

APPENDIX G

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Questionnaires with weighted marginals (percentages) and SPSS variable names

- (1) L version interview questionnaire
- (2) Y version interview questionnaire, pp 40Y-62Y
- (3) L version self-completion questionnaire
- (4) Y version self-completion questionnaire

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Questionnaires with weighted marginals (percentages) and SPSS variable names

- (1) Interview questionnaire
- (2) Self-completion questionnaire

NOTES TO APPENDIX G

Figures do not necessarily add up to 100 per cent because of weighting and rounding, or for one or more of the following reasons

- (i) We have not always included figures for those not answering (which are usually very small) They are, of course, included on the datatape
- (ii) Some sub-questions are filtered, that is they are asked of only a proportion of respondents In these cases the percentages add up (approximately) to the proportions who were asked them Where, however, a *series* of questions is filtered (for instance in Section 2 of the interview questionnaire), we have indicated the weighted base at the beginning of the series, and throughout derived percentages from that base Medians which could have been derived from unweighted bases of less than 50 have not been given
- (iii) If the (unweighted) base for a question is less than 50, frequencies (the *number* of people giving each response) are shown, rather than percentages
- (iv) At a few questions, respondents were invited to give more than one answer, and so percentages may add to well over 100 per cent These are clearly marked by interviewer instructions on the questionnaires

The *British Social Attitudes* self-completion questionnaire was not completed by 13 per cent of respondents who were successfully interviewed To allow for comparisons over time, the answers in the supplement have been repercentaged on the base of those respondents who returned it (for version L, 1,163 weighted, for version Y, 1,186 weighted) This means that the figures are comparable with those given in all earlier *Reports* in this series except *The 1984 Report*, where repercentaging is necessary if comparisons are to be made

The *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* self-completion questionnaire was not returned by 14 per cent of respondents to the main questionnaire Again the answers in the supplement have been repercentaged on the base of those who returned it (783 weighted)



F 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 SURVEY

Serial Number	<input type="text"/>	Card	<input type="text" value="02"/>	Version	L = 1 Y = 2 MI = 3	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Area Number	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text"/>	Time interview started	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Interviewer Number	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	24 hr clock		
				000: Batch Code	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

SECTION ONE

[HEADPAP]

1. a) Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?

	%
Yes	68.1
No	31.9

IF YES [WHPAPER]

b) Which one do you normally read?
IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one do you read most frequently?

ONE CODE ONLY

	%
(Scottish) Daily Express	5.7
Daily Mail	7.8
Daily Mirror/Record	17.7
Daily Star	1.7
The Sun	13.8
Today	2.8
Daily Telegraph	4.3
Financial Times	0.6
The Guardian	2.7
The Independent	2.3
The Times	1.5
Morning Star	0.3
Other Irish/Northern Irish/Scottish regional or local <u>daily morning</u> paper (WRITE IN:)	4.4
Other (WRITE IN:)	0.3
More than one paper	2.1
(NA)	0.1

ASK ALL [SUPPARTY]

2. a) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party?

	%
Yes	50.9
No	48.9
(NA)	0.2

IF NO AT a) [CLOSEPTY]

b) Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others?

	%
Yes	23.7
No	24.9
(NA)	0.6

IF NO AT b)

c) If there were a general election tomorrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to support? CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d)

IF ALLIANCE, PROSE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?

IF YES AT a) OR b) [PTYALLEG]

d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d).

IF ALLIANCE, PROSE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?

			c & d
			%
Conservative	23.0	9.0	34.9
Labour	22.8	9.6	38.6
(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD			5.6
SDP/Social Democrat			2.1
Alliance (AFTER PROSE)			0.1
Scottish Nationalist			1.6
Plaid Cymru			0.5
Green Party/Ecology Party			2.5
Other party (WRITE IN) _____			0.2
Other answer (WRITE IN) _____			0.1
None			8.4
Refused/unwilling to say			3.0
(DK/NA)			2.4

IF ANY PARTY CODED AT c) & d) [IDSTRNG]

e) Would you call yourself very strong ... (QUOTE PARTY NAMED) ... fairly strong, or not very strong?

	%
Very strong	10.9
Fairly strong	32.9
Not very strong	41.2
(Don't know)	0.3
(NA)	3.3

n = 2698

ASK ALL [CNTLCNCL]

3 a)	Do you think that <u>local councils</u> ought to be controlled by <u>central government</u> more, less or about the same amount as now?	%	
	More	20 3	
	Less	34 4	
	About the same	35 1	
	(Don't know)	10 0	
	(NA)	0 2	
	[RATES]		
b)	And do you think the <u>level of local community charges</u> that is <u>the poll tax or rates</u> - should be up to the <u>local council</u> to decide, or should <u>central government</u> have the final say?	%	
	Local council	55 7	
	Central government	35 1	
	(Don't know)	8 5	
	(NA)	0 7	
	[RENTS]		
c)	Now about the level of <u>council rents</u> ? Should that be up to the <u>local council</u> to decide or should <u>central government</u> have the final say?	%	
	Local council	75 5	
	Central government	14 9	
	(Don't know)	9 2	
	(NA)	0 5	
4	Now a few questions about Britain's relationships with other countries [EEC]		
a)	Do you think Britain should continue to be a member of the EC - the Common Market - or should it withdraw?	%	
	EC: Continue	75 9	
	Withdraw	19 1	
	(Don't know)	4 8	
	(NA)	0 2	
	[NATO]		
b)	And do you think Britain should continue to be a member of NATO - the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation - or should it withdraw?	%	
	NATO: Continue	80 6	
	Withdraw	10 4	
	(Don't know)	8 9	
	(NA)	0 1	

n = 2698

[NATION]

5	On the whole do you think that Britain's interests are better served by <u>READ OUT</u>	%	
	closer links with Western Europe,	52 2	
	or - closer links with America?	18 4	
	(Both equally)	17 9	
	(Neither)	2 8	
	(Don't know)	8 7	
	[USANUKE]		
6 a)	Do you think that the siting of <u>American</u> nuclear missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live?	%	
	Safer	35 1	
	Less safe	50 0	
	(Don't know)	1 5	
	(DK)	13 0	
	(NA)	0 4	
	[OWNNUKE]		
b)	And do you think that having its <u>own</u> independent nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live?	%	
	Safer	53 7	
	Less safe	32 6	
	(Don't know)	12 0	
	No difference	1 1	
	(NA)	0 6	
7	CARD A [UKNUCPOL]		
	Which, if either, of these two statements comes closest to your own opinion on Britain's nuclear policy?		
	Britain should <u>rid</u> itself of nuclear weapons while persuading others to do the same	27 6	
	Britain should <u>keep</u> its nuclear weapons until it can persuade others to reduce theirs	69 1	
	(Neither of these)	2 7	
	(DK/NA)	0 6	
	[DEFPARTY]		
8	Which political party's views on defence would you say comes <u>closest</u> to your own views?	%	
	CODE ONE ONLY		
	ONLY CODE ALLIANCE AFTER PROBE:		
	Conservative	39 8	
	Labour	23 9	
	(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	2 4	
	SDP/Social Democrat	1 2	
	Alliance (AFTER PROBE)	0 1	
	Other (WRITE IN.)	0 7	
	(Don't know)	26 1	
	None	3 7	
	Green Party	1 6	
	(NA)	0 4	

n = 2698

CARD B (PEACE)

9.	Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?	%
	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia	12.5
	Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America	18.9
	Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	37.8
	Neither is a threat to world peace	27.9
	(Don't know)	2.7
	(NA)	0.1
	(IRELAND)	
10.a)	Do you think the long term policy for Northern Ireland should be for it ... READ OUT ...	%
	... to remain part of the United Kingdom,	28.7
	or - to reunify with the rest of Ireland?	55.8
	(Should be independent state)	0.6
	(Up to Irish to decide)	4.1
b)	Some people think that government policy towards Northern Ireland should include a complete withdrawal of British troops. Would you personally support or oppose such a policy? PROBE: Strongly or a little?	%
	(TROOPOUT)	
	Support strongly	36.6
	Support a little	23.3
	Oppose strongly	17.7
	Oppose a little	16.1
	(Withdraw in the long term)	0.1
	(Up to Irish to decide)	0.7
11.a)	If British troops were withdrawn from Northern Ireland, do you think there would be more or less bloodshed in the short term, or would it make no difference? IF MORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?	%
	(TROOPSHT)	
	A lot more bloodshed	36.6
	A little more bloodshed	20.6
	A little less bloodshed	10.5
	A lot less bloodshed	6.0
	No difference	22.6
	(DK/NA)	3.8
b)	And in the long term, if British troops were withdrawn, do you think there would be more or less bloodshed or would it make no difference? IF MORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?	%
	(TROOPLNG)	
	A lot more bloodshed	15.9
	A little more bloodshed	12.6
	A little less bloodshed	18.6
	A lot less bloodshed	20.9
	No difference	26.9
	(DK/NA)	5.1

n = 2698

SECTION TWO

Now I would like to ask you about two economic problems - inflation and unemployment.

(PRICES)

12.	First, <u>inflation</u> : in a year from now, do you expect prices generally to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	%
	IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN: To have gone up by a lot	45.5
	By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little	39.5
	To have stayed the same	7.9
	To have gone down by a little	4.9
	To have gone down by a lot	0.8
	(Don't know)	1.2
	(NA)	0.2

(UNEMP)

13.	Second, <u>unemployment</u> : in a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	%
	IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN: To have gone up by a lot	18.2
	By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little	28.8
	To have stayed the same	34.1
	To have gone down by a little	14.4
	To have gone down by a lot	1.8
	(Don't know)	2.4
	(NA)	0.3

(UNEMPINF)

14.a)	If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?	%
	Keeping down inflation	48.5
	Keeping down unemployment	46.8
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	Both equally
	(DK/NA)	2.2
	(CONCERN)	2.5

b)	Which do you think is of most concern to you and your family ... READ OUT ...	%
	... inflation,	70.4
	or - unemployment?	26.2
	Other (WRITE IN:)	Both equally
	(Don't know)	1.1
	(NA)	0.3

[INDUSTRY]

15 Looking ahead over the next year do you think Britain's general industrial performance will improve stay much the same, or decline?

		%
IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE:		
By a lot or a little?	Improve a lot	3 0
	Improve a little	15 6
	Stay much the same	49 8
	Decline a little	18 5
	Decline a lot	6 7
	(Don't know)	6 2
	(NA)	0 2

16 Here are a number of policies which might help Britain's economic problems. As I read them out, will you tell me whether you would support such a policy or oppose it?

READ OUT ITEMS (i)-x) AND CODE FOR EACH

		Support	Oppose	(DK/NA)
i)	[ECOHELP1] Control of <u>wages</u> by law	29 5	67 8	2 7
ii)	[ECOHELP2] Control of <u>prices</u> by law	36 1	41 6	2 3
iii)	Reducing the level of government spending on health and education	8 2	90 6	1 2
iv)	[ECOHELP4] Government controls to cut down goods from abroad	12 4	24 2	3 4
v)	[ECOHELPS] Increasing government subsidies for private industry	36 3	37 3	6 4
vi)	[ECOHELP7] Reducing government spending on defence	64 5	32 2	3 3
vii)	[ECOHELP8] Government schemes to encourage job sharing	71 0	24 1	4 9
viii)	Government to set up construction projects to create more jobs	18 2	14 2	2 6
ix)	[ECOHELPA] Government action to cut interest rates	88 7	7 5	3 7
x)	[ECOHELPB] Government controls on hire purchase and credit	81 8	14 7	3 5

[STATEOWN]

17 On the whole, would you like to see more or less state ownership of industry, or about the same amount as now?

		%
	More	18 6
	Less	24 3
	About the same amount	53 2
	(Don't know)	3 7
	(NA)	0 2

[INCOMGAP]

18 Thinking of income levels generally in Britain today, would you say that the gap between those with high incomes and those with low incomes is

		%
	too large,	80 5
	about right,	14 9
	or - too small?	2 5
	(DK/NA)	2 1

CARD C

19 Generally how would you describe levels of taxation?

[TAXHI]

a) Firstly for those with high incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD ANSWER IN COL a) BELOW

[TAXMID]

b) Next for those with middle incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD ANSWER IN COL b) BELOW

[TAXLO]

c) And lastly for those with low incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD ANSWER IN COL c) BELOW

	(a) High incomes	(b) Middle incomes	(c) Low incomes
	%	%	%
Taxes are: Much too high	3 5	2 7	26 6
Too high	9 5	24 8	49 5
About right	34 7	64 0	19 2
Too low	40 8	6 0	1 8
Much too low	8 9	0 1	0 7
(DK/NA)	2 7	2 3	2 2

[SRINC]

20 a) Among which group would you place yourself

READ OUT

	%
high income,	2 8
middle income,	53 4
or - low income?	42 6
(DK/NA)	1 2

[HINCDIFF]

CARD D

b) Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days?

	%
Living comfortably on present income	24 6
Coping on present income	50 9
Finding it difficult on present income	16 9
Finding it very difficult on present income	7 3
Other (WRITE IN:)	0 1
(DK/NA)	0 2

[HINCPAST]

21 Looking back over the last year or so, would you say your household's income has

	%
fallen behind prices,	52 3
kept up with prices,	37 0
or - gone up by more than prices?	8 7
(Don't know)	1 7
(NA)	0 3

n = 2698

Qs. 22-23

[HINCPCT/

22.	And looking forward to the <u>year ahead</u> , do you expect your household's income will ...		
	READ OUT ...		2
	... fall behind prices,	49.9	
	keep up with prices,	38.3	
	or - go up by more than prices?	7.8	
	(Don't know)	3.8	
	(NA)	0.1	

[RECONACT/
CARD E

23. Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is, in the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others?
CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN I
- IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COLUMN II
IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II

	COL I	COL II ECONOMIC POSITION
In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)	A	2.8
On government training/employment scheme (eg. Employment Training, Youth Training Scheme, etc)	B	0.4
In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in week	C	54.9
Waiting to take up paid work already accepted	D	0.8
Unemployed and registered at a benefit office	E	3.2
Unemployed, <u>not</u> registered, but actively looking for a job	F	0.8
Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week) but <u>not</u> actively looking for a job	G	0.4
Permanently sick or disabled	H	2.4
Wholly retired from work	J	18.6
Looking after the home	K	15.7
Doing something else (WRITE IN:)	L	0.1

[REMPLOYE/

IF IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (CODE 03 AT Q.23)

n = 1480

Q. 24 only

24.	In your (main) job are you ... READ OUT ...		
	... an employee,	85.1	
	or - self employed?	14.9	

n = 1260

Qs. 25-37

ALL EMPLOYEES (CODE 1 AT Q.24)

[ESRJB/TIM/

25.	In your present job, are you working ... READ OUT ...		
	RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION		%
	... full-time,	79.8	
	or - part-time?	20.2	

26. How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job?

(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER,
ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK)ROUND TO
NEAREST WHOLE

[EJBHOURS/

MEDIAN: 3 9

[EJBHRCAT/

	10-15 hours a week	5.5
	16-23 hours a week	9.4
	24-29 hours a week	4.5
	30 or more hours a week	80.1
	(DK/NA)	0.5

[WAGENOW/

27.a) How would you describe the wages or salary you are paid for the job you do - on the low side, reasonable, or on the high side? IF LOW: Very low or a bit low?

	Very low	9.8
	A bit low	25.2
	Reasonable	59.1
	On the high side	5.5

Other answer (WRITE IN) _____

(DK/NA) 0.4

[PAYGAP/
CARD F

- b) Thinking of the highest and the lowest paid people at your place of work, how would you describe the gap between their pay, as far as you know? Please choose a phrase from this card.
- | | | |
|--|----------------------|------|
| | Much too big a gap | 17.0 |
| | Too big | 30.3 |
| | About right | 41.2 |
| | Too small | 2.7 |
| | Much too small a gap | 0.2 |
| | (Don't know) | 7.5 |
| | (NA) | 1.0 |

n = 1260

28	[WAGLXPCT] If you stay in this job, would you expect your wages or salary over the coming year to	READ OUT	%
		rise by <u>more</u> than the cost of living,	16 4
		rise by the <u>same</u> as the cost of living,	47 5
		rise by <u>less</u> than the cost of living,	26 9
		or - <u>not</u> to rise at all?	6 2
		(Will not stay in job)	1 1
		(Don't know)	1 7
		(NA)	0 2
29	[NUMEMP] Over the coming year do you expect your workplace will be	READ OUT	%
		increasing its number of employees,	22 8
		reducing its number of employees,	24 7
		or - will the number of employees stay about the same?	49 9
	Other answer (WRITE IN.)		0 1
		(DK/NA)	2 5
30 a)	[LEAVEJOB] Thinking now about your own job How likely or unlikely is it that you will leave this employer over the next year for any reason? Is it	READ OUT	%
		very likely,	10 7
		quite likely,	13 4
		not very likely,	31 2
		or - not at all likely?	44 4
	IF VERY OR QUITE LIKELY AT a)	(DK/NA)	0 3
	CARD C		
	b) Why do you think you will leave? Please choose a phrase from this card or tell me what other reason there is		
	MORE THAN ONE CODE MAY BE RINGED		%
	[WHYG01] Firm will close down		1 4
	[WHYG02] I will be declared redundant		2 3
	[WHYG03] I will reach normal retirement age		1 1
	[WHYG04] My contract of employment will expire		1 3
	[WHYG05] I will take early retirement		0 8
	[WHYG06] I will decide to leave and work for another employer		13 6
	[WHYG07] I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed		2 1
	[WHYG08] I will leave to look after home/children/relative		1 8
	Other answer (WRITE IN.)		2 0
	[WHYG08] (DK/NA)		0 3

n = 1260

	[EUNEMP] ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		
31 a)	During the last <u>five years</u> - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?		%
		Yes	21 0
		No	78 7
		(NA)	0 2
	[EUNEMP] IF YES AT a)		
	b) For how many months in total during the last five years?		
		MEDIAN:	MONTHS 0 6
	[ESELFEM] ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		
32 a)	For any period during the last <u>five years</u> , have you worked as a self-employed person as your main job?		%
		Yes	5 0
		No	94 7
		(NA)	0 3
	[ESELFESR] IF NO AT a)		
	b) How seriously in the last five years have you considered working as a self-employed person		%
	READ OUT		
		very seriously,	5 4
		quite seriously,	8 8
		not very seriously,	13 7
		or - not at all seriously?	63 9
		(NA)	3 2

n = 1260

[PREFHOUR]

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

	%
33.a) Thinking about the number of hours you work each week including regular overtime, would you prefer a job where you worked ... READ OUT ...	
... more hours per week,	4.0
fewer hours per week,	25.4
or - are you happy with the number of hours you work at present?	70.0
(Don't know)	0.2
(NA)	0.4

[MOREHOUR]

IF WOULD PREFER MORE HOURS PER WEEK (CODE 1 AT a)

	%
b) Is the reason why you don't work more hours because ... READ OUT ...	
... your employer can't offer you more hours,	2.6
or - your personal circumstances don't allow it?	1.2
(Both)	0.2
Other reason (WRITE IN:)	-
(NA)	0.6

[FEWHOUR]

IF WOULD PREFER FEWER HOURS (CODE 2 AT Q.33e)

	%
34.a) In which of these ways would you like your working hours to be shortened ... READ OUT ...	
... shorter hours each day,	9.3
or - fewer days each week?	15.7
Other (WRITE IN:)	0.2
(DK/NA)	0.8

[EARNHOUR]

	%
b) Would you still like to work fewer hours if it meant earning less money as a result?	
Yes	5.9
No	18.6
It depends	0.8
(Don't know)	-
(NA)	0.7

n = 1260

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

CARD # [EWRKARRA - EWRKARRL]

35. Please use this card to say whether any of the following arrangements are available to you, at your workplace... READ OUT a)-k) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Not available- and I would not use it if it were	Not available- but I would use it if it were	Available- but I do not use it	Available- and I do use it	(Don't know)	(NA)
a) ... part-time working, allowing you to work less than the full working day?	143.1	11.6	23.9	20.2	1.2	-
b) ... flexible hours, so that you can adjust your own daily working hours?	125.3	42.8	6.8	23.7	0.8	0.1
c) ... job-sharing schemes, where part-timers share one full-time job?	161.6	17.1	12.4	3.9	4.1	0.1
d) ... working from home at least some of the time?	151.6	28.5	3.9	12.3	2.0	1.1
e) ... term-time contracts, allowing parents special time off during school holidays?	152.7	26.6	6.0	3.5	7.2	2.0
f) ... nurseries provided by your employer for the young children of employees?	166.0	24.8	4.5	0.2	3.5	1.0
g) ... arrangements by your employer for the care of children during school holidays?	164.5	27.2	1.8	0.5	4.1	2.0
h) ... child care allowances towards the cost of child care?	159.7	31.4	1.1	0.3	6.4	1.2
ASK WOMEN ONLY n = 612						
i) ... 'career breaks', that is keeping women's jobs open for a few years so that mothers can return to work after caring for young children?	136.9	27.6	18.1	4.9	9.3	2.8
ASK MEN ONLY n = 648						
j) ... paternity leave, allowing fathers extra leave when their children are born?	132.3	30.2	16.0	10.0	10.2	1.1
ASK ALL EMPLOYEES						
k) ... Any other arrangement to help people combine jobs and childcare? (PLEASE WRITE IN:)	143.8	12.3	1.4	1.0	19.9	1.6
NEW CODE: Time off, either paid or unpaid, to care for sick children						
(None)	120.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	-	-

(PTFLTIME)
INTERVIEWER:

36 c) CHECK Q 35a) AND Q 25:

Respondent is part-time at both questions (CODE 4 AT Q 35a AND CODE 2 AT Q 25)	2	20 2
Respondent is full-time at both questions (CODES 1-3) AT Q 35a AND CODE 1 AT Q 25)		79 8
Respondent's answers differ at Q 35a AND Q 25		-

(PTCONFJL)

IF PART-TIME AT a)

b) You say you are now working part-time As things are now, would you be willing to work <u>full-time</u> or not?		2
Yes		4 6
No		15 6
(NA)		0 1

(RSEX1)

ASK ALL EMPLOYERS

37 INTERVIEWER: CODE:

	2	
RESPONDENT IS MAN		51 4
RESPONDENT IS WOMAN		48 6

(EFCHDLTS)

ASK ALL WOMEN EMPLOYERS

38 a) Can I just check, do you have any children under five living at home?

	2	
Yes		9 9
No		90 1

(EFCHDS12)

IF NO AT a)

b) Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?		2
Yes		15 5
No		74 7

IF WOMAN EMPLOYEE WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12
(CODE 1 AT Q 38a OR b)

CARD J [EFCHARR1 - EFCHARR0, EFCHARR0]

39 a) Which of the following best describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work? Any others?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

I work only while they are at school	2	24 2
They look after themselves until I get home		10 5
I work from home		3 6
A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home		4 0
They go to a work place nursery		0 6
They go to a day nursery		7 1
They go to a child-minder		13 7
A relative looks after them		56 8
A friend or neighbour looks after them		10 0
Other (WRITE IN:)		1 0

(EFNURSRY)

IF DAY-NURSERY AT a)

b) Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?		2
Private nursery only		3 2
Council-funded nursery only		3 2
(Both - use both kinds)		-
(Don't know)		-
(NA)		3 2

(EFCHDCON)

IF WOMAN EMPLOYEE WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12

40 a) How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are they READ OUT		2
very convenient,		58 0
fairly convenient,		34 2
not very convenient,		2 9
or - not at all convenient?		1 9
(NA)		2 9

(EFCHDSAT)

b) And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you READ OUT		2
very satisfied,		63 1
fairly satisfied,		26 6
not very satisfied,		5 5
or - not at all satisfied?		1 9
(NA)		2 9

n = 155

[EFCHDPR1, EFCHDPR2]
CARD K

41. Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding.

CODE ONE UNDER 'FIRST CHOICE'
AND ONE UNDER 'SECOND CHOICE'

	First choice	Second choice
	%	%
I would work only while they are at school	41.4	8.4
They would look after themselves until I got home	1.1	2.3
I would work from home	5.2	11.2
A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	5.9	4.1
They would go to a work-place nursery	6.0	8.5
They would go to a council-funded day nursery	2.6	6.5
They would go to a private day nursery	1.3	4.5
They would go to a child-minder	3.2	5.6
A relative would look after them	29.9	26.5
A friend or neighbour would look after them	-	15.2
(Other)	0.8	4.6
(NA)	2.6	2.6

[EFPFRWK]

42.a) And if you did have the child-care arrangement of your choice, would you prefer to ... READ OUT ...

	%
... work more hours than now,	17.5
work fewer hours than now,	10.9
or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?	68.3
(Don't know)	0.6
(NA)	2.6

[RECONAC2]

IF MORE SOURS AT a)

b) INTERVIEWER CHECK:

	%
Respondent works less than 30 hours a week (CODES 1, 2 OR 3 AT Q.26)	16.9
Respondent works 30+ hours a week (CODE 4 AT Q.26)	0.6
(NA)	3.2

[EFPFULL]

IF CODE 1 AT b)

c) Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?

	%
Yes, might work full-time	11.2
No, would not	5.7
(Don't know)	-
(NA)	3.2

n = 155

[EFGFULL]

IF WOMAN EMPLOYEE WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12

43. When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do ... READ OUT ...

	%
... work full-time,	60.4
work part-time,	35.4
or - not have a paid job at all?	2.3
(NA)	1.9

[EOLDRESF]

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

n = 1260

Qs. 44-50

44.a) Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?

	%
Yes	8.9
No	90.8
(NA)	0.4

[EOLDAFR]

IF YES AT a)

b) Does this responsibility ... READ OUT ...

	%
... prevent you from working longer hours in your job,	1.0
or - does it make no difference to your working hours?	7.8
(NA)	0.4

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

CARD L (WRKTECI - WRKTECI0)

Now I'd like to ask you about new technology at your workplace

45 a) Which, if any, of these kinds of new technology are installed at your place of work? It doesn't matter whether you work with them or not - just tell me all that you know of at your workplace

CODE ALL MENTIONED IN COL a)

FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a) ASK b) (ETECWRK1 - ETECWRK8)

b) Do you yourself use, or does your own work involve the use of (ITEM MENTIONED AT a)?

CODE YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a)

	(a) At workplace		(b) Use/work with:		(NA)
	YES	NO	YES	NO	
Computer					
Main frame computer	41 9		19 9	20 8	5 0
Telephone link to computer at another place	36 9		13 8	21 1	5 8
Micro/minil computer or computer network	44 4		23 8	19 4	5 0
Type of computer unknown	23 7		6 8	16 3	4 3
Word processor	56 6		20 2	34 0	6 2
Electronic memory typewriter	45 8		11 5	32 6	5 6
Computer controlled plant, machinery or equipment (including robots) used for design, assembly, handling or production	22 1		8 2	12 8	4 9
Other new technology (WRITE IN)	5 9		3 4	1 5	4 8
One or more used at work			79 9%		
(NONE OF THESE)	15 8				
(Don't know)	3 6				

(ETECAPCT)

IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY AT WORKPLACE (CODES 01-95 AT Q 45a)

46 Would you say that the use of new technology at your place of work has affected your own job READ OUT

	1
for the better,	43 1
for the worse,	4 6
or - has it made no difference?	31 1
(DK)	0 4
(NA)	5 0

47 Now thinking about all employees affected by new technology Has new technology at your workplace generally meant READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	More	Less	No Differ- ence	(Don't know)	(NA)
(TECHSKIL) a) that those affected by it have to work at a <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> skilled level, or has it made no difference?	37 0	6 3	30 9	5 0	5 0
(TECHRESP) b) that those affected by it have <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> responsibility in their work, or has it made no difference?	29 9	3 8	40 3	5 1	5 1
(TECHPAY) c) that those affected by it are paid <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> , or has it made no difference?	13 4	1 1	55 6	8 8	5 3

(TECHJOBS)

48 a) And has the use of new technology at your workplace meant that READ OUT

the organisation has increased the number of employees,	12 7
reduced the number of employees,	13 8
or - has it made no difference?	48 0
(Don't know)	4 6
(NA)	5 0

(TECHSAY)

b) And has the use of new technology at your workplace meant that those affected by it READ OUT

have <u>more</u> control over the pace of their work,	27 8
have <u>less</u> control over the pace of their work,	11 1
or - has it made no difference?	33 1
(Don't know)	7 0
(NA)	5 2

(TECHRMWK)

c) And has the use of new technology at your workplace meant that those affected by it READ OUT

can work from home at least some of the time,	8 2
or - not?	65 8
(Don't know)	5 4
(NA)	4 9

n = 1260

[WPUNIONS]

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

49.a) At your place of work are there unions, staff associations, or groups of unions recognised by the management for negotiating pay and conditions of employment?

	%
Yes	58.1
No	40.8
(NA)	1.1

[WPUNIONW]

IF YES AT a)

b) On the whole, do you think these unions or staff associations do their job well or not?

	%
Yes	35.2
No	19.5
(DK)	3.1
(NA)	1.4

[INDREL]

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

50.a) In general how would you describe relations between management and other employees at your workplace ... READ OUT ...

	%
... very good	37.7
quite good,	44.4
not very good,	14.0
or - not at all good?	3.3
(DK/NA)	0.2

[WORKRUN]

b) And in general, would you say your workplace was ... READ OUT ...

	%
... very well managed,	25.6
quite well managed,	54.9
or - not well managed?	18.6
(DK/NA)	0.8

[SSRJBTIN]

ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.24)

51. In your present job, are you working ... READ OUT ...

	%
RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION	
... full-time,	83.0
or - part-time?	15.6
(NA)	1.4

[SJBHOURS]

52. How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job?

(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT 'LAST WEEK')

	%
MEDIAN:	
4	5

[SJBHRCAT]

	%
AND CODE: 10-15 hours a week	5.3
16-23 hours a week	4.7
24-29 hours a week	2.6
30 or more hours a week	84.1
(DK)	0.5
(NA)	2.9

n = 221

[SUNEMP]

53. During the last 5 years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?

	%
Yes	19.0
No	80.5
(NA)	0.5

[SEMPLEE]

54. Have you, for any period in the last five years, worked as an employee as your main job rather than as self-employed?

	%
Yes	33.4
No	64.7
(NA)	1.9

[BUSIOK]

55. Compared with a year ago, would you say your business is doing ... READ OUT ...

	%
... very well,	10.1
quite well,	23.7
about the same,	44.4
not very well,	10.1
or - not at all well?	3.2
(Business not in existence then)	6.6
(NA)	1.9

[BUSIFUT]

56. And over the coming year, do you think your business will do ... READ OUT ...

	%
... better,	34.8
about the same,	43.9
or - worse than this year?	14.1
Other (WRITE IN:)	0.5
(Don't know)	4.9
(NA)	1.9

[SPARTNRS]

57. In your work or business, do you have any partners or other self-employed colleagues?

	%
NOTE: DOES NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYEES	
Yes, have partner(s)	44.2
No	53.0
(NA)	2.8

[SNUMEMP]

58. And in your work or business do you have any employees, or not?

	%
N.B. FAMILY MEMBERS MAY BE EMPLOYEES ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY.	
Yes, has employee(s)	33.4
No	65.1
(NA)	1.4

n = 221

59	[RSEX2] INTERVIEWER: CODE:		2
		RESPONDENT IS MAN	74 7
		RESPONDENT IS WOMAN	25 3
	[>SCHULTS] ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED WOMEN		n = 56
60 a)	Can I just check do you have any children under five living at home?	Q 60 only	
			1
		Yes	13 7
		No	86 3
	[SFCNDS12] IF NO AT a)		
	b) Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?		1
		Yes	10 3
		No	76 0
	IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE 1 AT Q 60a OR b)		
	CARD J [SFCBARR1 - SFCBARR9, SFCBARR0]		
61 a)	Which of the following best describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work? Any others?	Qs 61-66	n = 13
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY		n
	I work only while they are at school		5
	They look after themselves until I get home		0
	I work from home		8
	A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home		4
	They go to a workplace nursery		0
	They go to a day nursery		0
	They go to a child-minder		1
	A relative looks after them		2
	A friend or neighbour looks after them		0
	Other (WRITE IN:)		0
	[SFNURSRY] IF DAY-NURSERY AT a)		
	b) Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?		n
	Private nursery only		0
	Council-funded nursery only		0
	(Both - use both kinds)		0
	(Don't know)		0

n = 13

	[SFCNDCON] IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12		
62	How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are they	READ OUT	n
		very convenient,	8
		fairly convenient,	4
		not very convenient,	1
		or - not at all convenient?	1
	[SFCNDSAT] And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you	READ OUT	n
63		very satisfied,	7
		fairly satisfied,	5
		not very satisfied,	2
		or - not at all satisfied?	0
	[SFCNDPR1, SFCNDPR2] CARD K		
64	Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding		
	CODE ONE UNDER 'FIRST CHOICE' AND ONE UNDER 'SECOND CHOICE'		
		First choice	Second choice
		n	n
	I would work only while they are at school	4	2
	They would look after themselves until I get home	0	0
	I would work from home	3	2
	A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	1	1
	They would go to a workplace nursery	0	0
	They would go to a council-funded day nursery	2	0
	They would go to a private day nursery	0	2
	They would go to a child-minder	0	2
	A relative would look after them	3	3
	A friend or neighbour would look after them	0	1
	(NONE OF THESE)		
	(DK)	1	1

n = 13

[SFPREWRK]

65.a) And if you did have the child-care arrangement of your choice, would you prefer to ... READ OUT ...

...	n
... work more hours than now,	1
work fewer hours than now,	2
or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?	10
(Don't know)	0

[RECONACS]

IF MORE WORK AT a)

b) INTERVIEWER CHECK:

Respondent works less than 30 hours a week	n
(CODES 1, 2 OR 3 AT Q.52)	1
Respondent works 30+ hours a week	0
(CODE 4 AT Q.52)	0

[SFPTEFULL]

IF CODE 1 AT b)

c) Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?

Yes, might work full-time	0
No, would not	1
(Don't know)	0

[SFSFULL]

IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12

66. When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do ...

READ OUT ...

...	n
... work full-time,	6
work part-time,	6
or - not have a paid job at all?	1

[SOLDRESP]

ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED

67.a) Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?

Yes	7.0
No	92.1
(NA)	0.9

[SOLDAFHR]

IF YES AT a)

b) Does this responsibility ... READ OUT ...

...	n
... prevent you from working longer hours in your job,	1.6
or - does it make no difference to your working hours?	5.4
(NA)	0.9

n = 221

ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED

CARD 1

[STECWRK1 - STECWRK9]

68.a) Which, if any, of these kinds of new technology do you have or use in your work?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

Computer:	Main frame computer	2.1
	Telephone link to computer another place	6.5
	Micro/mini computer or computer network	17.6
	Type of computer unknown	2.6
Other:	Word processor	15.6
	Electronic memory typewriter	14.9
	Computer-controlled plant, machinery, or equipment (including robots)	3.2
Other new technology (WRITE IN):		1.4

(NONE OF THESE) 66.8

[STECFACT]

IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY (CODES 01-95 AT a)

b) Would you say the use of new technology has affected your work ... READ OUT ...

...	n
... for the better,	22.3
for the worse,	0.7
or - has it made no difference?	8.6
(NA)	1.6

[EDWORK10]

ALL IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION (CODE 01 AT Q.23)

69. And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

n = 76
Q. 69 only

Yes	16.6
No	83.4

[GUNEMP]

ALL ON GOVERNMENT SCHEMES (CODE 02 AT Q.23)

70. During the last five years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?

n = 11
Q.70 only

Yes	8
No	3

n = 221
Qs. 67-68

n = 20
Q 71 only

[WORK10]
ALL THOSE WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (CODE 04 AT Q 23)

71 a) And in the seven days ending last Sunday did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	1
No	19

[WUNEMP]
During the last five years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?

Yes	13
No	7

[UUNEMP]
ALL UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06, 07 AT Q 23)

n = 117
Qs 72-75

72 a) In total how many months in the last five years - that is, since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
3 6

[CURUNEMP]
How long has this present period of unemployment and seeking work lasted so far?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
2 4

73 **[UWORK10]**
And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	3 4
No	94 0
(NA)	2 6

74 **[JOBQUAL]**
How confident are you that you will find a job to match your qualifications READ OUT

very confident,	12 0
quite confident,	25 4
not very confident,	30 0
or - not at all confident?	29 9
(NA)	2 6

75 a) **[UFINDJOB]**
Although it may be difficult to judge how long from now do you think it will be before you find an acceptable job?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
0 3

Never	14 8
(Don't know)	34 8

b) **[UJOBCHNC]**
Do you think that there is a real chance nowadays that you will get a job in this area, or is there no real chance nowadays?

Real chance	40 6
No real chance	54 6
(DK/NA)	4 0

n = 66
Q 76 only

[DWORK10]
ALL PERMANENTLY SICK OR DISABLED (CODE 08 AT Q 23)

76 And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	-
No	100 0

[RWORK10]
ALL WHOLLY RETIRED FROM WORK (CODE 09 AT Q 23)

n = 501
Qs 77-81

77 And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	2 7
No	96 8
(NA)	0 5

78 **[EMPLPEN]**
Do you (or does your husband/wife) receive a pension from any past employer?

Yes	59 4
No	39 1
(NA)	1 5

79 **[RSTAGE]**
(Can I just check) are you over (MEN,) 65 (WOMEN,) 60?

Yes	91 2
No	8 6
(NA)	0 2

80 a) **[RPNENSION]**
IF YES AT Q 79
On the whole would you say the present state pension is on the low side, reasonable, or on the high side? IF 'ON THE LOW SIDE': Very low or a bit low?

Very low	44 7
A bit low	29 5
Reasonable	15 4
On the high side	0 2
(DK/NA)	1 7

b) **[RPNIN1YR]**
Do you expect your state pension in a year's time to purchase more than it does now, less, or about the same?

More	1 4
Less	61 8
About the same	22 9
(Don't know)	3 8
(NA)	1 6

81 **[RETIRAGE]**
IF NO AT Q 79
At what age did you retire from work?

MEDIAN: 5 7 YEARS

OR CODE: Never worked 0 2

n = 423
Qs. 82-85

(HWORK10)

ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME (CODE 10 AT Q.23)

82.a)	And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?	%		
	INCLUDE THOSE TEMPORARILY AWAY FROM A PAID JOB OF LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK	Yes	9.9	
		No	89.9	
b)	What are the main reasons you do not have a paid job (of more than 10 hours a week), outside the home? (NA)	(NA)	0.2	
	PROBE FULLY FOR MAIN REASONS AND RECORD VERBATIM	%		
	Raising children	36.8	Dependent relative	4.1
	Retired/too old	16.7	'Poverty trap'	2.5
	Prefer looking after home/family	18.6	Already works (less than 10 hours a week)	2.3
	No jobs available	1.8	Childcare costs	2.4
	Unsuited for available jobs	2.3	Unpaid work/family business	0.7
	Husband against working	1.8	(Other answer)	1.3
	Do volunteer work	0.8	(DK)	0.1
	Pregnancy/ill health	7.6	(NA)	20.7

(EVERJOB)

83.a)	Have you, during the last five years, ever had a full- or part-time job of 10 hours per week or more?	%	
		Yes	33.1
		No	66.2
	IF YES AT a)	(NA)	0.7

b) How long ago was it that you left that job?

	NO. OF MONTHS AGO
MEDIAN:	2 4

(FTJOBSE)
IF NO AT Q.83a)

84.a)	How seriously in the past five years have you considered getting a full-time job? ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... very seriously,	2.1	
	quite seriously,	5.5	
	not very seriously,	6.0	
	or - not at all seriously?	52.4	
	(NA)	0.9	

(PTJOBSE)
IF NOT VERY OR NOT AT ALL SERIOUSLY AT a)

b)	How seriously, in the past five years, have you considered getting a part-time job? ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... very seriously,	1.5	
	quite seriously,	5.2	
	not very seriously,	7.5	
	or - not at all seriously?	44.1	
	(NA)	0.9	

n = 423

ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE HOME (RECONACY)

85.	INTERVIEWER CHECK:	%	
	RESPONDENT WORKS LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK (CODE 1 AT Q.82a)	9.9	
	ALL OTHERS	90.1	

ASK THOSE LOOKING AFTER HOME AND WORKING LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK

CARD # (TWRKARRA - TWRKARRL)

n = 42

86. Please use this card to say whether any of the following arrangements are available to you, at your workplace ... Qs. 86-94

	READ OUT a)-k) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH	Not available- and I would not use it if it were	Not available- but I would use it if it were	Available- but I do not use it	Available- and I do use it	(Don't know)	(NA)
a)	... part-time working, allowing you to work less than the full working day?	n 0	3	0	31	1	7
b)	... flexible hours, so that you can adjust your own daily working hours?	n 8	10	0	16	2	6
c)	... job-sharing schemes, where part-timers share one full-time job?	n 8	14	5	1	5	9
d)	... working from home at least some of the time?	n 21	8	2	4	2	6
e)	... term-time contracts, allowing parents a special time off during school holidays?	n 7	4	6	14	3	8
f)	... nurseries provided by your employer for the young children of employees?	n 22	6	3	2	2	7
g)	... arrangements by your employer for the care of children during school holidays?	n 22	8	1	0	2	9
h)	... child-care allowances towards the cost of child care?	n 19	14	0	0	2	7
	ASK WOMEN ONLY						
i)	... 'career breaks', that is keeping women's jobs open for a few years so that mothers can return to work after caring for young children?	n 15	12	4	0	3	8
	ASK MEN ONLY						
j)	... paternity leave, allowing fathers extra leave when their children are born?	n 0	0	0	0	0	0
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES						
k)	... any other arrangement to help people combine jobs and childcare? (PLEASE WRITE IN:)	n 17	6	2	1	4	4
l)	Time off, either paid or unpaid, to care for sick children NEW CODE	n 0	0	0	0	0	42
	(None)	n 0	0	0	0	0	0

[RSEX3]			
87	INTERVIEWER: CODE:	n	
	RESPONDENT IS MAN	0	
	RESPONDENT IS WOMAN	42	
[TECHOLTS]			
ASK ALL WOMEN LOOKING AFTER HOME AND WORKING LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK			
88 a)	Can I just check do you have any children under five living at home?	n	
	Yes	8	
	No	34	
[TECHDS12]			
IF NO AT a)			
b)	Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?	n	
	Yes	20	
	No	14	
IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE 1 AT Q 88a OR b)			
CARD J [TECHARR1 - TFCMARRS, TFCHARR0]			
89 a)	Which of the following <u>best</u> describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work?	n	
CODE ALL THAT APPLY		n	
	I work only while they are at school	16	
	They look after themselves until I get home	0	
	I work from home	1	
	A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home	1	
	They go to a workplace nursery	0	
	They go to a day nursery	1	
	They go to a child-minder	1	
	A relative looks after them	8	
	A friend or neighbour looks after them	1	
	Other (WRITE IN:)	1	
	(NA)	2	
IF DAY-NURSERY AT a) [TFNURSRY]			
b)	Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?	n	
	Private nursery only	0	
	Council-funded nursery only	0	
	(Both - use both kinds)	0	
	(Don't know)	0	
	(NA)	3	

[TECHDCON]			
IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12			
90 a)	How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are they	READ OUT	n
	very convenient,		22
	fairly convenient,		3
	not very convenient		1
	or - not at all convenient?		0
	(NA)		2
b)	And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you	READ OUT	n
	very satisfied		23
	fairly satisfied		2
	not very satisfied		1
	or - not at all satisfied?		0
	(NA)		2
[TECHDPRI, TFCRDPRI]			
CARD K			
91	Suppose you could choose from <u>any</u> of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding		
	CODE ONE UNDER 'FIRST CHOICE'	First choice	Second choice
	AND ONE UNDER 'SECOND CHOICE'	n	n
	I would work only while they are at school	17	2
	They would look after themselves until I got home	0	0
	I would work from home	1	5
	A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	1	0
	They would go to a work-place nursery	0	0
	They would go to a council-funded day nursery	0	0
	They would go to a private day nursery	0	0
	They would go to a child-minder	0	2
	A relative would look after them	6	9
	A friend or neighbour would look after them	1	5
	(NONE OF THESE)	0	2
	(NA)	2	3
92 a)	And if you did have the child-care arrangements of your choice, would you prefer to	READ OUT	n
	work more hours than now,		11
	work fewer hours than now,		1
	or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?		13
	(Don't know)		0
	[TEPTFULL]		
	IF CODE 1 AT a)	(NA)	3
b)	Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?		n
	Yes, might work full-time		3
	No, would not		8
	(Don't know)		0
	(NA)		3

n = 42

[TFSCFULL]

IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12

93.	When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do ... READ OUT ...	n
	... work full-time,	8
	... work part-time,	17
	or - not have a paid job at all?	0

[TOLDRESP]

IF LOOKING AFTER HOME AND WORKING UP TO 10 HOURS (DK/NA)

94.a)	Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?	n
	Yes	5
	No	35
	(NA)	2

[TOLDAFHR]

IF YES AT a)

b)	Does this responsibility ... READ OUT ...	n
	... prevent you from working longer hours in your job, or - does it make no difference to your working hours?	2
	(NA)	3
	(NA)	2

[HFCHDLTS]

IF LOOKING AFTER THE HOME AND NOT WORKING (CODE 2 AT Q.85)

95.a)	Can I just check, do you have any children under five living at home?	n = 378 Q. 95 only
	Yes	2
	No	31.1
	No	68.9

[HFCHDS12]

IF NO AT a)

b)	Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?	n
	Yes	14.5
	No	54.5

n = 173

IF LOOKING AFTER HOME AND WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE 1 AT Q.95a OR b)

Qs. 96-100

CARD N

96.a)	Do you regularly use any of these childcare arrangements for your child or children during the day?	n
	[HFCHARR4] A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home	2
	[HFCHARR6] They go to a day-nursery	0.6
	[HFCHARR7] They go to a child-minder	4.9
	[HFCHARR8] A relative looks after them	1.0
	[HFCHARR9] A friend or neighbour looks after them	1.7
	[HFCHARRO] Other (WRITE IN:)	2.3
		-

NO:

NONE OF THESE 75.3
(NA) 3.8

[HFNURSRY]

IF DAY-NURSERY AT a)

b)	Is that day-nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?	n
	Private nursery only	2
	Council-funded nursery only	0.4
	(Both - use both kinds)	4.3
	(Don't know)	-
	(NA)	-
	[HFCHDCON]	3.9

IF LOOKING AFTER HOME AND USING CHILD-CARE REGULARLY (CODES 1-3 AT Q.96)

97.a)	How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are they ... READ OUT ...	n
	... very convenient,	7.7
	fairly convenient,	11.1
	not very convenient,	1.6
	or - not at all convenient?	0.6
	(NA)	3.8
b)	And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you ... READ OUT ...	n
	... very satisfied,	9.2
	fairly satisfied,	9.3
	not very satisfied,	2.0
	or - not at all satisfied?	0.6
	(NA)	3.8

IF LOOKING AFTER HOME AND WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12

n = 173

CARD K [HFCHDPR1, HFCHDPR2]

98 Suppose you decided to take a job outside the home and you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you were at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

CODE ONE UNDER 'FIRST CHOICE' AND ONE UNDER 'SECOND CHOICE'

	First choice	Second choice
I would work only while they are at school	39 1	12 1
They would look after themselves until I got home	0 6	0 6
I would work from home	13 8	11 5
A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	2 3	4 6
They would go to a workplace nursery	6 3	6 9
They would go to a council-funded day nursery	1 7	3 4
They would go to a private day nursery	1 7	5 7
They would go to a child-minder	5 2	4 6
A relative would look after them	15 5	15 5
A friend or neighbour would look after them	1 7	15 5
(NONE OF THESE)	6 9	13 8
(NA)	5 2	5 7

[HFWCHOIC]

99 And if you did have the child-care arrangement of your choice, would you prefer to READ OUT

work part-time,	51 7
work full-time,	12 6
or - would you choose <u>not</u> to work outside the home?	27 0
(Either full-time or part-time)	0 6
(Don't know)	3 4
(NA)	4 6

[HFSCFULL]

100 When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT

work full-time,	37 4
work part-time,	43 1
or - not have a paid job at all?	13 8
(DK/NA)	5 8

[HOLDRESP]

101 a) Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?

n = 382 Q 101 only

Yes	2 8
No	40 8
(NA)	56 4

[HOLDAFHR]

IF YES AT a)

b) Does this responsibility READ OUT

prevent you from getting a paid job,	1 3
or - would you not want a paid job anyway?	1 2
(NA)	56 7

[HCHDUT12]

ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME

n = 420

Q 102a) only

102a) INTERVIEWER CHECK:

Respondent has children aged under 12	1
(CODE 1 AT Q 88a OR Q 88b OR Q 95a OR Q 95b)	47 7
All others	52 3

(IF CODE 1 AT Q 102a)

CARD N [MUMNWRK1 - MUMNWRK8]

n = 200

Q 102b) only

b) I am going to read out some reasons mothers of young children give for not working or not working many hours. Please use this card to say how important each of these reasons is for you personally.

READ (i) - viii) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	Does not apply to me	DK/NA
i) I enjoy spending time with my children more than working	73 0	17 6	3 9	0 5	1 7	3 2
ii) It's better for the children if I am home to look after them	75 7	18 3	2 6	0 0	0 7	2 7
iii) It would cost too much to find suitable child-care	35 3	21 8	11 0	8 1	20 5	3 7
iv) I cannot find the kind of childcare I would like	24 5	20 1	11 0	6 7	34 0	3 7
v) My life would be too difficult if I had to combine child-care and paid work	28 0	23 2	14 0	10 9	20 2	3 7
vi) My husband or partner would not want me to work	22 9	13 7	16 4	19 4	26 5	3 2
vii) I cannot find the kind of work I want with suitable hours	36 2	15 5	9 0	6 7	29 8	2 7
viii) I cannot find the kind of work I want near my home	27 1	20 5	9 3	9 4	29 8	3 7

[ZWORK10]

ALL DOING SOMETHING ELSE (CODE 11 AT Q 23)

n = 4

Q 103 only

103 And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than 10 hours a week?

Yes	0
No	4

SECTION THREE

n = 2698

Qs. 104-112

(SPEND1, SPEND2)

ASK ALL

CARD O

104. Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	1st Priority %	2nd Priority %
Education	24.0	35.8
Defence	0.7	1.2
Health	55.5	25.0
Housing	6.5	13.1
Public transport	1.8	3.7
Roads	1.1	3.2
Police and prisons	1.9	4.6
Social security benefits	4.8	7.7
Help for industry	2.5	3.5
Overseas aid	0.0	0.7
(NONE OF THESE)	0.1	0.2
(Don't know)	0.3	0.5
(NA)	0.7	0.7

(SOCBEN1, SOCBEN2)

CARD P

105. Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	1st Priority %	2nd Priority %
Retirement pensions	42.3	23.0
Child benefits	17.0	15.0
Benefits for the unemployed	8.3	13.1
Benefits for disabled people	23.9	35.1
Benefits for single parents	6.7	11.0
(NONE OF THESE)	0.6	1.0
(Don't know)	0.5	1.1
(NA)	0.7	0.7

n = 2698

106. I will read two statements. For each one please say whether you agree or disagree. Strongly or slightly?
(FALSECLM)

- a) Large numbers of people these days falsely claim benefits. RECORD IN COLUMN a)
(FAILCLM)
b) Large numbers of people who are eligible for benefits these days fail to claim them. RECORD IN COLUMN b)

	(a) Falsey claim %	(b) Fail to claim %
Agree strongly	46.3	49.3
Agree slightly	25.0	34.4
Disagree slightly	11.5	6.9
Disagree strongly	11.5	2.9
(Don't know)	7.5	6.2
(NA)	0.2	0.4

107. (DOLE)
Opinions differ about the level of benefits for the unemployed. Which of these two statements comes closest to your own ... READ OUT ...

	%
... benefits for the unemployed are <u>too low</u> and cause hardship	50.0
OR - benefits for the unemployed are <u>too high</u> and discourage people from finding jobs?	28.8
(Neither)	8.0
Other (WRITE IN)	1.3
(Don't know)	7.2
(NA)	0.5
(Both)	3.5
(About right)	0.6

(TAXSPEND)

CARD Q

108. Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this card. Which do you think it should choose?

	%
Reduce taxes and spend <u>less</u> on health, education and social benefits	3.2
Keep taxes and spending on these services at the <u>same</u> level as now	37.3
Increase taxes and spend <u>more</u> on health, education and social benefits	54.3
(None)	2.9
(Don't know)	2.0
(NA)	0.2

(NHSSAT)

CARD R

109. All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied would you say you are with the way in which the National Health Service runs nowadays? Choose a phrase from this card.

	%
Very satisfied	6.6
Quite satisfied	10.4
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	15.1
Quite dissatisfied	27.1
Very dissatisfied	20.3
(DK)	0.3
(NA)	0.2

CARD R AGAIN

110 From your own experience, or from what you have heard please say how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with the way in which each of these parts of the National Health Service runs nowadays

READ OUT I-VI BELOW AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH

	Very satisfied	Quite satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Quite dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied	(DK/NA)
(GPSAT)						
i) First local doctors/GPs?	31.3	48.8	7.9	8.6	2.8	0.5
(DENTSAT)						
ii) National Health Service dentists?	20.0	48.5	17.4	7.7	3.0	3.3
(HVSAT)						
iii) Health visitors?	11.7	31.1	34.9	5.2	2.6	14.4
(DHSAT)						
iv) District nurses?	17.5	33.4	31.8	2.7	1.0	13.5
(INPATSAT)						
v) Being in hospital as an inpatient?	23.8	39.0	18.8	10.7	4.4	3.2
(OUTPATSAT)						
vi) Attending hospital as an outpatient?	14.4	36.6	17.9	18.3	10.0	2.9
(PRIVMED)						
111 a) Are you covered by a private health insurance scheme that, is an insurance scheme that allows you to get private medical <u>treatment</u> for example: BUPA and PPP						
			Yes	16.9		
			No	82.6		
			(DK/NA)	0.5		
(PRIVPAID)						
IF YES AT a)						
b) Does your employer (or your husband's/wife's employer) pay the majority of the cost of membership of this scheme?			Yes	8.9		
			No	7.6		
			(Don't know)	0.3		
			(NA)	0.6		
(NHSLIMIT)						
ASK ALL						
112 It has been suggested that the National Health Service should be available <u>only to those with lower incomes</u> . This would mean that contributions and taxes could be lower and most people would then take out medical insurance or pay for health care. Do you support or oppose this idea?			Support	22.1		
			Oppose	73.0		
			(Don't know)	4.3		
			(NA)	0.6		

Note: Question L113-L115 were asked as Y118-Y120 in Section 5 in the Y version of the questionnaire

SECTION FOUR

(RELIGION)
ASK ALL

113 a) Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion?
IF YES: Which?

CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT	%
No religion	36.3
Christian - no denomination	2.4
Roman Catholic	8.9
Church of England/Anglican	37.5
Baptist	1.1
Methodist	3.5
Presbyterian/Church of Scotland	4.3
Free Presbyterian	0.1
Brethren	0.0
United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational	0.6
Other Protestant (WRITE IN:)	1.5
Other Christian (WRITE IN:)	0.4
Hindu	0.5
Jewish	0.9
Islam/Muslim	0.9
Sikh	0.3
Buddhist	0.1
Other non-Christian (WRITE IN:)	0.3
Refused/unwilling to say	0.0
(NA)	0.5
(RELIGFAN)	
IF NO RELIGION (CODE 01 AT a)	
b) In what religion were you brought up? <u>PROBE IF NECESSARY</u> . What was your family's religion?	
No religion	4.4
Christian - no denomination	1.2
Roman Catholic	3.8
Church of England/Anglican	21.2
Baptist	0.5
Methodist	1.9
Presbyterian/Church of Scotland	2.1
Free Presbyterian	0.1
Brethren	-
United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational	0.2
Other Protestant (WRITE IN:)	0.5
Other Christian (WRITE IN:)	0.0
Hindu	0.0
Jewish	0.1
Islam/Muslim	0.1
Sikh	-
Buddhist	0.1
Other non-Christian (WRITE IN:)	-
Refused/unwilling to say	0.0

[ATTENDCH]

IF ANY RELIGION AT a) OR b)

114.

Apart from such special occasions as weddings, funerals and baptisms, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?

PROBE AS NECESSARY	Once a week or more	%
	Less often but at least once in two weeks	11.7
	Less often but at least once a month	3.0
	Less often but at least twice a year	6.3
	Less often but at least once a year	12.9
	Less often	6.9
	Never or practically never	5.9
	Varies too much to say	47.2
	Refused/unwilling to answer	0.6
	(NA)	0.1
		1.0

ASK ALL

CARD 3 [RACBORIG]

115.

To which of these groups do you consider you belong?

CODE ONE ONLY

		%
Black:	of African or Caribbean or other origin	1.2
Asian:	of Indian origin	1.1
	of Pakistani origin	0.7
	of Bangladeshi origin	-
	of Chinese origin	0.1
	of other origin	0.2
	(WRITE IN) _____	
White:	of British origin	92.5
	of Irish origin	2.1
	of other origin	1.8
	(WRITE IN) _____	
	Refused	0.0
	(NA)	0.3

Now I would like to ask you some questions about racial prejudice in Britain. [PREJAS]

116 a)

First, thinking of Asians - that is, people whose families were originally from India and Pakistan - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?

	%
A lot	56.5
A little	32.0
Hardly any	7.1
(Don't know)	3.2
(NA)	0.4

[PREJBLX]

b) And black people - that is people whose families were originally from the West Indies or Africa - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?

	%
A lot	47.9
A little	39.1
Hardly any	9.0
(Don't know)	3.5
(NA)	0.5

[PREJNOW]

c) Do you think there is generally more racial prejudice in Britain now than there was 5 years ago, less, or about the same amount?

	%
More now	31.9
Less now	19.8
About the same	45.3
Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.1
(DK/NA)	2.9

[PREJFUT]

d) Do you think there will be more, less or about the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain in 5 years time compared with now?

	%
More in 5 years	36.6
Less	19.9
About the same	38.8
Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.3
(DK/NA)	4.5

[SRPREJ]

e) How would you describe yourself: ... READ OUT ...

	%
... as very prejudiced against people of other races,	3.7
a little prejudiced,	31.7
or - not prejudiced at all?	63.5
Other answer: (WRITE IN:)	0.2
(DK/NA)	1.0

[ASJOB]

117a)	On the whole, do you think people of Asian origin in Britain are <u>not</u> given jobs these days <u>because</u> of their race <u>READ OUT</u>	%
	a lot,	14 3
	a little,	40 9
	or - hardly at all?	35 4
	(Don't know)	8 9
	(NA)	0 6

[WIJOB]

b)	And on the whole, do you think people of West Indian origin in Britain are <u>not</u> given jobs these days <u>because</u> of their race <u>READ OUT</u>	%
	a lot,	20 1
	a little,	41 6
	or - hardly at all?	30 0
	(Don't know)	7 8
	(NA)	0 6

[RACELAW]

118a)	There is a law in Britain <u>against</u> racial discrimination, that is against giving unfair preference to a particular race in housing, jobs and so on. Do you generally <u>support</u> or <u>oppose</u> the idea of a law for this purpose?	%
	Support	68 4
	Oppose	28 5
	(DK)	2 5
	(NA)	0 6

[IMMHELP]

b)	Do you think, on the whole, that Britain gives <u>too little</u> or <u>too much</u> help to Asians and West Indians who have settled in this country, or are present arrangements about right?	%
	Too little	9 5
	Present arrangements right	51 4
	Too much	32 1
	Other answer (WRITE IN.)	0 2
	(DK)	6 4
	(NA)	0 5

IF INTERVIEWING IN ENGLAND OR WALES, ASK ABOUT "BRITAIN"
IF INTERVIEWING IN SCOTLAND, ASK ABOUT "SCOTLAND"

[DIVORCE]

119	Do you think that divorce in (Britain/Scotland) should be <u>READ OUT</u>	%
	easier to obtain than it is now,	10 9
	more difficult,	32 5
	or - should things remain as they are?	51 4
	(Don't know)	5 0
	(NA)	0 2

[SEXLAW]

120	There is a law in Britain against sex discrimination, that is against giving unfair preference to men - or to women - in employment, pay and so on. Do you generally <u>support</u> or <u>oppose</u> the idea of a law for this purpose?	%
	Support	80 0
	Oppose	16 7
	(DK)	2 8
	(NA)	0 5

CARD T

121 Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships [PMS]

- a) If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage, what would your general opinion be? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL a)

[EXMS]

- b) What about a married person having sexual relations with someone other than his or her partner? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL b)

[HOMOSEX]

- c) What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL c)

	(a) BEFORE MARRIAGE	(b) EXTRA MARITAL	(c) SAME SEX
	%	%	%
Always wrong	12 5	56 3	57 5
Mostly wrong	9 6	28 5	11 0
Sometimes wrong	20 3	9 8	8 2
Rarely wrong	8 7	1 0	4 3
Not wrong at all	45 2	1 5	14 6
(Depends/varies)	2 9	1 7	3 2
(DK)	0 1	0 3	0 6
(NA)	0 7	0 9	0 7

122.	Now I would like you to tell me whether, in your opinion, it is acceptable for a homosexual person READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH ...		
	[GAYTEASC]		
a)	... to be a teacher in a school?	%	
	Yes	44.2	
	No	49.0	
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	1.1	
	(Depends on person)	3.6	
	(DK/NA)	2.4	
	[GAYTEAHE]		
b)	... to be a teacher in a college or university?	%	
	Yes	53.1	
	No	41.7	
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.4	
	(Depends on person)	2.5	
	(DK/NA)	2.2	
	[GAYPUB]		
c)	... to hold a responsible position in public life?	%	
	Yes	56.7	
	No	38.3	
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.9	
	(Depends on person)	1.7	
	(DK/NA)	2.4	
	[HOMOMEAN]		
	What did you understand the word "homosexual" to mean at this question: ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... men only - that is, gays,	24.0	
	women only - that is, lesbians,	0.3	
	or - either?	74.9	
	(DK/NA)	0.7	
	[FGAYADPT]		
123-a)	Do you think female homosexual couples - that is, lesbians - should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions as other couples?	%	
	Yes	17.4	
	No	79.5	
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.1	
	(Depends on person)	0.7	
	(DK)	2.0	
	(NA)	0.2	
	[NGAYADPT]		
b)	And do you think male homosexual couples - that is, gays - should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions as other couples?	%	
	Yes	9.9	
	No	87.5	
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.1	
	(Depends on person)	0.3	
	(DK)	2.0	
	(NA)	0.2	

SECTION FIVE

	[VICTIM]		
124 a)	Now some questions about crime. Do you ever worry about the possibility that you or anyone else who lives with you might be the victim of crime?	%	
	Yes	75.6	
	No	24.3	
	(NA)	0.1	
	[VMWORRY]		
	(IF YES AT a)		
b)	Is this ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... a big worry,	17.1	
	a bit of a worry,	35.2	
	or - an occasional doubt?	23.2	
	(NA)	0.2	
	[SAFEDARK]		
	ASK ALL		
125	How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... very safe,	21.5	
	fairly safe,	37.6	
	a bit unsafe,	23.5	
	or - very unsafe?	15.9	
	(DK/NA)	1.4	
	[BURGLARY]		
126 a)	How common is it for people's homes to be burgled in this area ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... very common,	12.3	
	fairly common,	32.5	
	not very common,	41.2	
	or - not at all common?	9.5	
	(Don't know)	4.3	
	(NA)	0.2	
	[VANDAL]		
b)	How common is deliberate damage done by vandals in this area ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... very common,	14.3	
	fairly common,	26.9	
	not very common,	43.8	
	or - not at all common?	12.5	
	(Don't know)	2.4	
	(NA)	0.1	

<i>[MUGGING]</i>			
127	How common in this area is it for people to be attacked and to have things stolen from them in the street	READ OUT	Σ
	very common,		2 6
	fairly common,		9 0
	not very common,		44 3
	or - not at all common?		40 1
	(Don't know)		3 8
	(NA)		0 2
<i>[AREACRIM]</i>			
128	Compared with the rest of Britain, how much crime would you say there is in your area	READ OUT	Σ
	a lot more in your area,		2 6
	a bit more,		5 4
	about the same amount,		27 0
	a bit less,		31 6
	or - a lot less in your area?		30 5
	(Don't know)		2 8
	(NA)		0 1
<i>[GOPOLICE]</i>			
129 a)	During the past two years, have you ever reported a crime or accident to the police or gone to them for help or advice?		Σ
	Yes		35 4
	No		64 4
	(NA)		0 1
<i>[PCHELP]</i>			
IF YES AT a)			
b)	On those occasions, how helpful have you found them in the way they dealt with you	READ OUT	Σ
	very helpful,		14 7
	fairly helpful,		11 6
	fairly <u>un</u> helpful,		4 9
	or - very <u>un</u> helpful?		3 6
	(Varied)		0 6
	(DK/NA)		0 1

<i>[PCSTOP]</i>			
ASK ALL			
130 a)	During the past two years, have you ever been stopped or asked questions by the police about an offence which they thought had been committed?		Σ
	Yes		15 9
	No		84 0
	(NA)		0 1
<i>[PCPOLITE]</i>			
IF YES AT a)			
b)	On those occasions, how polite have you found them when they approached you	READ OUT	Σ
	very polite,		8 5
	fairly polite,		4 1
	fairly <u>im</u> polite,		1 3
	or - very <u>im</u> polite?		1 5
	(Varied)		0 3
	(NA)		0 1
<i>[PCANNOY]</i>			
ASK ALL			
131	During the past <u>two years</u> , have you been really <u>annoyed</u> about the way a police officer behaved towards you, or someone you know, or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?		Σ
	Yes		16 7
	No		83 1
	(NA)		0 2
<i>[PCPLEASE]</i>			
132	During the last <u>two years</u> , have you been really <u>pleased</u> about the way a police officer behaved towards you, or someone you know, or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?		Σ
	Yes		30 2
	No		68 8
	(DK/NA)		0 9
<i>[PCSAT]</i>			
CARD V			
133	In general, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with the way the police in Britain do their job? Choose a phrase from the card		Σ
	Very satisfied		19 4
	Quite satisfied		51 9
	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied		14 6
	Not very satisfied		12 2
	Not at all satisfied		1 7
	(DK/NA)		0 2
<i>[PCCONTACT]</i>			
134	May I just check, have you, or someone you know, had any contact at all with the police in the past <u>two years</u> ?		Σ
	Yes		54 5
	No		45 0
	(NA)		0 6

SECTION SIX

CARD W

135. Some countries are called 'free societies' because their citizens' basic rights are protected. Please use this card to say how well-protected you think citizens' basic rights are in each of the following countries. Just say what you think.

READ NAME OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

Citizens' basic rights are:

		Very well protected	Fairly well protected	Not very well protected	Not at all well protected	(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
a)	... the USA? [USAFREE]	X 26.2	46.6	10.8	0.9	15.2	0.3
b)	... West Germany? [WGFREE]	X 25.8	44.0	7.3	0.7	21.8	0.4
c)	... the Soviet Union? [USSRFREE]	Z 2.3	7.7	47.7	23.3	18.4	0.5
d)	... Britain? [BRITFREE]	X 19.5	65.2	9.3	1.8	3.8	0.4
e)	... China? [CHNAFREE]	X 1.3	7.7	29.8	37.3	23.4	0.4
f)	... Canada? [CANFREE]	X 27.1	50.5	1.7	0.1	20.4	0.3

CARD X

136. Some countries are called 'open societies' because their citizens have a right to know what decisions the government is making and why. Please use this card to say how 'open' you think each of the following countries is. Again, just say what you think.

READ NAME OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

Government is:

		Very open	Fairly open	Not very open	Not at all open	(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
a)	... the USA? [USAOPEN]	X 27.8	48.0	11.5	1.1	11.2	0.3
b)	... West Germany? [WGOOPEN]	X 9.8	51.2	17.5	1.8	19.3	0.3
c)	... the Soviet Union? [USSROOPEN]	Z 0.8	6.7	43.3	35.2	13.6	0.4
d)	... Britain? [BRITOPEN]	X 13.0	57.6	21.7	3.1	4.1	0.5
e)	... China? [CHNAOPEN]	Z 0.6	6.4	28.5	44.2	19.7	0.6
f)	... Canada? [CANOPEN]	X 16.3	56.0	5.7	0.3	21.3	0.3

CARD Y

137. All governments keep certain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.

READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

[NUCTELL]

a)	... Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power station which was unlikely to have harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?	Z
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	9.6
	Probably allowed	15.9
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	16.4
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	56.9
	(Don't know)	0.7
	(NA)	0.5

[WEAPTELL]
CARD Y AGAIN

b)	... Suppose the government decided to start developing a new weapons system. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?	Z
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	26.0
	Probably allowed	22.0
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	15.1
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	34.3
	(Don't know)	2.2
	(NA)	0.5

[CABTELL]
CARD Y AGAIN

c)	... Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to make a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?	Z
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	3.3
	Probably allowed	3.9
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	15.9
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	74.9
	(Don't know)	1.5
	(NA)	0.5

(PAPRGOVT)
CARD Z

138 a) Suppose a person leaked secret defence plans to a newspaper and the government wanted to find out who it was. Using the card, tell me whether you think the paper should have the legal right to keep the person's name secret or not?

	%
Definitely should have the legal right	16.2
Probably should	17.1
Probably should <u>not</u>	20.5
Definitely should <u>not</u> have the legal right	43.0
(Don't know/Can't say)	2.7
(NA)	0.4

(PAPREIRM)
CARD Z AGAIN

b) Now suppose a person leaked secret plans about a new commercial invention, and the firm wanted to find out who it was. Do you think the paper should have the legal right to keep the person's name secret, or not?

	%
Definitely should have the legal right	15.3
Probably should	21.4
Probably should <u>not</u>	24.9
Definitely should <u>not</u> have the legal right	34.4
(Don't know/Can't say)	3.5
(NA)	0.5

(BANBOOK)
CARD AA

139 a) Some books or films offend people in Britain who have strong religious beliefs. Do you think there should or should not be a law to ban such books or films?

	%
Definitely should be a law to ban them	14.0
Probably should be a law to ban them	20.2
Probably should <u>not</u> be a law to ban them	27.1
Definitely should <u>not</u> be a law to ban them	35.7
(Don't know)	2.5
(NA)	0.5

(BLASFEMY)

b) There is a blasphemy law in Britain to punish people who offend against Christian beliefs. Should the law **READ OUT**

	%
apply just to Christianity,	9.2
apply to other religions as well,	33.5
or - should the law be abolished altogether?	48.0
(Don't know)	8.9
(NA)	0.5

CARD BB

140 Some people say that video cameras ought to be installed in public places to detect criminals. Others say that this will cut down on everyone's privacy. Do you think video cameras should or should not be allowed in the following places?

READ OUT a)-d) AND
CODE ONE FOR EACH

Video cameras should:

	Definitely be allowed	Probably be allowed	Probably not be allowed	Definitely not be allowed	(It depends/ Don't know)	(NA)
a) (VCROADS) Installed on roads to detect speeding drivers?	25.6	27.6	6.6	9.2	1.7	0.2
b) (VCFOOTBL) Installed at football grounds to detect troublemakers? 288 1	9.5	0.5	1.0	0.7		0.2
c) (VCVARDAL) Installed on housing estates to detect vandals?	52.6	29.6	10.4	5.7	1.4	0.3
d) (VCDEMOS) at political demonstrations to identify people taking part?	39.6	23.6	16.6	16.8	3.2	0.2

(RACSGLTY)

141 a) Suppose two people - one white, one black - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not commit. What do you think their chances are of being found guilty. **READ OUT**

	%
the white person is more likely to be found guilty,	2.8
they have the same chance,	49.3
or - the black person is more likely to be found guilty?	41.8
(Don't know)	5.8
(NA)	0.3

(RICWGLTY)

b) Now suppose another two people from different backgrounds - one rich, one poor - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not commit. What do you think their chances are of being found guilty. **READ OUT**

	%
the rich person is more likely to be found guilty,	2.0
they have the same chance,	37.7
or - the poor person is more likely to be found guilty?	55.9
(Don't know)	4.1
(NA)	0.3

[REMAND]
CARD CC

142. Some prisoners in Britain are 'remand prisoners', that is they are waiting, often for long periods, for their cases to come up in court.

Which of the statements on this card comes closest to your views about remand prisoners?

ONE CODE ONLY

	%
All those accused of a crime for which they might get a prison sentence should be remanded in prison	20.0
OR Only those who the courts believe might commit another offence or go missing should be remanded in prison	74.5
(Don't know)	5.0
(NA)	0.5

SECTION SEVEN

143. Now I would like to ask some questions about politics.
[POLITICS]

How much interest do you generally have in what is going on in politics ... READ OUT ...

	%
... a great deal,	7.0
quite a lot,	22.2
some,	33.0
not very much,	26.3
or - not at all?	11.0
(Don't know)	0.2
(NA)	0.2

[VOTESYST]

144. Some people say that we should change the voting system to allow smaller political parties to get a fairer share of MPs. Others say that we should keep the voting system as it is, to produce more effective government. Which view comes closest to your own ... READ OUT ...

IF ASKED, REFERS TO 'PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION'

	%
... that we should change the voting system.	34.4
or - keep it as it is?	58.9
(Don't know)	6.4
(NA)	0.2

CARD DD

145. Please choose a phrase from this card to say how you feel about ... READ OUT ...

	Very strong-ly in favour	Strong-ly in favour	In favour	Neither in favour or against	Against	Strong-ly against	Very strong-ly against	Don't know/Can't say	(NA)
a) [CONFEEL] ... the Conservative Party?	3.8	5.6	23.6	19.4	17.0	11.6	16.4	1.9	0.6
b) [LABFEEL] ... the Labour Party?	6.3	8.1	22.5	27.4	21.6	7.2	4.2	2.0	0.8
c) [SLDFEEL] ... the Liberal Democrats?	0.6	1.9	13.3	55.5	16.2	4.5	1.8	5.1	1.2
d) [SDPFEEL] ... the Social Democrat Party? IF NECESSARY, PROMPT: SDP/ Owen	0.4	1.1	6.9	54.5	21.0	5.4	2.7	6.8	1.3
IN SCOTLAND ASK: n = 118									
e) [SNPFEEL] ... the Scottish Nationalist Party?	8.5	11.0	20.3	28.0	21.2	4.2	3.4	1.7	3.4
IN WALES ASK: n = 83									
f) [PCFEEL] ... Plaid Cymru?	4.8	4.8	12.0	34.9	22.9	3.6	9.6	6.0	1.2
ASK ALL									
g) [GRNFEEL] ... the Green Party?	3.0	3.8	30.4	38.1	10.6	2.1	1.7	5.7	4.6
146a) [CONXTRME] On the whole, would you describe the Conservative Party nowadays as extreme or moderate?									
						(a) Conservative	(b) Labour		
b) [LABXTRME] And the Labour Party nowadays, is it extreme or moderate?						%	%		
						Extremes	57.0	26.1	
						Moderate	33.3	60.4	
						(Neither or both)	2.6	4.6	
						(Don't know)	6.5	8.4	
						(NA)	0.6	0.5	
RECORD IN APPROPRIATE COLUMN									
146b) [CONCLASS] On the whole, would you describe the Conservative Party as good for one class, or good for all classes?									
						(c) Conservative	(d) Labour		
d) [LABCLASS] And the Labour Party, is it good for one class or good for all classes?						%	%		
						Good for one class	66.7	43.9	
						Good for all classes	25.6	40.1	
						(Neither or both)	1.5	7.4	
						(Don't know)	3.6	7.7	
						(NA)	0.7	1.0	

[CONDIVD]

147 a) And would you describe the Conservative Party nowadays as united or divided?b) And the Labour Party, is it united or divided?

RECORD IN APPROPRIATE COLUMN

	(a) Conservative	(b) Labour
	2	2
United	20 3	43 8
Divided	71 1	43 7
(Neither or both)	2 3	3 4
(Don't know)	5 8	8 5
(NA)	0 5	0 5

[NATLSTN]

148 a) Are you generally in favour of READ OUT

	2
more <u>nationalisation</u> of companies by government,	19 2
more <u>privatisation</u> of companies by government,	16 0
or - should things be left as they are now?	57 5
Other (WRITE IN.)	0 1
(Don't know)	6 2
(NA)	1 0

IF MORE NATIONALISATION OR PRIVATISATION AT a)

b) A lot more (<u>nationalisation/privatisation</u>) or a little more?	2
A lot more nationalisation of companies	7 8
A little more nationalisation of companies	11 4
A little more privatisation of companies	11 1
A lot more privatisation of companies	4 9

ASK ALL

CARD 12

[LTAXSERV]

149 Suppose your local council had to choose between the three options on this card Which do you think it should choose?

Reduce the level of poll tax and spend <u>less</u> on local services	27 3
Keep the poll tax and spending on local services at the <u>same</u> level as now	56 6
Increase the poll tax and spend <u>more</u> on local services	5 2
(None)	6 1
(Don't know)	3 9
(NA)	0 9

[LTAXSAME]

150 Do you think that local taxes - whether poll tax or rates - should READ OUT

be at the <u>same</u> level for everyone, except the very poor,	2
or - be at different levels, according to people's ability to pay?	16 2
(Don't know)	81 1
(NA)	2 1
	0 5

[ECLNKINF]

151 a) Do you think that closer links with the European Community would give Britain READ OUT

<u>more</u> influence in the world,	2
<u>less</u> influence in the world,	35 4
or - would it make no difference?	9 1
(Don't know)	47 2
(NA)	8 1
	0 3

[ECLNKSTR]

b) And would closer links with the European Community make Britain READ OUT

<u>stronger</u> economically,	2
<u>weaker</u> economically,	43 3
or - would it make no difference?	8 3
(Don't know)	36 5
(NA)	11 6
	0 3

[EEJOINEC]

c) Should Eastern European countries - the former communist countries - READ OUT

be encouraged to join the European Community,	2
or not?	58 6
(Don't know)	25 8
(NA)	15 3
	0 3

SECTION EIGHT

Qs. L152-L157
(Y144-Y146,
Y158-Y160)

ASK ALL

CARD PY
(HOUSESAT)

Now a few questions on housing.

152.	First, in general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your own (house/flat)? Choose a phrase from the card.	%	
	Very satisfied	44.0	
	Quite satisfied	43.8	
	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	4.5	
	Quite dissatisfied	4.8	
	Very dissatisfied	2.7	
	(NA)	0.1	
153.a)	How about the area you live in? Taking everything into account, would you say this area has got better, worse or remained about the same as a place to live during the <u>last two</u> years?	%	
	Better	11.6	
	Worse	20.3	
	About the same	65.1	
	(Don't know)	2.7	
	(NA)	0.3	
153.b)	And what do you think will happen during the <u>next two</u> years: will this area get better, worse or remain about the same as a place to live?	%	
	Better	11.6	
	Worse	18.4	
	About the same	66.5	
	(Don't know)	3.2	
	(NA)	0.3	
154.	Does your household own or rent this accommodation? PROBE AS NECESSARY		
	IF OWN: Outright or on a mortgage?	%	
	IF RENTS: From whom?		
	Owne: Own (leasehold/freehold) outright	31.0	
	Buying (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage	41.3	
	Rents: Local authority	18.5	
	New Town Development Corporation	0.4	
	Housing Association	1.7	
	Property company	0.8	
	Employer	0.7	
	Other organisation	1.0	
	Relative	0.4	
	Other individual	3.4	
	Rent free: Rent free, squatting, etc.	0.5	
	(NA)	0.2	

Note: Qs. L155-L157 were also asked on the Y version of the questionnaire as Qs. Y158-Y160.

INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT
(HOMETYPE)

155.	Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a ... READ OUT ONE THAT YOU THINK APPLIES	%	
	... detached house or bungalow	21.2	
	... semi-detached house or bungalow	37.8	
	... terraced house	26.9	
	... self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc. in tenement block)	9.8	
	... self-contained converted flat/maisonette	2.8	
	... room(s) - not self-contained	0.4	
	Other (WRITE IN:)	0.4	
	(NA)	0.6	

156.a)	How long have you lived in your present home ... READ OUT ...	%	
	... less than a year,	7.0	
	or - one year or more?	92.9	
	(NA)	0.2	

(HOMENYR)
IF 'ONE YEAR OR MORE' AT a)

b) How many years?

PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE MEDIAN NUMBER OF YEARS 0 7

CARD CC

157. Please use this card to say how common or uncommon each of the following things is in your area.

	READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH	In my area, it is...				(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
		Vary common	Fairly common	Not very common	Not at all common		
a)	(NOISYNGB) ... Noisy neighbours or loud parties?	% 4.2	8.3	36.2	50.9	-	0.3
b)	(GRAFFITI) ... Graffiti on walls or buildings?	% 3.4	10.6	35.5	50.2	0.1	0.3
c)	(TEENOWST) ... Teenagers hanging around on the streets?	% 11.1	24.4	30.9	33.1	0.3	0.3
d)	(DRUNKS) ... Drunks or tramps on the streets?	% 2.2	6.2	30.7	60.2	0.3	0.3
e)	(RUBBISH) ... Rubbish and litter lying about?	% 14.2	26.0	34.3	25.2	-	0.3
f)	(HMGDNBAD) ... Homes and gardens in bad condition?	% 4.6	11.9	46.5	36.1	0.7	0.3
g)	(VANDALS) ... Vandalism and deliberate damage to property?	% 5.6	13.6	43.0	37.0	0.5	0.3

Y & L

JYL -
- 63Y -

SECTION NINE

n = 2698
Qs 900-903b

900 a) [MARSTAT]
Can I just check your own marital status?
At present are you **READ OUT** married, 65 8
CODE FIRST TO APPLY living as married, 4 0
separated or divorced, 5 3
widowed, 7 6
or - not married? 17 3

[HOUSEHLD]

b) Finally, a few questions about you and your household
Including yourself, how many people live here regularly
as members of this household?

CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION
OF HOUSEHOLD IF NECESSARY

MEDIAN: 0 3

901 How I'd like to ask for a few details about each person
in your household Starting with yourself what was
your age last birthday?

WORK DOWN COLUMNS OF GRID FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD MEMBER

[RSEX]	Resp- ondent	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
a) Sex:	2									
Male	45 4									
Female	54 6									
b) Age last birthday:										
c) Relationship to respondent:										
Spouse/partner										
Son/daughter										
Parent/parent-in-law										
Other relative										
Not related										
d) [RRESP] HOUSEHOLD MEMBER WITH LEGAL RES- PONSIBILITY FOR ACCOMMODATION (INC JOINT AND SHARED)	2									
Yes	81 7									
No	15 6									
(NA)	2 7									

* CHECK THAT NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN GRID EQUALS NUMBER
GIVEN AT Q 900b)

Y & L

- 60L -
- 64Y -

[OTHCHILD]
ASK ALL

n = 2698
Qs 902-903b

902 Apart from people you've just mentioned who live in your
household have you had any (other) children including
stepchildren who grew up in your household?

NS: INCLUDES CHILDREN NO LONGER LIVING

Yes 37 4
No 62 4
(NA) 0 2

[RSEX4]
INTERVIEWER TO COMPLETE:

903 a) RESPONDENT IS: 2
Man 45 4
Woman 34 6

[RFCHILDN]
IF WOMAN:

b) RESPONDENT: 2
Has children (SEE H/W GRID Q 901) 40 1
OR Has had children (CODE 1 AT Q 902)
Has not 14 5

IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN (CODE 1 AT Q 903b)

n = 1082
Q 903a only

CARD XI [MARMOVK1 - MARMOVK4]

c) Please use this card to say whether you worked
full-time, part-time or not at all

READ i)-(iv) BELOW AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Worked full- time	Worked part- time	Stayed at home	Does not apply	(NA)
i) <u>after</u> marrying and <u>before</u> you had children?	2 69 4	9 4	16 0	3 3	1 6
ii) and what about when a child was <u>under school age</u> ?	2 10 3	25 8	60 5	1 9	1 6
iii) after the <u>youngest</u> child started school?	2 15 2	37 3	28 4	17 4	1 8
iv) and how about <u>after</u> the children left home?	2 19 8	16 3	14 1	48 2	1 7

[RPRIVED]
ASK ALL

904.a) Have you ever attended a private primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?

NB: 'PRIVATE' INCLUDES PUBLIC AND DIRECT GRANT SCHOOLS, BUT EXCLUDES NURSERY SCHOOLS AND VOLUNTARY-AIDED SCHOOLS

	%
Yes	14.2
No	85.4
(Don't know/Couldn't establish)	0.1
(NA)	0.3

[MARSTAT2]
INTERVIEWER:

b) RESPONDENT IS:

	%
Married or living as married (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)	69.8
Not married	30.2

[SPRIVED]
IF MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED

c) And has your (husband/wife/partner) ever attended a private primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?

	%
Yes	8.9
No	60.2
(Don't know/Couldn't establish)	0.3
(NA)	0.3

[RCHILDS]
INTERVIEWER:

d) RESPONDENT:

	%
Has son or daughter over 5 years old (SEE R/E GRID Q.901) OR Has had children (CODE 1 AT Q.902)	62.2
Has not	37.7
(NA)	0.1

[CHPRIVED]

e) And (have any of your children/has your child) ever attended a private primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?

	%
Yes	9.3
No	49.0
(Don't know/Couldn't establish)	-
(NA)	4.0

[SNGPERHH]
ASK ALL

05.a) INTERVIEWER: IS THIS A SINGLE PERSON HOUSEHOLD - RESPONDENT ONLY PERSON AT Q.901 (p.59)

	%
YES	11.1
NO	88.9

[DUTYRESP]
IF NO AT a)

b) Who is the person mainly responsible for general domestic duties in this household?

	%
Respondent mainly	36.7
Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.) _____	35.7
Duties shared equally (WRITE IN BY WHOM) _____	15.3
(NA)	1.2

[CHLDINH]
ASK ALL

06.a) INTERVIEWER: IS THERE A CHILD UNDER 16 YEARS IN HOUSEHOLD? SEE R.E. GRID, Q.901 (p.59).

	%
YES	33.1
NO	66.9

[CHLDRESP]
IF YES AT a)

b) Who is the person mainly responsible for the general care of the child(ren) here?

	%
Respondent mainly	15.8
Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.) _____	12.4
Care shared equally (WRITE IN BY WHOM) _____	4.6
(NA)	0.3

[TEA]
ASK ALL

907. How old were you when you completed your continuous full-time education?

PROBE AS NECESSARY

	%
15 or under	43.2
16	25.2
17	9.0
18	7.5
19 or over	12.3
Still at school	0.1
Still at college, polytechnic, or university	2.3
Other answer (WRITE IN:) _____	-
(NA)	0.4

Y & L

- 6JL -
- 67Y -

n = 2698

[SCHQUAL]
CARD 12

908 a)		%
Have you passed any of the school or college-based examinations on this card?		
	Yes	50.4
	No	49.4
	(NA)	0.1
[EDQUAL1 - EDQUAL4] IF YES AT a)		
b) Which ones? Any others?		%
CODE ALL THAT APPLY	CSE Grades 2-5	14.6
	GCSE - Grades B-C	
	CSE Grade 1	39.4
	GCE O' level	
	GCSE - Grades A-C	
	School certificate	
	Scottish (SCE) Ordinary	
	Scottish School-leaving Certificate lower grade	18.0
	SUPE Ordinary	
	Northern Ireland Junior Certificate	
	GCE A' level/'S level	18.0
	Higher school certificate	
	Matriculation	
	Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at higher grade	1.8
	Northern Ireland Senior Certificate	
	Overseas School Leaving Exam/Certificate	

ASK ALL

CARD 13 [PSCHQUAL]

908 a)		%
And have you passed any of the exams or got any of the qualifications on this card?		
	Yes	44.7
	No	55.1
	(NA)	0.2
IF YES AT a) [EDQUAL5 - EDQUAL16]		
b) Which ones? Any others?		%
CODE ALL THAT APPLY	Recognised trade apprenticeship completed	8.3
	RSA/other clerical commercial qualification	11.7
	City & Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I	8.3
	City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or Part III	3.9
	City & Guilds Certificate - Full technological	1.7
	BRC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND)	3.7
	BRC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND)	3.3
	Teacher training qualification	4.8
	Nursing qualification	2.5
	Other technical or business qualification/certificate	6.7
	University or CMAA degree or diploma	7.5
	Other recognised academic or vocational qualification, DK, NA	1.4

Y & L

- 64L -
- 68Y -

n = 2698

[RECONACS]

910 INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT
(Q 23, PAGE 9)

	%
RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK	54.9
RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK	0.8
ALL OTHERS	44.4
[IF EVER HAD A JOB] [Never had a job]	3.5
a) Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE	
What (is) your job? PROBE AS NECESSARY: What (is) the name or title of the job?	
IF 'NEVER HAD JOB', WRITE IN AND GO TO Q 911	
b) What kind of work (do) you do most of the time? IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do) you use?	
c) What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?	
d) [RSUPER] (Do) you directly supervise or (are) you directly responsible for the work of any other people? IF YES: How many?	
	Yes 38.1 MEDIAN: 0 0 0 5
	No 60.9
	(DK) 0.3
	(NA) 0.7
e) [REMPLOYEE] Can I just check: (are) you READ OUT	
	%
	an employee,
	85.0
	or - self-employed?
	11.0
	(NA)
	0.5

Y & L - 65L -
 - 69Y -
 n = 2698

[RSECTOR]
 IF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1 AT e)

CARD 14

f) Which of the types of organisation on this card (do) you work for?

	%
CODE FIRST TO APPLY	
Private firm or company	56.1
Nationalised industry/public corp.	4.6
Local Authority/Local Education Authority	12.6
Health Authority/hospital	4.4
Central Government/Civil Service	4.6
Charity or Trust	0.9
Other (WRITE IN:)	1.5
(NA)	0.2

ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED

g) What (does) your employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED, you) make or do at the place where you usually (work)?
 IF FARM, GIVE NO. OF ACRES

[REMPWORK]

h) Including yourself, how many people (are) employed at the place you usually (work) from?

IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do) you have any employees?
 IF YES: How many? (No employees)

	%
Under 10	20.1
10-24	13.4
25-99	20.8
100-499	19.8
500 or more	14.6
(DK)	1.0
(NA)	1.2

[UNION]

ASK ALL

911.a) Are you now a member of a trade union or staff association?

	%
CODE FIRST TO APPLY	
Yes: trade union	20.8
Yes: staff association	3.0
No	75.9
(NA)	0.3

[UNIONEVN]

IF NO AT a)

b) Have you ever been a member of a trade union or staff association?

	%
CODE FIRST TO APPLY	
Yes: trade union	27.7
Yes: staff association	2.1
No	46.0
(NA)	0.4

Y & L - 66L -
 - 70Y -
 n = 2698

[UNION1 - UNION6]
 IF NOW OR EVER A MEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.911)

912. Have you ever ... READ OUT (i-vi) AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH

	Yes %	No %	
i) ... attended a union or staff association meeting?	35.5	18.0	0.6
ii) ... voted in a union or staff association election or meeting?	34.5	18.7	0.9
iii) ... put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff association meeting?	11.4	41.8	0.9
iv) ... gone on strike?	19.4	33.9	0.8
v) ... stood on a picket line?	8.4	44.9	0.8
vi) ... served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or branch committee member?	7.7	45.6	0.8

INTERVIEWER: [MARSTAT3]

913.a) RESPONDENT IS:

	%
Married or living as married (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)	69.8
All others	30.2

CARD 15 [SECONACT]

b) Which of these descriptions applied to what your (husband/wife/partner) was doing last week, that is the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL. I

IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COL. II
 IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II

	COL. I	COL. II ECONOMIC POSITION
In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)	A	0.3
On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Employment Training, Youth Training Scheme etc.)	B	0.2
In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week	C	43.4
Waiting to take up paid work already accepted	D	0.1
Unemployed and registered at a benefit office	E	1.2
Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job	F	0.2
Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but not actively looking for a job	G	0.3
Permanently sick or disabled	H	1.8
Wholly retired from work	J	9.9
Looking after the home	K	12.3
Doing something else (WRITE IN)	L	0.1

IF CODES 01-02, OR 05-11 AT b) [SLASTJOB]

c) How long ago did your (husband/wife/partner) last have a paid job (other than the government scheme you mentioned) of at least 10 hours a week?

	%
Within past 12 months	2.3
Over 1-5 years ago	6.3
Over 5-10 years ago	6.5
Over 10-20 years ago	5.4
Over 20 years ago	3.3
Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a week	1.7
(NA)	0.7

Y & L

- 67L -
- 71Y -

n = 2698

914 (SECONAG)

INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF SPOUSE/PARTNER
(Q 913)

	%
SPOUSE/PARTNER IS IN PAID WORK	43.4
SPOUSE/PARTNER IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK	0.1
ALL OTHERS	24.4
(NA)	0.2

915.a) Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) job
CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE

What (is) the name or title of that job?

b) What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time?
IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (does) he/she use?

c) What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?

[SSUPER]

d) (Does) he/she directly supervise or (is) he/she directly
responsible for the work of any other people?

IF YES: How many?

	%
Yes	56.6
No	40.7
(DK)	2.1
(NA)	0.7

MEDIAN: 0 0 0 6

[SEMPLOYE]

e) (Is) he/she HEAD OUT

	%
an employee,	59.4
or - self-employed?	8.2
(DK)	0.1
(NA)	0.4

Y & L

- 68L -
- 72Y -

n = 2698

IF EMPLOYER (CODE 1 AT e)

CARD X6 [SSECTOR]

f) Which of the types of organisation on
this card (does) he/she work for?

	%
Private firm or company	40.3
Nationalised (industry/public corporation)	3.7
Local Authority/Local Education Authority	7.9
Health Authority/hospital	2.8
Central Government/Civil Service	2.9
Charity or Trust	0.9
Other (WRITE IN) _____	0.8
(DK/NA)	-

ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED

g) What (does) the employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED: he/she) make or
do at the place where he/she usually (works)?

IF FARM, GIVE NO OF ACRES

[SEMPWORK]

h) Including him/herself, roughly how many people
(are) employed at the place where he/she usually
(works) (from)?

IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Does) he/she have any employees?

	%
IF YES: How many? (No employees)	3.5
Under 10	13.2
10-24	9.5
25-99	13.6
100-499	13.1
500 or more	11.6
(DK/NA)	3.6

[SPARTFUL]

i) (Is) the job HEAD OUT

	%
full-time (30 HOURS+)	52.9
or - part-time (10-29 HOURS)?	14.2
(DK)	0.1
(NA)	0.9

Y & L - 69L -
 - 73Y - n = 2698

[CAROWN]
 ASK ALL

916. Do you, or does anyone else in your household, own or have the regular use of a car or a van? %

	Yes	76.2
	No	23.7
	(NA)	0.1

[BENEF1 - BENEF14]
 CARD X7

917. Have you or anyone in this household received any of the benefits on this card during the last five years?
 [IF YES: Which ones? Any others?]
 CODE ALL THAT APPLY

		%
YES:	Child benefit (family allowance)	43.1
	Maternity benefit or allowance	9.5
	One-parent benefit	4.3
	Family credit (family income supplement)	3.4
	State retirement or widow's pension	24.6
	State supplementary pension	1.8
	Invalidity or disabled pension or benefit	7.0
	Attendance/Invalid care/Mobility allowance	3.5
	State Sickness or injury benefit	7.9
	Unemployment benefit	15.5
	Income support (supplementary benefit)	11.6
	Housing benefit (Community Charge, rate or rent rebate)	15.4
	Other state benefit(s) volunteered (WRITE IN)	0.2
<hr/>		
IF NO: CODE →	NONE	18.7
	(DK)	0.1
	(NA)	0.5

Y & L - 70L -
 - 74Y - n = 2698

ASK ALL

CARD X8 [HHINCOME]

918.a) Which of the letters on this card represents the total income of your household from all sources before tax? Please just tell me the letter.
 NB: INCLUDES INCOME FROM BENEFITS, SAVINGS, ETC.
 ONE CODE IN COLUMN a)
 [RECONAC6]
 b) INTERVIEWER: CHECK Q.23, PAGE 9: %

	RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK	54.9
	ALL OTHERS	45.1

[REARN]

c) Which of the letters on this card represents your own gross or total earnings, before deduction of income tax and national insurance?
 ONE CODE IN COLUMN c)

		(a) House- hold income		(c) Own earn- ings
		%		%
Less than £3000 p.a.	P =	4.3		3.8
£3000 - £3999 p.a.	Q =	4.7		3.0
£4000 - £4999 p.a.	R =	4.3		2.6
£5000 - £5999 p.a.	T =	4.1		3.2
£6000 - £6999 p.a.	S =	3.3		3.1
£7000 - £7999 p.a.	O =	2.7		2.9
£8000 - £9999 p.a.	K =	4.7		6.2
£10,000 - £11,999 p.a.	L =	6.6		6.1
£12,000 - £14,999 p.a.	B =	8.0		6.2
£15,000 - £17,999 p.a.	Z =	8.5		4.7
£18,000 - £19,999 p.a.	M =	5.1		2.4
£20,000 - £22,999 p.a.	F =	5.4		1.8
£23,000 - £25,999 p.a.	J =	5.1		1.3
£26,000 - £28,999 p.a.	D =	3.7		0.8
£29,000 - £31,999 p.a.	E =	2.6		0.3
£32,000 p.a. or more	C =	6.9		1.2
	(DK)	10.1		1.4
	(NA)	10.0		3.8

ASK ALL
 [OWNSHARE]

919. Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including unit trusts? %

	Yes	30.2
	No	68.6
	(DK/NA)	1.3

[PHONE]

920. Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation? %

	Yes	89.7
	No	10.1
	(NA)	0.3

Y & L

/IL -
- 75Y -

n = 2698

(TELNUM)
IF YES AT Q 920

921

A few interviews on any survey are checked by a supervisor to make sure that people are satisfied with the way the interview was carried out. In case my supervisor needs to contact you it would be helpful if we could have your telephone number

WRITE NUMBER ON BACK OF TEAR-OFF SLIP ON CASS - NOT HERE!

	%
Number given	81.3
Number refused	8.0
(NA)	0.3

(COMEBACK)
ASK ALL

922

In a year's time we may be doing a similar interview and we may wish to include you again. Would this be all right?

	%
Yes	89.4
No	9.8
(NA)	0.9

INTERVIEWER: THANK RESPONDENT FOR HIS OR HER HELP AND COMPLETE Q 923-926

(FILLED)

923 a)

THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE WAS

filled in immediately after interview in your presence	%
	17.5
or - left behind to be filled in later	77.8
or refused (WHY?)	4.6

b) INTERVIEWER: COMPLETE Q 11 ON CASS ABOUT HOW YOU EXPECT SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE TO BE RETURNED

Completed

Y & L

- 72L -
- 76Y -

n = 2698

(WHOTHERE)

924 a) IN ADDITION TO RESPONDENT WAS ANYBODY ELSE AGED 16 OR OLDER PRESENT DURING PART OR ALL OF THE INTERVIEW?

	%
Yes	34.4
No	59.4
(NA)	6.2

b) TIME INTERVIEW COMPLETED:

24 hr clock
WRITE IN:

(DURATION)

c) TOTAL DURATION OF INTERVIEW: (SEE FRONT COVER AND b ABOVE)

MINUTES (MEDIAN):

d) INTERVIEWER SIGNATURE AND NUMBER

INTERVIEWER NUMBER:

e) DATE OF INTERVIEW:

DAY	MONTH	YEAR
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

THANK YOU.

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT CASS AND CASS SLIP ARE COMPLETELY FILLED IN. DETACH CASS SLIP AND RETURN IN SEPARATE ENVELOPE FROM QUESTIONNAIRE.

ATTACH REST OF CASS, MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE AND SELF-COMPLETION (IF POSSIBLE) AND RETURN IN A4 ENVELOPE - AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

Head Office: 11 NORTHWAYTON SQUARE,
LEWISBOY BELFYLE Telephone: 01 274 4888



Field and BP Office: BALENTINHO 11112
Phone: 01 274 4888 BALENTINHO CB BORGAN

Y

P 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY

Serial Number	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Card	<input type="text" value="02"/>	Version	L - 1 Y - 2 FI - 3	<input type="text" value="2"/>
Area Number	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Time interview started	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	24 hr clock		
Interviewer Number	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	000, Batch Code	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>			

SECTION FOUR

n = 1345

Qs. Y113-Y117

ASK ALL

Now a few questions on education.

CARD 5 (EDSPEND1, EDSPEND2)

113. First, which of the groups on this card, if any, would be your highest priority for extra government spending on education, and which next?

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	1st Priority %	2nd Priority %
Nursery/pre-school children	16.0	12.2
Primary school children	15.4	17.8
Secondary school children	27.3	21.9
Less able children with special needs	20.9	27.1
Students at colleges, universities or polytechnics	8.7	15.9
(NONE OF THESE)	1.0	1.3
(Don't know)	2.2	3.0
(NA)	0.6	0.7

CARD 7

114. Here are a number of factors that some people think would improve education in our schools. (PRIMEED)
- a) Which do you think is the most important one for children in primary schools - aged 5-11 years? Please look at the whole list before deciding. ONE CODE ONLY IN COLUMN a) (SECD1)
- b) And which do you think is the most important one for children in secondary schools - aged 11-18 years? ONE CODE ONLY IN COLUMN b)

	(a) PRIMARY %	(b) SECUN- DARY %
More resources for books and equipment	18.6	13.2
Better buildings	2.5	0.8
Better pay for teachers	7.1	7.3
More involvement of parents in governing bodies	3.1	1.4
More discussion between parents and teachers	5.2	2.7
Smaller classes	28.1	9.5
More emphasis on preparation for exams	1.4	8.0
More emphasis on developing the child's skills and interests	18.0	10.4
More training and preparation for jobs	1.1	21.4
More emphasis on arts subjects	-	0.2
More emphasis on mathematics	1.0	2.3
More emphasis on English	2.2	2.0
Stricter discipline	8.8	17.5
(NONE OF THESE)	0.2	0.1
(Don't know)	2.0	2.4
(NA)	0.5	0.5

n = 1345

[EDCURRIC]

115. Do you think that what is taught in schools should be up to ... READ OUT ...
- ... the local education authority to decide, 45.8
- or - should central government have the final say? 48.1
- (Don't know) 4.9
- (NA) 1.2

[SELECTED]

116. Some people think it is best for secondary schoolchildren to be separated into grammar and secondary modern schools according to how well they have done when they leave primary school. Others think it is best for secondary schoolchildren not to be separated in this way, and to attend comprehensive schools.
- On balance, which system do you think provides the best all-round education for secondary schoolchildren ... READ OUT ...
- ... a system of grammar and secondary modern schools, 48.2
- or - a system of comprehensive schools? 44.5
- Other (WRITE IN): _____ 0.8
- (Don't know) 5.6
- (NA) 1.0

[BEDOPP]

- 117a) Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?
- IF INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little? %
- Increased a lot 31.6
- Increased a little 19.5
- About right 42.6
- Reduced a little 1.2
- Reduced a lot 0.5
- (Don't know) 3.8
- (NA) 0.8

[HEGRANT]

- b) When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or loans which would have to be paid back when they start working?
- %
- Grants 71.4
- Loans 24.0
- (Don't know) 3.5
- (NA) 0.8

SECTION FIVE

SECTION SIX

Qs Y121-Y133

Now I'd like to ask you a few questions about the countryside and the environment

CARD W

(INTERVIEWER: PRINTED BELOW) (LEISURE)

121 a)

On this card are some activities people do in their leisure time. Have you taken part in any of these leisure activities in the last four weeks?

	%
Yes	68.4
No	31.4
(NA)	0.2

IF NO AT a) (LEISURE6)

b) Can you remember when you last did any of these activities in the countryside?

IF YES: How long ago was that?

PROBE FOR CORRECT CODE	%
Within past month	0.6
1-3 months ago	5.6
4-6 months ago	3.8
7-12 months ago	7.8
More than one year ago	8.6
No can't remember	4.9
(NA)	0.3

ASK ALL (CTRISAME)

122 a)

Do you think the countryside generally is much the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you think it has changed? IF CHANGED: Has it changed a bit or a lot?

	%
Much the same	14.6
Changed a bit	21.0
Changed a lot	60.5
(Don't know)	3.8
(NA)	0.1

IF CHANGED A BIT OR A LOT (CODES 2 OR 3 AT a)

(CTRYBETH)

b) Do you think the countryside generally has changed for the better or worse?

	%
Better	8.0
Worse	66.0
(Better in some ways/worse in others)	7.2
(DK,NA)	4.1

(INTERVIEWER REFERENCE ONLY)

CARD W

In the last four weeks have you

been for a drive outing or picnic in the countryside

been for a long walk, ramble or hike (of more than 2 miles) in the countryside

visited any historic or stately homes, gardens, zoos or wildlife parks in the countryside

gone fishing horse riding shooting or hunting in the countryside

visited seacoast or cliffs

ASK ALL (CTRYCONC)

123

Are you personally concerned about things that may happen to the countryside, or does it not concern you particularly?

IF CONCERNED: Are you very concerned or just a bit concerned?

	%
Very concerned	49.3
A bit concerned	32.7
Does not concern me particularly	17.9
(NA)	0.1

CARD X (CTHREAT1)

124 a)

Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside if you think none of them is a threat, please say so

CODE ONE ONLY IN COL. a) BELOW

(CTHREAT2)

b) And which do you think is the next greatest threat?

CODE ONE ONLY IN COL. b)

	(a) Greatest threat %	(b) Next greatest %
Motorways and road building	13.2	11.4
Industrial pollution	35.6	21.7
Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerows, woodlands	8.2	10.7
Tourism and visitors	1.2	1.5
Litter	8.8	12.4
Urban growth and housing development	15.3	13.7
Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	16.1	26.2
NONE OF THESE	0.9	1.3
(Don't know)	0.8	0.9
(NA)	0.1	0.1

CARD Y

125. How concerned are you about each of these environmental issues? Please choose a phrase from the card.

READ OUT a)-i) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Very concerned	A bit concerned	Not very concerned	Not at all concerned	Don't know/Can't say
[INSECTCU] a) ... insecticides, fertilisers and chemical sprays?	57.0	34.2	5.9	2.0	0.9
[SEWAGE] b) ... disposal of sewage?	69.2	24.5	3.4	1.8	0.9
[OZLAYER] c) ... thinning of the ozone layer?	56.5	30.1	8.0	2.2	3.1
[NUCPRIK] d) ... risks from nuclear power stations?	53.4	27.6	12.9	4.6	1.3
[POPGROW] e) ... the growth in the world's population?	29.6	39.1	24.3	5.1	1.6
[GRNHSEEF] f) ... the 'greenhouse effect' - a rise in the world's temperature?	45.5	36.3	11.5	3.7	2.8
[FOSLFUEL] g) ... using up the earth's remaining coal, oil and gas?	36.7	37.9	18.9	4.1	1.9
[WATRQUAL] h) ... the quality of drinking water?	50.7	31.4	13.2	3.6	0.9
[SPECLOSS] i) ... the loss of plant and animal species?	57.2	30.5	8.4	2.5	1.3

CARD Z

126. Do you personally belong to any of the groups listed on this card?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

YES: MEMBER OF:	%	No %
[CLUB1] The National Trust	8.8	91.2
[CLUB2] Royal Society for the Protection of Birds	4.6	95.4
[CLUB6] Friends of the Earth	1.0	99.0
[CLUB7] World Wildlife Fund/Worldwide Fund for Nature	3.2	96.8
[CLUB8] Greenpeace	2.8	97.2
[CLUB9] Council for the Protection of Rural (England/Scotland/Wales)	0.3	99.7
[CLUB3] Other wildlife or countryside protection group	1.6	98.4
[CLUB10] Ramblers Association	1.2	98.8
[CLUB4] Other countryside sport or recreation group	3.1	96.9
[CLUB11] Urban conservation group	0.4	99.6
[CLUB12] Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament	0.8	99.2
NO: [CLUB5] NONE OF THESE	81.3	

127.a) Do you do any of the following regularly, sometimes or not at all nowadays?

READ OUT i)-x) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH AT a)

DOES NOT APPLY MEANS PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE (EG. NO CAR)

(NA)

FOR EACH ITEM CODED 3 (NOT AT ALL) AT a)

b) Do you intend to ... READ ITEM ... in the next year or so, or not?

CODE AT b)

	(a)					(b)			(NA)
	Regularly	Sometimes	Not at all	Does not apply	(DK)	Yes	No	(DK)	
[RECYCLO, RECYCLFT] ... return bottles, tins, newspapers and so on for recycling?	34.9	24.9	39.1	0.9	0.1	15.3	15.6	6.4	1.9
[UNLEADD, UNLEADFT] ... use unleaded petrol?	28.5	2.7	38.8	29.7	0.2	18.8	13.5	5.3	1.4
[ORGANCO, ORGANCF] ... buy organically-grown fruit and vegetables?	7.6	31.2	56.1	4.6	0.4	12.2	32.7	8.9	2.6
[NOTESTDO, NOTESTFT] ... buy toiletries or cosmetics not tested on animals?	29.5	28.7	31.7	8.5	1.5	8.5	16.8	4.8	1.9
[GRWASHDO, GRWASHFT] ... buy environment-friendly washing powders or detergents?	26.5	22.8	41.4	8.4	1.0	11.5	21.1	6.5	2.4
[LSMEATDO, LSMEATFT] ... choose to eat less meat?	25.7	20.4	51.7	1.5	0.8	3.2	43.6	2.1	3.5
[RECPRDDO, RECPRDFT] ... choose products made out of recycled materials?	17.8	39.3	40.1	1.8	0.9	9.1	22.5	6.0	3.2
[SVELECDO, SVELECF] ... make a conscious effort to save electricity?	48.4	23.0	27.8	0.5	0.2	7.4	16.6	2.2	1.8
[DRIVLSDO, DRIVLSFT] ... cut back on driving your car?	10.9	13.3	45.4	30.3	0.2	3.2	37.9	1.3	3.3
[AEROSLDO, AEROSLFT] ... buy environment-friendly aerosols?	57.7	19.4	16.2	6.1	0.5	2.9	9.6	2.1	1.8

ASK ALL (ENVIRPTTY)

128 Which political party's views on the environment would you say come closest to your own views?

DO NOT PROMPT

ONE CODE ONLY

	%
Conservative	14 5
Labour	15 9
(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	3 3
SDP/Social Democrat	1 0
(Alliance) - AFTER PROBE	0 1
Green Party/(Ecology Party)	25 3
Other (WRITE IN) _____	0 7
(Don't know)	33 3
None	5 2
(NA)	0 7

(AREALIVE)

INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND THEN CHECK WITH RESPONDENT:

129 Can I just check, would you describe the place where you live as being READ OUT SELECTED CODE

	%
in a big city,	9 3
in the suburbs or outskirts of a city,	29 2
in a small city or town,	30 6
in a <u>country</u> village or town,	27 5
or - in the countryside?	3 2
(NA)	0 2

SECTION SEVEN

(IMPHLTH1 - IMPHLTH3)
CARD AA

130 Suppose you were advising a young person on how best to improve his or her health generally

Please tell me using this card which you would say are the three most important things he or she should do to improve his or her health generally

- a) First, tell me the most important thing
RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW
- b) Now, tell me the second most important thing
RECORD IN COLUMN (b) BELOW
- c) And now, the third most important thing
RECORD IN COLUMN (c) BELOW

	(a) Most important %	(b) Second most important %	(c) Third most important %
Eat less fatty food	10 9	17 6	18 4
Eat more fresh fruit and vegetables	10 7	14 2	19 3
Not to smoke	61 3	17 5	7 9
Take more exercise	8 8	21 6	21 9
Drink less alcohol	3 4	21 2	14 7
Take less sugar	0 3	1 5	3 3
Try to reduce stress	4 1	5 8	13 7
(NONE OF THESE)	0 1	0 3	0 1
(Don't know)	0 1	0 1	0 4
(NA)	0 3	0 3	0 2

Y

- 50Y -

n = 1345

[HARTDIS1 - HARTDIS3]
CARD AA AGAIN

131. Now suppose you were advising that young person on how best to avoid getting heart disease.

From the card, which would you say are the three most important things he or she should do.

- a) First, tell me the most important thing.
RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW.
- b) Now, tell me the second most important thing.
RECORD IN COLUMN (b) BELOW.
- c) And now, the third most important thing.
RECORD IN COLUMN (c) BELOW.

	(a) Most important	(b) Second most important	(c) Third most important
	%	%	%
Eat less fatty food	44.2	27.2	12.6
Eat more fresh fruit and vegetables	1.5	4.0	5.9
Not to smoke	36.7	25.1	9.7
Take more exercise	6.8	17.2	26.2
Drink less alcohol	1.9	10.2	12.4
Take less sugar	0.7	5.0	6.6
Try to reduce stress	7.7	10.8	25.7
(NONE OF THESE)	-	-	-
(Don't know)	0.2	0.4	0.6
(NA)	0.2	0.3	0.4

Y

- 51Y -

n = 1345

[FAGSNOW]

132.a) Do you smoke cigarettes at all nowadays?

	%
Yes	26.7
No	73.2
(NA)	0.1

[FAGSREG]

IF NO AT a)

b) Have you ever smoked cigarettes regularly?

	%
Yes	28.3
No	44.9
(NA)	0.1

[CIGARREG]

IF NO AT b)

c) Have you ever smoked cigars regularly, that is, at least one cigar per month?

	%
Yes	0.9
No	46.0
(NA)	0.1

[PIPEREG]

IF NO AT c)

d) Have you ever smoked a pipe regularly?

	%
Yes	0.6
No	43.4
(NA)	0.1

[FAGSDAY]

IF YES AT Q.132b)

133. When you were smoking most heavily, about how many cigarettes did you smoke in a day?

MEDIAN:

0	2	0
---	---	---

	%
Less than one	1.0
Can't say	0.5
(NA)	0.8

Y

- 52Y -

n = 402 (ex-smokers)

[SMOKLSTM]

IF YES AT Q 132 b) or c) or d) ['EX-SMOKER']

Q Y134 only

134

How long ago did you stop smoking?

PROBE AS NECESSARY

MEDIAN: 1 0 YEARS AGO

%

Can't remember 1 7

(NA) 0 6

[SMOKWEND]

IF YES AT Q 132a) ['CURRENT SMOKER']

n = 360 (current smokers)

135 a)

About how many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke at weekends?

Qs Y135 - Y139

MEDIAN: 0 1 8 %

Less than one 0 8

Can't say 1 9

(NA) 1 5

[SMOKWDAY]

b)

And about how many cigarettes a day do you usually smoke on weekdays?

MEDIAN: 0 1 5 %

Less than one 4 1

Can't say 1 6

(NA) 1 5

[SERSTPSM]

136 a)

Have you ever seriously tried to give up smoking?

%

Yes 64 5

No 34 0

(NA) 1 5

[FRQSTPSM]

IF YES AT a)

b) Have you tried **READ OUT**

often, 15 6

a few times, 32 8

or - just once? 16 0

(NA) 1 5

Y

- 53Y -

n = 360

[STOPSMW]

(current smokers)

137

On the last occasion you tried to give up smoking, how long did you manage to give up for?

MEDIAN: 0 0 0 4 WEEKS

%

Less than one day 15 8

Can't remember 1 3

(NA) 1 5

[TRISTPSM]

IF YES AT Q 132a) ['CURRENT SMOKER']

138 a)

How likely is it that you will try to give up smoking within the next two years or so? Is it **READ OUT**

%

very likely, 40 8

fairly likely, 17 8

not very likely 17 4

or - not at all likely? 20 7

(Don't know) 1 8

(NA) 1 5

[SUCSTPSM]

IF VERY OR FAIRLY LIKELY AT a)

b) And if you tried in the next two years, how likely do you think it is that you would succeed in giving up smoking? Is it **READ OUT**

%

very likely, 20 9

fairly likely 21 5

not very likely 11 5

or - not at all likely? 1 4

(Don't know) 3 2

(NA) 3 3

Y

- 547 -

n = 360 (current smokers)
Q. 139

IF YES AT Q. 132a) ['CURRENT SMOKER']

CARD BB (WNTSTPSM)

139. How much, if at all, do you want to give up smoking? Please choose a phrase from this card.

	%
Very much	29.5
Quite a lot	27.4
Not very much	25.0
Not at all	16.2
(Don't know)	0.5
(NA)	1.5

IF YES AT Q. 132b) OR c) OR d) ('EX-SMOKER') OR WANTS TO GIVE UP SMOKING AT ALL (CODES 1-3 AT Q. 139)

INTERVIEWER: USE SECOND PHRASE IN BRACKETS FOR EX-SMOKERS

CARD CC (YSTOPSM1 -YSTOPSM?)

n = 761 (ex- and current smokers)

140. Please use this card to say how important to you each of the following reasons (is/was) for wanting to give up smoking?

Qs. Y140 - Y141

READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Very important reason	Fairly important reason	Not a very important reason	Not a reason at all	(NA)
a) ...because it cost(s) too much to continue smoking?	% 21.9	25.5	24.2	19.0	1.7
b) ...for health reasons?	% 66.8	13.3	5.6	4.8	1.7
c) ...because there (are/were) more and more places where I (can't/couldn't) smoke?	% 4.5	10.6	28.0	47.3	1.9
d) ...because my family (wants/wanted) me to give up?	% 19.4	20.1	16.7	34.2	1.9
e) ...because smoking (is/was) getting less and less fashionable?	% 4.0	12.1	21.0	53.4	1.9
f) ...because more and more of the people I (mix(ed) with (are/were) non-smokers?	% 7.6	15.1	23.4	44.5	1.7
g) ...because I (do/did) not want tobacco smoke on my clothes and hair?	% 12.6	21.1	21.3	35.6	1.7

Y

- 551 -

n = 761 (ex- and current smokers)
Q. 141 only

IF YES AT Q. 132b) OR c) OR d) ('EX-SMOKERS') OR YES AT Q. 132a) ('CURRENT SMOKER')

INTERVIEWER: USE SECOND PHRASE IN BRACKETS FOR EX-SMOKERS

CARD CC AGAIN (YSMOKE1 -YSMOKE9)

141. People smoke for different reasons. Using this card, please say how important each of the following reasons (is/was) for you?

READ OUT a)-i) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Very important reason	Fairly important reason	Not a very important reason	Not a reason at all	(DK/NA)
a) ... smoking (helps/helped) me relax?	% 25.3	44.1	16.8	12.4	1.3
b) ... smoking (is/was) just a very hard habit to give up?	% 42.1	24.6	16.0	15.7	1.5
c) ... smoking (helps/helped) me feel more confident with other people?	% 6.0	16.3	29.3	46.9	1.4
d) ... smoking (helps/helped) me keep my weight down?	% 10.4	16.5	22.2	49.4	1.5
e) ... smoking (is/was) the normal thing to do among people I (mix/mixed) with?	% 9.5	24.9	22.1	42.1	1.4
f) ... smoking (helps/helped) me cope with everyday life?	% 11.8	25.1	24.3	37.3	1.4
g) ... smoking (helps/helped) me concentrate?	% 8.5	26.4	24.4	39.2	1.4
h) ... I just (don't/didn't) have the willpower to give up?	% 23.1	25.0	18.0	32.1	1.8
i) ... smoking (is/was) simply something I (enjoy/enjoyed)?	% 40.1	43.3	9.4	5.7	1.5

Y

- 56Y -

n = 1365

[BOTHERSM]

ASK ALL

Qs 142-143

142a)

Are you bothered by other people's cigarette
smoke READ OUT

	%
often	32.7
sometimes,	29.9
hardly ever	10.7
or - never?	26.6
(Don't know)	
(NA)	0.1

[AVOIDSM]

IF OFTEN, SOMETIMES OR HARDLY EVER AT a)

b) Do you regularly avoid places or events because
you would be bothered by cigarette smoke
READ OUT

	%
often,	14.2
sometimes,	21.5
hardly ever,	12.1
or - never?	25.0
(Don't know)	0.4
(NA)	0.1

[SPRTSPON]

ASK ALL

143a)

Tobacco companies give money to sport in return
for publicity. On the whole, are you READ
OUT

	%
strongly in favour,	2.6
in favour,	13.2
neither in favour nor against,	39.4
against,	24.4
or - strongly against this?	18.3
(Don't know)	2.0
(NA)	0.1

[ARTSSPON]

b) Tobacco companies also give money to the arts -
for concerts, plays and so on - in return for
publicity. On the whole, are you READ OUT

	%
strongly in favour,	3.7
in favour,	17.9
neither in favour nor against,	41.3
against,	21.6
or - strongly against this?	13.3
(Don't know)	2.1
(NA)	0.1

- 57Y - = - 57L -

Note: Y144 - Y146 were also asked as
Qs L152 - L154 on the L version of the
questionnaire, and the responses are
recorded there.

Y

- 58Y -

n = 257

[CNCLBUY]

IF LOCAL AUTHORITY OR NEW TOWN DEVELOPMENT
CORPORATION TENANT (CODES 03 OR 04 AT Q 146)

Q Y147 only

147

Is it likely or unlikely that you - or the
person responsible for paying the rent - will
buy this accommodation at some time in the
future?

	%
IF LIKELY OR UNLIKELY: Very or quite?	
Very likely	10.5
Quite likely	12.5
Quite unlikely	9.7
Very unlikely	58.4
Not allowed to buy	4.3
(Don't know)	3.9
(NA)	0.4

[RENTLEVL]

ASK ALL RENTERS (CODES 03-10 AT Q 146)

148

How would you describe the rent - not
including rates - for this accommodation?
Would you say it was READ OUT

	%
on the high side,	29.7
reasonable,	60.6
or - on the low side?	6.8
(DK/NA)	2.9

[BUYFRMCA]

IF CURRENTLY OWNS ACCOMMODATION (CODES 01 OR 02 AT Q 146)

149 a)

Did you, or the person responsible for the
mortgage, buy your present home from the local
authority as a tenant?'LOCAL AUTHORITY' INCLUDES GLC, London Residuary
Body and New Town Development Corpn = 982
Q Y149 only

	%
Yes	9.9
No	90.0
(NA)	0.1

[EVERRENT]

IF NO AT a)

b) Have you ever lived in rented accommodation?

	%
Yes	45.4
No	44.6
(NA)	0.1

[WHENRENT]

IF YES AT a) OR b)

c) How long ago was it that you last lived in rented
accommodation? INCLUDES PRESENT HOUSE/FLATMEDIAN NO OF YEARS AGO:

1	4
---	---

 %

[WHOMRENT]

d) Were you renting then from a local authority
or from someone else?

	%
'LOCAL AUTHORITY' INCLUDES GLC, London Residuary Body and New Town Development Corp	
Local authority	43.2
Someone else (WRITE IN: _____)	53.9
(Don't know)	0.1
(NA)	2.7

Y

- 59Y -

n = 1343

Qs. Y150-Y152

[HOMEMOVE]
ASK ALL

150. a) If you had a free choice, would you choose to stay in your present home, or would you choose to move out?

	%
Would choose to stay	61.5
Would choose to move out	36.5
(Don't know)	1.8
(NA)	0.3

[HOMEXEEN]
IF MOVE OUT AT a)

- b) How keen are you to move out? Are you ... READ OUT ...

	%
... very keen,	11.3
fairly keen,	15.6
or - not that keen?	9.5
(DK)	0.1
(NA)	2.0

[HOMEXEPT]
ASK ALL

151. a) And apart from what you would like, where do you expect to be living in two years time - do you expect to ... READ OUT ...

	%
... stay in this house/flat,	73.8
or - move elsewhere?	22.1
(Don't know)	3.8
(NA)	0.3

[TENREXPT]
IF MOVE ELSEWHERE AT a)

- b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?

IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/
COUNCIL OR OTHER LANDLORD

	%
Buy	15.8
Rent: from local authority/council	2.2
Rent: from other landlord	3.2
(Don't know)	0.9
(NA)	4.2

152. INTERVIEWER CHECK:

RESPONDENT:

	%
Lives in rented accommodation (CODES 03-10 AT Q.146)	28.0
Others	72.0

Y

- 60Y -

n = 376

Qs. Y153-Y156

[RENTPREF]
IF RENTS AT Q. 152

153. If you had a free choice would you choose to rent accommodation, or would you choose to buy?

	%
Would choose to rent	28.9
Would choose to buy	67.5
(Don't know)	3.1
(NA)	0.5

[RETEXPT]

154. And apart from what you would like, do you expect to buy a house or a flat in the next two years, or not?

INCLUDES BUYING PRESENT HOUSE/FLAT

	%
Yes - expect to buy	18.9
No - do not expect to buy	74.9
(Don't know)	5.6
(NA)	0.5

[EYEROWN]

155. a) Have you ever owned your own accommodation? That is, lived in a house or flat, which was in your sole or joint name?

	%
Yes	19.4
No	79.4
(NA)	1.2

[OWNEDYRS]
IF YES AT a)

- b) How long ago was it that you last owned your own accommodation?

PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE

MEDIAN NO. OF YEARS AGO:

0	5
---	---

Y

- 6LY

[NOTBUYI - NOTBUYI0]

n = 376

ASK ALL RENTERS

156 Here are some reasons people might give for not wanting to buy a home. As I read out each one please tell me whether or not it applies to you at present.

READ OUT

	Applies	Does not apply	(Don't know)	(NA)
a) I could not afford the deposit	70.4	27.7	1.2	0.7
b) I would not be able to get a mortgage	58.9	33.8	6.4	0.9
c) It might be difficult to keep up the repayments	73.4	23.5	2.4	0.7
d) I can't afford any of the properties I'd want to buy	70.9	26.0	2.4	0.7
e) I do not have a secure enough job	49.4	48.2	1.7	0.7
f) I would not want to be in debt	62.0	35.8	1.4	0.7
g) It would cost too much to repair and maintain	50.8	44.0	4.5	0.7
h) I might not be able to resell the property when I wanted to	35.7	55.3	8.3	0.7
i) It is just too much of a responsibility	50.7	46.1	2.5	0.7
j) At my age, I would not want to change	40.7	54.4	4.1	0.7

ASK ALL (PTENURE)

n = 1345

157 When you were a child, did your parents own their home, rent it from a local authority, or rent it from someone else?

Q Y157 only

IF DIFFERENT TYPES OF TENURE,
PROBE FOR ONE RESPONDENT LIVED
IN LONGEST

	%
Owned it	42.2
Rented from local authority	33.4
Rented from someone else	20.9
Other (WRITE IN:)	1.7
(DK/NA)	1.8

INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT

n = 2698

158 Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a READ OUT ONE THAT YOU THINK APPLIES

Qs Y158 - Y160

detached house or bungalow
semi-detached house or bungalow
terraced house
self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc in tenement block)
self-contained converted flat/maisonette
room(s) - not self-contained

Note: Qs Y158-Y160 were also asked as Qs L155-L157 on the L version of the questionnaire and the responses are recorded there

Other (WRITE IN:)

(NA)



P 1090/GB

**BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990
SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE**

Spring 1990

OFFICE USE ONLY:	
Interviewer to enter:	Area No 0 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	Serial No. <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Rec <input type="checkbox"/>	Interviewer No <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

To the selected respondent:

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey.

Completing the questionnaire:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, **AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN**.

THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you would like further information.

[SCOBEL]

- 2.01 In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Obey the law without exception	41.3
Follow conscience on occasions	51.8
Can't choose	4.9
(NA)	2.0

[PROTEST - PROTESTS]

- 2.02 There are many ways people or organisations can protest against a government action they strongly oppose.

Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on each line.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Should it be allowed?					(NA)
	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
Organising public meetings to protest against the government	% 62.1	25.7	4.8	3.8	2.8	0.9
Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government	% 53.2	30.8	7.0	4.7	2.3	2.1
Organising protest marches and demonstrations	% 39.1	30.9	13.8	11.9	2.5	1.7
Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days	% 3.1	7.3	26.9	58.1	2.5	2.1
Seriously damaging government buildings	% 0.8	0.5	4.3	90.5	1.7	2.2
Organising a nationwide strike of all workers against the government	% 12.0	19.1	20.0	43.3	3.4	2.2

Please continue

- 2.03 There are some people whose views are considered extreme by the majority.

First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
<i>[REVMEET]</i> i) ... hold public meetings to express their views?	% 21.5	27.0	17.8	29.6	3.2	0.9
<i>[REVPUB]</i> ii) ... publish books expressing their views?	% 21.4	37.0	16.3	20.2	3.5	1.7

- 2.04 Second, consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
<i>[PRJMEET]</i> i) ... hold public meetings to express their views?	% 9.0	17.5	22.1	47.2	3.6	0.8
<i>[PRJPUB]</i> ii) ... publish books expressing their views?	% 10.8	23.3	21.7	39.2	3.8	1.1

[CRIMINI - CRIMINA]

- 2.05 Suppose the police get an anonymous tip that a man with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

Do you think the police should be allowed, without a Court Order ...

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
i) ... to keep the man under surveillance?	% 61.8	28.5	3.1	4.7	1.2	0.7
ii) ... to tap his telephone?	% 13.8	22.8	25.9	32.3	2.5	2.7
iii) ... to open his mail?	% 8.6	14.7	27.9	43.8	2.3	2.7
iv) ... to detain the man overnight for questioning?	% 27.6	36.7	17.7	14.4	1.5	2.1

(JUSTICE)
 2 06 All systems of justice make mistakes but which do you think is worse:
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

to convict an innocent person	61 5
OR	
to let a guilty person go free	18 8
Can't choose	19 1
(NA)	0 5

2 07 What are your personal feelings about
 (DEMCFEEL)
 A People who organise protests against a government action they strongly oppose?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Extremely favourable	11 5
Favourable	34 2
Neither favourable or unfavourable	35 8
Unfavourable	11 1
Extremely unfavourable	2 7
Can't choose	4 4
(NA)	0 3

(REVFEEL)
 B People who want to overthrow the government by revolution?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Extremely favourable	0 9
Favourable	2 9
Neither favourable or unfavourable	14 7
Unfavourable	31 4
Extremely unfavourable	46 0
Can't choose	3 9
(NA)	0 3

(RACFEEL)
 C People who believe whites are racially superior to all other races?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Extremely favourable	0 9
Favourable	3 2
Neither favourable or unfavourable	15 5
Unfavourable	32 0
Extremely unfavourable	45 2
Can't choose	2 9
(NA)	0 3

Please continue

(HIGHINC)
 2 08 Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes.
 Do you think those with high incomes should
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

pay a much larger proportion	21 0
pay a larger proportion	61 4
pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes	13 8
pay a smaller proportion	0 4
or - pay a much smaller proportion?	0 3
Can't choose	2 2
(NA)	1 0

(INCDIFF)
 2 09 What is your opinion of the following statement:
 It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes.
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Agree strongly	18 5
Agree	37 6
Neither agree nor disagree	18 3
Disagree	20 0
Disagree strongly	4 6
(DK)	0 2
(NA)	0 8

[GOVECON1 - GOVECON8]

2. 10 Here are some things the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINE

	Strongly in favour of	In favour of	Neither in favour of nor against	Against	Strongly against	(DK/ NA)
A. Control of wages by law	2 6.7	18.8	15.8	44.2	12.1	2.5
B. Control of prices by law	2 15.2	39.3	13.7	24.0	6.1	1.7
C. Cuts in government spending	2 10.9	29.8	25.8	25.9	5.1	2.5
D. Government financing of projects to create new jobs	2 26.4	55.2	11.1	4.8	0.9	1.6
E. Less government regulation of business	2 7.8	34.3	41.4	12.0	1.8	2.8
F. Support for industry to develop new products and technology	2 34.0	54.3	8.7	1.3	0.3	1.4
G. Support for declining industries to protect jobs	2 18.2	40.9	19.2	18.2	2.2	1.3
H. Reducing the working week to create more jobs	2 10.3	30.4	28.6	25.8	3.7	1.2

2. 11 Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area.

Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it.

n = 2349
Also asked on
Version Y (Q. 209)

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINE

[GVSPEND1 - GVSPEND8]

	Spend much more	Spend more	Spend the same as now	Spend less	Spend much less	Can't choose	(NA)
A. The environment	2 14.3	46.6	31.0	2.1	0.4	2.4	3.1
B. Health	2 38.4	50.5	9.2	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.9
C. The police and law enforcement	2 12.0	38.1	42.9	3.0	0.8	1.6	1.6
D. Education	2 27.9	50.2	17.9	1.1	0.4	1.0	1.5
E. The military and defence	2 2.1	6.3	39.3	32.1	16.1	2.3	1.8
F. Old age pensions	2 29.7	50.8	17.0	0.6	0.2	0.9	1.0
G. Unemployment benefits	2 7.7	28.2	43.1	13.1	4.1	2.2	1.5
H. Culture and the arts	2 2.0	10.4	41.5	26.5	13.5	4.7	1.3

Please continue

n = 1163
Qs. 2.12-2.19

[UNEMINF2]

2. 12 If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Keeping down inflation	2 52.1
Keeping down unemployment	39.3
Can't choose	8.2
(NA)	0.4

[TUPOWER]

2. 13 Do you think that trade unions in this country have too much power or too little power?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Far too much power	2 9.6
Too much power	25.5
About the right amount of power	44.9
Too little power	11.4
Far too little power	1.6
Can't choose	6.6
(NA)	0.3

[BUSPOWER]

2. 14 How about business and industry? Do they have too much power or too little power?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Far too much power	2 4.8
Too much power	23.6
About the right amount of power	50.3
Too little power	8.2
Far too little power	0.3
Can't choose	12.3
(NA)	0.6

[GOVPOWER]

2 15 And what about the government does it have too much power or too little power?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Far too much power	15.2
Too much power	32.0
About the right amount of power	43.4
Too little power	2.6
Far too little power	0.2
Can't choose	6.0
(NA)	0.5

[TUCJNTRY]

2 16 In general how good would you say trade unions are for the country as a whole?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Excellent	2.1
Very good	15.2
Fairly good	51.3
Not very good	19.5
Not good at all	5.7
Can't choose	5.7
(NA)	0.5

2 17 What do you think the government's role in each of these industries and services should be?

The government should:

	Own it	Control prices and profits but not own it	Neither own it nor control its prices & profits	Can't choose	(NA)
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE					
[GOVRULE1]					
A Electricity	28.2	45.7	18.9	6.7	0.5
[GOVRULE8]					
B The steel industry	12.6	37.9	37.2	11.2	1.2
[GOVRULE4]					
C Banking and insurance	5.8	39.6	42.5	10.8	1.3

Please continue

[GOVRESP] - [GOVRESPP]

2 18 On the whole do you think it should or should not be the government's responsibility to

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely should be	Probably should be	Probably should not be	Definitely should not be	Can't choose	(NA)
A provide a job for everyone who wants one	22.5	37.7	21.0	13.6	3.5	1.6
B keep prices under control	4.4	39.1	6.8	3.5	2.0	1.1
C provide health care for the sick	83.6	13.9	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.7
D provide a decent standard of living for the old	77.2	20.1	0.9	0.3	0.9	0.5
E provide industry with the help it needs to grow	14.0	49.6	4.9	1.1	2.5	1.0
F provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed	30.3	46.4	14.2	4.3	4.2	0.7
G reduce income differences between the rich and poor	40.2	30.4	15.2	9.4	4.5	0.3
H give financial help to university students from low-income families	47.6	42.8	4.9	2.2	1.9	0.6
I provide decent housing for those who can't afford it	45.0	44.9	5.4	1.4	3.0	0.3

[POLITICS]

2 19 How interested would you say you personally are in politics?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Very interested	9.1
Fairly interested	30.2
Somewhat interested	25.9
Not very interested	24.3
Not at all interested	7.9
Can't choose	1.0
(NA)	1.5

n = 2349

Also asked on
Version Y (Q.2.01)

Now for some questions on different subjects

- 2.20 From what you know or have heard, please tick a box for each of the items below to show whether you think the National Health Service in your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or in need of improvement.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINE

[NSAREA: - NSAREA15]

	In need of a lot of improvement	In need of some improvement	Satis- factory	Very good	(DK/ NA)
a. GPs' appointment systems	2 11.3	29.4	45.2	13.2	0.9
b. Amount of time GP gives to each patient	2 9.4	21.5	52.9	15.0	1.2
c. Being able to choose which GP to see	2 9.0	18.5	53.3	17.2	2.0
d. Quality of medical treatment by GPs	2 6.4	18.1	50.8	22.1	2.6
e. Hospital waiting lists for non-emergency operations	2 42.2	40.6	13.5	1.4	2.3
f. Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants	2 42.5	39.8	13.4	1.6	2.8
g. General condition of hospital buildings	2 17.5	36.3	34.2	9.7	2.3
h. Hospital casualty departments	2 17.1	34.9	36.8	8.8	2.3
i. Staffing level of nurses in hospitals	2 31.1	40.7	22.5	3.0	2.7
j. Staffing level of doctors in hospitals	2 29.1	38.8	24.7	3.3	4.1
k. Quality of medical treatment in hospitals	2 7.2	23.7	48.6	18.1	2.3
l. Quality of nursing care in hospitals	2 4.8	19.1	43.8	29.7	2.6
m. Waiting areas in casualty departments in hospitals	2 18.8	38.4	35.5	5.2	2.0
n. Waiting areas for out-patients in hospitals	2 16.9	35.6	39.8	5.4	2.3
o. Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries	2 7.6	20.4	56.2	14.3	1.4

Please continue ...

n = 2349

Also asked on
Version Y (Q.2.02)

- 2.21 In the last two years, have you or a close family member ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINE

[NHSDOC]

[NHSOUTP]

[NHSINP]

[NHSVISIT]

[PRIVPAT]...

Yes No

(DK/
NA)

... visited an NHS GP?	295.3	4.0	0.7
... been an out-patient in an NHS hospital?	265.9	32.1	2.0
... been an in-patient in an NHS hospital?	246.1	51.2	2.7
... visited a patient in an NHS hospital?	275.4	22.8	1.8
... had any medical treatment as a private patient?	214.2	83.7	2.1

[ABORT1 - ABORT?]

- 2.22 Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case.

n = 1163
Qs. 2.22 - 2.25

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

Should abortion be
allowed by law?(DK/
NA)

	Yes	No	
The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child	256.3	41.2	2.3
The couple agree they do not wish to have the child	262.3	35.3	2.3
The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man	256.1	41.3	2.6
The couple cannot afford any more children	262.2	35.3	2.4
There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby	288.2	10.1	1.6
The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy	293.3	5.6	1.0
The woman became pregnant as a result of rape	292.0	6.7	1.3

[P 5A]

2 23 Which of these statements comes closest to your views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

They should be banned altogether	39	4
They should be available in special adult shops but not displayed to the public	40	2
They should be available in special adult shops with public display permitted	9	4
They should be available in any shop for sale to adults only	9	0
They should be available in any shop for sale to anyone	0	3
(DK/NA)	1	7

2 24a) Britain controls the numbers of people from abroad that are allowed to settle in this country. Please say, for each of the groups below, whether you think Britain should allow more settlement, less settlement, or about the same amount as now.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	More settlement	Less settlement	About the same as now	(DK/NA)			
[AUSIEMM] Australians and New Zealanders	28	31	41	58	7	1	2
[ASIANIMM] Indians and Pakistanis	22	61	18	34	7	1	4
[EECIIMM] People from European Community countries	26	40	34	50	9	1	7
[WIIMM] West Indians	22	57	21	38	5	1	3

b) Now thinking about the families (husbands, wives, children, parents) of people who have already settled in Britain, would you say in general that Britain should

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

be <u>stricter</u> in controlling the settlement of close relatives	55	7
or - be <u>less strict</u> in controlling the settlement of close relatives	9	9
or - keep the controls about the <u>same</u> as now	33	1
(DK/NA)	1	4

2 25 Are you in favour of or against the death penalty for

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	In favour	Against	(DK/NA)			
murder in the course of a terrorist act?	70	3	26	3	4	
murder of a police officer?	66	8	29	1	4	0
other murders?	61	0	35	8	3	2

Please continue

n = 2349

2 26 Do you agree or disagree? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

Also asked on Version Y (Q 2 06)

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Can't choose	(NA)
[WRELCHD] A working mother can establish just as warm and secure a relationship with her children as a mother who does not work	21	34	13	25	8	2	1
[WVCHDSUF] A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works	9	36	18	24	6	3	1
[WVFAHNSUF] All in all, family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job	10	35	16	27	7	2	1
[WVHAPPIR] A woman and her family will all be happier if she goes out to work	2	14	39	12	5	4	0
[WVWANTHME] A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children	4	25	23	29	12	3	1
[WVJOBBEST] Having a job is the best way for a woman to be an independent person	8	45	22	18	6	2	1
[WVJOBBEARN] A husband's job is to earn money; a wife's job is to look after the home and family	6	18	18	33	20	3	0
[WVWXPTEMP] Mothers of young children should <u>not</u> expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and child-care	5	27	15	34	14	3	1
[WVGOVCARE] The government should provide money for child-care, so that mothers of young children can work if they want to	15	35	13	25	8	6	0

n = 2349

[WCHLD1 - WCHLD4]

2.27 Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under these circumstances?

Also asked on Version Y (Q.2.07)

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Work full-time	Work part-time	Stay at home	Can't choose	(NA)
a. After marrying and before there are children?	7 80.5	10.0	1.6	7.1	0.8
b. When there is a child under school age?	7 4.0	28.4	58.3	8.1	1.1
c. After the youngest child starts school?	7 15.6	66.9	8.5	7.9	1.1
d. After the children leave home?	7 68.9	17.4	1.7	10.7	1.3

[CHDCARE1 - CHDCARE6]

2.28 Think of a child under 3 years old whose parents both have full-time jobs.

n = 2349

Also asked on Version Y (Q.2.08)

How suitable do you think each of these child-care arrangements would be for the child?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Very suitable	Somewhat suitable	Not very suitable	Not at all suitable	Can't choose	(NA)
a. A state or local authority nursery?	7 26.7	40.5	16.3	6.8	7.7	2.0
b. A private crèche or nursery?	7 30.8	43.2	11.3	5.0	8.0	1.8
c. A child-minder or baby-sitter?	7 15.9	41.6	25.9	7.7	6.8	2.1
d. A neighbour or friend?	7 9.8	34.8	34.2	13.1	5.8	2.2
e. A relative?	7 35.6	41.5	12.6	4.3	4.4	1.5
f. A workplace nursery or crèche?	7 44.3	33.9	9.5	4.6	6.3	1.4

[TERTVBA1]

2.29 Should the law allow television to show interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?

n = 1163

Qs. 2.29-2.30

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

The law definitely should allow it,	12.3
probably should allow it,	16.8
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	25.9
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	40.3
Can't choose	3.7
(NA)	0.9

Please continue ...

[TERRPBA1]

2.30a) And should the law allow newspapers to publish interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

The law definitely should allow it,	7 11.2
probably should allow it,	21.0
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	27.1
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	35.6
Can't choose	4.4
(NA)	0.7

[TERRPBA2]

b) And should the law allow people who support acts of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing their views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

The law definitely should allow it,	7 9.2
probably should allow it,	20.0
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	29.8
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	36.2
Can't choose	4.4
(NA)	0.4

[JURYTR1]

2.31 Which of these two statements comes closest to your views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

People charged with serious crimes should <u>always</u> have the right to a jury trial	7 48.6
OR	
There should <u>not always</u> be a right to a jury trial - for instance when the jury might be in danger	37.8
Can't choose	12.9
(NA)	0.7

[FINEPAHA]

- 2 32 Suppose a 16-year old is fined by a court, but does not pay the fine. Should the parents be required by law to pay the fine, or not?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Definitely should be required to pay	34	9
Probably should be required to pay	27	6
Probably should <u>not</u> be required to pay	16	6
Definitely should <u>not</u> be required to pay	17	2
Can't choose	3	3
(NA)	0	4

- 2 33 As long as there is no threat to security, should prisoners be allowed to

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

ON EACH LINE

[PRISBKS]

- a) have as many books as they wish to read? Yes No

I 28 9 9 6

[PRISLTRS]

- b) write and receive as many letters as they wish? Yes No

I 81 5 16 0

- 2 34 Do you think that people in each of these sorts of jobs should or should not be allowed the right to go on strike?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely should be allowed to strike	Probably should be allowed to strike	Probably should <u>not</u> be allowed to strike	Definitely should <u>not</u> be allowed to strike	(DK/NA)
a) <i>[PCSTRK]</i> police officers?	I 14 9	17 3	27 3	39 7	0 9
b) <i>[NURSSTRK]</i> nurses?	I 19 2	30 3	28 0	21 4	1 0
c) <i>[CARWSTRK]</i> car workers?	I 28 0	47 2	15 2	8 4	1 2
d) <i>[COUNSTRK]</i> council workers?	I 23 8	42 1	22 0	10 9	1 3
e) <i>[ELECSTRK]</i> electricity supply workers?	I 18 8	28 8	28 2	23 2	1 1
f) <i>[HDOCSTRK]</i> hospital doctors?	I 16 3	22 0	26 9	33 9	0 9

Please continue

[CSSILENT]

- 2 35 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

OR

Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts? I 83 3

Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent? 6 9

Can't choose 8 9

(NA) 0 9

[BILRITES]

- 2 36 Some people support a Bill of Rights for Britain which would give the courts rather than parliament the final say on any laws or government actions which threaten basic freedoms. Others say it is better to leave things as they are. What do you think?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Definitely should be a Bill of Rights 27 3

Probably should be a Bill of Rights 30 4

Probably should not be a Bill of Rights 13 2Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights 5 6

Can't choose 22 5

(NA) 1 1

- 2 37 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

ON EACH LINE

[ELECRIAG]

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
a) People on probation or parole should be fitted with a transmitter - that is, an electronic tag - so the police can check where they are	I 19 1	38 8	22 2	15 0	1 7	1 3
b) On-duty police officers should always carry guns	I 3 4	10 3	17 6	43 3	24 0	1 4
c) Too many convicted criminals are let off lightly by the courts	I 35 6	43 0	14 6	4 7	1 0	1 1
d) A confession made during police questioning and later withdrawn should <u>not</u> on its own be enough to convict someone	I 18 4	55 1	17 3	7 0	1 0	1 2

2.38 And please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
<i>[PCNSUSLS]</i>						
a) The police should be allowed to question suspects for up to a week without letting them see a solicitor.	2.3	6.8	9.2	53.8	26.7	1.2
<i>[REFUGEES]</i>						
b) Refugees who are in danger because of their political beliefs should always be welcome in Britain.	5.2	17.0	29.0	38.0	9.7	1.2
<i>[PCCOMPLN]</i>						
c) Serious complaints against the police should be investigated by an independent body, not by the police themselves.	37.5	54.9	3.9	1.8	0.7	1.1
<i>[IDCARDS]</i>						
d) Every adult in Britain should have to carry an identity card.	10.4	26.4	21.9	28.7	11.2	1.4
<i>[CRIMSLENT]</i>						
e) If someone remains silent under police questioning, it should count against them in court.	5.1	25.6	25.4	34.2	8.3	1.5
<i>[MINPRISN]</i>						
f) The prisons contain too many people who ought to be given a lighter punishment.	8.7	39.5	27.3	19.8	3.3	1.4
<i>[NOWARRANT]</i>						
g) The police should not need a warrant to search the homes of suspects.	3.9	12.4	9.1	50.6	22.8	1.2

[TECHSIR]

2.39 New kinds of technology are being introduced more and more in Britain: computers and word processors, robots in factories and so on. Please tick one box to show what effect you think this technology will have over the next five years?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
It will increase the number of jobs available	8.8
It will reduce the number of jobs available	63.9
It will make no difference to the number of jobs available	25.8
(DK/NA)	3.2

Please continue ...

n = 2349

[TECHBORE]

2.40a) Do you think that the introduction of new technology in Britain over the next five years will ...

Also asked on Version Y (Q.2.17)

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
... make work more interesting.	38.1
... make work more boring.	36.4
or - will it make no difference to work?	23.7
(DK/NA)	1.8
<i>[TECHSEASE]</i>	
b) And will it ...	%
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
... make life more difficult.	10.3
... make life easier.	62.9
or - will it make no difference?	24.6
(DK/NA)	2.1
<i>[NEWTECH]</i>	
c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: the government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain.	%
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
Agree strongly	21.9
Agree	45.0
Neither agree nor disagree	27.7
Disagree	4.0
Disagree strongly	0.3
(DK/NA)	1.1

2.41 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

n = 2349

Also asked on Version Y (Q.2.28)

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
<i>[REDISTRB]</i>						
a) Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off.	17.4	32.1	19.5	24.4	5.5	1.2
<i>[BIGBUSN]</i>						
b) Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers.	13.4	39.0	23.6	19.5	3.1	1.5
<i>[WEALTH]</i>						
c) Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth.	18.8	46.3	18.6	13.7	1.6	1.0
<i>[RICHLAW]</i>						
d) There is one law for the rich and one for the poor.	27.6	39.6	13.6	15.3	2.9	0.9
<i>[INOUST4]</i> *						
e) Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance.	18.8	42.5	18.7	16.4	2.6	1.1

* The third character of the variable is an 'o', not a 'd'.

L

n = 2349

Also asked on Version Y (Q 2 28f-n)

2 42 And please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
<i>[TADV-LS]</i> a) Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values	18.8	48.4	20.4	10.6	0.9	1.0
<i>[STIFSE-]</i> b) People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences	26.5	43.7	20.9	7.3	0.7	1.0
<i>[PAC-EST-]</i> c) People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the government	15.3	54.4	20.1	8.2	1.0	1.0
<i>[DEATHAPP]</i> d) For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence	32.0	37.0	7.9	12.7	9.6	0.9
<i>[PROTLEAF]</i> e) People should be allowed to publish leaflets to protest against the government	15.1	54.7	19.0	8.5	1.3	1.4
<i>[OBEY]</i> f) Schools should teach children to obey authority	27.1	51.5	13.4	5.9	0.9	1.1
<i>[PROGDEMO]</i> g) People should be allowed to organise protest marches and demonstrations	13.0	50.4	21.8	11.6	2.0	1.1
<i>[WRONGLAW]</i> h) The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong	9.6	35.8	24.7	25.8	3.1	1.1
<i>[CENSOR]</i> i) Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards	19.1	47.7	14.8	14.1	3.6	0.7

[BRITPOWER]

2 43 Please tick one box to show how much you agree or disagree with this statement: "the days when Britain was an important world power are over"

n = 1163

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Strongly agree	20.9
Just agree	40.1
Neither agree nor disagree	17.9
Just disagree	15.3
Disagree strongly	4.7
(DK/NA)	1.1

Please continue

L

n = 2349

Also asked on Version Y (Q 2 29)

[QTIME]

2 43a) To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Less than 15 minutes	6.9
Between 15 and 20 minutes	27.4
Between 20 and 30 minutes	31.4
Between 30 and 45 minutes	21.3
Between 45 and 60 minutes	7.7
Over one hour	3.9
(NA)	1.4

[SQDATE2]

b) And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?

PLEASE WRITE IN

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
DATE	MONTH	YEAR

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.

P.1090/GB

**BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990
SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE**

Spring 1990

OFFICE USE ONLY:	Area No.
Interviewer to enter:	0 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
	Serial No.
	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Rec.	Interviewer No.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

To the selected respondent:

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn; some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey.

Completing the questionnaire:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN.

THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you would like further information.

Y

- 1 -

n = 2349

Also asked on
version L (Q 2 20)

2 01 From what you know or have heard, please tick a box for each of the items below to show whether you think the National Health Service in your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or in need of improvement

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		In need of a lot of improvement	In need of some improvement	Satisfactory	Very good	(DK/ NA)
	[HSAREA1 - HSAREA15]					
a	GPs appointment systems	% 11 3	29 4	45 2	13 2	0 9
b	Amount of time GP gives to each patient	% 9 4	21 5	52 9	15 0	1 2
c	Being able to choose which GP to see	% 9 0	18 5	53 3	17 2	2 0
d	Quality of medical treatment by GPs	% 6 4	18 1	50 8	22 1	2 6
e	Hospital waiting lists for non-emergency operations	% 42 2	40 6	13 5	1 4	2 3
f	Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants	% 42 5	39 8	13 4	1 6	2 8
g	General condition of hospital buildings	% 17 5	36 3	34 2	9 7	2 3
h	Hospital casualty departments	% 17 1	34 9	36 8	8 8	2 3
i	Staffing level of nurses in hospitals	% 31 1	40 7	22 5	3 0	2 7
j	Staffing level of doctors in hospitals	% 29 1	38 8	24 7	3 3	4 1
k	Quality of medical treatment in hospitals	% 7 2	23 7	48 6	18 1	2 3
l	Quality of nursing care in hospitals	% 4 8	19 1	43 8	29 7	2 6
m	Waiting areas in casualty departments in hospitals	% 18 8	38 4	35 5	5 2	2 0
n	Waiting areas for out-patients in hospitals	% 16 9	35 6	39 8	5 4	2 3
o	Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries	% 7 6	20 4	56 2	14 3	1 4

Please continue

Y

2

n = 2349

Also asked on
version L (Q 2 21)

		Yes	No	(DK/ NA)
2 02	In the last two years, have you or a close family member PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE			
	[NHSDOC] visited an NHS GP? %95 3	4 0		0 7
	[NHSOUTP] been an out-patient in an NHS hospital? %65 9	32 1		2 0
	[NHSINP] been an in-patient in an NHS hospital? %46 1	51 2		2 6
	[NHSVISIT] visited a patient in an NHS hospital? %75 4	22 8		1 8
	[PRIVPAT] had any medical treatment as a private patient? %16 2	83 7		2 1

2 03 Please tick one box to show how much you agree or disagree with each of these statements about secondary schooling

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

n = 1186

Qs 2 03-2 05

		Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Dis- agree	Disagree strongly	(DK/ NA)
	[SECSCHL1 - SECSCHL4]						
a)	Formal exams are the best way of judging the ability of pupils	% 8 2	39 3	18 3	26 8	5 9	1 6
b)	On the whole, pupils are too young when they have to decide which subjects to specialise in	% 14 8	51 0	16 5	15 4	0 5	1 8
c)	The present law allows pupils to leave school when they are too young	% 4 4	21 6	25 4	42 9	3 9	1 7
d)	So much attention is given to exam results in Britain that a pupil's everyday classroom work counts for too little	% 17 4	44 5	17 3	16 7	1 9	2 2

2 04 From what you know or have heard, please tick one box on each line to show how well you think state secondary schools nowadays

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINEVery well Quite well Not
very well Not at
all well

		Very well	Quite well	Not very well	Not at all well	(DK/ NA)
	[STATSEC1 - STATSEC3]					
a)	prepare young people for work?	% 2 4	34 6	50 4	10 7	2 0
b)	teach young people basic skills such as reading writing and maths?	% 8 7	47 9	33 3	8 2	1 9
c)	bring out young people's natural abilities?	% 3 8	32 3	50 0	11 6	2 2

Y.

2.05 From what you know or have heard, please tick one box for each statement about state secondary schools now compared with 10 years ago.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Much better now than 10 years ago	A little better	About the same	A little worse	Much worse now than 10 years ago	(DK/NA)
[SCHLEAV] a) On the whole, do you think school-leavers are <u>better</u> qualified or <u>worse</u> qualified nowadays than they were 10 years ago?	10.6	26.4	26.1	22.2	12.5	2.2
[TEACHPAY] b) Do you think teachers are <u>better</u> paid or <u>worse</u> paid nowadays than they were 10 years ago?	18.9	23.9	20.3	22.0	12.5	2.4
[CLASSBEH] c) And do you think classroom behaviour is <u>better</u> or <u>worse</u> nowadays than it was 10 years ago?	0.9	2.0	12.3	26.1	57.0	1.7
	Much more now than 10 years ago	A little more	About the same	A little less	Much less now than 10 years ago	(DK/NA)
[PARTEACH] d) Do you think parents have <u>more</u> respect or <u>less</u> respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago?	2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
[PUPTeach] e) And do you think pupils have <u>more</u> respect or <u>less</u> respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago?	0.9	1.9	12.1	30.0	53.3	1.8
[TEACHDED] f) Do you think teachers are <u>more</u> dedicated to their jobs or <u>less</u> dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago?	3.6	5.7	36.2	34.3	18.7	1.5
[TEACHDIF] g) And, on the whole, do you think the job of a state secondary school-teacher is <u>more</u> difficult or <u>less</u> difficult nowadays than it was 10 years ago?	40.8	29.6	13.0	5.3	9.7	1.5

Please continue ...

Y.

n = 2349

Also asked on version L (Q.2.26)

2.06 Do you agree or disagree ... ?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	Can't choose	(NA)
[WRELCHD] a. A working mother can establish just as warm and secure a relationship with her children as a mother who does not work.	13.7	34.9	13.6	25.7	8.6	2.4	1.0
[WCHDSUF] b. A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works.	9.9	36.6	18.0	24.8	6.4	3.2	1.1
[WVAMSUF] c. All in all, family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job.	10.0	35.1	16.4	27.1	7.7	2.5	1.1
[WVHAPPY] d. A woman and her family will all be happier if she goes out to work.	2.5	14.1	39.7	32.5	5.5	4.7	0.9
[WANTHOME] e. A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children.	4.4	25.1	23.8	29.7	12.4	3.7	1.0
[JOBBEST] f. Having a job is the best way for a woman to be an independent person.	8.4	45.2	22.1	18.6	2.1	2.7	0.9
[HJOBSEARN] g. A husband's job is to earn money; a wife's job is to look after the home and family.	6.4	18.7	18.5	33.2	20.3	2.1	0.9
[WVXPTEMP] h. Mothers of young children should <u>not</u> expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and child-care.	5.2	27.0	15.0	34.7	14.3	2.9	1.0
[GOVCCARE] i. The government should provide money for child-care, so that mothers of young children can work if they want to.	15.6	35.3	13.5	25.8	6.4	2.5	0.8

Y - 5 - n = 2349

[WVCHLD1 - WVCHLD4] Also asked on version L (Q 2 27)
 2 07 Do you think that women should work outside the home full-time, part-time or not at all under these circumstances?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		Work full-time	Work part-time	Stay at home	Can't choose	(NA)
a	After marrying and before there are children?	80 5	10 0	1 6	7 1	0 8
b	When there is a child under school age?	4 0	28 4	58 3	8 1	1 1
c	After the youngest child starts school?	15 6	66 9	8 5	7 9	1 1
d	After the children leave home?	68 9	17 4	1 7	10 7	1 3

[CHDCARE1 - CHDCARE6] n = 2349

2 08 Think of a child under 3 years old whose parents both have full-time jobs. How suitable do you think each of these childcare arrangements would be for the child? Also asked on version L (Q 2 28)

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		Very suitable	Somewhat suitable	Not very suitable	Not at all suitable	Can't choose	(NA)
a	A state or local authority nursery?	26 7	40 5	16 3	6 8	7 7	2 0
b	A private crèche or nursery?	30 8	43 2	11 3	5 0	8 0	1 8
c	A childminder or babysitter?	15 9	41 6	25 9	7 7	6 8	2 1
d	A neighbour or friend?	9 8	34 8	34 2	13 1	5 8	2 2
e	A relative?	35 6	41 5	12 6	4 3	4 4	1 5
f	A workplace nursery or crèche?	44 3	33 9	9 5	4 6	6 3	1 4

Please continue

Y 6 - n = 2349

[CVSPEND1 - CVSPEND8] Also asked on version L (Q 2 11)
 2 09 Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area.

Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		Spend much more	Spend more	Spend the same as now	Spend less	Spend much less	Can't choose	(NA)
A	The environment	14 3	46 6	31 0	2 1	0 4	2 4	3 1
B	Health	38 4	50 5	9 2	0 3	0 1	0 6	0 9
C	The police and law enforcement	12 0	38 1	42 9	3 0	0 8	1 6	1 6
D	Education	27 9	50 2	17 9	1 1	0 4	1 0	1 5
E	The military and defence	2 1	6 3	39 3	32 1	16 1	2 3	1 8
F	Old age pensions	29 7	50 8	17 0	0 6	0 2	0 9	1 0
G	Unemployment benefits	7 7	28 2	43 1	13 1	4 1	2 2	1 5
H	Culture and the arts	2 0	10 4	41 5	26 5	13 3	4 7	1 3

2 10 How serious an effect on our environment do you think each of these things has? n = 1186

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE (ENVIR1 - ENVIR8) Qs 2 10-2 25

		Very serious	Quite serious	Not very serious	Not at all serious	(DK/NA)
	Noise from aircraft	10 1	56 6	25 3	6 6	1 3
	Lead from petrol	0 7	9 3	51 4	37 6	1 0
	Industrial waste in the rivers and sea	0 3	1 5	22 5	74 9	0 7
	Waste from nuclear electricity stations	1 2	7 9	26 1	64 0	0 9
	Industrial fumes in the air	0 6	4 7	36 3	57 6	0 8
	Noise and dirt from traffic	1 1	17 0	52 8	28 2	0 9
	Acid rain	1 1	7 8	36 3	53 4	1 4
	Certain aerosol chemicals in the atmosphere	1 1	9 2	37 1	51 4	1 1
	Cutting down tropical rainforests	0 8	5 6	24 8	67 9	0 9

[POWER]

2. 11a) Which one of these three possible solutions to Britain's electricity needs would you favour most?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

We should make do with the power stations we have already	55.4	%
We should build more coal-fuelled power stations	28.1	
We should build more nuclear power stations	13.5	
(DK/NA)	3.0	

[NUCPOWER]

b) As far as nuclear power stations are concerned, which of these statements comes closest to your own feelings?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

They create very serious risks for the future	42.5	%
They create quite serious risks for the future	31.9	
They create only slight risks for the future	18.9	
They create hardly any risks for the future	5.3	
(DK/NA)	1.3	

[DAMAGE]

2. 12a) Which one of these two statements comes closest to your own views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Industry should be prevented from causing damage to the countryside, even if this sometimes leads to higher prices	88.6	%
OR		
Industry should keep prices down, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside	9.1	
(DK/NA)	2.3	

[CTRYJOBS]

b) And which of these two statements comes closest to your own views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

The countryside should be protected from development, even if this sometimes leads to fewer new jobs	72.6	%
OR		
New jobs should be created, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside	24.8	
(DK/NA)	2.6	

2. 13 Please tick one box on each line to show how you feel about ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	It should be stopped altogether	It should be discouraged	Don't mind one way or the other	It should be encouraged	(DK/NA)
<i>[CTRYFARM]</i> a) ... Increasing the amount of countryside being farmed	% 5.9	31.3	38.9	22.1	1.8
<i>[CTRYHSNG]</i> b) ... Building new housing in country areas	% 13.4	56.9	21.3	7.5	0.9
<i>[WILDLIFE]</i> c) ... Putting the needs of farmers before protection of wildlife	% 16.4	58.7	17.2	6.1	1.6
<i>[CTRYROAD]</i> d) ... Providing more roads in country areas	% 13.4	52.3	23.5	9.8	1.1
<i>[PICNIC]</i> e) ... Increasing the number of picnic areas and camping sites in the countryside	% 3.2	16.5	32.2	46.8	1.3

2. 14 Here is a list of predictions. For each one, please say how likely or unlikely you think it is to come true within the next ten years?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION

[PREDICT1 - PREDICT7]

	Very likely	Quite likely	Not very likely	Not at all likely	(DK/NA)
a) Acts of political terrorism in Britain will be common events	% 16.1	48.6	30.9	3.0	1.4
b) Riots and civil disturbance in our cities will be common events	% 18.4	48.5	28.5	3.5	1.2
c) There will be a world war involving Britain and Europe	% 2.2	8.4	52.1	35.6	1.7
d) There will be a serious accident at a British nuclear power station	% 12.9	46.0	35.0	5.2	1.0
e) The police in our cities will find it impossible to protect our personal safety on the streets	% 18.3	41.7	33.3	5.8	0.8
f) The government in Britain will be overthrown by revolution	% 3.5	8.2	42.6	44.4	1.3
g) A nuclear bomb will be dropped somewhere in the world	% 6.3	22.8	43.4	26.3	1.2

2 15 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
[GOVENVIR] a) The government should do more to protect the environment even if it leads to higher taxes	X 17 9	48 4	23 2	8 7	0 8	1 0
[INDENVIR] b) Industry should do more to protect the environment, even if it leads to lower profits and fewer jobs	X 21 3	53 7	16 6	6 6	0 5	1 3
[PPLENVIR] d) Ordinary people should do more to protect the environment, even if it means paying higher prices	X 21 3	53 2	15 4	7 8	1 1	1 1

2 16a) Please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about the following statement:
"Within twenty years, life on earth will be seriously damaged by a rise in the world's temperature"
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX [WRLDTEMP]

It is highly exaggerated	X 11 3
It is slightly exaggerated	37 9
It is more or less true	49 4
(DK/NA)	1 4

[ENVIRDAM]
b) And please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about this statement:
"Within twenty years, damage to the environment will be the biggest single problem facing Europe"
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

It is highly exaggerated	X 9 5
It is slightly exaggerated	38 4
It is more or less true	50 8
(DK/NA)	1 3

Please continue

2 17 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
[RARPLANT] a) Too much money is spent trying to protect rare plants and animals	X 1 8	12 3	31 1	44 5	9 3	1 1
[SCNCSOLV] b) Science can solve environmental problems without any need for people to change their behaviour	X 1 4	12 1	17 6	51 8	15 7	1 3
[COSMTEST] c) It is acceptable to use animals for testing and improving cosmetics	X 1 2	4 2	8 2	35 1	50 3	1 0
[MEDITEST] d) It is acceptable to use animals for testing medicines if it could save human lives	X 10 1	47 8	15 2	16 3	9 2	1 5
[FOXHUNT] e) Fox hunting should be banned by law	X 36 9	30 8	15 7	9 0	6 8	0 8
[CARTAXI] f) For the sake of the environment, car users should pay higher taxes	X 5 3	18 4	21 3	41 4	12 3	1 2
[POLUTAUD] g) Richer countries ought to give financial help to poorer countries, to help them cut back on their pollution	X 12 9	46 9	22 1	13 1	4 0	1 0
[INPRROAD] h) If the government had to choose, it should improve roads rather than public transport	X 6 6	29 8	19 5	30 7	12 5	1 0

2 18 Please tick one box on each line to show what you think about allowing people to smoke in each of the following places
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	freenly allowed	restricted to certain areas	banned altogether	Can't choose	(NA)
[SMKPLANE] a) on airline flights?	X 2 4	44 1	51 7	1 3	0 5
[SMKTRAIN] b) on trains?	X 2 6	57 9	38 0	1 1	0 4
[SMKHOSPL] c) in hospitals?	X 0 4	25 7	72 4	0 9	0 6
[SMKWORK] d) at people's places of work?	X 4 7	59 7	33 2	1 5	0 8
[SMKCIHMA] e) in cinemas?	X 2 9	34 6	60 8	1 1	0 5
[SMKRSTWT] f) in restaurants?	X 4 4	36 8	57 3	1 0	0 5
[SMKPUBS] g) in pubs?	X 25 0	45 3	25 8	3 3	0 6

7.

[NONSMRSK]

2. 19 Suppose a non-smoker lives, or works closely, with a heavy smoker. How risky is it for the non-smoker?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
... a very serious health risk,	22.8
... a fairly serious health risk,	51.1
... not much of a health risk,	22.0
or - not a health risk at all?	2.1
(Can't choose)	1.5
(NA)	0.5

2. 20 Please tick one box for each statement below to show what you think about it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

[EMPBANSM]

a) Employers should ban smoking altogether at workplaces

	Definitely should	Probably should	Probably should not	Definitely should not	Can't choose
a)	31.6	29.0	20.1	13.8	5.3

(NA)

[SMINSURE]

b) Insurance companies should charge smokers much more than non-smokers for their life insurance

b)	39.1	33.6	10.0	13.2	3.7
----	------	------	------	------	-----

0.3

[SLOWOP]

c) NHS hospitals should give smokers low priority for heart or lung operations

c)	8.9	16.7	21.1	45.7	7.2
----	-----	------	------	------	-----

0.3

[SMKFREE]

2. 21 Suppose an employer had to choose between the rights of smokers and non-smokers. Which of these comes closest to your view?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

OR

Smokers should have the right to smoke freely at work	10.6
Non-smokers should have the right to work in smoke-free surroundings	77.1
Can't choose	11.8
(NA)	0.5

Please continue

7.

2. 22 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
[SMRESTR]						
a) There are already enough restrictions on where people can smoke.	4.2	22.1	17.1	42.6	13.0	0.9
[TAXCIGHI]						
b) The government should tax cigarettes much more heavily to encourage people to stop smoking.	26.6	33.3	13.4	21.3	4.8	0.6
[SMONWCH]						
c) If people choose to smoke, nobody should try to persuade them to stop.	7.2	27.0	18.1	36.8	10.2	0.8
[AGEBUYSH]						
d) The age at which young people are allowed to buy cigarettes should be reduced from 16 to 14.	4.1	1.4	1.9	26.4	65.6	0.6
[DESPISSH]						
e) Nowadays most people look down on smokers.	7.3	45.9	25.4	19.1	1.6	0.8
[STOPIMPH]						
f) Even if people have smoked for a long time, giving up will still improve their health.	23.6	60.0	10.4	4.7	0.7	0.7
[HLTHLUCK]						
g) Good health is just a matter of luck.	2.8	12.4	14.2	46.6	23.1	0.9
[HEARTDIS]						
h) If heart disease is in your family, there is little you can do to reduce your chances of getting it.	1.3	11.1	12.3	53.7	20.9	0.8
[BANSMAD]						
i) All cigarette advertising should be banned.	30.9	33.2	19.2	13.6	2.4	0.7

[HS&VALUE]	
2 23 a)	Central government provides financial support to housing in two main ways
	First, by means of allowances to low income tenants
	Second, by means of tax relief to people with mortgages
	On the whole, which of these three types of family would you say benefits <u>most</u> from central government support for housing?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
	Families with <u>high</u> incomes 37 3
	Families with <u>middle</u> incomes 21 5
	Families with <u>low</u> incomes 37 8
	(DK/NA) 3 4
b)	Which of these three views comes closest to your own on the sale of council houses and flats to tenants?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
	Council tenants should not be allowed to buy their houses or flats 11 9
	Council tenants should be allowed to buy but only in areas with no housing shortage 33 3
	Council tenants should generally be allowed to buy their houses or flats 53 4
	(DK/NA) 1 3
2 24	Which of the following statements do you think are generally true and which false?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
	[COUNCILS - COUNCILS]
	Council tenants pay low rents 134 4 59 2 6 3
	Councils give a poor standard of repairs and maintenance 760 2 34 6 5 2
	Council estates are generally pleasant places to live 731 5 63 0 5 5

Please continue

[RENTBUY]	
2 25a)	Suppose a newly-married young couple both with steady jobs asked your advice about whether to buy or rent a home. If they had the choice what would you advise them to do?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
	To buy a home as soon as possible 69 9
	To wait a bit, then try to buy a home 23 5
	Not to plan to buy a home at all 1 0
	Can't choose 5 0
	(NA) 0 6
b)	Still thinking of what you might say to this young couple please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
	Agree strongly Just agree Neither agree nor disagree Just disagree Disagree strongly (DK/NA)
	[HOMERISK]
i)	Owning your home can be a risky investment 6 4 27 3 15 5 29 1 20 8 1 0
	[BUYCHEAP]
ii)	Over time, buying a home works out less expensive than paying rent 33 1 44 1 11 7 8 1 2 2 0 8
	[MOVEHOME]
iii)	Owning your home makes it easier to move when you want to 18 8 36 4 24 0 16 2 3 7 0 9
	[MONEYTIE]
iv)	Owning a home ties up money you may need urgently for other things 6 9 30 2 23 9 30 8 7 1 1 1
	[FREEDOM]
v)	Owning a home gives you the freedom to do what you want to do 30 7 48 9 10 3 7 4 1 9 0 9
	[FINBURDN]
vi)	Owning a home is a big financial burden to repair and maintain 13 7 41 0 22 9 17 2 4 3 0 9
	[LEAVEFAM]
vii)	Your own home will be something to leave your family 33 8 50 3 10 9 2 6 1 1 1 2
	[HOMERESP]
viii)	Owning a home is just too much of a responsibility 2 6 7 8 20 5 40 2 27 9 1 1
	[RISKJOB]
ix)	Owning a home is too much of a risk for couples without secure jobs 26 1 37 7 15 4 15 6 4 5 0 8
	[WAITFAM]
x)	Couples who buy their own homes would be wise to wait before starting a family 18 0 42 7 21 8 12 7 4 1 0 8

n = 2349
Also asked on
version L (Q.2.36)

Y.

[TECHSYR]

2. 26 New kinds of technology are being introduced more and more in Britain: computers and word processors, robots in factories and so on. Please tick one box to show what effect you think this technology will have over the next five years?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
It will increase the number of jobs available	8.8
It will reduce the number of jobs available	63.9
It will make no difference to the number of jobs available	25.8
	(DK/NA) 1.5

[TECHB0RE]

2. 27a) Do you think that the introduction of new technology in Britain over the next five years will ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
... make work more interesting,	38.1
make work more boring,	36.4
or - will it make no difference to work?	23.7
	(DK/NA) 1.8

[TECHSE1]

b) And will it ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
... make life more difficult,	10.3
make life easier,	62.9
or - will it make no difference?	24.6
	(DK/NA) 2.1

[NEWTECH]

c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: the government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Agree strongly	21.9
Agree	45.0
Neither agree nor disagree	27.7
Disagree	4.0
Disagree strongly	0.3
	(DK/NA) 1.2

Please continue ...

n = 2349
Also asked on
version L (Q.2.41)

Y.

2. 28 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/ NA)	
[REDISTRB] a) Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off.	%	17.4	32.1	19.5	24.4	5.5	1.2
[BICBUSNN] b) Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers.	%	13.4	39.0	23.6	19.5	3.1	1.5
[WEALTH] c) Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth.	%	18.8	46.3	18.6	13.7	1.6	1.0
[RICHLAW] d) There is one law for the rich and one for the poor.	%	27.6	39.6	13.6	15.3	2.9	0.8
[INDUST4] e) Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance.	%	18.8	42.5	18.7	16.4	2.6	1.0
[TRADVALS] f) Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional British values.	%	18.8	48.4	20.4	10.6	0.9	1.0
[STIFSENT] g) People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences.	%	26.5	43.7	20.9	7.3	0.7	1.0
[PROTMEET] h) People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the government.	%	15.3	54.4	20.1	8.2	1.0	1.1
[DEATHAPP] i) For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence.	%	32.0	37.0	7.9	12.7	9.6	0.8
[PROTLEAF] j) People should be allowed to publish leaflets to protest against the government.	%	15.1	54.7	19.0	8.5	1.3	1.3
[OBEY] k) Schools should teach children to obey authority.	%	27.1	51.5	13.4	5.9	0.9	1.1
[PROTDEMO] l) People should be allowed to organise protest marches and demonstrations.	%	13.0	50.4	21.8	11.6	2.0	1.1
[WRONGLAW] m) The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong.	%	9.6	35.8	24.7	25.8	3.1	1.1
[CENSOR] n) Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards.	%	19.1	47.7	14.8	14.1	3.6	0.7

Y

n = 2349

Also asked on
version L (Q 2 43)

(QTIME)

2 29a) To help us plan better in future please tell
us about how long it took you to complete this
questionnaire?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Less than 15 minutes	6 9
Between 15 and 20 minutes	27 4
Between 20 and 30 minutes	31 4
Between 30 and 45 minutes	21 3
Between 45 and 60 minutes	7 7
Over one hour	3 9

(SQDATE2)

b) And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?

(NA) 1 4

PLEASE WRITE IN

--	--

DATE

0	
---	--

MONTH

9	0
---	---

YEAR

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the inter-
viewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Other-
wise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid
addressed envelope provided



P 1090/Northern Ireland

Spring 1990

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY

Serial Number	<input type="text"/>	Card	<input type="text" value="02"/>	Version	L = 1 Y = 2 NI = 3	<input type="text" value="3"/>	
Region	<input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="2"/>	Area number	<input type="text"/>	Time interview started	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	24 hr clock
Interviewer Number	<input type="text" value="6"/>		<input type="text"/>	DOB: Batch Code	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

N.I.

SECTION ONE

n = 896

Qs. 1-21

[READPAP]

1.a) Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?

	%
Yes	56.4
No	43.6

IF YES

[WHYPAPER]

b) Which one do you normally read?
IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one do you read most frequently?

ONE CODE ONLY	(Scottish) Daily Express	2.6
	Daily Mail	3.9
	Daily Mirror Record	10.7
	Daily Star	2.2
	The Sun	11.8
	Today	1.2
	Daily Telegraph	1.5
	Financial Times	0.2
	The Guardian	0.7
	The Independent	0.9
	The Times	0.2
	Morning Star	-
	The News Letter	10.2
	The Irish News	7.8
	The Irish Times	0.5
	Other Irish/Northern Irish/Scottish regional or local <u>daily morning</u> paper (WRITE IN:)	0.3

Other (WRITE IN:)

ASK ALL

2.a) Now a few questions about the UK's relationships with other countries. [EEC]

Do you think the UK should continue to be a member of the EC - the Common Market - or should it withdraw?

	%
EC: Continue	77.5
Withdraw	12.7
(DK)	9.8

[NATO]

b) And do you think the UK should continue to be a member of NATO - the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation - or should it withdraw?

	%
NATO: Continue	70.4
Withdraw	9.8
(DK)	19.8

N.I.

[NATION]

3. On the whole, do you think that the UK's interests are better served by ... **READ OUT** ...

... closer links with Western Europe,	43.8
or - closer links with America?	16.8
(Both equally)	25.2
(Neither)	2.3
(Don't know)	12.0

[USANUKE]

4.a) Do you think that the siting of American nuclear missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live?

Safer	27.1
Less safe	59.9
(Don't know)	12.4

[OWNNUKE]

b) And do you think that having its own independent nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live?

Safer	43.8
Less safe	43.4
(No difference)	0.6
(Don't know)	12.0

5. **CARD A [UKNUCPOL]**
Which, if either, of these two statements comes closest to your own opinion on UK nuclear policy?

The UK should <u>rid</u> itself of nuclear weapons while persuading others to do the same	36.1
The UK should <u>keep</u> its nuclear weapons until it can persuade others to reduce theirs	59.5
(Neither of these)	2.6
(DK)	1.8

[DEFPARTY]

6. Which political party's views on defence would you say comes closest to your own views?

CONV ONE ONLY	%
ONLY CODE ALLIANCE AFTER PROBE:	
Conservative	35.3
Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?	22.6
(Social and)	
Mainland or Northern Ireland?	1.5
Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	0.9
SDP/Social Democrat	0.3
(Mainland - Alliance)	0.3
(Green Party)	1.0
Other (WRITE IN:)	1.1
(Don't know)	29.7
None	7.6

CARD B (PEACE)

7 Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?

- America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia 9 9
- Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America 23 0
- Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace 40 3
- Neither is a threat to world peace 20 9
- (Don't know) 5 6
- (NA) 0 3

(NIRELAND)

8 a) Do you think the long term policy for Northern Ireland should be for it **READ OUT**

- to remain part of the United Kingdom, 67 6
- or - to reunify with the rest of Ireland? 25 0

Other answer (WRITE IN) _____ 3 2

(DK) 3 5

(NA) 0 7

(TROOPOUT)

b) Some people think that government policy towards Northern Ireland should include a complete withdrawal of British troops. Would you personally support or oppose such a policy? **PROBE:** Strongly or a little?

- Support strongly 17 3
- Support a little 13 0
- Oppose strongly 50 1
- Oppose a little 13 9

Other answer (WRITE IN) _____ 1 1

(DK) 4 1

(NA) 0 5

(TROOPSHT)

9 a) If British troops were withdrawn from Northern Ireland, do you think there would be more or less bloodshed in the short-term, or would it make no difference? **IF MORE/LESS:** A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?

- A lot more bloodshed 51 8
- A little more bloodshed 18 6
- A little less bloodshed 4 0
- A lot less bloodshed 3 6
- No difference 18 8
- (DK) 3 0
- (NA) 0 1

(TROOPLNG)

b) And in the long-term, if British troops were withdrawn, do you think there would be more or less bloodshed or would it make no difference? **IF MORE/LESS:** A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?

- A lot more bloodshed 29 9
- A little more bloodshed 13 6
- A little less bloodshed 12 8
- A lot less bloodshed 15 5
- No difference 23 9
- (DK) 4 3

SECTION TWO

Now I would like to ask you about two economic problems - inflation and unemployment

(PRICES)

10 First, inflation in a year from now, do you expect prices generally to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?

- IF COME UP OR COME DOWN: To have gone up by a lot 45 5
- By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little 42 8
- To have stayed the same 5 9
- To have gone down by a little 4 4
- To have gone down by a lot 0 6
- (Don't know) 0 7
- (NA) 0 1

(UNEMP)

11- Second, unemployment in a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?

- IF COME UP OR COME DOWN: To have gone up by a lot 19 5
- By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little 27 6
- To have stayed the same 33 2
- To have gone down by a little 15 2
- To have gone down by a lot 1 6
- (Don't know) 2 7
- (NA) 0 1

(UNEMPINF)

12 a) If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?

- Keeping down inflation 40 4
- Keeping down unemployment 56 2
- Other answer (WRITE IN) _____ (Both equally) 1 2
- (DK) 1 0
- (NA) 1 2

(CONCERN)

b) Which do you think is of most concern to you and your family **READ OUT**

- inflation, 64 1
- or - unemployment? 33 9

Other (WRITE IN) _____ (Both equally/Neither) 1 0

(Don't know) 0 8

(NA) 0 2

[INDUSTRY]

13. Looking ahead over the next year, do you think the UK's general industrial performance will improve, stay much the same, or decline?

IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE: By a lot or a little?		%
Improve a lot		2.8
Improve a little		15.6
Stay much the same		50.7
Decline a little		18.1
Decline a lot		4.0
(Don't know)		8.7

14. Here are a number of policies which might help the UK's economic problems. As I read them out, will you tell me whether you would support such a policy or oppose it?

READ OUT ITEMS i)-x) AND CODE FOR EACH	Support	Oppose	(DK/NA)
i) [ECOHELP1] Control of <u>wages</u> by law	733.9	62.4	3.6
ii) [ECOHELP2] Control of <u>prices</u> by law	763.6	34.0	2.4
iii) Reducing the level of government spending on health and education	79.1	89.9	1.0
iv) [ECOHELP4] Government controls to cut down goods from abroad	771.1	25.6	3.2
v) [ECOHELP5] Increasing government subsidies for private industry	763.7	30.4	5.8
vi) [ECOHELP7] Reducing government spending on defence	764.7	31.5	3.8
vii) [ECOHELP8] Government schemes to encourage job sharing	774.7	20.9	4.5
viii) Government to set up construction projects to create more jobs	789.8	9.1	1.1
ix) [ECOHELPA] Government action to cut interest rates	791.4	6.2	2.4
x) [ECOHELPB] Government controls on hire purchase and credit	781.8	14.8	3.4

[STATEOWN]

15. On the whole, would you like to see more or less state ownership of industry, or about the same amount as now?

	%
More	20.2
Less	16.4
About the same amount	57.3
(Don't know)	6.1

[INCOMGAP]

16. Thinking of income levels generally in the UK today, would you say that the gap between those with high incomes and those with low incomes is ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too large,	82.8
about right,	11.3
or - too small?	4.0
(DK)	1.8
(NA)	0.1

CARD C

17. Generally, how would you describe levels of taxation?

[TAXHI]

- a) Firstly for those with high incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD ANSWER IN COL a) BELOW

[TAXMID]

- b) Next for those with middle incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD ANSWER IN COL b) BELOW

[TAXLOW]

- c) And lastly for those with low incomes? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD ANSWER IN COL c) BELOW

	(a) High incomes	(b) Middle incomes	(c) Low incomes
	%	%	%
Taxes are: Much too high	5.1	5.4	42.4
Too high	13.0	32.4	38.5
About right	27.1	55.1	15.3
Too low	36.1	4.4	1.2
Much too low	16.5	0.2	0.2
(DK/NA)	2.3	2.5	2.5

[SRINC]

- 18.a) Among which group would you place yourself ... READ OUT ...

	%
... high income,	2.9
middle income,	46.3
or - low income?	50.7
(NA)	0.1

CARD D [HINCDIFF]

- b) Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days?

	%
Living comfortably on present income	21.2
Coping on present income	49.3
Finding it difficult on present income	21.5
Finding it very difficult on present income	8.0

Other (WRITE IN:)

[HINCPAST]

19. Looking back over the last year or so, would you say your household's income has ... READ OUT ...

	%
... fallen behind prices,	51.1
kept up with prices,	40.9
or - gone up by more than prices?	5.9
(Don't know)	2.2

N 1
[HINCXPCT]
20 And looking forward to the year ahead, do you expect your household's income will
READ OUT

	Z	
fall behind prices.	51	0
keep up with prices.	38	2
or - go up by more than prices?	5	0
(Don't know)	5	6
(NA)	0	1

CARD E [RECONACT]
21 Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is in the seven days ending last Sunday?
PROBE Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN I
IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COLUMN II
IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II

	COL I	COL II ECONOMIC POSITION
In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation) A		2 4
On government training/employment scheme (eg Employment Training, Youth Training Programme, etc) B		0 5
In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in week C	50	2
Waiting to take up paid work already accepted D	0	3
Unemployed and registered at a benefit office E	7	4
Unemployed, <u>not</u> registered, but actively looking for a job F	0	7
Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week) but <u>not</u> actively looking for a job G	0	9
Permanently sick or disabled H	4	3
Wholly retired from work J	15	2
Looking after the home K	17	8
Doing something else (WRITE IN) L		0 2

n = 449
Q 22 only

[REMPLOYE]
22 IF IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (CODE 03 AT Q 21)
In your (main) job are you READ OUT

	Z	
an employee.	81	0
or - self employed?	19	0

n = 364
Qs 23-33

N 1
[ESRJBTTM]
ALL EMPLOYEES (CODE 1 AT Q 22)
23 In your present job, are you working READ OUT

	Z	
RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION	full-time	84 9
	or - part-time?	15 1

[EJBBHOURS]
24 How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job?
(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK)
ROUND TO NEAREST HOUR
MEDIAN 3 8

[EJBBHRCAT] AND CODE

10-15 hours a week	3 8
16-23 hours a week	6 3
24-29 hours a week	2 4
30 or more hours a week	87 3
(NA)	0 3

[WAGENOW]
25a) How would you describe the wages or salary you are paid for the job you do - on the low side, reasonable or on the high side? IF LOW Very low or a bit low?
Very low 9 8
A bit low 24 9
Reasonable 61 3
On the high side 3 6
Other answer (WRITE IN) _____ 0 1
(NA) 0 3

CARD F [PAYGAP]
b) Thinking of the highest and the lowest paid people at your place of work, how would you describe the gap between their pay, as far as you know? Please choose a phrase from this card

	Z	
Much too big a gap	18	5
Too big	24	2
About right	45	0
Too small	2	8
Much too small a gap	0	6
(Don't know)	8	3
(NA)	0	7

N.I.		
[WAGEXPCT]		
26	If you stay in this job, would you expect your wages or salary over the coming year to ... READ OUT ...	%
	... rise by <u>more</u> than the cost of living,	14.3
	rise by the <u>same</u> as the cost of living,	46.7
	rise by <u>less</u> than the cost of living,	25.5
	or - <u>not</u> to rise at all?	9.4
	(Will not stay in job)	2.8
	(Don't know)	1.4
[NUMEMP]		
27	Over the coming year do you expect your workplace will be ... READ OUT ...	%
	... increasing its number of employees,	24.1
	reducing its number of employees,	22.4
	or - will the number of employees stay about the same?	52.7
	Other answer (WRITE IN) _____	0.8
[LEAVEJOB]		
28a)	Thinking now about your own job. How likely or unlikely is it that you will leave this employer over the next year for any reason? Is it ... READ OUT ...	%
	... very likely,	11.0
	quite likely,	7.8
	not very likely,	27.7
	or - not at all likely?	53.4
IF VERY OR QUITE LIKELY AT a)		
CARD C		
	b) Why do you think you will leave? Please choose a phrase from this card or tell me what other reason there is.	
	MORE THAN ONE CODE	%
	MAY BE RINGED [WHYG01] Firms will close down	0.3
	[WHYG02] I will be declared redundant	2.5
	[WHYG03] I will reach normal retirement age	0.4
	[WHYG04] My contract of employment will expire	3.4
	[WHYG05] I will take early retirement	1.1
	[WHYG06] I will decide to leave and work for another employer	9.5
	[WHYG07] I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed	1.1
	[WHYG010] I will leave to look after home/children/relative	1.1
	[WHYG08] Other answer (WRITE IN) _____	0.1

N.I.				
[EUNEMP]				
ASK ALL EMPLOYEES				
29.a)	During the last <u>five years</u> - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?	%		
	Yes	21.8		
	No	78.2		
[EUNEMPT]				
IF YES AT a)				
	b) For how many months in total during the last five years?			
	MEDIAN: <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="padding: 2px;">1</td><td style="padding: 2px;">2</td></tr></table>	1	2	
1	2			
[ESELFEM]				
ASK ALL EMPLOYEES				
30.a)	For any period during the last <u>five years</u> have you worked as a self-employed person as your main job?	%		
	Yes	2.5		
	No	97.5		
[ESELFESR]				
IF NO AT a)				
	b) How seriously in the last five years have you considered working as a self-employed person ... READ OUT ...	%		
	... very seriously,	4.2		
	quite seriously,	5.7		
	not very seriously,	12.7		
	or - not at all seriously?	74.3		
	(NA)	0.6		
[WPUNIONS]				
ASK ALL EMPLOYEES				
31.a)	At your place of work are there unions, staff associations, or groups of unions recognised by the management for negotiating pay and conditions of employment?	%		
	Yes	69.9		
	No	30.1		
[WPUNIONW]				
IF YES AT a)				
	b) On the whole, do you think these unions or staff associations do their job well or not?	%		
	Yes	40.1		
	No	28.3		
	(DK)	1.1		
	(NA)	0.4		

M I
[INDREL]

- 11 -

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

32	In general how would you describe relations between management and other employees at your workplace		
	READ OUT	%	
	very good,	39 3	
	quite good,	48 4	
	not very good,	7 0	
	or - not at all good?	4 9	
	(NA)	0 4	
33	And in general, would you say your workplace was		
	READ OUT	%	
	very well managed,	30 9	
	quite well managed,	55 8	
	or - not well managed?	13 8	

ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.22) [SSRJBTIM]

n = 86

34	In your present job, are you working	READ OUT	Qs 34-41
	RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION	%	
	full-time,	91 7	
	or - part-time?	8 3	

[SJBHOURS]

How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job?

(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT 'LAST WEEK')

HOURS

MEDIAN: 5 5

	[SJBHRCAT]	AND CODE:	10-15 hours a week	6 5
			16-23 hours a week	0 6
			24-29 hours a week	-
			30 or more hours a week	92 9

[UNEMP]

36	During the last 5 years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?		
	Yes	19 6	
	No	80 4	

M I

- 12 -

[SBNPLLE]

37	Have you, for any period in the last five years, worked as an <u>employee</u> as your main job rather than as self-employed?		
	Yes	16 7	
	No	83 3	

[BUSIOK]

38	Compared with <u>a year ago</u> would you say your business is doing	READ OUT	%
	very well,	12 5	
	quite well,	20 8	
	about the same	45 2	
	not very well	15 5	
	or - not at all well?	1 8	
	(Business not in existence then)	4 2	

[BUSIFUT]

39	And over <u>the coming year</u> do you think your business will do	READ OUT	%
	better,	22 0	
	about the same	55 4	
	or - worse than this year?	14 3	
	Other (WRITE IN)		
	(Don't know)	6 5	
	(NA)	1 8	

[SPARTNRS]

40	In your work or business, do you have any partners or other self-employed colleagues?		
	NOTE: DOES NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYEES	%	
	Yes, have partner(s)	37 5	
	No	62 5	

[SNUMEMP]

41	And in your work or business do you have any employees, or not?		
	N B FAMILY MEMBERS MAY BE EMPLOYEES ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY	%	
	Yes, has employee(s)	28 0	
	No	72 0	

[EDWORK10]
ALL IN FULL-TIME EDUCATION (CODE 01 AT Q.21)

n = 21

42. And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	n	2
No	n	20

[GUNEMP]
ALL ON GOVERNMENT SCHEMES (CODE 02 AT Q.21)

n = 5

43. During the last five years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?

Yes	n	2
No	n	3

[WWWORK10]
ALL THOSE WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (CODE 04 AT Q.21)

n = 3

44a) And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	n	-
No	n	3

[WWUNEMP]
During the last five years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?

Yes	n	2
No	n	1

ALL UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06, 07 AT Q.21)

n = 81

45a) [UUNEMP] In total how many months in the last five years - that is, since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
3 6

[CURUNEMP] How long has this present period of unemployment and seeking work lasted so far?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
2 4

[UWORK10]
And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	%	1.3
No	%	98.7

[JOBQUAL]
How confident are you that you will find a job to match your qualifications ... READ OUT ...

... very confident.	%	4.4
quite confident.	%	25.8
not very confident.	%	39.0
or - not at all confident?	%	30.8

[UFINDJOB]
Although it may be difficult to judge, how long from now do you think it will be before you find an acceptable job?

MEDIAN: MONTHS
0 6

OR CODE: Never 13.2
Don't know 44.0

[UJOBCHNC]
Do you think that there is a real chance nowadays that you will get a job in this area, or is there no real chance nowadays?

Real chance	%	29.6
No real chance	%	69.2
(DK)	%	1.3

[DWORK10]
ALL PERMANENTLY SICK OR DISABLED (CODE 08 AT Q.21)

n = 39

49. And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?

Yes	n	-
No	n	39

N I

[HWORK10]

ALL WHOLLY RETIRED FROM WORK (CODE 09 AT Q 21)

50 And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than ten hours a week?

	%	
Yes	0 7	
No	99 3	

[EMPLPEN]

51 Do you (or does your husband/wife) receive a pension from any past employer?

	%	
Yes	42 2	
No	57 1	

[RETAGE]

52 (Can I just check) are you over (MEN) 65 (WOMEN:) 60?

	%	
Yes	96 3	
No	3 7	

[RPENSION]

IF YES AT Q 52

53 a) On the whole would you say the present state pension is on the low side, reasonable, or on the high side? IF 'ON THE LOW SIDE': Very low or a bit low?

	%	
Very low	45 9	
A bit low	32 1	
Reasonable	16 8	
On the high side	3 7	

[RPENINR]

ALL WHOLLY RETIRED

b) Do you expect your state pension in a year's time to purchase more than it does now, less, or about the same?

	%	
More	3 7	
Less	61 6	
About the same	26 1	
(Don't know)	4 1	
(NA)	0 7	

[RETIRAGE]

54 At what age did you retire from work?

MEDIAN: 5 2

OR CODE: Never worked -

N I

[HWORK10]

ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME (CODE 10 AT Q.21)

55 And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than ten hours a week?

	%	
Yes	13 1	
No	86 6	
(NA)	0 3	

[NOJOB1] - [NOJOB3]

56 What are the main reasons you do not have a paid job (of more than 10 hours a week) outside the home? PROBE FULLY FOR MAIN REASONS AND RECORD VERBATIM

	%		%
Raising children	41 3	Poverty trap	3 1
Retired/too old	19 4	Already works (less than 10 hours a week)	1 9
Prefer looking after home/family	17 5	Childcare costs	3 8
No jobs available	6 3	Unpaid work/family business	0 6
Unsuited for available jobs	4 4	(Other answer)	0 6
Pregnancy/ill health	11 3	(NA)	6 3
Dependent relative	10 0		
Husband against working	1 3		

[EVERJOB]

57 a) Have you, during the last five years, ever had a full- or part-time job of 10 hours per week or more?

	%
Yes	20 4
No	79 3
(NA)	0 3

[EVERJOB2]

IF YES AT a)

b) How long ago was it that you left that job?

NO OF MONTHS AGO

MEDIAN 2 0

SECTION THREE

n = 896

Qs. 61-124

ASK ALL

CARD H [SPEND1] [SPEND2]

61. Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	1st Priority	2nd Priority
	%	%
Education	16.3	28.4
Defence	0.5	1.4
Health	54.7	23.7
Housing	6.5	14.0
Public transport	0.6	1.6
Roads	2.4	3.1
Police and prisons	1.0	1.8
Social security benefits	11.9	16.4
Help for industry	5.4	7.4
Overseas aid	0.2	0.4
(NONE OF THESE)	-	1.0
(Don't know)	0.6	0.9

CARD J [SOCBEN1] [SOCBEN2]

62. Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	1st Priority	2nd Priority
	%	%
Retirement pensions	39.4	22.2
Child benefits	19.1	18.2
Benefits for the unemployed	12.7	17.8
Benefits for disabled people	21.5	31.8
Benefits for single parents	6.5	8.2
(NONE OF THESE)	-	0.6
(Don't know)	0.7	1.1

58a)

IF NO AT Q.57a) [FTJOBSE]

How seriously in the past five years have you considered getting a full-time job?
... READ OUT ...

... very seriously,	2.5
quite seriously,	3.2
not very seriously,	7.6
or - not at all seriously?	65.0

[PTJOBSE]

IF NOT VERY OR NOT AT ALL SERIOUSLY

b) How seriously, in the past five years, have you considered getting a part-time job?
... READ OUT ...

... very seriously,	4.5
quite seriously,	9.6
not very seriously,	8.6
or - not at all seriously?	50.0
(NA)	1.3

[HLOOKJOB]

ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE HOME

59. Do you think you are likely to look for a paid job in the next 5 years?

IF YES: Full-time or part-time?

Yes - full-time	6.7
Yes - part-time	31.2
No	58.0

Other (WRITE IN) _____

(Don't know)	3.8
(NA)	0.3

[ZWORK10]

ALL DOING SOMETHING ELSE (CODE 11 AT Q.21)

n = 2

60. And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than 10 hours a week?

Yes	-
No	2

Q. 60 only

63 I will read two statements For each one please say whether you agree or disagree? Strongly or slightly? (FALSECLM)

- a) Large numbers of people these days falsely claim benefits (FALSECLM)
- b) Large numbers of people who are eligible for benefits these days fail to claim them (FAILCLM)

	(a) Falsely claim %	(b) Fail to claim %
Agree strongly	43 1	41 7
Agree slightly	23 2	40 0
Disagree slightly	13 2	9 2
Disagree strongly	12 0	3 6
(Don't know)	8 0	5 5

(DOLE)

64 Opinions differ about the level of benefits for the unemployed Which of these two statements comes closest to your own READ OUT

	%
benefits for the unemployed are <u>too low</u> and cause hardship	56 0
OR - benefits for the unemployed are <u>too high</u> and discourage people from finding jobs?	29 9
(Neither)	5 0
Other (WRITE IN:)	3 5
(Don't know)	5 3
(NA)	0 3

(TAXSPEND)
CARD K

65 Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this card Which do you think it should choose?

	%
Reduce taxes and spend <u>less</u> on health, education and social benefits	6 1
Keep taxes and spending on these services at the <u>same</u> level as now	42 0
Increase taxes and spend <u>more</u> on health, education and social benefits	46 4
(None)	2 9
(Don't know)	2 4
(NA)	0 1

(NHSSAT)
CARD L

66 All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied would you say you are with the way in which the National Health Service runs nowadays? Choose a phrase from this card

	%
Very satisfied	6 9
Quite satisfied	34 8
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	17 0
Quite dissatisfied	24 1
Very dissatisfied	16 6
(DK NA)	2 6

CARD L AGAIN

67 From your own experience, or from what you have heard, please say how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with the way in which each of these parts of the National Health Service runs nowadays?

READ OUT i-vi BELOW AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH

		Very satisfied	Quite satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dis- satisfied	Quite dis- satisfied	Very dis- satisfied	(DK/NA)
i) (GPSAT) First, local doctors/GPs?	%	30 6	51 0	7 8	7 5	2 9	0 3
ii) (DENTSAT) National Health Service dentists?	%	21 1	52 1	11 6	8 9	3 1	3 3
iii) (HVSAT) Health visitors?	%	15 3	36 2	21 9	4 2	2 2	20 0
iv) (DNSAT) District nurses?	%	22 7	36 6	20 6	2 0	0 2	17 3
v) (INPATSAT) Being in hospital as an inpatient?	%	32 6	40 3	11 8	6 6	3 0	5 6
vi) (OUTPATSAT) Attending hospital as an outpatient?	%	20 5	41 1	10 6	15 5	6 5	6 0

(PRIVMED)

68 a) Are you covered by a private health insurance scheme, that is an insurance scheme that allows you to get private medical treatment?
FOR EXAMPLE: BUPA and PPF

	%
Yes	8 4
No	91 5
(NA)	0 1

(PRIVPAID)
IF YES AT a)

b) Does your employer (or your husband's/wife's employer) pay the majority of the cost of membership of this scheme?

	%
Yes	4 0
No	4 0
(Don't know)	0 1
(NA)	0 3

(NHSLIMIT)
ASK ALL

69 It has been suggested that the National Health Service should be available only to those with lower incomes. This would mean that contributions and taxes could be lower and most people would then take out medical insurance or pay for health care. Do you support or oppose this idea?

	%
Support	24 9
Oppos.	70 0
(Don't know)	4 1
(NA)	0 1

N.I.

SECTION FOUR

Now moving on to the subject of social class.

[SCOPPORT]

70. To what extent do you think a person's social class affects his or her opportunities today ... READ OUT ...

	%
... a great deal,	25.8
quite a lot,	33.1
not very much,	31.9
or - not at all?	6.8

Other answer (WRITE IN:)

[SCIMPAGO] (DK) 2.2
 Do you think social class is more or less (NA) 0.3
 important now in affecting a person's
 opportunities than it was 10 years ago,
 or has there been no real change?

	%
<u>More</u> important now	22.9
<u>Less</u> important now	32.3
No change	42.8

72. [SCINPFUT] (DK) 1.6
 Do you think that in 10 years' time social (NA) 0.4
 class will be more or less important than
 it is now in affecting a person's opportunities,
 or will there be no real change?

	%
<u>More</u> important in 10 years' time	23.6
<u>Less</u> important in 10 years' time	27.8
No change	45.6

[SRSOCCL] [PRSOCCL] (DK) 2.5
 CARD M (NA) 0.4

73.a) Most people see themselves as belonging to a particular social class. Please look at this card and tell me which social class you would say you belong to? RECORD ANSWER IN COL a)

b) And which social class would you say your parents belonged to when you started at primary school? RECORD ANSWER IN COL b)

	(a) Self %	(b) Parents %
Upper middle	1.5	1.2
Middle	24.3	18.4
Upper working	17.6	13.7
Working	48.6	54.7
Poor	5.1	10.2
(Don't know)	2.3	1.3
(NA)	0.6	0.5

N.I.

[RELIGION]

ASK ALL

74.a) Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion?
 IF YES: Which?

CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT

	%
No religion	12.6
Christian - no denomination	1.3
Roman Catholic	36.2
Church of Ireland/Anglican	16.8
Baptist	0.9
Methodist	4.4
Presbyterian	23.4
Free Presbyterian	0.4
Brethren	0.9

Other Protestant (WRITE IN:)

Other Christian (WRITE IN:)

Hindu	-
Jewish	-
Muslim	0.1
Sikh	-
Buddhist	-

Other non-Christian (WRITE IN:)

Refused/unwilling to say	0.6
(NA)	0.1

[RELIGAM]

IF NO RELIGION (CODE 01 AT a) %

b) In what religion were you brought up? FROSE IF NECESSARY: What was your family's religion?

	%
No religion	1.0
Christian - no denomination	0.1
Roman Catholic	2.2
Church of Ireland/Anglican	4.1
Baptist	0.2
Methodist	0.5
Presbyterian	4.0
Free Presbyterian	0.2
Brethren	0.2

Other Protestant (WRITE IN:)

Other Christian (WRITE IN:)

Hindu	-
Jewish	-
Muslim	-
Sikh	-
Buddhist	-

Other non-Christian (WRITE IN:)

Refused/unwilling to say	-
--------------------------	---

(ATTENDCH)

IF ANY RELIGION AT a) OR b) ASK c) - OTHERS SKIP TO Q 75

c) Apart from such special occasions as weddings, funerals and baptisms, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?

PROBE AS NECESSARY	Once a week or more	%	50 9
	Less often but at least once in two weeks	%	7 6
	Less often but at least once a month	%	8 5
	Less often but at least twice a year	%	6 7
	Less often but at least once a year	%	3 5
	Less often	%	3 4
	Never or practically never	%	16 8
	Varies too much to say	%	0 3
(DIVORCE)	Refused/unwilling to answer	%	0 5
ASK ALL	(NA)	%	0 9

75 Do you think that divorce in Northern Ireland should be

READ OUT	%	
easier to obtain than it is now,	%	15 0
more difficult,	%	29 4
or - should things remain as they are?	%	47 3
(Don't know)	%	7 7
(NA)	%	0 6

76 (SEXLAW) There is a law in the U K against sex discrimination that is against giving unfair preference to men - or to women - in employment, pay and so on. Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a law for this purpose?

Support	%	86 6
Oppose	%	10 9
(DK)	%	1 5
(NA)	%	1 0

77 CARD W Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships

- a) (PMS) If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage, what would your general opinion be? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL a)
- b) (EXMS) What about a married person having sexual relations with someone other than his or her partner? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL b)
- c) (HOMOSEX) What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL c)

	(a) BEFORE MARRIAGE	(b) EXTRA MARITAL	(c) SAME SEX
	%	%	%
Always wrong	30 2	74 8	78 9
Mostly wrong	12 4	14 6	5 5
Sometimes wrong	16 4	4 7	3 9
Rarely wrong	5 9	1 2	1 8
Not wrong at all	27 3	1 3	6 1
(Depends/varies)	7 2	2 8	2 9
(DK/NA)	0 8	0 5	1 0

SECTION FIVE

I am now going to ask some questions about crime and the police. I will ask about sectarian crime - that is, crime directly to do with the Troubles - in a moment

78 a) (VICTIM) But first, thinking about crime in general - do you ever worry about the possibility that you or anyone else who lives with you might be the victim of crime?

	%	
Yes	%	62 8
No	%	37 1
(NA)	%	0 1

(VNWORRY) IF YES AT a)

b) Is this

READ OUT	%	
a big worry,	%	11 5
a bit of a worry,	%	29 1
or - an occasional doubt?	%	22 0
(DK/NA)	%	0 2

(SAFEDARK) ASK ALL

79 How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark

READ OUT	%	
very safe,	%	35 1
fairly safe	%	40 2
a bit unsafe	%	15 6
or - very unsafe?	%	8 5
(DK/NA)	%	0 5

(BURGLARY)

80 a) How common is it for people's homes to be burgled in this area

READ OUT	%	
very common,	%	9 3
fairly common,	%	21 5
not very common,	%	43 6
or - not at all common?	%	23 8
(Don't know)	%	1 8
(NA)	%	0 1

(VANDAL)

b) How common is deliberate damage done by vandals in this area

READ OUT	%	
very common	%	9 9
fairly common,	%	18 6
not very common,	%	40 6
or - not at all common?	%	29 9
(Don't know)	%	0 9
(NA)	%	0 1

[MUGGING]

81.	How common in this area is it for people to be attacked and to have things stolen from them in the street ... READ OUT ...	%
	... very common,	1.1
	fairly common,	3.6
	not very common,	30.6
	or - not at all common!	63.1
	(Don't know)	1.5
	(NA)	0.1

[AREACRIM]

82.	Now thinking only about non-sectarian crime - crime not related to the Troubles. Compared with the rest of Northern Ireland, how much non-sectarian crime would you say there is in your area ... READ OUT ...	%
	... a lot more in your area,	1.5
	a bit more,	4.7
	about the same amount,	19.1
	a bit less,	27.3
	or - a lot less in your area?	45.6
	(Don't know)	1.7
	(NA)	0.1

[NIARCRIM]

83.	And what about non-sectarian crime in Northern Ireland compared with Great Britain? Would you say there is ... READ OUT ...	%
	... a lot more crime in Northern Ireland,	4.0
	a bit more crime,	6.3
	about the same amount,	17.4
	a bit less crime,	35.9
	or - a lot less crime in Northern Ireland?	34.7
	(Don't know)	1.7
	(NA)	0.1

[CRMNIVGB]

CARD O

84.	If you happened to see a house being burgled, which of the things on this card would you be <u>most</u> likely to do?	%
	ONE CODE ONLY	
	Not report it at all	2.9
	Report it by: Using the confidential telephone, without giving my name	9.8
	Telephoning the police directly	77.3
	Asking someone else to report it	4.1
	Going to the police myself	3.4
	(Refused/unwilling)	0.2
	(Don't know)	1.5
	(NA)	0.7

[BURGLECT]

85.	And if you had witnessed that burglary, how likely would you be to come forward to give evidence in court? Would you ... READ OUT ...	%
	... definitely come forward,	35.7
	probably come forward,	35.1
	probably <u>not</u> come forward,	14.7
	definitely <u>not</u> come forward?	11.3
	(Refused/unwilling)	0.2
	(Don't know)	2.6
	(NA)	0.5

[HIJACKDO]

CARD O AGAIN

86.	Now suppose you saw a car being hijacked, which of the things on this card would you be <u>most</u> likely to do?	%
	ONE CODE ONLY	
	Not report it at all	8.2
	Report it by: Using the confidential telephone, without giving my name	18.7
	Telephoning the police directly	61.9
	Asking someone else to report it	3.5
	Going to the police myself	3.4
	(Refused/unwilling)	0.2
	(Don't know)	3.5
	(NA)	0.6

[HIJACKCT]

87.	And if you had witnessed that hijacking, how likely would you be to come forward to give evidence in court? Would you ... READ OUT ...	%
	... definitely come forward,	25.2
	probably come forward,	28.8
	probably <u>not</u> come forward,	17.7
	definitely <u>not</u> come forward?	22.2
	(Refused/unwilling)	0.4
	(Don't know)	4.8
	(NA)	0.9

[RUCNTRCR]

95. From what you know or have heard, would you say the RUC do a good job or a bad job in controlling non-sectarian crime - crime not to do with the Troubles? IF GOOD OR BAD: Very (good/bad) or fairly (good/bad)?

	%
Very good	27.7
Fairly good	57.4
Fairly bad	9.0
Very bad	2.9
(Don't know)	2.8
(NA)	0.2

[RUCTERCR]

96. And from what you know or have heard, would you say the RUC do a good job or a bad job in controlling sectarian crime? IF GOOD OR BAD: Very (good/bad) or fairly (good/bad)?

	%
Very good	20.1
Fairly good	51.1
Fairly bad	15.2
Very bad	8.5
(Don't know)	4.8
(NA)	0.3

[WISECR1]

97. a) Which of the security forces in Northern Ireland do you think is most effective in controlling sectarian crime ... READ OUT AND CODE AT a) BELOW

[WISECR2]

b) And which do you think is next most effective in controlling sectarian crime ... READ OUT TWO NOT CODED AT a) AND CODE AT b)

	(a) Most effective %	(b) Next most %
... the RUC,	61.2	16.2
the army,	18.1	42.0
or - the Ulster Defence Regiment?	3.9	17.2
(None of them)	7.6	11.7
(Don't know)	8.7	12.1
(NA)	0.5	0.7

ASK ALL

98. There are a number of different security operations in use as a result of the Troubles. I would like to ask your views about a few of them.

[VEHCHECK]

a) First, vehicle check points, where cars are stopped for random or routine search. Do you think they are used ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too much,	21.0
about the right amount,	48.9
or - too little?	25.2
(Don't know)	4.8
(NA)	0.2

[PEDSERCH]

b) And what about random searches of pedestrians - are they used ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too much,	18.4
about the right amount,	38.0
or - too little?	22.7
(Don't know)	20.5
(NA)	0.3

[HSESERCH]

c) And what about house searches - are they used ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too much,	15.2
about the right amount,	36.8
or - too little?	17.4
(Don't know)	30.4
(NA)	0.2

[RCMARCH]

d) And what about controls on Catholic protest marches and demonstrations - are they used ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too much,	20.0
about the right amount,	48.6
or - too little?	17.4
(Don't know)	13.7
(NA)	0.3

[PRTMARCH]

e) And what about controls on Protestant protest marches and demonstrations - are they used ... READ OUT ...

	%
... too much,	10.4
about the right amount,	53.2
or - too little?	22.5
(Don't know)	13.5
(NA)	0.3

[RUCJOIN1] [RUCJOIN2]
CARD R

99 There are many reasons why Catholics are put off from joining the RUC. On this card are some possible reasons. Please read through the whole list and then tell me which you think is the most important reason and which is the next most important.

CODE ONE UNDER 'MOST IMPORTANT' AND ONE UNDER 'NEXT MOST'	Most important	Next most important
	%	%
They try to join but are not chosen because they are Catholic	4 7	8 9
They do not want to join because they feel they will be treated badly by the RUC	12 8	32 6
Other Catholics put pressure on them not to join	68 7	11 1
They are not as well-qualified as Protestants to join the RUC	0 2	3 2
(None of these)	5 5	24 1
(Don't know)	7 6	18 0
(NA)	0 5	2 0

[RUCMNOW] [RUCMSHD]
CARD S

100 a) If there is a complaint against the police in Northern Ireland, which of these bodies do you think is responsible for looking into it?
RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW

b) And who do you think should be responsible?
RECORD IN COLUMN (b) BELOW

	(a)	(b)
	Who is responsible	Who should be
	%	%
The Home Office	6 5	11 3
The Northern Ireland office	15 1	15 5
The Police Authority of Northern Ireland	43 7	28 2
The Chief Constable of the RUC	18 2	16 6
The British army	0 1	0 5
The courts	3 6	10 8
District or local councils	0 6	3 1
(None of these)	1 5	4 7
(Don't know)	10 2	8 5
(NA)	0 5	0 8

[NISUPPTY]

101 a) Generally speaking do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party?

Yes	35 7
No	63 7

IF NO AT a) [NICLSPTY]

b) Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others?

Yes	20 9
No	42 7
(NA)	0 7

IF NO AT b)
c) If there were a general election tomorrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to support?
CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d)
IF MAINLAND ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?

IF YES AT a) OR b)
d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d)
IF MAINLAND ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?

IF MAINLAND PARTY NAMED AT c) OR d)

e) If there were a general election in which only Northern Ireland parties were standing, which one do you think you would be most likely to support?

CODE ONE ONLY UNDER e)	c & d	e)
	%	%
Conservative	11 7	
Labour	8 8	
(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	0 5	
SDP/Social Democrat	0 3	
(Mainland) Alliance (AFTER PROBE)	0 3	
Alliance (NI)	5 3	9 0
DUP/Democratic Unionist Party	7 4	9 3
OUP/Official Unionist Party/Ulster Unionist Party	23 8	30 2
Other Unionist	0 2	0 7
Sinn Fein	2 4	2 8
SDLP	13 2	15 9
Workers Party	1 3	2 3
Campaign for Equal Citizenship	0 1	0 1
Green Party/Ecology Party	1 1	1 2

Other party (WRITE IN) _____

Other answer (WRITE IN) _____

None	16 2	18 8
Refused/unwilling to say	4 8	5 5

[NIIDSTRN]

IF ANY NORTHERN IRELAND PARTY CODED AT c) & d) or e) (DK/NA)

f) Would you call yourself very strong (QUOTE PARTY NAMED) fairly strong, or not very strong?

Very strong	7 0
Fairly strong	27 0
Not very strong	38 1
(Don't know)	0 2
(NA)	3 5

N.I.

SECTION SIX

CARD T

102. Some countries are called 'free societies' because their citizens' basic rights are protected. Please use this card to say how well-protected you think citizens' basic rights are in each of the following countries. Just say what you think.

READ NAME OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

Citizens' basic rights are:

		Very well protected	Fairly well protected	Not very well protected	Not at all well protected	(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
a)	[USAFREE] ... the USA?	33.3	45.2	7.6	0.2	13.3	0.5
b)	[WGEREE] ... West Germany?	19.5	39.9	15.6	2.0	22.6	0.5
c)	[USSRFREE] ... the Soviet Union?	2.7	7.8	42.7	29.4	16.9	0.5
d)	[BRITFREE] ... Britain?	18.5	61.8	10.9	1.8	6.7	0.5
e)	[CHNAFREE] ... China?	1.8	10.2	26.1	35.6	25.8	0.5
f)	[CANFREE] ... Canada?	31.0	48.9	1.6	0.2	17.8	0.5

CARD U

103. Some countries are called 'open societies' because their citizens have a right to know what decisions the government is making and why. Please use this card to say how 'open' you think each of the following countries is. Again, just say what you think.

READ NAME OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

Government is:

		Very open	Fairly open	Not very open	Not at all open	(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
a)	[USAOPEN] ... the USA?	33.4	42.9	10.1	1.9	11.3	0.5
b)	[WGOOPEN] ... West Germany?	11.7	45.6	19.1	3.4	19.7	0.5
c)	[USSROOPEN] ... the Soviet Union?	1.3	7.0	39.4	36.2	15.6	0.5
d)	[BRITOPEN] ... Britain?	13.2	56.6	18.0	4.3	7.3	0.6
e)	[CHNAOPEN] ... China?	1.6	9.1	25.5	41.0	22.2	0.6
f)	[CANOPEN] ... Canada?	20.2	56.5	4.3	1.0	17.4	0.6

N.I.

CARD W

104. All governments keep certain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.

READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

[NUCTELL]

a)	... Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power station which was unlikely to have harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?	%
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	9.8
	Probably allowed	13.1
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	13.9
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	61.2
	(Don't know)	1.2
	(NA)	0.6

CARD W AGAIN

[WEAPTELL]

b)	... Suppose the government decided to start developing a new weapons system. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?	%
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	20.9
	Probably allowed	18.9
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	17.0
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	40.4
	(Don't know)	2.2
	(NA)	0.6

CARD W AGAIN

[CABMTELL]

c)	... Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to make a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?	%
	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	3.2
	Probably allowed	4.5
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	17.2
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	72.4
	(Don't know)	2.0
	(NA)	0.6

[PAPRGOVT]
CARD X

105 a)	Suppose a person leaked secret defence plans to a newspaper and the government wanted to find out who it was. Using the card, tell me whether you think the paper <u>should</u> have the legal right to keep the person's name a secret, or not?	
	Definitely should have the legal right	16 6
	Probably should	17 3
	Probably should <u>not</u>	21 2
	Definitely should <u>not</u> have the legal right	38 4
	(Don't know/Can't say)	5 9
	(NA)	0 6

[PAPRFIRM]
CARD X AGAIN

b)	Now suppose a person leaked secret plans about a new commercial invention, and the firm wanted to find out who it was. Do you think the paper <u>should</u> have the legal right to keep the person's name secret or not?	
	Definitely should have the legal right	15 8
	Probably should	19 8
	Probably should <u>not</u>	24 0
	Definitely should <u>not</u> have the legal right	32 6
	(Don't know/Can't say)	7 2
	(NA)	0 6

[BANBOOK]
CARD Y

106 a)	Some books or films offend people in the U.K. who have strong religious beliefs. Do you think there <u>should or should not</u> be a law to ban such books or films?	
	Definitely should be a law to ban them	26 9
	Probably should be a law to ban them	22 3
	Probably should <u>not</u> be a law to ban them	20 9
	Definitely should <u>not</u> be a law to ban them	25 9
	(Don't know)	3 4
	(NA)	0 6

[BLASFEMY]

b)	There is a blasphemy law in the U.K. to punish people who offend against Christian beliefs. Should the law <u>READ OUT</u>	
	apply just to Christianity	9 8
	apply to other religions as well,	45 6
	or - should the law be abolished altogether?	33 7
	(Don't know)	10 2
	(NA)	0 6

[VCROADS][VCFOOTBL][VCVANDAL][VCDEMOS]
CARD Z

107	Some people say that video cameras ought to be installed in public places to detect criminals. Others say that this will cut down on everyone's privacy. Do you think video cameras <u>should</u> or <u>should not</u> be allowed in the following places?						
	<u>READ OUT a)-d) AND</u>						
	<u>CODE ONE FOR EACH</u>						
			<u>Video cameras should</u>				
			Definitely	Probably	Probably	Definitely	
			be allowed	be allowed	not	not	(It depends/ Don't know)
					be allowed	be allowed	(NA)
a)	installed on roads to detect speeding drivers?	% 49 0	29 6	8 9	10 1	1 8	0 6
b)	installed at football grounds to detect troublemakers?	% 82 3	14 4	0 9	0 8	1 0	0 6
c)	installed on housing estates to detect vandals?	% 49 3	27 9	11 9	7 3	3 0	0 6
d)	at political demonstrations to identify people taking part?	% 35 0	24 1	16 4	21 0	2 9	0 6
	[RACEGLTY]						
108 a)	Suppose two people - one white, one black - each appear in court charged with a crime they did <u>not</u> commit. What do you think their chances are of being found <u>guilty</u> <u>READ OUT</u>						
	the white person is more likely to be found guilty,					1 2	
	they have the same chance,					48 2	
	or - the black person is more likely to be found guilty?					45 2	
	(Don't know)					4 8	
	(NA)					0 6	
	[RICHGLTY]						
b)	Now suppose another two people from different backgrounds - one rich one poor - each appear in court charged with a crime they did <u>not</u> commit. What do you think their chances are of being found <u>guilty</u> <u>READ OUT</u>						
	the rich person is more likely to be found guilty,					1 8	
	they have the same chance,					36 5	
	or - the poor person is more likely to be found guilty?					57 3	
	(Don't know)					3 8	
	(NA)					0 6	
	[RELGLTY]						
c)	Now suppose another two people of different religions - one Protestant, one Catholic - each appear in court charged with a crime they did <u>not</u> commit. What do you think their chances are of being found <u>guilty</u> <u>READ OUT</u>						
	the Protestant is more likely to be found guilty,					3 7	
	they have the same chance,					75 3	
	or - the Catholic is more likely to be found guilty?					14 5	
	(Don't know)					5 8	
	(NA)					0 6	

N.I.

[REMAND]
CARD AA

109. Some prisoners in Britain are 'remand prisoners', that is they are waiting, often for long periods, for their cases to come up in court.

Which of the statements on this card comes closest to your views about remand prisoners?

ONE CODE ONLY

All those accused of a crime for which they might get a prison sentence should be remanded in prison	%	
		27.2
OR Only those who the courts believe might commit another offence or go missing should be remanded in prison		64.5
(Don't know)		7.7
(NA)		0.6

SECTION SEVEN

Now I'd like to ask you a few questions about the countryside and the environment.

CARD BB
(INTERVIEWER: SEE BELOW)

110.a) [LEISURE]
On this card are some activities people do in their leisure time. Have you taken part in any of these leisure activities in the last four weeks?

	%	
Yes		60.9
No		38.7
(NA)		0.5

IF NO AT a) [LEISUREB]

b) Can you remember when you last did any of these activities in the countryside?
IF YES: How long ago was that?

PERIOD FOR CORRECT CODE	%	
Within past month		0.8
1-3 months ago		4.2
4-6 months ago		8.6
7-12 months ago		14.2
More than one year ago		6.6
No, can't remember		4.2
(NA)		0.5

(INTERVIEWER REFERENCE ONLY)

CARD BB

In the last four weeks have you ...

- ... been for a drive, outing or picnic in the countryside
- ... been for a long walk, ramble or hike of more than 2 miles) in the countryside
- ... visited any historic or stately homes, gardens, zoos or wildlife parks in the countryside
- ... gone fishing, horse riding, shooting or hunting in the countryside
- ... visited seacoast or cliffs

N.I.

[CTRYSAME]
ASK ALL

111.a) Do you think the countryside generally is much the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you think it has changed? IF CHANGED: Has it changed a bit or a lot?

	%	
Much the same		18.1
Changed a bit		28.2
Changed a lot		51.9
(Don't know)		1.4
(NA)		0.5

[CTRYBETR]
IF CHANGED A BIT OR A LOT (CODES 2 OR 3 AT a)

b) Do you think the <u>countryside generally</u> has changed for the better or worse?	%	
Better		25.9
Worse		45.3
(Better in some ways/worse in others)		8.7
(DK)		0.1
(NA)		1.9

[CTRYCONC]
ASK ALL

112. Are you personally concerned about things that may happen to the countryside, or does it not concern you particularly?

IF CONCERNED: Are you very concerned, or just a bit concerned?	%	
Very concerned		32.3
A bit concerned		34.3
Does not concern me particularly		32.9
(NA)		0.5

CARD CC

113.a) Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside: if you think none of them is a threat, please say so. CODE ONE ONLY IN COL a) BELOW

b) And which do you think is the <u>next greatest</u> threat? CODE ONE ONLY IN COL b)	[CTHREAT1] (a)	[CTHREAT2] (b)
	Greatest threat	Next greatest
	%	%
Motorways and road building	7.5	7.7
Industrial pollution	35.1	19.9
Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerows, woodlands	8.4	7.7
Tourism and visitors	0.2	1.5
Litter	16.2	17.3
Urban growth and housing development	12.1	10.3
Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	16.9	30.5
NONE OF THESE	2.2	2.2
(Don't know)	1.0	2.4
(NA)	0.5	0.5

M 1

CARD DD

114 How concerned are you about each of these environmental issues? Please choose a phrase from the card

READ OUT a)-i) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	Very concerned	A bit concerned	Not very concerned	Not at all concerned	Don't know/ Can't say	(NA)
a) [INSECTCD] insecticides, fertilisers and chemical sprays? [SEWAGE]	2 46 5	33 9	13 9	4 2	1 1	0 5
b) [OZLAYER] disposal of sewage? [OZLAYER]	2 56 3	30 5	9 0	2 7	1 0	0 5
c) [NUCPRIISK] thinning of the ozone layer? [NUCPRIISK]	2 47 7	31 4	10 5	4 1	5 8	0 5
d) [POPGROW] risks from nuclear power stations? [POPGROW]	2 56 4	26 4	11 2	4 0	1 6	0 5
e) [GRNHSEEF] the growth in the world's population? [GRNHSEEF]	2 16 0	38 4	33 4	9 5	2 0	0 7
f) [FOSLFUBL] the 'greenhouse effect' - a rise in the world's temperature? [FOSLFUBL]	2 37 6	37 3	14 7	6 4	3 5	0 5
g) [WATRQUAL] using up earth's remaining coal, oil and gas? [WATRQUAL]	2 24 9	41 3	22 9	7 8	2 3	0 9
h) [SPECLOSS] the quality of drinking water? [SPECLOSS]	2 43 2	33 0	17 5	5 3	0 4	0 6
i) the loss of plant and animal species? [SPECLOSS]	2 41 3	37 4	14 4	4 9	1 3	0 6

CARD EK

115 Do you personally belong to any of the groups listed on this card?

CODE ALL THAT APPLY

YES: MEMBER OF	%
[CLUB1] The National Trust	2 1
[CLUB2] Royal Society for the Protection of Birds	1 6
[CLUB6] Friends of the Earth	0 6
[CLUB7] World Wildlife Fund/Worldwide Fund for Nature	1 8
[CLUB8] Greenpeace	1 0
[CLUB9] Ulster Wildlife Trust/CPRE (England/Scotland/Wales)	0 3
[CLUB3] Other wildlife or countryside protection group	0 2
[CLUB10] Ramblers Association	0 5
[CLUB4] Other countryside sport or recreation group	2 5
[CLUB11] Urban conservation group	0 2
[CLUB12] Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament	0 3
NO: [CLUB5] NONE OF THESE	90 2

M 1

116 a) Do you do any of the following regularly, sometimes or not at all nowadays?

READ OUT i)-x) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH AT a)

FOR EACH ITEM CODED 3 (NOT AT ALL) AT a)

b) Do you intend to READ ITEM in the next year or so, or not?

CODE AT b)

	(a) Does:			(b) Intend to:			(NA)
	Regularly	Sometimes	Not at all	Yes	No	(DK)	
i) [RECYCLDO][RECYCLEFT] return bottles, tins, newspapers and so on for recycling?	2 21 0	20 5	56 9	22 0	23 7	8 8	2 8
ii) [UNLEADDO][UNLEADFT] use unleaded petrol?	2 22 3	3 1	42 4	18 0	17 4	4 9	2 8
iii) [ORGANCDO][ORGANCFPT] buy organically-grown fruit and vegetables?	2 7 8	23 0	66 4	16 9	36 1	10 3	3 6
iv) [NOTESTDO][NOTESTFT] buy toiletries or cosmetics not tested on animals?	2 18 7	26 6	49 3	10 7	25 5	10 7	2 9
v) [GRWASHDO][GRWASHFT] buy environment-friendly washing powders or detergents?	2 18 8	19 0	53 6	13 6	26 8	10 3	4 1
vi) [LSMEATDO][LSMEATFT] choose to eat less meat?	2 21 0	23 7	53 1	3 1	42 2	4 4	4 0
vii) [RECPRDDO][RECPRDFT] choose products made out of recycled materials?	2 11 7	26 6	59 7	13 4	31 9	11 1	3 8
viii) [SVELECDO][SVELECTFT] make a conscious effort to save electricity?	2 40 1	27 8	31 3	7 8	18 5	2 8	2 7
ix) [DRIVLSDO][DRIVLSFT] cut back on driving your car?	2 6 9	11 5	49 5	2 8	39 7	4 1	3 5
x) [AEROSLDO][AEROSLFT] buy environment-friendly aerosols?	2 48 8	20 5	25 4	3 8	14 8	4 9	2 4

N.I.

- 41 -

[ENVIRPTY]
ASK ALL

117.	Which political party's views on the environment would you say come closest to your own views?	Z
	DO NOT PROMPT	
	Conservative	15.3
	Labour	9.9
	(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	1.9
	SDP/Social Democrat	0.1
	(Alliance) - AFTER PROBE	0.8
	Green Party/(Ecology Party)	22.9
	ONE CODE ONLY	
	Other (WRITE IN) _____	0.7
	Don't know	40.9
	None	6.9
	(NA)	0.5

[AREALIVE]

INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND THEN CHECK WITH RESPONDENT:

118.	Can I just check, would you describe the place where you live as being ... READ OUT SELECTED CODE ...	Z
	... in a big city,	10.6
	in the suburbs or outskirts of a city,	19.4
	in a small city or town,	21.4
	in a <u>country</u> village or town,	21.7
	or - in the countryside?	26.4
	(NA)	0.5

- 42 -

N.I.

SECTION EIGHT

ASK ALL

CARD FF (HOUSESAT)

Now a few questions on housing.

119.	First, in general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your own (house/flat)? Choose a phrase from the card.	Z
	Very satisfied	44.5
	Quite satisfied	40.3
	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	5.2
	Quite dissatisfied	5.2
	Very dissatisfied	4.3
	(NA)	0.3

[AREACHNG]

120.a)	How about the area you live in? Taking everything into account, would you say this area has got better, worse or remained about the same as a place to live during the <u>last two years</u> ?	Z
	Better	16.4
	Worse	11.7
	About the same	70.3
	(Don't know)	1.1
	(NA)	0.5

[AREAFUT]

b)	And what do you think will happen during the <u>next two years</u> : will this area get better, worse or remain about the same as a place to live?	Z
	Better	14.4
	Worse	11.6
	About the same	70.7
	(Don't know)	2.8
	(NA)	0.5

[TENURE1]

121. Does your household own or rent this accommodation?

PROBE AS NECESSARY

IF OWN: Outright or on a mortgage?

IF RENTS: From whom?

		Z
	Owes: Own (leasehold/freehold) outright	33.7
	Buying (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage	34.5
	Rents:	
	Housing Executive	25.6
	Housing Association	0.9
	Property company	0.7
	Employer	0.3
	Other organisation	0.4
	Relative	0.1
	Other individual	2.8
	Rent free: Rent free, squatting, etc.	0.7
	(NA)	0.3

W I

[HOMETYPE]

INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT

122

Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a **READ OUT ONE THAT YOU THINK APPLIES**

	detached house or bungalow	38 8
	semi-detached house or bungalow	21 9
	terraced house	32 8
	self-contained purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc in tenement block)	4 7
	self-contained converted flat/maisonette room(s) - not self-contained	1 1

Other (WRITE IN:) _____ 0 4

[HOMELYR] (NA)

123 a) How long have you lived in your present home **READ OUT**

	less than a year	5 7
	or - one year or more?	94 2

[HOMENYR]

IF 'ONE YEAR OR MORE' AT a) (NA) 0 1

b) How many years?

YEARS

PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE

MEDIAN:

1	2
---	---

CARD CC

124

Please use this card to say how common or uncommon each of the following things is in your area

READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

In my area, it is

	Very common	Fairly common	Not very common	Not at all common	(Don't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
a) [NOISYNGB] Noisy neighbours or loud parties?	2 2 7	4 4	26 9	65 3	0 3	0 3
b) [GRAFFITI] Graffiti on walls or buildings?	2 6 7	10 5	26 2	56 2	0 1	0 3
c) [TEENONST] Teenagers hanging around on the streets?	2 9 3	13 1	28 6	48 2	0 4	0 5
d) [DRUNKS] Drunks or tramps on the streets?	2 3	4 7	27 0	65 2	0 3	0 5
e) [RUBBISH] Rubbish or litter lying around?	1 6	24 6	28 1	35 2	0 2	0 3
f) [HMGDNBAD] Homes and gardens in bad conditions?	2 4 7	10 9	36 0	47 6	0 3	0 5
g) [VANDALS] Vandalism and deliberate damage to property?	2 4 4	10 5	31 0	53 5	0 3	0 3

W I

n = 89b

Qs 900-923

SECTION NINE

[MARSTAT]

900a) Can I just check your own marital status? At present are you **READ OUT**

	married	61 4
	living as married	1 6
	separated or divorced,	4 1
	widowed	10 2
	or - not married?	22 7

[HOUSEHLD]

b) Finally, a few questions about you and your household including yourself How many people live here regularly as members of this household?

CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION OF HOUSEHOLD IF NECESSARY

MEDIAN:

0	3
---	---

901 Now I'd like to ask for a few details about each person in your household Starting with yourself, what was your age last birthday?

WORK DOWN COLUMNS OF GRID FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD MEMBER

[RSEX] [PSEX - P10SEX]	Resp-ondent	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
a) Sex:										
Male	2	48 9								
Female		51 1								
b) [RAGE] [PAGE - P10AGE] Age last birthday:										
c) [P2REL - P10REL] Relationship to respondent: (NA)										
Spouse/partner										
Son/daughter										
Parent/parent-in-law										
Other relative										
Not related										
d) [RRESP] [P2RESP - P10RESP] HOUSEHOLD MEMBER WITH LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACCOMMODATION (INC JOINT AND SHARED)										
Yes	2	76 9								
No		23 0								
(NA)		0 1								

* CHECK THAT NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN GRID EQUALS NUMBER GIVEN AT Q 900b)

902a)	[SLFMXSCH] Did you ever attend a mixed or integrated school, that is, a school with fairly large numbers of both Catholic and Protestant children? IF YES: In Northern Ireland or somewhere else?	%	
	Yes - in Northern Ireland	16.1	
	Yes, somewhere else	2.9	
	No, did not	80.7	
	(Don't know)	0.3	
b)	[NIRCHILD] INTERVIEWER CHECK: RESPONDENT HAS CHILD(REN) AGE 5 OR OLDER IN HOUSEHOLD - SEE GRID AT Q.901 DOES NOT	%	
		43.3	
		56.7	
	[CHDMXSCH] IF CODE 1 AT b) c) And have any of your children ever attended a mixed or integrated school, with fairly large numbers of both Catholics and Protestants attending? IF YES: In Northern Ireland or somewhere else?	%	
	Yes - in Northern Ireland	5.7	
	Yes, somewhere else	0.7	
	No, have not	29.7	
	(Don't know)	0.5	
	(NA)	6.6	
903a)	[SNGPERHH] ASK ALL INTERVIEWER: IS THIS A SINGLE PERSON HOUSEHOLD - RESPONDENT ONLY PERSON AT Q.901 (p.44)	%	
	YES	13.5	
	NO	86.5	
	[DUTYRESP] IF NO AT a) b) Who is the person <u>mainly</u> responsible for general domestic duties in this household?	%	
	Respondent mainly	34.9	
	Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.) _____	41.1	
	Duties shared equally (WRITE IN BY WHOM) _____	9.5	
	(NA)	1.0	

	ASK ALL		
904a)	[CHLDINHH] INTERVIEWER: IS THERE A CHILD UNDER 16 YEARS IN HOUSEHOLD? SEE N.H. GRID, Q.901 (p.44).	%	
	YES	38.2	
	NO	61.8	
	[CHLDRESP] IF YES AT a) b) Who is the person <u>mainly</u> responsible for the general care of the child(ren) here?	%	
	Respondent mainly	15.8	
	Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.) _____	16.5	
	Care shared equally (WRITE IN BY WHOM) _____	5.9	
	[TEA] ASK ALL 905. How old were you when you completed your continuous full-time education? PROBE AS NECESSARY	%	
	15 or under	42.9	
	16	25.2	
	17	11.5	
	18	7.2	
	19 or over	11.0	
	Still at school	0.7	
	Still at college, polytechnic, or university	1.5	
	Other answer (WRITE IN) _____	-	

[SCHQUAL]
CARD 88

906a) Have you passed any of the school or college-based examinations on this card?

		Z
	Yes	41 2
	No	58 8

IF YES AT a)

b) Which ones? Any others? Z

CODE ALL THAT APPLY [EDQUAL1] CSE Grades 2-5 } 7 9
GCSE - Grades D-G }

[EDQUAL2] CSE Grade 1 }
GCE 'O' level }
GCSE - Grade A-C }
School certificate } 35 2
Scottish (SCE) Ordinary }
Scottish School-leaving Certificate lower grade }
SUPE Ordinary }
Northern Ireland Junior Certificate }

[EDQUAL3] GCE 'A' level/'S' level }
Higher school certificate } 15 5
Matriculation }
Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at Higher grade }
Northern Ireland Senior Certificate }

[EDQUAL4] Overseas School Leaving Exam/Certificate 1 0

ASK ALL
CARD JJ [PSCHQUAL]

907a) And have you passed any of the exams or got any of the qualifications on this card?

		Z
	Yes	40 2
	No	59 8

IF YES AT a) [EDQUAL5 - EDQUAL16]

b) Which ones? Any others? Z

CODE ALL THAT APPLY Z

Recognised trade apprenticeship completed 9 4
RSA/other clerical, commercial qualification 12 2

City & Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I 6 3

City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or Part III 2 4

City & Guilds Certificate - Full technological 1 9

BEC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND) 3 4

BEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND) 1 5

Teacher training qualification 3 2

Nursing qualification 2 9

Other technical or business qualification/certificate 3 8

University or CMAA degree or diploma 5 2

Other recognised academic or vocational qualification (WRITE IN) 0 5

[RECONACS]

908 INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT (Q 21, PAGE 7)

RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK 50 2

RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK 0 3

ALL OTHERS 49 5

[Never had a job 7 3]

[IF EVER HAD A JOB]

a) Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE

What (is) your job?
PROBE AS NECESSARY: What (is) the name or title of the job?
IF 'NEVER HAD JOB', WRITE IN AND GO TO Q 909

b) What kind of work (do) you do most of the time?
IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do) you use?

c) What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?

[RSUPER]

d) (Do) you directly supervise or (are) you directly responsible for the work of any other people?

IF YES: How many? Z

Yes	29 8	
No	62 3	MEDIAN 0 0 0 5
(DK)	0 1	

[REMPLOYEE]

e) Can I just check (are) you READ OUT

	Z
an employee	79 8
or - self-employed?	12 4
(NA)	0 5

N.I.

[RSECTOR]

IF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1 AT e)

CARD KK

f) Which of the types of organisation on this card (do) you work for?

CODE FIRST TO APPLY		%
	Private firm or company	46.4
	Nationalised industry/public corp.	5.9
	District Authority/Education and Library Board	7.4
	Health Board/NHS hospital	8.8
	Central Government/Civil Service	8.0
	Charity or Trust	1.4
	Other (WRITE IN) _____	1.9
	(NA)	0.1

ASK EMPLOYEES AND SELF-EMPLOYED

g) What (does) your employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED: you) make or do at the place where you usually (work)?

IF FARM, GIVE NO. OF ACRES

[REMPWORK]

h) Including yourself, how many people (are) employed at the place you usually (work) from?

IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do) you have any employees?	IF YES: How many?	(No employees)	%
			7.8
		Under 10	19.6
		10-24	11.4
		25-99	18.6
		100-499	22.4
		500 or more	11.5
		(DK)	0.5
		(NA)	0.9

[UNION]

ASK ALL

909a) Are you now a member of a trade union or staff association?

CODE FIRST TO APPLY	Yes: trade union	Yes: staff association	No	(NA)	%
					24.1
					3.2
					72.4
					0.3

[UNIONEVR]

IF NO AT a)

b) Have you ever been a member of a trade union or staff association?

CODE FIRST TO APPLY	Yes: trade union	Yes: staff association	No	(NA)	%
					24.3
					2.2
					45.7
					0.4

N.I

IF NOW OR EVER A MEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.909)

[UNION1 - UNIONS]

910. Have you ever ... READ OUT i)-vi) AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH

	Yes	No	(NA)
i) ... attended a union or staff association meeting?	% 35.5	18.4	0.4
ii) ... voted in a union or staff association election or meeting?	% 32.0	21.8	0.4
iii) ... put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff association meeting?	% 13.5	40.3	0.5
iv) ... gone on strike?	% 21.5	32.3	0.4
v) ... stood in a picket line?	% 11.8	42.1	0.4
vi) ... served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or branch committee member?	% 9.7	44.1	0.5

911a) INTERVIEWER: CHECK RESPONDENT'S MARITAL STATUS AT Q.900:

[MARSTATS]	RESPONDENT IS MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)	ALL OTHERS	%
			63.0
			37.0

CARD LL [SECONACT]

b) Which of these descriptions applied to what your (husband/wife/partner) was doing last week, that is the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL. I

IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COL. II

IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II

	COL. I	COL. II ECONOMIC POSITION
In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)	A	% 0.2
On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Employment Training, Youth Training Programme etc.)	B	0.3
In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week	C	36.0
Waiting to take up paid work already accepted	D	0.1
Unemployed and registered at a benefit office	E	2.2
Unemployed, <u>not</u> registered, but actively looking for a job	F	0.5
Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but not actively looking for job	G	0.1
Permanently sick or disabled	H	2.2
Wholly retired from work	J	7.8
Looking after the home	K	13.5
Doing something else (WRITE IN) _____	L	0.2

IF CODES 01-02, OR 05-11 AT b) [SLASTJOB]

c) How long ago did your (husband/wife/partner) last have a paid job (other than the government scheme you mentioned) of at least 10 hours a week?		%
	Within past 12 months	2.7
	Over 1-5 years ago	7.1
	Over 5-10 years ago	6.5
	Over 10-20 years ago	4.5
	Over 20 years ago	3.4
	Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a week	2.4
	(DK/NA)	0.2

N I

[SECONAC3]

912 INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF SPOUSE/PARTNER (Q 911)

	Z	
SPOUSE/PARTNER IS IN PAID WORK	36 0	
SPOUSE/PARTNER IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK	0 1	
ALL OTHERS	24 3	
(NA)	0 1	

a) Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) job
 CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE
 What (is) the name or title of that job?

b) What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time?
 IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (does) he/she use?

c) What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?

[SSUPER]

d) (Does) he/she directly supervise or (is) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?

IF YES: How many? Z

Yes	18 8	
No	40 1	MEDIAN
(DK)	1 1	
(NA)	0 6	

0 0 0 6

[SEMPLOY]

e) (Is) he/she READ OUT

	Z	
an employee,	51 1	
or - self-employed?	9 0	
(NA)	0 4	

N I

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[SSECTOR]

IF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1 AT e)

CARD NH

f) Which of the types of organisation on this card (does) he/she work for?

	Z
Private firm or company	29 3
Nationalised industry/public corporation	3 6
District Authority/Education and Library Board	5 2
Health Board/NHS hospital	6 5
Central Government/Civil Service	4 9
Charity or Trust	0 9
Other (WRITE IN)	0 7

ASK ALL WHO HAVE EVER WORKED

g) What (does) the employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED: he/she) make or do at the place where he/she usually (works)?
 IF FARM, GIVE NO OF ACRES

[SEMPWORK]

h) Including him/herself, roughly how many people (are) employed at the place where he/she usually (works) (from)?

IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Does) he/she have any employees?
 IF YES: How many? Z

(No employees)	5 7
Under 10	11 5
10-24	9 9
25-99	13 1
100-499	12 3
500 or more	6 5
(DK)	0 9
(NA)	0 7

[SPARTFUL]

i) (Is) the job READ OUT

	Z
full-time (30 HOURS+)	49 5
or - part time (10-29 HOURS)?	10 2
(NA)	0 9

N.I.

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[RELIGSAM]

IF MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED

913.	And is your (husband/wife/partner) the same religion as you?		%
	PROBE AS NECESSARY		
	Yes - same religion		58.4
	No - not same religion		3.2
	No religion at all		1.0
	(Refused)		0.1
	(NA)		0.3

[CAROWN]

ASK ALL

914	Do you, or does anyone else in your household, own or have the regular use of a car or a van?		%
	Yes		72.2
	No		27.4
	(NA)		0.4

[BENEFIT1 - BENEFIT14]

CARD IN

915.	Have you or anyone in this household received any of the benefits on this card during the last five years?		%
	IF YES: Which ones? Any others?		
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY		
	YES:		
	Child benefit (family allowance)		50.3
	Maternity benefit or allowance		9.8
	One-parent benefit		3.2
	Family credit (family income supplement)		4.5
	State retirement or widow's pension		27.3
	State supplementary pension		1.4
	Invalidity or disabled pension or benefit		9.2
	Attendance/Invalid care/Mobility allowance		4.2
	State Sickness or injury benefit		9.4
	Unemployment benefit		20.0
	Income support (supplementary benefit)		20.7
	Housing benefit (Community Charge, rate or rent rebate)		13.4
	Other state benefit(s) volunteered (WRITE IN)		0.5

IF NO, CODE ->

NONE 11.9

(NA) 0.2

N.I

- 54 -

[EVRLIVCB]

916a) Have you ever lived in mainland Britain for more than one year?

	%
Yes	16.4
No	83.6
(NA)	0.1

[EVRLIVER]

b) And have you ever lived in the Republic of Ireland for more than one year?

	%
Yes	5.1
No	94.9
(NA)	0.1

[UNINATID]

917a) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a unionist, a nationalist or neither?

	%
Unionist	41.2
Nationalist	17.6
Neither	41.0
(NA)	0.1

[UNINATST]

IF UNIONIST OR NATIONALIST AT a)

b) Would you call yourself a very strong ... (QUOTE ANSWER AT a) ... fairly strong, or not very strong?

	%
Very strong	8.9
Fairly strong	25.6
Not very strong	24.3
(Don't know)	0.1
(NA)	0.1

ASK ALL

CARD 00 (HHINCOME)

918a) Which of the letters on this card represents the total income of your household from all sources before tax? Please just tell me the letter

NB (INCLUDES INCOME FROM BENEFITS, SAVINGS, ETC ONE CODE IN COLUMN a)

b) INTERVIEWER: CHECK Q 21, PAGE 7

RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK 7
50 2

ALL OTHERS 49 8

(REARN)

c) Which of the letters on this card represents your own gross or total earnings, before deduction of income tax and national insurance?

ONE CODE IN COLUMN c)

	(a) House- hold income	(c) Own earn- ings
	%	%
Less than £3000 p a	P = 9 1	4 0
£3000 - £3999 p a	Q = 5 0	2 7
£4000 - £4999 p a	R = 5 7	3 5
£5000 - £5999 p a	T = 5 3	3 0
£6000 - £6999 p a	S = 4 3	5 6
£7000 - £7999 p a	O = 5 7	3 6
£8000 - £9999 p a	K = 7 7	4 8
£10,000 - £11,999 p a	L = 7 3	4 9
£12,000 - £14,999 p a	G = 7 4	4 9
£15,000 - £17,999 p a	Z = 7 9	4 2
£18 000 - £19,999 p a	F = 2 3	1 0
£20,000 - £22,999 p a	Y = 5 1	1 2
£23,000 - £25 999 p a	J = 3 9	0 5
£26,000 - £28,999 p a	D = 1 9	0 6
£29,000 - £31,999 p a	H = 1 3	0 5
£32,000 p a or more	C = 5 6	1 3
	(DK/NA) 14 5	3 8

ASK ALL (OWNSHARE)

919 Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including unit trusts?

Yes 2
16 2
No 83 6
(DK) 0 2

(PHONE)

920 Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation?

Yes 7
80 1
No 19 9

921a) INTERVIEWER: CHECK RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER:

EVEN NUMBER (0 2, 4, 6, 8)

ODD NUMBER (1, 3, 5, 7 9)

(LETTERM)

IF EVEN SERIAL NUMBER AT a)

SHOW ADVANCE LETTER

b) In February we sent your household a letter, giving advance notice that an interviewer would be calling to ask for an interview. The letter looked like this (SHOW)

Do you remember receiving this letter?

Yes, remembers letter

No, does not

Other (WRITE IN)

(NA)

ASK ALL (LETTERPR)

c) If you were given a choice, would you have preferred READ OUT

to have a letter in advance saying an interviewer would call,

or - to have an interviewer simply call round,

or - wouldn't it really matter?

(Don't know)

(NA)

INTERVIEWER: THANK RESPONDENT FOR HIS OR HER HELP AND COMPLETE Q 922-923

(QFILLED)

922a) THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE WAS

filled in immediately after interview in your presence

or - left behind to be filled in later

or refused (WHY?)

b) INTERVIEWER: COMPLETE Q 11 ON CASE ABOUT HOW YOU EXPECT SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE TO BE RETURNED

Completed

[WHOTHERE]

923.a) IN ADDITION TO RESPONDENT, WAS ANYBODY ELSE AGED 16 OR OLDER PRESENT DURING PART OR ALL OF THE INTERVIEW?

	%
Yes	36.2
No	57.7
(NA)	6.1

b) TIME INTERVIEW COMPLETED:

WRITE IN: 24 hr. clock

c) [DURATION] TOTAL DURATION OF INTERVIEW: (SEE FRONT COVER AND b ABOVE)

[MEDIAN: MINUTES]

d) INTERVIEWER SIGNATURE AND NUMBER

INTERVIEWER NUMBER:

e) DATE OF INTERVIEW:

DAY	MONTH	YEAR
<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="9"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>

THANK YOU:

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT CASS AND CASS SLIP ARE COMPLETELY FILLED IN. DETACH CASS SLIP AND RETURN IN A5 ENVELOPE.

ATTACH REST OF CASS, MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE AND SELF-COMPLETION (IF POSSIBLE) AND RETURN IN A4 ENVELOPE - AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

P 1090/NI

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990

SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

Feb/March 1990

OFFICE USE ONLY:	
	Area No <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Interviewer to enter:	Serial No <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Rec <input type="checkbox"/>	Interviewer No 0 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

To the selected respondent

We hope very much that you will agree to participate in this important study - the seventh in this annual series. The results are published in a book each autumn. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire and an interview. Some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey.

Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (✓) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required; we are confident that everyone will be able to offer an opinion on all questions. And we want everyone to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in by the person selected by the interviewer at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

Returning the questionnaire

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope as soon as you possibly can.

Thank you for your help

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in the UK. This survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, The Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you require further information.

N.I.

(SCUBEYAW)

2. 01 In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Obey the law without exception	48.0
Follow conscience on occasions	45.4
Can't choose	4.4
(NA)	2.2

(PROTEST1 - PROTEST6)

2. 02 There are many ways people or organisations can protest against a government action they strongly oppose.

Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on each line.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Should it be allowed?					(NA)
	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
A. Organising public meetings to protest against the government	49.5	29.9	9.0	5.9	4.7	1.0
B. Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government	41.4	33.7	10.9	8.6	3.2	2.1
C. Organising protest marches and demonstrations	29.8	33.9	14.2	17.3	2.5	2.2
D. Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days	2.9	6.9	29.3	54.9	3.1	2.9
E. Seriously damaging government buildings	1.0	0.4	6.0	88.2	1.4	3.0
F. Organising a nationwide strike of all workers against the government	12.0	20.1	21.5	39.8	3.8	2.9

Please continue

N.I.

2. 03 There are some people whose views are considered extreme by the majority.

First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
(REVMEET) i) ... hold public meetings to express their views?	15.1	24.8	19.0	34.3	4.2	2.6
(REVPUB) ii) ... publish books expressing their views?	16.9	35.0	18.5	20.2	5.3	4.1

2. 04 Second, consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
(PRJMEET) i) ... hold public meetings to express their views?	7.2	20.1	18.1	47.3	4.2	3.1
(PRJPUB) ii) ... publish books expressing their views?	9.6	24.2	20.0	37.6	4.2	4.4

2. 05 Suppose the police get an anonymous tip that a man with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

Do you think the police should be allowed, without a Court Order ...

	Definitely	Probably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(NA)
i) ... to keep the man under surveillance?	757.5	27.1	3.7	6.8	1.3	3.5
ii) ... to tap his telephone?	18.5	21.3	22.3	30.6	1.8	5.5
iii) ... to open his mail?	10.1	13.7	26.5	42.1	2.1	5.5
iv) ... to detain the man overnight for questioning?	31.7	34.1	11.6	16.3	1.9	4.6

M I

- 3 -

[JUSTICE]

2 06	All systems of justice make mistakes, but which do you think is worse:	%
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	to convict an innocent person,	67 1
	OR	
	to let a guilty person go free?	19 2
	Can't choose	10 3
2 07	What are your personal feelings about	(NA) 3 4
	[DEMOFEEL]	
	A People who organise protests against a government action they strongly oppose?	%
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	Extremely favourable	11 1
	Favourable	32 6
	Neither favourable or unfavourable	34 5
	Unfavourable	9 2
	Extremely unfavourable	2 7
	Can't choose	7 3
	(NA)	2 5
	[REVFEEL]	
	B People who want to overthrow the government by revolution?	%
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	Extremely favourable	1 7
	Favourable	2 7
	Neither favourable or unfavourable	19 7
	Unfavourable	32 1
	Extremely unfavourable	35 0
	Can't choose	6 2
	(NA)	2 6
	[RACFEEL]	
	C People who believe whites are racially superior to all other races?	%
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	Extremely favourable	0 8
	Favourable	3 3
	Neither favourable or unfavourable	15 7
	Unfavourable	29 3
	Extremely unfavourable	42 9
	Can't choose	5 1
	(NA)	3 0

Please continue

M I

- 4 -

[HIGHINC]

2 08	Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes.	
	Do you think those with high incomes should	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	%
	pay a much larger proportion,	32 6
	pay a larger proportion	50 3
	pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes,	12 6
	pay a smaller proportion,	0 5
	or - pay a much smaller proportion?	0 5
	Can't choose	2 3
	(NA)	1 1
2 09	[INCDIFF] What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes.	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	%
	Agree strongly	22 6
	Agree	39 5
	Neither agree nor disagree	18 0
	Disagree	15 9
	Disagree strongly	2 7
	(DK/NA)	1 3

N.I.

- 5 -

[GOVECON1 - GOVECON6]
 Here are some things the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against.
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Strongly in favour of	In favour of	Neither in favour of nor against	Against	Strongly against	(DK/NA)
A. Control of wages by law	2 9.0	23.9	13.5	39.8	9.7	4.1
B. Control of prices by law	2 18.4	39.2	12.9	22.1	4.7	2.8
C. Cuts in government spending	2 10.4	30.0	19.4	26.5	8.6	5.1
D. Government financing of projects to create new jobs	2 29.4	54.7	7.8	4.0	0.8	3.3
E. Less government regulation of business	2 7.0	35.2	38.8	12.4	2.1	4.5
F. Support for industry to develop new products and technology	2 30.5	53.7	11.2	1.2	0.6	2.8
G. Support for declining industries to protect jobs	2 21.3	41.2	20.4	12.6	1.4	3.1
H. Reducing the working week to create more jobs	2 12.1	30.0	26.5	23.4	5.5	2.5

2.11 Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area.
 Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it.
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
[GVSPEND1 - GVSPEND8]

	Spend much more	Spend more	Spend the same as now	Spend much less	Spend less	Can't choose	(NA)
A. The environment	2 12.8	41.2	34.0	3.5	0.5	4.2	3.8
B. Health	2 39.3	48.5	8.9	0.8	-	0.8	1.7
C. The police and law enforcement	2 8.3	25.8	50.1	8.3	2.4	2.2	2.9
D. Education	2 23.3	47.8	22.8	2.2	-	1.0	2.8
E. The military and defence	2 3.8	10.1	39.4	27.4	13.8	2.6	2.9
F. Old age pensions	2 39.5	48.8	8.6	0.2	-	0.8	2.1
G. Unemployment benefits	2 17.0	34.4	32.8	8.8	2.1	1.9	3.0
H. Culture and the arts	2 1.1	11.5	40.5	24.9	11.6	7.3	3.1

Please continue

N.I.

- 6 -

[UNEMINF2]
 If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Keeping down inflation	2 48.2
Keeping down unemployment	2 45.6
Can't choose	2 5.0
(NA)	2 1.2

2.13 *[TUPOWER]*
 Do you think that trade unions in this country have too much power or too little power?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Far too much power	2 8.6
Too much power	2 23.1
About the right amount of power	2 41.8
Too little power	2 13.3
Far too little power	2 2.9
Can't choose	2 9.3
(NA)	2 1.0

2.14 *[BUSPOWER]*
 How about business and industry? Do they have too much power or too little power?
 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Far too much power	2 5.3
Too much power	2 17.8
About the right amount of power	2 53.6
Too little power	2 9.0
Far too little power	2 0.7
Can't choose	2 12.5
(NA)	2 1.2

(GOVPOWER)
2 15 And what about the government does it have too much power or too little power?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Far too much power	17 9
Too much power	27 6
About the right amount of power	44 1
Too little power	3 1
Far too little power	0 7
Can't choose	5 5
(NA)	1 0

(TUCOUNTRY)
2 16 In general, how good would you say trade unions are for the country as a whole?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Excellent	1 9
Very good	15 0
Fairly good	54 9
Not very good	14 2
Not good at all	4 0
Can't choose	9 2
(NA)	0 8

2 17 What do you think the government's role in each of these industries and services should be?

The government should:

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Own it	Control prices and profits but not own it	Neither own it nor control its prices & profits	Can't choose
A (GOVROLE1) Electricity	25 6	47 0	16 3	9 8
B (GOVROLE8) The steel industry	13 7	38 9	28 5	16 6
C (GOVROLE4) Banking and insurance	7 1	41 4	34 3	15 1

Please continue

(GOVRESPI - GOVRESPI9)
2 18 On the whole, do you think it should or should not be the government's responsibility to

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		Definitely should be	Probably should be	Probably should not be	Definitely should not be	Can't choose	(NA)
A	provide a job for everyone who wants one	230 9	39 5	15 9	8 5	2 3	2 9
B	keep prices under control	148 5	38 8	6 9	1 8	0 7	3 3
C	provide health care for the sick	279 9	16 1	0 7	0 3	0 2	2 9
D	provide a decent standard of living for the old	178 9	17 5	0 9	0 3	0 3	2 1
E	provide industry with the help it needs to grow	141 4	47 5	5 1	1 0	2 2	2 7
F	provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed	142 4	42 4	8 9	2 6	1 2	2 5
G	reduce income differences between the rich and poor	142 8	32 8	13 8	4 9	2 5	3 3
H	give financial help to university students from low-income families	252 9	36 6	4 7	2 0	1 4	2 4
I	provide decent housing for those who can't afford it	152 1	36 7	5 7	1 4	1 7	2 4

(POLITIC2)
2 19 How interested would you say you personally are in politics?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	(NA)	Very interested	Fairly interested	Somewhat interested	Not very interested	Not at all interested	Can't choose	(NA)
		6 2	23 3	20 7	29 2	17 4	1 0	2 2

Now for some questions on different subjects.

[ABORT1 - ABORT2]

2. 20 Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Should abortion be allowed by law?		(DK/NA)
	Yes	No	
The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child	732.3	62.8	4.9
The couple agree they do not wish to have the child	734.8	59.8	5.4
The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man	732.5	61.9	5.6
The couple cannot afford any more children	729.5	64.8	5.8
There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby	759.4	35.1	5.5
The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy	775.9	19.2	4.8
The woman became pregnant as a result of rape	770.6	24.8	4.5

[PORNO]

2. 21 Which of these statements comes closest to your views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
They should be banned altogether	50.7
They should be available in special adult shops but not displayed to the public	33.3
They should be available in special adult shops with public display permitted	5.6
They should be available in any shop for sale to adults only	7.1
They should be available in any shop for sale to anyone	1.2
(DK/NA)	2.2

2. 22a) The UK controls the numbers of people from abroad that are allowed to settle in this country. Please say, for each of the groups below, whether you think the UK should allow more settlement, less settlement, or about the same amount as now.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

[AUSIEIMM]

	More settlement	Less settlement	About the same as now
Australians and New Zealanders	78.5	25.7	62.8

[ASIANIMM]

	More settlement	Less settlement	About the same as now
Indians and Pakistanis	72.7	55.6	38.9

[EECIMM]

	More settlement	Less settlement	About the same as now
People from common market countries	78.8	35.6	52.5

[WIIMM]

	More settlement	Less settlement	About the same as now
West Indians	72.8	54.1	40.2

[RELCONTL]

b) Now thinking about the families (husbands, wives, children, parents) of people who have already settled in the UK, would you say in general that the UK should ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
... be <u>stricter</u> in controlling the settlement of close relatives	35.9
or - be <u>less strict</u> in controlling the settlement of close relatives	17.0
or - keep the controls about the <u>same</u> as now	44.3

(DK/NA) 2.8

2. 23 Are you in favour of or against the death penalty for ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	In favour	Against
... murder in the course of a terrorist act?	753.6	42.4
... murder of a police officer?	753.5	41.2
... other murders?	746.9	47.3

(DK/NA)

2. 24 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

[CRIMENI]

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly
a. Except for the Troubles, there is generally little crime in Northern Ireland	714.0	55.4	13.0	13.7	2.5
b. Sentences for crimes connected with the Troubles are generally much too soft	729.8	34.2	15.6	15.2	3.1
c. People are generally more afraid of crime than they need to be	76.1	33.9	26.5	28.2	2.8

(DK/NA)

2 25 And please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
a [PEACE/LNI] Northern Ireland is a much more peaceful place than people living in Britain think	239 0	50 7	4 4	4 1	0 6	1 3
b [PCARMYOF] When the police or the army commit an offence in Northern Ireland, they usually get away with it	113 8	21 1	21 5	32 8	8 9	1 9
c [RCINRUC] It would be better for Northern Ireland if there were more Catholics in the RUC	120 1	38 4	28 0	7 5	4 4	1 7

2 26 [DSBNDUDR] Some people say that the Ulster Defence Regiment - the UDR - should be disbanded Others say it is necessary

Which comes closest to your views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
The UDR definitely should be disbanded	21 3
The UDR probably should be disbanded	11 3
The UDR probably should <u>not</u> be disbanded	18 5
The UDR definitely should <u>not</u> be disbanded	37 5

OR

It doesn't matter either way 9 2

(DK/NA) 2 2

[TERTVB-N]

2 27a) Should the law allow television to show incc views with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
The law definitely should allow it,	11 8
probably should allow it,	14 8
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	18 7
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	46 8
Can't choose	6 2
(NA)	1 7

[TERNPBAN]

b) And should the law allow newspapers to publish interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
The law definitely should allow it	12 0
probably should allow it,	18 5
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	21 0
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	40 7
Can't choose	6 0
(NA)	1 8

[TERBKBAN]

c) And should the law allow people who support acts of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing their views?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
The law definitely should allow it,	10 5
probably should allow it,	21 1
probably should <u>not</u> allow it,	24 2
or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	36 3
Can't choose	6 4
(NA)	1 6

(JURYRIGHT)

2. 28 Which of these two statements comes closest to your views?
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

People charged with serious crimes should <u>always</u> have the right to a jury trial	%	42.1
--	---	------

OR

There should not always be a right to a jury trial - for instance when the jury might be in danger	%	65.7
--	---	------

Can't choose 10.2

(NA) 2.0

(FINEPAMA)

2. 29 Suppose a 16-year old is fined by a court, but does not pay the fine. Should the parents be required by law to pay the fine, or not?
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Definitely should be required to pay	%	35.2
--------------------------------------	---	------

Probably should be required to pay	%	28.7
------------------------------------	---	------

Probably should <u>not</u> be required to pay	%	18.7
---	---	------

Definitely should <u>not</u> be required to pay	%	11.6
---	---	------

Can't choose 4.3

(NA) 1.4

2. 30 As long as there is no threat to security, should prisoners be allowed to ...
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH ITEM

(PRISBKS)

a) ... have as many books to read as they wish?	%	89.3	7.5
---	---	------	-----

(PRISLTRS)

b) ... write and receive as many letters as they wish?	%	81.7	14.6
--	---	------	------

Please continue

2. 31 Do you think that people in each of these sorts of jobs should or should not be allowed the right to go on strike?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Definitely should be allowed to strike	Probably should be allowed to strike	Probably should <u>not</u> be allowed to strike	Definitely should <u>not</u> be allowed to strike	(DK/N)
<i>(PCSTRK)</i>					
a) ... police officers?	% 16.0	24.3	30.6	28.9	2.2
<i>(NURSSTRK)</i>					
b) ... nurses?	% 23.9	35.8	22.7	15.5	2.2
<i>(CARWSTRK)</i>					
c) ... car workers?	% 24.6	54.0	12.5	5.7	3.2
<i>(COUNSTRK)</i>					
d) ... council workers?	% 21.8	48.4	18.7	8.0	3.1
<i>(ELECSTRK)</i>					
e) ... electricity supply workers?	% 17.8	32.7	26.3	20.4	2.8
<i>(HDOCSTRK)</i>					
f) ... hospital doctors?	% 19.3	27.2	23.3	28.1	2.1

(CSSILENT)

2. 32 Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue.

Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's department to reveal the correct facts,	%	79.3
---	---	------

OR

Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?	%	8.3
--	---	-----

Can't choose 10.9

(NA) 1.5

(BILRITES)

2. 33 Some people support a Bill of Rights for the UK which would give the courts rather than parliament the final say on any laws or government actions which threaten basic freedoms. Others say it is better to leave things as they are. What do you think?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Definitely should be a Bill of Rights	%	22.7
---------------------------------------	---	------

Probably should be a Bill of Rights	%	35.9
-------------------------------------	---	------

Probably should <u>not</u> be a Bill of Rights	%	12.1
--	---	------

Definitely should <u>not</u> be a Bill of Rights	%	3.3
--	---	-----

Can't choose 24.8

(NA) 1.3

(DK/NA)

3.2

3.7

[ENVIR1 - ENVIR7]

2 35 How serious an effect on our environment do you think each of these things has?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Very serious	Quite serious	Not very serious	Not at all serious	(DK/NA)
Noise from aircraft	214 0	58 7	18 4	5 5	3 4
Lead from petrol	233	15 3	50 0	28 5	2 9
Industrial waste in the rivers and sea	212	5 3	30 0	61 4	2 1
Waste from nuclear electricity stations	224	8 5	23 2	62 8	3 1
Industrial fumes in the air	221	7 5	36 8	50 9	2 7
Noise and dirt from traffic	226	22 1	48 4	23 9	2 9
Acid rain	230	14 3	37 0	42 0	3 7

[POWER]

2 36a) Which one of these three possible solutions to the UK's electricity needs would you favour most?

	%	(DK/NA)
We should make do with the power stations we have already	58 9	
We should build more coal-fuelled power stations	30 7	
We should build more nuclear power stations	6 6	

[NUCPOWER]

b) As far as nuclear power stations are concerned, which of these statements comes closest to your own feelings?

	%	(DK/NA)
They create very serious risks for the future	47 3	
They create quite serious risks for the future	31 1	
They create only slight risks for the future	13 7	
They create hardly any risks for the future	3 5	

[DAMAGE]

2 37a) Which one of these two statements comes closest to your own views?

	%	(DK/NA)
Industry should be prevented from causing damage to the countryside, even if this sometimes leads to higher prices	82 2	
OR		
Industry should keep prices down, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside	14 8	

[CTRYJOBS]

b) And which of these two statements comes closest to your own views?

	%	(DK/NA)
The countryside should be protected from development, even if this sometimes leads to fewer new jobs	67 2	
OR		
New jobs should be created, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside	28 4	

(DK/NA) 4 4

2 34 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
[ELECRTAG]						
a) People on probation or parole should be fitted with a transmitter - that is, an electronic tag - so the police can check where they are	20 8	35 9	18 5	17 3	5 8	1 7
[PCGUNS]						
b) On-duty police officers should always carry guns	29 6	37 2	14 2	14 7	3 1	1 2
[LITSENT]						
c) Too many convicted criminals are let off lightly by the courts	33 6	40 4	14 4	8 6	1 9	1 1
[CONFESSW]						
d) A confession made during police questioning and later withdrawn should <u>not</u> be enough to convict someone	17 9	47 3	18 7	11 2	2 6	2 3
[PCWOSOLC]						
e) The police should be allowed to question suspects for up to a week without letting them see a solicitor	5 4	12 0	11 6	42 5	27 0	1 6
[REFUGEES]						
f) Refugees who are in danger because of their political beliefs should always be welcome in the UK	6 9	29 2	30 5	24 8	7 0	1 7
[PCCOMPLN]						
g) Serious complaints against the police should be investigated by an independent body, not by the police themselves	36 0	42 5	10 0	7 9	1 7	1 9
[IDCARDS]						
h) Every adult in the UK should have to carry an identity card	9 4	28 0	22 2	26 5	12 2	1 8
[CRINSLMT]						
i) If someone remains silent under police questioning it should count against them in court	13 4	30 1	17 9	27 0	10 1	1 5
[MINPRISN]						
j) The prisons contain too many people who ought to be given a lighter punishment	8 3	28 2	32 6	24 8	4 2	1 8
[ROWARRANT]						
k) The police should not need a warrant to search the homes of suspects	9 0	15 5	9 5	41 7	22 9	1 4

2. 38 Please tick one box on each line to show you you feel about ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	It should be stopped altogether	It should be discouraged	Don't mind one way or the other	It should be encouraged	(DK/NA)
<i>(CTRYFARM)</i> ... Increasing the amount of countryside being farmed	% 3.4	24.9	46.0	23.5	2.2
<i>(CTRYHSNG)</i> ... Building new housing in country areas	% 9.2	44.1	29.8	15.3	1.5
<i>(WILDLIFE)</i> ... Putting the needs of farmers before protection of wildlife	% 10.7	46.9	27.6	12.4	2.4
<i>(CTRYROAD)</i> ... Providing more roads in country areas	% 7.3	37.8	32.3	20.5	2.1
<i>(PICNIC)</i> ... Increasing the number of picnic areas and camping sites in the countryside	% 2.7	12.8	36.2	46.9	1.4

(PREDICT1 - PREDICT?)

2. 39 Here is a list of predictions. For each one, please say how likely or unlikely you think it is to come true within the next ten years?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION

	Very likely	Quite likely	Not very likely	Not at all likely	(DK/NA)
Acts of political terrorism in the UK will be common events	% 19.8	51.0	24.3	2.1	2.8
Riots and civil disturbance in our cities will be common events	% 15.1	48.4	30.9	2.7	2.9
There will be a world war involving the UK and Europe	% 2.0	10.6	57.2	26.8	3.4
There will be a serious accident at a UK nuclear power station	% 15.2	46.6	31.3	3.6	3.4
The police in our cities will find it impossible to protect our personal safety on the streets	% 10.5	37.9	43.8	5.1	2.8
The government in the UK will be overthrown by revolution	% 2.3	7.9	52.0	36.7	3.1
A nuclear bomb will be dropped somewhere in the world	% 5.0	18.7	44.1	29.1	3.1

Please continue

2. 40 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
<i>(GOVERNIR)</i> a) The government should do more to protect the environment, even if it leads to higher taxes.	% 15.0	42.5	24.1	13.0	1.6	3.8
<i>(INDENVIR)</i> b) Industry should do more to protect the environment, even if it leads to lower profits and fewer jobs.	% 15.9	42.5	23.7	12.8	1.2	3.9
<i>(PPLENVIR)</i> c) Ordinary people should do more to protect the environment, even if it means paying higher prices.	% 16.3	47.3	21.7	10.1	1.6	3.0

(WRLDTEMP)

2. 41a) Please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about the following statement:

"Within twenty years, life on earth will be seriously damaged by a rise in the world's temperature."

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

It is highly exaggerated	% 12.8
It is slightly exaggerated	34.6
It is more or less true	49.2
(DK/NA)	3.4
b) And please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about this statement:	
"Within twenty years, damage to the environment will be the biggest single problem facing Europe."	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
It is highly exaggerated	% 12.4
It is slightly exaggerated	34.5
It is more or less true	49.7
(DK/NA)	3.4

2 42 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly
a) Too much money is spent trying to protect rare plants and animals <i>(SCNCSJOLV)</i>	2 4 9	18 3	32 8	35 2	5 8
b) Science can solve environmental problems without any need for people to change their behaviour <i>(COSHTEST)</i>	2 1 1	17 0	22 6	43 9	11 8
c) It is acceptable to use animals for testing and improving cosmetics <i>(MEDIIEST)</i>	2 1 4	5 5	11 4	45 5	33 6
d) It is acceptable to use animals for testing medicines if it could save human lives <i>(FOXHUNT)</i>	2 9 2	50 5	16 2	14 8	6 3
e) Fox hunting should be banned by law <i>(CARTAXHI)</i>	2 24 4	32 6	19 9	13 1	6 4
f) For the sake of the environment, car users should pay higher taxes <i>(POLUTAID)</i>	2 3 4	13 3	21 7	45 4	13 3
g) Richer countries ought to give financial help to poorer countries to help them cut back on their pollution <i>(IMPRROAD)</i>	2 18 7	53 6	16 4	7 2	1 2
h) If the government had to choose, it should improve roads rather than public transport	2 10 0	34 5	24 6	23 5	4 7

2 43 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly
a) Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off <i>(BIGBUSWV)</i>	2 16 6	39 3	19 2	19 2	2 8
b) Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers <i>(WEALTH)</i>	2 14 6	42 7	18 7	18 0	2 3
c) Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth <i>(RICHLOW)</i>	2 20 5	50 8	15 7	9 6	0 7
d) There is one law for the rich and one for the poor <i>(INDUST4)</i>	2 25 4	39 8	15 0	14 9	1 8
e) Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance	2 21 1	45 0	14 8	15 6	1 0

* The third character of the variable is an 'o', not a 'd'

2 44 And please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	Agree strongly	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/NA)
a) Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional values <i>(TRADVALS)</i>	2 24 1	49 2	16 1	9 1	0 6	1 0
b) People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences <i>(STIFSENT)</i>	2 22 0	48 3	19 3	9 1	0 3	1 1
c) People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the government <i>(PROTHEET)</i>	2 13 6	53 4	19 1	11 8	0 8	1 3
d) For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence <i>(DEATHAPP)</i>	2 22 1	31 1	6 9	23 4	14 6	1 8
e) People should be allowed to publish leaflets to protest against the government <i>(PROTLEAF)</i>	2 12 7	51 1	20 8	12 5	1 2	1 7
f) Schools should teach children to obey authority <i>(OBEY)</i>	2 29 8	54 4	8 3	5 7	0 9	0 9
g) People should be allowed to organise protest marches and demonstrations <i>(PROTDEMO)</i>	2 11 4	45 8	22 3	17 0	2 1	1 3
h) The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong <i>(WRONGLAW)</i>	2 7 6	32 6	22 2	31 0	5 3	1 3
i) Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards <i>(CENSOR)</i>	2 23 7	45 3	14 9	11 8	3 3	1 0

(QTIME)

2. 45a) To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	%
Less than 15 minutes	4.1
Between 15 and 20 minutes	20.3
Between 20 and 30 minutes	34.7
Between 30 and 45 minutes	26.1
Between 45 and 60 minutes	9.8
Over one hour	3.6
(NA)	1.4

(SQDATE2)

- b) And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?

PLEASE WRITE IN

--	--

DATE

--	--

MONTH

9	0
---	---

YEAR

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.

APPENDIX H

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

and

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Location of derived variables recoded on the datatape

LOCATION OF DERIVED VARIABLES RECODED ON THE DATATAPE

VARIABLE (SPSS NAME OF DERIVED VARIABLE)	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
1. Weight (format xx xxxx) [WTFACOR]	115-16 132-33 139-40 1611-55	172-78
2a) Age within sex of respondents [RSEXAGE]	1611 1612-13	2645-46
Age: 18-24		Male = 01 Female = 09
25-34		02 10
35-44		03 11
45-54		04 12
55-59		05 13
60-64		06 14
65+		07 15
Refused/not answered		08 16
2b) Age of respondent [RAGECAT]	1612-13	2648
18-24		1
25-34		2
35-44		3
45-54		4
55-59		5
60-64		6
65+		7
Refused/not answered		8
3a) Standard region [STREGION]	108-09	2650-51
Scotland	11	01
Northern	01	02
North West	02	03
Yorks & Humberside	03	04
West Midlands	04	05
East Midlands	05	06
East Anglia	06	07
South West	07	08
South East (excl. Greater London)	08	09
Greater London	09	10
Wales	10	11
Northern Ireland	12	12
3b) Standard region (compressed) [REGION]	108-09	2652
Scotland	11	1
North, North West, Yorks & Humberside	01, 02, 03	2
Midlands (East and West)	04, 05	3
Wales	10	4
South (East, West and East Anglia)	06, 07, 08	5
Greater London	09	6
Northern Ireland	12	7

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
4. Household type [HHTYPE] (one code only: priority code)	['Household grid'] 1611-1659	2654
Single adult, 60 or over		1
Two adults, one/both 60 or over		2
Single adult, 18-59		3
Two adults, both 18-59		4
Youngest person 0-4		5
Youngest person 5-17		6
3 or more adults		7
Insufficient information		9
5a) Party political identification (Britain only) [PTYALLEG]	219-222	2656-57
Conservative: Partisan		01
Sympathiser		02
Residual identifier		03
Labour: Partisan		04
Sympathiser		05
Residual identifier		06
SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance: Partisan		07
Sympathiser		08
Residual identifier		09
Other party		10
None		11
Green Party: Partisan		12
Sympathiser		13
Residual identifier		14
Other/don't know/not answered		98
5b) Party political identification (compressed) (Britain only) [PARTYID2]	219-222	2659
Conservative	01	1
Labour	02	2
SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance	03-05	3
Other party	06-08	4
None	10	5
Green Party	95	6
Other/don't know/not answered	09, 97-99	8

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
5c) Party political identification: Northern Ireland only (including mainland parties) [NIPYALG1]	1108-11	2661-62
Conservative:		
Partisan		01
Sympathiser		02
Residual identifier		03
Labour:		
Partisan		04
Sympathiser		05
Residual identifier		06
SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance:		
Partisan		07
Sympathiser		08
Residual identifier		09
Northern Ireland Alliance:		
Partisan		20
Sympathiser		21
Residual identifier		22
Democratic Unionist:		
Partisan		23
Sympathiser		24
Residual identifier		25
Official Unionist:		
Partisan		26
Sympathiser		27
Residual identifier		28
Other Unionist party:		
Partisan		29
Sympathiser		30
Residual identifier		31
Sinn Fein:		
Partisan		32
Sympathiser		33
Residual identifier		34
SDLP:		
Partisan		35
Sympathiser		36
Residual identifier		37
Workers' Party		38
Campaign for Equal Citizenship		39
Green Party:		
Partisan		40
Sympathiser		41
Residual identifier		42
Other party		97
None		98
Other/don't know/not answered		99

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
5d) Party political identification - Northern Ireland only (compressed) (including mainland parties) [NIPTYID2]	1110-11	2664-65
Conservative	01	01
Labour	02	02
SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance	03-05	03
Northern Ireland Alliance	20	20
Democratic Unionist	21	30
Official Unionist	22	31
Sinn Fein	24	40
SDLP	25	50
Green Party	95	60
Other party (incl. other unionist)	23; 26; 27; 08	97
None	10	98
Other/don't know/not answered	09; 97-99	99

5e) Party political identification - (Northern Ireland parties only) [NIPYALG2]	1108-13	2667-68
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N.B. If respondent chose a British party (columns 1110-11, codes 01-05) he or she is categorised as a residual identifier.

Northern Ireland		
Alliance:	Partisan	20
	Sympathiser	21
	Residual identifier	22
Democratic Unionist:		
	Partisan	23
	Sympathiser	24
	Residual identifier	25
Official Unionist:		
	Partisan	26
	Sympathiser	27
	Residual identifier	28
Other Unionist party:		
	Partisan	29
	Sympathiser	30
	Residual identifier	31
Sinn Fein:		
	Partisan	32
	Sympathiser	33
	Residual identifier	34
SDLP:		
	Partisan	35
	Sympathiser	36
	Residual identifier	37
	Workers' Party	38
	Campaign for Equal Citizenship	39
Green Party:		
	Partisan	40
	Sympathiser	41
	Residual identifier	42

Other party	97
None	98
Other/don't know/not answered	99
Location of derived variables (cont'd)	

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
5f) Party political identification - Northern Ireland only (compressed) (Northern Ireland parties only) [NIPTYID4]	1112-13	2670-71
Northern Ireland Alliance	20	20
Democratic Unionist	21	31
Official Unionist	22	32
Other Unionist party	23	80
Sinn Fein	24	40
SDLP	25	50
Workers' Party	26	60
Campaign for Equal Citizenship	27	70
Green Party	95	75
Other party	08	97
None	10	98
Other/don't know/not answered	09; 97-99	99
6) Current economic position [RECONPOS] [SECONPOS]	Respondent. 273-74; 275; 311/564 Spouse/partner. 1868-69;	Respondent: 2673-74 Spouse/partner. 2675-76
In paid work:	1918; 1926	
Employee (full-time)*		01
Employee (part-time)		02
Self-employed (full-time)*		03
Self-employed (part-time)		04
Status not known		05
Waiting to take up paid work		06
Unemployed		07
Looking after the home		08
Retired		09
In full-time education		10
Other		11
Don't know/not answered		99
No spouse/partner		00

* 30 or more hours a week

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
7. Socio-economic Group (SEG) - grouped (based on current or last job) [RSEGGRP] [SSEGGRP]	Respondent: 1839-40 Spouse/partner: 1908-09	Respondent: 2678 Spouse/partner: 2679
Professional	03, 04	1
Employers	01, 02, 13	2
Intermediate (non-manual)	05	3
Junior (non-manual)	06	4
Skilled (manual)	08, 09, 12,14	5
Semi-skilled (manual)	07,10	6
Unskilled (manual)	11,15	7
Other occupation	16	8
Occupation not classifiable	17	9
Never had a job*	-01	0

* Includes missing information/no spouse or partner

8. Registrar General's Social Class (based on current or last job) [RRGCLASS] [SRGCLASS]	Respondent: 1841-42 Spouse/partner: 1910-11	Respondent: 2708 Spouse/partner: 2709
I		1
II		2
III (non-manual)		3
III (manual)		4
IV		5
V		6
Not classifiable		9
Never had a job*		0

* Includes missing information/no spouse or partner

9. Goldthorpe class schema (compressed) (based on current or last job) [RGHGRP] [SGHGRP]	Respondent: 1843-44 Spouse/partner: 1912-13	Respondent: 2711 Spouse/partner: 2712
Salariat (professional and managerial)	01, 02	1
Routine non-manual workers (office and sales)	03, 04	2
Petty bourgeoisie (the self- employed incl. farmers, with and without employees)	05, 06, 07	3
Manual foremen and supervisors	08	4
Working class (skilled, semi- skilled and unskilled manual workers, personal service and agricultural workers)	09, 10, 11	5
Insufficient information	99	9
Never had a job*	- 1	0

* Includes no spouse or partner

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
10a) Sectoral location (based on current or last job) [RINDSECT] [SINDSECT]	Respondent: SIC 1852-53 SECTOR 1850-51 Spouse/partner: SIC 1923-24 SECTOR 1921-22	Respondent: 2714 Spouse/partner. 2715
Private sector manufacturing		1
Private sector non-manufacturing		2
Public sector service		3
Public sector manufacturing, transport and construction		4
Not classifiable		9
Never had a job*		0
* Includes no spouse or partner		
10b) Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (compressed) (based on current or last job) [RINDDIV] [SINDDIV]	Respondent 1852-53 Spouse/partner 1923-24	Respondent 2716-17 Spouse/partner. 2718-19
Agriculture etc.		01
Energy/water		02
Metal extraction and chemicals		03
Metal goods/engineering		04
Other manufacturing		05
Construction		06
Distribution		07
Transport/communication		08
Banking/finance		09
Other services		10
Never had a job*		00
Not classifiable		98
* Includes no spouse or partner		
11. Household members' attendance at private schools (Britain only)* [PRIVED]	1708-12	2721
Respondent attended private school		1
Respondent has not, but spouse/ partner or children attended private school		2
No-one in household has attended private school		3
Missing information		8
* Priority code		

Location of derived variables (cont'd)

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
12. Highest educational qualification obtained [HEDQUAL]	1733-40* 1742-65	2723
Degree	15	1
Higher education below degree level	09, 11-14	2
A' level (or equivalent)	03, 08,10	3
O' level (or equivalent)	02, 07	4
CSE (or equivalent)	01, 05, 06	5
Foreign and other	04, 97	6
No qualifications	1732/2 AND 1741/2	7
Don't know/not answered		8
* Qualifications 'exploded' onto Columns 1766-79, 1808-25		
13. Legal responsibility of respondent for accommodation [LEGALRES]	['Household grid'] 1614, 1619 etc.	2725
Sole		1
Shared		2
None		3
No information		9
14. Accommodation tenure (summary) [TENURE2]	1479-80	2727
Owned/being bought	01, 02	1
Rented (LA/New Town Development Corporation, Housing Executive)	03, 04	2
Rented (Housing Association)	05	3
Rented (other)	06-10	4
Rent free, squatting, etc.	11	5
No information	98, 99	9
15. Marital status (summary) [MARRIED]	1608	2729
Married/living as married	1, 2	1
Separated/divorced	3	2
Widowed	4	3
Never married	5	4
No information	8, 9	9
16. Religion (summary) [RELIGSUM]	961-62	2730
Church of England/Anglican/ Church of Ireland	04	1
Roman Catholic	03	2
Other Christian	02, 05-08, 21-23, 27	3
Non-Christian	09-14	4
No religion	01	5
Don't know/not answered	98, 99	8

APPENDIX I

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Cross-index of questionnaires 1983-1990

CROSS-INDEX OF BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES QUESTIONNAIRES

1983 - 1990

A Interview questionnaire

		SURVEY YEAR					
1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
2a-e	2a-e	2a-e	2a-e	2a-e	2a-d	2a-d ¹	
9a	5a 5b	3a 3b	3a 3b	3a 3b	3a 3b	3a 3b	
	5c	3c	3c	3c	3c	3c	
14	9	4	4	4	4	4 ²	
	10	5	5	5	5	5	
17	11	6	6	6	6	6	
	12	7	7	7	7	7	
	13	8	8	8	8	8 ³	
	14	9	9	9	9	9	
16	15		10	10	10	10	
18	16a	10	11	11	11	12	
19	17	11	12	12	12	13	
20	18a 18b	12a 12b	13a 13b	13a 13b	13a 13b	14a 14b	
21	19	13	14	14	14	15	
23	20	14	15	15	15	16	
9c	21	15	16	16	16	17	
25	22	16	17	18	18	18	
26			18	19	19	19	
27a	23a 23b 24a	17a 17b 18a	19a 19b 20a	20a 20b 21a	20a 20b 21a	20a 20b 21	
	24b	18b	20b	21b	21b	22	
28	25	19	21	22	22	23 ⁴	
29	26	20	22	23	23	24	
30	27	21	23	24	24	26 ⁵	
31	28	22	24	25	25	27	
32a	29a	23a	25a	26a	26a	28	
32b	29b	23b	25b	26b	27b	29	
32c, d	29c, d	24a, b	26a, b		27a, b	30a, b	
35	36	27	30	31	30	31	
36a	37a		31a	32a	31a	32a	

N B Superscript numbers refer to the Notes to the Cross-index (following)

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
36c.....	37c.....	.....	31c.....	32c.....	31c.....	32b.....
.....	.....	32a,b.....	.....	.....	35a,b.....	33a,b.....
.....	.....	32c,d.....	.....	.....	35c,d.....	34a,b.....
.....	.....	37.....	.....	38.....	.....	45 ⁶
.....	.....	38a.....	.....	39a.....	.....	46.....
.....	.....	38b.....	.....	39b.....	.....	47.....
.....	.....	38c.....	.....	39c.....	.....	48a.....
37.....	38.....	39.....	32.....	40.....	37.....	49.....
38.....	39.....	40.....	33.....	41.....	38.....	50.....
39a.....	40a.....	41a.....	34a.....	42a.....	46a.....	52 ⁷
39c.....	40c.....	41c.....	34c.....	42d.....	46c.....	53.....
40a.....	43a.....	43a.....	36a.....	43a.....	48a.....	54.....
41a.....	44a.....	44a.....	37a.....	44a.....	49a.....	55.....
41b.....	44b.....	44b.....	37b.....	44b.....	49b.....	56.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	45a.....	50a.....	57.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	45b.....	50b.....	58.....
.....	.....	48.....	.....	47.....	.....	68.....
42a.....	45a.....	49a.....	39a.....	48a.....	53a.....	70,71b...
44a,b.....	49c,d.....	53a,b.....	43a,b.....	49a,b.....	55a,b.....	72a,b.....
44d.....	49e.....	53c.....	43c.....	49c.....	55c.....	74.....
44e.....	49g.....	53d.....	43d.....	49d.....	55d.....	75a.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	51.....	59.....	75b.....
46d.....	52a.....	58a.....	48a.....	52a.....	62a.....	78.....
46a.....	52b.....	58b.....	48b.....	52b.....	62b.....	79.....
46b,c.....	52c,d.....	58c,d.....	48c,d.....	52c,d.....	62c,d.....	80a,b.....
.....	52e.....	58e.....	48e.....	52e.....	62e.....	81.....
.....	.....	.....	49b.....	53b.....	63b.....	82b.....
47.....	54.....	60.....	50.....	54.....	64.....	83.....
48.....	55.....	.....	51.....	56.....	65.....	84.....
50.....	57.....	69.....	53.....	57.....	67.....	104.....
51.....	58.....	60.....	54.....	58.....	68.....	105.....
52.....	59.....	71.....	55.....	59.....	69.....	106.....
53.....	60.....	72.....	56.....	60.....	70.....	107.....
54.....	61.....	73.....	57.....	61.....	71.....	108.....
56.....	63.....	.....	58.....	62.....	72.....	109.....
57.....	.....	.....	59.....	63.....	73.....	110.....
58.....	64.....	.....	60.....	64.....	74.....	111.....
60.....	67.....	.....	64.....	68.....	78.....	112.....
79a.....	75a.....	93a.....	68a.....	77a.....	82a.....	L113a/...
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82b.....	Y118a....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	L113b/...
79b.....	75b.....	93b.....	68b.....	77b.....	82c.....	Y118b....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	L114/....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	A106/....	Y119.....
80.....	76.....	94.....	70.....	79.....	B125.....	L115/....
81.....	.....	.....	B71.....	.....	B85.....	Y120.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	L116.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	L117.....

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
82a	77		B72a		B86a	L118a
82b			B72b		B86b	L118b
85	80			A81	A85	L119
86	81			A82		L120/ Y115
89a, d	89a, c	95a, c		A88a, c	A86a, c	L121a, c
	89b	95b		A88b	A86b	L121b
90a		96a		A89a	A87a	L122a-c
		96b		A89b	A87b	L122d
		96c, d		A89c, d	A87c, d	L123a, b L124a, b
72a, b						
72c						L125
73a, b						L126a, b ⁸
73c						L127 ⁸
74a, b						L129a, b
74c, d						L130a, b
75a						L131
75b						L132
75c						L133
			B82		B96	L143
			B85	B83		L144
			B89	B82		L145 ⁹
			B90a, b	B85a, b B85d, e B85g, h		L146a, b L146c, d L147a, b
			B91		B100	L148
				B86		L149 ¹⁰
61		74	A92	A96	A98/ B110	L152/ Y144
62				A97	A99/ B111	L153/ Y145
63	97	75	A93/ B109	A98/ B103	A100/ B112	L154/ Y146 ¹¹
		78a	A94/ B112	A103/ B106	A101/ B122	L155/ Y158
		78b	A104a, b	A104/ B107	A102/ B123	L156a, b/ Y159a, b
65		84		69		Y113
66		85		70		Y114
	68	86		71		Y115
	70	87		72	79	Y116
71		90		74		Y117
			B100a	B95a		Y121a
		64b	B100b	B95b		Y121b
		65a, c	B101a, b	B96a, b		Y122a, b
			B102	B97		Y123

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
.....	.....	.....	.....	B98a,b...	.....	Y124a,b...
.....	.....	104.....	B107b....	B100b....	.....	Y126 ¹² ...
.....	.....	.....	B107a....	B100a....	.....	Y128 ¹³ ...
.....	.....	62a.....	B108a....	B101a....	.....	Y129.....
.....	.....	76a.....	A94/.....	A99/.....	B113.....	Y147.....
.....	.....	.....	B110.....	B104.....	.....	.....
64b.....	.....	76b.....	A95.....	A100a....	B114.....	Y148.....
.....	.....	77.....	A96a/....	A102/....	B115a....	Y149a....
.....	.....	.....	B111.....	B105.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	A96b,c,d.	.....	B115b,c,d	Y149b,c,d
.....	.....	79.....	A97.....	.....	B116.....	Y150.....
.....	.....	80.....	A98.....	.....	B117.....	Y151.....
.....	.....	82a.....	A99a.....	A100b....	B118b....	Y153.....
.....	.....	82b.....	A99b.....	A100c....	B118c....	Y154.....
.....	.....	.....	A100.....	.....	B119.....	Y155.....
.....	.....	.....	A101.....	.....	B120.....	Y156.....
.....	.....	.....	A102.....	.....	B121.....	Y157.....
87.....	82.....	97b.....	A105b/...	A83a/....	900a.....	900a.....
.....	.....	.....	B113b...	B102.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	97a.....	A105a/...	900.....	900b.....	900b.....
.....	.....	.....	B113a...	.....	.....	.....
91.....	94.....	98.....	A106/....	901.....	901.....	901.....
.....	.....	.....	B114.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	902.....	902.....	902.....
.....	.....	99a-c....	A107a-c/. B115a-c.	903a-c...	904a-c...	904a,c,e.
.....	98a.....	103.....	A110a/...	906a.....	905b.....	905b.....
.....	.....	.....	B118a...	.....	.....	.....
.....	98b.....	.....	A110b/...	906b.....	906d.....	906b.....
.....	.....	.....	B118b...	.....	.....	.....
93.....	96.....	100.....	A108/....	904.....	906.....	907.....
.....	.....	.....	B116.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	101a.....	A109a/...	905a.....	907a.....	908a,b...
.....	.....	.....	B117a...	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	101b.....	A109b/...	905b.....	907b.....	909a,b ¹⁴ .
.....	.....	.....	B117b...	.....	.....	.....
95a-d....	99a-h....	107a-h...	A111a-h/. B119a-h.	907a-h...	908a-h...	910a-h...
96a,b....	100a,b....	108a,b...	A112a,b/. B120a,b.	908a,b...	909a,b...	911a,b...
96c.....	100c.....	108c.....	A112c/...	905c.....	907c.....	912.....
.....	.....	.....	B120c...	.....	.....	.....
97.....	101.....	109a.....	A113a/...	909a.....	910a.....	913b ¹⁵ ...
.....	.....	.....	B121a...	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	109b.....	A113b/...	909b.....	910b.....	913c.....
.....	.....	.....	B121b...	.....	.....	.....

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
98a-d	102a-1	110a-i	A114a-i/ B122a-i	910a-i	911a-i	914a-i
		105a,b	A116/ B124	912	913	916
			A117/ B125	913	914	917 ¹⁶
99a,b	103a,b	111a,b	A118a,b/ B126a,b	914a,b	918a,b	918a,c ¹⁷
		112	A119/ B127	915	919	919
101a	104a	113a	A120a/ B128a	916a	920a	920
101c	104c	113c	A120c/ B128c	916c	920b	921
100a	105a	114	A121/ B129	917	921	922
			A122a/ B130a	918a	923a	923a
24a,b				17a,b	17a,b	
33c,d	33c,d	25c,d	28c,d		28c,d	
33e	33e		28e		28e	
	34	26	29		29	
36b	37b		31b	32b	31b	
		28a,b			32a,b	
		30a-c			33a-c	
		31a,b			34a,b	
		35a-c		33a-c	36a-c	
39b	40b	41b	34b	42b	46b	
	41	42	35		47	
40b,c	43b,c	43b,c	36b,c	43b,c	48b,c	
42b	45b	49b	39b	48b	53b	
	46	50	40		54	
44f-h		53e-g	43e-g		56b-d	
45	50	54	44		57	
		55a		49e	58a	
		55b		49f	58b	
		56			60	
		57			61	
		59	49a	53a	63a	
	56	61	52	56	66	
	65a,b		61	65	75	
	65c		62	66	76	
	66		63	67	77	
76b	73a	91a	66a	75a	80a	

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
76c,d....	73b,c.....	91b,c....	66b,c.....	75b,c....	80b,c....	.....
77a.....	74a.....	92.....	67a.....	76a.....	81a.....	.....
77b.....	74b.....	.....	67b.....	76b.....	81b.....	.....
94.....	78a.....	102.....	69.....	78.....	83.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	A89a-e....	.....	A88a-e...	.....
.....	.....	.....	i-iv,vi,vii	.....	i-iv,vi,viii	.....
.....	.....	.....	A90.....	.....	A96.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B94.....	B89.....	A92.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B95.....	B90.....	A93.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B96.....	B91.....	A94.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B97.....	B92.....	A95.....	.....
.....	30.....	.....	.....	27.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	29.....	.....	.....
.....	31.....	.....	.....	28a.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	30a.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	36.....	.....	34.....	.....	.....
.....	79.....	.....	.....	A80.....	.....	.....
.....	83.....	.....	.....	A83.....	.....	.....
.....	84.....	.....	.....	A84.....	.....	.....
.....	85.....	.....	.....	A85.....	.....	.....
.....	87.....	.....	.....	A86.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	A78b.....	A87a.....	.....	.....
3.....	.....	.....	B83.....	B80.....	.....	.....
4.....	.....	.....	.....	B81.....	.....	.....
6.....	.....	.....	B84a.....	B82a.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B84b.....	B82b.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B92a,c,d..	B87a,b,c.	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	B93.....	B88a.....	.....	.....
70a.....	.....	88.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10c.....	6a.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10d.....	6b.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34.....	35.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40d,e....	43d,e....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55.....	62.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
69.....	69.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
68.....	72.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
92.....	95.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

B Self-completion questionnaire

		SURVEY YEAR					
1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990	
		202				L210	
		203	B202			L202	
		204a1,111				L2031,11	
		204b1,111				L2041,11	
		205a				L205	
		206	B203			L206	
		208				L208	
		209	B205			L209	
		221				L210 ¹⁸	
		222				L211	
		225				L212	
		226	B209	A211	B227	L213	
		227	B210	A212	B228	L214	
		228	B211	A213	B229	L215	
		229a,d	B212a,d	A214a,d	B230a,d	L217a,c	
		230a	B226a	B207d	B209a	L218a	
		230b-e	B226b-e			L218b-e	
		230f	B226f			L218f	
		230g	B226g	B207f	B209b	L281g	
				A201a-1	A225a-1	L220a-1/ Y201a-1	
				A202	A226	L221/ Y202	
204	204	247	A223	A215	A220	L222	
211				A217	A222	L223	
215a	218		B229a		B222a	L224a	
215b			B229b		B222b	L224b	
206	206	232			A224	L225	
					A201a-c	L226a-c/ Y206a-c	
				A223b	A201d	L226d/ Y206d	
				A223e	A201e	L226e/ Y206e	
				A223j	A201g	L226f/ Y206f	
	220v			A223a	A201i	L226g/ Y206g	
					A202	L227/ Y207	
					A203a-e	L228a-e/ Y208a-e	
		245		A232		L239/ Y226	
		246		A233		L240/ Y227	

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
.....	.....	.....	B23lix.....	A227a/... B238a....	A231a/... B231a...	L241a/... Y228a...
.....	.....	.....	B23lv.....	A227b/... B238b...	A231b/... B231b...	L241b/... Y228b...
.....	.....	.....	B23lvi.....	A227c/... B238c...	A231c/... B231c...	L241c/... Y228c...
.....	.....	.....	B23liv.....	A227d/... B238d...	A231d/... B231d...	L241d/... Y228d...
.....	.....	.....	B230d.....	A227e/... B238e...	A231e/... B231e...	L241e/... Y228e...
.....	.....	.....	B231i.....	A227f....	A231f/... B231f...	L242a/... Y228f...
.....	.....	.....	B232x.....	A227g....	A231g/... B231g...	L242b/... Y228g
.....	.....	.....	.....	A227h....	A231h/... B231h...	L242c/... Y228h...
.....	.....	.....	B232iii...	A227i....	A231i/... B231i...	L242d/... Y228i...
.....	.....	.....	.....	A227g....	A231j/... B231j...	L242e/... Y228j...
.....	.....	.....	B232iv.....	A227k....	A231k/... B231k...	L242f/... Y228k...
.....	.....	.....	.....	A227l....	A231l/... B231e...	L242g/... Y228l...
.....	.....	.....	B232v.....	A227m....	A231m/... B231m...	L242h/... Y228m...
.....	.....	.....	B232ix....	A227n....	A231n/... B231n...	L242i/... Y228n...
.....	220g.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	L243.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	A203.....	.....	Y203.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	A204.....	.....	Y204.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	A205.....	.....	Y205.....
.....	.....	222.....	.....	.....	.....	Y209.....
208a-f...	208a-f....	237a-f....	B218a-f...	B228a-f...	B234a-f...	Y210a-f..
.....	.....	.....	B218g.....	B228g.....	B234g.....	Y210g....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B234h,i...	Y210h,i..
209.....	209.....	238.....	B219.....	B229.....	B235.....	Y211.....
.....	210.....	239.....	B220.....	B230a.....	B236a.....	Y212a....
.....	.....	.....	.....	B230b.....	B236b.....	Y212b....
.....	.....	.....	B223.....	B233.....	.....	Y213.....
210a-f...	211a-f....	.....	B225a-f...	B235a-f...	B239a-f...	Y214a-f..
.....	211g.....	.....	B225g.....	B235g.....	B239g.....	Y214g....
217m-o...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Y217c-e..
.....	.....	.....	A222j,g...	.....	.....	Y222g,h..
213a.....	217.....	235a.....	A218a.....	A208a.....	B224a.....	Y223a....
213b.....	.....	235b.....	A218b.....	A208b.....	B224b.....	Y223b....
213c.....	.....	236.....	A219.....	A209.....	B225.....	Y224.....
.....	.....	.....	A220.....	.....	B226.....	Y225.....

SURVEY YEAR

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
				A223j		Y206f/ L226f
205	205	248	A222b,c A22f-k	A216	A221 A223 A227b,c A227f-k	
217xvi 217xvii 217xviii 217xix 217xx	220viii 220ix 220x	234a 234b 234c 234d 234e	B232vi B232vii	A207a A207b A207c A207d A207e	A230a A230b A230c A230d A230e	
		234f		A207f A227o-s	A230f A231o-s/ B231o-s	
			B213 B214 B215a-h	B216 B217 B218a-h	A232 A233 A234a-h	
	220iv		B215i B216	B218i B219 B227a-d A224 A238a-e	A234i A235 A236a-d A237 A238a-e	
216		240 241 249ab 250ab	B212f B221 B222	A206 A214f B231 B232	B223 B230f B237 B238 B240ab B241ab	
		211 212 213		A218 A219 A220 A221		
	219					
	220xi 220ii			A223d A223g		
		242 244 208	B204	A230 A231 B209		
207		210 223 224 243a-c,e	B217 B206 B207 B208 B230a-c,e	B220		
212a,b	212a,b					

NOTES TO THE CROSS-INDEX

These notes document changes made in the 1990 questionnaire to questions asked in previous years. For changes between 1984 and 1989, see the footnotes to the relevant tables in *British Social Attitudes Cumulative Sourcebook*, Gower (1991).

A. Interview questionnaire

1. Interviewer instruction changed to 'IF "ALLIANCE" PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP Owen?' with consequent change to (Social and) Liberal Democrat at precode 03. Precode 95 'Green Party/Ecology Party' added.
 2. At Q.4a, 'EEC' changed to 'EC'.
 3. Interviewer instruction and precode changed as in Note 1.
 4. Precode 02 changed to '... Youth Training Scheme ...'.
 5. New question on respondent's own definition of his/her job or 'full-time' or 'part-time' inserted before standard question on length of working week.
 6. '... or computer network' added to precode 03.
 7. New question added (see note 5).
 8. Additional precode 4: 'or not at all common', at these three questions.
 9. Q.145c changed to '... the Liberal Democrats'. (New question added: g) on feelings in favour of or against the Green Party.)
 10. 'Rates' changed to 'level of poll tax' at precode 1 and to 'poll tax' at precodes 2 and 3.
 11. No interviewer instruction: 'Local authority includes GLC and London Residuary Body.'
 12. List of environmental and countryside organisations expanded from four to eleven (see questionnaire for additions).
 13. Precode 3 changed from 'Liberal' to '(Social and) Liberal Democrat'. 'Alliance' accepted as valid response only after probe. All precodes changed from single- to double-digit.
 14. At Q.909b, precode 97 changed from 'Other' to 'Other recognised academic or vocational qualification'.
 15. Precode 02 changed to '... Youth Training Scheme...'
 16. Precode 16 changed to 'Housing benefit (Community charge, rate or rent rebate)'.
 17. Three new income categories added (precodes 15, 16, 17) - see Appendix J for income bands used.
- ### B. Self-completion questionnaire
18. At Q210 a and b, 'by legislation' changed to 'by law'.

APPENDIX J

Other survey documents

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- (1) Introductory letter to respondents
- (2) Self-completion questionnaire reminder letters (3)
- (3) Project instructions and supplementary instructions
- (4) *Book information form*

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- (1) *Advance letter to respondents*
- (2) Introductory letter to respondents
- (3) Self-completion questionnaire reminder letters (2)
- (4) Project instructions
- (5) *Book information form*

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

and

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Income bands (from show card)

Britain 1983-87, 1989-90, Northern Ireland 1989-90



P 1090/GB

Spring 1990

35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE

LONDON EC1V 0AX

TELEPHONE 01 250 1866

FAX 01-250 1524

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990

We are asking for your help in an important survey of social attitudes in Britain. You may have read about the Social Attitudes study in the newspapers, or heard about it on the radio or television. Its aim is to discover what people think and feel about all sorts of questions on which everyone has views. For instance, we will ask what you think about the cost of living, the National Health Service, unemployment, working mothers, and the environment.

The addresses we contact and the person to be interviewed are selected at random from the electoral register by statistical techniques, and the interviewer may not take substitutes. It is important that we interview everyone we approach, not just those with strong views, the cooperation of every selected person is important.

SCPR is an independent research institute registered as a charity, and all our interviewers carry an identity card they can show you. As with all our surveys, the questionnaires are anonymous and no-one will be named or identifiable in any way. The statistical results are published in a book, and the findings are also used by government departments, newspapers and some charitable foundations as a way of finding out how people really feel about important issues.

The study is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, but also has support from the Nuffield Foundation, from government departments and from private industry.

We hope you will take part in the study, and that you will enjoy the interview. If you have any questions about the survey which the interviewer cannot answer, please contact me or my colleagues on the Social Attitudes team at the telephone number above.

Thank you very much for your help.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Roger Jowell".

Roger Jowell
Director



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON EC1V 0AX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

P.1090/REM1

Spring, 1990

SN:

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

Within the last month or so you very kindly agreed to be interviewed as part of our annual British Social Attitudes survey. At the same time we asked you to fill in a self-completion questionnaire and return it to us by post in a pre-paid envelope.

As we have not yet received the self-completion questionnaire from you, I wonder if I could ask you to spare a little more of your time? The self-completion questionnaire is an important part of the survey. It contains questions on some topics not covered in the main interview, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. And we need to get the views of **everyone** in our sample, not just those with strong opinions or particular viewpoints.

Thank you very much for your help, and for agreeing to the interview. I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Roger Jowell".

Roger Jowell
Director, SCPR

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for writing to you again.



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON EC1V 0AX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

P 1090/REM2

Spring 1990

SN

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

About two weeks ago we sent you a letter about the questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. The self-completion questionnaire is a very important part of our annual British Social Attitudes survey on which you kindly agreed to be interviewed.

As we have no record of having received your questionnaire, we are enclosing another copy, in case the first copy was mislaid, and a pre-paid envelope. We hope you will find the questionnaire both interesting and enjoyable. We need to hear from as many people as possible, so that the information we collect represents the views of a true cross-section of the British public.

We do greatly appreciate your co-operation in this study, and hope you will find time to fill in the questionnaire and return it to us. Without it an important part of the picture will be missing.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Roger Jowell'.

Roger Jowell
Director, SCPR

P S If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and forgive us for writing to you again.

Enc



P.1090/REM3
July/August 1990

SN:

35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON EC1V 0AX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

From 6th May 1990
dial 071 instead of 01

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 SURVEY

Dear

Thank you very much for agreeing to be interviewed on the British Social Attitudes Survey. We depend on the voluntary co-operation of the people we contact to make sure that our survey accurately represents the views of all people living in Britain, not just those who like surveys. So, I hope you will forgive me for troubling you again.

A short while ago we sent you a reminder about the self-completion questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. Our records show that we have still not received your self-completion questionnaire. Without it, we are missing vital information about your views on the important issues of today. We are keen to have a complete picture so that public confidence in our survey results remains high.

I am therefore enclosing another copy of the self-completion questionnaire, as well as another pre-paid envelope. If you should have time to fill it in, and post it back to us, I would be very grateful. It should not take more than twenty minutes or so.

We are very grateful for the time that you have already given us, and hope you will help us to complete the picture.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell
Director, SCPR

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept my thanks and my apologies for writing to you again.

ENC.

P 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1990 SURVEY

Project Instructions

Contents

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1. Background

In six out of the last seven years, Social and Community Planning Research has fielded a large national survey in Britain. This series, called British Social Attitudes, has become one of SCPR's most well-publicised surveys and an important source of information about contemporary Britain.

The British Social Attitudes survey is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts.

The study has three main outcomes:

- a) A book on the survey is published in autumn each year. This Report, published by Gower, presents the main findings of the survey, and is important in keeping SCPR's name before a wide public audience. The latest book was published in mid-November 1989. The findings are widely known and discussed on radio and TV programmes, in articles and features in newspapers and magazines.
- b) The data from the survey are deposited in the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) Data Archive, and made available for analysis by the academic community, or any other interested data user.
- c) Various government departments get data from the survey in advance and use them in their policy planning.

The British Social Attitudes survey is designed to measure contemporary social attitudes and how they change over time. Such findings are of interest now, for instance, to government departments anxious to have more information about people's own assessments of, for example, their work or their housing circumstances. But the data are also contributions to social history, to allow analysts in the future to discover what people thought and felt about the major social issues of today.

As in earlier years there are two versions of the questionnaire - this year called L (Lavender) and Y (Yellow). Many of the questions will be asked of all respondents, but some - mostly in the middle of each questionnaire - will be asked of only half our sample. This means that we can cover more topic areas, and help meet the many requests we have had to include questions of interest to government departments and other bodies.

Topics covered this year include some asked about in all previous years, others asked less often, and some questions on new topics. As in previous years the Employment Department is helping to fund a set of questions (or module) about employment issues. New funding jointly from the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) and the Countryside Commission has enabled us to up-date and expand our environment module. This year, and again in 1992 or 1993, we are also fielding an expanded section on civil liberties, with help from a grant by the Nuffield Foundation. For the first time the Department of Health is providing funding to enable us to continue to ask questions about the National Health Service. There is an entirely new set of questions about attitudes towards smoking, co-funded by the Health Education Authority.

This year's questionnaire includes questions on crime and the police, some of which are also being asked in Northern Ireland. By asking these and other questions in Britain and Northern Ireland, we shall be able to compare directly attitudes of UK citizens living on both sides of the Irish Sea. Funding for this extension of the British Social Attitudes survey to Northern Ireland comes from the Northern Ireland Office and from the Nuffield Foundation.

For the first time the Home Office is contributing funds to BSA, to ask these questions about crime and the police in Britain, and others on topics of relevance to the Home Office. Some of the crime questions were first asked in Britain in 1983, so this year's survey will enable us to look at trends in attitudes over seven years.

As in earlier years, there is a self-completion supplement for each respondent to fill in after the interview. It contains questions on topics covered in the main questionnaire. It also has some questions on the role of government in people's lives: these questions are being asked in eight other European countries (including the Republic of Ireland) and also in the United States and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes (ISSP).

The ESRC is providing general financial help to the series, and funds specifically for the ISSP module.

2. Notifying the Police

You must notify the local police station in the area where you will be working. You should complete a copy of the **Police Notification Form** that has been included in your supplies. This explains, among other things, how long you will be working in the area and how they can contact you; it includes a space for you to enter your car registration number. Attach a copy of the **introductory letter for respondents** to the form and hand it in to the police. (You might try to see if it is possible to record these details in the book kept at the station desk.) Make a note of the name of the officer to whom you speak and the date of your call so that, in the event of any query or complaint to the police, you are fully covered. It is reassuring for elderly or suspicious respondents to be told that the police know about you and the survey, and that they can check with the police station.

PLEASE DO NOT START WORK UNTIL YOU HAVE DONE THIS.

3. The Sample

The sample covers England, Wales and all but the highlands and islands of Scotland. It consists of 4,576 addresses drawn from the Electoral Registers, compiled in October 1988 and in force until February 1989, distributed equally over 176 sampling points. Sampling points are generally Polling Districts, although in some rural areas they may be groups of adjacent Polling Districts or Parishes. At each address, you are asked to try to interview one randomly selected adult (aged 18+)

It is vital that the person chosen for interview at each address is selected by strict random sampling principles. If we interviewed only those people who happened to be at home at the first call, or who were especially keen to be interviewed, our sample would almost certainly be unrepresentative of the adult population of Great Britain.

Addresses are issued to interviewers in assignments of 26. They are in the form of labels attached to a form called a Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS).

A full description of how to use the CASS and how to select respondents is given in Section 8 below.

4. Contact Procedures

You must attempt to make contact at every address in your assignment. You must call on at least 4 occasions, at different times of day and at suitably spaced times before you classify the address unproductive. If necessary, at least one of these calls should be in the evening (after 6pm) and one at the weekend.

As always, it is very important that we achieve a high response rate in this survey. Since most addresses will be highly clustered in Polling Districts, we are asking you to keep trying to contact all the issued addresses until the end of the fieldwork period. Keep trying all non-contacts as long as you are calling in the area. If you sense a respondent may be about to refuse, it often helps if you withdraw, offering to call again at a more convenient time, before a formal refusal is actually given. Only by interviewing as many as possible of those selected for the sample can we be confident that the answers we get are representative of the views of all people aged 18 and over.

It is vital that we achieve a high response rate. Therefore we are asking you to

- call your Field Office before you return any Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASSs) for untraceable addresses to the office. We might be able to find out some information which will help you locate 'hard to find' addresses,

- return all completed CASSs for other **deadwood** addresses (vacant premises, etc.) to the Brentwood Field Office as soon as possible. There should be little deadwood, and we would like to have these back in the first fortnight of the fieldwork period;
- return a completed CASS for each **definite refusal** to the Brentwood Office as soon as possible;
- keep trying to contact your **non-contacts, broken appointments etc.** until the end of the fieldwork period, even if you have already made 4 calls. Then whenever you are in the neighbourhood try again, unless you have learned that the selected respondent will not be available until after the end of the fieldwork period (due to holiday, illness etc.). Complete a CASS for any non-contacts and return them to the Brentwood Office with your final work.

You must never substitute one address for another, nor substitute one selected individual for another. The sample has been randomly selected, and any substitutions you make would lead to bias in the results.

The interview will last, on average, about one hour, though it will be slightly shorter for those not in paid work, and rather longer for women with young children. Older respondents, too, may take a little longer on average to answer the questionnaire. So please allow enough time between appointments.

5. Introducing yourself

Remember to show your Identity Card when you introduce yourself. If you think it will help you to get an interview, you can give the person you first contact a copy of the introductory letter, or the newspaper leaflet describing the study or the SCPR leaflet, or all three, as part of your introduction. You must leave a copy of the introductory letter and the SCPR leaflet with each respondent after the interview.

The best introduction for interviewers to use is the one they feel most comfortable with. And it is vital to start at the beginning and explain the purpose of the survey to each person you see at an address; don't assume a husband, wife or parent of the selected respondent has passed information on.

These are some of the kinds of things you might say when you introduce yourself and explain about the survey, adapting as you think best in each situation.

"Good morning/afternoon/evening. My name is ..., and I am doing a survey for Social and Community Planning Research, an independent social research institute. We are carrying out a survey to discover what people nowadays think and feel about a wide range of important issues, such as the health service, unemployment, housing and crime. The survey results are published in a book which shows the views various people have about day-to-day issues."

At this point, you can show the introductory letter, or the leaflet about the survey, or both

6. Questions you may be asked

Q: How did you get my address?

A The addresses in the survey were selected from the Electoral Registers for this area. These are publicly available. From each Electoral Register a certain number of addresses were selected "at random" - such as taking every 50th or 60th address on the list. Your address came up purely by chance - but once it comes up, I cannot go to another address instead. No one else can be interviewed. This is how we make sure that we fairly represent the views of everyone in Britain.

Q How do I know that what I tell you will be treated in confidence?

A SCPR makes all efforts to keep the information you give us confidential. Your rights as a respondent, and the way in which we honour those rights, are set out in this leaflet about SCPR (SHOW AND HAND OVER). Also, SCPR is registered under the 1984 Data Protection Act.

In addition, we do not have your name or address on this questionnaire. At all times both will be kept separate from the answers that you give us. Your questionnaire is identified only by a serial number, for administrative purposes. This means that no individual can be linked to answers he or she gives, and the survey itself is written up as statistical summaries only.

Q: Why should I take part?

A Surveys are voluntary but it is very important that a true cross-section of the public takes part in studies like this one if we are to understand what people think about the social issues of the day. This means that we want to know the views of **everyone** in our sample. If a lot of people refuse to take part then we cannot be sure that our results really reflect the views of all people. No special knowledge is needed, and we need to know the views of everyone, not just those with particular viewpoints.

Q: I'm not sure .

A Even if you're not sure, do please let me start the interview and then see how you get along. You can stop at any stage if you wish to.

Q: How do I know you are a genuine researcher/research organisation

A: First, you have a letter from the research team at SCPR. The letter describes the survey and explains why your co-operation is important. There are telephone numbers at which you can contact the researchers at SCPR if you have any further questions to ask. Secondly, we are leaving a leaflet about SCPR, which is an independent non-profit making institute for survey research.

Q: What happens to the results?

A: The statistical results are published each year in a book, available in libraries and bookshops (AT THIS POINT YOU CAN SHOW THE COVER OF THE SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL REPORT). I can give you a form to fill in, so you will be notified when the book about this year's survey is published next year. Your local library will be able to get a copy. Each year there is lots of newspaper publicity when the book comes out, and the survey is widely agreed to be an impartial and fair account of what people think about important social issues.

7. Materials for the survey

- 1. Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASS) (L and Y)
- 2. Calls Continuation Sheets
- 3. Introductory letters for respondents
- 4. Leaflets about SCPR
- 5. 'Newspaper' leaflets about the survey
- 6. Cover of the *Special International Report*
- 7. Interview questionnaires (L and Y)
- 8. Set of show cards (L and Y)

L version: Cards A-H, J-T, V-Z, AA-GG, X1-X8
Y version: Cards A-H, J-T, V-Z, AA-EE, X1-X8
- 9. Self-completion questionnaires (L and Y)
- 10. Project instructions (this document)
- 11. Pre-paid A5 envelopes (for the return of the self-completion questionnaires by respondents in those cases where they cannot be picked up).
- 12. Appointment cards
- 13. Book notification forms
- 14. Pre-paid A4 envelopes (for the return of your work)

} see Section 8

} leave one with each respondent

} use as necessary

} use as necessary

You will also have your Field Admin Note and other Field documents and forms Please make sure you have adequate supplies of these materials before you start interviewing

8. Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS)

These are the forms on which your assignment of addresses is issued You will have one for each address in your sample The CASSes are colour-coded: lavender for the L sample and yellow for the Y sample. PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU USE THE CORRECT, MATCHING VERSION of the questionnaire, according to the address you covering.

Besides giving the selected address, the CASS has three other purposes

- it provides space for you to give details of all the calls you make, and the outcomes
- it allows you to select one adult at random for interview
- and - in a case you do not achieve an interview - it enables you to give the reason and (where possible) collect a little information about the non-respondent

It works just like a normal questionnaire and you should follow the filter instructions in the normal way

You will see that the address, its serial number and other vital information are given on three separate labels on the first page of the CASS

- the label at the top of the page contains the address serial number (4 digits plus a check letter), region number (2 digits) and the area number (4 digits), plus a small look-up table to allow you to select a random adult at the address for interview

It looks like this

SN	0001A		R:	01		A:	0001		V-2	
P/DU	.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Select:		2	1	2	3	4	4	6	7	9

You will see that printed on this label is a code saying either V 1 or V 2 PLEASE IGNORE THIS The correct Version No (1 - Lavender, 2 - Yellow) is given to the right of the top label, and by the colour coding of the documents.

- the label on the left at the bottom of page 1 again contains the 3 address identification numbers at the top and gives the selected address (and the postcode if known).
- the second, right-hand, label at the bottom contains the names of the electors shown in the Electoral Register as living at that address. (The label is large enough to fit only up to six names, so in the fairly rare cases where there are seven or more electors, not all the names will be listed). The name of one elector is asterisked, to the right of the name: this person is known as the 'starred elector'. Remember that this is not necessarily the name of the selected respondent. You always have to select a random adult at each address.

Also on page 1, you will see that there is space for you to keep a note of the times, dates and results of all your calls. Please remember to fill this in at each separate visit: it will help you to plan any further visits you may have to make and helps other interviewers in case of reissues. If you make more than six calls, then please enter those on one of the Calls Continuation Sheets provided.

From here on, you fill in the CASS just like a questionnaire.

Qs.1-5 deal with the address. If you find that the address contains two or more dwelling units (eg. flats, bedsitting rooms), Qs.4 and 5 take you through the steps necessary to select one at random, by listing them all in a systematic way and using the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one at which to seek an interview. This will, in fact, happen only very rarely. But remember it is exact address as given that counts. If the address on the label is 'Flat 4, 12 London Road', it is that part of accommodation that is the sampled address, not the whole of no.12.

(In the very rare case of 11 or more dwelling units at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these project instructions.)

It is essential that - if you need to select a dwelling unit - you follow the rules in making this selection. Only in this way can we be sure that we end up with a truly random sample of accommodation units and adults living there.

At Q.5, write in the number of the selected dwelling unit, (the "DU" code), that is the number printed on the grid at Q.4 - not the flat or room number of the unit itself.

Qs.6-9 help you to select the individual within the address for interview. On each occasion when there is more than one person living at the address (or dwelling unit), you must list all adults living there in age order and use the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one for interview.

If you make contact with a responsible adult (aged 18+) resident, explain briefly why you are calling and find out whether all the electors listed on the bottom-right label on page 1 of the CASS are still living there, whether or not they are all aged 18 or over and whether or not there are now any additional (unlisted) adults now living there as part of the household. The rules are

- if there has been no change since the registers were compiled, (that is, no one has moved in or out) you interview the starred elector
- if there has been any change at all, list all adults aged 18+ in age order, youngest to oldest, and select one at random for interview

At Q 7, all resident adults must be listed in age order, oldest to youngest. Just write in the ages - not the names - in order to preserve confidentiality. For example

AGE OF ADULTS	PERSON NUMBER
44	01
41	02
19	03
18	04
	05

So there are 4 adults in this household. Look at the top label where you will see something like this

Person/DU:	2	3	4	5	6	10
Select	2	1	2	3	4	9

Read off the number printed under '4' - this is the person to be interviewed. At Q 8, write in the person no. that is printed in the grid at Q 7. So in the example, person no. 2 (the 41 year old) has been selected, and you will write '02' in the boxes at Q 8. Once a random selection has been made, no substitute can be taken, even if there is someone else living there who is available and willing to be interviewed.

Please note three other points

- if there are (eg) two 24 year olds, list them in order of whose birthday is first (ie the older of the two), or use alphabetic order of first name to decide the order, if the exact age is unknown,

- make sure that you write in their ages: this is part of the way that backchecks can be carried out in your work,
- at Q.9 there is a misprint: 'ARF SLIP' should read 'CASS SLIP'.

If there are 11 or more adults living at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions to select one at random for interview.

A useful tactic is to explain at the outset that you have to ask a few questions beforehand to make sure you interview the 'right person' - to ensure that you get a true cross-section of views and give everyone an equal chance to be included. If you can make the person giving the information feel that he or she is helping - and know why it is necessary - you will find it easier to gain co-operation.

We need the following information for each person successfully interviewed:

- the name of the selected person, if you can obtain it. (You may only find out the name at the end of the interview.) Write this on the back of the address label slip at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS. (If someone refuses to give their name, write in 'Refused'.)
- whether a full or partial interview was carried out - Q.10. (We define a 'partial' interview as one where half or more (35+ pages) of the questionnaire is filled in, plus the classification section (pp 59-72 in the L version, pp 63-76 in the Y version).
- details about the self-completion questionnaire (Q.11) - see Section 9 following.
- interview length (Q.12)
- telephone number

Finally, for productive interviews, send the questionnaire to the Brentwood Office in a different A4 envelope from the one you use to return the CASS (see your Admin. note). If you are in the Northern Field Office region, do not send any work to Darlington - all work goes to Brentwood.

Do not send any work back in the A5 envelope, which is only to be used for respondents who send back their own self-completion questionnaires.

For all cases where you have not achieved an interview, fill in Q.10 to tell us why; and, if you have managed to select a respondent but have not got an interview, fill in Qs.13a) and b) to tell us the sex and age of the selected respondent. Then return the CASS to the Brentwood Office.

A few last points before we turn to the questionnaires

- (i) Any responsible adult member of the household may provide the information that you need in order to establish who it is you are to interview. But never take information from those aged under 18
- (ii) Note that you interview only persons living at listed addresses. There is no case where you would follow anyone to a different address, although you could of course interview him or her somewhere else (eg at work). No substitutes are permitted, so if the selected person is in hospital or away for the duration of the survey, or too old or too ill to be interviewed, then no interview can take place
- (iii) This survey is intended to cover only the population living in private households - not those living in institutions. But people can be living as private households within institutional premises. Even if the address you have been given appears to be an institution, check that no one is living in a private household on those premises before abandoning the possibility of an interview there

9. The self-completion questionnaire

There are two times when respondents may fill in the self-completion questionnaire

- Immediately after the interview, before you leave and while you are checking the first questionnaire. Ideally, we would prefer it to be filled in then
- In the respondent's own time, after the interview. In this case you will need either to call back to pick up the questionnaire, or to arrange for the respondent to post it back to Brentwood in the A5 prepaid addressed envelope you will have left for the purpose

Under no circumstances should you give the self-completion questionnaire to the respondent to fill in before the interview

In practice, you may find that some respondents regard the self-completion questionnaire as too long to complete immediately after the interview. This means that you will have to leave the questionnaire with the respondent. But in order that our response rate on the self-completion questionnaire (which has been very good) does not go down, we would like you to try to call back and pick it up as long as you are still working in the area. This helps remind the respondent how important it is

The rules for the self-completion questionnaire are:

1. You should write the Area Number, the respondent's Serial Number and your Interviewer Number in the boxes provided, before you hand over the questionnaire. We strongly advise you to enter the Area Number and your Interviewer Number on all questionnaires before your first day in the field.

Without these identifying numbers, the self-completion questionnaire cannot be used - and we will not know who to pay!

Please also write a code number in the 'Rec.' box on the front cover, as follows:

- 1 if you yourself are sending the self-completion questionnaire and the interview questionnaire back to the office **together**. (Also ring code '1' at Q.11 on the CASS, if you have not already returned it.)
 - 2 if you yourself are sending back the self-completion questionnaire **separately** (after the main questionnaire). (Also ring code '2' at Q.11 on the CASS - if you have not already returned it.)
 - Leave the box blank if you leave the questionnaire with the respondent for him or her to return direct to the office. (Also ring code '3' at Q.11 on the CASS - if you have not already returned it.)
2. If by any chance you have made a mistake, and for instance used an 'L' version questionnaire at an address with a 'Y'(ellow) CASS, or vice-versa, never try to rectify the mistake by leaving the 'correct' version of the self-completion questionnaire which does not match the interview version. The two L questionnaires and two Y questionnaires cover similar topics and the same version of both questionnaires must be used for each respondent.
 3. If you leave the self-completion questionnaire at an address after the interview, leave it only with the **selected respondent** - the person you interviewed. The self-completion questionnaire (like the interview) may be filled in only by the selected respondent. **No substitute is acceptable.**

- 4 If the questionnaire cannot be completed by the end of the visit at which you carry out the interview, then please arrange to call back for it - provided you are still interviewing in that area (you could use one of your appointment cards to remind the respondent of when you are calling for the questionnaire) If this is not possible, you should leave the prepaid envelope we have provided and ask the respondent to post the self-completion questionnaire back to the office **If you do this please remember to ring code '3' at Q 11 on the CASS.** (We will then know whether or not to send out reminders to respondents whose questionnaires have not arrived) Always leave the A5 envelope for respondents, and use the A4 envelopes yourself, as this gives us a final check as to who actually returned the self-completion questionnaire
- 5 Never leave the respondent in any doubt as to how he or she should return the questionnaire If you have arranged to call back for it, make sure that your respondent realises this and that you keep your appointment If you cannot arrange to call back, make sure that the respondent knows it is to be posted back, and stress the need for (decent) speed
- 6 If you do wait for the questionnaire or call to collect it later, please try to spend a minute checking through to see that it has all been filled in Any gaps can then be tactfully pointed out to the respondent and he or she should be asked to fill them in, even if it means writing in 'don't know' where appropriate
- 7 On rare occasions, it might be clear that a willing respondent needs your help to complete the questionnaire, because of, say, poor eye-sight or illiteracy In such cases, treat the questionnaire as if it were an extension of the interview, and tick the boxes accordingly, with the respondent at your side

10. The Interview questionnaire . general guidelines

First, a feature of such a wide-ranging questionnaire may be that people are likely to be much more interested in some questions than in others The particular interviewing challenge posed is one of establishing the right speed at which to progress through the questions Rushing the respondent clearly has to be avoided but an over-deliberate approach would be equally wrong It may be that some respondents want to give a great deal of thought to some of the issues, but we are seeking to capture present attitudes, not to conduct a philosophical discussion or a political debate' If some respondents have no particular viewpoint on a topic, or if they cannot answer the question as posed, it is acceptable to code or enter DK or an 'other answer', and move on to the next question

Second, throughout the questionnaire we will be using a number of general phrases that may cause the respondent to ask for further explanation. Examples might be:

"Britain's interests"	Q.5
"Threat to world peace"	Q.9
"Britain's general industrial performance"	Q.15

In these and many similar case we do not wish to give the respondent any further explanation. The phrases used are intended as general ones. Simply read the question or statement out, and tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of whatever he or she understands by the phrase.

Third, at questions where a space has been provided for 'other' answers, they should be recorded verbatim. There is also a code that should be ringed when an 'other answer' is entered. Unless specifically stated, an 'other answer' coded should be ringed only when one of the pre-coded answers cannot be ringed, after probing.

In the questions where there is no specific provision for 'other answers', none is anticipated, although should they occur, they should be entered somewhere near the question. But, as a general rule for questions in which no 'other answer' space is provided, first repeat the question with appropriate emphasis before accepting an 'other answers'. For example, in the question: "Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace", you get the answer "Sometimes one, sometimes another". Before accepting this answer and entering it, the question should first be repeated with the emphasis: Which of the phrases is closest to your opinion ... You can also use phrases like "Generally", "In general", etc. as probes, otherwise repeating the question wording exactly.

Fourth, the interview questionnaire is divided into several sections, each of which deals with a broadly defined group of subjects (see below for details). Respondents do not need to be made aware of the various sections of the questionnaire during the course of the interview; the questionnaire was designed to be administered as a single unit with a reasonably smooth transition between groups of questions and different topics.

LAYOUT OF THE INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

L VERSION

L

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGES</u>	<u>TOPICS</u>
ONE	1-5	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	6-36	Economic policy, employment, women and childcare
THREE	37-39	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	40-45L	Religion, racial prejudice and sexual mores
FIVE	46L-48L	Crime and the police
SIX	49L-53L	Civil liberties
SEVEN	53L-56L	Politics
EIGHT	57-58	Housing (short)
NINE	59-72	Classification

Y VERSION

Y

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGES</u>	<u>TOPICS</u>
ONE	1-5	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	6-36	Economic policy, employment, women and childcare
THREE	37-39	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	40Y-41Y	Education
FIVE	42-43	Religion and ethnic origin
SIX	44Y-48Y	Countryside and the environment
SEVEN	49Y-56Y	Smoking and health
EIGHT	57-62Y	Housing (long)
NINE	63-76	Classification

If a respondent does break off the interview part way through (this happens very rarely), try to complete the classification section - the last fourteen pages of the questionnaire.

11. The interview questionnaire : in detail

Q.1 A single newspaper is the preferred answer at b). If the respondent maintains, in spite of probing, that he or she reads more than one daily morning paper equally frequently, do not code but write in the relevant papers under 'Other'.

Q.2 Do not read out the party names here; the respondent should volunteer which party he or she supports.

At c) or d) mentions of 'Liberal Alliance' would be coded as Liberal; mentions of 'SDP or Social Democratic Alliance' would be coded as SDP. If the respondent simply says 'Alliance', probe as directed before accepting this answer.

'Tory' should be coded as Conservative and 'Socialist' (unqualified) as Labour. All other descriptions of party should be written as 'Other Party'. Other answers (such as "undecided") should be written in under 'other answer'. The code 10 (NONE) should be ringed only as a possible response to c) or d).

Ask e) if ANY party is coded at Q.2c) or d).

Q.8 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt; the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, is closest to his or her views on defence.

If the respondent says "Alliance", please probe: "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code Alliance only if there is no alternative.

Q.14 At a) we want to know which the government should give highest priority to; at b) we want to know which is of **more concern** to the respondent and his or her family.

Q.23 The respondent may well choose several items on Card E showing various types of economic activity undertaken 'last week' - that is the seven days ending last Sunday. These should all be coded on Column I. The highest on the list (the first that applies) or the one category, if there is only one, then gets transferred to Column II (ECONOMIC POSITION). If you interview on a Sunday, the seven days are the ones ending the **previous** Sunday.

The ECONOMIC POSITION of the respondent determines which group of questions will be asked in the remainder of Section Two (ie up to Q.60).

Those in paid work (Code 03) are asked

- (if employees) Qs 24-50
- (if self-employed) Q 24, then Qs 51-68

Those in full-time education (01) are asked Q 69

Those on government training schemes (02) are asked Q 70

Those waiting to take up paid work (04) are asked Q 71

All the unemployed (05, 06, or 07) are asked Qs 72-75

Those permanently sick or disabled (08) are asked Q 76

Those wholly retired from work (09) are asked Qs 77-81

Those looking after the home (10) are asked Qs 82-102

Those doing something else (11) are asked Q 103

The following notes explain the items on CARD E at Q 23 a little more fully:

A/01 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

All students, even those doing vacation jobs during the last week, are to be coded in this category. If the student is on vacation and will continue to be a student only if he or she passes an exam, assume that the exam will be passed and still treat the respondent as in full-time education. People on government training schemes (ET, YTS etc) are EXCLUDED from this category. They should be counted as B/02.

B/02 On government training/employment scheme

People on government-sponsored training or employment schemes. Schemes should be coded here. They should not be coded as 'In paid work' or 'In full-time education' (even if they are doing the educational part of the scheme).

C/03 **In paid work for at least 10 hours in the week (or away temporarily from that work)**

This category includes all types of paid work, whether for an employer, or on the respondent's own account as self-employed. It includes casual, part-time and temporary work provided that it amounts to at least 10 hours in the week.

Voluntary work, or work carried out where only expenses are reimbursed or work paid for in kind (eg. be receiving board and lodging only) where there is no financial transaction, are EXCLUDED from this category. People temporarily away would include those who were absent from work last week because of sickness or injury, holiday, compassionate leave, or maternity leave, provided that they have a job to go back to with the same employer or as self-employed in the same field. It would also include people who were temporarily laid off, or on strike, or locked out, again provided that they have a job with the same employer to go back to, or to the same self-employed status eg. an actor 'resting' between jobs.

People whose contract of employment incorporates regular but intermittent work (eg. some staff in educational institutions, or professional sportsmen, whose wages are paid only during term time or in the season, and who therefore may not have worked last week) are included in this category.

The second four items listed on the card cover those members of the population who are about to start a job, or who are unemployed.

D/04 **Waiting to take up paid work already accepted**

This category covers people not in work last week but who have a definite agreement to start work on a set date. It does not include people who have been given a vague promise of a job if and when a vacancy occurs.

E/05 **Unemployed and registered at a benefit office**

This category covers those who are both unemployed and registered for benefit purposes. It does not cover those unemployed and registered only through the government employment service (eg. Jobcentre, local government careers offices).

Here, they must be unemployed and registered as unemployed for benefit purposes.

F/06 **Unemployed, not registered but actively looking for a job**

This category includes all unemployed, not registered for benefit, but who are actively looking for a job. This would include people seeking work through central or local government employment service (Jobcentres, local authority Careers Offices etc), people registered with private employment agencies, people answering advertisements for work, advertising for work or even people just actively looking around for opportunities.

G/07 **Unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job**

Include here any unemployed (again not registered for benefit), but who are not actively looking for a job at the moment. People who, for instance, have given up looking for work in their area because it has a high unemployment rate would be included here, or those who are ill and temporarily unable to look for work. Respondents should normally be left to decide for themselves whether an illness in this case is temporary or not. If in doubt, include it if it has lasted less than six months.

The remaining three categories on the card cover those members of the population who are generally considered to be economically inactive.

H/08 **Permanently sick or disabled** covers people out of work and not seeking work because of permanent (or indefinite) sickness or disability. People who have never worked because of disability are included. Do not include retired people in poor health who would not be seeking work even if they were healthy. In cases of doubt over whether an illness or disability is permanent, treat it as permanent if it has lasted continuously for six months or more.

J/09 **Wholly retired from work** covers people who have retired from their occupation at approximately the normal retirement age or who have taken 'early retirement', and are not seeking further employment of any sort. Retired people who are permanently sick or have become disabled still count as retired.

Women who leave work on marriage to become housewives or to raise a family and who have not worked for many years, should be classified as 'looking after the home' rather than as retired. But it is difficult to define retirement exactly. Apart from the proviso made about women, the respondent's description from the card should generally be accepted.

K/10 **Looking after the home** covers anyone more or less wholly involved in domestic duties when classifying economic position. There can be more than one person in a household in this category. But at Q 21 we are concerned only with the respondent's position.

- L/11 Doing something else is not on the showcard. It covers anyone who does not fit into any of the ten categories on the card. But remember that people who are in any kind of paid work (including casual self-employed jobs) or more than 10 hours in the week should not be included here.
- Q.24 'Self-employed' refers to work done on the person's own account, not being taxed through PAYE. Some self-employed persons will have their own businesses, some will simply be involved with casual or intermittent work. A person in a one-man business is not necessarily self-employed; if the business is a company, he or she may well be an employee of the company, drawing a salary and being taxed through PAYE.
- Q.26 The number of hours worked per week excludes travel time, meal times and irregular overtime. If there are no regular hours in the normal job, then take the hours worked during the seven days ending last Sunday.
- Q.27b At this question and elsewhere, the workplace is the establishment at or from which the respondent works. This will ordinarily have a single address. The employer of the respondent may of course run several establishments but these are not being asked about. Several questions refer to the workplace so it must be clearly established at this question.
- Q.30b) This is one of the few questions at which the respondent can give more than one answer. Please probe: 'Any other reasons' until the answer is 'no'.
- Q.31a) Answers to this, and similar, questions can be recorded either in months or years. Accept and record whatever answer is given. You should round up the answers to the nearest whole month. Two weeks or over is the next highest month; under two weeks is the next lowest. Probe for best estimates in all cases, even if (as at Q.75) the situation is hypothetical.
- Q.35 Note that you ask item i) of WOMEN ONLY; item j) of MEN ONLY; and item k) of BOTH. Do not forget to ask item k).
- Q.36a) If the respondent's answers at Q.35a) (part-time working available and taken advantage of) do not agree with the answer at Q.25 (working part-time by respondent's own definition), check his/her status: e.g. "Would you say you work full-time or part-time", then recode Q.25 or Q.35a) as appropriate and follow the filter-instructions at Q.36, Code 1 or Code 2.
- Q.39a)
Q.61a) Probe: 'Any others' until 'no' and code all that apply.
Q.89a)
Q.98

- Q 41 If 'NONE OF THESE' (code 97) under first choice, there will
 Q 64 also be a code 97 (NONE OF THESE) in the left-hand column
 Q 91 under 'Second Choice'
- Q 45ab) We are interested in the extent to which respondents are
 Q 68ab) aware of, and use, computer-based technology There is an
 'other' code if you need it
- Q 52 Again, the number of hours worked excludes meal times and
 irregular overtime
- Qs55-58 The questions are asked of all self-employed persons, about
 their main self-employed occupation "Business" may not
 always be the best or most appropriate description, and you
 may therefore need to explain that the question refers to the
 paid work, whatever it is
- Q 58 Note that family members can be employee, BUT ONLY IF THEY
 RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY Please check if unsure
- Q 81 If the respondent is not yet over 65 (men) or 60 (women) we
 want to know the age at which he or she has retired If the
 respondent then says that (s)he has never worked, (eg (s)he
 has interpreted 'retired from work' as meaning simply
 'retired') ring code 00 Do not recode any other data
- Q 82b) Probe fully at this question
- Q 83a) Full-time or part-time job refers to all paid work whether as
 Q 84 an employee or self-employed Full-time is 30 hours or more a
 week, part-time is 10-29 hours
- Q 84 Here we want to know if it is likely that the respondent will
 look for a paid job in the next 5 years - that is, if he or
 she sees it as likely that they will attempt to (re-) enter
 the labour market in the next 5 years
- Q 85 Note that you ask item 1) of WOMEN ONLY, item j) of MEN ONLY,
 and item k) of BOTH Do not forget to ask item k).
- Q 91-93 It is important that respondents do not feel that we are
 Q 98-100 suggesting that they should work outside the home, we wish to
 know only how they would arrange childcare if they did work
- Q 107 In most cases people will feel closer to one statement or the
 other In some cases, however, people may feel the two state-
 ments are related In these cases, record the answer under
 'other' and ring code 7

Q111ab) We are asking these questions about schemes (eg. BUPA and PPP) which provide for, and cover the cost of, private medical treatment and facilities. Do not include simple insurance schemes where the insured person receives a cash benefit when sick.

AT THIS POINT THE QUESTIONNAIRE DIVIDES INTO THE L AND Y VERSIONS

THE NEXT FEW PAGES OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS DEAL FIRST WITH THE 'L VERSION ONLY' QUESTIONS (L113a - L151); THEN WITH THE 'Y VERSION ONLY' QUESTIONS.

THE LAST PART OF THIS SECTION COVERS THE CLASSIFICATION QUESTIONS, MOST OF WHICH ARE ASKED OF ALL RESPONDENTS.

THESE INSTRUCTIONS COVER THE 'L' VERSION

Q113ab) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-23, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the Christian religion. Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If none of the pre-coded categories **exactly** correspond with the respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate.

Q.115 We would like you to ask respondents which group they consider themselves as belonging to. Never query the answer the respondent gives at this question.

If the respondent says 'of other origin', ask him or her which, and write in the answer word-for-word.

Q.116a) In this question, by Asian we mean people from the Indian sub-continent. We have specified India and Pakistan as they main countries. However, we certainly do not wish to exclude people from Bangladesh, Sri Lanka or Asians from East Africa etc, should the respondent mention any of these countries or regions.

Q.118 These are complicated questions. You may need to read them
Q.120 twice before respondents understand them. If a respondent answers "I'm against race discrimination" (rather than "I'm against a law against race discrimination"), re-read the question. If you still think the respondent has misunderstood and answered the question the wrong way round, write a note about it on the questionnaire.

Q.119 Read 'Britain' or 'Scotland' as directed above the question.

Q121-122 These three questions ask about attitudes to sexual matters
It is particularly important here that you do not - even
unwittingly - let respondents know (or guess) what your own
views are

Q 122d) **NOTE THAT THIS QUESTION IS NOT NUMBERED ON THE QUESTIONNAIRE**
Please write the d) in the margin so you do not forget to ask
it'

After asking a)-c), we want to get a better idea of what
respondent means by "homosexual" Note that we are using the
words "gay" and "lesbian" in the questionnaire This has not
caused any difficulty in the past, and we have always defined
the words wherever they are used

Q 125 Stress 'in your area' at the question- and let the respondent
decide what is or her area is

Q 131) 'Or someone you know' is in commas, but please read it out
Q 132) each time you ask the question

Q 135 This is the start of a section dealing with matters like human
rights, civil liberties, freedom of information and privacy
In this section, as in others, 'don't know' answers are quite
acceptable, indeed, it is important for us to know the propor-
tions of people without knowledge of, or strong opinions
about, these matters

Q 142 We want one answer at this question If necessary repeat the
question, emphasising 'closest'

Q 144 Some respondents may ask "Do you mean PR/proportional
representation?" You may reply "yes"

Q 145 Read out 'the Scottish Nationalist Party' only to respondents
living in Scotland and 'Plaid Cymru' only to respondents
living in Wales All respondents **must be asked about the
first four parties, and the seventh** (the Green Party)

Q 148 We do not want to give the respondent any explanation of the
words "nationalisation" and "privatisation" If asked, please
tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of
what he or she understands by the words

Q 154 **Tenure** note that this question applies to the **whole accommod-
ation** that the respondent's **household** occupies, not just to
the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to
his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household
who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation

Own leasehold or freehold outright those whose accommodation
is wholly owned, i e they are not buying on a mortgage or
with a loan

Buying leasehold or freehold: those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more.

Rented property: includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member: it could be paid by another member of the family (e.g. son on behalf of mother) or by income support direct to the landlord.

- Q.155 Code from observation and check the selected code with the respondent.
- Q.157 Stress '...in your area' when reading out the question - and let the respondent decide what his or her area is.

THESE INSTRUCTIONS COVER THE 'Y' VERSION

Y

- Q.118a) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-23, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the **Christian** religion. Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If none of the pre-coded categories **exactly** correspond with the respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate.
- Q.120 We would like you to ask respondents which group they consider themselves as belonging to. Never query the answer the respondent gives at this question.
- If the respondent says 'of other origin', ask him or her which, and write in the answer word-for-word.
- Q.121 Card AA, which you use at both these questions, is reproduced at the bottom of page 44Y, for your reference only.
- Q.125 Respondents should not feel that they ought to be concerned about any of these issues. Use the 'don't know' code as necessary.
- Q.126 Probe 'any others' until the answer is 'no'; use the NONE OF THESE code as necessary.

- Q 127a) Use code 4 ('Does not apply to me') only if the action is physically impossible (e.g. the respondent does not own a car at 11) or ix) Do not use it if the action is merely difficult - even if it is very difficult. For instance, if there is no bottle bank near-by for recycling bottles, or if the respondent would have to buy a new car to use unleaded petrol, the answer should be 'Not at all', not 'Does not apply'. If a respondent does not know, for instance, whether his wife buys toiletries like soap which are not tested on animals, write in 'DK'. You would only code 'Does not apply' if the respondent did not use any toiletries at all.
- Q 127 For each activity that the respondent says he or she does 'not at all' nowadays at a), ask b) about their intentions over 'the next year or so'.
- Q 128 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, is closest to his or her views on the environment.
- If the respondent says "Alliance" please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code Alliance only if there is no alternative.
- Q 129 Code from observation and check the selected code with the respondent.
- Q 132a) We want to include anyone who smokes cigarettes at all, even if it is only a few cigarettes a week.
- Q 132b) Please let the respondents decide whether they smoked
 c) regularly, but if they smoked even a few cigarettes a week
 d) regularly, that would count as 'yes'.
- Q 133
- Q 134 Probe for the best estimate at these questions and write the number in the boxes provided.
- Q 135
- Q 137
- Q 138 Please do not imply to respondents that they ought to try to give up smoking.
- Q 146 **Tenure** note that this question applies to the **whole accommodation** that the respondent's household occupies, not just to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation.

Own leasehold or freehold outright: those whose accommodation is wholly owned, ie. they are not buying on a mortgage or with a loan.

Buying leasehold or freehold: those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more.

Rented property: includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member: it could be paid by another member of the family (eg. son on behalf of mother) or by income support.

Q.149a) Note that 'local authority' at this question includes those who have bought from the local council, or the GLC, the London Residuary Body or New Town Development Corporations. That is, it includes anyone who has bought housing that was previously owned by a public-sector body. And the ownership relates to the accommodation as a whole - as owned by the person responsible for the mortgage - not to the respondent's own ownership.

Q.149c) If respondent lived in rented accommodation less than one year ago, write in '00'.

Q.156 Clearly the last item "at my age, I would not want to change" will not apply to many (younger) respondents and you will code it as such. But it **must be read out to everyone**. If necessary, you can explain afterwards that we have to include this reason for older people we interview.

Q.158 Code from observation and check the selected code with respondent.

Q.160 Stress 'in your area' when reading out the question, and let the respondent decide what his or her area is.

CLASSIFICATION SECTION IS IDENTICAL
ON BOTH VERSIONS

L&Y

Q.900a) At this question we are asking about respondent's legal marital status; there is a separate code for 'living as married'. The question is designed as a normal READ OUT question; you should code the highest on the list which applies (PRIORITY CODE).

Q 900b) Before filling out the household grid, we ask you to find out how many people, **INCLUDING** the respondent, live as members of the household. The basic definition of a household is that its members are resident at the selected address and share at least one meal a day or share the living accommodation. For adults aged 18+, this should tie up with the number listed as being over 18 at the selection grid on the CASS. If you see that it does not match the number given on the CASS, find out why (was the selection incorrect? or has someone moved in or out after the selection?) and write a note above the household grid or on the front cover of the questionnaire.

Q 901 In the household composition grid, record the details required for every member of the respondent's household. Start with the respondent, and then work down the columns of the grid, collecting information about each household member in turn. At the end, check that the number of people for whom you have details in the grid equals the number given at Q 900.

c) is not concerned with legal status. 'Spouse/partner' would include a person whom the respondent was living with as married. 'Son/daughter' includes step-children, adopted and foster children.

The chance of finding a household with more than 10 members is remote - but if you do, record the details of the 11th, 12th etc member on a spare questionnaire and attach it to 'the household grid' page of this questionnaire.

Q 901d) Legal responsibility refers to any member of the household who

- owns the property or a share of it (ie has his or her name on the deeds)

or

- rents the property solely or jointly (ie has his or her name in the rent book)

or

- has the accommodation by virtue of his or her own relationship to the owner (the owner not being a member of the household)

If any household member has legal responsibility for the accommodation ring code 1 for them at Q 901d). Otherwise, ring code 2. Do not leave any blanks.

Q 902 We simply want to know if the respondent has ever had any parental responsibility, even if no children currently live in the household.

- Q.905ab) Code as appropriate and specify the relationship to the respondent of the person doing or sharing the duties; if sharing, remember to specify whether the respondent is involved in the sharing. Always **make sure the relationship to the respondent of the people involved is clear**. This question is about who actually does the **domestic duties and physical acts of caring**. It is **not** about financial responsibility.
- Q.906ab)
- Q.907 This question ask about the respondent's age when he or she completed **continuous** full-time education.
- Q.908 The main types of exams and qualifications are included here.
Q.909 Code ALL that apply. We have split the qualifications into secondary school qualifications (at Q.908) and other qualifications (at Q.909). You should write in under 'other' any others that the respondents mentions, but we are interested only in **educational** or **vocational** exams and qualifications, not leisure activities, or St John's Ambulance, etc.
- Q.910 We wish to collect occupational details of almost all respondents, excluding only those who have never had a job.
- Ask everyone else about their current, future or last job, as directed. If the respondent has never worked, write in at a). Please probe fully for **all** relevant details: If any are missing, we may be unable to code occupation accurately.
- At f), if the respondent is in any doubt about how to classify his or her employer's organisation, write in a description at 'other' code 07. The same applies at Q.914f).
- Q.911 The staff association referred to in these questions is an organisation of employees recognised, like a union, by management for the negotiation of pay and other conditions of employment. In certain professions (eg. banking) staff associations exist alongside or instead of trade unions.
- Q.913 We need to collect details of occupation for the respondent's
Q.914 spouse or partner. The same principles apply as to Q.23 and Q.910.
- Q.917 If you **are** in any doubt about which benefit(s) the respondent has received, record his or her answer verbatim under 'other benefit(s) volunteered'. If none, **remember to code NONE** (code 21).
- Q.918 You should obtain the total income of the household from all sources before tax. **Income** includes not only earnings but state benefits, occupational and other pensions, unearned income such as interest from savings, rent etc. For respondents in paid work in the last 7 days (Q.23) you should also obtain his or her **own** earnings.

In each case - for both income and earnings - we want the figures before the deductions of income tax, national insurance and other deductions. The questions refer to current level of income or earnings or, if that is convenient, to the nearest tax or other period for which the respondent is able to answer.

- Q 920b) If the respondent gives a telephone number, record it at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS - on the tear-off slip. But remember to code the question here too.
- Q 923a), Remember to code both parts of this question as appropriate,
b) to let us know how the self-completion questionnaire is going to be returned. And remember to code the relevant questions on the CASS.
- Q924b)- Code the time you finished the interview (using the 24
e) hour clock), how long the interview lasted (in minutes), your interviewer number, and the date.

PLEASE REMEMBER TO ENTER THE AREA CODE, THE RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NO ON THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE BEFORE YOU GIVE IT TO THE RESPONDENT.

If you have any queries or problems, please do not hesitate to telephone Sharon Witherspoon, or Lindsay Brook at SCPR (01-250 1866) in London. Sharon's home telephone number is 01-340 8374 - but she is away during the first three weeks of April.

Good Luck!

INTERVIEWER:

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT THE CASS IS COMPLETELY FILLED IN, INCLUDING THE RESPONDENTS' NAME.

- **RETURN THE COMPLETED CASS TO THE BRENTWOOD FIELD OFFICE ONLY. DO NOT CUT OFF THE ADDRESS SLIP. SEND THE CASS IN A SEPARATE ENVELOPE, NOT WITH THE QUESTIONNAIRE.**
- **CHECK THE MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE, AND THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE (IF YOU HAVE COLLECTED IT).**
- **DOUBLE CHECK THAT YOU HAVE FILLED IN ALL THE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS. ESPECIALLY THE SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NUMBER.**
- **THEN RETURN BOTH QUESTIONNAIRES TO THE BRENTWOOD FIELD OFFICE AS SOON AS YOU CAN.**

THANK YOU FOR ALL YOUR HELP AND HARD WORK !!!

LOOK-UP CHART

(For 10-100 Dwelling Units or 10-100 persons at one issued address)

IF THERE ARE	11	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	3
	12	-----	6
	13	-----	12
	14	-----	8
IF THERE ARE	15	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	11
	16	-----	7
	17	-----	13
	18	-----	3
	19	-----	14
IF THERE ARE	20	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	2
	21	-----	14
	22	-----	8
	23	-----	13
	24	-----	5
IF THERE ARE	25	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	12
	26	-----	6
	27	-----	17
	28	-----	17
	29	-----	2
IF THERE ARE	30	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	21
	31	-----	10
	32	-----	26
	33	-----	8
	34	-----	22
IF THERE ARE	35	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	8
	36	-----	3
	37	-----	28
	38	-----	19
	39	-----	25
IF THERE ARE	40	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	16
	41	-----	41
	42	-----	32
	43	-----	9
	44	-----	40
IF THERE ARE	45	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	7
	46	-----	35
	47	-----	8
	48	-----	36
	49	-----	15
IF THERE ARE	50	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	44
	51	-----	35
	52	-----	2
	53	-----	24
	54	-----	17
IF THERE ARE	55	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	49
	56	-----	27
	57	-----	39
	58	-----	3
	59	-----	48

(continued
overleaf)

IF THERE ARE	60	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	35
	61	-----	22
	62	-----	10
	63	-----	51
	64	-----	37
IF THERE ARE	65	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	64
	66	-----	65
	67	-----	66
	68	-----	28
	69	-----	45
IF THERE ARE	70	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53
	71	-----	25
	72	-----	48
	73	-----	50
	74	-----	39
IF THERE ARE	75	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	51
	76	-----	11
	77	-----	12
	78	-----	74
	79	-----	42
IF THERE ARE	80	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	9
	81	-----	33
	82	-----	51
	83	-----	69
	84	-----	78
IF THERE ARE	85	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53
	86	-----	19
	87	-----	66
	88	-----	23
	89	-----	17
IF THERE ARE	90	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	19
	91	-----	40
	92	-----	11
	93	-----	35
	94	-----	12
IF THERE ARE	95	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	41
	96	-----	3
	97	-----	10
	98	-----	25
	99	-----	61
IF THERE ARE	100	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	99

To All interviewers working in Scotland on P.1090-- the 1990 British Social Attitudes Survey.

From The research team

23 March

Many of you asked at the briefing what you needed to do to cope with dwelling unit selections at tenements. You should follow this procedure:

First, check the labels on the front of the CASS. Check the exact address, and the names of the electors.

a). If you have the names of electors, try to find the part of the building that the surnames refer to. If, for instance, the names were

"Ian Roxborough"

"Margaret Roxborough"

then look for the part of the tenement occupied by the Roxboroughs. If you find it, then complete Q.3 on the CASS as if one dwelling unit only were present. You should only do this if all the named electors currently live or used to live in one flat/dwelling unit within the tenement. This means the sampling office was successful in identifying one household. You then carry on with the individual selection as normal.

b) If you do not have the names of electors (the CASS label says "more than 6 electors, make a selection"), or if you cannot find the selected electors' household, or if you find that the listed electors live in two or more dwelling units, **THEN YOU HAVE TO MAKE A DWELLING UNIT SELECTION BEFORE YOU CAN MAKE AN INDIVIDUAL SELECTION.**

c) Finally, remember to use the look-up table in the back of the project instructions if the tenement has 11 or more dwelling units

I hope that clarifies things. You should find that in many cases you can proceed directly to an individual selection without have to make a dwelling unit selection. But remember to use the electors' names to help you locate the "exact address" we think we sampled.

Do feel free to telephone me if you have any questions,



Sharon Witherspoon

To All interviewers working on P.1090- the 1990 British Social Attitudes Survey

From The research team

23 March 1990

As usual, a few further points have arisen from briefings, or from telephone calls. These are cases where we have made a mistake, or where there are minor inconsistencies in instructions. We do apologise!

1. You should not detach your CASS slip from the CASS; ignore the instruction at the end of the questionnaire. CASSEs are to be kept whole, and posted in a separate envelope from the questionnaire to which they relate.
2. On the CASS, at Q.7, you list respondents in age order, **oldest to youngest** (NOT youngest to oldest.) Follow the instruction on the CASS itself.
3. On the questionnaire:

BOTH VERSIONS

Q.13 Note the typo: it should read "gone down", rather than "done down."

Q.35k) This question does not work as gracefully as it might. If someone does have another arrangement for childcare, it will be straightforward, but if they do not, they may just answer "no". If possible, probe to see if there are any arrangements which they would like, but do not have, to decide whether to code 1 or 2. Otherwise, just write in NO on the lines provided.

Y(ellow) VERSION ONLY

Q.127 Please remember to go down, asking ALL the a) questions, and then remember to ask the b) question about each item coded "3" at a.) Remember that you should use the "does not apply" category only when something is physically impossible. Finally, at item vi ("choose to eat less meat"), you should code 1 if the person is a vegetarian.

Do feel free to telephone Lindsay Brook or Sharon Witherspoon if you have any queries, or to telephone Sharon at home. Thank you again,

**BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY**

TO ALL INTERVIEWERS BRIEFING THEMSELVES ON P.1090

FROM THE PROJECT TEAM

(ROGER JOWELL, SHARON WITHERSPOON, LINDSAY BROOK, BRIDGET TAYLOR)

We will miss seeing you at briefings, but self-briefings for those who have worked on BSA before was one of the many suggestions you made last year. We do listen to you!

You have been allowed one half-day for self-briefing, and you will want to read all these instructions carefully. Even though you have worked on the survey before, there are many small changes which you will want to note.

It is especially important that you note the following:

- **All your work is being returned to Brentwood.** Even if your Field Controller is located in Darlington, you should return your work to Brentwood. This way we can take advantage of computerised booking-in of your work.
- Return your CASSes (if productive) in a separate A4 envelope from the questionnaires, **BUT DO NOT REMOVE THE TEAR-OFF SLIP AT THE BOTTOM**. That is done at the Brentwood office.
- You should use only the A4 envelopes for returning your own work, even if it is just a single self-completion questionnaire. **Only the respondent should use the A5 envelope** to return the self-completion questionnaire, that way, we have a final check as to how it was actually returned.
- **PLEASE MAKE SURE YOU WRITE THE SERIAL NUMBER ON ALL QUESTIONNAIRES, INCLUDING SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRES**
- Half of your assignment will be L(avendar) version addresses, and half will be Y(ellow) version addresses. The CASSes and questionnaires are colour-coded. Please make sure you use the correct version of the questionnaire for each address, **see page 12 of the project instructions for vital notes about this.**
- Of course, you will need to read all the detailed instructions given for particular questions. But pay careful attention to the instructions for the following questions:
 - Both versions:**
 - Q 23-- for definitions of employment status
 - Q 35
 - Q 36a
 - 'L' version only:**
 - Q 118
 - Q 122d
 - Q 145
 - 'Y' version only.**
 - Q 126
 - Q 127
 - Q 156
 - Both versions**
 - Q 901

THANK YOU AND GOOD LUCK!

P.1090

Spring 1990

**BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY**

BOOK INFORMATION FORM

To: The Publications Officer
SCPR
35 Northampton Square
London
EC1V 0AX

I took part in the British Social Attitudes 1990 survey. I understand that you plan to publish a book about the survey in autumn 1991. Please send me a leaflet in 1991 which tells me when the book will be published, and how my local library or I might obtain a copy of the book.

My name and address are:

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

POSTCODE: _____

PLEASE NOTE:

We will post the leaflets in autumn 1991, before publication day, when many national newspapers will be writing about the survey. If you give a copy of the leaflet to your local library, it may be able to obtain a copy of the book.

Please give this form to the interviewer, or post it back whenever convenient to SCPR at the address above. Thank you again for your help.



Our Ref P 1135
February 1991

35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON EC1V 0AX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

*From 6th May 1990
dial 071 instead of 01*

OR TELEPHONE (0232) 761579

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Dear Resident

You may have read about the Social Attitudes study in the newspapers, or heard about it on the radio or television. It is a widely-reported annual survey whose findings are also used by government as a way of finding out about changing public attitudes.

The questionnaire covers a whole range of topics, from the National Health Service to giving to charities, from unemployment to the cost of living. Each year we publish a book on the results. No special knowledge is needed to answer any of the questions. All replies are treated in confidence and are never linked to names or addresses.

Your address is one of about 1,500 selected at random from the ratings list of all addresses in Northern Ireland. Within the next few weeks one of our interviewers will call on you, show you an identification card, and ask you for your co-operation in choosing a person at random from your household to take part in the survey. If you happen to be busy when the interviewer calls, he or she will be happy to call again at a more convenient time.

We very much hope you will take part in the survey, and are sure that you will find it interesting and enjoyable.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell

Director

P S We should be grateful if you would show this letter to other members of your household, in case you are out when we call.



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON EC1V 0AX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

Our Ref. P.1135
Feb/March 1991

*From 6th May 1990
dial 071 instead of 01*

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

We are asking for your help in an important survey of social attitudes in Northern Ireland. Its aim is to discover what people think and feel about all sorts of questions on which everyone has views. For instance, we will ask what you think about the National Health Service, unemployment, giving to charities and the cost of living.

The addresses we contact and the person to be interviewed are selected at random by statistical techniques, and the interviewer may not take substitutes. It is important that we interview everyone we approach, not just those with strong views; the co-operation of every selected person is important.

SCPR is an independent research institute registered as a charity. As with all our surveys, the questionnaires are anonymous and no-one will be named or identifiable in any way. The statistical results will be published in a book. A summary of the results is also given to various government departments, to newspapers and to some charitable foundations, to let them know how people really feel about important issues.

The study is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, but also has support from the Nuffield Foundation, from government departments and from private industry. Interviewers from the Policy Planning and Research Unit in Northern Ireland will carry out the survey and have an identity card they can show you.

We hope you will enjoy the interview, and that the survey will help lead to better understanding of the views of the people of Northern Ireland. Even if you are unsure about it, do please allow us to start the interview and see how you get along. If you have any questions about the survey which the interviewer cannot answer, please contact my colleagues on the Social Attitudes team at PPRU on (0232) 761579.

Thank you very much for your help.

Roger Jowell

Director

Belfast Tel No (0232) 761579

P 1090/REM1/NI

Spring 1990

SN

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

Within the last month or so you very kindly agreed to be interviewed as part of an important survey of social attitudes in Northern Ireland. At the same time we asked you to fill in a self-completion questionnaire and return it to us by post in a pre-paid envelope.

As we have not yet received the self-completion questionnaire from you, I wonder if I could ask you to spare a little more of your time? The self-completion questionnaire is an important part of the survey. It contains questions on some topics not covered in the main interview, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. We need to get the views of everyone in our sample, not just those with strong opinions or particular viewpoints.

Thank you very much for your help, and for agreeing to the interview. I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell
Director, SCPR

PS If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for writing to you again.

Belfast Tel. No. (0232) 761579

P.1090/REM2/NI

Spring 1990

SN:

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

About two weeks ago we sent you a letter about the questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. The self-completion questionnaire is a very important part of our Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey on which you kindly agreed to be interviewed.

As we have no record of having received your questionnaire, we are enclosing another copy, in case the first copy was mislaid, and a pre-paid envelope. We hope you will find the questionnaire both interesting and enjoyable. We need to hear from as many people as possible, so that the information we collect represents the views of a true cross-section of the public in Northern Ireland.

We do greatly appreciate your co-operation in this study, and hope you will find time to fill in the questionnaire and return it to us. Without it an important part of the picture will be missing.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell
Director, SCPR

PS. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and forgive us for writing to you again.

Encl./

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES:
1990 SURVEY

Project Instructions

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1. Background

In six out of the last seven years, Social and Community Planning Research has fielded a large national survey in Britain. This series, called British Social Attitudes, has become one of SCPR's most well-publicised surveys and an important source of information about contemporary Britain.

The study has three main outcomes:

- a) A book on the survey is published in autumn each year. This Report, published by Gower, presents the main findings of the survey, and is important in keeping SCPR's name before a wide public audience. The latest book was published in mid-November 1989. The findings are widely known and discussed on radio and TV programmes, in articles and features in newspapers and magazines.
- b) The data from the survey are deposited in the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) data archive, and made available for analysis by the academic community, or any other interested data user.
- c) Various government departments get summary reports on the findings and use them in their policy planning.

The Social Attitudes survey is designed to measure contemporary social attitudes and how they change over time. Such findings are of interest now, for instance, to government departments anxious to have more information about people's **own** assessments of, for example, their work or their housing circumstances. But the data are also contributions to social history, to allow analysts in the future to discover what people thought and felt about the major social issues of today.

In 1988, the Nuffield Foundation, a charitable research body, agreed to fund the costs of extending the survey to Northern Ireland if the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU) would contribute funds for the fieldwork. The first round of fieldwork took place in 1989, and this survey is the second of three funded by Nuffield and PPRU.

Some of the questions will be identical to those asked in Britain; others will be asked only in Northern Ireland. This year, there is a module, or group of questions, on crime, law and order and the police in Northern Ireland. In addition, some of the questions (on the role of government) will be asked in the Republic of Ireland, allowing for unique three-way comparisons of the views of people living in these three places.

Other topics covered this year include some asked about in all previous years - for example, unemployment, the National Health Service and welfare benefits - and others which are asked less often: for example, about civil liberties.

The British Social Attitudes survey is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from several government departments (Employment, Environment, Health and the Home Office), the Countryside Commission and the Health Education Authority

The costs of mounting the survey in Northern Ireland are coming partly from the Nuffield Foundation, and partly from PPRU. You may find it useful to stress that SCPR is an independent non-profit making charitable research institute, and that the Nuffield Foundation is contributing funds and sitting on the advisory group (The Nuffield Foundation is also funding the series of questions on civil libertarian issues)

As in earlier years, there is a self-completion supplement for each respondent to fill in after the interview. It contains questions on topics covered in the main questionnaire. It also has some questions on the role of government in people's lives. These questions are being asked in eight other European countries (including the Republic of Ireland) and also in the United States and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes

2. Notifying the Police

As on other surveys, you must notify the local police station in the area where you will be working. Please use the normal procedures

3. The Sample

The 1400 addresses in your sample have been drawn from the ratings lists. They are issued to you in the form of labels attached to a form which we have called a Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS). The surname of the household living at each address when the lists were compiled is also given when it was available, but this is **only to make contacting easier**: in order to interview a representative cross-section of the adult population, you will need to list all adults (aged 18+) at each sampled address and select one at random for interview. The way to do this is described in Section 8 below

It is vital that the person chosen for interview at each address is selected by strict random sampling principles. If we interviewed only those people who happened to be at home at the first call, or who were especially keen to be interviewed, our sample would almost certainly be unrepresentative of the adult population of Northern Ireland

4. Contact Procedures

You must attempt to make contact at each address in your assignment. You must call on **at least 3 occasions**, at different times of day and at suitably spaced times before you classify the address unproductive. If necessary, at least one of these calls should be in the late afternoon or evening and one at the weekend

This year, as an experiment, a letter is being sent in advance of your visit, to half the sample addresses (those with an **even-numbered** serial number). Many interviewers thought that this would help gain people's co-operation, and research by PPRU has indicated that this may indeed be so. There is a copy of the letter among your materials, and you will need to show it to relevant respondents at the end of each interview, when we ask them what **they** thought of the letter.

As always, it is very important that we achieve a high response rate in this survey. Please keep trying to contact all the issued addresses until the end of the fieldwork period. Keep trying all non-contacts as long as you are calling in the area. If you sense a respondent may be about to refuse, it often helps if you withdraw, offering to call again at a more convenient time, before a formal refusal is actually given. Only by interviewing as many as possible of those selected for the sample can we be confident that the answers we get are representative of the views of all people aged 18 and over.

It is vital that we achieve a high response rate. Therefore we are asking you to:

- o call the office before you return any Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASSs) for **untraceable** addresses to the office. PPRU might be able to find out some information which will help you locate 'hard to find' addresses;
- o return all completed CASSs for other **deadwood** addresses (vacant premises, etc.) to the office as soon as possible. There should be little deadwood, and we would like to have these back in the **first fortnight** of the field period;
- o return a completed CASS for each **definite refusal** to the office as soon as possible
- o keep trying to contact your **non-contacts, broken appointments etc.** until the **end** of the fieldwork period, even if you have made 3 calls. Then whenever you are in the neighbourhood try again, unless you have learned that the selected respondent will not be available until after the end of the fieldwork (due to holiday, illness etc.). Complete the CASS for all your non-contacts and return them to the office with your final work.

You must **never substitute one address for another, nor substitute one selected individual for another.** The sample has been randomly selected, and any substitutions you make would lead to bias in the results.

Remember to show your Identity Card when you introduce yourself. If you think it will help you to get an interview, you can give the person you initially contact a copy of the introductory letter, or the newspaper leaflet describing the study or the SCPR leaflet, or all three, as part of your introduction. In any case, you **must** leave a copy of the introductory letter and the SCPR leaflet with each respondent **after** the interview.

The interview will last, on average, about one hour, though it will be slightly shorter for those not in paid work. Older respondents, too, may take a little longer on average to answer the questionnaire. So please allow enough time between appointments.

5. Suggested Introduction

We have found that the best introduction for interviewers to use is the one they feel most comfortable with. And it is vital to start at the beginning and explain the purpose of the survey to each person you see at an address, don't assume a husband, wife or parent of the selected respondent has passed information on.

These are some of the kinds of things you might say when you introduce yourself and explain about the survey. We are not suggesting that you use this suggested introduction word-for-word - it is for you to adapt as you think best in each situation.

"Good morning/afternoon/evening. My name is _____, and I am doing a survey for Social and Community Planning Research, an independent social research institute. We are carrying out a survey to discover what people nowadays think and feel about a wide range of important issues, such as the health service, unemployment, housing and crime. The survey results are published in a book which shows the views various people have about day-to-day issues."

At this point, you can show the introductory letter, or the leaflet about the survey, or both.

6. Questions you may be asked

Q: How did you get my address?

A: The addresses in the survey were selected from lists of all addresses in Northern Ireland. These are publicly available. Then, a certain number of addresses were selected "at random" - such as taking every 50th or 60th address on the list. Your address came up purely by chance - but once it comes up, I cannot go to another address instead. No one else can be interviewed. This is how we make sure that we fairly represent the views of everyone in Northern Ireland.

Q: How do I know that what I tell you will be treated in confidence?

A: SCPR makes all efforts to keep the information you give us confidential. Your rights as a respondent, and the way in which we honour those rights, are set out in this leaflet about SCPR (SHOW AND HAND OVER). Also, SCPR is registered under the 1984 Data Protection Act.

In addition, we do not have your name or address on this questionnaire. At all times both will be kept separate from the answers that you give.

us. Your questionnaire is identified by a serial number, for administrative purposes. This means that no individual can be linked to answers he or she gives, and the survey itself is written up as statistical summaries only.

Q: Why should I take part?

A: Surveys are voluntary but it is very important that a true cross-section of the public takes part in studies like this one if we are to understand what people think about the social issues of the day. This means that we want to know the views of **everyone** in our sample. If a lot of people refuse to take part then we cannot be sure that our results really reflect the views of all people. No special knowledge is needed, and we need to know the views of everyone, not just those with particular viewpoints.

Q: I'm not sure ...

A: Even if you're not sure, do please let me start the interview and then see how you get along. You can stop at any stage if you wish to.

Q: How do I know you are a genuine researcher/research organisation

A: First, you have a letter from the research team at SCPR. The letter describes the survey and explains why **your** co-operation is important. There are telephone numbers at which you can contact local colleagues of SCPR at PPRU, as well as the head office in London, if you have any further questions to ask. Secondly, we are leaving a leaflet about SCPR, which is an independent non-profit making institute for survey research.

Q: What happens to the results?

A: The statistical results are published each year in a book, available in libraries and bookshops (AT THIS POINT YOU CAN SHOW THE COVER OF THE SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL REPORT). I can give you a form to fill in, so you will be notified when the book about this year's survey is published next year. Your local library will be able to get a copy. Each year there is lots of newspaper publicity when the book comes out, and the survey is widely agreed to be an impartial and fair account of what people think about important social issues.

7. Materials for the survey

- | | | |
|----|--|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASS) | see Section 8 |
| 2 | Call Continuation Sheets (yellow) | see Section 8 |
| 3 | Appointment cards | } use as necessary |
| 4 | 'Newspaper' leaflets about the survey | |
| 5 | Cover of <i>The Special International Report</i> | |
| 6 | Book notification forms | |
| 7 | Introductory letters for respondents | leave one with each respondent |
| 8 | Project instructions (this document) | |
| 9 | Set of show cards (A-H, J-U, W-Z, AA-HH, JJ-OO) | |
| 10 | Interview questionnaires | |
| 11 | Self-completion questionnaires | |
| 12 | Pre-paid A5 envelopes (for respondents to use in returning the self-completion questionnaires in those cases where they cannot be picked up) | |
| 13 | Leaflets about SCPR | leave one with each respondent |

You will also have the usual PPRU field administration documents and forms. These include prepaid A5 envelopes for returning the CASS slips and pay claims (to Mrs E Adams, PPRU) and prepaid A4 envelopes for returning CASSs and questionnaires (addressed to SCPR, PO Box 408, Belfast)

Please make sure you have adequate supplies of all these materials before you start interviewing

8. Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS)

These are the forms on which your assignment of addresses is issued. You will have one for each address in your sample. Besides giving the selected address, the CASS has three other purposes

- o it provides space for you to give details of all the calls you make, and the outcomes
- o it allows you to select one adult at random for interview
- o and - in a case you do not achieve an interview - it enables you to give the reason and (where possible) collect a little information about the non-respondent

It works just like a normal questionnaire and you should follow the filter instructions in the normal way.

You will see that the address, its serial number and other vital information are given on two separate labels on the first page of the CASS.

- o the **label** at the top of the page contains the address serial number (4 digits plus a check letter), region number (always 12) and the area number (4 digits), plus a small look-up table to allow you to select a random adult at the address for interview (see below). Please also check that your name and interviewer number are written in the appropriate boxes on page 1.
- o the **label** at the bottom of page 1 again contains the 3 address identification numbers, the selected address (and the postcode if known) and the name of the head of household given for that address on the ratings list (if known). Remember that this is **not** the name of the selected respondent. We have given it only because it may help at your first visit. You always have to select a random adult at each address.

Also on page 1, you will see that there is space for you to keep a note of the times, dates and results of all your calls. Please remember to fill this in at each separate visit: it will help you to plan any further visits you may have to make. If you make more than six calls, then please enter those on one of the Calls Continuation Sheets provided.

From here on, you fill in the CASS just like a questionnaire.

Qs.1-5 deal with the address. If you find that the address contains two or more dwelling units (eg. flats, bedsitting rooms), Qs.4 and 5 take you through the steps necessary to select **one** at random, by listing them all in a systematic way and using the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one at which to seek an interview. Because the sample was drawn from ratings lists, this will happen only very rarely. But remember it is **exact** address that counts. If it is given on the address label as 'Flat 4, 12 Belfast Road', it is that part of accommodation that is the sampled address, not the whole of no.12.

(In the very rare case of 11 or more dwelling units at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions).

It is essential that - if you need to select a dwelling unit - you follow the rules in making this selection. Only in this way can we be sure that we end up with a truly random sample of accommodation units and adults living there.

At Q 5, write in the number of the selected dwelling unit, (the "DU" code), that is the number printed on the grid at Q 4 - not the flat or room number of the unit itself

Qs.6-9 help you to select the individual within the address for interview. On each occasion when there is more than one person living at the address (or dwelling unit), you must list all adults living there in age order and use the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one for interview

At Q 7, all resident adults must be listed in age order, oldest to youngest. Just write in the ages - not the names, in order to preserve confidentiality. For example

AGE OF ADULTS	PERSON NUMBER
44	01
41	02
22	03
19	04
	05

So there are 4 adults in this household. Look at the bottom flap where you will see something like this

Person/DU	2	3	4	5	6	10
Select	2	1	2	3	4	9

Read off the number printed under '4' - this is the person to be interviewed. At Q 8, write in the person no. that is printed in the grid at Q 7. So in the example, person no. 2 (the 41 year old) has been selected, and you will write '02' in the boxes at Q 8. **Once a random selection has been made, no substitute can be taken**, even if there is someone else living there who is available and willing to be interviewed.

Please note two other points

- o if there are (eg.) two 44 year olds, list them in order of whose birthday is first (ie. the older of the two),
- o make sure that you write in their ages: this is part of the way that backchecks can be carried out in your work.

If there are 11 or more adults living at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions to select one at random for interview.

A useful tactic is to explain at the outset that you have to ask a few questions beforehand to make sure you interview the 'right person' - to ensure that you get a true cross-section of views and give everyone an equal chance to be included. If you can make the person giving the information feel that he or she is **helping** - and know why it is necessary - you will find it easier to gain co-operation.

We need the following information for each person successfully interviewed:

- o the **name** of the selected person, if you can obtain it. Write this on the **back** of the address label slip at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS. (If someone refuses to give their name, write in 'Refused'.)
- o whether a **full** or **partial** interview was carried out - Q.10. (We define a 'partial' interview as one where half or more (21+) pages of the questionnaire were filled in, **plus the classification section** (pp 44-57)).
- o details about the self-completion questionnaire (Q.11) - see Section 9 following.
- o interview length (Q.12)

Finally, for **productive interviews**, **detach the address label slip** to safeguard the confidentiality of the information that the respondent has given us. It may help if you do this in the respondent's presence, so you can demonstrate how you can ensure that 'the answers are anonymous', and explain that the questionnaire is sent to the office in a different envelope from the form containing name and address. Send the CASS slip with your pay claims in the special A5 envelope marked "for the attention of Mrs.E.Adams". Do **not** send them to the PO Box. For productive interviews, you then send the rest of the CASS along with the questionnaire(s) **together** in the A4 envelope to the SCPR PO Box.

For all cases where you have **not** achieved an interview, return the entire CASS (with the slip still attached) to the PO Box. If you have managed to select a respondent but have not got an interview, then fill in Qs.13a) and b) to tell us the sex and age of the selected respondent.

A last few points before we turn to the questionnaires

- (i) Any responsible **adult** member of the household may provide the information that you need in order to establish who it is you are to interview. But never take information from those aged under 18
- (ii) Note that you interview only persons living at listed addresses. There is no case where you would follow anyone to a different address, although you could of course interview him or her somewhere else (eg at work). No substitutes are permitted, so if the selected person is in hospital or away for the duration of the survey, or too old or too ill to be interviewed, then no interview can take place
- (iii) This survey is intended to cover only the population living in **private households** - not those living in institutions. But people can be living as private households within institutional premises. Even if the address you have been given appears to be an institution, check that no one is living in a private household on those premises before rejecting an interview there

9. The Self-completion questionnaire

There are two times when respondents may fill in the self-completion questionnaire

- o Immediately after the interview, before you leave and while you are checking the first questionnaire. Ideally, we would prefer it to be filled in then
- o In the respondent's own time, after the interview. In this case you will need **either** to call back to pick up the questionnaire, **or** to arrange for the respondent to post it back to the SCPR Box No. 1, in the A5 prepaid addressed envelope you will have left for the purpose

Under no circumstances should you give the self-completion questionnaire to the respondent to fill in before the interview.

In practice, you may find that some respondents regard the self-completion questionnaire as too long to complete immediately after the interview. This means that you will have to leave the questionnaire with the respondent. But in order that our response rate on the self-completion questionnaire (which has been very good) does not go down, we would like you to try to call back and pick it up as long as you are still working in the area. This helps remind the respondent how important it is

The rules for the self-completion questionnaire are:

1. You should write the Area Number, the respondent's Serial Number and your Interviewer Number in the boxes provided, before you hand over the questionnaire. **We strongly advise you to enter the Area Number and your Interviewer Number on all questionnaires before your first day in the field.**

Without these identifying numbers, the self-completion questionnaire cannot be used.

Please also write a code number in the 'Rec.' box, as follows:

1. if you yourself are sending the self-completion questionnaire and the interview questionnaire back to the office **together**. Also ring code '1' at Q.11 on the CASS
 2. if you yourself are sending back the self-completion questionnaire **separately** (after the main questionnaire). Also ring code '2' at Q.11 on the CASS.
 - Leave the box **blank** if you leave the questionnaire with the respondent for him or her to return direct to the office. Also ring code '3' at Q.11 on the CASS.
2. If you leave the self-completion questionnaire at an address after the interview, leave it only with the **selected respondent** - the person you interviewed. The self-completion questionnaire (like the interview) may be filled in only by the selected respondent. **No substitute is acceptable.**
 3. If the questionnaire cannot be completed by the end of the visit at which you carry out the interview, then please arrange to call back for it - provided you are still interviewing in that area (you could use one of your appointment cards to remind the respondent of when you are calling for the questionnaire). If this is not possible, you should leave the prepaid envelope we have provided and ask the respondent to post the self-completion questionnaire back to the office. **If you do this please remember to ring code '3' at Q.11 on the CASS.** (We will then know whether or not to send out reminders to respondents whose questionnaires have not arrived.)
 4. Never leave the respondent in any doubt as to how he or she should return the questionnaire. If you have arranged to call back for it, make sure that your respondent realises this and that you keep your appointment. If you cannot arrange to call back, make sure that the respondent knows it is to be posted back, and stress the need for (decent) speed.

- 5 If you do wait for the questionnaire or call to collect it later, please try to spend a minute checking through to see that it has all been filled in. Any gaps can then be tactfully pointed out to the respondent and he or she should be asked to fill them in, even if it means writing in 'don't know' where appropriate.
- 6 On rare occasions, it might be clear that a willing respondent needs your help to complete the questionnaire, because of, say, poor eye-sight or illiteracy. In such cases, treat the questionnaire as if it were an extension of the interview, and tick the boxes accordingly, with the respondent at your side.

10. The Interview questionnaire : general guidelines

First, a feature of such a wide-ranging questionnaire may be that people are likely to be much more interested in some questions than in others. The particular interviewing challenge posed is one of establishing the right speed at which to progress through the questions. Rushing the respondent clearly has to be avoided but an over-deliberate approach would be equally wrong. It may be that some respondents want to give a great deal of thought to some of the issues, but we are seeking to capture present attitudes, not to conduct a philosophical discussion or a political debate. If some respondents have no particular viewpoint on a topic, or if they cannot answer the question as posed, it is acceptable to code or enter DK or an 'other answer', and move on to the next question.

Second, throughout the questionnaire we will be using a number of general phrases that may cause the respondent to ask for further explanation. Examples might be

"The UK's interests"	Q 3
"Threat to world peace"	Q 7
"The UK's general industrial performance"	Q 13

In these and many similar cases **we do not wish to give the respondent any further explanation**. The phrases used are intended as general ones. Simply read the question or statement out, and tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of whatever he or she understands by the phrase.

Third, at questions where a space has been provided for 'other' answers, they should be recorded **verbatim**. There is also a code that should be ringed when an 'other answer' is entered. Unless specifically stated, an 'other answer' coded should be ringed only when one of the pre-coded answers **cannot** be ringed, after probing.

In the questions where there is no specific provision for 'other answers', none is anticipated, although should they occur, they should be entered somewhere near the question. But, as a general rule for questions in which no 'other answer' space is provided, first repeat the question with appropriate emphasis before accepting an 'other answers'. For example, in the question: **"Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace"**, you get the answer "Sometimes one, sometimes another". Before accepting this answer and entering it, the question should first be repeated with the emphasis: **Which of the phrases is closest to your opinion ...** You can also use phrases like **"Generally"**, **"In general"**, etc. as probes, otherwise repeating the question wording exactly.

Fourth, the interview questionnaire is divided into several sections, each of which deals with a broadly defined group of subjects (see below for details). Respondents do not need to be made aware of the various sections of the questionnaire during the course of the interview; the questionnaire was designed to be administered as a single unit with a reasonably smooth transition between groups of questions and different topics.

LAYOUT OF THE INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGES</u>	<u>TOPICS</u>
ONE	1-3	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EEC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	4-17	Economic policy and employment
THREE	18-20	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	21-23	Social class, religion, sexual relationships
FIVE	24-32	Crime and the police
SIX	33-37	Civil liberties
SEVEN	37-41	Countryside and the environment
EIGHT	42-43	Housing
NINE	44-57	Classification

If a respondent does break off the interview part way through (this happens very rarely), try to complete the classification section - the last fourteen pages of the questionnaire.

11. The interview questionnaire : in detail

Q 1 A single newspaper is the preferred answer at b) If the respondent maintains, in spite of probing, that he or she reads more than one daily morning paper equally frequently, do not code but write in the relevant papers under 'Other'

Q 6 Do **not** read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, is closest to his or her views on defence
If the respondent says "Alliance" (and is **not** referring to the Northern Ireland party), please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code (Mainland) Alliance only if there is no alternative

Write in N I political parties at 'Other' and code 7

Q 12 At a) we want to know which the government should give highest priority to, at b) we want to know which is **of more concern** to the respondent and his or her family

Q 21 The respondent may well choose several items on Card E showing various types of economic activity undertaken 'last week' - that is the seven days ending last Sunday These should **all** be coded on Column I The highest on the list (the first that applies) or the one category, if there is only one, then gets transferred to Column II (ECONOMIC POSITION) If you interview on a Sunday, the seven days are the ones ending the **previous** Sunday

The **ECONOMIC POSITION** of the respondent determines which group of questions will be asked in the remainder of Section Two (ie up to Q 60)

Those in paid work (Code 03) are asked

- (if employees) Qs 22-33

- (if self-employed) Q 22, then Qs 34-41

Those in full-time education (01) are asked Q 42

Those on government training schemes (02) are asked Q 43

Those waiting to take up paid work (04) are asked Q 44

All the unemployed (05, 06, or 07) are asked Qs 45-48

Those permanently sick or disabled (08) are asked Q 49

Those wholly retired from work (09) are asked Qs 50-54

Those looking after the home (10) are asked Qs 55-59

Those doing something else (11) are asked Q 60

The following notes explain the items on CARD E at Q.21 a little more fully

A/01 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

All students, even those doing vacation jobs during the last week, are to be coded in this category. If the student is on vacation and will continue to be a student only if he or she passes an exam, assume that the exam will be passed and still treat the respondent as in full-time education. People on government training schemes (ET, etc) are EXCLUDED from this category. They should be counted as B/02.

B/02 On government training/employment scheme

People on government-sponsored training or employment schemes. Schemes should be coded here. They should not be coded as 'In paid work' or 'In full-time education' (even if they are doing the educational part of the scheme).

C/03 In paid work for at least 10 hours in the week (or away temporarily from that work)

This category includes all types of paid work, whether for an employer, or on the respondent's own account as self-employed. It includes casual, part-time and temporary work provided that it amounts to **at least 10 hours** in the week.

Voluntary work, or work carried out where only expenses are reimbursed or work paid for in kind (eg. be receiving board and lodging only) where there is **no** financial transaction, are EXCLUDED from this category. People temporarily away would include those who were absent from work last week because of sickness or injury, holiday, compassionate leave, or maternity leave, provided that they have a job **to go back to with the same employer or as self-employed in the same field**. It would also include people who were temporarily laid off, or on strike, or locked out, again provided that they have a job with the same employer to go back to, or to the same self-employed status eg. an actor 'resting' between jobs.

People whose contract of employment incorporates regular but intermittent work (eg. some staff in educational institutions, or professional sportsmen, whose wages are paid only during term time or in the season, and who therefore may not have worked last week) are **included** in this category.

The second four items listed on the card cover those members of the population who are about to start a job, or who are unemployed.

D/04 **Waiting to take up paid work already accepted**

This category covers people not in work last week but who have a **definite agreement to start work on a set date**. It does **not** include people who have been given a vague promise of a job if and when a vacancy occurs

E/05 **Unemployed and registered at a benefit office**

This category covers those who are **both unemployed and registered for benefit purposes**. It does not cover those unemployed and registered only through the government **employment** service (eg Jobcentre, local government careers offices)

Here, they must be unemployed and registered as unemployed **for benefit purposes**

F/06 **Unemployed, not registered but actively looking for a job**

This category includes all unemployed, **not registered for benefit**, but who are actively looking for a job. This would include people seeking work through central or local government employment service (Jobcentres, local authority Careers Offices etc), people registered with private employment agencies, people answering advertisements for work, advertising for work or even people just actively looking around for opportunities

G/07 **Unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job**

Include here any unemployed (again **not registered for benefit**), but who are **not** actively looking for a job at the moment. People who, for instance, have given up looking for work in their area because it has a high unemployment rate would be included here, or those who are ill and **temporarily** unable to look for work. Respondents should normally be left to decide for themselves whether an illness in this case is temporary or not. If in doubt, include it if it has lasted **less than six months**

The remaining three categories on the card cover those members of the population who are generally considered to be **economically inactive**.

H/08 **Permanently sick or disabled** covers people out of work and not seeking work because of permanent (or indefinite) sickness or disability. People who have never worked because of disability are included. Do not include retired people in poor health who would not be seeking work even if they were healthy. In cases of doubt over whether an illness or disability is permanent, treat it as permanent if it has lasted continuously for **six months or more**

J/09 **Wholly retired from work** covers people who have retired from their occupation at approximately the normal retirement age or who have taken 'early retirement', and are not seeking further employment of any sort. Retired people who are permanently sick or have become disabled still count as retired.

Women who leave work on marriage to become housewives or to raise a family and who have not worked for many years, should be classified as 'looking after the home' rather than as retired. But it is difficult to define retirement exactly. **Apart from the proviso made about women, the respondent's description from the card should generally be accepted.**

K/10 **Looking after the home** covers anyone more or less wholly involved in domestic duties when classifying economic position. There can be more than one person in a household in this category. But at Q.21 we are concerned only with the respondent's position.

L/11 **Doing something else** is not on the showcard. It covers anyone who does not fit into any of the ten categories on the card. But remember that people who are in **any** kind of paid work (including casual self-employed jobs) or more than 10 hours in the week should **not** be included here.

Q.22 'Self-employed' refers to work done on the person's own account, not being taxed through PAYE. Some self-employed persons will have their own businesses, some will simply be involved with casual or intermittent work. A person in a one-man business is not necessarily self-employed; if the business is a company, he or she may well be an employee of the company, drawing a salary and being taxed through PAYE.

Q.24 The number of hours worked per week **excludes** travel time, meal times and **irregular** overtime. If there are no regular hours in the normal job, then take the hours worked during the seven days ending last Sunday.

Q.25b At this question and elsewhere, the workplace is the establishment at or **from which** the respondent works. This will ordinarily have a single address. The **employer** of the respondent may of course run several establishments but these are not being asked about. Several questions refer to the workplace so it must be clearly established at this question.

Q.29b) Answers to these five questions can be recorded either in months or years. Accept and record whatever answer is given.

Q.45b)

Q.48a) You should **round up** the answers to the nearest whole month.

Q.57b) Two weeks or over is the next highest month; under two weeks is the next lowest.

Probe for best estimates in all cases, even if (as at Q.48a) the situation is hypothetical.

- Q 35 Again, the number of hours worked **excludes** meal times and **irregular overtime**
- Qs39-41 The questions are asked of all self-employed persons, about their **main self-employed occupation** "Business" may not always be the best or most appropriate description, and you may therefore need to explain that the question refers to the paid job, whatever it is
- Q 41 Not that family members can be employee, **BUT ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY** Please check if unsure
- Q 54 If the respondent is not yet over 65 (men) or 60 (women) we want to know the age at which he or she **has retired** If the respondent then says that (s)he has **never worked**, (eg (s)he has interpreted 'retired from work' as meaning simply 'retired') ring code 00 Do **not** recode any other data
- Q 57a) Full-time or part-time job refers to all paid work whether as
Q 59 an employee or self-employed Full-time is 30 hours or more a week, part-time is 10-29 hours
- Q 59 Here we want to know if it is likely that the respondent will **look** for a paid job in the next 5 years - that is, if he or she sees it as likely that they will attempt to (re-) enter the labour market in the next 5 years
- Q 64 In most cases people will feel closer to one statement or the other In some cases, however, people may feel the two statements are related In these cases, record the answer under 'other' and ring code 7
- Q 68a)b) We are asking these questions about schemes (eg BUPA and PPP) which provide for, and cover the cost of, private medical treatment and facilities Do **not** include simple insurance schemes where the insured person receives a cash benefit when sick
- Q 70a)b) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-22, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the **Christian** religion Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions If none of the pre-coded categories **exactly** correspond with the respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate
- Q 77a-c These three questions ask about attitudes to sexual matters It is particularly important here that you do not - even unwittingly - let respondents know (or guess) what your own views are

Q.78 This is the start of the module on crime and the police. It has been thoroughly piloted, and many revisions have been made as a result of what interviewers reported back after field-work. Responses to these questions will be extremely important to policy-makers in Northern Ireland. In general, respondents seemed to enjoy this section during the pilot.

Some of the questions ask about crime in general; some ask specifically about non-sectarian crime; and others about sectarian crime, to do directly with the Troubles. If at any stage, the respondents' answers indicate that he or she is muddling the two, remind the respondent which type of crime you are asking about.

Q.84 Ring one code only here. If the respondent gives two or more
Q.86 answers, repeat the question stressing 'most likely'.

Q.89 Do not include random checks here (eg. roadblocks at which most or all cars are stopped).

Q.90) 'Or someone you know' is in brackets, but please read it out
Q.90) each time you ask the question.

Q.97a) You code one of the three security forces at a); and read out
b) the other two at b) and code one in the second column.

If 'none' at a) or 'don't know', skip b) and go to Q.98.

Q.101a), If (Mainland) Alliance is mentioned, please be sure to probe
b), c) "Social and Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?" Only if the respondent cannot choose between these two parties should you code (Mainland) Alliance.

'Tory' should be coded as Conservative and 'Socialist' (unqualified) as Labour. All other descriptions of party should be written as 'Other party' and coded 08. Other answers (such as "undecided") should be written in under 'Other answer', and coded 09.

Q.102 This is the start of a section dealing with matters like human rights, civil liberties, freedom of information and privacy. In this section, as in others, 'don't know' answers are quite acceptable; indeed, it is important for us to know the proportions of people without knowledge of, or strong opinions about, these matters.

Q.109 We want one answer at this question. If necessary repeat the question, emphasising 'closest'.

Q.110 Section seven includes some questions about the countryside that have been asked in Britain in earlier years, and some new questions about the environment generally that are being asked in both Britain and Northern Ireland for the first time.

- Q 110a), Card BB, which you use at both these questions, is reproduced
b) at the bottom of page 37
- Q 116b) For each activity that the respondent says he or she does 'not at all' nowadays at a), ask b) about their intentions over 'the next year or so'
- Q 117 Do **not** read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, is closest to his or her views on the environment
If the respondent says "Alliance" (and is **not** referring to the Northern Ireland party), please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code (Mainland) Alliance only if there is no alternative
- Q 121 **Tenure** note that this question applies to the **whole accommodation** that the respondent's **household** occupies, not just to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation
Own leasehold or freehold outright those whose accommodation is wholly owned, ie they are not buying on a mortgage or with a loan

Buying leasehold or freehold those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more

Rented property includes leases of fewer than 21 years The rent need not be paid by a household member it could be paid by another member of the family (eg son on behalf of mother) or by income support
- Q 122 Code from observation and check with respondent
- Q 900 Before filling out the household grid, we ask you to find out how many people, INCLUDING the respondent, live as members of the household The basic definition of a household is that its members are resident at the selected address and share at least one meal a day or share the living accommodation
- Q 901 In the household composition grid, record the details required for every member of the respondent's household Start with the respondent, and then work down the columns of the grid, collecting information about each household member in turn At the end, check that the number of people for whom you have details in the grid equals the number given at Q 900

c) is **not** concerned with legal status 'Spouse/partner' would include a person whom the respondent was living with as married 'Son/daughter' includes step-children, adopted and foster children

The chance of finding a household with more than 10 members is remote - but if you do, record the details of the 11th, 12th etc. member on a spare questionnaire, detach page 44, and attach it to page 44 of this questionnaire.

- Q.901d) Legal responsibility refers to any member of the household who:
- owns the property or a share of it (ie. has his or her name on the deeds)
- or
- rents the property solely or jointly (ie. has his or her name in the rent book)
- or
- has the accommodation by virtue of his or her own relationship to the owner (the owner not being a member of the household).

If any household member has legal responsibility for the accommodation ring code 1 for them at Q.901d). Otherwise, ring code 2.

- Q.903a/b Code as appropriate and specify the relationship to the Q.
Q.904a/b respondent of the person doing or sharing the duties; if sharing, remember to specify whether the respondent is involved in the sharing. This question is about who actually does the **domestic duties and physical acts of caring**. It is **not** about financial responsibility.

- Q.905 This question ask about the respondent's age when he or she completed **continuous** full-time education.

- Q.906) The main types of exams and qualifications are included here.
Q.907) Code ALL that apply. You should write in under 'other' any that the respondents mentions, that are not on the list, but we are interested only in **educational** or **vocational** exams and qualifications, not leisure activities, St John's Ambulance, etc.

- Q.908 We wish to collect occupational details of almost all respondents, excluding only those who have never had a job.

Ask everyone else about their current, future or last job, as directed. If the respondent has never worked, write in at a). Please probe fully for **all** relevant details: If any are missing, we may be unable to code occupation accurately.

At f), if the respondent is in any doubt about how to classify his or her employer's organisation, write in a description at 'other' code 07. The same applies at Q.912f).

- Q.909 The staff association referred to in these questions is an

- Q 910 organisation of employees recognised, like a union, by management for the negotiation of pay and other conditions of employment In certain professions (eg banking) staff associations exist alongside or instead of trade unions
- Q 911 We need to collect details of occupation for the respondent's spouse or partner The same principles apply as to Q 21 and Q 908
- Q 915 If you are in any doubt about which benefit(s) the respondent has received, record his or her answer verbatim under 'other benefit(s) volunteered'
- Q 918 You should obtain the total income of the household from all sources before tax **Income** includes not only earnings but state benefits, occupational and other pensions, unearned income such as interest from savings, rent etc For respondents in paid work in the last 7 days (Q 21) you should **also** obtain his or her **own** earnings

In each case - for both income and earnings - we want the figures **before** the deductions of income tax, national insurance and other deductions The questions refers to current level of income or earnings or, if that is convenient, to the nearest tax or other period for which the respondents is able to answer

- Q 920 Do **not** ask for the respondent's telephone number, and do not record it if volunteered We simply want to know if respondents have a telephone
- Q 922a), Remember to code **both** parts of this question as appropriate,
b) to let us know how the self-completion questionnaire is going to be returned And remember to code the relevant questions on the CASS

FINALLY Code the time you finished the interview (using the 24 hour clock), how long the interview lasted (in minutes), your interviewer number, and the date

... AND PLEASE REMEMBER TO ENTER THE AREA CODE, THE RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NUMBER ON THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE BEFORE YOU GIVE IT TO THE RESPONDENT

If you have any queries or problems, please do not hesitate to telephone first, PPRU, and then if necessary, they will pass you on to Sharon Witherspoon or Lindsay Brook at SCPR (01-250 1866) in London Sharon's home telephone number is 01-340 8374

Good Luck!

INTERVIEWER:

Please remember to return to the office, along with the completed INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE:

- o the Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS) with the slip detached (use the A5 enveloped)**
- o and, if possible, the completed SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE, with all the identifying numbers filled in (use the A4 envelope)**

Thank you for all your help and hard work

LOOK-UP CHART

(For 10-100 Dwelling Units or 10-100 persons at one issued address)

IF THERE ARE	11	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	3
	12	-----	6
	13	-----	12
	14	-----	8
IF THERE ARE	15	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	11
	16	-----	7
	17	-----	13
	18	-----	3
	19	-----	14
IF THERE ARE	20	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	2
	21	-----	14
	22	-----	8
	23	-----	13
	24	-----	5
IF THERE ARE	25	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	12
	26	-----	6
	27	-----	17
	28	-----	17
	29	-----	2
IF THERE ARE	30	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	21
	31	-----	10
	32	-----	26
	33	-----	8
	34	-----	22
IF THERE ARE	35	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	8
	36	-----	3
	37	-----	28
	38	-----	19
	39	-----	25
IF THERE ARE	40	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	16
	41	-----	41
	42	-----	32
	43	-----	9
	44	-----	40
IF THERE ARE	45	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	7
	46	-----	35
	47	-----	8
	48	-----	36
	49	-----	15
IF THERE ARE	50	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	44
	51	-----	35
	52	-----	2
	53	-----	24
	54	-----	17
IF THERE ARE	55	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	49
	56	-----	27
	57	-----	39
	58	-----	3
	59	-----	48

(continued
overleaf)

IF THERE ARE	60	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	35
	61	-----	22
	62	-----	10
	63	-----	51
	64	-----	37
IF THERE ARE	65	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	64
	66	-----	65
	67	-----	66
	68	-----	28
	69	-----	45
IF THERE ARE	70	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53
	71	-----	25
	72	-----	48
	73	-----	50
	74	-----	39
IF THERE ARE	75	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	51
	76	-----	11
	77	-----	12
	78	-----	74
	79	-----	42
IF THERE ARE	80	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	9
	81	-----	33
	82	-----	51
	83	-----	69
	84	-----	78
IF THERE ARE	85	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53
	86	-----	19
	87	-----	66
	88	-----	23
	89	-----	17
IF THERE ARE	90	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	19
	91	-----	40
	92	-----	11
	93	-----	35
	94	-----	12
IF THERE ARE	95	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	41
	96	-----	3
	97	-----	10
	98	-----	25
	99	-----	61
IF THERE ARE	100	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	99

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Spring 1990

**NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY**

BOOK INFORMATION FORM

**To: Publications Officer
SCPR
35 Northampton Square
London
EC1V 0AX**

I took part in the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes 1990 survey I understand that you plan to publish a book about the survey in autumn 1991 Please send me a leaflet then which tells me when the book will be published and how my local library or I might obtain a copy of the book

My name and address are

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

POSTCODE: _____

PLEASE NOTE

We hope to post leaflets in autumn 1991, before publication day, when many national newspapers will be writing about the survey If you give a copy of the leaflet to your local library, it may be able to obtain a copy of the book

Please give this form to the interviewer, or post it back whenever convenient to SCPR at the address above.

Income bands for gross household income and gross personal income, 1983-90

GB Q.918 a and c
NI Q.918 a and c

Code	Letter on card	1983, 1984 and 1985 (GB only)	1986 and 1987 (GB only)	1989 (GB and NI)	1990 (GB and NI)
01	X	Less than £2,000	Less than £2,000	Less than £2,000	
02	P	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999
03	Q	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999
04	R	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999
05	T	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999
06	S	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999
07	O	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999
08	K	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999
09	L	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999
10	B	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999
11	Z	£15,000 or more	£15,000 - £17,999	£15,000 - £17,999	£15,000 - £17,999
12	M		£18,000 - £19,999	£18,000 - £19,999	£18,000 - £19,999
13	F		£20,000 or more	£20,000 - £22,999	£20,000 - £22,999
14	J			£23,000 or more	£23,000 - £25,999
15	D				£26,000 - £28,999
16	H				£29,000 - £31,999
17	C				£32,000 or more

APPENDIX K

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