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INTRODUCTION

The survey series

This report describes the design, administration and data format of Brush Social Attitudes 1990 Survey. This is the seventh in the series started by SCPR in 1983 and core-funded by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts until at least 1996. The series is designed to chart movements in a wide range of social attitudes in Britain, including attitudes towards politics, the economy, the workplace, and other social and moral issues. It is similar to, and indeed was inspired by, the General Social Survey carried out since 1973 by NORC in the United States. Our data derive from annual cross-sectional surveys with representative samples of adults aged 18 or over living in private households in Great Britain. In 1990, the second in a series of Northern Ireland Social Attitudes (NISA) surveys was carried out (see below). This report also presents technical details of the second NISA survey.

Surveys in the *British Social Attitudes* (BSA) series have been carried out annually between 1983 and 1990, except in 1988. Instead, with the agreement of the core-funders, the 1988 survey budget was brought forward and deployed towards a post-1987 election study of political attitudes, carried out by SCPR and Nuffield College, Oxford as the latest of the *British General Election* studies. (The results of the 1987 post-election survey were published in 1991.) There will be a gap in the series in 1992 for the same reason

The British Social Attitudes study has been designed as a senes of surveys, to allow the monitoring and understanding of trends in attitudes. The survey is repeated at annual intervals not because we believe that most social attitudes change greatly from year to year, but because one of the aims of the study is to examine the relative rates at which different sorts of attitude change

Not all questions or groups of questions (modules) are included in each fieldwork round. The modules repeated annually tend either to be on subjects where fairly rapid change in attitude might be expected - and for which an annual trend line is therefore likely to be helpful - or on variables such as socio-economic and demographic characteristics, or party identification, which are needed for interpreting other answers. In any event, constraints of space (we confine ourselves to an average of an hour-long interview each year), the need for economy and our wish to insert at least one new module into the questionnaire every year, combine to limit the frequency with which each group of questions can be carried. All questions are, however, scheduled for repetition - some each year, some at regular intervals and others less frequently. Appendix I of this report contains a cross-index of those questions asked more than once between 1983 and 1990.

Inevitably perhaps, a few questions do not seem to work very well, despite contrary indications at the pilot stage. Many survey series face this difficulty, and its resolution is by no means straightforward. To change or remove unsatisfactory questions would sacrifice comparability over time, to retain them would run the risk of producing and reproducing misleading information. Neither practice is desirable but one or the other is unavoidable. And, of course, the vocabulary changes over the years and our questions have inevitably to change to reflect this. The main changes in question wording,

Heath A, Jowell R, Curtice J, Evans G, Field J and Witherspoon S, Understanding Political Change Voting Behaviour in Britain 1964-1987, Pergamon, Oxford (1991)

interviewer instructions and so on made in 1990 are noted at the end of the cross-index. Other changes, including those to filter instructions between years, are noted in the *Cumulative Sourcebook* (see below).

Standardised SPSS-x set-up files have been created for all the existing datasets, and each year the latest available dataset is deposited at the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) Data Archive at the University of Essex. This enables anyone in the social science community to do analytic or interpretative work of their own, or to use the datasets for teaching purposes. Eric Tannenbaum at the Archive will provide details about 'on line' access. The survey may be of interest substantively (either as a single cross-sectional sample or eventually as recording change over time) or methodologically (for instance, comparing different ways of asking questions, or the development of scale items). This volume is intended to serve as the technical documentation for the British and Northern Ireland 1990 datasets, to allow users to find and interpret the information they need.

'On-line' access is also available through the Data Library at the University of Edinburgh. Peter Burnhill or Donald Morse at the Centre for Applications, Software and Technology (CAST), University of Edinburgh, will provide details.

Developments and offshoots

Users may like to take note of other developments in the British Social Attitudes series, some of which might affect the analyses they intend to carry out.

- 1. Between 1989 and 1991, the Nuffield Foundation and the Central Community Relations Unit in Belfast have funded an extension of the annual BSA survey within Northern Ireland the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes (NISA) survey. Around 900 people have been interviewed there each spring by the Policy Planning and Research Unit, using a questionnaire which contains all of the 'core' questions asked each year on BSA, and several of the 'special' modules in that year. In addition, it contains a module dealing with issues of particular concern to the province (for example, community relations and attitudes towards the security forces); some of these questions are also asked in Britain. The two annual datasets are, of course, independent and cannot simply be added together to provide UK data. But they do allow data-users to make comparisons on a range of issues between the attitudes of UK citizens on either side of the Irish Sea.² Technical details of the second NISA survey are given in Section II of this report. These datasets are also made available via the ESRC Data Archive.
- 2. In November 1991, the first *British Social Attitudes Cumulative Sourcebook* (partfunded by Shell UK Ltd.) will be published.³ The *Sourcebook* brings together responses to all the questions asked in the series between 1983 and 1989 (with all variations noted),

A selection of findings has been published in both *The 7th Report* (Curtice, J. and Gallagher, T., 'The Northern Irish dimension') and *The 8th Report* (Gallagher, T., 'Justice and the law in Northern Ireland'). More comprehensive results are given in Stringer, P. and Robinson, G. (eds.), *Social Attitudes in Northern Ireland*, The Blackstaff Press, Belfast (1991). The second book in the NISA series (the 1991-92 edition) is in press.

British Social Attitudes: Cumulative Sourcebook, compiled by Social and Community Planning Research, Gower, Aldershot (1991).

together with year-by-year distributions of answers (numbers and percentages), and each variable's SPSS-x name Fully cross-referenced and with three indexes, the Sourcebook is intended both as a companion volume to the series of annual Reports (also published until 1990 by Gower⁴), and as a comprehensive codebook for users of the dataset

- Thanks to funding from the ESRC, the Sourcebook will be complemented within the next year or so by a combined dataset, providing in one computer file the data for all eight BSA surveys carried out between 1983 and 1991 A parallel dataset for Northern Ireland, containing data from the 1989, 1990 and 1991 NISA surveys is also being prepared. The two combined datasets together with full documentation will be lodged at the ESRC Data Archive during 1992 for the benefit of academic researchers and others who wish to carry out secondary analysis or to use them as teaching resources In addition, the Data Archive has produced a CD-Rom disk containing the seven individual (not combined) BSA datasets from 1983 to 1990
- 4 Since 1985, a module of questions included in each year's British Social Attitudes survey has allowed users of the British datasets to make cross-national comparisons. This initiative began in 1984 when the Nuffield Foundation funded SCPR to convene a series of meetings with research organisations abroad which were also carrying out regular national surveys of social attitudes From these meetings, a group called the International Social Survey Programme (ISSP) has evolved Each member undertakes to field annually an agreed module of questions which conform to ISSP working principles Each module is designed for repetition at intervals, to allow comparisons both between countries and over time The following 18 institutions comprise the current (1991/92) membership

Research School of Social Sciences Australian National University

Canberra, Australia

Institute of Sociology University of Graz, Austria

Institute for Trade Union and Social Studies Sofia, Bulgaria

School of Journalism Carleton University Ottawa, Canada

Institute of Sociology

Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences

Prague, Czechoslovakia

Zentrum für Umfragen, Methoden und Analysen (ZUMA)

Mannheim, Germany

Social and Community Planning Research (SCPR) London

Tarsadalomkutatası Informatikaı Egyesules (TARKI)

Budapest, Hungary

Department of Sociology and Anthropology Tel Aviv University, Israel

Eunsko Milan, Italy

Broadcasting Culture Research Institute, NHK Tokyo, Japan

Sociaal en Cultureel Planbureau Rijskwijk, Netherlands

Faculty of Business Studies Massey University

Palmeston North, New Zealand

Norwegian Social Science Data Services Bergen, Norway

Social Weather Stations Philippine Social Science Center Quezon City, Philippines

Social Science Research Centre University College Dublin, Republic of Ireland

National Opinion Research Center (NORC)

Chicago, USA

Soviet Public Opinion Research Center Moscow, USS

The latest Report, based on the 1990 data, is published by Dartmouth Jowell, R, Brook, L and Taylor, B with Prior, G (eds.), British Social Attitudes the 8th report, Dartmouth, Aldershot (1991)

Since 1989, the ISSP modules have also been fielded in Northern Ireland, on the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey.

The ZentralArchiv at the University of Köln acts as archivist to the ISSP and has produced combined datasets for each of the first five modules, fielded between 1985 and 1989, and accompanying codebooks. Modules fielded or planned are:

Role of government
Family networks and support systems
Social inequality
Women and the family
Work orientations
Role of government (part-replication)
Religion
Social inequality (part-replication)
Environment
National identity
Role of government (second replication)

In 1990, the module on the role of government was carried on the L version of the self-completion questionnaire (Qs. 2.01 to 2.19). British Social Attitudes: special international report was published in 1989 as the sixth Report in the annual series. This volume presents and comments on some of the data collected between 1985 and 1988.

Contact names and addresses for each of the current ISSP member countries are given in Appendix L.

- 5. In 1989, SCPR and Nuffield College, Oxford set up the Joint Unit for the Study of Social Trends (JUSST), which has been awarded the status of an ESRC Research Centre. Part of its role is to initiate further methodological research via the BSA and BGES series. For instance, one of the Unit's aims is to improve and help to standardise key measures of social and political attitudes in Britain. Work is in progress on two methodological experiments which has already begun to feed into the two survey series.
- 6. Between 1984 and 1986 the ESRC funded the introduction of a panel element into the series, enabling us to reinterview respondents to the 1983 questionnaire in the three following years. In this way we have been able to examine *individual* attitude changes, not simply aggregate change, and to assess the possible effects of attrition and conditioning in the panel.⁵ The datatape for all four panel surveys is lodged at the ESRC Data Archive, together with copies of the Technical Report.⁶

Arrangement of the report

For a discussion on a comparison between the 1983 and 1984 results, see Lievesley, D. and Waterton, J., 'Measuring individual attitude change' in *British Social Attitudes: the 1985 Report* (eds. Jowell, R. and Witherspoon, S.), Gower, Aldershot (1985), pp.177-194.

MacGrath, K. and Waterton, J., British Social Attitudes: 1983-1986 Panel Survey. Technical Report, SCPR (1986).

Section I of this report describes the 1990 British Social Attitudes survey. The 1990 Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey is described in Section II. Appendices A - L contain full technical details of the surveys and further information for users of the two datasets.

I BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1. THE 1990 SURVEY

1.1 Structure and funding

In common with previous *British Social Attitudes* surveys, the 1990 survey had two components. The main one was a questionnaire administered by interviewers and lasting, on average, a little over an hour. The second was a self-completion supplement for respondents to fill in after the interview. The supplement was either collected by the interviewer or posted by the respondent to SCPR's Field Office. The questionnaires appear as Appendix III of each annual *Report*, and the 1990 questionnaires are reproduced in Appendix G of this report.

Since 1986 the generosity of the core-funders, the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, has allowed us to interview around 3,000 respondents, a substantial increase from the 1,700 to 1,800 interviewed in the first three years of the *British Social Attitudes* survey series. The additional funding has enabled us to field two different versions of both questionnaires. Certain 'core' questions (including all the classificatory items) are asked of all respondents; the remainder are asked of (random) halves of the sample. Full details are given in Section 2.4 below.

Each year SCPR is committed to producing a book which serves as a guided tour around some of the main findings⁷. The contents pages of the eight *Reports* published to date are reproduced in **Appendix K**. Potential users of the data may wish to look at this appendix to see whether topic areas relating to their field of interest have been covered in any of the *Reports*.

The steadfast support of the core-funders has guaranteed the continuation of the survey until at least 1996. However the series needs, and has been fortunate enough to receive, substantial additional financial support from a variety of sources. The Department of Employment has now committed itself to nine years of annual funding (until 1994), to enable us to continue including (and reporting on) labour market questions. The Department of the Environment has provided support for a series of questions on housing since 1985. The Countryside Commission provided funding between 1985 and 1987 for us to include questions designed to monitor 'green' issues: annual funding will, with additional support from the ESRC, now continue until 1993. From 1990 the Department of Health and the Home Office also guaranteed funds until 1993 so that we can continue to ask questions within their respective spheres of interest. The Health Education Authority has also committed several years of funding to enable us to field modules of questions on public perceptions of the links between dietary habits and health, and on attitudes to smoking.

In addition to these various continuous sources of funds, the survey has in some years benefited from contributions, such as from the Department of Transport and the Department of Trade and Industry, enabling us to carry questionnaire modules on topics of mutual interest. In each case, the aim is to repeat these measures in a future, but as yet unspecified, round of the series.

⁷ See page 3, note 4, for details of the latest book, based on the findings of the 1990 survey.

The Economic and Social Research Council, which contributed seed-funding for Bruish Social Attitudes, has also - besides its funding for the panel study - helped to ensure (with the Countryside Commission) that the series can continue to field questions on environmental concerns, and supports the series through the Joint Unit for the Study of Social Trends (JUSST) The Nuffield Foundation has also provided welcome funding over the years, to help launch the ISSP and to allow us to ask questions on popular perceptions of right and wrong and on civil libertarian issues, and since 1989 (as already noted) the Foundation has contributed to the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey

12 Topic areas covered

Each year the interview questionnaire contains a number of 'core' questions. These cover major topic areas such as defence, the economy, labour market participation and the welfare state. The majority of these questions are repeated in most years, if not every year. In addition, a wide range of background and classificatory questions is always included. The remainder of the questionnaire is devoted to a series of questions (modules) on specific issues - such as public and private morality or crime and the police - which are intended for repetition at longer intervals. The chart overleaf is intended as a guide to the topic areas covered in the seven surveys carried out to date

The annual substantive *Report* to some extent mirrors the content of the previous year's questionnaire (see **Appendix K**) The *Reports* can, of course, present and interpret only a small fraction of the findings Nevertheless, they may be a useful starting point for potential users of the data

British questionnaire

TOPIC	SURVEY YEAR						
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
Newspaper readership	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Party politics	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Political efficacy	X	X		X			
Britain's relationship with							
other countries	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Defence	X	X	X	x	X	X	X
Economic issues and policies	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Household income	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Taxation	X			X	X	X	X
Economic activity	X	x	x	X	X	X	X
Labour market participation	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- and the work ethic	Λ	X	X	Λ	Λ	X	^
- and new technology		7.	X		X	7.	x
- and childcare							X
- and training					X		
Government spending	x	х	x	x	x	x	х
Welfare state	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Health care and the NHS	X	X		X	X	X	Х
Education	х	X	X		X		X
Housing	X		X	x	X	X	X
11000g			**			7 .	Λ
Social class	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Race	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- and racial discrimination	X	X		X		X	
Divorce	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- and maintenance	X	X			X		
Sex and gender issues - and domestic division of	X	X			X		
labour	x	х			x		
Sexual relations	X	X	x		X	Х	X
- and discrimination against	Λ	Λ	Λ		Λ.	^	Λ
homosexuals	X		X		X	X	X
Judgements of right and wrong		x			x		
Crime and policing	х				4.		х
Countryside	7.		x	x	x		X
Trust in institutions			Λ	^	X		^
				v		37	
Industry and jobs				X	X	X	
Poverty				X		X	
Families and children				X		X	
Diet and health				X		X	
Smoking							X
AIDS					X	X	
Role of government and							
civil liberties			X				X
Road traffic and the law				X			

2 THE SAMPLE

The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over living in Great Britain

For practical reasons, the sample was confined to those living in *private* households whose addresses were listed in the electoral registers. People living in institutions (though not in private households at such institutions) were excluded, as were households whose addresses were not on the electoral registers. Fieldwork was timed to start in mid-March, so the sample had necessarily to be drawn from the 1989 registers, which were just reaching the end of their period of currency.

The sampling involved a multi-stage design, with four separate stages of selection

2.1 Selection of parliamentary constituencies

One hundred and fifty two parliamentary constituencies were selected from those in England, Scotland and Wales In Scotland, the four sparsely-populated constituencies north of the Caledonian Canal were omitted for reasons of cost

Before selection, the constituencies were stratified according to information held in SCPR's constituency datafile. This datafile is a compilation of information gathered from OPCS *Monutors*, and includes a variety of social indicators such as population density, percentage of Labour vote at the 1987 general election, percentage of those holding professional qualifications, percentage of male unemployment and so on. The stratification factors used in the 1990 survey were

- 1 Registrar General's Standard Region (see Appendix A)
- 2 Population density (persons per hectare) with variable banding used according to region, in order to make the strata roughly equal in size⁸
- 3 Ranking by percentage of homes that are owner-occupied

Because 1989 registers were used, to compensate we updated the size of the electorate in each constituency to its 1990 level, using the figures from *Electoral Statistics*. Constituencies were then selected systematically, with probability of selection proportionate to size of electorate

B	The population density band	is used were as follows		
	Region	Density banding (persons per hectare)		
	North West	Under 6, 6-13, over 13		
	Yorks and Humberside	Under 8, 8-21, over 21		
	West Midlands	Under 5, 5-34, over 34		
	East Midlands East Anglia South West	Under 2, 2-10, over 10		
	South East	Under 4, 4-8, over 8		
	Greater London	Under 40, 40-65, over 65		
	Wales Scotland	Under 2, 2-10, over 10		

2.2 Selection of polling districts

In the course of selecting constituencies, an elector was picked at random in each selected constituency. Then all the polling districts in the constituency were listed in order within wards, and all wards in order within the constituency, using the order given in the constituency datafile. The electorate was then cumulated for each polling district throughout the datafile, and the polling district that contained the random elector was then identified and selected. One hundred and seventy-six polling districts were selected using this procedure, which again results in random selection with probability proportionate to size of electorate.

Within most of the selected constituencies a single polling district was chosen. However, if any polling district had fewer than 500 electors, it was combined with one or more other polling districts before the selection stage. In some constituencies, therefore, a combination of polling districts was selected.

Appendix A contains a listing of the selected constituencies, wards and polling districts included in the sample.

2.3 Selection of addresses

Twenty-six addresses were selected in each of the 176 polling districts. The sample issued to interviewers was therefore $176 \times 26 = 4,576$ addresses.

The addresses in each polling district were selected by starting from a random point on the list of electors and, treating the list as circular, choosing each address at a fixed interval. The fixed interval was calculated for each polling district separately to generate the required number of addresses.

By this means, addresses were chosen with probability proportionate to their number of listed electors. At each sampled address the names of all electors given on the register were listed, and the name of the individual on which the sampling interval had landed was marked with an asterisk. (This person was designated the 'starred elector'.) Each starred elector was allocated a serial number.

2.4 Ouestionnaire versions

Alternate serial numbers were allocated to the L or Y half of the sample. Odd serial numbers were allocated to the L sample, and even serial numbers to the Y sample, so that each questionnaire version was assigned to 2,288 addresses. This meant that each sampling area (and each interviewer) had both L and Y addresses. In the event, the L version was used in all 176 areas but, due to interviewer error, the Y version was used in 175 areas.

2.5 Selection of individuals

The electoral register is an unsatisfactory sampling frame of *individuals*, although it is reasonably complete as a frame of *addresses*. Overall only about 3.6 per cent of adults live at addresses which are not in the electoral registers in the April following publication. The age group least well covered is 18-24 year olds, of whom about 8 per cent live at addresses not in the registers. As many as 14 per cent of New

Commonwealth citizens who are eligible to vote live at addresses not in the registers. There is also some regional variation, with about 9 per cent of adults in Inner London, and about 6 per cent in the South West of England, living at addresses which are not in the registers.

To convert this sample of addresses into a sample of individuals, a further selection stage is required. Interviewers were instructed to call at the address of each starred elector and to list all those eligible for inclusion in the sample - that is, all persons currently aged 18 or over and resident at the selected household.

In households where the list of people eligible to take part in the survey was the same as the electoral register listing, the interviewer was instructed to interview the starred elector. Where there was a difference between the household members named in the register and those eligible to take part in the survey (because there had been movement into or out of the address since the register was compiled, or because some people were not registered), the interviewer selected one respondent (using a random selection procedure based on the 'Kish grid' principle). Where there were two or more households at the selected address, interviewers were required to identify the household of the starred elector, or the household occupying the part of the address where he or she used to live, or to select a household using the same random selection procedures, they then followed the same procedure to select a person for interview. The document used to identify addresses and to select households and respondents (the Calls and Sample Selection Sheet, or CASS) will be found in Appendix C.

3 WEIGHTING

Before analysis, the data were weighted to take account of differences between the number of electors listed for that address on the register (which determined the original selection probability) and the number of eligible adults found at the address (and listed by the interviewer on the CASS and in the 'household grid' on the questionnaire) Such differences were found in about 26 per cent of addresses, in each of which the data were weighted by the number of persons aged 18 or over currently living at the address, divided by the number of electors listed on the register for that address

Weights were calculated using the following information

- A number of electors listed at the address (cols 115-16)
- B number of dwelling units at the address (cols 132-33)
- C number of eligible people in the household (cols 139-40)
- D number of adults aged 18 or over in household (Q 901 cols 1611-55)

Weights were applied as follows

Electors on register correspond with eligible people in the household

		Weight
1	AND number of eligible people corresponds with the	•
	number of adults aged 18 or over in the household grid	1
2	BUT the number of eligible people does not	
	correspond with the number of adults aged 18	D
	or over in the household grid	\overline{A}

Electors on register DO NOT correspond with eligible people in the household:

One household at the address

3. the number of eligible people corresponds with the	С
number of adults aged 18 or over in the household grid	A
4. the number of eligible people does not	
correspond with the number of adults aged 18 or	D
over in the household grid	A

Two or more households at the address

5. the number of eligible people corresponds with the	ВхС
number of adults aged 18 or over in the household grid	<u> </u>
6. the number of eligible people does not	
correspond with the number of adults aged 18 or	$B \times D$
over in the household grid	<u>A</u>

The vast majority of such weights fell within a range 0.25 to 2.0. In only 17 cases were weights below 0.25 assigned, and in only 13 cases were weights greater than 2.0. At 74 per cent of addresses the number of persons listed on the register and the number found at the address matched, so the effective weight was one. The unweighted sample (the number of persons interviewed) was 2,797 and the weighted sample was 2,698.

Users must weight the data before analysis. The weight for each record has been computed and has been recoded on columns 172-78 of the dataset. A decimal point is implied at column 174 (i.e. the format is xx.xxxx). The relevant SPSS-x variable is WTFACTOR.

4. DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

4.1 Piloting

A small-scale pilot to test new questions was carried out in early February 1990. Respondents were selected by quota sampling methods to include men and women in manual and non-manual jobs across a range of ages. Thirty-six interviews were achieved. All interviewers were personally debriefed by the members of the research team.

4.2 Main stage fieldwork

Interviewing was carried out mainly during March, April and May 1990, with 13 per cent of interviews taking place later.

Fieldwork was conducted by 174 interviewers drawn from SCPR's regular panel. The 87 interviewers who had not worked on a previous *British Social Attitudes* survey attended a one-day briefing conference to familiarise them with the selection procedures and questionnaires. Eighty-seven interviewers who had worked on a BSA survey before did not attend a briefing, but were sent detailed instructions about the project (included in Appendix J), and asked to telephone the office if they needed to clarify any point. The

average interview length was, for version L of the questionnaire, 62 minutes, and for version Y, 59 minutes

The final response achieved is shown below

	No	%
Addresses issued	4576	
Vacant, derelict, other out of scope	174	
In scope	4402	100
Interview achieved	2797	64
Interview not achieved	1605	36
Refus e d ⁹	1177	27
Not contacted ¹⁰	255	6
Other non-response	173	4

The response rate achieved with the L version of the questionnaire was 63 per cent, and with the Y version, 64 per cent. Response rates ranged between 74 per cent in the North of England and 55 per cent in Greater London and 52 per cent in the East Midlands.

A more detailed statement of response, by questionnaire version and by Standard Region, is included in **Appendix B**

43 Self-completion questionnaire

As in earlier rounds of the series, respondents were asked to fill in a self-completion questionnaire which was, whenever possible, collected by the interviewer. Otherwise the respondent was asked to post it to SCPR. If necessary, up to three postal reminders were sent to obtain the self-completion supplement.

Three hundred and sixty-seven respondents (13 per cent of those interviewed) did not return their self-completion questionnaire. Version L of the self-completion questionnaire was returned by 86 per cent of respondents, and version Y by 88 per cent. Non-respondents to the self-completion questionnaire included a higher proportion of unskilled manual workers, people living in Greater London and Scotland, respondents with no formal educational qualifications and those aged 65 or over. However, since the overall proportion returning a self-completion questionnaire was high, we decided against additional weighting to correct for non-response.

Those not returning a self-completion questionnaire will have blank records on the following cards

L Version Cards 21, 22, 23, 25, 26 Y Version Cards 12, 23, 24, 25, 26

⁹ 'Refusals' comprise refusals before selection of an individual at the address, refusals to the office, refusal by the selected person, 'proxy' refusals (on behalf of the selected respondent) and broken appointments after which the selected person could not be recontacted

^{&#}x27;Non-contacts' comprise households where no-one was contacted, and those where the selected person could not be contacted (never found at home, known to be away on business, on holiday, in hospital, and so on)

and are coded '51' on columns 168-69. Records with a self-completion supplement are identified by code '61' on columns 168-69.

5. DATA PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS

5.1 Data preparation

As questionnaires were returned from the field they were booked in (that is, checked against the issued sample) and sent to SCPR's data processing office for editing. A coding supervisor was appointed for this stage of the survey and worked closely with the team members and the programmer.

Data editing was carried out using both clerical and computer methods. The clerical coding team initially went through each questionnaire, and at this stage occupation coding was carried out, as well as the coding of any new open questions. Listings were prepared (from 200 questionnaires) of verbatim 'other' answers to selected precoded questions. From these listings, code frames were agreed by members of the research team, and were then incorporated into the clerical edit and coding process (see Appendix E).

Following the clerical edit, the questionnaires were sent for keying which was 100 per cent verified. A computer edit was carried out and included a full set of range and filter checks. Error reports generated by the computer edit were of two kinds: a summary of errors by type and a listing of individual errors. Some classes of error were resolved by the application of logical rules, the remainder by individual amendments made by reference to the questionnaires. After correction, the records were resubmitted to the edit procedure. The edit process continued until all records 'passed'.

Appendix D contains a copy of all four questionnaires marked with editing instructions and all extra codes added during analysis. In general, code 8 (or 98, 998 or 9998 depending on the range of the column field) was used for 'don't know' responses, while 9 (or 99, 999 or 9999) was used to indicate no response. Final listings of 'other' answers to all other questions were compiled, and may be obtained from SCPR if required for a particular purpose. Coding frames used for open-ended questions, and 'other answers' and coding instructions for selected precoded questions, may be found in Appendix E.

5.2 Occupation coding

The occupation coding scheme used by SCPR is based on the 1980 Classification of Occupations as used for the 1981 Census. Two elements, Occupation Code and Employment Status, are coded. This enables Socio-economic Group (SEG) and Registrar General's Social Class to be derived by reference to a look-up table. These items are then added to the dataset, as indicated below. In addition, Goldthorpe's (revised) class schema is also derived from a look-up table and added to the dataset.

The filtering for this question is the same as that used in all *British Social Attitudes* surveys, except the 1983 one. Since 1984, occupation information has been collected about the respondent and the respondent's spouse or partner. In 1983, occupation information was also obtained about a traditionally-defined 'head of household' (see the filter instructions before Q.97 in the 1983 questionnaire).

Social Class may be classified according to each respondent's current occupation only, or according to respondent's current or last occupation, if the respondent is not presently in paid employment. Thus, for all respondents classified as being in paid work at the time of the interview, or as waiting to take up a paid job already offered, or as seeking work, or as retired or as looking after the home, the occupation (present, future or last as appropriate) was classified. (This differs from the practice adopted in the 1983 British Social Attitudes survey, in that information about the last occupation of those looking after the home was also collected.)

In the 1980 Classification of Occupations, codes appear as the 161 categories of KOS (the Department of Employment's Key Occupations for Statistical Purposes), followed by a full stop, followed by a 1 or 2 digit suffix. The full five-digit coding of occupations has always been part of the British Social Attitudes dataset. In 1986, however, SCPR changed the way it recorded this information so that data would be easily readable by commonly-used computer packages. In all surveys since 1986, a leading zero has been added after the position of the (imputed) full stop, so that each coding has five digits. For example, in 1985 the code for kilnsetters would have been recorded as '0951-', in 1986 and all subsequent surveys, it would be read as '09501'. The respondent's occupation coding may be found on columns 1832-36 while the occupation coding of the respondent's spouse or partner appears on columns 1872-76

In practice, however, usually only the first 3 digits of the full occupation code are used in analysis, these form a numeric code of constant length with a range of 001 to 161 (plus the exceptions noted below) A variable for these three-digit KOS codings has been created as part of the SPSS-x set-up file. The suffixes are relevant only to the derivations of SEG and Registrar General's Social Class, which are also part of the set-up file SCPR has renumbered four codes in the 1980 Classification of Occupations as follows, and made one addition for those who have never had a job

Classification of Occupations	SCPR Code	Description
- 1	9981	Foremen (engineering and allied)
- 2	9982	Trainee craftsmen (ditto)
- 1	999 1	Inadequately described
- 2	9992	Not stated
	9993	Never had a job (and meets filter conditions)

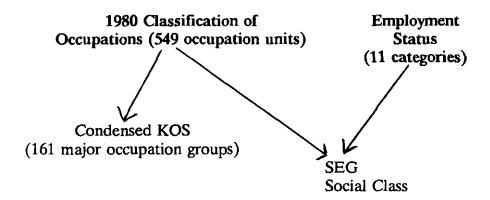
(As noted in the Classification of Occupations on page vi, these groups do not form part of the Condensed KOS structure)

SCPR has expanded the categories for Employment Status in the 1980 Classification of Occupations to eleven, introducing codes for partial information and missing data. This enables the available data to be fully used in deriving SEG and Social Class. Coding of respondent's Employment Status appears on columns 1837-38, that for respondent's spouse or partner appears on columns 1877-78. The eleven categories used are as follows

Employment Status

Codes	Description	
01	self employed (25+ employees)	
02	self employed (1-24 employees)	
03	self employed (no employees)	
04	self employed (not stated how many employees)	
05	manager (establishment of 25+ employees)	
06	manager (establishment of 1-24 employees)	
07	manager (not stated size of establishment)	
08	foreman/supervisor	
09	other employee	
10	employee (not stated if manager/foreman/other)	
11	not stated/insufficient information to code more specifically	

The occupation coding, in conjunction with employment status, is then the basis for coding SEG and Social Class.¹¹ The following diagram may help explain this process.



It should be noted that SEG and Social Class are not completely interconvertible (see Appendix C of the 1980 Classification of Occupations).

In order to derive SEG and Social Class, the computer edit program accesses a look-up table organised as a matrix of the 1980 Occupation Codes and the 11 Employment Status Codes. This information is taken from the table in Appendix B1 of the Classification of Occupations. There are entries in each cell for SEG and Social Class. A blank entry indicates an invalid combination of Occupation and Employment Status, so that the table performs an editing function as well. At the end of the process, the values for respondent's SEG are located on columns 1839-40; spouse/partner's SEG is on columns 1908-09. Respondent's Social Class is on columns 1841-42; spouse/partner's Social Class is on columns 1910-11.

The codes used for SEG are the standard codes 01-17 as noted below, from the Classification of Occupations.

For further details, see Hakim, C., Secondary Analysis in Social Research: A Guide to Data Sources and Methods with Examples, George Allen & Unwin, London (1982), pp. 178-180.

Socio-economic Group

Code	Description
01	Employers and managers in central and local government, industry, commerce etc - large establishment (25+ employees)
02	Employers and managers in industry, commerce, etc - small establishments (1-24 employees)
03	Professional workers - self-employed
04	Professional workers - employees
05	Intermediate non-manual workers
06	Junior non-manual workers
07	Personal service workers
08	Foremen and supervisors - manual
09	Skilled manual workers
10	Semi-skilled manual workers
11	Unskilled manual workers
12	'Own account' workers (other than professional)
13	Farmers - employers and managers
14	Farmers - own account
15	Agricultural workers
16	Member of armed forces
17	Inadequately described occupations, or occupations not stated

Social Class is shown in two distinct fields, each of one digit. The first digit is the Social Class category, with 1-5 corresponding to I-V, and two additional codes 8 meaning not classified by the system and 9 indicating insufficient information to classify, or occupation not stated. The second digit indicates whether the occupation is classified as non-manual (code 1) or manual (code 2), with codes 8 and 9 used as for the first digit

Social Class

		Professional		
]	II	Intermediate	}	'Non-manual' 12
]	III (non-manual)	Skilled occupations		
]	III (manual)	Skilled occupations		
]	IV	Partly skilled occupations	}	'Manual'
•	V	Unskilled occupations		

The current economic positions of both respondent and spouse/partner are coded, and may be found on columns 273-74 (respondent) and on columns 1868-69 (spouse/partner) It should be noted that the conventions used for classifying those in paid work differ from those used in the Census, in that a lower limit to the number of hours worked per week is specified, the classification used in the *British Social Attitudes* surveys is based on those working 10 or more hours in the seven days preceding the interview. This especially affects the classification of women's economic positions

The six categories are often dichotomised into manual and non-manual groups. This, however, is not strictly accurate, since a few occupations that come under the first three categories are in fact manual ones.

In addition to SEG and Social Class, John Goldthorpe's (revised) class schema is also coded. This system classifies occupations by their 'general comparability', considering such factors as sources and levels of income, economic security, promotion prospects, and level of job autonomy and authority. As for SEG and Social Class, it is based on the current or last job held.

The full Goldthorpe schema has eleven categories, to which we have added a residual category of those who have never had a job or who have given insufficient information to allow classification (see Appendix H, derived variable 9). It appears on columns 1843-44 (respondent), and on columns 1912-13 (spouse/partner). Instead of the full schema, a compressed schema of five classes (plus a residual category described above) is often employed:

- 1. Salariat (professional and managerial)
- 2. Routine non-manual workers (office and sales)
- 3. Petty bourgeoisie (the self-employed, inc. farmers, with and without employees)
- 4. Manual foremen and supervisors
- 5. Working class (skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled manual workers, personal service and agricultural workers)

This is located on column 2711 (respondent) and 2712 (spouse/partner).

Of course, all of these social classification and occupational variables have at least one, and sometimes several, associated variables in the SPSS-x file.

5.3 Industry coding

All respondents for whom an occupation was coded were allocated a Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code (CSO as revised 1980). Two-digit class codes were applied. Respondent's SIC is located on columns 1852-53; spouse/partner's SIC on columns 1923-24. As with Social Class, SIC may be generated only on the basis of current occupation or the most recently classifiable occupation. For a full listing of SIC categories, see Appendix F. SIC also appears as a compressed variable on columns 2716-17 (respondent) and 2718-19 (spouse/partner). See Appendix H, derived variable 10b.

Respondents with an occupation were also divided into public sector services, public sector manufacturing and transport, private sector manufacturing and private sector non-manufacturing. This was done by cross-analyzing SIC categories with responses to a question about the type of employer worked for. This classification is located on columns 2714 (respondent) and 2715 (spouse/partner). See Appendix H, derived variable 10a.

5.4 Other analysis groupings

Some variables have been recoded at the end of the data set on cards 26 and 27 (in addition to retaining their original location) to simplify the creation of the SPSS-x set-up files. Appendix H contains a listing of these derived variables and their column and code locations. If the data user wishes to examine the SEG, SIC or Social Class only of those currently economically active, further variable construction may be necessary. This may be accomplished by filtering out respondents based on their current economic position,

and adding codes for those who are retired, looking after the home or in full-time education

Other variables in the dataset include

Region:

The Registrar General's ten Standard Regions have been used, except that we have distinguished between Greater London and the remainder of the South East Standard Region appears on columns 2650-51 as follows

	Code		Code
Scotland	01	East Anglia	07
Northern	02	South West	08
North West	03	South East (excl	
Yorkshire and		Greater London)	09
Humberside	04	Greater London	10
West Midlands	05	Wales	11
East Midlands	06		

(Northern Ireland is coded '12' on the same columns) A compressed version of region also appears on column 2652 (see Appendix H, derived variable 3b)

Great care must be taken with regional analysis the sample in several regions is small and heavily clustered and so could be subject to large sampling errors. For most purposes, it will be advisable to group regions to form broader categories for analysis, or to combine two or more years' data ¹³ As noted above, a combined dataset for 1983-90 will be deposited at the ESRC Data Archive in early 1992, and an updated version of the combined dataset (including 1991 data) will be available at the Archive before the end of 1992

Party identification

Respondents were classified as identified with a particular political party, or party grouping, on one of three counts if they considered themselves supporters of the party (Q 2a,d), or as closer to it than to others (Q 2b,d), or as more likely to support it in the event of a general election (Q 2c) These three groups are described respectively in the British Social Attitudes annual reports as partisans, sympathisers and residual identifiers. The three groups combined are referred to as identifiers. Liberal Democrat and SDP identifiers (in Spring 1990) included those nominating the (Social and) Liberal Democrats, the Liberal Party, the Social Democrat Party or the Alliance Respondents saying "Alliance" were asked whether this meant Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen) Those who indicated no party preference were classified as non-aligned. A derived variable for full party identification appears on columns 2656-57, a variable for

For examples of analyses carried out using the combined dataset, see Curtice, J, 'One Nation' in Bnush Social Attitudes The 5th Report (eds Jowell, R, Witherspoon, S and Brook, L), Gower, Aldershot (1988), pp 127-154, and Blanchflower, D and Oswald, A, 'Self-employment and the enterprise culture' in Bnush Social Attitudes The 7th Report (eds Jowell, R, Witherspoon, S and Brook, L with Taylor, B), Gower, Aldershot (1990), pp 127-144

compressed party identification will be found on column 2659. Both are specified in Appendix H, derived variables 5a and 5b.

6. SAMPLING ERRORS

No sample precisely reflects the characteristics of the population it represents because of both sampling and non-sampling errors. If a sample were designed as a simple random sample (i.e. if every adult had an equal and independent chance of inclusion in the sample) then we could calculate the sampling error of any percentage, p, using the formula

s.e. (p) =
$$\sqrt{\frac{p(100 - p)}{n}}$$

where n is the number of respondents on which the percentage is based. Once the sampling error had been obtained, it would be a straightforward exercise to calculate a confidence interval for the true population percentage. For example, a 95 per cent confidence interval would be given by the formula

$$p \pm 1.96 x s.e. (p)$$

Clearly, for a simple random sample, the sampling error depends only on the values of p and n. However, simple random sampling is almost never used in British surveys because of its inefficiency in terms of time and cost.

As noted above, the *British Social Attitudes* sample, like those drawn for most large-scale surveys, was clustered according to a stratified multi-stage design - in this case, into 176 polling districts (or combinations of polling districts). With a complex design like this, the sampling error of a percentage giving a particular response is not simply a function of the number of respondents in the sample and the size of the percentage, but also depends on how the characteristic is spread within and between polling districts.

So, in the case of a complex sample design, we need to calculate the complex standard error, taking into account how percentage response is spread between different areas. The underlying principle is that, since the areas themselves are now samples, the clustering of responses in areas is in itself a source of response variation.

Estimates of complex sampling errors for the 1990 survey were made using the same procedure as that followed in 1989. First, we chose a range of questions and then looked at the proportions answering in a certain way (for example "expect inflation to go up"), separately for each of the 176 different sampling points. These sampling points were then treated as if they were a sample of areas, and we calculated the variance of the proportions between areas. This gives an unbiased estimate of the complex sampling error for the sample as a whole. The fact that this estimate takes into account neither the fact that different areas had different response rates, nor the improvements in precision due to stratification, means that the estimates will tend to overstate the size of the complex error, though the size of this overstatement is likely to be small.

However, this procedure does not allow us to calculate the *components* of sampling variation - that is, how much of it would have occurred as a result of random sampling

variation even if there had been no clustering, and how much is due to clustering. This means that we cannot calculate design factors which give us a yardstick for comparing our sample with the efficiency obtained using simple random sampling. Nonetheless, we can see which variables have larger or smaller confidence intervals, which helps us to interpret responses.

The table below gives examples of the complex standard errors and confidence intervals calculated. In the case of most attitudinal questions asked of the whole sample, we can see that the confidence interval is usually around plus or minus two per cent of the survey proportion, so we can be 95 per cent certain that the true population proportion is within two per cent (in either direction) of the proportion we report. However, for certain variables (those most associated with the area a person lives in) we find that the confidence interval is plus or minus three per cent or more. This is particularly so for party identification and housing tenure. For instance, Labour identifiers and local authority tenants tend to be concentrated within certain areas, consequently there is proportionately more variation in a clustered sample than there would be in a simple random sample. But for most variables, especially attitudinal ones, the use of standard statistical tests of significance (based on the assumption of simple random sampling) is unlikely to be misleading. The table below also shows that when questions were asked of only half the sample, confidence intervals are correspondingly greater.

Classif	fication variables	% (p)	Complex standard error of p(%)	95 per cent confidence interval	Weighted n
Q.2	Party identification Conservative	34.9	1.46	32.04 - 37.76	042
	Liberal Democrat	7.8	1.40	6.58 - 9.02	943 210
	Labour	38.6	0.62	35.48 - 41.72	1041
Q.24	Self-employed	14.9	0.62	13.69 - 16.11	221
L154/	- '				
Y146	Owns	72.3	1.75	68.87 <i>- 75.</i> 73	1950
	Rents from local authority	18.5	1.72	15.13 - 21.87	500
	Rents from housing association	1.7	0.34	1.04 - 2.36	46
	Other renting	6.3	0.75	4.83 - 7.77	169
Q.907	Age of completing continuous full-time education				
	16 or under	68.4	1.39	65.68 - 71.12	1846
	17 or 18	16.5	0.85	14.83 - 18.17	444
	19 or over	12.3	0.93	10.47 - 14.13	331
I 1120	Religion				
Y118a		36.3	1.23	33.89 - 38.71	981
11104	Protestant	48.5	1.35	45.86 - 51.14	1309
	Catholic	8.9	0.82	7.29 - 10.51	240
Attitud	linal variables				
Q. 7	Britain should rid itself				
	of nuclear weapons	27.6	1.00	25.63 - 29.57	745
Q.12	Expect inflation to go up	85.0	0.82	83.39 - 86.61	2294
Q.13	Expect unemployment to go up	47.0	1.19	44.66 - 49.34	1267
Q.108	Government should increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social benefits	54 .3	1.26	51.83 - 56.77	1465
L148a	Nationalisation/privatisation				
#1404	Favour more nationalisation	19.2	1,39	16.48 - 21.92	260
	Favour more privatisation	16.0	1.16	13.72 - 18.28	216
	Things should be left as now	57.5	1.79	54.00 - 61.00	1778
Y125	Concern about environ- mental issues Very concerned about				
	the greenhouse effect A bit concerned about	45.5	1.52	42.52 - 48.48	612
	the greenhouse effect Not very concerned about	36.3	1.40	33.56 - 39.04	488
	the greenhouse effect Not at all concerned about	11.5	1.12	9.31 - 13.69	155
	the greenhouse effect	3.7	0.63	2.46 - 4.94	50

These calculations are based on the total sample from the 1990 survey (2,698 weighted, 2,797 unweighted), or on L version respondents (1,353 weighted, 1,397 unweighted) or Y version respondents (1,345 weighted, 1,400 unweighted). As the examples above show,

sampling errors for proportions based only on the Y or L sample, or on subgroups within the sample, are somewhat larger than they would have been, had the questions been asked of everyone

7 STRUCTURE OF THE QUESTIONNAIRES

As already noted, two different versions of the questionnaire were used (versions L and Y), each containing a 'core' of standard attitudinal and classificatory questions, but the middle part covering different topic areas according to which version was used

The structure of the British personal interview and self-completion questionnaires, and the topics covered by each, is shown below. For ease of reference, the contents of the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes questionnaires are shown alongside.

Structure of the questionnaires

	Britain			N	Northern Ireland
	Interview questionn Both versions	aire		Int	erview questionnaire
Sec	ction 1. Newspaper reade Party political ide International rela Defence	entification			Newspaper readership International relations Defence
Sec	ction 2. Economic issues Perceptions of or Economic activity Labour market p Flexible working New technology	vn househole y varticipation	d income		Economic issues and policies Perceptions of own household income Economic activity Labour market participation
Sec	ction 3. Welfare State National Health	Service			Welfare State National Health Service
Versio	n L	Versio	n Y		
Section 4.	Religion Race Moral issues	Section 4.	Education	Section 4.	Social class* Religion Moral issues
Section 5.	Crime and the police	Section 5.	Religion	Section 5.	Northern Ireland module: Crime and the police Reporting crime* Evenhandedness of security forces* Security operations* Party political identification
Section 6.	Civil liberties	Section 6.	Countryside and the environment	Section 6.	Civil liberties
Section 7.	Politics Poll tax European Community	Section 7.	Smoking and health	Section 7.	Countryside and the environment
Section 8.	Housing (short)	Section 8.	Housing (long)	Section 8.	Housing (short)
	Both versions				
	Section 9. Demograph classificato	ics and othe ry variables	r	Section 9.	Demographics and other classificatory variables
	Self-completion question	onnaire		Self-c	ompletion questionnaire
Versio	n L	Versio	n Y		
_	ISSP module: role of government	-	National Health Service	•	ISSP module: role of government
Q.2.20-21	National Health Service	Qs.2.03-05 Qs.2.06-08	Women's work and	Qs.2.20-21 Q.2.22	Moral issues Immigration
Qs.2.22-23	Moral issues	Q3.2.00 Vo	childcare	Q.2.23	Death penalty
Q.2.24 Q.2.25	Immigration Death penalty		Countryside and the environment		Northern Ireland: crime and the police*
Qs.2.26-28	Women's work and childcare	Qs.2.18-22 Qs.2.23-25	Smoking and health Housing		Civil liberties Countryside and the
-	Civil liberties	Qs.2.26-27	New technology		environment
	New technology	Q.2.28	Left-Right scale and		Left-Right scale
Q.2.41 Q.2.42	Left-Right scale Liberal-Authoritarian scale		Liberal-Authoritarian scale	Q.2.44	Liberal-Authoritarian scale

^{*} These modules were asked in Northern Ireland only; all others were also asked in Britain.

Appendix D contains a copy of the questionnaires marked with editing and coding instructions relevant to the analysis. In Appendix G, there is another copy of the questionnaires with the keying codes removed and the percentage distribution of weighted responses added, together with SPSS variable names (bracketed and in italics). Percentages for the core questions are based on the total British sample (2,698 weighted), except where indicated otherwise, while those for questions in version L or Y are based on the appropriate sub-samples (1,353 and 1,345 weighted) unless indicated otherwise. Percentages on the British self-completion questionnaire are based on the total number returning it (2,349 weighted), or the total number returning the L version (1,163 weighted) or the Y version (1,186 weighted), as appropriate. Percentages for the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey are also based on the total sample (896 weighted and unweighted) except where indicated otherwise, and, for the self-completion questionnaire, on the total number returning it (783 weighted). Since both the percentage distributions and the numerical frequency counts are based on weighted data, figures will not necessarily add up to 100 per cent

II NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

1. THE SURVEY

In 1989, the Nuffield Foundation and the Central Community Relations Unit in Belfast agreed to fund three extensions of the *British Social Attitudes* survey to Northern Ireland. Core questions were asked in both surveys, but in addition in the Northern Ireland questionnaire there was a special module in both years, addressing the particular concerns of the province. In 1990 this module mainly covered crime, policing and the administration of justice (Qs. 78-100 on the interview questionnaire and Qs. 2.24-2.26 on the self-completion supplement). Some of these questions were asked in Great Britain too, on version L of the interview questionnaire (Qs. 124-134), so allowing us to compare the attitudes of those living in Northern Ireland with the attitudes of people in Great Britain. The structure of the Northern Ireland questionnaire, and its relationship to the British questionnaire, is shown on page 24 above and in Appendix III of *The 8th Report*.

An advisory board consisting of representatives from Social and Community Planning Research, the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU) in Belfast (which also carried out the sampling and the fieldwork), the Centre for Social Research at Queen's University, Belfast, the Central Community Relations Unit and the academic community met several times in the months before fieldwork to plan the survey and design the questionnaire module. (As with all modules, however, final responsibility for its coverage and wording remains with SCPR.)

We give below brief details of the methodology of the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey. Further information may be obtained from Dr. Kevin Sweeney and his colleagues at PPRU, 2nd Floor, Londonderry House, Chichester Street, Belfast BT1 4SX.¹⁴

2. THE SAMPLE

2.1 Selection of addresses

The survey was designed to yield a representative sample of all adults aged 18 or over living in private households in Northern Ireland.

The sample was drawn from the rating list, the most up-to-date listing of private households, made available to PPRU for research purposes. People living in institutions (though not in private households in such institutions) were excluded.

A combination of the small geographical size of Northern Ireland, the generally low population density (outside the Greater Belfast area) and the extent of coverage of PPRU's fieldforce mean that it is not necessary to cluster addresses within areas. The sample was therefore a simple random sample of all households listed on the rating list. Addresses were selected from a computer-based copy of the rating list using a NAG

¹⁴ A full account of the survey methodology will be found in Sweeney, K., 'Technical details of the survey,' in Stringer, P. and Robinson, G., (eds.), Social Attitudes in Northern Ireland: 1991-92 edition, The Blackstaff Press, Belfast (1992).

random number generation routine (The addresses selected for all surveys conducted by PPRU are excluded from further sampling for a period of two years) Before addresses were selected, the rating list file was stratified into three geographical areas Belfast, East Northern Ireland and West Northern Ireland Within each of these strata a simple random sample of addresses was selected, with probability proportionate to the number of addresses in that stratum The issued sample was 1,400 addresses

22 Selection of individuals

The rating list provides a good sampling frame of addresses, but contains no information about the number of people living at an address. So a further selection stage was required to convert the listing of addresses to a listing of individuals

Interviewers were instructed to call at each address issued in their assignments. They then had to list all persons aged 18 or over living there. From this listing of eligible adults, the interviewer selected one respondent by a random selection procedure (using a computer-generated 'Kish grid'). The document used in identifying addresses and selecting respondents (the Calls and Sample Selection Sheet, or CASS) will be found in Appendix C.

3 WEIGHTING

In Northern Ireland, addresses could not be selected with probability proportionate to the size of the household (as with the electoral register sampling used in *British Social Attitudes*). So before the analysis, the data were weighted to adjust for the fact that individuals living in large households had a lower chance than individuals in small households of being included in the sample. This means that the weights applied to the Northern Ireland sample are, in general, larger than those applied to the British one All the weights fell within a range between one and seven, the average weight applied was 2.06. The distribution of weights used is shown below

No of adults				
18 and over	Weight	No	%	Scaled weight
1	1	290	32 4	0 511
2	2	436	48 7	1 021
3	3	110	12 3	1 532
4	4	43	48	2 042
5	5	13	15	2 533
6	6	2	02	3 063
7	7	2	02	3 574

Thus, 32 per cent of households had only one adult present, 49 per cent were two-adult households, 12 per cent were three-adult households, and so on The weighted sample was then scaled back to the size of the unweighted sample, so that both consisted of 896 cases

4 DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

4.1 Piloting

A pilot survey was conducted in late January and early February 1990. Electoral wards were chosen purposively to ensure that a wide range of respondents was represented in the pilot sample, the questionnaire consisting only of the special Northern Ireland module and some background questions. (The other modules for inclusion in the 1990 questionnaire were piloted in Britain.) The wards used were the same as in 1989; details can be found in Stringer and Robinson (1991). Approximately 60 interviews were carried out.

4.2 Fieldwork

Fieldwork in Northern Ireland began in late February 1990. Over 90 per cent of interviews were carried out in February and March, with the remaining 84 interviews carried out in April.

Fieldwork was conducted by 55 interviewers drawn from PPRU's panel. All interviewers attended a one-day briefing conference to familiarise them with the selection procedures and the questionnaires. The interview took on average 68 minutes to administer.

Overall response achieved was:

	No.	%
Addresses issued	1400	
Vacant, derelict, other out of scope	123	
In scope	1277	100
Interview achieved	896	70
Interview not achieved	381	30
Refused*	293	23
Not contacted*	5 6	4
Other non-response	32	3

[•] For definitions, see p.13 above

A response rate of 68 per cent was achieved in Belfast; it was 69 per cent in East Northern Ireland and 73 per cent in West Northern Ireland.

As in the *British Social Attitudes* survey, respondents were asked to fill in a self-completion questionnaire which was, whenever possible, collected by the interviewer. Otherwise, the respondent was asked to post it direct to a Northern Ireland Post Office box from which it was forwarded, through PPRU, to SCPR. If necessary, up to two postal reminders were sent to obtain the self-completion questionnaire from those who had not returned it. In all, 772 respondents returned the self-completion questionnaire, 86 per cent of those interviewed. The two questionnaires are reproduced in Appendix G, and other survey documents, including the reminder letters, are in Appendix J.

4.3 Advance letter experiment

As an experiment to test the effect on response rates, a letter was sent to a random half of the selected households in the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes sample (those with

even serial numbers) shortly before fieldwork began. This briefly described the purpose of the survey and the coverage of the questionnaire, and asked for cooperation when the interviewer called. In the event, the effect of the advance letter on overall response was negligible ¹⁵ (A similar experiment, carried out on the 1989 British Social Attitudes survey, also appeared to have no effect either way on response rates ¹⁶)

5 DATA PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS

51 Data preparation

The completed questionnaires underwent clerical editing, coding, keying, verification and computer editing, exactly the same procedures being used as for the *British Social Attitudes* dataset Appendix D contains a copy of both Northern Ireland questionnaires marked with editing instructions and all extra codes added during analysis Coding frames and coding instructions are reproduced in Appendix E Questionnaires with weighted marginals (percentages) and variable names are in Appendix G

52 Analysis groupings

Analysis variables (except, of course, for region) were the same as used in the British survey, though of course the questions about party identification included Northern Irish political parties. The location of the derived variables is given in Appendix H

53 Sampling errors

Because the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey is drawn as a simple random sample, there are no complex sampling errors to calculate. The sampling error of any percentage, p, can be calculated using the formula

$$se(p) = \sqrt{\frac{p(100 - p)}{n}}$$

where n is the number of respondents on which the percentage is based

The absence of design effects in the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey (and therefore of the need to calculate complex standard errors) means that the standard error and confidence intervals for percentage estimates from NISA are only slightly greater than for the British survey, despite the smaller sample size of the former

The table below gives examples of the sampling errors and confidence intervals for typical percentage estimates from the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey

Further details of the advance letter experiment, as well as of the rest of the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey, are in Sweeney (1992), op cit, p 25

See Brook, L, Taylor, B and Prior, G, Brush Social Attitudes 1989 Survey Technical Report, SCPR, London (1990), pp 14-15

Classii	fication variables	% (p)	Standard error of p (%)	95 per cent confidence interval	95 per cent confidence limits
Q.65	Religion				
_	Protestant	50.2	1.7	3.3	46.9 - 53.6
	Catholic	36.2	1.6	3.2	33.0 - 39.4
	No religion	12.6	1.1	2.2	10.4 - 14.8
Q.100	Housing tenure (unweighted data)				
	Owns	62.8	1.6	3.2	59.6 - 66.0
	Rents from NIHE	30.1	1.6	3.1	27.1 - 33.2
Q.20	Economic activity				
	Working	50.2	1.7	3.3	46.8 - 53.5
	Unemployed	9.3	1.0	1.9	7.4 - 11.2
Attitud	linal variables				
Q.10	Expects inflation to go up	88.3	1.1	2.1	86.1 - 90.4
Q.78a	Worries about being a victim of crime	62.8	1.6	3.2	59.6 - 66.0
Q.11	Expects unemployment to rise	47.2	1.7	3.3	43.8 - 50.5
Q.112	Very concerned about changes to the countryside	32.3	1.6	3.1	29.2 - 35.4
Q.77a	Pre-marital sex mostly wrong	12.4	1.1	2,2	10.2 - 14.6

Thus a percentage of 10 per cent (or 90 per cent) from the *Northern Ireland Social Attitudes* survey has a standard error of 1.02 per cent and a 95 per cent confidence interval of + or - 2.0 per cent. A percentage estimate of 50 per cent has a standard error of 1.7 and a 95 per cent confidence interval of + or - 3.3 per cent.

APPENDIX A

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- (1) Distribution of the sample between Standard Regions
- (2) Sampled constituencies, wards and polling districts

APPENDIX A

DISTRIBUTION OF THE SAMPLE BETWEEN STANDARD REGIONS

REGION	SAMPLE	E TYPE	<u>TOTAL</u> SELECTED	
	<u>L</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>01110,01120</u>	
01 <u>Scotland</u>	195	195	390	
02 <u>Northern</u> (Cleveland, Cumbria, Durham Northumberland, Tyne and Wear)	130	130	260	
03 <u>North West</u> (Cheshire, Lancashire, Greater Manchester, Merseyside)	260	260	520	
04 <u>Yorkshire and Humberside</u> (Humberside, North Yorks, South Yorks, West Yorks)	208	208	416	
05 <u>West Midlands</u> (Hereford and Worcester, Salop, Staffordshire, Warwickshire, West Midlands)	208	208	416	
06 <u>East Midlands</u> (Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Northamptonshire, Nottinghamshire)	169	169	338	
07 <u>East Anglia</u> (Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Suffolk)	91	91	182	
08 <u>South West</u> (Avon, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Somerset, Wiltshire)	195	195	390	
09 South East (excl Greater London) (Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, East Sussex, Essex, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Isle of Wight, Kent, Oxfordshire, Surrey, West Sussex)	442	442	884	
10 Greater London	273	273	546	
11 Wales	117	117	234	
TOTAL SELECTED	2288	2288	4576	

REGION 01 SCOTLAND

Constituency	Ward	<u>Polling</u> <u>distric</u> t	<u>Area</u> No.	<u>Serial number</u> <u>range</u>
Dumbarton	No. 9	DB41	0001	0001-0026
North Tayside	Forfar Central	NAA	0002	0027-0052
Moray	Bishopmill	MAB	0003	0053-0078
Stirling	No.19	suv	0004	0079-0104
Gordon	Ellon	GNA	0005	0105-0130
Livingston	No.15	LVS	0006	0131-0156
Falkirk East	Beancross	FQM	0007	0157-0182
Kilmarnock & Loudon	No. 5	KL10	8000	0183-0208
Renfrew W. & Inverclyde	Inchinman	RW9/10	0009	0209-0234
Eastwood	Williamwood	EWO9	0010	0235-0260
Glasgow Maryhill	Woodlands	MA52	0011	0261-0286
Glasgow Govan	Penilee	GV22	0012	0287-0312
Glasgow Shettleston	Parkhead	SH24	0013	0313-0338
Paisley North	Barshaw	PN14	0014	0339-0364
Aberdeen South	Mid Stocket	SAA	0015	0365-0390

REGION 02 NORTHERN

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Serial number</u>
		<u>district</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>range</u>
Bishop Auckland	Middridge	\mathtt{DL}	0016	0391-0416
North West Durham	Burnhope	CJ	0017	0417-0442
Westmorland & Lonsdale	Kendal Glebelands	AM	0018	0443-0468
Houghton & Washington	Washington East	W	0019	0469-0494
North Durham	Chester Central	F	0020	0495-0520
Stockton South	Preston	AWE	0021	0521-0546
Gateshead East	Low Fell	LF	0022	0547-0572
Wallsend	Wallsend	ID	0023	0573-0598
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	Fawdon	NCA	0024	0599-0624
Tynemouth	Chirton	LD	0025	0625-0650

REGION 03 NORTH WEST

Constituency	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Serial number</u>
		<u>district</u>	No.	<u>range</u>
Ellesmere Port & Neston	Rossmore	MC	0026	0651-0676
Tatton	Dean Row	ED	0027	0677-0702
Burnley	Calder	EC	0028	0703-0728
Congleton	Congleton North	DD	0029	0729-0754
Ribble Valley	Ribchester	0182	0030	0755-078 0
Warrington North	Hulme	WDC	0031	0781-0806
Wigan	Swinley	DE	0032	0807-0832
Leigh	Hope Carr	BE	0033	0833-0858
Makerfield	Winstanley	GA	0034	0859-0884

REGION 03 NORTH WEST (continued)

			\	
<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Serial number</u>
		<u>district</u>	No.	<u>range</u>
Wirral South	Heswall	RB	0035	0885-0910
Southport	Meols	CC	0036	0911-0936
Hyndburn	Eachill	NB	0037	0937-0962
Liverpool Riverside	Dingle	GG	0038	0963-0988
Liverpool Garston	Pirrie	AW	0039	0989-1014
Manchester Withington	Northenden	NOB	0040	1015-1040
Birkenhead	B1rkenhead	BA	0041	1041-1066
Oldham Central & Royton	Royton North	СВ	0042	1067-1092
Liverpool Mossley	Smithdown	ET	0043	1093-1118
Bolton N East	Bromley Cross	NQ	0044	1 119-1144
Blackpool North	Park	JI	0045	1145-1170

REGION 04 YORKSHIRE & HUMBERSIDE

Constituency	Ward	<u>Polling</u> district	<u>Area</u>	Serial number
Damasataw Newth	Th - 25-2		<u>No.</u>	<u>range</u>
Doncaster North	Thorne	SE	0046	1171-1196
Don Valley	South East	VF	0047	1197-1222
Sheffield Hillsborough	Chapel Green	GA	0048	1223-1248
Boothferry	Snaith	JC	0049	1249-1274
Selby	Cawood	v	0050	1275-1300
Brigg & Cleethorpes	Cleethorpes Riverside	1 Q	0051	1301-1326
Colne Valley	Colne Valley West	2CW	0052	1327-1352
Sheffield Attercliffe	Birley	BA	0053	1353-1378
Wakefield	Wakefield South No 6	WG	0054	1379-1404
Leeds North West	Headingley	HED	0055	1405-1430
Halıfax	North Owram Shelf	HC	0056	1431-1456
Sheffield Central	Burngreave	EC	0057	1457-1482
Kingston-upon Hull N	Avenue	D	0058	1483-1508
Kingston-upon-Hull W	Newington	W	0059	1509-1534
York	Gulldhall	HC	0060	1535-1560
Great Grimsby	Willows	U2	0061	1561-1586

REGION 05 WEST MIDLANDS

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	Serial number
		<u>district</u>	<u>No</u>	range
Ludlow	Bridgnorth West	BL	0062	1587-1612
Stratford-upon-Avon	Quinton	HX	0063	1613-1638
North Warwickshire	Mancetter	BD	0064	1639-1664
Mid Staffordshire	Fulford	EEC	0065	1665-1690
Nuneaton	Galley Common	AA	0066	1691-1716
South Staffordshire	Codsall North	N	0067	1717-1742
West Bromwich West	Tipton Green	VA	0068	1743-1768
Walsall South	Bentley Darlaston North	h SA	0069	1769-1794

REGION 05 WEST MIDLANDS (continued)

Constituency	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	Serial number
		<u>district</u>	No.	<u>range</u>
Stoke-on-Trent S.	Trentham Park	3QDI	0070	1795-1820
Cannock and Burntwood	Heath Hayes	FY	0071	1821-1846
Coventry N.W.	Bablake	AC	0072	18 47-1872
Solihull	Shirley South	FC	0073	1873-1898
Birmingham Small Heath	Nechells	ATH	0074	1899-1924
Dudley East	Coseley West	AB8	0075	1925-1950
Birmingham Edgbaston	Harborne	ALF	0076	1951-1976
Coventry S.E.	Cheylesmore	C	0077	1977-2002

REGION 06 EAST MIDLANDS

Constituency	<u>Ward</u>	Polling district	<u>Area</u> No.	Serial number range
Corby	Danesholme 1	CD	0078	2003-2028
Newark	Beacon	Α	0079	2029 - 2054
Daventry	Brackley West	GR	0080	2055 - 2080
East Lindsey	Winthorpe	CCH	0081	2081-2106
N.E. Derbyshire	N. Wingfield Central	NT2	0082	2107-2132
Wellingborough	Swanspool No.2	WMB	0083	2133-2158
South Derbyshire	Overseal	FA	0084	21 59-2184
Loughborough	Birstall Stonehill	AB	0085	2185-2210
Blaby	Fosse	E	0086	2211-2236
Nottingham South	Clifton West	Α	0087	2237-2262
Leicester South	Stoneygate	STA	8800	2263-2288
Lincoln	Castle	BC	0089	2289-2314
Erewash	Nottingham Rd	MB	0090	2315-2340

REGION 07 EAST ANGLIA

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Serial number</u>
		<u>district</u>	No.	<u>range</u>
Bury St. Edmunds	Great Heath	RHJ	0091	2341-2366
North Norfolk	Sheringham	MQ1	0092	2367-2392
Cambridgeshire South West	Comberton	PB1	0093	2393-2418
Huntingdon	Somersham	DM1	0094	2419-2444
Mid Norfolk	East Dereham	A/A/D	0095	2445-2470
Norwich South	Town Close	JAi	0096	2471-2496
Norwich North	Sprowston East	EDI	0097	2497-2522

REGION 08 SOUTH WEST

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u> <u>district</u>	Area No.	<u>Serial number</u> <u>range</u>
West Dorset	Charmouth	CG	0098	2523 - 2548
Tiverton	Canal	CCF	0099	2549-2574
South Dorset	Swanage North	CA	0100	2575-2600
St Ives	St Ives North	3R	0101	2601-2626
Westbury	Warminster West	IC2	0102	2627-2652
South Hams	Avonleigh	FAP	0103	2653-2678
Teignbridge	Bovey	DAE1	0104	2679-2704
Yeovil	Crewkerne Town	4	0105	2705-2730
Wansdyke	Batheaston	AF	0106	2731-2756
Christchurch	Ferndown Central	EA	0107	2757-2782
Bristol N W	Stoke Gifford North	SBA	0108	2783-2808
Swindon	Gorsehill	AA	0109	2809-2834
Bournemouth W	Canford Magna	MC	0110	2835-2860
Gloucester	Barton	Α	0111	2861-2886
Torbay	Ellacombe	DA	0112	2887-2912

REGION 09 SOUTH EAST

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	Serial number
North Hertfordshire	Oughton	district	<u>No</u> 0113	<u>range</u> 2913-2938
		B/A		
Braintree	Bocking North	CQA	0114	2939-2964
Ashford	Windmill	Q	0115	2965-2990
Chichester	Lavant	GS	0116	2991-3016
Mid Bedfordshıre	Kempson West	EO	0117	3 017 - 3042
Maidstone	Shepway East	VВ	0118	3043-3068
North Bedfordshire	Oakley	ВН	0119	3 069 - 3094
Horsham	Cowfold	NL	0120	3095-3120
East Hampshire	19	НF	0121	3121-3146
East Surrey	Harestone	Н	0122	3147-3172
North Colchester	Dedham	FA	0123	3173-3198
Wealden	Forest Row	WFF	0124	3199-3224
Stevenage	Knebworth	F/P/B	0125	3225-3250
West Hertfordshire	Bennetts End	AQA	0126	3251-3276
Dover	Pineham	PWT	0127	3277-3302
Aldershot	Alexandra	RN	0128	3303-3328
South W Herts	Bedmond	DAB	0129	3329 - 3354
Chelmsford	The Lawns	บ	0130	3355-3380
Mid Kent	Thurnham	CWM	0131	3381-3406
Beaconsfield	Taplow	Z	0132	34 07 - 3432
Mid Sussex	Burgess Hill West	SF	0133	3433-3458
Billericay	Burstead	нн	0134	3459-3484
Basildon	Lee Chapel N	FK	0135	3485-3510
Oxford East	Blackbird Leys	LA	0136	3511-3536
Slough	Cippenham	E	0137	3537-3562
Hertsmere	Lyndhurst	MA	0138	3563-3588
Portsmouth N	Copnor	I	0139	3589-3614
I O Z ODMOGETT IT	OUPHOL	4.	ULJJ	2207-2014

REGION 09 SOUTH EAST (continued)

<u>Constituency</u>	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	Serial number
		<u>district</u>	<u>No</u>	range
Watford	Central	HA	0140	3615-3640
Luton South	Putteridge	ME	0141	3641-3666
Eastbourne	Upperton	JC	0142	3667 - 3692
Spelthorne	Stanwell South	E	0143	3693-3718
Epsom and Ewell	West Ewell	E (A)	0144	3719-3744
Shoreham	Widewater	AZ	0145	3745 - 3770
Castle Point	Canvey Island East	Α	0146	3771-3796

REGION 10 GREATER LONDON

Constituency	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u>	<u>Area</u>	<u>Serial number</u>
		<u>district</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>range</u>
Brentford and Isleworth	Isleworth North	R	0147	3797-3822
Hayes and Harlington	Crane	HDI	0148	3823-3848
Chislehurst	Bickley	CF	0149	3849-3874
Ilford North	Alborough	A2	0150	3875-3900
Harrow East	Stanmore Park	FB	0151	3901-3926
Ravensbourne	Hayes	RG	0152	3927-3952
Bow and Poplar	Bromley	BR3	0153	3953-3978
Putney	Southfield	EB	0154	3979-4004
Lewisham East	St. Mildred	EWC	0155	4005-4030
Ealing Acton	Hanger Lane	FC	0156	4031-4056
Hendon South	Golders Green	MB	0157	4057-4082
Croydon N.E.	Monks Orchard	D	0158	4083-4108
Chingford	Hatch Lane	M	0159	4109-4134
Sutton and Cheam	North Cheam	CA	0160	4135-4160
Peckham	St. Giles	LA	0161	4161-4186
Holborn St.Pancras	St. Johns	NB	0162	4187-4212
Hammersmith	Wormholt	BA	0163	4213-4238
Norwood	St. Martin	NMB	0164	4239-4264
Streatham	Streatham South	SWB	0165	4265-4290
Tooting	Bedford	TB	0166	4291-4316
Croydon N.W.	Broad Green	6A	0167	4317-4342

REGION 11 WALES

Constituency	<u>Ward</u>	<u>Polling</u> dist <u>ric</u> t	<u>Area</u> No.	<u>Serial number</u> rang <u>e</u>
Ynys Mon	No. 2	X	0168	4343-4368
Caernarfon	Penygroes	0138	0169	4369-4394
Wrexham	New Broughton	FBB	0170	4395-4420
Newport West	1	AL3	0171	4421-4446
Newport East	3	BD3	0172	4447-4472
Cynon Valley	Llwydcoed	CA1	0173	4473-4498
Delyn	Greenfield	DB	0174	4499-4524
Cardiff S. & Penarth	Grangetown	OE	0175	4525-4550
Cardiff North	Heath	HC	0176	4551-4576

APPENDIX B

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- (1) Statement of response
- (2) Summary of response by Standard Region
 - (a) L Sample(b) Y Sample(c) Total Sample

STATEMENT OF RESPONSE

			T			
	L VEI	RSION %	Y VE	RSION %	<u>TO'</u> No	ral %
ADDRESSES		^ -				
Issued	2293		2283		4576	
Found to be out of scope			7.0		, , ,	
- address empty/vacant	64		70		134	i
- address an institution	3		4 3		7 4	
- premises derelict/demolished - other	6		6		12	
Assumed to be out of scope	ĺ		1		12	
- no trace of address	8		9		17	
Total out of scope	82		92		174	
			-		1	ĺ
SELECTED PERSONS						
Total in scope	2210	100	2192	100	4402	100
Total interviewed	1397	63.2	1400	63.9	2797	63.5
Self-completion questionnaire						-
collected/sent to office	1197	54.2	1233	56.3	2430	55.2
Total not interviewed	813	36.8	792	36.1	1605	36.5
Bassana for annuments						
Reasons for non-response Refusal (total)	588	26.6	589	26.9	1177	26.7
- personally refused interview - refusal on behalf of selected	380	17.2	390	17.8	770	17.5
person by someone else in						
household	85	3.8	77	3.5	162	3.7
- complete refusal of information	"	3.0	, ,	3.5	102	3./
about occupants	85	3.8	73	3.3	158	3.6
- broke appointment and could not	[]	
be recontacted	35	1.6	44	2.0	79	1.8
- refusal to office (letter/'phone)	3	0.1	5	0.2	8	0.2
Non-contact (total)	128	5.8	127	5.8	255	5.8
- no contact with anyone at						
address after four or more calls	45	2.0	57	2.6	102	2.3
- selected person not contacted						
(eg never in)	60	2.7	48	2.2	108	2.5
- away/in hospital during survey						
period	23	1.0	22	1.0	45	1.0
Other (total)	97	4.4	76	3.5	173	3.9
- semile/incapacitated	38	1.7	31	1.4	69	1.6
- ill (at home) during survey period	17	0.8	11	0.5	28	0.6
- could not speak adequate English	8	0.4	4	0.2	12	0.3
- partially complete/other reason	34	1.5	30	1.4	64	1.5

SUMMARY OF RESPONSE BY STANDARD REGION

(1) L SAMPLE

		Т		(1,	L SAMP								
			T			STAN	DARD R	EGION					
ADDRESSES		Scotland	North- ern	North West	Yorks & Humber- side	West Mid- lands	East Mid- lands	East Anglia		South East	Greater London	1	TOTAL
Issued Found to be out of scope Assumed to be out of scope Total out of scope Total in scope (=100%)	e	196 11 - 11 185	130 - - - 130	259 9 3 12 247	208 6 - 6 202	208 3 1 4 204	170 4 - 4 166	91 1 - 1 90	195 7 1 8 187	443 12 2 14 429	275 17 1 18 257	118 5 - 5 113	2293 75 8 83 2210
PERSONS Interviewed	No.	123 66	94	153	144	126	84	61	123	265	140	84	1397
Self-completion supplement returned	No.	97 52	72 84 65	62 135 55	71 118 58	62 113 55	51 76 46	68 56 62	66 110 59	236 55	54 105 41	74 68	63.2 1197
Not interviewed	No. %	62 34	36 28	94 38	58 29	78 38	82 4 <i>9</i>	29 32	64 34	164 38	117 46	60 29 26	54.2 813 36.8
Reasons for non-response Refusal (total)	No.	41 22	29 22	61 25	39 19	56 27	55 33	24 27	49	131	83	20	588
Non-contact (total)	No.	10 5	3 2	19 8	10	10	22 13	2 2 2	26 8 4	31 25 6	32 15 6	18 4 7	26.6 128
Other reason (total)	No. %	11 6	3	14	9	12	5	3	7	8	19 7	4 5 4	5.8 97 4.4

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SUMMARY OF RESPONSE BY STANDARD REGION

(2) Y SAMPLE

			_	(2)	Y SAMP.	<u> </u>							
						STANI	DARD RI	EGION				_	
ADDRESSES		Scotland	North- ern	North West	Yorks & Humber- side	West Mid- lands	East Mid- lands	East Anglia	South West		Greater London	Wales	TOTAL
Issued Found to be out of scope Assumed to be out of scope Total out of scope		194 10 2 12	130 3 1 4	261 7 - 7	208 7 1 8	208 4 1 5	168 10 - 10	91 2 - 21	195 11 -	441 13 4 17	271 11 - 11	116 4 - 4	2283 82 9
Total in scope (=100%)		182	126	254	200	203	158	89	184	424	260	112	2192
PERSONS													
Interviewed	No. Z	117 64	95 <i>75</i>	147 58	141 71	122 60	85 54	65 73	126 68	278 66	146 56	78 70	1400 63.9
Self-completion supplement returned	No Ž	97 53	79 63	135 53	117 59	106 52	78 49	61 69	118 64	253 <i>60</i>	121 47	68 61	1233 56.3
Not interviewed	No Z	65 36	31 25	107 42	59 30	81 40	73 46	24 2 7	58 32	146 34	114 44	34 30	792 36.1
Reasons for non-response		<u> </u>	j 	1]	 			 	l] [
Refusal (total)	No.	43 24	27 21	74 29	44 22	57 28	51 32	20 22	48 26	113 27	87 33	25 22	589 26.9
Non-contact (total)	No %	18 10	4 3	19 7	5	15 7	18 11	1	5 3	18 4	19 7	5 4	127 5.8
Other reason (total)	No %	4 2	-	14 6	10 5	9	4 3	3 3	5 3	15	8 3	4	76 3.5

SUMMARY OF RESPONSE BY STANDARD REGION

(3) TOTAL SAMPLE

			STANDARD REGION										
ADDRESSES		Scotland	North- ern	North West	Yorks & Humber- side	West Mid-	East Mid-	East Anglia			Greater London	Wales	TOTAL
ADDRESSES		SCOCIANO	ern	Mesc	side	Lands	Tands	Angila	west	Last	London	wares	TOTAL
Issued		390	260	520	416	416	338	182	390	884	546	234	4576
Found to be out of scope		16	3	17	13	8	14	3	18	27	29	9	157
Assumed to be out of scope		2	1	3	1	2	\	\	1	6	1) <u>-</u>	17
Total out of scope		18	4	20	14	10	14	3	19	33	30	9	174
Total in scope (=100%)		372	256	501	402	407	324	179	371	853	517	225	4402
PERSONS					ł I		l 	t I			}		
Interviewed	No.	240	189	300	285	248	169	126	249	543	286	162	2797
Interviewed	ио. %	65	74	300 60	71	61	52	70	67	64	55	72	63.5
 Self-completion	/0	00	/4	00	/*	01	72	/0	\	04)	1 /2	03.5
supplement returned	No.	194	163	270	235	219	154	117	228	488	226	136	2430
Supprement resurred	%	53	64	54	58	54	48	65	61	57	44	60	55.2
Not interviewed	No.	127	67	201	117	159	155	53	122	310	231	63	1605
	%	35	26	40	29	39	48	30	33	36	45	28	36.5
Reasons for non-response			į		ļ !			!					
·	N 7 –	0,4	5.0	125	,,	112	106		۱ ۵۰	244	170	ء (1,,,,
Refusal (total)	No. %	84 23	56	135 27	83	113	106	44	97 26	244	170 33	45	1177
 Non-contact (total)	No.	23	22 7	38	21 15	2 <i>8</i> 25	33 40	25 3	13	29 43	33	20	26.7 255
Non-contact (total)	NO. %	8	, ,	30 8	4	6	12	2	13	43	7	4	5.8
Other reason (total)	No.	15	3	28	19	21	9	6	12	23	27	9	173
Other reason (Local)	NO.	42	2	6	5	5	3	3	3	3	5	4	3.9
	76		_										"

APPENDIX C

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS) with editing instructions

NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS) with editing instructions

Homesman — 11 - MERTH 5.1 LOS BITM - EFTS - 443 - Fried		SEES DECENTIONS SEES OFFICE SHOWN		IF JHOLE PAGE BL 124 : 1 132 133 INTERVIEWER: TOO DO NOT THE THEET CAN BE C	· <u>01</u>	ESTIONS ON PAGE 2	(000)	
P 1090/Britain B	RITISE SOCIAL ATTITUDES 199		QΙ	[s this address traceable residencial?	occupied and	Yes	1 CO TO O 3	129
		***************************************		Legidencial		fio	2 MISTER 0 2	
Ca	ills and Sample Selection Sh	eet INITIALLED IN GREEN		IF HO AT Q L				
		5-107) (108-109) (110-113)	Q 2	Why not'		To trace of addrass	OI CYLL OFFICE	130-1
}		Ol Region Area		OHE CODE OHLY			35 SOUR RETURNEMEN	
1	Year number Ca	ird		İ		s is: Empt / acunt	02	•
Selection label	(114) (1 1 + Lavender	(15-116) (117-124)				Derelict/demolished	03 (04 RETURN CASS	
1	2 - Yellou	to of				ess/induscrial <u>only</u>	05 (
1	1 1 A W I	address		Other (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS)	_	HLY (NO PETITE MA)	06	
ł					HOLIDAY	HOME	07	
<u> </u>								
			e a	IF TES AT Q 1 How many dwelling units (fl	ara badalra	arc) are		
1	STRUE CHECK Q HAVE	(125-128)	4.5	there at the exact address				
Interviewer name	IN DISMATCH				CODE 1	One only	OL CO TO Q 6	132-3
	order you make them)			ļ	OR WELTER IN-	1-i0 units	ANSWER !	
TIME DAY	DATE						SEE LESTE-	
Dishour MON = I		rena, wron in mant of suffer				ll+ unics	CO TO 0 5	
TUE =2 FM =5								
clock) WED =3 SAT =6 THU =4 SUN =7	one name of againstructure mode. If more calls are made year can be a	return received on this phone				\ .a .dd		
CIOCIL WED =3 SAT =4	and name of agreements made.	observacement per tribs affect	Q 4	List sil dwelling waits (fl working as appropriate:	ec nos , ecc) at address		
CIOCIL WED =3 SAT =4	one name of againstructure mode. If more calls are made year can be a	observed and other officers	Q 4	orking as appropriate: - in flat/-oom number	order lowes	c co highes.		
CIOCILI WED =3 SAT =6 THU =4 SUN =7	orid name of applications of mote. If more safe are made yield can be a use of Call Compression Shoot.		Q &	working as appropriate:	order lowes co right, fr	c co highes.		
CIOCILI WED =3 SAT =6 THU =4 SUN =7	orid name of applications of mote. If more safe are made yield can be a use of Call Compression Shoot.		Q 4	orking as appropriate: - in flat/-oom number	order lowes	c co highes.	Coord , bd.	
HAS MINS DAY of WK	Shift recess of agoldenthrough made. If more saids any minds your can be a view of Call Compression Shoot. DAY MITH		Q 4	orking as appropriate: - In flac/-oom number OR - borcom to top, laft	order loves co right, fr	c co highes.	1 1	
HAS MINS DAY of WK	Shift recess of agoldenthrough made. If more saids any minds your can be a view of Call Compression Shoot. DAY MITH		Q &	orking as appropriate: - In flac/-oom number OR - borcom to top, laft	order lower co right, fr	c co highes.	cong	
HAS MINS DAY of WK	Shift recess of agoldenthrough made. If more saids any minds your can be a view of Call Compression Shoot. DAY MITH		Q &	orking as appropriate: - In flac/-oom number OR - borcom to top, laft	order lowes to right, fr DU' CODE	c co highes.	CORE 06	
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HAS MINS DAY of WK AND =3 SAT =4 THU =4 SUN =7 HAS MINS DAY of WK AND =3 SAT =4 THU =4 SUN =7	DAY MITH CIAY MITH		Q &	orking as appropriate: - In flac/-oom number OR - borcom to top, laft	order lowes co right, fr DO' CODE 01 02 63 04	c co highes.	06 07 08 09 10	
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HRS MINS DAY of WK A HRS MINS DAY of WK A HRS MINS DAY of WK A HRS MINS DAY of WK	GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH L GAY MTH			UNTERVIEWER: If it or fewer dwelling number is printed under on it printed at the baracture. If it or more dwelling no is printed at the baracture.	order lowes co right, fr DU' COOK 01 02 63 04 05 maits select ck of the pr sponsent: Transland	c co highes. CONTINUE UNIT COM duelling unit COM duelling unit ed duelling unit oject	CODE	134-5
HRS MENS DAY of WK THU =4 SUN =7 HRS MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK A L L L DAY of WK HRS MENS DAY of WK A L L L DAY of WK HRS MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK	GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH L GAY MTH			INTERVIEWER: If 10 or fewer dwelling number is printed under on of CASS, page is fill or more dwelling to be printed at the being received at the being the control of the	order lower co right, fr DU' COOK 01 02 63 04 05 maits select reson/DU' spendant: Tignalante ecused }	c co highes. One to back SARLLING UNIT ced duelling unit -ow on tabel ac ed dwelling unit o ject AROBUCTIVE AND	CODE	134-5
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HRS MENS DAY of WK THU =4 SUN =7 HRS MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK A L L L DAY of WK HRS MENS DAY of WK A L L L DAY of WK HRS MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK THE MENS DAY of WK	GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH GAY MTH L GAY MTH			INTERVIEWER: - In flacy-com number OR - bottom to top, left DWELLING UNIT INTERVIEWER: - If 10 or fewer dwelling number is printed under on of CASS, page i - If 11 or more dwelling a no is printed at the ba 'nstructions - full name of selected re ur wrs./Hiss/Ne IF QUES (If refused write in - Interviewed if known)	order lower co right, fr DU' CODE 01 02 63 04 05 maits select ck of the pr sponent: TignalAiRE ecused) E ANA Ab	c co highes. One to back SARLLING UNIT ced duelling unit -ow on tabel ac ed dwelling unit o ject AROBUCTIVE AND	CODE 06 07 08 09 10	134-5

CODE AND NUMBER

	• 3 •	1	ł.
	SEEK CONTACT VITE RESPONSIBLE ADULT RESIDENT, INTRODUCE SURVEY AND ASK OR CODE: IF Q.6 MOT AMSWERED THEM	q.10	·
Q.5a)	The names on the Electoral Register for this case and from County	-	Did you carry out an interview?
	household are READOUT ALL MANES ON MANE LABELS, PAGE 1. Do all these people still UNLESS OUTCOME COME : 23		CODE ONE ONLY
	live here now? IN WHICH CASE 136 - 4	·	Tes: - full interview 51
į	TICK RAMES OF THOSE STILL Yes ASK b)	136	- partial interview [32
	LIVING AT ADDRESS	7 '''	No: - Office refusal (phone or lecter) 70 (where filtred)
j			• No contact with selected person after 3+ calls 71
b)	Are all these people aged 18 or over? Yes [ASK c) ?	137	- Personal refusal by selected person 72
	No/DK 2 GO TO 4)	-{ '3"	80. unifoodcrive fattal Broken appointment, no recontact. 73 CO TO Q.13 -
ł	10/3K 2 00 to 4)		* Ill at home during annual and a leaves on
ره	Does anyone else aged if or over live here Yes ASE d) ?	138	81 LOST IN POST - Away/in hospital during survey period 75 REASONS FOR REPUSAL AT
•	now, as part of your household?	┥ ''°	- Selected person semile/incapacitated 76 DETAILS OF
- 1	STARRED ELECTO	z]	- Proxy refusal (on behalf of selected person) 77 CALLS ON PAGE
İ	со то о.э	 	- Inadequate English 78
4)	Including yourself how many people aged 18 or over	j	- Other reason (WRITE IN)
ŀ	live in this (house/flat/accommodation)?	4	LECOBE IF POSSIBLE 179
	H. H. RULES:	1.	4. RETURNED LATER BY INTERVIENCE
İ	Include: TO OFFICE	•	THE EXPRESSION AT D 10 (This should arrive in a large
- 1	e People away for under o aths	Q.11	How is self-completion questionnaire being 5. Retreate By Restonant
- 1	this is their main address a Boardars and lodgers if it. Only one adult 01 CO TO Q.9	-	(The short with wall
1	is main address, not	139-40	CODE ONE ONLY: evelupe with a crease down the
ſ	institution 2-10 adults AMSWER Q.	7	TOUR PLANS NOW middle.)
	Exclude: SEE INSTE.	-]	Returned attached to main interview + Says HAS AREADY RETURNED questionnaire 1 4
	e sevhere to study or work	<u> </u>	SIC QUESTIONNAIRE To be collected by interviewer 2 5
i	Spouses who are separated/		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	not resident • People away for 6+ months		10 De posted by respondent 3 4 Not expected (SAT WEY MOT) 6 8
ł	A LADRIE WAS FOL OF MORERS		ie different colour from rain questionaire)
Q.7	List all adults aged 15 or older, in age order, oldest to youngest. (Use alphabetic order to		
- [fill in, between ages, if necessary.)		
	PERSON PPRSON	Q.12	Total length of interview: Hinutes 999. 4/A.
	AGE OF ADULTS PERSON NURBER AGE OF ADULTS NURBER	ì	CHECK Q'NAIRE BEFORE WRITE IN FROM END OF QUESTIONNAIRE
	01 06	}	USING WANS CODES
	02 07	1	IF NO INTERVIEW AT Q. 10 CHECK JAME RESIDES
	03 08	Q.13aX	
1	04 09		VOING WA COASS. HAR I TO WIA
	05		Woman 2
	STREET IN		Age of selected person CHECK O \$ SEFORE Age: 19 4/AMS
Q.8	SELECTED	1 1	WRITE IN EXACT AGE FROM Q.7 USING M/A. COLES
-	• If 10 or fewer adults, selected person number is printed 'PERSON NUMBER' under 'Person/DU' on label at top of CASS, page 1.		AND CODE ONE: Exact age [
	If it or more adults, selected person number is printed	141-2	152/1 · menunc unit error Estimated age 2 9. JANS
}	at back of project instructions.	<u> </u>	Books browleast data and the
ر. و. پ	INTERVIEWER, FIRD OUT NAME OF SELECTED		153/1 . RESON SELECTION CARDE
۷٠,	RESPONDENT, AND WRITE IN ON BACK OF ARE Hane written in 1 # Stand ANA	143	154/1 . MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE WEONG VERSION
į	SLIP IF AT ALL POSSIBLE. Name refused 2 / Name Great	, }	The state of the s
	- It was programmed to the contract of the con	,	

73 GO TO Q.13 74 WRITE IN
75 REASONS FOR
76 DETAILS OF
77 CALLS ON PAGE 1

9. 4/45

144

145-7

CODIAR KAD EDITING INTITUCTIONS - NI THUBE	#= outcome IF WHULE PAGE BLANK THEN 129 = 1	
However I Administrative of the SCPR, Find and DE DIFFE ARENTHATOD ESSEX. Virtual Field DIFFE BAREING FOR CO. DURHAM	ML 132 - 131 = 01	
Voltage of A St.	INTERVIEWER: YOU DO NOT NEED TO ASK QUESTIONS ON PAGE 2: THEY CAN BE CODED FROM OBSERVATION	
P 1090/N I NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990	residential?	129
Calls and Sample Selection Sheet	No 2 ANSWER Q 2	
(101) (102-105) (106-107) (108-109) (110-113)	IF NO AT Q L 1292	
Selection label Tear Number Card	Q 2 Why not? No trace of address OI BEFORE RETURNING	10- 11
<u> </u>	Address is: Empty/vacant 02	•
(114) (117-124)	Derelict/demolished 03 \ RETURN CASS	
Ireland P C	Business/induscrial only OA WITE DETAILS	
Version	Inscitucion only (no private hh) 05	
	Other (PLEASE GIVE DETAILS) 06) Haliany Hame 07	
<u></u>		
	IF TES AT Q L 18 129 1	
4 BIGITS (125-128)	Q) How many dwelling units (flats bedsits, etc) are there at the exact address (as given on label)?	
Interviewer name Interviewer number		32- 13
Details of Calls (In the order you make them)	THEORY .	
TIME DAY DATE	OR WRITE IN 2-10 units Q 4	
124 hour MON = 1 TUE = 2 FRI = 5 TUE = 2 FRI = 5 and notes of appointments made	li+ units SEE INSTR-	
clock) WED =3 SAT = 6 If more of appointments made If more calls are made then can be accommodated on this sheet use a Call Confliction Sheet	P 132 -133/02 -10	
and a Canada and a	Q 4 List all dwelling waits (flat nos ecc) at address	
HRS MINS DAY MWK DAY MTH	working as appropriate:	
	- in flat/room number order, lovest to highest OR - bottom to top left to right, front to back	
HRS MINE DAY MYK DAY MTH	DAMETITING GRILL CODE DAMETITING GRILL CODE	
2	01 06	
HRS MINS DAYOFWE DAY MTH	02 07	
	03 08-	
	04 09	
HRS MINS DAY OF WIX DAY MITH	05 10	
4	Q 5 INTERVIEWER: 1 132-133/701 WRITE IN	
	o If 10 or fewer dwelling units, selected dwelling unit DO' CODE	
HRS MINS DAY MWK DAY MTH	number is printed under Person/DU' row on label at top of CASS , page 1	
5 L.L. L.L.	If 11 or more dwelling emits, selected dwelling unit	34-15
HRS MINS DAYOFWK DAY MTH	no is printed at the back of the project	
6	instructions	
7 1090 WORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990		
1	• Full same of selected respondent:	
KEV of Toron of the Area	Hr/Hrs/Hiss/Hs 1 gustionane productive and 143=1 Key n (It refused write let refused) its by name and conditions	
KRY IN TOTAL NUMBER	HE/HER/HER/HR If questionnaire productive and 143=1 Key n (It refused vettle let refused) if ou name and address	
OF NAMES WRITTEN IN	HE/HES/HESS/HE IS questionnaire productive and 143=1 Key n (It refused veice is refused) is on name and address	

W.I.	- 3 -	1				
	₹	136-3.	1 ^	- 4 -		١ ،
	1 P129/1	SPARE	l iŁ	139-140/01+		
	SEEK CONTACT WITE RESPONSIBLE ADULT RESIDENT.		10 INTES			1
	INTRODUCE SURVEY, AND ASK/OR CODE:	۱ 4.	TO INTER	EAICMEN!		1
			Did y	you carry out an interview?		ļ
Q.6	Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over, live in this (house/flat/accommodation)?	j	CODE	ONE ONLY	<u> </u>]
İ		1	7	Tes: - full interview	51 ANSWER Q.11	
	H.H. RULES: No contact after 4+ calls 22	1.	1	- partial interview	SZ	
	Include: RETURN CASS] "		No: - Office refusal (phone or letter)	70) END	1
	People away for under 6 mths Complete refusal of all information 23	İ	"	•		ľ
	e People away on work for whom this is their main address			- No contact with selected person after 3+ calls	71	
	• Boarders and lodgers if it	139-40	* 80 = u	unproductive - Personal refusal by selected person	72	i
	is main address, not Only one adult 01 GO TO Q.9	4	- 1	' porticul - Broken appointment, no recontact	⁷³ со то q.13 -	İ
	inscitucion 2-10 adults ANSWER Q.7			- Ill at home during survey period	74 WRITE IN	
	Exclude:	1	81: 10	ost in post - Avay/in hospital during survey period	REASONS FOR	١.
	Ill adults			6-1	75 REFUSAL AT 76 DETAILS OF	
	elsewhere to study or work Spouses who are separated/ GO TO Q.8			- Selected person senile/incapacitated	77 CALLS ON PAGE 1	Ì
	not resident	1	į	- Proxy refusal (on behalf of selected person)	"	1
1	• People away for 6+ months		- !	- Inadequate English	78	!
	if 139-140/02-10	ŧ	- Oth	her reason (WRITE IN)	1	Ì
Q.7	List all adults aged 18 or older, in age]	i	recode if possible	779)	
	order, aldest to youngest. (Use alphabetic	ļ				barria
- 1	order to fill in, between ages, if necessary.)	Ĭ	17 18	WTERVIEW AT Q.10 IF 130-131/51 52	eturned later by in eturned by respondi	er eug
1		0.	1	is self-completion questionnaire being 5=/	eturned by resound	l t
	AGE OF ADULTS PERSON AGE OF ADULTS PERSON	l ''	retur	rned?		P.C
j	NUMBER NUMBER	. 1	CODE	ONE ONLY:		
1	01 06	1		PLANS NOW		
1	02	i !	ľ			
i	03 08		7: 8	says has already questionnaire	ı 1	į ių ių
1]	re	says has already questionneire eturned s/c questionneire	2 5	
-		[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	05 10	1	- 1	To be posted by respondent	3 7	
	.0	[Hot expected (SAY WHY NOT)	6	
Q.8	INTERVIEWER: 1 139-140/701	1	_			
i	• If 10 or fewer adults, selected person WRITE IN			į	σ.σ.ο. 4,5	
į	number is princed under 'Person/DU' on SELECTED	l . j	,	سم		
	label at top of CASS, page 1. 'PERSON NUMBER'	Q.	2 Total	l length of integview:	Hinutes 999=NA	
- [• If 11 or more adults, selected person	161-62	chec	ry avaire before	→ EMD	145-47
- 1	number is printed at back of project instructions.			9 MANS. Codes. WRITE IN FROM END OF QUESTIONNAIRE		
ŀ	il 139-140/01+					
0.9	INTERVIEWER.		IF NO	INTERVIEW AT Q. 10 1 10-131/71-81		
```		<b>Q</b> .1	3a) Sex of	of selected person Han	1 0.1	148
ŀ	FIND OUT NAME OF SELECTED RESPONDENT, AND WRITE IN ON BACK OF ARF SLIP IF AT ALL		1	Woman	9 - N/ANS	
1	POSSIBLE.			WOMAII	- 	
ļ	· O, , Name written in 1	143				149-50
}	If blank and productive Name refused 2		_	of selected person Ager	99= n/ANS	[49-50
- 1	Code 1 18 name airea			I IN EXACT AGE PROM Q.7	<u> </u>	151
	if blank and productive  Name vitten in 1  Code 1 if name given on  Opposite page.	•	,	ODE ONE: Exact age	1	1 31
Ì	upposite page.		152/1	I: dwelling unit error Estimated age	2 9= N/ANS.	
l	· 🗸		15310	= person Selection error	8	(15Z)
ľ			1 35/11	error	į	, ,
	•	!	r		J	11521

#### APPENDIX D

#### **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

Questionnaires with editing instructions

- (1) L version interview questionnaire
- (2) Y version interview questionnaire, pp 40Y 62Y
- (3) L version self-completion questionnaire
- (4) Y version self-completion questionnaire

#### NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Questionnaires with editing instructions

- (1) Interview questionnaire
- (2) Self-completion questionnaire

HANDER IS HORTHANDTON SQUARE. SSC THE LONGON ACTV GAZ TAHAN IN 350 INA. SSC THE ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL ACTUAL	PR SHEWER OF SHEWTON ELLER  VANDON FOR OFFIT BARLINGTON CO. BURNAN
MASTER COPY	

P 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVEY

Sarial Number	4 digits   Card 02	Version Y = 2 1 1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
Area Bember	0	rime interview 4 tip ts qqqq, 4
Intervi Buder	ener	000; 213-15 Batch Code

SECTION ONE ALL Do you normally read any daily morning 1.4) newspaper at least 3 times a week? 8. 214 9. 4/4 216 Yes ASE b) GO TO 0.2 IF TES PZIG/I b) Which one do you normally read? IF HORE THAN OWE ASK: Which one do you read most frequently? ONTE CODE ONLY * NEW CODE 96: MORE THAN ONE PAPER (Scottish) Daily Express 217-18 READ WITH EQUAL FREQUENCY Daily Mail (DELETE ORIGINAL CODES - FINAL Daily Mirror/Record LIST WITH S.No.) Daily Star 98. DK The Sun 05 99 : N/A Today 06 Daily Telegraph Financial Times (EVENING PAPERS SHOULD BE DELETED) The Guardian e.g. Liverpool Ecno) The Independent The Times 11 Morning Star Other Irish/Northern Irish/Scottish regional or local daily morning paper (WRITE IM:) Other (WRITE IM.)

ASK ALL Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party? 8. DIK 9 - MIA Yes 1 CO TO 4) 219 ASK b) IF NO AT 1) 1 219/2 b) Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others? 8. DK 9 . N/A 220 1 GO TO 4) ASK c) IF HO AT b) IF 220/2 c) If there were a general election tomorrow, which policical party do you think you would be most likely to support? CODE ONE ONE! UNDER c & d) IF ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)? IF TES AT a) OR b) if 219/1 -04 220/1 d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d). IF ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)? 98 = DK / undecided c & d 99 - N/A 221-22 Conservative 01) Labour 02 (Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD 03 SDP/Social Democrat 04 Alliance (AFTER PROBE) OSPASE e) Scottish Nationalist 06 Plaid Cymru Green Party/Ecology Party Other parcy (WELTE IN NEADLE Transible Otherwise Frol Listwith SNo Other answer (WRITE IE) No Usting required 09 None 10 GO TO 0.3 Refused/unwilling to say IF ANT PARTY CODED AT c) & 4) + 221-222/01-08 04 95 e) Would you call yourself very scrong ... (QUOTE PARTY MAMPD) ... fairly strong, or not very strong? 9- ~/A 223 Very scrong Fairly strong Not very scrong (Don't know)

None

		ALL -5-		ı		. 6 .	1
		CARD &		í			i
1	9.	Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?		1		ALL SECTION TWO	
	i !	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia		236		How I would like to ask you about two economic	1
		Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America	2			problems - inflacion and unemployment.	
	1	Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	3				!
	i 1	9: MA Reicher is a threat to world peace		. [	12.	First, inflation: in a year from nov, do you expect prices generally to have gone up, to	1
	i	(Don't know)		ſ	- 1	have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	1
	V		•			IF COME UP OR COME BOARS: To have gone up by a lot 1	245
1	10.4)	Do you think the long term policy for Horthern		1	- 1	Sy a lot or a licele?  Q: A/A  To have gone up by a licele 2	1
		Ireland should be for it READ OUT 6- Dix		į		To have scayed the same 3	l
	- 1	4: Stone 36 Spurmer tie. to remain part of the United Kingdon.	ι	237	ı	To have gone down by a lictle 4	1
	[ ]	5. Who wish to Decide or - to reuntly with the rest of ireland?	t	l l	- 1	To have gone down by a loc 5	ţ
1		Other answer (WELTE IN: ) Percode Parsible otherwise frallist with S.N.	. 1		- 1	(Don't know) 8	!
1	<b>b</b> )	Some people think that government policy county			: <b>.</b>		
:	1 1	Morthern [reland should include a complete with-			: 13¥	Second, unemployment: in a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up, to	l
ı		drawal of British troops. Would you personally support or oppose such a policy! PROBE: Strongly		1		have scayed the same, or to have done down?	l
	ا ا	or a little?		230	- 1	IF COME UP OR COME DOWN,	!
	1	MEN CODES  Support scrongly  Support scrongly		''	- 1	By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a lot 1	146
		immesiately Support a little		ĺ	- 1	9-w/A To have gone up by a liccie 2	
I	11	8. DIK				To have scayed the same 3	
	] ]	Other answer (WRITE IN.) Record Prosible frot From Lor with S. No.	4	1	J	To have gone down by a liccie 4	
		The season in received for men 2 We'	,			To have gone down by a loc 5	
1	11.4)	If British troops were withdrawn from Horthern Ireland,		1	] ]	(Don't know) 8	
i	, , ,	40 you think there would be more or less bloodshed in		1	- ↓	Ţ	
1		the short term, or would it make no difference?  IF HORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little		İ	(4.4)	If the government had to choose between keeping down inflaction or keeping down 5 = DK	
		(MOTE/LESS)?		1	11	unemployment, to which do you think it "1-2/4"	
	11	8- Dik A lot more bloodshed	1	239	-	should give highest priority?	
	[ ]	w ratte mote proodlise	1	ì		3. BOFI tourney Com'r SEMENTE Reeping down inflaction 1	247
	11	A little less bloodshed		1	- 1 1	Keeping down unemployment 2	
	1 1	A loc less bloodshed		]	li	Other answer (WRITE IN:) Recode & possible curerules front list with SN. 1	
	↓.]	No difference	,	<del></del>	₩.,	IN. Lab. To the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the st	
	•′1	And in the long term, if British troops were withdrawn, do you think there would be more or less bloodshed or		1		Which do you think is of most concern to you and your family READ OUT	
i	1	would it make no difference?		1	]:	MEN CODES 3 BOTH EQUAL / CAN'T SEPHENTE Inflation, 1	2 48
		IF MORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?			- 1	OF - unample years 2 2	
	]	S. DK A lot more bloodshed	1	240	į	Other (WEITE IN: Percodo Populate otherwise real list with S.No. 7	
	- 1	9- NA A little more bloodshed	2	1	1	9. A/A. (Don's know) 8	
	1	A little less bloodshed	3		ì	·	
	-	A lot less bloodshed	4				
	j	No difference	5		1		
	- 1			241-44	-		
	)			SPARE	]		
	1			1			
						1	

				1
- 8 -				ĺ
ALL				
CARD C				
Generally, how would you describe <u>levels of</u>	Caxacion ¹	•		
Firstly for those with high incomes? Pleas	e choose	a phrase	from	
Next for those with <u>middle</u> incomes? Please this card RECORD AMSWER IN COL b) BELOW	choose s	phrase f	rom	
And lastly for those with <u>low</u> incomes? Plathis card RECORD AMSWER IN COL c) BELOW	ase choos	e a phras	e from	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	
044	Righ		Low	
ONE GODE W EACH COLUMN 8: DK -	Incomes		<del></del>	
9: 4/A ·	266	267	268	
Taxes are: Much too high	5	5	5	
Toa high	4	4	4	
About right	3	3	3	
Too low	2	2	2	
Much too low	ı	ı	1	į
<u> </u>				
mong which group would you place yourself				
8 = DK	hi	gh income	, 1	26
9 - ~IA	=1dd	le income	, 2	- }
	or - l	ow income	7 3	
				<del></del>

CARD D Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days? 8. DK

Living comfortably on present income 9. NIA Coping on present income

Finding it difficult on present income

Finding it very difficult on present income Other (WRITE IN.) Recode , 1005 ble objects froi List with SNo

Looking back over the last year or so, would you say your household's income has READ OUT

fallen behind prices. kept up with prices, 2

or - gone up by more than prices? 3

(Don't know)

270

271

	- 1 -			1
	مدير المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المدين المد			]
15   	Looking ahead over the next year, do you think Britain's general industrial performance will improve, stay much the same, or decline?			
1	IF THEROVE OR DECLIME: [aprove a lo	. 1		249
ĺ	By a loc or a little?  Improve a little	. Z		! <del>!</del>
	9 NIA Stay much the same	3		
1	Decline a little	4		ļ
	Decline a lo	. 5		ł
i	(Don't know	8		
16	Here are a number of policies which might help Britain's economic problems. As I read them out will you tell me whether you would support such a policy or oppose it?			
	READ OUT ITEMS ()-x) AND CODE FOR EACH ONE CODE FOR SACH STATEMENT	Support	Оррова	
Ω	S. Dix . " Control of wares by las	. 1	2	250
11)	Gontrol of prices by las	1	2	251 -
(11)	Reducing the level of government spending on health and	ı		ľ
	education		2	252
(v)	Government controls to cut down goods from abroad		2	251
¥.)	Increasing government s cor privace industry		2	254
v()	Reducing ent spending on defeace		2	255
vii)	Government ser o encourage job sharing		2	256
viii)	Government to set up const" n projects to create more jobs		,	257
ix)	Government action to cut interest rates		2	258
<b>v</b> )	Government common hire purchase and credit	_	2	259
	ALL		_	
17	On the whole, would you like to			[
	or less state ownership of indust			}
	about the same amount as now?			260
	9:4/A York	_		***
	Less			
	About the same amount			
	(Don't know	8		
rą	Thinking of income levels remerally in Sritain today, would you say that the gan between those with high incomes and those with low incomes is READ OUT			
	8. DK coo large	, 1		261
	9. AJA about right	. 2		
	or - too small	' 3		
				1

19

'0 a)

9. 4/A

262-6 SPARE

24.

	1		1
	1 if 275/1		
	_ <del> </del>		1
25	If you stay in this job, would you expect your wages or salary over the coming year		
	CO READ OUT		
	9. N.A rise by more than the cost of living,	1	314
_	rise by the same as the cost of living,	2	
İ	rise by less than the cost of living,	3	i
	or - noc to rise at all?	4	ľ
	(Will not scay to Job)	S	1
	(Don't know)	8	1
<b>₩</b>		•	_
29	Over the coming year do you expect your workplace will be READ OUT		
	8 - DK		
	q. N/A increasing its number of employees,	ı	315
ı	reducing its number of employees,	2	]
-	or - will the number of amployees stay about the same?	נ	
	Other answer (WALTE IB: Reade Prossible otherwise From List with	7	<b></b>
√ 30 a)	Thinking now about your own job Bow likely		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	or unlikely is it that you will leave -		İ
	employer over the next year for an Is it READ OUT		
	8.7		j
	8 = D/K 9 = N/A very likely.	1 LASK b)	316
	quite likely,	2	1
	not very likely,	3 co 10 0 31	]
	or - not at all likely?	4 31	
	LY VERY OR QUITE LIKELY AT a)		
	CARD G		
	b) Why do you think you will leave? Please choose a phrase from this card or tall me		]
	what other reason there is CODE UP TO IL ANSWELS ON C	OLS 317-324	]
	HORE TEAM ONE CODE MAY BE REMOVED		
	98. DK on cols 317-19 Firm will close down	01	317-11
	99- NA I will be sectared redundant	02	319-2
	I will reach normal retirement age	03	321-2
	My contract of employment will expire	04	323-2
	I will cake early recirement	05	EXP
	I will decide to leave and work for another employer	06	125-1
	I will decide to leave and work for myself,	- <b>-</b>	
	4s self-employed	11	ł
	I will leave to look after home/children/relative	12	334-3
	Other answer (WALTE ID) Report Porsible Otherwise Final List	97	SPARE
j	1 Lan Colo		

with SNo

	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES 1 275/1
	-
	15. Please use this card to say whether any of the following arrangements are available to you, at your workplace READ OUT a)-k) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH
36.	aor use it I vould use it but I do and I do (Don't  if it were if it were not use it know)  a)part-time working,
35	allouing you to work less Yan A in each column (a mn r k).  then the full working day?  1 2 3 4 8
	b)flexible hours, so that you can adjust your own daily working hours? l 2 3 4 8
	part-cimers share one full-cime job? I 2 3 4 8
	d)working from home at least some of the time? L 2 3 4 8
35	e)term-time contracts, allow- ing parents special time off during school holidays? 1 2 3 4 8
	f)nurseries provided by your  employer for the young children of employees? L 2 3 4 8
	g) arrangements by your emp- loyer for the care of children during school holidays? \( \) \( 2 \) \( 3 \) \( 4 \) \( 8 \)
345	towards the cost of child care 2 TS/1 and (PMS/2)
-	ASK WHEN ONLY ( 156 /2)  i) 'career breaks', that is 9.4 /4  keeping women's jobs open for a few years so that  mothers can recurn to work
146	after caring for young children?  ASK NEE CHILD   368/)  ))paternity leave, allowing
	fathers extra leave when Touch the chair shildren are born? 1 2 1 4 8 1 2 2 3 4 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	() Any other arrangement to help people combine jobs and childcare?  (PLRASE WRITE IM.) TAB OR Presp. States No - none etc.
	Code 5 on col 357 1 2 3 4 8  NEW CODE: Time OFF (EITHER PAID) OR UMPRIGITO CARE FOR SICK CHILDREN
	35

- - - - - - -	CHECK CAPEFULLY  Respondent is part-time at both questions  NE COOL 3 (CODE 4 AT Q 35a AND CODE 2 AT Q 25)  to cool 1 Respondent is full-time at both questions or 2 by (CODES 1-3 AT Q 35a AND CODE 1 AT Q 25)  COCCECTOR OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET OF SET	366	39 a	IF NOMAN EMPLOYEE WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE 1 AT Q 184 OR b)  CARD J  Which of the following best describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work? Any others?  CODE ALL THAT APPLY  Private qursery and the friends of the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the private and the p	O1 02 03 04 05 06 ASK b) 07 08 CO TO Q 40 09 97	371 72 373-74 375-76 377-78 379-90 CARD 4 408-31 EXP
	CRD, Q901(a) RESPONDENT IS HAM 1 CD TO Q 44	168		(Both - use both kinds)	3	
	RESPONDENT IS WOMAN 2 ASK Q 38	<del>                                     </del>		(Don't know)	8	
38 a)	ASK ALL WOMEN EMPLOTEES P 368/2  Can I just check, do you have any children under five living at home?  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD CR.)  IF NO AT a) P 369/2  b) Do you have any children over five but under cuelve living at home?  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD CR.)  Yes  1 ASK 9 39  Ho 2 GO TO 9 44	3 <b>6</b> 9	3	IF MONAN EMPLOYER WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12 1/2 3641 oc 3741	1 2 3 4 L 2 3 +	433
			- 1			

	- 17 -			}
	CARD R 1 369/1 02 370/1			
41.	Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding.			
	CODE ONE UNDER 'FIRST CEGICE'			
	AND OME DADER SECOND CHOICE.	First choice	Second choice	
	I would work only while they are at school	οL	01	1
	They would look after themselves until I got home	02	02	1
	I would work from home	03	03	1
	A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	04	04	1
	They would go to a work-place nursery	05	05	1
	They would go to a council-funded day nursery	06	06	1
	They would go to a private day nursery	07	07	1.
	They would go to a child-minder	08	08	
	A relative would look after them	09	09	[
	A friend or neighbour would look after them	10	10	]
	(MONE OF TRESE)	97	97	}
	And if you did have the child-care arrangement	98 '	98 99	
42.4)	And if you did have the child-care arrangement	77	-, 1	
	of your choice, would you prefer to EEAD OUT			
,	924/4			
	work more hours than now,		<u>ж ь)                                    </u>	439
į	work fewer hours than now,	2		1
	or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?	1 1	TO Q.43	1
	(Don't know)	[8]		<del> </del>
	IF HORE BOORS AT a) 18 439/1			i
	b) LETTERVIEWER CHECK.			<b>.</b>
	Respondent works less than 30 hours a week			Ì
	CHECK CAREFULLY 1311/1.2 31 3 (COORS 1, 2 OR 3 AT 9.26)	l AS	K c)	440
	Respondent works 30+ hours a week			1
	(COOR 4 AT Q.26)	2 CO	TO Q.43	<del> </del>
-	IF CODE 1 AT 6) 18 440/1			
į				)
j	c) Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?			
]	9: ~/A Yes, might work full-time	1	i	441
}	No, would not	2	İ	
1	(Don't know)	8		l

```
IF WOMAN ENCYLOYEE WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12
 When all your children have gone to secondary school,
 which do you think you are most likely to do
 ... TUO GASE ...
 8 = DK
 ... work full-time,
 9: N/A
 work part-time,
 or - not have a paid job at all?
 ASK ALL EMPLOTEES IF 275/1
14.a) Some people have responsibilities for looking
 after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or
 relative. Is there anyone like this who depends
 on you to provide some regular care for them?
 9:1/A.
8:0/K
 L ASK b)
 2 CO TO Q.45
 IF TES AT 4) 1 443/1
 b) Does this responsibility ... READ OUT ...
 8 = DK Hord to say
 ... prevent you from working longer
 hours in your job,
 or - does it make no difference to your
 working hours:
```

	- 19				1		1		1
	0 1				1		18 445-466/01-07 0A 95		
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES 12 275/1				ļ	٠,7	Now technology		,
	CARD L					ſ			
	Now ['d like to ask you about new technology at you	r workplac			1	- 1	THE OUT 17-C) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH		Í
45 a	) Which, if any of these kinds of new rechanges				}	1	9: 4/A Par each column	No	İ
	your place of work? It doesn't matter whether you or not, just tell me all that you know or at your w		chem.			ſ	More Less	Differ- ence	(Dog't kgou)
	CODE ALL MENTIONED IN COL 4) 99: 4/A on cols	645-6			i		a) that those affected by it have to work		==007
		-			ļ	- 1	a more or less skilled level, or has it made no difference?	_	_ }
	FOR EACE HENTIONED AT 4) ASE b) \$ 445-66 OL 0704.				467-	- 1	•	)	8
	b) Do you yourself use, or does your own work invo	lve the us	• of		SPAR 504-		less responsibility in their work, or has		1
	CODE TES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT 1)	(a)	(ъ)	)	EXP	1		3	
	İ	Ac vorkplace	Usa/work	wich.		j	c) that those affected by it are paid more or less or has it made no difference? 1 2		
	Computer:	445-66	Q. 7/A	Foode 1	una	V	1 2	3	8 -
	Yain frame computer	01	ata)and(t			.8 .	The tree of the fecunology at your workplace		
	Talephone link to computer at another place	02		2	133	. [	means that READ OUT		1
	Micro/mini computer or computer network	03	i	2	534	ľ	9= 1/A che organisation has increased the number		
	Type of computer unknown	04	i	2	535	ı	of employees,	t	- 1
	Word processor	05	ı	2	536	ļ.	reduced the number of employees,	2	ļ
	Electronic memory typewriter	06	i	2	537	1	or - has it made no difference?	3	Ì
	Computer controlled plant, machinery or equipment (including cobots) used for design, assembly,		-		1 1		(Don't know)	8	<u> </u>
_	handling, or production	07	1	2	538	ъ)	And has the use of new technology at your workplace		ĺ
	Other new technology (WELTE IB) Recode if	-		-			meant that those affected by it READ OUT		ł
	possible otherwise final List with S.No.	<del>-</del>					9 s d/A have more control over the pace of their work,	,	}
	<u> </u>	95	i i	2	539	ĺ	have less control over the pace of their work,	,	ł
	(NONE OF THESE)	96 1	<u></u>		1		or - has it made no difference?	1	- 1
	(Don't know)	98	——→ <b>GO</b> 1	to Q 49	1		(Dan'c know)	a	
			<u> </u>		340-	. ↓.			
	IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY AT WORKPLACE P +45 66/01 - 6 (CODES 01-95 AT Q 45a)	7 oc 95		ı	SPAR.	c)	And has the use of new technology at your workplace means that those affected by it READ OUT		
46	Would you say that the use of new technology						can work from home at least some of the time,	1	}
. i	at your place of work has affected your own						9= 4/A or - goz?	2	
	100 BEAD OUT			Ì			(Don't know)	8	
i	,	de better,	l		544	į			
	0 - 71.	the vorse	2	ł		,			
	or ~ has it made no di	lfference?	3			ł			
				ļ		,			
Ì				ļ					
i				į		ľ			- 1

o 5 0

	· 11 ·	}	- 22 -	
	ASR ALL EMPLOYEES 1 275/1		if 275/2	
49.a)	At your place of work are there unions, staff associations, or groups of unions recognised by the management for negotiating pay and conditions	53.	During the last 5 years - that is since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?	
1	of employment?		8. DK Yes t	56
	Yes 1 ASK b)	55:	No 2	<del> </del>
,	No 2 CO TO 0.50	54.	Have you, for any period in the last five years, worked as an employee as your main job rather	
•	b) On the whole, do you think these unions or		Chan as self-employed?	560
	staff associations do their job well or not?  8 - D/K  Yes 1	\$52	9 a nijA No 2	
	9: 4/A No 2	¥ 55.	Compared with a year ago, would you say	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES if 275/1		your business is doing EPAD OUT  C	567
50.a)	In general how would you describe relations between	1.7	S = D K very well, 1   9 = n A quite well, 2	
1	management and other employees at your workplace READ OUT	1 1 1	about the same, 3	
1	8 = DK very good 1	553	noc very well, 4	
	quite good, 2	1 1 1	or - not at all well? 5	
	not very good, 3 or - not at all good? 4	1 1 1	(Susiness not in existence then) 6	
, b)	And in general, would you say your workplace	36.	And over the coming year, do you think	ĺ
'	Was READ OUT	554	your business will do READ OUT  9-4/A beccer, 1	568
	8: D/K very well managed, 11 9: 4/A quite well managed, 2 GO TO Q.10	1 1	ب المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج المراج	
	or - not well managed?	1 1	or - worse than this year?	
		555	Other (WRITE IN: ) Recode Promise Communise Final List with S.No. 1	ļ
1	ALL SELP-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.24) £275/2	SPAR	(Don't know) 8	
- 51.	In your present job, are you working READ OUT	561		1
:	RESPONDENT'S OWN DEFINITION full-cime, l 9: //A or - part-cime? 2	57	In your work or business, do you have any partners or other self-employed colleagues?	
		] ! [	MOTE: DOES NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYEES Yes, have partner(s) L	569
52.	How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job?  Q5.95 - hours 20000 TO		9: NA No 2	
i	(IF RESPONDENT CAMOUT ANSWER, 98 - D/K NEAREST HOUR ASK ABOUT 'LAST WEEK') 99 - 4/A WRITE IN. J. Shirt	562-	And in your work or business do you have any employees, or not?	
	AND CODE: 10-15 hours a week 1	564	M.B. FAMILY MEMBERS MAY BE EMPLOTEES OWLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR	
	ROTH SECTIONS SHOULD 8- DK 16-23 hours a week 2		WAGE OR SALARY. Yes, has employee(s)	570
_	N.B  BOTH SECTIONS SHOULD  Re HASWERED  8 NK 16-23 hours a week 2  9 Ala 24-29 hours a week 3		9: 4A No 2	
	30 or more hours a week 4			
		1 1		

IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN	I CHOEN, L2		
How convenient are the arrangements have for looking after your children they READ OUT			
8 other hard to say tilk etc. 9 N/A	very convenient,	ı	629
9 ~/^	fairly convenient,	2	
	UOC ASTÀ COUASUTSUC	3	
•	or - not at all convenient?	4	
and how sacisfied overall are you with crangements? Are you READ OUT			
crangements' Are you READ OUT		ı	610
erangements? Are you READ OUT	Ī		610
	very sacisfied,		630

#### CARD K

Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card Which would be your first choice for childcare while you are at work, and which would be your second choics? Please read the whole list before deciding

CODE ONE UNDER 'TIRST CHOICE' AND ON

ONE UNDER 'SECOND CROICE'	Pirat choice o31-12	
I would work only while they are at school	OL	0.7
They would look after themselves until [ got home	02	02
I would work trom home	03	03
A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	04	04
They would go to a workplace nursery	05	05
They would go to a council-funded day nursery	06	06
They would go to a private day nursery	07	07
They would go to a child-minder	08	08
A relacive would look after them	09	09
A friend or neighbour would look after them	TO .	10
(NONE OF TRESE)	97	9.7
DIK	98	98
A/A	99	98

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- 25 -
 And if you did have the child-care arrangement of your
 choice, would you prefer to ... READ OUT ...
 9.NA
 68.a)
 ... work more hours than now.
 635
 ASK b)
 work fever hours than now
 or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?
 3 co 10 0.66
 (Don't know)
 IF HORE BOURS AT 4) 1 635/1
 b) INTERVIEWER CRECK:
 Respondent works less than 30 hours a week
 P 364/1,2-3 (CODES 1, 2 OR 3 AT Q.52)
 l ASK c)
 636
 Respondent works 30+ hours a week
 if 564/4 (CODE 4 AT Q.52)
 2 CO TO Q.66
 IF COOR 1 AT b) $ 636/1
 c) Do you think you might work full-time then,
 or not?
 9.211
 Yes, might work full-time
 637
 No, would not
 (Don't know)
 IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12 1 2 572 / og 573 /1
 When all your children have gone to secondary school,
 which do you think you are most likely to do ...
 BEAD OUT ...
 8= DK
 ... work full-cime.
 638
 9: NIA
 work part-time.
 or - not have a paid job at all?
 ASE ALL SELF-EMPLOYED
67.a) Some people have responsibilities for looking after
 a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative.
 Is there anyone like this who depends on you to
 provide some regular care for them?
 9. N/A
 639
 Yes
 ASE b)
 8 - DIK
 CO TO 0.68
 LF TES AT a) 1 639/1
 b) Does this responsibility ... EKAD OUT ...
 8: Dik Hard to say ... prevent you from working longer hours
 9: J/A
 640
 or - does it make no difference to your working
```

	P 77.11			IF WOHAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12 1 817/1 00 818/1		.
87	INTERVIEWER: CODE:	Į.	90 a			
	CHECK MITH HOUSEHOLD CR D GOOLS RESPONDENT IS HAN 1 CO TO Q 9	94 014		for looking after your children? Are they READ OUT		
1	RESPONDENT IS WOMAN 2 ASK Q 88			8- Other hard to say DIX etc very convenienc	i	
,	IF =16/2		- 1	Q- N/A fairly convenienc	2	
	ASK ALL WOREN LOOKING AFTER BONG AND MORKING LESS THAN 10 MOURS A WEEK		- 1	NOT VERY CONVENIENT	3	ļ
••••	Can I just check, do vou have aux children under five living at home?	Į	l	or - not at all convenient?	4	L
+	CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD GRED Q901	_	i)	And how satisfied overall are you with these acrangements? Are you SEAD OUT		
ļ	Yes 1 co ro q s	19 417		8 - Ochar, hard to say, D/k etc very sectafied,	ı	-
,	No (2 ASK b)			9 N/A fairly sacisfied	2	
j				not very satisfied	3	]
	IF HO AT a)		ŀ	or - noc at all sacisfied?	4	
i	b) Do you have any children over five but under tuelve living at home?	ľ	J		-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,, <b>A</b>	CARD K		Į
	CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD ELEND QPOI YAS 1 ASK Q 89 No 2 CO TO Q )	414	)1 	Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding		
	IF WOHAM WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE L AT Q 88a OR b)		l	CODE ONE UNDER 'FEEDER CHOICE'	First Second	
1	CARD J 1 817/1 OR 818/1			1	choice choice 856-57 858-51	
89 4)	Which of the following best describes the way won	ł		I would work only while they are at school	1	
	arrange for your childres to be looked after while you are at work?			They would look after themselves until I got home	01   01 02   02	
	CODE ALL TEAT APPLY			I would work from home		
		~ <u>.</u>		A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	03 03	1
		419-3		They would go to a work-place nursery	04 04	-
	They look after themselves until I get home   O2	821-2	i	They would go to a council-funded day oursery	05 05	
	I work from home 03 CO TO Q 90	1 1	l	They would go to a private day nursery	06 06	
	A mother's help or -a looks after them at home 04	025-2	l	They would go to a child-minder	07 07	1
l	The 1 to a workplace aursery 05	427-2	!		08 08	
	they go to a day nursery O6 ASK b)	վ ՝	1	A relative would look after them	09 09	1
1	They go to a child-minder   Q7			A friend or neighbour would look after them	10 10	
	A fittend or neighbour books after them Oa CO TO Q 90			P 817/1 OK 818/1 (HOME OF THESE)	97 ; 97 98 98	$\perp$
],	Ocher (WRITE III.)  A friend or neighbour looks after them  186  97		12 a)	And if you did have the child-care arrangements of MA your choice, would you prefer to READ OUT	41 41	
1	LY BAT-HURSERT AT a) \$28/06	829-4	;	AGEK BOLE BOILS CHAN WOA	L ASK b)	] ′
	b) Is that day sursery a private sursery, or does	ext	ļ	work fewer hours chan now,	2)	7
	It receive funds from the local council?			or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?  (Don't know)	3 co το q 93	,
		855	i ,	IF CODE 1 AT a) P 860/1	[87	+
1	Council-funded nursery only 2			b) Oo you think you might work full-time then,		
l	(Soth - use both kinds) 3		ļ	or not'		1
1	(Don't know) &		1	Q . d/A Tes, might work full-time	t	
1		-	ļ	No, would not	1	
l l		1	1	(Don't know)	8	1
		•				1

IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12   \$17/1 on \$18/1  When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT work full-time.  9: N/A work part-time,  or- not have a paid job at all?  IF LOOKING AFTER BOME AND WORKING OF TO 10 BOURS   \$\frac{771}{1}\$    Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative.  Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?  9: N/A  8 - D F.	3	862	96.a)	ments for your child or children during the day?  9: NA no col.867  YES: A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home They go to a day-nursery They go to a child-minder  A relative looks after them at home	CO TO Q.97	36 86 87 87 87
No		1		MO: NONE OF THESE A	CO TO 0 98	: [
b) Does this responsibility READ OUT 8: DK Hord to Say 9: N/A prevent you from working longer hours in your job, or - does it make no difference to your working hours?	1 2 co to Q102	864		IF DAY-NURSERY AT a) if 868/2 b) Is that day-nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?  9:4/4 Private nursery only Council-funded nursery only		1208 EXP
IF LOOKING AFTER THE BONE AND NOT HORKING (COOR 2 AT Q.85) 1 771 2				(Soth - use both kinds) 3 (Don't know) 8	  -	
Under five living at home?  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD (201), (29014)  Yes  No  IF NO AT a) 1 865/2  b) Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?	1 CO TO Q.96 2 ASK b)	865	97 a)	How convenient are the arrangements you can have		<b>a</b> 74
CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD GRB Yes	1 ASK Q.96 2 CO TO Q104	366	b)   4	And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you READ OUT  S-other, houch to Say, DK en fairly satisfied, 2  9. NA. not very satisfied, 3  or - not at all satisfied? 4		875
	IF WOMAN WITH CRILDREN UNDER 12 PS171, and BIST When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT  8: DIK work full-time, work part-time, work part-time, or- not have a paid job at all?  IF LOOKING AFTER BOME AND WORKING OF TO 10 BOURS P771 1  Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative.  Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?  9: N/A  8: DIK	IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12   Sit   Sit    When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT  8: DIK. 9: w/A work full-cime, 1 work full-cime, 2 work part-time, 2 or- not have a paid job at all?  IF LOOKING AFTER HOME AND MORKING UP to 10 BOURS   P71   1  Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for chem?  9: w/A  8-D K  10 Does this responsibility READ OUT 8-D K Hord to Sony 9: w/A prevent you from working longer hours in your job, or - does it make no difference to your working hours?  IF LOOKING AFTER THE HOME AND HOT WORKING (CODE 2 AT 0.85) 771   2  Can I just cheek, do you have any children under five living at home?  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD QED, Q9014  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD QED  Yes   LASK Q.96  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD QED	IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12 Print, eq 2187/ When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT  8: DIK.  9: N/A  work part-time, 2  or-not have a paid job at all? 3  IF LOOKING AFTER BONG AND WORKING UP to 10 BOURS Print   Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?  9: N/A  8: DIK.  Wes LASK b)  861  IF TES AT a) PS-3/  b) Does this responsibility READ OUT  8: DIK Hord to somy  9: N/A  or - does it make no difference to your working hours?  IF LOOKING AFTER TEXT BONG AND BUT WORKING (COME 2 AT 0.85)  1 TILL CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 CO TO Q.96  1 ASK b)  1 DO you have any children over five but under twelving at home?  CHECK WITH HOUSEHOLD CRD  Yes LASK Q.96	IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN GENDER 12 Psin, or gist/ When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT  8: DIK	If MORALE WITH CHILDREN GROUE 12 \$\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gamma_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gmama_{\text{\$\gma	If the arm is the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the

(a) ( (b)

(None) 4
(Don't know) 8

ASK ALL

CARD O

Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	Priority 921-22	2sd Priority 923-24
Education	٥ı	O1
Defence	02	02
Health	03	03
Housing	04	04
Public cransport	05	05
Roads	06	96
Police and prisons	07	07
Social security benefits	0 <b>8</b>	08
Heip for induscry	09	09
Overseas aid	10	10
(NONE OF THESE)	u	11
(Don't know)  ~/A	98 99	98 79

CARD P ALL

Thinking now only of the severnmer social benefits like those on the any, of these would be your highest any, of these would be your highest and which next?

ding on hich, if

OME CODE OFFET IN SACE COLUMN

		4444
<del>-</del>	-lority	Priority
	125	926
Retirement pensions	ı	1
Child benefics	2	2
Behefics for the unemployed	3	3
Benetics for disabled people	4	4
Baderics for single parents	5	5
(NONE OF THESE)	6	6
(Don't know)	8	8
N/A	9	9

ALL

Until read two statements. For each one please say whether you agree or disagree. Strongly or slightly?

ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN Large numbers of people these days falsely claim benefits. RECORD IN COLUMN a)

Large numbers of people who are eligible for benefits chese days <u>fail</u> to claim them.

RECORD IN COLUMN b)

	Falsely claim 927	Pail to claim 928
Agree strongly	ı	<u>ا</u> ،
Agree slightly	2	2
Disagree slightly	3	3
Disagree scrongly	4	4
(Don't know)	8 9	8   9

Opinions differ about the level of benefits for the unemployed. Which of these two statements comes closest to your own ... ERAD OUT ...

benefits for the unemployed are too low and cause hardship	1
OR - benefits for the unemployed are <u>too high</u> and discourage q _{=w A}	2
9=n/A people from finding jobs? 8 =D K (Neither)	3
Other (WRITE IN:) SEE OPEN CODING INSTRUCTION	7
(Don't know)	8

CARD Q ALL

Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this card. Which do you think it should choose?

benefits 1	
kes and spending on these services at the same level as now 2	Keep caxes an
taxes and spend <u>more</u> on health, education and social benefits 3	ncrease taxes

Reduce caxes and spend less on health, education and social

CARD & ALL

All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied		
would you say you are with the way in which		
the National Health Service runs nowadays?	Very satisfied	1
Choose a phrase from this card.	Quite satisfied	2
نا ب	•	

noose a phrase from this card.	Quice sacisfied 2	
8-DK Neither satisfied	nor dissacisfied 3	
9= 1/10	uice dissatisfied 4	
1	Very dissacisfied 5	

929

930

<del>3</del>31

	1a.	- 19 -				1		- 40 -		
	CARB R AGAIN ALL					1		ALL SECTION FOUR		
110	from your own experience or fi	rom what you have	heard plea	44				ASK ALL		
	which each of these parts of the	te Macional Mealch	.ne ozy (m :Service ru:				((3 a)	1		
	Rowadays					1		to any particular religion?		İ
	READ OUT 1-v1 BELOW AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH		Heicher			1		IF TES: Which?	<del></del>	{
	8= DIK Breach column		ascisfied	Quice				CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion	01 ASK %)	}
	9-4/4 " "	Yery Quite cistica paristica	aor dia-	dig-	Very dia-	1		98.04 Christian - an denomination	02	961-52
	_					1		Roman Catholic	03	
O	First, local doctors/GPs?	l z	3	4	5	912		Church of England/Anglican	04	
11)	Mational Health Service							Baptist	05	
	denciacs?	1 2	3	4	5	\$31		Hechodisc	06	İ
111)	Mealth visitors?	1 2	3	4	5	934		Presbyterian/Church of Scotland Free Presbyterian	21	
(v)	District surses?	L 2	)	4	5	915		Brechren		
<b></b> -	Balan de bassinat					<b></b>		United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational	23 60 10 0 114	i
···	Being in hospical as an impacienc?	l z	3	4	5	916		Other Processant (WELTE IN) FINAL COT WITH S No	27	ĺ
vi)	Attending hospical as an	-	-	•	•	]		Other Christian (WHITE IR:)	08	ļ
**,	outpacient?	l 2	3	4	5	937		Windu	09	
	ALL		-		•			Javish	10	]
111 4)	Are you covered by a private he	elth (mourance				1		(stam/Hustim	u	Ì
	schame, that is an insurance sol you to get private medical cres	heme that allows						Sikh	12	]
-	For example: SUPA and PPP	<u> </u>						Buddhisc	IJ	1
	8- DK		7	🗔	ASR b)	938		Other non-Christian (WRITE IN.) FINAL UST WITH SHO	16	
	9-1A			No 2	CO 10 0113	1		Refused/unwilling to say	97 GO TO Q 115	
								LF NO BELLICION (COME OL AT A) 1 961 62/01		
	UTES AT 4) 1/938/1					1	ļ	b) in what religion were you	01 GO TO Q 115	
	<ul> <li>b) Does your amployer (or your emologer) pay the majority of</li> </ul>	husband's/usfe's				ĺ		brought up? PROBE IF Christian - no demonication	02	961-64
	membership of this scheme?	or the cost of	Y	•• 1		919		your family's religion? Roman Catholic	03	
	9.4/4		•	No 2				98 - DK Church of England/Anglican	04	
			(Don't kno	- ⊌) <b>a</b>				99 · N/A Baptist	05	Ī
				_				Methodisc	06	}
	ASK ALL					1		Presbyterian/Church of Scotland	07	
112	It has been suggested that the l	factonal Health						free fresbyterian	21	1
	Service should be evaluable only tower incomes This would mean	<u>, to those with</u>						Brethren	22	
	and taxes could be lover and mos	t people would th						United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational	23 ASK Q 114	
	take out medical insurance or pa Do you support or oppose this id	ly for health care lea!		rt L		948	ļ	Other Proceedant (WEITE IN.) FINAL LIST WITH SNG	27	!
	9 4/4		Орра	-				Other Christian (WRITE IN)	08	1
1	•		(Don't know			l Ì		Aindu	09	ŀ
ľ			280	-, •		101-60		Jewish	10	1
}						SPARE		Estam/Hustim		
							ļ	Sikh	12	
						1		Buddhist Other non-Christian (WRITE IN.) PINAL LIST WITH SNo		
1						1	ł	<del></del>	14	1
							l	Refused/unwilling to sav	i 47 com n 115	ı

965

970

971

972

973

ALL

```
IF ANT RELIGION AT a) OR b) 1 Pab 1-62 /02 -27 OR 963 -64
114.
 Apart from such special occasions as weddings,
 funerals and baptisms, how often novadays do you
 accend services or meetings connected with your
 religion?
 965-6
 PROBE AS NECESSARY
 Once a week or more
 Less often but at least once in two weeks
 98 = 24
 99: N/A
 Less often but at least once a month
 Less often but at least twice a year
 Less often but at least once a year
 Lass often
 Never or practically never 07
 Varies too much to say
 Refused/unwilling to answer 97
 ASK ALL PLL
 CARD S
 To which of these groups do you consider you
 belong?
 CODE ONE ONLY
 967-66
 of African or Caribbean or other origin Ol
 Blacks
 Anian:
 of Indian origin
 99:NA
 of Pakistani origin
 of Bangladeshi origin
 of Chinese origin
 05
 of other origin 06
 (WRITE IN) TAB
 of British origin
 White:
 of Irish origin
 of other origin
 TAB
 (METAE IN)
 Refused 97
```

```
Nov I would like to ask you some questions about racial prejudice
 in Bricain.
(16 a) | First, chinking of Asians - that is, people whose
 families were originally from India and Pakistan
 - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is
 a lor of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays,
 a little, or hardly any?
 9. N/A
 A loc 1
 A liccle 2
 Hardly any 3
 (Don's know) 8
 And black people - that is people whose families
 were originally from the West Indies or Africa -
 who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a
 for of prejudice against them in Britain novadays,
 a little, or hardly any?
 9. ~/A
 A lot 1
 A little 2
 Hardly any 3
 (Dog't know) &
 Do you think there is generally more racial
 prejudice in Britain now than there was 5
 years ago, less, or about the same amount?
 B. DIK
 More now 1
 Leas now
 About the same
 I dener answer (WRITE IN.) Recode if possible otherwise Finallyst with
 Do you think there will be more, less or about
 the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain
 in 5 years cime compared with now!
 8 = DK
 More in 5 years 1
 9= N/A
 with SNo.
 How would you describe yourself: ... READ OUT ...
 Q. HA ... as very prejudiced against people of other races. I
 a little prejudiced, 2
 or - not prejudiced at all?
 Other answer (WELTE IN:)KECOCE
 Foresible otherwise final List
```

CARD L

1008

	ALL	- 47L -				- 48L -	,	ŀ
- 1	<del></del>					ASK ALL		
4	How common in this area is in accacked and to have things a the screet READ OUT	: for people to be scolen from them in			(30 a)	During the past two years, have you ever been scopped or asked questions by the college about		
	9.1/4	very common,	ı	1026		an offence which they thought had been committed?		
- 1	1.240	fairly common,		''''		72011		_
			_			Yes	L ASE b)	_  10
		not very common,	1	1		No	2 CO TO Q 13	11
		or - not at all common?				0 1		
/		(Dom't know)	•	<u></u>		IF TES AT 4) 1 1045/1		ł
) c	Compared with the rest of Bri crime would you say there is	.cain, how much in your area				b) On those occasions, how polite have you found them when they approached you READ OUT		
	READ OUT	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		i		9. A/A very police,	1	10
	9. W/A	a loc more in your area.	•	1027		8 s DIK can't say etc fairly politie.	2	•
- 1	•	•	-	'*''		fairly impolite.		Ì
- 1		a bit more,		1		or · very impolice?		ŀ
		about the same amount,	-	1		(Varied)		}
		a bic lass,		[			•	<b> </b>
Ì		or - a loc less in your area?				ASK ALL		ŀ
		(Don't know)	8 '		ışı	During the past two years, have you been really		
			!	SPARE	1	Jou, or someone you know, or about the way the police		
a) b	buring the past two years, he	ve you ever reported	'	1 '		9.//	l	10.
- 1 *	crime or accident to the po hem for help or advice?	lice or gone co		'	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$1.5(K	2	$\vdash$
	9-4/4	Yes	L ASK b)	1041		During the last two years, have you been really pleased about the way a police officer behaved towards you, or someone you know, or about the way the police		
		do	2 60 70 0 130	<b></b>	. [ /	mandled a matter in which you were involved? Yes	ı	104
	T TES AT .) PIOLI/		1	1	1 /	9. ~/A	2	
	) On those occasions, how he	elpful bave you				CARD ▼		
	found them in the way they				1 1	In general, how sacisfied or dissacisfied are you with the way the police in Britain do their job?		
-	9.4/4	very helpful,		10.5		Choose a phrase from the card	!	1
Ì	8. Dlk	fairly helpful,		1		9: N/A Very satisfied	L .	104
		fairly <u>ua</u> helpful,	3 J	1		8- DIK, can't say Quice sectified		1
		or - very <u>un</u> helpful?	4	ĺ	1 1	Meither satisfied nor dissatisfied	נ	ĺ
		(Taried)	s J	1	[ ]	Not very sacisfied	4	í
			ļ	l	l i	Not at all sacisfied	5	$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ld}}}}}}$
				1	134	Hay I just check, have you, or someone you know,		
				1	ľ	hear ruo sears; Yes the police in the	t	104
			•	1	- 1	8 : Dlk continuember Ho	2	1
1			1	1	- 1	9. 4/4		1049
			1	1				SPA
			J	1	1		,	1

ALL	SECTION SIX
a.s	

Some countries are called 'free societies' because their cicizens' basic rights are protected. Please use this card to say how well-protected you think citizens' basic rights are in each of the following countries. Just

## READ MANZ OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	9= N/A Br each cou	ota.	Citizens'	basic right	is are:		
<b>a</b> )	the USA?	Very well protected	Fairly well protected	Not very well protected	Not at all well procected	(Don't know/ Can't say)	
6)		ſ	2	3	4	8	1121
(ء	West Germany?	1	2	3	4	8	1122
ر (ه	che Soviec Union? Britain?	ŧ	2	3	4	8	1123
.)	· · · China?	ī	2	3	4	8	1124
1	· · · Canada?	1	2	3	4	8	1125
~	Vaqada?	1	2	3	4		
- 1	^				-	• 1	1126

Some countries are called 'open societies' because their cicizens have a right to know what decisions the government is making and why. Please use this card to say how 'open' you think each of the following countries is. Again, just say what you think.

## READ MAKE OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	9- N/A Por each country		1				
<b>a</b> )	the USA?	Very open	Fairly Open	Mot open	Not at all open	(Don't know/ Can't say	
6)	West Germany?	ı	2	3	4	8	1127
c)	the Soviet Union?	1	2	3	4	8	1128
<b>d</b> )	Britain?	,	2	3	4	8	1129
4)	China?	,	2	3	4	8	1130
£)	Canada?	i	2	,	4	8	1131
		-	•	,	4	8	1132

137. All governments keep certain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.

# READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

... Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power scation which was unlikely to have harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?

9 = 4/4	Definicaly allowed to keep it secret	ı
	Probably allowed	2
	Probably not allowed	3
	Definitely not allowed to bear in	4
	(Don't know)	8

## CARD Y AGAIN

... Suppose the government decided to start developing a new weapons system. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?

a 1.	the secret of got!	
922/1	Definicely allowed to keep it secret	
	Probably allowed	2
	Probably not allowed	3
	Definitely not allowed to keep it secret	4
	(Don't know)	8

## CARD Y AGAIN

... Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to make a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?

9. NA	secret or not?	
יי אוא	Definicaly allowed to keep it secret	ı
	Probably allowed	2
	Probably not allowed	3
	Definicely not allowed to keep it secret	4
	(Don't know)	8

1133

1134

```
- JiL -
 CARD Z ALL
[]8 a) Suppose a person leaked secret defence plans to a
 newspaper and the government wanted to find out
 who it was Using the card, tell me whether you
 think the paper should have the legal right to
 keep the person s name secret, or not?
 Definicely should have the legal right | 1
 Probably should 2
 Probably should not 3
 Definitely should not have the legal right 4
 (Don't know/Can't say) 8
 CARD Z AGAIN
 Now suppose a person teaked secret plans about a
 new commercial invention, and the firm wanted to
 find out who it was Do you think the paper should
 have the legal right to keep the person's name secret,
 or coc'
 9.1/1
 Definitely should have the legal right |
 Probably should 2
 Probably should not 3
 Definitely should not have the legal right 4
 (Don't know/Can't say) 8
 CARD AA
[39 a) | Some books or films offend people in Britain who
 have scrong religious beliefs Do you think there
 should or should not be a law to ban such books or
 films?
 9= N/A
 Definicaly should be a law to ban them
 Probably should be a law to ban them 2
 Probably should not be a law to ban them 3
 Definitely should not be a law to ben them 4
 (Don't know) 8
 There is a blasphemy law in Britain to punish
 people who offend against Christian beliefs
 Should the law
 READ OUT
 9-1/A
 apply just to Christianity, L
 apply to other religions as well,
 or - should the law be abolished altogether?
 (Don't know) 8
```

				- 52	L -			}
		ALL CARD BB						
	140	Some people say the places to detect of everyone s privacy be allowed in the	riminals Do you	Others say think video	chac chis vi	.ll cuc down	on.	
1136		READ OUT a)-d) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH		914	cameras sho	14.		
		9. NA Por each	statzmen		Probably	Definitely		
			Definicaly be allowed	Probably be allowed	not be allowed	<b>40C</b>	(It depends/ Don't know)	
	4)	inscalled on roads to detect			_		_	1140
1	ь)	speeding drivers?	ι	2	3	4	8	''"
	• ,	football grounds to detect troublemakes		2	3	4	8	12.51
	c)	inscalled on housing estates to detect vandals?	1	2	1	4	å	1142
1137	4)	at political demonstrations to		-	·		·	
		identify people Caking part?	ι	2	3	4	8	1143
	141 4)	Suppose two people appear in court charcomate. What do yo being found guilty	erged with	a crime they	dld not			
!			e person i	s more likely	to be foun	d guilcy,	1	1144
		9.~/1		chay I	nava the sam	e chance,	2	l
1138	1	or - the blac	k person i	s more likely	, to be foun	d guilcy?	3	1
					(Do	n'C know)	ð	<del></del>
	b)	Now suppose another backgrounds - one r in court charged wi commit What do y of being found guil	rich, one p ich a crime you chink c	oor - each a	ppear L			
								l
		9. J/n	h person i	s more likel;	y co be foun	• ,.	1 2	1145
		•	or pareom (	iney : a more likal:		•	1	
1139		or - the pot	. harand r			u, c knon)	8	
							_	1146 SPARE

14.2

Some prisoners in Britain are 'remand prisoners', that is they are waiting, often for long periods, for their cases to come up in court.

Which of the statements on this card comes closest to your views about remand prisoners?

ONE CODE ONLY

All those accused of a crime for which they might get a prison sessence should be remanded in prison of the court of the courts believe might commit another offence or go missing should be remanded in prison of a N/A (Don't know)

## SECTION SEVEN

HLL

Now I would like to ask found dewactions about politics.

How much interest do you gamessily have in what is going on in polities ... READ OUT ...

9= 4/A

... a great deal, t

quice a lot,

some,

not very much,

or - not at all?

(Don't know) 8

144

Some people say that we should change the voting system to allow smaller political parties to get a fairer share of MPs. Others say that we should keep the voting system as it is, to produce more affective government. Which view comes closest to your own ... READ OUT ...

IF ASKED, REPERS TO 'PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION'

9-4/4

... that we should change the voting system, 1

or - keep it as it is? 2

(Don't know) 8

ALL - 54L -CARD DO 145. Please choose a phrase from this card to say how you feel about ... READ OUT ... 9= N/A Por each party (9-e+9) Very Dog't strong- Strongfavour Strong- strong- know/ ly ia ly in DOF Can't l y lу favour favour favour against Against against say a) ... the Conservacive Parcy? 1153 b) i ... the Labour 1147 1154 c) ... the Liberal 1155 Democrats? d) ... the Social 1148-50 1156 Democrac Party? SPARE IF NECESSARY. PROMPT: SDP/Owen IN SCOTLAND ASK: 12 302 - 205/0001-0390 ... the Scottish 1157 Nationalist Parcy? 9.4/4 IN HALES ASE: 18202 1205 /4343-4576 1158 ... Plaid Cymru? 9-4/4 ASK ALL ALL ... the Green Party? I 1159 1151 ALL. On the whole, would you describe the Conservative (a) (b) Party nowadays as extreme or moderate? Conservative Labour 1161 And the Labour Party novadays, is it extreme or moderate? Extrame RECORD IN APPROPRIATE COLUMN Moderace (Neither or both) 3 (Don's know) On the whole, would you describe the Conservative (c) (a) Party as good for one class, or good for all Labour Conservative 1152 classes? 1162 1163 And the Labour Party, is it good Good for one for one class or good for all class classes? Good for all classes RECORD IN APPROPRIATE COLUMN (Neither or both) 3 (Don't know) NA

## SECTION EIGHT

```
ASK ALL
 CARD FF
 Now a few questions on housing.
 First, in general how sacisfied or dissacisfied
152.
 are you with your own (house/flat)? Choose a
 phrase from the card.
 8 = D/K
 Very satisfied | |
 9 - 4/4
 Quice sacisfied 2
 Meither sacisfied nor dissatisfied 3
 Quite dissatisfied
 Very dissacisfied 5
 How about the area you live in? Taking
 everything into account, would you say this
 area has got better, worse or remained about
 the same as a place to live during the last
 two years?
 Beccer 1
 9=4/4
 Worse
 About the same
 (Don't know)
 And what do you think will happen during the
 next two years: will this area get better,
 worse or remain about the same as a place to live?
 Secter L
 Worse
 About the same
 (Don't know)
154.
 Does your household own or rent this accommodation?
 PROBE AS NECESSARY
 IF OWN:
 Outright or on a mortgage?
 IF RESTS: From whom?
 Own ('sasehold/freehold) outright Ol
 98. DK
 99. N/A
 Suying (less-hold/freehold) on mortgage
 Rents:
 Local authority
 New Town Development Corporation
 Housing Association
 Property company
 Employer
 07
 Other organisation
 Relative
 Other individual
 Rent free:
 Rent free, squatting, etc.
```

)		}	- 5	i <b>8</b> -				1
1		ALL						1
}		INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AM	D CEI	CK WITH	RESPONDI	ENT	·	
ļ	166	Inches the second of the second						[
ļ	t55.	Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a READ OUT ONE						ļ
	- 1	THAT YOU TRIME APPLIES						)
ĺ	}	8 . DK	decad	hed hous	e or but	ngalou	ŧ	153
ſ	İ	9: 4/A semi-	decad	hed hous	e or but	ngalow	2	
ł	<b> </b>	1			erraced	house	3	
1476	1	self-contained, purpose-buil	t fla	C/maison	necta (in	ic. in		
Ī	}	self-contained			inėment t		4	
[	}	1				-	5	
1	- {	1 7 6		- noc s			6	ĺ
	ł	Other (WRITE IN: Necodo Cossible of	heru	<u>se Fral</u>	List with	2.No.	7	
	V							1
1	156.a)	How long have you lived in your pres- home READ OUT	<b>¢</b> Ω¢					}
}		8 = Dix				r		1616
1		9. NA		less		<b>.</b>	1 CO TO Q.157	1536
1977		,		er - one	Asst or	more; [	2 ASK b)	
		IF 'ONE TEAR OR HORE' AT a) P1536/	2					
		b) How many years? 47 - 97+				_		)
<b></b> :		PROBE POR BEST ESTIMATE 99-1/A	WELTE	IM cMI	RESER OF	TEARS [	2 dilipie	1537-
]		ALL						1539~
1478		CARD GG						SPARE
1 4/8	157.	Please use this card to say how come						ł
		uncommon each of the following thing: in your area.	s (s					(
1		READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE		ī e	my area,	ir is.	_	l
<b>——</b>		OWE FOR EACH		-33	Noc	Not.	•	
Į		9= 11/A Breach row (itemsa-g) v.	ery	Fairly	Very		(Don't know/	
		´ <u>co</u>	фē	COMMOR	comon	¢0mmon	Can't say)	j
1	4)	Noisy neighbours or loud						
£		parties?	1	2	3	4	8	1559
1479-80	<b>b</b> )	Graffici on walls or-						l
Į		buildings?	1	2	3	4	8	1560
ĺ	c)	Teenagers hanging around on						]
1		the screets?	L.	2	3	4	8	156 i
	4)	Orunks or cramps on the screets?	1	2	3	4	8	i 562
		Rubbish and litter lying about?		2	<u> </u>	4	8	1563
			•	2	,	•	•	1
}	Ð	Homes and gardens in bad condition?	ì	2	3	4	8	1560
}			•	-	,	-	G	}
	8)	Vandalism and deliberate		_	_	_	_	i 5 <b>6</b> 5
<del></del>		damage to property?	Į.	2	3	4	8	
CARDI				-	-	•	<b>G</b>	<del></del>
CARD 1		lander to property,		-	•	•	a	1566-9
CARD L 1508-34 SPARE				-	•	•	G.	<del></del>
1508-34				-	•	•		1566-9

	1				,							CARD		ł
	ALL			C			7							ĺ
	<u> </u>			SEC	TION	HINE	1					İ		1
900 4	Can I just check yo	ur oun	<b>88</b> 516	.,	r								902	1
<u> </u>	At present are you		AD OUT		Lus			srried	ı			1608		
i	CODE PIRST TO APPLE	?				l Lv 10,	g 46 m.	erried.	. 2					i
1	3. DIK				sep.	araced	or di	vorced,	, 3			ļ		ļ
!	[						u-	Ldoved	4			ľ		İ
Í						or -	noc m	erred	5					ĺ
√. •	Finally, a few ques		.hae		4	<b>K</b>	14						1147 - X	
	Including yourself,	pon er	iny per	you and ople 1.	i your Lve hei	nousei	nold slarly						901 a)	İ
	as members of this	househo	fq3			95.	عاد							I
	OF HOUSEBOLD IF HEC	AMUAL I Essaet	FOR DE	PINITI	DM	99.		TE IN	24			1609-1		ĺ
	ALL						78.		L	تعديا		1003-1		l
01	How I'd like to ask	for a	fau di	ntaile	abour	aach -								l
	in your household	Scare	ing w	ith you	rself,	what	011							ļ
	your age last birth											١,		Ì
	WORK <u>DOWN</u> COLUMNS O	F GELLD	FOR E						<b>4</b>	~		1		l
		BASP-	2		LETE	i -	T				<del></del>	{		ĺ
		ondenc	<del>-</del>	<del>  -</del>	<u> </u>	5	6	7	•	,	10	[ 1		l
4)	Sex: # Sex of Rest	11	15	20	25	30	35	-0	4.5	Sa	5.5			l
	BLANK - The Hale	1	1	1	ì	1	1	l.	1	1	1			l
	remain Female	12-11	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1		ľ
	too loom be-able-	-		21-22	26-27	31-32	36-37	41-42	+6-47 	P1-25	56-57	Q1= V=		
ь	Age last birthday:			$\vdash^{T}$	<del> l</del>		<del>                                     </del>					99		ĺ
c)	Relationskip to respondent:	\ /	1.8	23	2.0	33	38	43	4.	53	Se	, , ,		
	Spouse/partner	$\mathbb{N}$	4	1					ļ		<u> </u>	8-1	,	1
	Son/daughter	Y	2	1 2	1 2	ا ا	1 2	l 1	L	1	'	9- ~, "	ນ	
Ì	Parent/parent-in-law	] /\	3	,	1 1	3	,	2	2	2	2		.,	
Ì	Other relacive	/ \	۵	4	4	,	۱ ،	,	3	3	4	ŀ	ιi)	
	Not related	<u>/</u> \	_ 5	,	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		,	
(ه	BOUSTEOLD HEMBER										1		(111)	
	WITE LEGAL RES- POSSIBILITY FOR	1		•						1			ļ	
	ACCOMMODATION	}						Ì			1	ļ	(v)	
ļ	(INC JOINT AND (SHARED)	< ··	19	24	29	34	19	44	49	54	59			
Ì	Yes	ì	ì	ı	1	1	1	1	ı.	1	~	ا ا	ł	
ļ	Мо	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	9-4		
j	r											1660-		
	* CHECK THAT NUI GIVEN AT Q 900	MBER O	P PEC	OPLE :	EN GRI	d equ	JALS 8	iomb es	۱			SPARE	į	
	GIVEN AT Q 900								┙			ļ		
- 1														

1923-24 1927-35 SPARE

```
ASK ALL
 Do you, or does anyone else in your household.
916.
 own or have the regular use of a car or a van?
 9: NIA
 Yes 1
 No 2
 CARD IT 1
917.
 Have you or anyone in this household received
 any of the benefits on this card during the
 last five years?
 IF TES: Which ones? Any others?
 CODE ALL TRAT APPLY
 98 : DIK on cols. 1937.38
 Chili benefit (family allowance)
 99: ~/A
 Hac.
 allowance
 IF BENEFIT IS PRIVATE & 9.
 sue-parant benefit
 PRIVATE PLASION, ALLMONY DE
 LOCAL EDUCATION AUTHORITY
 State retirement or widow's pension
 BENEFIT a.g. MILK TOKENS.
 State supplementary pension
 DELETE CODES MAD IF
 NECESSARY RECODE
 Invalidately or :
 ad pension or benefic 11
 To 21 (NOVA).
 Attendance/Inva.
 's/Hobility allowance
 Stace
 is or injury benefit 13
 Unemployment benefit 14
 Income support (supplementary benefit) 15
 Housing benefic (Community Charge, rate or rent rebate)
 Other scace benefit(s) volunteered (WRITE IN) Recoper of
 POSSIBLE OTHERWISE FINAL LIST WITH S.NO.
 IF NO: CODE +
 HOLE
 21
```

1936	718.a)	cotal income of your household from all sources before cax? Please just cell me the letter.  NB: IMCLIDES INCOME FROM BENEFITS, SAVINGS, ETC. ONE CODE IN COLUMN a) 98 - D[K 99. 1]A  INTERVIEWER: CRECK Q.23, PAGE 9:  RESPONDENT IS IN PAID W	. (	K (	CODE O	3) [	23)	c)	202:
	ł	1/15021/1		AI.	L OTHE	es (	2 CO T	O Q.919	<u> </u>
	j	c) Which of the letters on this card represents your own gross or total earnings, before							!
	l	the come cax and national insurance	a ?						]
	f	ONE CODE IN COLUMN c)	••		(a)	; 6			ļ
	- 1	98. DK 1			Bouse-		V9		
1937-64	j	98. D/K   cols 2024.25			hold		- TD-		
	- }			Z	<u>income</u> 022-23	-	9 <u>89</u> 14-25		
	j			_	02	:	2		
EXP	- 1		0		03	: 0	_	i	
965-78	- 1		R	-	04		_	i	
(43)	- 1		T	-	05		S	- 1	
1	- 1		s	-	06	. 0	6	1	
į	j		0	-	07	: 0	7	İ	
:	1		K	•	80	01	3		
	İ		L	-	09	09	•		
	1		3		10	10	)		
			Z		11	11			
	ŀ		_ H		12	12		i	
					13	! 13			
			) ·		14 15	14			
					16	15			
	- 1					l6			
	1.0	RAIL ALL	_		17 ;	17		-	
ia :		<del></del>							
	sh.	you (or your humband/wife/partner) own any ares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including its trusts? S: DK			Yes No	l 2			2026
92	Is acc	there a calaphone in (your part of) this comodation?			u	<u></u>	<del></del> -		<del></del>
		9: n/A			Yes	1	ASK Q.9	<del>**</del> -	2027
		f • .e.k			No	<u>L</u>	со то о	. 922 	
	1							- 1	

MASTER COPY

P 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES
1990 SURVEY

Serial h claditi Card 02	Version Y = 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Area 0	Time interview 4 dig. ci
Interviewer	000: 211-15. Sarch Code

SECTION FOUR

ASK ALL

Now a few questions on education.

CARD S

First, which of the groups on this card, if any, would be your highest priority for extra government spending on education, and which next?

DNE	CODE	ONLY	IN	EACE	COLUM	let Priority	2nd <u>Priority</u>
						941	142
					Mursery/pre-school children	i	ť
					Primary school children	2	2
					Secondary school children	3	3
				ı	ess able children with special needs	4	4
	S	tuden	£ \$	46 00	lleges, universities or polycechnics	5	5
					(MONE OF THESE)	6	6
					(Don't know) N A	å	•

CARD T ALL

114.

Here are a number of factors that some people think would improve aducation in our schools.

Which do you think is the most important one for children in primary schools - aged 5-11 years? Please look at the whole list before deciding. ONE CODE ONLY IN COLUMN a)

And which do you think is the most important one for children in secondary schools - aged 11-18 years?

ONE CODE ONLY IN COLUMN 5)	(a) PRIMART	(b) SECOH- DART
<u></u>	943-44	945-46
, Hore resources for books and equipment	01	οι
Better buildings	02	02
Better pay for teachers	03	03
More involvement of parents in governing bodies	04	04
More discussion between parents and teachers	05	05
Smaller classes	06	06
More emphasis on preparation for exame	07	07
ore emphasis on developing the child's skills and interests	08	08
More craining and preparation for jobs	09	09
More emphasis on arcs subjects	LO	10
More emphasis on mathematics	п	11
More emphasis on English	12	12
Stricter discipline	13	13
(MONE OF THESE)	96	96
(Don't knou)	98	98
MA	99	99

Do you chink that what is taught in schools should be up to ... READ OUT ... 9. N/A ... the local education authority to decide, or - should central government have the final say? (Don't know) & Some people think it is best for secondary schoolchildren to be separated into grammar and secondary modern schools according to how well they have done when they leave primary school. Others think it is best for secondary schoolchildren not to be separated in this way, and to attend comprehensive schools. On balance, which system do you think provides the best all-round aducation for secondary schoolchildren ... READ OUT ... 9.1/4 ... 4 system of grammar and secondary modern schools, 1 or - a system of comprehensive schools? /2 Other (WELTE IN) Lecone if possible otherwise Final List with S. No. 117a) Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or ere they at about the right level now? Incressed a loc

IF INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?

1= ~14	Incresses 5 Inc	
	Incressed a little	2
	About right	3
	Reduced a little	4
	Reduced a lot	5
	(Don't know)	8

When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or loans which would have to be paid back when they scart working?

9- 1/4		Grants	ι
7: other	Final List	Loens	2
		(Don't know)	8

951

950

SPARE

115.

ALL

Are you personally concerned about things that may happen to the countryside, or does it not concern you particularly?

8= 414

Very concerned 1 A bit concerned 2 1245

Does not concern me particularly 3

CARD I

Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the <u>greatest threat</u> to the countryside: If you think none of them is a threat, please say so

CODE ONE OWLY IN COL 4) BELOW

And which do you think is the next greatest threat? CODE ONE ONLY IN COL. b)

	(4) Greatest threat 1246-47	(b) Hext greatest 1244-41
Motorways and road building	01	01
Industrial pollution	02	02
Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hadgerove, woodlands	03	03
Tourism and visitors	04	04
Litter	05	05
Urban growth and housing development	06	06
Use of chamicals and pesticides in farming	07	07
MORE OF THESE	97	97
(Don't know)	98	98
N/A	99	99

	!		- 46Y -				- 1		1		- 47Y -						ı
	CARD Y					I	.		ALL		- 4/1 -						
125.	How concerned are you about	each of hrase fro	Chese envir	onmental				L27 -4)		wing <u>regui</u>	larly,	الد ، ا	ĸ				
	READ OUT a)-() AND CODE ONE FOR EACE				<b>.</b> .		1		READ OUT 1)-x) AND CODE ON	R FOR EACT	(AT a)	9: 4/					
	9: N/A FOR SACH ROW	Very Concerned	A bit	Not very	Not at all	Don't know/			DOES NOT APPLY HEARS PETSI	CALLY DOP	SSTBLE (E	C. NO C	CAR)				
a)	insecticides, fartil- isers and chemical sprays?	1	2	,	4		1250		FOR EACH ITEM CODED 3 (NOT					3			
ь)	disposal of sewage?	t	2	)	4		1251		b) Do you intend to & the next year or so, o	EAD LIEM . r not?	in G	] = ~//^					1
c)	Chinning of the ozone layer?	1	2	3	4	_	1252		COOR AT b)								İ
4)	risks from nuclear		·		·						(a)				<b>(b)</b>		
	power stations?	ı	2	3	4	8	1253				Does	<u>.</u>	(Does not	<u>l</u> e	tead	toı	1
• ′	the growth in the world's population?	1	2	3	4	8	1254			Legularly	Some Cimes		apply to	Tes		(Don't know)	l
O	the 'greenhouse effect' - a rise in the world's cemperature?		2	•				i i	return bottles, tins, newspapers and so on		_	_					
<b>6)</b>	using up the earth's	••••••					1255	.! " (1)	for racycling?	i	2	3	4	1		8	
J	remaining coal, oil and gas?	ı	2	3	4	8	1256	111)	buy organically-grown	•	•	•	•	<u> </u>	2	•	
- 1	the quality of drinking water?	ı	2	3	4	8	1257	(v)	fruit and vegerables? buy toiletries or	i	2	3	4	1	2	8	
ı)	the loss of plant and animal species?	ı	2	3	4	8	1258		cosmetics not tested on animals?	ı	1	3	4		2		
1	CARD 2 ALL							٧)	buy environment-friend!	y	********			‡			
126.	Do you personally belong to listed on this card?	any of th	groups				ļ		detergents?	L	2	3	4	1	2	8	
1	CODE ALL TRAT APPLY							V()	choose to est less meat		2	3	4	ι	2	8	
	TES: HENSER OF:	ociety fo	The N	ational T			1259-60	41()	choose products made ou of recycled macertals?	l	2	3	4	ι	2	8	
	•		Ertends	of the E	arch 03			A111)	make a conscious effort to save electricity?	L	2	3	4	ı	2	8	† -
	World Wildin			Greenp	eace 05			ix)	cut back on driving your car?	1	2	3	4	1	2		
	Council for the Protection Other wildlif	of Rural	(England/Scottyside pro	ocland/Wa Ceccion e	les) 06 roup 07			x)	buy environment-friendl aerosols?								
				Associa	tion OS				441.000191	•	2	3	4	; l	2	8	
			Urben consei	rvacion g	roup LQ												
ļ	MO:	Campaign	for Muclean														l
			•	HONE OF T	LESE 97	ſ	EXP			•							ł
						ĺ	1308-31										1

Which political party's views on the environment would you say come closest to your own views?

DO NOT PROMPT

OHE CODE ONLY 99: N/A

Labour

(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD

SDP/Social Democrat

(Alliance) - AFTER PROSE Green Party/(Ecology Party) 06

OCHER (WRITE IN:) Yeroote Prossible otherwise Final List with SNO

(Don't know) 98

Conservative Oi

None 96

INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OSSERVATION AND THEN CHECK WITH RESPONDENT:

Can I just check, would you describe the place where you live as being READ OUT SELECTED CODE

9. N/A

in a big city, l

in the suburbs or outskires of a city, 2

in a small city or town, 3

in a country village or town,

ALL

SECTION SEVEN

CARD AA

130

1352-53

1354

1355-60 SPARE

Suppose you were advising a young person on how best to improve his or her health generally

Please tell me, using this card which you would say are the three most important things he or she should do to improve his or her health generally

First, tell me the most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW

Now, tell me the second most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (b) BELOW

And now, the chird most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (c) BELOW

IS COLUMN (C) SELLA	(A)	(b)	(c)
	Host <u>imporçant</u> 1361-62	Second most <u>important</u> 1361-64	Third most <u>important</u> 1365-66
Eat lass fatty food	01	01	01
Est more fresh fruit and vegetables	02	02	02
Nac to smoke	03	03	03
Take more exercise	04	04	04
Drink less alcohol	05	05	05
Take less sugar	06	06	06
Try to reduce stress	07	07	<b>Q7</b>
(NONE OF THESE)	97	97	97
(Don't know)	98	98	98
n/a	99	99	99

129

or - in the countryside? 5

131.

CARD AA AGAIN

Now suppose you were advising that young person on how best to avoid getting heart disease.

from the card, which would you say are the chree most important things he or she should do.

First, tell me the most important thing. RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW.

Now, tell me the  $\frac{second}{(b)}$  most important thing. RECORD IN COLUMN (b) SELOW.

And now, the third most important thing. RECORD IN COLUMN (c) BELOW.

	(a) Nost <u>important</u> 1367-68	(b) Second work important 1369-70	(c) Third most important 1371-72
Eat less fatty food	01	01	01
Eat more fresh fruit and vegetables	02	02	02
Not to smoke	03	03	03
Take more exercise	04	04	04
Drink less alcohol	05	05	05
Take less sugar	06	06	06
Try to reduce stress	07	07	07
(NOWE OF THESE)	97	97	97
(Don't know)	98 99	98 99	98 99

1	- 514 -		
	ALL		
132.4)	Do you smoke cigarectes at all nowadays?		
	9 × 1/A	Yes 1 CO TO Q.135	1373
		No 2 ASK b)	<del></del>
, i	IF BO AT 4) 1 1373/2		
	b) Have you ever smoked digarectes		
(	regularly? 9 = N/A	Yes L CO TO Q. 133	
	1-77	No 2 ASK c)	1374
I			
	IF NO AT b) iP 1374/2		
	c) Have you ever smoked cigars regularly,	ļ	
	that is, at least one digar per month?	Yes 1 GO TO Q.134	
	1- 74	No 2 ASE d)	1375
1	IF NO AZ c) if 1375/2		
	d) Have you ever smoked a pipe regularly?		
	9-4/4	Yes 1 CO TO Q.134	1376
		No 2 GO TO Q.142	<u>.                                    </u>
	IF TES AT Q.1326) 18 1374 1		
133.	When you were smoking most heavily, about how many digarettes did you smoke in a <u>day?</u>		
	999 = N/A		
	WRITE IN NUMBER:		1377-79
	OR CODE: Less than one	000	
	Can't say	998	
			1380
			SPARE
		,	

	1F YES AT Q.132a) ('CURRENT SHOKER	11 iP 1373	<u> </u>				Ì	IF 1373/1 OR 1574/1 OR 1515/1 OR IF YES AT Q.132b) OR c) OR d) ('EX-SH Q.132a) ('CURRENT SHOKER')		TES AT			
U39.	How much, if at all, do you want to g smoking? Please choose a phrase from card.	give up m this					1	INTERVIEWER: DISK SECOND PHRASE IN BRA	CRETS FOR E	X-SHOKERS			
	9 - 4/A		Very much	1 1	ik Q. 140	1443	[41.]	[. People smoke for different reasons. please say how important each of the (is/was) for you?					
	18 1374/1 02 1375/1 02 1376/1 0R 14		for very much Nor at all (Don'r know)	11 4) co	TO Q. 141	1	)	READ OUT 2)-1) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH 8-DK Breach row 9-11A	Very	fairly important	#oc a very important	Mot a	
	IF YES AT Q.132b) OR c) OR d) ("EX-SH TO GIVE UP SHOKING AT ALL (CODES 1-3	AUKER') OR UA	ANTS				ار <u>ہ</u>		resson	resson	reason	ac all	
	INTERVIEWER: USE SECOND PHRASE IN BRA		L-SNOKERS			}	Ì	relax?	ı	2	3	4	1455
140.		cant to you						b) smoking (is/Mas) just a very hard habit to give up?	1	2	3	4	:456
	READ OUT #)-g) AND CODE	) for wanting	ŧ				c)!	c) smoking (helps/helpsd) me feel more confident with other people?	· L	2	3	4	1457
	STANK FOR EACH FOW	Very	Fairly	Not 4 very	Hot 4		4)	4) smaking (helps/helpsd) ma keep my weight down?	i	2	3	4	1458
له	}	reseod	reason	Cesson	at all		اده ا	a) smoking (is/was) the normal thing to do among people I (mix/mixed) with?	1	2	3	4	1459
6)	for health reasons?	i i	2	3	4	1445	自	f) smoking (helps/helpsd) me cops	-	_			1
c)	because there (are/usrs) more and more places where I (can't/ couldn't) smoke?	1	2	3	4		#)	with everyday life?  g) smoking (helps/helpsd) me	1	2	. 3	4	1460
4)	because my family (wants/wanted) me to give up?	1	2	3	4	1446	į	concentrace?  b) I just (don't/didn't) have the	ı	1	3	4	1461
<b>a</b> )	because amoking (is/was) gerring less and less fashionable?	τ	2	3	G	1448		willpower to give up?	ι	2	3	4	1462
O	because more and more of the people I mix(ad) with (are/ware) non-smokers?	1	•	·	į		t)	<ol> <li>smaking (is/was) simply something I (enjoy/enjoyed)?</li> </ol>	1	2	3	4	146
g)	because [ (do/did) nor want cobacco smoke on my clothes	1	2		4	1449							
	and hair?	1	2	3	4	1450							l = 6
					1		~						
					1	1451-54 SPARE							
					J	Í							
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}					. 1	İ							



P 1090/GB

#### **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990**

### SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

Spring 1990 COL 2116

CODES ALLOWABLE = 12 or 3

IF BLANK AND THERE IS A CLEASE

DOWN THEMBOLE OF S/C, CODE

3 ON COL 2116 IF NO CREASE

CODE 2116/2

	OFFICE USE OF	
ž	loterviewer	2100-11 0 14 249 20
	to enter:	2112-15 + chart father
	Rec	Isterviewer He
1	2116	2117-20 4 digit enmy

To the selected respondent:

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey

#### Completing the questionners:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a mimber in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required, we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable, it should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

#### Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of remining the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN

### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social usues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you would like further information.

L.		- 1	ı -				OFFICE USE ONLY	İ	
ALL 20. 1	In general, would you say that p obey the law without exception, exceptional occasions on which p follow their consciences even if	or are checople sho	here ould				VALI	L. ALL  20. 3 There are some people whose views are considered	OFFICE USE ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One code only		Obey ch	e law with	out excepti	.n (/)	2121	extreme by the majority.  First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to One code for each statement $9 = n   4$	
	d : 4 4		Follow	conscience	on occasio			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Defin- Prob- Probably Definitely Can't itely ably not not choose	
<u>all</u> 20. 2	There are many ways people or or	raniestio			<del></del>			i) hold public meetings to express Cheir views?	2128
20. 2	procest against a government act oppose.			у				ii) publish books expressing their views?	2129
	Please show which you think show which should not be allowed by c each line.			d				20. 4 Second, consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to for each statement One code for each statement	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE One code for each statement		Prob-	-	Definitely			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Q : Nim Defin- Probably Definicely Can't ON EACH LINE itely ably not choose	
	9 = N A	itely	ably	BOE	300	choose		1) hold public meetings to express cheir views?	2130
	Organising public meetings to procest against the government						2122	ii) publish books expressing	21 11
	Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government						2123	ALL  20. 5 Suppose the police get an anonymous cip that a man with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.  One code for each statement	
	Organising protest marches and demonstrations			]			2124	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Q: N19 Do you think the police should be	
	Occupying a government office and scopping work there for several days					_a	2125	allowed, without a Court Order  Defin- Prob- Probably Definitely Can't itely ably not not choose	
	Seriously damaging government buildings		2				2126	i) co keep the man under surveillance?	21 32
	Organising a mactionwide strike of all workers against the government						2127	ii) to cap his mail?	2133
		<u> </u>		Ple	sass contin	144		iv) to decain the man over- night for questioning?	21 35
									1

	1			ı
- 1 -	OFFICE			
	USE ONLY	ì	• 4 •	OFFICE
h ALL	- ONE!	_	L a:	USE
20 6 All systems of justice make miscakes, but which do you think is worse:			ALL	<u> </u>
PLEASE TICK OME 30% to convict an innocent person,	21.36		20 8 Some people think those with high incomes should	
	.		pay a larger proportion (percentage) of cheir earnings in caxes than those who earn low incomes	
One code only co let a guilty person go free?	4		Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same	
Can't choose	]		proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes	
a.L.			Do you chink those with high incomes should  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
20 7 What are your personal feelings about			One cade calc	
A Paople who organise procests against a government action they strongly oppose? (/)			9 a NA	2140
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Extremely favourable	21.37			
one code only	ָּהָ l		pay a larger proportion.	
q NA FAVOURABLE L			pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes,	
Unfavourable	3		()	
Extremely unfavourable	ז l		pay a smaller proportion,	
Gan't choose	<b>1</b>		or - pay a much emailer proportion?	
V CAR 1 CADO00	<b>a</b>	ı		
B People who want to overthrow the government			Can't choose	
by revolution?	,			
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Extremely favourable	T 5139		ALL 20 9 What is your opinion of the following statement:	
One code only favourable	2		It is the responsibility of the government to	
Q = N A	]		reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes	
Unfavourable	j		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
			Agree strongly	2141
Extremely unfavourable	4		One code only	
Cam't choose	j		8 = 0/K Agree	
	1		9: NA	
C People who believe whites are racially superior to all other races? (/)	, [		wertruet eften not anselten .	
PLEASE TICK OFF SOX Extremely favourable	21.39		Disagrae	
One code only Fevourable	<u>.</u>	İ		
9 - 414	<b>-</b>	1	Disagrae strongly	
Merches tradutable of metraphrene -	╡			-
Unfavourable	4			
Excremely unfavourable				
Cam't choose	<u> </u>	_		
Please continue	ŀ			l

- 5 -OFFICE USE - 6 -L. ALL OFFICE ONLY USE L. ALL ONLY 2. 10 Here are some things the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against. 2. 12 If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Strongly Heither which do you chink it should give highest priority? ON EACH LINE ie Iα in favour One code for each action favour of acr PLEASE TICK ONE BOX favour Strongly 8 = 13 K of of againsc Against against One code only Keeping down inflacion 9 = N14 2158 9 = NIA A. Control of wages by law 2142 Keeping down unemployment B. Concrol of prices by law 2143 Can't choose C. Cuts in government spending 2144 ALL
2. If Do you chink that trade unions in this country D. Government financing of projects to creace new jobs 2145 have too much power or too little power? f. Less government regulation of PLEASE TICK ONE BOX business 2146 Far too much power 2159 One code only F. Support for industry to develop new products and technology 2147 9 = NIA Too much power G. Support for declining industries co procect jobs 2148 About the right amount of power H. Reducing the working week to create more jobs 2149 Too little power 2. Il Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in Far too little power each area. Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a cax increase to pay for it. Can't choose Spend PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Che Spend ON EACH LINE mck Cam' t 2. 14 How about business and industry? Do they One code for each item less less choose have too much power or too little power? AIN = P PLEASE TICK ONE BOX A. The environment 2150 Far too much power 2160 Mealch 2151 One code only C. The police and law enforcement Too much power 2152 D. Education 2153 About the right amount of power E. The military and defence 2154 F. Old age pensions Too little power 2155 Unemployment benefics 2156 Far too little power H. Culcure and the arts 2157 Please continue ..... Can't choose

L <u>ALL</u>	- 1 -		OFFICE USE ONTLY	_	L AL	L	-	8 -				OFFICE USE ONLY
2 to And what about the government, does much power or too little power?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  One code only  9 = N   A	Fac c	oo much power	2161		2 l8 Ga not PLE.	che whole, do you chiek ic be the government's respo ASE TICK ONE BOX EACH LINE for each stem	neibility	co	Probably should sor be	Definitely abould not be	Can't chouse	
		Lictie power			<b>A</b>	provide a job for everyone who wants one		2				2166
	Far too	Can't choose	i		B G	keep prices under control provide health care for						2167
ALL 2 is in general, how good would you say unions are for the country as a who		,			D	the sick  provide a decent standard  of living for the old		<u></u>				2168
One code only		Excellent Very good	2162		t	provide industry with the help it needs to grow						2170
9 = 114		Fairly good			r	provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed						2171
		t good at all			G B	reduce income differences between the rich and poor give financial help to						2172
<u>āu</u>		Can't choose	<u> </u>	-	_	university students from low-income families					3	2173
2 17 What do you chick the government's of these industries and services st One code for each item		ont shoulds			I	provide decent housing for those who can't afford it	1					2174
9 = NIA  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Control prices Own and profits it but not own it	Seither own it mer con- trol its prices & Cam' profits choo			ia PLE	ay you personally are  Very inceres  Fairly inceres					2175	
A Electricity			2143		۹ :	e code only = NIA				ic interests	$\equiv$	İ
3 The steel industry			2164							ry inceresce Il inceresce	$\equiv$	
C Banking and insurance			21.65							Cam't choos	• 🗔	
	PL										2176-80	

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L	- u -										
_	Which of these statements comes closest to your	OFFICE USE				- 12 -					
	views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?	ONLY	2 20	ALL 6 Do you agree or disagree	•						OFFICE
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOY			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH L	INE						ONLY
	8 = 0 K They should be banned altogether			q = NIA on each line			Haither				CARD 23
	9:00				Strongly		agree mor		Strongly		
	They should be available to special adult shops but not displayed to the public 2	2263		A working mother can establish just as warm and secure a	46244	vätea	disagree	nreskree	grask.es	CB0084	
	They should be available in special adult shops with public display permitted i	1240		relationship with her children as a sother who does not work							2300
	They should be available in any shop for sale to adults only		b	A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works		2					2309
	They should be available to any shop for sale to anyone		c	All in all, family life suffers whem the woman has a full-time job							2310
2 24 6 7	Britain concrols the numbers of people from abroad that are allowed to sectle in this country. Please say, for each of the groups below, whether you think Britain should allow		đ	A woman and her family will all be happier if she goes out to work							2311
	Note Settlement, less settlement, or about the same amount as now  PURASE TICK ONE BOX  ON EACH LINE , Hore Less About the same	!	•	A job is all right but what most women really want is a home and children							1312
	9 : N/A ON GOCK line sectionent sectionent as now 8 = D/K "  Australians and New Zealanders   1	2264	<b>€</b>	Having a job is the beet way for a woman to be an independent person							2313
	Indians and Pakistanis	2265 2266	4	A husband's job is to earn money; a wife's job is to look after the home and family							2314
<b>\</b>	Hear Indians 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2267	ь	Mothers of young children should not expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and child-care							2315
	PLEASE TICK OFF BOX  be stricter in controlling the settlement of close relatives		ľ	The government should provide money for child-	لنيا	للبا	<u></u>	بنا	Щ	اسا	2313
	or - be less strict in controlling the settlement of close relatives	2268		care, so that mothers of young children can work if they want to	1						2316
2 25	Are you in favour of or against the death In penalty for favour Against		_		_						<del></del>
	PLEASE TICK OWE BOX ON  EACH LINE  murder is the course of a terrorist act?  2	2269									
2	= D/K on each line = n/A " other murders? 1 2	2270									
	Please orarvase	2272-E	•								
		1								}	
		١.								İ	
		I i								- 1	

L.	ALL	- 1	3 •						
2.27	Do you chink that women should home full-time, pert-time or no						OFFICE USE ONLY	L. ALL OFFIC	
	PLEASE TICK ONE SOX ON EACH LIN q: N/A on each line		Work full-time	Work part-time	Stay at home	Cam't		2.30a) And should the law allow newspapers to publish interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  (/)	
	a. After marrying and before t are children?	there			]		2317	One code only  The law definitely should allow it,	
	b. When there is a child under school age?	•	1				2310	Cy = N/A probably should allow ic, 2	
	c. After the youngest child st school?	tart#	1	2			2319	probably should not allow it. 3 2332	t
	d. After the children leave ho	ome?					2320	or - the law definitely should not allow it?	
2.28	Think of a child under 3 years both have full-time jobs.	old whose	parents					Can't choose 8	
	How suitable do you think each arrangements would be for the o	of chese :hild? o	ne code	on each li NA on eac	ne Lline	:		and should the law allow people who support acts     of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON SACE LINE		Somewhat :	Not very Me suitable	ot at all suitable	Can! t		their views? PLEASE TICK OWE BOX (/)	
	a. A state or local authority nursery?		2				2321	One coole only The law definitely should allow it,	
	b. A private creche or nursery?						2322	9 = N/A probably should allow it, 2	
	c. A child-minder or beby- sitter?						2323	probably should <u>not</u> allow it, 1 2333	j
	d. A neighbour or friend?						2324	or - the law definitely should not allow it?	
	e. A relative?  f. A workplace nursery or		لنا			لفا	2325	Can't choose 8	
	creche?		لنا	니 	لنا	لقا	2326	ALL 2.31 Which of these two statements comes closest	
2.29	Should the law allow television with people who support acts of	to show	incerviews a in che W	<b>K?</b>			2327-10	co your views? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	PLEASE TICK OFF BOX			tely should	-llaw te	(/)		One code only  9 = NIA  People charged with serious crimes should always (/) have the right to a jury trial	
	One code only 9 = NIA	Ine		ably should				There should not always be a right to a jury trial - for	
			-	should noc			2331	instance when the jury might be in danger 2 2334	
or - the law definitely should not allow it?									
				Car	n't choose			Can't choose 8	
		<del></del>		Plac	ase contin	ш <b>е</b>		•	
							i		

- 15 -	OFFICE	۱ ۱ مرد - ۱۵ -	
2 32 Suppose a 16-year old is fined by a court, but does not pay the fine Should the parents be required by law to pay the fine, or not?	ORLY	2 35 Suppose a cabinat minister gives false informacion to parliament about an important national issue	OFFICE USE ONLY
PLEASE TICK ONE 901  Definitely should be required to pay  Q = N/A  Probably should not be required to pay  Definitely should not be required to pay  Definitely should not be required to pay	2335	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Should the law allow civil servants in the minister's (/) department to reveal the correct facts on Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent?  One code only 9 • N/A  Can't choose 3	2344
Can't choose		ALL  2 36 Some people support a Bill of Rights for Britain which would give the courts rather than parliament the final say on any laws or government actions which threaten basic freedoms. Others say it is better to leave	
As long as there is no threat to security, should prisoners be allowed to  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Q = N/A  A) have as many books as they wish to read?  b) write and receive as many letters as they wish?  ALL  2 36 Do you think that people in each of these sorts of	2336	things as they are What do you think?  PLEASE TICK OFF BOX  One coole only  Q = NIA  Probably should be a Bill of Rights  Probably should not be a Bill of Rights  Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights  Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights  Under the should not be a Bill of Rights  Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights  Output  Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights	2345
2 34 Bo you think that people in each of these sorts of jobs should or should not be allowed the right to go on strike?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOY  ON EACH LINE  Definitely Probably Probably Probably Befinitely should be should not be about and be should not be allowed to allowed to allowed to be allowed to strike		Can't choose 5  ALL  2 37 Please tick one box for each statement below to 9: N/A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
a) police officers?	2338	a) People on probacion or parole should be fitted with a trans- mitter - that is, an electronic	
b) auraes?	2339	tag - so the police can check where they are	2346
c) car vorkers?	2346	b) On-duty police officers should slways carry gons  1 2 3 4 5	2347
d) council workers?	2341	c) Too many convicted criminals are let off lightly by the courts  1 2 3 5	2348
f) hospital doctors?	2343	d) A confession made during police questioning and later withdrawn should not on its own be enough to convict someone 1 2 3 4 5	2349
Please continue		<del></del>	

L!	ALL	- 17	•					:		- 16 -				ı		
2.38	And please cick one box for ea co show how much you agree or	ch stateme disagree :	enc belo vich Lc.	u			OFFICE USE ONLY	2.40a)	ALL Do you think that the introduct	introduction of new technology						
9 =	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE OIK on each line NIA ON	Agree strongly	Agrae	Weither agree nor disagree	Disagres	Disagrae strongly			in Bricain over the next five y  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  8 = 10   K  9 = N   A			ork more in	ceresting,		ONLY	
•	) The police should be allowed to question suspects for up to a week without lecting them see a solicitor.					5	2350			- will i		ake work mo o differenc	•	3	2557	
	) Refugees who are in danger because of their political beliefs should always be welcome in Britsin. ) Serious complaints against the	[i]	2		-		2351	<b>b</b> )	And will it  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX $8 = 0 \mid K$ $9 = N \mid A$				fa easter,		2558	
	police should be investigated by an independent body, not by the police chemselves.		_1			5	2352	•,	Please tick one box to show whe	cher you	agree or		ifference?	الل		
	Every adult in Sritain should have to carry an identity card.  If someone remains silent		[2]		•		2353		should do more to encourage the nology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(/)						
•	under police questioning, it should count against them in court.		2				2354		d = uly 8 = 0/K		Heich	er agree no	Agree r diaagree	$\equiv$	2559	
	The prisons contain too many people who ought to be given a lighter punishment.		2	]			2355					Disagre	Disagree e scrongly			
_	The police should not need a warrant to search the homes of suspects.						2356	2.41	Please cick one box for each st show how much you agree or disa PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			g = D/X of a N/A  Seither  agree nor	on each l	ine "	2560- 2580 CARD 26	
	New kinds of technology are bei computers and word processors, tick one box to show what effec over the next five years?	robots in	factors	es and so o		1.1	2357- 2555	a)	ON EACH LINE  Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off.	strongly	ARE 00	disagree	Disagree	acronaly	2608	
		Increase	Che numi	er of jobs	available		2556	<b>b</b> )	Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers.						2609	
q = N A  It will reduce the number of jobs available 2								c)	Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth.						2610	
	Ic will make no diffe	erence to	Che nunt	per of jobs	aveilable	النا	·	4)	and one for the poor.					<u>_</u>	2611	
				Plea	ise contin	ue		•)	Management will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance.		_;				2612	
						ļ					•				<del></del> -	

•

	ALL	• 1	19 -				OFFICE	- 20 -	
2 42	And please cick one box for eac to show such you agree or d			•			USE	2 43s) To help us plan better in future please tell us about how long it took you to complete this	OFFICE USE ONLY
<b>a</b> )	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  ON SACH LINE  8: DIK on each line  9: NIA - "  Young people codey don't have enough respect for tradicional	Agree strongiy	, Agree	Meither agree mor disagree	Disagree	Disagree scrongly		questionnaire?  PLEASE FICK ONE BOX  S = OK  Q = NA  Recveen 15 and 20 minutes 2	
6)	British values  People who break the law should be given stiffer sestences		2				2613	Serveen 20 and 30 minutes 4	2636
	People should be allowed co organise public meetings co process against the govern- ment  For some crimes, the death		_2	J			2615	b) And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?  PLEASE WRITE IN  99. NA  91. NA	
4)	penalty is the most appropriate sentence  Paople should be allowed to publish leaflets to procest against the government						2616	DATE MONTE TEAR	2637-42
Đ	Schools should teach children to obey authority		1				2614	THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!	
	People should be allowed to organise protest merches and demonstrations		_1			_5	2619	Please keep the completed questionnaire for the inter-	
	The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong  Censorship of films and		2			_5	2620	viewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.	
AL	magazines is necessary to uphold moral scandards		1				2621		
	Please tick one box to show how agree or disagree with this stat "the days when Britain was an im- world power are over"  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  One Coole only  B: DIK - canit choose  9: NIA	emenc:	Neict	der agree no Jui Disagre	Just agre or disagre sc disagre se strong!		2822		
						,	2623-15		



P 1090/GB

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

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	CODES ALLOWABLE : 1, 2 of 3
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3	ON COL 2116 IF NO CREASE
	To the selected respondent:

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Interviewer	2106	-11			•	£ 44
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Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey

### Completing the questionnaire:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required, we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

#### Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN

### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry Please contact us if you would like further information.

- 1 -OFFICE ALL - 2 -₹. USE OFFICE ONLY USE 2.01 From what you know or have heard, please tick a box for each of in the last two years, have you or a close 2.02 OHLY the trems below to show whether you think the Marianal Health CARD 22 family member ... Service is your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or in need PLEASE TICK ONE BOX of improvement. ON EACH LINE ... visited an NHS GP? 2223 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX 8 : DIK on each line ON EACH LINE la seed of In mood 8: DIX on each line 9. MA - ".. been an out-partient in an NHS hospital? 1114 A lot of of some 9. N/A Improveimprove-Setie-TORY ... been an in-parient in an NHS hospital? 2225 factory *** 3800 good ... visited a patient in an MMS hospital? a. GPa' appointment systems ١, 2226 2208 b. Amount of time GP gives to each ... had any medical treatment as a private patient! escient 2227 2209 c. Being able to choose which GP to オレレ 2210 2.03 Please tick one box to show how much you agree or disagree Quality of medical treatment by with each of these statements about secondary schooling. 2211 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX e. Mospital vaiting lists for mon-ON EACH LINE Weither emergency operations 2212 8. DIK on each line 45744 f. Vaiting time before getting appoint-Q. NA W Dis- Disagree BOT Acres ments with hospital consultants 2213 strongly Agree disagree agree strongly a) formal exame are the best g. General condition of hospital buildings way of judging the ability 2214 of pupils. 2228 h. Mospital casualty departments 2215 b) On the whole, pupils are too i. Staffing level of nurses in young when they have to hospitals decide which subject to 2216 specialise in. 2229 1. Staffing level of doctors in bossitale 2217 c) The present law allows pupils k. Quality of medical treatment in to leave school when they are 2210 hospicals tee young. 2218 Quality of nursing care in 4) So much acception is given bospitals 2219 to exam results in Bricain w. Waiting areas in casualty that a pupil's everyday classroom work counts for departments in hospitals 2226 too little. 2231 a. Weiting areas for out-patients im hospicals 2221 ALL. From what you know or have heard, please tick one o. Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries 1.04 2222 box on each line to show how well you think state secondary schools novadays PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Please continue ... Bot Not at OF EACH LINE Fery well Quite well very well all well 8 = DK on each line 9. A/A - . a) ... prepare young people for work? 2232 b) ... tesch young people basic skills such as reading, writing and mache? 2233 c) ... bring out young people's astural abilities? 2234

T 2 05	ALL From what you know or have h	- 3 -	A P1ck	. har			OFFICE		ALL		- 4 -				ı	1
,	for each statement about statement compared with 10 years ago						ONLY	2 00	700 00000 00 00000	•						OFFICE USE ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOIL ON EACH LINE 8 = DIK on each line 9 : 1/A	Huch better now than 10	A liccie	About	A Liccle	Much worse sow Cham 10		a	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  9 = m/A on each line  A working mother can establish	Strongly		Heither agree sor disagree		Strongly disagree		CAND 23
4)	On the whole, do you think school-leavers are beccer qualified or worse qualified nowadays than they	years ago	bacter	che same	VOC#4	years ago			just as verm and secure a relacionship with her children as a mother who does not work							2364
<b>b</b> )	vere 10 years ago?  Do you think teachers are						2235	b	A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mather works							2309
	becter paid or morse paid novadays chan they were 10 years ago?						2216	c	All in all family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job							2310
c)	And do you chink classroom behaviour is better or worse nowadays than it was 10 years ago?			<u></u>			2217	4	A voman and her family will all be happier if she goes out to work							2311
	,	Much	L_41		<u> </u>	Mack	123,	•	A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children							2312
<b>d</b> )	Do you chink parents have	then 10 years ago	A little More			cham 10 years ago		ŧ	Having a job is the best way for a woman to be an independent person							2313
	more respect or lass respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago?						2230	<b>E</b>	A husband's job is to earn money; 4 wife's job is to look after the home and family							2314
•)	And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago?				_,		2239	b	Mothers of young children should not expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and child-care					[]		2315
Đ	Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays then they were 10 years ago?						2240	1	The government should provide money for child- care, so that mothers of young children can work	—	<u>ب</u>			—		
<b>£</b> )	And on the whole do you think the job of a state secondary school-teacher is								if they want to		L-#		<u></u>		<u></u>	2316
	more difficult or less difficult nowadays than it was 10 years ago?						2241									
				Pluasi	eontu	ue.	2242-80									

	₹.	ALL	-	5 -				OFFICE	₹.	<b>A.</b>	- 6 -				i
1	2.07	Do you think that women						ONLY		Mr.					OFFICE
1		home full-time, part-ti these circumstances?	308 70 846	at all undi	• C				2.09	Listed below are various areas Please show whether you would	like to see	more or le	18.		ONLY
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Work	Work	Stay	Can't			government spending in each at Remember that if you say "much		miehr regu	re		GO TO CARD 21
ii.		9: N/A on each in		full-time						a cax increase to pay for it.	i more , cc	TENC INC	•		
1		there are children?		لنا		إنا		2317		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Spend	Spend Che	S	end	
1		b. When there is a chi	ld under							9 = 1/A on each line	much Spe			ina choose	
		school age?		المليا			لقـــا	2318		•				5 8	2150
		c. After the youngest of starts school?	child						۸.	The environment					
				بنا	لكسيا	<u> </u>	اللاسب .	2319	8.	Health	نا ك				2151
		d. After the children   home?	leave					2320	c.	The police and law enforcement					2152
									D.	Education				5 9	2153
-	_	ALL		<del></del>		<del></del>	····	<b></b> -	ε.	The milicary and defence				3	2154
	2.08	Think of a child under : both have full-time jobs	3 years ol	d whose per	ents			İ	٠.	the military and detence	——————————————————————————————————————				
, ,		How suitable do you chis	ak each of		dcare				₹.	Old age pensions			ا لايا		2155
I		arrangements would be for PLEASE TICK OHE BOX	or the chi	147					Ģ.	Unemployment benefits			L	<u> </u>	2156
		ON EACH LINE 9 = N/A on each line	Very	Somewhat	Not warm #	ot at all	Cam'c		ĸ.	Culture and the arts				5 9	2157
		• •	suitable		-	seitable	choose			ALL			<del></del>		
		a. A scace or local auchority nursery?		2				2321	2.10	How serious an effect on our you think each of these thing		do			CARD 23
		• • •								PLEASE TICK OHE BOX			_		}
		b. A private creche or nursery?						2322		ON EACH LINE 8 = DIK for each line	Very seriou	Quite a serious	Mot very	Not at all	
										Q ~ N/A Boise from air	craft				2361
		c. A childminder or bebysitter?						2323		Lead from p	一	ā		Ħ.	2362
									T.	dustrial waste in the rivers an	一				2363
		<ol> <li>A neighbour or friend?</li> </ol>						2324		te from nuclear electricity sta	$\equiv$				2364
						$\overline{}$				Industrial fumes in th			Ī		2365
		e. A relative?	لــنا	لئيا	انا	لئــا	الفا	2325		Noise and dirt from tr	一言			Ħ	2366
		f. A workplace nursery	$\overline{}$		$\overline{}$						C410 [4]			$\Box$	2367
		or crecke?	لــنا	<u>L</u> 1	<u>L_1</u>	لنا	لفا	2326	Cartain	aerosol chemicals in the atmos				<b></b> ⊁	12/
-	<del></del>			<del></del>	····			2317-2328		Cuccing down cropical rainfo	(	$\Box$		—————————————————————————————————————	2328
					Plea	es contin	ue	£31143AF		Delete codes and tro		borrow	$\frac{1}{\rho \rho}$		GO TO
	•						}		•	and write in cods.	maper W	SUCCES	, 2) wa	50	2368
							l			WE WITH 117 WIS,					

¥		114	- 7	OFFICE USE OHLY	¥	į	ALL	- 8 -			,	OFFICE USE ONLY
2 114	a) [		three possible solucions to Britzin's ould you favour most?	1	2 13		Please tick one box on each line how you feel about	t Co show				CARD 24
		PLEASE TICK ONE 30X 8 = D K 9 - N A	We should build more coal-fuelled power stations	2364			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE 9 = N/A on each line 8 = D/K on each line	It should be scopped sitogether	be dis-	Don't mind one way or the other	It should be encour -aged	
ļ		1 - 1411	We should build more quelear power stations			4)	Increasing the amount of countryside being farmed					2408
					1	<b>b</b> )	Suilding new housing in country areas					2409
t	<b>b</b> )		ower stations are concerned which comes closest to your own faelings?  (/)		•	c)	Puccing the needs of farmers becore procection of wildlife					2410
		8= DK	They create very serious risks for the future	2369	•	<b>d</b> )	Providing more roads in country areas					2411
		9= 4/A	They create only slight risks for the future			<b>a</b> )	increasing the number of picnic areas and camping sites in the countryside		_,			2412
2 12:	a)	co your own views? PLEASE TICK	They create hardly any risks for the future  two statements comes closest  Industry should be prevented from causing (/)		2 14	-	Here is a list of predictions say how likely or unlikely you crue within the next ten years?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION		to come	uita Not vo	Bot at	
		OME BOX 8. DIK 9. NIA	damage to the countryside, even if this sometimes leads to higher prices of	2370	İ	4)	Sable on each line  Acta of political terrorism to	Bricain Will	likaly l	ikely (ike)	ly likaly	
		-dewile	Industry should keep prices down, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside		!	<b>b</b> )	be common events  Riors and civil disturbance in will be common events	our cities				2413
ì	F)	to your own views?	tvo statements comes <u>closest</u>			c)	There will be a world war involuded Europe	ving Bricaio	' 🔲 [			2415
		PLEASE TICK OUT SOX 8 = DIK	The countryside should be protected from development, even if this sometimes leads to fewer new jobs	2371		4)	There will be a serious accides British nuclear power station	c at a		,		2416
		9= 11/4	OR  New Jobs should be created, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside		l	4)	The police in our cities will f impossible to protect our perso om the streets					2417
		<del></del>	Please continue	2372-80		£)	The government in Britain will thrown by revolution	pe ower-				2418
					İ	<b>\$</b> )	A nuclear bomb will be dropped in the world	somewhere				2419

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t.	Δ.	- 1					OFFICE								
	ALL						ONLY	T.	ALL	- 10	•				OFFICE USE
2. 15	Please tick one box for each show how much you agree or di			•				2. 17	Please tick one box for each stat						ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE						]		show how much you agree or disagr  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ee wich :	le.				
	8- DK on each line	Agree		Seither agree nor		Disagree	İ		ON EACH LINE 9: N/A on each line	Agree		Meither		Disagres	
		atrongly	Agree	disagree	Disagree	strongly		4)	Too much money is spent crying to	scrongi	Agree	disagree	DISSELSE	*CLOUGIA	
4)	The government should do more to protect the environment,							İ	procect rare plants and animals	لــا		L3	انسا		2425
	even if it leads to higher caxes.		2				2420	ļ b)	Science can solve environmental problems without any need for				С <b>-</b>		
<b>b</b> )	Industry should do more to								people to change their behaviour	لنب	انسا	انسا	<u></u>	عا	2426
	protect the environment, even if it leads to lover profits	<u> </u>						c)	It is acceptable to use animals for testing and improving cos-				·		
	and fewer jobs.	للسا	12	لنا	افسا	ائـــا	2421		metics				ادسا	ا	2427
4)	Ordinary people should do mor- to protect the environment,	•						4)	It is acceptable to use animals for testing medicines if it could	ر <del>۔</del>					
	even if it means paying higher prices.						2422	1	save human lives			انسا		افسا	2428
					<del></del>		<u> </u>	•)	Fox hunting should be banned by law						2429
2. 164)	Please cick one box to show w			•				£)	for the sake of the environment,						
	"Within County years, life on	_					<u> </u>	۵۱	car users should pay higher caxes	ш	<u>2</u>	السا	لنا	L_3	2430
	be seriously damaged by a ris- world's temperature."							<b>E</b> )	Richer countries ought to give financial help to poorer countries	ı,					
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					(/)	[		to help them cut back on their pollution		2				2431
	8: DK 9: NA		[t	is highly	exaggerate	4	2423	h)	If the government had to choose, it should improve roads rather						
	te offi		It i	s slightly	exaggerate	id 🗔			then public transport						2432
			ι	t is more o	or less Cru	• 🗔		2. 18	Please tick one box on each line					<del></del>	2433-50
									think about allowing people to smo following places.	2KG [2] 64					
b)	and please tick one box to she to your views about this state		is close	<b>a</b> c					PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	freely		ng should stricted	banned	Cam't	
	"Within twenty years, damage			•					9. N/A on each line	allowed		certain ress	al- Cogether	choose	
	environment will be the bigge problem facing Europe."	et single				<u>(/)</u>		a)	on airline flights?		ſ	2			2451
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		Įε	is highly	exeggerate	ا ا	2424	<b>b</b> )	on trains?	$\overline{\Box}$	Ī		Ħ		2452
	8 - DK		Ec 1	s slightly	exaggerace	ıd 🗔		c)	in hospitals?	一	Ī	<del>_</del>	Ħ.	Ħ	2453
	9 . N/A		7	t is more o	or take fro			4)	at people's places of work?		Ī				2454
			•						in cinemas?		Ī	2	一		2455
				Plan	ise continu				in restaurants?		Ī		一		2456
									in pubs?		Ì	_2			2457
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r	ALL	-	11 -				OFFICE USE OWLY	l T			- 1	2 -				OFFICE
2 19	the son-moker?	, or works o						2 22	<b>!</b>	ALL- Please tick one box for each s show how much you agree or dis	Catement Agree vic	belov co b (c				USE
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  9 = A/A		a fairly	serious h	ealch risk,		2454			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE 8-DIK on each line 9-NIA	Agree		deither agree mor disagree	Disagree	Disagree scrongly	
					malth risk, isk ac all?				<b>a</b> }	There are already enough restrictions on where people can smoke						2463
2 20	ALL Plass cick one box for eac		c below co		n't choose)				<b>b</b> )	The government should cax cigarettes much more heavily to encourage people to stop smoking		[ ]	[]			2464
	PLEASE TICK ONE SOX ON EACH LINE  9. W/A on each line	it Definitely should	Probably should	Probably should sot	Definitely should sot	Can't		ć	c)	If people choose to smoke, asbody should try to persuade them to scop						2465
<b>a)</b>			[2				2459	d		The age at which young people are allowed to buy digaretres should be reduced from 16 co 14						
<b>b)</b>	Insurance companies should charge smokers much more than non- smokers for their life insurance				( <del>)</del>		2460	•		Nowadays most paople look down on smokers						2466
c)		- -						ŧ		Even if people have smoked for a long cime, giving up will still improve their health						2468
2 21	operations  ALL Suppose an employer had to	choose bec	yeen the r	14hca		<u></u>	2461			Good bealth is just a matter of luck						2469
	of smokers and don-smokers closest to your view? PLEASE FICK ONE BOX	Which of	these com	es ve che rig	ht to smoke ely at work		2462	' b.		If heart disease is in your family, there is little you can do to reduce your chances of getring it						2470
	9:~/4	Non-smoker			ght to work urroundings			<b>i</b>		All cigaratte advertising should be banned		_2				2471
				c	am't choose											2472-80
				Plea	se continue	_										
								ı								
							1									

1.	- 13 -	OFFICE USE ONLY	۲.	ALL	- 14 -			i	OFFICE
2.23 a)	Central government provides financial support to housing in two main ways.  First, by means of allowances to low income tenants.  Second, by means of tax relief to people with mortgages.  On the whole, which of these three types of family would you say benefits most from central government support for housing?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	CARD 25		Suppose a newly-married young coup steady jobe, asked your advice about buy or rent a home. If they had what would you advise them to do?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  9: NA	uc whether to				2513
	Families with high incomes  9. NA  Families with aiddle incomes  Families with low incomes	2508		Still thinking of what you might so couple, please tick one box for eac to show how much you agree or disas	h statement b	Can	me at al		
b)	Which of these three views comes closest to your own on the sale of council houses and flats to tenants?  PLEASE TICK Council tenants should not be allowed to buy their houses or flats  8 = D K 9 = N/A  Council tenants should be allowed to buy but only in areas with no housing shortage	2509		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OB EACH LINE B : DK on each line G. NA Owning your home can be a risky investment	Agree Jus		Just	Disagree strongly	2514
	Council tenants should generally be allowed to buy their houses or flats		111)	ver time, buying a home works out less expensive than paying rent		2			2515
2.24	ALL Which of the following scatments do you think are generally true and which false?			Owning your home makes it easier to move when you want to-					2516
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  8 - D K on each line 9: A A - " Council cenants pay low cents		v) :	need urgencly for other things Owning a home gives you the free- dom to do what you want to it				ائيا آ	2517
	Councils give a poor standard of repairs and maintenance	2510 2511	vi) vii)	Owning a home is a big financial burden to repair and maintain Your own home will be something					2519
	Council escares are generally pleasant places to live	2512	viii) (	co leave your family  Owning a home is just too much of a responsibility				i	2520 2521
	Please continue			Owning a home is too much of a coordinate without secure jobs					2522
		,	x)	Couples who buy cheir own homes would be wise to wait before starting a family					2523

2524-55

	· 15 ·	OFFICE USE ONLY		ALL	- 16 -			•	OFFICE USE OKLY
2 26	Hew kinds of technology are being introduced more and more in Sritain: computers and word processors,		, 28	Please cick one box for each scates show how much you agree or disagree					CARD 26
	robots in factories and so on Plessa cick one box to show what effect you think this rechnology will have over the next five years?  PLEASE TICK ONE SOX			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE 8-DIK on each line	Agree	Neither agree cor disagree	Disagree	Disagree scrongly	
	% Dk 9 N/A to will increase the number of Jobs available	2556	a)	Government should redistribute income from the better-off to those who are less well off			_,		2608
	[r will reduce the number of jobs available		b)	Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers					2609
	It will make no difference to the number of jobs available		c)	Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the nation's wealth					2610
2 274)	Do you think that the introduction of new technology in Britain over the next five years will PLEASE TICK OBE BOX (/)		4)	There is one law for the rich and one for the poor					2611
	8- D/K make work more interesting. 9- N/A make work more boring.	2557	<b>a)</b>	Hanagement will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance					2612
	or - will it make no difference to work?		£)	Young people codey don't have emough respect for traditional British values					2613
	And will ic PLEASE TICK OFF BOX  (/)	: 	<b>E</b> )	People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences					2614
	8- PK make life more difficult, 19- N/A make life essier, 29- N/A or - will it make no difference?	2556	P)	People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the government					2615
J			1)	For some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence					2615
č)	Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: the government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain		1)	People should be allowed to publish leaflacs to process against the government					2617
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Agree strongly  (/)	2559	k)	Schools should teach children to obey authority					2618
	9 2 N/A  Heather agree nor disagree		1)	People should be allowed to organise procest marches and demonstrations					2619
	Disagree Disagree scrongly		<b>=</b> )	The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong					2620
	Please continue		(2	Cameorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards					2621
						 			2622-35

## THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.

Mani Ognac 33 MORTHAMPTON SQUARE. LONGON ECIT BAX T-hypers 81-238 1866	SCPR	Field and BP Office: SAREHTONOOS, ESSEX Names and Office: SAREHICTON CO. DUSHAM
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? 1090/Northern Ireland

Spring 1990

# NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES. 1990 SURVEY

Serial 4 dig ts Card 0	T #- ' [ ]
1 2 Area number	Time interview # dig 165 qqqq. N/A
Incerviewer 0	Bacch Code

AL: On the whole, do you chink that incarescs are becter served by	che UK's		
9: 1/A cl	oser links with Western Europe,	1	231
	or - closer links with America?	2	ĺ
	(Both equally)	3	1
	(Heither)	4	
	(Don't know)	8	
Do you think that the sicing of missiles in Britain makes Brita less safe place to live?	American nuclear in a safer or a Safer	ı	2 3 2
	Less safe	2	
9: N/A 4: no difference	(Don't know)	8	
And do you think that having its nuclear missiles makes Bricain a safe place to live? 9:44 4: no difference	s own independent safer or a less Safer Less safe (Don't know)	1. 2. 8.	233
	K nuclear policy?  clear weapons while persuading  others to do the same	1	234
	weapons until it can persuade others to reduce theirs	•	
8= DK 9.1/A	(Neither of these)	3	
Which political party's views on you say comes closest to your ow CODE ONE ONLY		•	
OWLY CODE ALLIANCE AFTER PROBE: Social and Liberal Democrats or	Conservative	1	235
SDP (Owen)?	Labour	2	
Hainland or Northern [reland?	(Social and) Liberal Democrac/Liberal/SLD	•	
9. 1/A	SDP/Social Democrac	3	
b = Green Harry	(Mainland - Alliana)	5	
9. 1/A b = Green Party Other (WRITH IN.) Nemt Provide	le attentise Final List with S.Na	7	1
1	(Don't know)	8	
	(DON'E KNOW)	a	
	3000	U	

2.a1

<u>//LU</u>	·		ł			
CAED B			)	:	•••	1
7 Which of the phrases on your opinion about three	this card is closest to		1		SECTION TWO	1
None obtutes good cutas	ts to solle peacet				ALL	
9 N/A		_	236		<del></del>	
' America is a gre	acer threat to world peace than Russia	ı	***		Now I would like to ask you about two economic	
Russia is a grea	cer chreat to world peace than America	2	1		problems - inflation and unemployment	
Russia and America ar	e equally great chreats to world peace	3	· ·	LO	first, inflation: in a year from now, do you	
ł	Heicher is a threst to world peace	4		t	expect prices generally to have gone up, to	ĺ
- i - 1	(Dan's knov)	<b>6</b>	1	1	have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	}
i		-			If COME UP OR COME SOUTH: To have gone up by a lot leave for a little?	
↓ }			i i		9.4/A To have gone up by a lictle 2	į.
8 a) Do you chink the long to			j	1	To have scayed the same ]	
PHILL CARRY	9. 4/4				To have gone down by a little 4	ľ
2 M WELLAND INDERFORM SAIG	to remain part of the United Kingdom,		217		To have gone down by a lot 5	}
S.UP TO MAN TO TALE DE OF	- co causify with the rest of Ireland?	2	Ĭ	1	(Dog't know) å	1
Oches ansver (VRITE IN:)	Perot Parsible orthogus Final List	1			(ban c rade)	<b></b>
1 1	with SNe			*		1
b) Some people chink that g				i	Second, unemployment: in a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up,	
b) Some people chink that g Northern Ireland should	include a complete with-		1		to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	
draval of Bricish troops	Would you personally		1	1	IF COMES OF OR COMES DOWN; To have gone up by a lot 1	1
	policy! PROSE: Strongly			il I	By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little 2	
or a liccia?	j Support strongly	ı	218		1 9. J/A	
3, WITHTHE WAL OF TROOPS IN	THE LONG TELM NOT Support a Little	2	- }	4	To have scayed the same ]	- i
b. IT'S UP TO THE WISH TO				1	To have gone down by a little 4	
8- DK			f	1	To have gone down by a Loc 5	
Отија <u>-</u>	Oppose a little	•			(Dam't know) 8	_
Other answer (MRITE IN)	Kernde it possible attanuise Final List	7	<b>——</b>			
L I	with S No			2 4)	If the government had to choose between	
9 a) [[ British troops were w	tchdrawn from Morthern Ireland,		l l		keeping down inflation or keeping down 8 mpk	- 1
	be more or lass bloodshed in		1	1	unemployment, to which do you think it quiA	i
	it make so difference? If Lega) bloodshed or 4 little		1	ļ	A HELL CODE ,	
imore/less/?					3. BOTH COUNCLY CAN'T SEMEATE Resping down toflation 1	
1 8. =K	A lac mere bloodshed	l.	239	1	Keeping down unemployment 2	
A- M/A	A lictle more bloodshed	1	1		Other answer (MRIIS IN) Records Born bie complete Inglet with Su. 1	1
	_ A lircle less bloodshed	3	1	i	<del></del>	
}	A lot less bloodshed	Ā	1	, F)	Which do you chink is of most concern	]
ŀ		•	l l		to you and your family READ OUT	1
( )	No difference	,	<del></del>		t NEW CODES	- 1
<b>1</b>			1		3. BOTH EQUALITY/CAN'T SEAMANTE OF - UNEMPLOYMENT 2	- 1
b) And in the long-term if	British croops were withdrawn, do				Call a Chi	j
you think there would be	IT HORE/LESS: A lot (more/less)		1		Other (WELTE IN) Perot & provide attende Anal Locath S.N.	1
bloodshed or a little #	ore/lass)1		1		9.1)A (Bon't know) 8	- 1
	A lot more bloodshed	1	240	i		i
8 - 71K	A little more bloodsked		i			l
9= 414			1	•		1
	A Little less bloodshed		l l			ļ
i	A lot less bloodshed	4	i i			- 1

	ı			ı	-	1	
	. 5 -			}		- 6 -	
	<u>ALL</u>					ALL :	
<b>L3</b> .	Looking shead over the next year, do you think					CARD C	
Ĭ	the UK's general industrial performance will improve, stay much the same, or decline?				17.	Generally, how would you describe <u>levels of taxation</u> ?	
1	IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE: Improve a lo	: L		249	a)	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	
1	By a loc or a liccie? [mprove a licci.	2		{		this card. AECORD ANSWER IN COL a) RELOW	
1	9. NA Stay such the same			1	₩.	Next for those with middle incomes? Please thoose a phrase from	
•	Dectine a licel			1	Ĭ	this card. IECORD ANSWER IN COL b) BRION	
i	Decline a lo			1	1	· .	
- {	(Don't know			1	c)	And lastly for those with low incomes? Please choose a phrase from	
ĺ	(DOIL C KHOW	, •			-	chis card. RECORD ARSWER IN COL c) BELOW	
14.	Maria da maria de la ligida de la la la la la la la la la la la la la			1		(a) (b) (c)	
14.	Here are a number of policies which might help the UK's economic problems. As I read them out, will you call me			1		ONE CODE - EACH COLUMN Sigh Middle Low incomes incomes incomes	
İ	whather you would support such a policy or oppose it?					9- 4/4 266 267 268	
	READ OUT ITEMS ()-x) AND CODE FOR EACH	Support	Оррове	1		72 N/A Taxes are: Much coo high 5 5 5	
,	ONE CODE FOR EACH STATEMENT			250			
i)	Gonerol of wages by la		2	251			
ii)	Concrol of prices by la	v 1	2	[ ***			
111)	Reducing the level of government spending on health and		•	252		Tao Low 2 2 2	
	Government controls to cut down goods from abroa		<u>2</u>	253	-	ALL Much coo low 1 1 1	
iv)	•		_	254	(9 -)	1 1	
v)	Increasing sovernment subsidies for private industr			255	[8.a) 	Among which group would you place yourself	
vt)	Reducing government spending on defeat		2	256	11		269
vii)	Government schemes to encourage job sharing	_	Z	1		9> N/A middle income, 2	
viii)	Government to set up construction projects to create more job		2	257	-	or - law income? 3	
ix)	Covernment action to cut interest rate		, <u>-</u>	258	•	At a through,	
x)	Government controls on hire purchase and credi		2	259	_	CARD D	
	ALL				] မ်ာ	Which of the phrases on this card would you	
15.	On the whole, would you like to see more			Ì		say comes closest to your feelings about your	
}	or less scate ownership of industry, or			1	_	household's income these days?	
	about the same amount as now?			260	] [	9- NA Living confortably on present income 1 2	270
1	9. N/A Hor	-			_	Coping on present income 2	
- 1	Lea			1	- 1	Finding it difficult on present income 3	
1	About the same amoun					Finding it very difficult on present income 4	
ĺ	(Don't know	) 8		ļ	- } }	Other (WELTE IN.) Percola Possible otherwise Final List with SNo. 7	
¥				1	-		
16.	Thinking of income levels generally in the			1	1.4	Looking back over the last year or so, would you	
	UK today, would you say that the <u>rap</u> between those with high incomes and those with low			1	1	say your household's income has READ OUT	
	incomes is READ OUT				Ì	92 N/A fallen behind prices, 1	271
i	8 2 D/K coo large	, 1		161	ł	kept up with prices, 2	
	9 × N/A about right	. 2				or - gone up by more than prices? 3	
	or - too small	? 1			_	(Don't know) 8	
				252-65	}	/pour c xuda) 9	
·					- 1		

21

- 17 -How seriously in the past five years have you considered gerring a full-time job? .. READ OUT ... ... very seriously, 1 2 CO TO Q.59 PROMPT, IF MECESSARY: FULL TIME quice seriously. IS 30 BRS+ PER WEEK 768 8 = DK not very seriously, ASK b) 9 - N/A or - not at all seriously? IF NOT VERY OR NOT AT ALL SERIOUSLY P 768/ b) How seriously, in the past five years, have you considered getting a part-time job? ... SEAD OUT ... 8. NK ... very seriously, quice seriously, 769 not very seriously, or - not at all seriously? ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE BONE 1 273.274/10 Do you think you are likely to look for a paid job in the next 5 years? IF TES: Full-time or part-time? 9-11 Yes - full-cime Yes - part-time 776

ALL DOING SOMETHING ELSE (CODE 11 AT Q.21)

And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than 10 hours a week?

9 - NA

Other (WRITE IN) Kecade of possible ownerwise

SECTION THREE

Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

MI	CODE	OMLT	LH	EACE	COLUM	lac Priority 921-22	2nd <u>Prioricy</u> 923-24
					Education	O1	01
					Defence	02	02
					Health	03	03
					Housing	04	04
					Public cransport	05	05
					Roads	06	06
					Police and prisons	07	07
					Social security benefits	08	08
					Help for industry	09	09
					Oversess aid	10	10
					(MONE OF THESE)	11	11
					(Don't know)	98	98
					N/A	99	99

CARD J ALL

771-919

SPARE

920

Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?

OME CODE OMET IN STUCK COLUMN	lat <u>Priority</u> 925	2nd Priority 926
Retirement pensions	1	ı
Child benefits	2	2
Senefics for the unemployed	3	3
Benefits for disabled people	4	4
Banafics for single parants	5	5
(HONE OF THESE)	6	6
(Don's know)	8	8
N/A	9	9

59.

		- 19 -		
63	)  -  -	I will read two statements. For each one please whether you agree or disagree? Strongly or slig ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH Clarge numbers of people these days falsely claim benefits.	print	
	•)	Large numbers of people who are eligible for bene these days <u>fail</u> to claim them	(a) Falsely claim	(b) Fail to claim
			927	124
		Agras strongly	1	ı
		Agree slightly	2	2
		Disagree slightly	<b>1</b>	)
		Oleagree scrongly	4	•
		ALL (Bon'c know)	9	9
64		Opinions differ about the level of benefits for the unemployed Which of these two statements comes closest to your own READ OUT		•
	Į	benefice for the unemployed are too low and c	ouse hardshi	. <b>.</b> 1
	- 1	OR - benefits for the unemployed are too high a	ed discourag	; <b>4</b>
		9- NIA	•	
	ı	Other (PRITE IN) SEE DAN CODING INSTRU	Meither \Aout	-
		OCHET (METER THI) OFF OLEM CODING	(Don't know	_ 7 ·) 8
		CAR & ALL		
65		Suppose the government had to choose between the options on this card. Which do you think it should		
		leduce cases and spend lags on health, education	end socia benefit	
		Keep taxes and spending on these services at the g	<u>lama</u> level a mo	_
	ĺ	Increase cases and spend more on health, education 9: NA	e and social	
	-		( Mone	) 4
	-		(Don't know	) (
		CARD L ALL		
66		All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied would you say you are with the way in which the National Bersite runs newadays? Choose a phrase from this	lich	
		card	ny satisfie	<b>4</b> 1
	1	6 · 7/V	lca satisfia	4 2
	-1	Weither satisfied ner	dienetisfie	4 3

Quite dissectatied 4

		1		- 20 -				
		ALL					L.	
		CARD L ACAIM						
	17	From your own experience, or	from what	you have	heard, place			
		say how satisfied or diseati	affed you .	are with t	he way in			
		which each of these parts of novadays?	the Matter	al Bealch	Service rus	11		1
		READ OUT 1-41 SELOW AND RING						
		ONTE CODE/FOR EACH			Heither			1
		8. DIK lor each row	Tery	<b>A</b>	sacisfied	Quite		1
		] " "/"		Quite eatisfied	mor dis- satisfied	dis- <u>estisfied</u>	Tory dis- ascisfied	ł
							<u> </u>	1
	)	First, local doctors/GPs?	l.	2	3	4	5	932
	1)	Wational Wealth Service dentists?	,	2	,			l <u>.</u>
	11)	Health vistcors?		·£ 2		2	}	ļ-?!!
	<b>1</b> }	District ourses!	-	. 2	,	•	\$	114
	)	Seing in hospital as an						115
	-	inpatient?	ı	2	3	4	5	916
	()	Attending hospital as an	_					1
		outpationt?	ı	2	3	4	5	117
		ÀLL						
929	ره	Are you covered by a privace						
	1 - 1	schame, that is as insurance	scheme the	surance c allove				ł
		you co got private medical tr	eacmant?					}
		8. DK						
		d' 4   v			_			1
	ļ					••	ASK b)	***
						Ho 2	CO TO Q 69	
	ł	IF THE AT 4) P 938/1						
936		b) Done your employer (or yo	ur husband	's/wife's				ļ
	l	employer) pay the majorit	y of the co	osc of				1
	- 1	9- 4)A	1					ĺ
	f	1 10				4.0 L		139
						No 2		
	- 1	ASK ALL			(Dog't know	·) 8		<u> </u>
	. [	It has been suggested that the	• Mariasal	Baalab				Į
	ł	Service should be available of	nly to thos	e wich				
	- 1	lower incomes This would me and taxes could be lover and	eem that co	omeributio	9.0			
		take out medical insurance or	pay for he	salch care	••			
	ļ	Po you support or oppose this	Ideal					
931		-1: "/A			Suppo	rc l		548
	- 1				Орро	<del>-</del>		
					(Doe't kee	u) 4		
	- }							941-51
								SPARK

CA	#ħ	¥

ALL

9.4/4

8-01

9: 4/4

8. DK

9 . N/A

... READ OUT ... 8. DIK

70.

713

72.

73.a) Host people see themselves as belonging to a perticular social class. Please look at this card and tell me which social class you would say you belong to? EECORD ABSWEE IN COL a)

> And which social class would you say your parents belonged to when you scarted at primary school? RECORD ANSWER IN COL 6)

955 156 Upper middle Middle Upper working Working Poor

(Don't know)

					1
ĺ		- n -			1
		ALL ASK ALL			
	1	(4.3) Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion?  IF TES: Which?			
		CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion	01	ASR b)	1
į		98. DK Christian - no denomination	02	)	
		99. NA Roman Catholic	03		
	952	Church of Ireland/Anglican	04		
		Beptist	05		}
1		Hechodisc	06		961-62
		Presbycarian	07	İ	ł
		Free Presbycerian	21	ļ	1
		årechren.	22	60 10	
1		Other Procestant (PRITE IN) FINAL LIST WITH SNO	27	Q.74c)	ĺ
ı		Other Christian (WEITE IN:) " " " "	08		Ì
	1	Eladu	09		1
	953	Jewish	10		1
1	,	Mustim	III		
		Sikh	12		]
1		Buddhist	13	ĺ	
1	1	Other non-Christian (WRITE IN:) THAL UST WITH SN.	15	<u> </u>	ł
1		Refused/unwilling to say	21	CO 10 Q.75	<u> </u>
	*	IF NO EXILICION (CODE OL AT a)			
ı	954	b) In what religion were you to religion brought up? PROBE IF	01	GO TO Q.75	
ł	:	MECESSART: What was Christian - no denomination	02	)	
l		your family's religion? Somen Catholic	03		
1		98. DK Church of Ireland/Anglican	04		!
١		Japeise Sapeise	05	•	963-64
ĺ		Hechodist	06		
		Presbyterian	07		
		Free Presbycarian	21		ł
Į		Other Processant (WRITE IN.) FAMIL UST WITH SAME	22	ASK Q.74c)	i
ı		Other Christian (Walts III.)	27		
			08		
ł		Bindu	09		
1		Jeutah	10		
ł		Muslim	11		
1		\$ikh	12		l
1		Other non-Christian (WRITE IR.) FINAL LIST WITH SNo	13		
Ì	957-66	Refused/unvilling to say	19.	CO TO 5 55	1
I	SPARE	Actuaco, unwitting to say	97	GO TO Q.75	<del> </del>

```
P 961 62 /02 27 OR 963.64/02-27
 c) Apart from such special occasions as veddines.
 funerals and bancisms how often novadays do you
 accend services or esectings connected with your
 celizion?
 PROBE AS MECESSART
 Once a veek or more
 98. OK
 Lass often but at lesst once in two weeks
 99 N/A
 Less often but at lesst once a month
 Less often but at least twice a year
 Less often but at least once a year | Q5
 Less often
 Mever or practically never 07
 Varies too much to say
 Refused/unvilling to ensure $7
 ME ALL ALL
 Do you think that divorce to Horthern
 Ireland should be
 READ OUT
 9:2/
 easier to obtain than it is now.
 more difficult.
 or - should things remain as they are?
 (Don't know)
 There is a law to the UK against sex discrimina-
 tion, that is against giving unfair preference to
 men - or to woman - in employment, pay and so on
 Support L
 Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a
 law for this purpose?
 8- DIK
 Oppose 2
17
 Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships
 If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage.
 what would your general opinion be? Please choose & phrase
 from this card | RECORD IN COL a)
 b) What about a married person having sexual relations with
 someone other than his or her partner? Please choose a
 phrase from this card
 EXCORD IN COL b)
 What about sexual relations between two adults of the
 same sex? Please choose a shrese from this card
 RECORD LE COL c)
 (a)
 (b)
 (e)
 REFORE
 EXTRA
 SAME
 MARRIAGE
 MARITAL
 SEX
 1810
 1011
 1012
 1
 1
 Alvays wrong
 Youtly wrong
 3
 Sometimes wrong
 Rarely wrong
```

Not wrong at all

(Depends/varies)

DK

e i

5

a

8

```
- 25 -
 ALL
 - 26 -
How common in this area is it for people to be
 ALL
arracked and to have things stolen from them in
the street ... READ OUT ...
 And if you had withtesed that burglary, how likely
 15.
 would you be to come forward to give evidence in
 9. 1/1
 ... very common,
 court? Would you ... READ OUT ...
 fairly common,
 9 = N/A
 1026
 ... definitely come forward.
 not very common,
 or - not at all common?
 probably come forward.
 (Don't know)
 probably not come forward,
 definitely not come forward?
 (Refused/unwilling)
Now chinking only about non-sectarian crime - crime
nor relaced to the Troubles. Compared with the rest of
 (Don't know)
Morthern Ireland, how such non-sectarian crime would you
say there is in your area ... READ OUT ...
 9.NA
 ... a loc more in your area,
 CARD O AGAIR
 a bic more.
 1027
 Now suppose you saw a car being hijacked, which of
 about the same amount.
 the things on this card would you be most likely
 to do?
 a bic less.
 ONE CODE ONLY
 or - a lor less in your area?
 9. N/A
 (Don't know)
 Not report it at all
 Report it by:
 Using the confidential telephone, without
 giving my name
And what about non-sectarian crime in Northern
Ireland compared with Great Britain? Would you
 Telephoning the police directly
say there is ... READ OUT ...
 Asking someone else to report it
 ... a lot more crime in Northern Ireland.
 Going to the police myself
 9-1/4
 a bit more crime.
 (Refused/unwilling)
 1026
 about the same amount.
 (Dog't know)
 a bit less crime.
 or - a lot less crime in Northern Ireland?
 (Don't know)
 And if you had witnessed that hijacking, how
 likely would you be to come forward to give
 evidence in court? Would you ... ERAD OUT ...
CARD O
 9:4/4
 ... definitely come forward.
If you happened to see a house being burgled, which
of the things on this card would you be most likely
 probably come forward,
to do?
 probably not come forward,
OME CODE ONLY
 definitely not come forward?
 9- 1/4
 Not report it at all
 (Refused/unwilling)
 Using the confidential telephone, without
 Report it by:
 1029
 (Don't know)
 giving my name
 Telephoning the police directly
 Asking someone else co report it
 Going to the police myself
 (Refused/unwilling)
 (Don't know)
```

1033-40

1030

1031

1032

 _	<u> </u>

There are many reasons why Catholica are put off from joining the RUC On this card are some possible reasons Please read through the whole list and them tell me which you think Is the most important reason and which is the next most important

CODE ONE UNDER 'NEXT MOST'	Host Important 1674	Mext most important 1871	
They try to join but are not chosen because they are Cacholic	1	L	
They do not want to join because they feel they will be treated badly by the AUC	2	2	
Other Catholics put pressure on them not to join	J	3	
They are not as well-qualified as Protestants to join the AUC	4	4	
(Mone of these)	5	3	
(Dog't knew)			
N/A	9	9	

# CARD & ALL

100 a) If there is a complaint against the police in Morthern Ireland, which of these bodies de you think is responsible for looking ince it? RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW

> And who do you think should be responsible? EXCORD IN COLUMN (b) SELOW

	(a) Who is responsible 1072-71	(b) Who should be 1074-75	
The Home Office	01	01	
The Morthern Ireland office	02	02	
The Police Authority of Morthern Ireland	03	03	ŀ
The Chief Coustable of the RUC	04	04	1
The Bricish acmy	05	05	
The courts	06	<b>06</b>	
District or local councils	07	07	
(None of these)	97	97	İ
(Don't know)	98	58	1
n/n	99	99	<u> </u>
			107

	32 -		CARD []
,	ALL Generally speaking, do you think of yourself		
	as a supporter of any one political party?  1 3 3 4 5 3 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	( CO TO 4)	1106
-	IF NO AT a) PILOSE	Z ASK b)	<del> </del>
١	b) Do you chink of yourself as a little closer		]
	to one policical percy than to the others? Yes	( CO TO 4)	1109
İ	4.~/A Ho []	2 ASE c)	<del></del>
	c) If there were a general election tomorrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to supperc? CODE ONLY UNDER c & d)  If HAINLAND ALLYANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDF (Oven)?	98- DK 991 ~/A	
ļ	IF TES AT a) OR b) 10 1108/1 oc 1109/1		
l	d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY OWDER c & d) IF HAINLAND ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or 5DF (Owen)?	98. 3/K 99. 3/A	
ĺ	IF HALIFLAND PARTY MANEED AT c) OR d) 1 110 11/01 4 05	7712/4	ĺ
	e) If there were a general election in which only forthern (reland percies were standing, which one do you think you would be most likely to support?		
Ì	CUDE ONE ONLY DEDER 4)	<u>c &amp; d)</u>	•)
1	98. pk	ш <b>і</b> -п	1112-1113
ľ	99. A/A Conservative	1	-
ł	Labour (Social and) Liberal Democrac/Liberal/SLD	02	1.
ł	SDP/Social Democrac	03 } 47	•
l	(Heinland) Allianca (AFTER PROFE)	05	l
l	Alliance (MI)	20	20)
L	DUP/Democratic Unionist Party	21	21
l	OUP/Official Unionist Party/Ulater Unionist Party	22	22
l	Other Unionisc	23	23
	Sian Fein	24 } £)	26 } £ 3
ļ	SOLP	25	25
۱	Workers Parcy	26	26
ĺ	Campaign for Equal Citizenship	27	27
1	O Green Party/Ecology Party	95	95
٩	Other parcy (WRITE IN) Mecodo is possible otherwise Final List with SNo	08	08
٩	Cher answer (WRITE IN) No Listing George	09	09
l	Hone	10 Q 102	10 Q 102
4	P ANY MORTEREN TEXTAND PARTY COOKS AT c) & d) or e)	97	97
	) Would you call yourself very scrong (QUOTE PARTY NAMED) fairly strong, or not very strong?		
	9. A/A Very scrong 1		1114
	Fairly acrong 2		
	Not very strong 3		
	(Don'c know) 8		
			l

# SECTION SIX

# ALL

# CARD T

Some countries are called 'free societies' because their citizens' basic rights are protected. Please use this card to say how well-protected you think cirizens' besic rights are in each of the following countries. Just say what you think.

	READ MAME OF EACE COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACE		Citisens'	basic right	& are:		 
	9= N/A Breach county	Yery well protected	Fairly well protected	Not very well protected	Not at all well protected	(Don't know/ Can't say)	<u> </u>
a)	che USA?	ì	2	3	4	8	1121
<b>b</b> )	West Germany?	ı	2	3	4	8	1122
c)	the Soviet Union?	ı	2	3	4	8	1123
4)	Bricain?	1	2	3	. 4	8	1124
•)	China?	1	2	3	4	8	1125
t)	Canada?	i	2	3	4	5	1126_

Some countries are called 'open societies' bacause their cicizens have a right to know what decisions the government is making and why. Please use this card to say how 'open' you think each of the following countries is. Again, just say what you think.

# READ MAKE OF SACE COUNTRY

	AND CODE ONE FOR EACH	Coveragent is:									
,	9= MIN Sor each country	Very open	Fairly open	Not Very open	Not at	(Don't know/ Can't say)					
<b>a</b> )	the USA?	ı	2	3	4	8	1127				
ь)	West Germany?	ţ	2	3	4	8	1128				
c)	the Soviet Union?	L	2	3	4	8	1129				
4)	Britain?	1	2	3	4	8	1130				
4)	China?	ı	2	3	4	8	1131				
e)	Canada?	1	2	3	4	8	1132				

SPARE

All governments keep certain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.

READ OUT a)-c) AMD CODE OME FOR EACH

... Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power station which was unlikely to have harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?

9 = u/A	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	Ł
	Probably allowed	2
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	3
	Definitely not allowed to keep it secret	4

(Don't know) 8

#### CARD G AGAIN

... Suppose the government decided to start developing a new weapons system. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or noc?

9. 4/4	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	ı
•	Probably allowed	2
	Probably nor allowed	3
	Definitely not allowed to keep it secret	4
	(Don't know)	8

### CARD W AGAIN

... Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to make a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?

9. 4/A	Definitely silowed to keep it secret	ı
·	Probably allowed	2
	Probably <u>not</u> allowed	3
	Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret	4
	(Doa't know)	8

1133

1114

Some people say that video cameras ought to be installed in public places to detect criminals Others say that this-will cut down on everyone's privacy Do you chink wideo cameras should or should not be allowed in the following places? Video cameras should: Probably Definitely Graf Boreach Statement Definitely Probably (It depends/ eot 800 be allowed be allowed be allowed be allowed Don't know) 11+0 1151 1142 1141 Suppose two people - one white, one black - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not comit What do you think their chances are of being found guilty READ OUT the white person is more likely to be found guilty, they have the same chance. 1144 er - the black person is more likely to be found suffer? (Don't know) How suppose another two people from different backgrounds - one rich, one poor - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not counit What do you think their chances are of being the rich person is more likely to be found guilty. 1165 they have the same chance or - the poor person is more likely to be found guilty? (Don't know) Now suppose amother two people of different religions - one Protestant, one Catholic - each appear in court charged with a crime they did not commit What do you think their chances are of REAR OUT the Procescant is more likely to be found guilty, | 1146 they have the same chapte. or - the Catholic is more likely to be found guilty? (Don't know)

- 36 -

	<b>{</b>			}		- 38 -		
	ALL					1 4		ı
	CARD AA			ľ		ASE ALL		
	Some prisoners in Britain are 'res that is they are waiting, often fo for their cases to come up in cour	r long periods.			11.a)	Do you think the countryside generally is much the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you think it has changed? IF CHARGED: Has it		
	Which of the scacements on this ca	rd comes <u>closest</u>		i		changed a big or a loc?		
	OUR CODE ONLY	irer .		1147			-	CO TO 0 112
	Q.uA All those accused of a ce	ime for which they might get		1		Changed :	7	ASK b)
	4 prison sentence	should be remended in prison	i t			(Bante )		CO 10 0, 112
	OR Only chose who the courts offence or go missing	believe might commit another should be remanded in prison	1		:	P 1245/2 or 3 IF CHANGED A BIT OR A LOT (CODES 2 OR 3 AT a)		
_		(Bon't know)	<u> </u>	1148-3	-	b) Do you chink the councryside generally has changed for the batter or verse!  B:	iccer l	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1204-4	i	8 = 10/K	Jorse 2	
	ALL	SECTION SEVEN		SPARE		9 · J/A (Sector in some ways/vorse in oct	necs) 3	
	Now I'd like to ask you a few quest countryside and the environment.	tions about the				AR ALL ALL		
	CARD SS (INTERVIEWER: SEE SELOW)			ļ	12.	Are you personally concerned about things that		
	On this card are some activities people do in					may happen to the countryside, or does it not concern you particularly?		
	their leisure time. Have you taken these leisure activities in the la			ļ	,	IF CONCREMED: Are you very concerned, or just		
	G. DIK 9. NIA	Yes	L 60 to q.111	1241		8. DK a bit concerned?	erned l	
		No	2 ASK b)	L		4- 4/A		
	IF 10 AT 4) 1 1241/2				. i i	Dass aar cancern me particul	larly 3	
	b) Can you remember when you <u>last</u> these activities in the countr			1			•	
	IF TES: How long ago was that			Ì		CARD CC		
	PROBE FOR CORRECT CODE	Within past month	l	1242	13 (4)	Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside:		
	9.1/4	1-1 souths ago	1	} ''-"	- 1 1	if you think none of them is a threat, please say so.		
		4-6 months ago	3		-	CODE ONE ONLY IN COL a) BELOW		
		7-12 months ago	•	1	42)	And which do you think is the <u>dext greatest</u> threat? CODE ONE ONLY IN COL b)	(4) Greatest	(b) Mext
ĺ		Nore them one year ago	5	1	- 1	CANAL THE CHILE EN COL BY	tpte45	STOREGUE
		Ko, can't remember		<u> </u>			1246-47	1248-49
	(INTE	RVIEWER REFERENCE ONLY)			ľ	Hotorways and road building	01	01
		CARD 88			Į	Industrial pollution Removal by fermers of traditional landscape, such	02	02
	In the Last four weeks have you			İ	İ	as hedgerows, woodlands	03	03
	been for a drive, outing or				J	Tourism and visitors	04	04
	been for a long walk, ramble councryside				1	Litter	05	95
	visited any historic or state in the countryside	ely homes, gardens, 2008 or	wildlife parks		ļ	Urban growth and housing development	06	06
	gone tishing, horse riding,	shooting or hunting is the c	ountryside	ĺ	ļ	Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	07	07
	visiced seacoast or cliffs			1	-	HOUR OF TRUSE	97	97
						(Don't know)	98	96
				1		N/A	99	99

ĺ			- 39 -				1								ı
	CARD DO ALL								ALL	- 40					
۵.	Now concerned are you about issues? Please choose a ph							16 4)	Do you do any of the following regularing regularing regularing the sound of the following regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regularing regulari	larly,					
	READ OUT A)-1) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH						}		READ OUT ()-x) AND CODE ONE FOR EA	<b>1</b>					
	9. 1/A Breach row				Not at				di wiy	ο.					
	<u>c</u>	Very oscersed		Concerned	concerned	Dom't know/			FOR EACE ITEM CUBED 3 (NOT AT ALL)		332,13	34 VC/	<u>.                                    </u>		
a)	imseccicides, fercil- laces and chemical sprays?	ı	2	1	4		1250		b) Do you intend to READ LIEM the next year or so, or not? 9 * //A	in					
<b>b</b> )	disposal of savage?	ı	2	3	4		1251		COOR AT 6)						1
c)	thinning of the ozone									(a)				(b)	
	layac?	ι	2	3	4	8	1252			Does			lat	and to:	1
4)	risks from nuclear power stations?	i.	2	3	4		1253			y Sometimes	Hot at	(Does mot apply to max)	ĭas S	(Don't	
•)	the growth in the	l	1	)	4		1254	)	ceturn bottles, time, newspapers and so on						
E)	- a cise in the world's		2	3	4		1255	₁₃	for recycling?	2	3	4	ı	_	
<b>6</b> )	using up carch's remaini	og					1256	11)	buy organically-grown fruit and vegetables?	2	3	4		2 8	١,
<b>h</b> )	coal, oil and gas?	1	2	3	•		1237	v)	buy tolletries or commetics not tested on						
	vecer?	ı	2	,	•	•	'*''		emimals? L	2	) 	4	¦ l 	2 8	.   ' }-
t)	the loss of plant and asimal species?	ı	1	3	4	•	1750	) l	buy environment-friendly washing powders or detergents? t	2	3	4		2 0	
	CLED EZ ALL						1	1)	choose to est less mest? L	2	3	4	ı	2 8	IJ,
5	Do you personally belong to listed on this card?	say of ti	he groups					11)	choose products made out	2	3	4	ı	2 8	1
	COOR ALL THAT APPLY				•	<b>^1</b>	1259-00						• • • • • • •		
	TES: HEGGER OF:	Society (	or the Pro	cection of	Bleds	01 02	1237-11	111)	make a conscious effort to save electricity?	2	3	4	ı	2 8	۱ '
	World Wild	ilfo Fund,			Mature	03 04		x)	cut back on driving l	2	3	4	ı	2 8	1
	Ulscar Wildlife	Trust/CP*	I (Epalana			05 04		,	buy environment-f-iendly aerosols?	2	1	4	ι	2 4	
	Ocher wildli					07	1		Ţ						
			-	lers Assoc	_	08			1						
	Other con	uncryside	sport or	recrescion	group	09	ļ								
			Urban co		group	LO			1						
		Campai	ga for Huc	lear Diser		11									-
	<b>18</b> 01			yourt of	TEESE	97	CARD 13	;							

```
- 41 -
 . 47 .
 ALL
 ASK ALL
 SECTION RIGHT
 Which policical parcy's views on the environment
 ALL
 would you say come closest to your own views?
 ASK ALL
 DO MOT PROMPT
 Conservative
 1 152-51
 CARD FF
 ONE CODE ONLY
 Labour
 02
 Now a few questions on housing.
 99,4/4
 (Social and) Liberal Democrac/Liberal/SLD
 First, in general how sacisfied or diseatisfied
 SDP/Social Democrat
 are you with your own (house/flat)? Choose a
 phrase from the card.
 (Alliance) - AFTER PROBE
 R. DK
 Very sacisfied
 1476
 Green Party/(Ecology Party)
 9. 4/
 Cossible otherwise finallist with S.No.
 Ouice secisfied
 Maither satisfied nor dissatisfied
 Ouice dissecisfied
 Hone
 96
 Yery diseasisfied 5
 INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND THEM CHECK WITH RESPONDENT.
 How about the area you live in! Taking
18.
 Can I just check, would you describe the place
 everything into account, would you say this
 where you live as being ... READ OUT SELECTED CODE
 area has not better, worse or remained about
 9.14
 the same as a place to live during the last
 ... in a big city.
 two years?
 1356
 in the suburbs or outskirts of a city.
 9.2/1
 Seccer l
 1477
 in a small city or town.
 Worse
 in a country village or town.
 About the same
 or - in the countryside? 1
 (Don's know)
 And what do you think will bennen during the
 dext two years: will this area get better.
 worse or remain about the same as a place to live?
 9.11
 Becter 1
 1478
 Worse
 About the same
 (Don't know)
 Does your household own or rent this accommodation?
 PROBE AS MECESSARY
 LF OWN:
 Outright or on a mortgage?
 IF EIETS: From whom?
 98. DK
 Owns: Own (leasehold/freehold) outright
 1479-60
 MIN PP
 Buying (lessehold/freshold) on mortgage
 02
 Rences
 Housing Executive
 03
 Housing Association
 05
 1355-80
 Property company
 06
 SPARE
 Employer
 07
 CARD 14
 Other organisation
 Relacive
 1408-75
 Other individual
 CARD 15
 SPARE
```

Rest free.

Hent free. Advatting, acc.

1308-34

- ) ALL CARD 16 - 44 INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK VITE RESPONDENT SECTION WINE Yould [ be -ight in describing this 122 ALL accommodation as a BRAD OUT ONE THAT TOO TRINK APPLIES decached house or bungalow 8. DK 30a) | Can [ just check your own marital status? married. 9.44 At present are you 1608 semi-detached house or bustalow 1535 living as married, CODE FIRST TO APPLY cerraced house 3 separated or divorced, 8 . DK self-concained purpose-built flac/maisonette (inc in tenement block) uldoved. self-concained converted flat/maisonette 5 or - oot married? 5 -poe(s) - not self-contained b) | Finally, a few questions about you and your household Other (WELTE IN Mecode if somewhole otherwise Front List with S.No. Including yourself, how many people live here regularly 4s members of this household? 98. DIK 99 1/4 CHECK INTERVIEWER HANGAL FOR DEFINITION (23 a) How long have you lived in your present OF MOUSEBOLD LY MECESSART 1609-1) READ OUT home GO TO Q 124 less than a year 8. DK 1536 or - one year or more? | 2 ARE 6) Now [ d like to ask for a few details about each person OL LF 'OME TEAR OR HORE' AT A) 1/1536/2 in your household Starting with yourself, what was your age last birthday? b) How many years? CAAST TO ESCHOEL IN STLEV HORE DOWN CULUMNS OF CRED FOR MACE BOUSEBOLD HINGSER 1337-13 PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATEGO, AJA DELETE PERSON NUMBER IF RINGED. 1539-53 SPARE CARD CO ALL 1 1 Please use this card to say how common or 11 if sex of resp 4) uncommon each of the failuring things is ı L te your ares In my area, it is ALIONAS READ OUT 4)-g) AND CODE Female. 414.6 ONE FOR EACH Otr ender 92 NIA Bor each row بحصيا 45 all (Boa't know/ TALY Fairly very Age last birchdays Cam't say) 99, ~/6 2 ) 7.4 11 11 Relacionship to Bolsy neighbours or loud 4) respondenti G. DIK 1559 parciast ı 9. NIA Spouse/partmer Graffici on walls or 2 2 2 ı 2 2 2 Son/daughter 1566 buildings? 1 3 1 3 3 3 Parent/parent-in-law Teenagers hanging around on 4 c) Other relative 1561 the streets? Not related 1562 Drunks or tramps on the streets? I d) 4) MOUSEBOLD HERBER WITE LEGAL RES-1541 Rubbish or liccor lying around? I •) . , POSSIBILITY FOR . . 1. 11 ACCOMMODATION 6) Homes and gardens in bad 9.4/1 (INC JOINT AND 1564 conditions? SHARED) ı Tes Vandalism and deliberate 1565 damage to property? 1650-80 SPARE . CHECK THAT NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN GRID EQUALS NUMBER GIVEN AT O 300b) 1 566-86 ....

		- 49			1	
1	DE LAT e) if 4	944/1				
CARD KE					•	0.
	ie types of organis ou work for?	acion on t	his			į
CODE FIRST TO	<b>LPPLT</b>	Priv	ace firm or company	01		
78. ok	Watio	nalised in	dustry/public corp.	02	1850-5	
99. ~/1			n and Library Board		1	
		Health	Board/NHS hospital	04		
	Cen	cral Gover	mment/Civil Service	05	İ	
	$\circ$		Chartey or Trusc	06		
Ocher (WRITE IN	Perade Passil	ele other	wise leave	07	ļ	
			6/00100-99902		}	la
What (does) you	r employer (IF SEL	J-DUPLOTED	: you) make	-		
	ace where you usus	lly (work)	?		0.0.0.	1
IF FARM, GIVE H			. م م		1	1
<del>- ag.r. 1</del>	The moustry of	<u>nang e</u>	<u>n cols. 1852 · 53</u>	<u> </u>	1852-3	1
<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del>		
				•	""	
	elf, how many paop place you usually		om t			
	Dr (Do) you have as					ı
LF TES: How man	tà (		(So employees)	0	1	-
8 = D/K			Under 10	1	1.054	
J. 1/4			10-24	2		
			25-99	3	1	
			100-499	4		į
ALL.			500 or more	5		ı
Are you <u>now a</u> me scaff association	ember of a trade us	nion or				
CODE FIRST TO A			Yes: trade union	[1] m = m		
9.24		Yeş:	staff sasociation	2 00 10 091	1 055	
	_		No	3 ASE b)	7	
THOATA) <u>il</u>	1855/3					
) Have you eve	er been a member of				1	
CODE FIRST TO A	PLT		Yes: crade union	17 ASE 0.910	7	
9. 1/1		Yes:	scaff association	ASE Q.910	i 856	
			No	) GO TO 0911	<b>.</b>	
				12 32 17.5	<del></del>	
					1	
					}	
					1	
					1857-60	

	18 1855/1mc OR 1856/1 m2 - 50 -		
	IF NOW OR EVER A HEMISE (CODES L OR 2 AT Q.909)  Have you ever READ OUT L)-v() AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACE  8 2 DIK 60 cach (am)	Yes No	
	9. N/A - "  i) accended a union or scall association meeting?	1 2	1861
	ii) voted in a union or staff association election or meeting?	1 2	1862
	iii) put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff		1863
	iv) gone on scrike?	L Z	1864
ı	v) stood in a picket line?	l 2	1465
	vi) served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or branch committee member? $\Delta_{\rm A}$	1 2	1556
١,	INTERVENUES: CHECK RESPONDENT'S HARLTAL STATUS AT Q. 900:		<b>\</b>
	CHECK Q900 RESPONDENT IS MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)	1 ASK b)	t #67
ļ	CARD LL 1867/1	3 CO TO 0914	
	b) Which of these descriptions applied to what your (hueband/t partner) was doing less week, that is the seven days anding Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL.	LASC	
	IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSPER IT TO COL. II IF HORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSPER RIGHEST ON LIST TO II COL.	COL. II	
١	TRIDETY CODINGS - ONE CODE LINE	ECONCHIC POSITION	
	in full-cime education (not paid for by employer Apple daily including on vacation)	01 }	1868-69
Ì	On government training/amployment scheme (s.g. Employ- ment Training, Touth Training Programme etc.) #	02 ASK c)	
ł	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week C	03 } co to q.912	
-	Wairing to take up paid work already accepted D	04	
Į	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office .	05 }	1
ŀ	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job	06	
1	Unemployed, wancing a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but not actively looking for a job G	07 }ASE c)	
-	TAB & Chark Permanently sick or disabled #	08	
ı	Wholly recired from work J	09	
1	Looking after the home &	10	
	Dotate agency of the (METTE IN) Crode Prosible Otherwise I.	<u> </u>	
	c) How long ago did your (husband/ wife/parrner) last have a paid job (other than the government scheme you mentioned) of at least 10 hours a week?  8 = DK 9 = NA	1 2 3 ASK Q912 4 5	1474
Į	Hever had a paid job of 10+ hours a week ocupation	6 GO TO 0913	<del> </del>

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#### P 1090/HI

# NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1990 SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE Feb/March 1990

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#### To the selected respondent

We hope very much that you will agree to participate in this important study the seventh in this samual series. The results are published in a book each
antum. The study consists of this self-completion questionnairs and an
interview. Some of the questions are also being asked in ten other
countries, as part of an international survey.

#### Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number in one or more of the boxes. We special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to affer an opinion on all questions. And we want overyone to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionneirs should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in by the person selected by the interviewer at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

#### Returning the questionnaire

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the quaetionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope as soon as you possibly can

Thank you for your help

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable times. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authori'es, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in the UK. This survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Truets, with contributions also from government departments, The Huffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you require further information.

M. E.	ALL  In general, would you say obey the law without except exceptional occasions on w follow their consciences e breaking the law?  PLEASE TICK THE BOX  9: JA	cion, ou hich peo ven if	r are the ople shou it means Obsy the	re ld law withou	ut exception on occasion Can't choose		OFFICE USE ONLY		M.I. 20. 3,	ON	SE SLY
20. 2.	There are many ways people procest against a government oppose.									ii) publish books expressing their views?  2129	,
	Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on								20. 4.	Second, consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Bo you chink such people should be allowed to	
	each line. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE 9, 4/A for each Statement		\$cob-		Definitely					PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON FACE LINE Befin- Prob- Probably Definitely Can't On A Recach Statement itely ably not not choose	
A.	Organising public mantings to protest against the government	icely	4,14	•oc		cpoose.	2122			i) hold public meet- ings to express their views?  2130	;
<b>3.</b>	Publishing pamphlets to procest against the government						2121			ti) publish books expressing their viewe?	i
C.	Organising process marches and demonstrations						2125	I	20. 5.	Suppose the police get an anonymous tip that a san with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.	
D.	Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days						21.25			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  Do you think the police should be allowed.	
E.	Seriously damaging government buildings						2126			9: NA for each Statement Defin- Probably Definitely Can't	
r.	Organising a metionwide strike of all workers against the government						2127			t) to keep the man under surveillance?	2
		<del></del>		Pla	ease continu			<del>-</del>		11) to cap his tele- phone?  111) to open his mail?  2133	
								!		iv) to detain the man overnight for questioning?	\$

M [	ALL	OFFICE USE ONLY	M I	ALL 4-	OFFIC USE
20 6	All systems of justice make miscakes but which do you think is worse  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX to convict an innocent person,  9+ N/A  Co let a guilty person go free?  Can't choose	2136	20 &	Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in cases than those who earn low incomes Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes  Bo you think those with high incomes should  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  pay a much larger proportion	OHLY
20 7	What are your personal feelings about  A People who organise procests against a government action they strongly oppose?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Extremely favourable  Neither favourable or unfavourable  Unfavourable  Extremely unfavourable  Can't choose	2137		pay a larger proportion.  pay the same proportion as those who ears low incomes  pay a smaller proportion  or - pay a such smaller proportion?  Can't choose	2140
	** People who want to overthrow the government by revolution?  **PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  **Pavourable	2138	20 9	What is your opinion of the following statement. It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Agree strongly  Agree  Meither agree nor disagree	2141
	C People who beliave whites are racially superior to all other races?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Pavourable  Pavourable  Unfavourable  Extremely unfavourable  Cam't choose  Please continue	21.19		Disagree scrongly	
	Crames contribute				

H. (.	ALL	- 5 -				1		ı	í
, 2.10	Here are some things the gove					OFFICE	N. [.	- 6 -	0.51
,	economy. Please show which as	ctions von are	o for the			ONLY			U: Ot
	of and which you are against. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Strongly	Welther	r			2. L	down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to	
	ON EACHAINE	ia la favour favour	in favour		•••			which do you think it should give highest priority?	ĺ
	8: PK or each action	of of		Against	Strongly against			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX (/)	
A.	Control of wages by law					2142		9: N/A Keeping down inflation	
■.	Control of prices by law		1			2153		Keeping down unemploymenc	2150
c.	Cuts in government spending					2166		Can't choose	
D.	Government financing of pro- jects to create new jobs					2145	2. 1		
Z.	Less government regulation of business		<u></u>				1	have too much power or too little power?	
-				ليا		2146		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
F.	Support for industry to devel- op new products and techno-		_	_				9 r d/A far too such power	
G.	logy Support for declining indust-		ليا			2147	-	Too much power	2159
	ries to protect jobs					2140		About the right amount of power	4137
<b>H</b> .	Reducing the working week to create more jobs					2149			
2.11	Listed below are various areas	of government	spending.	Plance sh		<del></del>		Too little power (	
	each area.	rote or jess to	vernment sp	ending in	·			Far too little power	
	Remember that if you say "much increase to pay for it.	more", it migh	ic require a	tax	1		İ	Can't choose	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Spend	Spend the					Can C choose	
	on each line 9: N/A Br each item	much Spend		Spen- end much en less			2. 10	How about business and industry? Do they have too much power or too little power?	
<b>A</b> .	The environment							PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
			——————————————————————————————————————	. C		2150		9. N/A Far too much power	
<b>.</b>	Health	لئا لئا		لئا ك	السا	21 51			
C.	The police and law enforcement			. <u>.</u>		21 52	_	Too much pover	2160
D.	Education					2153		About the right amount of power	
£,	The military and defence					2154		Tao Little power	
F.	Old age pensions					2155		Far coo little power	
G.	Unemployment benefits					2156	<del></del>		
H.	Culture and the arts					21 57	<del></del>	Can't choose	
			Pleas	• continu	<b>4</b>				

. H (	ALL	-	, -			OFFICE	Иt	ALL		• • •				OFFICE
2 15	And what about the government, does it have too much power or too little power?				ONLY	2 18	<del></del>	nk it shou	ld or show	ıld			ONLY	
	PLEASE FICK ONE BOX 9 = 4/A			too much po		2161		PLEASE TICK OHE BOX ON EACH LINE 9. M/A for each them			Frobably should acc be	Definitely should not be	Gam't Choose	
		Abou		mount of pos o little pos o little pos	<b></b> 📜		A B	provide a job for everyone who wants o keep prices under	n• 🗔					2164
				Can't chec	$\equiv$		c	control		_2				2167
2 16	in general, how good would	ld you say cr		<del></del>		<del>                                     </del>		provide health care the sick	·•" 🗔					2160
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ry as a whole	7		<del>رن</del>		; ;	provide a deconc standard of living fo the old	L1					2169
	9/4			Excelle Very go	•• <u> </u>	2162	]	provide industry with the help it meeds to grow provide 4 decent	· 🗔					2178
				fairly go	•• 🗔		c	standard of living for the unemployed	ليا					2172
			Ne	Can't choo	$\equiv$		-	reduce income differ- ences between the ric and poor	• 🗀	<u></u>				2172
2 17	What do you think the gov of these industries and s 9. N/A Br each item	ernment's rol	e in each		-		<b>.</b> l r	give financial help tuniversity students from low-income famili	•• 🗔					2173
		The :	forecament spe	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		provide decent housis for those whe can't afford it						2174
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Con	itrol prices	Seither ove it ser con- trol its			2 19	How laterested would you in politics?	say you pe	rsonally a	re			
		Ove at	ed profits	prices & profice	Gam't cheose			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			Very (	nteresced	( <u>\( \)</u>	
<b>A</b>	Electricity					2163		,				acornaced		21.75
1	The steel induscry					21.64					Somewhat i Hot very i			
- c	Banking and insurance					2165				No	cacall í Can	nteresced		
			Pla	das cometnu						·	<del></del>		<b>_</b> _	
					Ì									2176-40

	. 9 .	OFFICE	• 10 -	OFFICE
	ALL	USE	ALL	USE
1	Now for some quantions on different subjects.		. 22a) The UK concrols the numbers of people from abroad that	ONLY
1	2. 20 Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman		are allowed to settle in this country. Please say,	
i	might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in		for <u>each</u> of the groups below, whether you think the UK should allow more settlement, less settlement, or about	1
	each case.			]
1	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Should abortion		The same amount as now.  8 DIK & each group  PLEASE TECK ONE BOX Q. JA	
	8: DIK Breach circumstance allowed by law		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Q . MA Hore Less About the same ON EACH LINE settlement settlement as now	]
	q ـ ۱۱ ۸ ۱۱ ۱۱ ۱۱ ۲es الاه			
1	The woman decides on her own she does not wish to	, I	Australians and Hew Zeslanders	2264
	have the child	2256	Indians and Pakiscanis	2265
	The couple agree they do not wish to have the child	]   2257		
1	the combte affree they do not aren to neve the custo 1	4	People from common market countries	2266
1	The woman is not married and does not wish to	n	West Indians	2267
	marry the man	2 2250	Y b) Now thinking about the families (husbands, wives, children,	
	***	]   2259	parents) of people who have <u>already</u> sectled in the UK,	1
1	The couple cannot afford any more children	2)	would you say in general that the UK should	Ì
1	There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby	2260	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX 8-DK	ł
			be atricter in controlling the settlement of close relatives	[
	The woman's health is seriously endangered by the	]   2261	or - be less strict in controlling the sattlement of close relatives	2268
	pregnancy	2)	or - keep the controls about the same as now	
1	The woman became prognant as a result of rape	2 2262		
•		~   " <b>"</b>	ALL	<del></del>
•	ALL		23 Are you in favour of or against the death In favour Against	
1	2. 21 Which of these statements comes closest to your		PLEASE TICK	1
1	views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?		ONE BOX ON murder in the course of a terrorist act?	2269
	<b>√</b>	,	So DIK for each line murder of a police officer?	2270
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  8 • DIK  They should be besseld also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed also seemed a	<del>2</del> 7		****
	They should be banned alcogether [		other murders?	2271
1	They should be available in special adult shops but not displayed	<b>—</b>  ,		ļ <u> </u>
	to the public {		:. 24 Please tick one box for each statement below to show	
1	They should be available in special adult shops with	<del></del>	how much you agree or disagrae with it.	
	public display permitted (	<b>1</b>	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Neither	
		<b>→</b>	ON SACH LINE  Agree agree nor Dis- Disagree  S. DK lowestatement strongly Agree disagree agree strongly	
	They should be available in any shop for sale to adults only		Except for the Troubles, there is	
	1	<b>─</b>	generally little crime in Morthern	
	They should be available in any shop for sale to anyone			2272
,			Sentences for crimes connected	
	Plage continue.		with the Troubles are generally much too soft	2271
	teamee Chustume .			22/3
		1 '	People are generally more afraid of crime than they need to be	
		İ	or crame room comes need to be	2274
		1		

						-			
	<u>AL</u>	- 11 -				OFFICE USE ONLY		- 12 ·	OFFICE USE ONLY
2 25	And please tick one box for each to show how much you agree or display of ERCY LINE  8 - DIK Br each Statement 9 - NA	isagree with to	Neither Agrae mo	r Dis-	Disagree		274)	Should the law allow celevision to show interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX    (/)	2331
	Northern Ireland is a much more peaceful place then people living in Stream think	strongly Agr	disagres	Agree	strongly	2275		probably should <u>not</u> allow it?	
	When the police or the army commit an offence in Northern Ireland, they usually get away with it		] 🗀			2276		Can't choose	
<b>*</b>	It would be better for Northern Ireland if there were more Catholics in the RUC		2 🗔			2277	b)	interviews with people who support acts of certorism in the UK'  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  (/)	
2 26	Some people say that the Ulster the UDR - should be disbanded necessary	Defence Regime Others say i						9 = N/A The law definitely should allow it	2332
		wa? : UDR definite!	y should be	disbande	d [			probably should <u>not</u> allow it?	
		he UDR probabl				2276	•	Can't choose	
	The UDB	definitely sl	nould <u>nor</u> be		_			of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing their views?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  The law cerimitally should allow it.	
		<del></del>	Please	r contini	46	2279-80		probably should allow ic, probably should noc allow ic, or - the law definitely should noc allow ic?	2333
								Can't choose	
						1			

- 15 -OFF . 16 -OFFICE ALL US ALL USE ON ONLY How serious an effect on our environment do 1 2 35 Please tick one box for each statement below you think each of these things has? to show how much you agree or disagree with it PLEASE TICK ONE 30X PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Not very Not at all Yerr Quice ON EACH LINE ON EACH LINE serious. serious. serious serious 8 - DIK on each line 8. DIK ST each statement 9. 41A Heither Noise from strerate 2 361 9- 4/4 ARTES BOT Disagree strongly Agree disagree Disagree strongly Lead from perrol 2362 a) People on probation or parole Industrial waste in the rivers and sea 2361 should be fitted with a transmitter - that is, an electronic Waste from nuclear electricity stations 2365 tag . so the solice cam check 2344 where they are Industrial fumes in the air 2 3 6 5 b) On-ducy police officers should Noise and dirt from traffic 2 3 6 6 always carry guns 2147 2 16 7 c) Too many convicted criminals are let off lightly by the courts 2348 2 364) Which one of these three possible solutions to d) A confession made during police the UK's electricity needs would you favour most? questioning and lacer withdraws should not be enough to convict We should make do with the power stations we have already TICK 2349 -ONE BOX 2168 We should build more coal-fuelled power stations 8.0K a) The police should be allowed to Alk . P question suspects for up to a We should build more nuclear power stations week without letting them see 2150 a solicitor As far as auclear power stations are concarned, which of these statements comes closest to your own feelings? f) Refugees who are in danger because of their political PLEASE TICK They create very serious risks for the future beliefs should alvers be ONE BOX 2351 welcome in the UK 8- DK They create quite serious risks for the future 2 36 9 9: NIA g) Serious complaints against the They create only slight risks for the future solice should be investigated by an independent body, not by They create hardly any risks for the future 2152 the police themselves 2 37s) Which one of these two statements comes classes h) Every soult to the UK should 2153 have to carry an identity card to your own views? Industry should be prevented from causing PLEASE TICK ONE damage to the countryside, even if this i) If someone remains silent under 30X sometimes leads to higher prices 8 - DK police questioning, it should 2354 9. NIA count against them in court Industry should keep prices down, even if this 2170 sometimes causes damage to the countryside i) The prisons contain too many people who ought to be given a And which of these two statements comes closest 2355 lighter punishment to your own wleve? The countryside should be protected from PLEASE TICK ONE k) The police should not need a development, even if this sometimes lands warrant to search the homes of 30X to fever new lobe 2 1 5 6 suspects 8.3/K New jobs should be created, even if this 2371 d- HIV sometimes causes damage to the countryside 2157 --217:-40

Please continue .....

#### THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.

## APPENDIX E

## **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

### and

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

## Code frame for open-ended question

Q 82b	(GB, L and Y)	Q 56 (NI)
'Other answers' and coo	ling instructions for selected	d precoded questions
O 1b	(GB L and Y)	O 1b (NI)

Q 1b	(GB, L and Y)	Q 16 (NI)
Q 107	(GB, L and Y)	Q 64 (NI)
Q L113/Y118	(GB, L and Y)	Q 74 (NI)
Qs L122a-c	(GB, L only)	
Qs L123a,b	(GB, L only)	
Q 905b	(GB, L and Y)	Q 903b (NI)
Q 906b	(GB, L and Y)	Q 904b (NI)

Q.82b	(L and Y)	Reasons why	respondent	does not	have a	paid job
Q-56	(NI)	outside the h	ome			

Up to 3 answers on cols 758-59; 760-61; 762-63

01	Looking after children at home
02	Above retirement age/OAP/too old to work
03	Prefer to look after home, family
04	No jobs available
05	Not suitable for available jobs
06	Feel married women should not work
07	Husband against working
08	Do voluntary work
09	Pregnancy/ill health of respondent
10	Dependent relative due to bad health etc.
11	'Poverty trap'/loss of household benefit if wife starts work
12	Already works less than 10 hours per week
13	High cost/low availability of child care
14	Works as unpaid help on family farm/spouse's business
97	Other answers (TAB first, then final list with serial no ) $\underline{\text{Not}}$ an exclusive code
98	Don't know   exclusive codes
99	Not answered

#### Q.1b Notes for coding regular readership of daily morning newspapers

The following papers are all daily morning papers, NOT 'free sheets', which should be coded 94 on cols. 217-18, and final listed with serial numbers at Q.lb.

Do not include free papers; note any other papers mentioned (as these have to be checked first to see that they are indeed <u>daily morning</u> newspapers). In that way this list can be kept up-to-date.

Birmingham Post
Daily Post
Dundee Courier
Eastern Daily Press
Glasgow Herald
Jang
Liverpool Post
Newcastle Journal
Northern Echo
Press & Journal
The Scotsman
Western Daily Press
Western Mail
Western Morning News
Yorkshire Post

N.B. These papers are coded 94 if <u>and only if</u> they are the only papers mentioned. If two or more papers are mentioned (one national and one regional), then use code 96, delete any other codes and final list both papers with serial numbers.

Q.107 (L and Y) Notes on coding Q.64 (NI)

This question asks whether 'benefits for the unemployed are <u>too low</u> and cause hardship' (code 1), or whether they are 'too <u>high</u> and discourage people from finding jobs' (code 2).

In addition to Don't know (code 8) and Not answered (code 9), there are 4 additional codes (added in 1984)

## 929/4 Both. Unemployment Benefit causes hardship but can't be higher or there would be no incentive to work

Include here if main mention is that benefit discourages people from working that wages are so low that benefit is "disincentive" that minimum wage is too close to benefit level, etc

In short, any <u>comparison</u> of benefit level to wages, that benefit level in relation to wages doesn't pay people to work, etc.

## 5 Both: Unemployment Benefit causes hardship to some, while others benefit

Here the point is slightly different - that some categories of people gain (unjustly) from getting benefit (unjustly) whilst others suffer

So here include distinctions made between "genuine" claimants and "scroungers", people with families versus young people, differences between North and South, etc

#### 6 About right/in between

All mentions that level of benefit is about right, is enough with careful management, etc

- 7 All other answers please TAB first, then list with serial no.
- NB Sometimes there is some difficulty in deciding between codes 4 and 5 -partly because both reasons are given. Need to decide "main reason" -either most elaborated and detailed reason or first mention if both mentions are short. The important thing to remember is that code 4 relates the answer to level of wages while code 5 is about dividing claimants into two different groups

If you have any doubts, please TAB

```
Q.1113
Q.Y118
Q.74 (NI)

Religious affiliation. Rules for coding 'other answers' (codes 27, 08 and 14 on cols. 961-62 or 963-64)
```

First, you need to distinguish between Other Protestant (code 27) and Other Christian (code 08).

Other protestant (27) should include members of any church that separated from the Catholic Church in the sixteenth century, or any church, chapel or group that separated from a church that itself separated from the Catholic Church in the 16th century. In practice, this means any Western Christian church that is not Catholic.

Also included would be people who say "Protestant", but do not name any specific church or denomination.

So included under other Protestant would be any of the following (which should also be final listed with serial numbers):

Apostolic Church Church of Christ Church of Nazarene Christadelphians Christian Scientist English Church Mission Evangelical; Evangelical Christian German Evangelist House Chuch Movement Independent Chapel Jehovah's Witness Lutheran Moravian Mormon Non-conformist Pentecostal Salvation Army Society of Friends/Quakers Unitarian

N.B. Other codes to be TABBED so that they can be added to this list.

Codes like "Independent Methodist" to be coded under "Methodist" code 06; varieties of Presbyterian to be coded under "Presbyterian" codes 07 or 21; Church in Wales which is part of the Anglican Communion (code 04); etc.

Religious affiliation. Rules for coding 'other answers' (cont'd)

Other Christian (code 08) should include any of the ORTHODOX churches - that is churches which developed separately from the Catholic Church, or split from it before the 16th century, and are either the <u>Eastern</u> or <u>Greek branches of Christianity</u>.

It would also include people who say "Christian, but no denomination"

So included under this category would be

Greek Orthodox Russian Orthodox Serbian Orthodox

N.B. Please TAB any other categories so that they can be added to this list; all other answers should be final listed with serial numbers.

The final category, Other non-Christian (code 14) can include other clearly non-Christian religions Examples might be

Baha'ı
Believer in God, but not Christian
Humanist
Satanist
Spirit worship
Wicca, or white witchcraft

N.B. Please TAB any other categories so that they can be added to this list; all other answers should be final listed with serial numbers.

#### L version only

Q.L122 Now I would like you to tell me whether, in your opinion, it is acceptable for a homosexual person....

### ... to be a teacher in a school?

- 1013/1 Unqualified yes
  - 2 Unqualified no
  - 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depends on person/as long as no proselytising
  - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on age/sex of pupil
  - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as school knows
  - 7 Other answer first TAB, list with serial no. (includes qualified no)
  - 8 Don't know
  - 9 Not answered

#### ... to be a teacher in a college or university?

- 1014/1 Unqualified yes
  - 2 Unqualified no
  - 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depends on person as long as no proselytising
  - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on age/sex of pupil
  - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as school knows
  - 7 Other answer first TAB, list with serial no. (includes qualified no)
  - 8 Don't know
  - 9 Not answered

#### ...to hold a responsible position in public life?

- 1015/1 Unqualified yes
  - 2 Unqualified no
  - 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depends on <u>person</u> as long as no proselytising
  - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on <u>position</u>/as long as they do job
  - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as not MP
  - 6 Qualified acceptance as long as not working with children
  - 7 Other answer first TAB, list with serial no.
  - 8 Don't know
  - 9 Not answered

#### L version only

Q.L123a Do you think that female homosexual couples - that is, lesbians - should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same circumstances as other couples?

(Additional codes to be added for other answers)

NB: Still allow one code only for each

Q 123a)

1017/1 Yes

- 2 No
- 3 Depends on person/couple
- 7 Other answers (first TAB, then final list with serial number)
- 8 Don't know
- 9 Not answered
- Q.123b) [Question repeated for 'male homosexual couples that is gays -']

1018/1 Yes

- 2 No
- 3 Depends on person/couple
- 7 Other answers (first TAB, then final list with serial number)
- 8 Don't know
- 9 Not answered

Q.905b (L and Y) Who is the person mainly responsible for general Q.903b (NI) domestic duties in this household?

1719/1 Respondent mainly

1719/2 — Someone else mainly

1720/1 Wife/female partner of respondent

- 2 Mother/mother-in-law of respondent
- 3 Husband/male partner of respondent
- 4 Other female in household
- 5 Other male in household
- 7 Other answer (TAB, then list)
- 9 Person not specified

1719/3 — Shared equally

1721/1 Respondent and spouse/partner share

- 2 (Whole) family shares
- 7 Other answers (TAB, then list)
- 9 Code 3 ringed but person not specified

#### If child under 16 in household:

Q.906b (L and Y) Who is the person mainly responsible for the general Q.904b (NI) care of the children here?

- 1723/1 Respondent mainly
- 1723/2 Someone else mainly
- 1724/1 Wife/female partner of respondent
  - Mother/mother-in-law of respondent
  - 3 Husband/male partner of respondent
  - 4 Other female in household
  - 5 Other male in household
  - 7 Other answer (TAB, then list)
  - 9 Person not specified
- 1723/3 Shared equally
- 1725/1 Respondent and spouse/partner share
  - 2 (Whole) family shares
  - 7 Other answers (TAB, then list)
  - 9 Code 3 ringed but person not specified

## APPENDIX F

## **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

and

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), 1980

## APPENDIX F

## Standard Industrial Classification (SIC 1980)

Class (For respondent cols 1852-53) (For spouse/partner cols 1923-24)

CODE	AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHING
01 02 03	Agriculture & Horticulture Forestry Fishing
	ENERGY & WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES
11	Coal extraction & manufacture of solid fuels
12 13	Coke ovens  Extraction of mineral oil & natural gas
13	Mineral oil processing
15	Nuclear fuel production
16 17	Production & distribution of electricity, gas and other forms of energy Water supply industry
	EXTRACTION OF MINERALS & ORES OTHER THAN FUELS MANUFACTURE OF METALS, MINERAL PRODUCTS AND CHEMICALS
21	Extraction & preparation of metalliferous ores
22	Metal manufacturing
23	Extraction of minerals NES
24 25	Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products Chemical industry
26	Production of man-made fibres
	METAL GOODS, ENGINEERING & VEHICLES INDUSTRIES
31	Manufacture of metal goods NES
32	Mechanical engineering
33	Manufacture of office machinery & data processing equipment
34 35	Electrical & electronic engineering
35 36	Manufacture of motor vehicles & parts  Manufacture of other transport equipment
30 37	Instrument engineering
<del>-</del> ·	······································

## OTHER MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

41	Food, drink & tobacco manufacturing industries
43	Textile industry
44	Manufacture of leather & leather goods
45	Footwear & clothing industries
46	Timber & wooden furniture industries
47	Manufacturing of paper & paper products: printing & publishing
48	Processing of rubber & plastics
49	Other manufacturing industries
	CONSTRUCTION
50	Construction
	DISTRIBUTION, HOTELS & CATERING, REPAIRS
61	Wholesale distribution (except dealing in scrap & waste materials)
62	Dealing in scrap and waste materials
63	Commission agents
64	Retail distribution
66	Hotels & catering
67	Repair of consumer goods & vehicles
	TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS
71	Railways
72	Other inland transport
74	Sea transport
75	Air transport
76	Supporting services to transport
77	Miscellaneous transport services & storage N.E.S.
79	Postal services & telecommunications
	BANKING, FINANCE, INSURANCE, BUSINESS SERVICES & LEASING
81 82 83 84 85	Banking & finance Insurance except for compulsory social security Business services Renting of movables Owning & dealing in real estate

## OTHER SERVICES

91	Public administration, national defence & compulsory social service
92	Sanitary services
93	Education
94	Research & development
95	Medical & other health services veterinary services
96	Other services provided to the general public
97	Recreational services & other cultural services
98	Personal services
99	Domestic services
00	Diplomatic representation, international organisations, allied armed
	services
89	Insufficient information to classify

#### APPENDIX G

#### **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

Qestionnaires with weighted marginals (percentages) and SPSS variable names

- (1) L version interview questionnaire
- (2) Y version interview questionnaire, pp 40Y-62Y
- (3) L version self-completion questionnaire
- (4) Y version self-completion questionnaire

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Questionnaires with weighted marginals (percentages) and SPSS variable names

- (1) Interview questionnaire
- (2) Self-completion questionnaire

#### NOTES TO APPENDIX G

Figures do not necessarily add up to 100 per cent because of weighting and rounding, or for one or more of the following reasons

- (1) We have not always included figures for those not answering (which are usually very small) They are, of course, included on the datatape
- (11) Some sub-questions are filtered, that is they are asked of only a proportion of respondents. In these cases the percentages add up (approximately) to the proportions who were asked them. Where, however, a series of questions is filtered (for instance in Section 2 of the interview questionnaire), we have indicated the weighted base at the beginning of the series, and throughout derived percentages from that base. Medians which could have been derived from unweighted bases of less than 50 have not been given
- (111) If the (unweighted) base for a question is less than 50, frequencies (the *number* of people giving each response) are shown, rather than percentages
- (iv) At a few questions, respondents were invited to give more than one answer, and so percentages may add to well over 100 per cent. These are clearly marked by interviewer instructions on the questionnaires

The Brush Social Attitudes self-completion questionnaire was not completed by 13 per cent of respondents who were successfully interviewed. To allow for comparisons over time, the answers in the supplement have been repercentaged on the base of those respondents who returned it (for version L, 1,163 weighted, for version Y, 1,186 weighted). This means that the figures are comparable with those given in all earlier Reports in this series except The 1984 Report, where repercentaging is necessary if comparisons are to be made.

The Northern Ireland Social Attitudes self-completion questionnaire was not returned by 14 per cent of respondents to the main questionnaire. Again the answers in the supplement have been repercentaged on the base of those who returned it (783 weighted)

H-4 (1994)	**	-	ПАЧРТО	L٧	•	ᄱ
104904	er n	<b>AU</b>	سعفيت 7	••	114	****



P 1090/Bricain

Spring 1990

## BRITISH SOCIAL ATTICUDES 1990 SURVEY

Serial Card 02	L = 1   T = 2   EI = 3
Area 0	Time interview atarted 24 hr clock
Interviewer Runber	OOO: Betch Code

Y & L.  SECTION ONE	n = 2698 Qs. 1-23
(READPAP) Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?	
	2
Yes	68.1
No .	31.9
b) Which one do you normally read? IF NORE TEAN ONE ASK: Which one do you read most frequently?	
ORIK COOR ONLY	2
(Scottish) Daily Express	5.7
Daily Mail	7.8
Daily Hirror/Record	17.7
Daily Star	1.7
The Sun	13.8
Today	2.6
Daily Telegraph	4.3
Financial Times	0.6
The Guardien	2.7
The Independent	2.3
The Times	1.5
Horning Star	0.3
Other Trish/Morthern Trish/Scottish regional or local <u>deally</u> morning paper (FRITE IN:)	4.4
Other (WRITE 1M+)	0.3
Hore than one paper	2.1
(NA)	0.1

1.4)

76L . 2 -	<u> </u>	2698	
	<u></u>	-070	
ASK ALL [SUPPARTY]			
Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party?			
		7.	
Yes		50.9	ł
No		48.9	1
IF NO AT a) (CLOSEPTY)		0.2	
b) Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others?			
		7.	}
Yee		23.7	]
No		24.9	1
IF NO AT b) (NA)		0.6	
c) If there were a general election toworrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to support? CODE ONE ONE ONE & SUPPORT & & d)			
IF ALLIANCE, PROSE: Liberal Democrat or SDF (Oven)?			
IF TES AT a) OR b) {PTYALLEG}			1
d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY THOUR c & d).			1
IF ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDF (Owen)?			<u> </u>
Conservative	23.0	9.0	34.9
Labour	22.8	9.6	38.6
(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD			5.6
SDP/Social Democrat			2.1
Alliance (AFTER PROBE)			0.1
Scottish Nationalist			1.6
Platd Cymru		İ	0.5
Green Party/Ecology Party			2.5
Other party (WRITE IN)			0.2
Other enswer (WRITE IN)			0.1 8.4
None			3.0
Refused/unwilling to say			2.4
IF ART PARTY CODED AT c) & d) {IDSTRNG}		{	4.7
e) Would you call yourself very strong (QUOTE PARTY MANEE) fairly strong, or not very strong?		2	
Very strong		10.9	
Fairly strong		32.9	
Not very strong		41.2	
(Don't know)		0.3	
(MA)		3.3	

2.4)

	746		Y & L	
		n = 2698	j **	n = 2698
	ASK ALL (CUELOUS)		[NATION]	<u> </u>
3 .)	(CHILCHCL)		5 On the whole do you think that Britain's interests are better served by READ OUT	
• • •	Do you think that local councils ought to be controlled by central government more, less or			1
	about the same amount as nov?	Z	closer links with Western Europe,	52 2
	<b>,</b>	lore 20 3	or - closer links with America?	18 4
	ĺ	.ess 34.4	(Both equally)	17 9
	About the		(Weither)	2 8
	(Don's k		(Doa't know)	8 7
		(NA) 02	(USAMUKE)	
ь)	And do you think the level of local community	(867) 0 2	6 a) Do you think that the siting of American nuclear	
	charges that is the poll tax or races a should		missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a	
	be up to the local council to decide, or should central government have the final say?	_	less safe place to live?	1
		1	Safer	35 1
	Local coun		Less safe	50 0
	Central government		(Don't know)	1 5
	(Don't k		b) And do you think that having its own independent (DK)	13 0
e)		(MA) 0.7	nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less (MA) safe place to live?	0 4
67	How about the level of council rents? Should that be up to the local council to decide or		1 1 1	
	should central government have the final say?	Z	Safer	53 7
	Local counc	•	Less safa	32 6
	Central government		(Don't know)	12 0
	(Don't ka		No difference	1 1
	1	MA) 0.5	7 GAED A [UXNUCPOL] (NA) Which, if either, of these two statements comes	0 6
			closest to your own opinion on Britain's nuclear	
	Now a few questions about Britain's relationships		policy?	
- 1	with other countries (EEC)		Britain should <u>rid</u> itself of nuclear vespons while persuading	1
a)	Do you think Britain should continue to be a member of the EC - the Common Harket - or		others to do the same	27 6
	should it withdraw?	1	Britain should <u>keep</u> its nuclear veapons until it can persuade others to reduce theirs	69 I
	EC: Contin	ue 75 9	(Meither of these)	2 7
	Vichdr		(DEFPARTY) (DK/MA)	0 6
	[HATO] (Don't kn	ou) 4 8	8 Which political party's views on defence would	
<b>b</b> )	And do you think Britain should continue to be ( a member of MAIO - the Morth Atlantic Treaty	MA) 02	you say comes closest to your own views?	_
	Organization - or should it withdraw?	ı	CODE ONE ONLY	τ
	EATO: Contin		OULY COOR ALLIANCE AFTER PROBE: Conservative Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?	39 8
	Wichda	_	Labour	23 9
	(Don't kn		(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	2 4
			SDP/Social Democrat	1 2
	1	MA) 0 1	Alliance (AFTER PROSE)	0 1
			Other (WRITE IN:)	0 7
			(Don't know)	26 1
			Mone	3 7
			Green Party	1.6
j		ı	(NA)	0.4
			(na)	0.4
1			1	

	1 & L - 5 -	n = 2698	·	TEL	- 6 -	n = 2698
	CARD B (PEACE)	11 - 2070			SECTION TWO	n - 2076
9.	Which of the phrases on this card is closest to				SECTION TWO	
	your opinion about threats to world peace?	t		Now I would like to ask you .	bout two economic	
	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia	12.5		problems - inflation and uner		
	Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America	18.9		(PRICES)		
	Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	37.8	12.	First, inflation: in a year expect prices generally to he		
	Meither is a chreat to world peace	27.9		have stayed the same, or to		7.
	(Don't know)	2.7	:	IF COME UP OR COME DOWN.	To have gone up by a lot	45.5
	INERELAND! (NA)	0.1		By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a little	39.5
(0.4)	Do you think the long term policy for Northern Ireland should be for it REAB OUT	ì	'		To have stayed the same	7.9
		1			To have gone down by a little	4.9
	to remain part of the United Kingdom,	28.7			To have gone down by a lot	0.8
İ	or - to reunify with the rest of Ireland?	55.8			(Don't know)	1.2
l	(Should be independent state) (Up to Irish to decide)	0.6 4.1		(UNEMP)	(NA)	0.2
ъ)	Some people think that government policy towards	0.9	IJ.	Second, unemployment: in a		
į	drawal of Bricish troops. Would you personally (DK/WA)	9.9		you expect unemployment to he have stayed the same, or to l		
	support or oppose such a policy? PEDSE: Strongly or a little?	1		,	iges some doon.	ı
	/TROOPOUT/ Support strongly	36.6	1	IF COME OF OR COME DOWN: By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a lot	18-2
	Support e little	23.3		2, 0 101 01 0 111111	To have gone up by a little	28.8
	Oppose scrongly	17.7			To have stayed the same	34.1
	Oppose a little	16.1	i		To have gone down by a little	14.4
	(Withdraw in the long turn)	0.1			To have gone down by a lot	1.8
	(Up to Irish to decide)	0.7			(Don't know)	2.4
11.#)	If British troops were withdrawn from Northern Ireland, (OA)	0.2		(company FRIT)	(NA)	0.3
	do you think there would be more or less bloodshed in (DK/NA) the short term, or would it make no difference?	5.3	14.43	(UNEMPINE)  If the government had to choose	ppe between	
	IF NORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little	_ [		keeping down inflation or kee		
	(more/less)? A lot more bloodshed	7. 36.6		unemployment, to which do you should give highest priority		7.
	A little more bloodshed	20.6			Resping down inflation	48.5
	A little less bloodshed	10.5			Keeping down unemployment	46.8
	A lot less bloodshed	6.0		Other answer (WRITE IN:)	Both equally	2.2
Ì	No difference	22.6		(CONCERN)	(DK/MA)	2.5
6)	(TROOPLING) And in the long term, if British troops were withdrawn, (DK/NA)	3.8	ьэ	Which do you think is of mos		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do you think there would be more or less bloodshed or	j		to you and your family R	LAD OUT	% 70.4
	would it make no difference?  IF HORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little	ļ			or - unemployment?	26.2
	(more/lese)?	<b>1</b>		Other (WRILE IN:)	• •	1.6
<b>\</b>	A lot more bloodshed	15.9			(Don't know)	1.1
	A little more bloodshed	12.6			(NA)	0.3
ł	A little less bloodshed	18.6			, <b>, , , , ,</b>	
ľ	A lot less bloodshed	20.9				
- 1	No difference	26.9				
	(DK/MA)	5.1				
}						

				1		I	
	7 - 7 -	-				4 & L - 8 -	n = 2698
	(INDUSTRY)	L	n = 2698	]			[ H - 2076]
5	Looking shead over the next year do you think					CARD C	
	Britain s general industrial performance with			Į.	L9	Generally how would you describe levels of taxacton?	
	improve stay much the same, or decline?		1	ľ	4)	[TAXHI]   Firstly for those with high incomes?   Please choose a phrase fr	:om
		Improve a loc	3 0			this card EECOED ARSWEE IN COL a) RELOW	
	By a lot or a little? Imp	rove a little	15 6	]	ь)		_
	Stay	much the same	49 8	ì	-,	this card RECORD ANSWER IN COL b) EXLOW	-
	Dec	line a little	18 5		c)	[TAXLO]     And lastly for those with <u>low</u> incomes?   Please choose a phrase	from
		Decline a lot	6 7		٠,	this card RECORD ANSWER IN COL c) BELOW	
		(Don't know)	6 2	i	1	(a) (b)	(c)
		(HA)	0 2	ļ	I	High Middle	Low
ı	Here are a number of policies which might help Bri economic problems As I read them out, will you	tell me				incomes incomes i	ncomes 1
	whether you would support such a policy or oppose	11,				Taxes are: Huch too high 35 27	26 6
	READ OFF ITEMS ()-E) AND COME FOR EACH	Suppor	<u>С</u>	(DK/HA)		Too high 9 5 24 8	49 5
	(ECOHELP1) Control of	vages by law \$29 5	67 8	2 7	ı		19 2
)	(ECONELP2) Control of	prices by law 256 1	41 6	2 3	ļ	Too low 40 8 6 g	1.8
t)	Reducing the level of government spending	on health and				Huch too lov 8 9 0 1	0 7
	(ECOMEUP3)	education 1 8 2	90.	1 2		(hr/ma) 9 7 9 2	2 2
)	(ECOHELP4) Government controls to cut down good		24 2	3.4	20 #)	(SKIRC)	• •
	(ECONELPS) Increasing government subsidies for pri	vece industry 156 ]	27_3	6.4	,	READ OFT	1
L)	(SCOHELP7) Reducing government spendi	ng on defence 164 5	32 2	3 3		high income,	2 8
1)	(ECOHELPS) Government schemes to encourage	e job sharing %71 0	24 L	4.9		middle income,	53 4
H)	Government to set up construction projects t			l		or - low income?	42 6
	(ECONELP9)		14_2	2 6		(DK/MA)	1 2
t)	(ECOHELPA) Government action to cut i	nceresc rates 188 7	7 5	3.7	i	CARD D	
	[STATEOWN] Government coetrols on hire purcha	se and credit 181 8	L4 7	3 5	ь)	Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your	
	On the whole, would you like to see more			1		household's income these days?	t
	or less state ownership of industry, or about the same amount as now?		Z.	]		Living comfortably on present income	24 6
		More	18 6	ì		Coping on present income	50 9
		Less	24 3			Finding it difficult on present income	16 9
	Ab. 4	t tame amount	53 2			Finding it vary difficult on present income	1 3
	Weens Cu	(Don't know)	37	1		Other (WRITE IN:)	0 L
	[INCOMGAP]	(WA)	0 2			(RINCPAST) (DK/MA)	0 2
ı	Thinking of income levels generally is Britain today, would you say that the gap between	\#A <i>)</i>	•		21	Looking back over the last year or so, would you	
	those with high incomes and those with low		_			say your household's income has TEAD OUT	ı
	incomes is READ OUT	Pag lares	2 80 5			fallen behind prices,	52 3
		too large,				kept up with prices,	37 0
	•	about right,	14 9	I		or - gone up by more than prices?	8 7
	OR	- too small?	2.5			(Don't know)	1 7
		(DK/MA)	<b>2</b> 1			(MA)	0 3
						(RA)	U J

| T & L

[HINCXPCT] And looking forward to the year expect your household's income warehold			п = 2698
expect your household's income w			Q#. 22-2
	113		
			1
	fall behind p	rices,	49.9
	keep up with p	rices,	38.3
	or - go up by more than p	rices?	7.8
	(Don't	know)	3.6
(RECONACT)		(AA)	0.1
Which of these descriptions applicate doing last week, that is, is ending last Sunday? PROSE: Am CODE ALL THAT APPLY IR COLUMN I	n the seven days		
IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER	IT TO COLDINE II		
IF HORE THAN OWE AT I, TRANSFER	LICERST OF LIST TO II		
		COL.	COL II ECONOMI <u>POSITIO</u>
In full-time education (no			7
	including on vacation)	A	2.8
Employment Training, You	•		0.4
In paid work (or away to	emporarily) for at least 10 hours in week	C	54.9
Waiting to take up per	ld work already accepted	Ð	0.6
Unemployed and regists	ired at a benefit office	£	3.2
Unemployed, <u>not</u> register	ed, bur actively looking for a job	r	0.8
Unemployed, vanting a job veek) but <u>not</u> aci	(of at least 10 hrs per ively looking for a job	G	0.4
Perm	mently sick or disabled	B	2.4
ŧ	Tholly retired from work	J	18.6
	Looking after the home	K	15.7

		- 10 -	
	T&L		n = 1260
	ALL EMPLOYEES (COOR t AT Q.24)		Qs. 25-
i. '	(ESRJBTIN) In your present job, are you wo	rking READ OUT	
. [	RESPONDENT'S OWN	full-time,	79.8
	DEFINITION	or - part-time?	20.2
		OI PART CAME	
	How many hours a week do you no your (main) job?	rmally work in	
	(1P RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT LAST VEEK)		MOUND TO MAREST MOOR
		MEDIAN:	1
	(EJBHOURS!	MERCAN!	لنانا
	(EJBHRCAT)	10-15 hours a week	7. 5.5
		16-23 hours a week	9.4
		24-29 hours a week	4.5
		30 or more hours a veek	80 · 1
		/m= /ma \	0.5
7.4)	(WAGEROW)  Now would you describe the wage  are paid for the job you do - o	a the low side,	
7.a)	How would you describe the vage	s or selery you a che low side,	7. 9.8
7.4)	How would you describe the vage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side	s or selery you a che low side, ? IF LOW: Very	_
7.4)	How would you describe the vage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side	s or selery you or the low side, ? IF LOW: Very Very low	9.8
7.4)	How would you describe the vage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side	s or salary you o the low side, ? IF LOW: Very Very low A bit low	9.8 25.2 59.1
7.4)	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?	s or salary you or the low side, ? IF LOW: Very Very low A bit low Reasonable	9.8 25.2 59.1
7.4)	How would you describe the vage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side	s or salary you or the low side, ? IF LOW: Very Very low A bit low Reasonable	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5
b)	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other answer (WRITE IN)	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far phrase from	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far phrase from	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far phrase from  Huch too big a gap	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or selary you at the low side, ? IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far phrase from  Much too big a gap Too big About right	9.8 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4 17.0 30.3 41.2 2.7
	How would you describe the wage are paid for the job you do - o reasonable, or on the high side low or a bit low?  Other snawer (WRITE IN)  (PAIGAP)  CARD F  Thinking of the highest and the people at your place of work, highest describe the gap between their as you know? Please choose a	s or salary you a che low side, 7 IF LOW: Very  Very low A bit low Reasonable On the high side  (DE/NA)  lowest paid ow would you pay, as far phrase from  Huch too big a gap Too big About right Too small	9.6 25.2 59.1 5.5 0.4 17.0 30.3 41.2 2.7

Yal

ASK ALL EMPLOYEES

CARD H (EWRKARRA - EWRKARRE)

15. Please use this card to say whether any of the following arrangements are available to you, at your workplace... READ OUT a)-k) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

	READ OUT 17-K/ AND CO	Not	ACE				
			available- but I would use it	Aveilable bet I do not use i		(Don't	(NA
a)	part-time working, allowing you to work I than the full working day?		11.6	23.9	20.2	1.2	<u></u>
ы	flexible hours, so that can adjust your own da working hours?		42.8	6.8	23.7	0.8	0.
c)	job-sharing schemes, w part-timers share one full-time job?	here 261.6	17.1	12.4	3.9	4.1	0.4
4)	working from home at i some of the time?	*4st 751.6	28.5	3.9	12.3	2.0	1.1
e)	term-time contracts, a ing parents special ti off during school holid	<b>54</b>	26.6	6.0	5.5	7.2	2.0
£)	nurmaries provided by employer for the young children of employees?	•	24.8	4.5	0.2	3.5	1.0
E)	arrangements by your of loyer for the care of children during school holidays?		27.2	1.8	0.5	4.1	2.0
h)	child care allowances towards the cost of ch care?	11d 259.7	31.4	1.1	0.3	6.4	1.2
I)	ASE WOMEN ONLT n = 6 'career breaks', that keeping women's jobs of for a few years so tha mothers can return to after caring for young children?	is pen t vork	27.6	15.1	4.9	9.3	2.8
j)	ASK NEW OWLY n = 6peternity leave, allow fathers extre leave whe their children are bor	ing	30.2	16.0	10.6	10.2	1.1
k)	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES Any other arrangement help people combine joi and childcare? (PLEASE WRITE IN:)	to	12.3	1.4	1.0	19.9	1.6
1)	NEW CODE: Time off, ei paid or unpaid, to car for sick children (None)		0.2	0.2	0.1	-	-
	(HV6)4)	<b>420,0</b>					

- 14 -

n = 1260

	- 15 -		1	T & L 16	
	TAL	n = 1260			n = 155
į	(PTFLTINE)			IF WOMAN ENTLOTEE WITH CHILDREN ACED ONDER 12 (CODE L AT Q 38a OR b)	Qs 39-43
36 al	CRECK O 35a) AND O 25:	1		CARD J [LECHARRI - EECHARRO, EECHARRO]	
<b>30 3</b> ,		1	<b>19 ≡)</b>	Which of the following best describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while	
	Tespondent is part-time at both questions (CODE 4 AT Q 35s AND CODE 2 AT Q 25)	20 2		you are at work? Any others?	
	Respondent is full-time at both questions	i		CODE ALL THAT APPLY	2
	(CODES 1-) AT Q 354 AND CODE LAT Q 25)	79 8	<b>.</b>	[ work only while they are at school	24 2
	Respondent's asswers differ at Q 35s AND Q 25	•	1 1	They look after themselves until I gat home	10 5
		}	<b>,</b>	I work from home	3 6
			' i	A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home	40
	(PTCONFJL)			They go to a work place nursery	0 6
	IF PART-THE AT 4)			They go to a day nursety	7.1
	b) You say you are now working part-time As			They go to a child-minder	13 7
	things are now, would you be willing to		l.	A relative looks after them	56 B
	work <u>full-time</u> or dot? Yes	7 4 6		A friend or neighbour looks after them	10 0
	No	15 6		Other (WEITE IN:)	ισ
	(HA)	0 1		(EFRURSRI) IF DAY-RUBSERT AT A)	
	(RSEX1) ASE ALL EMPLOYEES			b) Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?	ı
37	INTERVIEWER: CODE:			Private nursery only	3 2
		z		Council-funded sursery only	3 2
	EZSPONDRET IS HAN	51 4	<b>\</b>	(Soth - use both kinds)	-
	EXSPONENT IS WORLD	48.6		(Don't know)	_
		Į		(MA)	3 2
	(EFCHDLTS)			(EFCRDCON)  IF WORLD EMPLOYER WITH CHILDREN CHOCK 12	
	ASE ALL WORRE EMPLOYEES	n = 612	40 a)		
38 ±)	Can I just check, do you have any children	Q 38 only	-5 47	for looking after your childrent Are they REAB OUT	7.
	under five living at home?	_		very convenient,	58.0
		* 1		fairly convenient,	34 2
	Yes	9 <b>9</b> 90 1		not very convenient,	2 9
	Мо	70 I		or - not at all convenient?	ı <b>9</b>
	(EFCHD512)			(EFCHDSAT) (NA)	2 9
	IF NO AT #)		b)	And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you EEAD OUT	7.
	b) Bo you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?			very satisfied,	63 1
	Alloger coated Clatif we nome:	2		fairly satisfied,	26 6
	Yes	15 5		not very satisfied,	5 5
	l No			or - not at all matisfied?	1.9
		·		(MA)	2 9

	7 6 L - 18 -	n = 155
	EFSCEULL     IF WOMAN ENPLOYEE BITTE CHILDREN DWDER 12	
43.	When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT	7.
	work full-time,	60.4
	work part-time,	35.4
	or - not have a paid job at all?	2.3
	(EOLDRESP)	1.9
	ASK ALL EMPLOTEES	п = 1260
44.4)	Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to provide some regular care for them?	Q#. 44-50
		*
	Tes	8.9
	No (XA)	90.8 0.4
	(80)	0.4
	(EOLDAFHR) LF TES AI a)	
	b) Does this responsibility EEAD OUT	ļ
	prevent you from working longer hours in your job,	% 1.0
	or ~ does it make no difference to your working hours?	7.8
	(AK)	0.4

- 1,	l9		n •	1260	1			Y & L - 20 -	n •	1260	
	ASK ALL EMPLOTEES					ı	,	Now shighten share all amalouses offered by now asshed	<u> </u>		
c.	CARD L [VAKTECI - VAKTECIO]					-		Now thinking about <u>all</u> employees affected by new technology Has new technology at your workplace <u>generally</u> meant READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH			
_ \   "	low I dike to ask you about new technology at you	or vorkplace	•		1		- 1		<b>S</b> o		
; ye	Thich, if any, of these kinds of new technology are our place of work? It doesn t matter whether you or not just cell me all that you know of at your o	u vork víth	ac them					(TECHSXIL) More Less	Differ-	(Don't know)	(NA)
α	CODE ALL MENTIONED IN COL a)	-						a) that those affected by it have to work at a more or less skilled level, or has it made no difference? 7, 37, 0, 6;	3 30 9		
Pr	OR EACH HENTIONED AT a) ASK b) (ETECURKI - ETECURK				1		ļ	(TECHRESP)	ל טנ ל	5 0	5 0
•)	Do you yourself use, or does your own work invo (ITEM MENTIONED AT a)?	:8/ :Eve che use	of					b) that those affected by it have more or  less responsibility in their work, or has  it made no difference? 7 79 9 3 1			
CC	ODE YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a)	(æ) At	(b) Use/work					(TECHPAY) c) that those affected by it are paid more		5 1	5 1
]_		workplace	TES	<u>#0</u>	(AA)			or less, or has it made no difference? % 13 4 11	55 6	8 8	5 )
j co	omputer	1	1	t	1			(TECHJOBS)		1	
	Main frame computer	41.9	19 9	20 8	5 0	1 4	8 •>	And has the use of new technology at your workplace seent that READ OFF		1	
-	Telephone link to computer at another place	36 9	13 8	21 1	5.8	i	ļ	sesur that The Ob!		_	
-	Micro/mini computer or computer metwork	44 4	23 8	19 4	5 0	'	ŀ	the organisation has increased the number		2	
1	Type of computer unknown	23 7	6.8	16 3	4.5	1	1	of employees,		12 7	
- 1	ord processor	56 6	20 2	34 0	6 Z	;		reduced the number of employees,		13 8	
	luctronic memory typewriter	45 B	11.5	32 6	5 6			or - has it made no difference?		48 0	
Co	omputer controlled plant, machinery or equipment		<u> </u>		1			(Don't know)		4 6	
`h	(including robots) used for design, assembly,	22 1	8 2		.,			[TECHSAY] (NA)		50	
	ther nev technology (WRITE IN)	5 9	į	12 8			۱,۹	And has the use of new technology at your workplace meant that those affected by it READ OUT		- 1	
	ne or more used at work	- ' '	79 9%	1 5	4.8			•		z [	
		;	/7 74				ŀ	have more control over the pace of their work,		27 8	
1	HONE OF THESE)	15 8	1				i	have less control over the pace of their work,		11 1	
( 6	Dom't know)	3 6					Ì	or - has it made no difference?		33 1	
					ŀ	1		(Don't know)		7 0	
ĺ,,,					ŀ			(TECRHMVK) (NA)		5 2	
(F	TECAFCT!  ANT NEW TECHNOLOGY AT WORKPLACE  DODES 01-95 AT Q 45a)						c)	And has the use of new technology at your workplace meant that those affected by it READ OUT			
Vou	uld you say that the use of new rechnology							can work from home at least some of the time,		8 2	
At	your place of work has affected your own						Ì	or - not?		65 8	
job				I	1		Ì	(Don't know)		5 4	
		the better,		43 1			Ì	(NA)		4 9	
		the worse,		4 6			- 1			- 1	
	or - has it made no o	ilfforence?		31 1			Ì				
		(DK)		0 4	Ì		1				
-		(AA)		5 0			1				
				J							
				!			ſ			1	
				ļ							
!				ļ			1				
					ļ					]	
1					1					1	

	Y & L	- 21 -	n + 1260
	(WPUNIONS)		# - 1260 J
	ASK ALL EMPLOTEES		
49. <b>a</b> )	At your place of work are there union associations, or groups of unions rec	ognised by	
	the management for negotiating pay an of employment?	d conditions	
	••• ••• •••		ı
		Tes	58.1
		No	40.8
	(WPUNIONW) IF TES AT a)	(AM)	1.1
	b) On the whole, do you think these		
	staff associations do their job w		Z
		Yes	35.2
		No	19.5
	(INDREL)	(DK)	3.1
	ASK ALL EMPLOTEES	(MA)	1.4
50.a)	In general how would you describe rel management and other employees at you		
	READ OUT		1
		very good	37.7
		quite good,	44.4
		not very good,	14.0
	(WORKRUM)	or - not at all good?	3.3
<b>b</b> )	And in Beneral, would you say your wo	orkplace (DK/NA)	0.7 %
		very well menaged,	25.6
		quite well managed,	54.9
		or - not well managed?	18.6
	(SSRJBTIM)	(DK/HA)	0.8
	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.		n = 221
51.	In your present job, are you working		Qe. 51-59 Z
	EXSPONDENT'S OWN DEFIBITION	full-time,	83.0
	·	or - part-time?	15.6
	(SJBHOURS)	(NA)	1.4
52.	How many hours a week do you normally in your (main) job?	. work	BOOMS TO
	(IF RESPONDENT CAMOUT ABSWER,		WARREST BOOK
	ASE ABOUT 'LAST WEEK')	MEDIAN	4 5 7
	(SJBHRCAT) AMD	CODE: 10-15 hours a week	5.3
		16-23 hours a week	4.7
		24-29 hours a week	2.6
		30 or more hours a week	84.1
		(DK)	0.5
İ		(AK)	2.9

	1 Y & L 23		1	7 & L - 24 -	
	(RSEX2)	n = 221		(SFCHDCON)	
59	INTERVIEWER: CODE:	1		1P SELF-ENPLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN DIDER 12	
	RESPONDENT IS HAN	74 1	62	How convenient are the arrangements you now have for looking after your children? Are	
	RESPONDENT IS WOMAN	25 3	<u> </u>	they READ OUT	
	I SECHPLOYED WORKER	n = 56	i	very convenient,	
60 a)	Can I just check do you have any children	60 only	}	fairly convenient,	
	under five living at home?	1.		not very convenient,	
	Yes	13 7		or - not at all convenient?	
	/SFCHDS12/	86 3	į į	(SFCHDSAT)	
	IF HO AT a)		63	And how satisfied overall are you with these arrangements? Are you READ OUT	
	b) Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?	7		very satisfied,	
	Yes.	10 3		fairly satisfied,	
	No	76 0		not very satisfied,	
				or - not at all setisfied?	
	IF SELF-EMPLOYED WOMAN WITE CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 (CODE I AT Q 604 OR b)			(SPCHDPR1, SFCHDPR2) CARD K	
61 a)	CARD J ISFCHARRI - SFCHARRS, SFCHARRO; which of the following best describes the way you arrange for your children to be looked after while you are at work? Any others?	n = 13 Qa 61-66	64	Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding	
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY  [ work only while they are at school	<b>a</b> 5			Firet
	They look after themselves until I get home	0			choice
	I work from home	8			•
	A mother's help or namy looks after them at home	4	l l	I would work only while they are at school They would look after themselves until I got home	
	They go to a workplace sursery	0		I would work from home	
	They go to a day nursery	0	ļ !	A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	
	They go to a child-minder	1		They would go to a workplace nursery	
	A relative looks after them	2		They would go to a council-funded day nursery	
	A friend or neighbour looks after them	0	}	They would go to a private day nursery	
	Other (WRITE IS:)	0	ŀ	They would go to a child-winder	
	(SFMURSRY)		[	A relative would look after them	
	IF BAY-HURSERY AT a)		ł	A friend or neighbour would look after them	
	b) Is that day nursery a private nursery, or does it receive funds from the local council?	•		(MONE OF TRESE)	•
	Privace nursery only	0		(DK)	Ĺ
	Council-funded nursery only	0			
	(Both - use both kinds)	0	•		
	(Don't know)	0			

n - 13

First Second Choice Choice

ı

	Y & L 25 -	n = 13
	I SEPREWRK J	<u> </u>
65.a)	And if you did have the child-care arrangement of your choice, would you prefer to READ OUT	1
	work more hours than now,	ι
	work fever hours than now,	2
	or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?	10
	(Don't know)	0
	[RECONACS] [TF HORE BOORS AT a)	
	b) INTERVIEWER CHECK:	
	Respondent works less than 30 hours a week (CODES I, 2 OR J AT Q.52)	n l
	Respondent works 30+ hours a week (CODE 4 AT Q.52)	0
	(SFPTFULL) IF COOK L AT b)	
	c) Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?	
	Yes, might work full-time	0
	No, would not	1
	(Don't know)	0
	(SFSCFULL) IF SELF-ENGLOYED WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12	
66.	When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you chink you are most likely to do	
	READ OUT work full-time,	6
	work part-time,	6
	or a not have a noid tab at all?	1
	(SOLDRESP) ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED	
57.a)	Some people have responsibilities for looking after a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative. Is there anyone like this who depends on you to	$\frac{n = 221}{Q_{0} \cdot 67 - 68}$
	provide some regular care for them?	1
	Yes	7.0
	No .	92.1
	(SOLDAFHR)  LF TES AT a)	0.9
	b) Does this responsibility ERAD OUT	
	pravent you from working longer hours	z.
,	in your job,	1.6
ļ	in your job,	1.6 5.4 0.9

- 13	1	- 26 -	n • 221
- 13	1	ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOTED	n = 221
a l	68.4)	CARD L (STECWRKI - STECWRK9)	
2		CODE ALL TRAT APPLY	1
10		Computer: Main frame computer	2.1
0		Telephone link to computer another place	6.5
	ļ	Micro/mini computer or computer network	17.6
	]	Type of computer unknown	2.6
n		Other: Word processor	15.6
ı		Electronic memory typewriter	t4.9
0		Computer-controlled plant, machinery, or equipment (including robots)	3.2
		Other new technology (WRITE EWs)	1.4
		(NONE OF TRESE)	66.8
0			
l O	!	b) Would you say the use of new technology has affected your work READ OUT	
			T
"	)	for the becter,	22.3
		for the worse,	0.7
•		or - has it made no difference?	8.6
6		(NA) ALL IN PULL-TIME EDUCATION (CODE 01 AT 0.23)	1.6
6 1	69.	And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have any paid work of less than ten hours a	n = 76 j Q. 69 only
		week?	z.
- 221 67-68		Tas	16.6
		No	83.4
7.0		(GUNEMP)	
92.1 0.9	70.	ALL ON GOVERNMENT SCHEMES (CODE 02 AT Q.23)  During the last five years - that is since Harch 1985 - have you been unemployed and	n = 11 Q.70 only
		seeking work for any period?	
		_	n
z		Tes	8
1.6		No.	3
5.4			
0.9			
	İ		

	Y & L 27 -	n = 20
	//MWURKIO/ ALL THOSE WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (CODE 04 AT Q 23	Q 71 only
71 a)	And In the seven days ending last Sunday did you	
,, <b>4</b> ,	have any paid work of less than can hours a week?	•
	Tes	1
	No	19
<b>b</b> )	[MAUNEMP] During the last five years - that is since Narch 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?	
	, , , , ,	•
	Yes	13
	No	7
	(UUNEMPT) ALL UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06, 07 AT Q 23)	[n - 117]
72 a)	In total how many months in the last  five years - that is, since March 1985 - have you been unemployed and seeking work?	Qs 72-75
	HONTES	
	MEDIAN: 3 6	
	(CURUREMP)	
6)	Now long has this present period of	
	unemployment and seeking work lasted so far?	
	HOUTES	
	MCD LAN: 2 4	
	/ UNORK1 0 /	i
73	And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you	2
	have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?	3 4
	No	94 0
	(HA)	2 6
74	[JOBQUAL]  Now confident are you that you will find a job to	
~	match your qualifications READ OUT	
	very confident,	12 0
	quite confident,	25 4
	not very confident,	30 0
	-	29 9
- 1	or - not at all confident?	
	(WA)	2 6
75 4)	Although it may be difficult to judge how long from now do you think it will be before you find	
	an acceptable job?	
ļ	marrie 1	_
	HERDIAM: [0]3	* 1
i	Hever	14 8
ļ	(UJUBCH#C) (Dom't know)	34 8
ы	Do you think that there is a real chance now- adays that you will get a job in this area,  (MA)	4 1
	or is there no real chance nowadays?	1
	Real chance	40 6
	No real chance	54 6
	(DK/HA)	4.0

	ITEL	- 29	· •	
	(HWORK10)			n = 423
	ALL LOOKING APTER HOME (CO	DE 10 AT	Q.23)	Qu. 82-85
82 =)	And in the seven days ending last have any paid work of less than	et Sunday, ten hours	did you a week?	1
	INCLUDE TROSE TEMPORARILY AWAY		Yes	9.9
	PAID JOB OF LESS TEAM 10 BOURS	A WEEK	No	89.9
<b>b</b> )		outside the	howe?	0.2
	Raising children	36.8	Dependent relative	4.1
	Retired/too old	16.7	'Powerty trap'	2.5
	Prefer looking after home/family	18.6	Already works (less than 10 hours a week)	2.3
	No jobs available	1.8	Childcare costs	2.4
	Unsuited for available jobs	2.3	Unpaid work/family	4.7
	Husband against working	1.8	business	0.7
	Do valunteer work	8.0	(Other enguer)	1.3
	Pregnancy/\$11 health	7.6	(DR) (NA)	0.1 20.7
83.a)	(EVERJOB) Have you, during the last five y			20.7
03.47	full- or part-time job of 10 hou			7 33.1
	(EVERJOBT)		No	66.2
i	IF YES AT a)		(AN)	0.7
	b) Row long ago was it that you	left that	job?	
i	nedian,	. OF HORTES	aco	
:	(FTJOBSER   IF NO AT Q.83a)	ست		
84.a)	Bow seriously in the past five yo	eers have		
	you considered section a full-time ERAD OUT	1061	very seriously,	2.1
	PROMPT, IF WECKSBARY, FULL-		quite seriously.	5.5
	TIME IS 30 HES+ PER WEEK		not very seriously,	6.0
		or - no	t at all seriously?	52.4
	(PTJOBSER) IF NOT YERY OR NOT AT ALL SERIOUS	SLT AT A)	(AA)	0.9
	b) Bow seriously, in the past fi you considered getting a part	ive years,	have	
- 1	NEAD OUT			1.5
)			very seriously, quite seriously,	5.2
-			not very seriously,	7.5
			t at all seriously?	44.1
}		7. 40	(NA)	0.9
į				

	YEL			- 30 -				
	ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER	THE	BONE /A	RECORACY /		n	- 423	
8	INTERVIEWER CHECK.							
	RESPONDENT WORKS LES	S TE	IAN 10 BC	OURS & WRICE (CODE	: L AT (J.82e)		9.9	
	•				ALL OTHERS		90.1	
	}							
	CARD E			PORKING LESS THAN	10 BOORS A			
86	/TWHKANNA - TWN			r any of the fol	lavine	-	42	
	arrangements are avail					Q€.	86-94	
1	READ OUT a)-k) AND		Wot	_				
	COUR ONE POE EACH		ilsble-	Not available- but	Available-	Aveil- able ~		
	}	Bot	wee it	I would use it	but I do	and I do	(Don't	
	<u>.</u>	11 1	t were	if it were	not use it	use it	know)	(NA
#)	allowing you to work less than the full working day?		0	3	0	31	ι	7
6)	flexible hours, so the	t					·	
•	you can adjust your own daily working hours?	8	8	10	0	16	2	6
c)	Job-sharing schemes,	_						
	where part-timers where on full-time job?	•	8	14	5	1	s	9
	least some of the time?	•	21	6	2	4	2	6
æ)	term-time contracts, allowing parents special t off during school holidays		,	4	6	14	,	8
£	nurseries provided by employer for the young chi ren of employees?	ld-	22	6				7
-1	arrangements by your es	• •••••	**	•	3	2	2	,
• /	over for the care of child						1	
	during school holidays?	•	22	8	ι	0	2	9
h)	child-care allowances towards the cost of child							
	carel	•	19	14	0	0	2	7
	ASK WOMEN ONLT						İ	
1)	'career breaks', that keeping women's jobs open a few years so that mother	for					}	
	can return to work after						1	
	caring for young children?	9	15	12	4	0	3	8
33	ASK HER ONLY						\	
3.	fathers extra leave when their children ere born?	<b>.</b>	0	0	o	0		0
	ASK ALL EMPLOTEES					-	ĺ	
k)	any other arrangement t						1	
	help people combine jobs as childcare? (PLEASE WRITE IN:)	1d 0	1.7	6	2	I	4	4
1)	Time off, either paid or u	^ n-					}	
	paid, to care for sick children WEW CODE		0	0	0	0		42
	(None)		0	o	G	0		0
	I	-	•	•	v	U	v j	٠,

	, 4 6 L JZ -		
	(FECHDOON) 1F WOMAN WITH CHILDREN UNDER 12	l	n * 42
90 a)	How convenient are the arrangements you now have		
	for looking after your children? Are they READ OUT		
	very convenient,		22
	fairly convenient,		,
	not very convenienc		1
	or - not ac all convenienc?		0
ь)	And how satisfied overall are you with these		2
	arrangements? Are you READ OUT		*
	very satisfied		23
	fairly satisfied		2
	not very satisfied		1
	or - not at all satisfied? [TECHOPRI, TECHOPRE]		0
	(MA)		2
<b>9</b> 1	Suppose you could choose from any of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you are at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read the whole list before deciding		ľ
	CODE ONE ORDER 'PIRST CHOICE'	First	Second
	AND ONE THORE 'SECOND CHOICE'	choice	choice
		•	•
	I would work only while they are at school	17	2
	They would look after themselves until I got home	0	0
	I would work from home	ı	5
	A mother's help or nanny would look after them at home	1	0
	They would go to a work-place nursery	0	0
	They would go to a council-funded day nursery	0	0
	They would go to a private day nursery	0	0
	They would go to a child-minder	0	2
	A relative vould look after them	6	9
	A friend or neighbour would look after them	1	5
	(NONE OF THESE)	0	2
92 ±)	And if you did have the child-care arrangements of your choice, would you prefer to READ OUT	2	ן נ
	work more hours than now,		ıī
	work fewer hours them now,		1
	or - are you happy with the hours you work at present?		13
	/TFPTFULL/ (Don't know)		0 )
	IF COOR (AT a) (NA)		, ]
	b) Do you think you might work full-time then, or not?		•
	Yes, might work full-time		3
	No, would not		8
	(Don t know)		0
	(AM)		3
			- l

	Y & L			
	/TESCEULL/		n = 42	
	IF WORAH WITE CHILDREN UNDER 12		İ	
93.	When all your children have gone to seconds do you think you are most likely to do	ry school, which	_	
		work full-time,		96
	]	work part-time,	17	70
	OF - Bot have	a paid job at all?	1	
	( TOLDRESP )		0	
	IF LOOKING AFTER BONE AND WORKING UP TO 10		,	
94.2)	Some people have responsibilities for looking disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relate there anyone like this who depends on you some regular care for them?	****		
	<b>\$</b>		a }	
	•	Yes	5	
		No	35	
	(TOLDAFHR) LF TES AT a)	(MA)	2	
	b) Does this responsibility READ OUT .	••		
	prevent you from working longer	hanna da hab		
	or - does it make no difference to		2	į
	i	AV)	3	i
	[HPCHDLTS] IP LOOKING AFTER THE BOME AND NOT WORKING	(RA)	2	
	(CODE 2 AT Q.85)	a	<b>→ 378</b>	
95.a)		Q.	95 only	
	under five living at home?			
			z }	97.
		Yes	31.1	,,,
		No	68.9	
	(HFCHD\$12)		1	
	IF NO AT a)			
	b) Do you have any children over five but under twelve living at home?		j	
			2	
		Tes	14.5	,
		No	54.5	
į				
			1	
			İ	
			1	
ľ			1	
ì			1	
ŀ			1	
Į			1	
l				
			1	
•			ı	

CARD	OOKING		n = 173
CARD	E LAT	AFTER BONE AND WITH CHILDREN AGED UNDER 12 Q.95« OR b)	Qs. 96-100
,   Dn v		····	
	ou <u>regu</u> s for y	larly use any of these childcare arrange- our child or children during the day?	
		[HFCHARR4]	2
ŀ	YES:	A mother's help or nanny looks after them at home	0.6
1		(HFCHARR6) They go to a day-nursery	4.9
1		(RECHARR?) They go to a child-minder	1.0
1		(HECHARRS) A relative Looks after them	1.3
	HARRO) • (WRITE	(HECHARRS) A friend or neighbour looks after them	2.1
	100 t	SERT TO SHOW	75.:
	<i>irsri  </i> N <b>T-Murs</b> e	(NA)	3.6
6) 1	is that It recei	day-nursery a privace nursery, or does ve funds from the local council?	z
1		Private nursery only	0.6
}		Council-funded nursery only	4.
1		(Both - use both kinds)	
1			
ļ		(Don't know)	-
(RECR	IDCÓN I	(Don't know) (NA)	-
IF LO	S 1-7 4	(NA) FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY T Q.96)	-
IF LO (CODE	OKING A S 1-7 A onvente	(NA) FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY	-
IF LO (CODE	OKING A S 1-7 A onvente	(NA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY  T Q.96)  Int are the arrangements you now have	3.9
IF LO (CODE	OKING A S 1-7 A onvente	(HA)  FIRE BOME AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY  T Q.96)  Int are the arrangements you now have after your children? Are they ERAD OUT	3.9 \$ 7.1
IF LO (CODE	OKING A S 1-7 A onvente	(HA)  FIER BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY T Q.96)  Int are the arrangements you now have after your children? Are they BEAD OUT  very convenient,	7.: 11.:
IF LO (CODE	OKING A S 1-7 A onvente	(HA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY I Q.96)  Int are the strangaments you now have after your children? Are they READ OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient,	7.: 11.: 1.:
TF LO (COOR How c for 1:	ORING A S 1-7 & onventer ooking	(NA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY  T Q.96)  nt are the arrangements you now have after your children? Are they READ OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (NA)	3.4 7.7 11.4 1.0
How c for 1:	OKING AS 1-7 & onvenies ooking	(HA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY T Q.96)  Int are the strangaments you now have after your children? Are they BEAD OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (HA)  If ited overall are you with these	3.4 7.7 11.4 1.0
How c for 1:	OKING AS 1-7 & onvenies ooking	(NA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY  T Q.96)  nt are the arrangements you now have after your children? Are they READ OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (NA)	3.9 7.3 11.1 1.6 0.6 3.8
How c for 1:	OKING AS 1-7 & onvenies ooking	(HA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY T Q.96)  Int are the arrangements you now have after your children? Are they READ OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (NA)  If ied overall are you with these Are you READ OUT	3.4 7.7 11.4 0.6 3.8 7
How c for 1:	OKING AS 1-7 & onvenies ooking	(HA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY I Q.96)  Int are the strangaments you now have after your children? Are they BEAD OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (NA)  If ied overall are you with these Are you READ OUT  very secisfied,	3.9 7.1 11.1 1.6 0.6 3.8 7 9.2
IF LO (CODE How c for 1:	OKING AS 1-7 & onvenies ooking	(HA)  FIRE BONE AND USING CHILD-CARE RECULARLY T Q.96)  Int are the strangaments you now have after your children? Are they READ OUT  very convenient, fairly convenient, not very convenient, or - not at all convenient?  (HA)  If ited overall are you with these Are you READ OUT  very satisfied, fairly satisfied,	3.9 7.3 11.1 1.6 0.6 3.8

	Y & L . 35				Y&C		16 -				
	IF LOOKING AFTER SOME AND WITE CHILDREN UNDER 12		- 173		HCHDUT12     ALL LOOKING AFTER BONE				_	n = 420	
	CARD K [HECHUPR1, HECHUPR2]			18241	INTERVIEWER CRECK				q	102a) only	il .
	Suppose you decided to take a job outside the home and you could choose from <u>eny</u> of the types of child-care on the card. Which would be your first choice for child-care while you were at work, and which would be your second choice? Please read through the choice list before deciding	first	Second		<b>.</b>	Respondent AT Q 88a (	has childre DR Q 86b OR	n aged unde Q 95a OR Q All o	956)	1 47 7 52 3	
1	CODE OWE DROKE 'FIRST CHOICE'	chaice	cporce								
	AND ONE UNDER 'SECOND CHOICE'	1	. 1		EF CODE 1 AT Q 102a)					n - 200	1
	I would work only while they are at school		12 1	}	CARD W [MUMNYRK] - MUMNY	RK8 /			q	1026) on 1,	.]
	They would look after themselves until I got home		0.6		b) I am going to read out	saer smos	ons mothers	of young c	hildren		1
	I would work from home		11 5	1	give for not working this card to say how t	or not vor Important e	Eing many hi ach of thesi	ours Plea e reasons i	sa use s for		1
	A mother's help or namny would look after them at home	_	4.6	1	you personally	-					
	They would go to a workplace nursery		6 9		EEAD ()- viii) AND CODE ONE FOR EACE						
	They would go to a council-funded day nursery		3.4		VOR TVE ENUG				<b>.</b>		
	They would go to a private day nursery		5 7	1		Yery	Fairly	Not very	Not at all	Does not apply	1
	They would go to a child-minder		4 6	!		Important	important	important	important		DK/HA
	A relative would look after them		15 5	i)	I enjoy spending time with my children more than	n					
	A friend or meighbour would look after them (MONE OF TRESE)	L 7	15 5 L3 8	1	working	"z 73 0	17 6	3 9	0 5	1 7	3 2
	•	5 2		(1)	[t's better for the						
	And if you did have the child-care arrangement of	<b>7</b> 4	, ,,	1	children if I am home to						
	your choice, would you prefer to STAD OUT		*	l .	look efter them	7 75 7	18 3	2 6	0 0	0 7	2 7
	work part-time,		51 7	111)	It would cost too muc						
	work full-time,		12 6		to find suitable child-cs	re 35 3	21 8	11 0	8 1	20 5	37
	or - would you choose not to work outside the home?		27 0	iv)	I cannot find the kind				-		
	(Either full-time or part-time)		0 6	}	of childcare I would like	1 74 5	20 I	11 0	6 7	34 0	37
	(Don't know)		3 4	₹)	My life would be too difficult if I had to come	_					
	(HA)		4 6	1	bine child-care and paid	=					[
	When all your children have gone to secondary school, which do you think you are most likely to do READ OUT		1	1	work	1 28 0	23 2	14 0	to 9	20 2	37
	work full-time,		37 4	v1)	My husband or partner						
ļ	work part-time.		43 1		would not want me to work	7 22 9	13 7	14 4	19 4	26 5	3 2
	or - not have a paid job at ail?		13 8	vii)	I cannot find the kine						1
	(ng/Ma)		5 8		of work I want with suital hours	ele 2 36 2	15 5	9 0	6 7	29 8	2 7
<b>a</b> )	[HOLDRESP] Some people have responsibilities for looking after	n = 382	Q 101	l only			15 5	, 0	3 /	£ 7 G	' ′
	a disabled, sick, or elderly friend or relative		1.	*(11)	[ cannot find the kind of work I want near my hor		20 5	9 3	9.4	29 8	3 7
	Is there snyone like this who depends on you to Tes provide some regular care for them?		2 8	1	(ZWORK10)				, ,	-, •	´ ′
			40 B		/ZWORK10/ ALL DOING SOMETHING ELSE (	CODE 11 AT	0 23)			q = 4)	1
	(ROLDAFHR)  IF TES AT 4)		56 4	103	And in the seven days endi					Q 103 only	1
	b) Does this responsibility READ OUT		_		you have any paid work of						
	•		ī	}	veek?				Tes	0	
!	prevent you from getting a paid job,		1 3	Ţ					Ho	4	
	or - would you not want a paid job anyway?		1 2								1
	(RA)		56 7								

YAL

SECTION THREE

n - 2698 Os. 104-112

(SPENDI, SPENDE)

ASE ALL

CARD O

Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

OWE CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN

	let <u>Priority</u>	2nd Priority
	2	7.
Education	24.0	35.8
Defence	0.7	1.2
Health	55.5	25.0
Houstag	6.5	13.1
Public transport	1.6	3.7
Roads	1.1	3.2
folice and prisons	1.9	4.6
Social security benefits	4.8	7.7
Melp for industry	2.5	3.5
Overseas aid	0.0	0.7
(MONE OF THESE)	0.1	0.2
(Don't know)	0.3	0.5
(SOCBENI, SOCBEN2)  CARD P  (NA)	0.7	0.7

Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for

extra spending? And which next?

ONE COOR OWLY IN EACH COLUMN	let <u>Priority</u>	2md <u>Priority</u>
	2	1
Ratirement pensions	42.3	23.0
Child benefits	17.0	15.0
Benefits for the unemployed	8.3	13.1
Benefits for disabled people	23.9	35.1
Benefits for single parents	6.7	11.0
(NONE OF THESE)	0.6	1.0
(Don't know)	0.5	1.1
(AA)	0.7	0.7

- 38 -T&L n = 2698 I will read two statements. For each one please say whether you agree or disagree. Strongly or slightly? [FALSECLM] a) Large numbers of people these days falsely claim benefics. RECORD IN COLUMN a) (FAILCLM) Large numbers of people who are eligible for benefits these days fail to claim them. RECORD (N COLUMN b) (4) (b) Palsely Fail to cleim clate T. 1 44.3 49.3 Agree strongly Agree slightly 34.4 Disagree slightly 6.9 Disagree strongly 11.5 2.9 (Don't knov) 7.5 6.2 (NA) 0.2 0.4 107. Opinions differ about the level of benefits for the unemployed. Which of these two statements comes closest to your own ... READ OUT ... Z ... benefits for the unemployed are too low and cause hardship 50.0 OR . benefits for the unemployed are too high and discourage people from finding jobs? 28.6 (Meither) 8.0 Other (WRITE IN.) 1.3 (Don't know) 7.2 0.5 (NA) [TAXSPEND] (Both) 3.5 CARD Q (About right) 0.6 108. Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this cerd. Which do you think it should choose? 1 Reduce taxes and spend less on health, education and social 3.2 Keep taxes and spending on these services at the same level 48 HOW 37.3 Increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social 54.3 benefits (None) 2.9 (Don't know) 2.0 (WHSSAT) CARD R (NA) 0.2 All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied 7, would you say you are with the way in which the National Health Service runs novadays? Very satisfied 6.6 Choose a phrase from this card. 10.4 Quite satisfied 15.1 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied 27.1 Quite dissatisfied 20.3 Very dissattsfied 0.3 (DK) (AA) 0.2

YAL - 40 L -7 6 L n = 2698 - 39 -- 42Y n = 2698 0 L113-L115 CARD R AGAIN SECTION FOUR [REGIGION] (Y118-Y120) From your own experience, or from what you have heard please ASK ALL say how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with the way in which each of these parts of the National Health Service runs 113 a) Do you regard yourself as belonging ROVEDEYS to any particular religion? IF TES: Which? READ OUT [-vi BELOW AND RING ı OHE CODE FOR EACH Heither CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT No religion 36 3 satisfied Ouite Christian - no denomination 2 4 Very Ouite nor disdie-Very diasatisfied satisfied satisfied satisfied (DK/MA) Roman Catholic . . [GPSAT] Church of England/Anglican 37 5 1) First local doctors/GPs? 7 31 3 79 0.5 Baptiet 1 1 [DENTSAT] 11) National Health Service Methodist 3 5 2 20 D dentists? 48 5 17 4 7 7 3 0 3 3 Presbyterian/Church of Scotland 4 3 [HVSAT] 111) Realth visitors? 7, 11 7 5 2 2 6 14 4 Free Presbyterian 0.1 IDMS4T1 Brothren 0 0 (v) District nurses? 1, 17 5 33 4 31 8 2 7 10 13 5 (IMPATSAT) United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational 0 6 v) Being in hospital as an Other Protestant (WRITE ES:) 7 23 B 1.5 inpatient? 39 0 18 8 10 7 4 4 3 2 Other Christian (WRITE IN:) (OUTPASAT) 0 4 Attending hospital as an Mindu 0 5 outpatient? 2 14 4 17 9 18 3 10 0 2 9 Jevish 0 9 [PRIVMED] 0 9 Telem/Muelim (11 4) Are you covered by a private health insurance scheme that, is an insurance scheme that allows Sikh 0 3 you to get private medical treatment? Buddhier 0 L For example: BUPA and PP? T. Other non-Christian (WRITE ID:) 0 3 16 9 Tes Refused/unvilling to say 0 0 No 82 6 (RELIGEAN) IF NO RELIGION (CODE OI AT .) (HA) 0 5 (DE/HA) 0.5 (PRIVEAID) b) In what religion were you No religion 4 4 IF TES AT a) brought up? PROBE IF Christian - no denomination 1 2 b) Does your amployer (or your husband's/wife's WECESSART: What was 1 employer) pay the majority of the cost of your family's religion? Roman Catholic 3 8 membership of this scheme? Tes 8 9 Church of England/Anglican 21 2 ¥. 7 6 Baptiet 0 5 0 3 (Don't know) Methodisc 19 (NA) 0 6 [ MRSL [ MIT ] Presbyterian/Church of Scotland 2 1 ASE ALL free Fresbyterian 10 112 It has been suggested that the Mational Health Brethren Service should be available only to those with lover incomes This would mean that contributions United Reform Church (URC)/Congregational 0 2 and taxes could be lover and most people would then Other Protestant (WRITE IB:) ı 0.5 take our medical insurance or pay for health care Do you support or oppose this idea? 22 1 Support Other Christian (WRITE IN:) 0 0 73 0 Оррове Ainde 0 0 (Don't know) A 1 Jevish 0 1 (MA) 0 6 Islam/Huslim 0 I Sikh Note: Question L113-L115 were suked as Y118-Y120 in Section 5 in the Buddhist 0 1 Y version of the questionnaire Other non-Christian (WRITE IM:) Refused/unwilling to say 0 0

,

- 42L n = 1353 Now I would like to ask you some questions about racial prejudice in Britain. [PREJAS] 116 m) First, thinking of Asians - that is, people whose families were originally from India and Pakistan - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any? 7 A lot 56 5 A little 32.8 Hardly any 7.1 (Don't know) 3.2 (NA) 0.4 [PREJBLK] And black people - that is people whose families were originally from the West Indies or Africa who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain newsuays, a little, or hardly any? 7 A lot 47.9 A little 39.1 Hardly any 9.0 (Don't know) 3.5 (NA) 0.5 [PREJNOW! c) Do you think there is generally more racial prejudice in Britain now than there was 5 years ago, less, or about the same amount? z Hore nov 31.9 Less now 19.8 About the same 45.3 Other answer (WRITE IN:) 0.1 (DK/NA) 2.9 (PREJEUT) d) Do you think there will be more, less or about the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain in 5 years time compared with now? 7. More in 5 years 36.6 Less 19.9 About the same 38.8 Other snaver (WEITE IN:) 0.3 (DK/HA) 4.5 I SRPREJ I How would you describe yourself: ... READ OUT ... 7 ... as very prejudiced against people of other races, 3.7 a little prejudiced, 31.7 or - not prejudiced at all? 63.5 Other answer (WRITE IN:) 0.2 (DK/NA) 1.0

j		
	L - 43L -	n = 1353
		<u> </u>
	[ASJOB]	
117a)	On the whole, do you think people of Asian origin in Britain are <u>not</u> given jobs these days <u>because</u>	
	of their race READ OUT	7
	a lot,	14 3
	a little,	40 9
	or - hardly at ail?	35 4
l	(Don't knew)	8 9
	(MA)	D 6
	(NIJOB)	
<b>b</b> )	And on the whole, do you think people of West Indian	
	origin in Britain are <u>not</u> given jobs these days because of their race READ OUT	z
	a lot,	20 1
	a little,	41 6
	or - herdly at ail?	30 0
	(Don't kaow)	7.8
	(RA)	0.6
	(RACELAW)	
L18a)		
	that is against giving unfair preference to a particular	
	race in housing, jobs and so on. Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a law for this purpose?	1
	Support	68 4
	Оррове	28 5
	(DK)	2 5
	(IMMRELP)	0 6
ь)	Do you think, on the whole, that Britain gives too	
	little or too much help to Asians and West Indians who have settled in this country, or are present	
	arrangements about right	1
	Too little	9 5
	Fresent arrangements right	51 4
	_ Too much	32 1
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0 2
	(DK)	6 4
	(NA)	0 5
	1	

	٠ - 446 -			n = 1353
	IF INTERVIEWING IN ENGLAND OR WALKS, ASK ABOUT "BR IF INTERVIEWING IN SCOTLAND, ASK ABOUT "SCOTLAND"	TAIW"		
119	DIVORCE     Do you think that divorce in (Britain/Scotland)     should be   READ OUT			1
	easier to obtain than	i it is nov	٠,	10 9
	more	difficult	:,	32 5
	or - should things remain a	s they are	.7	51 4
		Don t know	)	5 0
	(SEXLAW)	(NA	)	0 2
120	There is a law in Britain against sex discrimina- tion, that is against giving unfair preference to men - or to women - in employment, pay and so on Do you generally support or oppose the idea of a			
	law for this purpose?			τ
		Suppor	t	80 0
		Орров	•	16 7
		(DK	)	2 8
	CARD T	AK)	)	0 5
121 a)	Now I would like to ask you some questions about se [PMS]  If a man and a woman have sexual relations before m what would your general opinion be? Please choose	arriage,	ionshi	p <b>s</b>
	from this card RECORD IN COL a)	a patage		
<b>b</b> )	[EXMS] What about a <u>married person</u> having sexual relacions someone other than his or her partner? Please cho phrase from this card RECORD IN COL b)			
e)	[HOMOSEX] What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card EXCORD IN COL. c)	he		
	(a) Before Marriace	(b) Extra Marital	(c) SAME SEX	
}	<del> </del> <del></del>	7.	1	
	Always wrong 12 5	56 3	57 5	

	(A) DEFORE	(b) Extra	(c) SANDL
	HARRIAGE	MARITAL	SEX
	Z.	Z	1
Alveys wrong	12 5	56 3	57 5
Mostly wrong	9 6	28 5	11 0
Sometimes wrong	20 3	9 8	8 2
Rerely wrong	8 7	10	4 3
Not wrong at all	45 2	1.5	14 6
(Depends/varies)	2 9	L 7	3 2
(DK)	0 l	0 3	06
(AA)	0 7	0 9	0 7

	- 451	T = -
2,	Now I would like you to cell me whether, in your	a =
	opinion, it is acceptable for a homogenest	
	READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE POR EACH	
	(GAYTEASC)	
(د	to be a teacher in a school?	
	Yes	4
	l va	4
	Other answer (WRITE 1Nr)	
	(Depends on person)	
	IGATTEAHE  (DK/HA)	
ь)	to be a teacher in a college or university?	
	Yes	5
	Other course (2000 to )	41
	Other answer (WRITE IN:)  (Depends on person)	
ı	(Depends on person) (GAYFUB) (DK/WA)	2
,	(DK/HA) to hold a responsible position in public life?	2
١	Yes	
- 1	No.	56 38
- [	Other answer (FRITE IN:)	0
- [	(Depends on person)	i
١	(DK/NA)	2
ı	What did you understand the word "homosexual" to	
-	mean at this question: READ OUT	
- {	men only - that is, gays,	24
-1	women only - that is, leabians,	0
1	or - sither?	74
1	(FGAYADPT) (DK/NA)	
Н	Do you think female homosexuel couples	0
	resolans - should be allowed to adont a Labor	
-11	the same conditions as other couples?	
1	Yes	17
L	Xo.	79
- ) '	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	0.
	(Depends on person)	0.
1.	MGAYADPT /	2.
14	and do you think male homosexual counter - ther in	0.
} 1	ays - should be allowed to adopt a baby under the	_
1	ame conditions as other couples?	7
	Yes	9.
10	Cher ansver (WRITE LN:)	87.
1	(Depends on person)	0.
	(DK)	0.
	(NA)	2. 0.
ì		
1		
t		
j		

124 a	SECTION PIVE  [VICTIM]  Now some questions about crime. Do you ever worry about the possibility that you or anyone eise who	n = [353]
	lives with you might be the victim of crime?	
	•	*
	; Ya	75.6 24.3
	[VMNORRY] (NA)	0.1
	(F TES AT a)	0.1
	b) Is this READ OUT	1
	a big worry,	17.1
	a bit of a worry,	35.2
	or - an occasional doubt?	23.2
	(SAFEDIRK) ASR ALL	0.2
125		
	Now safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark ERAD OUT	
	very safe.	21.5
	fairly safe,	37.6
	a bit unsafe,	23.5
	or - very unsele?	15.9
	[BURGLARY] (DK/NA)	1.4
126 a)	Now common is it for people's homes to be burgled in this area READ UNT	
		7
	very common,	12.3
	fairly common, not very common,	32.5 41.2
	or - not at all common?	9.5
	(Don't know)	4.3
	(VANDAL) (NA)	0.2
ь)	Nov common is deliberate demand done by	
- }	vandals in this grea READ OUT	2
- 1	··· very common,	14.3
	fairly common,	26.9
j	not very common,	43.8
- 1	or - not at all common?	12.5
1	(Don't know)	2.4
Ţ	(NA)	0.1
		1
		- 1
- [		]

L - 47L -	n • 1353		L - 48 _L - (PCSTOP)	n = 1
			ASR ALL	
[MUGGING]  How common in this area is it for people to be attacked and to have things stolen from them in the street NEAD OUT	,	130 1)	During the past two years, have you ever been stopped or asked questions by the police about an offence which they thought had been committed?	
very common,	2 6			
fairly common,	9 0		Tes	1:
not very common,	44.3		No (m)	84
or - not at all common?	40 [		(MA)	
(Don't know)	3 8		(A Are vi *)	
(NA)	0 2		b) On those occasions, how police have you found	
[AREACRIMI	0.2		them when they approached you READ OUT	
Compared with the rest of Britain, how much crime would you say there is in your area	ļ		very police,	;
READ OUT	z		fairly police,	
a lot more in your area,	2 6		fairly impolice,	
a bit more.	5 4		or - very <u>impolice?</u>	
about the same amount,	27 0		(Varied)	
a bit less.	31.6		(NA)	
or - a tor less in your area?	30 5		(PCAUMOY) ASK ALL	
(Bon't know)	- 1	, tat	During the past two years, have you been really	
1-11-	2.8		annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards	
(MA)	0 1		you, or someone you know, or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved? Yes	1
(GOPOLICE)			No.	8
During the past two years, have you ever reported a crime or accident to the police or gone to			(AA)	
them for help or advice!		132	{PCPLEASE	· ·
	1	, 131	During the last two years, have you been really pleased about the way a police officer behaved towards	
Yea	35 4		you, or someone you know, or about the way the police	• •
No	64 4		handled a matter in which you were involved?	30
(NA)	0 1		No.	68
(PCHELP)	Ţ	1	(PCSAT) (DK/MA)	đ
b) On those occasions, how helpful have you			CAED 7	
found them in the way they dealt with you READ OUT	1	133	In general, how satisfies or dissatisfied are you with the way the police in Britain do their job?  Choose a phrase from the card	,
very helpful,	14 7		Very satisfied	19
fairly helpful,	11 6		Quite satisfied	51
fairly unhelpful,	4.9		Meither satisfied nor dissatisfied	14
or - very unhelpful?	3 6		Hot very satisfied	12
(Taried)	0.6	ļ	Not at all satisfied	ı
(DK/MA)	o t		(DE/MA)	0
\	- ,	134	[PCCONTCT]  May I just check, have you, or someone you know,	_
			had any contact at all with the police in the	
		Į	past two years? Yes	54
			Ho	45
		ļ	(MA)	6
		ļ		
		ı		

1								L	
\L		- 49L -		r				- 50L -	n = 13
	CBC	ION SIX		n	- 1353				
	( SEC.1	108 312						CARD Y	
CARD W Some countries are calle citizens' basic rights a							137.	All governments keep cartain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.	
card to say how well-pro	tected you th	ink citizen:	s' basic					READ OUT a)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACE	
SAY WHAT YOU THINK.  READ MANE OF RACE COUNTS  AND CODE ONE FOR EACH	7	Citizens'	basic right	s are:			<b>a</b> )	(NUCTELL) Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power station which was unlikely to have	
		Fairly	llot	Hot at	(Dom't know/			harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?	9
i	Very well			all well	Can't			Definitely allowed to keep it secret	
(USAFREE)	protected	protected	protected	protected	47)	(NA)		Probably allowed	13
the USA?	7. 26.2	46.6	10.8	0.9	15.2	0.3		Probably not allowed	16
(WGFREE)	1 25.8	44.0	7.3	0.7	21.8	0.4		Definitely not allowed to keep it secret	50
(USSRFREE)								(Don't know)	(
the Soviet Union?	7, 2.3	7.7 65.2	47.7 9.3	23.3 1.8	18.4 3.8	0.5 0.4		(MA)  CARD Y AGAIR	(
Britain? (CHNAFREE)	7 19.5	93.2	9.3	1.6	1.0	V	ъ)	Suppose the government decided to start develop-	
China?	1 1.3	7.7	29.8	37.3	23.4	0.4	1	ing a new veapons system. Should the government	
(CANFREE)	7, 27.1	50.5	1.7	0.1	20.4	0.3		be ellowed to keep it secret or not?	
							'	Definitely allowed to keep it secret	2:
								Probably allowed	2:
CARD X								Probably not allowed	19
Some countries are calle	l'open socie	ies' becaus	se their					Definitely not allowed to keep it secret	34
citizens have a right to								(Don't know)	:
ment is making and why.  how 'open' you think eac' Again, just say what you	of the follo							[CABMTELL] CARD T AGAIN	•
READ HAME OF EACE COUNTR AND CODE ONE FOR EACH	t	<u> </u>	Coverament 1	_			e)	Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to make a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?	
1	Vert	Fairly	Not i		Dog't know/				
(manager !	open		ery open a		m't say	(NA)		Definitely allowed to keep it secret	3
(USAOPEN)	7, 27.8	48.0	11.5	1.1	11.2	0.3		Probably allowed	3
(WGOPEN)	1, 9.8	51.2	17.5	1.8	19.3	0.3		Probably not allowed	15
// West Germany? // // // // // // // // // // // // //	% 9.8 % 0.8	6.7		35.2	13.6	0.4		Definitely <u>not</u> allowed to keep it secret (Don't know)	74 1
(BRITOPEN)	<b>t</b> 13.0	57.6	-	J.1	4-1	0.5		(NA)	Ć
[CHNAOPEN]				44.2	19.7	0.6			
China? [CANOPEN]	7, 0.6	6.4							
Canada?	Z 16.3	56.0	5.7	0.3	21.3	0.3			
1								†	

	PAPRGOVT /	n = 1353				- 5	2L -		n • 1353
,  ,	ARD Z  iuppose a person leaked sucret defence plans to a  iuppose and the government wanted to find out			CARD &B					
1	the it was Using the card, cell me whether you hink the paper should have the legal right to see the person s name secret or not?		140	Some people say to places to detect everyone s privac	Criminala	Others see	rhar rhia	417	
[	•	1		be allowed in the	following	places?		die ot suonit	a not
ı	Definitely should have the legal right	16 2		BEAD OUT a)-d) AN					
	Probably should	17 L		CODE ONE FOR EACE		Ylde	cameras sh	<u>enid</u> .	
	Probably should not	20 5			N= 54 - 44 - 1		Probably	Definitely	
1	Definitely should not have the legal right	43 0		-	be allowed	Probably be allowed	BOT he allowed	eot be allowed	(It depends/
1	(Don't know/Cam't say)	2 7	4)	( FCROADS )				ar attores	Don't know)
١,	PAPRETRM (NA)	0 4	•	installed on roads to detect					
1	CARD Z AGAIN		6)	speeding drivers?	7 54 6	27 6	6 6	9 2	1 7
1	ov suppose a person leaked secret plans about a lew commercial invention, and the firm wanted to ind out who it was Do you think the paper should			football grounds t detect troublemake /VCVARDAL/	o :re7188 L	9 5	0 5	l 0	0 7
	ave the legal right to keep the person a name secret, or not?		c)	installed on housing estates to					
1		z }	•	detect vandals?	I 52 6	29 6	10 4	5 7	
1	Definitely should have the legal right	15 3	i o	/VCDEMOS/ at political				, ,	1 4
	Probably should	21 4	İ	demonstrations to					
	Probably should not	24 9		idencify people taking part?	7 39 6	23 6	14.6		
	Definitely should act have the legal right	34.4	1		•	~~ <del>*</del>	16 6	16 8	3 2
	(Don't know/Cam't say)	3 5	141.a)	[RACEGLTY] Suppose two people					
	BANBOOK / (NA)	0.5		counit What do y	arged with . Ou think th	a crime they sir chances :	did sor		
	ome books or films offend people in Britain who	ļ		being found guilty					ı
	lave strong religious beliefs. Do you think there should or should not be a law to ben such books or			the whi	te person i	more likely	to be found	guilty,	2.8
	11me?	_ [		}			ave the same		49 3
1	hadiated should be a law to her them	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		or - the blac	ck person in	more likely	to be found	guiltyf	41.8
	Definitely should be a law to ben them	14 0				•		't know)	5 8
l	Probably should be a law to bee them	20 2		(RICDGLTY)				(HA)	03
	Probably should not be a law to bee them	27 1	<b>b)</b>	Now suppose another	two people	from difter	ent		- <b>-</b>
П	Definitely should not be a law to han them	35 7		Dackgrounds - one	ich, one mo	or - each en	8845		
	(Don't know)	2.5		in court charged of commit What do y	itm a crime ou think th	they did <u>not</u>			
	BLASFEMY! (NA)	0.5		of being found gull	LY REAL	OUT			_
	There is a blasphemy law in Britain to punish people who offend against Christian bellefs			the sie	h nessa- (-		h. h		ī
	heald the law KEAD OUT	]		ine the	··· harada Te	more likely			2 0
1	A A CONTRACTOR AS	2		AP			ave the same		37 7
	apply just to Christianity,	9 2		or - the poo	r person is	more likely			55 9
	apply to other religious as well,	33 5					(Don	't know)	4 1
	or - should the law be abolished sicogether?	46 0						(AA)	0 3
	(Don't knov)	8 9	ļ						
1	(MA)	0.5							

	16		
	- 53L - (REMAND) GARD CC		n = 1353
142.	Some prisoners in Britain are 'remand prisoners', that is they are waiting, often for long periods, for their cases to come up in court.		
	Which of the statements on this card comes <u>closest</u> to your views about remand prisonars? ONE CODE ONLY		
	All those accused of a crime for which they might a prison sentence should be remanded in pri		% 20.0
	OE Only those who the courts believe might commit anot offence or go missing should be remanded in pri		74.5
	(Don't kr		5.0
		(NA)	0.5
	SECTION SEVEN		
143.	Now I would like to ask some questions about politics.  [POLITICS]  How much interest do you generally have in		
	what is going on in politics READ OUT		1
	a great de	al,	7.0
	quite a 1	lot,	22.2
	90	ome ,	33.0
	not very m	-	26.3
	or - not at		11.0
	(Don't kr		0.2
146.	[VOTESTST] Some people say that we should change the voting system to allow smaller political parties to get a fairer share of HPs. Others say that we should keep the voting system as it is, to produce more effective government. Which view comes closest to your own READ OUT	(HA)	0.2
	IF ASKED, REFERS TO 'PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION'		
			*
	that we should change the voting syst		34 . 4
	or - keep it as it (Don't ke		58.9 6.4
	1	(NA)	0.2
		; r:R./	U.1

	i b									
	CARD DD			- 5	4L -			<u>n</u> =	1353	
145.	Please choose a	phrase fr	on this	card to	say how	you fee	l about			
		Very strong- ly in favour	Strong- ly im	ī a	Meither in favour sor against	Against	Strong- ly against	Very strong- ly	Don't know/ Can't	(NA
a)	//CONFEEL/								_==-	
ь)	tive Party? /LABFEEL; the Labour	% 3.8	5.6	23.6	19.4	17.0	L1.6	16.4	1.9	0.6
	Party? (SLDFEEL)	1 6.3	8.1	22.5	27.4	21.6	7.2	4.2	2.0	0.8
c)	Democrats?	7.0.6	1.9	13.3	55.5	16.2	4.5	1.8	5.1	1.2
<b>d</b> }	/SDPFEEL   the Social Democrat Party? If NECESSARY,	7 0.4	1.1	6.9	54.5	21.0	5.4	2.7	6.8	1.3
	PROMPT: SDP/Owen									
e)	IN SCOTLAND ARE: [SNPFEEL] the Scottish	a = 11								
	Nacionalist Party	77.8.5	11.0	20.3	28.0	21.2	4.2	3.4	1.7	3.4
E)	IN WALES ASK: (PCFEEL) Plaid Cymru?	n = 83	4.8	12.0	34.9	22.9	3.6	9.5	6.0	1.2
<b>g</b> )	ASK ALL  GRMFEEL    the Green   Party?	7. 3.0	3.8	30.4	38.1	10.6	2.1	1.7	5.7	4.6
	,	2 3.0	3.0	30.4	30.1	10.0	*	,	,. <i>,</i>	7.0
146a)	(CONXTRME) On the whole, wou Party novedays as				ervative		(a) Commerva		b) bour	
6)	TLABXTRME) And the Labour Fe						1	:	7	
• •	extreme or modera		-,,,		E:	RETEM <b>S</b>	57.0		26.1	
	RECORD IN APPROPR	LATE COLU	HOT			derace	33.3	:	50.4	
				(Ne	ther or	both)	2.5		4.6	
					(Don't	know)	6.5		5.4	
	[CONCLASS]				77	(NA)	0.6	•	0.5	
c)	On the whole, wou Party as good for classes?					!	(c) Conservat		d) bour	
d)	(LABCLASS) And the Labour Par	<u>rty</u> io ii	good		Good fo	r one	*		z	
	for one class or p classes?	good for a	il			class	66.7		3.9	
	RECORD IN AFPROPE	LATE COLO	œ	Good fo	or all cl	lasses	25.6	4	10.1	
				(Ne	ther or		3.5		7.4	
					(Don't	know)	3.6	į	7.7	
						(NA)	0.7	•	1.0	

	t - 55L -	( 0.	• 1353
	(COMDIVD)	·	
147 a)	And would you describe the <u>Conservative</u> Party novadays as united or divided?		
<b>b)</b>	TLABULVD   And the Labour Party, is it united or divided.		
	RECORD IN APPROPRIATE COLUMN	(a)	(b)
		Conservative	Labout
		2	ı
	United	20 3	43 #
	Divided	71 L	43 7
	(Neither or both)	2 3	3.4
	(Don t know)	5 8	8 5
	[NATHLSTN] (NA)	0 5	0.5
ı)	Are you generally in favour of READ OUT		
			1
	more <u>nationalisation</u> of companies by govern	went,	19 2
	more <u>privatisation</u> of companies by govers	ment,	16 0
	or - should things be left as they are	s sout	57 5
	Other (WRITE IN:)		0 1
	(Don't	knov)	6 2
		(HA)	1 0
	IF MORE MATIONALISATION OR PRIVATISATION AT a)		
	b) A lot more (nationalisation/privatisation)		1
	or a little more?  A lot more mationalisation of com	Panies	7.8
	A little more nationalisation of com	•	11 4
	A little more privatisation of com	•	11 1
	A lot more privatisation of com	•	4 9
I	ASK ALL	•	
	CARE RE (LTAXSERY) Suppose your local council had to choose between the three options on this card Which do you think it should choose?		
	Reduce the level of poll tax and spend less on	local rvices	1. 27 3
	Keep the poll tax and spending on local servi- the <u>same</u> level		56 6
	Increase the poll tax and spend more on local se	rvices	5 2
1		(Nose)	6 1
	(Don't	knov)	3 9
		(HA)	0 9

	- 56L -	
	(LTAXSAME)	n = 1353
150	Do you think that local taxes - whether poll tax	
	or rates - should READ OUT	ı
	be at the <u>same</u> level for everyone, except the very poor,	16 2
	or - be at different levels, according to people's ability	
	to pay?	81 1
	(Don't know)	2 1
161 .	(ECLUKINE) (MA)	0 5
151 .)	Do you think that closer links with the European Community would give Britain READ OUT	_
	more influence in the world,	7, 35 4
	less influence in the world,	9 L
	or - would it make no difference?	47 2
	(Don't know)	8 L
	(MA)	0 3
b)	(ECLNKSTR)   And would closer links with the European Community	
	make Bricain READ OUT	ı.
	stronger economically,	43 3
	waakar economically,	8 3
	or - would it make no difference?	36 5
	(Den't know)	11 6
	[EEJOINEC] (WA)	0 3
e)	Should Eastern European countries - the former communist countries - ELAD OUT	
Ï		ž
	be encouraged to join the European Community,	58 6
	or not?	25 8
- 1	(Don't know)	15 3
	(AA)	0 3
		ł
		}
ľ		}
		ļ
ļ		1
-		J
ļ		\
		ļ

L		- 57 -	n = 2698
		SECTION EIGHT	Qs. L152-L157
			(Y144-Y146
ASK ALL			Y158-Y160
I HOUSESAT	·/ · questions on housi	ng.	
. First, in	general how satisf	ied or dissatisfied	
	ith your own (house	/flat)? Choose a	7.
phrase to	om the card.	Very satisfied	44.0
ł		Quite setisfied	43.8
		Meither satisfied nor dissatisfied	4.5
		Quite dissatisfied	4.;
		Very dissatisfied	2.5
(AREACHNO	:/	(NA)	0.
	the area you live	in? Taking	Ū.
	g into account, wou got better, worse o		
	as a place to live		I
two years	?	Setter	11.
l l		Worse	20.
		About the same	65.
1		(Don't know)	2.
(AREAFUT)		(NA)	
b) and what	do you think will h	(RA)	
) And what next two	do you think will h years: will this a	(RA)	0. 1
) And what next two	do you think will h years: will this a	(NA) appen during the rea get better,	0. 11.
had what next two	do you think will h years: will this a	(RA) appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better	0. % 11 18.4
b) And what next two	do you think will h years: will this a	Appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse	0 7 11.: 18.4 66.:
) And what next two	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same	0. % 11.: 18.: 66.
And what next two worse or (TENURE!)	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa	(NA) appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know)	0. % 11.: 18.: 66.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa household own or r HECESSARY Outright or on a	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA)	0. % 11.: 18.: 66.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or r mecessage  Outright or on a From whom?	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation?	0. 11.: 18.: 66. 3.: 0.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa household own or r HECESSARY Outright or on a	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA)	0. 11.: 18.: 66. 3.: 0.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or r MECESSARY  Outright or on a From whom?	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation?	0. 11.1 18.4 66. 3.7 0.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or r MECESSARY  Outright or on a From whom?	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation?	0. % 11.: 18.: 66. 3.: 0.
(TENURE) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (lessehold/freehold) outright is (lessehold/freehold) on mortgage	0. 2 11.: 18.: 66. 3.: 0. 2 31.: 41.: 18.:
And what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Bon't know) (MA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (lessehold/freehold) outright (getsehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority	0. 2. 11 18.6 66. 3 0. 2. 31.6 41 18
And what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (MA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (lessehold/freehold) outright (lessehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority New Town Development Corporation	0. 2. 11 18.4 66. 3 0. 41 18.5 0.4
And what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (MA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (lessehold/freehold) outright is (lessehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority New Town Development Corporation Housing Association	0 2. 11 18.4 66 3 0 2. 31 41 18 0 6 0
And what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (MA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (leasehold/freenold) outright (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority Hew Town Development Corporation Housing Association Property company	0.: 11.: 18.4 66.: 3.: 0.: 31.: 41.: 18.: 0.4 1.7 0.8
And what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (leasehold/freehold) outright (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority New Town Development Corporation Housing Association Property company Employer	0.: 11.: 18.4 66.: 3.: 0.: 41.: 18.: 0.4 1.: 0.8
b) and what next two worse or (TENURE!) Does your PROBE AS	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (MA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (lessehold/freehold) outright (lessehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority New Town Development Corporation Bousing Association Property company Employer Other organisation	0.: 11.: 18.4 66.: 3.: 0.: 31.: 41.: 18.: 0.4 1.: 0.: 0.:
b) and what next two worse or (TENUREI). Does your PROBE AS IF OWN:	do you think will h years: will this a remain about the sa  household own or a MECESSART  Outright or on a From whom?  Owns:  Buyin	appen during the rea get better, me as a place to live? Better Worse About the same (Don't know) (NA) ent this accommodation? mortgage?  Own (leasehold/freenold) outright (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage Local authority May Town Development Corporation Housing Association Property company Employer Other organisation Relative	11.6 18.4 66.5 3.2 0.3

Qs. Y158-Y160.

	Y & L			58L - 62Y -			n = 2698	
	INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVAT	IO			RESPOND	ENT		
155.	Would I be right in describing accommodation as a READ OF THAT YOU TRINK APPLIES						z	
	THE TOO LATER AFFELIES		deta	ched hous	se or bu	ngalov	21.2	1
		10	mi-deta	ched hous	se or bu	ngalow	37.8	
	1				terraced	house	26.9	}
	self-contained, purpose	e - b	uilt fl		nette (i		9.8	
	self-con	t a £	ned con-				2.8	
				) - not :			0.4	
	Other (WRITE IN:)			,			0.4	i
						(NA)	0.6	}
156.a)	[HOMEIYR]   How long have you lived in your		7 <b>44</b> 007			(BA)	0.6	1
	home READ OUT	. ,			. •		7.	
				less			7.0	1
	[HOMENYR] IF 'ONE YEAR OR MORE' AT a)		•	or - one	year or	MOTG?	92.9 0.2	
	b) Now many years?							
	PROSE FOR SEST ESTIMATE		1	EDIAN MU	NUBBE OF	TEARS	0 7	1
	CARD CC							
157.	Please use this card to say how							i
	uncommon each of the following in your area.							
	READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE			<u>In</u>	my ares,	it is	•	1
	ONE FOR EACH				Hot	Hot		
			Very					
_,			-	Fairly	ASEA		(Dom't know/	
	(NOISYNGB)		comon	Common Common	COMMON	et all	(Doe't know/ Can't say)	(MA)
<b>a</b> )	(MOISINGB) Moisy neighbours or loud parties? (GRAFFITI)	z	-	•	COMMON			(MA) 0.3
b)	Moisy neighbours or loud parties? (GRAFFITI) Graffiti on walls or		4.2	8.3	36.2	50.9	Can't say)	0.3
	Hoisy neighbours or loud parties? (GRAFFITI) Graffiti on walls or buildings? (TEENONST)	z	COMMON	COMMON	common	COMMOS		ĺ
b)	Moisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFIT!) Graffiti on walls or buildings?  (TBEMORST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets?  (DRUBKS)	z	4.2	8.3	36.2	50.9	Can't say)	0.3
ь)	Hoisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFITI) Graffiti on walls or buildings?  (TSEMONST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets?  (DRUMKS) Brunks or tramps on the streets?	7	4.2 3.4	8.3 10.6	36.2 35.5 30.9	50.9	0.1	0.3
b)	Hoisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFIT!) Graffiti on walls or buildings? (TEEMORST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets? (DRURKS) Brunks or tramps on	7 7 1	4.2 3.4 11.1 2.2	8.3 10.6 24.4 6.2	36.2 35.5 30.9 30.7	50.9 50.2 33.1 60.2	0.1	0.3
b) c) d)	Hoisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFITI) Graffiti on walls or buildings?  (TSEMONST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets?  (DRUMKS) Brunks or tramps on the streets?  (RUBBISR) Rubbish and litter lying about?  (HMCDNBAD) Homes and gardens in bad	7 7 1	4.2 3.4 11.1 2.2	8.3 10.6 24.4 6.2 26.0	36.2 35.5 30.9 30.7 14.3	50.9 50.2 33.1 60.2 25.2	0.1 0.3 0.3	0.3
b) c) d)	Moisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFIT!) Graffiti on walls or buildings? (TBEMORST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets?  (DRUBKS) Brunks or tramps on the streets?  (RUBBISH) Rubbiah and litter lying about?  (HMGDNBAD) Homes and gardens in bad condition?  (VANDALS]	7 7 1	4.2 3.4 11.1 2.2	8.3 10.6 24.4 6.2	36.2 35.5 30.9 30.7	50.9 50.2 33.1 60.2	0.1	0.3
b) c) d) e) f)	Hoisy neighbours or loud parties?  (GRAFFIT!) Graffiti on walls or buildings? (TEEMONST) Teenagers hanging around on the streets? (DRUMKS) Brunks or tramps on the streets? (RUBBISR) Rubbish and litter lying about? (HMGDNBAD) Homes and gardens in bad condition?	7 7 1	4.2 3.4 11.1 2.2	8.3 10.6 24.4 6.2 26.0	36.2 35.5 30.9 30.7 14.3	50.9 50.2 33.1 60.2 25.2	0.1 0.3 0.3	0.3

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ı						or -	not m	arried'	7	17	-
ь	(HOUSEHLD)  Finally, a few ques  Including yourself, as members of this	hov ma	ny per	you an opie l	d your ive he	housel re regi	nold ılarly			-	
	CRECK INTERVIEWER NOT BOUSEHOLD IF NEC		OR DE	P (MITI	Der		,	ŒD[AN	0	]	
	How I'd like to ask In your household your age last birth	Start day?	ing v	ith you	ırself	what	V49				
1	WORK DOWN COLUMNS OF	r CLLID	POR E	ACE BO	PERMOLI	1600	ti <b>e</b>				
	(RSEX)	Resp- codent	2	3	4	5	6	7	4	,	10
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1	Age last birthdays										
:	Relationship to respondent:								1		
	Spouse/partner				1		ļ				
l	Son/daughter			1							
þ	erent/parent-in-law			]				]			
1	Other relative			1	1			1	ĺ		
	Not related (RRESP)	<del>                                     </del>		├	ļ	<b> </b> -		<u> </u>	<b> </b> -	<u> </u>	ļ
r)	BOUSTHOLD MEMBER WITE LEGAL RES- POWSIBILITY FOR ACCOMMODATION (INC. JOINT AND							;			
	SRARED)	2				}					
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	* CHECK THAT NUM GIVEN AT Q 900		P PEC	PLE 1	EN GR	i sou	IALS I	(UMBER	\ '		<b>-</b>
1	317EN X1 Q 900								ل		

1			60L - 64Y -			<u> </u>	77.447
		IOTHCHILD    ASK ALL	J41 -			Q= 90	2698 2-903b
	902	Apart from people you we just mentioned household have you had any (other) chil stepchildren who grew up in your househ	ldran incl	n you uding			
1		ME: INCLUDES CHILDREN NO LONCER LIVING					Z
					Tes		37 4
					No		62 4
		[RSEX4] [NTERVIEWER TO COMPLETE:			(HA)		0 2
ľ	903 a)	RESPONDENT IS:					1
					Hen		45 4
1					Woman		54 6
		(RFCHILDM) IF WORAM:					
		b) RESPONDENT:					_
1		Was childre	n (SEE 8/8	CRID	0 901)		2
		OR Nee had chil					40 1
[				F	es not		14 5
]		TO DEMAND COTTON CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF T			_		
1	į.	IF WOMAN WITH CHILDREN (CODE 1 AT Q 903b	,			- 1082 903 a on l	
		c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all	you vorked		ď		•
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	1)	(MARMONX) - MARMONX4/ c) Please use this card to any whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ 1)-iv) BELOW AND CODE OWE FOR EACH	Wo fu <u>t</u>	11- 1	Worked pert- time	Stayed et home	Does not apply
		(MARMONY) - MARMONY()  c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all MEAD i)-iv) BELOW AND CODE ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was	Wo fu _t	111- 11me 9 4	Worked part- time	Stayed at home	Does not apply
	(1)	(MARMONX) - MARMONX)  c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ i)-iv) BELOW AND COOK ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was under school age?  after the youngest child started	We fu fu 2. 6	9 4 0 3	Worked parts time	Stayed at home	3 3 1 9 17 4
	111)	(MANDOX) - MANDOX4/ c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ i)-iv) BELOW ARB CODE ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was under school age?  after the youngest child started school?  and how about after the children	14 to 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 4 0 3	Worked pertine	3tayad at home 16 0 60 5	3 3 1 9 17 4
	111)	(MANDOX) - MANDOX4/ c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ i)-iv) BELOW ARB CODE ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was under school age?  after the youngest child started school?  and how about after the children	14 to 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 4 0 3	Worked pertine	3tayad at home 16 0 60 5	3 3 1 9 17 4
	111)	(MANDOX) - MANDOX4/ c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ i)-iv) BELOW ARB CODE ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was under school age?  after the youngest child started school?  and how about after the children	14 to 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 4 0 3	Worked pertine	3tayad at home 16 0 60 5	3 3 1 9 17 4
	111)	(MANDOX) - MANDOX4/ c) Please use this card to say whether full-time, part-time or not at all READ i)-iv) BELOW ARB CODE ONE FOR EACH after marrying and before you had children?  and what about when a child was under school age?  after the youngest child started school?  and how about after the children	14 to 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 4 0 3	Worked pertine	3tayad at home 16 0 60 5	3 3 1 9 17 4
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		n = 2698
	(RPRIVED)	Qs. 904-924
	ASK ALL	
904 æ)	Have you ever attended a <u>private</u> primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?	
	MB: 'PRIVATE' INCLUDES PUBLIC AND DIRECT GRANT SCHOOLS, BUT EXCLUDES NURSERY	
	SCHOOLS AND VOLUNTARY-AIDED SCHOOLS	*
	Yes	14.2
	No.	85.4
	( Don't know/Coulds't establish)	0.1
	(NA)	0.3
	(MARSTATZ)	
ь)	RESPONDENT IS:	
		Z
	Married or living as married (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)	69.8
	Not married	30.2
	NOT MOLITARE	•
	[SPRIVED] IF HARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED	
	c) And has your (husband/wifs/partner) ever	
	attended a <u>private</u> primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?	_
	Yes	1 8.9
	No	60.2
	(Don't know/Couldn't establish)	0.3
	(MA)	0.3
	(104)	0.5
	(RCHILDS)	
d)	RESPONDENT:	
		ž
	Has son or daughter over 5 years old (SEE M/M GRID Q.901) OR Has had children (CODE 1 AZ Q.902)	62.2
	Ras not	37.7
	• (NA)	0.1
	(CHPRIVED)	
	e) And (have any of your children/has your child)	
	ever attended a <u>private</u> primary or secondary school in the United Kingdom?	_
	Yes	7. 9.3
	No	49.0
	(Don't knov/Couldn't establish)	
	(NA)	4.0
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	

	- 62L -	
YEL	- 66Y -	n = 2698
[SNGPERHH]		
ASK ALL	IS THIS A SINGLE PERSON HOUSEHOLD -	
IMIEMATE-EN.	RESPONDENT ONLY PERSON AT Q.901 (p.59)	1
	YES	11.1
/numunnen:	110	88.9
(DUTYRESP)  IF NO AT =)		
b) Who is the	e person mainly responsible for	_
general d	omestic duties in this household?	% 36.7
	Respondent mainly	35.7
Someone else	meinly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.)	2517
Duties shared	equally (WEITE IN MY MADON)	15.3
	(NA)	1.2
(CHLDINHH) ASK ALL		
	IS THERE A CHILD UNDER 16 YEARS IN	2
	MOOSEMOLDT SEE H.M. CRID, Q. 901 (p.59).	33.1
	TES MO	66.9
(CHLDRESP)	110	
(F TES AT a)		
b) Who is the mener	e person <u>mainly</u> responsible for eal care of the child(ren) here?	7.
	Respondent mainly	15.8
Compone als-	mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO RESP.)	12.4
Somenue erse	meritary tenants an entire tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and tenants and ten	
Care shared e	equally (WRITE IN BY WHOM)	4.6
	(NA)	9.3
(TEA)		
How old were	you when you completed your	z
ı	ull-time education?	43.2
PROBE AS NECI	ESSART 15 CL CLICATION 16	25.2
	17	9.0
	18	7.5
	19 or over	12.3
1	Still at echool	0.1
	Still at college, polytechnic, or university	2.3
Other ensuer	(WRITE IN:)	0.4

GCSE - G CS GCE GCSE - G GCSE - G School ce Scott(sh (SCE) Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Horthern Ireland Junior Ge GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce	ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level ertificate riculation	7 50 4 49 4 0 1 7 14 6	910	(RECORACS)  [INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT (Q 23, PAGE 9)  RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS  [IF EVER HAD A JOS] Now I want to sek you about your (present/future/Last) job CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE
CARE 12  908 a) Have you passed any of the school or college-based examinations on this card?    IEDQUALI - EDQUAL4    IF TES AT a)   b) Which ones? Any others?  CODE ALL THAT APPLY CSE GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish (SCE)  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horthern Ireland Junior Ce  (GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Hatr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig  Northern Ireland Semior Ce	Grades 2-5 Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level strificate riculation	50 4 49 4 0 1 % 14 6	T	INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT (Q 23, PAGE 9)  RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS [IF EVER HAD A JOS] Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
examinations on this card?    EDQUALI - EDQUAL4    IF TES AT a)   b) Which ones? Any others?    CODE ALL THAT APPLY   CSE G   GCSE - G   GCSE - G   School ce   Scottish (SCE)   Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo   SUPE   Horthern Ireland Junior Ge   GCE A' level/   Eigher school ce   Matr   Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig   Morthern Ireland Semior Ge	Grades 2-5 Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level strificate riculation	50 4 49 4 0 1 % 14 6	T	INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT (Q 23, PAGE 9)  RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS [IF EVER HAD A JOS] Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
/EDQUALI - EDQUAL4/ IF TES AT a) b) Which ones' Any others'  CODE ALL THAT APPLY CSE G GCSE - G GCSE - G School ce Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Horchern Ireland Junior Ce GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce Natr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE ac big	Grades 2-5 Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level strificate riculation	50 4 49 4 0 1 % 14 6	i i	(Q 23, PAGE 9)  RESPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK  RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS  [IF EVER HAD A JOS]  Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
IF TES AT a) b) Which ones? Any others?  CODE ALL THAT APPLY  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horthern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Natr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig  Northern Ireland Semior Ce	Grades 2-5 Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level strificate riculation	49 4 0 1 7 14 6	4)	RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS  [IF EVER HAD A JOS]  Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
IF TES AT a) b) Which ones? Any others?  CODE ALL THAT APPLY  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horthern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Natr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig  Horthern Ireland Semior Ce	Grades 2-5 Grades 8-G SE Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C Grades A C G Grades A C G Grades A C G Grades A C G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	0 1 7 14 6	4)	RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS  [Never had a job ] [Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
b) Which ones? Any others?  CODE ALL THAT APPLY  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horthern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Katr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE ac big  Northern Ireland Semior Ce	Grades 2-5 Grades B-G SZ Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate '/'S level ertificate riculation	14 6	4)	ALL GIBRES  [IF EVER HAD A JOS]  Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
CODE ALL THAT APPLY  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horthern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Natr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE ac hig  Northern Ireland Semior Ce	Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate //s level ertificate ertificate criculation	14 6	a)	ALL GIBRES  [IF EVER HAD A JOS]  Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/Last) job
GCSE - G  CS  GCSE - G  GCSE - G  School ce  Scottish (SCE)  Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo  SUPE  Horchern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Hatr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig	Grades B-G SE Grade 1 O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level ertificate ertificate criculation		4)	[IF EVER HAD A JOS] Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job
GCE GCSE - G GCSE - G School ce Scottish (SCE) Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Horthern Ireland Junior Ce GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce Hatr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig	O' level Grades A C ertificate ) Ordinary ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level rticulation	39 4	<b>a</b> )	[IF EVER HAD A JOS] Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job
GCSE - G School ce Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Morthern Ireland Junior Ce GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce Hatr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig	crades A C ertificate ) Ordinary over grade c Cordinary ertificate //S level ertificate riculation	39 4	ه)	Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job
School ce Scottish (SCE) Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Morthern Ireland Junior Ce GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce Hatr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig	ertificate ) Ordinary over grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level ertificate riculation	39 4	.4)	Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job
Scottish School-leaving Certificate lo SUPE Horthern Ireland Junior Ce GCE A' level/ Eigher school ce Hatr Scottish SCE/SUC/SUPE at hig	ower grade E Ordinary ertificate /'S level ertificate riculation			CHANGE TENSES FOR (BEACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE
Morthern Ireland Junior Ce  GCE A' level/  Eigher school ce  Hatr  Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig  Morthern Ireland Senior Ce	ertificate // 'S level ertificate riculation			
Migher school ce Hatr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig Horthern Iteland Semior Ce	ertificate riculation			What (18) your job? PROBE AS MECESSARY: What (18) the name or title of the job?
Hatr Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig Northern Iteland Semior Ce	riculation		1	
Scotrish SCE/SLC/SUPE at hig Mortbern Iteland Semior Co		18 0		IF 'MEVER HAD JOB', WRITE IN AND GO TO Q 911
[ Oversess School Lesving Exam/Co		•		
	errificete			
			b)	What kind of work (do) you do most of the time?
ASE ALL			1	IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do) you use?
CARD 13 [PSCHQUAL]				
90% s) And have you passed any of the exame or got any of the qualifications on this card?		z l		
	Yes	44.7		
	No	55 L	c)	What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?
IF TRS AT a) (PROMETE PROMETE)	(AR)	0 2		
b) Which ones? Any others?				
CODE ALL TRAT APPLY		t t		
Recognised trade apprenticeship	completed	8 3		(RSUPER)
RSA/other clerical commercial qual		<b>l</b> 1 7	4)	(Do) you directly supervise or (are) you directly responsible for the work of any other people?
City & Guilde Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordine		83		IF TIS: Now many?
City & Guilde Certificate - Advanced/Fine[/Part II or	•	3 9		Ten 38 1 HEDIAN: 0 0 0 3
City & Guilde Certificate - Full tech		1 7		(DK) 0 3 (NA) 0 7
SEC/TEC General/Ordinary Mational Cartificate (ORC) or Dipl	_	3 7		IREMPLIEE
SEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Cartificate (NMC) or Dipl		3 3	•,	Can I just check: (ars) vou READ OUT
Teacher training qual		4 8		an employee, 85
Nursing qual		2 5		or - self-employed? 11
Other technical or business qualification/ce		6 7		(NA) 0
University or CHAA degree o		7 5		1,547
Other recognised academic or vocational qualification	•	1.4		

[	- 65L - - 69Y -	n = 269
(RSECTOR)	- 140 -	n - 209
IF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1 AT	r e)	
CARD X4		
f) Which of the types card (do) you work	of organisation on this	2
COOR FIRST TO APPLY	Private firm or company	56
	Nationalised industry/public corp.	4.
ı.	ocal Authority/Local Education Authority	12
-	Health Authority/hospital	4.
	Central Government/Civil Service	4.
	Charity or Trust	0
Other (WRITE IN:)	duarral of fedge	1
	(NA)	0
ASE ALL WHO HAVE EVER		·
What (does) your emplo	yer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED: you) wake	
or do at the place whe	re you usually (work)?	
IF FARM, GIVE NO. OF A	CRES	
[REMPWORK] Including yourself, ho employed at the place		
Including yourself, ho employed at the place	you usually (work) from?	1
Including yourself, ho employed at the place		
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do	you usually (work) from? ) you have any employees?	5
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)	5. 20.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10	5. 20. 13.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24	5 20 13 20
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99	5 20 13 20 19
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Do IF TES: How many?	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499	7, 5, 20, 13, 20, 19, 14,
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (DO IF TES: How many?  (UNION) ASK ALL	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)	5. 20. 13. 20. 19.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (DO IF TES: How many?  (UNION) ASK ALL	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Do  IF TES: How many?  (UNION)  ASK ALL  Are you now a member o	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Do  IF TES: How many?  (UNION) ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)  f a trade union or	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOYED: (Do  IF TES: How many?  (UNION) ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (MA)  f a trade union or	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 2. 20. 3.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Do  IF TES: How many?  [UNION] ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (NA)  f a trade union or  Test trade union  Test staff association	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 20. 3. 75.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (DO  IF TES: How many?  [UNION] ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?  COUNT FIRST TO APPLY  [UNIONEVR] IF NO AT a)  b) Have you ever been	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)  f a trade union or  Yes: trade union Tes: staff association No  (NA)  a member of a	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 2. 20. 3. 75.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (DO  IF TES: How many?  (UNION) ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?  COUNT FIRST TO APPLY  (UNIONEVR) IF NO AT a)  b) Have you ever been trade union or staff	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)  f a trade union or  Yes: trade union Tes: staff association  No  (NA)  a member of a  (f association?	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 2. 20. 3. 75.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (DO  IF TES: How many?  [UNION] ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?  COOK FIRST TO APPLY  [UNIONEVR] IF NO AT a)  b) Have you ever been	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)  f a trade union or  Test trade union  Test staff association  No  (NA)  a member of a  (f association?  Yes: trade union	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 2. 20. 3. 75. 0.
Including yourself, ho employed at the place  IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Do  IF TES: How many?   [UNION] ASK ALL  Are you now a member o staff association?  COOK FIRST TO APPLY  [UNIONEVR] IF NO AT a)  b) Have you ever been trade union or staff	you usually (work) from?  ) you have any employees?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DE)  (HA)  f a trade union or  Yes: trade union Tes: staff association  No  (NA)  a member of a  (f association?	5. 20. 13. 20. 19. 14. 1. 2. 20. 3. 75.

	Y & L	· 66L -			
	(UNION1 - UNION6)	· 70Y -	n	- 2698	]
	IF NOW OR EVER A HEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2	2 AT Q.9[[]			ĺ
912.	Have you ever READ OUT ()-wt) ARE	RENG ONE COOK FOR EACH	Tes	8a	ļ
	i) attended a union or staff as	sacciation meeting? %	35.5	18.0	0.6
	(i) voted in a union or staff as meeting?		34.5	18.7	0.9
	iii) put forward a proposal or se association meeting?	tion at a union or staff	11 4	41.8	0.9
	iv) gone on strike?		19.4	33.9	0.0
	v) stood on a picket line?	1	5.4	44.9	0.8
	vi) served as a lay representati or branch committee member?	ve such as a shop sceward Z	7.7	45.6	0.8
913.4)	INTERVIEWER: (MARSTATS) RESPONDENT IS:				
713.27	1			7.	ŀ
	Married or living as marrie	All others.		69.8	
		ALL OCHETS.		30.2	
	b) Which of these descriptions applied partner! was doing last week, the Sunday? PROBE: Any others?		last		
	IF OWLT OWE CODE AT 1, TRANSFER IT TO IF HORE TEAM OWE AT 1, TRANSFER MICHE			COL. II ECOMONIC POSITION	
	In full-time education (not paid inclu	for by employer, ding on vacation)		7. 0.3	
	On government training/employment sch ment Training, Youth Trai			0.2	
	In paid work (or away temporarily	) for at least 10 hours in the week C		43.4	
	Waiting to take up paid work	already accepted D		0.1	
	Unemployed and registered at	a benefit office E		1.2	
	Unemployed, <u>not</u> registered, but activel	y looking for a job F		0.2	
	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at				
	week), but not actively	· ·		0.3 1.8	
		sick or disabled E retired from work J		9.9	
	·	ng after the home K		12.3	
	Doing something else(WRITE IN)	L		0.1	
	IF COORS 01-02, OR 05-11 AT b) (SLAST.			z	
İ	c) How long ago did your (husband/	Within past 12 months		2.3	
	Wife/partner) last have a paid job (other than the government	Over 1-5 years ago		6.3	
İ	scheme you mentioned) of at	Over 5-10 years ago		6.5	
	least 10 hours a week?	Over 10-20 years ago		5.4	
Ì		Over 20 years agn		3.3	
	Never had a paid	d job of 10+ hours a week		1.7	
		(NA)		0.7	

SPOUSE/PARTHER IS IN PAIN WORK   A:  SPOUSE/PARTHER IS IN PAIN WORK   A:  SPOUSE/PARTHER IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAIN WORK   A:  ALL OTHERS   24    NOW [ want to ask you about your (nuspend's/wife's/partner's) job    CRANCE TEMSES FOR (SHACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE  What (18) the name or title of that job?  What ind of work (doss) he/she do most of the time?  IF EXLETANT: What materials/machimery (doss) he/she use?  What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?  // SSUPER   // (Doss) he/she directly supervise or (1s) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?  IF TES: How many?   Tes   56 6    WO   40 7   MEDIAN:   0   0   0   6    (SEMPLOYE)   // (SEMPLOYE)   // (SEMPLOYE)   // (SEMPLOYE)   // (SEMPLOYE)   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   00    ST   CENTROYED   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)   // (DK)	INTERVIEWER: REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF SPOUSE/PARTNER  (Q 913)  SPOUSE/PARTNER IS IN PAIR WORK  AS  SPOUSE/PARTNER IS HAITING TO TARE UP PAIR WORK  ALL OTHERS  (NA)  NOW I want to ask you about your (nusecond's/usifa's/partner's) job  CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE  What (LE) the name or title of that job?  What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time?  LF EELEVANT: What materials/machimery (does) he/she use?  What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?  (SSUPER) (Does) he/she directly supervise or (Le) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?  LF TES: How many?  Tes 56 6  Wo 40 7 NEDIAN: 0 0 0 6  (DK) 2 1  (SEMPLOYE! (Is) he/she ELAD OUT  Z  an employee, 59  or - saif-employee, 59  or - saif-employed? 8 (DK) 0	761		- 67		
SPOUSE/PARTMER IS IN PAIN WORK  SPOUSE/PARTMER IS NAITING TO TALE UP PAID WORK  ALL OTHERS  (MA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (NA)  (SSUPER)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (NA)  (Ous)  (SSUPER)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (NA)  (Ous)  (SEMPLOTE)  (NA)  (Ous)  (CSEMPLOTE)  (NA)  Or - self-employed?  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (Ous)  (	SPOUSE/PARTHER IS IN PAIR WORK A3  SPOUSE/PARTHER IS HAITING TO TALE UP PAIR WORK 0  ALL OTHERS 24  (MA) 0  NOW I want to ask you about your (masocond's/usifa's/partner's) job CRANCE TEMSES FOR (SEACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE  What (is) the name or title of that job?  What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time?  IF EXLEVANT: What materials/machimery (does) he/she use?  What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?  // SSUPER (Does) he/she directly supervise or (is) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?  IF TES: How many?  Yes 56 6  Wo 40 7 NXDIAN: 0 0 0 6  (DK) 2 1  (SEMPLOYE)  (SEMPLOYE)  (Is) he/she ELAD OUT  Z  an employee, 59  or - saif-employee, 59  or - saif-employee, 59  (DK) 0	1.				n = 209
SPOUSE/PARTNER IS IN PAIN WORK  SPOUSE/PARTNER IS MAITING TO TARE UP PAIN WORK  ALL OTHERS  (MA)  (MA)  (WA)  (WA)  (WA)  (WA)  (WA)  (CAMPGE TENSES FOR (BEACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE  What (LE) the name or title of that job?  What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time?  IF HELEVARY: What materials/machinery (does) he/she use?  (SSUPER)  (Does) he/she directly supervise or (LE) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?  IF TES: How many?  Tes 56 6  WO 40 7 MEDIAN: 0 0 0 6  (SEMPLOYE)  (INA) 0 7  (SEMPLOYE)  (INA) 0 7  an employee, 59  or - salf-employed?  (DK) 0	SPOUSE/PARTHER IS IN PAIR WORK A3  SPOUSE/PARTHER (S HAITING TO TARE UP PAIR WORK 0  ALL OTHERS 24  (NA) 0  Now [ want to ask you about your (nuspend's/wifa's/partner's) job CRANCE TENSES FOR (SEACCETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE  What (is) the name or citic of that job?  What kind of work (doss) he/she do most of the time?  IF EXLEVANT: What materials/machinery (doss) he/she use?  What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?  //SSUPER/ (Doss) he/she directly supervise or (is) he/she directly responsible for the work of any other people?  IF TES: How many?  Tes 56 6  Wo 40 7 MEDIAN: 0 0 0 6  (DK) 2 1  (SEMPLOTE)  (NA) 0 7  (SEMPLOTE)  (Is) he/she ERAD GOT  Z  en employee, 59  or - self-employed? 8  (DK) 0	1	OHOHIC P	OSITION C	OF SPOUSE/PARTNER	
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	malised industry/public corporation	3
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	Health Authority/hospital	2
	Central Government/Civil Service	3
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Other (WEITE IN)		0
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IF FARM, GIVE NO OF ACRES		
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Including him/herself, rough (Ars) employed at the place (Works) (from)? IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Does) ha IF TES: How many?	### where he/she usually  ##################################	3 13 9 13 13 11 3 7 52 14
Including him/herself, rough (Are) employed at the place (Worke) (from)? IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Does) ha IF TES: How many?	### where he/she usually  ##################################	3 13 9 13 13 11 3 7 52 14
Including him/herself, rough (are) employed at the place (worke) (from)? IF SELF-EMPLOTED: (Doce) ha IF TES: How many?	### where he/she usually  ##################################	3 13 9 13 13 11 3 7 52 14

Y 6 L	- 69L - - 73Y -	n = 2698		7 6 L - 74Y -		[ ]	- 269
/ CAROWN /				ASK ALL		_	
ASK ALL				CARD X8 (HHINCOME)			
Do you, or does anyo	ne else in your household,	ı	918)	Which of the letters on this card represents t	<b>.</b> _		
own or have the regu	tar use of a car or a van:	ļ		total income of your household from all source	•		
	Yes	76.2		before cax? Please just tell me the letter. WE: INCLUDES INCOME FROM BENEFITS, SAVINGS, E			
	No	23.7		ONE CODE IN COLUMN 4)	TC.		
	(MA)	0.1	ъ)	(RECONACE)			_
(BENEFT1 - BENEFT14)	,		ь,	4.651 1.65 7.			Z
CARD IT		İ		RESPONDENT IS IN PAI			54
Have you or anyone i	n this household received			(REARN)	ALL OTHER	3	45.
any of the benefits last five years?	on this card during the			c) Which of the letters on this card represent	: <b>5</b>		
[F TES: Which ones?	Any others?			your own gross or total earnings, before deduction of income tax and national insur-	naa?		
CODE ALL THAT APPLY	,			ONE CODE IN COLUMN c)	(a)	1 (2)	
CODE ALL IBAL AFFLE		z.			(a) Eouse-	(c) Own	
	Child benefit (family allowance)	43.1			hold	earn-	
TES:	Maternity benefit or allowance	9.5			lacome	lage	
	One-parent benefit	4.3			*	*	
	Family credit (family income supplement)	3.4		Less than £3000 p.a.	2 = 4.3	3.8	
	State retirement or widow's pension	24.6		£3000 - £3999 p.a.	Q = 4.7	3.0	
	State supplementary pension	1.8		£4000 - £4999 p.a.	R - 4.3	2.6	
	Invalidity or disabled pension or benefit	7.0		£5000 - £5999 p.a.	T = 4.1	3.2	
[	Attendance/Invalid care/Mobility silowance	3.5		£6000 - £6999 p.a.	s = 3.3	3.1	
	State Sickness or injury benefit	7.9		£7000 - £7999 p.a.	0 = 2.7	2.9	
	Unemployment benefit	15.5		£8000 - £9999 p.e.	g = 4.7	6.2	
	Income support (supplementary benefit)	11.6		£10,000 - £11,999 p.a.	L = 6.6	6.1	
1		15.4		E12,000 - E14,999 p.a.	B - 8.0	6.2	
Housing bene	fit (Community Charge, rate or rent rebate)	0.2		E15,000 - E17,999 p.a.	z - 8.5	4.7	
Other state benefit	(s) volunteered (WRITE IN)	<b></b>		E18,000 - E19,999 p.a.	H = 5.1	2.4	
·			}	£20,000 - £22,999 p.a.	<b>F =</b> 5.4	1.8	
	SURVENI NO.	18.7		£23,000 - £25,999 p.a.	J = 5.1	1.3	
IF NO: CODE -	(DK)	0.1		E26,000 - E28,999 p.a.	D - 3.7	0.8	
	(DK)	0.5		E29,000 - E31,999 p.a.	<b>m</b> = 2.6	0.3	
	(na)			£32,000 p.a. or more	C = 6.9	1.2	
					(DK) 10.1	1.4	
				ASK ALL	(MA) 10.0	3.8	
				(OWNSHARE)			7
			919.	Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including		Yes	30.
				unit trusts?			68.
			]	(PHONE)	,	No DK/NA)	
			920.	Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation?	,	UK/MA)	1 . Z
1						Yes	89.
1						No	10.
1			1		1	(NA)	0.

	1			1			
	Y&L /1 - 75	L - Y -	n = 2698		Y & L	- 72L - - 76Y - [	
	(TELNUM) IF TES AT Q 920	-		924 a)	(MHOTHERE) IN ADDITION TO RESPONDENT WA 16 OR OLDER PRESENT DURING PA	S AMYBODY ELSE AGED	n = 2698
921	A few interviews on any survey are chec to make sure that people are satisfied interview was carried out. In case my contact you it would be helpful if we telephone number	with the way the supervisor needs to			INTERALERA,	Yes No (NA)	7. 34 4 59 4 6 2
				b)	TIME INTERVIEW COMPLETED:		
	URITE MORDER ON BACK OF TEAR-OFF SLIP ON CASS - NOT RERE!		7.			24 hr cle	ock
		Number given	81 3			WRITE IN	ــــا
		Humber refused	6 0		[DURATION]		
	(COMEBACK)	(AK)	0 3	c)	TOTAL DURATION OF INTERVIEW: (SEE FRONT COVER AND 5 ABOVE)		
922	In a year's time we may be doing a simil interview and we may wish to include you again Would this be all right?		ī			MINUTES (HEDIAN): 0 6 0	]
	aggin sould this be all tight;	Tax	89 4	انها	INTERVIEWER SIGNATURE AND MON	BEE	
		No	9.6				
		(MA)	0 9			<del></del>	
		<del></del>				INTERVIEWES MONDES.	
	ENTERVIEWER: TRAIN RESPONDENT FOR HES MELP AND COMPLETE Q 923-			•••	DATE OF INTERVIEW.	BAY HOUTE	YEAR
(هـ 923	(QFILLED)						, ,
	_	after interview in your presence	17 5 77 8				
	or refused (WHT?)	nd to be filled in later	4.6			THANK YOU-	
6)	INTERVIEWER: COMPLETE Q 11 ON CASS AN			'	PLEASE MAKE SUR	E THAT CASS AND CASS SLIP ARE	$\neg$
	TO BE RETURNED				COMPLETELY FILL	ED IN DETACE CASS SLIP AND	
		Completed		;	RETURN IN SEPAR	ATE ENVELOPE FROM QUESTIONNAIRE.	
				!	ATTACH REST OF	CASS, MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE AND SEL	<b>7</b> -1
				1	l l	POSSIBLE) AND RETURN IN A4 ENVEL	- 1
							<u>_</u> J
				] !			

? 1090/Britain

Spring 1990

## BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVEY

Sertal Card 02	Version T = 2 FT = 3
Area 0	Time interview 24 hr eleck
laterviewer later	Batch Code

SECTION POUR

n = 1345 Qs. Y113-Y117

ASK ALL

Now a few questions on education.

CARB S [EUSPENDI, EDSPEND2]

first, which of the groups on this card, if any, would be your highest priority for extra government spending on education, and which next?

OME CODE ONLY IN EACH COLUMN	lst <u>Priority</u> I	20d Priority
Mursery/pre-school children	16.0	12.2
Primary school children	15.4	17.8
Secondary school children	27.3	21.9
Less able children with special needs	28.9	27.1
Students at colleges, universities or polytechnics	8.7	15.9
(MONE OF THESE)	1.0	1.3
(Don't know)	2.2	3.0,
CARD T	0.6	0.7

114. Here are a number of factors that some people think would improve education in our schools. [PRIMEED]

- a) Which do you think is the most important one for children in primery schools aged 5-11 years? Please look at the whole list before deciding. OME CODE ONLY IN COLUMN #) (SECED)
- b) And which do you think is the most important one for children in secondary achoois aged 11-18 years?

  ONE CODE ONLY IN COLUMN b)

OWE CODE OWLY IN COLUMN SY	(a) PRIMART	(b) SECOR- DARY
	2	1
More resources for books and equipment	18.6	13.2
Better buildings	2,5	0.8
Better pay for teachers	7.1	7.3
More involvement of parents in governing bodies	3. t	1.4
More discussion between parents and teachers	5.2	2.7
Smaller clauses	28.1	9.5
Hore emphasis on preparation for exams	1.4	8.0
More emphasis on developing the child's skills and interests	18.0	10.4
Hore training and preparation for jobs	1.1	21.4
Hore emphasis on arts subjects	-	0.2
More emphasis on mathematics	1.0	2.3
Hore emphasis on English	2.2	2.0
Stricter discipline	8.8	17.5
(NONE OF THESE)	0.2	0.1
(Don't know)	2.0	2.4
(AA)	0.5	0.5
1		

	- 41Y -	L
	<b>Y</b>	n = 1345
[	[EDCURRIC]	
115.	Do you think that what is taught in schools should be up to READ OUT	1
	the local education authority to decide,	45.8
ļ	or - should central government have the final say?	48.1
	(Don't know)	4.9
	(NA)	1.2
16.	(SELECTED) Some people think it is best for secondary schoolchildren to be separated into grammar and secondary modern schools according to how well they have done when they leave primary school. Others think it is best for secondary school- children not to be separated in this way, and to attend comprehensive schools.	
	On balance, which system do you think provides	
}	the best all-round education for secondary schoolchildren ESAB GUT	_
		1
	a system of grammar and secondary modern schools,	48.2
	or - a system of comprehensive schools?	44.5
	Other (WRITE IN:)	0.8
174)	(Don't know)  (HEDOPP)    Do you feel that opportunities for young people in	5.6 1.0
174)	(MA)	
174)	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in  Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or colytechnic - should be increased or	
174)	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?	1.0
174)	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?	1.0
174)	(HA)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in  Britain to go on to higher education - to a university,  college or polytechnic - should be increased or  reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot	1.0 1 31.6
174)	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little	1.0 X 31.6 19.5
<b>17a</b> )	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little  About right	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6
174)	(HA)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little  About right Reduced a little	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6
174)	(HA)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  IN INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5
b)	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't know) (NA)	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5
	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't know)  (HEGRANT) When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or loane	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5
	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  IN INCREASED OR ENDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a lot Increased a little  About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't know)  (HEGRANT) When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or locate which would have to be paid back when they start	1.0 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5 3.8 0.8
	(HEDOPP)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't know)  (HEGRANT) When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or locane which would have to be paid back when they start working?	1.0 2 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5 3.8 0.8
	(MA)  Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, coilege or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now?  If INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?  Increased a little About right Reduced a little Reduced a lot (Don't know)  (MA)  When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Do you think they should get grants as now, or locals which would have to be paid back when they start working?  Grants	1.0 2 31.6 19.5 42.6 1.2 0.5 3.8 0.8

_	T	441	n = 1345
i	(	SECTION SIX	Qa Y121-Y133
İ	Now I d like to ask you a few quest countryside and the environment	cions about the	
	CARD W ((HTERVIEWER: PRINTED BELOW) (LE	LISURE )	
121.2)		en part in any of	z
ļ	these leasure acrivities in the la	Yes	68 4
		Ka	31 4
İ		(NA)	0 2
	(F NO AT a) [LEISURE6]	• • •	
	b) Can you remember when you last these activities in the countr IF YES: How long ago was that	yside [†]	_
	PROBE FOR CORRECT CODE	Within past month	1 0 6
-		1-3 months ago	5 6
[		4-6 months ago	3 8
į		7-12 months ago	7 8
		More than one year ago	<b>6</b> 6
1		No can't remember	4 9
		(MA)	0 3
	ASK ALL (CTRISAME)		
1224)	Do you think the countryside generate same as it was twenty years agony in think it has changed? IF CHARGE	o, ar da you	
	changed a bit or a loc?	71 183 11	<b>x</b> _
		Nuch the same	14 6
		Changed a bit	21 0
		Changed a lot	60 5
		(Don't know)	3 8
	IF CHANCED A BIT OR A LOT (CORES :	LOLJATA) (HA)	0 1
	ICTRYBETR! b) Do you think the countryside		I
ì	has changed for the better or	worse? Better	8 0
		Vorse	66 O
	(Better	in some ways/worse in others) (DE,NA)	7 2 4 l
	(INTERVIEWER REI		•
		CARD V	
	In the last four weeks have you		
	been for a drive outling or pi	icale in the countryside	
	been for a long walk, ramble of	or hike (of more than 2 miles) is	the country-
		ly homes, gardens, coos or vild.	life parks
		nooting or hunting in the count	ryside
	visited seacoast or cliffs		

	Y - 45Y -		n = 1345
	ASK ALL (CTRYCONC)		
123	Are you personally concerned about things that may happen to the countrysids, or does it not concern you particularly?		
	IF CONCERNED: Are you very concerned or just a bit concerned?		1
	Very conci	rned	49 3
	A bit conce	rned	32 7
	Does not concern me particu	larly	17 9
		(HA)	0 l
	CARD I (CTHREATI)		
124 4)	Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside if you think none of them is a threat, please say		
	CODE CHE ONLY EN COL A) NELOW		1
<b>b</b> )	[CTRREAT2] And which do you think is the next greatest threat? COOK ONE ONLY IS COL. b)		
1		(e) Greatest threat I	(b) Hext greatest T
		-	
i	Motorways and road building	13 2	11 4
ı	Motorways and road building Industrial pollution	13 2 35 6	11 4 21 7
!	•		
1	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such	J5 6	21 7
	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerovs, woodlands	35 6 8 2	21 7 10 7
•	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development	35 6 8 2 1 2	21 7 10 7 1 5
:	Industrial pollution Removel by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Touriem and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4
•	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Urban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3
•	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
1	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Urban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3
1	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
1	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
1	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
•	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
•	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9
	Industrial pollution Removal by farmers of traditional landacape, such as hedgerous, woodlands Tourism and visitors Litter Orban growth and housing development Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming BONE OF TERSE (Don't know)	35 6 8 2 1 2 8 8 15 3 16 1 0 9 0 8	21 7 10 7 1 5 12 4 13-7 26 2 1 3 0 9

_	1.	٦	•	

		•	- 401 -			H - 1345			
c	CARD Y							127.a)	Do you do any of the following regularly,
н	low concerned are you about	each of t	hese envi	ronmental			ŀ		sometimes or not at all novadays?
	ssuus? Please choose a p						1		READ OUT ()-x) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH AT 4)
	EAD OUT a)-i) AND CODE								DOES NOT APPLY HEARS PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE (EG. NO CAR)
, 0	HE FOR EACE	Very	4 546	Not very	Not at	Pon't know/	1		
	[INSECTOU]					Can't say	(NA)		POR EACE ITEN CODED 3 (NOT AT ALL) AT a)
ا (د	insecticides, fertil-						'		b) Do you intend to READ ITEM in
	sers and chemical sprays? [SEWAGE]	% 57.0	34.2	5.9	2.0	0.9	0.1		the next year or so, or not?
b) .	disposal of sewage?  OZLAYER	7.69.2	24.5	3.4	1.8	0.9	0.1		
		1 56.5	30.1	8.0	2.2	3.1	0.2		(a) (b)
a) .	(NUCPRISK) risks from nuclear						1		Does: Intend to:
		7,53.4	27.6	12.9	4.6	1.3	0.3		Not Does at not (DK, Regularly Sometimes all apply NA) Yes No (DK)
		<b>1</b> 29 . 6	39.1	24.3	5.1	1.6	0.2	ω	[RECYCLDO, RECYCLFT]
	(GRNHSEEF) the 'greenhouse effect'								newspapers and so on for recycling? % 34.9 24.9 39.1 0.9 0.1 %15.3 15.6 6.4
	a rise in the world's emperature? (FOSLFUEL)	145.5	36.3	11.5	3.7	2.8	0.2	(11)	[UNLEADDO, UNLEADFT] use unleaded petrol? % 28.5 2.7 38.8 29.7 0.2 %18.8 13.5 5.3
	using up the earth's emaining coal, oil and gas	12.16.7	37.9	18.9	4.1	1.9	0.5	111)	(ORGANCDO, ORGANCFT  buy organically-grown   fruit and vegetables? % 7.6 31.2 56.1 4.6 0.4 %12.2 32.7 8.9
ı	(WATRQUAL) the quality of drinking		3,1,3	10.7	4.1	1.3	0.5	iv)	fruit and vegetables? % 7.6 31.2 56.1 4.6 0.4 %12.2 32.7 8.9 [MOTESTDO, MOTESTFT] buy toiletries or
	ater? /SPECLOSS/	7,50.7	31.4	13.2	3.6	0.9	0.2	147	cosmetics not tested 7 29.5 28.7 31.7 8.5 1.5 % 8.5 16.8 4.8
	the loss of plant and nimal species?	%57.2	30.5	8.4	2.5	1.3	0.2	<b>v</b> )	[GRWASHDO, GRWASHFT] buy environment-friendly
- {				• • •			"	•,	washing powders or
C	3 gra						1		[LSMEATDO, LSMEATFT]
	o you personally belong to isted on this card?	any of th	e groups			Tes	No	¥1)	choose to est less meat? 25.7 20.4 51.7 1.5 0.8 % 3.2 43.6 2.1 [RECPRIDO, RECPRIDE]
c	ODE ALL TRAT APPLY					*	7	vii)	choose products made out 6 of recycled materials? % 17.8 39.3 40.1 1.8 0.91% 9.1 22.5 6.0
i	TES: MEMBER OF:	1 CL	<i>UB1  </i> The	e Nacional	Trust	8.8	91.2	v111)	[SYELECDO, SVELECFT]
	[CLUB2] Royal	Society fo	r the Pro	tection of	Birds	4.6	95.4	V111)	wake a conscious effort to save electricity? %48.4 23.0 27.8 0.5 0.2 % 7.4 16.6 2.2
		(CLUB6	) Frie	nds of the	Earth	1.0	99.0	(x)	(DRIVLSDO, DRIVLSFT)
	[CLUB7] World Wild	life Fund/	Worldwide	Fund for N	ature	3.2	96.8	1X)	cut back on driving cut back on driving your car? %10.9 13.3 45.4 30.3 0.2 % 3.2 37.9 1.3
			(CLUB	8) Green	peace	2.8	97.2		(AEROSLDO, AEROSLFT)
CLUƏ9	/Council for the Protectio	n of Rural			*	0.3	99.7	x)	buy environment-friendly aerosols? 7.57.7 19.4 16.2 6.1 0.5 7.2.9 9.6 2.1
1	(CLUB3) Other wildl		_			1.6	98.4		
}				lers Associ		1.2	98.8		
	(CLUB4) Other co			recreation		3.1	96.9		
		•	•	nservation		0.4	99.6		
				lear Disarm	• •	0.4			
		Campaig	CLUBS /				99.2		
i	MO:		[CT089]	NONE OF	I SEZE	61.3	1		
							1		

- 49Y -

n = 1345

. .

SECTION SEVEN

(IMPHLTH1 - IMPHLTH3)

CARD AA

¥

Suppose you were advising a young person on how best to improve his or her health generally

Please tell me using this card which you would say are the <u>chree most important</u> things he or she should do to improve his or her health generally

- First, tell me the most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (a) BELOW
- Now, tell me the second most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (b) BELOW
- c) And now, the third most important thing RECORD IN COLUMN (c) SELOW

	(a)	(b) Second	(c) Third
	Hout	most	3100
	important	important	important
	Z	ı	1
Eac less facty food	10 9	L7 6	18 4
Eac more fresh fruit and vegetables	10 7	14 2	19 3
Hot to smoke	61 3	17 5	7 9
Take wore exercise	8 8	21 6	21 9
Drink less alcohol	3 4	21 2	14 7
Take less sugar	0 3	1 5	3 3
Try to reduce scress	4 1	5 8	13.7
(SERRY TO AMON)	0 1	0 3	0 1
(Don't knov)	0 1	0 L	0 4
(MA)	0 3	0 3	0 7

. .

...

					1	
						Y - 514 -
	- 50Y	•		n = 1345		[FAGSNOW]
	[HARTDISI - HARTDIS3] CARD AA AGAIN				132.a)	Do you smoke digarettes at all novadays? Yes
IJŧ.	Now suppose you were advising that young how best to avoid getting heart disease.	person on				No (FAGSREG) (NA)
	From the card, which would you say are th	e three		Ţ		IF NO AT a)
	most important things he or she should do				i	b) Have you ever smoked cigarettes regularly? .
a)	First, tell me the <u>most</u> important thing, RECORD IN COLUMN (a) DELOW.				i	Tes No
b).	Now, tell me the <u>second</u> most important the RECORD IN COLUMN (b) SELOW.	ing.				[CIGARREG] IF NO AT b)
c)	And now, the third most important thing. RECORD IN COLUMN (c) SELOW.					c) Have you ever smoked cigers regularly, that is, at least one ciger per month?
i		(a)	(b)	(e)		Tes
			Second	Third		No
		Host important	most important	most (mportant		(NA)
		7	1	7		IF NO AT c)
	Est less fatty food	44.2	27.2	12.6		d) Have you ever smoked a pipe regularly?
	Eat more fresh fruit and vegetables	1.5	4.0	5.9		Tes No
	Not to smoke	36.7				(WA)
			25.1	9.7		(FAGSDAY) IF TES AT Q.132b)
	Take more exercise	6.8	17-2	26.2	133.	When you were smoking most heavily, about
	Drink less alcohol	1.9	10-2	12.4		how many cigarectes did you smoke in a day?
:	Take less sugar	0.7	5.0	6.6		HEDIAN: 0 2 0
	Try to reduce stress	7.7	10.8	25.7		Lese than one
	(HOME OF THESE)	-	-	•		Can't say
	· (Don't know)	0.2	0.4	0.6		(AK)
	(NA)	0.2	0.3	0.4		
				}		
				}		
				Ì		
				ľ		
				ĺ		
					:	
				,		
	1			İ		

n = 1345

7. 26.7

73.2 0.1

1 28.3 44.9

0.1

7. 0.9

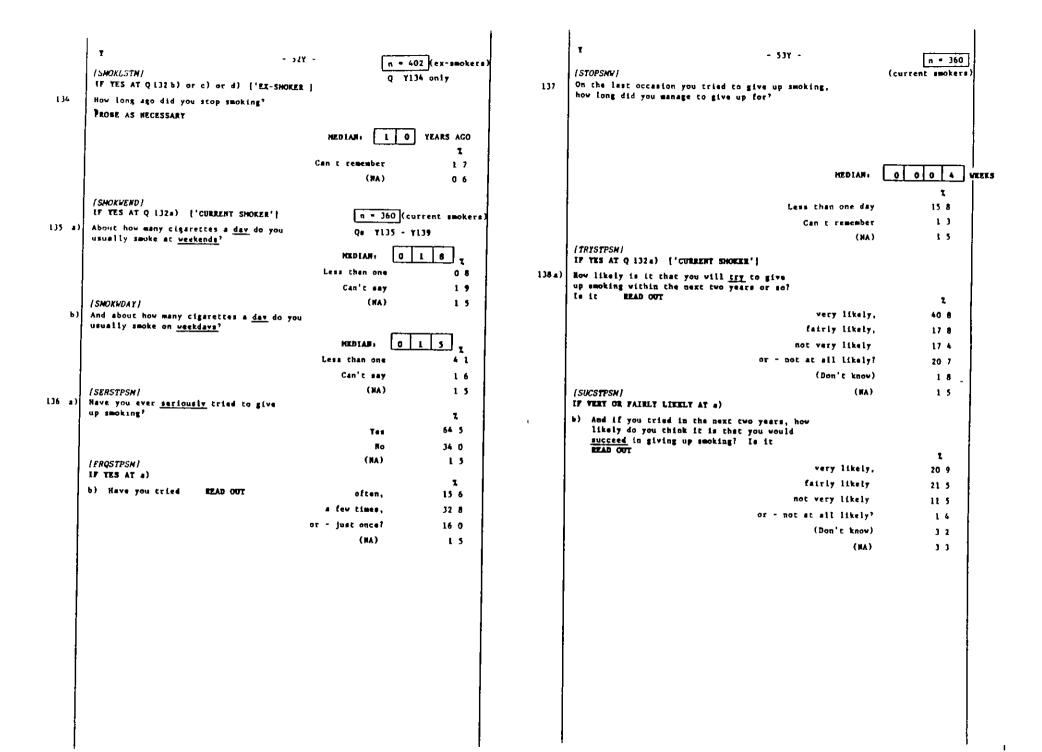
44.0

0.1

7. 0.6 43.4 0.1

Z 1.0

0.5



:	L39.	IF YES AT Q.LJZa) {'CURRENT SHOKER' CARD BB /WNTSTPSM! How much, if at all, do you want to g smoking? Please choose a phrase from card.	ive up this	n = 36 Q. 139 Very much Quite a loc	• •	## 29.5 27.4 25.0		141.	IF YES AT Q.132b) OR c) OR d) ('EX-SR Q.132a) ('CURRENT SHOKER')  INTERVIEWER: HISE SECOND PERASE IN BRU CARD CC AGAIN (YSMOKE) -YSMOKE9) People smoke for different reasons. please say how important each of the ('a/was) for you?  READ OUT a)-i) AND CODE ONE FOR EACE	ACRETS FOR E	Z-SMORERS	n • 761 Q. 141	(ex- and current smokers)	
				Not at all Don't know) (NA)		16.2 0.5 1.5			the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the institute of the in	Very important reason	Fairly important reason	Wot a very important reason	Not a reason at all	(DK/NA)
T		IF YES AT Q. (326) OR c) OR d) ('EX-SM TO GIVE UP SMOKING AT ALL (CODES 1-3 (NTERVIEWER: USE SECOND PHRASE IN BRA	AT Q.139)			İ		•)	relax?	1, 25.3	44.1	16.8	12.4	1.3
1	140.	CARD CC (YSTOPSMI -YSTOPSM7) Please use this card to say how impor		n = 7	61 Kex- an	d current		b)	hard habit to give up?	242.1	24.6	16.0	15.7	1.3
I		each of the following reasons (is/was to give up smoking?			1140 - YI41	•	! 	(2)	smoking (helps/helpsd) me feel more confident with other people? smoking (helps/helpsd) me keep	% 6.D	16.3	29.3	46.9	1.4
		READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE OME FOR EACE		Fairly important				:	my weight down?	Z 10.4	16.5	22.2	49.4	1.5
	a)	because it cost(#) too much to continue smoking?	7 21.9	25.5	24.2	19.0	(NA) 1.7		thing to do among people I (mix/mixed) with?	7 9.5	24.9	22.1	42.1	1.4
	ъ) с)	for health ressons?because there (are/were) more	7 66.8	13.3	5.6	4.8	1.7		smoking (helps/helpsd) se cops with everyday life!	111.8	25.1	24.3	37.3	1.4
t .		and more places where I (can't/ couldn't) smoke?	% 4.5	10.6	28.0	47.3	1.9		smoking (helps/helpsd) me concentrate?	2 8.5	26.4	24.4	39.2	1.4
1		because my family (wants/wantsd) me to give up?because smoking (is/was) getting	I 19.4	20.1	16.7	34.2	1.9	- {	I just (don't/didn't) have the willpower to give up?	2,23.1	25.0	18.0	32.1	1.8
•		less and less fashionable?because more and more of the people I mix(ed) with (are/were)	7 4.0	12.1	21.0	53.4	1.9	1)	smoking (is/was) simply something I (enjoy/enjoyed)?	7 40.1	43.3	9.4	5.7	1.5.
ı	<b>g</b> )	non-smokers?because I (do/did) not want tobacco smoke on my clothes and hair?	% 7.6 % 12.6	15.1 21.1	23.4	35.6	1.7							

Y		}		- 58Y -	
"	- 56Y -	n = 1345			[n
	OTHERSM! SK ALL	Qe 142-143		CONCLBUY     IF LOCAL AUTHORITY OR NEW TOWN DEVELOPMENT   CORPORATION TEMANT (CODES 03 OR 04 AT 0 146)	QYI
	e you bothered by other people s cigarette doke READ OUT	7.	147	Is it likely or unlikely that you - or the person responsible for paying the rent - will	
	ofcen someclmes,	32 7 29 9		buy this accommodation at some time in the future?	
	hardly ever	10 7		IF LIKELY OR UNLIKELY: Very or quite' Very likely	
	or - never	26 6		Quite likely	
	(Don t know)			Quice unlikely	
i	(NA)	0.1		Very unlikely	
	VOIDSM/	٠, ١		Not allowed to buy	
1				(Don'c know)	
۱ "	Do you regularly avoid places or events because you would be bothered by digarette smoke	. !		(NA)	
	READ OUT often,	14 2		ASK ALL RENTERS (CODES 03-10 AT Q 146)	[n
	sometimes,	21 5	[48	How would you describe the rent - not including rates - for this accommodation?	Q YI
	hardly aver,	12 1		Would you say it was READ OUT	
	or - mever?	25 0		on the high side,	
	(Don t know)	0 4		reasonable,	
15	PRTSPON/	0 1		or - on the low side?	
	K ALL			(DE/NA)	
To	bacco companies give money to aport in return			[ (BUYFRMEA ) [ DK/NA ]  IF CHERESTLY OWNS ACCOMMODATION (CODES 01 OR 02 AT Q 146)	
fo	r publicity On the whole, are you READ	1	149 a)	Did you, or the person responsible for the	Г
00	strongly in favour,	2 6	40, 0,	mortgage, buy your present home from the local authority as a tenant?	Q YI
	in favour,	13 2		'LOCAL AUTHORITY' ENGLUMES GLC, London Residuary	
ł	neither in favour nor against,	39 4		Mody and New York Development Corp	
1	ageinst,	24 4		Tes	
	or - atrongly against this?	18 3		(EVERRENT) No	
	(Don't know)	20		IF NO AT a) (NA)	
(4)	RTSSPON	0 1		b) Have you ever lived in rented accommodation?	
	bacco companies also give money to the arts -			Tes	
fo	r concerts plays and so on - in return for			(WHENRENT)	
Pul	blicity On the whole, are you READ OUT	2		IF TES AT a) OR b) (NA)	
	strongly in favour, in favour,	3 7 17 9		c) Now long ago was it that you <u>last</u> lived in rented accommodation? INCLUDES PRESENT NOOSE/FLAT	
	neither in favour nor against,	41.3		HEDIAN SO OF TRAES AGO:	لعلبا
	against,	21 6		(WHOMRENT)  4) Were you renting them from a local authority	(DK, NA)
	or - strongly against this?	13 3		or from someone else?	
	(Don't know)	2 1		'LOCAL AUTHORITY' INCLUDES CLC, London Residuary	
		ŀ		Body and New York Development Corp Local authority	
	(MA)	0 1		Someone else (WRITE [W:)	
	- 57T 57L -			(Don't know)	
	<u> </u>				
	Note Y144 - Y146 were also asked as Qa L152 - L154 on the L version of the questionnaire, and the responses are recorded there			(NA)	

	Y - 59Y -	
	[HOMEMOVE]	n = 134
150.	ASK ALL	Qs. Y150-Y1
(a)	If you had a free <u>choice</u> , would you choose to stay in your present home, or would you choose to move out?	•
ľ		7
ł	Would choose to stay	61.5
	Vould choose to move out	36.5
- 1	(Don't know)	1.8
	(MA) IF HOVE OUT AT a)	0.3
	b) How keen are you to move out? Are you READ OUT	7.
-	very keen,	11.3
J	fairly keen,	15.6
١	or - not that keen?	9.5
	(HOMEEXPT) (DK)	0.1
	ASK ALL (NA)	2.0
۱,	And apart from what you would like, where do	
ı	you expect to be living in two years time - do you expect to EZAD OUT	
	do you expect to EFAD OUT	ī
	do you expect to ERAD OUT stay in this house/flat,	7 73.8
	do you expect to ERAD OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere?	
	do you expect to ERAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere?  (Don't know)	73.8 22.1 3.8
	do you expect to ERAD OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere?	73.8 22.1
	do you expect to ERAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know) (TENREXPT) (NA)	73.8 22.1 3.8
	do you expect to ERAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT) IF HOTE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or renc your next home?  IF RENT: PROSE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
	do you expect to EEAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT) IF HOTE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or renc your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
	do you expect to EEAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT)  IF HOWE ELSEWHERE AT a)  b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Bay	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
	stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know) (TENREXPT) (MA)  IF HOWE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Buy Reut: from local authority/council	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
	do you expect to ERAN OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT)  IF MOVE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORIST! COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Buy Reut: from local authority/council	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
	do you expect to EEAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT)  IF MOVE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COUNCIL OR OTHER LANDLORD  Suy Rent: from local authority/council Rent: from other landlord (Don't know)	73.8 22.1 3.8. 0.3 7 15.8 2.2 3.2 0.9
2	do you expect to ERAN OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT)  IF MOVE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORIST! COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Buy Reut: from local authority/council	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3
2.	stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know) (TENREXPT) (MA)  IF MOVE ELSEWHERE AT a) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF PENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COURCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Suy Rent: from local authority/council Rent: from other landlord (Don't know) (MA)	73.8 22.1 3.8. 0.3 7 15.8 2.2 3.2 0.9
2.	do you expect to ERAB OUT  stay in this house/flat, or - move elsewhere? (Don't know)  (TENREXPT)  IF NOTE ELSEWHERE AT s) b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?  IF RENT: PROBE FOR LOCAL AUTHORITY/ COUNCIL OR OTHER LAMPLORD  Buy Reut: from local authority/council Reut: from other landlord (Don't know) (NA)	73.8 22.1 3.8 0.3 7 15.8 2.2 3.2 0.9 4.2

345		Y - 60Y -	n = 376
¥15		(RENTPREF) IF LENTS AT Q. 152	Qs. Y153-Y156
	153.	If you had a free choice would you choose to rent accommodation, or would you choose to buy?	
		Would choose to rent	T 28.9
		Would choose to buy	67.5
	Ì	(Don't know)	J. t
		(NA)	0.5
	154.	(RENTEXPT)  And apart from what you would <u>like</u> , do you <u>expect</u> to buy a house or a flat in the next <u>two</u> years, or not?	4.3
		INCLUDES BUYING PRESENT BOUSE/PLAT	•
		Yes - expect to buy	Z 18.9
		No - do not expect to buy	74.9
		(Dan't know)	5.6
		(MA)	0.5
		(EVEROWND)	
	155.a)	Have you ever owned your own accommodation? That is, lived in a house or flat, which was in your sole or joint name?	
			z i
		Tes	19.4
•		No	79.4
		(MA)  IF TES AT =)	1.2
		b) How long ago was it that you last owned your own sccommodation?	
		PROBE FOR BEST ESTIMATE	
	j	MEDIAM NO. OF TRAPS AGO:	0 5
	;		
			ļ
			İ
			}
			ŀ
			İ
	,		ļ
			İ
	! !		
			)

```
- 61Y
 LAUTBUYI - NOTSUYIOL
 n = 376
 ASE ALL RENTERS
156 Mere are some reasons people might give for not wanting
 to buy a home As I read out each one please tell me
 whether or not it applies to you at present
 TUO GASE
 (Don't
 Applies Does not apply
 (NA)
 kaow)
 4)
 I could not afford the deposit 270 4
 27 7
 1 2
 0 7
 ь)
 I would not be able to get a mortgage 2.58 9
 11 8
 6 4
 0 9
 c)
 It might be difficult to keep up the
 0.7
 repayments $ 73 4 23 5 2 4
 d)
 I can t afford any of the properties
 I'd want to buy 1 70 9
 26 0
 2 4
 0.7
 .)
 I do not have a secure enough job 749 4
 48 2
 1 7
 0.7
 £)
 I would not want to be in debt 7 62 0
 15 R
 1 4
 0.7
 2)
 It would cost too such to repair and
 44 0
 mainrain 7 50 8
 0.7
 4 5
 I might not be able to rewell the pro-
 h)
 55 1
 A 3
 percy when I wanted to 2 35 7
 0.7
 t)
 It is just too much of a responsibility % 50 7
 44 1
 2 5
 0 7
 1)
 At my age, I would not went to change % 40 7
 54 4
 4 1
 0.7
 ASK ALL (PTENURE)
 p = 1345
157 When you were a child, did your parents own their
 Q Y157 only
 home, rest it from a local authority, or rest it
 from someone else?
 IF DIFFERENT TYPES OF TENHER.
 PROSE FOR OWE RESPONDENT LIVES
 I
 IN LONGEST
 Owned it
 42 2
 Rented from local authority
 11 4
 Rented from someone else
 20 9
 Other (WRITE IN.)
 1.7
 (DK/NA)
 1.8
 INTERVIEWER CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT
 n - 2698
158 Would I be right in describing this
 Qs Y158 - Y160
 accommodation as a READ OUT ONE
 THAT TOO TRIME APPLIES
 Note: 0s T158-Y160
 detached house or bungalow
 vere also asked as
 Os L155-L157 on
 semi-detached house or bungalow
 the L version of
 terraced house
 the questionnaire
 and the responses
 self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc in
 are recorded there
 tenement block)
 self-contained converted flat/maisonatte
 room(s) - not self-contained
 Other (WRITE IM:)
 (NA)
```



P 1090/GB

## BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SELF-COMPLETION OUESTIONNAIRE

Spring 1990	OFFICE BSE OFFI	Area Do		
	Interviewer to enter:	O Serial Be.		
	1000000			
	tec	Interviewer Se		
To the selected respondent:				

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have aiready completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn, some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey.

#### Completing the questionness:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number is one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous.

#### Returning the questionners:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paud, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN

### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research minimize registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey sense has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffled Foundation, universities and industry Please contact is if you would like further information.

n = (163

Qs.2.01-2.10

(SCOBEYES)

2.01 In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Obey the law victout exception 41.3

Should it be allowed?

follow conscience on occasions 51.8

Can't choose 4.9
(NA) 2.0

(PROTEST: - PROTEST 6/

2.02 There are many ways people or organisations can protest against a government action they strongly oppose.

Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on each line.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

ON DACE DIDE	SECRET IT AS SILONED.					
	Defin- italy	Prob- ably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(MA)
Organising public meetings						
to protest against the government	% 62.1	25.7	4.8	3.8	2.8	0.9
Publishing pamphlets to procest against the						
government	% 53.2	30.8	7.0	4.7	2.3	2.1
Organising protest marches and demonstrations	z 39.1	30.9	13.8	11.9	2.5	1.7
Occupying a government office and stopping work there for					•	
several days	2 3.1	7.3	26.9	58.1	2.5	2.1
Seriously demaging government buildings	% O.8	0.5	4.3	90.5	1.7	2.2
Organising & nationwide strike of all workers against the						
Soastument	7 12.0	19.1	20.0	43.3	3.4	2.2
						Ì

Please continue ....

L.

2.03 There are some people whose views are considered extreme by the majority.

First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TIIN ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Defin- itely	Prob- ably	Probably eat	Definitely not	Can't
•	7 21.5	27.0	17.8	29.6	3.2
(REVPUB)  (i) publish books expressing their views?	<b>3</b> 21 . 4	37.0	16.3	20.2	1.5

(MA)

0.9

1.7

- 2 -

2.04 Second, consider people who believe that whites are ractally superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LITE	Defin- italy	Prob- ably	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't	(WA)
(PRJMEET)  i) hold public seetings to express their views? (PRJPUB)  ii) sublish books expressing	1 9.0	17.5	22.1	47.2	3.6	0.8
their views?	1 10.5	23.3	21.7	39.2	3.8	1.1
(CRINIWI - CRINIWA)						Ī

2.05 Suppose the police get an anonymous tip that a man with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON BACE LINE

Do you think the police should be allowed, without a Court Order ...

	Defin- italy	Prob-	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose	(MA)
f) to keep the man under surveillance?						
ii) to tap his telephone?	<b>Z</b> 13.8	22.8	25.9	32.3	2.5	2.7
iii) to open his mail?	Z 8.6	14.7	27.9	43.8	2.5	2.7
i) to keep the man under surveillance?  ii) to tap his telephone?  iii) to open his mail?  iv) to datain the man overnight for questioning?	% 27.6	36.7	17.7	14.4	1.5	2.1

L

(JUSTICE! All systems of justice make mistakes but which do you think is worse:

PLEASE TEST ONE BOX

to convict as innocent person 61 5

to let a guilty person go free? 18 2

Can't choose 19 1

(NA) 0 5

ı

What are your personal feelings about

[DEMCESEL] A People who organise protests against a government action they strongly oppose?

PLEASE TEEX ONE BOX

Excremely favourable 11 5

Favourable 34 2

Weither favourable or unfavourable 35 &

Unfavourable 11 1

Extramely unfavourable 2 7

Can't choose 4 4

(MA) 0 3

(REVFEEL!

B People who want to everthrow the government

by revolution?

PLEASE TICK OFF BOX

[RACFEEL]

PLEASE TICK OFF BOI

Extremely favourable 0 9

Tavourable 2 9

Weither favourable or unfavourable 14 7

Wafavourable 31 4

Extremely unfavourable As n

Cam't choose 3 9

(MA) 0 3

C People who believe whites are racially superior

co all other races?

Extremely favourable 0 9

Favourable 3 2

Weither favourable or unfavourable 19 9

Unfavourable 32 0

Extremely unfavourable 45 2

Cam't choose 2 9

(MA) 0 3

Please continue

L

[HIGHITC! 2 08 Some people think those with high tocomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes then those who earn low incomes Other secole think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes

Do you think those with high incomes should

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

pay a much larger proportion 21 0

pay a larger proporcion. 61 4

pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, 13 &

- 4 -

pay a smaller proportion. 0 4

or - pay a wach smaller proportion? 0 3

Can't choose 2 2

(MA) 10

(INCOIFF) 2 09 What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people

with high incomes and those with low incomes

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Agree strongly 18 5

Agree 37 6

I

Feither agree nor disagree

Disagree 20 0

Disagree strongly 4 6

> (DK) 0 2

(HA) 0.6

L.

[GOVECON: - GOVECONS] 2. 10 Here are some chings the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against.

	PERASE TOOK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly in favour of	In favour of	Heicher in favour of nor against	Agaiost	Strongly against	(DK/ NA)
A.	Control of wages by law	2 6.7	18.8	15.8	44.2	12.1	2.5
8.	Control of prices by law	% 15.2	39.3	13.7	24.0	6.1	1.7
c.	Cuts in government spending	<b>z</b> 10.9	29.8	25.8	25.9	5. t	2.5
D.	Government financing of projects create new jobs	7 26.4	55.2	11.1	4.8	0.9	1.6
E.	Less government regulation of business	1. 7.8	34.3	41.4	12.0	1.8	2.8
7.	Support for industry to develop a products and technology	z 34.0	54.3	8.7	1.3	0.3	1.4
G.	Support for declining industries to protect jobs	118.2	40.9	19.2	18.2	2.2	1.3
8.	Reducing the working week to crea	%10.3	30.4	28.6	25.8	3.7	1.2

2. 11 Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in n = 2349 Also asked on each area. Version Y (Q. 209) Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON ZACH LINE Cam't (NA) BOTE [GVSPENDI - GVSPEND8] 3.1 31.0 2.1 0.4 2.4 7 14.3 46.6 A. The environment 2 38.4 50.5 9.2 0.3 0.1 0.6 0.9 3. Realth 1.6 1.6 42.9 1.0 0.8 C. The police and law enforcement 7 12.0 38.1 2 27.9 50.2 17.9 1.1 0.4 1.0 1.5 1.8 32.1 2.3 E. The military and defence 7 2.1 6.3 39.3 16.1 1.0 F. Old age pensions 17.0 0.6 0.2 0.9 7 29.7 50.8 43.1 13.1 4.1 2.2 1.5 G. Unemployment benefits 7 7.7 28.2 8. Culture and the arts 1.3 Z 2.0 10.4 41.5 26.5 13.5 4.7

Please continue ....

n - 1163 Qa. 2.12-2.19

[UNEMINE 2] If the government had to choose between keeping

L.

2.

12	If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?		
	PLEASE TICK OME BOX  Reaping down inflation	52.1	
	Resping down unemployment	39.3	
	Can't choose	8.2	
	(NA)	0.4	ĺ
. 13	(TUPCHER) Do you think that trade unions in this country have too much power or too little power?		
	PLEASE TICK ORE BOX Far too much power	7. 9.6	
	Too much power	25.5	
	About the right amount of power	44.9	
	Too little power	11.4	
	Far too little power	1.6	
	Can't choose	6.6	
	(NA)	0.3	ł
. 14	(BUSPOWER)  Bow shout business and industry? Bo they have too much power or too little power?		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Far too much power	7 4.8	į
	Too such power	23.6	
	About the right amount of power	50.3	

8.2 Too little power

Far too little power 0.3

Cam't choose 12.3

(NA) 0.6 [COVPLACT]

٠ ،

2 15 And what about the government does it have too much power or too little power?

PLEASE FICK ONE BOX

	PSEASE FLE UNE SUA	X.
	far coo much power	15 2
	Too much power	32 g
	About the right amount of power	43 4
	Tao litti <b>s powe</b> r	2 6
	Far coo little power	0 2
	Can't choose	6 0
	(HA)	0 5
2 16	In general how good would you say trade unions are for the country as a whole?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	Excellent	<b>1</b> 2 1
	Vary good	15 2
	Fairly good	51.3
	Not very good	19 5
	Not good at all	5 7
	Can't choose	5 7
		0.5

2 17 What do you think the government's role in each of these industries and services should be?

The government should:

	PLEASE TICE ONE BOX ON EACH LITE	Ova 1c	Control prices and profits but not own it	Heither ove it nor cou- trol its prices & profits	Cem't choose	(MA)
	(GOVRULE1)					
A	Electricity	1 28 2	45 7	18 9	6 7	0 5
	[GOVRULES] The steel industry	I 12 6	37 9	37 2	11 2	1 2
c	[GOVRULE4] Banking and insurance	1 58	19 6	42 5	10 8	1.3

Please consumue

(GOVRESP) - GOVRESP9/
2 18 On the whole do you think it should or should not be the government's responsibility to

reduce income differences

give financial belp to university students from

provide decent housing for those who can't

low-tocome families

afford it

between the rich and poer 40 2

2 47 6

245 0

L

I

PLEASE TLU ONE BOY ON EACH LITE Definitely Probably Probably Definitely should should should should Can't (NA) eot be nac be choose provide a job for 37 7 L3 6 3 5 16 everyone who wents one 7,22 5 21 0 keep prices under courtol 47 4 39 L 6 8 3 5 2 0 l 1 provide health care for the sick 0 3 0.7 3 83 6 13 9 0 6 0 9 provide a decent standard of living for the old 277 2 20 L 0 9 0 3 0 9 0 5 provide industry with the help it needs to grow 141 0 4 9 11 25 10 49 6 provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed % 30 3 14 2 4 3 4 2 0 7

30 4

42 8

44 9

9 4

2 2

1 4

15 2

4 9

5.4

4 5

19

3 0

0 3

0 6

19	(POLITIC2) Enw interested would you say you personally are in politics?				
	PLEASE TICE OF BOX	Very	interested	9	1
		Tairly	interested	30	2
		Somewhat	Interested	25	9
		Not wery	interested	24	3
		Not at all	Incerested	7	9
		C.	an't choose	1	0
			(NA)	1	5

Now for some questions on different subjects

n = 2349 Also asked on Version Y (Q.2.01)

2.20 From what you know or have heard, please tick a box for each of the items below to show whether you think the National Health Service in your area is, on the whole, setisfactory or in need of improvement.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

	[HSAREA: - HSAREAIS]	In need of a lat of improve-	In need of some improve- ment	Satis- factory	Very good	(DE/ RA)
4.		7 11.3	29.4	45.2	13.2	0.9
ь.	Amount of time GP gives to each pacient	2 9.4	21.5	52.9	15.0	1.2
<b>c</b> .	Being able to choose which GP to	z 9.0	18.5			
đ.	Quality of medical treatment by	2 6.4		53.3	17.2	2.0
4.	Hospital waiting lists for son-	4 0.4	18.1	50.8	22.1	2.6
	emergency operations	1 42.2	40.6	13.5	1.4	2.3
£.	Waiting time before getting appoinments with hospital consultants	16- % 42.5	39.8	13.4	1.6	2.8
ţ.	General condition of hospital buildings	z 17.5	36.3	34.2	9.7	2.1
ħ.	Hospital casualty departments	2 17.1	34.9	36.8	8.8	2.3
ı.	Staffing level of nurses in hospitals	2 31.1	40.7	22.5	3.0	
j.	Staffing level of doctors in bospitals	1 29.1	38.8	24.7	3.3	2.7
k.	Quality of medical treatment in hospitals	1 7.1	23.7	48.6	18.1	2.3
1.	Quality of unroing care in hospitals	Z 418	19.1	43.8		
■.	Weiting areas in casualty departments in hospitals	z 18.8	38.4	35.5	29.7	2.6
q.	Waiting areas for out-patients		JO.4	,,,	5.2	2.0
	in hospitals	<b>%</b> 16.9	35.6	39.8	5.4	2.3
٥.	Waiting areas at GPs' surgeries	7.6	20.4	56.2	14.3	1.4
						I

Please continue ...

£. - 10 n = 2349 Also asked on Version Y (Q. 2.02) 2.21 In the last two years, have you or a close family member ... PLEASE TICK ONE BOX (DK/ 744 ON EACH SINE MA) [ NHSDOC | ... visiced an NHS GP! 295.3 4.0 0.7 (MRSOUTP) ... been an our-parient in an NES hospital? 265.9 12.1 2.0 (NHSINP) ... been an in-patient in an MHS hospital? 7.46.1 51.2 2.7 ... visited a patient in an NHS hospical? 7 75.4 22.8 [NRSVISIT] 1.8 [PRIVPAT]... had any medical treatment as a private patient? 214.2 83.7 2.1 [ABORT1 - ABORT7] 2.22 Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman n - 1163 might consider an abortion. Please say whether or Qa.2.22 - 2.25 not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. (DK/ PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Should abortion be allowed by law? MA) Tee The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child 1 56.3 2.3 41.2 The couple agree they do not wish to have the child 1 62.3 2.3 The woman is not married and does not wish to 2.6 marry the man 7.56.1 41.3 2.4 The couple cannot afford any more children 162.2 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 188.2 1.6 10.1 The women's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy % 93.3 1.0 5.6 The woman became pregnant as a result of rape 2 92.0 6.7 1.3

EACH LITE

r.	- u -	1
2 23	[2 Add Which or these statements comes clement to your views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?	
	PLEASE TITE ONE BOX	
	They should be banned altogether 39 4	
	They should be available in special adult shops but not displayed to the public 40 2	
	They should be available in special adult shops with public display permitted 9 4	
	They should be available in any shop for sale to adults only 9 0	
	They should be available in any shop for sale to anyons 0 3	
2 244)	Britais controls the numbers of people from abroad that are allowed to sectle in this country Please say, for each of the groups below, whether you think Britain should allow more sectlement less sectlement, or about the same amount as now	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON SACY LINE Hove Less About the same settlement as now	(DE/ HA)
	[AUSIEI] Australians and New Zealanders 2 8 7 31 4 58 7	1 2
	(ASIANIMM) Indians and Pakistanis % 2 2 61 8 34 7 [EECIMO]	1 4
1	Paople from European Community countries 1 6 5 40 9 50 9	17
	[VIINN]   Wast Indians   % 2 3   57 9   38 5	1.3
<b>b</b> )	(RECONTL)  Now thinking about the families (husbands, wives, children, parents) of people who have <u>already</u> settled in Britain, would you say in general that Britain should	
	PLEASE TICE OF BOY	
	be stricter in controlling the settlement of close relatives 55.7	
	or - be less strict in controlling the settlement of close relatives 9 9	
	or - keep the controls about the same as now 33 1	
	(CAPPUNI - CAPPUNI) (DK/NA) 1 4	
2 25	Are you in favour of or against the death In papelly for Egyport Against	(DE/ BA)
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX OF mirder in the course of a terrorist act? % 70 3 26 3	3 4

marder of a police officer? 1 66 8 29 1

other murders? 1 61 0 35 8

Please continue

40

	-	14	-	
--	---	----	---	--

L.	•		•	13 -		n -	2349	
2.27	Do ho	WCHLD: - WWCHLD4  you think that women shou we full-time, part-time or ese circumstances?				Also ( Version Y	neked on (Q.2.07)	
	PL.	EASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH	LINE	Work full-ti	Work me part-çin	Stay	Can't	(NA
	€.	After marrying and befor are children?	e chere	% 80.5	10.0	1.6	7.1	0.4
	<b>b</b> .	When there is a child un school age?	der	<b>2</b> 4.0	28.4	58.3	8.1	1.1
	с.	After the youngest child school?	starts	<b>%</b> 15.6	66.9	8.5	7.9	1.1
	đ.	After the children leave	home?	<b>7</b> 68.9	17.4	1.7	10.7	1.3
2.28	Th:	HDCARE! - CHDCARE6  ink of a child under 1 yea th have full-time jobs.		·			esked on	
		v suitable do you think es rangements would be for th		child-ca	r•	Version T	(Q.2.08)	
		EASE TICK ONE BOX EACH LIME	Very suitable		Not very	Fot at all switable	Can't	(RA
	٠.	A state or local authoricursery?		40.5	16.3	6.8	7.7	2.0
	ь.	A private creche or nursery?	2 30.8	43.2	11.3	5.0	8.0	1.8
	с.	A child-minder or baby- sitter?	z 15.9	41.6	25.9	1.7	6.8	2.1
	4.	A seighbour or friend?	7, 9.8	34.8	34.2	13.1	5.8	2.2
	٠.	A relative?	Z 35.6	41.5	12.6	4.3	4.4	1.5
	t.	A workplace dursery or creche?	z44.3	33.9	9.5	4.6	6.3	1.4
1.29	Sho	ERTVBAN/ puid the law allow televis th people who support acts				n = 1 Qs.2.	29 -2.38	
	PLI	EASE TICK ONE BOX	The	a lev defin	itely shoul	d allow it.	I. 12.3	
					bably shoul	•		
					y should <u>ac</u>		25.9	
		•	r - the les	r definitel	y should <u>ao</u>	<u>t</u> allow it?	40.3	
					Ca	n't choose	3.7	•
						(AK)	0.9	
					Pl	ease contin	u <b>e</b>	

(TERMPBAH)  2.30a) And should the law allow newspapers to publish interviews with people who support acts of	
carrorism in the UK?	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Z
The law definitely should allow it,	11.2
probably should allow ic,	21.0
probably should <u>noc</u> allow ic,	27.1
or - the law definitely should not allow it?	35.6
Can't choose	4.4
(TERBEBAN)  b) And should the law allow people who support acts of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing their views?	0.7
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	_
The law definitely should allow it,	7. 9.2
probably should allow (c,	20.0
probably should not allow it,	29.8
or - the law definitely should not allow it?	36.2
Can't choose	4,4
(NA)	0.4
(JURINGET) 2.31 Which of these two statements comes closest to your views?	<u> </u>
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
People charged with serious crimes should <u>always</u> have the right to a jury trial	48.6
There should <u>not always</u> be a right to a jury trial - for instance when the jury might be in danger	37.8
Cam't choose	12.9
(NA)	0.7

.

2 32	(FINEPARA) Suppose a 16-year old is fined by a court, does not pay the fine Should the parents required by law to pay the fine, or not?				
		PLEASE FICT ONE BOX			
		Definitely s	s hou l		

Definitely should be required to pay 34 9

Probably should be required to pay 27 6

Probably should not be required to pay 16 6

Definitely should not be required to pay 17 2

Can't choose 3 3

(NA) 0 4

2 33 As long as there is no threat to security, should prisoners be allowed to (DE/ Tes PLEASE TICK ONE BOX EA) OF EACE CITE (PRISERS)

a) have as many books as they wish to read? 1 88 9 9 6 1 4 (PRISLTRS) write and receive as many letters as they wish? 7.81 5 16 0 25 b)

2 34 Do you think that people in each of these sorts of jobs should or should not be allowed the right to go on strike?

	on 2.00 0.12	Definitely should be allowed to atrike	Probably abould be allowed to atrike	Probably should <u>sot</u> be silowed to strike	Definitely should not be allowed to strike	(DK/ MA)
<b>a</b> )	(PCSTRK) police officers?	Z 14 9	17 3	27 3	39 7	0 9
<b>b</b> )	(#URSSTRK) Burnes?	% L9 Z	30 3	28 O-	21 4	10
o)	(CARWSTRX) car workers?	I 28 0	47 2	15 2	<b>a</b> 4	12
(۵	(COURSTRE) council workers?	7 23 8	42 <b>1</b>	22 0	10 9	13
<b>a</b> )	(ELECSTRK) electricity supply workers	[†] 118 8	28 8	28 2	23 2	11
t)	(HDOCSTRK) hospital doctors?	<b>1</b> 16 3	22 0	26 9	33 9	0 9

Pisase contunue

Ľ.	- 16 -	
2 35	[CSSILENT] Suppose a cabinet minister gives false information to parliament about an important national issue	
	PLEASE FICK Should the law allow civil servants in the minister s  department to reveal the correct facts 83 ]  OR	
	Should civil servants be required by law to keep silent? 6 9	
	Can t choose 8 9	
	(NA) 0 9	
2 36	(BILRITES) Some people support a Bill of Rights for Britain which would give the courts rather than parliament the final say on any laws or government actions which threaten basic f-readons. Others say it is better to leave things as they are. What do you think?	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	Definitely should be a Sill of Rights 27 3	1
	Probably should be a Bill of Rights 30 &	
	Probably should not be a Bill of Rights 13 2	
	Definitely should not be a Bill of Righta 5 6	Ì
	Can't choose 22 5	
	(RA) 11	
2 37	Please tick one box for each statement below to show bow much you agree or disagree with it	
<b>e</b> )	PLEASE FICK OFE BOX OF EACH LIFE (BLECKIAG) People on probation or parele should be fitted with a transmitter - that is, as electronic	(DK/ MA)
<b>b</b> )	cag - so the police can check where they are	1 3

1 3 4

118 4

10.3 17 6

43 0 14 6

55-1 17 3

43 3

4 7

7 0

24 0

1 0

1 0

1 4

1.1

l 2

always carry guns

to convict someone

c) Too meny convicted criminals are

 d) A confession made during police questioning and later withdrawn should not on its own be enough

let off lightly by the courts 235 6

(LITESERT)

(CONFESSM)

(DR/ NA)

1.2

1.2

1.1

1.4

1.5

1.4

1.2

L.		- 17 -				
2.38	And please tick one box for ea to show how much you agree or					
	PERASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH SINE	Agree		Neither		Disagree
<b>a</b> )	[PONCECLU] The police should be allowed to question suspects for up to a week without letting	scrougly	Agree	disagree	Disagree	strougly
b)	them see a solicitor. (REFUGEES) Refugees who are in danger	7. 2.3	6.8	9.2	53.8	26.7
	because of their policical beliefs should always be welcome in Scicain. (PSCOMPLN)	7 5.2	17.0	29.0	38.0	9.7
c)	Serious complaints against the police should be investigated by an independent body, not by		•••			
<b>d</b> )	the police themselves. (IDCARDS) Every adult in Britain should have to carry an identity	137.5	54.9	3.9	1.8	0.7
۹)	card. [CRIMSLET] If someone remains silent under police questioning, it	710.4	26.4	21.9	28.7	11.2.
	should count against them in court. [MINPRISM]	\$ 5.1	25.6	25.4	34.2	8.3
	The prisons contain too many people who ought to be given a lighter punishment.  (ROWARRET)	1 8.7	39.5	27.3	19.8	1.3
2,	The police should not need a warrant to search the homes of suspects.	1 3.9	12.4	9.1	50.6	22.8
2.39	(TECHSIR) Hew kinds of technology are bei- computers and word processors, tick one box to show what effec over the next five years?	robots in	factorio	464 00 0	m. Please	
	PLEASE TICK OFF BOX					
	tt vill	increase	the numb	er of jobs	aveilable	
	asked on ion YQ.2.26) It wi	11 reduce	the cust	er of jobs	available	63.9
	it vill make no diffe	erence to	the gumph	er of jobs	available	25.8
	,				(DK/NA)	3.2
				Plac	a <b>ss</b> contin	ue

L.		- 18 -			in •	2349	
2.40a)	(TECHBORE)  Do you think that the introduct in Britain over the next five	ion of new rears will	techno	logy		asked on	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					Z	
		• • •	make v	ork more in	ceresting,	38. L	
			•	ake vork mo	re boring,	36.4	
	or	- will it	make a	o differenc	e to work?	23.7	
	(montage)				(DK/NA)	1.8	
ъ)	(TECHEASE) And will it					2	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		make	life more	difficult,	10.3	
				make li	fe easier,	62.9	
		or -	will 1	t make no d	ifference?	24.6	
e)	(NEWTECH) Please tick one box to show who disagree with the following sta	tement: El	e forer	ment	(DK/HA)	2.1	
	ehould do more to encourage the nology in Britain.	sbiera or	sev ce	cn-			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			Agre	e strongly	21.9	
					Agree	45.0	
			Neith	on estga to	r disagree	27.7	
					Disagree	4.0	
				Disagra	e strongly	0.3	
					(DK/NA)	1.1	
2.41	Please tick one box for each st show how much you agree or disa				Also	2349 seked on (Q.2.28)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Agree		Weither agree nor	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Disagree	(DK/
)	OF EACE LINE (REDISTRB) Government should redistribute income from the better-off to	strongly	-	disagree	Disagree	strongly	MA)
	those who are less well off. (BIGBUSNN)	2 17.4	32.1	19.5	24.4	5.5	1.2
<b>b</b> )	Big business benefits owners at the expense of workers.	2 13.4	39.0	23.6	19.5	3.1	1.5
e)	(VEALTH) Ordinary working people do not get their fair share of the						
4)	ustion's wealth. (RICHLAW) These is one law for the rich	7, 18.8	46.3	18.6	13.7	1.6	1.0
	and one for the poor.  / INOUST4 / *	7, 27, 6	39.6	13.6	15.3	2.9	0.5
•)	Hanagement will always try to get the better of employees if it gets the chance.	7 15.8	42.5	18.7	16.4	2.6	1.1

^{*} The third character of the variable is an 'o', not a 'd'.

n = 2349

Version T (Q 2 28f-n)

Meither

STRE BOT

20 4

20 9

20 l

7 9

19 0

13 4

21 8

24 7

14 8

strongly Agree disagree Disagree strongly

10 6

73

8 2

12 7

8 5

5 9

11 6

25 8

14 1

Weither agree mor disagree 17 5

Disagree strongly

Please continue

Also asked on

Disagree

0 9

0 7

1 0

9 6

1 3

0 9

2 0

3 F

3 6

a = 1163

Strongly agree 20 9

Just agree 40 1

Just disagree 15 3

(DK/NA) 1 1

4 7

L

2 42

- 19

Agree

Z 26 5

% 15 3

% 32 O

1 15 1

7, 27 1

1 13 0

1 9 6

I 19 1

48 4

43 7

54 4

37 Q

54 7

51 5

50 4

35 8

47 7

And please tick one box for each statement below

to snow how such you agree or disagree with it

PUBLIC TOOK THE BOX ON DRUG TUBE

a) Young people today don t have enough respect for traditional

 People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the govern-

for some crimes, the death penalty is the most appropriate sentence

 e) People should be allowed co publish leaflers co procest against the government

f) Schools should teach children

g) People should be allowed to organise process marches

to obev authority

and demonstrations

 h) The law should always be obsystd, even if a particular

 Geneorship of films and magnification is necessary to uphold moral standards

world power are over"
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

2 43 Please tick one how to show how much you

agree or disagree with this statement: "the days when Britain was an important

177AD1-221

(STIFSE T)
b) People who break the law should be given at fear

IEN" ETCEI

BERE

IPSCT, EET!

(DEATHAPP)

[PROTLEAF]

(PROTDEMO I

[WRONGLAW]

law is wrong

(BR!TPOWR)

(CERSOP)

[OBEY]

British values

L 2 42-3	(VIINE)	n = 2349 lso saked on on Y (Q 2 29)
2 434)	To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire?	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	1
	Less than 15 minu	tes 69
	Between 15 and 20 minu	tes 27 4
	Between 20 and 30 minu	tes 31 4
	Between 30 and 45 minu	tes 21 3
	Between 45 and 60 minu	tes 7.7
	Over one h	our 3 9
	[SQDATE2]	MA) 14
b)	And on what date did you fill in the questionnaire?	
	PLEASE WRITE IN  DATE MONTH YEAR	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR BELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided

		-



P.1090/GB

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

Spring 1990	OFFICE USE OWLT:	Area No.
	[aterviewer to enter:	Seriel Mo.
To the selected respondent:	Rec.	Isterviewer No.

Thank you very much for agreeing to take part in this important study— the seventh in this annual series. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire, and the interview you have already completed. The results of the survey are published in a book each autumn; some of the questions are also being asked in ten other countries, as part of an international survey.

#### Completing the questionnaire:

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick ( / ) or a number in one or more of the boxes. No special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in only by the person actually interviewed at your address. The answers you give will be treated as confidential and annovanous.

#### Returning the questionnaire:

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope, AS SOON AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN.

### THANK YOU AGAIN FOR YOUR HELP.

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. The British Social Attitudes Survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments, the Nuffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you would like further information.

n = 2349

Also asked on version L (Q 2 20)

2 01 From what you know or have heard, please cick a box for each of the items below to show whether you think the Macional Health Service in your area is, on the whole, satisfactory or in meed of improvement

PLEASE FICT OFF BOX OF EACH LIVE

1 Quality of mursing care in

w Weiting arons in casualty

departments in hospitals

n Vaiting areas for out-patients

o Voiting areas at GPs' surgeries

hospitals

in hospitals

Y

a lot of of some improve-Satis-Terr (DK/ improve-MA) factory Beat 3496 2004 [HSAREA1 - HSAREA15] 2 11 3 29 4 45 2 13 2 a GPs appointment systems 0 9 b Amount of time GP gives to each 15 0 9 4 21 5 52 9 patient 1 2 c Jeing able to choose which GP to 90 L8 5 53 3 17 2 2 0 144 d Quality of medical treatment by 18 1 50 8 22 1 2 6 e Tospital waiting lists for son-1 42 2 13 5 1 4 emergency operations 40 6 2 3 f Waiting time before getting appointments with hospital consultants 2 42 5 39 8 13 4 16 28 General condicion of hospital buildings 7 17 5 36 3 34 2 9 7 23 Z 17 1 34 9 36 8 8 8 2 3 h Hospital casualty departments i Staffing level of nurses in 40 7 3 0 2 7 7 31 1 22 3 hospitals ] Staffing level of doctors in 4 L 38 8 24 7 3 3 % 29 l hospicals k Quality of medical treatment in 18 1 48 6 hospitals 7 2 23 7 23

2 48

1 18 8

1 16 9

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2 02	In the last two years, have yo	ou or a clo	44			asked on L(Q 2 21)	١,
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH	LINE			Yes	No	"
	[MRSDOC]	•	isited	an WES C	295 3	4 0	١ ١
	[NHSOUTP] been an out	-patient in	an NHS	hospita	17 265 9	32 L	l
	(NHSINP) been an in-	patient in	an MRS	hospita	17 746 1	51 2	
	[NHSVISIT] visited a	patient in	40 FR	hospita	17 175 4	22 8	
	[PRIVPAT] had any medical trea	Stwent as a	privat	e pacien	t? %14 2	83 7	
2 03	Please cick one box to show he with each of these statements PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					- 1186 2 03-2 05	
	OF EACH LIFE			Feitber			1
	[SECSCHL1 - SECSCHL4]	ARTON		Agres Bor	Die-	Disagree	6
		strongly	Agree	disagra		strongly	ì
4)	Formal exame are the bast way of judging the ability of pupils	2 8 2	39 3	18 3	26 8	5 9	ı
<b>b)</b>	On the whole, pupils are too young when they have to decide which subject to					1	
	specialise in	1 14 8	51 Q	16 5	15 4	0.5	t
c)	The present law allows pupils to leave school when they are too young	7 4 4	21 6	25 4	42 9	<b>3</b> 9	1
<b>a</b> )	So much attention is given to exam results in Britain that a pupil a everyday classroom work counts for too little	χ 17 4	44 5	17 <b>3</b>	16 7	1 9	2
2 04	From what you know or have hea box on each line to show how w secondary schools novadays	rd, pleasa reli you th	tick ( ink <u>sta</u>	one Ce			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				Mot	Not at	(D
	ON EACH LINE	Very well	Quite	well v	ery well	all wall :	
	ON EACH LINE (STATSEC1 - STATSEC3)	Very well	Quite	well v	ery well	**************************************	_
a)	(STATSEC1 - STATSEC3) prepare young people for	Very well		6	50 4	10 7	2
a) b)	(STATSEC1 - STATSEC3) prepare young people for	2 2 4		6			

2.05	From what you know or have heard, please tick one bo for each statement about <u>state secondary schools</u> now compared with 10 years ago.
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
a)	/SCHULEAV)  On the whole, do you think  Nuch better now than 10 A little Abov

		better now			A	VOISE BOW	
	[SCHLLEAV]	than 10	A little	About	little	than 10	(DK/
a)	On the whole, do you think	years ago	better	the same	VOTES	years ago	(AM
	school-leavers are better						
	qualified or worse quali-						•
							Ì
	fied novadays than they	Z 10.6	24.4				
	were 10 years ago?	4 IU.E	26.4	26.1	22.2	12.5	2.2
	[TEACHPAY]						
ъ)	Do you think teachers are						
	better paid or worse paid						
	novadays than they were						
	lO years ago?	2 18.9	23.9	20.3	22.0	12.5	2.4
	(CLASSBEH)					****	
c)	And do you think classroom						
	behaviour is better or					1	
	worse novedays than it was						
	10 years ago?	1 0.9	2.0	12.3	26.1	57.0	1.7
						51.10	•••
		Much				Nach	
		BOT BOW			A	less now	
		then 10	A little	About	little	than 10	(DE/
	(PARTEACH)	years ago	MOTO	the same	less	years ago	MA)
					1444	,	<del>,,,</del> ,
4)	Do you think parents have				1444	,	
4)	more respect or Less				1444	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
4)	respect for teachers nova-				1440	,4412 480	
4)	more respect or Less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10				1646	,	
4)	respect for teachers nova-	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
	more respect or Less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10	. •				-	
d) e)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago?	7. 2.4				-	
	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa-days than they did 10 years ago? [PUPTEACH]	7 2.4				-	
	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have	7 2.4				-	
	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect	7 2.4				-	
	more respect or less respect for teachers nova-days chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers novadays than	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago?	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago?	7 2.4	4.6	25.6	36.2	29.2	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? (TEACHDIF)	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowa- days than they did 10 years ago? [PUPTEACH] And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? [TEACHDED] Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dadicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? [TEACHDIF] And, on the whole, do you	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowardays chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? (TEACHDIF) And, on the whole, do you think the job of a state	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowar- days chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? (TEACHDIF) And, on the whole, do you think the job of a state secondary school-teacher is	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowar- days than they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? (TEACHDIF) And, on the whole, do you think the job of a state secondary school-teacher is more difficult or less	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0
•)	more respect or less respect for teachers nowar- days chan they did 10 years ago? (PUPTEACH) And do you think pupils have more respect or less respect for teachers nowadays than they did 10 years ago? (TEACHDED) Do you think teachers are more dedicated to their jobs or less dedicated nowadays than they were 10 years ago? (TEACHDIF) And, on the whole, do you think the job of a state secondary school-teacher is	% 2.4 % 0.9	4.6	25.6 12.1	36.2	29.2 53.3	2.0

Please continue ...

Huch

Ŧ. - 4 n = 2349 Also asked on 2.06 Do you agree or disagree ... ? version L (Q.2.26) PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Weither Strongly ARTES MOT Strongly Can't agree Agree disagree Disagree disagree choose I WWRELCHD ! a. A working mother can establish just as vers and secure a relationship with her children as a mother who does not work. 7 13.7 34.9 13.6 25.7 8.6 2.4 1.0 [ WWCHDSUF ] b. A pre-school child is likely to suffer if his or her mother works. 7 9.9 36.6 18.0 24.8 6.4 3.2 1.1 (WWFAMSUF)
c. All to all, family life suffers when the woman has a full-time job. % 10.0 35.1 16.4 27.1 7.7 2.5 1.1 (WWHAPPIR) d. A woman and her family will all be happier if she goes 7 2.5 14.1 39.7 32.5 4.7 out to work. 5.5 0.9 [WANTROME] e. A job is all right, but what most women really want is a home and children. 7 4.4 25.1 23.8 29.7 12.4 3.7 1.0 (JOBBEST) f. Raving a job is the best ver for a voman to be an independent person. 3 8.4 45.2 22.1 18.6 2.1 2.7 0.9 (BJOBEARN)
A husband's job is to earn money; a wife's job is to look after the home and family. 7 6.4 18.7 33.2 20.3 2.1 0.9 (WWXPTEMP)
Hothers of young children should not expect employers to make special arrangements to help them combine jobs and child-care. % 5.2 27.0 15.0 34.7 14.3 2.9 1.0 [GOVCCARE]
1. The government should provide money for childcare, so that mothers of young children can work % 15.6 35.3 13.5 25.8 6.4 2.5 0.8 if they want to.

_		-	5 -		n -	2349		₹	
2 07	(WCHLD1 - WCHLD4)  Do you think that women  home full-time, part-ti  these circumstances?	ahould o	ork outsid at all un	e the der		asked on	ľ	2 09	(GVSPEND) - GVSPENDB; Listed below are various Please show whether you government spending in
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Vork full-cu	Work me part-time	Stay at bone	Gam't choose	(MA)		Remember that if you sa a tax increase to pay (
	a After marrying and there are children?		T 80 5	<u>-</u> "	l 6	7 1	0 8		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
	b When there is a chi school age?	l∉ umder	<b>L</b> 40	28 4	58 3	# 1	1 1	<b>A</b>	The environment
	c After the youngest starts school?	child	7. 15 6	66 9	8 5	7 9	11	•	Realth
	d After the children home?		2 68 9	17 4	1 7	10 7	1 3	С	The police and law enfo
								D	Education
2 08	(CHDCARE) - CHDCARES   Think of a child under	3 years of	d whose p	irents	n *	2349		t 7	The military and defend Old age pensions
	both have full-time job  Now suitable do you thi arrangements would be f	nk each of	these chi	lldcare	Also :	esked on (Q 2 28)		c	Unemployment benefits
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	or the thi	141					•	Culture and the arts
		Very smitable		Not very Me suitable	ot at ell puitable	Can't choose	(MA)	2 10	Now serious as effect (
	<ul> <li>A state or local authority nursery?</li> </ul>	1 26 7	40 5	16 3	6.8	"	2 0		you think each of these PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE
	b A private crecke or mursery?	7 30 8	43 2	11 3	5 0	8.0	1 8		(ENVIR) - ENVIRO)
									Maise f
	c Achildminder or			25 9	,,	6.8	2 1		Load
	babyaitter?	Z 15 9	41 5	•5 /	, ,				
		2 15 9	34 8	34 2	13 1	5 8	2 2		ustrial waste in the ri-
	babyattter?  d A neighbour or					5 a	2 2		
	babyattter?  d A neighbour or					5 8	2 2		e from nuclear electric
	babyattter?  d A neighbour or friend?	2 98	34 8	34 2	13 1			Vasc	e from nuclear electric Industrial fume

*		6 -				n = 2	349					
	(GVSPEND1 - GVSPEND8		<b></b>		_		sked on					
2 09	Listed below are various areas of government spending version L (Q 2 11) Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area											
	Remember that if you say "much a tax increase to pay for it	more .	it mij	ht roqui	r•							
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Spend with more	Spend wore	Spend the same as now	Spend less	Spend much laus	Can't choose	(NA)				
A	The environment 7	14 3	46 6	<b>)</b> 1 0	2 1	0 4	2 4	3 L				
•	Realth 1	38 4	50 5	9 2	0 3	0 ι	0 6	0 9				
С	The police and law enforcement	12 0	38 1	42 9	3 0	0 8	16	16				
D	Education 3	27 9	50 2	17 9	1 1	0 4	10	15				
t	The military and defence	2 1	6 3	39 3	32 1	16 1	2 3	1.8				
7	Old age pensions 7	2 <del>9</del> 7	50 8	17 0	0 6	0 2	0 9	10				
c	Unemployment benefits	, 11	28 2	43 1	13 1	4 1	2 2	1 5				
•	Culture and the arts	z	10 4	41 5	26 5	13 5	4.7	13				
2 10	How serious as effect on our you think each of these thing		mest do			n = 1	186					
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		Very	Quite	Bet ve	Hat	et e11	(DK/				
	ON EACH LINE (ENVIR) - ENVIRO)	•	erious	serious	eeries		riose	(AN				
	Moise from sir	creft 7	10 1	56 6	25	3	6 6	1 3				
	Lead from p	etrol Z	0 7	, ,	51	4 3	37 6	10				
In	dustrial waste in the rivers an	d ses 7	0 3	t 5	22	5 7	4 9	0 7				
Van	te from nuclear electricity sta	tions %	1 2	79	26	1 6	40	0 9				
	Industrial fumes in th	e air 7	0 6	4 7	36	3 5	57 6	0.8				
	Hoise and dirt from tr	effic 7	11	17 0	52	8 7	26 2	0 9				
	Acid	cain 1	11	7 8	36	3 !	53 4	L 4				
Certaio	serosol chemicals in the atmos	phere 1	11	9 2	37	1 !	51 4	11				
	Cutting down tropical rainfo	rests 1		5 6	24	8 6	67 <b>9</b>	0 9				

Please continue

(DK/NA)

2.6

. 13	Please tick one box on each li how you feel about	ne to	PONE					
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	be	should stopped	It show be dis	- 086		It should be encour -aged	(DK
a)	[CTRYFARM] Increasing the amount of		.0641221	_				
	countryside being farmed (CTRYRSNG)	1	5.9	31.	)	38.9	22.1	1.8
6)	Building new housing in country areas [WILDLIFE]	T.	13.4	56.9	)	21.3	7.5	0.9
c)	Putting the needs of farmers before protection of wildlife	z	16.4	58.	,	17.2	6.1	1.6
4)	(CTRYROAD) Providing more roads in country areas	z	13.4	52.:	)	23.5	9.8	1.1
•)	(PICNIC) Increasing the number of picnic areas and camping							
	sites in the countryside	7.	3.2	16.	5	32.2	46.8	1.3
. 14	Here is a list of predictions.	thic	or each o		••			
. 14	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION	thic		to come	Quite	Not ver	-	
	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTY)	this?	ik it io	Very likely			ry all	
	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION	this?	ik it io	Very likely	Quite		ry all	RA
	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTI) Acts of political terrorism in	this 7 Brit	ik it is	Very likely	Quita likaly	likely	y all y likely	1.4
<b>a</b> )	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTY) Acts of political terrorism in be common events Riots and civil disturbance in	this?  Brit	k it is sin vill	Very likely 7 16.1 7 18.4	Quite likely 48.6	11kely 30.9	y all y likely 3.0	1.4
a) b)	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTY) Acts of political terrorism in be common avents Riots and civil disturbance in will be common events There wall be a world war invo	this? Brit	k it is cain will cities ; Britain	Very likely 7 16.1 7 18.4	Quite likely 48.6 48.5	30.9 28.5	y all y likely 3.0	1.4 1.5
a) b) c)	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTY)  Acts of political terrorism in be common events  Riots and civil disturbance in will be common events  There wall be a world war invo and Europe  There will be a serious accide:	thic  Brit  our  lving  nt et	k it is  cities  Britain  it	Very likely % 16.1 % 18.4 % 2.2	Quite likely 48.6 48.5	30.9 28.5 52.1	3.5 35.6	1.4 1.4 1.5
a) b) c) d)	say how likely or unlikely you true within the east ten years PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR BACH PREDICTION (PREDICTI - PREDICTY)  Acts of political terrorism in be common events  Riots and civil disturbance in will be common events  There will be a world war invo and Europe  There will be a serious accide British nuclear power station  The police in our cities will impossible to protect our person	this?  Brit  our  lving  find  find	tities  Sritain  it sefety	Very likely 7. 16.1 7. 18.4 7. 2.2 7. 12.9	Quite likely 48.6 48.5 8.4	30.9 28.5 52.1 35.0	3.0 3.5 35.6 5.2	(DE/RA) 1.4 1.7 1.0 0.8

- 8 -

2	15	Please tick one box for each show how much you agree or di	states sagres	ent vit	belo h Lo	. t	•				
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE					Welther		Disagree	{DK/	
			Agre	eg Ly	Agr			Disagree	strongly	HA)	
	a)	[GOVINVIR] The government should do more to protect the environment even if it leads to higher taxes		•	48		23 2	<b>8</b> 7	0 8	10	
	<b>b</b> )	(INDENVIR) Industry should do more to protect the environment, ever if it leads to lover profits									
	a)	and fever jobs  (PPLENVIR)  Ordinary people should do mo:	% 21 Te	3	53	7	16 6	6 6	0 5	1 3	
	-,	to protect the environment, even if it means paying higher prices	1 2l	3	53	2	15 4	7 8	1 1	11	
2	164)	Please tick one box to show your views about the following within twenty years, life of be seriously damaged by a ri	m eart	teme: h wi	et:	s t	co				
		world's temperature "							1		İ
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX								1	1
		(WRLDTEMP)				t	c is highly	exaggerat	ed 11 3		ı İ
						ţŧ	is alightly	• exaggerat	ed 37 9		
							It is more	or less tr	ue 49 4	]	
	<b>b</b> ]	[ENVIRDAN] And please tick one box to to to your views about this sta	show vi	hi <b>ch</b> Cı	is (	: 100	1462	(DK/N	(A) L 4		
		"Vithin twenty years, damage environment will be the bigs problem facing Europe "	e to t gest s	be ingle	•				1		
		PLEASE TICK OF BOX					tt to highl	y exaggerat	:ed 9 5	1	
						Įt	is elightly	y exeggera	red 38 4		
							It is more	or less to	rue 50 8		
							_	(DK/I	NA) 13	4	
							Pl	eass conti	nud		

2	17	Please tick one box for each at show how much you agree or disa					٥						
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		_	ree			Seit agree	<b>80</b> F			Disagree	(DK/
		(RARPLANT)		e CT	ong Ly	4g T	Ce	dioag	rea	9154	ELGG	strongly	RA)
	a)	Too much money is spent trying											1
		protect rare plants and animals [SCHCSOLV]	7	1	8	12	3	ונ	ı	44	5	9 3	1.1
	<b>b</b> )												1
		problems without any need for		_					_		_		
		people to change their behavious	. 1		*	12	1	17	6	51	8	15 7	1 3
	c)	[COSMTEST] It is acceptable to use snimals											
	٠,	for testing and improving cos-											ı
		metics	Z	ı	2	4	2	8	2	35	1	50 3	1 10
		[MEDITEST]						_	_		-	,,,,	1
	4)	It is acceptable to use animals											
		for testing medicines if it coul					_		_		_		1
		eave human lives	Į,	LO	1	47	5	15	2	16	3	9 2	1 5
	•)	[FOXHUNT] Fox husting should be benned by											l .
	•/	law	7	36	a	30		15	7	,	•	6.8	0.8
		(CARTAIHI'	~	,,	•	20	٠	.,	,	,	u	0.0	°°
	E)	For the sake of the environment,	,										
		car users should pay higher taxe	• 7	5	3	18	4	2 E	3	41	4	12 3	1 2
		(POLUTAID)											
	E)	Richer countries ought to give											
		financial help to poorer countri to help them cut back on their	45	•									
		pollution	7	12	۰	46		22		13		4 0	1
		[INPRROAD]	-		,	-0	,	22	•	13	ı	4 0	10
	h)	If the government had to choose,											
		it should improve roads rather											1
		than public transport	*	6	6	29	8	19	5	30	7	12 5	10
2	LØ	Please tick one box on each line think about allowing people to a following places											
		• .				9_	ak i	ng she	_14				
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE						-					
		OF BACK LINE			eely wed			strict certai		_	amed 1 -	Cen't	
								. e40	•	tere	_	C 80084	(HA)
		(SMKPLANE)											
	4)	on airline flights?	7.	2	4		4	4 1		51	,	1 3	0.5
		(SMXTRAIN)	_	_			_				_		1
	<b>b</b> )	on trains?	Z	Z	6		5	79		38	0	1 1	0 4
	c)	(SMKHOSPL) in bospitals?	2	O	4		2	5 7		72		0 9	0.6
	-,	(SMKVORK)	~	٠	•		•				•		* -
	4)	at people's places of work?	7.	4	7		5	9 7		33	2	15	0.8
		(SMKCINHA)											1
	e)	in cinemas?	Z.	2	9		3	4 6		60	8	1 1	0.5
		(SHKR5TNT)	_										1
	f)	14 restaurance?	Z	4	4		3	6 8		57	3	7 0	0.5
	<b>\$</b> )	[SMXPUBS]	ı	25	0		4	5 3		25	8	3 3	0.6
—		<del></del>											1

7.

T.

I NUNSHRSK I 2. 19 Suppose a non-smoker lives, or works closely, with a heavy smoker. How risky is it for the mon-smoker? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX 1 ... a very serious health risk, 22.8 51.1 a fairly serious health risk, not much of a health risk. or - not a health risk at all? 2.1 (Can't choose) 1.5 (NA) 0.5 Please tick one box for each statement below to show what you think about it. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Probably Definitely ON EACH LINE abou 1d Can't chould Definitely Probably should choose (NA) should [EMPRANSM] 4) Employers should ben smoking sitogether at 1 31.6 29.0 20.1 13.8 5.3 0.3 vorkplaces [SMINSURE] ь) Insurance companies should charge smokers much more than nonsmokers for their life 13.2 3.7 0.3 % 39.1 33.6 10.0 Insurance [SMLOWOP] MBS hospitals should c) give smokers low priority for heart or lung 45.7 7.2 0.3 8.9 16.7 21.1 operations (SMWKFREE) 2. 21 Suppose an employer had to choose between the rights of smokers and non-smokers. Which of these comes closest to your view? Z PLEASE TICK Smokers should have the right to smoke OWE BOX freely at work OE Hon-smokers should have the right to work in smoke-free surroundings 77.1 Can't choose 11.8 (MA) 0.5

Please continue .....

Z.	ZZ	Please tick one box for each statement below to
		show how much you agree or disagree with it.
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	•	Agree	Aaraa	Weither agree nor	Disagree	Disagree strongly	(DK/
	(SMRESTR)		accomment.	VELAG	artes Er es	nrastras	actongiy	NA.
•	There are already enough restrictions on where people can smoke.	z	4.2	22.1	17.1	42.6	13.0	0.9
<b>b</b> )	[TAXCIGHI] The government should tax cigarettes much more heavily to encourage people to stop smoking.	1	26.6	33.3	13.4	21.3	4.8	0.6
	(SMOVNCH)	_		33.3		21.5	4.6	0.8
e)	If people choose to smoke, nobody should try to persuade them to stop.	7.	7.2	27.0	18.1	36.8	10.2	0.8
d)	(AGEBUYSH)  The age at which young people are allowed to buy cigarattes should be reduced from 16 to 14.		4.1	1.4	1.9	26.4	65.6	0.6
•)	on smokers.	" "	7.3	45.9	25.4	19.1	1.6	0.8
(3	(STOPIMPH)  Even if people have smoked fo a long time, giving up will etill improve their health.	r I	23.6	60.0	10.4	4.7	0.7	0.7
<b>\$</b> )	(HLTHLUCK) Good health is just a matter of luck.	ı	2.8	12.4	14.2	46.6	<b>23.1</b>	0.9
h)	(HEARTDIS) If heart disease is in your family, there is little you can do to reduce your chances of getting it. (BANSMAD)	ı	1.3	11.1	12.3	153.7	20.9	0.8
1)	All cigarette advertising should be banned.	ı	30.9	33.2	19.2	13.6	2.4	0.7

- 12 -

23 a) C	HSEVALUE   Central government provides financial support to housing In two main ways		
P 5	rirst, by means of allowances to low income tenants becone, by means of tax relief to people with mortgages		
	on the whole, which of these three types of family would you say benefits <u>most</u> from central government support for housing?		
P	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	1	
	familles with high incomes	37 3	
	Families with middle incomes	21 5	
	Families with <u>low</u> incomes	37 8	
	CHCLSALE! (DK/HA)	3 4	
b) i	Thich of these three views comes closest to your own on the sale of council houses and flats to tenants?	1	
	CEASE TICK Council tenants should not be allowed to buy their houses or flats	11 9	
	Council tenants should be allowed to buy but only in areas with no housing shortage	33 3	
	Council tenents should generally be allowed to buy their houses or flats	53 4	
	(DK/HA)	1 3	
24	Which of the following statments do you think are generally true and which felse?		
(	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE True (COUNCILL - COUNCILS)	False	(DE/
ſ	Council tenants pay low rents %34 4	59 2	6 3
	· · ·		
	Councils give a poor standard of repairs and maintenance 760 2	34 6	5 2
	Council estates are generally pleasant places to live 231 5	63 0	5 \$

Please continue

(RENTBUY) 2 25a) Suppose a newly-married young couple both with aceady lobs asked your advice about whether to buy or cent a home . If they had the choice what would you advise them to do? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX To buy a home se soon as possible 69 9 To wait a bit, them try to buy a home 23 5 Not to plan to buy a home at all 10 Can't choose 5 0 (NA) 06 Still thinking of what you might say to this young couple please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Beither agree Just Just mer die die-(DK/ Agree Disagres strongly agree -agree agree strongly KA) [HOMERISK] i) Owning your home can be a risky investment 6 4 27 3 15 5 29 1 20 8 10 (BUYCHEAP) ii) Over time, buying a home works out 33 1 44 1 11 7 less expensive than paying cent 0 1 2 2 0 8 ( MOVEHOME ) iii) Owning your home makes it essier 18 8 to move when you want to 36 4 24 0 16 2 3 7 09 [MONEYTIE] iv)Owning a home ties up money you may need urgently for other things 30 2 23 9 30 8 7 1 11 I FREEDOM! v) Owning a home gives you the freedon to de what you want to it 30 7 48 9 10 3 7 4 1 9 09 (FIMBURDA) vi) Owning a home is a big financial burden to repair and maintain 13 7 41 0 22 9 17 2 4 3 0 9 (LEAVEFAM) vii) Your own home will be something to leave your family 33 8 50 3 10 9 26 1 1 t 2 [ ROMERESP ] viii) Owning a home is just too much of a responsibility 20 5 40 2 26 7 8 27 9 1 1 (RISKJOB) Owning a home is too such of a risk for couples without secure jobs 26 1 37 7 15 4 15 6 4.5 0 8 [VAITEAH] Couples who buy their own homes would be wise to wait before starting a family 18 0 42 7 21 8 12 7 4 1 0 8

T.

2.

n = 2349

Also asked or

1

8.8

n = 2349

Also seked or

38.1

62.9

2.1

n = 2349 Also asked on version L (Q.2.41)

Y. version L (Q.2.36) [TECH5YR] 2. 26 New kinds of technology are being introduced more and more in Britain: computers and word processors, robots in factories and so on. Please tick one box to show what effect you think this technology will have over the next five years? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX It will increase the number of jobs available It will reduce the number of jobs available 63.9 It will make no difference to the number of jobs available 25.8 [TECHBORE] 2. 27a) Do you think that the introduction of new technology in Britain over the next five years will ... version L (Q.2.37) PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ... make work more interesting,

make work more boring. or - will it make no difference to work? I TECHEASE ! (DK/WA) 1.8 b) And will it ... PLEASE TICK ONE BOX 7, ... make life more difficult, 10.3

[NEWTECH] c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: the government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

> Agree strongly 21.9 45.0 Agree Neither agree nor disagree 27.7 Disagree 4.0 Disagree strongly 0.3

make life easier,

(DK/WA)

or - will it make no difference?

(DK/NA) 1.2

Please continue ...

28	Please tick one box for each statement below to	
	show how much you agree or disagree with it.	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE				Weither			
			Agres		agree mor		Disagree	(DK/
	(REDISTRB)		strongly	Agree	disagree	Disagree	strongly	HA)
4)	Government should redistribute							
	income from the better-off to	_						ļ
	those who are less well off.	Z	17.4	32.1	19.5	24.4	5.5	1.2
ь)	(BICBUSHN) Big business benefits owners							
-,	at the expense of workers.	7,	13.4	39.0	23.6	19.5	3.1	1.5
	(WEALTH)							ĺ
c)	Territory							
	get their fair share of the	2			10.4			١
	nation's wealth.	•	18.5	46.3	18.6	13.7	1.6	1.0
4)	(RICHLAW) There is one law for the rich							
-,	and one for the poor.	7	27.6	39.6	13.6	15.3	2.9	0.8
	[INDUST4]	-		2710		23.3	,	0.0
•)	Management will always try to							l
	get the better of employees if	_						Į.
	it gets the chance.	1	18.8	42.5	18.7	16.4	2.6	1.0
<i>F</i> 3	(TRADVALS) Toung people today don't have							
	enough respect for traditional							
	British values.	ı	18.8	48.4	20.4	10.6	0.9	1.0
	(STIFSERT)						-	
<b>E</b> )		_						
	be given stiffer sentences.	7	26.5	43.7	20.9	7.3	0.7	1.0
63	(PROTMEET) People should be allowed to							
47	organise public meetings to							
	protest against the government.	Z	15.3	54.4	20.1	8.2	1.0	1.1
	(DEATHAPP)							
1)	<b>, ,</b>							
	is the most appropriate sentence	1.	7 32.0	37.0	7.9	12.7	9.6	0.8
1)	PROTLEAF   People should be allowed to							
1,	publish leaflets to protest							
	against the government.	Z	15.1	54.7	19.0	8.5	1.3	1.3
	(OBEY)						ł	
k)	Schools should teach children	_						
	to obey authority.	Z,	27.1	51.5	13.4	5.9	0.9	1.1
1)	[PROTDEMO] People should be allowed to						t t	
• • •	organise protest merches and						Į.	
	demonstrations.	7,	13.0	50.4	21.8	11.6	2.0	1.1
	(WRONGLAW)						1	
=)	The law should always be obeyed,						- 1	
	even if a particular law is						1	
	Vrong.	Z	9.6	35.8	24.7	25.8	3.1	1.1
n)	[CENSOR] Censorship of films and magazine							
,	is necessary to uphold moral	•						
	standards.	7.	19.1	-47.7	14.8	14.1	3.6	0.7

n = 2349 Also asked on version L (Q 2 43)

[QTINE]

(SQDATE2)

PLEASE VRITE IN

2 25a) To help us plan better in future please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionmaire?

PLEASE TICK OFE BOX

Less than 15 minutes 6 9 Setween 15 and 20 minutes 27 4 Between 20 and 30 minutes 31 4 Between 30 and 45 minutes 21 3 Between 45 and 60 minutes 7 7 Over one hour 3 9 (AA) 1.4 b) And on what date did you fill in the questionneirs?

#### THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR EELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided



P 1090/Borthern freland

Spring 1970

# HORTHERN IRPLAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVET

Serial Card	02 Version ( . ! )
t 2 Ares sumber	Time Interview 24 hr clock
Interviewer 8	OBO, Batch Code

	- 1 -			N.I 2 -	
	N.I. SECTION ONE	n = 896 Qs. 1-21	3.	/NATION/ On the whole, do you think that the UK's interests are better served by READ OUT	
1.a)	[READPAP] Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?	ž	,	closer links with Western Europe,	7. 43.8
	• •		ł	or - closer links with America?	16.8
	Yes No			(Both equally)	25.2
	IF YES	43.0		(Neither)	2.3
	(WHPAPER) b) Which one do you normally read?			(Don't know)	12.0
	IF HORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one			(USANUKE)	
	do you read most frequently?	ī	4.2)	Do you think that the siting of American nuclear	
	ONE CODE ONL♥ (Scottish) Daily Express	2.6		missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live? Safer	 27.1
	Daily Mail	3.9		Less safe	59.9
	Daily Mirmon Record	10.7		(Don't know)	12.4
	Daily Star	2.2			14.5
	The Sun	11.8	ь)	(OWNNUKE) And do you think that having its own independent	
	Today	1.2		nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less	7.
	Daily Telegraph	1.5		safe place to live? Safer	43.8
	Financial Times	0.2	!	Less safe	43.4
	The Guardian	0.7	ļ	(No difference)	0.6
	The Independent	0.9		(Don't know)	12.0
	The Times	0.2	5.	CARD A [UKNUCPOL] (NA) Which, if either, of these two statements comes	0.2
	Morning Star	-		closest to your own opinion on UK nuclear policy?	
İ	The News Letter	10.2		The UK should <u>rid</u> itself of nuclear weapons while persuading	7.
	The Irish News	7.8		others to do the same	36.1
	The Irish Times Other Irish/Northern Irish/Scottish regional or local daily			The UK should keep its nuclear weapons until it can persuade others to reduce theirs	59.5
	morning paper (WRITE IM:)			(Neither of these)	2.6
				(DEFPARTY) (DK)	1.8
	Other (WRITE IN:)		6.	Which political party's views on defence would you say comes <u>closest</u> to your own views?	
ļ				CODE ONE ONLY	7.
	ASR ALT			OHLY CODE ALLIANCE AFTER PROBE: Conservative	35.3
2.4)	Now a few questions about the UK's relationships with other countries. (EEC)			Social and Liberal Democrats or Labour SDP (Owen)?	22.6
	Do you think the UK should continue to be a member of the EC - the Common Market - or	7.		Mainland or Morthern Ireland? Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLD	1.5
	should it withdraw? EC: Continue			SDP/Social Democrat	0.9
	Wichdraw	12.7		(Mainland - Alliance)	0.3
]	(NATO)	9.8		(Green Party)	1.0
b)	And do you think the UK should continue to be	z		Other (WRITE IN:)	1.1
	a member of NATO - the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation - or should it withdraw? MATO: Continue			(Don't know)	29.7
	Aithquam Aithquam: mario: Courtine			None	7.6
	(DK)				
!	(DK)	17.0			

7	CARD B (PEACE) Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?			NI	SECTION THO	
	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia	% 9 9		Now I would like to ask you abou problems - inflation and unemplo		
	Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America	23 0	,,	(PRICES)	<del>1</del>	
	Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	40 3	10	First, inflation in a year fro expect prices generally to have		
	Neither is a threat to world peace	20 9		have stayed the same, or to have		•
	(Don't know)	5 6		IF COME UP OR COME DOWN:	To have gone up by a lot	45 5
	(NIRELAND) (NA)	0.3		By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a little	42 8
8 a)	Do you think the long term policy for Northern				To have stayed the same	5 <b>9</b>
	Ireland should be for it READ OUT	2			To have gone down by a little	4 4
	to remain part of the United Kingdom,	67 6			To have gone down by a lot	0 6
	or - to reunify with the rest of Ireland?	25 0			(Don't know)	0 7
	Other answer (WRITE IE )	3 2		(UNEMP)	(NA)	0 1
ь)	[TROOPOUT] Some people think that government policy towards (NA)	3 5 0 7	11.	Second, unemployment in a year do you expect unemployment to ha to have stayed the same, or to h	ve gone up,	
	Northern Ireland should include a complete with- drawal of British troops Would you personally		1	IF COME UP OF COME DOWN.	To have gone up by a lot	19 5
	support or oppose such a policy? PROSE: Strongly	z		By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a little	27 6
	or a little? Support strongly	17 3			To have stayed the same	33 2
	Support a little	13 0	1		To have gone down by a little	15 2
	Oppose strongly	50 1			To have gone down by a lot	16
	Oppose a little	13 9			(Don't know)	2 7
i	Other answer (WRITE IN:)	1 1			(NA)	0 1
	(DK)	4 1	12 a)	[UNEMPINE] If the government had to choose		•
9 🛦)	(TROOPSHT)  If British troops were withdrawn from Northern Ireland, (NA) do you think there would be more or less bloodshed in the short-term, or would it make no difference? IF	0 5		keeping down inflation or keepin unemployment, to which do you th should give highest priority?	g down	
1	HORE/LESS: A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little				Keeping down inflation	7. 40 4
	(more/less)?	2			Keeping down unemployment	56 2
ļ	A lot more bloodshed	51 8		Other answer (WRITE IM:)		1 2
	A little more bloodshed	18 6			(DK)	10
ı	A little less bloodshed	4.0	ь)	(CONCERN) Which do you think is of most co	·	1 2
	A lot less bloodshed	3 6	,	to you and your family READ		7
	No difference	18 8			inflation,	64 1
	(TROOPLNG)	3 0			or - unemployment?	33 9
b)	And in the long-term, if British troops were withdrawn, do (MA) you think there would be more or less bloodshed or would	0 1		Other (WRITE IN:)	(Both equally/Neither)	1 0
	ir make no difference? IF MORE/LESS A lot (more/less) bloodshed or a little (more/less)?	z			(Don't know) (NA)	08
	A lot more bloodshed	29 9			(14)	0 2
	A little more bloodshed	13 6				
	A lirrie less bloodshed	12 8				
	A lot less bloodshed	15 5				
'	No difference	23 9				
	(DK)	4.3				
		1				

					1						
	N.I.	- 5 -					N.I.	_			
	(INDUSTRY)						1				
13.	Looking ahead ov	er the next year, do you think					CARD C				
		industrial performance will ch the same, or decline?		_		17.			_		
	IF DEPROVE OR DE		1	<b>1.</b> 2.8	į	• • • •	Generally, how would you describe <u>levels of</u> (TAXHI)		_		
	By a lot or a li	ttle?	prove a lot			a)	Ticomes. Fies	se choose	a phrase	from	
	1	·	we a little	15.6			this card. RECORD AMSWER IN COL a) BELOW				
			ch the same	50.7		b)	(TAXMID) Next for those with middle incomes? Pleas			ė	
			ne a little	18-1			this card. RECORD ANSWER IN COL b) BELOW	e choose	o purase	LLOM	
			cline a lot	4.0			(TAXLOW)				
		(	Bon't know)	8.7		c)	And lastly for those with <u>low</u> incomes? PI this card. <b>RECORD ANSWER IN COL c) BKLOW</b>	ease choo	se a phra	se from	
14.	Here are a number	of policies which might help the	UK's		ļ			(a)	(Ъ)	(e)	
	whether you would	. As I read them out, will you te ! support such a policy or oppose i	ll me		1			High	Middle	Low	
		-x) AND CODE FOR EACH			(But (track		,	incomes	incomes	Lucomes	
	1	-1/ AND CODE FOR EACE	20ppor	t <u>Oppose</u>	(DK/NA)		<u>_</u>	_		4	
i)	(ECOHELP1)	Control of w	ages by law 133.9	62.4	3.6		Taxes are: Much too high	5.1	5.4	42.4	
ii)	[ECOHELP2]		ices by law %63.6		2.4	i .	Too high	13.0	32.4	38.5	
iii)	Reducing t	he level of government spending on		••			About right	27.1	55.1	15.3	
				89.9	1.0		Too low	36.1	4.4	1.2	
iv)	[ECOHELP4] Gove	rnment controls to cut down goods	from abroad \$71.1	25.6	3.2		Much too low	16.5	0.2	0.2	
4)	[ECOHELPS] Increas	ing government subsidies for private	te industry 763.7	30.4	5.8		[SRINC] (DR/NA)	2.3	2.5	2.5	
wi)	[ECOHELP7]	Reducing government spending	on defence %64.7	31.5	3.8	18.a)	Among which group would you place yourself READ OUT				
vii)	[ECOHELP8]	Government schemes to encourage	job sharing %74.7	20.9	4.5	ì		h.	gh income,		7 2.9
viii)		o set up construction projects to				İ			ls income,		46.3
	1				1.1	:			ow income?		50.7
ix)	/ ECORELPA /	Government action to cut inte		6 2	2.4				(NA)		0.1
x)	<i>(ECOHELPB)</i> Go	vernment controls on hire purchase	and credit 781.8	14.8	3.4	j	CARD D [HINCDIFF]		(021)		0.1
	(STATEOWN)					ь	[HINCOIFF] Which of the phrases on this card would you				
15.		ld you like to see <u>more</u> erabip of industry, or ount as now?					say comes closest to your feelings about you household's income these days?	ır			_
	_ <del></del>		More	<b>%</b> 20.2	{	İ	Living comfortably	on pres	ent income		<b>%</b> 21.2
Į	ļ	•	Less	16.4		ł	·	-	ent income		49.3
ļ		About the s		57.3			Finding it difficult				21.5
		(E	on't know)	6.1			Finding it very difficult	-			8.0
Į	i tugawa ta i		•	i	[	Ì	Other (WRITE IN:)	•			-
16.	UK today, would y	e levels generally in the ou say that the <u>gap</u> between ncomes and those with low				Ī	[HINCPAST] Looking back over the <u>last year</u> or so, would	you			
ļ	incomes is EE			7.			say your household's income has READ OUT				7.
ļ		•••	too large,	82.8		-	fal	len behin	d prices,		51.1
İ			out right,	11.3			ke	pt up wit	h priceв,		40.9
		or -	too small?	4.0			or - gone up by	more cha	n prices?		5.9
]			(DK)	1.8		]		(Do	n't know)		2.2
			(NA)	0.1		[					
Ì						1					

	1	i
- 7		N 1 - 8 -
(HINCXPCT)		[ESRJBTIM]
And looking forward to the year ahead, do you	1	ALL ENFLOYEES (CODE I AI Q 22)
expect your household's income will		In your present job, are you working READ OUT
read out fall behind prices,	7.	RESPONDENT'S OWN full-time
•	51 0	DEFINITION or - part-time?
keep up with prices,	38 2	(EJBHOURS)
or - go up by more than prices?	5 0	How many hours a week do you normally
(Don't know)	5 6	work in your (main) job?
(NA)	0 1	(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ARSWER ROUND TO
	• •	ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK) WEAREST BOUR
CARD E [RECONACT]		MEDIAN 3 8
Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing		<del></del>
last week, that is in the seven days ending last Sunday?		[LJBHRCAT] AND CODE 10-15 hours a ween
PROBE Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN I		
IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSPER IT TO COLUMN II		16-23 hou-s a week
IF MORE THAN ONE AT 1, TRANSFER BIGHEST ON LIST TO II		24-29 hours a week
		30 or more hours a week
COL	COL II	(NA)
I	POSITION	25a) How would von coscribe the wages or salary you
In full-time education (not paid for by employer,	7.	are paid for the job you do - on the low side, reasonable - on the high side? IF LOW Very
including on vacation) A	,2 4	low or a bit low?
On government training/employment scheme (eg	0.5	
Employment Training, Youth Training Programme, etc) 3	,,,	Very low
In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least	50 2	A bit low
10 hours in week C		Reasonable
Paiting to take up paid work already accepted D	0 3	On the high side
Unemployed and registered at a benefit office E	7 4	Other answer (WRITE IB)
Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking		(RA)
for a job F	0 7	CARD F [PAYGAP]
Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per		b) Thinking of the highest and the lowest paid
week) but <u>not</u> actively looking for a job G	0 9	people at your place of work, how would you describe the gap between their pay, as far
Permanently sick or disabled H	,4 3	as you know? Please choose a phrase from
Wholly retired from work J	li5 2	this card
Looking after the home K	¥7 8	Much too big a gap
	0 2	Too big
Doing something else (WRITE IN)		About right
	n = 449	
[REMPLOYE]  IF IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (CODE 03 AT Q 2	Q 22 only	Too small
<del>-</del>		Much too small a gap
In your (main) job are you READ OUT	2 81 0	(Don't know)
an employee,	or n	(NA)
or - self employed?	19 0	
-	1	

	, a i	- 12 -	
	[SEMPLEE]		
37	Have you, for any period	in the last five years,	
	worked as an employee as as self-employed?	your main job rather than	
		Yes	ኤ 16 7
		No.	83 1
36	[BUSIOK]		03 3
36	Compared with a year ago your business is doing	Would you say READ OUT	
		very well,	<b>7.</b> 12.5
		quite well,	20 8
		about the same	45 2
		not very well	15 5
		or - not at all well?	1.8
		(Business not in existence then)	4 2
	(BUSTFUT)		
39	And over the coming year	do you think	
	your business will do	READ OUT	Z.
		better,	22 0
		about the same	55 4
		or - worse than this year?	14 3
	Ocher (WRITE IN)		
	(SPARTNRS)	(Don't know)	6 5
40	In your work or business,	do you have any (NA)	1.8
	partners or other self-emp	ployed colleagues?	
	NOTE: DOES NOT INCLUDE E	PLOTEES	2
		Yes, have partner(s)	37 5
		Йo	62 5
41	And in your work or busine any employees, or not?	ess do you have	
	N B FAHILY HEMBERS MAY I OWLY IF THEY RECEIVE		
	WACE OR SALARY		7
		/es, has employee(s)	28 0
		Жo	72 0
	ĺ		

	N.I 14 -	
46.	[ (UWORK10   And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did	
	you have any paid work of less than ten hours a	7.
	week? Yes	1.3
	No	98.7
	(JOBQUAL)	
47.	How confident are you that you will find a	
	job to match your qualifications READ	_
	very confident,	<b>%</b> 4.4
	quite confident,	25.8
	not very confident,	39.0
	or - not at all confident?	30.8
(0)	(UFINDJOB)	
48.a)	Although it may be difficult to judge, how long  from now do you think it will be before you find an acceptable job?	
	HORTES	
	MEDIAN: 0 6	7.
	OR CODE: Never	13.2
	Don't know	44.0
ь)	[UJOBCHNC] Do you think that there is a real chance nowadays	
4,	that you will get a job in this area, or is there	_
	no real chance nowadays?  Real chance	ጜ 29.6
	No real chance	69.2
	(nr)	1.3
	[DWORK10] ALL PERMANENTLY SICK OR DISABLED (CODE 08 AT 0.21)	
49.	And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you	n = 39
	have any paid work of less than ten hours a week?	Q.49 only
		a
	Yes	-
•	No.	39

	и г	u = 170
	[RWORK10] ALL WHOLLY RETIRED FROM WORK (CODE 09 AT Q 21)	Qe 50-54
50	_	
30	And in the seven days ending last Sunday, did you have paid work of less than ten hours a week?	2
	Yes	1
	No	99 3
51	Do you (or does your husband/wife) receive	z
	a pension from any past employer? Yes	42 2
	Жо	57 1
	(RETAGE)	0.7
52	(Can I just check) are you over (MEN ) 65 (MOMEN:) b0?	ž
	Yes	
	No	ř
		, ,
	(RPENSION) IF TES AT Q 52	
53 a)	On the whole would you say the present state	
	pension is on the low side, reasonable, or on	_ 1
	the high side? IF 'ON THE LOW SIDE': Very	7 45 9
	low or a bit low? Very low	
	A bit low	i
	Ressonable	16 8
	(RPENINYR) On the high side	3 7
	ALL WHOLLY RETIRED (DK)	0 7
b)	Do you expect your state pension in a year's time to purchase more than it does now, less, or about	0 7
	the same?	ž
	More	-
	Less	61 6
	About the same	26 1
	(Don's know)	
	(NA)	· - }
,	[RETIRAGE]	0 /
54	At what age did you retire from work?	
-		
ļ	MED TAN :	5 2
	OR COOK: Never worked	-

	B 1	- 16	-	
				n = 160
	/HWORK10     ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME (COI	DE 10 A	AT Q.21)	Qs 55-59
55	And in the seven days ending las have paid work of less than ten		• •	7.
	INCLUDE THOSE TEMPORARILY AWAY F	TROM A	Yes	13 1
	PAID JOB OF LESS THAN 10 HOURS A	WEEK	Мо	86 6
			(NA)	0 3
• /	[NOJOB1] - [NOJOB3]	_		
56	That are the main reasons you do (of more than 10 hours a week) of PROSE FULLY FOR MAIN REASONS AND	utside	the home?	
		7.		7.
	Raising children	41 3	Poverty trap	3 1
	Retired/too old Prefer looking after	19 4	Already works (less than 10 hours a week)	19
	home/family	17 5	Childcare costs	3.8
	No jobs available	6 3	Unpaid work/family	
	Unsuited for available jobs	4 4	business	0 6
	Pregnancy/ill health	11 3	(Other answer)	06
	Dependent relative	10 0	(AA)	6.3
	Husband against working	1 3		
57 a)	{EVERJOB;  Have you, during the last five ; a full- or part-time job of 10 h or more?			7.
			Yes	20 4
			No	79 3
	(EVERJOBT) IF TES AT a)		(NA)	0 3
	b) How long ago was it that you left that job?	1		;
	MO OF 1	ONTES A	æ	

SECTION THREE

n = 896 Os. 61-124

ASK ALL

CARD R | SPEND1 | [SPEND2 ]

61. Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.

OME CODE OMLY IN EACH COLUMN	lst Priority	Znd <u>Priority</u>
	7.	z z
Education	16.3	28.4
Defence	0.5	1.4
Health	54.7	23.7
Housing	6.5	14.0
Public transport	0.6	1.6
Roads	2.4	3.1
Police and prisons	1.0	1.8
Social security benefits	11.9	16.4
Help for industry	5.4	7.4
Overseas aid	0.2	0.4
(NOME OF THESE)	-	1.0
(Don't know)	0.6	0.9

## CARD J [SOCBEN1] [SOCBEN2]

Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?

OME CODE OMLY IN RACH COLUMN	let Priority	2 <del>nd</del> Priority
	2.	7.
Retirement pensions	39.4	22.2
Child benefits	19.1	18.2
Benefits for the unemployed	12.7	17.8
Benefits for disabled people	21.5	31.8
Benefits for single parents	6.5	8.2
(NONE OF THESE)	-	0.6
(Don't know)	0.7	1.1

	N.I.	- 17 -	
	IF NO AT Q.57a) [FTJOBSER]		
84)	how seriously in the past five yes you considered getting a full-time	rs have _ job?	
	READ OUT		7.
	PROMPT, IF NECESSARY: FULL TIME	very seriously,	2.5
	IS 30 HRS+ PER WEEK	quite seriously,	3.2
		not very seriously,	7.6
		ot at all seriously?	65.0
	[PTJOBSER] IF NOT VERY OR NOT AT ALL SERIOUSL		1.3
	b) How seriously, in the past fiv you considered getting a part- READ OUT	e years, have time job?	
		very seriously,	<b>7.</b> 4.5
		quite seriously.	9.6
		not very seriously.	8.6
	or - n	ot at all seriously?	50.0
ı	_	(NA)	1.3
	(HLOOKJOB) ASK ALL LOOKING AFTER THE HOME	·····/	1.3
	Do you think you are likely to look a paid job in the next 5 years?	k for	
	IF TES: Full-time or part-time?		Z
ł		Yes - full-time	6.7
- 1		Yes - part-time	31.2
		No	58.0
	Other (WRITE IN)		•
	<del></del>	(Don't know)	3.8
		(NA)	0.3
ļ	[ZWORK10]		<del></del>
İ	ALL DOING SOMETHING ELSE (COL		n = 2
	And in the seven days ending last : have paid work of less than 10 hour	Sunday, did you rs a week?	Q. 60 onl
		Yes	n -
		No	2
- 1			
ı			
- 1			

	- 19 -			1								
63	I will read two statements For each one please say whether you agree or disagree? Strongly or slight! [FALSECLN]					N I		- 20 -				
<b>a</b> )	Large numbers of people these days <u>falsely</u> claim benefits					CARD L AGAIN						
ь)	these days fail to claim them				67	From your own experience, or say how satisfied or dissati which each of these parts of	sfied you a	re with t	he way in			
	Pa	(a) alsely claum	(b) Fail to <u>claim</u>			novadays?						
		2	ı			ONE CODE POR EACH			Me1ther			
	Agree strongly	43 1	41 7	ļ			Very	Quice	satisfied nor dis-	Quite dis-	Yery dis-	
	Agree slightly	23 2	40 D		· ·				satisfied			(DK/I
	Disagree slightly	13 E	9 2			(GPSAT)						Ì
	Disagree strongly	12 0	3 6		Ω	First, local doctors/GPs?	% 30 6	51 0	7 8	7 5	2 9	0:
	(Don't know)	8.0	5 5	ŀ	11)	(DENTSAT) National Realth Service	% 21 1	52 1	11 6	8 9	<b>3</b> 1	a :
	[DOLE]		•			dentists? (HVSAT)						1
64	Opinions differ about the level of benefits for			ŀ	(111)	Health visitors?	2 15 3	36 2	21 9	4 2	2 2	20 (
	the unemployed Which of these two statements comes closest to your own READ OUT				iv)	District nurses?	1 22 7	36 6	20 6	4.0	Q.Q	- 17
	comes closest to your own READ OUT			z	٧)	Being in hospital as an inpatient?	<b>1</b> 32 6	40 3	11 8	6 6	3 0	5
	benefits for the unemployed are too lov and caus	se hardsh	ilp	56 0	vi)	[OUTPASAT] Attending hospital as an						
i	OR - benefits for the unemployed are <u>too high</u> and people from fin			29 9	V1)	outpactent?	<b>Z</b> 20 5	41 1	10 6	15 5	6 5	6
		(Weithe	r)	5 0								
	Other (WEITE IN:)		_	3 5		[PRIVMED]	blab A					
	(0	Don't kao	w)	5 3	68 a)	Are you covered by a priva scheme, that is an insurance						
	(TAXSPEND)	()	IA)	0 3		you to get private medical FOR EXAMPLE: BUPA and PPP	treatment?					
65	Suppose the government had to choose between the thr										z	
	options on this card Which do you think it should									Yes	8 4	
	Reduce taxes and spend less on health, education	and and	.1	7						No	91 5	
	Reduce takes and spend tess on mestin, education	benefi		61		(PRIVPAID)				(NA)	0 1	-
	Keep taxes and spending on these services at the sam	be level	45			IF TES AT A)						}
		a	IOV	42 0		b) Does your employer (or	your husban	d's/wife'	•			
	Increase taxes and spend more on health, education	and soci		46 4		employer) pay the major membership of this sche		cos, ot			Z	1
				- '		·				Tes	4 0	
	,_	Mon) Don't kno		2 9						No	4 0	
	(9		•	2 4		( ) F F			(Don't k	now)	0 1	
i	(NHSSAT) CARD L	( N	IA)	0 1		(NHSLIMIT) ASK ALL		_	1	(NA)	0 3	
66	All in all, how satisfied or dissatisfied would you say you are with the way in which the Mational Healt Service runs nowadays? Choose a phrase from this				69	It has been suggested that Service should be available lower incomes This would	only to the	contribu				
	card			*		and taxes could be lower at take out medical insurance						
	·	y satisfi		6 9		Do you support or oppose th			-• <del>-</del>		7.	
	•	e satisfi		34 8					Sup	port	24 9	1
	Neither satisfied nor di			17 0	1				Ор	pos_	70 0	
	,			24 1	1				(Don't k	nov)	4 1	
	Very di	Locatiofi		16 6		I				(NA)	0 1	1
		(ny u		• • •								

(DK NA)

#### M.I. SECTION FOUR Now moving on to the subject of social class. (SCOPPORT) 70. To what extent do you think a person's social class affects his or her opportunities roday ... READ OUT ... ... a great deal, 25.8 quite a lot, 33.1 not very much, 31.9 or - not at all? 6.8 Other answer (WRITE IN:) (DK) [SCIMPAGO] 2.2 71. Do you think social class is more or less (NA) 0.3 important now in affecting a person's opportunities than it was 10 years ago, or has there been no real change? 1 Hore important now 22.9 Less important now 32.3 No change 42.8 (DK) 1.6 (SCINPFUT) bo you think that in 10 years' time social 72. (RA) 0.4 class will be more or less important than it is now in affecting a person's opportunities, or will there be no real change? Note important in 10 years' time 23.6 Less important in 10 years' time 27.8 45.6 No change (DK) 2.5 [SRSOCCL] [PRSOCCL] CARD H (NA) 0.4 73.a) Most people see themselves as belonging to a particular social class. Please look at this card and cell me which social class you would say you belong to? RECORD ANSWER IN COL a) And which social class would you say your parents belonged to when you started at primary school? RECOED AMSWER IN COL b) (a) (P) Salf Parents z Z Upper middle 1.5 1.2 Middle 24.3 Upper working 17.6 13.7 Working 48.6 54.7 Poor 5.1 10.2

(Den't know) 2.3

(NA) 0.6

1.3

	N.I.	- 22 -	
	(RELIGION)		
•	ASK ALL		
a)	Do you regard yourself as below	nging	
	to any particular religion? IF TES: Which?		z
	CODE ONE ONLY - DO NOT PROMPT	No religion	12.6
1		Christian - no denomination	1.3
		Roman Catholic	36.2
1		Church of Ireland/Anglican	16.8
		Bapcist	0.9
- [		Methodist	4.4
-		Presbyterian	23.4
Ų		Free Presbycerian	0.4
		Brethren	0.9
	Other Procescant (WRITE IN:)		2.6
1	Other Christian (WRITE IN:)		0 - 3
		Hindu	-
1		Jevish	-
		Muslim	0.3
		Sikh	-
		Suddhist	-
۱	Other non-Christian (FRITE (Mt)		Q.1
		Refused/unwilling to say	
	RELIGEAM! IF NO EXLICION (CODE 01 AT a)	(NA)	0. i
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b></b>	1.0
"	) In what religion were you brought up? FRUSE IF	No religion Christian - no denomination	
	MECESSART: What was your family's religion?	Roman Catholic	0.1 2.2
	your ramily a religion:	Church of Ireland/Anglican	4.1
		Baptist	0.2
l		Methodist	0.3
		Presbycerian	4.(
1		Pree Presbyterian	0.2
		Srethren	0.2
0	ther Protestant (WRITE IN:)		0.2
0	ther Christian (SELTE IE:)		-
	<del></del> -	Hindu	-
1		Jewish	-
		Muslim	-
		Sikh	-
		Buddhist	-
0	ther non-Christian (WEITE IM:)	· <u> </u>	-
		Refused/unwilling to say	-

2

N I SECTION PIVE

IF ANY RELIGION AT a) OR b) ASK c) - O	TREES SELP TO Q 75
c) Apart from such special occasions funerals and baptisms, how often ne attend services or meetings connec religion?	owadays do you
PROBE AS HECESSARY	Once a week or

OF MOFE 50 9 Less often but at least once in two weeks 76 Less often but at least once a month 8 5 Less ofcen but at least twice a year 6 7 Less often but at least once a year 3 5 Less often 3 4 Never or practically never 16 8 Varies too much to say 0 3 [DIVORCE] Refused/unvilling to answer 0.5 ASK ALL 0 9

23 -

Do you think that divorce in Northern ireland should be READ OUT

N I

75

76

77

/ATTENDER!

easter to obtain than it is now, 15 0
more difficult, 29 4

or - should things remain as they ara? 47 3

(Don't know) 7 7

(SEXLAW! (NA) 0 6
There is a law in the U K against sex discrimina-

There is a law in the U K against sex discrimination that is against giving unfair preference to that is against giving unfair preference to the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of

Mow I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships (PMS)

a) If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage,

If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage, what would your general opinion be? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL a)

b) What about a married person having sexual relations with someone other than his or her partner? Please choose a phrasa from this card RECORD IN COL b) I HOMOSEX!

c) What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card RECORD IN COL c)

(b) (c) (a) EXTEA SAME REPORT HAURIACE MARITAL. SEX z 7 30 2 74 8 78 9 Always wrong Mostly wrong 12 4 14 6 5 5 Sometimes wrong 16 4 4 7 3 9 Rarely wrong 12 1.8 5 9 Not wrong at all 27 3 1 3 6 l (Depends/varies) 7 2 28 29

(DK/NA)

08

0 5

10

I am now going to ask some questions about crime and the police I will ask about <u>sectarian</u> crime - that is, crime directly to do with the Troubles - in a moment

78 a) But first, thinking about crime in general do you ever worry about the possibility that you
or anyone else who lives with you might be the
victim of crime?

		Yes	62	8
		No	37	1
[VMWORRY] LF TES AT a)		(NA)	0	1
b) Is this	EMAD OUT			Z
		a big worry,	11	5
		a bit of a worry,	29	1
		or - an occasional doubt?	22	0

	ASK ALL
79	How safe do you feel walking alone in this area

(SAFEDARK)

CHANDALL

ь)

79	How safe do you feel walking alone in this after dark READ OUT	ATEA	7.
		very safe,	35 1
		fairly safe	40 2
		a bit unsafe	15 6
		or - very unsafe?	8 5
	(BURGLARY)	(DK/NA)	0 \$
80 a)	How common is it for people's homes to be		

How common is it for people's homes to be	
burgled in this area READ OUT	Z
very common,	9 3
fairly comon.	21 5

43 6	not very common,
23 8	or - not at all common?
1.8	(Don't know)
0 1	(NA)

How comon is de	liberate damage	ione by		
vandals in this	Area READ OU	Ī	*	
		very (	common 9	9

vary common	9	9
fairly common,	18	6
not very common,	40	6
or - not at all common?	29	9
(Don't know	0	9
(NA)	0	L

(DK/NA)

Z

	-			
- 25 -			N.I 26 -	
		,		
	1	·	(BURGLECT)	
scolen from them in	1	85.	i i	
	, t		would you be to come forward to give evidence in	
·	i		court: Would you EEAD OUT	2
fairly common,			definitely come forward,	35.7
not very common,	30.6		probably come forward,	35.1
or - not at all common?	63.1			14.7
(Don't know)	1.5		· —	11.3
(NA)	0.1		· <del>-</del>	0.2
sectarian crime - crime			-	
	Į			2.6
			(NA)	0.9
	2		(HIJACKDO)	
a lor more in your area,	1.5		CARD O AGAIN	
a bit more,	4.7	86.	Now suppose you saw a car being hijacked, which of	
about the same amount;	19.1			
a bit less,	27.3	1	1	
or - a lot less in your area?	45.6			7.
(Don't know)	1.7	·	•	8.3
(NA)	0.1			18.1
crime in Northern	Į.	11	_	61.9
	]			
	z	i		3.5
ot more crime in Northern Ireland,	4.0			3.4
a bit more crime,	6.3		_	Q.2
about the same amount,	17.4		,======================================	3.5
a bit less crime,	35.9		(NA)	0.6
ot less crime in Northern Ireland?	34.7		(HIJACKCT)	
	1.7	87.	And if you had witnessed that hijacking, how	
·*-	-			
	***		The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	z.
			definitely come forward,	25.2
	i		probably come forward,	28.8
			probably not come forward,	17.7
	_		definitely not come forward?	22.2
Not report it at all			(Refused/unvilling)	0.4
e confidential telephone, without	1		1	4.8
giving my name	9.8			0.9
Telephoning the police directly	17.3		( in )	٠.,
•	1			
(Refused/unwilling)	0.2			
<b>/-</b> 1				
(Dea't know)	1.5	,		
(Doa't knaw) (NA)	0.7	i		
	Very common, fairly common, not very common, not very common, or - not at all common? (Don't know) (NA)  sectarian crime - crime Compared with the rest of on-sectarian crime would you	for people to be stolen from them in  Very common, 1.1 fairly common, 3.6 mot very common, 30.6 or not at all common? 63.1 (Don't know) 1.5 (NA) 0.1  Sectarian crime - crime Compared with the rest of On-sectarian crime would you.  a lot more in your area, 1.5 a bit more, 4.7 about the same amount, 19.1 a bit less, 27.3 or a lot less in your area? 45.6 (Don't know) 1.7 (NA) 0.1 crime in Northern Britain? Would you.  ot more crime in Northern Ireland, 4.0 a bit more crime, 6.3 about the same amount, 17.4 a bit less crime, 35.9 ot less crime in Northern Ireland? 34.7 (Don't know) 1.7 (NA) 0.1  End the same amount, 17.4 a bit less crime, 35.9 ot less crime in Northern Ireland? 34.7 (Don't know) 1.7 (NA) 0.1  End report it at all 2.9 he confidential calephone, without giving my name 9.8 Telephoning the police directly 77.3 Asking someone else to report it 4.1	2	c for people to be atclen from them in  very common, 1.1 fairly common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 3.6 not very common, 4.7 not finitely out of very common, 4.7 not finitely out of very common, 4.7 not finitely out of very common, 4.7 not finitely out of very common, 4.7 not finitely out of very common, 4.7 not finitely out yeu on this card vould you ZEAD OUT.  (MA)  1/4 not for the common of very common, 4.7 not suppose you sav a car being hij

			1		1
	- 27 -			H I - 28 -	}
	(GUPOLICE)				į
88 a)	During the past two years have you ever reported			(PCSAT)	
	a crime or accident to the police or gone to them for help or advice?		92	In general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you	
		_	}	with the way the police in Northern Ireland do	ļ
	Yes	Ž 29 3	ļ	their job? Choose a phrase from the card  Very satisfied 25	ł
	No	70 4		Quite satisfied 45 3	1
	[PCHELP] (NA)	0 3		Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied 15 1	
	IF TES AT A)			Not very satisfied 9 8	
	b) On those occasions, how helpful have you found them in the way they dealt with you READ OUT		}	Nor at all sectofied 4 4	
	·	Z		(9-(11)	
	very helpful	14 1	93	[PCCONTCT] (DK/NA) 0 3  Hay I just check have you (or someone you know)	Ì
	fairly helpful	10 9		had any contact at all with the police in the	
	fairly unhalpful,	1 9		past two years?	
	or - very unhelpful?	1 6		Yes 51 9	}
	(Varied)	0.8		No 47 8	1
	[PCSTOP]	0 1		(MA) 0 3	
	ASE ALL (NA)	0 3	94	CARD Q	
89 4)	During the past two years, have you ever been stopped or asked questions by the police about an offence which they thought had been committed?		7"	For each of the next questions, please use this card to say whether you think <u>Catholics</u> are treated better than <u>Processants</u> in Morthern Ireland, or whether <u>Processants</u>	
	DOES NOT INCLUDE RANDON CERCES.	z		are treated better than <u>Catholics</u> , or whether both are treated aqually	
	'POLICE' HEARS ROC Yes	10 9		READ OUT EACH ITEM AND	
	No (PCPOLITE)	88 9		CODE ONE FOR TACE	
	IF YES AT a)	0 2		Cath- Cath- Prot- Prot- (It depends/ olics olics estants estants Don't	1
	b) On those occasions, how polite have you found			treated treated Both treated treated know/	
	them when they approached you READ OUT	ī		such a bit treated a bit much Can't  (RHCRLCPJ) better better equally better better say)	(NA)
	very police,	4 1		[RUCRLGPJ] Better Better equally better better say) First, the RUC - how do	
	fairly polite,	3 0		they treat Catholic and	
	(airly impolite,	1 6		Protestant members of the public?	0 2
	or - very <u>imp</u> olite?	1 8		(ARMRLGPJ)	1 0 2
	(Varied)	0 3	b)	What about the army - how do they treat Catholic and	
	(RA)	0 -	1	Protestant members of the	
	I I DE ARBEIT I	<b>4</b> -	i	7 0 4 0 2 20 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	(PCARNOY)	<b>~</b> -		public	0 2
90	ASK ALL During the past two years, have you ever been really	<b>,</b> -	c)	(UDRRLGPJ) And the Ulster Defence	0 2
90	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards	2	c)	(UDRRLGPJ)	0 2
90	ASK ALL During the past two years, have you ever been really		c)	[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? 7 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1	0 2
90	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police	2	c)	(UDRRLGPJ) And the Ulster Befance Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes-	
90	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Tes  No	<b>7</b> 20 2		[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? % 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLOPJ] And the courts - how do they creat Catholics and	
90 91	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Yes  **ROCKLEASE**  During the last two years, have you ever been really	7 20 2 79 4		[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? 7 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLUPJ] And the courts - how do they treat Catholics and Protestants accused of	
	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Yes  **ROPE_ASE**  During the last two years, have you ever been really pleased about the way a police officer*  **ROPE_ASE**  During the last two years, have you ever been really pleased about the way a police officer*	7 20 2 79 4		[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protest- tant members of the public? 7 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLGPJ] And the courts - how do they treat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing non-terrorist offences? 7 2 0 7 2 4 83 3 2 8 2 1 8 4	
	ASK ALL  During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Yes  **ROCKLEASE**  During the last two years, have you ever been really	2 20 2 79 4 0 3	d)	[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protestant members of the public? 7. 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLGPJ] And the courts - how do they treat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing non-terrorist offences? 7. 0 7 2 4 83 3 2 8 2 1 8 4 [TERRLGPJ]	0 2
	During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were fuvolved?    Perpense	7 20 2 79 4 0 3	d)	[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? Z 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLGPJ] And the courts - how do they treat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing non-terrorist offences? Z 0 7 2 4 83 3 2 8 2 1 8 4 [ITERRLGPJ] And how do the courts treat Catholics and Protestants	0 2
	During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Tes  No  [PCPLEASE]  During the last two years, have you ever been really pleased about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Yes  No	2 20 2 79 4 0 3	d)	[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? I 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLGPJ] And the courts - how do they creat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing non-terrorist offences? I 0 7 2 4 83 J 2 8 2 1 8 4 [TERRLGPJ] And how do the courts treat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing	0 2
	During the past two years, have you ever been really annoyed about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Tes  (NA)  [PCPLEASE]  During the last two years, have you ever been really pleased about the way a police officer behaved towards you (or someone you know) or about the way the police handled a matter in which you were involved?  Yes	7 20 2 79 4 0 3	d)	[UDRRLGPJ] And the Ulster Defence Regiment - how do they treat Catholic and Protes- tant members of the public? Z 0 2 0 2 45 3 19 9 22 0 12 1 [NTRRLGPJ] And the courts - how do they treat Catholics and Protestants accused of committing non-terrorist offences? Z 0 7 2 4 83 3 2 8 2 1 8 4 [ITERRLGPJ] And how do the courts treat Catholics and Protestants	0 2

					1	
	N.I 29 -					
	(RUCNTRCR)				N.I 30 -	
95.	From what you know or have beend			}	ASK ALL	
	non-sectarian crime - crime not to do controlling			98	1 -	
	IF GOOD OR BAD: Very (good/bad) or fairly (good/bad)?			, , ,	a result of the Troubles. I would like to act your	
			7.		a few of them.	
	Very go		27.7	1	[VEHCHECK]	
	Fairly go		57.4	i	a) First, vehicle check points, where cars are	
	fairly b		9.0		stopped for random or routine search. Do you think they are used ZEAD OUT	
	Very be		2.9			7.
	(Don't know	- •	2.8	1	· · · coa much,	21.0
96.	And from what you know or have	A)	0.2	ĺ	about the right amount,	48.9
	the RUC do a good job or a bad job in controlling sectarian crime?			ì	or - coo little?	25.2
	IF GOOD OR BAD: Very (good/bad) or fairly (good/bad)?				(Don't know)	4.8
	statily (good/bad)?		2		(PEDSERCH) (NA)	0.2
	Very goo	d	20.1	1	And what about random searches of pedestrians - are they used	
	Fairly good	d	51.1		ERAD OUT	
	Fairly back	d	15.2			1.
	Very bac		8.5	1.	too much,	18.4
	(Don't know)	)	4.8		about the right amount,	38.0
97	(MA	.)	0.3	,	or - too little?	22.7
	Which of the security forces in Morthern Ireland do you think is most effective in controlling			1	·(Don't know)	20.5
	SUCCEPTABL CRIME READ OUT AND CODE AT a) BELOW			}	(NA)  And what about house searches - are they	0.3
b)	(NISECFR2)			1	used KEAD OUT	
1	And which do you think is next most effective in controlling sectsrian crime READ OUT TWO					z
	BOT CODED AT a) AND CODE AT b)				too much,	15.2
					about the right amount.	36.8
1		(a)	(b)		or - too little?	17.4
- 1		Hout effective	Mext most		(Don't know)	30.4
- 1	•	7.	2	•	[RCMARCH] (NA)	0.2
1	the RUC,	61.2	16.2	4)	And what about controls on Catholic Procest marches and demonstrations -	
İ	the army,	18.1	42.G		are they used RAD OUT	
1	or - the Ulster Defence Regiment?	3.9	17.2			7
ĺ	(Mone of them)	7.6	11.7		too much,	20.0
- 1	(Don't know)	8.7	12.1		about the right amount,	48.6
i	(AA)	0.5			or - too little?	17.4
1	(RA)	0.5	0.7		(Dog't know)	13.7
- 1			- !	-1	(PRTMARCH)	0.3
			- 1	<b>a</b> )	And what about controls on Protestant protest marches and demonstrations - are	}
			- 1		they used READ OUT	
1						7.
-					too much,	10.4
Ì			i		about the right amount,	53.2
1			- 1		or - tos little?	22.5
					(Don't know)	13.5
			1	į	(NA)	0.3

	1		
	   N I		
	IRUCJOIN1   IRUCJOIN2   CARD R		
99	There are many reasons why Catholics are put off from joining the RUC. On this card are some possible reasons. Please read through the whole list and then tell me which you think is the most important reason and which is the next most important.		
	CODE ONE UNDER 'HOST IMPORTANT'	Mosc	Mext most
	AND OFE DIFFER 'NEXT MOST'	importan	t <u>important</u>
	They try to join but are not chosen because they are Catholic	<b>7.</b> 4.7	1 8 9
	They do not want to join because they feel they will	-,	0 ,
	be treated badly by the RUC	12 8	32 6
	Other Catholics put pressure on them not to join	68 7	11 1
	They are not as well-qualified as Protestants to join the RUC	0 2	3 2
	(None of these)	5 5	24 L
	(Don't know)	7 6	18 0
	(HA)	0 5	2 0
	[RUCCMMON] [RUCCMSHD] CARD \$		
100 4)	If there is a complaint against the police in Northern Ireland, which of these bodies do you think is responsible for looking into it? EKCORD IF COLUMN (a) BKLOW		
ъ)	And who do you think should be responsible? RECORD IN COLUMN (b) RELOW		
!	<u>re</u>	(a) Who is rsponsible	(h) Who should
	The Hann Addison	•	
	The Home Office	6 5	11 3
	The Morthern Ireland office	15 i	15 5

	(a) Who is responsib		ould
The Home Office	6 5	5 11	3
The Morthern Ireland office	15	15	5
The Police Authority of Northern Ireland	43	28	2
The Chief Constable of the RUC	16 2	16	6
The British army	0 1	. 0	5
The courts	3 (	10	8
District or local councils	0 (	. 1	L
(None of these)	1.3	, 4	7
(Bon't know)	10	2 8	5
(AK)	0 9	5 0	8

1		1
N I - 32 -		1
(NISUPPTY)	7	
Generally speaking do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party? Yes	35 7	
No.	63 7	
IF NO AT a) (NICLSPTY) (NA)	0 6	
b) Do you think of yourself as a little closer	7.	
to one political party than to the others? Yes	20 9	
No	42 7	
IF NO AT b) (NA)	0 7	1
c) If there were a general election tomorrow, which political party do you think you would be most likely to support?  CODE ONE ONE ONLY UNDER c & 4)  IF MAINLAND ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Oven)	,	
IF TES AT a) OR b)		
d) Which one? CODE ONE ONLY UNDER c & d)  IF MAINLAND ALLIANCE, PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)	,	
IF HAINLAND PARTY MANED AT c) OR d)		1
A) If there were a general election in which only     Northern Ireland parties were standing, which one do you think you would be most likely to support?	(NIPTYID1)/	NIBEVINO
CODE ONLY UNDER a)	c & d)	e)
	7	7
Conservative	11 7	
Labou		
(Social and) Liberal Democrat/Liberal/SLi	- •	
SDP/Social Democrat	_	
(Hainland) Alliance (AFTER PROFE		
Alliance (WI DUP/Democratic Unionist Party		90
OUP/Official Unionist Party/Ulacer Unionist Party	•	30 2
Other Unionis		0 1
Sint Feir	2 4	2.8
SDLI		15 9
Workers Part	, 13	2 3 -
Campaign for Equal Citizenship	0 1	0 1
Green Party/Zcology Party	, 11	1 2
Other parcy (WRITE IN)	0 5	11
Other answer (WRITE IN)	0 3	0.3
None	=	18 8
(NIIDSTRN) Refused/unwilling to say		5 5
IF ANY MORTHERN IRREAND PARTY CODED AT c) & d) or u) (DK/NA	) 16	2 9
f) Would you call yourself very scrong (QOOTE PARTY MANEE) fairly scrong, or not very scrong?	_	(
PARTY MANEED) fairly strong, or not very strong?  Very strong	ኔ 7 0	
Fairly strong	27 0	1
Not very strong	38 L	
(Don't know)	0 2	
(MA)	3 5	
1		ı

## SECTION SIX

## CARD T

Some countries are called 'free societies' because their citizens' basic rights are protected. Please use this card to say how well-protected you think citizens' basic rights are in each of the following countries. Just say what you think.

## READ BANK OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

Citizens' basic rights are:

Covernment is:

	(USAFREE)		ery veli rotected	Fairly weil protected	Not very well protected	Not at all well protected	(Dou't know/ Cau't say)	<u>(NA)</u>
a)	the USA?	7	33.3	45.2	7.6	0.2	13.3	0.5
<b>b</b> )	(WGFREE)	ī	19.5	19.9	15.6	2.0	27.6	0.5
	(USSRFREE)	-	2.7	7.8	42.7	29.4	16.9	0.5
c)	(BRITEREE)	•						
4)	Britain? [CHNAFREE]	1	18.5	61.8	10.9	1.8	6.7	0.5
<b>e</b> )	China?	7.	1.8	10.2	26.1	35.6	25.8	0.5
£)	[CANFREE]	z	31.0	48.9	1.6	0.2	17.8	0.5

#### CARD D

Some countries are called 'open societies' because their citizens have a right to know what decisions the government is making and why. Please use this card to say how 'open' you think each of the following countries is. Again, just say what you think.

#### READ BANK OF EACH COUNTRY AND CODE ONE FOR FACE

	The cone can tax mice							ľ
	(USAOPEN)		open open	Pairly open	Not very open	Not at	(Dom't know/ Can't say)	(NA)
<b>a</b> )	the USA?	7	33.4	42.9	10.1	1.9	11.3	0.5
<b>b</b> }	West Garmany? [USSROPEN]	Z	11.7	45.6	19.1	3.4	19.7	0.5
c)	the Soviet Union?	7	1.3	7.0	39.4	36.2	15.6	0.5
4)	Britain? /CHNACPEN/	2	13.2	56.6	18.0	4.3	7.3	0.6
•)	China? [CANOPEN]	7.	1.6	9.1	25.5	41.0	22.2	0.6
£)	Canada?	7.	20.2	56.5	4.3	1.0	17.4	0.6

## CARD W

N.I.

All governments keep certain things secret. For each of the following, use this card to say whether you think British governments should or should not be allowed to keep it secret.

- 34 -

## READ OUT 4)-c) AND CODE ONE FOR EACH

#### [RUCTELL]

a) ... Suppose there was a minor leak of radiation from a nuclear power station which was unlikely to have harmed anyone. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?

9.8	Definicely allowed to keep it secret
13.1	Probably allowed
13.9	Probably not allowed
61.2	efinitely not allowed to keep it secret
1.2	(Don't know)
0.6	(ma)

## CARD W AGAIN

#### (WEAPTELL)

... Suppose the government decided to start developing a new weapons system. Should the government be allowed to keep it secret or not?

20.9	Definitely allowed to keep it secret
18.9	Probably allowed
17.0	Probably not allowed
40.4	efinitely not allowed to keep it secret
2.2	(Don't know)
0.6	(NA)

## CARD W AGAIR

# (CABMTELL)

... Suppose a cabinet minister was asked to resign for having used his position to aske a lot of money. Should the government be allowed to keep the reason secret or not?

~	
3.2	Definitely allowed to keep it secret
4.5	Probably allowed
17.2	Probably not allowed
72.4	finitely not allowed to keep it secret
2.0	(Don't know)
0.6	(NA)

Z

и 1 35 -	i		N I - 36 -
[PAPRGOVT]			[VCROADS][VCFOOTBL][VCVANDAL][VCDEMOS] CARD Z
CARD X  Suppose a person leaked secret defence plans to a newspaper and the government wanted to find out who it was. Using the card, tell me whether you think the paper should have the legal right to		107	Some people say that video cameras ought to be installed in public places to detect criminals. Others say that this will cut down on everyone's privacy. Do you think video cameras ahould or should not be allowed in the following places?
keep the person s name a secret, or not?	2		READ OUT a)-d) ARD Yideo cameras should
Definitely should have the legal right	16 6		CODE ONE FOR EACH Probably Definitely
Probably should	17 3		Definitely Probably not not (It depends/ be allowed be allowed be allowed Don't know)
Probably should not	21 2	a)	
Definitely should not have the legal right	38 4		to detect speeding
(Dor t know/Can t say)			drivers? % 49 0 29 6 8 9 10 1 1 8
	5 9	ь)	
[PAPREIRM] (NA)	0 6		ball grounds to detect troublemakers? 782 J 144 09 08 10
CARD X AGAIN		c)	
Now suppose a person leaked secret plans about a new commercial invention, and the firm wanted to find out who it was no you think the paper should		-	estates to detect
have the legal right to keep the person's name secret or not?		d)	
Tection of not	7.		strations to identify people taking part? 7, 35 0 24 1 16 4 21 0 2 9
Definitely should have the legal right	15 8		1.
Probably should	19 8	108 (	(RACEGLTY)   Suppose two people - one white, one black - each
Probably should not	24 0		appear in court charged with a crime they did nor
Definitely should not have the legal right	32 6		commit What do you think their chances are of
(Don't know/Can t say)	7 2		being found guilty ERAD OUT
/Ma)	0.6		the white person is more likely to be found guilty, 1 2
[BANBOOK]			they have the same chance, 48 2
Some books or films offend people in the U K			or - the black person is more likely to be found guilty? 45 2
who have strong religious beliefs Do you think	ŀ		(Don t know) 4 8
there should or should not be a law to ban such			[RICHGLTY]
books or films?	2	p)	I was subbase succiner two beable trom different
Definitely should be a law to ban them	26 9		backgrounds - one rich one poor - each appear in court charged with a crime they did nor commit
Probably should be a law to ban them	22 3	i	What do you think their chances are of being
Probably should not be a law to ban them	20 9		found guilty READ OUT Z
Definitely should not be a law to ben them	25 9		the rich person is more likely to be found guilty, 18
(Don't know)			they have the same chance, 36.5
•	3 4		or - the poor person is more likely to be found guilty' 57 3
[BLASFEMY] (HA)	0 6		(Don't know) 3 8
There is a blasphemy law in the U K to punish people who offend against Christian beliefs Should the law READ OUT		(c)	(RELGGLTY)   Now suppose another two people of different (NA) 0 6
	2	1	religions - one Protestant, one Catholic - each appear in court charged with a crime rhey did not
apply just to Christianity	9 8	ļ	commit. What do you think their chances are of
	45 6		being found guilty READ OUT Z
apply to other raligions as well,			the Protestant is more likely to be found guilty, 3.7
apply to other religions as well, or - should the law be abolished alcogether?	33 7		
	33 7 10 2		
or - should the law be abolished altogether?	i		they have the same chance 75.3
or - should the law be abolished alcogether? (Don't know)	10 2		

Much the same

Changed a bir

Changed a lot

(Don't know)

(NA)

18.1

28.2

51.9

1.4

0.5

M.T. [CTRYSAME]

ASE ATT

[CTRYBETR]

111.a) Do you think the countryside generally is much

changed a bit or a lor?

the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you

think it has changed? IF CHANCED: Has it

IF CHARGED A BIT OR A LOT (CODES 2 OR 3 AT a)

	b) Do you think the countryside generally has changed for the better or worse?	etter	25.9
		Worse	45.3
	(Better in some ways/worse in or		8.7
	·	(DK)	0.1
	(CTRYCONC)	(NA)	1.9
112.	Are you personally concerned about things that may happen to the countryside, or does it not concern you particularly?	,	1.,
	IF CONCENTED: Are you very concerned, or just a bit concerned?		z
	Very conc	erned	32.3
	A bit conc	erned	34.3
	Does not concern me particu	larly	32.9
		(NA)	0.5
	CARD CC		
113.4)	Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside: if you think none of them is a threat, please say so. CODE ONE ONLY IN COL a) BELOW		
<b>b</b> )	And which do you think is the next greatest threat?	(CTHREATI) (a) Greatest threat	(CTHREAT2) (b) Next greatest
		7	7
	Motorways and road building	7.5	7.7
İ	Industrial pollution	35.1	19.9
į	Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerows, woodlands	8.4	7.7
	Tourism and visitors	0.2	1.5
	Litter	16.2	17.3
	Urban growth and housing development	12.1	10.3
	Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	16.9	30.5
	NOME OF TRESS	2.2	2.2
i	(Don't know)	1.0	
	(non c know)	1.0	2.4
	(NA)	0.5	0.5

... been for a long walk, ramble or hike of more than 2 miles) in the

countryside

... visited any historic or stately homes, gardens, zoos or wildlife parks

in the countryside

... gone fishing, horse riding, shooting or hunting in the countryside

... visited seacoust or cliffs

CARD DD						116 4)	Do you do any of the follo	ving regul	arly,							
How concerned are you about e issues? Please choose a phr							sometimes or not at all no	ovadays'								
READ OUT a)-i) AND CODE ONE FOR EACE							READ OUT i)-x) AND CODE OF AT 4)	EL POR EACH	l							
		Not very	Bot at	Don't know/	!		POR RACE ITEM CODED 3 (MOT	-	I a)							
insecticides, fertil-	carned concerne	d concerned	concerned	Cam't say	(NA)		b) Do you intend to a the next year or so, o	T not?	io							
isers and chemical sprays' 2 [SEWAGE]		13 9	4 2	1 1	0 5		CODE AT b)									
(UZLAYER)	56 3 30 5	9 0	2 7	1 0	0 5				(a)					(ъ)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	47 7 31 4	10 5	4 1	5 8	0 5				Does				Ist	end 1	toı	
[NUCPRISK] risks from nuclear power stations? 7	56 4 26 <b>4</b>							<b>3</b> 11-		Fot at			_		<b>(</b> )	
(POPGROW) the growth in the		11 2	4 0	1 6	0.5	i)	[RECYCLDO][RECYCLFT] return bottles, time,	Regularly	30me Clines		ADDLY	<u>IA)</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>#0</u>	(DK)	(AA)
	16 0 38 4	33 4	9 5	2 0	0 7	·	newspapers and so on for recycling?	<b>Z</b> 21 0	20 5	56 9	10	0.7	22 0 2	3 7	8.8	2.8
the 'greenhouse effect' - a rise in the world's						ii)	(UNLEADDO)(UNLEADFT) use unleaded petrol?	% 22 J	3 1				18 O L			2 8
(FOSLFUEL)	37 6 37 3	14 7	6 4	3 5	0.5	(111)	(ORGANCDO)(ORGANCFT) buy organically-grown									
using up earth's remaining coal, oil and gas? 7 /WATROUAL!	24 9 41 3	22 9	7 8	2 3	0 9	( <b>v</b> )	fruit and vegetables? [MOTESTDO][MOTESTFT] buy toiletries or	2 7 8	23 0	66 4	20	0.8	16 9 3	6 1	10 3	3 6
the quality of drinking	33 0	L7 5	5 3	0 4	0.6	,	cosmetics not tested o	n % 18 7	26 6	49 3	3 3	2 1	10 7 2	5 5	10.7	2 9
(SPECLOSS) the loss of plant and		-7 -				٧)	(GRWASHDO)[GRWASHFT] buy environment-friend									
animal species? %	1 3 37 4	14 4	4 9	1 3	0 6		washing powders or detergents?	7 15 8	19 0	53 6	6 2	2 5	13 6 2	6 8	10 3	4 1
CAID ER						vi)	(LSMEATDO)(LSMEATET) choose to eat less mea (RECPRDDO)(RECPRDET)	c† 21 O	23 7	53 1	1 3	0 9	314	2 2	4 4	4 0
Do you personally belong to a listed on this card?	y of the groups					vii)	choose products made o of recycled materials?		26 6	59 7	0 9	1 2	13 4 3	19	11 1	38
CODE ALL THAT APPLY TES: HERGER OF	<i>'Съ</i> ИВ. Т		•	<b>x</b> 2 1		V111)	(SVELECDO / SVELECFT) make a conscious effor									j
	iety for the Pr	he National otection of		1 6			to save electricity? [DRIVLSDO][DRIVLSFT]	7 40 1	27 8	31 3	0 1	0 7	7 8 L	8 5	28	2 7
(CLUB7) World Wildli	(CLUB6) Fri			0 6 1 8		ix)	cut back on driving your car? (AEROSLDO)(AEROSLFT)	2 6 9	11 5	49 5	31 2	0 9	283	9 7	4 1	3 5
topost, addid Alidit		.UB8   Green		1 0		x)	buy environment-friend aerosols?	ly 7,48 5	20 5	25 4	4 1	1 1	381	4 8	4 9	2 4
(CLUB9) Ulster Wildlife Tr				0 3		İ						,				_
(CLUB3) Other wildlife	or countryside (CLUB10) tem		. •	0 2 0 5		- 1										i
(CLUB4) Other coun	tyside sport or			2 5		ļ										
****	UB11/ Urban c			0 2												
	Campaign for Nu			0 3											ļ	
NO:		I HOME OF		90 2												
					ŀ										I	

W.I. SECTION EIGHT ASK ALL CARD FF [HOUSESAT] Now a few questions on housing. 119. First, in general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your own (house/flat)? Choose a phrase from the card. Very satisfied 44.5 Quice satisfied 40.3 Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied 5.2 Ouite dissatisfied 5.2 Very dissatisfied 4.3 0.3 I AREACHNG! 120.a) How about the area you live in? Taking everything into account, would you say this area has got better, worse or remained about the same as a place to live during the last two years? 7. 16.4 Retter 11.7 Worse 70.3 About the same 1.1 (Don't know) (NA) 0.5 (AREAFUT) b) And what do you think will happen during the next two years: will this area get better, worse or remain about the same as a place to live? 7. Better 14.4 11.6 Worse About the same 70.7 (Don't know) 2.8 (NA) 0.5 (TENURE) | Does your household own or rent this accommodation? PROBE AS MECESSARY IF OWN: Outright or on a mortgage? IF REETS: From whom? 2 33.7 Owes: Own (leasehold/freehold) outright 34.5 Suying (leasehold/freehold) on mortgage 25.6 tents: Housing Executive 0.9 Housing Association 0.7 Property company 0.3 Employer 0.4 Other organisation 0.1 Relativa

Rent free:

2.8

0.7

0.3

Other individual

(NA)

Rent free, squatting, etc.

	1					1		
	w T -	43 -						и [ - 44 -
	(HOMETYPE)	EÇE VITE E	ESPONDENT					Qs 900-923
122	Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a READ OUT ONE							[MARSTAT]
	THAT YOU THINK APPLIES				Z.	1	900a)	Can I just check your own marital status?  At present are you READ OUT married 61 4
	deca	ched house	or bungs	lov	38 8			
	semt-deCa	ched house	or bungs	lou	21 9	İ		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		<b>C€</b> 1	rraced ho	116	32 8			separated or divorced, 4 1
	self-contained purpose-built fla		rre (inc ement blo		4 7			vidoued 10 2 or - not married? 22 7
	self-concained conv	verted flat	/maisone	:te	ιı			(HOUSEHLD)
	room(s	) - not sel	lf-contag	ned			٥,	Finally, a few questions about you and your household Including yourself how many people live here regularly
	Other (WELTE IN:)				0 4	1		as members of this household?
				IA)	0 3			CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION
123 4)			(1	in)	7.			OF BOUSEROLD LY MECESSARY MEDIAN: 0 3
	home READ OUT	less	han a ye	ır	5 7	}		L
	(HOMENYR) IF 'ONE TEAR OR HORE' AT A)	or - one ye		:e? (A)	94 2 0 1		901	Now I'd like to ask for a few details about each person in your household. Starting with yourself, what was your age last birthday?
,	b) How many years?		``	YEAR				SORE DOWN COLUMNS OF CRID FOR EACH BOUSEHOLD HENRIER
	PROBE FOR MEST ESTIMATE		HED LAN		2			THE BOAR COUNTY OF VALUE FOR EACH BOUSTHOUGH HARMAN
	PROSE FOR SEST ESTIMATE		APP LAN	٠ ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u>-</u>	Î	1	(RSEX) Reso-
	CARD CC						ا (ب	[P2SEX - P10SEX] bedant 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
124	Please use this card to say how common or uncommon each of the following things is	•					1 •/	Hale 48 9
	in your area	Ia 🛶	r area, il	1.				(RAGE) Female 51 1
	READ OUT a)-g) AND CODE OUR FOR RACE	1				1		[P2AGE - P10AGE]
}		9-4-1-		lot			) b)	Age last birthday;
	Very compa	-	•	: all (Doc manon Com	i't say)	(NA)	(a	
(به	[NOISYNGB] Noisy neighbours or loud				<u> </u>			respondent: (NA)
- 1	parties? % 2 7	4 4	26 9	5 3 0	3	0 3	1	Spouse/parcner //
	[URAFFITI]					1		Son/daughter X
ъ)	Graffiti on walls or buildings? 7 6 7	10 5	26 2	6 2 0	ι	0 3	P	Parent/parent-in-law //
İ	( "EENONST )						1	Other relacive / \
c)	Teenagers hanging around on	11.	25 4	-8 2 C	3 4	0.5	ł	Mot related
j	the streets? 193	13 1	28 6		. <del>.</del>	",	4)	BOUSEBOLD NEXIBER (RRESP)[P2RESP - P10RESP]
<b>d</b> )	Drunks or tramps on the atreets?2 3	4 7	27 0	55 2 (	ני	0 5	,	WITE LECAL SES-
•)	(RUBBISH) Rubbish or litter lying around?ll 6	24 6	28 1	35 2 (	) 2	0 3		POWSIBILITY FOR ACCUMENDATION
f)	(HMGDNBAD) Romes and gardens in bad	- <del>-</del>	'					(INC JOINT AND %
-	conditions? I 4 7	10 9	36 0	7 6	3	0.5		Yes 76 9
[	(VANDALS)						- 1	Но 23 0
₽)	Vandalism and deliberate demage to property? 2 4 4	10 5	31 0	53.5	3	0 3	ľ	(MA) 0 1
į		•	'	•			ļ	
							i	* CHECK THAT NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN GRID EQUALS NUMBER   GIVEN AT Q 900b)
j								
						]	j	
						1	ļ	
							L L	

-

	N.I 45 -	-		- 46 -	
	[SLFMXSCH]	i		N.1.	
9024)	Did you ever attend a mixed or integrated school,			ASK ALL	
	that is, a school with fairly large numbers of				
	both Catholic and Protestant children?		904)	[CHLDINHH    INTERFLEWER: IS THERE A CHILD UNDER 16 TRAPS IN	
	IF YES: In Northern Ireland or somewhere else?	2	,,,,,	HOUSEHOLD? SEE H.H. GRID, Q.901 (p.44).	
İ	Yes - in Northern Ireland	16.1			
	Yes, somewhere else	2.9			% 3.2
	No, did not	80.7		1——	1.8
	(Don't know)	0.3			
	(NIRCHILD)			(CHLDRESP) IF TES AT a)	
ы	INTERVIEWE CHECK:			b) Who is the person mainly responsible for	
- 1		7.		the general care of the child(ren) here?	
	RESPONDENT HAS CHILD(REK) ACED 5 OR OLDER IN HOUSEHOLD - SEE GRID AT Q.901	43.3			Z 5.8
	DOES NOT	56.7			
				Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSHIP TO EXSP.)	5.5
	[CHDMXSCH] IF CODE 1 AT b)				
			ļ	Care shared equally (WRITE IN ST WHOM)	5.9
	<ul> <li>c) And have any of your children ever attended a mixed or integrated school, with fairly large</li> </ul>				Ì
	numbers of both Catholics and Protestants			•	ı
	attending?				
į	IF TES: In Northern Ireland or somewhere else?	2	i		Í
	Yes - in Northern Ireland	5.7			į
	Yes, somewhere else	0.7		(TEA)	- 1
	No, have not	29.7	'	ASK ALL	-
	(Don't know)	0.5	905.	How old were you when you completed your	- 1
	(NA)	6.6		continuous full-time education?	ı
	(SNGPERHH)			PROBE AS RECESSARY	2
903a)	INTERVIEWER: IS THIS A SINCLE PERSON HOUSEMOLD -		1	15 or under 44	2.9
90347	RESPONDENT ONLY PERSON AT Q.901 (p.44)	1	l	16 29	5.2
	YES	13.5	1	17 11	.5
	NO	86.5		18	7.2
			1	19 or over	[ ٥.١
	(DUTYRESP/ IF NO AT A)		!	Still at school	1.7
	b) Who is the person mainly responsible for			Still at college, polytechnic, or university	.5
	general domestic duties in this household?			Other answer (WRITE IN)	ı
		7.	1		-
	Respondent mainly	34.9			j
	Someone else mainly (WRITE IN RELATIONSRIP TO RESP.)	41.1			- }
			1		
	Duties shared equally (WRITE IN ST WHOM)	9.5			- 1
					}
	(NA)	1.0			- 1
			1		ı
			i (		1

M I	- 47 QUAL)			W I  (RECONACS)	
CARD a) Have	THE you passed any of the school or college-based		908	INTERVIEWER: REPER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF EXSPONDENT (Q 21, PACE 7)	
4738	instions on this card?	2			
	Yes Ko	41 2 58 8		ERSPONDENT IS IN PAID WORK	50
IF T	ES AT a)			RESPONDENT IS WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK	
ъ)	Which ones? Any others?	z			
CODE	ALL THAT APPLY (EDQUALI) CSE Grades 2-5 )	7 9		ALL OTHERS	4 9
	GCSE - Grades D-G J			[Rever had a job	
	[EDQUAL2 CSE Grade I]  GCE '0' level  GCSE - Grade A-C		<b>a)</b>	[IF EVER HAD A JOB] Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job CHANCE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) HORDS AS APPROPRIATE	
	School certificate	35 Z		What (Le) your job?	
Į.	Scottish (SCE) Ordinary Cottish (SCE) Ordinary Cottish School-leaving Certificate lower grade	j		PRORE AS MECESSARY: What (18) the name or title of the job?	
	SUPE Ordinary Northern Ireland Junior Certificate	}		IF 'MEVER MAD JOB', WEITE IN AND CO TO Q 909	
	(EDQUAL3/ GCE 'A' level/'3' level)				
	Higher school certificate				
	Matriculation Scottish SCE/SLC/SUPE at Migher grade	15 5	ь)	What kind of work (do) you do most of the time?	
	Morthern Ireland Semior Certificate			IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do) you use?	
	[EDQUAL4] Oversess School Leaving Exam/Cercificate	1 0	1		
ASK A		İ			~
	have you passed any of the exams or	2.	( c)	What training or qualifications (are) needed for that job?	
got a	any of the qualifications on this	40 2	! !		
	Жо	59 8			
1	IS AT a) [EDQUALS - EDQUAL16]	1		[RSUPER] (Do) you directly supervise or (are) you directly	
	Mich ones? Any others?	2		responsible for the work of any other people?	
1	Recognised trade apprenticeship completed	9 4		IF YES: How many? Yes 29 8	
	RSA/other clerical, commercial qualification	12 2	i	No 62 3 MEDIAN 0 0 0 5	
City	& Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediats/Ordinary/Part I	6 3		(DX) 0 1	
City	& Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or Part III	2 4	ارم	[REMPLYEE] (NA) Q 6 Can I just check (gre) you READ ORT	
	City & Guilde Certificace - Full technological	1 9	• ]	Can I just check (are) you READ OUT	
	neral/Ordinary Hational Certificate (OMC) or Diploma (OMD)	3 4		an analawa	
rec\îrc	Higher/Higher National Certificate (HMC) or Diploma (HMP)	1 5		or - melf-employed	7
	Teacher training qualification	3 2	ì	(HA)	٠
	Mursing qualification	2 9		· ·	
	Other technical or business qualification/certificate	3 <b>8</b> 5 2	ŀ		
Orbon -	University or CMAA degree or diploma	0.5			
OCHAL I	recognised academic or vocational qualification (WRITE IF)	• •			
<del></del>	^				

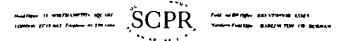
	M.I - 50 -			ŀ
	IF NOW OR EVER A HEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.909)			)
910.	Have you ever READ OUT i)-vi) AND RING ONE CODE FOR EACH	Yes	No.	( ,,,,
	lo manda de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la compan		_	(NA)
		35.5	18.4	0.4
	1	32.0	21.8	0.4
	iii) put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff association meeting? 7	13.5	40.3	0.5
	(iv) gone on strike?	21.5	32.3	0.4
	v) stood in a picket line?	11.8	42.1	0.4
	vi) served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or branch committee member?	9.7	44.1	0.5
911a)	INTERVIEWER: CHECK RESPONDENT'S MARITAL STATUS AT Q.900:			
	(MARSTATS) RESPONDENT IS MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED		Z	
	(CODES 1 OR 2 AT Q.900)		63.0	!
	CARD LL (SECONACT)		37.0	ļ
	b) Which of these descriptions applied to what your (husband/k partner) was doing last week, that is the seven days ending Sunday? PROSE: Any others? CODE ALL TEAT APPLY IN COL.	last		
	IF OMET ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COL. II			ļ
	IF HORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSPER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II COL.		COL. II ECONOMIC	
	<del></del>		POSITION	1
	In full-time education (not peid for by employer, including on vacation) A		፟፝ . 0.2	
	On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Employ- ment Training, Youth Training Programme etc.) B		0.3	
	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week C		36.0	<b>!</b>
	Waiting to take up paid work already accepted D		Ø.1	]
	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office R		2.2	}
	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job F		0.5	
	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but not actively looking for job G		0-1	
	Permanently sick or disabled A		2.2	
	Wholly retired from work J		7.8	
	Looking after the home K		13.5	
	Doing something else(WRITE IN)		0.2	
	IF CODES 01-02, OR 05-11 AT b) (SLASTJOB)			
į	c) Now long ago did your (husband/ Within past 12 months		2.7	
j	wife/partner) last have a paid		7.1	1
ļ	scheme you mentioned) of at		6.5	
	least 10 hours a week? Over 10-20 years ago		4.5	
- 1	Over 20 years ago		3.4	
	Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a week		2.4	!
I	(DK/NA)		0.2	İ
			ļ	

M T	- 52 -	
[SSECTOR]		
LF 100PLOTEE (	CODE 1 AT e)	
CARD HM		
	the types of organisation on (doss) he/she work for?	1
j	Private firm or company	29
	Mationalised industry/public corporation	3 (
	District Authority/Education and Library Board	5 .
	Health Board/MRS hospital	6 .
	Central Government/Civil Service	4
	Charity or Trust	0
Other (WEITE	LED)	0
	he employer (IF SKLF-EMFLOYED: he/she) make or ce where he/she usually (works)?	
IF FARM, GIVE	NO OF ACRES	
IF FARM, CIVE	NO OF ACRES	
[SEMPWORK]		<del></del>
(SEMPWORK)	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually	
[SEMPWORK] Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually	
[SEMPWORK] Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?	
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  TED: (Does) he/she have any employees?	
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )? TED: (Does) he/she have any employees? IF TES: How many?	5
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )? TED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many? (No employees)	5 11
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )? TED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10	5 11 9
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) employee (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  TED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10 10-24	5 11 9 13
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  YED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF YES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24 25-99	5 11 9 13 14
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) amployed (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  YED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24 25-99 100-499	5 11 9 13 14 6
(SEMPWORK) Including him (are) employee (works) (from	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  TED: (Doss) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more	5 11 9 13 1 6
(SEMPMORK) Including him (are) amploye (works) (from IF SELF-ENFLO	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  IED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more (DK)	2 5 11 9 13 1. 6 0
(SEMPMORK) Including him (are) amploye (works) (from IF SELF-ENFLO	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  IED: (Does) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DK)  (NA)	5 11 9 13 1 6 0
[SEMPMORK] Including him (are) amployed (works) (from IF SELF-ENFLO	/herself, roughly how many people d at the place where he/she usually )?  YEE: (Doss) he/she have any employees?  IF TES: How many?  (No employees)  Under 10  10-24  25-99  100-499  500 or more  (DK)  (NA)	5 11 9 13 12 6 0

	I.	- 51 -	ì		N.I - 54 -	
IRE	rLIGSAM!					
	MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED				(EVRLIVCB)	
	i is your (husband/wife/partner) th se religion as you?	e		916a)	Have you ever lived in mainland Britain for more than one year?	
1	DRE AS MECESSARY	Yes ~ same religion	7. 58.4		Yes	
""	AND PROCESSIES	No - not same religion	3.2		No	
•		No religion at all	1		(NA)	
1		(Refused)	0.1		(EVRLIVER)	
		(NA)		ь)		
	ROWN	(NA)	0.3		of Ireland for more than one year?	
1	you, or does anyone else in your h	au-ahald			Yes	
	or have the regular use of a car		2		No	
{	_	Yes	72.2		(NA)	
		No	27.4			
,,,	NEFTI - BENEFTI4)	(NA)	0.4		(UNINATID)	
	ID MI			917#)	Generally speaking, do you think of	
Hav	e you or anyone in this household	receivea	į,		yourself as a unionist, a nationalist or neither?	
any	of the benefits on this card duri:		İ			
1	t five years?		j		Unionist	
i	TES: Which ones? Any others?				Nacionalist	
COK	WE ALL THAT APPLY		2		Neither	
!		enefit (family allowance)	50.3		(NA)	
į	Mater	nity benefit or allowance	9.8		(UNINATST)	
		One-parent benefit	3.2		IF UNIONIST OR MATIONALIST AT a)	
1	•	family income supplement)	4.5		b) Would you call yourself a very	
1		rement or widow's pension	27.3		strong (QUOTE ARSWER AT 4)	
		ate supplementary pension	1.4		fairly strong, or not very strong?	
	·	sabled pension or benefit	9.2		Very strong Fairly strong	
		i care/Mobility allowance	4.2		1	
1	State S.	ickness or injury benefit	9.4		Not very strong	
		Unemployment benefic	20.0		(Don't know)	
	Income suppor	t (supplementary benefit)	20.7		(NA)	
ļ	Rousing benefit (Community Char	•	13.4			
Oth	er state benefit(s) volunteered (研	LITE IN)	0.5			•
_						
}	IF MO: CODE +	HOME	11.9			
1		(NA)	0.2			

						1	<b>f</b>	
	N I - 55 -						H I - 56 -	
	ASK ALL							
	CARD OO (HHINCOME)					9214)	INTERVIEWER: CHECK RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER:	
918a)	Which of the letters on this card represents the							
	total income of your household from all sources before tax? Please just tell me the letter				1		EVEN NORBER (0 2, 4, 6, 8)	
	MB INCLUDES INCOME FROM SEMENTS, SAVINGS, STC						ODD MONGER (1, 3, 5, 7 9)	
	ONE CODE IN COLUMN A)						(LETTERRM)	
							IF EVEN SERIAL NUMBER AT a)	
b)	INTERVIEWER: CHECK Q 21, PAGE 7						SHOW ADVANCE LETTER  b) In February we sent your household a letter,	
					7.		giving advance notice that an interviewer	
	ERSFONDEUT (S	IN PAI	D WOLL		50 Z		would be calling to ask for an interview. The letter looked like this (SMOW)	
	   {REARN	ALL (	OTHERS		49 8		Do you remember receiving this letter?	Z
	c) Which of the latters on this card represents						Yes, remembers letter	33 8
1	your own gross or total earnings, before						No, does not	14 0
	deduction of income tax and national insurance  OME CODE IN COLUMN c)	e '			1		Other (WRITE IN)	1 0
	Come Cook III Colores 27		(a)	(e)			·	
			ouss- bold	Ove earm-			(NA)	1 1
		11	COL	<u>inge</u>			ASK ALL (LETTERPR)	
			7.	7.		c)	If you were given a choice, would you have preferred	
	Lees than £3000 p a	P -	9 1	4 0			to have a latter in advance saying an interviewer	z
	£3000 - £3999 p #	Q -	5 0	2 7			would call,	40 6
	£4000 - £4999 p a	R -	5 7	3.5	Ì		or - to have an interviewer simply call round,	4 9
	£5000 - £5999 p æ	T -	5 3	30			or - wouldn't it really matter?	53 0
	16000 - 16999 p.a	3 -	4 3	5 6	1	,	(Don't know)	0 9
	E7000 - E7999 p a	-	5 7	36	ľ		(NA)	0 6
	E8000 - E9999 p a	K -	1 7	4.8				
	£10,000 - £11,999 p a	_	7 3	4.9			IFTERVIEWER: TRANK RESPONDENT FOR HIS OR HER	
	£12,000 - E14,999 p a	-	7 4	4 9			HELP AND COMPLETE Q 922-923	
	£15,000 - £17,999 p a	_	79	4 2	1		(QFILLED)	
	£18 000 - £19,990 p a	-	2 3	10	i	922a)	THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE WAS	
	£20,000 - £22,999 p a	-	5 1	1 2	}		filled in immediately after interview in your	7
	£23,000 - £25 999 p a	J -	3 9	0.5		Ī	presence	36 9
	£26,000 - £28,999 p a	-	19	0 6	1		or - left behind to be filled in later	58 8
	,,,	-	13	0.5		1	or refused (WEY?)	4 4
	£32,000 p a or more	•	5 6	•		;		
	ASR ALL [OWNSHARE] (DK/	NA)	14 5	3 8 2	ļ	P)		
919	Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including		Tes	16 2	i		EXPECT SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE TO BE RETURNED	
	unit trusts?		No	83 6	Į		Completed	
	(DUONE)		(DK)	0 2	j			
920	(PHONE) Is there a telephone in (your part of) this			z				
	accommodation?		Yes	80 L				
			No	19 9	J			
					ł	•		

	N.I 57 -
923.a)	(WHOTHERE) IN ADDITION TO RESPONDENT, WAS ANYBODY ELSE AGED
	16 OR OLDER PRESENT DURING PART OR ALL OF THE INTERVIEW?
	Yes 36.2
	No 57.7
	(NA) 6.1
b)	TIME INTERVIEW COMPLETED:
	WRITE IN:
	[DURATION]
c)	TOTAL DURATION OF INTERVIEW: (SEE FRONT COVER AND 5 ABOVE)
	!
	[MEDIAM: 0 6 5 MINUTES]
d)	INTERVIEWER SIGNATURE AND NUMBER
	INTERVISIONER MUNICIPAL
•)	DATE OF INTERVIEW:
	DAY MOFTE TEAR
	THANK YOU:
	PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT CASS AND CASS SLIP ARE
	COMPLETELY FILLED IN. DETACE CASS SLIP AND
	RETURN IN A5 ENVELOPE.
	ATTACE REST OF CASS, MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE AND SELF-
	COMPLETION (IF POSSIBLE) AND RETURN IN A4 ENVEL-
	OPE - AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
ļ	



## P 1090/NI

# MORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE Feb/March 1990

OFFICE USE ONLY	Area No
Interviewer	
te enter:	Serial No
, [	
<u>lec</u>	Interviewer No

## To the selected respondent

We hope very such that you will agree to participate in this important study the seventh in this Angust series. The results are published in a book each
sutumn. The study tonsists of this self-completion questionneire and an
interview. Some of the questions are also being seked in ten other
countries, as part of an international survey.

## Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be enswered simply by placing a tick (/) or a number is one or were of the boxes. He special knowledge is required: we are confident that everyone will be able to effer an opinion on all questions. And we went subryone to take part, not just those with arrong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be filled in by the person selected by the interviewer at your address. The enswere you give will be treated as confidential and anonymous

# Returning the questionnaire:

Tour interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the pre-paid, addressed envelope as soom as you possibly cam.

Thank you for your help

Social and Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social tessues in the UK. This survey series has been funded mainly by the Sainsoury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from government departments. The Muffield Foundation, universities and industry. Please contact us if you require further information.

N.I.

ISCUSEY!.WI

2. Di In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

Obey the law without exception 48.0

Follow conscience on occasions 45.4

Can't choose 4.4

n + 783

(NA) 2.2

[PROTEST1 - PROTEST6]

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

 There are many ways people or organisations can protest against a government action they strongly oppose.

Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on each line.

ON EACH LINE Should it be allowed? Probably Definitely Can't Defia- Prob-(MA) choose itely ably got eot. Organising public meetings A. to protest against the JESERT SYON 29.9 9.0 5.9 4.7 1.0 Publishing pamphlets to 3. protest against the government 7 41.4 33.7 10.9 8.6 3.2 2.1 C. Organising protest marches and demonstrations 7 29 8 33.9 14.2 17.3 2.5 2.2 Occupying a government В. office and scopping work there for several days 2 2.9 29.3 54.9 3.1 2.9 E. Seriously damaging government buildings 6.0 88.Z 1.4 3.0 7, 1.0 Organising a nationwide T. strike of all workers 39.8 3.8 2.9 against the government 7, 12.0 20.1 21.5

Please continue .....

	- 2 -	
W.I.		
203	There are some people whose views are considered extreme by the majority.	
	First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Defin- Prob- Probably Definitely Can't italy ably not not choose	(AA)
	(REYMEET)  i) hold public meet- ings to express	
	their views? % 15.1 24.8 19.0 34.3 4.2 (REVPUB) ii) publish books	2.6
	expressing their views? 2 16.9 35.0 18.5 20.2 5.3	4.1
2. 04	Second, consider people who believe that whites are racielly superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Defin- Prob- Probably Definitely Cam't	
	itely ably not not choose  a {PRJHSST} i) hold public meet- ings to express their views? % 7.2 20.1 18.1 47.3 4.2 {PRJPUB}	(HA) 3.1
	if) publish books expressing their viewe? 2, 9.6 24.2 20.0 37.6 4.2	4.4
2. 05	[CRIMIN] - CRIMINe; Suppose the police get an anonymous tip that a man with a long criminal record is planning to break into a warehouse.	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	
	Do you think the police should be allowed, without a Court Order	
	Defin- Prob- Probably Definitely Can't ately ably not not choose	(NA)
	i) to keep the man under surveillance?257.5 27.1 3.7 6.8 1.3	3.5
	(i) to tap his tele- phone? 7, 18.5 21.3 22.3 30.6 1.8	5.5
	iti) to open his wail? % 10.1 13.7 26.5 42.1 2.1	5.5

4.6

1.9

16.3

iv) ... to detain the man overnight for

questioning?

7 31.7

H	I		- 3 -	
2	06	[JUSTICE] All systems of justice make mis which do you think is worse;	takes, but	
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	to convict an innocest person,	67 t
			OR to let a guilty person go free?	19 2
			Can't choose	10 3
2	07	What are your personal facilings (DEMOFLEL)	(RA)	3 4
		A feople who organise protests government action they strop		
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Extremely favourable	เน้า
			Favourable	32 6
		H-	either favourable or unfavourable	34 5
			Unfavourable	9 2
			Extremely unfavourable	2 7
			Cam't choose	7 3
		(REVFEEL)  B People who want to overthron	(NA)	2 5
		by revolution?	-	1
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Extramely favourable	1 7
		_	Favourable	2 7
		B4	ither favourable or unfavourable	19 7
			Unfavourable	32 1
			Extremely unfavourable	35 0
		(OACEPEL I	Can't choose	6 2
		(RACFEEL)  C People who believe whites as to all other races?	(MA) re racially superior	26
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Extremely favourable	0 8
			favourable	3 3
		No	ither favourable or unfavourable	15 7
			Unfavourable	29 3
			Extremely unfavourable	42 9
			Cam't choose	5 1
			(HA)	3 0
			Dlases	

N I [HIGHING] Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes Do you think those with high incomes should PLEASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, 32 6 pay a larger proportion 50 3 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, 12 6 pay a smaller proportion, 0 5 or - pay a much smaller proportion? 0.5 Cam't choose 2 3 [ INCDIFF ] (MA) 1 L What is your opinion of the following statement: 2 09 It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 22 6 Agree 39 5 Neither agree nor disagree 18 0 Disagree IS 9 Disagree strongly 2.7 (DK/WA) 1 3

- 4 -

Please continue

N.I.		- 5 -					ĺ	M. T.	- 6 -	
2.10	[GOVECON] - GOVECONS   Here are some things the governomy. Please show which and which you are against	ections yo						2. 12	[UNEMINE2] If the government had to choose between keeping	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Strongly in		Neithe in Eavour	-		.		down inflation or keeping down unemployment. Co which do you think it should give highest priority?	
		favour of	of of	nor againet	Again	Strong st agains			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX  Reeping down inflation	7. 48.2
A.	Concrol of wages by law	7 9.0	23.9	13.5	39.8	9.7	4.1			
В.	Control of prices by law	1 18.4	39.2	12.9	22.1	4.7	2.8		Keeping down unemployment	45.6
с.	Cuts in government spending	Z 10.4	30.0	19.4	26.5	8.6	5.1		Can't choose	5.0
D.	Government financing of projects to create new jobs	Z 29.4	54.7	7.8	4.0	0.8	3.3	2. 13	(TUPOWER)  Do you think that trade unions in this country have too much power or too little power?	1.2
Ε.	Less government regulation of business	<b>z</b> 7.0	35.2	38.8	12.4	2.1	4.5		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	2
Ŧ.	Support for industry to develop new products and techno-								Far too much power	8.6
G.	logy Support for declining indust-	1, 30.5	53.7	11.2	1.2	0.6	2.8		Too much power	23.1
٠.	•••••	2 21.3	41.2	20.4	12.6	1.4	3.1		About the right amount of power	41.8
H.	Reducing the working week to create more Jobs	7, 12.1	30.0	26.5	23.4	5.5	2.5	1	Too little power	13.3
2.11	Listed below are various area whether you would like to see each area.						1		Far too little power	2.9
	Remember that if you say "muc increase to pay for it.	h more",	le might	require	a tax				Can't choose	9.3
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Spec mich		Spend the		Spend such Can'		2. 14	(BUSPOWER)  Now about business and industry? Do they	1.0
	[GVSPEND1 - GVSPEND8]	9708	more			less choo			have too much power or too little power?	
<b>A</b> .	The environment	7 12.8	41.2	34.0	3.5	0.5 4.2	3.8		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Far too much power	<b>1</b> 5.3
3.	Health	\$ 39.3	48.5	8.9	0.8	- 0.8	1.7			
c.	The police and law enforcemen	it 78.3	25.8	50.1	8.3	2.4 2.2	2.9		Too much power	17.8
D.	Education	Ţ 23.3	47.8	22.8	2.2	- 1.0	2.8		About the right amount of power	53.6
٤.	The military and defence	z 3.8	10.1	39.4	27.4 1	3.8 2.6	2.9		Too little power	9.0
F.	Old age pensions	% 39.5	48.8	8.6	0.2	- 0.8	2.1		Far too little power	0.7
G.	Unemployment benefits	1, 17.0	34.4	32.8	8.8	2.1 1.9	3.0		Can'⊤ choose	12.5
H.	Culture and the arts	% 1 · 1	11.5	40.5	24.9 1	11.6 7.3	3.1			
				PL	sase cor	าะเกษส	1	-	(NA)	1.2

H (			- 1				N I		-					
2 15	(GOVPUWER) And what about the governor footitt		es (t have too				2 18	(GOVRESP1 - GOVRESP9) On the whole, do you things be the government s			ld			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				_			-	•	,				!
			Fac	too much pov	er 17 9			PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Definitely should	y Probably should	Probably should	Definitely whould	Çan't	
				Too much pow	er 27 6	1			ba	be	not be	not be	choose	(MA)
			About the right a	mount of pov	er 44 1	1								
			To	o little pow	er 3 l		A	provide a job for everyone who wants o	one 230 9	39 5	15 9	8 5	2 3	2 9
			Far to	o little pow	er 0 7		8	keep prices under control	1 48 5	38 8	6 9	1.8	0 7	, ,
				Can't choo	ee 5 5				-	30 0	• ,			]
2 16	[TUCUNTRY]			( H.	A) 10		С	provide health care the sick	2 79 9	16 1	0 7	0 3	0 2	2 9
2 16	In general, how good would not be countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countried to the countr					1	D	provide a decent standard of living (	·a=					
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				_			the old	1, 78 9	17 5	0 9	0 3	0 3	2 1
				Excelle	nt 19		E	provide industry wit	h					
				Very go	od 15 0			the help it needs to grow	2 41 4	47 5	5 1	1 0	2 2	2 7
				Fairly go	od 54 9		F	provide a decent						
				Not very go	od 14 2			standard of living f the unemployed	or 1424	42 4	8 9	2 6	1 2	2 5
			Me	ot good at a	t1 4 0		G	reduce income differ						
				Can't choo	9 2			ences between the ri and poor	7, 42 8	32 8	L3 6	4 9	2 5	3 3
2 17	What do you think the	***************************************	e sele le assh	(10)	A) 08		н	give financial help university students	to					
• .,	of these industries and							from low-income famil	Les 252 9	36 6	4 7	2 0	2.4	2 4
							I	provide decent housi for those who cam t afford it	ng I 52 1	36 7	5 7	1.4	1.7	2 4
			The government sh	ould:				(POLITICE)		<del>-</del>				
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Control prices	Heither own			2 19	How interested would you in politics?	say you pe	rsonally	ire			
		Own it	and profits but not own it	trol its prices & profits	Cam't choose	(HA)		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			Very	interested	τ 6 2	
A	(GOVROLE') Electricity	1 25 6	47 0	16 3	9.8	1 4					Fairly	interested	23 3	
	(GOVROLES) The steel industry	% L3 7	38 9	28 5	16 6	2 3					••	interested		
	[GOVROLE4]	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b>	-~ <b>-</b>						•	interested		
c	Banking and insurance	1 71	41 4	34 3	15 1	2 1				No	oc ac all	interested	17 4	
	<del></del>		<del>-</del>								C4	in't choose	10	
			PI	ease continu								(HA)	2 2	

Z

(DK/MA)

2.2

More

Less

AR BOW

(DK/NA)

settlement settlement

Now for some questions on different subjects.

[ABORT1 - ABORT2]

2. 20 Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Should al	ortion be by law?	
	Yes	No	(DK/NA)
The woman decides on her own she does not wish to			ŀ
have the child	132.3	62.8	4.9
The couple agree they do not wish to have the child	7.34.8	59.8	5.4
The woman is not married and does not wish to			
marry the man	<b>%32.5</b>	61.9	5.6
The couple cannot afford any more children	1,29.5	64.8	5.8
There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby	159.4	35.1	5.5
The voman's health is seriously endangered by the			
pregnancy	275.9	19.2	4.8
The woman became pregnant as a result of rape	<b>370.6</b>	24 . 8	4.5

[PORNO] 2. 21 Which of these statements comes closest to your views on the availability of pornographic magazines and films?

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

They should be banned altogether 50.7 They should be available in special adult shope but not displayed to the public 33.3 They should be available in special adult shops with public display permitted 5.6 They should be available in any shop for sale to sdults only 7.1 They should be available in any shop for sale to anyone

2. 22a) The UK controls the numbers of people from abroad that are allowed to settle in this country. Please say, for gach of the groups below, whether you think the UK should allow more settlement, less settlement, or about the same amount as now.

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

ON EACH LINE

2. 24 4. b.	Please tick one box for each stathow much you agree or disagree wi  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  (CRIMENI)  Except for the Troubles, there is generally little crime in Northers Ireland (SETSNINI)  Sentences for crimes connected with the Troubles are generally much too soft (AFROCRIN)  People are generally more afraid	ement below th it. Agree strongly	Ma ag:	either ree mor	Dís-	Bisagree strongly 2.5	5.7 (DR/NA) 1.5
4.	how much you agree or disagree wi  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  [CRIMENI]  Except for the Troubles, there is generally little crime in Norther Ireland [SFTSNTNI]  Sentences for crimes connected	ement below th it. Agree strongly	to show He Agree dis	nither ree mor magree	Dis- agree	Disagree strougly	5.7 (DR/NA)
	how much you agree or disagree wi  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE  [CRIMENI]  Except for the Troubles, there is generally little crime in Norther Ireland	ement below th it. Agree strongly	to show He Agree dis	nither ree mor magree	Dis- agree	Disagree strougly	5.7 (DR/NA)
2. 24	how much you agree or disagree wi PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE [CRIMENI]	ement below th it. Agree strongly	to show	either ree mor	Dís-	Disagrae	5.7
2. 24	how much you agree or disagree wi  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ement below th it.	to show	ither			l
2. 24		ement below		rs? 24	6.9	47.3	l
		oth	er eurde:	rs? 24	6.9	47.3	l
							l '''
	murde	r of a poli	ce office	er? 25	3.5	41.2	5.3
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON surder in the cour BACH LINE				• • •	42.4	4.1
2. 23	Are you in favour of or against to penalty for	he death		In f	avour	Agminst	(DK/NA)
	[CAPPUN1 - CAPPUN3]				(DK/NA	2.8	1
	or - keep t	he control	about t	he <u>sam</u> e	48 100	44.3	
	or - be less strict in controlling	the settles	ent of c	lose re	lative	17.0	
	be stricter in controlling					,	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					1	
ъ)	Now thinking about the families of parents) of people who have <u>alres</u> would you say in general that the	sdy settled	in the U	ildren, K,			
	[RELCONTL]	dians % 2.8	•	54 - 1	-	0.2	3.0
	People from common market count		_	35.6	5	2.5	3.1
	(ASIANIMM) Indians and Pakis (EECIMM)			55.6	3	8.9	2.8
							7.0
	Australians and New Zeala	ndere 18.	5	25.7	•	2.8	3.0

						,	1			
N I		- 11				ļ	Ì	N I	- 12 -	
2 25	And please tick one box for each to show how much you agree or di	h statemen isagree vi	ic below ich ic	,				2 27a)	(TERTYBON) Should the law allow television to show into views with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE						Ì		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	ı
	OM ENCH DING			Welther		,	!		The law definitely should allow it,	t1 8
		Agree strongly	Agree	Agree mor disagree		Disagres strongly	(DK/MA)		probably should allow it,	14 8
	(PEACHUMI) Northern (reland is a much more						ľ		probably should <u>not</u> allow (t,	18 7
	<pre>peaceful place them people livin in Britain think [PCARMYOF]</pre>	7.39 O	50 7	4 4	4 1	0 6	1.3		or - the law definitely should not allow it?	46 8
ь	When the police or the army commit an offence in Morthern Ireland, they usually get away					,			Can t choose	6 2
e	with it (RCINRUC) It would be better for Morthern Ireland if there were more		21 1	21 5	32 6		1,	<b>b</b> )	(TERNPBAN) And should the law allow newspapers to publish interviews with people who support acts of terrorism in the UK?	1 7
	Catholics in the RUC	120 L	38 4	28 0	7 5	4 4	17		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	[DSBNDUDR]						<b>d</b> :		The law definitely should allow it	12 0
2 26	Some people say that the Wister the UDE - should be disbanded necessary	Others	igiment Jey it i						probably should allow it,	18 5
	Which comes closest to your view	us?							probably should <u>not</u> allowit,	21 0
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	OTOR defin	nitely :	should be d	Labanda	1 4 21 3			or - the law definitely should not allow it?	40 7
	τ	he UDR pro	obably (	skould be d	Lobando	d 11 3			Caq't choose	6 0
	The II	De orobeh	lw show	ld <u>mat</u> be d	1 abanda	d 18 5	1		(TERBKBAN) (NA)	1 8
		•		ld <u>nor</u> be d				c)	And should the law allow people who support acts of terrorism in the UK to publish books expressing their views?  PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
	OR	[t	doesn'	t matter #1	cher va	ıy 9 2			The law actinitely should allow it,	10 5
					(DE/NA	) 22			probably should allow it,	21 1
									probably should <u>not</u> allow it.	24 2
							ŀ		or - the law definitely should <u>not</u> allow it?	36 3
									Can't choose	6 4
							]		(MA)	16
							1			

ı

_	14	_

			i		
2. 28	(JURYRGHT) Which of these two statements comes closest to your views?			2. 31	Do you think that people in e jobs should or should not be go on atrike?
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	7.	1		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
	People charged with serious crimes should always have the right to a jury trial	42.1	ļ		ON EACH LINE
	OR	<b>-</b>			•
	There should not always be a right to a jury trial - for		ł		
	instance when the jury might be in danger	45.7	1		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	ł		(PCSTRK)
				•)	police officers? (NURSSTRK)
	Can't choose	10.2	1	b)	nurses?
			1		(CARWSTRK)
2. 29	(FINEPAMA) (NA) Suppose a 16-year old is fined by a court.	2.0		c)	car workers?  ICOUNSTRE!
,	but does not pay the fine. Should the parents		}	d)	council workers?
	be required by law to pay the fine, or not?				(ELECSTRK)
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	_	ļ.	•)	electricity supply worker:  (HDOCSTRK)
		7.		£)	hospital doctors?
	Definitely should be required to pay	35.2	ĺ		
	Probably should be required to pay	28.7	<u> </u>	2. 32	[CSSILENT] Suppose a cabinet minister git to parlisment about an import
	Probably should not be required to pay	18.7			Should the law a de
	Definitely should not be required to pay	11.6			OR GP
	pay		•		<del></del>
	Can't choose	4.3			Should civil servan
	,				
2. 30	As long as there is no threat to security,	1.4			(ATT DITTEC!
	should prisoners be allowed to	•		2. 33	(BILRITES) Some people support a Sill of
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				which would give the courts r
	FOR BACH ITEM	No	(DK/NA)		the final say on any laws or ; which threaten basic freedoms
	[PRISBKS]				better to leave things as the
4)	have as many books to read as they wish? 7 69.3	7.5	3.2		think?
	(PR(SLTRS)				PLEASE TICK ONE BOX
b)	write and receive as many letters as they wish? 2 \$1.7	14.6	3.7		
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2			
					_
	<del></del>				Pre

Please continue ....

each of these sorts of allowed the right to

N.1.

	OM .	EACH LIME	ubo all	ald be		Probably should not be allowed to strike	Definitely should not be allowed to strike	(DK/N
_		(PCSTRK)			24.2	30.4	30.0	
•.	)	police officers? (NURSSTRK)	* 1	4.0	24.3	30.6	28.9	2.2
b.	) <i>.</i>	nurses?	Z 2	23.9	35.8	22.7	15.5	2.2
c.	)	(CARWSTRK) car workers?	2 2	24 . 6	54.0	12.5	5.7	3.2
ď	· · · ·	[COUNSTRK] council workers?	2 2	11.8	48.4	18.7	8.0	3.1
• 1		(ELECSTRE) electricity supply worker	? 71	17.8	32.7	26.3	20.4	2.8
		(HDOCSTRK)	-					
£	) ···	hospital doctors?	7.	19.3	27.2	23.3	28.1	2.1

ives false information

tent national issue.

allow civil servents in the minister's separtment to reveal the correct facts, 79.3

ents be required by law to keep silent? 8.3

Can't choose 10.9

(NA) 1.5

f Rights for the UK rather then parliament government actions o. Others say it is mey are. What do you

Definitely should be a Sill of Rights 22.7

Probably should be a Bill of Rights 35.9

robably should not be a fill of Rights 12.1

Definitely should not be a Bill of Rights 3.3

Can't choose 24.8

(NA) 1.3

	(EN	VIR1 -	ENVI	77)			
1	tov	serio	18 AD	effec	t on our	environment	do
,	you	think	each	of th	esa thia	gs has?	

		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Yery serious	Quite	Not very serious	Not at all serious	(DR/HA)
		Noise from aircraft	114 0	58 7	18 4	5 5	3 4
		Leed from petroi	233	15 3	50 0	28 5	2 ,
	In	dustrial waste in the rivers and see	112	5 3	30 0	61 4	2 1
	Ves	re from nuclear electricity stations	7 2 4	8.5	23 2	62 8	3 1
		Industrial fumes in the air	1, 2 L	7 5	36 8	50 9	2 7
		Noise and dirt from traffic	1, 2 6	22 l	48 4	23 9	2 9
		Acid rain	13 0	14 3	37 0	42 0	3.7
2	36a)	(POWER) Which one of these three possible s the UK s electricity needs would y				-	
		PLEASE We should make do with the	pover so	atlons we	have alce	T. ady 58 9	
		ONE BOX We should build m	ore coat-	fuelled p	over stati	ons 30 7	
		We should bu	ild more	quelear p	over stati	ons 6 6	ŀ
	<b>b</b> )	(RUCPOVER) As far as suclear power stations ar of these statements comes closest t				B C (AM	
		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX They create ve	ry seriou	o visko f	or the fut	ure 47 3	
		They create qui	ce seriou	s rioka f	or the fut	ure 31 i	!
		They create o	nly sligh	t risks f	or the fut	ure 13 7	
		They create	hardly an	y risks (	or the fut	ure 35	
2	37a)	[DAMAGE] Which one of these two statements of	omes clas	est	(DI	(/RA) 4 3	
		to your own views? Industry a	hould be	Prevented	from caus		
					even if t higher pri	414	
		OR Industry should sometimes o					
		[CTRYJOBS		-	(DK/		
	•)	And which of these two statements of to your own views?  The count			rotected f	rom	
				f this so	metimes le	ads Z	
		OR			•	- · · ·	!
		New jobs sometimes o			, even if t in countrys		
					(DK/	'NA) 4 4	

2 34 Please cick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

			grae rodg		ree	Weiti agree disag	801		gree		agree ongly	(D)
	(ELECRTAG)			•		•			-		- /	1
<b>a</b> )	People on probation or parole											
	should be fitted with a trans-											ł
	mitter - that is, an electronic											i
	tag - so the police can check											1
	where they are	I 3	0 8	3	59	18	5	17	3	5	8	1
	[PCGUNS]											!
ъ)	On-duty police officers should						_		_	_		ł
	always carry guns	1, 2	9 6	3	7 2	14	Z	14	7	3	1	1
	(LITESENT)											i
c)	Too many convicted criminals are							_			_	ı
	let off lightly by the courts	1. 3	3 6	41	0 4	14	•	6	6	ı	9	
	(CONFLSSN)											ł
4)	A confession made during police											1
	questioning and later withdrawn											i i
	should not be enough to convict	7 1	19	4	7 3	18	,	11	,	•	6	1
	[PCNOSOLC]	•	. ,	-			•	•••	•	•	•	ı
-1	The police should be sllowed to											ı
•,	question suspects for up to a											ı
	week without letting them see											ı
	4 solicitor	1	5 4	ı	2 0	11	6	42	5	27	0	Ι.
	(REFUCEES)											ı
E)	Refugees who are in danger											ı
	because of their political											ı
	beliefs should always be											l
	welcome in the UK	ı	6 9	2	9 2	30	5	24	8	7	0	
	(PCCOMPLN)											ì
<b>2</b> )	Serious complaints against the											i
	police should be investigated											ı
	by an independent body, not by			,			_		_			1
	the police themselves	L J	6 0	4	2 5	10	U	,	9	ı	,	
	[IDCARDS]											1
n)	Every adult in the UK should	7	9 4	•	8 0	22	,	26	•	12	2	
	have to carry an identity card	•	, -			44	•	40	•	12	٠.	ı
1)	[CRIMSLAT] If someone remains silent under											1
.,	police questioning it should											1
	count against them in court	2 1	3 4	31	0 1	17	9	27	0	10	ŧ	}
	(MINPRISM)			-	-		-		-			ļ
1)	The prisons contain too many											l
•	people who ought to be given a											1
	lighter punishment	7	8 3	2	8 2	32	6	24	8	4	2	i
	[ ROWARRWT ]											1
k)	The police should not need a											1
	warrant to search the homes of											I
	suspects		9 0		5 5	_	5	41	_	22	_	1

----

7 7.3

(PREDICTI - PREDICT?)

... Providing more roads in

... Increasing the number of picnic areas and camping

(PICNIC)

2. 39 Here is a list of predictions. For each one, please say how likely or unlikely you think it is to come true within the next can years?

sices in the countryside 2 2-7

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX FOR EACH PREDICTION

BACH PREDICTION	Very likely	Quite likely		Bot at all likely	(DK/WA)
Acts of political terrorism in the UI will be common events		51.0	24.3	2.1	2.8
Riots and civil disturbance in our cities will be common events		48.4	30.9	2.7	2.9
There will be a world war involving the UK and Europe		10.6	57.2	26.8	3.4
There will be a serious accident at a UK nuclear power station		46.6	31.3	3.6	3.4
The police in our cities will find it impossible to protect our personal safety on the screet	l	37.9	43.8	5.1	2.8
The government in the UK will be overthrown by revolution		7.9	52.0	34.7	3.1
A nuclear bomb will be dropped somewhere in the world		18.7	44.1	29.1	3.1

Please continue ....

32.3

36.2

37.8

12.8

20.5

46.9

2.1

1.4

 Please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it.

> PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

M.I.

		Agree		Meither agree mot		Disagree	
	(COVERVIR)	strongly	Agree	disagree	Disagree	strongly	(DK/MA)
<b>a</b> )	The government should do more to protect the environment, even if it leads to higher						
	taxes. [INDENVIR]	7, 15.0	42.5	24.1	13.0	1.6	3.8
<b>b</b> )	Industry should do more to protect the environment, eve if it leads to lower profits						
	and fewer jobs. (PPLENVIR)	1, 15.9	42.5	23.7	12.8	1.2	3.9
e)	Ordinary people should do mo to protect the environment, even if it means paying						
	higher prices.	2 16.3	47.3	21.7	10.1	1.6	3.0

(WRLDTEMP)

2. 4(a) Please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about the following statement:

"Within twenty years, life on earth will be seriously damaged by a rise in the

be seriously damaged by a rise in the world's comperature."

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

It is highly exaggerated 12.8

It is slightly exaggerated 34.6

It is more or less true 49.2

(ENVIRDAM)

b) And please tick one box to show which is closest to your views about this statement:

"Within twency years, damage to the environment will be the biggest single problem facing Europe." PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

It is slightly exaggerated 34.5

It is more or less true 49.7

It is highly exaggerated 12.4

(DK/WA) 3.4

(DK/WA)

3.4

p I

3 1

26

15 6 1 0

2 42	Please tick one box for each statement below to
	show how much you agree or disagree with it

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX					Heither			1
	ON EACH LINE	A.	ree					Disagree	
	[ RARPLANI ;	etr	ong ly	Agre		disagree		•	(DK/NA)
a)	Too much money is spent trying		• .	-		-	_	- ,	124,141,
	to protect rare plants and								
	animala	2 4	4 9	18	1	32 8	35 2	5.8	3.0
	[SCNCSOLV]	-			٠			, ,	١,,
•,	Science can solve environmental								
	problems without any need for	_							
	Decole to change their behavious ICOSATESTI	T.	1 1	1.7	0	22 6	43 9	11 8	3 7
c)	It is acceptable to use animals								Ì
	for testing and improving con-								
	metics	Z.	1 4	5	5	11 4	45 5	33 6	2.6
41	[MEDIIEST] It is acceptable to use animals							•	• •
•,	for testing medicines it if								
	could save human lives	<b>T</b> 1				14.0			
	[FOXHUNT]	4	• •	50	,	16 2	14 8	6 3	30
•)									l
	by tau [CARTAXHI]	7,24	4	32	6	L9 9	13 1	6.4	3 6
O	for the sake of the environment.								
	car users should pay higher								
	taxes "	1 :	1 4	13	1	21 7	45.4	13.3	2 9
<b>E</b> )	(POLUTAID)	-			-	•••		., ,	٠,
	Richer countries ought to give financial help to poorer								
	countries to help them cut								
	back on their pollution	218		53					
	([MPRROAD]	_	, ,	23	•	16 4	7 2	1 2	2 8
h)	If the government had to choose,	,							
	it should improve roads rather								
_	than public treasport	710	0 (	34	5	24 6	23 5	4.7	2.7
2 43	Please tick one box for each sta		h	. lou	<b>P</b> 0				i
,	show how much you agree or disag					•			
	5.00	,							ŀ
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	_				Heither			
	ON EACH LINE		Lee			agree sor	<b></b>	Disagree	
<b>a</b> )	,REDISTRB  Government should redistribute	ecr	oegry	TELS	•	disagree	hrneft.ee	strongly	(DK/MA)
•,	income from the better-off to							ı	
	those who are less well off	3 16		10	,				
	BIGBUSNN	~ 10		39	,	l9 2	19 2	28	29
<b>b</b> )	Big business benefits owners							j	
	at the expense of workers	7 14	6	42	7	16 7	18 0	2 3	3 8
e)	[WEALTH] Ordinary working people do not								
•	get their fair share of the								ļ
	nation's wealth	Z 20	5	50	8	15.7	9 6	0 7	2.8
4)	[RICHLAW] There is one law for the rich		-		_		. •	•	!
a,	THEIR IS OUR YEAR OF CHAILIEU								

721 1

45 0 14 8

and one for the poor (IMOUST4)*

e) Management will always try to

it gets the chance

get the better of employees if

2 44 And please tick one box for each statement below to show how much you agree or disagree with it

> PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE

		Agree		Weither agree wor disagree	Disagree	Disagree atrougly	(DK/
4)	[TRADVALS] Young people today don't have enough respect for traditional values		49 2	16 1	9 1	0 6	1.0
<b>b</b> )	(STIFSENT) People who break the law should be given stiffer sentences	1 22 0	48 3	19 3	<b>9</b> 1	0 1	11
c)	[PROTHEET] People should be allowed to organise public meetings to protest against the government	2 13 6	53 4	19 1	11 8	0 8	1 3
<b>d</b> )	(DEATHAPP) For some crimes, the death penalty is the wost appropriate sentence	% 22 l	31 1	6 9	23 4	14 6	1.8
•)	[PROTLEAF] People should be allowed to publish leaflets to protest against the government	χ 12 7	51 1	20 8	12 5	1 2	1 7
t)	[OBEY] Schools should teach childre to obey authority	n 1, 29 8	54 4	8 3	5 7	0 9	0 9
<b>z</b> )	(PROTDEMO) People should be allowed to organise protest marches and demonstrations	Z 11 4	45 8	22 3	17 0	<b>2</b> 1	1 3
h)	(MRONGLAW) The law should always be obeyed, even if a particular law is wrong	, τ 7 6	32 6	22 2	31 0	5 3	1 3
D	(CENSOR) Censorship of films and magazines is necessary to uphold moral standards	1 23 7	45 1	14 9	11 A	1 1	1.0

^{*} The third character of the variable is an o', not a 'd'

[QTIME] 2. 45a) To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Less than 15 minutes 4.1 Setween 15 and 20 minutes 20.3 Between 20 and 30 minutes Between 30 and 45 minutes 26.l Between 45 and 60 minutes 9.8 Over one hour 3.6 [SQDATE2] (NA) 1.4 b) And on what data did you fill in the questionnaire? PLEASE WRITE IN

# THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR BELP!

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the pre-paid addressed envelope provided.

| |

# APPENDIX H

# **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

and

# NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Location of derived variables recoded on the datatape

# LOCATION OF DERIVED VARIABLES RECODED ON THE DATATAPE

	VARIABLE (SPSS NAME OF DERIVED VARIABLE)	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES	
1.	Weight (format xx xxxx) [WTFACTOR]	115-16 132-33 139-40 1611-55	172-78	
2a)	Age within sex of respondents	1611 1612-13	2645-46	
	[RSEXAGE]  Age: 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-59 60-64 65+ Refused/not answered	1612-13	Male = 01 Female = 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
2b)	Age of respondent	1612-13	2648	
25,	[RAGECAT] 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-59 60-64 65+ Refused/not answered		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
3a)	Standard region	108-09	2650-51	
	[STREGION] Scotland	11	01	
	Northern	01	02	
	North West	02	03	
	Yorks & Humberside	03	04	
	West Midlands	04 05	05 06	
	East Midlands East Anglia	06	07	
	South West	07	08	
	South East (excl. Greater London)	08	09	
	Greater London	09	10	
	Wales	10	11	
	Northern Ireland	12	12	
<b>3</b> b)	Standard region (compressed) [REGION]	108-09	2652	
	Scortand	11	1	
Nort	h, North West, Yorks & Humberside	01, 02,	, 03 2 3	
	Midlands (East and West)	04, 05 10	3 4	
	Wales	06, 07,		
5	South (East, West and East Anglia) Greater London	00, 07,	, 08 5 6	
	Northern Ireland	12	7	

		SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
4.	Household type	[`Household	
	[HHTYPE] (one code only: priority code)	grid'] 1611-1659	2654
	Single adult, 60 or over		1
	Two adults, one/both 60 or over Single adult, 18-59		2 3
	Two adults, both 18-59		3 4
	Youngest person 0-4		5
	Youngest person 5-17		6
	3 or more adults		7
	Insufficient information		9
5a)	Party political identification		
	(Britain only) [PTYALLEG]	219-222	2656-57
	Conservative: Partisan		01
	Sympathiser		02
	Residual identifier		03
	Labour: Partisan		04
	Sympathiser		05
	Residual identifier		06
	SDP/Liberal		
	Democrat/Alliance: Partisan		07
	Sympathiser		08
	Residual identifier		09
	Other party		10
	None		11
	Green Party: Partisan		12
	Sympathiser		13
	Residual identifier		14
	Other/don't know/not answered		98
5b)	Party political identification		
,	(compressed) (Britain only) [PARTYID2]	219-222	2659
	Conservative	01	1
	Labour	02	2
	SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance	03-05	3
	Other party	06-08	4
	None Green Party	10	5
	Green Party Other/don't know/not answered	95 09, 97-99	6
	other/don t know/not answered	Uz, 3/-33	8

		SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
5c)	Party political identification: Northern Ireland only (including mainland parties) [NIPYALG1]	1108-11	2661-62
	Conservative: Partisan		01
	Sympathiser		02
	Residual identifier		03
	Labour: Partisan		04
	Sympathiser		05
	Residual identifier		06
	SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance: Partisan		0.7
			07
	Sympathiser Residual identifier		08 09
			uy
	Northern Ireland		
	Alliance. Partisan		20
	Sympathiser		21
	Residual identifier		22
	Democratic Unionist:		
	Partisan		23
	Sympathiser		24
	Residual identifier		25
	Official Unionist: Partisan		26
	Sympathiser		27
	Residual identifier		28
	Other Unionist party: Partisan		20
	Sympathiser		29 30
	Residual identifier		31
	Sinn Fein: Partisan		32
	Sympathiser		33
	Residual identifier		34
	SDLP: Partisan		35
	Sympathiser		36
	Residual identifier		37
	Workers' Party		38
	Campaign for Equal Citizenship		39
	Green Party: Partisan		40
	Sympathiser		41
	Residual identifier		42
	Other party		97
	None		98
	Other/don't know/not answered		99

Loca	ation of derived variables (cont'd)	SOURCE COLUMNS/	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/
5d)	Party political identification -	CODES	RECODES
247	Northern Ireland only (compressed)	CODES	KEGODES
	(including mainland parties) [NIPTYID2]	1110-11	2664-65
	Conservative	01	01
	Labour	02	02
	SDP/Liberal Democrat/Alliance	03-05	03
	Northern Ireland Alliance	20	20
	Democratic Unionist	21	30
	Official Unionist	22	31
	Sinn Fein	24	40
	SDLP	25	50
	Green Party	95	60
	Other party (incl. other unionist)	23; 26; 27;	
		10	
	None	<del></del>	98
	Other/don't know/not answered	09; 97-99	99
5e)	Party political identification - (Northern Ireland parties only) [NIPYALG2]	1108-13	2667-68
	N.B. If respondent chose a British party (columns 1110-11, codes 01-05) he or she is categorised as a residual identifier.		
	Northern Ireland		
	Alliance: Partisan		20
	Sympathiser		21
	Residual identifier		22
	Domonatia Universala		
	Democratic Unionist:		
	Partisan		23
	Sympathiser		24
	Residual identifier		25
	Official Unionist: Partisan		26
	Sympathiser		27
	Residual identifier		28
	Other Unionist		
	party: Partisan		29
	Sympathiser		30
	Residual identifier		31
	Sinn Fein: Partisan		32
	Sympathiser		33
	Residual identifier		34
			J <del>4</del>
	SDLP: Partisan		35
	Sympathiser		36
	Residual identifier		37
	Workers' Party		38
	Campaign for Equal Citizenship		
	ommharen tor pdagt offisensuib		39
	Green Party: Partisan		40
	Sympathiser		41
	Residual identifier		42

Other party	97
None	98
Other/don't know/not answered	99
Location of derived variables (cont'd)	

		SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
5f)	Party political identification - Northern Ireland only (compressed) (Northern Ireland parties only) [NIPTYID4]	1112-13	2670-71
	Northern Ireland Alliance	20	20
	Democratic Unionist	21	31
	Official Unionist	22	32
	Other Unionist party	23	80
	Sinn Fein	24	40
	SDLP	25	50
	Workers' Party	26	60
	Campaign for Equal Citizenship	27	70
	Green Party	95	75
	Other party	08	97
	None	10	98
	Other/don't know/not answered	09; 97-99	99

6)	Current economic position [RECONPOS] [SECONPOS]	Respondent. 273-74; 275; 311/564	Respondent: <b>2673-74</b>
		Spouse/partner. 1868-69;	Spouse/partner. 2675-76
	In paid work:	1918; 1926	
	Employee (full-time)	*	01
	Employee (part-time)		02
	Self-employed (full-time)	•	03
	Self-employed (part-time)	)	04
	Status not know	า	05
	Waiting to take up paid work	ζ.	06
	Unemployed	i	07
	Looking after the home	9	08
	Retired	1	09
	In full-time education	า	10
	Other	•	11
	Don't know/not answered	i	99
	No spouse/partner	•	00

^{• 30} or more hours a week

		SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
7.	Socio-economic Group (SEG) - grouped (based on current or last job) [RSEGGRP]	Respondent: 1839-40 Spouse/partner: 1908-09	Respondent: 2678 Spouse/partner: 2679
	[SSEGGRP] Professional Employers	,	1 2
	Intermediate (non-manual) Junior (non-manual)	• •	3
	Skilled (manual) Semi-skilled (manual)	08, 09, 12,14 07,10	4 5 6
	Unskilled (manual) Other occupation	16	7 8
	Occupation not classifiable Never had a job [*]	17 -01	9 0

[•] Includes missing information/no spouse or partner

8.	Registrar General's Social Class (based on current or last job) [RRGCLASS]	Respondent: 1841-42 Spouse/partner: 1910-11	Respondent: 2708 Spouse/partner: 2709
	[SRGCLASS] I		1 2
	III (non-manual	)	3
	III (manual) IV		4 5
	v		6
	Not classifiabl Never had a job	7	9 0

^{*} Includes missing information/no spouse or partner

9.	Goldthorpe class schema (compressed) (based on current or last job) [RGHGRP] [SGHGRP]	Respondent: 1843-44 Spouse/partner: 1912-13	Respondent: 2711 Spouse/partner: 2712
	Salariat (professional and		
	managerial)	01, 02	1
	Routine non-manual workers		
	(office and sales)	<b>-</b>	2
	Petty bourgeoisie (the self-		
	employed incl. farmers, with	05 04 03	
	and without employees)	05, 06, 07	3
	Manual foremen and supervisors	80	4
	Working class (skilled, semi-		
	skilled and unskilled manual		
	workers, personal service and		
	agricultural workers)	09, 10, 11	. 5
	Insufficient information		9
	Never had a job*	- 1	ó
	never nau a job	•	U

[•] Includes no spouse or partner

	SOURCE COLUMNS/ CODES	COLUMNS ON WHICH RECODED/ RECODES
10a) Sectoral location (based on current or last job) [RINDSECT]	Respondent: SIC 1852-53 SECTOR 1850-51	Respondent: 2714
[SINDSECT]	Spouse/partner: SIC 1923-24 SECTOR 1921-22	Spouse/partner. 2715
Private sector manufacturing		1
Private sector non-manufacturing		2
Public sector service		3
Public sector manufacturing,		
transport and construction		4
Not classifiable Never had a job [*]		9 0
_		U
Includes no spouse or partner		
10b) Standard Industrial	Respondent	Respondent
Classification (SIC)	1852-53	2716-17
(compressed) (based on	Spouse/partner	Spouse/partner
current or last job)	1923-24	2718-19
[RINDDIV]		
[SINDDIV] Agriculture etc.		01
Energy/water		02
Metal extraction and chemicals		03
Metal goods/engineering		04
Other manufacturing		05
Construction		06
Distribution		07
Transport/communication		08
Banking/finance		09
Other services		10
Never had a job*		00
Not classifiable		98
* Includes no spouse or partner		
11. Household members' attendance at		
private schools (Britain only)*	1708-12	2721
[PRIVED]	1700 12	2,21
Respondent attended private school		1
Respondent has not, but spouse/		
partner or children attended		
private school		2
No-one in household has attended		_
private school		3
Missing information		8
Priority code		

Loca	ation of derived variables (cont'd	)	
		SOURCE	COLUMNS ON
		COLUMNS/	WHICH RECODED/
		CODES	RECODES
12.	Wishost adventional avalification	n 1733-40*	
12.	Highest educational qualificatio obtained	1742-65	2723
	[HEDQUAL]	1742 03	2723
	Degree	15	1
Н:	igher education below degree level		2
	A' level (or equivalent)	03, 08,10	3
	O' level (or equivalent)	02, 07	4
	CSE (or equivalent)	01, 05, 06	5
	Foreign and other		6
	No qualifications	1732/2 AND 17	41/2 7
	Don't know/not answered		8
	• Qualifications 'exploded' onto	Columns 1766-79,	1808-25
12	Iogal wagnersibility of	[ ] ] ]	
13.	• •	['Household	
	respondent for accommodation [LEGALRES]	grid']	2705
	[ LEGALRES ]	1614, 1619 etc.	2725
	Sole		1
	Shared		2
	None		3
	No information		9
14.	Accommodation tenure (summary)	1479-80	2727
14.	[TENURE2]	14/9-60	2121
	Owned/being bought	01, 02	1
	Rented (LA/New Town Development	,	
	Corporation, Housing Executive)	03, 04	2
	Rented (Housing Association)	05	3
	Rented (other)	06-10	4
	Rent free, squatting, etc.	11	5
	No information	98, 99	9
7 6	Wanibal ababas (assess)	1/00	2722
15.	Marital status (summary)	1608	2729
	[MARRIED]		
	Married/living as married	1, 2	1
	Separated/divorced		2
	Widowed	4	3
	Never married	5	4
	No information	8, <del>9</del>	9
16.	Religion (summary)	961-62	2730
	[RELIGSUM]	702 02	2750
	Church of England/Anglican/		
	Church of Ireland	04	1
	Roman Catholic	03	2
	Other Christian	02, 05-08,	
		21-23, 2	
	Non-Christian	09-14	4
	No religion		5
	Don't know/not answered	98, 99	8

# APPENDIX I

# **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

Cross-index of questionnaires 1983-1990

# CROSS-INDEX OF BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES QUESTIONNAIRES

1983 - 1990

## A Interview questionnaire

			SURVEY YEAR			
1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
1 2a-e	1 2a-e	1 2a-e	1 2a-e	1 2a-e 2f	1 2a-d 2e	1 2a-d ¹ 2e
9a	5a	3a	3a	3a	3a	3a
	5b	3b	3b	3b	3b	3b
14	5c	3c	3 <i>c</i>	3c	3 <i>c</i>	3c
	9	4	4	4	4	4 ²
17	10	5	5	5	5	5
	11	6	6	6	6	6
	12	7	7	7	7	7
	13	8	8	8	8	8 ³
	14	9	9	9	9	9
16 18 19	15 16a 17	10 11	10 11 12	10 11 12	10 11 12	10 12 13
20	18a	12a	13a	13a	13a	14a
	18b	12b	13b	13b	13b	14b
21	19	13	14	14	14	15
23	20	14	15	15	15	16
9c	21	15	16	16	16	17
25 26	22	16	17 18	18 19	18 19	18 19
27a	23a	17a	19a	20a	20a	20a
	23b	17b	19b	20b	20b	20b
	24a	18a	20a	21a	21a	21
00	24b	18b	20Ъ	21b	21b	22
28	25	19	21	22	22	23 ⁴
29	26	20	22	23	23	24
30	27	21	23	24	24	26 ⁵
31	28	22	24	25	25	27
32a 32b 32c,d 35 36a	29a 29b 29c,d 36 37a	23a 23b 24a,b 27	25a 25b 26a,b 30 31a	26a 26b 31 32a	26a 27b 27a,b 30 31a	28 29 30a,b 31 32a

N B Superscript numbers refer to the Notes to the Cross-index (following)

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
36c	37c		31c	32c	31c	32b
		32a,b			35a,b	33a,b
		32c,d			35c,d	34a,b
		37		38		45 ⁶
		38a		39a		46
		304,	,			
		38b		39Ъ		47
		38c		39c		48a
37	38	39	32	40	37	49
38	39	40	33	41	38	50 <b></b> .
39a	40a	41a	34a	42a	46a	52 ⁷
20	4.0	/ 1 -	27 -	404	16.	E 2
39c	40c	41c	34c	42d	46c	53
40a	43a	43a	36a	43a	48a	54
41a	44a	44a	37a	44a	49a	55
41b	44b	44b	37ъ	44b	49b	56
				45a	50a	57
				45b	50Ъ	58
		48		47		68
42a	45a	49a	39a	48a	53a	70,71b
44a,b	49c,d	53a,b	43a,b	49a,b	55a,b	72a,b
44d	49e	53c	43c	49c	55c	74
44e	49g	53d	43d	49d	55 <b>d</b>	75a
				7	202	,
				51	59	75b
46d	52a	58a	48a	52a	62a	78
46a	52Ъ	58b	486	52b	62b	79
46b,c	52c,d	58c,d	48c,d	52c,d	62c,d	80a,b
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	52e	58e	48e	52e	62e	81
			49b	53b	63b	82b
47	54	60	50	54	64	83
48	55		51	56	65	84
50	57	69	53	57	67	104
51	58	60	54	58	68	104
J	٠٠٠	00	54	50	00	105
52	59	71	55	59	69	106
53	60	72	56.,	60	70	107
54	61	73	57	61	71	108.,
56	63		58	62	72	109
57			59	63	73	110
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,			, 5	
58	64		60	64	74	111
60	67		64	68	78	112
79a	75a	93a	68a	77a	82a	L113a/
						Yl18a
	<i>,</i>				82Ъ	L113b/
						Yl18b
79Ъ	75b	93Б	68b	77b	82c	L114/
						Y119
• • • • • • • • • •					A106/	L115/
					B125	Y120
80	76	94	70	79	84	L116
81			B71			
O1.,	• • • • • • • • •		D/1		В85	L117

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
				2,0.		
82a	77		B72a		B86a	L118a
82ъ 85	80		В72Ъ	4.0.1	B86b	L118b
86	81			A81 A82	A85	1119
00	01			AOZ		L120/ Y115
89a,d	89a,c	95a,c		A88a,c	A86a,c	L121a,c
,-		34,0		1.000,0	11000,0	DIZIA, C
	89Ъ	95Ъ		А88Ъ	А86Ъ	L121b
90a		96a		A89a	A87a	L122a-c
		96Ъ		А89Ъ	A87b	L122d
		96c,d		A89c,d	A87c,d	L123a,b
72a,b						L124a,b
72c						1.125
73a,b						L126a,b8
73c						L1278
74a,b						L129a,b
74c,d						L130a,b
75						7101
75a 75b						L131
75c						L132 L133
, 30			B82		В96	L143
			B85	в83	ВЭО	L144
			203	203		
			B89	B82		L145 ⁹
			B90a,b	B85a,b		L146a,b
				B85d,e		L146c,d
				B85g,h		L147a,b
			B91		В100	1148
				В86		L149 ¹⁰
61		74	A92	A96	A98/	1.152/
					B110	Y144
62				A97	A99/	L153/
					B111	Y145
63	97	75	A93/	A98/	A100/	1154/
		7.0	B109	B103	B112	Y146 ¹¹
		78a	A94/	A103/	A101/	L155/
			B112	B106	B122	Y158
		78ъ	A104a,b	A104/	A102/	L156a,b/
				B107	B123	Y159a,b
65		84		69		Y113
66	_	85		70		Y114
	68	86		71	_	Y115
	70	87		72	79	Y116
71		90		74		Y117
			B100a	B95a		Y121a
		64Ъ	В100Ъ	В95Ъ		Y121b
		65a,c	B101a,b	В96а,Ъ		Y122a,b
			B102	В97		Y123

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
		104	 В107Ь	B98a,b B100b		Y124a,b Y126 ¹²
			B107a	B100a		Y128 ¹³
		62a	B108a	B101a		Y129
		76a	A94/	A99/	B113	Y147
			В110	B104		
64b		76b	A95	A100a	B114	Y148
		77	A96a/	A102/	B115a	Y149a
			B111 A96b,c,d.	B105	R115b a d	V1/0b a d
		79	A97		B115b,c,d	Y149b,c,d
		80	A98		B116 B117	Y150 Y151
		00	A)0	• • • • • • • • •	BII/,	1131
		82a	A99a	А100ъ	B118b	Y153
		82b	A99b	A100c	B118c	Y154
			A100		B119	Y155
			A101		B120	Y156
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A102	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B121	Y157
87	82	97b	A105b/	A83a/	900a	900a
		0.7	В113Ь	B102	0001	
		97a	A105a/ B113a	900	900Ъ	900Ъ
91		98	A106/ B114	901	901	901
				902	902	902
		99a-c	A107a-c/. B115a-c.	903a-c	904a-c	904a,c,e.
	98a	103	Al10a/ Bl18a	906a	905ъ	905Ъ
	98ъ		A110b/ B118b	906ъ	906d	906ъ
93	96	100	A108/ B116	904	906	907
		101a	A109a/ B117a	905a	907a	908a,b
		101ь	A109b/ B117b	905Ъ	907Ъ	909a,b ¹⁴ .
95a-d	99a-h	107a-h	Allla-h/. Bll9a-h.	907a-h	908a-h	910a-h
96a,b	100a,b	108a,b	A112a,b/. B120a,b.	908a,b	909a,b	911a,b
96c	100c	108c	All2c/ Bl20c	905c	907c	912
97	101	109a	All3a/ Bl2la	909a	910a	913b ¹⁵
		109ь	A113b/ B121b	909Ъ	910ь	913c

.....

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
98a-d	102a-ı	110a-i	A114a-i/ B122a-i	910a-i	911a-i	914a-i
		105a,b	A116/ B124	912	913	916
			A117/ B125	913	914	917 ¹⁶
99a,b	103a,b	llla,b	All8a,b/ Bl26a,b	914a,b	918a,b	918a,c ¹⁷
		112	A119/ B127	915	919	919
101a	104a	113a	A120a/ B128a	916a	920 <b>a</b>	920
101c	104c	113c	A120c/ B128c	916c	920ь	921
100a	105a	114	A121/ B129	917	921	922
			A122a/ B130a	918a	923a	923a
24a,b				17a,b	17a,b	
33c,d 33e	33c,d 33e 34	25c,d 26	28c,d 28e 29		28c,d 28e 29	
36b	37ь	28a,b	31b	32b	31b 32a,b	
		30a-c 31a,b			33a-c 34a,b	
39b	40b 41	35a-c 41b 42	34b 35	33a-c 42b	36a-c 46b 47	
40b,c 42b 44f-h 45	43b,c 45b 46	43b,c 49b 50 53e-g 54	36b,c 39b 40 43e-g 44	43b,c 48b	48b,c 53b 54 56b-d 57	
		55a 55b 56 57	49a	49e 49f 53a	58a 58b 60 61 63a	
76b	56 65a,b 65c 66 73a	61 91a	52 61 62 63 66a	56 65 66 67 75a	66 75 76 77 80a	

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
76c,d	73b,c	91b,c	66b,c	75b,c	80b,c	
77a	74a	92	67a	76a	81a	
77Ь	74b		67b	76b	81b	
94	78a	102	69	78	83	
			A89a-e		A88a-e	
			i-iv,vi,vii		i-iv,vi,vii	
			1 1, 11, 111		1 10,01,011	±
			A90		A96	
			В94	В89	A92	
			В95	В90	А93	
			В96	В91	A94	
• • • • • • • •			В97	В92	A95	
	30,,			<b>)</b> 27		
	31					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	JI					
		36	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	• • • • • • • • •	30		34		• • • • • • • • •
	79		• • • • • • • • • •	A80		
	83			A83		
	84			A84		
	85			A85		
	87			A86		
				1100		
			A78b	A87a		
3			B83	B80		
4				B81		
6			B84a	B82a		
			В84Ь	В82Ь		• • • • • • • •
			B92a,c,d	B87a,b,c.		
			B93	B88a		
70a		88				
10c	6a					
10d	6b					
34	35					
40d, e	43d,e					
55	62		• • • • • • • • • • •			
69	69					,
68	72					
92	95					

# B Self-completion questionnaire

		· ·				
1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
		202 203 204a1,i11 204b1,111	в202			L210 L202 L2031,11 L2041,11
		205a				L205
		206 208	B203			L206 L208
		209	B205			L209
		221				L210 ¹⁸
		222				1211
		225	- 2 2 2		-007	L212
		226	B209	A211	B227	L213
		227	B210	A212	B228	L214
		228 229a,d	B211	A213 A214a,d	B229 B230a,d	1215 1217a,c
		229a, a	B212a,d	A214a,0	bzova, a	
		230a	B226a	B207d	B209a	L218a
		230b-е	B226b-e			L218b-e
		230f	B226f	70075	D0001	L218f
		230g	B226g	B207f A201a-1	B209b A225a-1	L281g L220a-1/ Y201a-1
				A202	A226	L221/ Y202
204	204	247	A223	A215	A220	L222
211				A217	A222	L223
215a	218		B229a		B222a	L224a
215b			В229Ъ		В222Ъ	L224b
206	206	232			A224	L225
					A201a-c	L226a-c/ Y206a-c
				A223b	A201d	L226d/ Y206d
				A223e	A20le	L226e/ Y206e
				A223j	A201g	L226f/ Y206f
	220 <del>v</del>			A223a	A2011	L226g/ Y206g
					A202	L227/ Y207
					A203a-e	L228a-e/ Y208a-e
		245		A232		L239/ Y226
		246		A233		L240/ Y227

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
				A227a/ B238a	A231a/ B231a	L241a/ Y228a
			B231v	•	A231b/	L241b/
			B231vi	B238b A227c/	B231b A231c/	Y228b L241c/
				B238c	B231c	Y228c
	• • • • • • • • • •		B231iv	A227d/ B238d	A231d/ B231d	L241d/ Y228d
•••••		•••••	B230d		A231e/ B231e	1228d L24le/ Y228e
			B231i	A227f	A231f/ B231f	L242a/ Y228f
• • • • • • • • • •			B232x	A227g	A231g/ B231g	L242b/ Y228g
				A227h	A231h/ B231h	L242c/ Y228h
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	B232iii	A227i	A231i/ B231i	1242d/ Y228i
				A227g	A231j/ B231j	L242e/ Y228j
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			B232iv	A227k	A231k/ B231k	L242f/ Y228k
				A2271	A2311/ B231e	1226k 1242g/ Y2281
			B232v	A227m	A231m/ B231m	L242h/ Y228m
•••••	•••••		B232ix	A227n	A231n/ B231n	L242i/ Y228n
	220g					1.243
				A203		Y203
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		A204	• • • • • • • • •	Y204
• • • • • • • • •		222		A205		Y205
• • • • • • • • •		222			* * * * * * * * *	Y209
208a-f	208a-f	237a-f	B218a-f	B228a-f	B234a-f	Y210a-f
			B218g	B228g	B234g	Y210g
209	209	238	B219	B229	B234h,i B235	Y210h,i Y211
	210	239	B220	B230a	B236a	Y212a
				В230ъ	В236ъ	Y212b
			B223	B233		Y213
210a-f	211a-f		B225a-f	B235a-f	B239a-f	Y214a-f
217m-o	211g	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	B225g	B235g	B239g	Y214g
21/m-O		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A222j,g		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Y217c-e
213a	217	235a	A222],g A218a	A208a	B224a	Y222g,h Y223a
213b	21/	235b	A218b	A208b	B224b	Y223b
213c		236	A219	A209	B225	Y224
			A220		B226	Y225

- - --- -

1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1989	1990
				A223j		Y206f/ L226f
		248		A216	A221	LLLOI
205	205				A223	
			A222b,c		A227b,c	
			A22f-k		A227f-k	
217xvi		234a		A207a	A230a	
217xvi1		234b		A207b	А230Ъ	
217xviıi	220vi11	234c	B232v1	A207c	A230c	
217x1x	2201x	234d	B232vii	A207d	A230d	
217xx	220x	234e		A207e	A230e	
		234f		A207f	A230f	
		2341		A227o-s	A2310-s/	
				ALL/O 3	B231o-s	
			B213	B216	A232	
			B214	B217	A233	
			B215a-h	B218a-h	A234a-h	
	2201V		B2151	DO10-	A 2 3 4 a	
	22010		B2151 B216	B2181 B219	A2341 A235	
			D210	B227a-d	A236a-d	
				A224	A237	
				A238a-e	A238a-e	
016				1206	<b>D</b> 000	
216			B212f	A206 A214f	B223 B230f	
		240	B2121 B221	B231	B2301 B237	
		241	B222	B232	B238	
		249ab	BLLL	<i>D232</i>	B240ab	
		250ab			B241ab	
		011		.030		
		211 212		A218 A219		
		212		A219 A220		
	219	213		A221		
	217			11221		
	220x1			A223d		
	22011			A223g		
		242		A230		
		244		A231		
		208	B204	В209		
207			B217	В220		
•		210	B206			
		223	B207			
		224	B208			
		243a-c,e	B230a-c,e			
212a,b	212a,b					

#### NOTES TO THE CROSS-INDEX

These notes document changes made in the 1990 questionnaire to questions asked in previous years. For changes between 1984 and 1989, see the footnotes to the relevant tables in *British Social Attitudes Cumulative Sourcebook*, Gower (1991).

#### A. Interview questionnaire

- 1. Interviewer instruction changed to 'IF "ALLIANCE" PROBE: Liberal Democrat or SDP Owen?' with consequent change to (Social and) Liberal Democrat at precode 03. Precode 95 'Green Party/Ecology Party' added.
- 2. At Q.4a, 'EEC' changed to 'EC'.
- 3. Interviewer instruction and precode changed as in Note 1.
- 4. Precode 02 changed to '... Youth Training Scheme ...'.
- 5. New question on respondent's own definition of his/her job or 'full-time' or 'part-time' inserted before standard question on length of working week.
- 6. '... or computer network' added to precode 03.
- 7. New question added (see note 5).
- 8. Additional precode 4: 'or not at all common', at these three questions.
- 9. Q.145c changed to '... the Liberal Democrats'. (New question added: g) on feelings in favour of or against the Green Party.)
- 10. 'Rates' changed to 'level of poll tax' at precode 1 and to 'poll tax' at precodes 2 and 3.
- 11. No interviewer instruction: 'Local authority includes GLC and London Residuary Body.'
- 12. List of environmental and countryside organisations expanded from four to eleven (see questionnaire for additions).
- 13. Precode 3 changed from 'Liberal' to '(Social and) Liberal Democrat'. 'Alliance' accepted as valid response only after probe. All precodes changed from single- to double-digit.
- 14. At Q.909b, precode 97 changed from 'Other' to 'Other recognised academic or vocational qualification'.
- 15. Precode 02 changed to '... Youth Training Scheme...'.
- 16. Precode 16 changed to 'Housing benefit (Community charge, rate or rent rebate)'.
- 17. Three new income categories added (precodes 15, 16, 17) see Appendix J for income bands used.
- B. Self-completion questionnaire
- 18. At Q210 a and b, 'by legislation' changed to 'by law'.

#### APPENDIX J

## Other survey documents

## **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

- (1) Introductory letter to respondents
- (2) Self-completion questionnaire reminder letters (3)
- (3) Project instructions and supplementary instructions
- (4) Book information form

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

- (1) Advance letter to respondents
- (2) Introductory letter to respondents
- (3) Self-completion questionnaire reminder letters (2)
- (4) Project instructions
- (5) Book information form

## **BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES**

and

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

Income bands (from show card)

Britain 1983-87, 1989-90, Northern Ireland 1989-90



P 1090/GB

Spring 1990

35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON ECIV OAX
TELEPHONE 01 250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

#### BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990

We are asking for your help in an important survey of social attitudes in Britain You may have read about the Social Attitudes study in the newspapers, or heard about it on the radio or television. Its aim is to discover what people think and feel about all sorts of questions on which everyone has views. For instance, we will ask what you think about the cost of living, the National Health Service, unemployment, working mothers, and the environment

The addresses we contact and the person to be interviewed are selected at random from the electoral register by statistical techniques, and the interviewer may not take substitutes. It is important that we interview everyone we approach, not just those with strong views, the cooperation of every selected person is important.

SCPR is an independent research institute registered as a charity, and all our interviewers carry an identity card they can show you. As with all our surveys, the questionnaires are anonymous and no-one will be named or identifiable in any way. The statistical results are published in a book, and the findings are also used by government departments, newspapers and some charitable foundations as a way of finding out how people really feel about important issues.

The study is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, but also has support from the Nuffield Foundation, from government departments and from private industry

We hope you will take part in the study, and that you will enjoy the interview If you have any questions about the survey which the interviewer cannot answer, please contact me or my colleagues on the Social Attitudes team at the telephone number above

Thank you very much for your help

Roger Jowell Director



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE LONDON ECIV OAX TELEPHONE 01-250 1866 FAX 01-250 1524

P.1090/REM1

Spring, 1990

SN:

#### BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

Within the last month or so you very kindly agreed to be interviewed as part of our annual British Social Attitudes survey. At the same time we asked you to fill in a self-completion questionnaire and return it to us by post in a pre-paid envelope.

As we have not yet received the self-completion questionnaire from you, I wonder if I could ask you to spare a little more of your time? The self-completion questionnaire is an important part of the survey. It contains questions on some topics not covered in the main interview, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. And we need to get the views of everyone in our sample, not just those with strong opinions or particular viewpoints.

Thank you very much for your help, and for agreeing to the interview. I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell Director, SCPR

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for writing to you again.



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE LONDON ECIV OAX TELEPHONE 01-250 1866 FAX 01-250 1524

Spring 1990

P 1090/REM2

SN

### BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

About two weeks ago we sent you a letter about the questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. The self-completion questionnaire is a very important part of our annual British Social Attitudes survey on which you kindly agreed to be interviewed.

As we have no record of having received your questionnaire, we are enclosing another copy, in case the first copy was mislaid, and a prepaid envelope. We hope you will find the questionnaire both interesting and enjoyable. We need to hear from as many people as possible, so that the information we collect represents the views of a true cross-section of the British public.

We do greatly appreciate your co-operation in this study, and hope you will find time to fill in the questionnaire and return it to us Without it an important part of the picture will be missing

Thank you again for all your help

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell Director, SCPR

PS If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and forgive us for writing to you again

Enc



P.1090/REM3 July/August 1990

SN:

35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE LONDON ECIV OAX TELEPHONE 01-250 1866 FAX 01-250 1524

From 6th May \$990 dial 071 instead of 01

#### BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1990 SURVEY

Dear

Thank you very much for agreeing to be interviewed on the British Social Attitudes Survey. We depend on the voluntary co-operation of the people we contact to make sure that our survey accurately represents the views of <u>all</u> people living in Britain, not just those who like surveys. So, I hope you will forgive me for troubling you again.

A short while ago we sent you a reminder about the self-completion questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. Our records show that we have still not received your self-completion questionnaire. Without it, we are missing vital information about your views on the important issues of today. We are keen to have a complete picture so that public confidence in our survey results remains high.

I am therefore enclosing another copy of the self-completion questionnaire, as well as another pre-paid envelope. If you should have time to fill it in, and post it back to us, I would be very grateful. It should not take more than twenty minutes or so.

We are very grateful for the time that you have already given us, and hope you will help us to complete the picture.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell Director. SCPR

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept my thanks and my apologies for writing to you again.

ENC.

P 1090/Britain Spring 1990

# BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1990 SURVEY

# Project Instructions

## Contents

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3.	The sample	3
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#### 1. Background

In six out of the last seven years, Social and Community Planning Research has fielded a large national survey in Britain. This series, called British Social Attitudes, has become one of SCPR's most well-publicised surveys and an important source of information about contemporary Britain.

The British Social Attitudes survey is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts

The study has three main outcomes

- a) A book on the survey is published in autumn each year. This Report, published by Gower, presents the main findings of the survey, and is important in keeping SCPR's name before a wide public audience. The latest book was published in mid-November 1989. The findings are widely known and discussed on radio and TV programmes, in articles and features in newspapers and magazines.
- b) The data from the survey are deposited in the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) Data Archive, and made available for analysis by the academic community, or any other interested data user
- c) Various government departments get data from the survey in advance and use them in their policy planning

The British Social Attitudes survey is designed to measure contemporary social attitudes and how they change over time. Such findings are of interest now, for instance, to government departments anxious to have more information about people's own assessments of, for example, their work or their housing circumstances. But the data are also contributions to social history, to allow analysts in the future to discover what people thought and felt about the major social issues of today.

As in earlier years there are two versions of the questionnaire - this year called L (Lavender) and Y (Yellow). Many of the questions will be asked of all respondents, but some - mostly in the middle of each questionnaire - will be asked of only half our sample. This means that we can cover more topic areas, and help meet the many requests we have had to include questions of interest to government departments and other bodies

Topics covered this year include some asked about in all previous years, others asked less often, and some questions on new topics. As in previous years the Employment Department is helping to fund a set of questions (or module) about employment issues. New funding jointly from the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) and the Countryside Commission has enabled us to up-date and expand our environment module. This year, and again in 1992 or 1993, we are also fielding an expanded section on civil liberties, with help from a grant by the Nuffield Foundation. For the first time the Department of Health is providing funding to enable us to continue to ask questions about the National Health Service. There is an entirely new set of questions about attitudes towards smoking, co-funded by the Health Education Authority.

This year's questionnaire includes questions on crime and the police, some of which are also being asked in Northern Ireland. By asking these and other questions in Britain and Northern Ireland, we shall be able to compare directly attitudes of UK citizens living on both sides of the Irish Sea. Funding for this extension of the British Social Attitudes survey to Northern Ireland comes from the Northern Ireland Office and from the Nuffield Foundation.

For the first time the Home Office is contributing funds to BSA, to ask these questions about crime and the police in Britain, and others on topics of relevance to the Home Office. Some of the crime questions were first asked in Britain in 1983, so this year's survey will enable us to look at trends in attitudes over seven years.

As in earlier years, there is a self-completion supplement for each respondent to fill in after the interview. It contains questions on topics covered in the main questionnaire. It also has some questions on the role of government in people's lives: these questions are being asked in eight other European countries (including the Republic of Ireland) and also in the United States and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes (ISSP).

The ESRC is providing general financial help to the series, and funds specifically for the ISSP module.

#### 2. Notifying the Police

You must notify the local police station in the area where you will be working. You should complete a copy of the Police Notification Form that has been included in you supplies. This explains, among other things, how long you will be working in the area and how they can contact you; it includes a space for you to enter your car registration number. Attach a copy of the introductory letter for respondents to the form and hand it in to the police. (You might try to see if it is possible to record these details in the book kept at the station desk.) Make a note of the name of the officer to whom you speak and the date of your call so that, in the event of any query or complaint to the police, you are fully covered. It is reassuring for elderly or suspicious respondents to be told that the police know about you and the survey, and that they can check with the police station.

PLEASE DO NOT START WORK UNTIL YOU HAVE DONE THIS.

#### 3. The Sample

The sample covers England, Wales and all but the highlands and islands of Scotland It consists of 4,576 addresses drawn from the Electoral Registers, compiled in October 1988 and in force until February 1989, distributed equally over 176 sampling points Sampling points are generally Polling Districts, although in some rural areas they may be groups of adjacent Polling Districts or Parishes At each address, you are asked to try to interview one randomly selected adult (aged 18+)

It is vital that the person chosen for interview at each address is selected by strict random sampling principles. If we interviewed only those people who happened to be at home at the first call, or who were especially keen to be interviewed, our sample would almost certainly be unrepresentative of the adult population of Great Britain

Addresses are issued to interviewers in assignments of 26. They are in the form of labels attached to a form called a Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS)

A full description of how to use the CASS and how to select respondents is given in Section 8 below

#### 4. Contact Procedures

You must attempt to make contact at every address in your assignment. You must call on at least 4 occasions, at different times of day and at suitably spaced times before you classify the address unproductive. If necessary, at least one of these calls should be in the evening (after 6pm) and one at the weekend.

As always, it is very important that we achieve a high response rate in this survey. Since most addresses will be highly clustered in Polling Districts, we are asking you to keep trying to contact all the issued addresses until the end of the fieldwork period. Keep trying all noncontacts as long as you are calling in the area. If you sense a respondent may be about to refuse, it often helps if, you withdraw, offering to call again at a more convenient time, before a formal refusal is actually given. Only by interviewing as many as possible of those selected for the sample can we be confident that the answers we get are representative of the views of all people aged 18 and over

It is vital that we achieve a high response rate Therefore we are asking you to

 call your Field Office before you return any Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASSs) for untraceable addresses to the office We might be able to find out some information which will help you locate 'hard to find' addresses,

- return all completed CASSs for other deadwood addresses (vacant premises, etc.) to the Brentwood Field Office as soon as possible. There should be little deadwood, and we would like to have these back in the first fortnight of the fieldwork period;
- return a completed CASS for each definite refusal to the Brentwood Office as soon as possible;
- keep trying to contact your non-contacts, broken appointments etc. until the end of the fieldwork period, even if you have already made 4 calls. Then whenever you are in the neighbourhood try again, unless you have learned that the selected respondent will not be available until after the end of the fieldwork period (due to holiday, illness etc.). Complete a CASS for any non-contacts and return them to the Brentwood Office with your final work.

You must never substitute one address for another, nor substitute one selected individual for another. The sample has been randomly selected, and any substitutions you make would lead to bias in the results.

The interview will last, on average, about one hour, though it will be slightly shorter for those not in paid work, and rather longer for women with young children. Older respondents, too, may take a little longer on average to answer the questionnaire. So please allow enough time between appointments.

#### 5. Introducing yourself

Remember to show your Identity Card when you introduce yourself. If you think it will help you to get an interview, you can give the person you first contact a copy of the introductory letter, or the newspaper leaflet describing the study or the SCPR leaflet, or all three, as part of your introduction. You must leave a copy of the introductory letter and the SCPR leaflet with each respondent after the interview.

The best introduction for interviewers to use is the one they feel most comfortable with. And it is vital to start at the beginning and explain the purpose of the survey to each person you see at an address; don't assume a husband, wife or parent of the selected respondent has passed information on.

These are some of the kinds of things you might say when you introduce yourself and explain about the survey, adapting as you think best in each situation.

"Good morning/afternoon/evening. My name is ..., and I am doing a survey for Social and Community Planning Research, an independent social research institute. We are carrying out a survey to discover what people nowadays think and feel about a wide range of important issues, such as the health service, unemployment, housing and crime. The survey results are published in a book which shows the views various people have about day-to-day issues."

At this point, you can show the introductory letter, or the leaflet about the survey, or both

#### 6. Questions you may be asked

### Q: How did you get my address?

A The addresses in the survey were selected from the Electoral Registers for this area. These are publicly available. From each Electoral Register a certain number of addresses were selected "at random" - such as taking every 50th or 60th address on the list. Your address came up purely by chance - but once it comes up, I cannot go to another address instead. No one else can be interviewed. This is how we make sure that we fairly represent the views of everyone in Britain.

#### Q How do I know that what I tell you will be treated in confidence?

A SCPR makes all efforts to keep the information you give us confidential Your rights as a respondent, and the way in which we honour those rights, are set out in this leaflet about SCPR (SHOW AND HAND OVER) Also, SCPR is registered under the 1984 Data Protection Act

In addition, we do not have your name or address on this questionnaire At all times both will be kept separate from the answers that you give us. Your questionnaire is identified only by a serial number, for administrative purposes. This means that no individual can be linked to answers he or she gives, and the survey itself is written up as statistical summaries only.

#### Q: Why should I take part?

A Surveys are voluntary but it is very important that a true cross-section of the public takes part in studies like this one if we are to understand what people think about the social issues of the day. This means that we want to know the views of everyone in our sample. If a lot of people refuse to take part then we cannot be sure that our results really reflect the views of all people. No special knowledge is needed, and we need to know the views of everyone, not just those with particular viewpoints.

#### Q: I'm not sure

A Even if you're not sure, do please let me start the interview and then see how you get along. You can stop at any stage if you wish to

#### Q: How do I know you are a genuine researcher/research organisation

A: First, you have a letter from the research team at SCPR. The letter describes the survey and explains why your co-operation is important. There are telephone numbers at which you can contact the researchers at SCPR if you have any further questions to ask. Secondly, we are leaving a leaflet about SCPR, which is an independent non-profit making institute for survey research.

#### Q: What happens to the results?

A: The statistical results are published each year in a book, available in libraries and bookshops (AT THIS POINT YOU CAN SHOW THE COVER OF THE SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL REPORT). I can give you a form to fill in, so you will be notified when the book about this year's survey is published next year. Your local library will be able to get a copy. Each year there is lots of newspaper publicity when the book comes out, and the survey is widely agreed to be an impartial and fair account of what people think about important social issues.

## 7. Materials for the survey

- 1. Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASS) (L and Y)
- 2. Calls Continuation Sheets
- 3. Introductory letters for respondents
- 4. Leaflets about SCPR
- 5. 'Newspaper' leaflets about the survey
- 6. Cover of the Special International Report
- 7. Interview questionnaires (L and Y)
- 8. Set of show cards (L and Y)

L version: Cards A-H, J-T, V-Z, AA-GG, X1-X8 Y version: Cards A-H, J-T, V-Z, AA-EE, X1-X8

- 9. Self-completion questionnaires (L and Y)
- 10. Project instructions (this document)
- 11. Pre-paid A5 envelopes (for the return of the self-completion questionnaires by respondents in those cases where they cannot be picked up).
- 12. Appointment cards
- 13. Book notification forms

14. Pre-paid A4 envelopes (for the return of your work)

use as necessary

leave one with each respondent

use as necessary

You will also have your Field Admin Note and other Field documents and forms Please make sure you have adequate supplies of these materials before you start interviewing

#### 8. Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS)

These are the forms on which your assignment of addresses is issued You will have one for each address in your sample. The CASSes are colour-coded: lavender for the L sample and yellow for the Y sample. PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU USE THE CORRECT, MATCHING VERSION of the questionnaire, according to the address you covering.

Besides giving the selected address, the CASS has three other purposes

- it provides space for you to give details of all the calls you make, and the outcomes
- it allows you to select one adult at random for interview
- and in a case you do not achieve an interview it enables you to give the reason and (where possible) collect a little information about the non-respondent

It works just like a normal questionnaire and you should follow the filter instructions in the normal way

You will see that the address, its serial number and other vital information are given on three separate labels on the first page of the CASS

the label at the <u>top</u> of the page contains the address serial number (4 digits plus a check letter), region number (2 digits) and the area number (4 digits), plus a small look-up table to allow you to select a random adult at the address for interview

It looks like this

SN	0001A		R:	01		A:	0001			V-2
P/DU	•	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Selec	t:	2	1	2	3	4	4	6	7	9

You will see that printed on this label is a code saying either V 1 or V 2 PLEASE IGNORE THIS The correct Version No (1 - Lavender, 2 - Yellow) is given to the right of the top label, and by the colour coding of the documents.

- the label on the <u>left</u> at the <u>bottom</u> of page 1 again contains the 3 address identification numbers at the top and gives the selected address (and the postcode if known).
- the second, <u>right</u>-hand, label at the bottom contains the <u>names</u> of the electors shown in the Electoral Register as living at that address. (The label is large enough to fit only up to six names, so in the fairly rare cases where there are seven or more electors, not all the names will be listed). The name of one elector is asterisked, to the <u>right</u> of the name: this person is known as the 'starred elector'. Remember that this is not necessarily the name of the selected respondent. You always have to select a random adult at each address.

Also on page 1, you will see that there is space for you to keep a note of the times, dates and results of all your calls. Please remember to fill this in at each separate visit: it will help you to plan any further visits you may have to make and helps other interviewers in case of reissues. If you make more than six calls, then please enter those on one of the Calls Continuation Sheets provided.

From here on, you fill in the CASS just like a questionnaire.

Qs.1-5 deal with the <u>address</u>. If you find that the address contains two or more dwelling units (eg. flats, bedsitting rooms), Qs.4 and 5 take you through the steps necessary to select **one** at random, by listing them all in a systematic way and using the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one at which to seek an interview. This will, in fact, happen only very rarely. But remember it is exact address as given that counts. If the address on the label is 'Flat 4, 12 London Road', it is that part of accommodation that is the sampled address, not the whole of no.12.

(In the very rare case of ll or more dwelling units at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these project instructions.)

It is essential that - if you need to select a dwelling unit - you follow the rules in making this selection. Only in this way can we be sure that we end up with a truly random sample of accommodation units and adults living there.

At Q.5, write in the number of the selected dwelling unit, (the "DU" code), that is the number printed on the grid at Q.4 - <u>not</u> the flat or room number of the unit itself.

Qs.6-9 help you to select the <u>individual within the address</u> for interview. On each occasion when there is more than one person living at the address (or dwelling unit), you must list all adults living there in age order and use the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose <u>one</u> for interview.

If you make contact with a responsible adult (aged 18+) resident, explain briefly why you are calling and find out whether all the electors listed on the bottom-right label on page 1 of the CASS are still living there, whether or not they are all aged 18 or over and whether or not there are now any additional (unlisted) adults now living there as part of the household. The rules are

- if there has been no change since the registers were compiled, (that is, no one has moved in or out) you interview the starred elector
- if there has been any change at all, list all adults aged 18+ in age order, youngest to oldest, and select one at random for interview

At Q 7, all resident adults must be listed in age order, oldest to youngest. Just write in the ages -  $\underline{not}$  the names - in order to preserve confidentiality. For example

AGE OF ADULTS	PERSON NUMBER
44	01
41	02
19	03
18	04
	05

So there are 4 adults in this household. Look at the top label where you will see something like this

Person/DU: 2 3 4 5 6 10 Select . 2 1 2 3 4 9

Read off the number printed under '4' this is the person to be interviewed At <u>Q 8</u>, write in the person no that is printed in the grid at Q 7. So in the example, person no 2 (the 41 year old) has been selected, and you will write '02' in the boxes at Q 8. Once a random selection has been made, no substitute can be taken, even if there is someone else living there who is available and willing to be interviewed.

#### Please note three other points

e if there are (eg ) two 24 year olds, list them in order of whose birthday is first (ie the older of the two), or use alphabetic order of first name to decide the order, if the exact age is unknown,

- make sure that you write in their ages: this is part of the way that backchecks can be carried out in your work,
- at Q.9 there is a misprint: 'ARF SLIP' should read 'CASS SLIP'.

If there are 11 or more adults living at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions to select one at random for interview.

A useful tactic is to explain at the outset that you have to ask a few questions beforehand to make sure you interview the 'right person' - to ensure that you get a true cross-section of views and give everyone an equal chance to be included. If you can make the person giving the information feel that he or she is helping - and know why it is necessary - you will find it easier to gain co-operation.

We need the following information for each person successfully interviewed:

- the name of the selected person, if you can obtain it. (You may only find out the name at the end of the interview.) Write this on the <u>back</u> of the address label slip at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS. (If someone refuses to give their name, write in 'Refused'.)
- whether a full or partial interview was carried out Q.10. (We define a 'partial' interview as one where half or more (35+ pages) of the questionnaire is filled in, plus the classification section (pp 59-72 in the L version, pp 63-76 in the Y version).
- details about the self-completion questionnaire (Q.11) see Section 9 following.
- interview length (Q.12)
- telephone number

Finally, for productive interviews, send the questionnaire to the Brentwood Office in a <u>different</u> A4 envelope from the one you use to return the CASS (see your Admin. note). If you are in the Northern Field Office region, do <u>not</u> send any work to Darlington - all work goes to Brentwood.

Do <u>not</u> send any work back in the A5 envelope, which in <u>only</u> to be used for respondents who send back their own self-completion questionnaires.

For all cases where you have <u>not</u> achieved an interview, fill in Q.10 to tell us why; and, if you have managed to select a respondent but have not got an interview, fill in Qs.13a) and b) to tell us the sex and age of the selected respondent. Then return the CASS to the Brentwood Office.

#### A few last points before we turn to the questionnaires

- (i) Any responsible adult member of the household may provide the information that you need in order to establish who it is you are to interview. But never take information from those aged under 18
- (11) Note that you interview only persons living at listed addresses There is no case where you would follow anyone to a different address, although you could of course interview him or her somewhere else (eg at work) No substitutes are permitted, so if the selected person is in hospital or away for the duration of the survey, or too old or too ill to be interviewed, then no interview can take place
- (iii) This survey is intended to cover only the population living in private households not those living in institutions. But people can be living as private households within institutional premises. Even if the address you have been given appears to be an institution, check that no one is living in a private household on those premises before abandoning the possibility of an interview there

#### 9. The self-completion questionnaire

There are two times when respondents may fill in the self-completion questionnaire

- <u>Immediately after the interview</u>, before you leave and while you are checking the first questionnaire. Ideally, we would prefer it to be filled in then
- In the respondent's own time, after the interview. In this case you will need either to call back to pick up the questionnaire, or to arrange for the respondent to post it back to Brentwood in the A5 prepaid addressed envelope you will have left for the purpose

Under <u>no</u> circumstances should you give the self-completion questionnaire to the respondent to fill in <u>before</u> the interview

In practice, you may find that some respondents regard the self-completion questionnaire as too long to complete immediately after the interview. This means that you will have to leave the questionnaire with the respondent. But in order that our response rate on the self-completion questionnaire (which has been very good) does not go down, we would like you to try to call back and pick it up as long as you are still working in the area. This helps remind the respondent how important it is

The rules for the self-completion questionnaire are:

You should write the Area Number, the respondent's Serial Number and your Interviewer Number in the boxes provided, <u>before</u> you hand over the questionnaire. We strongly advise you to enter the Area Number and your Interviewer Number on all questionnaires before your first day in the field.

Without these identifying numbers, the self-completion questionnaire cannot be used - and we will not know who to pay!

Please also write a code number in the 'Rec.' box on the front cover, as follows:

if you yourself are sending the self-completion questionnaire and the interview questionnaire back to the office together. (Also ring code 'l' at Q.ll on the CASS, if you have not already returned it.)

if you yourself are sending back the self-completion questionnaire separately (after the main questionnaire). (Also ring code '2' at Q.ll on the CASS - if you have not already returned it.)

Leave the box blank if you leave the questionnaire with the

respondent for him or her to return direct to the office. (Also ring code '3' at Q.ll on the CASS - if you have not

2. If by any chance you have made a mistake, and for instance used an 'L' version questionnaire at an address with a 'Y'(ellow) CASS, or vice-versa, never try to rectify the mistake by leaving the 'correct' version of the self-completion questionnaire which does not match the interview version. The two L questionnaires and two Y questionnaires cover similar topics and the same version of both questionnaires must be used for each respondent.

already returned it.)

3. If you leave the self-completion questionnaire at an address after the interview, leave it only with the selected respondent -the person you interviewed. The self-completion questionnaire (like the interview) may be filled in only by the selected respondent. No substitute is acceptable.

- If the questionnaire cannot be completed by the end of the visit at which you carry out the interview, then please arrange to call back for it provided you are still interviewing in that area (you could use one of your appointment cards to remind the respondent of when you are calling for the questionnaire) If this is not possible, you should leave the prepaid envelope we have provided and ask the respondent to post the self-completion questionnaire back to the office If you do this please remember to ring code '3' at Q 11 on the CASS. (We will then know whether or not to send out reminders to respondents whose questionnaires have not arrived) Always leave the A5 envelope for respondents, and use the A4 envelopes yourself, as this gives us a final check as to who actually returned the self-completion questionnaire
- Never leave the respondent in any doubt as to how he or she should return the questionnaire. If you have arranged to call back for it, make sure that your respondent realises this and that you keep your appointment. If you cannot arrange to call back, make sure that the respondent knows it is to be posted back, and stress the need for (decent) speed.
- If you do wait for the questionnaire or call to collect it later, please try to spend a minute checking through to see that it has all been filled in Any gaps can then be tactfully pointed out to the respondent and he or she should be asked to fill them in, even if it means writing in 'don't know' where appropriate
- On rare occasions, it might be clear that a willing respondent needs your help to complete the questionnaire, because of, say, poor eye-sight or illiteracy. In such cases, treat the questionnaire as if it were an extension of the interview, and tick the boxes accordingly, with the respondent at your side.

## 10. The Interview questionnaire , general guidelines

First, a feature of such a wide-ranging questionnaire may be that people are likely to be much more interested in some questions than in others. The particular interviewing challenge posed is one of establishing the right speed at which to progress through the questions Rushing the respondent clearly has to be avoided but an over-deliberate approach would be equally wrong. It may be that some respondents want to give a great deal of thought to some of the issues, but we are seeking to capture present attitudes, not to conduct a philosophical discussion or a political debate! If some respondents have no particular viewpoint on a topic, or if they cannot answer the question as posed, it is acceptable to code or enter DK or an 'other answer', and move on to the next question

**Second**, throughout the questionnaire we will be using a number of general phrases that may cause the respondent to ask for further explanation. Examples might be:

"Britain's interests" Q.5

"Threat to world peace" Q.9

"Britain's general industrial performance"

stands by the phrase.

In these and many similar case we do not wish to give the respondent any further explanation. The phrases used are intended as general ones. Simply read the question or statement out, and tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of whatever he or she under-

Q.15

Third, at questions where a space has been provided for 'other' answers, they should be recorded verbatim. There is also a code that should be ringed when an 'other answer' is entered. Unless specifically stated, an 'other answer' coded should be ringed only when one of the pre-coded answers cannot be ringed, after probing.

In the questions where there is no specific provision for 'other answers', none is anticipated, although should they occur, they should be entered somewhere near the question. But, as a general rule for questions in which no 'other answer' space is provided, first repeat the question with appropriate emphasis before accepting an 'other answers'. For example, in the question: "Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace", you get the answer "Sometimes one, sometimes another". Before accepting this answer and entering it, the question should first be repeated with the emphasis: Which of the phrases is closest to your opinion ..." You can also use phrases like "Generally", "In general", etc. as probes, otherwise repeating the question wording exactly.

Fourth, the interview questionnaire is divided into several sections, each of which deals with a broadly defined group of subjects (see below for details). Respondents do not need to be made aware of the various sections of the questionnaire during the course of the interview; the questionnaire was designed to be administered as a single unit with a reasonably smooth transition between groups of questions and different topics.

## LAYOUT OF THE INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

	,.	L VERSION
SECTION	<u>PAGES</u>	TOPICS
ONE	1-5	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	6-36	Economic policy, employment, women and childcare
THREE	37-39	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	40-45L	Religion, racial prejudice and sexual mores
FIVE	46L-48L	Crime and the police
SIX	49L-53L	Civil liberties
SEVEN	53L-56L	Politics
EIGHT	57-58	Housing (short)
NINE	59-72	Classification

		Y VERSION
SECTION	PAGES	TOPICS
ONE	1-5	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	6 - 36	Economic policy, employment, women and childcare
THREE	37-39	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	40Y-41Y	Education
FIVE	42-43	Religion and ethnic origin
SIX	44Y-48Y	Countryside and the environment
SEVEN	49Y-56Y	Smoking and health
EIGHT	57-62Y	Housing (long)
NINE	63-76	Classification
l		

If a respondent does break off the interview part way through (this happens very rarely), try to complete the classification section - the last fourteen pages of the questionnaire.

## 11. The interview questionnaire ; in detail

- Q.1 A single newspaper is the preferred answer at b). If the respondent maintains, in spite of probing, that he or she reads more than one daily morning paper equally frequently, do not code but write in the relevant papers under 'Other'.
- Q.2 Do not read out the party names here; the respondent should volunteer which party he or she supports.

At c) or d) mentions of 'Liberal Alliance' would be coded as <u>Liberal</u>; mentions of 'SDP or Social Democratic Alliance' would be coded as SDP. If the respondent simply says 'Alliance', probe as directed before accepting this answer.

'Tory' should be coded as Conservative and 'Socialist' (unqualified) as Labour. All other descriptions of party should be written as 'Other Party'. Other answers (such as "undecided") should be written in under 'other answer'. The code 10 (NONE) should be ringed only as a possible response to c) or d).

Ask e) if ANY party is coded at Q.2c) or d).

Q.8 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt; the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, if closest to his or her views on defence.

If the respondent says "Alliance", please probe: "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code Alliance only if there is no alternative.

- Q.14 At a) we want to know which the government should give highest priority to; at b) we want to know which is of more concern to the respondent and his or her family.
- Q.23 The respondent may well choose several items on Card E showing various types of economic activity undertaken 'last week' that is the seven days ending last Sunday. These should all be coded on Column I. The highest on the list (the first that applies) or the one category, if there is only one, then gets transferred to Column II (ECONOMIC POSITION). If you interview on a Sunday, the seven days are the ones ending the previous Sunday.

The ECONOMIC POSITION of the respondent determines which group of questions will be asked in the remainder of Section Two (ie up to Q.60).

The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon

Those in paid work (Code 03) are asked

- (if employees) Qs 24-50
- (if self-employed) Q 24, then Qs 51-68

Those in full-time education (01) are asked Q 69

Those on government training schemes (02) are asked Q 70

Those waiting to take up paid work (04) are asked Q 71

All the unemployed (05, 06, or 07) are asked Qs 72-75

Those permanently sick or disabled (08) are asked Q 76

Those wholly retired from work (09) are asked Qs 77-81

Those looking after the home (10) are asked Qs 82-102

The following notes explain the items on CARD E at Q 23 a little more fully:

A/01 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

Those doing something else (11) are asked Q 103

All students, even those doing vacation jobs during the last week, are to be coded in this category. If the student is on vacation and will continue to be a student only if he or she passes an exam, assume that the exam will be passed and still treat the respondent as in full-time education. People on government training schemes (ET, YTS etc.) are EXCLUDED from this category. They should be counted as B/02

B/02 On government training/employment scheme

People on government-sponsored training or employment schemes Schemes should be coded here. They should <u>not</u> be coded as 'In paid work' or 'In full-time education' (even if they are doing the educational part of the scheme)

# C/03 In paid work for at least 10 hours in the week (or away temporarily from that work)

This category includes all types of paid work, whether for an employer, or on the respondent's own account as self-employed. It includes casual, part-time and temporary work provided that it amounts to at least 10 hours in the week.

Voluntary work, or work carried out where only expenses are reimbursed or work paid for in kind (eg. be receiving board and lodging only) where there is no financial transaction, are EXCLUDED from this category. People temporarily away would include those who were absent from work last week because of sickness or injury, holiday, compassionate leave, or maternity leave, provided that they have a job to go back to with the same employer or as self-employed in the same field. It would also include people who were temporarily laid off, or on strike, or locked out, again provided that they have a job with the same employer to go back to, or to the same self-employed status eg. an actor 'resting' between jobs.

People whose contract of employment incorporates regular but intermittent work (eg. some staff in educational institutions, or professional sportsmen, whose wages are paid only during term time or in the season, and who therefore may not have worked last week) are included in this category.

The second four items listed on the card cover those members of the population who are about to start a job, or who are unemployed.

## D/04 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

This category covers people not in work last week but who have a definite agreement to start work on a set date. It does not include people who have been given a vague promise of a job if and when a vacancy occurs.

#### E/05 Unemployed and registered at a benefit office

This category covers those who are both unemployed and registered for benefit purposes. It does not cover those unemployed and registered only through the government employment service (eg. Jobcentre, local government careers offices).

Here, they must be unemployed and registered as unemployed for benefit purposes.

### F/06 Unemployed, not registered but actively looking for a job

This category includes all unemployed, not registered for benefit, but who are actively looking for a job. This would include people seeking work through central or local government employment service (Jobcentres, local authority Careers Offices etc), people registered with private employment agencies, people answering advertisements for work, advertising for work or even people just actively looking around for opportunities

## G/07 Unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job

Include here any unemployed (again not registered for benefit), but who are <u>not</u> actively looking for a job at the moment People who, for instance, have given up looking for work in their area because it has a high unemployment rate would be included here, or those who are ill and temporarily unable to look for work Respondents should normally be left to decide for themselves whether an illness in this case is temporary or not If in doubt, include it if it has lasted less than six months

The remaining three categories on the card cover those members of the population who are generally considered to be enconomically inactive

- H/08 Permanently sick or disabled covers people out of work and not seeking work because of permanent (or indefinite) sickness or disability. People who have never worked because of disability are included. Do not include retired people in poor health who would not be seeking work even if they were healthy. In cases of doubt over whether an illness or disability is permanent, treat it as permanent if it has lasted continuously for six months or more.
- J/09 Wholly retired from work covers people who have retired from their occupation at approximately the normal retirement age or who have taken 'early retirement', and are not seeking further employment of any sort Retired people who are permanently sick or have become disabled still count as retired

Women who leave work on marriage to become housewives or to raise a family and who have not worked for many years, should be classified as 'looking after the home' rather than as retired But it is difficult to define retirement exactly Apart from the proviso made about women, the respondent's description from the card should generally be accepted.

K/10 Looking after the home covers anyone more or less wholly involved in domestic duties when classifying economic position. There can be more than one person in a household in this category. But at Q 21 we are concerned only with the respondent's position.

- L/11 Doing something else is not on the showcard. It covers anyone who does <u>not</u> fit into any of the ten categories on the card. But remember that people who are in <u>any</u> kind of paid work (including casual self-employed jobs) or more than 10 hours in the week should not be included here.
- Q.24 'Self-employed' refers to work done on the person's own account, not being taxed through PAYE. Some self-employed persons will have their own businesses, some will simply be involved with casual or intermittent work. A person in a one-man business is not necessarily self-employed; if the business is a company, he or she may well be an employee of the company, drawing a salary and being taxed through PAYE.
- Q.26 The number of hours worked per week excludes travel time, meal times and irregular overtime. If there are no regular hours in the normal job, then take the hours worked during the seven days ending last Sunday.
- Q.27b At this question and elsewhere, the workplace is the establishment at or from which the respondent works. This will ordinarily have a single address. The employer of the respondent may of course run several establishments but these are not being asked about. Several questions refer to the workplace so it must be clearly established at this question.
- Q.30b) This is one of the few questions at which the respondent can give more than one answer. Please probe: 'Any other reasons' until the answer is 'no'.
- Q.31a) Answers to this, and similar, questions can be recorded either in months or years. Accept and record whatever answer is given. You should round up the answers to the nearest whole month. Two weeks or over is the next highest month; under two weeks is the next lowest. Probe for best estimates in all cases, even if (as at Q.75) the situation is hypothetical.
- Q.35 Note that you ask item i) of WOMEN ONLY; item j) of MEN ONLY; and item k) of BOTH. Do not forget to ask item k).
- Q.36a) If the respondent's answers at Q.35a) (part-time working available and taken advantage of) do not agree with the answer at Q.25 (working part-time by respondent's own definition), check his/her status: e.g. "Would you say you work full-time or part-time", then recode Q.25 or Q.35a) as appropriate and follow the filter-instructions at Q.36, Code 1 or Code 2.

^{0.39}a)

Q.61a) Probe: 'Any others' until 'no' and code all that apply.

Q.89a)

Q.98

- Q 41 If 'NONE OF THESE' (code 97) under first choice, there will
- Q 64 also be a code 97 (NONE OF THESE) in the left-hand column
- Q 91 under 'Second Choice'
- Q 45ab) We are interested in the extent to which respondents are
- Q 68ab) aware of, and use, <u>computer-based</u> technology. There is an 'other' code if you need it
- Q 52 Again, the number of hours worked excludes meal times and irregular overtime
- Qs55-58 The questions are asked of all self-employed persons, about their main self-employed occupation "Business" may not always be the best or most appropriate description, and you may therefore need to explain that the question refers to the paid work, whatever it is
- Q 58 Note that family members can be employee, BUT ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY Please check if unsure
- Q 81 If the respondent is not yet over 65 (men) or 60 (women) we want to know the age at which he or she has retired. If the respondent then says that (s)he has never worked, (eg. (s)he has interpreted 'retired from work' as meaning simply 'retired') ring code 00. Do not recode any other data
- Q 82b) Probe fully at this question
- Q 83a) Full-time or part-time job refers to all paid work whether as Q 84 an employee or self-employed Full-time is 30 hours or more a week, part-time is 10-29 hours
- Q 84 Here we want to know if it is likely that the respondent will look for a paid job in the next 5 years that is, if he or she sees it as likely that they will attempt to (re-) enter the labour market in the next 5 years
- Q 85 Note that you ask item i) of WOMEN ONLY, item j) of MEN ONLY, and item k) of BOTH Do not forget to ask item k).
- Q 91-93 It is important that respondents do not feel that we are
- Q 98-100 suggesting that they <u>should</u> work outside the home, we wish to know only how they would arrange childcare if they <u>did</u> work
- Q 107 In most cases people will feel closer to one statement or the other. In some cases, however, people may feel the two statements are related. In these cases, record the answer under 'other' and ring code 7

Q111ab) We are asking these questions about schemes (eg. BUPA and PPP) which provide for, and cover the cost of, private medical treatment and facilities. Do not include simple insurance schemes where the insured person receives a cash benefit when sick.

AT THIS POINT THE QUESTIONNAIRE DIVIDES INTO THE L AND Y VERSIONS

THE NEXT FEW PAGES OF THESE INSTRUCTIONS DEAL <u>FIRST</u> WITH THE 'L VERSION ONLY' QUESTIONS (L113a - L151); THEN WITH THE 'Y VERSION ONLY' QUESTIONS.

THE LAST PART OF THIS SECTION COVERS THE CLASSIFICATION QUESTIONS, MOST OF WHICH ARE ASKED OF ALL RESPONDENTS.

#### THESE INSTRUCTIONS COVER THE 'L' VERSION

- Q113ab) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-23, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the Christian religion. Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If none of the pre-coded categories exactly correspond with he respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate.
- Q.115 We would like you to ask respondents which group they consider themselves as belonging to. Never query the answer the respondent gives at this question.
  - If the respondent says 'of other origin', ask him or her which, and write in the answer word-for-word.
- Q.116a) In this question, by Asian we mean people from the Indian subcontinent. We have specified India and Pakistan as they main countries. However, we certainly do not wish to exclude people from Bangladesh, Sri Lanka or Asians from East Africa etc, should the respondent mention any of these countries or regions.
- Q.118 These are complicated questions. You may need to read them Q.120 twice before respondents understand them. If a respondent answers "I'm against race discrimination" (rather than "I'm against a law against race discrimination"), re-read the question. If you still think the respondent has misunderstood and answered the question the wrong way round, write a note about it on the questionnaire.
- Q.119 Read 'Britain' or 'Scotland' as directed above the question.

- Q121-122 These three questions ask about attitudes to sexual matters

  It is particularly important here that you do not even
  unwittingly let respondents know (or guess) what your own
  views are
- Q 122d) NOTE THAT THIS QUESTION IS NOT NUMBERED ON THE QUESTIONNAIRE Please write the d) in the margin so you do not forget to ask

After asking a)-c), we want to get a better idea of what respondent means by "homosexual" Note that we are using the words "gay" and "lesbian" in the questionnaire. This has not caused any difficulty in the past, and we have always defined the words wherever they are used

- Q 125 Stress 'in your area' at the question- and let the respondent decide what is or her area is
- Q 131) 'Or someone you know' is in commas, but please read it out
- Q 132 ) each time you ask the question
- Q 135 This is the start of a section dealing with matters like human rights, civil liberties, freedom of information and privacy. In this section, as in others, 'don't know' answers are quite acceptable, indeed, it is important for us to know the proportions of people without knowledge of, or strong opinions about, these matters
- Q 142 We want one answer at this question. If necessary repeat the question, emphasising 'closest'
- Q 144 Some respondents may ask "Do you mean PR/proportional representation?" You may reply "yes"
- Q 145 Read out 'the Scottish Nationalist Party' only to respondents living in Scotland and 'Plaid Cymru' only to respondents living in Wales All respondents must be asked about the first four parties, and the seventh (the Green Party)
- Q 148 We do not want to give the respondent any explanation of the words "nationalisation" and "privatisation". If asked, please tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of what he or she understands by the words
- Q 154 Tenure note that this question applies to the whole accommodation that the respondent's household occupies, not just to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation

Own leasehold or freehold outright those whose accommodation is wholly owned, i.e. they are not buying on a mortgage or with a loan

Buying leasehold or freehold: those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more.

Rented property: includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member: it could be paid by another member of the family (e.g. son on behalf of mother) or by income support direct to the landlord.

- Q.155 Code from observation and check the selected code with the respondent.
- Q.157 Stress '...in your area' when reading out the question and let the respondent decide what his or her area is.

## THESE INSTRUCTIONS COVER THE 'Y' VERSION



- Q.118a) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-23, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the Christian religion. Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If none of the pre-coded categories exactly correspond with he respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate.
- Q.120 We would like you to ask respondents which group they consider themselves as belonging to. Never query the answer the respondent gives at this question.

If the respondent says 'of other origin', ask him or her which, and write in the answer word-for-word.

- Q.121 Card AA, which you use at both these questions, is reproduced at the bottom of page 44Y, for your reference only.
- Q.125 Respondents should not feel that they <u>ought</u> to be concerned about any of these issues. Use the 'don't know' code as necessary.
- Q.126 Probe 'any others' until the answer is 'no'; use the NONE OF THESE code as necessary.

- Q 127a) Use code 4 ('Does not apply to me') only if the action is physically impossible (e g the respondent does not own a car at ii) or ix) Do not use it if the action is merely difficult even if it is very difficult. For instance, if there is no bottle bank near-by for recycling bottles, or if the respondent would have to buy a new car to use unleaded petrol, the answer should be 'Not at all', not 'Does not apply'. If a respondent does not know, for instance, whether his wife buys tolletries like soap which are not tested on animals, write in 'DK'. You would only code 'Does not apply' if the respondent did not use any tolletries at all
- Q 127 For each activity that the respondent says he or she does 'not at all' nowadays at a), ask b) about their <u>intentions</u> over 'the next year or so'
- Q 128 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, if closest to his or her views on the environment

If the respondent says "Alliance" please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code Alliance only if there is no alternative

- Q 129 Code from observation and check the selected code with the respondent
- Q 132a) We want to include anyone who smokes cigarettes at all, even if it is only a few cigarettes a week
- Q 132b) Please let the respondents decide whether they smoked
  - c) regularly, but if they smoked even a few cigarettes a week
  - d) regularly, that would count as 'yes'

Q 133

- Q 134 Probe for the <u>best estimate</u> at these questions and write the
- Q 135 number in the boxes provided

Q 137

- Q 138 Please do not imply to respondents that they ought to try to give up smoking
- Q 146 Tenure note that this question applies to the whole accommodation that the respondent's household occupies, not just to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation

- Own leasehold or freehold outright: those whose accommodation is wholly owned, ie. they are not buying on a mortgage or with a loan.
- Buying leasehold or freehold: those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more.
- Rented property: includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member: it could be paid by another member of the family (eg. son on behalf of mother) or by income support.
- Q.149a) Note that 'local authority' at this question includes those who have bought from the local council, or the GLC, the London Residuary Body or New Town Development Corporations. That is, it includes anyone who has bought housing that was previously owned by a public-sector body. And the ownership relates to the accommodation as a <a href="https://www.whole-">whole-</a> as owned by the person responsible for the mortgage not to the respondent's <a href="https://www.own.whole-">own</a> ownership.
- Q.149c) If respondent lived in rented accommodation less than one year ago, write in '00'.
- Q.156 Clearly the last item "at my age, I would not want to change" will not apply to many (younger) respondents and you will code it as such. But it must be read out to everyone. If necessary, you can explain afterwards that we have to include this reason for older people we interview.
- Q.158 Code from observation and check the selected code with respondent.
- Q.160 Stress 'in your area' when reading out the question, and let the respondent decide what his or her area is.

## CLASSIFICATION SECTION IS IDENTICAL ON BOTH VERSIONS

L&Y

Q.900a) At this question we are asking about respondent's legal marital status; there is a separate code for 'living as married'. The question is designed as a normal READ OUT question; you should code the highest on the list which applies (PRIORITY CODE).

- Q 900b) Before filling out the household grid, we ask you to find out how many people, INCLUDING the respondent, live as members of the household. The basic definition of a household is that its members are resident at the selected address and share at least one meal a day or share the living accommodation. For adults aged 18+, this should the up with the number listed as being over 18 at the selection grid on the CASS. If you see that it does not match the number given on the CASS, find out why (was the selection incorrect? or has someone moved in or out after the selection?) and write a note above the household grid or on the front cover of the questionnaire.
- Q 901 In the household composition grid, record the details required for every member of the respondent's household. Start with the respondent, and then work down the columns of the grid, collecting information about each household member in turn. At the end, check that the number of people for whom you have details in the grid equals the number given at Q 900.
  - c) is not concerned with legal status 'Spouse/partner' would include a person whom the respondent was living with as married 'Son/daughter' includes step-children, adopted and foster children

The chance of finding a household with more than 10 members is remote - but if you do, record the details of the 11th, 12th etc member on a spare questionnaire and attach it to 'the household grid' page of this questionnaire

- Q 901d) Legal responsibility refers to any member of the household who
  - owns the property or a share of it (ie has his or her name on the deeds)

<u>or</u>

rents the property solely or jointly (ie has his or her name in the rent book)

or

 has the accommodation by virtue of his or her own relationship to the owner (the owner <u>not</u> being a member of the household)

If any household member has legal responsibility for the accommodation ring code 1 for them at Q 901d) Otherwise, ring code 2 Do not leave any blanks.

Q 902 We simply want to know if the respondent has ever had any parental responsibility, even if no children currently live in the household

- Q.905ab) Code as appropriate and specify the relationship to the Q.906ab) respondent of the person doing or sharing the duties; if sharing, remember to specify whether the respondent is involved in the sharing. Always make sure the relationship to the respondent of the people involved is clear. This question is about who actually does the domestic duties and physical acts of caring. It is not about financial responsibility.
- Q.907 This question ask about the respondent's age when he or she completed continuous full-time education.
- Q.908 The main types of exams and qualifications are included here.
  Q.909 Code ALL that apply. We have split the qualifications into secondary school qualifications (at Q.908) and other qualifications (at Q.909). You should write in under 'other' any others that the respondents mentions, but we are interested only in educational or vocational exams and qualifications, not leisure activities, or St John's Ambulance, etc.
- Q.910 We wish to collect occupational details of almost all respondents, excluding only those who have never had a job.

Ask everyone else about their current, future or last job, as directed. If the respondent has never worked, write in at a). Please probe fully for all relevant details: If any are missing, we may be unable to code occupation accurately.

- At f), if the respondent is in any doubt about how to classify his or her employer's organisation, write in a description at 'other' code 07. The same applies at Q.914f).
- Q.911 The staff association referred to in these questions is an organisation of employees recognised, like a union, by management for the negotiation of pay and other conditions of employment. In certain professions (eg. banking) staff associations exist alongside or instead of trade unions.
- Q.913 We need to collect details of occupation for the respondent's spouse or partner. The same principles apply as to Q.23 and Q.910.
- Q.917 If you are in any doubt about which benefit(s) the respondent has received, record his or her answer verbatim under 'other benefit(s) volunteered'. If none, remember to code NONE (code 21).
- Q.918 You should obtain the total income of the household from all sources before tax. Income includes not only earnings but state benefits, occupational and other pensions, unearned income such as interest from savings, rent etc. For respondents in paid work in the last 7 days (Q.23) you should also obtain his or her own earnings.

In each case - for both income and earnings - we want the figures before the deductions of income tax, national insurance and other deductions. The questions refers to current level of income or earnings or, if that is convenient, to the nearest tax or other period for which the respondents is able to answer.

- Q 920b) If the respondent gives a telephone number, record it at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS on the tear-off slip But remember to code the question here too
- Q 923a), Remember to code both parts of this question as appropriate, b) to let us know how the self-completion questionnaire is going to be returned. And remember to code the relevant questions on the CASS
- Q924b)- Code the time you finished the interview (using the 24 e) hour clock), how long the interview lasted (in minutes), your interviewer number, and the date

PLEASE REMEMBER TO ENTER THE AREA CODE, THE RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NO ON THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE BEFORE YOU GIVE IT TO THE RESPONDENT.

If you have any queries or problems, please do not hesitate to telephone Sharon Witherspoon, or Lindsay Brook at SCPR (01-250 1866) in London Sharon's home telephone number is 01-340 8374 - but she is away during the first three weeks of April

Good Luck!

## INTERVIEWER:

PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT THE CASS IS COMPLETELY FILLED IN, INCLUDING THE RESPONDENTS' NAME.

- RETURN THE COMPLETED CASS TO THE BRENTWOOD FIELD OFFICE ONLY. DO NOT CUT OFF THE ADDRESS SLIP SEND THE CASS IN A SEPARATE ENVELOPE, NOT WITH THE QUESTIONNAIRE.
- CHECK THE MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE, AND THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE (IF YOU HAVE COLLECTED IT).
- DOUBLE CHECK THAT YOU HAVE <u>FILLED IN ALL THE IDENTIFICATION</u> <u>NUMBERS</u>. ESPECIALLY THE SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NUMBER
- THEN RETURN BOTH QUESTIONNAIRES TO THE BRENTWOOD FIELD OFFICE AS SOON AS YOU CAN.

THANK YOU FOR ALL YOUR HELP AND HARD WORK 1111

#### LOOK-UP CHART

(For 10-100 Dwelling Units or 10-100 persons at one issued address) IF THERE ARE 11 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 3 12 -----13 ----- 12 14 ----- 8 IF THERE ARE 15 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 16 -----17 ----- 13 18 -----19 ----- 14 IF THERE ARE 20 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 21 ----- 14 22 ----- 8 23 ----- 13 24 -----IF THERE ARE 25 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 26 -----27 ----- 17 28 ----- 17 29 ----- 2 IF THERE ARE 30 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 31 ----- 10 32 ----- 26 33 ----- 8 34 ----- 22 IF THERE ARE 35 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 36 -----3 37 ----- 28 38 ----- 19 39 ----- 25 IF THERE ARE HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 41 ----- 41 42 ----- 32 43 -----44 ----- 40 IF THERE ARE 45 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 46 ----- 35 47 ----- 8 48 ----- 36 49 ----- 15 IF THERE ARE HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 50 51 ----- 35 52 ----- 2 53 ----- 24 54 ----- 17 IF THERE ARE 55 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 56 ----- 27 57 ----- 39 58 ----- 3 (continued 59 ----- 48 overleaf)

IF THERE ARE	E 60 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	35
	61	- 22
	62	- 10
	63	- 51
	64	- 37
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	66	- 65
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To All interviewers working in Scotland on P.1090-- the 1990 British Social Attitudes Survey.

From The research team

23 March

Many of you asked at the briefing what you needed to do to cope with dwelling unit selections at tenements. You should follow this procedure:

First, check the labels on the front of the CASS. Check the exact address, and the names of the electors.

a). If you have the names of electors, try to find the part of the building that the surnames refer to. If, for instance, the names were

"Ian Roxborough"
"Margaret Roxborough"

then look for the part of the tenement occupied by the Roxboroughs. If you find it, then complete Q.3 on the CASS as if one dwelling unit only were present. You should only do this if all the named electors currently live or used to live in one flat/dwelling unit within the tenement. This means the sampling office was successful in identifying one household. You then carry on with the individual selection as normal.

- b) If you do not have the names of electors (the CASS label says "more than 6 electors, make a selection"), or if you cannot find the selected electors' household, or if you find that the listed electors live in two or more dwelling units, THEN YOU HAVE TO MAKE A DWELLING UNIT SELECTION BEFORE YOU CAN MAKE AN INDIVIDUAL SELECTION.
- c) Finally, remember to use the look-up table in the back of the project instructions if the tenement has ll or more dwelling units

I hope that clarifies things. You should find that in many cases you can proceed directly to an individual selection without have to make a dwelling unit selection. But remember to use the electors' names to help you locate the "exact address" we think we sampled.

Do feel free to telephone me if you have any questions,

Sharon Witherspoon

To All interviewers working on P.1090- the 1990 British Social Attitudes Survey

From The research team

#### 23 March 1990

As usual, a few further points have arisen from briefings, or from telephone calls. These are cases where we have made a mistake, or where there are minor inconsistencies in instructions. We do apologise!

- You should <u>not</u> detach your CASS slip from the CASS; ignore the instruction at the end of the questionnaire. CASSes are to be kept whole, and posted in a separate envelope from the questionnaire to which they relate.
- On the CASS, at Q.7, you list respondents in age order, oldest to youngest (NOT youngest to oldest.) Follow the instruction on the CASS itself.

#### 3. On the questionnaire:

#### BOTH VERSIONS

- Q.13 Note the typo: it should read "gone down", rather than "done down."
- Q.35k) This question does not work as gracefully as it might. If someone does have another arrangement for childcare, it will be straightforward, but if they do not, they may just answer "no". If possible, probe to see if there are any arrangments which they would like, but do not have, to decide whether to code 1 or 2. Otherwise, just write in NO on the lines provided.

#### Y(ellow) VERSION ONLY

Q.127 Please remember to go down, asking ALL the a) questions, and then remember to ask the b) question about each item coded "3" at a.) Remember that you should use the "does not apply" category only when something is physically impossible. Finally, at item vi ("choose to eat less meat"), you should code l if the person is a vegetarian.

Do feel free to telephone Lindsay Brook or Sharon Witherspoon if you have any queries, or to telephone Sharon at home. Thank you again,

## BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVEY

#### TO ALL INTERVIEWERS BRIEFING THEMSELVES ON P.1090

#### FROM THE PROJECT TEAM

(ROGER JOWELL, SHARON WITHERSPOON, LINDSAY BROOK, BRIDGET TAYLOR)

We will miss seeing you at briefings, but self-briefings for those who have worked on BSA before was one of the many suggestions you made last year We do listen to you!

You have been allowed one half-day for self-briefing, and you will want to read all these instructions carefully Even though you have worked on the survey before, there are many small changes which you will want to note

It is especially important that you note the following

- All your work is being returned to Brentwood. Even if your Field Controller is located in Darlington, you should return your work to Brentwood This way we can take advantage of computerised booking-in of your work
- Return your CASSes (if productive) in a separate A4 envelope from the questionnaires, BUT DO NOT REMOVE THE TEAR-OFF SLIP AT THE BOTTOM That is done at the Brentwood office
- You should use only the A4 envelopes for returning your own work, even if it is just a single self-completion questionnaire. Only the respondent should use the A5 envelope to return the self-completion questionnaire, that way, we have a final check as to how it was actually returned
- PLEASE MAKE SURE YOU WRITE THE SERIAL NUMBER ON ALL QUESTIONNAIRES, INCLUDING SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRES
- Half of your assignment will be L(avendar) version addresses, and half will be Y(ellow) version addresses. The CASSes and questionnaires are colourcoded. Please make sure you use the correct version of the questionnaire for each address, see page 12 of the project instructions for vital notes about this.
- Of course, you will need to read all the detailed instructions given for particular questions But pay careful attention to the instructions for the following questions

#### Both versions:

Q 23-- for definitions of employment status

Q 35

Q 36a

'L' version only:

Q 118

Q 122d

Q 145

'Y' version only.

Q 126

0 127

Q 156

Both versions

Q 901

THANK YOU AND GOOD LUCK!

P.1090

Spring 1990

## BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVEY

#### BOOK INFORMATION FORM

To: The Publications Officer
SCPR
35 Northampton Square
London
EC1V OAX

My name and address are:

I took part in the British Social Attitudes 1990 survey. I understand that you plan to publish a book about the survey in autumn 1991. Please send me a leaflet in 1991 which tells me when the book will be published, and how my local library or I might obtain a copy of the book.

NAME:

ADDRESS:

POSTCODE:

#### PLEASE NOTE:

We will post the leaflets in autumn 1991, before publication day, when many national newspapers will be writing about the survey. If you give a copy of the leaflet to your local library, it may be able to obtain a copy of the book.

Please give this form to the interviewer, or post it back whenever convenient to SCPR at the address above. Thank you again for your help.



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON ECIV OAX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

From 6th May 1990 dial 071 instead of 01

OR TELEPHONE (0232) 761579

#### NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### Dear Resident

Our Ref

February 1991

P 1135

You may have read about the Social Attitudes study in the newspapers, or heard about it on the radio or television. It is a widely-reported annual survey whose findings are also used by government as a way of finding out about changing public attitudes

The questionnaire covers a whole range of topics, from the National Health Service to giving to charities, from unemployment to the cost of living Each year we publish a book on the results. No special knowledge is needed to answer any of the questions. All replies are treated in confidence and are never linked to names or addresses.

Your address is one of about 1,500 selected at random from the ratings list of all addresses in Northern Ireland. Within the next few weeks one of our interviewers will call on you, show you an identification card, and ask you for your co-operation in choosing a person at random from your household to take part in the survey. If you happen to be busy when the interviewer calls, he or she will be happy to call again at a more convenient time.

We very much hope you will take part in the survey, and are sure that you will find it interesting and enjoyable

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell

#### Director

PS We should be grateful if you would show this letter to other members of your household, in case you are out when we call



35 NORTHAMPTON SQUARE
LONDON ECIV OAX
TELEPHONE 01-250 1866
FAX 01-250 1524

From 6th May 1990 dial 071 instead of 01

Our Ref. P.1135 Feb/March 1991

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

We are asking for your help in an important survey of social attitudes in Northern Ireland. Its aim is to discover what people think and feel about all sorts of questions on which everyone has views. For instance, we will ask what you think about the National Health Service, unemployment, giving to charities and the cost of living.

The addresses we contact and the person to be interviewed are selected at random by statistical techniques, and the interviewer may not take substitutes. It is important that we interview everyone we approach, not just those with strong views; the co-operation of every selected person is important.

SCPR is an independent research institute registered as a charity. As with all our surveys, the questionnaires are anonymous and no-one will be named or identifiable in any way. The statistical results will be published in a book. A summary of the results is also given to various government departments, to newspapers and to some charitable foundations, to let them know how people really feel about important issues.

The study is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, but also has support from the Nuffield Foundation, from government departments and from private industry. Interviewers from the Policy Planning and Research Unit in Northern Ireland will carry out the survey and have an identity card they can show you.

We hope you will enjoy the interview, and that the survey will help lead to better understanding of the views of the people of Northern Ireland. Even if you are unsure about it, do please allow us to start the interview and see how you get along. If you have any questions about the survey which the interviewer cannot answer, please contact my colleagues on the Social Attitudes team at PPRU on (0232) 761579.

Thank you very much for your help.

Roger Jowell

Director

Belfast Tel No (0232) 761579

P 1090/REM1/NI

Spring 1990

SN

## NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

Within the last month or so you very kindly agreed to be interviewed as part of an important survey of social attitudes in Northern Ireland At the same time we asked you to fill in a self-completion questionnaire and return it to us by post in a pre-paid envelope

As we have not yet received the self-completion questionnaire from you, I wonder if I could ask you to spare a little more of your time? The self-completion questionnaire is an important part of the survey. It contains questions on some topics not covered in the main interview, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. We need to get the views of everyone in our sample, not just those with strong opinions or particular viewpoints.

Thank you very much for your help, and for agreeing to the interview I look forward to hearing from you

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell Director, SCPR

PS If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for writing to you again

Belfast Tel. No. (0232) 761579

P.1090/REM2/NI Spring 1990

SN:

#### NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES

#### 1990 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

About two weeks ago we sent you a letter about the questionnaire that our interviewer left with you. The self-completion questionnaire is a very important part of our Northern Ireland Social Attitudes survey on which you kindly agreed to be interviewed.

As we have no record of having received your questionnaire, we are enclosing another copy, in case the first copy was mislaid, and a prepaid envelope. We hope you will find the questionnaire both interesting and enjoyable. We need to hear from as many people as possible, so that the information we collect represents the views of a true cross-section of the public in Northern Ireland.

We do greatly appreciate your co-operation in this study, and hope you will find time to fill in the questionnaire and return it to us. Without it an important part of the picture will be missing.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

Roger Jowell Director, SCPR

PS. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and forgive us for writing to you again.

Enc1./

P.1090/NI Spring 1990

# NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1990 SURVEY

## Project Instructions

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#### 1. Background

In six out of the last seven years, Social and Community Planning Research has fielded a large national survey in Britain. This series, called British Social Attitudes, has become one of SCPR's most well-publicised surveys and an important source of information about contemporary Britain.

The study has three main outcomes:

- a) A book on the survey is published in autumn each year. This Report, published by Gower, presents the main findings of the survey, and is important in keeping SCPR's name before a wide public audience. The latest book was published in mid-November 1989. The findings are widely known and discussed on radio and TV programmes, in articles and features in newspapers and magazines.
- b) The data from the survey are deposited in the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) data archive, and made available for analysis by the academic community, or any other interested data user.
- c) Various government departments get summary reports on the findings and use them in their policy planning.

The Social Attitudes survey is designed to measure contemporary social attitudes and how they change over time. Such findings are of interest now, for instance, to government departments anxious to have more information about people's **own** assessments of, for example, their work or their housing circumstances. But the data are also contributions to social history, to allow analysts in the future to discover what people thought and felt about the major social issues of today.

In 1988, the Nuffield Foundation, a charitable research body, agreed to fund the costs of extending the survey to Northern Ireland if the Policy Planning and Research Unit (PPRU) would contribute funds for the fieldwork. The first round of fieldwork took place in 1989, and this survey is the second of three funded by Nuffield and PPRU.

Some of the questions will be identical to those asked in Britain; others will be asked only in Northern Ireland. This year, there is a module, or group of questions, on crime, law and order and the police in Northern Ireland. In addition, some of the questions (on the role of government) will be asked in the Republic of Ireland, allowing for unique three-way comparisons of the views of people living in these three places.

Other topics covered this year include some asked about in all previous years - for example, unemployment, the National Health Service and welfare benefits - and others which are asked less often: for example, about civil liberties.

The British Social Attitudes survey is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Family Charitable Trusts, with contributions also from several government departments (Employment, Environment, Health and the Home Office), the Countryside Commission and the Health Education Authority

The costs of mounting the survey in Northern Ireland are coming partly from the Nuffield Foundation, and partly from PPRU—You may find it useful to stress that SCPR is an independent non-profit making charitable research institute, and that the Nuffield Foundation is contributing funds and sitting on the advisory group (The Nuffield Foundation is also funding the series of questions on civil libertarian issues )

As in earlier years, there is a self-completion supplement for each respondent to fill in after the interview. It contains questions on topics covered in the main questionnaire. It also has some questions on the role of government in people's lives—these questions are being asked in eight other European countries (including the Republic of Ireland) and also in the United States and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes

#### 2. Notifying the Police

As on other surveys, you must notify the local police station in the area where you will be working Please use the normal procedures

### 3. The Sample

The 1400 addresses in your sample have been drawn from the ratings lists. They are issued to you in the form of labels attached to a form which we have called a Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS). The surname of the household living at each address when the lists were compiled is also given when it was available, but this is only to make contacting easier: in order to interview a representative cross-section of the adult population, you will need to list all adults (aged 18+) at each sampled address and select one at random for interview. The way to do this is described in Section 8 below

It is vital that the person chosen for interview at each address is selected by strict random sampling principles. If we interviewed only those people who happened to be at home at the first call, or who were especially keen to be interviewed, our sample would almost certainly be unrepresentative of the adult population of Northern Ireland

#### 4. Contact Procedures

You must attempt to make contact at each address in your assignment You must call on at least 3 occasions, at different times of day and at suitably spaced times before you classify the address unproductive. If necessary, at least one of these calls should be in the late afternoon or evening and one at the weekend

This year, as an experiment, a letter is being sent in advance of your visit, to half the sample addresses (those with an even-numbered serial number). Many interviewers thought that this would help gain people's co-operation, and research by PPRU has indicated that this may indeed be so. There is a copy of the letter among your materials, and you will need to show it to relevant respondents at the end of each interview, when we ask them what they thought of the letter.

As always, it is very important that we achieve a high response rate in this survey. Please keep trying to contact all the issued addresses until the end of the fieldwork period. Keep trying all non-contacts as long as you are calling in the area. If you sense a respondent may be about to refuse, it often helps if you withdraw, offering to call again at a more convenient time, before a formal refusal is actually given. Only by interviewing as many as possible of those selected for the sample can we be confident that the answers we get are representative of the views of all people aged 18 and over.

It is vital that we achieve a high response rate. Therefore we are asking you to:

- call the office before you return any Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASSs) for untraceable addresses to the office. PPRU might be able to find out some information which will help you locate 'hard to find' addresses;
- o return all completed CASSs for other **deadwood** addresses (vacant premises, etc.) to the office as soon as possible. There should be little deadwood, and we would like to have these back in the **first fortnight** of the field period;
- o return a completed CASS for each **definite refusal** to the office as soon as possible
- o keep trying to contact your non-contacts, broken appointments etc. until the end of the fieldwork period, even if you have made 3 calls. Then whenever you are in the neighbourhood try again, unless you heave learned that the selected respondent will not be available until after the end of the fieldwork (due to holiday, illness etc.). Complete the CASS for all your non-contacts and return them to the office with your final work.

You must never substitute one address for another, nor substitute one selected individual for another. The sample has been randomly selected, and any substitutions you make would lead to bias in the results.

Remember to show your Identity Card when you introduce yourself. It you think it will help you to get an interview, you can give the person you initially contact a copy of the introductory letter, or the newspaper leaflet describing the study or the SCPR leaflet, or all three, as part of your introduction. In any case, you must leave a copy of the introductory letter and the SCPR leaflet with each respondent after the interview.

The interview will last, on average, about one hour, though it will be slightly shorter for those not in paid work. Older respondents, too, may take a little longer on average to answer the questionnaire. So please allow enough time between appointments.

## 5. Suggested Introduction

We have found that the best introduction for interviewers to use is the one they feel most comfortable with And it is vital to start at the beginning and explain the purpose of the survey to each person you see at an address, don't assume a husband, wife or parent of the selected respondent has passed information on

These are some of the kinds of things you might say when you introduce yourself and explain about the survey We are not suggesting that you use this suggested introduction word-for-word it is for you to adapt as you think best in each situation

"Good morning/afternoon/evening My name is , and I am doing a survey for Social and Community Planning Research, an independent social research institute We are carrying out a survey to discover what people nowadays think and feel about a wide range of important issues, such as the health service, unemployment, housing and crime The survey results are published in a book which shows the views various people have about day-to-day issues "

At this point, you can show the introductory letter, or the leaflet about the survey, or both

## 6. Questions you may be asked

## Q: How did you get my address?

A The addresses in the survey were selected from lists of all addresses in Northern Ireland These are publicly available. Then, a certain number of addresses were selected "at random" - such as taking every 50th or 60th address on the list. Your address came up purely by chance - but once it comes up, I cannot go to another address instead. No one else can be interviewed. This is how we make sure that we fairly represent the views of everyone in Northern Ireland.

## Q: How do I know that what I tell you will be treated in confidence?

A SCPR makes all efforts to keep the information you give us confidential Your rights as a respondent, and the way in which we honour those rights, are set out in this leaflet about SCPR (SHOW AND HAND OVER) Also, SCPR is registered under the 1984 Data Protection Act

In addition, we do not have your name or address on this questionnaire At all times both will be kept separate from the answers that you give

us. Your questionnaire is identified by a serial number, for administrative purposes. This means that no individual can be linked to answers he or she gives, and the survey itself is written up as statistical summaries only.

## Q: Why should I take part?

A: Surveys are voluntary but it is very important that a true cross-section of the public takes part in studies like this one if we are to understand what people think about the social issues of the day. This means that we want to know the views of **everyone** in our sample. If a lot of people refuse to take part then we cannot be sure that our results really reflect the views of all people. No special knowledge is needed, and we need to know the views of everyone, not just those with particular viewpoints.

#### Q: I'm not sure ...

A: Even if you're not sure, do please let me start the interview and then see how you get along. You can stop at any stage if you wish to.

#### Q: How do I know you are a genuine researcher/research organisation

A: First, you have a letter from the research team at SCPR. The letter describes the survey and explains why your co-operation is important. There are telephone numbers at which you can contact local colleagues of SCPR at PPRU, as well as the head office in London, if you have any further questions to ask. Secondly, we are leaving a leaflet about SCPR, which is an independent non-profit making institute for survey research.

#### Q: What happens to the results?

A: The statistical results are published each year in a book, available in libraries and bookshops (AT THIS POINT YOU CAN SHOW THE COVER OF THE SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL REPORT). I can give you a form to fill in, so you will be notified when the book about this year's survey is published next year. Your local library will be able to get a copy. Each year there is lots of newspaper publicity when the book comes out, and the survey is widely agreed to be an impartial and fair account of what people think about important social issues.

### 7 Materials for the survey

1 Calls and Sample Selection Sheets (CASS)

see Section 8

2 Call Continuation Sheets (yellow)

see Section 8

3 Appointment cards

4 'Newspaper' leaflets about the survey

use as necessary

5 Cover of The Special International Report

6 Book notification forms

7 Introductory letters for respondents

leave one with each respondent

- 8 Project instructions (this document)
- 9 Set of show cards (A-H, J-U, W-Z, AA-HH, JJ-00)
- 10 Interview questionnaires
- 11 Self-completion questionnaires
- 12 Pre-paid A5 envelopes (for respondents to use in returning the self-completion questionnaires in those cases where they cannot be picked up)
- 13 Leaflets about SCPR

leave one with each respondent

You will also have the usual PPRU field administration documents and forms. These include prepaid A5 envelopes for returning the CASS slips and pay claims (to Mrs E Adams, PPRU) and prepaid A4 envelopes for returning CASSs and questionnaires (addressed to SCPR, PO Box 408, Belfast)

Please make sure you have adequate supplies of all these materials before you start interviewing

#### 8. Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS)

These are the forms on which your assignment of addresses is issued You will have one for each address in your sample Besides giving the selected address, the CASS has three other purposes

- o it provides space for you to give details of all the calls you make, and the outcomes
- o it allows you to select one adult at random for interview
- o and in a case you do not achieve an interview it enables you to give the reason and (where possible) collect a little information about the non-respondent

It works just like a normal questionnaire and you should follow the filter instructions in the normal way.

You will see that the address, its serial number and other vital information are given on two separate labels on the first page of the CASS.

- the label at the <u>top</u> of the page contains the address serial number (4 digits plus a check letter), region number (always 12) and the area number (4 digits), plus a small look-up table to allow you to select a random adult at the address for interview (see below). Please also check that your name and interviewer number are written in the appropriate boxes on page 1.
- the label at the <u>bottom</u> of page 1 again contains the 3 address identification numbers, the selected address (and the postcode if known) and the name of the head of household given for that address on the ratings list (if known). Remember that this is not the name of the selected respondent. We have given it only because it may help at your first visit. You <u>always</u> have to select a random adult at each address.

Also on page 1, you will see that there is space for you to keep a note of the times, dates and results of all your calls. Please remember to fill this in at each separate visit: it will help you to plan any further visits you may have to make. If you make more than six calls, then please enter those on one of the Calls Continuation Sheets provided.

From here on, you fill in the CASS just like a questionnaire.

Qs.1-5 deal with the <u>address</u>. If you find that the address contains two or more dwelling units (eg. flats, bedsitting rooms), Qs.4 and 5 take you through the steps necessary to select **one** at random, by listing them all in a systematic way and using the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose one at which to seek an interview. Because the sample was drawn from ratings lists, this will happen only very rarely. But remember it is **exact** address that counts. If it is given on the address label as 'Flat 4, 12 Belfast Road', it is that part of accommodation that is the sampled address, not the whole of no.12.

(In the very rare case of 11 or more dwelling units at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions).

It is essential that - if you need to select a dwelling unit - you follow the rules in making this selection. Only in this way can we be sure that we end up with a truly random sample of accommodation units and adults living there.

At Q 5, write in the number of the **selected** dwelling unit, (the "DU" code), that is the number printed on the grid at Q 4 - not the flat or room number of the unit itself

Qs.6-9 help you to select the <u>individual within the address</u> for interview On each occasion when there is more than one person living at the address (or dwelling unit), you must list all adults living there in age order and use the small look-up table on the top label on page 1 to choose <u>one</u> for interview

At Q 7, all resident adults must be listed in age order, oldest to youngest. Just write in the ages - <u>not</u> the names, in order to preserve confidentiality. For example

AGE OF ADULTS	PERSON NUMBER
44	01
41	@
22	03
19	04
	05

So there are 4 adults in this household Look at the bottom flap where you will see something like this

Person/DU	2	3	4	5	6	10
Select	2	1	<b>②</b>	3	4	9

Read off the number printed under '4' this is the person to be interviewed At <u>Q 8</u>, write in the person no that is printed in the grid at Q 7 So in the example, person no 2 (the 41 year old) has been selected, and you will write '02' in the boxes at Q 8 Once a random selection has been made, no substitute can be taken, even if there is someone else living there who is available and willing to be interviewed

Please note two other points

- o if there are (eg.) two 44 year olds, list them in order of whose birthday is first (ie. the older of the two),
- o make sure that you write in their ages: this is part of the way that backchecks can be carried out in your work.

If there are 11 or more adults living at an address, use the look-up chart at the back of these instructions to select one at random for interview.

A useful tactic is to explain at the outset that you have to ask a few questions beforehand to make sure you interview the 'right person' - to ensure that you get a true cross-section of views and give everyone an equal chance to be included. If you can make the person giving the information feel that he or she is **helping** - and know why it is necessary - you will find it easier to gain co-operation.

We need the following information for each person successfully interviewed:

- the name of the selected person, if you can obtain it. Write this on the <u>back</u> of the address label slip at the bottom of page 2 of the CASS. (If someone refuses to give their name, write in 'Refused'.)
- o whether a full or partial interview was carried out Q.10. (We define a 'partial' interview as one where half or more (21+) pages of the questionnaire were filled in, plus the classification section (pp 44-57).
- o details about the self-completion questionnaire (Q.11) see Section 9 following.
- o interview length (Q.12)

Finally, for productive interviews, detach the address label slip to safeguard the confidentiality of the information that the respondent has given us. It may help if you do this in the respondent's presence, so you can demonstrate how you can ensure that 'the answers are anonymous', and explain that the questionnaire is sent to the office in a different envelope from the form containing name and address. Send the CASS slip with your pay claims in the special A5 envelope marked "for the attention of Mrs.E.Adams". Do not send them to the PO Box. For productive interviews, you then send the rest of the CASS along with the questionnaire(s) together in the A4 envelope to the SCPR PO Box.

For all cases where you have <u>not</u> achieved an interview, return the entire CASS (with the slip still attached) to the PO Box. If you have managed to select a respondent but have not got an interview, then fill in Qs.13a) and b) to tell us the sex and age of the selected respondent.

A last few points before we turn to the questionnaires

- (i) Any responsible adult member of the household may provide the information that you need in order to establish who it is you are to interview But never take information from those aged under 18
- (11) Note that you interview <u>only</u> persons living at listed addresses There is no case where you would follow anyone to a different address, although you could of course interview him or her somewhere else (eg at work) No substitutes are permitted, so if the selected person is in hospital or away for the duration of the survey, or too old or too ill to be interviewed, then no interview can take place
- (111) This survey is intended to cover only the population living in private households not those living in institutions. But people can be living as private households within institutional premises. Even if the address you have been given appears to be an institution, check that no one is living in a private household on those premises before rejecting an interview there

#### 9. The Self-completion questionnaire

There are two times when respondents may fill in the self-completion questionnaire

- o <u>Immediately after the interview</u>, before you leave and while you are checking the first questionnaire Ideally, we would prefer it to be filled in then
- In the respondent's own time, after the interview In this case you will need either to call back to pick up the questionnaire, or to arrange for the respondent to post it back to the SCPR Box No , in the A5 prepaid addressed envelope you will have left for the purpose

Under no circumstances should you give the self-completion questionnaire to the respondent to fill in <u>before</u> the interview.

In practice, you may find that some respondents regard the self-completion questionnaire as too long to complete immediately after the interview. This means that you will have to leave the questionnaire with the respondent. But in order that our response rate on the self-completion questionnaire (which has been very good) does not go down, we would like you to try to call back and pick it up as long as you are still working in the area. This helps remind the respondent how important it is

The rules for the self-completion questionnaire are:

1. You should write the Area Number, the respondent's Serial Number and your Interviewer Number in the boxes provided, <u>before</u> you hand over the questionnaire. We strongly advise you to enter the Area Number and your Interviewer Number on all questionnaires before your first day in the field.

Without these identifying numbers, the self-completion questionnaire cannot be used.

Please also write a code number in the 'Rec.' box, as follows:

1.	if you yourself are sending the self-completion questionnaire and the interview questionnaire back to the office together. Also ring code '1' at Q.11 on the CASS
2.	if you yourself are sending back the self-completion questionnaire <b>separately</b> (after the main questionnaire). Also ring code '2' at Q.11 on the CASS.
	Leave the box <u>blank</u> if you leave the questionnaire with the respondent for him or her to return direct to the office. Also ring code '3' at Q.11 on the CASS.

- 2. If you leave the self-completion questionnaire at an address after the interview, leave it only with the selected respondent the person you interviewed. The self-completion questionnaire (like the interview) may be filled in only by the selected respondent. No substitute is acceptable.
- 3. If the questionnaire cannot be completed by the end of the visit at which you carry out the interview, then please arrange to call back for it provided you are still interviewing in that area (you could use one of your appointment cards to remind the respondent of when you are calling for the questionnaire). If this is not possible, you should leave the prepaid envelope we have provided and ask the respondent to post the self-completion questionnaire back to the office. If you do this please remember to ring code '3' at Q.11 on the CASS. (We will then know whether or not to send out reminders to respondents whose questionnaires have not arrived.)
- 4. Never leave the respondent in any doubt as to how he or she should return the questionnaire. If you have arranged to call back for it, make sure that your respondent realises this and that you keep your appointment. If you cannot arrange to call back, make sure that the respondent knows it is to be posted back, and stress the need for (decent) speed.

- If you do wait for the questionnaire or call to collect it later, please try to spend a minute checking through to see that it has all been filled in Any gaps can then be tactfully pointed out to the respondent and he or she should be asked to fill them in, even if it means writing in 'don't know' where appropriate
- On rare occasions, it might be clear that a willing respondent needs your help to complete the questionnaire, because of, say, poor eye-sight or illiteracy. In such cases, treat the questionnaire as if it were an extension of the interview, and tick the boxes accordingly, with the respondent at your side.

### 10. The Interview questionnaire : general guidelines

First, a feature of such a wide-ranging questionnaire may be that people are likely to be much more interested in some questions than in others. The particular interviewing challenge posed is one of establishing the right speed at which to progress through the questions. Rushing the respondent clearly has to be avoided but an over-deliberate approach would be equally wrong. It may be that some respondents want to give a great deal of thought to some of the issues, but we are seeking to capture present attitudes, not to conduct a philosophical discussion or a political debate! If some respondents have no particular viewpoint on a topic, or if they cannot answer the question as posed, it is acceptable to code or enter DK or an 'other answer', and move on to the next question

**Second**, throughout the questionnaire we will be using a number of general phrases that may cause the respondent to ask for further explanation Examples might be

"The UK's interests"	Q 3
"Threat to world peace"	Q 7
"The UK's general industrial performance"	Q 13

In these and many similar case we do not wish to give the respondent any further explanation The phrases used are intended as general ones. Simply read the question or statement out, and tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of whatever he or she understands by the phrase

Third, at questions where a space has been provided for 'other' answers, they should be recorded verbatim. There is also a code that should be ringed when an 'other answer' is entered. Unless specifically stated, an 'other answer' coded should be ringed only when one of the pre-coded answers cannot be ringed, after probing

In the questions where there is no specific provision for 'other answers', none is anticipated, although should they occur, they should be entered somewhere near the question. But, as a general rule for questions in which no 'other answer' space is provided, first repeat the question with appropriate emphasis before accepting an 'other answers'. For example, in the question: "Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace", you get the answer "Sometimes one, sometimes another". Before accepting this answer and entering it, the question should first be repeated with the emphasis: Which of the phrases is closest to your opinion ..." You can also use phrases like "Generally", "In general", etc. as probes, otherwise repeating the question wording exactly.

Fourth, the interview questionnaire is divided into several sections, each of which deals with a broadly defined group of subjects (see below for details). Respondents do not need to be made aware of the various sections of the questionnaire during the course of the interview; the questionnaire was designed to be administered as a single unit with a reasonably smooth transition between groups of questions and different topics.

LAYOUT OF THE INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE

SECTION	<u>PAGES</u>	TOPICS
ONE	1-3	(include) newspaper readership, relations with the EEC and NATO, defence policy
TWO	4-17	Economic policy and employment
THREE	18-20	Government spending, the welfare state and the NHS
FOUR	21-23	Social class, religion, sexual relationships
FIVE	24-32	Crime and the police
six	33-37	Civil liberties
SEVEN	37-41	Countryside and the environment
EIGHT	42-43	Housing
NINE	44-57	Classification

If a respondent does break off the interview part way through (this happens very rarely), try to complete the classification section - the last fourteen pages of the questionnaire.

### 11. The interview questionnaire ; in detail

- Q 1 A single newspaper is the preferred answer at b) If the respondent maintains, in spite of probing, that he or she reads more than one daily morning paper equally frequently, do not code but write in the relevant papers under 'Other'
- Q 6 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, if closest to his or her views on defence

  If the respondent says "Alliance" (and is not referring to the Northern Ireland party), please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code (Mainland) Alliance only if there is no alternative

Write in N I political parties at 'Other' and code 7

- Q 12 At a) we want to know which the government should give highest priority to, at b) we want to know which is of more concern to the respondent and his or her family
- Q 21 The respondent may well choose several items on Card E showing various types of economic activity undertaken 'last week' that is the seven days ending last Sunday These should all be coded on Column I The highest on the list (the first that applies) or the one category, if there is only one, then gets transferred to Column II (ECONOMIC POSITION) If you interview on a Sunday, the seven days are the ones ending the previous Sunday

The ECONOMIC POSITION of the respondent determines which group of questions will be asked in the remainder of Section Two (ie up to Q(60))

Those in paid work (Code 03) are asked

- (if employees) Qs 22-33
- (if self-employed) Q 22, then Qs 34-41

Those in full-time education (01) are asked Q 42

Those on government training schemes (02) are asked Q 43

Those waiting to take up paid work (04) are asked Q 44

All the unemployed (05, 06, or 07) are asked Qs 45-48

Those permanently sick or disabled (08) are asked Q 49

Those wholly retired from work (09) are asked Qs 50-54

Those looking after the home (10) are asked Qs 55-59

Those doing something else (11) are asked Q 60

# The following notes explain the items on CARD E at 0.21 a little more fully

# A/01 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

All students, even those doing vacation jobs during the last week, are to be coded in this category. If the student is on vacation and will continue to be a student only if he or she passes an exam, assume that the exam will be passed and still treat the respondent as in full-time education. People on government training schemes (ET, etc) are EXCLUDED from this category. They should be counted as B/O2.

### B/02 On government training/employment scheme

People on government-sponsored training or employment schemes. Schemes should be coded here. They should <u>not</u> be coded as 'In paid work' or 'In full-time education' (even if they are doing the educational part of the scheme).

# C/03 In paid work for at least 10 hours in the week (or away temporarily from that work)

This category includes all types of paid work, whether for an employer, or on the respondent's own account as self-employed. It includes casual, part-time and temporary work provided that it amounts to at least 10 hours in the week.

Voluntary work, or work carried out where only expenses are reimbursed or work paid for in kind (eg. be receiving board and lodging only) where there is no financial transaction, are EXCLUDED from this category. People temporarily away would include those who were absent from work last week because of sickness or injury, holiday, compassionate leave, or maternity leave, provided that they have a job to go back to with the same employer or as self-employed in the same field. It would also include people who were temporarily laid off, or on strike, or locked out, again provided that they have a job with the same employer to go back to, or to the same self-employed status eg. an actor 'resting' between jobs.

People whose contract of employment incorporates regular but intermittent work (eg. some staff in educational institutions, or professional sportsmen, whose wages are paid only during term time or in the season, and who therefore may not have worked last week) are **included** in this category.

The second four items listed on the card cover those members of the population who are about to start a job, or who are unemployed.

### D/04 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

This category covers people not in work last week but who have a definite agreement to start work on a set date. It does not include people who have been given a vague promise of a job if and when a vacancy occurs

### E/05 Unemployed and registered at a benefit office

This category covers those who are **both** unemployed **and** registered **for benefit purposes** It does not cover those unemployed and registered only through the government **employment** service (eg Jobcentre, local government careers offices)

Here, they must be unemployed and registered as unemployed for benefit purposes

### F/06 Unemployed, not registered but actively looking for a job

This category includes all unemployed, not registered for benefit, but who are actively looking for a job. This would include people seeking work through central or local government employment service (Jobcentres, local authority Careers Offices etc), people registered with private employment agencies, people answering advertisements for work, advertising for work or even people just actively looking around for opportunities

### G/07 Unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job

Include here any unemployed (again not registered for benefit), but who are <u>not</u> actively looking for a job at the moment People who, for instance, have given up looking for work in their area because it has a high unemployment rate would be included here, or those who are ill and temporarily unable to look for work Respondents should normally be left to decide for themselves whether an illness in this case is temporary or not. If in doubt, include it if it has lasted less than six months

The remaining three categories on the card cover those members of the population who are generally considered to be enconomically inactive.

H/08 Permanently sick or disabled covers people out of work and not seeking work because of permanent (or indefinite) sickness or disability. People who have never worked because of disability are included. Do not include retired people in poor health who would not be seeking work even if they were healthy. In cases of doubt over whether an illness or disability is permanent, treat it as permanent if it has lasted continuously for six months or more.

J/09 Wholly retired from work covers people who have retired from their occupation at approximately the normal retirement age or who have taken 'early retirement', and are not seeking further employment of any sort. Retired people who are permanently sick or have become disabled still count as retired.

Women who leave work on marriage to become housewives or to raise a family and who have not worked for many years, should be classified as 'looking after the home' rather than as retired. But it is difficult to define retirement exactly. Apart from the proviso made about women, the respondent's description from the card should generally be accepted.

- K/10 Looking after the home covers anyone more or less wholly involved in domestic duties when classifying economic position. There can be more than one person in a household in this category. But at Q.21 we are concerned only with the respondent's position.
- L/11 **Doing something else** is not on the showcard. It covers anyone who does <u>not</u> fit into any of the ten categories on the card. But remember that people who are in **any** kind of paid work (including casual self-employed jobs) or more than 10 hours in the week should **not** be included here.
- Q.22 'Self-employed' refers to work done on the person's own account, not being taxed through PAYE. Some self-employed persons will have their own businesses, some will simply be involved with casual or intermittent work. A person in a one-man business is not necessarily self-employed; if the business is a company, he or she may well be an employee of the company, drawing a salary and being taxed through PAYE.
- Q.24 The number of hours worked per week excludes travel time, meal times and irregular overtime. If there are no regular hours in the normal job, then take the hours worked during the seven days ending last Sunday.
- Q.25b At this question and elsewhere, the workplace is the establishment at or from which the respondent works. This will ordinarily have a single address. The employer of the respondent may of course run several establishments but these are not being asked about. Several questions refer to the workplace so it must be clearly established at this question.
- Q.29b) Answers to these five questions can be recorded either in Q.45a) months or years. Accept and record whatever answer is given.

Q.45b)

- Q.48a) You should round up the answers to the nearest whole month.
- Q.57b) Two weeks or over is the next highest month; under two weeks is the next lowest.

Probe for best estimates in all cases, even if (as at Q.48a) the situation is hypothetical.

- Q 35 Again, the number of hours worked **excludes** meal times and **irregular** overtime
- Qs39-41 The questions are asked of all self-employed persons, about their main self-employed occupation "Business" may not always be the best or most appropriate description, and you may therefore need to explain that the question refers to the paid job, whatever it is
- Q 41 Not that family members can be employee, BUT ONLY IF THEY RECEIVE A REGULAR WAGE OR SALARY Please check if unsure
- Q 54 If the respondent is not yet over 65 (men) or 60 (women) we want to know the age at which he or she has retired. If the respondent then says that (s)he has never worked, (eg (s)he has interpreted 'retired from work' as meaning simply 'retired') ring code 00. Do not recode any other data
- Q 57a) Full-time or part-time job refers to all paid work whether as q 59 an employee or self-employed Full-time is 30 hours or more a week, part-time is 10-29 hours
- Q 59 Here we want to know if it is likely that the respondent will look for a paid job in the next 5 years that is, if he or she sees it as likely that they will attempt to (re-) enter the labour market in the next 5 years
- Q 64 In most cases people will feel closer to one statement or the other. In some cases, however, people may feel the two statements are related. In these cases, record the answer under 'other' and ring code 7
- Q 68a)b) We are asking these questions about schemes (eg BUPA and PPP) which provide for, and cover the cost of, private medical treatment and facilities. Do not include simple insurance schemes where the insured person receives a cash benefit when sick
- Q 70a)b) Please note that the first set of codes (02-07, 21-22, 27, 08) all relate to different denominations of the **Christian** religion Codes 09-14 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If none of the pre-coded categories **exactly** correspond with he respondent's religion, the answer should be written in as 'Other Protestant', 'Other Christian' or 'Other non-Christian' as appropriate
- Q 77a-c These three questions ask about attitudes to sexual matters
  It is particularly important here that you do not even
  unwittingly let respondents know (or guess) what your own
  views are

Q.78 This is the start of the module on crime and the police. It has been thoroughly piloted, and many revisions have been made as a result of what interviewers reported back after fieldwork. Responses to these questions will be extremely important to policy-makers in Northern Ireland. In general, respondents seemed to enjoy this section during the pilot.

Some of the questions ask about crime in general; some ask specifically about non-sectarian crime; and others about sectarian crime, to do directly with the Troubles. If at any stage, the respondents' answers indicate that he or she is muddling the two, remind the respondent which type of crime you are asking about.

- Q.84 Ring one code only here. If the respondent gives two or more q.86 answers, repeat the question stressing <u>'most likely'</u>.
- Q.89 Do not include random checks here (eg. roadblocks at which most or all cars are stopped).
- Q.90) 'Or someone you know' is in brackets, but please <u>read it out</u> Q.90) each time you ask the question.
- Q.97a) You code <u>one</u> of the three security forces at a); and read outb) the other two at b) and code <u>one</u> in the second column.

If 'none' at a) or 'don't know', skip b) and go to Q.98.

Q.101a), If (Mainland) Alliance is mentioned, please be sure to probe b), c) "Social and Liberal Democrat or SDP (Owen)?". Only if the respondent cannot choose between these two parties should you code (Mainland) Alliance.

'Tory' should be coded as Conservative and 'Socialist' (unqualified) as Labour. All other descriptions of party should be written as 'Other party' and coded 08. Other answers (such as "undecided") should be written in under 'Other answer', and coded 09.

- Q.102 This is the start of a section dealing with matters like human rights, civil liberties, freedom of information and privacy. In this section, as in others, 'don't know' answers are quite acceptable; indeed, it is important for us to know the proportions of people without knowledge of, or strong opinions about, these matters.
- Q.109 We want one answer at this question. If necessary repeat the question, emphasising 'closest'.
- Q.110 Section seven includes some questions about the countryside that have been asked in Britain in earlier years, and some new questions about the environment generally that are being asked in both Britain and Northern Ireland for the first time.

- Q 110a), Card BB, which you use at both these questions, is reproduced b) at the bottom of page 37
- Q 116b) For each activity that the respondent says he or she does 'not at all' nowadays at a), ask b) about their <u>intentions</u> over 'the next year or so'
- Q 117 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt, the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, if closest to his or her views on the environment If the respondent says "Alliance" (and is not referring to the Northern Ireland party), please probe "Social and Liberal Democrats or SDP (Owen)?" and code (Mainland) Alliance only if there is no alternative
- Q 121 Tenure note that this question applies to the whole accommodation that the respondent's household occupies, not just to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who is/are legally responsible for the accommodation

  Own leasehold or freehold outright those whose accommodation is wholly owned, ie they are not buying on a mortgage or with a loan
  - Buying leasehold or freehold those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more
  - Rented property includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member it could be paid by another member of the family (eg son on behalf of mother) or by income support
- Q 122 Code from observation and check with respondent
- Q 900 Before filling out the household grid, we ask you to find out how many people, INCLUDING the respondent, live as members of the household. The basic definition of a household is that its members are resident at the selected address and share at least one meal a day or share the living accommodation
- Q 901 In the household composition grid, record the details required for every member of the respondent's household. Start with the respondent, and then work down the columns of the grid, collecting information about each household member in turn. At the end, check that the number of people for whom you have details in the grid equals the number given at Q 900.
  - c) is not concerned with legal status 'Spouse/partner' would include a person whom the respondent was living with as married 'Son/daughter' includes step-children, adopted and foster children

The chance of finding a household with more than 10 members is remote - but if you do, record the details of the 11th, 12th etc. member on a spare questionnaire, detach page 44, and attach it to page 44 of this questionnaire.

- Q.901d) Legal responsibility refers to any member of the household who:
  - owns the property or a share of it (ie. has his or her name on the deeds)

<u>or</u>

rents the property solely or jointly (ie. has his or her name in the rent book)

<u>or</u>

has the accommodation by virtue of his or her own relationship to the owner (the owner <u>not</u> being a member of the household).

If any household member has legal responsibility for the accommodation ring code 1 for them at Q.901d). Otherwise, ring code 2.

- Q.903a/b Code as appropriate and specify the relationship to the Q. Q.904a/b respondent of the person doing or sharing the duties; if sharing, remember to specify whether the respondent is involved in the sharing. This question is about who actually does the domestic duties and physical acts of caring. It is
- Q.905 This question ask about the respondent's age when he or she completed **continuous** full-time education.

not about financial responsibility.

- Q.906) The main types of exams and qualifications are included here.
  Q.907) Code ALL that apply. You should write in under 'other' any that the respondents mentions, that are not on the list, but we are interested only in educational or vocational exams and qualifications, not leisure activities, St John's Ambulance,
- Q.908 We wish to collect occupational details of almost all respondents, excluding only those who have never had a job.

Ask everyone else about their current, future or last job, as directed. If the respondent has never worked, write in at a). Please probe fully for all relevant details: If any are missing, we may be unable to code occupation accurately.

At f), if the respondent is in any doubt about how to classify his or her employer's organisation, write in a description at 'other' code 07. The same applies at Q.912f).

Q.909 The staff association referred to in these questions is an

- Q 910 organisation of employees recognised, like a union, by management for the negotiation of pay and other conditions of employment In certain professions (eg banking) staff associations exist alongside or instead of trade unions
- Q 911 We need to collect details of occupation for the respondent's spouse or partner The same principles apply as to Q 21 and Q 908
- Q 915 If you are in any doubt about which benefit(s) the respondent has received, record his or her answer verbatim under 'other benefit(s) volunteered'
- Q 918 You should obtain the total income of the household from all sources before tax Income includes not only earnings but state benefits, occupational and other pensions, unearned income such as interest from savings, rent etc For respondents in paid work in the last 7 days (Q 21) you should also obtain his or her own earnings

In each case - for both income and earnings - we want the figures **before** the deductions of income tax, national insurance and other deductions. The questions refers to current level of income or earnings or, if that is convenient, to the nearest tax or other period for which the respondents is able to answer.

- Q 920 Do not ask for the respondent's telephone number, and do not record it if volunteered We simply want to know if respondents have a telephone
- Q 922a), Remember to code both parts of this question as appropriate, b) to let us know how the self-completion questionnaire is going to be returned And remember to code the relevant questions on the CASS
- FINALLY Code the time you finished the interview (using the 24 hour clock), how long the interview lasted (in minutes), your interviewer number, and the date

... AND PLEASE REMEMBER TO ENTER THE AREA CODE, THE RESPONDENT'S SERIAL NUMBER AND YOUR INTERVIEWER NUMBER ON THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE BEFORE YOU GIVE IT TO THE RESPONDENT

If you have any queries or problems, please do not hesitate to telephone first, PPRU, and then if necessary, they will pass you on to Sharon Witherspoon or Lindsay Brook at SCPR (01-250 1866) in London Sharon's home telephone number is 01-340 8374

#### Good Luck!

### INTERVIEWER:

Please remember to return to the office, along with the completed INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE:

- o the Calls and Sample Selection Sheet (CASS) with the slip detached (use the A5 enveloped)
- o and, if possible, the completed SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE, with all the identifying numbers filled in (use the A4 envelope)

Thank you for all your help and hard work

### LOOK-UP CHART

(For 10-100 Dwelling Units or 10-100 persons at one issued address)

IF TUEDE ADE	11 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 3
IF INDRE ARE	12 6
	13 12
TE TUENE AND	14 8 15 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 11
IF THERE ARE	15 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 11 16 7
	17 13
	18 3
IF THERE ARE	19 14 20 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 2
II THEKE AKE	21 14
	22 8
	23 13
IF THERE ARE	24 5 25 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 12
	26 6
	27 17
	28 17 29 2
IF THERE ARE	30 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 21
	31 10
	32 26 33 8
	34 22
IF THERE ARE	35 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 8
	36 3
	37 28 38 19
	39 25
IF THERE ARE	40 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 16
	41 41 42 32
	43 9
	44 40
IF THERE ARE	45 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 7
	46 35 47 8
	48 36
	49 15
IF THERE ARE	50 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 44
	51 35 52 2
	53 24
_	54 17
IF THERE ARE	55 HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER 49 56 27
	56 27 57 39
	58 3 (continued
	59 48 overleaf)

IF	THERE	ARE	60	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	35
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			62		10
			63		51
			64		37
IF	THERE	ARE	65	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	64
			66		65
			67		66
			68		28
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LF	THERE	AKE	70 71	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53 25
			72		
			73		50
			74		39
IF	THERE	ARE	75	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	51
	1112112		76		11
			77		12
			78		74
			79		42
ΙF	THERE	ARE	80	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	9
			81		33
			82		51
			83		69
			84		78
ΙF	THERE	ARE	85	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	53
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			87		66
			88		23
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			94		12
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	*********	*****	96	HOODEHOLDS BELLGT NORDER	3
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			98		25
			99		61
IF	THERE	ARE	100	HOUSEHOLDS SELECT NUMBER	99

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Spring 1990

### NORTHERN IRELAND SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1990 SURVEY

### **BOOK INFORMATION FORM**

To: Publications Officer
SCPR
35 Northampton Square
London
ECIV OAX

I took part in the Northern Ireland Social Attitudes 1990 survey I understand that you plan to publish a book about the survey in autumn 1991 Please send me a leaflet then which tells me when the book will be published and how my local library or I might obtain a copy of the book

My name and address are

NAME:	
ADDRESS:	
POSTCODE:	

#### PLEASE NOTE

We hope to post leaflets in autumn 1991, before publication day, when many national newspapers will be writing about the survey. If you give a copy of the leaflet to your local library, it may be able to obtain a copy of the book

Please give this form to the interviewer, or post it back whenever convenient to SCPR at the address above.

### Income bands for gross household income and gross personal income, 1983-90

GB Q.918 a and c NI Q.918 a and c

Code	Letter on card	1983, 1984 and 1985 (GB only)	1986 and 1987 (GB only)	1989 (GB and NI)	1990 (GB and NI)
01	х	Less than £2,000	Less than £2,000	Less than £2,000	
02	P	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999	£2,000 - £2,999
03	Q	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999	£3,000 - £3,999
04	R	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999	£4,000 - £4,999
05	T	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999	£5,000 - £5,999
06	S	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999	£6,000 - £6,999
07	0	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999	£7,000 - £7,999
08	K	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999	£8,000 - £9,999
09	L	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999	£10,000 - £11,999
10	В	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999	£12,000 - £14,999
11	2	£15,000 or more	£15,000 - £17,999	£15,000 - £17,999	£15,000 - £17,999
12	M		£18,000 - £19,999	£18,000 - £19,999	£18,000 - £19,999
13	F		£20,000 or more	£20,000 - £22,999	£20,000 - £22,999
14	J			£23,000 or more	£23,000 - £25,999
15	D				£26,000 - £28,999
16	H				£29,000 - £31,999
17	С				£32,000 or more

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