only
     Institution only
     Weekend or holiday home
     Other deadwood
21
     No contact (no DU selection)
     DU information refused
22
     No contact (no person selection)
23
     No of persons information refused
24
     INTERVIEW OBTAINED WITH SELECTED ADULT - and no 12-19 year
50
     old in household eligible for interview
     - and (all) eligible 12-19 year old(s) in household
51
     interviewed
     - and outcome from one or more eligible 12-19 year old(s) not
52
     yet known (Contact sheet filled in and retained)
     - but one or more eligible 12-19 year old(s) not interviewed
53
     and no further attempts to be made
70
     Office refusal
     No contact with selected adult after 4+ calls
71
     Personal refusal by selected adult
72
73
     Proxy refusal
74
     Broken appointment, no recontact
     Ill at home during survey period
75
     Away/in hospital during survey period
76
77
     Selected adult semile/incapacitated
78
     Inadequate English
     Other reason for no interview
79
     Only partially completed
80
98
     (Don't Know)
99
     (Refusal/NA)
```

```
IF OUTCOME CODE 23 OR ABOVE
     [DUNol 1
     PLEASE ENTER NUMBER OF OCCUPIED UNITS
     Range 1
                  97
     IF MORE THAN ONE DWELLING UNIT
     IDuSell *
     PLEASE ENTER 'DU CODE' OF SELECTED DU
     Range 1
                  97
     IF FULL OR PARTIAL INTERVIEW
     [PersNol 2
     PLEASE ENTER NO. OF PEOPLE AGED 18+
     Range 1
                  20
     IF MORE THAN ONE PERSON AGED 16+
     [PersSell 5
     PLEASE ENTER 'PERSON NUMBER' OF SELECTED ADULT
     Range 1
                  20
     IF FULL INTERVIEW
     [SCRet] *
     PLEASE RECORD HOW SELF-COMPLETION OUESTIONNAIRE IS BRING
     RETURNED
     YOUR PLANS NOW CODE ONE ONLY
     To return it together with disk
     To collect it yourself return it separately from disk
     To ask the respondent to post it back to the office
     OUO
     Not expected
     OUO
     OUO
     (Don't Know)
98
     (Refusal/NA)
     IF FULL OR PARTIAL INTERVIEW
     [Length] $
     PLEASE ENTER LENGTH OF INTERVIEW IN MINUTES
     Range 1
                  150
     [NumTeen]
     Number of teenagers recorded on grid
     Range 0
```

5

6

7

Called [Dwelling] on SPSS file

Not on SPSS file

Called (NumAdult) on SPSS file

# QUESTIONS [TOutc] and [Tintlen] ARE ASKED ONCE FOR EACH TEENAGER AT [NumTeen]

ONCE FOR EACH TEENAGER AT [MumToon]

[TOutc] \$

PLEASE KEY IN CURRENT OUTCOME CODE FOR YOUNG PERSON

(PERSON No. number)

Full interview obtained

No contact with named person 71 72

Personal refusal by named person

Proxy refusal (on behalf of named person) 73

Broken appointment, no recontact 74

75 Ill at home during survey period

Away/at college/in hospital etc. during survey period 76

77 Named person incapacitated

79 Other reason for no interview

Only partially completed 80

No final outcome yet 90

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

> IF FULL OR PARTIAL INTERVIEW WITH TEENAGER (IF OUTCOME CODE 51 or 80 at [TOutc])

[TIntLen] \$

PLEASE ENTER LENGTH OF INTERVIEW FOR THIS PERSON

Range: 1 ... 100

IF 'Fill in Admin details' AT [Choice]

[Spare] (NOT ON SCREEN)5

SPARE COLUMNS

Open Question (Maximum of 15 characters)

[IntDone]

HAVE YOU COMPLETED ALL POST-INTERVIEW CODING, CHECKING &

CODE 1 (Yes) SIGNALS THAT THIS INTERVIEW IS READY FOR RETURN OF WORK TO HEAD OFFICE.

Yes, completed all coding etc. 1

Not yet

(Don't Know) 8

(Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file.

#### COUNTRYSIDE/ENVIRONMENT (VERSION B)

VERSION B: ASK ALL

Q588 [CargoCS1] (NOT ON SCREEN)5

cargoCS1

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

Q589 [Spoils] 1

Now a few questions about the countryside.

What, if anything, do you think spoils or threatens the countryside in Britain these days?

What else? And what else? PROBE UNTIL 'NO'. RECORD WORD FOR

CONTINUE IN A NOTE (ctrl + f4), IF NECESSARY

Open Ouestion (Maximum of 100 characters)

Q590 [HidSp] (NOT ON SCREEN)5

Hidsp

Open Question (Maximum of 20 characters)

Q591 [CargoSp] (NOT ON SCREEN)\$

Open Question (Maximum of 20 characters)

0592 [CThreat1] \*

Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside?

If you think none of them is a threat, or something not on the card please say so.

CODE ONE ONLY

OUESTION ('Spoils')

INTERVIEWER: DO NOT TRY TO CHANGE THE ANSWER AT PREVIOUS

Motorways and road building

Industrial pollution

Removal by farmers of traditional landscapes, such as hedgerows, woodlands

Too many people visiting the countryside

Rubbish-tipping and litter

urban growth and housing development

Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming

(None of these)

Other answer (WRITE IN)

(Don't Know) 98

Not on SPSS file.

On the SPSS file [Spoils] has been used to derive [SpoNo] Nothing spoils or threatens the countryside, [SpoLitr] Litter/rubbish, [SpoResdt] Resident build, [SpoBldg] Building, [SpoRoads] Roads, [SpoTrfP1] Traffic pollution, [SpoTrOth] Other traffic, [SpoIndGr] Industrial growth, [SpoIndPl] Industrial pollution, [SpoIndOt] Other industry, [SpoFrmPl] Agricultural/farm pollution' [SpoFrmOt] Other agricultural/farm, [SpoPolut] Pollution, [SpoAbLnd] Abuse of land, [SpoNCare] No care, [SpoLeisr] Tourism/leisure, [SpoTravl] Travellers, [SpoOther] Other.

IF 'Other answer' AT [CThreat1]

Q593 [OthCSA OthSpec]\*

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q594 [OthCSA HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN);
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

## IF ANSWER GIVEN AT [CThreat1]

Q595 [CThreat2] \*
And which do you think is the next greatest threat (to the countryside)?

CODE ONE ONLY

1 Motorways and road building

2 Industrial pollution

3 Removal by farmers of traditional landscapes, such as hedgerows, woodlands

Too many people visiting the countryside

5 Rubbish-tipping and litter

6 Urban growth and housing development

Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming

96 (None of these)

97 Other answer (WRITE IN)

98 (Don't Know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

IF 'Other answer' AT [CThreat2]

0596 [OthCSB OthSpec]\*

WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN

Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)

Q597 [OthCSB HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION B: ASK ALL

Q598 [Crowded1] \*

CARE

Beauty spots and other popular places in the countryside often get crowded Suppose one of these was visited so much that enjoying its peace and quiet was being spoiled Using this card, are you in favour of or against cutting down or closing car parks near the site?

- Q599 [Crowded2] \*
  (To limit the number of visitors, are you in favour of or against ) stopping anyone at all from visiting it at particular times each year?
- Q600 [Crowded3] \*
  (To limit the number of visitors, are you in favour of or against ) making visitors pay and using the the extra money to help protect it?

Q601 [Crowded4] \*
(To limit the number of visitors, are you in favour of or against ) issuing free permits in advance so people will have to plan their visits?

Q602 [Crowded5] \*
(To limit the number of visitors, are you in favour of or
against ) cutting down on advertising and promoting it?

Q603 [Crowded6] \*

(To limit the number of visitors, are you in favour of or against ) advertising and promoting other popular places in the countryside instead?

#### [Crowded1] to [Crowded6]

1 Strongly in favour

In favour

3 Neither in favour nor against

4 Against

5 Strongly against

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q604 [ConDevt]

Suppose you heard that a housing development was being planned in a part of the countryside you knew and liked Would you be concerned by this, or not?

1 Yes, concerned

2 No.

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

#### IF 'Yes' AT [ConDevt]

Q605 [DevtDo] 1

Would you personally be likely to do any of these things about it? Any others?

ADOUT IT ANY OTHERS CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes)

0 (No, would take no action)

Contact MP or councillor

2 Contact a government or planning department

Contact radio, TV or a newspaper

4 Sign a petition

5 Join a conservation group

6 Give money to a campaign

7 Volunteer to work for a campaign

8 Go on a protest march or demonstration

98 (Don't know)

Not on SPSS file

On the SPSS file [DevtDo] has been used to derive [DevtDo1] Take no action [DevtDo2] Contact MP [DevtDo3] Contact govt department [DevtDo4] Contact media, [DevtDo5] Sign petition [DevtDo6] Join conservation group [DevtDo7] Give mone; to campaign [DevtDo8] Work for a campaign [DevtDo9] Go on demo

VERSION B: ASK ALL Q606 [ConFlwr] Now suppose you heard that a site where wildflowers grew was going to be ploughed for farmland. Would you be concerned by this, or not? Yes, concerned 1 2 No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Yes' AT [ConFlwr] Q607 [FlwrDo] 1 CARD AGAIN Would you personally be likely to do any of these things about it? Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes) (No, would take no action) Contact an MP or councillor Contact a government or planning department Contact radio, TV or a newspaper Sign a petition Join a conservation group Give money to a campaign Volunteer to work for a campaign Go on a protest march or demonstration (Don't know) 98 99 (Refusal/NA) VERSION B: ASK ALL 0608 [CtryDone] Have you ever done any of the things on the card to help

protect the countryside?

1

2 8

9

Yes

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

**CARD**Which have you ever done to help protect the countryside? Any others?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Multicoded (Maximum of 8 codes)

1 Contacted an MP or councillor

2 Contacted a government or planning department

3 Contacted radio, TV or a newspaper

4 Signed a petition

5 Joined a conservation group

Given money to a campaign

Volunteered to work for a campaign

8 Gone on a protest march or demonstration

98 (Don't know)

99 (Refusal/NA)

Q610 [CargoCS2] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup> cargoCS2

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

On the SPSS file, [FlwrDo] has been used to derive [FlwrDo1] Take no action, [FlwrDo2] Contact MP, [FlwrDo3] Contact govt department, [FlwrDo4] Contact media, [FlwrDo5] Sign petition, [FlwrDo6] Join conservation group, [FlwrDo7] Give money to campaign, [FlwrDo8] Work for a campaign, [FlwrDo9] Go on a demo.

Q609 [DoneCtry] 1

On the SPSS file, [DoneCtry] has been used to derive [CtryDon1] Contacted MP, [CtryDon2] Contacted govt department, [CtryDon3] Contacted media, [CtryDon4] Signed petition, [CtryDon5] Joined conservation group, [CtryDon6] Given money to campaign, [CtryDon7] Worked for a campaign, [CtryDon8] Done on demo.

Not on SPSS file.

Trans:	PORT (VERSION B)
	VERSION B: ASK ALL [CargoTrl] (NOT ON SCREEN); Cargotrl Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)
Q612	<pre>{TrfPrb6} * CARD Now thinking about traffic and transport problems, how serious a problem is congestion on motorways?</pre>
Q613	<pre>[TrfPrb7] * CARD AGAIN (And how serious a problem for you is )   increased traffic on country roads and lanes?</pre>
Q614	<pre>[TrfPrb8] * CARD AGAIN (And how serious a problem for you is )     traffic congestion at popular places in the countryside?</pre>
Q615	<pre>[TrfPrb9] * CARD AGAIN (And how serious a problem for you is )     traffic congestion in towns and cities?</pre>
Q616	[TrfPrb10] * CARD AGAIN (And how serious a problem for you is ) exhaust fumes from traffic in towns and cities
Q617	[TrfPrb11] * CARD AGAIN (And how serious a problem for you is ) noise from traffic in towns and cities
*	[TrfPrb6] to [TrfPrb11]
1 2 3 4 8 9	A very serious problem A serious problem Not a very serious problem Not a problem at all (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)

Q618	[TransCar] May I just check, do you, or does anyone else in your household, own or have the regular use of a car or a van? IF 'YES', PROBE FOR WHETHER RESPONDENT, OR OTHER PERSON(S), OR BOTH Yes, respondent Yes, other Yes, both No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q619 L 22 33 1 55 33	IF 'Yes' AT [TransCar] [NumbCars] How many vehicles in all? One Two Three Four Five or more (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
2620 0 1 2 3 3	IF ONE OR MORE VEHICLES AT [NumbCars] [CompCar] Is this vehicle (Are any of these vehicles ) provided by an employer or run as a business expense? No, none Yes, one (of them) Yes, two (of them) Yes, three or more (of them) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q621 1 2 8 9	VERSION B: ASK ALL {Drive} (May I just check) do you drive a car at all these days? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q <b>6</b> 22	IF 'Yes' AT [Drive] [Travel1] * CARD How often nowadays do you usually travel by car as a driver?
2623	VERSION B. ASK ALL [Travel2] * CARD AGAIN  (And how often do you usually ) travel by car as a passenger?

Not on SPSS file

```
0624 [Travel3] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (And how often do you usually ...)
      ... travel by local bus?
0625 [Trave14] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (And how often do you usually ...)
      ... travel by train?
0626 [Travel6] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (And how often do you usually ...)2
      ... travel by bicycle?
0627 [Travel7] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (And how often do you usually ...)
      ... walk for over half an hour to or from work, the shops or
     for any other purpose?
0628 [Travel8] *
     CARD AGAIN
     (And how often do you usually ...)
      ... walk for over half an hour just for exercise or
     pleasure?
     [Travel1] to [Travel8]
1
     Every day or nearly every day
     2-5 days a week
     Once a week
     Less often but at least once a month
     Less often than that
     Never nowadays
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
Q629 [CargoTr2] (NOT ON SCREEN)*
     Cargotr2
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 12 characters)
```

# **VERSION C**

### ECONOMIC PROSPECTS (VERSION C)

- Q630 VERSION C: ASK ALL
  [CargoEP1.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  Hidden spare cols for emergencies!
  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q631 [Cardno] (NOT ON SCREEN) scardno Range: 1 ... 97
- Q632 [CargoEP2.Sprcol] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
  Hidden spare cols for emergencies !
  Open Question (Maximum of 5 characters)
- Q633 [Prices] \*
  Now I would like to ask you about two economic problems inflation and unemployment.
  First, inflation: in a year from now, do you expect prices
  generally to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to
  have gone down?
  IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN: By a lot or a little?
- Q634 [Unemp] \*
  Second, unemployment:
  in a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone
  up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?
  IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN: By a lot or a little?
- \* [Prices] and [Unemp]
- 1 To have gone up by a lot
- 2 To have gone up by a little
- To have stayed the same
- 4 To have gone down by a little
- To have gone down by a lot
- 3 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)
- Q635 [UnempInf]
  - If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?
- 1 Keeping down inflation
- 2 Keeping down unemployment
- Other answer (WRITE IN)
- 8 (Don't Know)
- 9 (Refusal/NA)

Not on SPSS file.

Not on SPSS file.

```
IF 'Other answer' AT [UnempInt]
0636 [OthVCD OthSpec1*
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q637 [OthVCD HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)*
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
     VERSION C ASK ALL
0638 [Concern]
     Which do you think is of the most concern to you and your
     family
                    READ OUT
         inflation,
     or, unemployment?
     Other answer (WRITE IN)
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
     If 'Other answer' AT [Concern]
0639 [OthVCE OthSpec]5
     WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
     Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q640 [OthVCE HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
     VERSION C. ASK ALL
0641 [Industry]
     Looking ahead over the next year, do you think Britain's
     general industrial performance will improve, stay much the
     same, or decline?
     IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE: By a lot or a little?
     Improve a lot
     Improve a little
     Stay much the same
     Decline a little
     Decline a lot
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
O642 [IncomGap]
     Thinking of income levels generally in Britain today, would
     you say that the gap between those with high incomes and
      those with low incomes is
                                   READ OUT
          too large,
      about right.
     or, too small?
8
      (Don't Know)
9
      (Refusal/NA)
```

0643 [TaxH1] \*

CARD

0644 [TaxM1d] \*

0645 [TaxLow] \*

CARD AGAIN

CARD AGAIN

[TaxHi] to [TaxLow]1

Generally, how would you describe levels of taxation?

READ OUT

Firstly, for those with high incomes?

Please choose a phrase from this card

Next for those with middle incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card

Please choose a phrase from this card

Next for those with low incomes?

Much too high Too high About right Too low Much too low (Don't Know) 8 9 (Refusal/NA) 0646 [SRInc] Among which group would you place yourself high income, middle income, or, low income? (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 0647 (HIncDiff) Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days? Living comfortably on present income Coping on present income Finding it difficult on present income Finding it very difficult on present income Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) IF 'Other answer' AT [HIncDiff] Q648 [OthVCF OthSpec]\* WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters) On SPSS file the order of codes 1-5 is reversed Not on SPSS file

Q649 [OthVCF.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Hidden category for coding if needed
Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

VERSION C: ASK ALL

Q650 [HIncPast]

1

Looking back over the last year or so, would you say your household's income has ... RRAD OUT ...

... fallen behind prices,

2 kept up with prices,

or, gone up by more than prices?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q651 [HIncXpct]

And looking forward to the **year ahead**, do you expect your household's income will ... **READ OUT** ...

fall behind prices,

2 keep up with prices,

3 or, go up by more than prices?

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q652 [CargoEP3] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>\$</sup>
Cargoep3
Open Question (Maximum of 12 of

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

VERSION C: ASK ALL

Q653 [CargoCh1] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Cargoch1
Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

•

Q654 [Lottr1] \*

CARD

Money raised by the National Lottery will be spent on many kinds of causes. Please use this card to say what you think about spending extra money on helping homeless people in Britain

Q655 [Lottr2] \*

CARD

(And extra money raised by the National Lottery...)
... helping disabled people in Britain?

Q656 [Lottr3] \*

CARD

And what about money from the National Lottery being spent on helping starving people in poor countries?

Q657 [Lottr4] \*

(And extra money raised by the National Lottery...)

... helping ex-prisoners to find homes and jobs?

Q658 [Lottr5] \*

CARD

(And extra money raised by the National Lottery...)
... helping to restore historic buildings in Britain?

Q659 [Lottr6] \*

CARD

And what about it being spent on supporting art galleries, theatres and orchestras in Britain?

Q660 [Lottr7] \*

CARD

(And extra money raised by the National Lottery...)
... helping to protect the environment?

0661 [Lottr8] \*

CARD

(And extra money raised by the National Lottery...)
... providing sports facilities in Britain?

Q662 [Lottr9] \*

CARD

And National Lottery money spent on helping to prevent cruelty to animals in Britain?

Not on SPSS file.

CHARITABLE GIVING (VERSION C)

Not on SPSS file.

```
Q663 [Lottr10] *
     CARD
     (And extra money raised by the National Lottery )
         helping to protect children in need in Britain?
0664 [Lottr11] *
     CARD
     And National Lottery money spent on medical research in
     Britain?
     [Lottr1] to [Lottr11]
     An excellent way to spend it
     A very good way
     Ouite a good way
     Not a very good way
     Should not be spent on this at all
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
Q665 [CargoCh2] (NOT ON SCREEN)
     Cargoch2
     Open Ouestion (Maximum of 12 characters)
```

Not on SPSS file

<u>ಬ</u>

135

### POVERTY/SINGLE PARENTS (VERSION C)

```
VERSION C ASK ALL
0666 [UB1Poor]
     Now some questions about welfare benefits
     Think of a 25-year-old unemployed woman living alone Her
     only income comes from state benefits Would you say that she
         has more than enough to live on,
     has enough to live on,
     is hard up.
     or, is really poor?
     (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
0667 [MumPoorl
     What about an unemployed single mother with a young child
     Their only income comes from state benefits Would you say
     they READ OUT
         have more than enough to live on,
     have enough to live on,
     are hard up,
     or, are really poor?
      (Don't Know)
     (Refusal/NA)
0668 [UB10n45]
     Now thinking again of that 25-year-old unemployed woman
     living alone After rent, her income is £45 a week
     Would you say that she
                                READ OUT
         has more than enough to live on,
     has enough to live on,
     is hard up,
     or, is really poor?
      (Don t Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
0669 [MumOn77]
      And thinking again about that unemployed single mother with a
      young child After rent, their income is £77 a week Would
                      READ OUT
     you say they
                                                         4
         have more than enough to live on,
      have enough to live on,
      are hard up,
      or, are really poor?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
Q670 [MtUnmar1]
      Imagine an unmarried couple who split up. They have a child
      at primary school who remains with the mother Do you think
      that the father should always be made to make maintenance
      payments to support the child?
1
      Yes
 2
      No
 8
      (Don't Know)
```

Q671 1 2 8 9	[MtUnmar2]  If he does make maintenance payments for the child, should the amount depend on his income, or not?  Yes  No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q672 1 2 8 9	[MtUnmar3] Do you think the amount of maintenance should depend on the mother's income, or not? Yes No (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q673 1 2 3 8 9	[MtUnmar4] Suppose the mother now marries someone else. Should the child's natural father go on paying maintenance for the child, should he stop, or should it depend on the step-father's income? Continue Stop Depends (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q674 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9	(WorseOff) CARD  Please look at this card and say, as far as money is concerned, what you think happens when a marriage breaks up The woman nearly always comes off worse than the man The woman usually comes off worse The woman and the man usually come off about the same The man usually comes off worse The man nearly always comes off worse than the woman (Varies/depends) Other answer (WRITE IN) (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA)
Q675	IF 'Other answer' AT [WorseOff] [OthVCZ.OthSpec] <sup>5</sup> WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
Q676	[OthVCZ.HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN) <sup>3</sup> Hidden category for coding if needed Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)

- 0677 [MuchPov] Some people say there is very little real poverty in Britain today. Others say there is quite a lot. Which comes closest to your view ... READ OUT ...
  - ... that there is very little real poverty in Britain,
- or, that there is quite a lot?
- (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)
- 0678 [PastPovl Over the last ten years, do you think that poverty in Britain has been increasing, decreasing or staying at about the same level?
- Increasing Decreasing
- Staying at same level
- (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)
- 0679 [FuturPov] And over the next ten years, do you think that poverty in Britain will ... READ OUT ...
- ... increase,
- decrease, or, stay at about the same level?
- (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)
- 0680 [Poverty1] \* Would you say someone in Britain was or was not in poverty if ..... they had enough to buy the things they really needed, but not enough to buy the things most people take for granted?
- Q681 [Poverty2] \* (Would you say someone in Britain was or was not in poverty ... they had enough to eat and live, but not enough to buy other things they needed?
- Q682 [Poverty3] \* (Would you say someone in Britain was or was not in poverty ... they had not got enough to eat and live without getting into debt?
- [Poverty1] to [Poverty3]
- Was in poverty 1
- 2 Was not
- (Don't Know)
- (Refusal/NA)

```
0683 [WhyNeed]
     CARD
     Why do you think there are people who live in need? Of the
     four views on this card, which one comes closest to your own?
     CODE ONE ONLY
     Because they have been unlucky
     Because of laziness or lack of willpower
     Because of injustice in our society
     It's an inevitable part of modern life
      (None of these)
     Other answer (WRITE IN)
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
      IF 'Other answer' AT [WhyNeed]
0684 [OthVCY OthSpec]*
      WRITE IN OTHER ANSWER GIVEN
      Open Question (Maximum of 40 characters)
0685 [OthVCY HidCode] (NOT ON SCREEN)*
      Hidden category for coding if needed
     Open Question (Maximum of 2 characters)
      VERSION C ASK ALL
Q686 [FeelPoor]
     How often do you and your household feel poor nowadays
      READ OUT
         never
      every now and then,
      often,
      or, almost all the time?
      (Don't Know)
      (Refusal/NA)
```

Not on SPSS file

GENDER (SHORT) (VERSION C) VERSION C ASK ALL Q687 [Divorce] IN ENGLAND AND WALES Do you think that divorce in Britain should be IN SCOTLAND Do you think that divorce in Scotland should be READ OUT easier to obtain than it is now.

more difficult.

or, should things remain as they are?

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Q688 [SexLaw]

There is a law in Britain against sex discrimination, that is against giving unfair preference to men - or to women - in employment, pay and so on Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a law for this purpose?

Support

2 Oppose

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

IF 'Support' AT [SexLaw]

0689 [StrctSex]

Do you think that the present law against sex discrimination READ OUT should be

PROBE IF NECESSARY From what you know or have heard

used more strictly,

used less strictly,

or, is it about right? 3

(Don't Know)

#### EDUCATION (VERSION C)

VERSION C: ASK ALL
Q690 [CargoEd1] (NOT ON SCREEN)<sup>5</sup>
Cargoed1
Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

Q691 [PSOpp]
And now a few questions about education.
Thinking about the opportunities that children under 5 have to go to nursery schools or other pre-schooling, should these opportunities be increased, or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?

IF INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?

Increased a lot Increased a little

About right

Reduced a little Reduced a lot

(Don't Know)
(Refusal/NA)

0692 [PSAdv1]

Would you say that children who have some sort of pre-schooling do better in their later school work, do worse, or in the end does it make little difference?

Do better

Do worse

Makes little difference

4 (Varies/depends on the person)

(Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

0693 [PSAdv2] 1

And what about their behaviour at school? Would you say children who have some sort of pre-schooling are better behaved in their later school life, less well behaved, or in the end does it make little difference?

1 Better behaved

2 Less well behaved

Makes little difference

4 (Varies/depends on the person)

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q694 [PubRes] \*

It is now compulsory for state secondary schools to publish their exam results.

How useful do you think this information is for parents of present or future pupils? Is it ... READ OUT ...

Q695 [PSTest1] \*
And how useful do you think it would be for parents if schools for seven to eleven year olds published their test results? Would it be...

# \* [PubRes] and [PSTest1]

1 ... very useful,
2 quite useful,

3 or, not really useful?

8 (Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

Q696 [ParInf1] \*

And how helpful do you think it would be for parents to have information on each of these things for state secondary schools in their area?
... truancy records?

Q697 [ParInf2] \*
(And how helpful do you think it would be for parents to have information on ...) ... class sizes?

Q698 [ParInf10] \*
(And how helpful do you think it would be for parents to have information on ...) ... the number of hours in class each day?

Q699 [ParInf7] \*

(And how helpful do you think it would be for parents to have information on ...) ... the number of school-leavers going to university?

Q700 [ParInf11] \*
(And how helpful do you think it would be for parents to have information on ...) ... the number of school-leavers managing to get a job?

#### \* [ParInf1] to [ParInf11]

1 Very helpful

Fairly helpful

3 Not very helpful

4 Should not be made available

8 (Don't Know)

9 (Refusal/NA)

Q701 [ParSayTe] 1

CARD

Please choose a phrase from this card to show how much say parents should have in what is taught in schools?

Not on SPSS file.

<sup>.</sup> Called [PSBehav] on the SPSS file.

Called (PSayTeac) on SPSS file.

0702 [ParSavD1] 1 CARD AGAIN And how much say should parents have in the kinds of punishment that are used in schools? Please choose an answer from this card [ParSayTe] and [ParSayDi] 1 All of the say Some 3 Not very much No say at all (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) Q703 [SchSelec] CARD Which of the following statements comes closest to your views about what kind of secondary school children should go to? Children should go to a different kind of secondary school, 1 according to how well they do at primary school All children should go to the same kind of secondary school. no matter how well or badly they do at primary school (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA) 0704 [HEdOpp] Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university or college should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now? IF INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little? Increased a lot Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA) 0705 [HEFees] At present, British university students get their teaching fees paid by their Local Authorities Do you think that students should READ OUT pay something towards their own teaching fees, 1 or, should Local Authorities continue to pay the whole 2 amount? 8 (Don't Know) 9 (Refusal/NA) 0706 [EdSpend1] \* Which of the groups on this card, if any, would be your highest priority for extra government spending on education?

ONE CODE ONLY FOR HIGHEST PRIORITY

ರ್

[EdSpend1] and [EdSpend2]

Nursery or pre-school children

Primary school children Secondary school children

Less able children with special needs

Students at colleges or universities

(None of these)

(Don't Know)

(Refusal/NA)

0708 [Future16]

1

Suppose you were advising a 16 year old about their future Would you say they should READ OUT

stay on in full-time education to get their 'A' levels,

or, study full-time to get other sorts of qualifications , 2 or, leave full-time education and get work experience in a

(Varies/depends on the person)

8 (Don't Know) (Refusal/NA) 9

Q709 [CargoEd2] (NOT ON SCREEN)\*

Cargoed2

Open Question (Maximum of 12 characters)

Called (PSayDisc) on SPSS file

Q707 [EdSpend2] \* And which is your next highest priority? ONE CODE ONLY FOR NEXT HIGHEST

Not on SPSS file

P.1345/A

CARD A

P.1345/C

CARD B

# in a general election:

I vote for a party regardless of the candidate
I vote for a party only if I approve of the candidate
I vote for a candidate regardless of his or her party
I do not generally vote at all

Retirement pensions

Child benefits

Benefits for the unemployed

Benefits for disabled people

Benefits for single parents

Version C Public spending, welfare benefits & healthcare

P.1235/A

Versions A, B, C
Public spending, welfare benefits & healthcare

P.1345/C

CARD A

CARD B

Reduce taxes and spend less on health,

education and social benefits

Education

Defence

Health

Housing

Public transport

Roads

Police and prisons

Social security benefits

Help for industry

Overseas aid

Keep taxes and spending on these services at the <u>same</u> level as now

Increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social benefits

	Public spending welfare benefits 4 healthcare		Technology activity the lebour se the workplace & childcare	wrket gender issues at
P 1345/A	CARD C	P 1345/A	CARD E	137
	Very satisfied  Quite satisfied  Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied  Quite dissatisfied  Very dissatisfied		Very worried Fairly worried Not very worried Not at all worried	1
	Versions A, B, C Public spanding, walfare benefits & healthcare	P.1345/A	Versions A, B, C Economic activity the labour the workplace & childcare  CARD F	market, gendar issues at
P 1345/A	CARD D		My blogest worry is	
	Definitely would Probably would Probably would not Definitely would not	•	My health Family problems Crime Money or bills Things happening around the wo	orld

Economic activity, the labour market, gender issues at the workplace & childcare

In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

On government training/employment programme (eg. Employment Training, Youth Training etc.)

In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week

Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

Unemployed and registered at a benefit office

Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job

Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hours a week), but not actively looking for a lob

Permanently sick or disabled

Wholly retired from work

Looking after the home

Versions A, B, C Economic activity, the labour market, gendar issues at the workplace & childcare

P.1345/A

CARD H

Much too big a gap

Too bla

**About right** 

Too small

 $\infty$ 

Much too small a gap

P.1345/A

CARD I

Firm will close down

I will be declared redundant

I will reach normal retirement age

My contract of employment will expire

I will take early retirement

I will decide to leave and work for another employer

I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed

I will leave to look after home/children/ relative

> Versions A, B, C Economic activity, the labour market, gender issues a the workplace & childcare

P.1345/A

CARD J

Unions or Staff Associations should try to:

Improve working conditions

Improve pay

Protect existing jobs

Have more say over how work is done day-to-day

Have more say over management's long-term plans

Work for equal opportunities for women

Work for equal opportunities for ethnic minorities

Reduce pay differences at the workplace

	Versions $A$ $B$ $C$ $B$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$ $C$		Versions & C Economic activity the labour market gender tesues at the workplace & childcare
P 1345/A	CARD K	P 1345/A	CARD M
			I work only while they are at school
			They look after themselves until I get home
	In my Job		I work from home
			A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home
	I only work as hard as I have to		They go to a work-place nursery
			They go to a day nursery
	I work hard, but not so that it interferes		They go to a child-minder
	with the rest of my life		A relative looks after them
	i make a point of doing the best Loss aven if it		A friend or neighbour looks after them
	i make a point of doing the best I can, even if it sometimes does interfere with the rest of my life		My husband/wife/partner looks after them
	Versions A. B. C. Economic activity, the labour market gender issues at the workplace & childcare		Versions A B C Economic activity the labour market gender issues a the workplace & childcare
P 1345/A	CARD L	P 1345/A	CARD N
1 10-10/74	ONID E		Lumpeld work only while they are at ash as
			I would work only while they are at school  They would look after themselves until I got home
	Not available - and I would not use it if it were		They would look after themselves until I got home I would work from home
	Alat a allah la hart to a allah ara 16 M la araas		A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home
	Not available - but I <u>would</u> use it if it were		They would go to a work-place nursery
•	Avellahira hadib da asa wasi k		They would go to a council-funded day nursery
	Available - but I <u>do not</u> use it		They would go to a council-landed day horsery  They would go to a private day nursery
, -			They would go to a child-minder
ببر س	Available - and I <u>do</u> use it		A relative would look after them
39			A friend or neighbour would look after them
,			My husband/wife/partner would look after them
Ç			My HUSUBHU/WHO/PARTHOF WOULD TOOK BITEF THEM

• (

1

P.1345/A

CARD O

A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home
They go to a day-nursery
They go to a child-minder
A relative looks after them
A friend or neighbour looks after them
My husband/wife/partner looks after them

Versions A, B, C Sconomic activity, the labour market, gender issues at the workplace & childcars

P.1345/A

CARD P

f would work only while they are at school

They would look after themselves until I got home
i would work from home

A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home
They would go to a work-place nursery
They would go to a council-funded day nursery
They would go to a private day nursery
They would go to a child-minder
A relative would look after them
A friend or neighbour would look after them
My husband/wife/partner would look after them

P.1345/A

CARD Q

Very important
Fairly important
Not very important
Not at all important
Does not apply to me

Version A Civil Liberties

P.1345/A

CARD AA

The newspaper:

Definitely should have the legal right to keep the person's name secret

Probably should Probably should not

Definitely should not have the legal right

Versions A B Race

CARD AD P 1345/A

CARD AB

Definitely not be allowed

P 1345/A

of African or Caribbean or other origin BLACK ASIAN of Indian origin

> of Pakistani origin Definitely be allowed of Bangladeshi origin Probably be allowed of Chinese origin Probably not be allowed

of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

WHITE of British origin of Irish origin

of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

PLEASE SAY WHICH MIXED ORIGIN

> Versions A, B Local government

Version A Civil Liberties

P 1345/A CARD AE

CARD AC P 1345/A

> Ggne much too far Gone too far About right Not gone far enough Not gone nearly far enough

Poor value Very poor value for money

Neither good value nor poor value

Very good value for money

The Council tax in my area gives

Good value

Version A Political Trust

P.1345/A

CARD AF

P.1345/A

CARD AH

Tenants'/residents' association

Parent-teachers association

Board of school governors/ School Board

A political party

Parish or town council

Neighbourhood council/forum

Neighbourhood Watch Scheme

Local conservation or environmental group

Other local community or voluntary group

(PLEASE SAY WHAT IT DOES)

To be well educated

To know what being poor means

To have business experience

To have trade union experience

To have been brought up in the area he or she represents

To be loyal to the Party he or she represents

To be independent minded

To have a knowledge of local matters

None of these qualities

Other important qualities (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

Versions A, B Local government

P.1345/A

CARD AG

P.1345/A

CARD AL

To be well educated

To know what being poor means

To have business experience

To have trade union experience

To have been brought up in the area

None of these qualities

he or she represents To be loyal to the Party he or she represents

To be independent minded

Other important qualities (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

The present system of governing Britain:

Works extremely well and could not be improved Could be improved in small ways but mainly works well Could be improved quite a lot

Needs a great deal of improvement

Version A Political Trust

Version A Political Trust

P 1345/A

CARD AJ

Contact my MP

Speak to an influential person

Contact a government department

Contact radio, TV or newspaper

Sign a petition

Raise the Issue in an organisation

I already belong to

Go on a protest or demonstration

Form a group of like-minded people

P 1345/A

CARD AK (SCOTLAND)

Scotland should become independent, separate from the UK and the European Community

Scotland should become independent, separate from the UK, but remain part of the European Community

Scotland should remain part of the UK but with its own elected Assembly that has some taxation and spending powers

There should be no change from the present system

Version A Political Trust

P 1345/A

CARD AK (WALES)

Wales should become Independent, separate from the UK and the European Community

Wales should become independent, separate from the UK, but remain part of the European Community

Wales should remais part of the UK but with its own elected Assembly that has some taxation and spending powers

There should be no change from the present system

P 1345/A

CARD AL

Agree strongly

Agree

Neither agree nor disagree

Disagree

Disagree strongly

4

 $\overline{\omega}$ 

get rid of theirs

Britain should get rid of its nuclear weapons

Britain should always have nuclear weapons

Britain should keep its nuclear weapons until others

Versions A. B Europe/International Relations

CARD AM

Just about always Most of the time Only some of the time Almost never

P.1345/A

Versions A, B, C Pear of Crime

P.1345/A

CARD AP

# Because of crime:

I am careful to lock up my/our home (and/or car)

I don't go out alone

I don't go out at all

I avoid going out at certain times

I avoid going to certain places

I avoid public transport

I carry a personal alarm or a weapon

I make sure other people in the family take precautions

Other (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

P.1345/A

CARD AO

## in a European election:

I would vote for a party regardless of the candidate

Versions A, B

Europe/International Relations

I would vote for a party only if I approved of the candidate

I would vote for a candidate regardless of his or her party

I would generally not vote

P 1345/A CARD AQ Very common Fairly common Not very common Not at all common Versions A B, C Religion & Ethnic Origin P 1345/C **CARD CK** BLACK of African or Carlbbean or other origin **ASIAN** of Indian origin of Pakistanı origin of Bangladeshi origin of Chinese origin of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH) WHITE of British origin

of Irish origin

PLEASE SAY WHICH

of other origin (PLEASE SAY WHICH)

CSE Grades 2 - 5 GCSE Grades D - G CSE Grade 1 GCE 'O' level GCSE Grades A - C School certificate Scottish SCE Ordinary Scottish school-leaving certificate Lower Grade SUPE Ordinary Northern Ireland Junior Certificate GCE 'A' level/'S' level Higher school certificate Matriculation Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at Higher Grade Northern Ireland Senior Certificate ........ Overseas school-leaving exam or certificate

CARD X1

P 1345/A

P 1345/A

CARD X2

Versions A B C Classification

Recognised trade apprenticeship completed RSA or other clerical or commercial qualification

City & Guilds Certificate

Craft, Intermediate, Ordinary, Part I Advanced, Final, Part II or Part III

Full technological

BEC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND) BEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND)

Teacher training qualification

Nursing qualification

Other technical or business qualification or certificate

University or CNAA degree or diploma

Other recognised academic or vocational qualification (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

145

MIXED ORIGIN

P.1345/A

CARD X5

P.1345/A

CARD X3

In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

On government training/employment programme (eg. Employment Training, Youth Training etc.)

In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week

Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

Unemployed and registered at a benefit office

Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job

Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hours a week), but not actively looking for a job

Permanently sick or disabled

Wholly retired from work

Looking after the home

Versions A, B, C Classification

P.1345/A

CARD X4

# Which do you receive at present?

Unemployment benefit

income support

One-parent benefit

Family credit

Housing benefit (rent rebate)

Statutory sick pay/sickness benefit

invalidity benefit

Disability living allowance

. - Widow's pension

#<u>~</u>

Council Tax rebate

Attendance allowance

Severe disablement allowance

Other state benefits (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

<ul> <li>WEEKLY income BEFORE tax</li> </ul>	(	ANN	UAL income BEFORE tax
	Letter		
Less than £ 77	Q	•••••	Less than £ 3,999
£ 78 - £115	T	******	£ 4,000 - £ 5,999
£116 - £154	0		£ 6,000 - £ 7,999
£ 155 - £ 192	K	******	£ 8,000 - £ 9,999
£ 193 - £ 230	L	*****	£ 10,000 - £ 11,999
£ 231 - £ 289	В	*****	£ 12,000 - £ 14,999
£290 - £346	Z	*****	£ 15,000 - £ 17,999
£347 - £385	M	*****	£ 18,000 - £ 19,999
£ 386 - £ 442	F	*****	£ 20,000 - £ 22,999
£ 443 - £ 500	j		£ 23,000 - £ 25,999
£ 501 - £ 558	D	*****	£ 26,000 - £ 28,999
£559 - £615	Н	*****	£ 29,000 - £ 31,999
£616 - £673	С	*****	£ 32,000 - £ 34,999
£674 - £730	G	*****	£ 35,000 - £ 37,999
£731 - £788	P		£ 38,000 - £ 40,999
£ 789 or more	N	*****	£ 41,000 or more

Version B Countryside

P.1345/B

CARD BJ

Motorways and road building Industrial pollution

Removal by farmers of traditional landscapes, such as hedgerows, woodlands

Too many people visiting the countryside

Rubbish-tipping and litter

Urban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming

Something else (PLEASE SAY WHAT)

Version B Transport

P 1345/B

CARD BK

To limit the number of visitors to the countryside. I am

Strongly in favour of this

In favour

Neither in favour nor against

Against

Strongly against this

Version B Countryside

P 1345/B

CARD BL

Contact an MP or councillor

Contact a government or planning department

Contact\_radio, TV or a newspaper

Sign a petition

Join a conservation group

Give money to a campaign

Volunteer to work for a campaign

Go on a protest march or demonstration

P 1345/B

CARD BM

Contacted an MP or councillor

Contacted a government or planning department

Contacted radio, TV or a newspaper

Signed a petition

Joined a conservation group

Given money to a campaign

Volunteered to work for a campaign

Gone on a protest march or demonstration

P 1345/B

CARD BN

A very serious problem

A serious problem

Not a very serious problem

Not a problem at all

Version C Economic Prospects

P.1345/C

CARD CB

Living comfortably on present income
Coping on present income
Finding it difficult on present income
Finding it very difficult on present income

Version C Charitable Giving

P.1345/C

CARD CA

Much too high Too high About right Too low Much too low

P.1345/C

CARD CC

Extra money raised by the National lottery:

An excellent way to spend it
A very good way to spend it
Quite a good way to spend it
Not a very good way to spend it
Should not be spent on this at all

P.1345/B

CARD BO

Every day or nearly every day
2-5 days a week
Once a week
Less often but at least once a month
Less often than that
Never nowadays

-

÷

Version C

P 1345/C

CARD CD

P 1345/C

CARD CF

The woman nearly always comes off worse than the man

The woman usually comes off worse

The woman and the man usually come off about the same

The man usually comes off worse

The man nearly always comes off worse than the woman

All of the say

Some

Not very much

No say at all

Version C Poverty/Single Parents

P 1345/C

CARD CE

P 1345/C

CARD CG

•

Because they have been unlucky

Because of laziness or lack of willpower

Because of injustice in our society

It's an inevitable part of modern life

Children should go to a different kind of secondary school, according to how well they do at primary school

QR

All children should go to the same kind of secondary school, no matter how well or badly they do at primary school CARD CH

Nursery or pre-school children
Primary school children
Secondary school children
Less able children with special needs
Students at colleges or universities



P 1345/GB

## **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1994** MAIN SAMPLE

Spring 1994

SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

OFFICE USE ONLY		INTERVIEWER TO ENTER	
6-8 C at S S 14-15 2 0 C 16-18 S S 27-31 B	Juster umber pare Card no pare latch no	15 0 III III III III III III III III III	erial imber ampling out aterviewer imber
J			

#### To the selected respondent-

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study - the tenth in this annual series The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in twenty-one other countries, as part of an international survey

#### Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes No special knowledge is required we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable Only you should fill it in, and not anyone else at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous

#### Returning the questionnaire.

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please fill it in and keep it safely until then If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN

### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a chantable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain The British Social Attitudes survey series is funded mainly by one of the Sainsbury Family Chantable Trusts, with contributions also from other grant-giving bodies and government departments Please contact us if you would like further information

AL	<u>.                                    </u>						ONLY
2 01	In general would you say that people without exception or are there except which people should follow their consimeans breaking the law?	tional occasions	s on	(A)			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Obey the law	without ex	ception 🗔			2035
	9=2/A	Follow conso	Hance on oc	casions 2	ſ		1
				choose			ĺ
<u>r</u>					<del></del>	<del></del>	
2 02	There are some people whose views a by the majority	re considered (	ementxe	9= 2/6	, R, 2	ach	ļ
	First consider people who support or to change policy by planting bombs people should be allowed to			·			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely	Probably	Probably	Definitely not	Can t	
	teach 15 year olds in schools?	لنا			لنا		2036
ь	give interviews on television to put their case?			]			2037
c	stand as candidates in electrons?			ı			2032
2 03	03 Second consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to						
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can t	
	teach 15 year olds in schools?	<u>.</u>		,	<u>L</u> .		2039
b	give interviews on television to put their case?		3	,			2040
С	atand as candidates in elections?			,		6.	2041
2 04	All systems of justice make mistakes do you think is worse	but which		(v)		<del>.</del>	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		en innocent	person 🗔			2042
	9= 2/A	OR to let a gu	ulty person (	go free?			
			Can t	choose			
				····			<del>                                     </del>
							l

(OFFIC:

AL		2					OFFICE USE ONLY
2.05	Suppose the police get an anonymous tip long criminal record is planning to break	that a man into a wareho	with a	/a	Br eac	<u>_</u>	ı
	Do you think the police should be allowe Court Order		•	- ~///			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
a.	to keep the man under surveillance?						2043
Ь.	to tap his telephone?	닏				끔	2044
c.	to open his mail?	لسا	_1		كا	<u>.</u>	2045
đ.	to detain the man overnight for questioning?		2				2046
A2.06	Now, suppose the tip is about a man w			. ,	Per es	-1-	
	Do you think the police should be allow Court Order	ed, without a		1 : N/A	wr ea		,
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
а	to keep the man under surveillance?						2047
ь	to tap his telephone?	닏		ᆜ			2048
٥	to open his mail?				. 🖳		2049
٥	to detain the man overnight , for questioning?				4		2050
A2.07	Which of these two statements comes to your own view?	closer		ı	า		
	ONE BOX films of peo	should have ople at protes	a right to ta ts or demon	ke video strations			2051
	OR People should protests or dem	l have a right nonstrations v	<u>not</u> to be vi vithout their	deced at consent	<u>.</u>		
			Çan'	t choose		_	
A2.0	08 Some books or films offend people will beliefs. Should books and films that a prohibited by law or should they be al	ettack religion	g religious is be	{	<b>∠</b> 1		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	Definitely	should be p	prohibited	4		2052
	9: 2/4	Probably	should be i	prohibited	<u> </u>		
k •	` 1	Proba	bly should b	e allowed	_		
<del>سر</del> ت.	•	Definit	ely should b	e allowed	<u> </u>		
~: ~:	•		Car	n't choose	<u>l</u>		ì

prisoners be allowed to  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a have as many books as they wish to read?  b visit home occasionally, say one waekend a month?  c have their wife or husband occasionally stay overnight with them at the prison?  d earn a little money in prison?  2.10 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts,  OR Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose  2.11 Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  (/)				3					OFFICE USE
prisoners be allowed to  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a have as many books as they wish to read?  b visit home occasionally, say one weekend a month?  c have their wife or husband occasionally stay overnight with them at the prison?  d earn a little money in prison?  2.10 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts.  OR  should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  2.057  Can't choose  1  2.058  Can't choose  1  2.059  Can't choose  1  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2.057  Can't choose  2		<del></del>		•	or Ja	Q.	each		ONLY
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a have as many books as they wish to read?  b visit home occasionally, say one weekend a month?  c have their wife or husband occasionally stay overnight with them at the prison?  d earn a little money in prison?  1 y,	.09 A	s long as there is risoners be allowe	no threat to security, t d to	should	72 010			04	
b visit home occasionally, say one weekend a month?  c have their wife or husband occasionally stay overnight with them at the prison?  d earn a little money in prison?  2.10 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts.  OR  should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose  1. 2057  Can't choose  1. 2057  Can't choose  PLEASE TICK  The courts should have the power to overturn away made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK  The courts should have the power to overturn  ONE BOX  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  1. 2054  2054  2055  Can't choose  (/)  PLEASE TICK  The courts should have the power to overturn  ONE BOX  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  1. 2056			вох	Definitely	Probably				
weekend a month?  c have their wife or husband occasionally stay overnight with them at the prison?  d earn a little money in prison?  2.10 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts.  OR  Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose  2.11 Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK  The courts should have the power to overturn your view?  PLEASE TICK  ONE BOX  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  205	<b>a</b>		ooks as they wish		,				2053
d earn a little money in prison?  1 2 3 4 1 2058  2.10 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts.  OR  should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose  2.11 Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  1  2058  1  2058  (V)  Can't choose  1	b	visit home occa weekend a mor	sionally, say one th?		[ ]				2054
d earn a little money in prison?  1	c	have their wife stay overnight	or husband occasional with them at the prisci	n? []	_ 1				2055
to parliament about an important national issue.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Should the law allow civil servants in the  OR  should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose  Can't choose  Can't choose  The courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  Parliament should always have the final say?  OR  Parliament should always have the final say?  OR  Parliament should always have the final say?  OR  Parliament should always have the final say?  OR	d.								2058
Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OR  parliament should always have the final say?  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  205	1	to parliament abou	rt an important national E BOX Should th	ii issue. ie law allow	civil servants	in the	1		205
should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  Can't choose	'	9=~/4		ment to reve	al the correct	facts.			
2.11 Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX I laws made by parliament.  OR  parliament should always have the final say?  205		!		e required by	y law to keep	silent?			1
2.11 Some say that the courts in Britain should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament. Others say that parliament should always have the final say. Which comes closest to your view?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX In the courts should have the power to overturn laws made by parliament.  OR  Parliament should always have the final say?  205						_	_		1
Q = N A parliament should always have the final say? 2				ald bases that		choose		<del>.</del>	
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK	ide by parliament. Oth	th comes <u>clo</u>	power to parliament usest to he power to o	(J			2051
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament power to o made by parliament to o	verturn iament.			2058
	A2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.	7)		205
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			205
·	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			205
·	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.	7		205
	22.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			205
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			205
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			2051
	2.11	overturn laws ma should always ha your view? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ide by parliament. Oth the the final say. Which the final say. The courts show	th comes <u>clo</u> nould have the laws	power to parliament seest to he power to o made by parlings have the fire	verturn liament.			2058

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14	From what you know or have heard please to items below to show whether you think the N in your area is on the whole satisfactory or it	snoral Health	sch of the Service q	= n/n B	r each	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					
	ON EACH LINE	in need of	In need of <u>some</u>		ł	
			improvement	Satisfactory	Very good	
_	GPs appointment systems					234
•		而	百			234
þ	Amount of time GP gives to each patient	<u></u>				
c	Being able to choose which GP to see	늼				234
d	Quality of medical treatment by GPs	 		L <u>.</u>		234
•	Hospital waiting lists for non emergency operations		,	,		235
t	Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants					235
9	General condition of hospital buildings					Z35
h	Staffing level of nurses in hospitals			ايا	<u> </u>	239
ı,	Statting level of doctors in hospitals				•	23!
J	Quality of medical treatment in hospitals					23
-						23!
k	Quality of nursing care in hospitals	—— ——		——		
ł	Waiting areas in accident and emergency departments in hospitals	Li			<u>.</u>	231
	·		2			23
m	Waiting areas for out patients in hospitals					
	Waiting areas at GPs surgeries					23
n		$\overline{\Box}$		百		23
۰	Time spent waiting in out patient departmen		<u></u>	<u></u>	ت	1.
٩	Time spent waiting in accident and emergent departments before being seen by a doctor	ich []	_,	<u> </u>	4 10 314	23
٩	Time spent waiting for an ambulance after a 999 call			,		23
<b>├</b>			9:1	Ja Par	each	T
12 15	<del></del> -	imily member	4:1	0 JA -07	عدرجر	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE			Yes No		
	•	vielts	d an NHS GP?			23
ł	•			$\overline{\Box}$		25
	_	•	NHS hospital?			23
	•		NHS hospital?	HH		2
1	d visited	a patient in an	NHS hospital?	끔끔		Į
-	<ul> <li>had any medical tr</li> </ul>	eatment as a	Streeten etsylve	لا لا		2

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A hala	q: 1/A Rr each			A2.20 When deciding how to make up his or he	er mind about	
A2.16 How much do you agree or disagree?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Strongly	Neither agree nor	Strongly	Can't	a local issue, which of the following do was timportant for a councillor to take in PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		(X)
a mothers of young children should  not expect employers to make special	Wilds masking missaren				f the ward he or she represents	
arrangements to help them combine jobs and childcare				The interests of all	the people in the council's area	
b the government should provide money for childcare, so that mothers of young children can work if they				9	His or her party's views Can't choose	
A2.17 Think of a child under 3 years old whose parents both have full-time jobs.				A2.21 And which of the following do you think the more important for a councillor to do		(Z)
How suitable do you think each of these childcare arrangements would be for the child?	4 5 10/M 501			PLEASE TICK To take up s ONE BOX	problems and complaints people ave about the council's services	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Very ON EACH LINE suitable	suitable suitable		Can't		o manage the council's services they are run as well as possible	
a. A state or focal authority nursery?  b. A private creche or nursery?					Neither Can't choose	<u>,</u>
c. A child-minder or babysitter?  d. A neighbour or friend?				73 A2.22 Most people don't stand for election as How common would you say it is that p	councillors. $9 = \sqrt{2}$	a Greach
e. A relative?				off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Very Fairly Fairly	
f. A workplace nursery or creche?				ON EACH LINE  a they don't feel they have	common common uncomm	
Now a few questions about local government.  A2.18 Which of the four statements on this card comes	5			enough time?  b it just doesn't accur to them to		
closest to the way you generally vote in a <u>local</u>	(A)	)		think of standing?  c they think local government has		, — —
PLEASE TICK ONE I vote for a party BOX ONLY I vote for a party only if I a	regardless of candidate	] } 		too little power to change things?  d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?		
9 = N/A I vote for a candidate regard		]		e they cannot afford it financially		
l do	not generally vote at all	<u>}</u>		f they don't think enough people would support them?	1 2	
A2.19 In most areas all councillors come from one of the parties and councils are organised on party lines some areas where most councillors are independent	s. There are dents and the			g they think local government is influenced too much by party politics?	1 2 ,	
council is <u>not</u> organised on party lines. Which d personally think is the better system	<u>~</u>	]		121		
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OR	the party system, the non-party system?	_				
<del>_</del>	Can't choose	_ <del></del>				
<b>خن</b> بر						
. :						

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	6	ļ	OFFICE 7	OFFICE
	ALL	1	ONLY ALL	ONLY
i	A2.16 How much do you agree or disagree? 9: MA Rr each		A2.20 When deciding how to make up his or her mind about a local issue, which of the following do you think is the	
1	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Neither		most important for a councillor to take into account? (/)	
	ON EACH LINE Strongly agree nor Strong agree Agree disagree disagree disagree		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY His or her own views	2422
	mothers of young children should     not expect employers to make special		ع الم الم The interests of the ward he or she represents	
	arrangements to help them combine		The interests of all the people in the council's area	}
	jobs and childcare  b the government should provide			}
	money for childcare, so that mothers		His or her party's views	1
i i	want to	الا	Can't choose	1
1	A2.17 Think of a child under 3 years old whose parents		A2.21 And which of the following do you think is	}
I	both have full-time jobs. $9 = N/A$ for each	ih.	the more important for a councillor to do? (1)	!
ļ	How suitable do you think each of these childcare arrangements would be for the child?		PLEASE TICK To take up problems and complaints people	2423
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Very Somewhat Not very Not at a	l) Can't	ONE BOX have about the council's services OR	2-23
	ON EACH LINE suitable suitable suitable suitable	chaose	To help manage the council's services so that they are run as well as possible	
	a. A state or local authority nursery?	با	Neither 2	
	b. A private creche or nursery?	ايا	Can't choose	1
	c. A child-minder or babysitter?		2372	<u> </u>
	d. A neighbour or friend?		A2.22 Most people don't stand for election as councillors.  9 = NA Por each	Ì
			How common would you say it is that people are put off because	}
	e. A relative?	ī.	2375 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Very Fairly Fairly Very Can't	}
	f. A workplace nursery or creche?		ON EACH LINE common common uncommon choose	
1	Now a few questions about local government.		2376-80 a they don't feel they have	2424
	A2.18 Which of the four statements on this card comes		b it just doesn't accur to them to	
	closest to the way you generally vote in a <u>local</u>		think of standing?	2425
1	PLEASE TICK ONE I vote for a party regardless of candidate		2420 C they think local government has too little power to change things?	2426
T	BOX ONLY  I vote for a party only if I approve of the candidate		d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?	2427
1				2428
	A ADER 101 & California to Line borrà			2428
	I do not generally vote at all		f they don't think enough people 1 2 3	2429
	A2.19 In most areas all councillors come from one of the political		g they think local government is influenced too much by party politics?	Z430
1	parties and councils are organised on party lines. There are some areas where most councillors are independents and the			<del> </del>
l 1	council is <u>not</u> organised on party lines. Which do you personally think is the better system (<)			1
			2421	)
	OR			}
٠	9 = N A the non-party system?			ļ
. !	Can't choose			]
				•

<del>)</del>	<u> </u>		3					OFFICE
25	Now thinking about the families (hust parents) of people who have already you say in general that Britain should							
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				(V)			1
•	9 = N/A be <u>stricter</u> in controlli	ng the setti	ement of	close relativ				2451
	OR be less strict in controlling	ng the settl	ement of	close relativ	/es 🔃			1
	OR keep th	e controls	about the	Same as n	ow			
26	Here are some ideas about sending pi Plause tick one box on each line to sh agree or disagree with each of these	low how m	son uch you		ا هارد	Dr eac	·h	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Dişagrae	Strongly disagree	Can t	
2	People who get sent to prison have much too easy a time							2452
ь	Prisons should try harder to reform prisoners rather than just <u>ounishing</u> them					[,]		2453
C	Prisoners who behave well should usually be released before the end of their sentence							2454
d	Courts should give longer sentences to criminals							2453
•	Only hardened criminals or those who are a danger to society should be sent to prison			1				2458
1	Life sentences should mean life			,				2457
27	There are a number of ways of dealing a big threat to society other than sen atrongly do you agree or disagree with	ding them:	to prison	How	9: 2/	A R.	esch	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly		Neither		Strongly	Can t	
	More offenders who are not a big threat should be	agree	Agres	disagree	Disagree	disagree	choose	
•	kept <u>out</u> of prison but made to report regularly to probation officers		1	,				2458
Þ	kapt <u>out</u> of prison but made to spend a certain amount of time helping people in the community			,				2459
c	kept <u>out</u> of prison but made to do military service for a period of time		[,]					2460
d	kept <u>out</u> of prison but made to get training and counselling			Ţ				2461
								2462 80 2520 41

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<u> </u>	<u>L</u>			_			ONLY
A2.28	Here is a list of predictions. For each one, please say how likely or unlikely it is to co true within the next ten years?		9 = ~	IA Go	each	91-4 -4	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION		Very likely	Quite likely	Not very likely	Not at all likely	
a.	Acts of political terrorism in Britain will be common events			1	Ţ		2542
b.	Riots and civil disturbance in our cities will common events	l be		1	,		2543
c.	There will be a world war involving Britain Europe	and		1	_,	•	2544
d.	There will be a serious accident at a British nuclear power station	h		1	,		2545
e.	The police in our cities will find it impossit to protect our personal safety in the street		L	1	,		2548
1.	The government in Britain will be overthro by revolution	wn		1	,		2547
0.	A nuclear bomb will be dropped somewhe the world	re in		,	Ţ		2548
A2.29	How much do you agree or disagree with	this statem	ent?				<del>                                     </del>
1	Britain should introduce proportional repre the number of <u>MPs</u> each party gets match number of <u>votes</u> each party gets.		sely the	(V)			2549
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		Strongly				2543
	9= ~/9			Agree L_1			
		Neither	agree nor dis	لئےا agree:			
			Dis	agree 🗀	•		1
			Strongly dis				1
			Can't c	hoose L_1			
A2.30	There are many ways people or organisati against a government action they strongly Please show which you think should be all should not be allowed by ticking a box on	oppose. lowed and		= ~/A	Gr ec	ich	2550-80 2520-56
			Shou	d it be allo			İ
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
<b>a</b> .	Organising public meetings to protest against the government		2	,			2657
b.	Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government					1	2658
) c.	Organising protest marches and demonstrations		2				2659
d.	Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days						2660
7.	Seriously damaging government buildings						2661
√ f.	Organising a nationwide strike of all workers against the government		1	[,]			2662

ALL	11	0
1a Do you think that trade unions in t	this country	
have too much power or too little	power?	}
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	(V)	
9=~/A	Far too much power	2
1 = ~11.	Too much power 2	1
	About the right amount of power ,	1
	Too little power	ł
	Far too little power	
	Can't choose	
1		1
b. How about business and industry much power or too little power?	7 Do they have too	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	(Z)	
	Far too much power	1
9=1/4	Too much power	
		į
	About the right amount of power	[
	Too little power	į
	Far too little power	ļ
	Can't choose	[
	•	
Vc. And what about the government too much power or too little pow	? Does it have	ļ
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	( <u>/</u> )	ļ
, 22, 102 , 101 , 101	Far too much power	.
9 = ~/A	Too much power 2	ļ
1	About the right amount of power	
1	About the right amount of power  Too little power	
1	Too little power	
1		

•		2				OFFICE LISE CHLY	A	<b>L</b> _
AZ 32	Some people say that British governments newaday party can actually do very little to change things can de quite a bit. Please say whether you think th governments newadays cando very little or quite a $9 \le 1/4$ for each.  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Others say they at British	Very little		ts Cuite s bit	2541		5 Please show I of the follows PLEASE TICK ON EACH LIN I wish it wers like me to get to politiciens
	b to reduce to improve the general d to improve the health a	ce unemploymen standard of livin				2007 2008 2008 2070 2071	4	Politicians are themselves Politicians the not good end they have to Even the best have much in way governor
A2 33	Listed below are some of Britain a institutions. Fro Isrow or have heard about each one can you say with you think it is well run or not well run?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX 9 = 1/A Br 20 ON EACH LINE  The National Health Service  Local government  The crul service  Manufacturing industry  Results  The trade unions  The BBC  Universities  Line State schools	whether on the		Not vary wall run	Not at all well run	2720 2724 2724 2724 2725 2726 2728 2728 2728 2728 2728	A2 3	b t doesn t respectively in positively go on things go on things go on things go on things go on things go on things go on things go on things go on things go on the sealability magazines at PLEASE TICL BOX ONLY
A2 3	9 = سارا People should vets only	ot really worth v	wn. []			2731	,	Which of the she available violent scane PLEASE TICL BOX ONLY

			13						
_					9 = 2/4	D		ONLY	
A2 35	Please show how much you agre of the following statements	e or disagre	e with ea	ch Neither	1 = J/A	ior e	ach.		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly agree	Agree	disagree	Disagree	Strongly Classres	Can t choose		
•	I wish it were easier for people like me to get their views across to politiciens							2732	
6	Politicians are in it just for themselves		,					2733	
٦	Politicians these days are simply not good enough to do the job they have to do							2734	
4	Even the best politicians cannot have much impact because of th way government works	• 🗔						2725	
1	It doesn't really matter which party is in power in the end things go on much the same							2724	
A2 36	Are you in favour of or against to	he death pe	naity for	9-	2/9 Br	each		2737 80 2820 30	
- }	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EAC				favour		t		
- {		murder in 1		of a terroris				2831	
	b murder of a police officer?								
+	<del></del>	- <del></del> -		Other mu	roers/ ()		<del></del>	2833	
A2 374	Which of these statements come the availability of pornographic magazines and films?				S				
-	PLEASE TICK ONE			banned alto				2834	
	They si			special adult layed to the				{	
	9 = N/A They s	hould be av	alable in :	pecial adult display per	shops [				
	They should be ava	dable in any	shop for	sale to adult	s only				
	They should be	nı eldekeve	any shop	for sale to a	myone 🗔				
ь	Which of these statements com- the availability of magazines and violent acenes and actions?	films that o	contain ve	Υ	<u>.</u>				
	PLEASE TICK ONE They s			banned alto special adult				2835	
		bu	it not disp	leyed to the special adult	public L_1			1	
	( = ~   n	1	with public	c display per	shops metted				
	They should be ava	alable in any	shop for	sale to adult	s only			ł	
	They should be	available in	any shop	for sale to e	nyona 🛄				

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P	Au				<del></del>
	Now a few questions about the area where you live.				2838-51
\2.38 	8 In some snaes people do things together and try to help each other, while in other snees people mostly go their own way.				
-	In general, would you say you live in an area where	(×)			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX people help each	other,			2852
-	$q = \sim /A$ or neonle go their own				
	$q = \lambda/\Lambda$ people go their own	wayr 🗀		1	
		ixture 🔃			
	Can't c	hoose 1			
2 39	9a Do you think you live in the sort of area where people		<del></del>		
	who thought a house was being broken into would	( <u>v</u> )			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY do something ab	out it,			2853
	OR just turn a blin	d eye?			
	•	Aixture 3			
	· ·	AIX(UIG			
	No burglaries in the	is area		;	
	Canit	choose .			
· V	b. And do you think burglaries in this area are	(1)			
	PLEASE TICK ONE mostly done by people from other	areas,			2854
1	BOX ONLY OR				
	mostly done by people from aroun	d here?			
	9= ~/A	Mixture			
İ	No burglaries in t	sie area [4]			ŀ
	NO Daldieries as a				
	Can't	choose 💾			
→ A2.	.40 Please tick one box on each line to show how likely you think it is for any of these things to happen to you in, say, the next year or so.	NA Br	each		
		Not	Not at	Can't	1
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Very Fairly ON EACH LINE likely	vary likely	likely	choose	
Ì	a To have something stolen from a car?				2855
	b To have your home burgled?		ᆜ		2856
	To be robbed in the street?	,			2857
	To be attacked?				2858
	Lo το De aπackeot				1

41 Here are a number of good	site statements.				2859-
For each pair, first of all d Then tick a box to say if y or 'just agree'. If you don't agree with eit	ecide which <u>onit</u> yo ou 'agree strongly'	with the statem	ient,		
9=~/1					
6 = morti coded.		l agree with:			1
	This statement	<u>or</u> ↓	This statement		
a. Ordinary people their fair share of nation's wealth	the	Don't agree with either statement	too big a	ch people get share of the n's wealth	
Strongly	Just		Just agres	Strongly agree	
agree	agrae 	,		,	296
9=~/A		I agree with:			
6= moiti codec	This statement	<u>or</u> ↓	This statement		
b. There is no need strong trade unions of employees' working	to protect conditions	Don't agree with either statement	their worki wages	will never protect ng conditions and without strong de unions	
and wages Strongly agree	Just agree		Just agree	Strongly agrae	29
9 1/2		l agree with:			
9 = N/A 6 = morticode	d This statemen   ✓	t <u>OR</u>	This statement		
c. Major public servindustries ough	ices and t to be	Don't agree with either statement	indust	ublic services and ries ought to be vate ownership	
Strongly	Just		Just	Strongly agree	
agrae	egree 2	,	agree	[]	2
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					

	17					OFFICE USE ORLY
ALL						
A2 41 For each of these pairs of opposite : which one you agree with more Then tick a box to say if you agree	strongly with the	all decide				
Then tick a box to say it you ogree or just agree If you don't agree with either states	nent tick the middle	• box				
If you don't agree with states	l agree v	nth				
9= N/A 6= Multi coded This st	atement <u>QR</u>	The	s stateme	nt		
4	<b>.</b>		7			
There is one law for the	Don t a with air	ther		Rich or po	or everyone ed the same	
rich and one for the poor	merara	ent		Just	Strongly	,
Strongly Just		٦		mgree	agree	2870
	1			 	دئے	-
	l agree	with				
	statement Q	<u>e</u> 1	This statem			
6 = MOIF WOOD	K ,		3	Censo	rship of lilms	
h Censorship of films and magazines is necessary	with	agree either		and ma	gazines has no la free society	,
to uphoid moral standards	state	ement		Just	Strong	JIY Y
Strongly Just agree agree	r	_		egrae	egre	2871
	Ĺ	<u>.</u>				59496
	esergent to show	a	- ~1/A	Rr ea	ch	2872 80
A2 42 Please tick one box for each how much you agree or dist	igree with it	'	,-,	Nerther		
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Agree	Agree	gree nor disagree		oußi. edues
ut makes 06	opie nowadays					3 2933
less willing to look arter an	urity are made to					3 2934
feel like second class citize  c The welfare state encourse				$\Box$		2935
helping sach Other			_1	لئے		
d The government should sp on welfare benefits for the	poor even if			[,]		s 2938
it leads to higher taxes	loved people could			[,]		2937
find a tob if they really and	MILEO O					2938
f Many people who get soo really deserve any help			لايا	<u> </u>		2939
g Most people on the dole way or another		اليا	ايا	كا	رئے	
h If welfare benefits weren would learn to stand on	t so ganerous peo their own two feet	ple	<u></u>		<u></u>	2940

•	19	OFF US ON
<del></del>		1
5a To help us plan better in future, plea how long it took you to complete thi	use tell us about is questionnaire. (/)	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	Less than 15 minutes	296
9= ~/A	Between 15 and 20 minutes	
	Between 21 and 30 minutes	
	Between 31 and 45 minutes	
	Between 46 and 60 minutes	
	Over one hour	52-/
b. And on what date did you fill in the	e questionnaire?	29
PLEASE WRITE IN DA	TE MONTH 1994 9997 - N/A	25
		1
		54 21
THANK )	YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP	1



P 1345/GB

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1994 MAIN SAMPLE

Spring 1994

B

SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

OFFICE USE ONLY	INTERVIEWER TO ENTER
9-13 Spar 14-15 2 1 Card 16-18 Spar 27-31 Batc 32-34 Spar	ber 15-22 0 number Sampling point Interviewer number

#### To the selected respondent

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study - the tenth in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in twenty one other countries, as part of an international survey.

#### Completing the auestionnaire.

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. Only you should fill it in, and not anyone else at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous

#### Returning the questionnaire

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please fill it in and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN

#### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a chantable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain The British Social Attitudes survey series is funded mainly by one of the Sainsbury Family Chantable Trusts, with contributions also from other grant-giving bodies and government departments. Please contact us if you would like further information

١,	<b>J</b> _							ĺ	ONLY
2		Some say that more decisions a Community Others say that midby individual governments. Do should mostly be made by the Eindividual governments?	ore decision	ons should be decisions abo	made ut taxes	·	= N/A	FOR EAC	<b>H</b>
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		Mostly made by the EC		vidual	both gually	Can t	
		ON EACH LINE  Decisions about	texes?			,			2135
		b And what about decisions controlling pol	about						2136
		c Decisions about de	fence?	ليا	Ĺ		ليا		2137
ļ		d Decisions about the repeate at				j			2138
_	,	€ Decisions about immig	ration?			1	,		2139
	), ),}_	All countries have a foreign po	licy that	is a policy to	promote an	nd			
֟֟֝֟֓֓֓֟֟֓֓֓֟֟֓֓֓֟֟ ֓	<i>,</i> , ,	flook after their interests abroad of British foreign policy Please each aim is for Britain	Here an	e a unumper of	possible ai	<u>m3</u>	N/A F	R EACH	
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Essential	Very important	Fairly Important	Not very important	Not at all important	Can t	
	•	To help Britain sell more goods abroad		1			5		2140
	b	To promote Britain's link with Commonwealth countries like Canada and Australia							2141
	С	To promote the best of British arts and culture that is things like plays films music and the English language				$\overline{\Box}$			2142
	d	To ensure Britain keeps good relations with the USA							2143
	•	To help poor countries in Asia and Africa improve their standard of living		1	,				2144
	f	To encourage more people to visit Sittain to help the tourist industry		1				<u> </u>	2145
	0	To strengthen Britain s role in a successful European Community							2146
	h /_	To support the United Nations as the world's peacekeeper			Ţ,				2147

OFFICE

<u>Au</u> 82,03	Here are a number of countries. to say how much influence it <u>cul</u> compared with Britain.	2 For each please tick <u>on</u> i rrently has on world eve	nts About	'A FOR EAC	OFFICE USE ONLY	B2.05 From whitems be in your a PLEASE ON EAC
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a. b. c. d. e. f.	More influence than Brit France China Germany Australia Israel India Russia Japan	ain as Britain t	Less influence Can'then Britain choose 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ie	a. GPs' ap b. Amount c. Being al d. Quality e. Hospita operatio f. Waiting with ho g. Genera h. Staffin i. Staffin
52 S	Please tick one box to say how peace you think each of these over the next ten years or so?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a. b. c. d. e.	COdiffica in week in	Ouite a Serious serious threat threat 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	s threat	Can't hoose	j. Quality k. Quality l. Waitin depart m. Waitin o. Time p. Time depart q. Time a 999
<u>.</u>	V				2162-80 2220-80 2320-45	B2.06 In the PLEA  a. b. c. d.

		3				OFFICE USE ONLY
	from what you know or have heard, please tic tems below to show whether you think the N n your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or it			= N/A 1901	r each	JAE!
F	PLEASE TICK <b>ONE BOX</b> ON EACH LINE	in need of	In need of some	Satisfactory	Very good	
a. (	GPs' appointment systems	닏				2345
b. 4	Amount of time GP gives to each patient				띰	2347
c.	Being able to choose which GP to see					2348
d.	Quality of medical treatment by GPs			<u></u>		2349
	Hospital waiting lists for non-emergency operations			,		2350
	Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants					2351
g.	General condition of hospital buildings			-	=	2352
h.	Staffing level of nurses in hospitals				4	2353
i.	Staffing level of doctors in hospitals			ليا	<u>ا</u>	2354
j.	Quality of medical treatment in hospitals					2355
k.	Quality of nursing care in hospitals			F		
1.	Waiting areas in accident and emergency departments in hospitals				<u> </u>	2357
m.	Waiting areas for out-patients in hospitals				<u> </u>	2358
n.	Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries			,		2359
0.	Time spent waiting in out-patient department Time spent waiting in accident and emerger	nts 🗀				
p.	departments before being seen by a doctor	ليا				2361
q.	Time spent waiting for an ambulance after a 999 call	ليا	_1	٤		2362
2.06	In the last two years, have you or a close f	amily member	0	AN = P	FOREAC	44
1	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE			Yes No		
	a.	visit	ed an NHS GP?			2363
	b been an or	ut-patient in ar	NHS hospital?	님 님		2364
	c been an	in-patient in a	n NHS hospital?			2365
	d visited	a patient in a	n NHS hospital?	닏빔		2355
$\bigvee$	e had any medical t	reatment as a	private patient?			2367
						- 1

			4				ļ	OFFICE USE ONLY
ALL_				9 =	1/A F0	R EAC	+	
82 07	How much do you agree or disagree PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly	Agree	Neither agree noi disagree	,	Strongly disagree	Cen t choose	li .
•	mothers of young children should not expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and childcare			,			_,	2368
ь	the government should provide money for childcare, so that mothers of young children can work if they want to		_1	,				2359
W B2 08	3 Think of a child under 3 years old w			9 =	- N/A	FOR E	<del>a</del> c 17	
ļ	How suitable do you think each of arrangements would be for the chil	these child d?	care			A	Can t	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Very	ſ	newhat sitable	Not very suitable	Not at all suitable	choose	2370
	<ul> <li>A state or local authority nursery?</li> </ul>	1,	, - -					2371
Ì	b A private creche or nursery?	===	-	言			نے ا	2372
,	c A child minder or babysitter?	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	H	$\Box$		<u></u>	2373
1	d A neighbour or friend?	=	<u>.                                    </u>	H				2374
1	e A relative?	=	<del>-</del>	$\vdash$	ā	<u> </u>		2375
$\downarrow$	f A workplace nursery or creche?		<u>.</u> ] 	<u> </u>				SPAME 2378
B2	BOX ONLY   vote for	this card y vote in a l vote for a a party onl	local party reg	gardless of rove of the	candidate			2420
\ <i>,</i>	,		l do no	ot generally	vote at all	<u></u>		
V - 16	B2 10 in most areas all councilors of political parties and councils a lines. There are some areas vindependents and the council lines. Which do you personal present the property of the property of the property of the political property of the political property of the political politi	vhere most	councille	party party system the pa the non pa	arty system arty system?	1 1		2421
37	}			•	Can t choose	. LU 		

When deciding how to make up his or her mind about a local usus which of the following do you think is the most important for a councillor to take into account?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  The interests of all the people in the council a stea  His or her party is views  Can t choose  To take up problems and complaints people when about the council a services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  To take up problems and complaints people so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  To help manage the council is services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  ON EACH UNE  To take up problems and complaints people would you say it is that people are put off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  ON EACH UNE  To they don't feel they have enough time?  They don't feel they have so that they are to councillors to fittle power to change things?  They don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  They don't feel			5			,	ĺ	OFFICE USE ONLY
a local save which of the following do you think as most important for a councillor to take into account?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  The interests of the ward he or she represents  The interests of all the people in the council a area  His or her party 5 views  Can t choose  His or her party 5 views  Can t choose  To take up problems and complaints people have about the council a services  OR  To help manage the council a services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  Neither  To help manage the council s services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH UNE  Can t choose  Very Can t choose  Neither  Can t choose  Neither  Can t choose  1  2423  Description of because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH UNE  To the little power to change things?  they don't feel they have to little power to change things?  they don't feel they have the exilis to do the job?  they don't feel they have the exilis to do the job?  they don't feel they have the exilis to do the job?  they don't feel they have the exilis to do the job?  they don't think enough people would support them?  they think local government is					9 = 1	/A	}	
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The interests of all the people in the council is area  His or her party is views  Can t choose  12 12 And which of the following do you think is the more important for a councillor to do?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  To help manage the council is services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither ?  Can t choose  Neither ?  Can t choose  182 13 Most people don t stand for election as councillors How common would you say it is that people are put off bacause PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH UNE  a they don't feel they have enough time?  b it just doesn't occur to them to think of standing? c they think local government has to little power to change things? d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  e they cannot afford it financially f they don't think enough people would support them?  a they think local government is	,	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	His	or her own v	views			2-62
His or her party 5 views  Can t choose  12 12 And which of the following do you think is the more important for a councillor to do?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  To help manage the council s services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  Neither  Can t choose  1 2423  B2 13 Most people don t stand for election as councillors how common would you say it is that people are put off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH UNE  a they don't feel they have enough time?  b it just doesn't occur to them to think of standing?  c they think local government has to little power to change things?  d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  e they cannot afford it financially f they don't think enough people would support them?  a they think local government is	1	The interests of	the ward he	or she repre	sents		1	
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And which of the following do you think is the more important for a councillor to do?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OR  To take up problems and complaints people have about the council a services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  Neither  Can t choose  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OR  To help manage the council s services so that they are run as well as possible  Neither  Can t choose  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  To take up problems and complaints people are put off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  They don't feel they have enough time?  They don't feel they have the think of standing?  They think local government has too little power to change things?  They don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  They cannot afford it financially they common they would support them?  They which local government is	$\downarrow$			Can t c	hoosa L			<u> </u>
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Can t choose    Can t choose		OR To held	manage the	a council s s as well as p	ervices — ossiple —			[ ]
Most people don t stand for election as councillors How common would you say it is that people are put off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  a they don't feel they have enough time?  b it just doesn t occur to them to think of standing?  c they think local government has too little power to change things?  d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  a they cannot afford it financially f they don't think enough people would support them?  c they think local government is					Neither	<u>-</u>		
How common would you say it is that people are put off because  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Very Fairly Fairly Very Can t choose  a they don't feel they have enough time?  b it just doesn t occur to them to think of standing?  c they think local government has too little power to change things?  d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  a they cannot afford it financially f they don't think enough people would support them?				Can t	choose	_		
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PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH UNE  a they don't feel they have enough time?  b it just doesn t occur to them to think of standing? c they think local government has too little power to change things? d they don't feel they have the skills to do the job?  e they cannot afford it financially f they don't think enough people would support them?  c they think local government is	- 1				Carely	Varv	Can t	1
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would support them?	ь	it just doesn't occur to them to think of standing?					[ ',	2425
would support them?	٥	they think local government has too little power to change things?			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			2426
would support them?	d	they don't feel they have the			<u> </u>			
would support them?	١,	they cannot afford it financially		2	1	كيا	<u></u>	2428
c rhey think local government is		they don't think enough people		[1				2429
		rhey think local government is			1		<u></u>	2430
								1

		6	_			_	OFFICE USE ONLY
4	Please tick <u>one</u> box to show how much you disagree with each of the following staten	ou agree or nents.	9=	ム	たのん	EACH	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagrea	Disagrae strongly	
<b>a</b> .	The way that people decide to vote in local elections is the main thing that decides how things are run in this area.						2431
b.	There is no point in voting in local elections because in the end it makes no difference who gets in		_1				2432
c.	Private companies can always run things more efficiently than local councils		_1		•		2433
d.	Generally speaking, those we elect as councillors lose touch with people pretty quickly			3			2434
8.	Local council elections are sometimes so complicated that I really don't know who to vote for	1	1				2435
f.	People like me can have a real influence on politics if they are prepared to get involved	1	1	3			2436
g.	I feel that I could do as good a job as a councillor as most other people						2437
h.	Councillors don't care much what people like me think	1		,			2438
i.	Private companies cannot be trusted to run important public services like rubbish collection and street cleaning		2	,			2439
2.15	Britain controls the numbers of people f allowed to settle in this country. Please groups below, whether you think Britain settlement, less settlement, or about th	e say, for <u>each</u> n should allow (	more	9 = 14	/A FOR	EACH	
١			,,,,,,		ment	as now	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		settlemen	t settle	7		2441
	ON EACH LINE  a. Australians and New		settlemen		3		!
	ON EACH LINE  a. Australians and New  b. Indians and	d Pakistanis	settlemen	t sattle	2		244
	ON EACH LINE  a. Australians and New  b. Indians and c. People from European Community	d Pakistanis ty countries	settlement		7		244 244
	ON EACH LINE  a. Australians and New  b. Indians and c. People from European Community	d Pakistanis	settlement		2		244 244 244
	ON EACH LINE  a. Australians and New  b. Indians and  c. People from European Community	d Pakistanis ty countries Vest Indians	settlement		2		2441 2441 244 244 244

<b>\</b>	•		•				ļ	ONLY
1 -	Now thinking about the families (husba parents) of people who have <u>already</u> se you say in general that Britain should	ille or pally	, children. tain, woul	d	9=	M/A		
1	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				( <b>~</b> )			
	be stricter in controlling	the settle	ment of c	lose relative	s 🛄			2451
	or - be less strict in controlling	the settle	ment of c	lose relative	s <u></u>			
$\downarrow$	or - keep the	controls a	bout the	same as nov	w [3]			
1	Here are some ideas about sending per Please tick <u>one</u> box on each line to sho agree or disagree with each of these s	ow now mu	on. Ich you	Neither	9 = N	A FOR		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly agree	Agree	agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Can't choose	:
а.	People who get sent to prison have much too easy a time			<u></u>		- 3		2452
b.	reform prisoners, rather than just <u>punishing</u> them		<u>-</u>	<u>,</u>				2453
c.	Prisoners who behave well should usually be released before the end of their sentence			1	<u>-</u>	· .		2454
d.	Courts should give longer sentences to criminals	L				15_		2455
e.	Only hardened criminals, or those who are a danger to society, should be sent to prison			3				245ô
1 1.	Life sentences should mean life		1:				<u> </u>	2457
B2.18	There a a number of ways of dealing a big threat to society, other than se strongly do you agree or disagree with PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	nding them	to prisor	. How	9 = ^		or <del>ea</del> c	
	ON EACH LINE  More offenders who are not a big	Strongly agree	Agree	agree nor disagree		Strongly disagree	Can't choose	
a.	threat should bekept <u>out</u> of prison but made to report regularly to probation officers		[,]	,		5		2458
ь			1	,				2459
c	<ul> <li>kept <u>out</u> of prison but made to do military service for a period of time</li> </ul>		1	[,				2460
$\sqrt{a}$	<ol> <li>kept <u>out</u> of prison but made to get training and counselling</li> </ol>		,	Ţ		[]		2461
								2462-8 2520-5

OFFICE

^		8			OFFICE USE ONLY	B2 21s Which one of these two s to your own views?
An. B2 19	Listed below are various areas of gov Please show whether you would like government spending in each area	(0 300 mora or 1202	9= NA 1	or <del>ea</del> ch		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
	Remember that if you say "much mo require a tax increase to pay for it	re" it might		Spand		thi
a b c d	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The environment Health The police and law enforcement Education	Spend much Spend more more	Spend the same Spend es now less	much Can t less choose	2554 2556 2556 2557 2558	b And which of these two to your own views?  PLEASE TICK  GNE BOX  OR  B2 22 Please tick one box for
f	Unemployment benefits				2559 2580 2581	show how much you a  PLEASE TICK ONE BO.  ON EACH LINE  The government shoul to protect the environi
2 20	electricity needs would you favour  PLEASE TICK ONE  BOX ONLY  We should buil	tions to Britain s most? ould make do with ti id more gas oil or co ould build more nucle	pal power stations	q = ~/A	2582	b Industry should do mo the environment ever to lower profits and fo  c Ordinary people shoul protect the environme it means paying highe
	b If we gid make do with the power already do you think  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  OR  that homes by to cut do	they would produce for Brit	enough electricity ain a future needs  ry would be forced electricity they use?  Can t choose	] ] 9 - ~/A	<b>2563</b>	PLEASE TICK ONE B  b And in country area  PLEASE TICK ONE
`	BOX ONLY The	est to your own recovery create very serious y create quite serious hey create only sligh	ch ings? s risks for the future s risks for the future it risks for the future y risks for the future	0 	2564	

				•							1	ONLY
Та го	ir Eac	<b>-</b> H	OFFICE USE ONLY	A N 82 21	Which one of these to your own views?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	damage t soi	uld be prevented to the countrysid matimes leads to	down eve	en if	9= 1	<b>1/</b> A	2585
nd r	pand nuch less	Can t choose	2554 2556 2556 2557		b And which of these to your own views PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	The countring development	yside should be	ted even i	f this	9 =	4/A	2565
			2558 2559 2560	B2	22 Please tick one bo show how much PLEASE TICK ON ON EACH LINE	x for <u>each</u> statement to you agree or disagree E BOX	below to with it Agree strongly	Agree	9 = N/P Neither agree nor disagree	FC (L V	Disagree strongly	
<u>.</u>			2581		a The government to protect the en if it leads to high	er caxes						2567
<u>(s)</u>				t	the environment to lower profits	TUG LEMBI JODS		1			ار	2568
	9 =	4/A	2562	,	c Ordinary people protect the envir	should do more to onment even if higher prices						2589
_j. ⊡s			2563	- 82	2,23a Thinking first at government has PLEASE TICK C	out <u>towns and cities</u> to choose		ould improv		1	N/A	2570
; [] . []	9	+ ~/A			b And in <u>country</u> PLEASE TICK	areas, if the governm		ould impro		]   <b>9</b> .	чIн	2571
(S) re []	ا	) = n/p	2584									SPAME 2572 E

OFFICE

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2627

2628

2529

2630

Disagree

9 = N/A FOR EACH

Neither

agree nor

10

Agree

Please tick one box on each line to show how much you

agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

a. Modern methods of farming have caused damage

Government should withhold some subsidies from farmers and use them to protect the

countryside, even if this leads to higher prices

b. If farmers have to choose between producing more food and looking after the countryside.

they should produce more food c. All things considered, farmers do a good job

in looking after the countryside

to the countryside

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

ON EACH LINE

		OR Farmers know ho countryside - there should be lef	are enoug	h controls, a what's d	and farmer one on farm	\$l			
,					Can't choos	. L.			<del></del>
27	prese	you a member of any group whos give or protect the environment?	e main ain	n is to	v	(Z)	9= 1	/A	2632
	PLEA	ASE TICK ONE BOX			•	,			
				<del></del>			= N/A 1	FOR EA	CIT
.28	In th	e last five years, have you				Yes.	No.		
		ASE TICK <b>ONE</b> BOX EACH LINE				1 have	I have no	t i	
		signed a peti	ition about	an enviro	nmental issu	ie,		į	2633
	a.				imental grou	1 1	2	}	2634
	b.		part in a	protest or	demonstrati	on 🗌		ļ	2635
_	¢.		about	an enviro	nmental issu	;e?	لفيا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		
/									SPARE
									2636-80
/ 2.29	Ple:	ase tick <u>one</u> box for <u>each</u> of these show how much you agree or dis	e statemer agree with	nts below 1 it.	9	= ~/4	FOR E	EACH	2636-80
2.29	to : PLI	show how much you agree or dis EASE TICK ONE BOX	e statemer agree with	nts below i it.	Neither	= ~/A			2636-80
2.29	to : PLI	show how much you agree or dis	e statemer agree with Agree strongly	nts below	,	= N/A	Disagree strongly	Can't choose	2636-80 2720-41
	to : PLI OA . Loc par	show how much you agree or dis EASE TICK ONE BOX	Agree witt	. u.	Neither agree nor		Disagree	Can't	2636-80
a	to: PLU ON Loc par clo Bu pri	show how much you agree or dis EASE TICK ONE BOX I EACH LINE cal <u>rail</u> services that do not y for themselves should be	Agree witt	Agree	Neither agree nor		Disagree	Can't choose	2636-80 2720-41
a	. Loc par clo b. Bu pri ev me	show how much you agree or dis EASE TICK ONE BOX I EACH LINE  cal rail services that do not y for themselves should be used down  ises should be given more ises should be given more ises; it this makes things more	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	Can't choose	2636-80 2720-41 2742
a	DA CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO CO	show how much you agree or dis  EASE TICK ONE BOX  I EACH LINE  cal rail services that do not y for themselves should be used down uses should be given more iority in towns and cities, iven it this makes things more ore difficult for car drivers visitor to the countryside less days really needs a car	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	Can't choose	2636-80 2720-41 2742 2743
a	PLLOON  Loop packets  by prince when to the total and the	show how much you agree or dis  EASE TICK ONE BOX  I EACH LINE  cal rail services that do not y for themselves should be used down uses should be given more iority in towns and cities, ren it this makes things more ore difficult for car drivers visitor to the countryside ease days really needs a car used trivers still are given too easy	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	Can't choose	2636-80 2720-41 2742 2743

11

Looking after the countryside is too important to be

left to farmers - government authorities should have

more control over what's done and built on farms

USE ONLY

9= N/A

AN

It is the government's responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one  OR  It is everyone's own responsibility to find a job for themselves, and nothing to do with the government  Can't choose  Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  OR  State intervention is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  Can't choose  Can't choose  There is one law for the rich and one for the poor  OR  Rich or poor, everyone gets treated the same  2  9 = N/A	It is the government's responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one  OR  It is everyone's own responsibility to find a job for themselves, and nothing to do with the government  Can't choose  Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  OR  State intervention is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  Can't choose  Can't choose  There is one law for the rich and one for the poor  OR
Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  State intervention is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  Can't choose  There is one law for the rich and one for the poor  OR  Rich or poor, everyone gets treated the same  1    (/)	Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  State intervention is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems  Can't choose  There is one law for the rich and one for the poor  OR  Rich or poor, everyone gets treated the same  Can't choose
There is one law for the rich and one for the poor  OR  Rich or poor, everyone gets treated the same     V   V	There is one law for the rich and one for the poor one fo
	Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards  OR  Censorship of films and magazines 9 = N/A

_		16				I	OFFICE
<u> </u>	,		9= N	I/A FO	R EAG	<u>_</u> 1+	CHEY
32 36	Please tick one box for each statement to show how much you agree or disagree with it			•			2920-32
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	2000
•	The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves		<u></u>				2523
Ь	People receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens						2934
5	The welfare state encourages people to stop helping each other					5	2935
d	The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor leven if it leads to higher taxes		[ ]				2936
•	Around here most unemployed people could find a job if they really wanted one						2937
} ;	Many people who get social accurity don't really deserve any help		,				2938
•	Most people on the dole are fiddling in one way or another		1			,	2929
'n	If welfare benefits weren t so generous peop would learn to stand on their own two feet	la []	_,				2940
2 37		to show	9= 1	N/A 1	ಕುa	ACH	2941 45
1	how much you agree or disagree with it			Neither			ĺ
		_				<b>-</b>	}
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	agrae nor disagrae	Disagree	Disagrae atrongly	
•			Agree	agree nor	Dizagree		2948
}	ON EACH LINE Ordinary people get their fair share		سئ	agree nor	Disagree	atrongly	2948
ь	ON EACH LINE Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working	strongly		agrae nor disagrae	Disagree	atrongly	
b	ON EACH LINE Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working conditions and wages Major public services and industries	strongly		agrae nor disagree	Disagree .	atrongly	2847
b	ON EACH LINE Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working conditions and wages Major public services and industries ought to be in state ownership Young people today don't have enough	strongly		agrae nor disagree	Disagree	atrongly	2947
b c d	ON EACH LINE Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working conditions and wages Major public services and industries ought to be in state ownership Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values It is government s responsibility to	strongly		agrae nor disagree		atrongly	2949
b c d	ON EACH LINE  Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth  There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working conditions and wages.  Major public services and industries ought to be in atate ownership.  Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values.  It is government a responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one.  Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain a economic problems.	strongly		agrae nor disagree		atrongly  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,  ,	2948 2948 2948 2950
b c d	ON EACH LINE  Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth  There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees working conditions and wages  Major public services and industries ought to be in atate ownership  Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values  It is government a responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one  Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain a economic problems  There is one law for the rich and	strongly		agrae nor disagree		atrongly	2947 2948 2949 2950 2951

Λ.							ONL
B2 38	Please tick one box for <u>each</u> statement to show how much you agree or disagree with	b it	9.	: N/A	PO/2 6	EACH	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	Naither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree atrongly	
•	Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off			Ţ			2954
6	Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers		1	3			2955
c	Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance		_,				2956
d	People who break the law should be given suffer sentences	L	1	,			2957
	For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence.		,	,		·	2958
1	Schools should teach children to obey authority	ı	1				2955
	The law should always be obeyed even if a particular law is wrong			,			2960
82 39a	To help us plan better in future, please tel how long it took you to complete this que	ll us about estionnaire		9 = 4,	/A	•	296
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		than 15 n	(/ <u>)</u>	`\		296
}		Between 15		<u> </u>	j		
-		Between 21	and 30 n	ninutes .	]		
}		Between 31	and 45 m	minutes _			
		Setween 46	and 60 r	ninutes	1		
1,			Over or	ne hour 🖳	Ŋ		PAP
V t	And on what date did you fill in the ques	tionnaire?					296
	PLEASE WRITE IN DATE	MONTH	1994	9999	. N/A		298
		<del>_</del>		<u>-</u> -			297
	THANK YOU	VERY MUCI	H FOR Y	OUR HEI	P		29,
	Please keep the completed has arranged to call for it in the pre-paid addressed or	Otherwise,	please pe	e interview ost it as so	ver if he or on as possi	she ble	

Field and DP Office: 18 NORTHAMEPTON SQUARE, LONDON ECLY BAX
Tel: 071-220 1004 Fac: 071-220 1324

P.1345/GB

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1994 MAIN SAMPLE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

Spring 1994

OFFICE USE ONLY	INTERVIEWER TO ENTER	
Cluster number 9-13 Spare 14-15 2 2 Card no. 16-18 Spare 27-31 Batch no. 32-34 Spare	1-5 6 19-22 0 23-26 19-22 19-2	Serial number Sampling point Interviewer number

#### To the selected respondent:

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study - the tenth in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn; some of the questions are also being asked in twenty-one other countries, as part of an international survey.

#### Completing the questionnaire:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick ( ) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. Only you should fill it in, and not anyone else at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

#### Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please fill it in and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN.

#### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes survey series is funded mainly by one of the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from other grant-giving bodies and government departments. Please contact us if you would like further information.

7	111	<u>.</u>		•					USE
2.0	1	To begin, we have some questions Do you agree or disagree?	s about wo	men.		9= ~	/A FOR	each	
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly	_	Neither agree nor		Strongly	Can't	
;		A working mother can establish just as warm and secure a	agree	Agree	disagree	Disagree	disagree	choose	
		relationship with her children as a mother who does not work			,				2235
	b.	A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works		[2]					2236
	c.	All in all, family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job		2	,				2237
	đ.	A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children	1		,		5		2238
	8.	Being a housewife is just as fulfilling as working for pay		2					2239
	f.	Having a job is the best way for a woman to be an independent person					,		2240
\ \	g.	Most women have to work these days to support their families		Ž	,				2241
C2.0	02	And, do you agree or disagree	}			9:	= N/A	for each	 
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Can't	
į,	a.	Both the man and woman should contribute to the household income		7	1		Ţ		2242
:	b.	A man's job is to earn money; a woman's job is to look after the home and family			_,		5	•	2243
	c.	It is not good if the man stays at home and cares for the children and the woman goes out to work					Ţ,		2244
	d.	Family life often suffers because men concentrate too much on their work		_2		·			2245
Y									<del> </del> -

C2 <sub>03</sub>	Do you think that women should we the home <u>full time</u> , part time or not	vork outsid	de		9 = 7	A ma E	ACH	ONLY		06 Do you agree or disagree 7  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  ON EACH LINE	Strongly	Agree	Nerther agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	C
	under these circumstances?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH			Work full dime	Work	Stay at home	Can t		},	a Watching children grow up is life a greatest joy					_,	[
	After marrying and before there are	e children						2246		Having children interferes too     much with the freedom of parent     People who have never had					<u>,</u>	
٥	When there is a child under school  After the youngest child starts sch							2247 2248 2249		children lead empty lives  d When there are children in the family parents should stay toget even if they don't get along	her			[]	ان ا	
<del>-</del>	After the children leave home  Do you agree or disagree ?	_,		<u> </u>		N/A PO			J.	Even when there are no children married couple should stay toget even if they don't get along.						
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  Married people are generally	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	_	Can t		C2 0	07 Which of these would you say is in preparing children for life	more impo	ortant				
	happier than unmarried people  The main advantage of marriage is that it gives financial security							2250		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	0	R	to be ab	edient [,	9= 1	~
ĺ	The main purpose of marriage these days is to have children it is better to have a bad marriage							2252		/		to th	ink for them:	choose		
1	than no marriage at all  People who want children ought			ليا []				2253	<u>V</u>	08 Did your mather ever work for p				CHOOSE .		
	to get married  f One parent can bring up a child as well as two parents together					3		2255	{	year, after you were born and be PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	atore you v	vere 147		\ <u>\</u>		
	It is all right for a couple to live together without intending to get married		_;					2256					Yes she	worked 💾 No 🔙	9 =	r
1	it is a good idea for a couple who intend to get married to live together first							2257	7	/		Did i	not live with	mother	<del> </del>	_
- 1	Divorce is usually the best solution when a couple can't seem to wor				[·]			2258								

	OFFICE	F 2272/102
•	OWLY	PLEASE ANSWER TH LIVING AS MARRIED
2.09a Is your mother still alive?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Yes PLEASE ANSWER b. BELOW	2258	C2.12a Has your husband or PLEASE TICK ONE BO
She lives in the same household	2269	PLEASE ANSWER THE b. Did you live with you PLEASE TICK ONE BE  EVERYONE PLEASE  C2.13 Did you ever live top you didn't marry? PLEASE TICK ONE BE
EVERYONE PLEASE ANSWER  C2.10 Have you ever been divorced?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Yes   No   Q = N/A	2271	C2.14 Do you agree or disa
C2.11 Are you married or aving as married now?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Yes, married  PLEASE ANSWER  Q2.12 a & b BELC  Yes, living as married  Q2.12a ONLY	1 DW <sup>2272</sup>	PLEASE TICK ONE E ON EACH LINE  a. Working women sho paid maternity leave have a baby b. Families should rece benefits for child-car parents work c. A pregnant woman
No		to obtain a legal aboreason whatsoever, not to have the baby

l F	= 2272/10e2		5	·				OFFICE USE ONLY	
<u>. * : :</u>	PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION LIVING AS MARRIED	IF YOU A	RE MAR	RIED OR				į	
2.12a	Has your husband or wife or partner	r ever bee	n divorce	ad?				ļ	
•	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	9 =	= N/A	•	Yes 1	IF YOU A LIVING A MARRIEI PLEASE TO Q2.1	AS O GO	2273	
	= 2272/1	IT VALL							
	PLEASE ANSWER THIS QUESTION  Did you live with your husband or v								
о.	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		9 = N,		(<) Yes 1 No 2			2274	
				Not m	arried				
_	EVERYONE PLEASE ANSWER  Did you ever live together with a pa	irtner							
2.13	you didn't marry?								
$\bigvee$	Yes, with a previous partner  Yes, with my present partner  Yes, both with a previous partner and with my present partner  No, never								
C2.14	Do you agree or disagree?			9	- N/A	POQ. 8	EACH		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE . Working women should receive	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Can't choose		
•	paid maternity leave when they have a baby	,	1	,		1		2276	
Ь	Families should receive financial benefits for child-care when both parents work		[]			1		2277	
,	<ul> <li>A pregnant woman should be able to obtain a legal abortion for any reason whatsoever, if she chooses not to have the baby</li> </ul>				•	_ 5		2278	
								SPARE 2279-80	

6	OFFICE USE ORLY
High	j
C2 15a Do you think it is wrong or not wrong if a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage?	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
Always wrong	2320
Almost always wrong	
Wrong only sometimes 3	
Nat wrong at all	
Can t choose	-
Can t choose	1
What if they are in their early teens say under 16 years old? In that case is it	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
always wrong	2321
almost always wrong 2	1
wrong only sometimes $9 = \lambda/A$	Ì
or not wrong at all?	
Can t choose	
	İ
What about a <u>marned</u> person having sexual relations with someone <u>other</u> than his or her husband or wife?	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
always wrong	2322
almost always wrong 2 - 9 = N/A	1
wrong only sometimes 3 9 = 7/17	
or not wrong at all?	
Can t choose	j
<u>Į</u>	
And what about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? is it	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	
always wrong	2323
almost always wrong 9 2 N/A	1
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or not wrong at all?	}
Can i chease [1]	}

A.	<b>h</b>			7					OFFICE USE ONLY		
C2 16	Sometimes at work people find varies propositions or to co workers or supervisors physical contact and sometimes this ever happened to y PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	mwanted s The advan- mes just in	exual disc ces somet	ussions fron times involve ual conversa	n I	,	9= 4	/A	2324		
C2 17	F 2272/10 Q 2.  PLEASE ANSWER 02 17 70 02 19 IF YOU ARE MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED  IF NOT MARRIED OR NOT LIVING AS MARRIED PLEASE GO TO 02 20  C2 17 How do you and your spouse/partner organise the income that one or both of you receive? Please choose the option that comes closest										
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  I manage all the money and give my partner his or her share  My partner manages all the money and gives me my share  We pool all the money and each take out what we need										
<u>\</u>		We e	Not ma	nd keep the r	ney separat g as marrie	d					
C2 16	PLEASE ANSWER IF YOU In your household who do				ARRIED	9=	A/A	たつべ ミ	AC14		
2,10	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Always the woman		About equa or both together	Usually the man	Always the man	is done by a third person	Can t			
	The washing and ironing					اليا		ليا	2326		
١	Small repairs around the house								2327		
1	Looking after sick family members			1					2328		
	d Shapping for groceries	,		,					2329		
V	Deciding what to have for dinner								2330		

PLEASE ANSWER IF YOU ARE MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED  23.193 Do you and your husband or wife or partner both have paid work at the moment?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Q = N/A Yes	le	2272/1082	8				
22.19a Do you and your husband or wife or partner both have paid work at the moment?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX    PLEASE TICK ONE BOX   PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY    PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY    The man earns much more   The man earns much more   The man earns much more   The man earns a bit more   PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY    PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY    PLEASE ANSWER Q2.20 AND Q2.21 IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.   The woman earns much more   The woman e	<u></u>		BOILD OF 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		_		
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  The man earns much more  The man earns a bit more  We earn about the same amount  The woman earns a bit more  The woman earns a bit more  The woman earns a bit more  The woman earns a bit more  PLEASE ANSWER Q2.20 AND Q2.21 IF YOU MAVE EVER HAD CHILDREN.  IF YOU MAVE NEVER HAD CHILDREN, PLEASE GO TO Q2.22.  C2.20 Did you work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  After marrying and before you had children?  b. And what about when a child was under school age?  c. After the youngest child started school?  d. And how about after the children left home?  C2.21 What about your spouse/partner at that time - did he/she work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  Worked full-time pert-time home eapp  d. And what about when a child was under  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  Worked full-time pert-time home eapp  a. After marrying and before you had children?  b. And what about when a child was under  please Tick ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  Worked full-time pert-time home eapp  a. After marrying and before you had children?  c. After the youngest child started school?  d. And how about after the children left home?  c. After the youngest child started school?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?  d. And how about after the children left home?	C2.19			AS MARRIE	D		
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	EVERYONE PLEASE ANSWER					°
.22	From what you know or have heard, please tic items below to show whether you think the Ni in your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or in	ational Health	Service 7	. N/A FOR	. EACUT	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	In need of a lot of	In need of <u>some</u>			
   a.	GPs' appointment systems	mprovement	improvement	Satisfactory \	/ery good	2
b.	Amount of time GP gives to each patient	<u> </u>				2
c.	Being able to choose which GP to see					2
d.	Quality of medical treatment by GPs			,		2
е.	Hospital waiting lists for <u>non</u> -emergency operations					2
1.	Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants			ار]		2
g.	General condition of hospital buildings					2
h.	Staffing level of nurses in hospitals			,		2
i.	Staffing level of doctors in hospitals		[:]	_ ,		2
j.	Quality of medical treatment in hospitals			,		2
k.	Quality of nursing care in hospitals	-		3		2
I.	Waiting areas in accident and emergency departments in hospitals			,		2
m.	Waiting areas for out-patients in hospitals		[ ]	3		2
'n.	Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries					2
0.	Time spent waiting in out-patient departments		<u> </u>	3	•	2
p.	Time spent waiting in accident and emergency departments before being seen by a doctor		1	,		2
q. /	Time spent waiting for an ambulance after a 999 call			3		2
23	In the last two years, have you or a close fami	ly member	9	= N/A F0	n Gach	Ť
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Y	s No		
	a.		an NHS GP? L			2
	b been an out-pa					2
	c been an in-pa			<u> </u>		2
	d visited a pa	atient in an Ni	(S hospital?	<u> </u>		2

			10					OFFICE USE ONLY
Δ,			9=	N/A	FOR	EACH		
24	How much do you agree or disagree PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	? Strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagres	Strongly disagree	Can't choose	
•	mothers of young children should not expect employers to make special errangements to help them combine jobs and childcare	_				Ţ		2358
ь ,	the government should provide money for childcare, so that mothers of young children can work if they want to			,		<u>i</u>		2369
25	hoth have full time 1008			9 =	4/4	FOR E	EACH	
	How suitable do you think each of the arrangements would be for the child	nese childo: 7	are				C 1	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Very suitable			ot very uitable	Not at all suitable	Can t choose	2370
			r [	<u> </u>	H			2371
b		片	Ţ	<u> </u>				2372
١		H	ັດ	7				2373
١	d A neighbour or friend?	ij	Ī				닏	2374
	A relative?  If A workplace nursery or creche?		[	,		1	ليا	237
C2 26 Would you say that job opportunities for women are, in general better or worse than job opportunities for men with similar education and experience?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  Much better for women  No difference  Worse for women  Much worse for women  Can t choose								
	<u>V</u>							

			ľ	ONTA
W.	Vould you say that opportunities for univerducation are, in general better or worse for omen?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	Much better for women  Better for women  No difference  Worse for women  Much worse for women  Can't choose	9= ~/4	2468
	And how about income and wages, complete who have similar education and jobs women in general paid better or worse the PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		9= 110,	2469
C2 25	And would you say that promotion opport for women are in general better or wor promotion opportunities for men with si education and experience?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY		9= ~/4	24
<u>v</u>				

77.

7.

Anh		13			CHICE
C2.32a	Thinking about a single mot school age. Which one of to closest to your own view?			,	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY	She has a special duty to go out to work to support her child			2531
		She has a special duty to stay at home to look after her child	2	9 = N/A	
		She should do as she chooses, like everyone else			
$\bigvee$		Can't choose	ليا		
ь.	Suppose this single mother How much do you agree or should provide money to be	disagree that the government	2		<b>j</b> 
}	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OF	VLY Agree strongly			2532
		Agree		9= 1/4	
Ì		Neither agree nor disagree			(
		Disagree Disagree strongly			}
		Can't choose			}
C2.33a	Which one of these statem view about what the single PLEASE TICK ONE	ents comes closest to your mother should do? She has a special duty to go out to	(V)		2533
-	BOX ONLY	work to support her child She has a special duty to stay at home		0 ./-	2533
	•	to look after her child She should do as she chooses, like		9 = N/A	
		everyone else			
$\bigvee$		Can't choose	ن ا		
<b>b</b> .	Suppose this single mother do you agree or disagree to provide money to help with		(V)		
-	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OF	VLY Agree strongly	님		2534
1		Agree		0/a	
		Neither agree nor disagree	一	9= ~/4	
	-	Disagree Disagree strongly			
		Can't choose	[		
					<del>}</del>

			14					OFFICE URE ONLY
<u> </u>					9 = 4/i	A FOR	EACH	
	se say how much you agree or d	isagree that	i	Neither	• -		ı	
PLE/ ON i	ASE TICK ONE BOX EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	ogssåtes såtes not Merme	Disagree	Disagree strongly	Can't choose	
hard	nmarried mothers who find it I to cope have only themselves ilame							2535
h (	inmarried mothers get too a sympathy from society					<u></u>		2536
35a Wh	nich of these two statements con	nes closer ti	0					2537 80 2620-41
	EASE TICK ONE BOX				(×)			1
		duty to help for essential	their loca	i hospitals i	aise			2642
	OR		to provid	a hospitals	with [	9 =	<b>4/4</b>	
				Can t ch				
A P CI	nd which of these two statemen oser to your own view?	ts comes						
	LEASE TICK ONE BOX				<b>(√)</b>			
	Parents have a the essent	ial equipme	nt at their	CHHOLAN 2 4	me of		/ .	2543
	OR It s the gove all th	irnment s di ne essential	uty to pro equipmen	vide school t that pupils	s with	,	1= N/A	
$\downarrow$				Canto	hoose	] 		<u> </u>
	Over the <u>last</u> ten years do you to of people in Britain who would fi without help from charities has	hink that th ind it hard to	e number o survive		į,	, - ]		2844
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY			•	down		9= 4/	A
			or staye	ed about the Can t	choose	<u>.</u> 기		
1/			_					
<b>V</b> 6	And what about over the <u>next</u> that the number of people who survive without help from char	MODIO LILIO	Do you th it hard to	INK	(. [	<u>~</u>		284
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY			G	ا down و و و	- - - -	9 = 11/4	
			or s	tay about ti	10 same?	<u>,                                    </u>		1
1/	<del></del>		· •		t choose [			
W	~7			Can	COLOUSE C			

			15					USE ONLY
	ing this card please say how m	uch you #	gree or	c	A. w = F	for Ef	₽CH	
dis	ing this call bloods by ingree with each of these states EASE TICK ONE BOX	nents Agree		Neither agree nor		Disagree strongly	Can t	
01	N EACH LINE	strongly	Agree	disagree	Disagree	au ongry		
lık ge	ne smaller the charity the more sely it is to put its money to god use					٠		2646
di ai n	owadays charities can only o their job properly if they re run by paid professionals ot volunteers		1			Į,		2647
t t	The more money people give o British charities the less the government will spend on people in need			_1		5		2648
d 7	Too often charities don't bother to say how the money they get is being spent			,		,		2649
•	The bigger a charity becomes the more out of touch it gets with those it is trying to help	1		,		,		2650
f /	Doing voluntary work is a good thing for volunteers because it makes them feel they are contributing to society					ı		2651
	Please tick one box to show ho with each of these statements PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		ou agree ondary so Agre stron		Neither	or _	Disagree strongly	
i	Formal exams are the best wa judging the ability of pupils		یا		ليا	<u>_</u> 4		2761
	On the whole pupils are too y when they have to decide who subjects to specialise in	iÇi1		] [2				2762
١ .	The present law allows pupils school when they are too you	9	L	1 2		كسا		2763
V'	So much attention is given to results that a pupil a everyda classroom work counts for to	Y		1				2764
C2 3	39 Please tick one box to show	how much	you agr	e or	9	* N/A F	or eac	그 터
	disagree that PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	stro	jreë engly A	Nest ngree greo dise(	nor Disar	Disagr proe strong	_	L
	when recruiting school le employers pay too much att to practical skills and training	BULLOU	<u>.</u> ] [		] [	] [		2765
1	too little to exam results b when choosing students	-						l.

\_\_\_\_

I Versus

AN- C2.43	How much do <u>vou</u> think universities in gen develop these qualities in their students?	eral actually		9= N/A	FOR	EACH	ONLY		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Very much	Quite a lot	Not very much	Hardly at all	Can't choose			
	a. Self-confidence		1				2820		
	<ul> <li>How to live among people from different backgrounds</li> </ul>	1	2	1		•	2821		
	c. Skills and knowledge which will help them get a good job	(		[,]			2822		
	d. A readiness to challenge other people's ideas		2	٠	[4		2823		
	e. An ability to speak and write clearly		2				2824		
$\bigvee$	f. Knowledge that equips people for life in general		1	,			2825		
C2.44a		o have					\$PARE 2826-35		
	a child, but do not marry. What would your general opinion be?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  It would always be morally wrong  It would sometimes be wrong  It would rarely be wrong  Their decision would have nothing at all to do with morals  Can't choose								
<b>V</b> b.	·	a child. rould always It would son It woul	be morally netimes be d rarely be to do with	wrong 1	9 =	. n/4	2837		
				·					

 $\tilde{\infty}$ 

	18			OFFICE USE ONLY	
$\Delta_{rr}$		9 . N/A	508	EACH	
	lere are a number of circumstances in which a voman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow in abortion in each case.	Should about	rtion be		
-   ,	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Yes	No	\	
\ \ \ .	The woman decides on her own she does no wish to have the chile	•		2838	
<b>.</b>	The couple agree they do not wish to have the chil	ل_ ا	ليا	2839	
- 1	The woman is not marned and does no wish to marry the ma	x [ ]		2840	
l	d The couple cannot afford any more childre	m 🛄		2841	
	There is a strong chance of a defect in the bet	γ <u> </u>	1	2842	
	f The woman's health is seriously endanged to the pregnance	PY [ ]	_,	2843	
	9 The woman became pregnant as a result of ra			2844	_
C2 46s	Suppose a person has a painful incurable disease Do you think that <u>doctors</u> should be allowed by law to end the patient a life of the patient requests it?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(/) Yes 1 No 2	9=1	√/Ar 284!	5
	Still thinking of that person with a painful incurable disease. Do you think that someone else, like a close relative should be allowed by law to help end the patient s life of the patient requests it?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Yes	9 =	N/A 284	46
				10°A	47 51
	Now a few questions about the area where you live		-	\ <u></u>	<u></u>
C2 4	7 In some areas people do things together and try to help each other, while in other areas people mostly go their own way. In general, would you say you live in an area where	<b>⊗</b>		21	<b>8</b> 52
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX people help each OR people go their own		٩	= N/A	
	N	Accture 🗔			
	Caniti	choose 🕒			
	179				
	9				

<b></b>						ONLY
48a Do you think you live in the sort of area when who thought a house was being broken into the PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  OR	do son l just i	nething about turn a blind e Mix	ye? 1	9-11	/A	2853
b And do you think burglaries in this area are  PLEASE TICK ONE mostly done BOX ONLY OR  mostly done	by people by people f	rom around h Mil glaries in this	reas 1  xture 2  area 4	<b>9</b> =	~/A	2854
C2 49 Please tick one box on each line to show h	ow likely y		9 -	. N/A F	ion EA	<u> </u> 
think it is for any of these things to happer say the next year or 30  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  ON EACH LINE  a To have something stolen from a car?  b To have your home burgled?  c To be robbed in the street?	Very likely	Fairly likely	Not very likely	Not at ell likely	Can t choose	2855 2856 2857
d To be attacked?				<u></u>		2858 SPANE 2259 80

j= 1 P√k	•	20			-		OFFICE USE ONLY
C2,50	Please tick <u>one</u> box for <u>each</u> statement bek how much you agree or disagree with it.	ow to show		9= ~/A	FOR	each	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither egres nor disegres	Disagree	Disagree strongly	
a.	A few rich people get too big a share of the nation's wealth	1	2			[ ]	2920
þ.	Employees will never protect their working conditions and wages without strong trade unions					_ 5	2921
c.	Major public services and industries ought to be in private ownership		2	,		3	2922
d.	Young people today should keep on challenging traditional British values	1	_1				2923
e.	It is everyone's own responsibility to find a job for themselves, and nothing to do with the government			Ţ		5	2924
f.	State intervention is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems		_1				2925
g.	Rich or poor, everyone gets treated the same	1	1	,			2926
<u>√</u> h.	Censorship of films and magazines has no place in a free society			J			2927
C2.51	Please tick one box for each statement to a how much you agree or disagree with it.	show	9=	N/A F	ರ್-	ACH.	SPARE 2928-32
	******						
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree		Neither agree nor	Plance	Disagree	
a.		Agree strongly	Agree		Disagree		2933
- 1	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays	strongly	Ē	agree nor disagree	Disagree 4		2933 2934
ъ.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  Paople receiving social security are made to	strongly	Ē	agrea nor disagree			
b.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  People receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens  The welfare state encourages people to sto	strongly		agree nor disagree			2934
b. c. d.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  Paople receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens  The welfare state encourages people to sto helping each other  The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if	strongly	; ;	agrea nor disagree		strongly  5  5	2934 2935
b. c. d.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  Paople receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens  The welfare state encourages people to sto helping each other  The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if it leads to higher taxes  Around here, most unemployed people cou	strongly	; ;	agree nor disagree		strongly	2934 2935 2836
b. c. d. e. f.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  Paople receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens  The welfare state encourages people to sto helping each other  The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if it leads to higher taxes  Around here, most unemployed people coufind a job if they really wanted one  Many people who get social security don't	strongly	; ;	agree nor disagree		strongly	2934 2935 2936 2937
b. c. d.	ON EACH LINE  The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves  Paople receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens  The welfare state encourages people to sto helping each other  The government should spend more money on welfare benefits for the poor, even if it leads to higher taxes  Around here, most unemployed people coufind a job if they really wanted one  Many people who get social security don't	strangly	; ;	agree nor disagree		strongly	293 293 293

IVF	<u> </u>			9= N/A	à		ON
.52 	Please tick one box for each statement belo how much you agree or disagree with it.	w to show		4= 4/A	FOIC IE	<b>₩€#</b> .	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	
a.	Ordinary people get their fair share of the nation's wealth		2				29
b.	There is no need for strong trade unions to protect employees' working conditions and wages			,		,	29
c.	Major public services and industries ought to be in state ownership		2				29
d.	Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values		2				29
e.	It is government's responsibility to provide a job for everyone who wants one		1			5	29
f.	Private enterprise is the best way to solve Britain's economic problems					[]	29
۵.	There is one law for the rich and one for the poor						25
Y <sup>h.</sup>	Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards		,	,		3	25
.53	And please tick one box for each of these to show how much you agree or disagree	statements with it,		9 = N/	A FOR	each .	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly	Agree	agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	
a.	a	au drigit	- Aire	DISONI DO	Disag. co	Sudingry	1
	Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off			3			2
ъ.	from the better-aff to those who are less well off		2	]		<u>.</u>	
ъ. с.	from the better-off to those who are less well off Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers		1				2
	from the better-off to those who are less well off Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance						2:
c.	from the better-off to those who are less well off  Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers  Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences						2:
c. d.	from the better-off to those who are less well off  Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers  Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences  For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence						25
c. d.	from the better-off to those who are less well off  Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers  Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences  For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence  Schools should teach children to obey						25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2

•	22	OFFICE USE ONLY
C2.54	To help us plan better in future please tell us about	, <del></del>
	how long it took you to complete this questionnaire  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ONLY  Less than 15 minutes  Between 15 and 20 minutes  Between 21 and 30 minutes  Please 15 and 45 minutes  Over one hour	2908
<b>√</b> ,	And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?  PLEASE WRITE IN 0 1994 9999 = ~/~	2969 72
	DATE MONTH	
	THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP  Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she	SPARE 2873 80
	has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided	
!	<u></u>	
	∞ <b>→</b>	