

British Social Attitudes1985 Survey

Technical Report

Sharon Witherspoon

Social and Community Planning Research

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the **Qualitative Research Unit** which specialises in the design, conduct and interpretation of group discussions, depth interviews and other non-quantitative methods of social research.

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INTRODUCTION

1 1 The series

This report describes the design, administration and data format of British Social Attitudes 1985 survey. This is the third in an annual series of surveys started by SCPR in 1983 and core-funded by the Monument Trust until at least 1987. The series is designed to chart movements in a wide range of social attitudes in Britain attitudes towards politics, the economy, the workplace, and other social and moral issues. It is similar to the General Social Survey carried out by NORC in the United States. The data derive from annual cross-sectional surveys with a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over living in private households in Britain.

The study has been designed as a series of surveys, to allow the monitoring and understanding of <u>trends</u> in attitudes. The survey is repeated at annual intervals not because we believe that most social attitudes change dramatically from year to year, but because one of the aims of the study is to examine the relative rates at which different sorts of attitudes change

Not all questions or groups of questions (modules) are included in each fieldwork round. The modules repeated annually tend either to be on subjects where fairly rapid change in attitude is expected - and for which an annual trend line is therefore likely to be helpful - or on variables such as demographic characteristics or party identification which are needed for interpreting other answers. In any event, constraints of space (we confine ourselves to an average of an hour-long interview each year), the need for economy and our wish to insert at least one fresh module into the questionnaire every year for the time being, combine to limit the frequency with which each group of questions can be carried. All questions are, however, scheduled for regular repetition

Users may like to take note of other developments to the Social Attitudes series which might affect the analyses they intend to carry out, this dataset may not be the most appropriate for their purposes

First, the ESRC has funded the introduction of a panel element into the series, enabling about one third of the 1983 respondents to be reinterviewed in 1984. This allows individual attitudinal change, rather than aggregate change, to be both measured and modelled. The panel has also been continued in the 1985 round of fieldwork. For further information about the panel, please contact Denise Lievesley or Jennifer Waterton at SCPR, a separate data tape and technical report will be produced for the panel.

Second, the Nuffield Foundation funded SCPR to convene a series of meetings at which we could confer with our counterparts in the USA (NORC), the Federal Republic of Germany (ZUMA), and Australia (ANU) to devise a module of identical questions to be carried in all four countries. The first such module, on attitudes to government intervention and the role of government, is part of the 1985 dataset, and direct international comparisons on this topic will now be possible. Further rounds on different topics are planned in 1986 and 1987. The Australian National University at Canberra is also planning to produce a cumulative datatape with the results of all

participating countries and standardised background variables, and this will be deposited at the ESRC archive as soon as it is available.

Third, standardised SPSS-X system files have now been produced for the 1983, 1984 and 1985 data. These have been written by John Curtice at the University of Liverpool with help from Clarissa Levine, a researcher at the University of Oxford. The SPSS-X files for 1985 will be deposited at the Archive with the datatape, thus freeing users from the necessity of devising their own SPSS files. (Of course full data are still available on the tape to allow alternative classification or assembly of variables.) 1983 and 1984 SPSS-X system files are also being deposited.

Fourth, we have arranged for 'on-line' access via the Data Library at the University of Edinburgh. This will mean that users who wish to examine only a few questions and who have access to a terminal can access the data immediately, using JANET or a special telephone account. For further details contact SCPR or Peter Burnhill at the Centre for Applications, Software and Technology (CAST), 18 Buccleuch Place, Edinburgh EH8 9LN (tel. 031 667 1011, ext. 6204).

Finally, the user may wish to pool data from more than one year in order to examine particular subgroups. For instance this might be desirable when looking at questions relating to employment-status, or ethnic identity. A cross-index of the 1983, 1984, and 1985 surveys appears as Appendix J of this volume, so that identical questions may be compared. SCPR is happy to give advice on such pooling. From 1986, the sample size of the survey will be increased to 3000, which should give greater scope than in 1984 for the separate inspection of subgroups and for multivariate analysis, although all questions may not be asked of the larger sample.

1.2 The 1985 survey

As with the previous Social Attitudes surveys, the 1985 questionnaire had two sections. The main part was a questionnaire administered by interviewers, and lasting on average, about an hour. The second section was a short self-completion supplement for respondents to fill in either before or after the interview. The supplement was, in the event, completed by all but 15% of respondents.

As noted above, an appendix to this volume, contains a cross-index to the 1983 and 1984 surveys, which allows identical questions to be identified and compared. However, as we found in 1983, a few questions did not seem to work very well, despite contrary indications at the pilot stage. Many survey series face this difficulty, and its resolution is by no means straightforward. To change or remove unsatisfactory questions would sacrifice comparability over time; to retain them would run the risk of producing and reproducing misleading information. Neither practice is desirable but one or the other is unavoidable. Wherever any change has been made to question wording which might affect the interpretation, we note this and give full details in the cross-index in APPENDIX J.

Each year SCPR is committed to producing a book which serves as a guided tour around some of the substantive findings. The book on the 1985 survey is British Social Attitudes The 1986 Report (ed by Jowell, Witherspoon and Brook Aldershot) Potential users of the data may wish to look at that volume to see if questions pertaining to their field of interest were included in the 1985 survey (the questionnaires appear as Appendix III to that volume, as well as in Appendix H of this report) The survey may be of interest substantively (either as a single cross-sectional sample or eventually as recording change over time) or methodologically (for instance, in comparing different ways of asking questions, or the development of scale items)

The 1985 survey was core-funded by the Monument Trust, whose generous support has guaranteed the existence of the survey until at least 1987 Contributions have also been made by several other organisations the Department of Employment, to ensure adequate coverage of the employment-related questions, the Department of Environment, to ensure coverage of the housing questions, the Countryside Commission, for the module on countryside issues, the Nuffield Foundation, for support of the International Social Survey Project module on the role of government, the ESRC, for the panel element, and Marks and Spencer plc and Shell UK Ltd, who have provided support to help ensure the continuation of the series

The dataset for each year's survey is deposited at the ESRC Data Archive at the University of Essex so that anyone in the social science community may do analytic or interpretative work of their own. This volume is intended to serve as the technical documentation for the 1985 datatape, to allow users to find and interpret the information they need

I would like to thank Lindsay Brook for compiling the response information, and for preparing the cross-index of the 1983, 1984, and 1985 surveys

THE SAMPLE

The survey was designed to achieve 1800 interviews with a representative sample of adults aged 18 or over living in private households in Britain

For practical reasons, the sample was confined to those living in private households whose addresses were included in the electoral registers. Thus we excluded people living in institutions (though not private households at such institutions) and those living in private households whose addresses were not on the electoral register.

In order to reduce the number of out-of-scopes, fieldwork was moved back one month so that current electoral registers (those coming into effect in February 1985) could be used — The sampling method involved a multi-stage design, with four separate stages of selection

2 1 Selection of parliamentary constituencies

The first task was to select 114 parliamentary constituencies from among all those in England, Scotland and Wales (In Scotland constituencies north of the Caledonian Canal were omitted for reasons of cost)

Prior to selection, the constituencies were stratified according to information held in SCPR's constituency datafile. This datafile is a compilation of information gathered from OPCS Monitors, and includes a variety of social indicators such as population density, per cent Labour vote at the last general election, per cent of those holding professional qualifications, per cent of male unemployment, etc. The stratification factors used in this survey were

- 1 Registrar General's Standard Regions (see Appendix A)
- 2 Population density persons per hectare over 10 5 - 10 under 5
- 3 A ranking by percentage of homes that were owner-occupied (This was felt to give more equal strata than, for instance, the per cent of those voting Labour at the last election, which in any event correlates to some extent with per cent owner-occupation)

Constituencies were sampled in a systematic way, with probability proportionate to the electorate in the constituency. This gives rise to a random sample of constituencies

2 2 Selection of polling districts

In the course of selecting constituencies, a random elector was picked in each selected constituency. Then all the polling districts in the constituency were listed in order within wards, and all wards in order within the constituency, using the order given in the OPCS constituency file. The electorate was then cumulated for each polling district throughout the constituency file, and the polling district that contained

the random elector was then identified and selected. 114 polling districts were selected using this procedure, which again results in random selection with probability proportionate to the electorate.

Appendix A contains a listing of the selected constituencies and polling districts included in the sample.

2.3 Selection of addresses

Twenty-two addresses were selected in each of the 114 polling districts, using the Electoral Registers. The sample issued to interviewers was therefore 114 x 22 = 2508 addresses. The selection was made from a random starting point and, treating the list of electors as circular, a fixed interval was applied to generate the required number of addresses for each polling district. By this means addresses were chosen with probability proportionate to their number of listed electors. At each sampled address the names of all electors given on the register were listed, and the name of the individual on which the sampling interval landed was marked with an asterisk (this person is known as the 'starred elector').

2.4 Selection of individuals

The sample selection procedure adopted is one which minimises the amount of weighting required, since the Electoral Register cannot be satisfactorily taken as a frame of individuals, although it is reasonably complete as a frame of addresses. Overall only about 3.6% of adults live in addresses which are not in the Electoral Register in the April following publication. The age group least well covered is 18-24 year olds, of whom about 8% live in addresses not in the Register. As many as 14% of New Commonwealth citizens who are eligible to vote live in addresses not in the Register. There is also some regional variation, with about 9% of adults in Inner London, and about 6% in the South West of England living in addresses which are not in the register.

In order to convert this sample of addresses into a sample of individuals, the interviewers called at the address of each 'starred elector'. listed all those eligible for inclusion in the sample, that is all persons currently aged 18 or over and resident at the selected household. Where the listing revealed a difference between the register entry and the current members of the household, (because there had been movement in or out of the address since the register was compiled, or if some people were not registered), the interviewer selected one respondent by means of a random selection grid (a Kish grid). In households where there had been no change, the interviewer attempted to interview the 'starred elector'. Where there were two or more households at the selected address, interviewers were required to identify the household of the elector whose name had led to the selection of that address, or the household occupying that part of the address where he or she used to live, before following a similar procedure. The documents used in identifying addresses (the Address Record Form, or ARF) and in selecting respondents (the Respondent Selection Sheet, or RSS) may be found in APPENDIX C

3 WEIGHTING

Prior to analysis, the data were weighted to take acount of any differences between the number of people listed on the register and those found at the address. Such differences occured in approximately 20% of cases, in each of which the data were weighted by the number of persons aged 18 or over living at that household, divided by the number of electors listed on the register for that address

Weights were applied as follows

- A number of listed electors at the address (col 109 110)
- B number of listed electors in the sampled household (col 139 140)

weight

- C = number of eligible people in the household (col 144 145)
- D number of eligible people at the address (col 147 148)
- E number of dwelling units at the address (col 149 150)
- F number of eligible people in selected dwelling unit
- (col 153 154)
 G number of adults aged 18 or over in household (0 98b)

One household at the address

- Electors on register exactly correspond to eligible people $\frac{C}{A}$ = 1 in the household
- Eligible people in the household do \underline{not} exactly correspond \underline{C} to the electors listed on the Register

Two or more households at the address

- 3 Electors on the Register exactly correspond to these eligible $\frac{C}{B} = 1$ in starred elector's household
- Eligible people in the starred elector's household do not exactly correspond to the members of that household listed on the Register $\underline{\underline{C}}$
- Starred elector not resident selection made from whole $\frac{D}{A}$
- 6 Starred elector not resident selection made from ExF
 one dwelling at the address A

Where Respondent Selection Sheet was missing

7 Proxy weight of numbers of adults in household compared to number of electors on Register

The vast majority of such weights fell within a range between 0.25 and 2.0; in only seven cases were weights greater than 2.0 applied, ranging 3.0 to 8.0. In about 80% of cases, the number of persons listed on the register and those found at the address matched, so the effective weight was one.

THE DATA MUST BE WEIGHTED BEFORE ANALYSIS. Weights for each record have been computed and may be found on columns 155 - 161 of the dataset. A decimal point is implied at column 157 (e.g. the format is xx.xxxx).

4 SAMPLING ERRORS

No sample reflects precisely the characteristics of the population it represents because of both sampling and non-sampling errors. As far as sampling error is concerned, if a sample were designed as a simple random sample - i e if every adult had an equal and independent chance of inclusion in the sample - then we could calculate the sampling error of any percentage, p, using the formula

s e (p)
$$-\sqrt{\frac{p(100 - p)}{n}}$$

where n is the number of respondents on which the percentage is based Once the sampling error had been obtained, it would be a straightforward exercise to calculate a confidence interval for the true population percentage For example, a 95% confidence interval would be given by the formula

Clearly, for a simple random sample (srs), the sampling error depends only on the values of p and n However, simple random sampling is almost never used in practice because of its inefficiency in terms of time and cost

As noted above, the Social Attitudes sample, like most large scale surveys, was clustered according to a stratified multi-stage design into 114 polling districts. With a complex design like this, the sampling error of a percentage is not simply a function of the number of respondents in the sample and the size of the percentage, but also depends on how the characteristic is spread within and between polling districts. The complex design may be assessed relative to simple random sampling by calculating a range of design factors, DEFTs, associated with it, where

DEFT -
$$\sqrt{\text{Variance of estimator with complex design, sample size n}}$$

Variance of estimator with srs design, sample size n

and represents the multiplying factor to be applied to the simple random sampling error to produce its complex equivalent. A design factor of one means that the complex sample has achieved the same precision as a simple random sample of the same size. A design factor greater than one means the complex sample is less precise than its simple random sample equivalent.

If the DEFT for a particular characteristic is known, a 95% confidence interval for a percentage may be calculated using the formula

p ± 1 96 x complex sampling error (p)

-
$$p \pm 1 96 \times DEFT \times \sqrt{\frac{p (100 - p)}{n}}$$

In order to assess the impact of clustering the Social Attitudes sample in 114 polling districts, sampling error computations were carried out for a range of variables which were expected to exhibit different degrees of clustering; these included some classification variables, some behavioural variables and some attitudinal variables. These have been calculated by SCPR's Survey Methods Centre using the World Fertility Survey 'Clusters' program.

The table overleaf contains examples of the DEFTs calculated. The vast majority lie in the interval 1.0-1.5.

In general, classification variables have DEFTs in the range 1.0-1.5 with the important exception of housing tenure, which has a high DEFT because tenure is strongly related to area. Most design factors for behavioural and attitudinal variables lie in range 1.3-1.8, and in the case of many attitudinal variables DEFTs are at the lower end of the range. In the case of attitudinal variables, then, the fact that DEFTs are close to 1.0 means that the use of standard statistical tests of significance (based on the assumption of simple random sampling) is unlikely to be seriously misleading. For certain variables, however, particularly those strongly associated with area, care needs to be taken in the interpretation of test statistics and the estimation of parameter values.

It should be noted that these calculations are based on the total sample from the 1985 survey (n = 1,804) and that errors for proportions based on subgroups would be larger.

		1985	Survey	Sampling	Errors
		%(p)	Complex standard error of p (%)	DEFT	95% confidence interval
Q 2	Party identification Conservative Alliance Labour	30 8 17 6 36 5	1 5 1 2 1 9	1 41 1 35 1 67	27 7-33 9 15 2-20 0 32 7-40 2
Q 75	Housing tenure Rented from local authority Rented from housing association Other rented	29 8 2 0 7 0	2 5 0 5 1 0	2 28 1 59 1 61	24 9-34 7 0 9-3 0 5 0-8 9
Q 100	Age of completing full-time education 16 or under 17 or 18 19 or over	75 9 12 6 10 2	1 8 1 0 1 0	1 75 1 35 1 40	79 4-15 8 10 5-14 7 8 2-12 2
Q 7	Britian should rid itself of nuclear weapons	27 2	1 4	1 36	24 4-30 1
Q 10	Expect inflation to go up	88 1	0 8	0 99	86 6-89 6
Q 11	Expect unemployment to go up	67 0	1 3	1 20	64 3-69 7
Q 73	The government should increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social benefits	45 4	1 4	1 18	42 6-48 1
Q 86	What is taught in schools should be up to the local education authority to decide	52 6	1 5	1 3	49 5-55 7
Q 87	A system of comprehensive schools provides the best all- round education for secondary school children	45 4	1 4	1 2	42 6-48 2

5 DATA COLLECTION AND RESPONSE

5 1 Pilot

Pilot interviews were carried out between 23 February and 5 March Four interviewers worked on this stage of the survey, and between them carried out 30 interviews according to quota The pilot stage was personally debriefed The sample for the pilot was selected on a quota basis to include men and women, manual and non-manual workers, a range of ages and people with and without employment

5 2 Main stage fieldwork

The start of fieldwork was delayed by one month in 1985, in order that current Electoral Registers could be used Interviewing was carried out largely during the months of April and May 1985, with approximately four per cent of interviews (twelve of them re-issued addresses) carried out in June

The interviews were carried out by 114 interviewers drawn from SCPR's regular interviewing panel, all of whom attended a one-day briefing about the questionnaires and sampling procedures. Interview length averaged about 53 minutes

The response achieved is shown below

	No	*
Addresses issued	2508	
Vacant, derelict, out of scope	58	
In scope	2450	100
Interview achieved	1804	74
Interview not achieved	646	26
Refused	472	19
Non-contact	118	5
Other non-response	56	2

For a more complete statement of response, see Appendix B

There were some regional variations in achieved response. The highest levels of response were achieved in the West Midlands (82%) and the North (82%) with the lowest levels in Yorkshire and Humberside (71%), South East (70%) and Greater London (63%). A Summary of response by Standard Region is included in Appendix B

The self-completion questionnaire was longer in 1985 than in previous years, due to the inclusion of the international social survey programme module. Where necessary, two postal reminders were sent to obtain the supplement, and self-completion questionnaires were accepted until mid-July when the data was being edited.

In 274 instances (fifteen percent of the achieved sample), the self-completion questionnaire was not returned by the respondent, and is therefore absent from the dataset. Those not returning a self-completion questionnaire included a higher proportion of respondents aged 65 or over (21% of those who did not complete a self-completion questionnaire were over 65 compared with 16% of the sample as a whole). Non-respondents were also slightly more likely to be those who worked in semi-skilled or unskilled manual occupations, and to be those with no party allegiance.

Since the overall proportion returning a self-completion questionniare was still fairly high, (85%), it was felt that these non-response biases did not warrant corrective weighting of the self-completion questionnaire. Those not returning a self-completion questionnaire will have blank records on cards 20, 21 and 22, and are coded 118-119 '51'. Records with a self-completion questionnaire are identified at 118-119 '61'.

6 DATA PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS

6 1 Data preparation

As questionnaires were returned from the field they were booked in (that is, checked against the issued sample) and sent to SCPR's office at Brentwood for clerical editing and data preparation. A coding supervisor was appointed for this stage of the survey and she worked closely with both project director and programmer

Data editing was carried out using both clerical and computer methods — The clerical coding team initially went through each questionnaire and it was at this stage that occupation coding was carried out, and also the coding of all open questions — Listings were prepared of verbatim answers to all open questions from 200 questionnaires — From these listings, code frames were drawn—up by the project director and amended and agreed with the University researchers — The code frames were then incorporated into the clerical edit and coding process

Following the clerical edit the questionnaires were sent for punching which was 100% verified. The computer edit followed, this contained a full set of range and filter checks. Error reports generated by the computer were of two kinds, a summary of errors by type and a listing of individual errors. Some classes of error were resolved by the application of logical rules, the remainder by individual amendments made by reference to the questionnaires. After correction, the records were re-submitted to the edit procedure. The edit process continued until all records 'passed'

6 2 The data

Appendix D contains a copy of the questionnaire marked with editing instructions and all extra codes added during analysis. In general code 8 (or 98, or 998, depending on the range of the column field) was used for "don't know" responses, while 9 (or 99, or 999) was used to indicate no response. Some open-ended questions were asked of subgroups which were too small to allow statistical analysis, serial number listings of answers to such questions are included in Appendix G. Final listings of "other" answers to all other questions were compiled, and may be obtained from SCPR if required for a particular purpose. Coding frames of the columns used for open-ended questions may be found in Appendix E.

Some coding (for instance occupation coding) requires further explanation

6 3 Occupation coding

The occupation coding scheme used by SCPR is based on the 1980 Classification of Occupations as used for the 1981 Census. Two elements, 1980 Occupation Code and Employment Status, are coded. This enables Socio-Economic Group (SEG) and Registrar General's Social Class to be derived by reference to a look-up table. These items are then added to the dataset, as indicated.

The filtering for this question is the same as that used in 1984, but is slightly different from that used in the 1983 Social Attitudes Survey. In 1984 and 1985 occupation information was collected about the respondent and the respondent's spouse or partner. (In 1983, occupation information was also obtained about a traditionally-defined 'head of household'; see the filtering before Q.97 in the 1983 questionnaire.)

Social Class may be classified according to each respondent's current occupation only or according to respondent's current or last occupation, if the respondent is not presently in paid employment. Thus, for all respondents classified as being in paid work at the time of the interview, or as waiting to take up a paid job already offered, or as seeking work, or as retired or as looking after the home, the occupation (present, future or last as appropriate) was classified. (This differs from the practice adopted in the 1983 Social Attitudes survey, in that information about the last occupation of those looking after the home is also collected.)

In the 1980 Classification of Occupations, the codes appear as the 161 categories of KOS (The Department of Employment's Key Occupations for Statistical Purposes), followed by a full stop, followed by a 1 or 2 digit suffix. SCPR records these codes with the full stop omitted, left-justified in a 5-digit field. As most codings have only a 1 digit suffix, the last position in the 5 column field is usually blank. The respondent's occupation coding may be found on columns 925-929, while the occupation coding of the respondent's spouse or partner appears in columns 1007-1011.

The 1980 code should not be treated numerically, since this will, with most computer packages, lead to a confounding of blanks and zeros in the suffix. This is seldom a problem in practice, however, since usually only the first 3 digits are used in analyses; these form a numeric code of constant length with a range of 001 to 161 (plus the exceptions noted below). The suffixes are relevant only to the derivations of SEG and Registrar General's Social Class.

SCPR has renumbered four codes in the 1980 Classification of Occupations as follows, and made one addition for those who have never had a job.

Classification of Occupations	SCPR Code	Description
1 2 1 2	9981 9982 9991 9992 9993	Foremen (engineering and allied) Trainee craftsmen (ditto) Inadequately described Not stated Never had a job (and meets filter conditions)

(As the Classification of Occupations notes on page vi, these groups do not form part of the Condensed KOS structure).

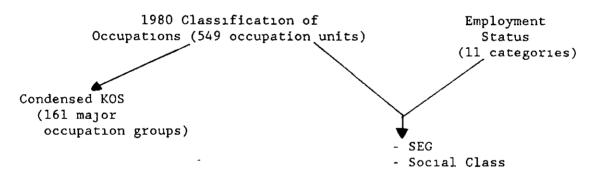
SCPR has expanded the categories for Employment Status in the 1980 Classification of Occupation to eleven, introducing codes for partial information and missing data. This enables the available data to be fully

used in deriving SEG and Social Class Coding of respondent's Employment Status appears on columns 930-931, that for respondent's spouse or partner appears on columns 1012-1013 The eleven categories used are as follows

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Codes	Description
01	self employed (25+ employees)
02	self employed (1-24 employees)
03	self employed (no employees)
04	self employed (not stated how many employees)
05	manager (establishment of 25+ employees)
06	manager (establishment of 1-24 employees)
07	manager (not stated size of establishment)
08	foreman/supervisor
09	other employee
10	employee (not stated if manager/foreman/other)
11	not stated/insufficient information to code more specifically

The occupation coding, in conjunction with employment status, is then the basis for coding SEG and Social Class. The following diagram may help explain this process, for further details see C. Hakim, Secondary Analysis in Social Research. A Guide to Data Sources and Methods with Examples, pp. 178 - 180, George Allen & Unwin London, 1982



It should be noted that SEG and Social Class are \underline{not} inter-convertible, see Appendix C of the 1980 Classification of Occupations

In order to derive SEG and Social Class the computer edit program accesses a look-up table organised as a matrix of the 1980 Occupation Codes and the 11 Employment Status Codes This information is taken from the table in Appendix B1 of the Classification of Occupations There are entries in each cell for SEG and Social Class A blank entry indicates an invalid combination of Occupation and Employment Status, so that the table performs an editing function as well. At the end of the process, the values for respondent's SEG are located on columns 932-933, spouse/partner's is on columns 1014-1015 Respondent's Social Class is in columns 934-935 spouse/partner's is on 1016-1017

The codes used for SEG are the standard codes 01-17 as noted below, from the Classification of Occupations

Socio-Economic Group

Code	Description
01	Employers and managers in central and local government, industry, commerce etc large establishments (25+ employees)
02	Employers and managers in industry, commerce, etc small establishments (1-24 employees)
03	Professional workers - self-employed
04	Professional workers - employees
05	Intermediate non-manual workers
06	Junior non-manual workers
07	Personal service workers
08	Foremen and supervisors - manual
09	Skilled manual workers
10	Semi-skilled manual workers
11	Unskilled manual workers
12	'Own account' workers (other than professional)
13	Farmers - employers and managers
14	Farmers - own account
1 5	Agricultural workers
16	Members of armed forces
17	Inadequately described occupations, or occupations not stated

Social Class is shown in two distinct fields, each of one digit. The first is the Social Class category, with 1 - 5 corresponding to I - V, and two additional codes: 8 meaning not classified by the system and 9 indicating insufficient information to classify or occupation not stated. The second digit indicates whether the occupation is classified non-manual (code 1) or manual (code 2), with codes 8 and 9 used as for the first digit.

		Social Class	
I		Professional	
11		Intermediate	'Non-manual*
III	(non-manual)	Skilled occupations	
III	(manual)	Skilled occupations	
IV		Partly skilled occupations	'Manual'*
V		Unskilled occupations	

(*Although not strictly true, the six categories are often dichotomised into basically manual or non-manual groups. But some respondents in basically 'non-manual' Social Classes are in fact manual workers.)

The economic positions of both respondent and spouse/partner are coded, and may be found in columns 245 - 246 (respondent) and columns 967 - 968 (spouse/partner). Please note that the conventions used for classifying those in paid work differs from that used in the Census, in that a lower limit to the number of hours worked per week is specified; the classification used in the Social Attitudes survey is based on those working 10 or more hours in the seven days preceding the interview. This especially affects the classification of women's economic positions.

6 4 Industry Coding

All respondents for whom an occupation was coded were allocated a Standard Industrial Classification Code (CSO as revised 1980) Two digit class codes applied (Respondent's SIC is located on columns spouse/partner's SIC on columns 1018-1019) Respondents with an occupation were also divided into public sector services, public sector manufacturing sector manufacturing, private sector private This was done by cross-analysing SIC categories with manufacturing responses to a question about the type of employer worked for As with Social Class, SIC may be generated on the basis of current occupation only, or the most recently classifiable occupation For a full listing of SIC categories, see Appendix F SIC also appears as a compressed variable card 10, see Appendix I

6 5 Other analysis groupings

Some variables have been recoded at the end of the data set (in addition to retaining their original location) so that certain analyses will be easier to perform. These include age within sex, area type, household type, party identification and respondent's SEG (grouped), SIC (grouped) and Social Class Appendix I contains a listing of these derived variables and their column and code locations. If it is desired to examine only the SEG, SIC or Social Class of those currently economically active, further variable construction may be necessary. This may be accomplished by filtering out respondents based on their current economic position and adding codes for those retired, looking after the home or in full-time education.

Other variables in the dataset include

Region The Registrar General's Standard Regions (11) have been used In addition we divide areas into metropolitan counties (including Glasgow) and non-metropolitan counties

Great care must be taken with regional analysis, as the sample in many regions is small and heavily clustered, large sampling errors are therefore attached to regional analysis. For most purposes it will be best to group regions to form broader categories for analysis.

Region is specified as follows

Scotland	(cols	163-164 - 01)	E Midlands	(col	163-164 = 06
North	(cols	163-164 - 02)	East Anglia	(col	163-164 - 07)
Northwest	(col	163-164 - 03)	South West	(col	163-167 - 08)
Yorkshire and			South East	(col	163-164 - 09)
Humberside	(col	163-164 - 04)	GLC	(col	163-164 - 10)
W Midlands	(col	163-164 - 05)	Wales	(col	163-164 - 11)

A summary coding of region also appears on column 165 A metropolitan/non-metropolitan classification may be found recoded at col 162 (see Appendix I)

Party identification :

Respondents were classified as identified with a particular political party on one of three counts: if they considered themselves supporters of the party (Q.2a,b), or as closer to it than to others (Q.2c,d), or as more likely to support it in the event of a general election (Q.2e). These three groups are described respectively in the Social Attitudes Report as partisans, sympathisers and residual identifiers. The three groups combined are referred to as identifiers. Alliance identifiers included those nominating the Social Democratic Party or the Liberal Party or the Alliance. Those who indicated no party preference were classified as non-aligned. A derived variable for full party identification is specified in Appendix I, as is a variable with compressed party identification.

Other analysis groupings :

These groupings are taken directly from the questionnaire, and to that extent are self-explanatory.

Sex (Q.98a) Household type (Q.98a, b, c)

Age (Q.98b) Ethnic group (Q.102)

Household income (Q.111)

Age of completing continuous full-time Employment position education (Q.100)

(Q.19,20,21)

Educational qualifications obtained (Q.101)

Highest Educational qualification obtained (Q.101)

Religion (Q.93a) Types of school attended (Q.99)

Housing tenure (Q.75) Self-assigned social class (Q.92)

Marital status (Q.97b) Self-rated racial prejudice (Q.94e)

Trade union membership

(Q.108a, b)

7 THE QUESTIONNAIRES

The 1985 interview questionnaire, as with previous Social Attitudes questionnaires, was divided into groups of questions, or modules, according to the substantive topic Analysis of some subjects, however, will require links across modules A summary of the questionnaire structure appears below, a more complete cross indexing of the 1983, and 1984 and 1985 questionnaires appears in APPENDIX J

Section 1	Media, politics, and international affairs	Q1-Q9
Section 2	Economic expectations and evaluations and labour market participation, work orientations	Q10-61
Section 3	Attitudes toward the countryside	Q62-68
Section 4	Social expenditure, welfare state issues, housing, education, social class, religion, racial prejudice, sexual morality	Q69-96
Section 5	Classification information household composition, education level, tenure, occupation coding, income	Q97-115

The self-completion questionnaire contains questions on the role of government (as part of the International Social Survey Programme), and also questions on the welfare state, the environment, new technology and employment, and on nuclear war

Appendix D contains a copy of the questionnaires marked with editing and coding instructions relevant to analysis. Appendix H contains a copy of the questionnaires with punching codes removed and the numerical distribution of weighted data written in, alongside the percentage distribution of marginals. Since both the percentage distributions and numerical frequency counts are based on weighted data, figures will not necessarily add up to 100%

APPENDIX A

- Sampled constituencies and polling districts
 Distribution of sample by region
 Registrar General's Standard Regions

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Let Non-Met = COMPLETED AT 0 P C S

	Met Non-M	ut			T
CONSTITUENCY	Metal NonAute2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
BISHOP AUCKLAND	2	HENKNOWLE	SOUTH CHURCH CK	001	7000 - 7021
HEXHAM	2.	PONTELAND WEST	H BKC	002	7022 - 7043
HOUGHTON & WASHINGTON		EPPLETON	Т	003	7044 - 7065
NORTH DURHAM	2,	BURNOPFIELD	BB, BC	004	7066 - 7087
STOCKTON SOUTH	2.	YARM	AYD	005	7088 - 7109
SUNDERLAND NORTH		COLLIERY	С	006	7110 - 7131
TYNEMOUTH		WHITLEY BAY	RC	007	7132 - 7153
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Met/Non-met

CONSTITUENCY	Met=1 Normat=2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
TATTON	2	CASTLE	UE	008	7154 - 7175
CHORLEY	2	CHORLEY NORTH EAST	Т	009	7176 - 7197
HALTON	2	CASTLEFIELDS	XD	010	7198 - 7219
ST.HELENS NORTH		BROAD OAK	BOD	011	7220 - 7241
CITY OF CHESTER	2	DEE POINT	AV2	012	7242 - 7263
MAKERFIELD	1	ABRAM	FC	013	7264 - 7285
HAZEL GROVE		HAZEL GROVE	06021	014	7286 - 7307
PENDLE	2	VIVARY BRIDGE	VA	015	7308 - 7329
CHEADLE	1	WEST BRAMHALL	09012	016	7330 - 7351
LIVERPOOL GARSTON		VALLEY	140	017	7352 - 7373
ECCLES	K	WINTON	CA	018	7374 - 7395
OLDHAM CENTRAL & ROYTON	1	ST.MARY'S	65BM	019	7396 - 7417
OLDHAM WEST		CHADDERTON SOUTH	144EN	020	7418 - 7439
					
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Met/Mon/Met

	Med / Non /	<u></u>			
CONSTITUENCY	Metal Normer-2	. WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO RANGE
DON VALLEY	1	MEXBO'ROUGH	LD	021	7440 - 7461
BOOTHFERRY	2	STAMFORD BRIDGE	CATTON & STAMFORD BRIDGE	022	7462 - 7483
CALDER VALLEY	1	BRIGHOUSE	KA	023	7484 - 7505
WENTWORTH	1	NO 9	IA	024	7506 - 7527
BARNSLEY CENTRAL	1	ARDSLEY	F-1	025	7528 - 7549
NORMANTON]	NORMANTON & SHARLSTON NO.9	9ND	026	7550 - 7571
LEEDS NORTH EAST	1	ROUNDHAY	2427	027	7572 - 7593
SHEFFIELD HALLAM	1	NETHER EDGE	CLIFFORD	028	7594 - 7615
KINGSTON UPON HULL EAST	2	LONGHILL	W	029	7616 - 7637
LEEĎS WEST	1	WORTLEY	WOD6524	030	7638 - 7659
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REGION (04)

Met/16n met				KEGION (U4)	
CONSTITUENCY	Met=1 Mon-Met=2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
MID WORCESTERSHIRE	2	BOWBROOK	27DRM,26DRL,25DRL	031	7660 - 7681
STRATFORD ON AVON	2.	WELLESBOURNE	JF	032	7682 - 7703
WORCESTER	2	ST.JOHN	AC	033	7704 - 7725
BROMSGROVE	2	DRAKES CROSS	46EQ	034	7726 - 7747
THE WREKIN	2	WOMBRIDGE	IMQ	035	7748 - 7769
ALDRIDGE BROWNHILLS	*	BROWNHILLS	LB	036	7770 - 7791
WOLVERHAMPTON NORTH EAST	1	LOW HILL	EC, ED	037	7792 - 7813
DUDLEY EAST	1	ST. JAMES	A.G.7	038	7814 - 7835
BIRMINGHAM EDGBASTON	*	EDGBASTON	AGA	039	7836 - 7857
BIRMINGHAM YARDLEY	*	YARDLEY	BMD	040	7858 - 7879
HALESOWEN & STOURBRIDGE	i	BELLE VALE & HASBURY	CR7	041	7880 - 7901
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REGION (05)

Met/Non-Met Met=1 Non-Met-2 SERIAL NO.RANGE POLLING DISTRICT AREA NO WARD CONSTITUENCY 7902 - 7923 042 AN1 **GLAPWELL BOLSOVER** 7924 - 7945 043 P(3)91620 **FISHTOFT** HOLLAND WITH BOSTON 7946 - 7967 044 VB86 BILLING NORTHAMPTON SOUTH 045 7968 - 7989 BB **SWADLINCOTE** SOUTH DERBYSHIRE 7990 - 8011 046 Q ELLIS BLABY 8012 - 8033 047 KA1 OLD PARK **EREWASH** 8034 - 8055 048 C **BULWELL EAST** NOTTINGHAM NORTH 8056 - 8077 049 RMB RUSHEY MEAD LEICESTER EAST ভে ~

REGION (06

Met/ Non-met Met-1 Mn-met = 2 CONSTITUENCY POLLING DISTRICT SERIAL NO.RANGE WARD AREA NO. SOUTH SUFFOLK WEST SAMFORD BR 050 8078 - 8099 SOUTH WEST CAMBRIDGESHIRE ST. NEOTS EATONFORD DJ2 051 8100 - 8121 CENTRAL SUFFOLK WHITEHOUSE LC 052 8122 - 8143 NORWICH NORTH SPROWSTON WEST SPROWSTON WEST 053 8144 - 8165

Met/Humet

	Met/Summel				
CONSTITUENCY	Met=1 Mr-met=2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
CIRENCESTER & TEWKSBURY	2	MORETON IN MARSH	DL	054	8166 - 8187
NORTH WILTSHIRE	2	REDLAND	QF	055	8188 - 8209
ST IVES	2	PENZANCE EAST	1-4LL	056	8210 - 8231
NORTH DEVON	2	CHULMLEIGH	BC,BF,BJ,BQ	057	8232 - 8253
TORRIDGE & WEST DEVON	2	ORCHARD HILL	EIE	058	8254 - 8275
WANSDYKE	2	KEYNSHAM NORTH	BS	059	8276 - 8297
EXETER	2	POLSLOE	I	060	8298 - 8319
PLYMOUTH SUTTON	2	PLYMPTON ST MARY	RC	061	8320 - 8341
BRISTOL WEST	* 2	BISHOPSTON	BSC	062	8342 - 8363
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REGION	(0გ)
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Met/Non-met				REGION (08)	
CONSTITUENCY	Met/Non-mei Met-1 Non-met-2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
MILTON KEYNES	2	FENNY STRATFORD	CI	063	8364 - 8385
BRAINTREE	2	NORTH BOCKING	CR	064	8386 - 8407
NEWBURY	2	HUNGERFORD	FH,FR	065	8408 - 8429
MID BEDFORDSHIRE	2	SANDY ALL SAINTS	BS,BTA	066	8430 - 8451
MAIDSTONE	2	НЕАТН	М	067	8452 - 8473
TONBRIDGE & MALLING	2	DITTON	LA	068	8474 - 8495
HORSHAM	2	HENFIELD	NW	069	8496 - 8517
EAST SURREY	2	GODSTONE	GA	070	8518 - 8539
NEW FOREST	2	LYNDHURST	MX	071	8540 - 8561
HARWICH	٦	FRINTON	J	072	8562 - 8583
WELWYN HATFIELD	2	HOWLANDS	B/D/A	073	8584 - 8605
EAST BERKSHIRE	2	GREAT HOLLANDS NORTH	LH	074	8606 - 8627
ALDERSHOT	2	ST.MARKS	RK	075	8628 - 8649
SOUTH WEST HERTFORDSHIRE	ર	OXHEY HALL	D/C/A	076	8650 - 8671
CHERTSEY & WALTON	2	HERSHAM SOUTH	RA	077	8672 - 8693
MID KENT	٦.	LORDSWOOD	AB,AC	078	8694 - 8715
WOKING	2	MOUNT HERMAN EAST	J	079	8716 - 8737
EASTLEIGH	٦	HEDGE END WILDERN	FG	080	8738 - 8759
GILLINGHAM	2	ST.MARGARETS	LB	081	8760 - 8781
ASILE OIN 1	1 1	JMARIJ		I _{U82} I	878 886

CONSTITUENCY		WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
SLOUGH	2	UPTON	МА	083	8804 - 8825
SOUTHEND WEST	2	WESTBOROUGH	G	084	8826 - 8847
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Met/Non-met				REGION (⁰⁹)	
CONSTITUENCY	Met/Mn-me Met=1 Numet=2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
CHISLEHURST	1	ST.PAJL'S CRAY	CV	085	8848 - 8869
ORPINGTON	1	GODDINGTON	OZ	086	8870 - 8891
HACKNEY SOUTH & SHORE	1	MOORFIELDS	VC	087	8892 - 8913
ISLINGTON NORTH	1	JUNCTION	EB	038	8914 - 8935
BATTERSEA	1	NORTHCOTE	НА	089	8936 - 8957
PUTNEY		THAMESFIELD	СВ	090	8958 - 8979
NEWHAM NORTH WEST	1	UPTON	19	091	8980 - 9001
HORNSEY & WOOD GREEN	1	HIGHGATE	HH2	092	9002 - 9023
FELTHAM & HESTON	1	FELTHAM CENTRAL	DA	093	9024 - 9045
NEWHAM NORTH EAST	1	LITTLE ILFORD	9	094	9046 - 9067
BECKENHAM	,	LAWRIE PARK & KENT HOUSE	ВА	095	9068 - 9089
WIMBLEDON	1	WEST BARNES	JB	096	9090 - 9111
ROMFORD		CHASE CROSS	IE	097	9112 - 9133
SUTTON & CHEAM	1	ROSEHILL	GA	098	9134 - 9155
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Met/Mn. met

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CONSTITUENCY	Met/Kin-med Met-1 Numet-2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE
CLACKMANNAN	ع ا	ALLOA WEST	CAM	105	9288 - 9309
DUMBARTON	2	NO 8-HELENSBURGH WEST	DB36 HELENSBURGH	106	9310 - 9331
ANGUS EAST	1	MARYWELL & CLIFFBURN	AAJ	107	9332 - 9353
STIRLING	2	NO.11 DUMGOYNE	SLH KILLEARN	108	9354 - 9375
EASTWOOD	a	NO 21 BARRHEAD WEST	EW19	109	9376 - 9397
FALKIRK WEST	2	NO 10 MARINER	FKM CAMELON WEST	110	9398 - 9419
AYR	a	NO 6 FORT	AY09	111	9420 - 9441
GLASGOW MARYHILL	1	NO 15 NORTH KELVIN	MA41	112	9442 - 9463
GLASGOW POLLOK	1	NO.45 POLLOCK	PK 04	113	9464 - 9485
EDINBURGH EAST	<u></u> _	NIDDRIE	ET	114	9486 - 9507
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	Met/Non-met						
CONSTITUENCY	Metal Non-meta2	WARD	POLLING DISTRICT	AREA NO.	SERIAL NO.RANGE		
ABERAVON	ર	BAGLAN	G	099	9156 - 9177		
LLANELLI	2	9	PP	100	9178 - 9199		
CARMARTHEN	2	NO.18	DO,DP	101	9200 - 9221		
TORFAEN	2	SNATCHWOOD	22	102	9222 - 9243		
NEWPORT WEST	2	NO.1	AL1	103	9244 - 9265		
RHONDDA	2	TONYPANDY	G1	104	9266 - 9287		
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P 815 - 1985 SOCIAL ATTITUDES SURVEY

SUMMARY OF TOTALS SELECTED

(22 SELECTED PER POLLING DISTRICT)

REGION	TOTAL SELECTED
01 (NORTH EAST)	154
02 (NORTH WEST)	286
03 (YORKSHIRE & HUMBERSIDE)	220
04 (WEST MIDLANDS)	242
05 (EAST MIDLANDS)	176
06 (EAST ANGLIA)	88
07 (SOUTH EAST)	198
08 (SOUTH WEST)	484
09 (GLC)	308
00 (WALES)	132
10 (SCOTLAND)	220
OVERALL TOTAL SELECTED	2,508

Registrar General's Standard Regions

- Northern Cleveland, Cumbria, Durham, Northumberland, Tyne & Wear
- Yorkshire and Humberside Humberside, North Yorks, South Yorks, West Yorks
- 3. <u>East Midlands</u>
 Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Northamptonshire, Nottinghamshire
- 4. <u>East Anglia</u> Cambridgeshire, Norfolk, Suffolk
- South East
 Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, East Sussex, Essex,
 Greater London, Hampshire, Herfordshire, Isle of Wight, Kent,
 Oxfordshire, Surrey, West Sussex
- South West
 Avon, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Somerset, Wiltshire
- 7. <u>West Midlands</u>
 Hereford and Worcester, Salop, Staffordshire, Warwickshire,
 West Midlands
- 8. North West
 Cheshire, Lancashire, Greater Manchester, Merseyside
- 9. Wales
- 10. Scotland

APPENDIX B

- Overall summary of responseResponse by Standard Region

STATEMENT OF RESPONSE

		
ADDRESSES	<u>No</u>	<u>.</u>
Issued	2508	
Found to be out of scope		
- vacant/derelict	44	
- institution	7	ł
- business/industrial premises only	5	
Assumed to be out of scope		!
- no trace of address	_	
	2	' -
Total out of scope	58	
		i
Total in scope	2450	100
-	2450	100
Interviewed	7004	
	1804	73.6
Self-completion questionnaire collected/sent to the office	1530	62.4
	1550	62.4
Not interviewed		
	646	26.4
Reasons for non-response		
Refusal (total)	470	
- selected person personally refused	472 318	19.3
- refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else	310	13.0
in household	78	3.2
- complete refusal of information about occupants	43	1.8
- selected person broke appointment and could not be	j	ŀ
recontacted	33	1.3
Non-contact (total)	<u> </u>	
- no contact with anyone at address	118 50	4.8
- selected person not contacted (never in)	38	2.0 1.6
- selected person away/in hospital during survey period	30	1.0
- 2	50	1.2
Other reasons (total)	56	2.3
- selected person semile/incapacitated	23	0.9
- selected person could not speak adequate English	13	0.5
- selected person ill (at home) during survey period	11	0.4
- partially complete questionnaire rejected in analysis - questionnaire lost in post	7	0.3
questionnaire fost in post	, 2	0.1

SUMMARY OF RESPONSE BY STANDARD REGION

						STAND	ARD REGION				•		
		Scotland	North	North West	Yorks & Hum'side	West Midlands	East Midlands	East Anglia	South West	South East	Greater London	Wales	TOTAL
ADDRESSES									-			<u> </u>	
Issued		220	154	286	220	242	176	88	198	484	308	132	2508
Found to be out of sco	pe	7	1	7	4	5	3	2	3	14	8	2	56
Assumed to be out of s	соре	-	-	1	-	-	_	-	_	1	<u>.</u>	_	2
Total out of scope		7	1	8	4	5	3	2	3	15	8	2	58
Total in scope (=100%)		213	153	278	216	237	173	86	195	469	300	130	2450
PERSONS													
Interviewed	No %	163 77	126 <i>82</i>	212 76	154 71	191 82	129 <i>75</i>	68 79	1 44	326 70	188 63	103 79	1804 73.6
Not interviewed	No %	50 23	27 18	66 2 4	62 29	46 19	44 25	18 21	51 26	143 30	112 37	27 21	646 26.4
Peasons for non-respon	se	;											
Refusal (total)	No %	35 16	22 14	44 16	48 22	35 <i>15</i>	31 18	10 12	40 21	112 24	75 25	20 15	472 19.3
Non-contact (total)	No %	11 5	1 1	13 5	11 5	5 2	7 4	7 8	4 2	23 5	30 10	6 5	118 4.8
Other reasons (total)	No %	4 2	4 3	9 3	3 1	6 3	6 3	1 1	7 4	8 2	7 2	1	56 2.3

APPENDIX C

- Address Record Form (ARF)Respondent Selection Sheet

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	<u></u>	AN	1 QUEST	TIONNAIR	ES W	OITH TO	JO ARF	's-TAB		
1	EOCIAL AND	SOMMUNITY P	Head Office Northern Fr		n Square Li rel House	ondon ECIV (Gainford Darii	OAX Tel 01 2 ington Co Di	50 1866 urham DL2 3EG Te	1 0325 730 888	
	P 815	<u></u>		SOCIAL AT	TITUD	ES 1985	<u>5</u>		April 1985	
				Address						
1	OCCUPYIN	G THE ACCOMM	ADDRESSES, S MODATION WHE	EEK HÖUSEHO RE STARRED	OLD OF ELECTO	STARRED :	LECTOR,	OR HOUSEHOL	MON D	
•	ADDRESS SERIAL N	(111- 3 B)	7 - TAB SLANK!	→ SELECT	ŗ	OFFICE USE.	0 1 ARD NO.		109-10) 2 DIGIT TASIF & ELECTORS AT	- _ANK
	AREA NO	TAB II	- ALAN4						NDDRESS	_
	A INTER	VIEWER NAME				INTERVIE	WER NO	(114-17)	H 1044 - 1047	
	B Details o	of Calls (in th	e order you n	nake them)		•				-
	TIME (24 hour clock) (99 = N/A HRS (99 = N/A MAX		6	E JTER CODE 22 IF ADDRESS RESIDENTIAL 8 OCCUPIED BUT THE NO ONE CONTACTED	CODE 1 1F	ENTER CODE 2 IF SELECTFI RESPONDENT HELPED WITH RSS	and notes of if more chils	appointments made	it made, write in result of call(1
4 2 (A) 88)	(19) (20) (2)(22 HRS MINS	DAY of WK	DAY MTH (24) (25) (22) (22) DAY MTH	1) (25-21)	(30)	(31)		CALLS A.	NO OUTCOME	
(32)										
E C	HAS MINS	DAY WK	DAY MTH							
(A)	HRS MINS	DAY of WK	DAY MTH			(+3)				
5	HRS MINS	DAY of WK	DAY MTH				> NA	5th 4 6	th CALLS	
6	HRS MINS	DAY of WK	DAY MTH				1		TRANSFERCED ATION SHEET	
	P.815	Address Se	rial No		Elec	tors at	ad lress	- Oct 1984	Starred Electo	
	Address Of C	ear-off	slip etm to							
		mperu	Sor				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
 	Interview	er nu wer								
! }							-		 -	

		Col./ Code	Skir to	
c.	ADDRESS SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY)	(118-19)		
- -	Traceable, residential and occupied	AA —	→ D	
	Deadwood			
	- no trace of address	01		
	- address vacant/derelict	02		
	- premises demolished	03		
•	- business/industrial premises only (SPECIFY TYPE) - address an institution (SPECIFY TYPE)	04 05		l
				-
D.	CONTACT SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY) JE AD RINGED AT C	Т		j
	Selection of person for interview possible ATTACHEA.	BB →	SELEC- TION	į
	Selection not possible because:		SHEET	:
	- no contact with anyone at address after four or more calls - complete refusal of information about occupants	22 23}-	-} G	! [
E.	(AFIER USE OF SELECTION SHEET) IF (BB) RINGED AT D SELECTED PERSON PRODUCTIVITY SUMMARY (RING ONE CODE ONLY)			
			F AND	
	Interview obtained with selected person CHECK GUEST. OWLY	→ 51→	ATTACH O'AIRE	İ
	Self-completion orast onnaire for this person (CODE ONE)		Z HIND	
	- returned with the completed questionnaireCHECK QUEST.+ S.C	-> 61		
	- not left with the respondent (GIVE REASON):	DELETE		ĺ
	N.B. IF ANY ORIGINALLY CODED 62 OR 63 AND S.C. NOT 63/	CODED.		
	No interview obtained because: ATTACHED RETURN TO SUPERVISOR			İ
	 selected person not contacted (e.g. never in) selected person personally refused interview 	71		ĺ
	- selected person broke appointment and could not be recontacted	72 73		ĺ
	- selected person ill (at home) during survey period	74		
	selected person away/in hospital during survey periodselected person senile/incapacitated	75 > 76	- → G	ĺ
	- refusal, on behalf of selected person, by someone else in household			į
	- selected person could not speak adequate English	78		
	- other reason for no interview (WRITE IN)	79)		
		1 3-6	onectly o	ρd
	Prod & Unprod Rissne ARF 5		R.S.S	_
	Unprod. ARFIS only - OK	(12)0	rectable	,
F.		المحالاتا	Ter Vine u	("
г.	Name of Selected Respondent: IF YOU HAVE CARRIED OF	1122	De Je 1	
	Tel. No. (if obtained): - CUT OFF ADDRESS SI - ATTACH TOP OF ARF		Self Com	وام
	RSS AND QUESTIONN	AIRE AND	RETU.	
	ALL TO THE OFFICE - RETURN ADDRESS SLI			
	BATCH OF WORK, OR	IN SAME	POST	
	BUT IN A SEPARATE SAVE POSTAGE, SENI		-	
	THEMSELVES ONLY 1)			
G.	IF YOU HAVE NOT MANAGED TO OBTAIN AN INTERVIEW, SEND COMPLETE ALF BACK	ፐር ምሥና		
	OFFICE WITH NON-RESPONSE FORM, AND RESPONDENCE SELECTION CHEFT IF APPLICATION OF THE PROPERTY	ABLE.		

5004	Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX Tel 01 250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co Durham DL2 3EG To	el 0325 730 :	888
P.8		985.	
Area	CHECK-TAB IF DIFFERENT No. Serial Number	WITH A IF DIFFE Select dig:	EKENT.
1.a)	At the present time, how many people including yourself live in your household? By household, I mean people who use the same living room or share at least one meal a day.	Col./ Code	Skip to
b)	ENTER TOTAL NO. OF PEOPLE IN HOUSEHOLD Are there any other households at this address? REPEAT HOUSEHOLD DEFINITION IF NECESSARY	(135)	→ b)
	No, only one household at address Yes, two or more households at address	1 (2)	c) Q.2
	c) I have here a list of the people on the electoral register for this address READ OUT ALL ELECTORS LISTED ON ARF Do all these people live here now?	(137)	Q.3
2	IF '2+ HOUSEHOLDS' - CODE 2 AT Q 1b) J 136 2	2	Q 4
a)	Does (*ELECTOR) live at this address at the present Yes time? IF NECESSARY, CONTACT *ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD No	(130) 1 2	b)
	Don't know b) CONTACT *ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD I have a list of the people on the electoral register in October 1984 for this address In October 1984 which of these people lived in the same household as (*ELECTOR)? READ OUT ALL ELECTORS LISTED ON ARF	(8)	Q.5
	TICK (V) ON ARF THOSE WHO WERE PART OF *ELECTOR'S HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1983 C) ENTER TOTAL NUMBER OF ELECTORS IN HOUSEHOLD IN OCTOBER 1984 INCLUDE *ELECTOR AS WELL AS V ELECTORS	(139-40)	2 DKIT ENTRY d)
	d) Do all these people still live here? No	1 2	Q.3
3.	IF 'ALL STILL LIVE HERE' - CODES 1 AT Q.1c) OR Q.2d) 137 - 141	(142)	Q.4
a)	Are all these people aged 18 or over? Yes	1 2	b)
ļ	IF 'ALL AGED 18 OR OVER' - CODF 1 AT a) 9 142 1	(143)	Q.4
	b) Does anyone else aged 18 or over live here as part of this household?	2 +	Q 4 INTERVIEV * ELECTOR
4	Including yourself, how many people ged CODE 1 PERSON ONLY 18 or over now live in your household? OR ENTER	(144-45) 01 →	INTERVIEW THAT PERSON
-	IF *FLLCTOR NOT RESIDENT AND 2+ HOUSEHOLDS - CODE 2 OR 8 AT Q 2a)	(146)	Q_8
	SELECT FROM • WHOLE ADDRESS OR • D'LLLING UNIT CODE WHICH DIVIDING OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	1	Q.6,
-	STE PROJECT IIST, CTIO 3 Dwelling unit	2	Q 7 43

(3) R.S.S. IS MISSING! USED BE ANSWERED IS BLANK) TAB.

				_
,	26. 11	Col./	Skip to	
6.	IF WHOLE ADDRESS SELECTION REQUIRED (CODE 1 AT Q.5)	f.147-481	INTER-	1 -
	Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over now live at this address? CODE: 1 PERSON ONLY	01 →	THAT	
•	OR	}	PERSON	┨.
	ENTER: NUMBER OF PERSONS		+ Q.8	
7.	IF DWELLING UNIT SELECTION REQUIRED (CODE 2 AT Q.5) \$146/2	(149+50)	-	
a)	RECORD: TOTAL NUMBER OF OCCUPIED DWELLING UNITS AT ADDRESS		b)	-
ъ	CHECK CODE: 2-9 DWELLING UNITS	A +	c)	
	10 OR MORE DWELLING UNITS	B +	a)	-
	c) LIST EACH IN GRID IN LOCATION ORDER (BOTTOM TO TOP, FRONT TO			1
	BACK, LEFT TO RIGHT) AND MAKE SELECTION AS INDICATED:	(151+52)		
	SELECTION RULES: 'DWELLING UNITS'		·	
	Use Selection Grid Card: go down the	'DU'CODE	Π	
	column representing total number of	02	CHECK WITH G	kı.
	occupied Dwelling Units (see Q7a), until you come to the row for the	03	CARD	-
	Selection Digit (ie, last digit of	04	INCORR	
	serial number). The number given where column and row meet is the	05	e)	
	'DU CODE' of the unit at which interview should be taken.	06		
	Theerview should be taken.	07		_
	RING 'DU' CODE	08		
	OF SELECTED UNIT	09		_
	IF 10 OR MORE DWELLING UNITS - CODE B AT b) - TAB		_	
	d) SEE PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS AND LOOK-UP CHART. ENTER SELECTED	-		_
e)	UNIT CODE VISIT SELECTED UNIT AND ASK:		e)	
, ,	Including yourself, how many people CODE: 1 PERSON ONLY	(153-54) 01 →	INTER- VIEW	
	aged 18 or over <u>now live in this</u> OR		THAT	•
	part of this address? ENTER: NUMBER OF PERSONS	├ ┧	PERSON → Q.8	
	Jf 144-45 02+ 147-48 02+ - 153-54 07+		2.0	
8.	IF' RESPONDENT SELECTION REQUIRED (SEE QUESTIONS 4, 6, 87E)			
a)	LIST ALL PERSONS AGED 18 OR OVER IN ALPHABETIC ORDER OF FIRST NAME. MAKE SELECTION AS INDICATED: CHECK WITH GRIDGER - TAB IF INCORRECT	<u> </u>		-
	SFIFCTION RULES.	PERSON	:	
	Use Selection Grid Card: go down the	CODE	, l	
}	column representing the total number of	01		*****
	eligible persons until you come to the row for the Selection Digit (ie last	02		
	digit of serial number). The number given where column and row meet is the	03		-
	person code of the person to be	04	(b)	
	interviewed.	05 06		
	RING 'PERSON CODE' OF	06		
	SELECTED PERSON	08		
İ		09		
ь)	ENTER FULL NAME OF SELECTED PERSON ON BACK OF ARE.		ا ر	
ŀ	INTERVIEW THAT PERSON ONLY.	4	1	

IF USED, ATTACH THIS CONTINUATION SHEET TO THE ARF BEFORE RETURNING TO THE OFFICE Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX Tel 01 250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG. Tel. 0325-730-888 COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1985 CALL CONTINUATION SHEET Interviewer P 815 Serial Number Number B Details of Calls (In the order you make them) DAY DATE **ENTER CODE 22** ENTER ENTER MON = 1 (24 hour IF ADDRESS CODE 1 CODE 2 If address deadwood, or if contact made, TUE = 2 FRI = 5 RESIDENTIAL & IF RSS IF SELECTED write in result of call(s) and notes of clock) WED = 3 SAT = 6 FILLED RESPONDENT OCCUPIED BUT appointments made THU =4 SUN =7 OUT HELPED NO ONE CONTACTED WITH RSS HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HAS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY N.TH HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH 2 1 (32) 3 (14) HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY HRS MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HRS MINS DAY of WK DAN MTH 15 (10) HRS DAYOUVE MINS P/ 1 MINS DAY of WK DAY MTH HAS MINS DAY of WK DAY

P.815

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1985

GRID CARD

FOR DWELLING UNIT/RESPONDENT SELECTION

USE IF EITHER - 2 - 9 DWELLING UNITS (RSS: Q.7)

OR - 2 - 9 ELIGIBLE PERSONS (RSS: Q.8)

GO DOWN COLUMN REPRESENTING TOTAL DWELLING UNITS/ELIGIBLE PERSONS UNTIL YOU COME TO THE ROW FOR THE SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER). THE NUMBER GIVEN WHERE COLUMN AND ROW MEET IS THE DWELLING UNIT OR ELIGIBLE PERSON TO INTERVIEW.

SELECTION DIGIT (LAST DIGIT OF SERIAL NUMBER)	TOTAL DWELLING UNITS (OR) TOTAL ELIGIBLE PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD/(ADDRESS)								
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	1	2	3	2	1	5	4	7	
1	2	3	1	4	3	6	5	9	
2	1	2	2	5	4	3	1	4	
3	2	1	4	3	5	7	6	8	
4	1	3	2	1	6	2	1	6	
5	2	1	3	5	1	7	4	2	
6	1	2	4	3	2	5	3	1	
7	2	1	3	2	4	1	7	5	
8	1	3	2	1	3	4	2	6	
9	2	2	1	4	5	6	8	3	

APPENDIX D

- Questionnaires with editing instructions

	Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX Tel 01-250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3	BEG Tel 03	25 730 8
SOCIAL AND	COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH		
P.81:	5	Aprıl	1985
7.02			1303
	BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES:		
	1985 SURVEY		
	NB 1 ON ALL CLOSED QUESTIONS IF OTHER ANSWERS WRITTEN IN - LIST WITH SERIAL NO		
	2 IF PINK NON-RESPONSE FORMS ARE ATTACHED RETURN TO SUPERVISOR		
	3 IF LETTER ADDRESSED TO PUBLICATIONS OF FICER ATT	ACHED	
	4 ALL QUESTIONS ARE ONE CODE ONLY UNLESS OTHERW	ISE STA	TEA
	Serial number Area number Time interview started (24 hour clock)	<u> </u>	
			=

· = 1

	SECTION ONE		Col./	Skip
			Code	to .
7 - 3	Au.		CARD 02	<u>-</u>
1.a)	Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?		(207)	
		. Yes	1	b)
	IF YES I 207 1	. No	2	Ω.2
	b) Which one do you normally read? IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one		∫208-09	1
	do you read most frequently? (Scottish) Daily Exp	ress	01	1 ,
	ONE CODE ONLY Daily	Mail	02	
	Daily Mirror/Re	cord	03	İ
	13 - MORE THAN ONE PAPER READ WITH EQUAL FREQUENCY Daily	Star	04	} '
	Daily (Delete original codes of Final List The win Serial No.) Daily Telegon	Sun	05	1
	Daily Teleg	raph	06	,
	98 - DK. 99 - NOT ANSWERED. Financial T	imes	07	
	The Guar	dian	08	1
	The T	imes	09	1
	Morning	Star	10	i
	Other Scottish/Welsh/regional or local daily morning p	aper	11	}
	WILL SPECIFY RECODE IF POSSIBLE			
	Serial No Other (SPECIFY) Every papers should be delet.	ed.	12	,
2.a)	ASK ALL Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a supporter of any one political party?		(210) 1	b)
	IF YES, ASK b). IF NO ASK c) 3/ 210/1 (NB 211 will be blant)	No	2	c)
	b) Which one? RECORD ANSWER BELOW AND GO TO Q.3 IF NO AT a) \$\frac{1}{2} \overline{2} \overline{2}\$		(211)	 -
				1
	c) Do you think of yourself as a little closer to one political party than to the others?	Yes No	1 2	d) e)
	IF YES, ASK d). IF NO, ASK e)	<u> </u>		,
i	d) Which one? RECORD ANSWER AND GO TO Q.3 Conservat		(212-13) Ol	
	TE NO AT all AND all N. R. Out it.	our	02	ı
- 1	e) If there were a general election Libe	1	03	
ļ	tomorrow which political party do	1		ŀ
ļ	you think you would be most likely SDP/Social Democ to support? (Allian	1	04	ı
	ONE CODE ONLY Scottish National		05	ļ
	Disid Co.	1	06	l
İ	Other party (SPECIFY) Final List with Serial No.	ıı Lu	07	
ł	Other answer (SPECIFY) NO List.		08	[
	Other answer (SPECIFY) No listing required 98 - DK/undicided No. 199 - NA	one	10	
17				

	- 2 -		
		Col / Code	Skip
	ASK ALL	Cone	to
3.a)	Do you think that local councils ought to be	(214)	
- {	controlled by central government more, less or More about the same amount as now?	1	ļ
	about the same amount as now? 9NA Less	2	
	About the same	3	
V	One code only	8	ı
b)	And do you think the level of rates should be up	(c)	
	to the local council to decide, or should central government have the final say? RECORD IN COL b) (b) Rates	Rents	
	One code only	(216)	
c)	How about the level of council rents? Should that be up to the local council Local council	1	
!	to decide or should central government Central government 2	2	
	have the final say? RECORD IN COL c) Don't know 8	. 8	
	N/A 9	NA 9	
	Now a few questions about Britain's relationships with other		
, ,	countries.		Ì
4.a)	Do you think Britain should continue to be a member of the EEC - the Common Market - or		
	should it withdraw? (a)	(b)	
b)	And do you think Britain should continue to EEC	<u>OTAN</u>	1
	be a member of NATO - the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation - or should it withdraw? (217)	(218)	1
	Continue 1	1	ţ
	Withdraw 2	2 89	1
		9	
5.	Au On the whole, do you think that Britain's interests are better served by READ OUT	(219)	
	closer links with Western Europe,	1	
	or - closer links with America?	2	
	(Both equally)	3	
	(Neither)	4	
	(Don't know)	8	
	NIA	9	
	An		
6.a)	Do you think that the siting of American nuclear missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a		
	less safe place to live? RECORD IN COL a) (a)	(b)	
√ (d √	And do you think that having our own independent American	Own	
	nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less nuclear	nuclear	
	safe place to live? RECORD IN COL b) missiles	missiles	,
ļ	a) and b) No difference = code 4 (220)	(221)	į
	a) and b) No difference = code 4 $\frac{(220)}{\text{Safer}}$ 1	1	
	less sale 2	2	
	Don't know 8	8	
		,	48
i			ı

	- 3 -		
	Au CARD A	Col./ Code	Skip to
7.	Which, if either, of these two statements comes closest to your own opinion on British nuclear policy?	(222	
	Britain should rid itself of nuclear weapons while persuading others to do the same Britain should keep its nuclear weapons until we persuade	1	
	others to reduce theirs	2	
	Neither of these DK N/A	389	
8.	Which political party's views on defence would you say comes closest to your own views? Conservative RECODE other answers where possible e.g. Court say I've heard of any of Them Liberal Liberal SDP/Social Domonton	(223) 1 2 3	
	Other (SPECIFY) Final List win Serial No.	4 5 7	
	None N/A	8 0 9	
9.	Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?	(224)	•
	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia	1	-
	Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	2	
	Neither is a threat to world peace	3	-
	(Don't know) NA	8 q	-
			-
4.9			-

- 4 -		
SECTION TWO	Col / Code	Skip to
Now I would like to ask you about two of Britain's economic problems - inflation and unemployment.		\
AL. First, inflation: In a year from now, do you expect prices generally to have gone up, to		
have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	(225)	
IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN To have gone up by a lot	1	
By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little	2	ļ
9 N/A To have stayed the same	3	1
To have gone down by a little	4	
To have gone down by a lot	5	
(Don't know)	8	
1. Second, unemployment: In a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up,		
to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?	(226)	
IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN To have gone up by a lot	1	
By a lot or a little? To have gone up by a little	2	
$9 \lambda/A$ To have stayed the same	3	İ
To have gone down by a little	4	
To have gone down by a lot	5	
(Don't know)	8	
2.a) If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to		
which do you think it should give highest priority? 3-Both equally, can't separate Keeping down inflation	(227)	
8 - Deal Ricon	2	
Other answer (SPECIFY) Full List with Sence No	7	
Other answer (SPECIFI) TALLE LINE WITH SEARCE NO		
b) Which do you think is of most concern to you and your family READ OUT inflation,	(228)	
	2	
3- Both equally, count separate or - unemployment? 4- Neither a Threat Other (SPECIFY) Fund List with Serial No	-7	
9 - N/A (Don't know)	8	
AU (DOIL KNOW)		
3. Looking ahead over the next year, do you think	(229)	
Britain's general industrial performance will improve, stay much the same, or decline? Improve a lot	1	
Improve a little	2	
IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE Stay much the same	3	1
By a lot or a little? 9 N/A Decline a little	1	1
Decline a lot	5	1
(Don't know)	8	1
<u> </u>		
	,	50
		J 0

	. A.		
14.	AU Here are a number of policies which might help Britain's economic	Col./ Code	Skip to
	problems. As I read them out will you tell me whether you would support such a policy or oppose it?		
:	READ OUT ITEMS i)-ix) AND CODE IN GRID]
	One code for each statement Support Oppose		
i)	8 bk Control of wages by legislation 1 2	(230)	
ii)	9 NA Control of prices by legislation 1 2	(231)	
iii)	Reducing the level of Government spending on health and education 1 2	(232)	
iv)	Introducing import controls 1 2	(233)	ļ
v)	Increasing Government subsidies for private industry 1 2	(234)	
vi)	Devaluation of the pound 1 2	(235)	ŀ
vii)	Reducing Government spending on defence 1 2	(236)	
viii)	Government incentives to encourage job sharing or splitting 1 2	(237)	
ix)	Government to set up construction projects to	1237,	ĺ
	create more jobs 1 2	(23B)	
2.5	Au		
15.	On the whole, would you like to see more or less state ownership of industry, or	(239)	ļ
	about the same amount as now? More	1	
	9 λ/A Less	2	
	About the same amount	3	
	Don't know	8	
16.	ALL Thinking of income levels generally in Britain today, would you say that the gap between those with high incomes and those with low incomes is READ OUT	(240)	
	8.مر too large,	1	
	9 N/A about right,	2	
	or - too small?	3	
	Au	(0)	
17.a)	Among which group would you place yourself READ OUT Q high income,	(241) 1	
	Yourself READ OUT 8 DK high income,	2	
	or - low income?	3	-
	CARD C	3	
b)	Which of the phrases on this card would you say		
~,	comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days?	1242)	
	Timing conformally an appropriate and	1	
	9 N/A Coping on present income	2	
	Finding it difficult on present income	3	
	Finding it very difficult on present income	4	
	Other (SPECIFY) Final List win Serial No.	7	
ا ہے			
51			•

	A		
	1 AU	Co1./	Skip
8.a)	Looking back over the last year or so, would	Code	<u>01</u>
	you say your household's income has READ OUT faller behind not see	(243)	}
	9 1/A	1	
	of ap with pitces,	2	
	or - gone up by more than prices?	3	1
	(Don't know) -	8	_
b)	And looking forward to the year ahead, do		
	you expect your household's income will	(244)	
	READ OUT fall behind prices,	1	
	9 N/A keep up with prices,	2	}
	or - go up by more than prices?	3	
	(Don't know)	8	Ì
	CARD D AU		
.	Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing		
	last week, that is, in the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN I		
	COL	COL II	
ļ	IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COLUMN II	ECONOMIC	
ļ	IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II	POSITION	
İ	In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including	(245-46)	
	on vacation)	01	Q.51
	On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Community		V.31
İ	Programme, Youth Training Scheme, etc) B	02	Q.49
	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours		
	in the week C	03	Q.20
ł	Waiting to take up paid work already accepted D	04	Q.49
	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office E	05	
	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job F	06	
	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but		Q.53
	NB I Col I multi-coded not actively looking for a 70b G	07	
	transfer all codes Permanently sick or disabled H to appropriate columns (247-5) Wholly retired from work J this is in addition to code Looking after the home K	08	Q.62
	to appropriate columns 247 5 Wholly retired from work J	09	Q.58
1	This is in addition to code Looking after the home K	10	Q.59
	Doing something else (SPECIFY) Fund List win Send No L	11	Q.62
	Þκ	98	2.02
	FOLLOW SKIP INSTRUCTIONS TO GO TO APPROPRIATE QUESTIONS	99	
	THE MALITITE QUESTIONS		
		OFFICE	
-		USE	
		ONLY	
	ABC	247~55) 1 2 3	
	DEF	4 5 6	
	GHJ	7 8 9	
	KL	7256-57) 1 2	
		-	, 5
	·		Υ,

	Jf 245-46/03	Col./	Skip
20.	!	Code	to_
20.	IF IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (CODE O3 AT Q19) In your (main) job are you READ OUT an employee.	(258)	
	9 N/A	1	Q.21
•	9 N/A or self-employed?	2	Q.41
	ALL EMPLOYEES (CODE 1 AT Q.20): ASK Qs 21-40 ROUND TO How many hours a week do you normally	<u> </u>	
21.	work in your (main) data for mormally		
	(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, WRITE IN: 99 N/A	[259-60]	1
	ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK)	(261)	
	N.B. Both Sections should 16-23 hours a week	1	
	N.B. Both Sect ions should 8 DK 16-23 hours a week be answered. 9 N/A 24-29 hours a week	2	
	30 or more hours a week	3 4	
	3f 2581		ļ
22.a)	How would you describe the wages or salary you		
	are paid for the job you do - on the low side, reasonable, or on the high side? IF 'On the	(262)	
	low side': Very low or a bit low? 8 DK Very low	1	
	9 N/A A bit low	2	
	Reasonable	3	
	On the high side	4	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final List win Serial No.	7	
Ų	CARD E	(263)	ı
b)	Thinking of the highest and the lowest paid Much too big a gap people at your place of work, how would you	1	
	describe the gap between their pay, as far Too big	2	
	as you know? Please choose a phrase from About right this card?	3	
	9 NA Too small	4	
	Much too small a gap	5	
	(Don't know)	8	
23.a)	If you stay in this job would you expect		
	your wages or salary over the coming year	(264)	
	to READ OUT rise by more than the cost of living,	1	
	rise by the same as the cost of living,	2	
	rise by less than the cost of living,	3	
	9 N/A or - not to rise at all?	4	
	(Will not stay in job)	5	
- ↓	(Don't know)	8	
b)	Over the coming year do you expect your workplace will be READ OUT	(265)	
	8DK increasing its number of employees,	1	
	9 NA reducing its number of employees,	2	
ľ	or - will the number of employees stay about the same?	3	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final hist win Serial No.	7	
53			

	1 3 258 1		· •	_
٠. ا		Col./	Skip	
24.a	. I was an among for Jodi Owit Jobs HOW TIKE A US	Code		_
	unlikely is it that you will leave this employer over the next year for any reason? Is it very likely,	1266)		
	READ OUT	1 1	b)	
	9 410	2]		
	not very likely,	3 }	Q.25	
	IF VERY OR QUITE LIKELY AT a) or - not at all likely?	4)	-	
	CARD F		-	
	b) Why do you think you will leave? Firm will close down Please choose a phrase from this	1 (26	7)	Į
	card or tell me what other reason there is. I will be declared redundant	2 (266	ורי	ł
	word many and	3 (269	וי	ł
	CODE MAY BE RINGED	4 (270	·)	
	I will take early retirement	5 (271	1	ļ
•	I will decide to leave and work for another employer	6 (272	괴	
	I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed	1 (273		
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Recode ofter answer of possible (mediadine	2 (274	1	
	other answer (SPECIFY) recording of 24 and he concerns	7 (275	18= DIK	
	Funal hist other with Senal No		9= 114	
		(276-80	SPARE	
۸- ۱	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES J 258	CARD O		Ī
25.a)	Suppose you lost your job for one reason or another,		7	l
	would you start looking for another job, would you wait for several months or longer before you started looking,		1	
	of would you decide not to look for another nob?	(307)		ľ
	9 N/A Start looking	1	(b)	
	Wait several months or longer	2	i	
	Decide not to look	3	Q.26	
	IF START LOOKING 7 307	8	Not for	
-	b) How long do you think it would take you to find an accompable MONTHS VEARS	(308) -	- codels	
	take you to find an acceptable MONTHS YEARS replacement Job? WRITE IN OR OR	(309-12)	1	
-		NA99 -	Corcled -	
	TE 2 MONTH G OR WAR TO THE TENT OF THE TEN	98	311-312	
	c) How willing do you think you would be in	77-1	TRUE	ı
	these circumstances to retrain for a	(313)		
	different job READ OUT very willing,	1		
	9 N/A quite willing,	2		
	or - not very willing?	3		
	(Don't know)	8		
	d) And how willing do you think you would be			
	acceptable nob READ OUR	(314)		
		1		
	9 N/A quite willing,	2		
-	or - not very willing?	3,	54	
	(Don't know)	8		

	of 258/1		
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES	Col./	Ski
26.	If without having to work, you had what	Code	to
	income, do you think you would never a second of the secon		
	to have a paid job, or wouldn't you bother? Still prefer paid job	(315)	.] .
	Wouldn't bother	1	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final List win Senal No.	2	
	Don't know	7	
27.a	During the last five years (that in	8	
	march 1900) have you been unemployed and	(316)	
	seeking work for any period? 8 bk 9 NiA Yes	1	b)
	IF YES 94 316/1	2	Q.28
	b) For how many in months of	e usa n	
	b) For how many months in total during the MONTHS YEARS	- الم	-
	last five years? 98 bk WRITE IN NO. 01+60 OR 01+05	(317-20	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES J 2581		╁╾
20 1	Now for some more general questions about your work.		
28.a)	For some people their job is circle and the sound of the	ļ	
	to earn a living. For others it means much more than that.On balance, is your present job READ OUT		
	8 P K	(321)	
	9 N/A · · · just a means of earning a	1321	-
	living,	1	ь)
	or - does it mean much more to you than that? IF 'MEANS OF EARNING A LIVING' (CODE 1 AT a) \$\frac{1}{32!} 1	2	Q.29
	b) Is that because	(322)	
	there are no better jobs around here,		-
	you don't have the right skills to get a better job,	1	İ
	or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?	2	-
 	The state of the s	3	
1	CARD G		
29.	Which of the statements on this card best	(323)	
	describes your feelings about your work?		
	CODE ONE ONLY		-
	Work is only a business transaction. The more I get		ļi
	rate the more I do; the less I get paid the less I do	1	_
ł	I make a point of doing the best work I can, regardless of pay	2	
	I want to work hard, but not so that it interferes with the	_	_
1	81K rest of my life	3	
	9 J/A NONE OF THESE	4	7
			٦
		}	

_	CARD H 9 258 1			Col./	Skip
0.a	Suppose you were looking for another job - whithis card would be most important to you in challenge read through the whole list before decione CODE ONLY IN Col.a)	loosing a new H	igs on lob?		
_ b)	And which would be next most important? ONE CODE ONLY IN COL.b)				
- -	And which would be third most important? ONE CODE ONLY IN COL.c)	(a) Most imp, in choosing job	(b) Next most imp.	(c) Third most imp.	
		(324-25)	(326-27)	(328-29)	†
	Convenient working hours	01	Ol	01	
	Possibility of promotion	02	02	02	
	Clean/pleasant working conditions	03	03	03	ļ
ı	Strong trade union	04	04	04	
-	Interesting work that makes use of your skills	05	05	05	
_	Work that helps others	<u>-</u>	- - 06	 06	
	Opportunity to get on with your work in				
	your own way	07	07	07	
1	Job security	08	08	08	
_	Outdoor work	09	09	09	
1	Good pay	10	10	10	
	Friendliness of people you work with	11	11	11	
1	Good fringe benefits (pension, sick pay)	12	12	12	ļ
_	Short working hours NB If coded Jone DT	, 13	13	13	
1	NONE OF THESE but statement written	3 • 97	97	97	
		JA 99	98 99	98 99	
1 -	9 258 1	<u></u>		(330-31)	SPARE
a)	Apart from overtime are you paid READ OUT			(332)	
,	PAYMENT FOR UNSOCIABLE	nt per week or	month,	1	
	HOURS COUNTS AS 'BY THE by the hour, so if		y your varies,	2	748 AIL P
111	or - does your pay include so				'
<u> </u>	payment by perfor	mance or comm	ıssıon ^o	3	
b)	Do you regularly do paid overtime at work? - by			(333)	
	regularly, I mean most weels		Yes	1	87K
_			No	2	9 D/A
⊹ - - -					
L	•		 -	 	
, [
					* * [
-					F. (
1				1 ,	56 '

	•		
	1 3 258/1	Col./	Skip
32.a)	Thinking about the number of hours you work	Code	to
	each week including regular overtime, would you prefer a job where you worked READ OUT	ł	
	1	(334)	
	9 N/A more hours per week, fewer hours per week,	1	b)
		2	c) & d
	or - are you happy with the number of hours you work at present?	3 1	,
	Don't A land	8	Q.33
	IF WOULD PREFER MORE HOURS PER WEEK (CODE 1 AT a) 4 334		†
	b) Is the reason why you don't work more hours because READ OUT	(335)	İ
	8 DK your employer can't offer you more hours,	11	
	9 N/A or - your personal circumstances don't allow it?	2	
	(Post)	3	Q.33
	Other reason (SPECIFY) Final List will femily	7	
	IF WOULD PREFER FEWER HOURS (CODE 2 AT a) 34 334 2]
	c) In which of these ways would you like your working hours to be shortened READ OUT	(336)	•
	8 Dk shorter hours each day,	 1	
	Or - fewer days each wook?	2	
	Other (SPECIFY) Final List win Similar.	7	
	d) Would you still like to work fewer hours if it	(337)	Ì
	meant earning less money as a result? Yes	1	
	9 J/A No	2	•
	It depends	3	
<u> </u>	Don't know	8	•
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES 34 258)		
33.	From your experience, when it comes to getting a better job, do you think people like yourself are better off READ OUT	(338)	•
	staying with the same employer a long time,	1	•
	9 N/A or - moving around between employers?	2	
	(People like me can't get better jobs)	3	
	It depends/Don't know	8	
7.4	JL 25811		
34.	Do you decide the specific tasks or jobs you carry out each day, or does someone else?	(33 <i>9</i>)	
	IF BOTH RESPONDENT AND SOMEONE ELSE, ASK: Respondent decides Who mainly decides the specific tasks you	1	1
	do onel Jaio	2	
	9 N/A. Can't choose/don't know	8	
57		İ	
į			

-	1 8/ 258/1	Col./	Skip
35.a)	Suppose there was going to be some decision made at your place of work that changed the way you do	Lude	to
	your job. Do you think that you personally would have any say in the decision about the change, or	(340)	
	not? 9 N/A Yes	1	b)
	No	2]	c)
	If YES AT a) 9 - 340 It depends/don't know	8	
		(341)	
	b) How much say or chance to influence the decision do you think you would have READ OUT a great deal,	1	
	9 NA quite a lot,	2	
	or - just a little?	3	
	It depends/don't know	8	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES 4 258		
c)	Do you think you should have more say in decisions affecting your work, or are you satisfied with the	(342)	
	way things are? 9 J/A Should have more say	1	
	Satisfied with way things are	2	
	Don't know	8	
	CARD J 3 258 1		
36.a)	Some organisations have schemes which link pay or employee benefits to the financial performance of the organisation. As far as you know, does your organisation have any of the schemes on this card? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL.a). IF NONE/DON'T KNOW, GO TO Q.37		
	FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a), ASK b)		
	b) Have you received any payments or benefits under the (ITEM MENTIONED AT a) in the last twelve months?	,	
	RECORD YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a) a) may be (b) 3/ 343	√1,344/± √3 3,	ь, 46/4
	Organisation Received		į
	has Yes No No	1	
	Productivity-linked bonus scheme 1 (343) 1 2 9 Annual bonus (at organisation's discretion) 2 (344) 1 2 9	(349)	
		(350)	
		(351)	
		(352)	
Ì		ļ	Q.37
		 	
	9 N/A on 348 of \$936a) totally black		

	l3										
	Now I'd like to ask you about new techno	logy	a	t your	workpl.	ace.			Col./	Clesi-	_
	CARD K J 2581								Code	Skip to	
37.a	Which, if any, of these kinds of new tech place of work? It doesn't matter whether just tell me all that you know of at you	3 Y 17	^		installe	ed at em or	yc no	our ot,			-
٠	CODE ALL MENTIONED IN COL.a). IF NONE/I	DON'	T 1	KNOW GO	י איר אינ	20				1 '	-
	FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a), ASK b)				10 0.	29				1	
	b) Do you yourself use, or does your word (ITEM MENTIONED AT a)?	ck ii	nvo	olve th	e use c	of		•	- /	/	
	CODE YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a)			(a).		(b)	j		57-580	. ,	•
	a) May be		2	At	Use/	work					
	Computer:	(wo:	rk	place					(373_80) CARD 04	SPARE	7
	Main frame computer	01	ſЭ	53-547	•	1	2	9	(407)	İ	
	Telephone link to computer at another place			55-567	;	1	2	q	(408)	-	
	Micro/mini computer			57-581		1	2	a	(409)		
	Type unknown			59-607	•	1	2	a		_	_
	Word processor			61-627	•	1	2	9	(410)		
	Electronic memory typewriter			63-647	•	- 1	2	q	(411)		•
	Computer controlled plant, machinery or equipment (including robots) used for design, assembly, handling							•	(412)	•	1
	Other new technology (SPECIFY) FINAL List	07	<i>(</i> 3)	65-66)		l	2	9	(413)	-	1
	NONE OF THESE 99 N/A = 371-72 if			57-68) 59-70)		L	2	9	(414)	_	7
	Don't know Paymer and totally blank.	98	(3:	71-72)				\neg		Q.39	Ī
	IF ANT NEW TECHNOLOGY AT WORKPLACE (CODES	S 01	-9	5 AT Q.	.37a),	,		7	-		
38.a)	Would you say that the use of new technologat your place of work has affected your or jobREAD OUT	wn ogy	No	rt if 36	9-70 9 9 371-73 for the	6 9 8 1 9 8 1 bet	o-9	19	1	[1
	8 bk	4	s i	it made	for the no dif				2	-	
ь) 	Now thinking about all employees affected Has new technology at your workplace generated	1				rere	nce	+	$-\frac{3}{}$		-
-	TILL AND CODE IN GRID		Ľ. "	realic .		N		OH	un	j	,
	One code for each statement	N	IA	More	Less	Dif: e:	rer nce	_	Don't Know	<u> </u>	-
	i) that those affected by it have to wo at a <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> skilled level, or has made no difference?	rk it	_				-				
	ii) that those affected by it have more or less responsibility in their work, or	•	4	1	2	3	3	7	8 (4167	
	has it made no difference? iii) that those affected by it are paid	6	î	1	2	3	3	+	g ſ	417)	
	more or less, or has it made no difference?	9	•	1	2	,				-	
v c)	And has the use of new technology at your wat meant thatREAD OUT	•		ace	2	3 -	•	7	(419)	+ 18)	•
59	the organisation has increase	ن <u>ا</u> آم	La -	·· •	_						l
- "					of emp				1 2	-	•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	as :	it	made n	o diffe	renc	e?		3	,'	
- 1					Don'	t kno	ow	1	8		
											F

	- 14 -		
	of 258/1	·····	
l	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES	Col./	Skip
39.a)	At your place of work are there unions, staff	Code	<u>to</u>
-3.α)	associations, or groups of unions recognised		
Ì	by the management for negotiating pay and 8 AK conditions of employment? 9 N/A Yes	(420)	
	conditions of employment?	1 1	b)
	No	2	Q.40
,	IF YES J 420/1	(421)	
	b) On the whole, do you think these unions or 85K Yes	1 -	
	staff associations do their job well or not? 9 N/A No	2	j
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES 3 258 1		
40.a)	In general how would you describe relations		
, 40.2)	between management and other employees at	(422)	
	your workplace READ OUT Very good,	1 1	
. [9 NA quite g∞d,	2	
ļ	not very good,	3	
		4	
.	21 728/1		,
	And in general, would you say your workplace was READ OUT very well managed,	(423)	!
	8 76 -	1 [
	9 1/A quite well managed,	2 }	Q.62
	or - not well managed?	3)	,
.	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE		}
	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.20): ASK Qs 41-48 3/258/2		CDADD
41.a)	,	[424]	SPARE
	How many hours a week do you normally work in your (main) job? 2 digital ROUND TO NEAREST HOUR		
	(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, WRITE IN 993/A	(425-26)	
1	ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK) 95±95 hrs+	1	
- 1 1	AND CODE 10-15 hours a week	(427)	
- [1	8 DK
	16-23 hours a week	2	10/4
_	24-29 hours a week	3	
\ \	30 or more hours a week	4	
b)	During the last 5 years (that is since March 1980) have you been unemployed and	(428)	
-	seeking work for any period? 8 bk Yes	1 1	c)
	9 N/A NO	2	Q.42
_			x***
	c) For how many months in total 431-32 \ 99 JIA MONTHS YEARS during the last 5 years? WEITE IN NO. 101-60 or 101-65	[
ĺ	during the last 5 years? WRITE IN NO. 01-60 OR 01-05	(429-32)	
	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED 9+ 258/2	(4.22)	
_42.	If without having to work, you had what you would	(433)	
	regard as a reasonable living income, do you think		
	you would still prefer to do paid work, or wouldn't you'bother?		
-	9 N/A Still prefer paid work	1	
]	Wouldn't bother	2	
-	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final List will Semal No	7	
	Don't know	8	6,0
		 	
-			

	1 9 258/2	Col./	Skip
43.	Have you, for any period in the last five years,	Code	<u>to</u>
	worked as an employee as your main job rather than as self-employed?	(434)]
	as self-employed? 8 DK 9 NA Yes	1	b)
	NO.	2	c) 🖣
	if YES, ASK b). IF NO, ASK c) J 434/1 2 digit entry in	1	
	The state of the state of the state of the or the or years		i
	last five years have you been an employee? MONTHS YEARS	1	
	ωls 437-38 < 98 DK WRITE IN: 01+60 OR 01+05	[435-38]	Q.44
	NOW SKIP TO O AA		<u> </u>
	IF NO AT a) 3 434 2		
	c) How seriously in the last five years	(439)	
	have you considered getting a job as an employee READ OUT		Ţ
	i vi vil dellously,	1	,
	8 DK quite seriously, 9 J/A.	2	- -
	not very seriously,	3	1
	or - not at all seriously?	4	_
44.a)	ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED 9 258 2 Compared with a year ago, would you say	(440)	
•	your business is doing READ OUT very well,	1	
	& DK quite well,	2	_
	9 N/A about the same,	3	
] [_
	not very well,	4	
	or - not at all well?	5	
Ψ	(Business not in existence then)	6	•
b)	And over the coming year, do you think	(441)	
	your business will do READ OUT better,	1	_
	9 N/A about the same,	2	
	or - worse than this year?	3	
	Other (SPECIFY) Final List wir Serial No.	7	_
	(Don't know)	8	
	Now for some more general questions about your work.	 	
45.a)	For some people their job is simply something they do in order to]	
i	carn a fiving. For others it means much more than that on way.	(442)	-
	EMAD OUT		
	9 N/A just a means of earning a living,	1	b)
	or - does it mean much more to you than		_
	IF 'MEANS OF FARNING A LIVING! (CORD 1 No.)	2	Q.46
		(443)	
ĺ	there are no better	,	
ļ	9 1/4	1	744
	you don't have the right skills to get a better job,	2	
	or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?	3	
ſ			7
61			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
ł			

1				
ŧ	J 258/2 - 16 -			
<u>ا</u>	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED	Col./	Skip	1
Ì	CARD G	Code	to.	1
46.	Which of the statements on this card best describes your feelings about your work?			į
	CODE ONE ONLY	(444)		I
` 	Work is only a business transaction. The more I get paid the more I do; the less I get paid the less I do	1		ĺ
1	I make a point of doing the best work I can, regardless of pay	2	}	I
<u>~</u>	I want to work hard, but not so that it interferes with the		İ	l
ł	rest of my life	3		l
	NONE OF THESE	8	ļ	ļ
<u> </u>	N/A	9	<u>,</u>	
<u>47.</u>	What are the advantages for you of being self-employed rather than an employee? Any other advantages?	 		t
	PROBE FULLY RECORD VERBATIM	[445-46]		1
		1 1 1	ţ	l
		(447-48)	İ	ĺ
l	SEE OPEN CODING INSTRUCTIONS			l
	SEE STEE WEING WEEKS	(449-50)		l
1	}			1
_		(451-52)		
4				l
_		(453-54)		l
<u> </u>	CARD K 34 258/2			
48.a)				ļ
10.447	have or use in your work?] !		
_	To look and the second	01 (455-		
	Telephone link to computer at another place (02 (457-		l
	1 1717 94.4.4 - 14 4	03 (459-		
_		04 (161-1		
	! ————————————————————————————————————	05 (463-1	I .	
-	Computer~controlled plant, machinery, or equipment	D6 (465-1	66)	
}	(including robots)	D7 (467-6	3 8)	
<u>. </u>	Other new technology (CDEGTT) Fig. /	95 (469-3	E	
}	NONE OF THESE OF	96 (471-7	_	
٢	IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY (CODES 01-95) AT a) Not y 471-72/96,98 or 99			l
	affected users and the use of new technology has	(473)		
		1	0.60	
,	for the worse, or - has it made no difference?	! [[Q.62	
	Dr.	3)		
-, - <u></u>	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE	8		ĺ
j			62,	
	1		, (;	

1 245-46 05,06 or 07	Co1./	Skip
ALL UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06, 07. AT Q.19): ASK Qs53-57	Code	<u>to</u>
In total how many months in the last 2 digitating in months OR	years	
five years (that is, since March 1980) 98 DK MONTHS YEARS	ľ	
work? Cols 513-518 WRITE IN 01+60 OR 01+05	515-10)	
How long has this present period of 2 digitant man man Do DR	(110)	
How long has this present period of 2 digital and months of unemployment and seeking work lasted 29 NA MONTHS YEARS	gas	
so far? Cols 522-523 WRITE IN OR	(520_23)	
How confident are you that you will find		
a job to match your qualifications READ OUT .	(524)	
very confident,	1	!
8 pk quite confident, 9 NA.	2	
not very confident,	3	
or - not at all confident?	4	•
Although it may be difficult to judge, how 2 digitality in marks OR year	15257-	Not for
15.19 115.11 to Will be		-aer
	4 9 3 2	Co13(52
9 526-27 03+ 00 528-29/01+ or 98, or 97 Don't know	98	, S.
IF 3 MONTHS OR MORE, OR DON'T KNOW, ASK e)-g). OTHERS GO TO Q.54	(530)	
e) How willing do you think you would be in these circumstances to retrain for		
a different job READ OUT very willing,	1	
9 J/A· quite willing,	2	
or - not very willing?	3	
(Don't know)	8	
f) How willing would you be to move to a	(531)	
different area to find an acceptable	13311	
Job READ OUT very willing,	1	i i
quite willing,	2	
or - not very willing?	3	ļ
(Don't know)	8	
g) And how willing do you think you would be in	(532)	
these circumstances to take what you now consider to be an unacceptable job		
READ OUT very willing,	1	
9 N/A quite willing,	2	
or - not very willing?	3	
(Don't know)	8	
ALL UNEMPLOYED 3- 245-46 05,06 00 07	 	· · · · · · ·
If without having to work, you had what you	(533)	
would regard as a reasonable living income,		
do you think you would still prefer to have		
a paid job or wouldn't you bother? Still prefer paid job	1	
Wouldn't bother	2	
Other answer (SPECITY) Full List win Serial No	3	
Don't know	8	
2/A	9.	6
<u> </u>		

	1 3 + 245 - 46 05,06 or 07	Col./	Sk
55.8	Have you ever actually considered moving to	Code	to
	in now a to the an area other than the one you live	(534)	
	8 DK Yes	1	b)
	IF YES AT a) If 534 1	2	Ω.5
	b) Why did you not move to a different area? Any other reasons?	j	7
	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.	1	
		(535-36	
	SEE OPEN CODING TAXETRICATION		
	SEE OPEN CODING INSTRUCTIONS.	(537-38	
		(539-40	
		7.37.40	† 1
		/	
		(541-42	1
			-
56.a	Would you prefer full or part-time 3 245-46 05,06 & 07 work, if you had the choice?	(543)	-
	Full-+;	1	Q.57
	9NA Part-time	2	b)
	Not looking for work	3	2
	Don't know/Can't say	8	Q.57
	IF PART-TIME (CODE 2 AT a) 34 543 2		j
	b) How many hours per week would you like to work?		
	99 N/A WRITE IN:		•
	WRITE IN:	(544-45)	
	Don't know	98	•
	ALL UNEMPLOYED 3 245-46 05,06 007	 	
57.a)	For some people work is simply something they	(546)	•
	do in order to earn a living. For others it means much more than that. In general, do you		,
	I CHILIK OF WORK as READ OUT		
	9 N/A just a means of earning a living		
	or - does it mean much more to you than that?	1	b)
	IF MEANS OF EARNING A LIVING (CODE 1 AT a) 3 546 1	2	Q.62
	b) Is that because READ OUT	(547)	!
	there are no good jobs around here,	17	ĵ
i	you don't have the right skills to get a good job,	2	Ω.62
	or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?	! !!	T
	DIX	8 9	ļ
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE	9	
			2
65			P.
· ·		İ	

	1		
of.	-245-46/09	0.1 /	
	WHOLLY RETIRED FROM WORK (CODE 09 AT Q.19): ASK Q.58	Col./ Code	Skip to_
i i	you for does your hisband (in fo) many	(548)	
	ension from any past employer? 9 NA Yes	1	1
	No	2]
b) (Car	n I just check) are you over 65 (men)/	(549)	
	(women)? 8 Di< Yes 9 N/A	1	c)
	9 N/A No	2	e)
IF Y	(ES ASK c) AND d). IF NO GO TO e) 9 549		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
3	On the whole would you say the present state Very low	(550) 1	ļ
	pension is on the low side, reasonable, or	2	
1 1	on the high side? IF 'On the low side'. Very low or a bit low? Reasonable	3	
a)	On the high side Do you expect your state pension in a year's	4	
	time to purchase more than it does now, less,	(551)	
	or about the same? 9 No less	1	
,	7 N/N Less	2 }	Q.62
	About the same	3	
	Don't know	8 /	
	· ·		
(e)	At what age did you retire from work? WRITE IN	[552-53]	
	YEARS		დ.62
NOW	Mever worked GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE	00 98	ע
	VA.	99	
Do v	ou currently have a paid job of less 9 245 10	(554)	
Lnan	10 hours a week?	[334]	
INCL	UDE THOSE TEMPORARILY AWAY FROM A 93/4	1	
- 	JOB OF LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK NO	2	•
a) Have	you, during the last five years, ever had 7 245/10	(555)	
or mo	ll or part-time job of 10 hours per week ore? 8b< Yes	1	b)
	9 N/A NO	2	Ω.61
IF Y	ES) 555/1		~
b) I	How long ago was it that you 2 do gir and my in mon The OR years		
	left that 70b? NO OF MONTHS ACO NO OF APARA AL		
10012.33	8-59 (98 DK 99 NA WRITE IN 01+60 OR 01+05	7556-59)	
	ou think you are likely to look \$\frac{1}{245}10	1220-221	
for a	a paid job in the next 5 years?	(560)	
IF YE		, }	
		2	
	Yes - part-time		0.60
c	Other (SPECIFY) _ Fund List with Serial No	3	Q.62
		_	
	Don't know	8 1	
ii .	N/ 0 !	U	
NOM	GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE	-1	(

Cc Cc	ol./ ode

Skip

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	SECTION THREE	Col./	Skip
	ASK ALL		to
į	Now I'u like to ask you a few questions about the countryside.		[
	INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT		
62.a)	Can I just check, would you describe the place	(561)	
	where you live as being — in a big city	1]	
	in the suburbs or outskirts of a city	2	b)
	9 NA in a small city or town	3)]
	in a <u>country</u> village or town	4	Q.63
Ì	in the countryside	5	Q.64
	(CODES 1-3 AT a) 561 1.2 & 3 b) Have you ever lived in the countryside, or in a	(562)	
i	country village or town - for instance, when you		
	were a child or at some time before now? 8 DK Yes 9 N/A No	1	•
	I NO NO	2	
	IF RESPONDENT LIVES IN CITY, SUBURBS, OR ANY VILLAGE/TOWN (CODES 1-4 AT Q.62a) ASK Q.63 9 561 1 2 3 55 4		
1	THOSE LIVING IN COUNTRYSIDE, GO TO Q 64	(563)	
53.	About how far do you live from the nearest open countryside that you can visit or walk in? Please do not include city parks		
	IF NOT SURE, PROBE FOR ESTIMATE.		
	Less than 5 mile (15 mins. walk)	1	
	, up to 1 mile (15-30 mins. walk)	2	•
	over 1 mile, up to 3 miles	3	
	over 3 miles, up to 10 miles	4	
	over 10 miles	5	
	Don't know	8	
	N/A	9	
f			
}			
			,
		ļ	
			,
	X.	'	. 6 {
ı		1 1	

	ASK ALL		
64.a)	leisure time. Could you tell me whether or not you have taken	Col./	Skip
	part in any of these activities in the <u>last four weeks</u> ?		
	READ OUT EACH ACTIVITY AND CODE YES OR NO YES NO	Ì	
	In the last four weeks have you One code for each DK. NA		
i)	been for a drive, outing or picnic in the countryside? 1 8 2 9	(564)	-
ii)	been for a long walk, ramble or hike (of more than 2 miles) in the countryside?	(565)	
iii)	visited any historic or stately homes, gardens, zoos or wildlife parks in the countryside?		
iv)	gone fishing, horse riding, shooting or hunting in the countryside?	(566)	-
v)	visited seacoast or cliffs?	(567)	}
	IF NO ACTIVITIES IN COUNTRYSIDE IN LAST FOUR WEEKS (ONLY CODE 2's	(568)	-} - ┪
	CODED AT a) ASK B. OTHERS GO TO Q.65 ALL GOLD 2	(569)	
	b) Can you remember when you last did any within past month	1	-
	of these activities in the countryside? IF YES: How long ago was that? 1-3 months ago	2	
	INTERPRETATION IN AMORE AND A MOR	3	
	RESPONDENT OF ACTIVITIES. 9 NA 7-12 months ago	4	
	More than one year ago	5	
	No, can't remember	8	
j	ASK ALL	(570)	
65.a)	Do you think the countryside generally is much Much the same the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you	1	დ.66
	think it has changed? 9 NA Changed a bit	2	b) & c
	IF CHANGED: Has it changed a bit or a lot? Changed a lot	3)	
	IF CHANGED A BIT OF A LOT (CODES 2 OF 3 AM a) 2011	8	δ.66
	201 (CODES 2 OR 3 AT a) ASK b) & c) 3+570/2 3+3		-
İ	Any other ways? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM		
		571-72)	1 4
	<u>†</u>		
1	SEE OPEN COMING INSTRUCTIONS.	573-74)	
ł			
		575-76)	
	<u> </u>		
		577-78)	
	<u> </u>		~
]	1	579-80)	Î
			_
- [V	CARD O6	
	changed for the better or worse?	(6.6 7 ነ -	
	8 DIC 12 COLUMN 1	1	7
	9 N/A Worse	2	1
	(Better in some ways/worse in others)	3	
69			,

		_	•				
	1					Col./	Skip
	ASK ALL					1.4	
66.	Are you personally concerned about th that may happen to the countryside, o it not concern you particularly?	ıngs r do	es			(600)	
	IF CONCERNED: Are you very concerned		8 DK	Very co	nce med	(608) 1	
	or just a bit concerned		9 NIA	A bit co		ı	
	D	oes i	not concern				
 -				. ne parer			
	CARD L AU						
67.a)	Here are some ways people have said the countryside generally has changed over the last twenty years. Which of their do you think has changed if you think none of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed, please say some of them has changed.	r n nk					
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY UNDER a) IF NONE	E, CC	DDE NONE				
	FOR EACH ITEM MENTIONED AS CHANGED AT IF NONE OR DON'T KNOW, GO TO 2.68	(a)	, ASK b				
	b) You said that the countryside has the (ITEM MENTIONED AT a) I this is a change for the better or REPLAT b) FOR EACH ITEM CODED AT a	o yo	u think				
		-	'a)		(I-)	2/609-19	91 2
	a) May be multi	Cha	inged	Better			1
	Provision of roads and motorways	Ol	(609-10)	1	2	9 8	(627)
	Access via footpaths		(611-12)	•		9 8	(628)
	Number of hedgerows	03	(613-14)	1	2	9 8	(629)
	Number of picnic areas and camping sites	04	(615-16)	1	2	9 8	(630)
	Number of people visiting and tourists	05	(6) 5 10)	1	2		
İ	Amount of cultivated farmland	06	(617-18) (619-20)	į		9 8	(631)
.]	Level of pollution	07	(621-22)	1		9 8 9 8	(632)
	Amount of wildlife	U8	(623-24)	1		1 ° 1 8	(633)
.	NONE OF THESE 99 1/A v. 625-26	96	(625-26)	ה	2	' "	(634)
	Don't know fa) totally black	98	[625-26]	<u> </u> }			№ Q 68
					·	- 	
·							
-							
- 1							
-						1	
- 1						,	70
_ }	·						

		Col./
ASK ALL		- mile
CARD M		ĺ
Which, if any, of the things on this card do you think is the greatest threat to the countryside: if you think none of them is a threat, please say so. RECORD ONE ONLY IN COL a) BELOW And which do you think is the next greatest threat?		
RECORD ONE ONLY IN COL. b)		-
	(a)	(b)
	Greatest threat	Next greates
	(635-36 <u>)</u>	(637-38
Motorways and road building	ol	01
Industrial pollution	02	02
Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerows, woodlands	03	03
Tourism and visitors	04	04
Litter	05	05
Urban growth and housing development	06	06
Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	07	07
NONE OF THESE	97	97
Don't know	98	98
NIA	99	99
NOW GO TO		
NOW GO TO Q.69, SECTION FOUR - YELLOW STRIPE		
		j
		i l

1	SECTION FOUR	[Col./	Skip
	ASK ALL	ŀ	Code	_to_
	CARD N			
69.	Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.			
	whole list before deciding.	lst	2nd	ı I
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL.	Priority (639-40)	Priority (641-42)	
	Education	01	01	
	Defence	02	02	l.
	Health	03	03	ļ
	Housing	04	04	
ı	Public transport	05	05	
	Roads	06	06	
	Police and prisons	07	07	
	Social security benefits	08	08	
	Help for industry	09	09	
	Overseas and	10	10	
	NONE OF THESE	11	11	
	Don't know	98 99	98 99	1
	card o Au	99	99	
70.	Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?	lst Priority	2nd Priority	
		(643)	(644)	
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL. Retirement pensions	1	1	
	Child benefits	2	2	
	Benefits for the unemployed		3	
	Benefits for disabled people	4	4	
	Benefits for single parents	5	5	
	NONE OF THESE	6	6	
	Don't know	98	98	
71.	I will read two statements. For each one please say whether you agree or disagree? Strongly or slightly?	(a) Falsely claim	(b) Fail to claim	
	HU	(645)	(646)	
a) I	Large numbers of people these days Agree strongly	1	1	
	falsely claim benefits. Agree slightly	2	2	
y b)	Large numbers of people who are Disagree slightly	3	3	
•	eligible for benefits these days Disagree strongly	4	4	İ
	fail to claim them. Don't know	8 6 110	- ه ا	
	DOIL C KNOW	8 9NA	8944	

	1		
72.	Opinions differ about the level of benefits for	Col./)
-	The management of the contract	Code	<u>_</u>
	EAD OUT		
	benefits for the unemployed are too low and cause hardship	(647)	
	behelits for the unemployed are too high and at		
	office and be cause water are trom finding jobs?	2	
	5 - BOTH Some people benefit some people suffer/bends (Neither)	3	
	5 - BOTH Some people benefit some people suffer/Deputs (Neither) Final List wir Serial No	7	
	0 - ABOUT KIGHT IN BETWEEN TOO (Don't know)	98	
	CARD P AU	 	+
73.	Suppose the government had to choose between the]	
	three options on this card. Which do you think it should choose?	(648)	
	Reduce taxes and spend less on health, education and social benefits		
	Keep taxes and spending on these services at the same level as now	1	
	Increase taxes and spend more on health, education and social	2	
	benefits	3	
	9 NA. None	4	
	Don't know	8	
	CARD Q AU	ļ	-
74.	Now, a few questions on housing. First, in general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your transfer.	(649)	
	Choose a phrase from the card. Very satisfied	•	
	8 DK 9 All Quite satisfied	1	
	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	2	ļÌ
	Quite dissatisfied	3	:
:	Very dissatisfied	4	
75.	Does your household own or more and	5	
	PROBE AS NECESSARY TO CLASSIFY	650-517	
i	ONE CODE ONLY OWN: Own leasehold or freehold outright		
ì	Buying leasehold or freehold on mortgage	01	Q.78 .
	RENTED FROM: Local authority (Inc. GLC)	02	Q.77
Ì	New Town Development Corporation	f 1	Q.76
.]		04	
		05	
		06	_
	Other organisation	1 1	Q.78
		08	-
	Other	09	
	Other individual	10 /	

	IF LOCAL AUTHORITY OR NEW TOWN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION TENANT (CODES 03 OR 04 AT Q.75)	Col./	Skip
76.a)	responsible for paying the rent - will buy this	(652)	
	accommodation at some time in the future? Very likely	1	
	IF LIKELY OR UNLIKELY. Very or quite? Quite likely	2	<u> </u>
	9 J/A Quite unlikely	3	-
ļ	Very unlikely	4	}
	Not allowed to buy	5	
\downarrow	Don't know	8	1
b)	How would you describe the <u>rent</u> - not including rates - for this accommodation? Would you say	(653)	
	1t was READ OUT on the high side,	1	
	9 J/A reasonable,	2	Q.78
	or - on the low side?	3]	
	IF BUYING ON MORTGAGE (CODE 02 AT Q.75) \$\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\		
7.	Did you or the person responsible for the mortgage	(654)	ļ
	buy your present home from the local authority as a tenant? 'LOCAL AUTHORITY' INCLUDES GLC AND NEW 8DK Yes		
	TOWN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS 9 NA	1	
 -	NO	2	
	ASK ALL		
l.a)	CODE FROM OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT		İ
	Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a -	(655)	
	8 DK Detached house or bungalow	1	
	9 N/A Semi-detached house or bungalow	2	
	Terraced house	3	
	Self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc. in tenement block)	4	
	Self-contained converted flat/maisonette	5	
	Room(s) - not self-contained	6	
\downarrow	Other (SPECIFY) lecode of possible - otherwise Final List	7	
b)	And how long have you lived in your	(656)	
	present home? Less than 1 year	1	
	l year, less than 2 years	2	
	8 DK 2 vears, less than 5 years 9 119	3	<u> </u>
	5 years, less than 10 years	4	
	10 years, less than 20 years	5	
		1	Ī

	4 Aa.		
_	I HU	Col./	Skip -
79.a	- 3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	(657)	to
	to stay in your present home, or would you would choose to stay choose to move out?	1	Ω.80 -
	NA would choose to move out	2	b)
	IF MOVE OUT (CODE 2 AT a) 3 657 2	8	₽.80
	b) How keen are you to move out?	(658)	-
	Are you are READ OUT YELVE VETY KEEN,	1	
	or - not that keen?	3	_
	ASK ALL	(659)	
80.a	And apart from what you would like.	 ,	
	two years time - do you expect to Be living in or- move elsewhere?	1 2	Q.81 _ b)
	TE ELSEWHERE (CODE 2 AM) 2/ Don't know	8	Ω.81
	IF ELSEWHERE (CODE 2 AT a) 9 659 2	(eeo)	_
	b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your 7 other		
	that you will buy or rent your 7 other next home? 9 A/A		
	TE DENTE TO THE TE	1	-
	OTHER RENT: PROBE FOR COUNCIL/ Rent: from local authority/council Rent from other landlord	2 3	
81.a)	Don't know	8	-
or.a)	TAR A STAR STAR STAR STAR STAR STAR STAR		
	THECK! (5+12+ 6591) AESPONDENT WOULD CHOOSE TO MOVE BITT DOES NOT EXPERT	(ee1)	
	AND CODE 1 AT Q. 80a)	1	b)
	IF CODE 1 AT a) of 661/1 ALL OTHER RESPONDENTS	2	Q.82
	b) You said that you would also		~
	b) You said that you would like to move, but that you don't expect to in the next two years. Why do you think you will not move? PROBE FULLY. PECOPD WERDAMY.		
	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.		
		(662-63)	Ī
		}	ł
	S	(664-65)	ī
	SEE OPEN CODING INSTRUCTIONS.		•
		666-67)	Ī
			1
		668-69)	п
		T	ļ
		•) : :
		670-711	
2.	IE CUIDINATE LE COMPANIE LE CO		
ುಪ∎	OTHERS GO TO Q.84 J. 650-51 03 -10 AT Q.75): ASK Q.82	672-73)	SPARE
a)	07650-51103-10	(674)	
	If you had a free choice would you choose to rent accommodation, or would you choose Would choose to rent	1	
	Would choose to buy	2	
b)	And apart from what you would be	8	
,	And apart from what you would like, do you expect to buy a house or a flat	(675)	-
	in the next two years, or not? Yes-expect to buy	1	
_	INCLUDES BUYING PRESENT FLAT No - do not expect to buy Don't know	2 8]_
		· ·	I
75			,

1				
<u></u>	1	Col./	Skip	
3.a)	INTERVIEWER CHECK: If 650-51 03-10 CHECK - TABIF IN ERROR	Code	<u>to</u>	
_	CHECK GAU/2 + 675/2 RESPONDENT WOULD CHOOSE TO BUY BUT DOES NOT EXPECT TO, (CODE 2 AT Q.82a AND CODE 2 AT Q.82b)	(676)		İ
	(CODE 2 AT Q.82a AND CODE 2 AT Q.82b)	1	p)	
L :	9 J/A ALL OTHER RESPONDENTS	2	Q.84	
1	IF CODE 1 AT a) of 676/1			ļ
	b) You said that you would <u>like</u> to buy, but that you don't <u>expect</u> to in the next two years. Why do you think you will not buy?			
1	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.	(677-78)		
		<u> l </u>	·	
1		(679-80)	:	
	SEE OPEN CODING INSTRUCTIONS		•	
		(707-08)		
_		7.07.0		
			' 	
		(709-10)	į	
_				
		(711-12)		
_			İ	
		(713-14)	SPARE	
	ASK ALL			
t	Now, a few questions on education.			
_	CARD R	<u> </u>		}
°4.	First, which of the groups on this card, if any, would be your highest priority for extra govern-		j !	
_	ment spending on education, and which next? Priority Priority	2nd Priority		İ
	(715)	(716)		
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL. Nursery/pre-school children 1	1		
1	Primary school children 2	2		
l 	Secondary school children 3	3		
1	Less able children with special needs 4	4		
	Students at colleges, universities or polytechnics 5	5		
	NONE OF THESE 6	6	NB.	ناھ
	Don't know 8	8	ALTERT	þ
	N/A 9	9	if use	1
_				
}				
				1
		1	7	7 E

	1 ones - A.		<u> </u>	
3.5	CARD S AU		Col./	Skip
S5.	Here are a number of factors that some people think would in education in our schools.	mprove	Line	to
a	Which do you think is the most important one for children in schools - aged 5-11 years? Please look at the whole list deciding. ONE CODE ONLY	primary before		
b	And which do you think is the most important one for children	n in		
	secondary schools - aged 11-18 years ? ONE CODE ONLY	(a) PRIMARY	(b)	
			SECON- DARY	
	More resources for books and equipment	(717-18)	(719-20)	
	1	01	01	İ
	Better buildings	02	02	
	Better pay for teachers	03	03	-
	More involvement of parents in governing bodies	04	04	
	More discussion between parents and teachers	⁰⁵ 98.4k	05	•
	Smaller classes	06 99 N/A	06	
	More emphasis on preparation for exams	07 49 N/A	07	
	More emphasis on developing the child's skills and interests	80	0800	DK Na
	More training and preparation for jobs	09	09	MA
	More emphasis on arts subjects	10	10	
	More emphasis on mathematics	11	11	
	More emphasis on English	12	12	
AN	OTHER ANSWERS (LIST WITH SERIAL No) Stricter discipline	13	13	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NONE OF THESE	- 역구 96	97 96	
86.	Do you think that what is taught in schools should be up to READ OUT		(721)	
	7 ofter, 9 NIA the local education authority to	ರೆಂದ್ ಕಂ	7	
	or - should central government have the fin	al cara	1	
		t know)	2	
87.	1 1/1/2		8	
	some people think it is best for secondary schoolchildren to separated into grammar and secondary modern schools according well they have done when they leave primary school. Others it is best for secondary schoolchildren not to be separated in way, and to attend comprehensive schools.	to how	(722)	
	On balance, which system do you think provides the best all-reducation for secondary schoolchildren READ OUT	ound		•
	9 N/A a system of grammar and secondary modern so	chools,	1	
	or - a system of comprehensive so	chools?	2	
	Other (SPECIFY) Final List with Serial	10	7	
	(Don't	know)	8	•
88.	It is now compulsory for state secondary schools to publish their GCE and CSE exam results. How		(723)	
	useful do you think this information is for very u	seful,	1	
	parents of present or future pupils? Is it quite u	seful,	2	
Pri 244	9 N/A or - not really u	seful?	3	•
77		t know	8	,
j				

. 1	1 Au	Col./	Skip
89.a)		Code	to
.	opinion about private schools in	(724)	
	Britain? Should there be READ OUT 8 bk about the same number as now,	2	
1	9 N/A fewer private schools,	3	
	or - no private schools at all?	4	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Fund Last with Senal No	7	,
b)	If there were fewer private schools	(725)	
	in Britain today do you think, on the whole, that state schools would READ OUT benefit,	1	
j	9 N/A suffer,	2	
	or - would it make no difference?	3	
	(Don't know)	8	
0.a)	Do you feel that opportunities for young people in Britain to go on to higher education - to a university, college or polytechnic - should be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now? IF INCREASED OR REDUCED A lot or a little?	(726)	
	IF INCREASED OR REDUCED A lot or a little? Increased a lot	1	
	9 NIA Increased a little	2	
	About right	3	ļ
	Reduced a little	4	,
	Reduced a lot	5	
$ \downarrow $	Don't know	8	
b)	When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority.	(727)	
	Do you think they should get grants as now, or loans Grants	1	
1	which would have to be paid back when they start Loans working?	2	
	DOTN=7, 9 J/A Don't know	8	_
	Now moving on to the subject of social class in Britain.	(728)	
l.a)	To what extent do you think a person's social class affects his or her opportunities in		
	Britain today READ OUT a great deal	1	
	8 DK	2	
	9 J/A not very much	3	
	or - not at all?	4	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Fund Listuri Schol No	7	
b)	Do you think social class is more or less important now in affecting a person's	(729)	
}	opportunities than it was 10 years ago,		
	or has there been no real change? & DK More important now	1	
	9 NA Less important now	2	
	No change	3	
c)	Do you think that in 10 years time social class will be more or less important than it is a more important in	(730)	
]	will be more or less important than it is now in affecting a person's opportunities or will 10 years time	1	
	there be no real change? Less important in		
	9 NA 10 years time	2	™ Ω=
	110 change	3	<u>7</u> 87
ŀ	,	i	

	Au CARD T		Col./ Code	Skip to
92.	Most people see themselves as belong social class. Please look at this social class you would say you belong	card and tell me which	(731)	
	10.00	Upper middle	1	
	If REFUSE) = 9	9 N/A Middle	2	
į		Upper working	3	
		Working	4	
		Poor	5	
		Don't know	8	<u>.</u>
93.a)	Do you regard yourself as belonging IF YES: Which? IF 'Christian' PRO	to any particular religion? OBE FOR DENOMINATION	(732-33)	
	ONE CODE ONLY	No religion	01	Q.94
		Christian - no denomination	02	
	98 bk	Roman Catholic	03	
-	99 NJA CHRISTIAN	Church of England/Anglican	04	
	DENOMINATIONS:	United Reform Church (URC) /Congregational	05	
		Baptist	06	
		Methodist	07	
		Presbyterian/Church of Scotland	08	b)
	Other Christian (SPECIFY)	Final List wir Serial No.	09	
		Hindu	10	
	OTHER	Jew	11	
	RELIGIONS:	Islam/Muslim	12	
		Sikh	13	
:		Buddhist	14	
	Other non-Christian (SPECIFY) 9 732-33 02-15 IF RELIGION ENTERED AT a) ASK b).	OTHERS SKIP TO Q.94	(734-35)	
:	b) Apart from such special occasion and baptisms, how often nowadays or meetings connected with your	ns as weddings, funerals s do you attend services		
		Once a week or more	01	
	Less ofte	n but at least once in two weeks	02	
	98 DK Less	often but at least once a month	03	
	99 NA Less	often but at least twice a year	04	
	Les	s often but at least once a year	05	
İ		Less often	06	
		Never or practically never	07	
		Varies	08	
70				

	1	Col./	Skip
	ACK ALL	Code	to
	ASK ALL		
	Now I would like to ask you some questions about racial prejudice in Britain.		
94.a)			
	and Pakistan - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a		
	lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little or hardly any? RECORD IN COL (a)		
	1 AU		
b)	And black people - that is West Indians and Africans - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against]
	them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?		İ
	RECORD IN COL (b) Asians	(b) Blacks	i
	(736)		
	A lot 1	(737)	
	A little 2	f -	1 1
		2	
	94/	39 NJ.	<u> </u>
	AU	8	
c)	Do you think there is generally more racial prejudice in Britain now than there was 5	(738)	
	years ago, less, or about the same amount? More now	1	
	8 bk	2	
	9 N/A About the same	3	1
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final List with Serial No	7	
ď)	1 47LA		
u,	Do you think there will be more, less or about the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain	(739)]
	in 5 years time compared with now? More in 5 years	1	
	8 DK	2	
	9 N/A About the same	3	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Final List with Serial No	7	
e)	I M W	(740)	
٠,	How would you describe yourself. READ OUT	[[[[]]	
	as very prejudiced against people of other races,	,,,	
	8 AK 11++10 manual 2	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	f)
!	9 N/A	2	
	other answer (SPECIFY) Final List with Serial No.	3	Q.95
	IF 'VERY' OR 'A LITTLE' PREJUDICED of 740 1072 - up to 3 answers	7,	Ì
	f) have be coded.	}	!
1	f) Against any race in particular? PROBE AND RECORD. IF 'BLACK' OR 'COLOURED' MENTIONED, PROBE FOR WHETHER WEST INDIAN, ASIAN,		1
	GENERAL, ETC. RECORD VERBATIM EVERYTHING MENTIONED	(741-42)	
	01 - ASIANS 09 - AFRICANS 02 - BLACKS 09 - OTHER SPECIFIED RACES NATIONALITIES, COUNTRIES		
	03-COLOUREDS 10- AGAINST ALL RACES (OTHER THAN WHITE), NO RACE IN	743-447	
	04 - PAKISTANIS PARTICULAR (INCLUDES NO	>	·
ļ	05-INDIANS 97-OTHER ANSWER NOT FALLING INTO 01-10:- 06-SIKHS (FINAL LIST WITH SERIAL NO *)	(745-46)	
	07-WEST INDIANS 98 - DON'T KNOW SERIAL NO #)	7,7-7,81	.
	Fuel herrie of all a community	 	
	# Fund histing of all answers where reasons only were ree ALSO LIST (VERBATIN) answers where more Transpirot race was mentioned	orded	80
	have work to		ðU
	was mentioned		

	CARD U	Col./	SI				
	Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships.	JAME	1				
95.a)							
b)							
c)	What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD IN COL (c)						
	One code only for each heading (a) (b) 8 DK > a), b) and c) MARRIAGE MARITAL	(c) SAME SEX					
	(747) (748)	(7497					
	Always wrong 1 1	1					
	Mostly wrong 2 2	2					
	Sometimes wrong 3 3	3					
	Rarely wrong 4 4	4					
	Not wrong at all 5 5	5					
	Depends/varies 6 6	6					
96.a) h	Now I would like you to tell me whether, in your opinion, it is acceptable for a homosexual person		 				
	READ OUT EACH ITEM AND CODE FOR EACH						
	Yes No Other answer (SPECIFY)						
	to be a teacher in a school? 1 2 7 SEE OPEN COOING INSTRUCTION	M750)					
	or university? 1 2 7 "	(751)					
	to hold a responsible pos - ition in public life? 1 2 7 " "	(752)					
b)	What did you understand the phrase "homosexual"	(753)					
	to mean at this question: READ OUT 8DK men only,	1					
	91/A women only,	2					
	or - either?	3					
c)	Do you think female homosexual couples should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions	(754)					
1 1	as other couples? Yes	1					
-	No No	2					
	Other (SPECIFY) SEE OPEN (ODING INSTRUCTIONS.	7					
√a)	And do you think male homosexual couples should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions	(755)					
	as other couples? Yes	1					
	No	2					
	Other (SPECIFY) SEE OPEN (ODING INSTRUCTIONS.	7					
81							

-	Au			SEC	TION	FIVE				ſ	Col./	Skip
97.a)									luding	ļ	Code	to
.	yourself, how many people live here regularly as members of this household? INTERVIEWER. CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION								ļ			
	OR HONORWOLD IN MEGECCARY											
					78 90	i DIK	WRITE	IN		╛	(756-57)	
- V	And can I just che	ck vour	own n	marıtal						_	(758)	
٠,	At present are you							п	narrie	i,	1	
_							lıvır	ng as n	narried	3,	2	'
		PF	RIORITY	CODE		sep	arated	d or di	vorce	ì,	3	
					8 DK	4		v	ı1dowed	1,	4	
-					9 NI	A	or -		arried	-	5 1	
8.	Now I'd like to as	k for a	few d	letails	about	each						
-	hold. Starting wi	ith you	rself,	what	was yo	ur age	last	birtho	lay?	40 C		
	WORK DOWN COLUMNS (OF GRID	FOR E	ACH HO	USEHOL	D MEMB. O CARD 0:	-					
-	TAB- NB IF SEX OF	Resp-	2	3	4	5	6	7			10	
	RESPONDENT BLANK-	ondent		ļ 				<u> </u>	8	9	10	-
	otherwise 9 NIA	759	764	769	774	807	812	817	822	827	832	
a)	<u>Sex</u> Male	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	00 = UNDER TYCFemale	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
- }	98=98+ 99= Refused / N/A	760- .61	765 ~ 66	770-	775 76	808-	813_	818- 19	823-	828 29	- 833- 34	
b)	Age last birthday	70					1-1		 	1		
_'	Relationship to	SPA RE	767	772	777	810	815	820				
-	respondent	7	, 0 ,	' ' -	′ ′ ′	""	813	820	825	830	835	
	Spouse/partner	$ \setminus / $	1	1	1	1	l i	1	1	1	1	
-	9 NA Son/daughter	$ \setminus / $	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Ρē	rent/parent-in-law	ΙXΙ	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
-	Other relative	$ / \setminus $	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
	Not related	$V \setminus$	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
d)	HOUSEHOLD MEMBER(S)	763	768	773	778	811	816	821	826	831	836	
-	WITH LEGAL RESPON-	9 NIA		1		3,768					836	
	SIBILITY FOR ACCOMMODATION (INC. JOINT)- 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
-	AND SHARED)	,			(779-80					ı		TAB
*	CHECK THAT NUMBE	R OF I	PEOPLE	E IN (GRID R	EQUALS	NUM	BER G	IVEN A	AT Q	.97a	
_					 -							
79.a)	ASK ALL						_				1	1
,,,,,	Have you ever atten United Kingdom? 'PR	IVATE'	INCLU	<u>e</u> prim DES PU	ary or BLIC A	secon ND DIR	dary s ECT GR	chool ANT SC	in the HOOLS.	RITT		
_	EXCLUDES NURSERY SO	HOOLS !	AND VO	LUNTAR	Y-AIDE	D SCHO	OLS.		YES OR			
	IN COL a) BELOW											
- b)	IF MARRIED OR LIVIN "And has your (husba	G AS M	ARRIED	ASK b). 0	THERS	GO TO	c) 94 7	דר, לא	200	ا/ء	
-,	secondary school in	the U	nited	Kingdo	m? COD	E YES	OR NO	IN COL	b) BE	UOJ	'	
_	IF SON OP DAUGHTER	OVER 5	YRS I	N HH.	ASK c)	• OTI	HERS G	отос	.1003/	767 7	7201.12	1 06145
c)	-		,			_ ~, ~ , ,		ended	a priv	ate	- 500/2	ادسر- م
	primary or secondar CODE YES OR NO IN (COP c)	ot iu	tne Un	ited K	ıngdom		(a)	(b)		(c)	
_									Partne	<u>r</u>	Children	
							ſ	837)	(838)		(839)	
-						•	Yes No	1 2	1 2		1 2	ا ا
				•	D	on't ki	now	8	8		8 •	8.2
							NIA	9	9		9	

	1 200 200		
	ASK ALL	Col./	Skip
100.	How old were you when you completed your	(840-4	<u>to</u>
	continuous full-time education? 15 or under	01	
	16 16	02	-
	99 N/A 17	03	
	18 19 or over	04 05	i
	Still at school	06	
	Still at college, polytechnic, or university	07	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) TAB all one ausurs.	97	_
	ASK ALL	(0) 0)	+
101.8	CARD V Have you passed any exams or got any of Yes	(842)	_
	the qualifications on this card?	1	b) -
	IF YES (CODE 1 AT a) 4 842/1	2	Q.102
	h) Which once? Any others?		_
	Com Grades 2-2	01	(843-44
	May be multi-coded. CSE Grade 1 GCE '0' level		_
	School certificate	02	(845-46)
	Scottish (SCE) Ordinary		
	GCE 'A' level/'S' level)		<u> </u>
	Higher certificate	03	
	Matriculation Scottish (SCD) w	03	(847-41
	Scottish (SCE) Higher Overseas School Leaving Exam/Certificate		-
		04	[849-5C.
	Recognised trade apprenticeship completed	05	(851~52
	RSA/other clerical, commercial qualification	06	[853-54]
	City & Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I	07	(855-56
	City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or Part III	08	(857-58)
	City & Guilds Certificate - Full technological	09	1859-60
	BEC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND)	10	(861-62)
	BEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND)	11	(863-64
	Teachers training qualification	12	[865-66 7]
	Nursing qualification	13	1
	Other technical or business qualification/certificate	ļ	(867-68\
	Iniversity or China and and	14	(869-70-
	Othor (character)	15	(871-72)
	N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N. N	97	(873 ⁻⁷⁴
02.	INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION FOR ALL DESPONDENTS	997	0~873-74
~~•	INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM OBSERVATION FOR ALL RESPONDENTS	(875)	'
<u> </u>	White/European	1	T
	Indian/East African Asian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan	2	
	9 NIA Black/African/West Indian	3	<u></u>
	Other (inc. Chinese)	4	1
	Carliese)	*	'
		876-80	SPARE
		ĺ	
			<u></u>
.83			
İ	·.		,

_	Au	Col./	Skip to
-103.	IS THIS A SINGLE PERSON HOUSEHOLD Yes + SKIP TO Q. 104 Howe hold Snd 998	CARD 09	
-	Who is the person mainly responsible for general domestic duties in this household? Respondent mainly	A)A 9	
	Someone else mainly (SPECIFY RELATIONSHIP TO RESPONDENT)	2	
_	Duties shared equally (SPECIFY BY WHOM)	3	
<u></u>	SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTIONS	908-097	
	ASK ALL CARD W Are you or anyone in your household, a member of any of the groups, clubs or organisations listed on this card?		
_			
	Royal Society for the Dustration of Dustration	1 (910)	
	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds 9 2/A > 914 Other wildlife or countryside protection group	2 (911)	
	Countryside sports/leisure organisation	3 (912) 4 (913)	
_	NO - NONE OF THESE	6 (914)	
)5.a	Do you, or does anyone else in your household own or have the regular use of a car or a van? 8 DK Yes 9 N/A	(915) 1	b)
_	IF YES AT a) 9 9 9 15 1	2	Q.106
_	b) Do you ever drive the car or van yourself, that 8 DK. Yes is, with a full current driving licence? 9 N/A No	2	
106.a	Do you have any of the following in your home? AU READ OUT ITEMS 1-1V AND CODE YES OR NO FOR EACH		
	FOR EACH ITEM MENTIONED AT a) ASK b) IF NONE IN HOME, GO TO Q.107		
~-	b) Do you, personally, ever use (ITEM MENTIONED AT a)? CODE YES OR NO FOR EACH ITEM MENTIONED AT a)		
_	One code for each ten (a) Have at Ever use 9 1/9. home	917 9 8 DK 9 NIA	1800/1
_ •	Yes No Yes No 1) a word processor or computer		!
	printer? 1 2 (917) 1 2	(921)	
_	computer games? 1 2 (918) 1 2	(922)	
	other purposes? 1 2 (313) 1 2	(923)	
	1v) a terminal and telephone link with a computer in another place? 1 2 (920) 1 2	(924)	
			84

		_	
	ASK ALL	Col./	Skip
108.a)	Are you now a member of a trade union 81x	(948)	<u>to</u>
-	or stair association. 9 N/A Yes. Trade union	1 }	c)
	Yes staff association	2 J	
- ;	IF NO AT a) 9 948 3	3	p)
	b) Have you ever been a member of a 8 N/A Yes: Trade union	(949) 1]	
_	trade union or staff association? Yes: staff association	2 ∫	c)
	IF NOW OR EVER A MEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2 AT a) OR b) J 948 - 2 08 949 00	<u>3</u>	Q.109
_	c) Have you ever READ OUT RING ONE CODE FOR EACH YES	NO	
	attended a union or staff association meeting? $\frac{1}{2}$	2 89	(950)
_	voted in a union or staff association election or meeting? 1	289	(951)
-	put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff association meeting? 1	289	
	. gone on strike? 1	289	(952) (953)
-	• stood in a picket line? 1	289	(954)
	 served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or 		, , , , , ,
-	branch committee member? 1	289	(955)
	IF RESPONDENT IS MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED, ASK Q.109 94 758 1002 ABOUT HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER. OTHERS GO TO Q.111	ABC	1 2 3
- 109.a)	CARD Y	DEF GHJ	4 5 6 7 8 9
103.a)	partner) was doing last week, that is the seven days ending last	V *	(965-66)
-	Sunday? PROBE. Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL. I.	K L COL.II	1 2
	II ONDI ONE CODE AI I, IRANSFER IT TO COL. II	CONOMIC	
-		POSITION (967-68)	
	In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation) A	01	
	On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Community		b)
	Programme, Youth Training Scheme etc.) B	02)	98 DK
-	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week C	03]	99 N/A
İ	Waiting to take up paid work already accepted D	04	
-	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office E	05	Q.110
	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job F	06	
_	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), NB. of COLI multi-codd but not actively looking for a job G	07	
	transfer all codes to Permanently sick or disabled H	08]	
_	transfer all codes to Permanently sick or disabled H appropriate which (956-966) Wholly retired from work J This is an addition to code Looking after the home K	09	
	1his is in addition to code Looking after the home K	10	b)
_	Doing something else (SPECIFY) Fund Licrain Senal No L	11	
	IF CODES 01-02 OR 08-11 AT a) 3 967-68 01,02,08,09,10 or 11	(969)	
_	b) How long ago did your (husband/wife/partner) Within past 12	,,	
	ment scheme you mentioned) of at least 10 Over 1-5 years ago	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	
_	hours a week? 8 bk Over 5-10 years ago 9 N/A Over 10-20 years ago	3 ∫ 4 ∫	
	Over 20 years ago	5 }	- 111 0 (
	Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a week	6	&t

9 + 967 - 68 03,04,05,06,07, or 967-68,09,10 + 969 1-4	-	
REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT'S SPOUSE/PARTNER (Q.109)	CARD Col./	
·	Code	to
• SPOUSE IS IN PAID WORK (CODE 03) - ASK a) TO i) ABOUT PRESENT MAIN JOB	1 0.C. (1	007-111
• SPOUSE IS WAITING TO TAKE UP JOB OFFERED (CODE 04) - ASK a) TO i) ABOUT FUTURE JOB		
• SPOUSE IS UNEMPLOYED (CODES OF OF OF OF)		(1012-13
	E.S.	
Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) job. What (is) the name or title of that job?		(1014-15
	S.E.G.	
SEE SEPARATE INSTRUCTIONS What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time? IF RELEVANT:	1	(1016-17)
What materials/machinery (does) he/she use? IF RELEVANT:	SC/M.NA	1
		(1018-19)
	SIC	
What training or qualifications does he/she have that (are) needed		
for that job?	SPARE	(1020-21)
(Does) he/she supervise or (is) he/she responsible for the work YES: WRITE IN NO.:	(1022-2	 25)
ne/she responsible for the work of any other people? IF YES: NO: (RING) / direction for the work	-	ĺ
of any other people? IF YES: NO: (RING): 4 digit cut my 0000 N.B. Euler leading 9998 DK Sero's fucusoury 9999 NIA		-{
(Is) he/she READ OUT Sero's fucusoary 9999 DIA	(1026)	
an emproyee,	291	ok f)
OF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1) or - self-employed?	2 /	g)
	(1027-2	e)
Which of the types of organisation on this card does he/she work for? Private firm or company		
One code only Nationalised industry/public corporation	01	
98 DK Local Authority/Local Education Authority	02	
9931A Health Authority/hospital	03	
Central Government/Civil Service	04	
Charity or trust	05 06	
ther (SPECIFY) KECODE IE POISSIALE	07	
SK NO 967-68 03,04,05,06,07,09 or 10	 -	-
ndt (does) the employer (TF SFIE-EMPLOYED, boyer)		
he place where he/she usually (works)? IF FARM GIVE NO. OF ACRES	ļ	
	(1029)	
are) employed at the place where he/she usually Under 10	0	
works) (from)? Under 10	1 2	
F SELF-EMPLOYED: Do you have any employees? 925-99	3	
IF YES: How many? 100-499 500 or more	4 5	
	(1030)	ţ
Is) the job READ OUT 8 DK full-time (30 hours+)	1	
9 N/Aor - part-time (10-29 hours)?	2	
	-	·
		<i>'</i>

Γ

}

ļ

	NOW ALL		
	ASK ALL	Col./	Skip
	CARD Z	Code b)	to
_111.a	Which of the letters on this card represents the total income from all sources of your hold	Own	
1	household? ONE CODE IN COLUMN a) income	Earn- ings	•
	IF IN PAID WORK (ECONOMIC POSITION CODE 03 AT 0 19)	(1033-34	1
	ASK b). OTHERS GO TO Q.112 \rightarrow 245 -46 $\boxed{03}$ $\stackrel{\text{ASK}}{\times}$ = 01	99	
	b) Which of the letters on this card represents P = 02	02	I
- [your own gross or total earnings, before deduction of income tax and national Q = 03	03	1
ł	insurance? ONE CODE IN COLUNN b) R = 04	04	
[T = O5	05	
	s = 06	06	
	0 = 07	07	
_	K = O8	08	
	L = 09	09	
- [B = 10	10	
	Z = 11 DK 98	6용	
	ASK ALL	(1035)	
112.	Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares &DK Yes	1	
	quoted on the Stock Exchange, including unit trusts? 9 N/A No	2	
113.a)	ASK ALL	(1036)	
_	Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation? 8 DK Yes	1	c)
	9 NIA No	2	b)
_	IF NO ASK b) 9 1036/2	(1037)	7
	b) Do you have easy access to a 'phone where you Yes - home	1	c)
	can receive incoming calls? IF YES, ASK. Is	;	ļ
_	SDK "	2	c)
	IF YES AT a) OR b) of 1036 or 1037 or 2	3	Q.114
_	c) A few interviews on any survey are checked by a supervisor to make		
	sure that people are satisfied with the way the interview was	(1038)	
_	carried out. In case my supervisor needs to contact you, it would be helpful if we could have your telephone number.		}
	RECORD HOME OR WORK NUMBER ON G .1 La	1	
1	ADDRESS SLIP ONLY - NOT HERE	2	
114.	In a year's time we may be doing a similar	() () ()	
	interview and we may wish to include you again. 8 DK vec	(1039) 1	İ
-	Would this be alright? 9 N/A No	2	
	SELF COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE		
115.	Is/was it 3- No S(c Quest (to be) collected by interviewer,	(1040)	
	9=NA or - (to be) posted back?	1 2	
	24 hour clock minutes		
_	Time interview Duration of 999 N/A	(1041-43 Check w	hstart
		11044-47	and tru
-	Name of interviewer Check with 114-17 No. DAY MONTH YEAR	+ + 0 4 4 - 4 /	'
	DATE OF INTERVIEW 0 8 5	(1048-53	,
		1.00	
	01-31 04,-06 NEW CODE (1054)	(105 5 -80	
	/ 1 - INT ASSISTED	} '	88

PLEASE ATTACH TO BACK	OF MAIN Q'NAIRRE
Head Office 35 Northampton Square In	
SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH	
BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1985	Interviewer to enter
SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE	CHECK WITH Q'NAIRRE
April 1985 P.815	

To the selected respondent

We hope very much that you will agree to participate in this important study—the third in an annual series of surveys to be published each summer. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire and an interview. Some of the questions are also being asked in America, West Germany and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes.

Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (/) in one or more of the boxes provided. No special knowledge is required—we are confident that everyone will be able to offer an opinion on all questions. And we want all people to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be completed by the person selected by the interviewer at your address—Your participation will be treated as confidential and anonymous

Returning the questionnaire

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the stamped, addressed envelope as soon as you possibly can.

Social and Cormunity Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are finded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. SCPR interviewers carry out around 50,000 interviews per year. This study has been funded mainly by the fain bury Foundation and the Nuffield Foundation, with contributions also from industry and government departments. Please contact us of you readers in organical.

BE ANSWERED.	OULD BE ANSWERED. OFFICE USE ONLY
	hold of confidential government papers wanted to publish them.
(√)	(√) CARD 20
Should the newspaper be allowed to publish the papers?	
<u>OR</u>	<u>OR</u>
Should the government have the power to prevent publication? 2	
Can't choose 8	Can't choose 8
overnment papers were	tial government papers were
(√)	(✓)
Should the newspaper be allowed to publish the papers?	
<u>OR</u>	OR 20.08
Should the government have the power to prevent publication? 2	Should the government have the power
Can't choose	Can't choose
e exceptional occasions on	y that people should obey the law there exceptional occasions on ow their consciences even if it
(✓)	(✓)
Obey the law without exception 1	Obey the law without exception
	20.09
Follow conscience on occasions	Follow conscience on occasions
Can't choose	Can't choose
	יא זי

/continued over ... $\dot{9}0$

	2	
_	_	_

3.	There are many ways people or	organis	ations c	an protest	against a		USE
	government action they strong should be allowed and which show each line. One code	ry oppos nould no	e. Plea t be all	se show wh owed by ti	doh was the	k	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX $Q = NA$	Shoul	d it be	allowed? Probably	Doffeitele	a. 1.	
Α.	Organising public meetings to protest against the government	itely	bly	not	Definitely not	Can't choose	20,10
В.	Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government	1	2	3	4	8	20.11
c.	Organising protest marches and demonstrations	1	2	а			20_12
D.	Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days	1	2	3	4	8	20,13
E.	Seriously damaging government buildings	1	2	3		8	20.14
F.	Organising a nationwide strike of all workers against the government	1	2	3		8	20,15
4.	There are some people whose vi	ews are	consider	ed extreme	e by the		
a)	First, consider people who wan revolution. Do you think such	people s	should be	allowed :	ment by		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One Cod ON EACH LINE 9= NA				Definitely not	Can't choose	
	i) hold public meetings to express their views?	1	2	3	4		20,16
•	<pre>ii) teach 15 year olds in schools?</pre>	1	2	3	4,	8	20.17
	<pre>iii) publish books express- ing their views?</pre>	1	2	3	4	8	20.18
b)	Second, consider people who belto all other races. Do you this	ieve thank such	at white: people s	s are raci hould be a	ally superior	r	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One code ON EACH LINE 9 = NA	for ea	ach sta	Kement	Definitely not	Can't choose	
	i) hold public meetings to express their views?	1	2	3	4		20,19
	<pre>ii) teach 15 year olds in schools?</pre>	1	2	3	4	8	20.20
	<pre>iii) publish books express- ing their views?</pre>	1	2	3	4	8	20,21
1							,

			r	
	- 3 -			OFFICE USE ONLY
Suppose the police get an anonymous criminal record is planning to be	break into a warehouse.		į	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	E One code for ea	ch statemen	t	
Do you think the police should l	be allowed, $q = NA$,	
without a Court Order	Defin- Proba- Probably itely bly not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
i) to keep the man under surveillance?	1 2 3	14	8	20,22
<pre>ii) to tap his telephone?</pre>	1 2 3	4	8	20,23
iii) to open his mail?	1 2 3		6	20 24
<pre>iv) to detain the man overnight for questioning?</pre>	1 2 3	4	8	20,25
Now, suppose the tip is about				
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LIN	E One code for	each statem	ient	
Do you think the police should without a Court Order				
	Defin- Proba- Probably itely bly not	Definitely not	Can't choose	
i) to keep the man under surveillance?	1 2 3	4	8	20,26
11) to tap his telephone?	2 3	4	8	_ 0 <u>.</u> 2 7
111) to open his mail?	1 2 3	4	8	20.28
iv) to detain the man overnight for questioning?	2 3	4	8	20.29
All systems of justice make mis	stakes, but which do			
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			(√)	
One code only	to convict an in	nocent person?	1	
9= N/A	OR			
	to let a guilty p	erson go free?	2	20.30
•	•		 1	
	`	Can't choose	e ,	9.2

		- 4 -		OFFIC
7.	people which computers can br	ifferent pieces of information about ing together very quickly. Is this		ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		(√)	
	One code only	a very serious threat to individual privacy,	1	
	9= M/A	a fairly serious threat,	2	
		not a serious threat,	3	20.31
		or - not a threat at all to individual privacy?	4	
		Can't choose	8	
8.	proportion (percentage) of the who earn low incomes. Other p	nigh incomes should pay a larger eir earnings in taxes than those people think that those with high comes should pay the same proportion in taxes.		
	Do you think those with high	incomes should	(√)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	pay a much larger proportion,		
	One code only	pay a larger proportion,		
	9 = NA	pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes,	3	
		pay a smaller proportion,		20,32
		or - pay a much smaller proportion?	5	
		Can't choose	е	
9.	What is your opinion of the foresponsibility of the governme income between people with hig incomes.	nt to reduce the differences in		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		(√)	
	One code onl	Agree strongly	1	
	8= D/K	Agree	2	
	9 = HA	Neither agree nor disagree	3	
		Disagree	4	20.33
93		Disagree strongly	5	,

10	Please show whether you agree or disa	gree with	M = - + 1			
-One	each of the following statements	Agrce	Neither agree			OFFICE
A.	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE A person whose parents are rich has	strong- ly Agre	nor dis e agree	- Dıs- agree	Disagree strongly	USE ONLY
;= D K 9= N A	a better chance of earning a lot of	1	2 3	14	5	20,34
В.	A person whose father is a profess- ional person has a better chance of earning a lot of money than a person whose parents are poor	1	2 3	4	5	20,35
- c.	Ir Britain what you achieve in life depends largely on your family background	1	2 3	4	5	20.36
11.	Would you say that opportunities for are, in general, better or worse, for	university women than	education for men?		(\(\)	
-	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	м	uch better	for women	ן ו	
-	One code only		Better	for women	n	
_	9= N/A		No d	lıfference	<u> </u>	20,37
_			Worse	for womer	1 4	
		i	Much worse			
-				't choose	<u> </u>	
12 -	How about job opportunities for women general, better or worse than job opposimilar education and experience?	do you ti ortunities :	hink they a for men wit	ire, in th	(/)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	λį	uch better	for women	' <u> </u>	
-			Better	for women	2	
	One code only 9= N/A		No d	lifference	3	
_			Worse	for women	· []	20.38
		4	fuch worse	for women	5	
-			Can	't choose	<u> </u>	
-	And how about income and wages compar similar education and jobs - are women better or worse than men?	ed with mer	who have		(
<u> i</u>	PLEASE TICY ONE BOX	Women a	ire paid mu	ch better		
-	One code only	Wo	omen are pa	id better	2	
-	9= N/A		No d	ifference	3	20,39
_		W	Omen are p	aid worse		'n
	· ·	Women	are paid m	uch worse	5 ,	94

	- 7	-				OFFICE USE ONLY
16.	How do you feel about opportunities for to go to university?	young peo	ple			<u> </u>
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				(√)	
	Should opportunities be				1	
			. increas	sed a lot	, 1	<u> </u>
	One code only 9= N/A	:	ıncreased	a little	2	
		kej	ot the sa	ne as now	, 3	20.52
			reduced	a little	,	
		or	- redu	ced a lot	2 5	
			Ca	n't choos	e 8	
17	Some people think the government should assistance to university students. Oth government should not provide such aid the circumstances listed below should grants that would not have to be paid which the student would have to pay bar government not provide any financial as	ners think In each the govern back, prov ck, or sho	the of the ment provoide loans	ride		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE					
	One code for each statement 9= N/A	Govern- ment should give grants	Govern- ment should make loans	No Govern- ment assis- tance	Can't choose	
Α.	For students whose parents have a low income	1	2	3	8	20.53
В.	For students who have outstanding exam results in secondary school		2	3	8	20,54
c.	For students who have average exam results and middle income parents	1	2	3	6	20.55
						0.6.4

		Ŭ				USE				
18.	Sometimes public authorities intervene with parents in raising their children. Please show in each of the following cases how far you think public authorities should go in dealing with a 10 year old child and his or her parents:									
	Public Authorities should									
	PLEASE TICY ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Give							
ĺ	One code for each statement	Take	warnings or	Take the child						
	9= N/A	no action	counsel- ling	from its	Can't					
A.	The child uses drugs and the	accion	TING	parents	choose					
	parents don't do anything about it	1	2	3	8	20.56				
В.	The child frequently skips									
	school and the parents don't do anything about it	1	2	3	8	20.57				
C.	The parents regularly let the	<u> </u>		Γ	[]					
	child stay out late at night without knowing where the child is	1	2	3	8	20,58				
D.	The parents fail to provide	<u> </u>			[]					
	the child with proper food and clothing	1	2	3	8	20.59				
E.	* *									
F.	beat the child The parents refuse essential	1	2	3	8	20,60				
	medical treatment for the child					20.61				
C	because of their religious beliefs	L	2	<u></u> 3	6	20.01				
G.	The parents refuse to send their child to school because they					20.62				
	wish to educate the child at home	ئـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1	3	<u> </u>					
í	The parents allow the child to watch violent or pornographic									
	films	<u>ائ</u>	2	3	ا ٿـــا	20,63				
19.	Do you think that		Neithe	er						
C		gree trong-	agree nor	Dis-	Disagree					
	BOX ON EACH LINE	-	ree disagi		strongly					
A.	the wearing of seat belts									
	in cars should be required by law?	1	2 :	<u> </u>	5	20,64				
В.	smoking in public places should be prohibited by law?					20,65				
c.	_			<u> </u>	5					
٠.	all employees should be required to retire at an age	7				20,66				
	set by law?			23 <u> 4</u>	5					

		- 9 -				OFFICE
20.	Please show whether you agree o the following statements.	_	ith each of for each 31	talement		USE ONLY
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LIN	E 9= N/A	Agree	Disagree	Can't choose	
A	The public has little control ov what politicians do in office	er	1	2	8	20,67
В.	The average person can get nowhe by talking to public officials	re	1	2	в	20_68
_ c	The average citizen has consider influence on politics	able		2	8	20_69
_ D.	The average person has much to s about running local government	ay		2	8	20,70
E.	People like me have much to say about government			2	В	20.71
F.	The average person has a great d influence on government decision		1	2	В	20,72
— _G	The government is generally responsive to public opinion			2		20,73
_ н.	I am usually interested in local elections		1	2	8	20.74
J _	By taking an active part in polisocial affairs the people can cworld affairs.		1	2	В	20.75
к —	Taking everything into account, world is getting better	the	1	2	В	20,76
	Here are some things the governme Please show which actions you ar are against	-		-		20.77~80 CARD 21
– 01	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The Code for each action	Strongly		ır	Strongly	
 А	8=DK Control of wages by $9=NA$ legislation	favour fav	our against	Against	against	MB WITE M 21.07 *
ъ.	Control of prices by legislation	1	2 3	4	5	21.08
c	Cuts in government spending		2 3	4	5	21.09
, D	Government financing of pro- jects to create new jobs	1	2 3	4	5	21.10
E.	Less government regulation of business		2 3	4	5	21,11
- _F .	Support for industry to develop new products and technology		2 3	4	s	21,12
_G.	Supporting declining industries to protect jobs		2 3	4	5	21.13
н. —	Reducing the working week to create more jobs		2 3	4	5	21,14
						I ,

			10 -					OFFICI USE
22.	Listed below are various areas show whether you would like to spending in each area.	of gover see mor	rnment see or le	pending. ss gover:	Pleas nment	e		ONLY
A. B. C.	Remember that if you say "much increase to pay for it. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The Code for each item The environment 9= N/A Health The police and law enforcement Education The military and defence	Spend much more		require Spend the same as now	Spend less		Can't choose	21.15 21.16 21.17 21.18
F.	Old age pensions			3		5	8	21,19
G.	Unemployment benefits	1	2	3	4	5	6	21,21
н.	Culture and the arts		2	3	4	5	8	21,22
23.	Do you consider the amount of into pay is PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One code only 9= N/A	•••¤	too too about	high, hight, right, o low, o low?	sehold) (/) 1 2 3 4 Ss	nas		21.23
		Do	es not a	apply	6			

-	-	· 11 -		OFFICE USE ONLY
-24.	Do you consider the amount of tax that have to pay is too high or too low?	t business and industry		ONE
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		(√)	
	One code only	Much too high		
-	9= N/A	Too high	2	
_		About right	3	21,24
-		Too low		
		Much too low	5	
-		Can't choose	8	
25.	If the government had to choose betwee or keeping down unemployment to which highest priority?			
-	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		(√)	
	One code only	Keeping down inflation	1	
	9= 4/4	Keeping down unemployment	2	21,25
		Can't choose	8	
_26.	Do you think that trade unions in this much power or too little power?	country have too	(√)	
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Far too much power		
	One code only	Too much power	2	
	9= N/A	About the right amount of power	3	
-		Too little power	4	21.26
_		Far too little power	5	
		Can't choose	8	
-		/continued ov	er	

		- 12 -	OFFICE
27.	How about business and industry? or too little power?	Do they have too much power (/)	USE
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Far too much power	
	One code only		
	One code only 9= N/A	Too much power 2	
	·	About the right amount of power 3	21.27
		Too little power	
		Far too little power 5	
		Can't choose 8	
28.	And what about the government, does	s it have too much power (/)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Far too much power	
	One code only	Too much power 2	
	One code only 9= N/A	About the right amount of power	21.28
		السيا	[
		Too little power	
		Far too little power 5	
		Can't choose	
29.	What do you think the government's industries and services should be?	role in each of these	
	PLEASE TICK ONE	The government should	
	BOX ON EACH LINE	Control Neither	
(One code for each item	prices own it and nor con-	
	9= N/A	profits trol its	
	1= 17/	Own but not prices & Can't it own it profits choose	
Α.	Electricity		21.29
В.	Local public transport		
c.	The steel industry		21.30
D.	Banking and insurance		21.32
E.	The car industry		21.33
		<u>1</u> 2 3 6	
1 (01		

			13			ı	OFFICE
20			.1				USE
.30.	On the whole, do you think it government's responsibility t		snould n	ot be the			ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	-	-	Probably	Definitely	,	
	ON EACH LINE	should be	should be	should not be	should not be	Can't choose	
	Ine code for each item		(f			
Α.	provide a job for $q=N$ everyone who wants one	A []	2	3	14	8	21.34
В.	keep prices under control		2	3	4	8	21,35
c. -	provide health care for the sick	1	2	3	4		21.36
D.	provide a decent standard of living for the old		2	3	L _b	8	21,37
Ε.	provide industry with the help it needs to grow		2	3	14	8	21,38
F.	provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed	1		3	14	8	21,39
G.	reduce income differences between the rich and poor	;	2	3	4	8	21,40
31.	If the government had a choice more on social services, which		_	taxes and	spending	(√)	
-	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		Reduce	taxes and	spend less		
_	One code only				al service:		
_	9= N/A	<u>OR</u>	Increase		spend more		21,41
-				С	an't choos	e	
32.	Are you in favour of or again	nst the dea	ath penalt	y for			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One CO	ode for e	each sto B=DlK	atemost In	favour of	Against	
-	murder in the	course of	9 a viA	ist act	1	2	21,42
_		murde	er of a po	liceman	1	2	21.43
_		·	other	murders	1	2	21.44
	_	. —					_

continued over ..

33.	Please show whether y	ou agree or	disagree	with th	ne followi	.ng		OFFIC USE
	statement: Income an ordinary working peop	d wealth sho le.	uld be r	edistrik	outed towa	ırds	(√)	ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				Agre	e strong	ly	
	One co	ode only						
	{	}= blk				Agr	ee 2	
	C	Alu = {		Neither	agree no	r disagr	ee 3	21.45
						Disagr	ee	
					Disagre	e strong	ly 5	
34.	Please tick one box for agree or disagree with	or each state	ement to					
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	8= DK 9= NIA	Agree strong-		Neither agree nor dis-		Discourse	
A.	Social workers should	put the	ly	Agree	agree	Dis- agree	Disagree strongly	
	child's interests firs it means taking a chil its natural parents		1	2	3	4	5	21,46
В.	Social workers have to to interfere with peop	oo much power ole's lives	1	2	3		5	21.47
c.	The welfare state make nowadays less willing after themselves	es people to look	1	2	3	L4	5	21.48
D.	People receiving socia are made to feel like class citizens	al security second	1	2	3	4	5	21,49
E.	The welfare state enco		1	2	3	4	5	21.50
F.	Doctors should be allo contraceptive advice a to young people under having to inform paren	nd supplies 16 without	1	2	3	4	5	21.51
35.a)	Central government pro	vides financ	ial supp	port to	housing in	n two mai	n	
	ways. First, by mean by means of tax relief	to people w	with mort	tgages.	On the v	whole.	ıd	
	which of these three t from central governmen	ypes of fami t support fo	ly would or housin	d you say ng?	y benefits	most .	(√) .	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		F	amilies	with high	incomes		
	One code of	rly ence	Fan	milies wi	ith middle	incomes		21,52
	8= DK						<u>2</u>	
b)	9 = N/A Which of these three v	lews comes c	losest t		with low		3	
-•	sale of council houses	and flats t	o tenant	s?	on the	•	(√)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Coun			<i>ild not</i> be			
	One Code only 8 = DK	Council ten	ants sho	uld be a	llowed to	buy but		21.53
	9 = N/A	only	in areas	with no	housing	shortage	2	
10		Council te	to	oula gen buy thei	<i>erally</i> be r houses	allowed or flats	_3	,

36. Which of the following statements do you think are generally	OFFICE USE ONLY
true and which false?	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One code for each Statement ON EACH LINE 8= DK Council tenants pay low rents	21.54
9 = NA Councils give a poor standard of repairs and maintenance 1 2	21.55
Council estates are generally pleasant places to live	21,56
37. How serious an effect on our environment do you think each of these	Ì
things has? Very Quite Not very Not at all serious serious serious serious serious	
One code for each Noise from aircraft 3 2	21.57
8=Dlk Lead from petrol 4 3 2	21.58
9 = N/A Industrial waste in the rivers and sea	21.59
Waste from nuclear electricity stations 4 3 2	21.60
Industrial fumes in the air	21.61
Noise and dirt from traffic 4 3 2	21.62
38.a) Which one of these three possible solutions to Britain's electricity (/) needs would you favour most? We should make do with the power	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX stations we have already 1	
One Code only We should build more coal-fuelled	21.63
8= DIK power stations 2	1
9 = N A We should build more nuclear power stations	
b) As far as nuclear power stations are concerned, which of these statements comes closest to your own feelings?	
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX They create very serious risks for the future	
One Code only They create quite serious risks for the future 2 2	
Q = N A They create only slight risks for the future	21,64
They create hardly any risks for the future	
39. Which one of these two statements comes closest to your own views? (√)	
PLEASE TICK	
ONE BOX Industry should be prevented from causing	
One Code Only damage to the countryside, even if this sometimes leads to higher prices	21,65
S = D K $Q = D A$ Industry should keep prices down, even if this sometimes causes damage to the countryside 2	10.4
	<u> </u>

/continued over

40	Warra and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second	OFFICE USE
40.	Here are some statements about the countryside. Please tick one box for each to show whether you agree or disagree with it.	ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX One code for each Agree Dis- D	isayree
Α.	Modern methods of farming have caused damage to the countryside	trongly 21.66
B.	If farmers have to choose between producing more food and looking after the countryside, they should produce more food	21.67
C.	All things considered, farmers do a good job in looking after the countryside 1 2 3	21,68
D.	Government should withhold some subsidies from farmers and use them to protect the countryside, even if this leads to higher prices	21.69
4ì.	Which of these two statements comes <u>closest</u> to your own views? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	
One		(\sqrt)
	9= N/A OR	
	Farmers know how important it is to look after the countryside - there are enough controls and farmers should be left to decide what's done on farms	21.70
	Can't choose	
42.	Gere are a number of things which might help to reduce unemployment in Britain. Please tick a box to show for each whether you would support or oppose it.	
		ose
Α.	Lower the retirement age to create more jobs for younger people 1 2 3	21.71
в.	Shorten the working week and reduce the earnings of those in paid work 1 2 3	21.72
c.	Introduce job sharing schemes so that two part-timers share one full-time job	21.73
D.	Restrict overtime working	21.74
		
		l

21.75--

nobs available

					OFFICE USE
46.a)	Do you think that the introver the next five years w	oduction of new technology in Brita ill	in	(√)	ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX				
	One code only	make work more inter	esting,		
	8 = D/K	make work more	boring,		22.15
	9= N/A		_	2]	
		or - will it make no difference to	o work?		
b)	And will it			(√)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	make life more dif	ficult,		
	One code only				
	8 = DK	make life	easier,	_2	22.16
	9= N/A	or - will it make no diff	erence?		
•				3	
c)		w whether you agree or disagree wit government should do more to encour			
	the spread of new technolo	gy in Britain.	-	(√)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Agree s	trongly		
	One code only	1	_		
	8= b/K		Agree	2	
	9= N/A	Neither agree nor d	Lisagree		22,17
		D	isagree	4	
		Disagree s	trongly		
<u> </u>				5	
47.		mstances in which a woman might con whether or not you think the law sh			
	allow an abortion in each	case.		i	:
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		ould abo llowed b		
	ON EACH LINE		Yes	No	
Λο.	The woman de	cides on her own she does not wish			22,18
	code for The woman de ach circumstance	to have the child	1	2	
	Th	e couple agree they do not wish to have the child			22,19
8= 3		n is not married and does not wish			22.20
٦ =	N A. The woma	to marry the man	1		
	The coup	le cannot afford any more children			22.21
	•	_		2	
	There is a str	ong chance of a defect in the baby	1	2	22.22
	The woman's hea	olth is seriously endangered by the			22,23
		pregnancy		2	
107	The woman b	ecame pregnant as a result of rape		2	22.24

					OFFICI USE
48.	the methods below? Pleamethod open to them on me		to use each of at it is the only	đ ho	ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX GOOD EACH LINE	e code for each method 8= DIK 9=NIA	It shoul Allowed by N law		
	They try to have a ch	using the husband as	donor 1	2	22.25
	They try to have a ch	using an anonymous	donor 1	2	22,26
	They try to h	ave a child by having thei 'test-tube' embryo impl	r own anted	2	22.27
	payment, to bear	ate' mother who agrees, wi a child for them (by artif , using the husband as a d	icial	2	22,28
	They find a 'surrog a child for th	ate' mother who is paid to em (by artificial insemina using the husband as d	tion,	2	22,29
	Finally some questions ab	out nuclear defence			=
19.a)	How likely do you think in Russia and the West befor the next fifteen years?	t is that there will be a e the end of the century - Is it	nuclear war betwe that is, within	en (, [/])	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		very likely,		
	One code o	nly		L1	
	One code o 9= N/A		quite likely,	2	
			not very likely,	3	22.30
		or - n	ot at all likely?	4,	
			Can't choose	8	
, р)		r between Russia and the W cribes what you think woul		(√)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Battlefield nuclear weapo but there would be fe			
(me code only	British cities would be de of the country w	stroyed, but much ould pull through	2	22.31
	9= N/A	Much or all of Britain w	ould be destroyed	3	
			Can't choose	В	
	,				

50.a) At the moment, the British government publishes advice on how people should prepare for survival in the event of a nuclear war. Which of the following statements comes closest to your view on what the government should do?	(√)	OFFIC USE ONLY
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX It is pointless for the government to do anything, because so few people would survive The government should continue only to provide advice		
The government should also provide nuclear shelters to increase people's chances of survival	3	22,32
b) Lastly, please tick one box to show which is the closest to your views about the following statement:	8	-
If there was a major nuclear war, it would result in a worldwide "nuclear winter" with hardly any sunlight and little chance of human survival.	(√)	•
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		-
One Code Only	1	
One Code only It is slightly exaggerated	2	22.33
It is more or less true Can't choose	3	
To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire?	(√)	-
PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Less than 15 minutes		•
One code only Between 15 and 20 minutes 8 = blk	2	•
9= N/A Between 20 and 30 minutes	3	22.34
Between 30 and 45 minutes		
Between 45 and 60 minutes	5	-
Over one hour	6	
THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP		22.35. 80
Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as so as possible in the stamped, addressed envelope provided.	or	

P 815

OCCUPATION CODING

- Q107 IF 245-46/03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 09 or 10
 - 925-928 Code 9993 if statement says 'Never had a job' (Rest of question will be blank)
 - 925-929 5 digit Occupation Number coding 1980
 - 930-931 2 digit Employment Status 01-11 1980
 - 932-935 Not for coders
 - 936-937 2 digit Industry code 1980
- Q 110 If 967-68/03, 04, 05, 06, 07 or 967-68/09, 10 + 969/1-4
 - 1007-1010 Code 9993 as above
 - 1007-1011 5 digit Occupation Number coding 1980
 - 1012-1012 2 digit Employment Status 01-11 1980
 - 1014-1017 Not for coder
 - 1018-1019 2 digit Industry code 1980

APPENDIX E

Code frames used for open questions

```
Q47
Q55b
Q65b
Q81b
Q83b
Q96 (for other answers)
Q103
```

Q47 Advantages of being self-employed

Up to 5 answers may be coded Cols 445-46, 447-48, 449-50, 451-52, 453-54

01 Freedom to do what r wants/flexibility

Unspecified mentions of freedom, not references to time, or decision-making, general references to flexibility

- 02 Flexible hours/can work hours to suit self
- 03 Freedom of decision-making/responsibility
- 04 Can fit in domestic responsibilities

Explicit references to child-care, household duties which can be fitted in, planned around

- 05 Freedom to do what customers/clients want
- 06 More money, profitable

Include mentions of more financial rewards, including fiddling

07 Everything for self/family

Includes all mentions of positive desire to work only for self, family, not work for firm's profit etc

- 08 Job security/jobs only available if self-employed
- 96 No advantages (only 1f no other answers are coded)
- 97 Other answers (not exclusive code)

List by serial nos

98 <u>Don't know</u>

only if no other answers are coded

99 Not answered

Q.55b (If considered moving) Why didn't move to different area to find work

Up to 4 answers to be coded. 535-36; 537-38; 539-40; 541-42.

01 Other areas just as bad

No jobs anywhere, little likelihood of finding work if did move.

02 New legislation about benefit cut-off if move

Any metion about legislation to allow benefit for b & b, hostels only for 2-8 weeks depending on area.

03 Hoping/waiting/planning to move

Any mention of definite plans to move.

04 Housing shortage/inflexibility of provision

Includes all mentions of housing shortage, council in new area cannot re-house or provide home, not enough cheap rented acommodation.

05 Have already moved in past

Includes all mentions of <u>past</u> moves, recounting <u>past</u> moves to look for work.

- 06 Too much upheaval to home/family/children
- 97 Other answers

List by serial no.

98 Don't know

only if no other answers coded.

99 No answer

(Q 65b) How is countryside different now

Up to 5 answes may be coded, Cols 571-72, 573-74, 575-76, 577-78, 579-80

01 Fewer trees/hedgerows/wild flowers

Include all mention of disappearance of plant life in countryside, include all mentions of more open countryside, fewer hedges, spinneys and woods to break it up

02 Less wildlife

Include all mentions of fewer wild animals, birds etc

03 Disappearance of other traditional features of countryside

i e old buildings, old barns, old canals, etc Includes mention of replacement by new barns etc

04 Countryside more organised/contained/fenced in

Include mentions of farmers fencing in land, restricting free access to footpaths

O5 Countryside disappearing because more built-up areas

Include mentions of housing estates, urban housing, urban sprawl, spread of factories

O6 Countryside disappearing because more roads/motorways

Include mentions of road, motorway construction, heavier traffic Does not include mentions of better access due to more roads

07 Less countryside/countryside disappearing/less wild country

All unspecified descriptions

08 More litter/dirt/vandalism

09 More industrial waste/pollution/traffic pollution

Include all mentions of industrially caused damage due to chemicals etc, also includes mining damage

10 More farm waste/Pollution

Includes mentions of sludge/slurry, pesticides or chemicals used by farmers

11 Farmers reclaiming wild land/more cultivated land/bigger farms, fields

Q.65b) continued

Includes mentions of farmers destruction of sites of special scientific interest, drainage of wild marshes, moors etc; cultivating formerly wildland. Also includes references to farm subsidies, use of EEC monies to finance this.

12 Factory farming

Includes all mentions of disappearance of free-range farm animals (pigs/chickens etc).

13 Countryside commercialised/developed for tourists

Includes all <u>negative</u> mentions of tourist hotels, development of picnic areas, car parks etc. for commercial purposes.

14 More people in countryside

More tourists, walkers etc, overcrowding. Also includes mentions of destruction of countryside features due to people : erosion of paths etc.

15 More noise/less quiet in countryside

ie. noise pollution.

16 Changes in country living

Includes all negative mentions of changes to country villages, country life, schools etc; prevalence of 2nd homes.

17 Countryside not like it used to be/nostalgia for old ways

Includes all mentions of nostalgia for countryside of past, unspecified differences from past, mentions of when r. was a child.

18 Other changes for worse

Includes all other mentions of changes for worse. PLEASE LIST THESE BY SERIAL NO.

19 Less safe

(All mentions of fear for safety)

20 Countryside cleaner/neater - less litter/dirt

Includes mentions of tidier countryside, countryside better tended.

21 Countryside cleaner - less pollution

Includes all positive references to better access.

Q 65b) continued

- 22 <u>Countryside more accessible better roads/footpaths/etc</u>

 Includes all positive references to better access
- 23 More/better rural facilities (affecting country living)
 More/better village shops, rural buses etc
- More/better amenities for those visiting countryside

 Includes all positive references to car parks, picnic areas, more to do and see in countryside
- 25 More care/preservation of wildlife/countryside/traditional features

 Includes all mentions of better attitudes to countryside preservation, more appreciation of countryside
- 26 Mechanisation of farm work

Include all references to easier work due to mechanisation, but also mentions of fewer horses due to it

- 27 Countryside still nice, but different from past

 Statements suggesting that it is not change for worse, just different
- 28 Other changes for better

Includes all other mentions of changes for better PLEASE LIST THESE BY SERIAL NO

- 97 Other answers
 List by serial no
- 98 <u>Don't know</u> only if no other answers
- 99 Not answered

(Q.81b) Would like to move but doesn't expect to : reasons

Up to 5 answers may be coded; Cols. 662-63; 664-65; 666-67; 668-69; 670-71.

01 Money - can't afford mortgage/increased mortgage

Include all mentions that can't afford to buy or to buy better/larger home.

02 Money - legal expenses; transaction costs

Includes all mentions of moving costs.

03 Money - shortage of finance (gen/unspec.)

No reference to <u>buying</u> home, all general or unspecific mentions of shortage of money.

04 Shortage/inflexibility of council provision

Includes mentions of shortage of council provision, not enough points/not high enough on waiting list to get place, can/t do acceptable council exchange, not suitable council accommodation; restrictions on eligibility for moving.

05 Preference for council house/bungalow rather than flat

Explicit mention that would prefer house/bungalow (which are unavailable) to flat.

06 Own former council house/restrictions on moving

Includes all mentions of restrictions on moving due to purchase of former council property: loss of discount, legal restrictions etc.

07 Housing shortage (unspec.)

All general references to housing provision, shortage of affordable houses.

08 Can't afford AREA would like to move to

09 Difficulty of finding employment in area where would like to move to

10 Accommodation tied to job

All mentions that would have to change work because accommodation is tied to employment of h.h. member.

11 Difference between household members about moving

Includes all mentions that other household members do not wish to move.

(Q 81b) continued

12 Family obligations keep r in home/area

Explicit mentions of obligations - like caring for older family members - not necessarily implying disagreements with family

13 Too old to move

Includes all mentions that ${\tt r}$ is too old to move, it would be too much trouble, too unsettling due to age

14 Present home/area preferred

Includes all mentions suggesting that present situation is in \underline{some} (not necessarily \underline{all}) ways preferable—due to school catchment areas, nice house which could not be bettered, etc

97 Other answers

List by serial no

98 <u>Don't know</u>

only if no other answers given

99 Not answered

(Q.83b) Would like to buy but don't expect to : reasons

Up to 5 answers may be coded; Cols. 667-78; 679-80; 707-08; 709-10; 711-12

01 Money - Can't afford mortgage repayments/not enough capital

Include mention of not enough capital e.g. for downpayment, or mortgage repayments.

02 Money - shortage of finance/low income (gen./unspec.)

Include all general reference to not being able to \underline{afford} to buy, income too low to get mortgage.

03 Too old to buy

Includes all mentions that too old, (ie. on pension), as well as too unsettling. Or that old people don't get mortgages.

- 04 Accommodation tied to/convenient for employment
- 05 Can't buy/choose not to buy current council house

Includes all mentions that council house is unsuitable for purchase, that not allowed to buy current home.

- O6 Family difficulties/disagreement about buying
- 07 Economic position/employment too uncertain to buy

Includes references to past/future prospects of unemployment.

08 Other fears about uncertainty

Includes other mentions that buying is to make commitment for life : health fears etc.

- 09 Prefer to stay in present home
- 97 Other answers, list by serial no.
- 98 Don't know only if no other answers given
 99 Not answered
- N.B. a) Only code Ol if capital/repayments/monthly payments mentioned.
 ie. mentions that suggest r. has thought about concrete financial problem.
 - b) Code 02 if other money problems mentioned.
 - c) Code 03 if respondent says too old to buy, old people don't get mortages. In addition, use Code 02 if r. <u>also</u> mentions can't <u>afford</u> to buy.

Q 96a) Additional codes to be added for "other answers"

N B Still all one code only for (a) of i, ii, or iii

- Q 96a i) 1 Unqualified yes Col 750 2 Unqualified no
 - 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depends on person/ as long as no proselytising
 - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on age/sex of pupils
 - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as school knows
 - 7 Other answer list with SERIAL NOs (includes qualified no)
 - 8 Don't know
 - 9 Not answered
- Q 96a ii) 1 Unqualified yes Col 751 2 Unqualified no
 - 2 Unqualified no
 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depend on person/as long as no proselytising
 - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on age of students
 - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as school knows
 - 7 Other answer List with SERIAL NO (includes unqualified no)
 - 8 Don't know
 - 9 Not answered
- Q 96a iii) 1 Unqualified yes
- Col 752 2 Unqualified no
 - 3 Qualified acceptance depends/depends on person/ as long as no proselytising
 - 4 Qualified acceptance depends on position/ as long as they do job
 - 5 Qualified acceptance as long as not M P
 - 6 Qualified acceptance as long as not working with children
 - 7 Other answer List with SERIAL NO
 - 8 Don't know
 - 9 Not answered

Q.96c and d Additional codes to be added for "other answers"

N.B. Still allow one code only for each

```
Yes
Q.96c)1
Col 754
           2 No
           3
              Depends on person/couple
           6
           7
              Other answers (final list with serial no)
              Don't know
           9 Not answered
Q.96d)
<u>Col</u> 755
           1 Yes
              Depends on person/couple
           4
           5
           7 Other answers (final list with serial no)
           8 Don't know
           9 Not answered.
```

103 Who is mainly responsible for domestic duties in household 907/1 Respondent mainly

907/2 Someone else mainly

908/1 Wife/female partner 908/2 Mother/mother-in-law 908/3 Husband/male partner 908/4 Other female 908/5 Other male 908/7 Other answers

908/9 Person not specified

907/3 Shared equally

909/1 Respondent and spouse/partner

909/2 (Whole) family shares

909/7 Other answers

909/9 code 3 ringed but person not specified

APPENDIX F

- 1980 Industry code list (SIC) Full coding
- Grouped variable available (see Appendix I)

APPENDIX F 1980 Industry Code List (SIC 1980)

Class (For respondent cols 936-937 For spouse/partner cols 1018-1019)

<u>Code</u>	AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHING
01	Agriculture & Horticulture
02	Forestry
03	Fishing
	ENERGY & WATER SUPPLY INDUSTRIES
11	Coal extraction & manufacture of solid fuels
12	Coke ovens
13	Extraction of mineral oil & natural gas
14	Mineral oil processing
15	Nuclear fuel production
16	Production & distribution of electricity, gas & other forms of energy
17	Water supply industry
	EXTRACTION OF MINERALS & ORES OTHER THAN FUELS
	MANUFACTURE OF METALS, MINERAL PRODUCTS & CHEMICALS
21	Extraction & preparation of metalliferous ores
22	Metal manufacturing
23	Extraction of minerals N E S
24	Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products
25	Chemical industry
26	Production of man-made fibres
	METAL GOODS, ENGINEERING & VEHICLES INDUSTRIES
31	Manufacture of metal goods N E S
32	Mechanical engineering
33	Manufacture of office machinery & data processing equipment
34	Electrical & electronic engineering
35	Manufacture of motor vehicles & parts
36	Manufacture of other transport equipment
37	Instrument engineering
	OTHER MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
41	Food, drink & tobacco manufacturing industries
43	Textile industry
44	Manufacture of leather & leather goods
45	Footwear & clothing industries
46	Timber & wooden furniture industries
47	Manufacturing of paper & paper products printing & publishing
48	Processing of rubber & plastics

	CONSTRUCTION
50	Construction
	DISTRIBUTION, HOTELS & CATERING, REPAIRS
61	Wholesale distribution (except dealing in scrap & waste materials)
62	Dealing in scrap & waste materials
63	Commission agents
64	Retail distribution
66	Hotels & catering
67	Repair of consumer goods & vehicles
	TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATION
71	Railways
72	Other inland transport
74	Sea transport
75	Air transport
76	Supporting services to transport
77	Miscellaneous transport services & storage N.E.S.
79	Postal services & telecommunications
	BANKING, FINANCE, INSURANCE, BUSINESS SERVICES & LEASING
81	Banking & finance
82	Insurance except for compulsory social security
83	Business services
84	Renting of movables
85	Owning & dealing in real estate
	OTHER SERVICES
91	Public administration, national defence & compulsory social service
92	Sanitary services
93	Education
94	Research & development
95	Medical & other health services: veterinary services
96	Other services provided to the general public
97	Recreational services & other cultural services
98	Personal services
99	Domestic services
00	Diplomatic representation, international organisations, allied
0.0	armed services
89	Insufficient information to classify

Other manufacturing industries

APPENDIX H

Questionnaires with weighted marginals frequencies and per cents

Appendix H

Questionnaires and marginals

The two questionnaires (interview and self-completion) are reproduced on the following pages Punching codes have been removed, and the weighted percentage distribution of answers to each question has been inserted instead. Written in alongside are the weighted frequency counts, that is the weighted number of responses

Figures do not necessarily add up to 100% because of weighting and rounding, for one or more of the following reasons

- (1) We have not included 'not answered' figures here, which are usually very small They are, of course, included in the tables and on the tape
- (1i) Some sub-questions are filtered, that is they are asked of only a proportion of respondents. In these cases the percentages add up (approximately) to the proportion who were asked them. Where, however, a series of questions is filtered (for instance in Section Two of the interview questionnaire), we have inserted the unweighted total at the beginning of the series, and derived percentages throughout from that base. In the case of medians where the unweighted base was less than 50, figures have not been given
- (111) At a few questions respondents were invited to give more than one answer. In these cases, the percentages usually add to well over 100%. Where this is the case, it is clearly marked by interviewer instructions.
- (iv) The self-completion questionnaire was not completed by fifteen per cent of respondents. In order to allow for comparisons over time, the answers have been re-percentaged on the base of those respondents who returned a self-completion questionnaire (unweighted 1,530, weighted 1,502) (This means that the figures cannot be directly compared to those given in the 1983 Social Attitudes Report, without re-percentaging but comparable figures are given in the 1983 Technical Report)

	Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX Tel 01 250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG. Tel. 0325	730 888
P.815	April 19	85

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1985 SURVEY

Serial number	Area number
Time interview started	(24 hour clock)

	SECTION C	ONE	*	Skip to
1.a)	Do you normally read any daily morning newspaper at least 3 times a week?			
		Yes	73.0	b)
	IF YES	No	27.0	Ω.2
	b) Which one do you normally read? IF MORE THAN ONE ASK: Which one		1	
	do you read most frequently?	(Scottish) Daily Express	7.3	1
	ONE CODE ONLY	Daily Mail	8,2	1
ſ		Daily Mirror/Record	18.7	1
- {		Daily Star	4.1	İ
		The Sun	17.4]
İ		Dally Telegraph	4.0	
1		Financial Times	0.6	
- 1		The Guardian	2.7	
		The Times	1.5	
	Other Scottish Walsh /	Morning Star	0.1	
	Other Scottish/Welsh/regional or l (SPECIFY)	ocal <u>daily</u> morning paper	4.3	
	Other (SPECIFY)			
	Two or mo	ere with equal frequency	0.3 3.3	ļj
.a)	ASK ALL Generally speaking, do you think of yourself	1	27	
ľ	as a supporter of any one political party?	Yes	46.6	b)
	IF YES, ASK b). IF NO ASK c)	No	53,1	c)
	b) Which one? RECORD ANSWER BELOW AND GO	TO 0 3		Ì
İ	IF NO AT a)	10 0.3		
	c) Do you think of yourself as a little clos	ser von	.	,]
j	to one political party than to the others	ser Yes 5? No	24.2	d)
- 1.	IF YES, ASK d). IF NO, ASK e)	140	28.0	e)
	d) Which one? RECORD ANSWER AND GO TO Q.3	Conservative		3) e)
.	IF NO AT a) AND c)	Labour	20.1 10	7,7 3.8
	e) If there were a general election	Liberal	20.1 10	,.0 3.8
ĺ	tomorrow which political party do you think you would be most likely	SDP/Social Democrat	6.5 5	.3 5,8
- 1	to support?	(Alliance)	-,	3,0
1 9	ONE CODE ONLY	Scottish Nationalist		
ļ		Pland Cymru		, ,
	Other party (SPECIFY)	}		1.2
-	Other answer (SPECIFY)			
		None		8.7
		Don't know	-	2.9
J			`	130
		ī	1	

	T		
	ASK ALL	*	Skip to
3.a)	Do you think that local councils ought to be		
,	controlled by central government more, less or More	14.30	
	about the same amount as now?	34.3	
	About the same	≥ 39.0	
	Don't kno		1
b)	And do you think the level of rates should be up to the local council to decide, or should central (b)	(c) Rents	1
	government have the final say? RECORD IN COL b). Rates	8	
c)	How about the level of council rents? Should that he we to the level of Local council 71.7	75.7	
	Should that be up to the local council to decide or should central government Central government 19.5	15.6	1
	have the final say? RECORD IN COL c) Don't know 8.1	8.3	Î
	Now a few questions about Britain's relationships with other countries.		
4.a)	Do you think Britain should continue to be a		
	member of the EEC - the Common Market - or should it withdraw? (a)	(ъ)	
b)	And do you think Britain should continue to EEC	NATO	
	be a member of NATO - the North Atlantic Treaty	<u> </u>	-
	Organisation - or should it withdraw? Continue 55.6	73.5	
	Withdraw 38.3	15.0	
	Don't know 5.8	10.7	
5.	On the whole, do you think that Britain's interests are better served by READ OUT		
	closer links with Western Europe,	47.6	
	or - closer links with America?		1
	(Both equally)	ſ	
	(Neither)	1	
	(Don't know)	10.6	
6.a)	Do you think that the siting of American nuclear missiles in Britain makes Britain a safer or a less safe place to live? RECORD IN COL a)		
b)	a)	(b)	
D)	And do you think that having our own independent nuclear missiles makes Britain a safer or a less nuclear safe place to live? RECORD IN COL b) missiles	nuclear	
ľ	*	S.	
	Safer 35.8	53.5	
	Less safe 52.8	34.3	
	Don't know 9.7	10.2	
	No difference 1.6	1.6	
1			
- 1			
194		1 1	

	- 3 -		
		8	Skip
	CARD A		
7.	Which, if either, of these two statements comes closest to your own opinion on British nuclear		
	policy?		
	Britain should rid itself of nuclear weapons while persuading	1	Í
	others to do the same	27.2	
	Britain should keep its nuclear weapons until we persuade others to reduce theirs	67.8	
	Neither of these	4.1	
	Don't know	0.8	
8.	Which political party's views on defence would		
	you say comes closest to your own views? Conservative	32.6	
	Labour	23.7	
	Liberal	4.7	
	SDP/Social Democrat	4.4]
	(Alliance)	1.9	
	Other (SPECIFY)	1.1	
	Don't know	1	
	None	27.2	
	None	3.9	
	CARD B	 	
9.	Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?		
	America is a greater threat to world peace than Russia	12.8	
	Russia is a greater threat to world peace than America		
	Russia and America are equally great threats to world peace	54.8	
	Neither is a threat to world peace	5.9	
	(Don't know)	2.8	
	(2011 E XIIOW)	2.6	
			
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	1	z –		
	SECTION	TWO	*	
	Now I would like to ask you about two of	Britain's		
	economic problems - inflation and unemplo]	
10.	First, inflation: In a year from now, do expect prices generally to have gone up, have stayed the same, or to have gone down	to		
	IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN	To have gone up by a lot	40.0	
	By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a little	47.9	
		To have stayed the same	8.2	
	To	have gone down by a little	2.3	
		To have gone down by a lot	0.5	
		(Don't know)	0.9	
11.	Second, unemployment: In a year from now, do you expect unemployment to have gone up, to have stayed the same, or to have gone down?			
	IF GONE UP OR GONE DOWN	To have gone up by a lot	33.3	
	By a lot or a little?	To have gone up by a little	33.7	
		To have stayed the same	22.6	
	To	have gone down by a little	7.8	
		To have gone down by a lot	1.2	
		(Don't know)	1.5	
12.a)	If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment, to which do you think it should give highest priority?			
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	Keeping down inflation Keeping down unemployment Both equally	21.5 72.9 3.0 0.3	
		Don't know	1.5	
b)	Which do you think is of most concern to you and your family READ OUT	inflation,	50.5	
		or - unemployment?	44.2	
	Other (SPECIFY)	Both equally	3.1	
		Neither	0.4	
13.	Looking ahead over the next was 3-	(Don't know)	1.3	
13.	Looking ahead over the next year, do you Britain's general industrial performance	will		
	improve, stay much the same, or decline?	Improve a lot	3,4	
	IF IMPROVE OR DECLINE	Improve a little	24.5	
	By a lot or a little?	Stay much the same	44.3	
		Decline a little	15.3	
		Decline a lot	5.9	
		(Don't know)	6.5	
		į		
		1	 	
133				
-		Ł	[]	

			O
14.	Here are a number of policies which might help Britain's economic problems. As I read them out will you tell me whether you would	8	Skip to
	support such a policy or oppose it? READ OUT ITEMS 1)-1x) AND CODE IN GRID Support Oppose	Don't	
i)	Control of wages by legislation 38.6 55.7	5.4	
11)	Control of prices by legislation 63.8 31.9	4.0	
111)	Reducing the level of Government spending on health and education 9.7 88.8	1.2	
iv)	Introducing import controls 67.2 25.0	7.5	i.
v)	Increasing Government subsidies for private industry 61.3 31.3	7.0	
vi)	Devaluation of the pound 10.9 74.1	14.3	
V11)	Reducing Government spending on defence 53.8 41.9	3.9	
viıı)	Government incentives to encourage job sharing or splitting 60.4 34.1	5.2	
1x)	Government to set up construction projects to create more jobs 90.4 7.2	2.1	
15.	On the whole, would you like to see more or less state ownership of industry, or		
	about the same amount as now? More	12.7	1
	Less	30.7	
	About the same amount	51.4	
	Don't know	5.2	
16.	Thinking of income levels generally in Britain today, would you say that the gap between those with high incomes and those with low incomes is READ OUT		
	too large,	77.3	
	about right,	16.5	
	or - too small? Don't know	3.9 1.8	
17.a)	Among which group would you place		
	yourself READ OUT high income,	2.0]
	middle income,	49.2	
	or - low income?	48.3	1
	CARD C Don't know	0.1	
b)	Which of the phrases on this card would you say comes closest to your feelings about your household's income these days?		:
	Living comfortably on present income	21.1	
	Coping on present income	49.8	! !
	Finding it difficult on present income	19.5	
'	Finding it very difficult on present income	9,1	, <u> </u>
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.2	1
	Don'tknow	0.1	
[
ł			1(4
		,	1'3'4

		8	Skip
18.a	THE TEST OF THE OVER MICHAEL OF CO. WOULD		<u>to</u>
	you say your household's income has READ OUT fallen behind prices,		
	•	55.2	
	kept up with prices,	36.6	
	your of of more dian prices?	6.5	
b	(Don't know)	1.5	-
D	you expect your household's income will		
	fall behind prices,	48.8	
	keep up with prices,	38.9	
	or - go up by more than prices?	8.1	
	(Don't know)	4.0	
	CARD D	 	
19.	Which of these descriptions applies to what you were doing last week, that is, in the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COLUMN I		
	IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COLUMN II	COL II]
	IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II	ECONOMIC POSITION	
	In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including	[
	on vacation)	1.4	Q.51
	On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Community Programme, Youth Training Scheme, etc)	0.7	Q.49
	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week		
	Waiting to take up paid work already accepted	53.4	Q. 20
	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office	0.5	Q.49
	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job	6.4	j
	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but	1.1	Q.53
	not actively looking for a job	0.7	
	Permanently sick or disabled	2.2	Q.62
	Wholly retired from work	14.1	Q.58
;	Looking after the home	19.3	Q.59
	Doing something else (SPECIFY)	0.2	Q.62
	FOLLOW SKIP INSTRUCTIONS TO GO TO APPROPRIATE QUESTIONS		
			į
	j		ł
135			,
ı f		ı	

	N = 968	*	Skip to
20.	IF IN PAID WORK OR AWAY TEMPORARILY (CODE O3 AT Q19)	j	
	In your (main) job are you READ OUT an employee,	87.9	Q.21
	or self-employed?	12.1	Q. 41
	ALL EMPLOYEES (CODE 1 AT Q.20): ASK Qs 21-40	 	
21.	How many hours a week do you normally N = 857		
	work in your (main) job? MEDIAN 39	Hours	
	(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, ASK ABOUT LAST WEEK)		
	AND CODE: 10-15 hours a week	5.5	
	16-23 hours a week	7.7	
	24-29 hours a week	3,1]
 -	30 or more hours a week	83.7	1
22.a)	are paid for the job you do - on the low side,		
	reasonable, or on the high side? IF 'On the low side': Very low or a bit low? Very low	12.7	
	A bit low	26.9	
	Reasonable	56,2	
	On the high side	3.8	
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	0.4	
	CARD E		
b)	people at your place of work, how would you describe the gap between their pay, as far Too big		
	as you know? Please choose a phrase from About right this card?	48.2	
	Too small	3.4	
ı	Much too small a gap	0.4	
	(Don't know)	9.0	
23.a)	If you stay in this job would you expect your wages or salary over the coming year to READ OUT		
	rise by more than the cost of living,	14.8	
	rise by the same as the cost of living,	44.2	
	rise by less than the cost of living,	29.7	
	or - not to rise at all?	7.5	
	(Will not stay in job)	1.2	
b)	Over the coming year do way a	2.6	
. "	Over the coming year do you expect your workplace will be READ OUT		
	increasing its number of employees,	21.7	
.	reducing its number of employees,	23.9	
	or ~ will the number of employees stay about the same? Other answer (SPECIFY)	51.7	
ł		1.0	
	(Don't know)	1.5	"、)
_			136

	4		
24.a	Thinking now should be a second or s	*	Skip
• -	unlikely is it that you will leave this employer	<u> </u>	
	over the next year for any reason? Is it very likely,	11.47	
	quite likely,	12.0	b)
	not very likely,	30.8	2 25
	IF VERY OR QUITE LIKELY AT a) or - not at all likely?	45.7∫	Q. 25
	CARD F Don't know	0.1	
	b) Why do you think you will leave? Firm will close down		
	Please choose a phrase from this card or tell me what other I will be declared redundant	1.4	
	reason there is. I will reach normal retirement age	4.2	
	MORE THAN ONE My contract of or lawy	1.3	
	CODE MAY BE RINGED I will take early retirement	1.4	
	I will decide to leave and work for another employer	1.0	
	I will decide to leave and work for myself, as self-employed	11.3	-
	I will leave to look after home/children/relative	1.2	
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	1.6	
		2.5	
		 	-
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES	 	
25.a)	would you start looking for another job, would you wait for several months or longer before you start all its		
	or would you decide not to look for another job? Start looking	88.1	(d)
	Wait several months or longer		[b)
	Decide not to look	7.6	Q. 26
	IF START LOOKING Don't know	0.4	2.20
	b) How long do you think it would take you to find an acceptable replacement job? MEDIAN MEDIAN O 2 OR	0.4	
	Don't know IF 3 MONTHS OR MORE ASK c) AND d). OTHERS GO TO Q.26	20.1	
	c) How willing do you think you would be in		
]	different job PEAD OFF		
J	very writing,	15.1	
ļ	quite willing,	9.1	
	or - not very willing?	4.8 0.1	
	d) And how willing do you think you would be	0.1	٠,
	to move to a different area to find an		
	acceptable job READ OUT very willing,	5.2	
	quite willing,	5.5	
	or - not very willing?	18.1	
	(Don't know)	0,3	
1	37		

	-		
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		Skip
26.	If without having to work, you had what	*	10
	you would regard as a reasonable living		
	income, do you think you would still prefer to have a paid job, or wouldn't you bother? Still prefer hald sob		
	Job	71.9	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) Wouldn't bother	26.5	1
		1.3	
27.a)	Don't know	0.2	
~ / • u /	During the last <u>five years</u> (that is since March 1980) have you been unemployed and	}	
	seeking work for any period? Yes	22.0	b)
	No	78.0	Q.28
	IF YES	70.0	7.20
 .	b) For how many months in total during the MONTHS YEARS last five years? MEDIAN 0 6 OR		
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		 -
	Now for some more general questions about your work.		
28.a)	For some people their job is simply something them as a		
	to earn a living. For others it means much more than that.On balance, is your present job READ OUT		
	7006 0 70 70 6		
	just a means of earning a living,	29.9	b)
	or - does it mean much more to you than that?	70.1	Q. 29
	IF 'MEANS OF EARNING A LIVING' (CODE 1 AT a)	70.1	1 2.29
	b) Is that because READ OUT		
i	· · · there are no better jobs around here,		
i	you don't have the right skills to get a better job,	9.5	
}	or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?	6.7	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES	12.1	
]	CARD G		1
29.	Which of the statements on this card best		i
	describes your feelings about your work?		1
	CODE ONE ONLY		
J	Work is only a business transaction. The more I get	}	
,	paid the more I do, the less I get paid the less I do	7.2	
ĺ	I make a point of doing the best work I can, regardless of pay	60.5	
	I want to work hard, but not so that it interferes with the	30.0	
1	rest of my life	30.0	
	NONE OF THESE	2.3	
 			
ļ			
		•	μ 1 38
			, ,1

CARD H				8	Ski to
Please rea	Suppose you were looking for another job - which of the things on this card would be most important to you in choosing a new job? Please read through the whole list before deciding. ONE CODE ONLY IN Col.a)				
b) And which	would be next most important? NLY IN COL.b)				
c) And which ONE CODE C	would be third most important? NLY IN COL.c)	(a) Most imp, in choosing job		(c). Third most imp.	
Солуел	ient working hours	13.8	5.0	E 3	
Possib	ility of promotion	6.3	7.9	- • -	
	pleasant working conditions	1.8	3.6	9.7	
	trade union	0.3	0.7	3.8	
EKITIS	sting work that makes use of your		14.3		
	eat helps others	3.4	~~~~~		
1	mity to get on with your work in		5.4		
Job sed		5.2	10.9		
Outdoor		18.3	-5.2	•	
Good pa		1.8			
	, 	12.3	19.0	13.7	
Friendl	iness of people you work with		9.2	17.1	
	inge benefits (pension, sick pay)		5.0	8.4	
	orking hours	0.7	1.2	4.3	
NONE OF	THESE	-	_	0.2	
Don't k	now	0.2	0.3	0.4	
Apart from o	overtime are you paid		 		
READ OUT	,				
PAYMENT FOR	UNSOCIABLE by the hour, so if			67.1	
HOURS COUNTS		pay	varies,	22.7	
	or - does your pay include so	me sort of piec	ework,		
Do you remil	payment by performance or commission?			9.9 ·	
regularly, I	Do you regularly do paid overtime at work? - by regularly, I mean most weeks.		Yes	24.9	
			res No	72.8	
`		···	NO	/2.0	
			_		
139					

	1		
່ ສາ .		*	Skip to
32.	and the number of hours you have		1
	each week including regular overtime, would you prefer a job where you worked READ OUT		
	more hours per week,	4.3	ъ)
	fewer hours per week,	22.9	c) & d
	or - are you happy with the number of hours you work at present?	72.5	
•	Don't know	0.2	Q. 33
	b) Is the reason why you don't work more		
•	hours because READ OUT	1	
	your employer can't offer you more hours,	3.47	
•	or - your personal circumstances don't allow it?	0.9	0.33
	(Both)] - [Ω.33
	Other reason (SPECIFY)	-)	
	IF WOULD PREFER FEWER HOURS (CODE 2 AT a)		
	c) In which of these ways would you like your working hours to be shortened READ OUT		
	shorter hours each day,	9.1	İ
•	Other (CDECTTE)	13.0	ļ
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.5	ĺ
	d) Would you still like to work fewer hours if it meant earning less money as a result? Yes	5.6	
	No	16.0	
	It depends	1.2	
	Don't know	_	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		
33.	From your experience, when it comes to getting a better job, do you think people like yourself are better off READ OUT		•
	staying with the same employer a long time,	62.2	ļ
, ,	or - moving around between employers?	62.2 28.2	
	(People like me can't get better jobs)	1.1	
	It depends/Don't know	8.4	
34,	Do you decide the specific tasks or jobs you game.	0,4	
j [out each day, or does someone else?		
	IF BOTH RESPONDENT AND SOMEONE ELSE, ASK. Respondent decides Who mainly decides the specific tasks you	50.4	
	do each day? Someone else	46.2	
- 	Can't choose/don't know	3.5	
;			
`		1	
.		-	I
1			4140
. 1		'	140
	I I	•	

	1			
35.			8	Skip
	at your place of work that changed the way you do your job. Do you think that you personally would have any say in the decision about the change, or			
	,	(es	61.9	ь)
	· ·	No	33.6]	c)
	IF YES AT a) It depends/don't kn	(OW	4.5	1 "
	b) How much say or chance to influence the decision do you think you would have READ OUT a great dea	1,	12.4	
	quite a lo		24.9	
	or - just a little	e?	22.5	
	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES It depends/don't kno	⊃₩	2.1	
c)				
	Should have more sa	У	36.2	
	Satisfied with way things ar	e	62.9	
	CARD J	w	0.5	
	Some organisations have schemes which link pay or employee benefits to the financial performance of the organisation. As far as you know, does your organisation have any of the schemes on this card? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL.a). IF NONE/DON'T KNOW, GO TO Q.37 FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a), ASK b) b) Have you received any payments or benefits under the (ITEM MENTIONED AT a) in the last twelve months? RECORD YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a)			
	Annual bonus (at organisation's discretion) Share ownership or share option scheme Profit-sharing scheme NONE OF THESE Don't know 10,0 Received Yes No 20,1 13,7 13,7 11,1 4,4 10,5 4,0 6,5 4,0 6,5 5,1 3,1	4	• (2.37

	Now I'd like to ask you about new techno.	logy at your	workn1			
_	CARD K	-og, at your	#OTVD19C	ᠸ.	£	Skip to
37 . a) -	Which, if any, of these kinds of new tech place of work? It doesn't matter whether just tell me all that you know of at you	T VOU WORK I	nstalled with them	at your or not,		
	CODE ALL MENTIONED IN COL.a). IF NONE/I		TO 0.39			
	FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a), ASK b)			1		
-	b) Do you yourself use, or does your wor (ITEM MENTIONED AT a)?	• • •				
	CODE YES OR NO FOR EACH MENTIONED AT a)	(a) At		(b) ork with		
_	Computer:	work place	YES	NO NO	ļ	ļ
		8	*	€	ļ 	4
-	Main frame computer	32.4	11.0	20.3		ļ
	Telephone link to computer at another place		į			
	Micro/mini computer	24.3	;	15.1		
	Type unknown	30.4	;	13.9		
_	Word processor	16.5	;	12.5		
	Electronic memory typewriter	33,2	:	23.3		
-	Computer controlled plant, machinery or equipment (including robots) used for design, assembly, handling	28.3 18.6		21.0		
	Other new technology (SPECIFY)	20.0	,.3	10.4		
-		5.4	3.3	2.0	1	
İ	NONE OF THESE	26.4	j. 3.3	2.0		
	Don't know	5.2	i }		│	Q.39
)	IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY AT WORKPLACE (CODE:		37a)		}	
ا(38.a)	Would you say that the use of new technological your place of work has affected your or job READ OUT	эду	for the	better,	30.5	
- 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		for the	•	3.8	
b)		- has it made		erence?	33.0	
_ "	Now thinking about all employees affected Has new technology at your workplace gener	by new techr	ology			
•	READ OUT ITEMS 1-111 AND CODE IN GRID	wily medite .		No Differ-	i i	
ľ			Less	ence	Don't Know	ļ
-	1) that those affected by it have to wo	rk %	8	8	8	
	at a <u>more</u> or <u>less</u> skilled level, or has made no difference?	1t 24.6	6.3	29.8	ح ٥	ł
-	or less responsibility in their work, or has it made no difference?				6.8	
- 1	more or less, or has it made no	21.5	4.8	32.9	8.2	
	difference?	8.6	1.1	45.9	12.2	
c)	And has the use of new technology at your meant that READ OUT	workplace				
-	the organisation has increase	ovees.	8.9	.		
		ed the number		1	14.8	
-		nas it made i			40.0	, 1
			Don't		40.0	142
						 -

		<u></u>	
20	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES	8	Skip
39.5	At your place of work are there unions, staff associations, or groups of unions recognised		
	by the management for negotiating pay and		
	conditions of employment?	62.5	b)
	No IF YES	37.1	Q.40
	b) On the whole, do you think these unions or	35.7] '
	staff associations do their job well or not?	23.3	
	Don't know	3.1	<u> </u>
40.a	ASK ALL EMPLOYEES		
40.a	In general how would you describe relations between management and other employees at		
	your workplace READ OUT very good,	37.9	
	quite good,	45.0	,
	not very good,	12.2	
	or - not at all good?	4.3	
	And in general, would you say your		7
	workplace was READ OUT very well managed,	27.9]	
	quite well managed,	53.3	Q.62
	or - not well managed?	18.4	2.02
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE	,	
	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED (CODE 2 AT Q.20): ASK Qs 41-48	 	
41.a)	How many hours a week do you normally		
	work in your (main) job? NEAREST HOUR	 	
	(IF RESPONDENT CANNOT ANSWER, MEDIAN 4 5		
	AND CODE: 10-15 hours a week	6.3	
	16-23 hours a week	7.1	
	24-29 hours a week	0.9	
	30 or more hours a week	83.1	
b)	During the last 5 years (that is since		1
	March 1980) have you been unemployed and seeking work for any period?		
	res	12.3	c)
	IF YES	84.4	Q.42
	c) For how many months in total MONTHS YEARS		
	during the last 5 years?		,
	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED		
44 A 👢	If without having to work, you had what you would		
	regard as a reasonable living income, do you think		
	you bother?	ļ	
	Still prefer paid work	66.0	
	Other answer (GDDG)	28.3	
143	Other answer (SPECIFY)	3.1	ŀ
	Don't know	-	•
4 1			

			
		•	Skip
43.	Have you, for any period in the last five years,		to
	worked as an employee as your main job rather than as self-employed?		
al .	res	29.8	b)
	IF YES, ASK b). IF NO, ASK c)	68.5	- c)
-	b) In total for how many months during the		
	last five years have you been an employee? MONTHS YEARS		
	MEDIAN 7 OR	-	Q.44
-	NOW SKIP TO Q.44		2.74
	IF NO AT a)		†
~	c) How seriously in the last five years		
	have you considered getting a job as an employee READ OUT very seriously		
-	distribusity,	4.9	
	quite seriously,	9.4	
	not very seriously,	6.5	
	or - not at all seriously?	47.6	
44.a)	ASK ALL SELF-EMPLOYED Compared with a year ago, would you say		
•	your business is doing READ OUT very well,	11.6	
	quite well,	24.0	
-	about the same,	40.0	
	not very well,	5.6	
	or - not at all well?	11.3	, ,
	(Business not in existence then)	5.8	
b)			1
·	your business will do READ OUT better,	33.2	
	about the same,	47.5	
-	or - worse than this year?	14.4	
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.9	
	(Don't know)	1.7	
		ļ	
15.a)	Now for some more general questions about your work.		
	For some people their job is simply something they do in order to earn a living. For others it means much more than that. On balance, is your present job READ OUT.		
-	Just a means of earning a living,	34.4	b)
	or - does it mean much more to you than		D)
	that?	63.8	Q.46
_	IF 'MEANS OF EARNING A LIVING' (CODE 1 AT a)		
	b) Is that because READ OUT there are no better		
-	jobs around here,	12.7	
	you don't have the right skills to get a better job,	5.4	
<u>-</u>	or - because you would feel the same about any job you had?	12.0	
İ			
<u>'</u>			ŀ
Ì			م د اد.
		,	144
_		, ,	

	ALL SELF-EMPLOYED CARD G				8	Skip	\Box
46.	Which of the statements or	n ehda .	7			to	
	describes your feelings a	bout you	rard best ur work?				
	CODE ONE ONLY		usiness transaction. The				
	paid the mo	re I do	; the less I get paid th	e less I do	8.0		
			best work I can, regard		68.7		
	I want to work ha	rđ, but	not so that it interfer rest	es with the of my life	19.8		
			NC	NE OF THESE	1.7		
					1		•
47.	What are the advantages for an employee? Any other ad-	r you o: vantage:	f being self-employed ras?	ther than	 		
	PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBA	rim.			1		i
		*		٠			
	Freedom	17.4	Profitable	% 29.6	-	1	
	Flexible hours	43.5	Work for self	7.8	İ	ĺ	
	No supervision	40.9	Security	3,5		į	
	Domestic responsibilities	7.0	No advantages	11.3			
	Customer/client relations	5.2	Other answers	8.7			
			Don't know	0.9			
		_					
:	CARD K			<u> </u>	 	 	+
8.a)	Which, if any, of these kin have or use in your work?	ds of n	ew technology do you				
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY		Computer: Main fram	me computer	ل 3.5	<u>_</u>	
	Te	lephone	link to computer at and	ther place	5.2		
			Micro/mir	i computer	11.9		
			Computer: Ty	pe unknown	0.9		
j				processor	7.9	b)	1
İ	Company		Electronic memory	typewriter	7.0	,	
İ			led plant, machinery, or (includi	equipment ng robots)	3.5		
l	Other new technology (SPECII	FY)			4.4	ļ	l
	IF ANY NEW TECHNOLOGY (CORD)		NON	E OF THESE	80.2	T Q. 62	
	b) Would you say the use of						l
Ì	b) Would you say the use of affected your work I	EAD OUT		ne better,	12.8)		l
ļ				the worse,		0.62	
			or - has it made no di	•	4.4	Q.62	
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.	221 -				<u> </u>	
		22) -	GREEN STRIPE				
							Γ
-	145						l

	ALL ON GOVERNMENT SCHEMES OR WAITING TO TAKE UP PAID WORK (CODES 02 OR 04 AT Q.19): ASK Qs 49-50		Skip
49.a)	During the last five years (that is since March 1980) have you been unemployed and Yes		b) 17
	seeking work for any period?		Q.50
	IF YES ASK b).		7 2.30
	b) For how many months in total during the last five years? MEDIAN MONTHS YEARS OR		=
50.	If without having to work, you had what you would regard as a reasonable living income, do you think you would still prefer to have a paid job or wouldn't you bother? Still prefer paid job Wouldn't bother Other answer (SPECIFY)		Q.62
	Don't know		
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE		
	ALL IN FULL TIME EDUCATION (CODE O1 AT Q.19): ASK Qs 51-52	 	 ,
51. a)	When you leave full-time education, do you think N = 27 you will start looking for a job, will you wait several months or longer before you start looking, or will you decide not to look for		+
	Wait several months or longer	1	b)
]	Decide not to look	1 [
	Other answer (SPECIFY)		Q.52
	Don't know IF START LOOKING ASK b): OTHERS GO TO Q.52		1 1
	b) How long do you think it will take you to find an acceptable job? MEDIAN MONTHS YEARS OR		
İ	Don't know IF 3 MONTHS OR MORE AT b) ASK c): OTHERS GO TO Q.52		- J
	c) How willing do you think you would be in these circumstances to take what you now consider to be an unacceptable job? READ OUT very willing, quite willing, or - not very willing? (Don't know)		
	If without having to work, you had what you would regard as a reasonable living income, do you think you would prefer to have a paid job job, or wouldn't you bother? Other answer (SPECIFY)	}	Q.62
	Don't know		
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE		-
			146

1		
ALL UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06, 07. AT Q.19): ASK Qs53-57	8	Skip
		to_
have you be since March 1980)		
WOLK		- 1
b) How long has this present period of	 	┥.
whemproyment and seeking work lasted MONTHS VEARS	- [
so far? MEDIAN 1 2 OR	1	
c) How confident are you that you will st		- '
a job to match your qualifications READ OUT		
· · · very confident,	7.4	•
quite confident,	19.6	1
not very confident,	41.7	1
or - not at all configure	29.5	- [
long from now do you think it will be MONTHS		7
before you find an acceptable job? MEDIAN 6 OR		'
De la la la la la la la la la la la la la	1	
11 3 MONTHS OR MORE, OR DON'T KNOW, ASK e)-g). OTHERS GO TO O E4		
The state of the s		
a different job READ OUT		,
- very writing,	38, 2	
quite willing,	22.9	
or - not very willing?	22.2	
f) How willing would you be to move to a	5,2]
Therefore area to find an acceptable		1 1
job READ OUT very willing,	19.0	[
quite willing,	10.3	-
or - not very willing?	55.7	
(Don't trans)].
9/ And now Willing do you think you would be	4.1	1
consider to be an unacceptable job		
READ OUT very willing,	,, _	
quite willing,	11.7	
or - not very willing?	23.9	•
(Don't know)	48.1	
ALL UNEMPLOYED	5.5	
If without having to work, you had what you	' [
"" TE TENETU AS A PARCHENIA 11-11-11	}	
a paid job or wouldn't way have	1	
Prefet baid Job	68.1	
Other answer (SPECIFY) Wouldn't bother	28.8	-
	2.3	
Don't know	-	-
147	İ	-
111		

						<u> </u>
-	1				\	Skip
55.a)		<u>ly</u> consider	ed moving to			to 33
	a different area - and in now - to try to f.	n area othe	r than the one you live	37		
_	1 22 627 60 2	ina work		Yes	33.9	b) 📆
	IF YES AT a)			No	65.4	Q.56
-	b) Why did you not	move to a d	different area? Any other	rescones		1
	PROBE FULLY REC	CORD VERBAT	IM_	reasons	1	
					Ì	
		*		*		
	No jobs anywhere	4.1	Moved in past	6,2	}	
-	Benefit stopped	2.1	Too much upheaval	9,6		
	Waiting to move	4.8	Other answers	8,9		ļ
_	No housing	6.8			1	ł
					ł	
	1				.	
_						İ
56.a)	Would you prefer full	Or part-ta	mo		 	
<u>-</u>	work, if you had the	choice,	ше			
				Full-time	64.1	Q.57
				Part-time	31.6	b)
-			Not look:	ing for work	3.2	Q.57
			Don't kno	ow/Can't say	ال- ا	2.57
_	IF PART-TIME (CODE 2	AT a)				
	b) How many hours pe	r week woul	ld you			
_	like to work?					
_			MEDIA	N 2 0	Hours	
				Don't know		
					 	
	ALL UNEMPLOYED					
57.a) ~	For some people work					
	do in order to earn a means much more than					
	think of work as	READ OUT	•			
-			just a means of earns	ng a living	35.6	b)
		or - does	s it mean much more to you	than that?	63.7	Q.62
-	IF MEANS OF EARNING A					
	b) Is that because .					
			. there are no good jobs	around here]1	
_	1701		e the right skills to get		8.7	Q.62
			feel the same about any j		9.3	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
-	- Decame	log wontd	reer are same about any	on you mad.	16.9]
	NOW GO TO SECRETOR	2 /- 221	CDDEN CODE			}
	NOW GO TO SECTION	3 (p.22)	- GREEN STRIPE		<u></u>	
Ì			 -]	
- 1						
						148
i					1	1

	1	F	
	ALL WHOLLY RETIRED FROM WORK (CODE O9 AT Q.19): ASK Q.58	*	Skip to
58.	" " Joe tor does your hisband/wife\ " "	_ 	
	a pension from any past employer? Yes	52.6	İ
_	No	45.0	
)	(Can I just check) are you over 65 (men)/		7
	Yes	86.2	c)
	IF YES ASK OLD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	12.6	e)
	IF YES ASK c) AND d). IF NO GO TO e) C) On the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would want to the whole would would want to the whole would want to the whole would would want to the whole would want to the would want to the would want to the whole would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the whole would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would want to the would	37.8	
	pension is on the low side recent state A bit low	39.2	
	! On the low offer. Population	19.8	
	Very low or a bit low? On the high side	0.5	
		0.5	
	d) Do you expect your state pension in a year's time to purchase more than it does now, less,	<u> </u>	1
	or about the same? More	4.1]	
	Less	62.1	
	About the same	30.5	Q.62
	Don't keep	1 1	
	TI NO AT B)	0.9	-
	e) At what age did you retire from work? 5 9		
	YEARS		Ω.62
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (5 22)	ĺ	
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE ALL LOOKING AFTER HOME (CODE 10 AT 0.19): ASK OF 52	İ	'
59.	Do you currently have a paid job of less		
	I did to nours a week?].
	INCLUDE THOSE TEMPORARILY AWAY FROM A PAID JOB OF LESS THAN 10 HOURS A WEEK Yes	9.6	
60.a)	No	90.0	,
60.a)	Have you, during the last five years, ever had a full or part-time job of 10 hours per week		
	or more?	25.0	j.,
	N.	25.8	b)
	IF YES	72.9	Q.61
	b) How long ago was it that you	İ	.
أ	left that job? NO. OF MONTHS AGO NO. OF YEARS AGO		
	MEDIAN 2 4 OR	-	
	Do you think you are likely to lead		
	for a paid job in the next 5 years?	j	Γ.
	IF YES: Full-time or part-time? Yes - full-time	7.9	
	Yes - part-time	25.9	- 1
	No.	50 7	_ '
	Other (SPECIFY)	1.1	Q.62
<u>[</u>	Don't know	3.8	
	NOW GO TO SECTION 3 (p.22) - GREEN STRIPE		
	- GREEN STRIPE		,
	149		
			_
-			·

- 21 -		
	Col./	Skip .
BLANK PAGE		-
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		150
		1.20

	SECTION THREE	8	Skip
ASK ALL			<u> Lygir</u>
Now I'd like to ask you a	a few questions about the countryside.	1	
INTERVIEWER: CODE FROM (Can I just check, would)	DBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT		
Can I just check, would y	ou describe the place		
here you live as being -	in a big city	8.3	100
	in the suburbs or outskirts of a city	29.8	b)
	in a small city or town	36.9)	
	in a <u>country</u> village or town	21.2	Q.63
	in the countryside	3.7	Q.64
IF RESPONDENT LIVES IN CI (CODES 1-3 AT a)	TY, SUBURBS, OR SMALL CITY/TOWN		1
	•		
country village or to	n the countryside, or in a wn - for instance, when you		
were a child or at so	me time before now? Yes	28.1	
	No	45.4	
		35.4	
(CODES 1-4 AT O 625) ASK	TY, SUBURBS, OR ANY VILLAGE/TOWN		
(CODES 1-4 AT Q.62a) ASK			
HOSE LIVING IN COUNTRYSI			
About how far do you live countryside that you can to not include city parks.	visit or walk in Dlass		100
IF NOT SURE, PROBE FOR ES			
•	Less than 's mile (15 mins. walk)	32.8	
· .	1, up to 1 mile (15-30 mins. walk)	14.2	****
	over 1 mile, up to 3 miles	20.7	
	over 3 miles, up to 10 miles	21.2	
	over 10 miles	6.7	*
	Don't know	3.1	
			1
	•		
	•		
•			
]]	
]	. سولسان د د د

	ASK ALL							
4.a)	leisure time. Co	uld you	umber of activities I tell me whether or vities in the last	not	you have taken		%	Skip to
				Tour				
- 1	READ OUT EACH ACTI				Yes	No		
	In the last four we		-		*	*		
)	been for a dri	ve, out	ing or picnic in th	ne cou	tryside? 44	56		1
Ii)	been for a long miles) in the	_	ramble or hike (of side?	more		71.5		
_11)			or stately homes, g the countryside?	ardens		84.5		
v).	gone fishing, l		nding, shooting or	huntii	·=	5 95.4		
v)	visited seacoas	st or c	eliffs?		25.	2 74.5		
	IF NO ACTIVITIES II		RYSIDE IN LAST FOUR	WEEK	ONLY CODE 2	<u>s</u>		
	b) Can you remembe	er when	you last did any		Within past n	onth	0.2	
, !	of these activ	ities i	n the countryside?		1-3 months		3.8	
-	IF YES: How 1	ong ago	was that?		4-6 months	- I	3.3	
(Y REMIND					
أ ال	RESPONDENT OF ACTI	VITIES.			7-12 months		16.5	
				More	e than one year	ago	11.4	
					No, can't reme	mber	2.7	
-	ASK ALL							
5.a)	Do you think the countryside generally is much the same the same as it was twenty years ago, or do you think it has changed? IF CHANGED Has it changed a bit or a lot? Don't know				20.4 23.3 49.3 7.1	Q.66 b) & c) Q.66		
-	TO CULVIOLD & DIM O	D 3 TO	. /aopus 2 op 3 tm -	.\ 3.011		KIIOW	,,,,, <u>,</u> ,,,	, 2.00
_		o you t	hink the countryside FULLY. RECORD	le ıs d	different now?		•	
	Fewer trees Less wildlife No old barns etc Fencing in etc Built-up areas Roads Less countryside Litter, vandalism Industrial waste Farm etc pollution Reclaimation of land c) Do you think the changed for the	4.1 4.8 6.3	Less quiet Changed life Nostalgia Other changes (worse) Less safe Less litter Less pollution More accessible tryside generally her or worse?	4.5 1.6 1.9 1.7 1.4 1.2 2.2 0.5 2.3	ities Preservation Mechanised farms Nice but different (bette Other changes Other answers Don't know Bette Vs/worse in other	0.5 3.4 1.1 2.1 5- 6r) 0.2 6 0.6 7 0.5	11.1 49.4 11.0	
•					Hasn't c ha	anged	27.4	1 [
						-		
								15%
							T .	1 .

	1		•		8	Skip	-
	ASK ALL						1
6 6.	Are you personally concerned about that may happen to the countryside it not concern you particularly?	things , or does					
	IF CONCERNED: Are you very concern or just a bit concer		Very c	oncerned	30.9		•
	or just a bit concer	near	A bit co	oncerned	36.7	1	
		Does not concer	n me part	icularly	32.2		•
	CARD L						
67.a)	countryside generally has changed of the last twenty years. Which of the do you think has changed: if you to none of them has changed, please sa	ver hem hink					
	CODE ALL THAT APPLY UNDER a) IF N	ONE, CODE NONE					
	FOR EACH ITEM MENTIONED AS CHANGED IF NONE OR DON'T KNOW, GO TO Q.68	AT (a), ASK b					
	b) You said that the countryside h the (ITEM MENTIONED AT a). this is a change for the better REPEAT b) FOR EACH ITEM CODED A	Do you think or worse?					
		- <u></u> (a)		(b)		İ	
		Changed	Better	Worse	Depends		
	Provision of roads and motorways	64.8	31.3	22.0	/DK		
	Access via footpaths	30.6	11.3	23.8	13.1		ļ
	Number of hedgerows	41.5	2.0	17.7 38.5	5.0		l
	Number of picnic areas and camping	11.5	2.0	30.5	4.5		
	sites	43.9	31.8	9.5	٤.7		ľ
	Number of people visiting and		-				
	tourists	41.8	21.6	13.2	10.2		ľ
	Amount of cultivated farmland	34.2	8.0	21.8	7.8		l
	Level of pollution	57.3	4.2	52.4	4.2		ŀ
	Amount of wildlife NONE OF THESE	47.5	2.6	43.6	4.8		
	Don't know	4.0	1			Q.68	Į,
		3.5	<u>il</u>			<u> </u>	l
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	- 25 -				
			8	Skip	
	ASK ALL				1
	CARD M				
_ .a)	Which, if any, of the things on this card do				l
	you think is the greatest threat to the countryside:]		l
_	If you think none of them is a threat, please say so. RECORD ONE ONLY IN COL a) BELOW				
_) 	And which do you think is the next greatest threat? RECORD ONE ONLY IN COL. b)				
		(a)	(b)		
		Greatest	Next		
		threat	greatest		
_		*	8		
i	Motorways and road building	11.6	9.4		
	Industrial pollution	29.5	17.5		
_	Removal by farmers of traditional landscape, such as hedgerows, woodlands	12.0	12.6		
_	Tourism and visitors	1.3	1.8		1
	Litter	11.3	14.4		1
	Urban growth and housing development	12.3	12.8		
_	Use of chemicals and pesticides in farming	17.4	25.3		l
	NONE OF THESE	1.6	2.3		
-	Don't know	2.9	2.9		l
\dashv			 		+
-	NOW CO TO O 69 SECTION FOUR - VELLOW STRIPE				ļ
	NOW GO TO Q.69, SECTION FOUR - YELLOW STRIPE				1
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	SECTION FOUR		%	Ski
	ASK ALL			_to_
69.	CARD N Here are some items of government spending. Which of them, if any, would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next? Please read through the whole list before deciding.			
		lst Priority	2nd Priority	
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL.	8	*	
	Education	23.4	27.4	
	Defence	1.9	2.8	
	Health	46.6	26.7	
	Housing	8.1	14.7	
	Public transport	0.7	2.0	
	Roads	1.5	2.6	
	Police and prisons	1.9	3.1	
	Social security benefits	4:8	7.3	
	Help for industry	9.2	11.0	
	Overseas aid	1:1	1.0	
	NONE OF THESE	0.3	0,3	
	Don't know	0.5	0,9	
70.	CARD O Thinking now only of the government's spending on social benefits like those on the card. Which, if any, of these would be your highest priority for extra spending? And which next?	lst	2nđ	
		Priority %	Priority %	
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL. Retirement pensions	41.2	22.3	
	Child benefits	9.7	13.1	
	Benefits for the unemployed	15.7	15.7	
	Benefits for disabled people	25.7	32.7	
	Benefits for single parents	5.7	12.0	
	NONE OF THESE	1.1	2.0	
	Don't know	0.7	1.7	
71.				
•	I will read two statements. For each one please say whether you agree or disagree? Strongly or slightly?	(a) Falsely claim	(b) Fail to claim	
		8	8	
a).	Large numbers of people these days Agree strongly	42.5	50.2	
	falsely claim benefits. Agree slightly	24.3	33.6	
ъ)	Large numbers of people who are Disagree slightly	11.6	6,3	
	eligible for benefits these days Disagree strongly fail to claim them.	10.0	2.3	
	Don't know	11.4	7.6	
155				

	1	8	Skip to
72.	Opinions differ about the level of benefits for		
	the unemployed. Which of these two statements comes closest to your own READ OUT		
	benefits for the unemployed are too low and cause hardship, or - benefits for the unemployed are too high and discourage people	44.4	
	from finding jobs?	34.0	
	(Neither) both - some hardship but because wages are low no incentive	6.9 1.0	
	both - some people benefit, some suffer	5.2	
	About right/in between two	1.4	ľ
·	Other (SPECIFY) (Don't know)	1.5 5.7	
	CARD P		
73.	Suppose the government had to choose between the three options on this card. Which do you think it should choose?		
,	Reduce taxes and spend <u>less</u> on health, education and social benefits	5.6	
	Keep taxes and spending on these services at the same level as now	43.0	
,	Increase taxes and spend <u>more</u> on health, education and social benefits	45.3	
	None	3, 3]
	Don't know	2 7	
	CARD Q		
74.	Now, a few questions on housing. First, in general how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your own house/flat?		
	Choose a phrase from the card. Very satisfied	40.4	l t
	Quite satisfied	42.6	
	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	8.1	
	Quite dissatisfied	4.5	
	Very dissatisfied	4.4	
75.	Does your household own or rent this accommodation? PROBE AS NECESSARY TO CLASSIFY		
	ONE CODE ONLY OWN: Own leasehold or freehold outright	23.8	Q.78
	Buyıng leasehold or freehold on mortgage	37,4	Q.77
	RENTED FROM: Local authority (Inc. GLC)	29,3}	Q 76
	New Town Development Corporation	0.5	-
.	Housing Association	2,0]	
	Property company	0.8	
	Employer	1,2	Q.78
	Other organisation	0.7	
İ	Relative	0.3	
·	Other individual	4,1)	<u> </u>
		7,5	
٠ ,			

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	TD today supposes		
	IF LOCAL AUTHORITY OR NEW TOWN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION TENANT (CODES 03 OR 04 AT Q.75)	8	Skip to
76.a)	reacty of unitately chart you - of the person		
	responsible for paying the rent - will buy this accommodation at some time in the future? Very likely	1.6	
	IF LIKELY OR UNLIKELY: Very or quite? Quite likely	2.1	
	Quite unlikely	2,0	
	Very unlikely	22.6	
	. Not allowed to buy	1.0]
	Don't know	0.4	
b)	How would you describe the rent - not including on the high side, rates - for this accommodation? Would you say	14.5	
	it was READ OUT reasonable,	13.7	Q.78
	or - on the low side?	0.6	
	Don't know	0.8	
	IF BUYING ON MORTGAGE (CODE 02 AT Q.75)	1	
	id you or the person responsible for the mortgage		
	"Our present home from the local authority as a "LOCAL AUTHORITY" INCLUDES GLC AND NEW Yes	4.8	<u> </u>
	/ELOPMENT CORPORATIONS	32.5	
	No	52.5	
'8.a)	CODE) IM ORSEDVATION AND CURGO LITTLE DESCRIPTION		
	CODE 1)M OBSERVATION AND CHECK WITH RESPONDENT Would I be right in describing this accommodation as a -		
		20.0	
	Detached house or bungalow Semi-detached house or bungalow	20.0	
	Terraced house	33.0 28.3	
	Self-contained, purpose-built flat/maisonette (inc. in tenement block)	12.5	į
	Self-contained converted flat/maisonette	4.2	
	Room(s) - not self-contained	1.4	
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.4	
b)	And how long have you lived in your		,
,	present home? Less than 1 year	8.2	
	1 year, less than 2 years	9.2	
	2 vears, less than 5 years	19.8	
	5 years, less than 10 years	19.9	
	10 years, less than 20 years	22.2	•
	20 years or more	19.9	
			
1	I.		
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		8,	Skir
79.a)			
	to stay in your present home, or would you Would choose to stay choose to move out?	56	Q.80
	choose to move out? Would choose to move out Don't know	42.2	b)
	IF MOVE OUT (CODE 2 AT a)	1.8	Q.80
	b) How keep are you to make a la	ĺ. <u>.</u> _	
	Are you READ OUT fairly keen,	15.5 15.5	ļ
	or - not that keen?	10.3	<u>L</u> .
	ASK ALL		
80.a)	And apart from what you would like,stay in this house/flat,	72.6	Q.81
	where do you expect to be living in or- move elsewhere? two years time - do you expect to READ OUT Don't know	23.1	b)
	two years time - do you expect to READ OUT Don't know IF ELSEWHERE (CODE 2 AT a)	7.2	Q.81
		i	
	b) Which do you think is most likely - that you will buy or rent your next home?		
	Buy IF RENT: PROBE FOR COUNCIL/ Rent: from local authority/council	13.7	
	IF RENT: PROBE FOR COUNCIL/ Rent: from local authority/council OTHER Rent from other landlord	5.3 2.5	
	Don't know	1.0	
81.a)	INTERVIEWER CHECK-		
	RESPONDENT WOULD CHOOSE TO MOVE BUT DOES NOT EXPECT TO	<u> </u>	:
	MOVE (CODE 2 AT Q. 79a AND CODE 1 AT Q. 80a)	22.1	b)
	IF CODE 1 AT a) N = 400 ALL OTHER RESPONDENTS	77.9	Q.82
	b) You said that you would like to move, but that you don't expect		
	to in the next two years. Why do you think you will not move? PROBE FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.		
	Can't afford mortgage 23.3 Accommodation tied to job 2.6		
	Transaction cost 6.1 Disagree about moving 4.9		
	Shortage of money 28.1 Family obligations 1.9		
İ	Shortage of council Too old to move 6.9		
	accommodation 11.5 Prefer present home 16.1		
	Prefer council home 1.0 Other answers 3.3	<u> </u>	
	Restrictions 3.1		
	General housing shortage 2.6		
	Can't afford area 1.5		
Į	Employment in area 2.6		
82.	IF CURRENTLY RENTING FROM ANY LANDLORD (CODES 03-10 AT Q.75): ASK Q.82 OTHERS GO TO Q.84		
a)	If you had a free choice would you choose		
•	to rent accommodation, or would you choose would choose to rent	12.3	
1	to buy? Would choose to buy Don't know	24.3	
b)	And apart from what you would like, do	1.3	
1	you expect to buy a house or a flat		
	In the next two years, or not? No - do not expect to buy	4.6 32.0	
	INCLUDES BUYING PRESENT FLAT Don't know	1.2	
[
I		•	158

i			S _c	Skip to
3.a)	INTERVIEWER CHECK:			
	RESPONDENT WOULD CHOOSE TO BUY BUT DOES NOT 1	EXPECT TO,	18.9	b)
	N = 334 ALL OTHER R		19.8	Q.84
	IF CODE 1 AT a)			
	b) You said that you would like to buy, but that you don't to in the next two years. Why do you think you will probe FULLY. RECORD VERBATIM.	t <u>expect</u> not buy?		
		8		
	Can't afford mortgage	LO.5		
	Income too low	53.8		i
	Too old to buy	22.2		
	Accommodation tied to job	1.5		1
	Can't buy council home	3.0		
	Disagree about buying	1.2		
	Economic position	13,2		
	Prefer present home	1.2	٠	
	Other answers	2.1		
	Other uncertainties	0.9		
	Don't know	0,3		
	ASK ALL			
	Now, a few questions on education.			
	CARD R		i	
ı.	First, which of the groups on this card, if any,			
	would be your highest priority for extra govern-	lst	2nd	
	ment spending on education, and which next?	Priority	Priority	
	ONE CODE ONLY IN EACH COL. Nursery/pre-school children	9.8	10.9	
	Primary school children	12.6	16.8	
	Secondary school children	30.9	25.6	
	Less able children with special needs	33.7	24.0	
	Students at colleges, universities or polytechnics	9.2	17.8	
	NONE OF THESE	0.9	1.0	
	Don't know	2.8	3.7	
	·			
1	•			

1	CARD S		B	Skip
85.	Here are a number of factors that some people think would in education in our schools.	mprove		<u>to</u>
a)	Which do you think is the most important one for children in schools - aged 5-ll years? Please look at the whole list deciding. ONE CODE ONLY	primary before		
bλ	And which do you think is the most important one for children secondary schools - aged 11-18 years? ONE CODE ONLY			
		(a) PRIMARY	(b) SECON- DARY	
ł	Move Macourage Con hand	*	8	
	More resources for books and equipment	16.8	8.6	
	Better buldings	1.6	0.4	
1	Better pay for teachers	3.8	2.6	
ŀ	More involvement of parents in governing bodies	2.4	1.0	
	More discussion between parents and teachers	8.4	2.7	
	Smaller classes	27.1	8.5	
	More emphasis on preparation for exams	2.0	8.6	
P	More emphasis on developing the child's skills and interests	20.3	14.5	
	More training and preparation for jobs	1.7	26.8	
	More emphasis on arts subjects	0.2	0.2	
	More emphasis on mathematics	1.0	1.7	
- 1	More emphasis on English	1.3	1.4	
	Stricter discipline	11.3	20.6	
	NONE OF THESE	0.8	1.2	
	Do you think that what is taught in schools should be up to READ OUT			
	the <u>local</u> education authority to	decide,	52.4	
	or - should central government have the fir	al say?	40.4	
	(Don'	t know)	6.5	
	Some people think it is best for secondary schoolchildren to separated into grammar and secondary modern schools according well they have done when they leave primary school. Others it is best for secondary schoolchildren not to be separated i way, and to attend comprehensive schools.	to how		
(On balance, which system do you think provides the best all-reducation for secondary schoolchildren READ OUT	ound		
	a system of grammar and secondary modern s	chools,	46.2	
	or - a system of comprehensive s	chools?	45.4	
(Other (SPECIFY)		1.6	
	(Don'	t know)	6.7	
.]	It is now compulsory for state secondary schools to publish their GCE and CSE exam results. How			_
1	useful do you think this information is for very	useful,	30.2	
F	parents of present or future pupils? Is it quite READ OUT	useful,	36.5	
- '	or - not really	useful?	25.4	
	Don	t know	7.9	
			;	160

	1		
89.a) Generally and the	8	Skir
оу .а	Generally speaking, what is your opinion about private schools in		1
	Pritain? Should there be ••• more private schools	8,5	
	about the same number as now,	59.3	1
	fewer private schools,	13.4	
	or - no private schools at all?	15.8	1
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	1.2	1
b)	I "ATA TEMET DII NATE CANAVIG	1	7
1	in Britain today do you think, on the whole, that state schools would READ OUT benefit,	24.1	
	suffer,	11.6	
1	or - would it make no difference?	58.2	
	(Don't know)	. 5.7	
90.a)	Do you feel that opportunities for your road		
	be increased or reduced, or are they at about the right level now? IF INCREASED OR REDUCED: A lot or a little?		
	Increased a lot	25.3	
1	Increased a little	23.6	
1	About right	42.5	
1	Reduced a little	3.2	
1	Reduced a lot	1.3	İ
b)	When British students go to university and the Don't know	4.1	1
[When British students go to university or college they generally get grants from the local authority. Crants	60.4	
1 !	Do you think they should get grants as now, or loans working? Working? Loans	34.0	
1	working? Both	0.8	
1 	Don't know	4.4	ĺ
91.a)	Now moving on to the subject of social class in Britain.		
-1.d)	To what extent do you think a person's social class affects his or her opportunities in a great deal Britain today: READ OUT	29.4	
	quite a lot	37.1	
	not very much	26.7	
	Other answer (SPECIFY)	4.1	!
		1.0	
b)	Do you think social class is more or less	1,6	
1	important now in affecting a nerson's		
	opportunities than it was 10 years ago, or has there been no real change? More important now Less important now	24.9	
	-sss important now	27.8	
	No change Don't know	44.9	
c)	Do you think that in 10 years time social class	2.3	1
1	The more or less important than it is not	22.3	1
	there be no real change? Less important in		į
	10 years time	26.5	
	No change Don't know	47.9 3.1	
161			
I. 1	1		

}	1	8	Sk1p to
	CARD T		
92.	Most people see themselves as belonging to a particular social class. Please look at this card and tell me which social class you would say you belong to?		
	Upper middle	1.5	
	Mı ddle	26.4	
	Upper working	18.5	
	Working	47.4	!
	Poor	3.5	
	Don't know	2.3	
93.a)	Do you regard yourself as belonging to any particular religion? IF YES: Which? IF 'Christian' PROBE FOR DENOMINATION		
	ONE CODE ONLY No religion	34.3	Q.94
	Christian - no denomination	2.8	ĺ
	Roman Catholic	10.6	
	Church of England/Anglican	35.8	
	DENOMINATIONS United Reform Church (URC) /Congregational	0.9	
	Baptist	1.8	
'	Methodist	4.1	
	Presbyterian/Church of Scotland	5.3	b)
	Other Christian (SPECIFY)	2.1	2,
	Hindu	0.7	
,	Jew	0.4	
	OTHER RELIGIONS Islam/Muslim	0.6	
	Sikh	0.2	
	Buddhist	0.1	
	Other non-Christian (SPECIFY)		
	IF RELIGION ENTERED AT a) ASK b). OTHERS SKIP TO Q.94		
	b) Apart from such special occasions as weddings, funerals and baptisms, how often nowadays do you attend services or meetings connected with your religion?		
	Once a week or more	11.1	
	Less often but at least once in two weeks	2.2	
:	Less often but at least once a month	6.1	
•	Less often but at least twice a year	10.8	
;	Less often but at least once a year	5.7	
•	Less often	5.8	
	Never or practically never	23.4	
-	Varies	0.2	
]
		,	162
			,,

	1		CI
	ASK ALL	8	Sk:
	Now I would like to ask you some questions about racial prejudice in Britain.		
94.	a) First, thinking of Asians - that is people originally from India and Pakistan - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little or hardly any? RECORD IN COL (a)		
ŀ	And black people - that is West Indians and Africans - who now live in Britain. Do you think there is a lot of prejudice against them in Britain nowadays, a little, or hardly any?		
	RECORD IN COL (b) (a) Asians	(b)	
	8	& S	-
	A lot 57.1	49.7	
	A little 32.4	37.7	1
	Hardly any 7.1	7.7	
	Don't know 2.9	4.3	
c)	prejudice in Britain now than there was a	37.5	
	years ago, less, or about the same amount? Less now	20.2	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) About the same	39.4	
		0.7	
d)	Don't know	2.0	1
۵,	the same amount of racial prejudice in Britain in 5 years time compared with novel		
	More in 5 years	41.7	
	Less	18.0	
	Other answer (SPECIFY) About the same	35.1	
e)	How would you describe yourself: READ OUT	2.4	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
	as very prejudiced against people of other races,	5.2	f)
	a little prejudiced,	28.7	
	or - not prejudiced at all? Other answer (SPECIFY)	65.1	Q.95
	IF 'VERY' OR 'A LITTLE' PREJUDICED	0.5	
	f) Against any race in particular? PROBE AND RECORD. IF 'BLACK' OR 'COLOURED' MENTIONED, PROBE FOR WHETHER WEST INDIAN, ASIAN, GENERAL, ETC. RECORD VERBATIM EVERYTHING MENTIONED		
		ļ	
- 1			

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	CARD U	<u> </u>	Skip
	Now I would like to ask you some questions about sexual relationships.	.8	to
95.a	If a man and a woman have sexual relations before marriage, what would your general opinion be? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD IN COL (a)		
b	What about a married person having sexual relations with someone other than his or her partner? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD IN COL (b)		
С	What about sexual relations between two adults of the same sex? Please choose a phrase from this card. RECORD IN COL (c)		
	(a) % (b) % BEFORE EXTRA MARRIAGE MARITAL	(c) SAME SEX	
	Always wrong 13.7 57.1	59.1	
	Mostly wrong 9.3 24.9	9.7	
	Sometimes wrong 18.9 11.0	7.0	ł
	Rarely wrong 9.0 0.7	3.7	
	Not wrong at all 42.7 2.3	12.5	
	Depends/varies 4.9 2.8	5.7	
	Don't know 0.5 0.4	0.8	
96.a)	acceptable for a homosexual person		
	READ OUT EACH ITEM AND CODE FOR EACH		1
	Yes No Other answer (SPECIFY)	Don't know	
	to be a teacher in a school? 36.2 53.86.4	2.9	
	or university? 6.7	2.4	
	to hold a responsible pos - ition in public life? 50.2 41.1 5.0	2. 7	
b)	What did you understand the phrase "homosexual" to mean at this question READ OUT men only,	34.4	
	women only,	0.2	
	or - either?	64.1	
c)	Do you think female homosexual couples should be Yes	13.2]
	allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions as other couples? No	81. 5	
	Depends on person	0.3	
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.8	
d)	Don't know	2.9	
α,	And do you think male homosexual couples should be allowed to adopt a baby under the same conditions As other couples.	5.6	
	as other couples?	90.7	
ľ	Depends on person	0.3	
- 1	Other (SPECIFY)	0.5	
	Don't know	2.1	
		1	164

			677.0	- 36					_	
97.a)	Finally, a few que	stions about		TION ad your		hold.	Incl	ludina		કુ
	yourself, how many people live here regularly as members of this household? INTERVIEWER: CHECK INTERVIEWER MANUAL FOR DEFINITION									
	OF HOUSEHOLD IF NECESSARY.									
ы	And can I just che	ck vour own r	narital	l etati	ve.		L		┛┟	
-,	At present are you			. State			n	married	ì,	65.1
								narried		2.4
	•	PRIORITY	CODE		sep	arated		vorced		4.7
						or -		vidowed narried	1	8.7 18.6
8.	Now I'd like to ask	for a few d	letails	about	each	person	in yo	ur hou		10.0
	hold. Starting wi WORK DOWN COLUMNS (ith yourself,	what	was yo	ur age	last ER.	birthd	lay?		
		Resp- 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	_					-				1
a)	Sex: Male	46.5	ļ							
ı	Female	53,5	 	ļ						<u> </u>
b)	Age last birthday:		 	<u> </u> 						
c)	Relationship to	 					<u> </u>			
	respondent:			<u> </u>						
	Spouse/partner	\								
= Œ	Son/daughter rent/parent-in-law	X								
	Other relative						:			
	Not related									
đ)	HOUSEHOLD MEMBER (S)									
	WITH LEGAL RESPON- SIBILITY FOR ACCOMMO]				
	DATION (INC. JOINT AND SHARED)					1				
*	CHECK THAT NUMBE	R OF PEOPLI	E IN (GRID E	QUALS	NUME	SER G	VEN A	T O.	——— .97а
19.a)	ASK ALL Have you ever atten	ded a privat	e prim	ary or	second	dary s	chool .	in the	1	•
	United Kingdom? 'PR EXCLUDES NURSERY SC	IVATE' INCLU HOOLS AND VO	DES PU LUNTAR	BLIC AM Y-AIDE	ND DIRE	CT GR		HOOLS, YES OR		
	IN COL a) BELOW								<u> </u>	
ъ)	And has your (husba	nd/wife/part	ner) e	ver at1	tended	a priv	vate p	rimarv	or	
	secondary school in	the United 1	Kingdo	n? CODE	YES C	R NO	IN COL	b) BEI	WOL	
c)	And (have any of yo	ur children/	has you	ur chil	ld) eve	r atte	o To Quenties	.100 a priva	ate	
	CODE YES OR NO IN C	y school in 1	the Un:	ited Ki	ingdom?	•	(a)	(b)		(c)
								Partne	<u>.</u> [2	hildren
					Y	es 1	11.3	7.1		2.9
65				Do	on't kn		38.6 0.1	59.9 0.3		36.0

100.	ASK ALL	*	Skip to
200	Continuous full-time adventue-2		
	15 or under	51.0	
=	16 17	24.9 7.1	
	18	5.5	
-	19 or over Still at school	10.2	İ
	Still at college, polytechnic, or university	0.5	1
	Other answer (SPECIFY)		}
	ASK ALL	0,1	
	CARD V		
101.		55.0	b)
	the qualifications on this card?	45.0	Q.102
	IF YES (CODE 1 AT a)	13.0	7 2.102
-	b) Which ones? Any others? CSE Grades 2-5	1	1
	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	12.7	
	CSE Grade 1 GCE '0' level		
-	School certificate	34.7	
	Scottish (SCE) Ordinary	L	1
•	GCE 'A' level/'S' level	T]
	Higher certificate	14,8	
	Matriculation Scottish (SCE) Higher		
-	Overseas School Leaving Exam/Certificate		
	Recomised trade approach and	1.0	ł
_	Recognised trade apprenticeship completed	6.8	Į
	RSA/other clerical, commercial qualification	7.6	4
	City & Guilds Certificate - Craft/Intermediate/Ordinary/Part I	5.8	
-	City & Guilds Certificate - Advanced/Final/Part II or Part III	3.5	[
	City & Guilds Certificate - Full technological	1.5	
_	BEC/TEC General/Ordinary National Certificate (ONC) or Diploma (OND)	3.4	1
	BEC/TEC Higher/Higher National Certificate (HNC) or Diploma (HND)	2.2	!
	Teachers training qualification		
-		3.6	
	Nursing qualification	2.2	
_	Other technical or business qualification/certificate	5.5	
-	University or CNAA degree or diploma	7.0	
	Other (SPECIFY)	2.8	
102.	INTERVIEWER. CODE FROM OBSERVATION FOR ALL RESPONDENTS		
J	White/European	00.5	
-	Indian/East African Asian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan	96.0	
		1.6	' !
_	Black/African/West Indian	0.9	
	Other (inc. Chinese)	0.1	
ł			
- [1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1
_	I	_	7) Č

								l l	Ski
	1							8	Lo.
103.	TS 7	UTE & STACIE DE	RSON HOUSEHOLD:			 1			-
		UTS W SIMPLE LE	REON HOUSEHOLD:		IP TO Q.	104		<u> </u>	4
	Who	- 41-0 mounts mo	2 - 3	No → As	K a)				
	gener	al domestic dut	inly responsible ies in this house	for hold?	Reco	pondent m	ninly	36.3	
	3				1		атиту	38.4	
	Someone else mainly (SPECIFY RELATIONSHIP TO RESPONDENT) Duties shared equally (SPECIFY BY WHOM)							1	
			-		ingle per	son hous	chold	11.3	-
				_	***9~~ _F	.SOM MOGL	enora	12.4	
	ASK A	LL					······································	 	1
	CARD I	<u>w</u>							
04.	of any	ou or anyone in y of the groups, d on this card?	your household, a , clubs or organis	a member sations					
	IF YES	S: Which ones?	YES - MEME	BER OF:	N	ational :	Prust	5.8	
			Royal Socie	ty for th				3.6	
			Other wildlife o					4.3	
1			Countrysi					8.3	
						NONE OF T		82.7	
05.a	Do you own or	, or does anyon have the regul	ne else in your ho lar use of a car o	ousehold or a van?			Yes	69.6	b)
05.a	IF YES	AT a) you ever drive	lar use of a car o	or a van?	that		Yes No Yes	69.6 30.4	
05.a	IF YES	AT a) you ever drive	lar use of a car o	or a van?	that		No	30.4	
	IF YES b) Do is	AT a) you ever drive with a full c	lar use of a car o	ourself, cence?	·		No Yes	50.8	
05.a	DO YOU READ OF	have the regule AT a) you ever drive with a full chave any of the UT ITEMS i-iv AICH ITEM MENTION	the car or van y current driving li e following in yo ND CODE YES OR NO	ourself, cence?	·		No Yes	50.8	
	Do you READ OF FOR EAL IF NON	AT a) you ever drive with a full c have any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally	the car or van y current driving li e following in yo ND CODE YES OR NO	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH	TOWED AT	a)?	No Yes	50.8	
	Do you READ OF FOR EAL IF NON	AT a) you ever drive with a full c have any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally	the car or van y turrent driving live following in young to the code yes or no ED AT a) ASK b)	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH	IONED AT)) at	a)? (b Ever	No Yes No	50.8	
	Do you READ OF FOR EAL IF NON	AT a) you ever drive with a full c have any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally	the car or van y turrent driving live following in young to the code yes or no ED AT a) ASK b)	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH	IONED AT) at e	(b	No Yes No	50.8	1
5•a	Do you READ OF FOR EACTOR CONTINUES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	have the regule AT a) you ever drive with a full contains in the AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AND THE AME AME AND THE AME AND	the car or van y turrent driving live following in young to the code yes or no ED AT a) ASK b)	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH ITEM MENT ONED AT a (a Have hom	IONED AT) at e	(b Ever	No Yes No No	50.8	1
o∙a	DO YOU READ OF TOR EACH IF NON! b) Do CO!	AT a) you ever drive with a full c have any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally DE YES OR NO FOR . a word proces printer? . a personal co	the car or van y current driving live following in young to the following in young to the following the following in young to the following th	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH ITEM MENT ONED AT a (a Have hom Yes % 2.7	IONED AT) at e No 8 97.1	Yes 1.8	No Yes No No No No No No No No No No No No No	50.8	1
6.a	DO YOU READ OF TOR EAT IF NON CO.	AT a) you ever drive have any of the thave any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally DE YES OR NO FOR . a word proces printer? . a personal co computer game	the car or van y surrent driving live following in yound CODE YES OR NO ED AT a) ASK b) O Q.107 y, ever use (See EACH ITEM MENTICAL STEP COMPUTER USED FOR PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH ITEM MENT ONED AT a (a Have hom	IONED AT) at e	(b Ever	No Yes No No No Se No 8 0.9	50.8	1
6 . a	DO YOU READ OF TOR EACH IF NON CON CON CON CON CON CON CON CON CON	AT a) you ever drive have any of the three three three have any of the UT ITEMS i-iv A CH ITEM MENTION E IN HOME, GO TO you, personally DE YES OR NO FOR a word proces printer? a personal co computer game a personal co other purpose a terminal an	the car or van y surrent driving live following in yound CODE YES OR NO ED AT a) ASK b) O Q.107 y, ever use (See EACH ITEM MENTICAL STEP COMPUTER USED FOR PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	ourself, cence? ur home? FOR EACH ITEM MENTONED AT a (a Have hom Yes 2.7 15.4	IONED AT) at e No. % 97.1 84.1	Yes 8 1.8	No Yes No No No No No No No No No No No No No	50.8	b) Q.10

	REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT (Q.19) PAGE 6		Skip
	 IF IN PAID WORK (CODE O3) → ASK a) TO h) ABOUT PRESENT MAIN JOB WAITING TO TAKE UP JOB OFFERED (CODE O4) → ASK a) TO h) ABOUT FUTURE JOB 	1	J.O.
	• UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06 OR 07) OR RETIRED (CODE 09) OR LOOKING AFTER HOME (CODE 10) + ASK a) TO h) ABOUT LAST JOB • NEVER HAD A JOB, WRITE IN AT a)	0.c.	
	• OTHERS GO TO 0.108 Now I want to ask you about your (present/future/last) job. CHANGE TENSES FOR (BRACKETED) WORDS AS APPROPRIATE	E.S.	
107a)	What (18) your job? PROBE AS NECESSARY:	S.E.G.	
	What is the name or title of the job?		
		SC/NM.M	
b)	What kind of work (do) you do most of the time? IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (do) you use?	sic	
		SPARE	
c)	What training or qualifications do you have that (are) needed for that job?		
d)	(Do) you supervise or (are) you responsible for the		Ţ
۵,	work of any other people? IF YES. How many?		ł
	Yes- MEDIAN		ļ
	No· RING - 0000]
		8	
e)	Can I just check. are you READ OUT an employee,	82.2	f)
	or - self-employed? CARD X	8.6	g)
	f) Which of the types of organisation		
	on this card (do) you work for? Private firm or company	53.1	
	Nationalised industry/public corporation	7.5	
	Local Authority/Local Education Authority	10.3	
	Health Authority/hospital	4.6	
	Central Government/Civil Service	2.9	
	Charity or trust	0.9	
	Other (SPECIFY) ASK ALL	3.0	1
g) :	What (does) your employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED: you) make or do at the place where you usually (work)? IF FARM, GIVE NO. OF ACRES.		
h)	Including yourself, how many people (are) (No employees) employed at the place you usually (work) from? Under 10	4.9 18.2	
	IF SELF-EMPLOYED: Do you have any employees? 10-24 IF YES: How many? 25-99	13.4 18.0	
	100-499	20.6	168
	500 or more Don't know	0,8	

1	ASK ALL		ę,	Skip
108.a	Are you now a member of a trade union			to
	or staff association? Yes: Trade u		23.5	c)
- 1		No	74.0	b)
•	IF NO AT a)			
	b) Have you ever been a member of a Yes: Trade union or staff association? Yes: staff association?		25.8 2.5	c)
	IF NOW OR EVER A MEMBER (CODES 1 OR 2 AT a) OR b)	NO	45.5	Q.109
	c) Have you ever READ OUT RING ONE CODE FOR EACH	YES	NO	
	attended a union or staff association meeting?	36.4	17.6	
	voted in a union or staff association election or meeting?	33.1	21.0	
	put forward a proposal or motion at a union or staff			
	association meeting?	11.3	42.7	
į	gone on strike?	19.8	34.1	
	···stood in a picket line?	_7.0	46.9	-
	served as a lay representative such as a shop steward or branch committee member?	7.0	47.0	
	IF RESPONDENT IS MARRIED OR LIVING AS MARRIED, ASK Q.109			
	ABOUT HUSBAND/WIFE/PARTNER. OTHERS GO TO Q.111 CARD Y			İ
109.a)	Which of these descriptions applies to what your (husband/wife/partner) was doing last week, that is the seven days ending last Sunday? PROBE: Any others? CODE ALL THAT APPLY IN COL. I.			
	IF ONLY ONE CODE AT I, TRANSFER IT TO COL. II IF MORE THAN ONE AT I, TRANSFER HIGHEST ON LIST TO II.	COL.	COL.II ECONOMIC POSITION	į.
i	In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)	A	0.1	
	On government training/employment scheme (e.g. Community Programme, Youth Training Scheme etc.)	В	0.4	b) -
	In paid work (or away temporarily) for at least 10 hours in the week	С	39.9	
1	Waiting to take up paid work already accepted	D	0.1	-
	Unemployed and registered at a benefit office	E	3.5	Q.110
	Unemployed, not registered, but actively looking for a job	F	0.4	
	Unemployed, wanting a job (of at least 10 hrs per week), but not actively looking for a job	G	0.2	
	Permanently sick or disabled	H	1.7	ļ -
	Wholly retired from work	J	8.2	b)
	Looking after the home	ĸ	13.0	-
	Doing something else (SPECIFY)	L		
	IF CODES 01-02, OR 08-11 AT a)			
	1	nths	2.3	
	ment scheme you mentioned) of at least 10 Over 1-5 years hours a week? Over 5-10 years	-	6.9	Q.110
169	Over 10-20 years Over 20 years	ago ago	4.5	Q.111-
	Never had a paid job of 10+ hours a	week	1.3	\

	REFER TO ECONOMIC DOCUMENT OF THE		
	REFER TO ECONOMIC POSITION OF RESPONDENT'S SPOUSE/PARTNER (Q.109)	9,	Skip
	• SPOUSE IS IN PAID WORK (CODE 03) - ASK a) TO 1) ABOUT PRESENT MAIN	o.c.	
	• SPOUSE IS WAITING TO TAKE UP JOB OFFERED (CODE 04; - ASK a) TO 1) ABOUT FUTURE JOB		
110.	• SPOUSE IS UNEMPLOYED (CODES 05, 06 OR 07), OR RETIRED (CODE 09), OR LOOKING AFTER HOME (CODE 10) ASK a) TO 1) ABOUT LAST JOB Now I want to ask you about your (husband's/wife's/partner's) Job.	E.S.	
a)	What (is) the name or title of that job?	S.E.G.	
b)	What kind of work (does) he/she do most of the time? IF RELEVANT: What materials/machinery (does) he/she use?	SC/M.NM	
,		sic	
c)	for that are needed	SPARE	
đ)	(Does) he/she supervise or (is) he/she responsible for the work YES: WRITE IN NO.:		1
	of any other people? IF YES: NO: (RING): 0000		
e)	(Is) he/she READ OUT	8	!
	———— an employee,	54.7	f)
	IF EMPLOYEE (CODE 1) CARD X or - self-employed?	5.0	g)
	f) Which of the types of organisation on this card does he/she work for? Private firm or company		
	Nationalised industry/public corporation	35.7 5.3	į
i	Local Authority/Local Education Authority	1	
	Health Authority/hospital	6.5	
·	Central Government/Civil Service	2.2	
	Charity or trust	ľ	
	Other (SPECIFY)	0.2]
ļ	ASK ALL	1.4	
g)	What (does) the employer (IF SELF-EMPLOYED. he/she) make or do at the place where he/she usually (works)? IF FARM GIVE NO. OF ACRES		
h)	Including him/herself, roughly how many people (No employees) (are) employed at the place where he/she usually Under 10 (works) (from)?	3.0 10.3 7.3	
	IF SELF-EMPLOYED. Do you have any employees? 25-99 IF YES. How many? 100-499 500 or more	12.1 12.7 11.4	
1)	(Is) the job READ OUT full-time (30 hours+) or - part-time (10-29 hours)?	4 9.6 9.1	
-			
			170
	•	,	

	ASK ALL		
	CARD Z	8	Skip
111.a)		(a) H'hold income	to (b) Own earning
	IF IN PAID WORK (ECONOMIC POSITION CODE 03 AT Q.19) Less than £2,000 ASK b). OTHERS GO TO Q.112 £2,000-£2,999	4.4	3.9
	63 000 63 000	7.5 8.5	4.5 4.6
	b) which of the letters on this card represents £4,000-£4,999	7.0	4.9
	deduction of income tax and national £5,000-£5,999	4.7 5.4	5.7 4.7
	insurance? ONE CODE IN COLUNN b) £7,000-£7,999	5.4	4.7
	£8,000-£9,999	9.7	5.7
	£10,000-£11,999 £12,000-£14,999	9.0	4.5 2.3
	£15,000 and over	14.3	3.6
	Don't know	8.3	0.2
	Refused	6.4	4.4
		ļ	
	ASK ALL		
112.	Do you (or your husband/wife/partner) own any shares quoted on the Stock Exchange, including unit trusts?	14.0	
	No	85.1	
113.a)	ASK ALL		
	Is there a telephone in (your part of) this accommodation? Yes	90.7	c)
	No	19.2	b)
	IF NO ASK b)		
	b) Do you have easy access to a 'phone where you Yes - home	1.1	c)
	can receive incoming calls? IF YES, ASK: Is this a home or a work number? IF BOTH, CODE HOME ONLY Yes - work	1.2	c)
]	No.	16.3	Q.114
	IF YES AT a) OR b)		24214
	c) A few interviews on any survey are checked by a supervisor to make	[[
	sure that people are satisfied with the way the interview was carried out. In case my supervisor needs to contact you, it would		
	be helpful if we could have your telephone number. Number given	75.1	
	RECORD HOME OR WORK NUMBER ON	i i	
	ADDRESS SLIP ONLY - NOT HERE Number refused	5.3	
114.	In a year's time we may be doing a similar		
	interview and we may wish to include you again. Would this be alright? Yes	90.8	
	No	8.5	
	SELF COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE		
115.	Is/was it (to be) collected by interviewer,	57.2	
	or - (to be) posted back?	23.8	
Ì	24 hour clock minutes Time interview Duration of		
	completed interview		
Ī	Name of interviewer		
l	DAY MONTH YEAR		
ł	DATE OF INTERVIEW: 0 8 5		
171	:		•



Head Office 35 Northampton Square London ECTV 0AX Tel 01 250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co. Durham DL2 3EG. Tel 0325 730 888

COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH

	Serial No.				
Interviewer					
to enter	<u> </u>				

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1985

SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE

April 1985 P.815

To the selected respondent

We hope very much that you will agree to participate in this important study—the third in an annual series of surveys to be published each summer. The study consists of this self-completion questionnaire and an interview. Some of the questions are also being asked in America, West Germany and Australia, as part of an international survey of social attitudes.

Completing the questionnaire

The questions inside cover a wide range of subjects, but each one can be answered simply by placing a tick (\checkmark) in one or more of the boxes provided. No special knowledge is required—we are confident that everyone will be able to offer an opinion on all questions. And we want all people to take part, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints. The questionnaire should not take very long to complete, and we hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. It should be completed by the person selected by the interviewer at your address—Your participation will be treated as confidential and anonymous

Returning the questionnaire

Your interviewer will arrange with you the most convenient way of returning the questionnaire. If the interviewer has arranged to call back for it, please complete it and keep it safely until then. If not, please complete it and post it back in the stamped, addressed envelope as soon as you possibly can.

Social a Community Planning Research is an independent social research institute registered as a charitable trust. Its projects are funded by government departments, local authorities, universities and foundations to provide information on social issues in Britain. SCPR interviewers carry out around 50,000 interviews per year. This study has been funded mainly by the Sainsbury Foundation and the Nuffield Foundation, with contributions also from industry and government departments. Please contact us if you require further information.

OFFICE USE

			ONLY
.a)	Suppose a newspaper got hold of confidential government papers about defence plans and wanted to publish them.		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
	Should the newspaper be allowed to publish the papers?	24.3	
	<u>OR</u>		
	Should the government have the power to prevent publication?	69.0	-
	Can't choose	E 0	
b)	Now suppose the confidential government papers were about economic plans.		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
	Should the newspaper be allowed to publish the papers?	57.9	
	<u>OR</u>		
	Should the government have the power to prevent publication?	33.5	
	Can't choose	7.7	
2.	In general, would you say that people should obey the law without exception, or are there exceptional occasions on which people should follow their consciences even if it means breaking the law?		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	ŀ
	Obey the law without exception	37.2	
	Follow conscience on occasions	58.2	
	Can't choose	4.2	
			Ī.

3. There are many ways people or organisations can protest against a government action they strongly oppose. Please show which you think should be allowed and which should not be allowed by ticking a box on each line.

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Should	it be a	allowed?		
	ON EACH LINE	Defin- itely	Proba- bly	Probably not	Definitely not	Can't choose
A.	Organising public meetings to protes against the governme	\$ 59.3	25.3	4.6	6.0	3.8
В.	Publishing pamphlets to protest against the government	% 54.8	26.2	6.7	6.9	3.2
^.	Organising protest marches and demonstrations	% 36.c	30.4	11.4	17.3	3.0
D.	Occupying a government office and stopping work there for several days	% 4.3	6.8	22.2	61.2	3.5
E.	Seriously damaging government buildings	% 0.8	0.4	3.9	90.9	2.2
F.	Organising a nationwide strike of all workers against the government	% 12.7	15.2	13.9	51.9	4.4

- 4. There are some people whose views are considered extreme by the majority.
 - a) First, consider people who want to overthrow the government by revolution. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Defin- itely	Proba- bly	Probably not	% Definitely not	Can't choose
i) hold public meetings to express their views?	27.0	24.8	10.8	33.8	2.6
<pre>ii) teach 15 year olds in schools?</pre>	4.4	7.2	18.4	64.6	3.5
<pre>iii) publish books express- ing their views?</pre>	27.0	36.9	11.0	19.9	3.4

b) Second, consider people who believe that whites are racially superior to all other races. Do you think such people should be allowed to ...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	% Defin- itely	% Proba- bly	% Probably not	% Definitely not	% Can't choose
i) hold public meetings to express their views?	19.1	18.9	18.0	40.2	2.7
<pre>ii) teach 15 year olds in schools?</pre>	4.3	7.7	18,2	65.0	3.0
<pre>iii) publish books express- in, their views?</pre>	20.6	29,4	14.4	30.1	3.9

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX

67.2 to convict an innocent person? OR

20.1 to let a guilty person go free?

Can't choose

7. The government has a lot of different places of information about people which computers can bring together very quickly. Is this PLEASE TICK ONE BOX a very serious threat to individual privacy, a fairly serious threat, 22.3 not a serious threat, 22.3 of - not a threat at all to individual privacy? 5.4 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should PLIASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, pay a larger proportion, pay a larger proportion, pay a smaller proportion, 0.4 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, pay a smaller proportion, 0.8 Or - pay a much smaller proportion? Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree 22.3 Neither agree nor disagree Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		- 4 -		OFFI
a fairly serious threat to individual privacy, a fairly serious threat, 22.3 or - not a serious threat, or - not a threat at all to 5.8 Can't choose 5.4 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should may the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should FIFACE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, pay a larger proportion, pay a larger proportion, or - pay a much larger proportion, on - pay a much smaller proportion, can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. FLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Disagree strongly 5.9	7.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		USE
a fairly serious threat, 23.3 not a serious threat, 23.3 or - not a threat at all to individual privacy? 5.8 Can't choose 5.4 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should (%) PIENCE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, 23.6 pay a larger proportion, 50.4 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, pay a smaller proportion, 0.8 or - pay a smaller proportion? - Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 9.1		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
not a serious threat, [3,3] Or - not a threat at all to individual privacy? 5.8 Can't choose [5.4] 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should (%) PIEASE TICK ONE BOX Pay a larger proportion, [50,4] pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes. pay a smaller proportion? Can't choose [2,6] 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX (%) Agree strongly [21,9] Agree 29,3 Neither agree nor disagree [24,4] Disagree 17,4 Disagree strongly [5,9]		a very serious threat to individual privacy,	32.3	
or - not a threat at all to individual privacy? Can't choose 5.4 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should (%) FIFASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, 23.6 pay a larger proportion, 50.4 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, 21.9 pay a smaller proportion? - Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. FLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9		a fairly serious threat,	32.3	
Can't choose 5.4 8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should (%) PITAGE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, pay a larger proportion, 50.4 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, pay a smaller proportion, 0.8 Or - pay a much smaller proportion? - Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX (5) Agree strongly 21.9 Agree Disagree 17,4 Disagree strongly 5.9		not a serious threat,	23,3	
8. Some people think those with high incomes should pay a larger proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should PLEASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, Do.4 pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes. pay a smaller proportion? — Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree Disagree 17,4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1			5.8	
proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes than those who earn low incomes. Other people think that those with high incomes and those with low incomes should pay the same proportion (percentage) of their earnings in taxes. Do you think those with high incomes should PLEASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion, pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, pay a smaller proportion? Or - pay a much smaller proportion? Can't choose 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 9.1	•	Can't choose	5.4	
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pay the same proportion as those who earn low incomes, pay a smaller proportion, O.8 Or - pay a much smaller proportion? Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 9.1		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX pay a much larger proportion,	23.6	
pay a smaller proportion, or - pay a much smaller proportion? Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX (%) Agree 20.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		pay a larger proportion,	50.4	ļ
or - pay a much smaller proportion? Can't choose 2.6 9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9			21.9	İ
9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9		pay a smaller proportion,	0.8	
9. What is your opinion of the following statement: It is the responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		or - pay a much smaller proportion?	-	<u> </u>
responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low incomes. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 20.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1	7:	Can't choose	2.6	
Agree strongly 21.9 Agree 29.3 Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 9.1	9.	responsibility of the government to reduce the differences in income between people with high incomes and those with low		
Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
Neither agree nor disagree 24.4 Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		Agree strongly	21.9	
Disagree 17.4 Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1		Agree	29.3	
Disagree strongly 5.9 Don't know 0.1				
Don't know 0.1				
176		Disagree strongly	5.9	
	176	Don't know	0.1	 ;

	- 5 -			
ro.	Please show whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements. Agree agree			
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE strong- nor dis-	Dis- agree	Disagree strongly	Don't know
A. 	A person whose parents are rich has a better chance of earning a lot of money than a person whose parents are poor 28.4 [2.7]	13.0	1.9	% 0.1
в. —	A person whose father is a professional person has a better chance of earning a lot of money than a person whose parents are poor	13.3	1.8	0.1
_ c.	In Britain what you achieve in life depends largely on your family background 16.2 34.9 17.2	25.7	4.1	0.1
n.	Would you say that opportunities for university education are, in general, better or worse, for women than for men?		(%)	
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Much better f	or women	n 1.2	
_	Better f	or women	n 2.1	
	No di	fference	e 68.4	
_	Worse f	or women	n 14.9	
1	Much worse f	or women	n 1.5	
	Can'	t choose	e [11.1]	
12.	How about job opportunities for women. do you think they ar general, better or worse than job opportunities for men with		(%)	
<u>_</u>	similar education and experience? Much better f		n 1.8	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Better f	or women	n 4.8	
<u> </u>	No di	fference	e 37.1	
<u>_</u>	Worse f	or wome:	n 46.9	
	Much worse f	or wome	n 4.6	
	Can*	t choos	e 4.2	
13.	And how about income and wages compared with men who have		(%)	
	similar education and jobs - are women, in general, paid better or worse than men? Women are paid much	h bette	r 0.5	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Women are pai	d bette	r 1.6	
<u> </u>		fferenc		
	Women are pa	ıd wors	e 55.7	
	Women are paid mu	ch wors	e 4.8	
1		't choos		p1;7,7
L				i

OFF.

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ONI

14. Here are three things the government might do. Some people are in favour of them while other people are against them. tick one box for each statement to show how you feel. Neither PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Strongly in favour ON EACH LINE in In nor Strongly favour favour against Against against A. The government should increase opportunities for women in 6.2 business and industry 8.8 1.5 В. The government should increase opportunities for women to go to university C. Women should be given preferential treatment 2.9 when applying for jobs or promotions And now a few questions about education: 15. Here are some things that might be taught in school. How important is it that schools teach each of these to 15 year olds? Not PLEASE TICK ON BOX Essen-Not needed, tial, Very ON EACH LINE Fairly very should must be imporimporimpornot be Can't taught tant tant tant taught choose ર્ક Α. Reading, writing and 86.6 mathematics 10.5 0.1 0 0.2 В. Sex education 13.2 6.6 c. Respect for authority D. History, literature and the arts 0.9 E. Ability to make one's own ju gements 0.9 0.9 F. Job training 0.9 G. Science and technology Concern for minorities H. 23.1 and the poor J. Discipline and orderliness 0.9

18. Sometimes public authorities intervene with parents in raising their children. Please show in each of the following cases how far you think public authorities should go in dealing with a 10 year old child and his or her parents:

		<u> </u>	ublic Autho	rities shoul	<u>a</u>	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Take no action	Give warnings or counsel- i ling	Take the child from its parents	Can't choose	
Α.	The child uses drugs and the parents don't do anything about it.	0,8	59.8	\$6.4	1.2	
В.	The child frequently skips school and the parents don't do anything about it	1.2	91.9	4.6	0.7	
С.	The parents regularly let the child stay out late at night without knowing where the child is	6,6	77.9	12.1	1,6	
D.	The parents fail to provide the child with proper food and clothing	1.9	40.2	53.7	2.8	
E.	The parents regularly beat the child	0,6	11.8	84.6	1.5	
F.	The parents refuse essential medical treatment for the child because of their religious beliefs	4.7	43.2	42,2	8.2	
G.	The parents refuse to send their child to school because they wish to educate the child at home	25.3	59,7	4,3	9,0	
н.	The parents allow the child to watch violent or pornographic films	8,2	74.0	11,3	5.1	
19.	Do you think that	Na	Neit			
	PLEASE TICK ONE	Agree strong-	agre nor Agree disa	Dis-	Disagree strongly	
	BOX ON EACH LINE	ly *	Agree disa	t t	8	
A.	the wearing of seat belts in cars should be required by law?	48.8	30.2	.8 9.0	2.2	
в.	smoking in public places should be prohibited by law?	24.1	25,9	.7 20.9	7.3	
с.	all employees should be required to retire at an age set by law?	19,5	34.7 17	.5 23.1	4.1	

Can't

20. Please show whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree	Disagree	choose
A.	The public has little control over what politicians do in office	79.1	12.9	6.5
В.	The average person can get nowhere by talking to public officials	55.7	31.0	11.3
c.	The average citizen has considerable influence on politics	15.3	74.1	7.9
D.	The average person has much to say about running local government	24.5	64.3	9.0
E.	People like me have much to say about government	35.1	49.1	2.9
F	The average person has a great deal of influence on government decisions	7.3	83.0	7.¢
G	The government is generally responsive to public opinion	25.6	61.0	10.8
н.	I am usually interested in local elections	5.8	33.5	6.1
J	By taking an active part in political and social affairs the people can control world affairs.	24.4	59.1	14.5
к.	Taking everything into account, the world is getting better	19.2	64.6	14.8

Here are some things the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against.

	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		rongly in	In favour	Neither in favour nor	Against	Strongly against
A.	Control of wages by legislation		10.0	21.6	20.7	35.0	10.0
в.	Control of prices by legislation	8	19.9	38.7	15.4	19.4	3.9
С	Cuts in government spending	8	10.8	26.2	23.8	28.1	8.4
D.	Government financing of pro- jects to create new jobs	8	36.8	49.4	7.7	3.6	0.8
E.	Less government regulation of business	8	12.6	40.0	32.8	9.1	1.8
F.	Support for industry to develop new products and technology	8	36.7	52.2	7.3	1.6	0.2
G.	Supporting declining industries to protect jobs	*	18.4	30.2	20.7	24.8	3.7
н.	Reducing the working week to create more jobs	8	15.4	33.5	22.4	23.2	3.7

22. Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area.

Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it.

	ractease to pay for it.						
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	Spend		Spend the		Spend	
	ON EACH LINE	much	Spend	same	Spend	much	Can't
		more	more	as now	less	less	choose
A.	The environment	6.1	27.8	51.7	4.3	0.5	5.1
В.	Health .	35.1	51.5	10.6	0.5	0.3	0.7
c.	The police and law enforcement	8.2	29.7	51.9	4.2	1.8	1.7
D.	Education	21.8	50.5	22.4	1.7	0.2	1.3
E.	The military and defence	4.9	11.8	42.7	23.9	12.2	2.0
F.	Old age pensions	24.8	48.4	22.9	0.9	0.1	1.0
G.	Unemployment benefits	11.8	27.7	38.0	14.3	4.1	2.3
H.	Culture and the arts	1.1	7.9	34.7	30.2	19.8	4.4

23. Do you consider the amount of income tax that your household has to pay is...

PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	([%])
much too high,	20.4
too high,	34.7
about right,	25.1
too low,	0.5
or - much too low?	0.2
Can't choose	2.8
Does not apply	15.1

_	- 11 -		OFFICE USE ONLY
² 1.	Do you consider the amount of tax that business and industry have to pay is too high or too low?		
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
	Much too high	9.2	
_	Too high	30.2	
	About right	30.5	
_	Too low	5.6	
	Much too low	1.3	
	Can't choose	22,4	
, 	If the government had to choose between keeping down inflation or keeping down unemployment to which do you think it should give		
1	FLEGE TICK ONE BOX	(%)	
1	Keeping down inflation	27.9	
_	Keeping down unemployment	62.8	
i	Can't choose	8.2	
26.	Do you think that trade unions in this country have too much power or too little power?	(%)	
<u>_</u>	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Far too much power	22.7	
•	Too much power	31.0	
<u>.</u>	About the right amount of power	27.7	
	Too little power	9,1	
,	Far too little power	1.8	
<u>}</u>	Can't choose	6.5	
1 			

/continued over ...

	- 12 -		OFFICE USE
27.	How about business and industry? Do they have too much power or too little power?	(%)	ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Far too much power	3.9	
	Too much power	16.9	
	About the right amount of power	46.8	
	Too little power	11.8	
	Far too little power	1.2	
	Can't choose	18.7	
28.	And what about the government, does it have too much power or too little power?	(%)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Far too much power	16.6	
	Too much power	31.1	
	About the right amount of power	40.9	
	Too little power	3.5	
	Far too little power	0.5	
	Can't choose	6.7	
79.	What do you think the government's role in each of these industries and services should be?		
	PLEASE TICK ONE The government should		
	BOX ON EACH LINE Control Neither prices own it and nor conprofits trol its Own but not prices & Control Neither	Can't	
Α.	Electricity	6.4	
В.	Local public transport % 17.3 35.8 39.5	6.1	
С.	The steel industry % 16.0 29.6 40.9	11.2	
D.	Banking and insurance & 8.2 30.7 47.8	10.7	
E.	The car industry \$ 7.9 28.4 52.0	9.6	
	•		

30.	On the whole, do you think it government's responsibility t	should or	should n	ot be the			OFFICE USE ONLY
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE		Probably should be	Probably should not be	Definitely should not be	y Can't choose	
`A.	provide a job for everyone who wants one	36,1	31.8	15.8	10.6	% 4.0	
ъ.	keep prices under control	59.4	31.2	5.0	1.8	1.5	
1	provide health care for the sick	84.7	13.0	0.6	0.3	0.2	
_•	provide a decent standard of living for the old	77,2	19.4	1.1	0.5	0.6	
•	provide industry with the help it needs to grow	52.2	39.5	3.5	0.9	2.5	
_	provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed	42.3	38.5	10.1	3.7	4.1	
 	reduce income differences between the rich and poor	45.0	24.4	13.6	10.0	5.9	
1.	If the government had a choice more on social services, which	between in should it	reducing to	axes and	spending		
<u></u>	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		Reduce t		spend less l services	TRO OIL	
<u>. </u>	<u>c</u>	<u>PR</u> I	ncrease t		spend more 1 services		
				Ca	n't choose	28.0	1
32.	Are you in favour of or agains	t the deat	h penalty	for			
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE				favour .	Against &	ı
_	murder in the	course of	a terrorı	st act 7	6.5	19.1	
		murder	of a pol	ceman 7	1.4	23.3	
, _ 	,	••	. other m	urders 6	5.7	30.7	

/continued over ...

							OFFI
33.	Please show whether you agree or statement: Income and wealth sho	disagree wuld be r	with the control with t	he followi	ng irds	(0.)	USE ONL)
	ordinary working people.					(%)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			Agre	e stron	gly 13.6	
					Agr	cee 27.5	
			Neither	agree no	_	↑ ~~~ -	Ì
				•	Disagr		
					e strong	` 	
					Don't kn	10w [0.1]	}
34.	Please tick one box for each stat	ement to	show ho	w much yo	u		
	agree or disagree with it. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX	3		Neither			
	ON EACH LINE	Agree strong-		agree nor dis-	Dis-	Disagree	Don't
A.	Social workers should put the	ly	Agree	agree	agree	strongly	know
	child's interests first even if it means taking a child away from its natural parents	\$38.c	45.4	11.0	3.3	0.8	0.1
В.	Social workers have too much power to interfere with people's lives	8 7. 7	23.4	10.4	24.9	2.0	0.1
c.	The welfare state makes people nowadays less willing to look after themselves	%11.0	32.5	23.3	27.5	4.2	0.1
D.	People receiving social security are made to feel like second class citizens	%17 . 1	32,5	23.1	23.5	2.3	0.1
E.	The welfare state encourages people to stop helping each other	% 5.6	26.9	29.6	32.4	3.5	0.1
F.	Doctors should be allowed to give contraceptive advice and supplies to young people under 16 without having to inform parents	\$1.9	23.3	12.7	33.2	17.2	0.1
35.a)	Central government provides financ	ial supp	ort to	housing i	two ma	in	
	ways. First, by means of allowar by means of tax relief to people w which of these three types of fami from central government support for	ices to l with mort ly would	low incom gages. I you sa	me tenants On the v	s; secon	(§)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX		-	with high	income	33.2	
		•		_		 	
				ith middle with low		h	
	•	•	· camilities		n't know		ļ
b)	Which of these three views comes c sale of council houses and flats t	losest t	o your o			(%)	
	**************************************	cil tena	nts shor	uld not be Ir houses			
	Council tenan	ts should	d be all		uy but	20.6	
Coun	cil tenants should generally be all						
86	-				't know	0.4	

	13	OFFICE
_		USE
36.	Which of the following statements do you think are generally	ONLY
- •		Don't
_	-	1
		,
	ON EACH LINE Council tenants pay low rents 26.1 65.8	1.3
_		1,,
	repairs and maintenance bus b2.3	1 ***
		1
_	Council estates are generally pleasant places to live	1.0
		
7.	How serious an effect on our environment do you think each of these	
_	things has?	Don't 1
		1
		KIIOW
_	Noise from afficiant 5.7 24.0 ps.9	0.1
	Lead from petrol 38.6 41.6 15.5 2.6	0.1
		ļ
	Toductoral unstain the rivers and sea EE E	1 , ,
	industrial waste in the livers and sea 55.5 54.0 6.9	0.3 ⊦
	Waste from muclear electricity	1
	- 68 2L - 24 3L - 11 L /L L3 3L	0.4
	Stations	
	T-duction of former in the nix 42 2 40 5 42 2	1 0 2
_	Industrial rules in the arr 43.2 40.5 12.2	0.2
		ļ.
	Noise and dirt from traffic 21.2 46.2 27.6 3.1	0.1
_		<u> </u>
30 21	Which one of those three possible solutions to Britain's electricity (%)	
""" a)	and trouble trouble most?	•
	we should make do with the power by	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX stations we have already	
	We should build more coal-fuelled	
	#U.81	}
	We should build more nuclear power stations 22.5	
	Don't know 0.7	,
true and which false? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Councils give a poor standard of repairs and maintenance Council estates are generally pleasant places to live 1. How serious an effect on our environment do you think each of these things has? PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Noise from aircraft Noise from aircraft Lead from petrol Ba.6 Waste from nuclear electricity stations Waste from nuclear electricity stations True False Don't know 1. So.9 Quite Not very Not at all serious serious serious serious serious Noise from aircraft True False Don't know 1. Don't with each of these things has? Very Quite Not very Not at all serious serious serious Noise from aircraft S.7 24.0 33.9 14.4 0.1 1ndustrial waste in the rivers and sea 55.5 34.0 6.9 1.4 0.3 Waste from nuclear electricity stations Noise from aircraft Secondary And Secondary Secondary And Secondary Secondary And Secondary Secondary And Secondary Secondary And Secondary Secondary And Secondary Secondary Secondary Noise from aircraft Secondary And Secondary Secondary		
-,	-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX They create very serious risks for the future \$0.3	1
		1
	They create quite serious risks for the future Bi.4	ĺ
1	They create only slight risks for the future 26.0	1
_		1
	They create hardly any risks for the future 9.1	1
	Don't know 1.0	
_		
	Which one of these two statements comes closest to your own views? (2)	
	WHITCH OHE OI Glese two acquements comes closest to your own views 16,	
	PLEASE TICY	
i .		i
_		1
	on Sudantan about a bean margin dam even 45 this	}
_		
	Don't know 10.41	 .
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3

	-	16 -			
					OFF: USL
40.	Here are some statements about the coun box for each to show whether you agree				ONL
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Agree strongly A	Dis- gree agree	Disagree strongly	Don't
Α.	Modern methods of farming have caused damage to the countryside	% 17.6	5,5	0.7	0.5_
В.	If farmers have to choose between produmore food and looking after the country they should produce more food	~	5.6 40.6	3.1	0.2_
c.	All things considered, farmers do a goo job in looking after the countryside	d % 8.6	6.7	1.9	0,2
D.	Government should withhold some subsidi- from farmers and use them to protect th countryside, even if this leads to high prices	e . 7 3 5	1.3 45.3	4.3	0.5
41.	Which of these two statements comes clo	sest to your ow	n views?		_
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX			(e.)	
	Looking after the count left to farmers - gover more control over	nment authoriti	es should hav	e 34.0	-
		OR			_
	Farmers know how impo			1 1	
	countryside - there ar should be left	e enough contro to decide what'			-
			Can't choos	e [3.5]	_
12.	Here are a number of things which might in Britain. Please tick a box to show support or oppose it.				_
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE	Support strongly Sup	port Oppose	Oppose strongly	-
Α.	Lower the retirement age to create more jobs for younger people	\$ 36.9	.4 12.9	1.4	<u> </u>
в.	Shorten the working week and reduce the earnings of those in paid work	8 5.6	.1 56.2	15.1	-
c.	Introduce job sharing schemes so that two part-timers share one full-time job	§ 9.9	39.6	12,0	-
D.	Restrict overtime working	% 19.3	.9 26.3	6.7	
		 		<u></u>	
					-

	- 17 -	
- 43.	Please say whether you agree or disagree with each of these statements about industry today.	OFFICE USE ONLY
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE Agree strongly Agree disagree agree strongly	Don't know
A. _	Industry should share more of its profits with its employees \$ 22.7 54.9 15.0 4.8 0.5	0.1
B. -	Full cooperation in firms is impossible because workers and management are really on opposite 9.6 40.9 21.5 23.2 1.9 sides	0.2
c. -	Managers generally know what's best for a firm and employees ought 3.8 30.8 24.3 33.7 4.9 to go along with it	0.1
D.	Management will always try to get the better of employees if it % 10.9 40.6 21.2 22.9 1.7 gets the chance	0.1
E. -	Employees need strong trade unions to protect their interests \$ 12.5 32.5 25.7 21.9 5.0	0.2
_44.	Employers have to consider many things before deciding what to pay employees. Please tick one box in each column to show which should be most important, and which should be next most important, in deciding the level of pay of an employee.	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX IN EACH COLUMN most next most	
_	NB. Completed incorrectly by 48% of respondents therefore the question has failed to work.	
- -	The age of the employee 1.4 2.6	
_	The performance of the individual employee 31.4 9.3	
	How long the employee has been with the firm 1.6	
-	The employee's family commitments 1.3 3.6	
_	The going rate for the job 16.3	
	What the firm says it can afford 2.1 7.6	
45. 	New kinds of technology are being introduced more and more in Britain: computers and word processors, robots in factories and so on. Please tick one box to show what effect you think this technology will have over the next five years? (%)	
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX It will increase the number of jobs available 6.3	
_	It will reduce the number of jobs available 77.1	
_	It will make no difference to the number of Jobs available	
_		

46.a) Do you think that the introduction of new technology in Britain over the next five years will PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make work more interesting, make work more boring, or - will it make no difference to work? make life more difficult, make life easier, Sa.8 Or - will it make no difference; Don't know c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. FLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree strongly Disagree on disagree Disagree Disagree on disagree Disagree strongly O.6 Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree Disagree strongly O.7 Bon't know O.7 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEESE TICK ONE BOX ON FACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child decided by law? Yes No (t) The woman is not merried and does not wish to have the child decided by law? The woman is not merried and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children The woman's health is seriously endangered by the preymancy The woman's health is seriously endangered by the preymancy The woman's health is seriously endangered by the preymancy The woman became pregnant as a result of rape 89.4 The woman became pregnant as a result of rape 89.4 The woman became pregnant as a result of rape 89.4 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the preymancy		- 10 -		-	
make work more interesting, make work more borning, 34.6 38.3 or + will it make no difference to work? 24.1 Don't know b) And will it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more difficult, make life easier, or - will it make no difference? Don't know c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree strongly Disagree G.O. Disagree strongly On.8 Don't know 7. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. Should abortion be allowed by law? Yes ON FACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The couple cannot afford any more children The couple cannot afford any more children The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 1. Ac. 18. Ac. 19. Ac. 24.1 19. Ac. 39. B 30. B					OFF:
make work more interesting, make work more borning, 34.6 38.3 or + will it make no difference to work? 24.1 Don't know b) And will it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more difficult, make life easier, or - will it make no difference? Don't know c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree strongly Disagree G.O. Disagree strongly On.8 Don't know 7. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. Should abortion be allowed by law? Yes ON FACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The couple cannot afford any more children The couple cannot afford any more children The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 1. Ac. 18. Ac. 19. Ac. 24.1 19. Ac. 39. B 30. B	46.a)		n		ONI
make work more interesting, 34.6 make work more boring, 38.3 or - will it make no difference to work? Don't know 0.4 b) And will it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more difficult, 15.3 make life easier, 58.8 or - will it make no difference? 22.8 Don't know 0.3 c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 20.6 Agree Neither agree nor disagree 26.3 Disagree Disagree strongly 0.8 Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The government of the pregnancy The pregnancy The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The pregnancy The couple green of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The pregnancy The couple green of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The couple green or disagree with the following the pregnancy The couple green or disagree with the gath of the pregnancy The couple green or disagree with the easier, 20.8 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The couple green or disagree or disagree with the gath of the pregnancy The couple green or disagree or disagree with the gath of the pregnancy The couple green or disagree or disagree with the gath of the green or disagree with the gath of the green or disagree with the gath of the gath of the gath of the green or disagree with the gath of the gath of the gath of	i.			(%)	
or - will it make no difference to work? Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know C) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree Disagree Disagree pon't know Neither agree nor disagree Disagree plisagree Disagree plisagree Disagree strongly Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy PILS J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.			sting,	34.6	
b) And will it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more difficult, 15.3 make life easier, 58.8 or - will it make no difference? Don't know 0.3 c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Neither agree nor disagree 26.3 Disagree strongly Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 66.5 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy The pregnancy 15.3 PLEASE TICK ONE BOX The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		make work more b	oring,	38.3	
b) And will it PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more difficult, 5.3 make life easier, or - will it make no difference? Don't know 0.3 c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly 20.6 Agree PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree Strongly Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children S8.0 37.2 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 36.5 9.6 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		or - will it make no difference to	work?	24.1	
make life more difficult, make life easier, 58.8 or - will it make no difference? Don't know c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree at the please strongly Don't know 7. Bere are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to mary the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby Bone The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 11. Base asier, 58.8 22.8 Agree strongly 20.6 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree the strongly Don't know Agree strongly 20.6 Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree Disagree Disagree Disagree Should abortion be allowed by law? Yes No (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%		· · · · · · · · · · · Don*	t know	0.4	
or - will it make no difference? Don't know c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Disagree Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Agree Adree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Agree strongly Don't know Agree strongly Agree strongly Agree strongly Agree strongly Agree s	b)	And will it		•	
or - will it make no difference? Don't know C) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree 6.0 Disagree strongly Don't know Agree 47.4 Neither agree nor disagree 6.0 Disagree strongly Don't know C.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man for marry the man for marry the man for marry the man for marry the man for marry the man for marry the man for marry the man form form for marry the man form form form for marry the man form form for marry the man form form form form form for marry the man form form for marry the man form form form form form form form form		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX make life more diff	icult,	15.3	
c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree Please are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy		make life e	asìer,	58.8	
c) Please tick one box to show whether you agree or disagree with the following statement: The government should do more to encourage the spread of new technology in Britain. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree strongly Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree Disagree of company 20.6 Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree of company 26.3 Disagree strongly 0.8 Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy		or - will it make no diffe	rence?	22.8	
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Agree 44.4 Neither agree nor disagree 26.3 Disagree 6.0 Disagree strongly 0.8 Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 86.5 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3	c)	following statement: The government should do more to encoura		(₈)	
Neither agree nor disagree Disagree 5.0 Disagree strongly Don't know 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy Disagree 26.3 0.8 Should abortion be allowed by law? Yes No (%) (%) 49.1 46.5 54.8 39.8 41.1 The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 37.2 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy		PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Agree st	rongly	20.6	
Disagree strongly 0.8 Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. Should abortion be PLEASE TICK ONE BOX allowed by law? ON EACH LINE Yes No (%) The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 37.2 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 86.5 9.6 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3			Agree	44.4	
Disagree strongly Don't know 0.2 47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		Neither agree nor di	sagree	26.3	!
47. Here are a number of circumstances in which a woman might consider an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		Di	sagree	6.C	ŀ
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an abortion. Please say whether or not you think the law should allow an abortion in each case. PLEASE TICK ONE BOX ON EACH LINE The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		Don'	t know	0.2	
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The woman decides on her own she does not wish to have the child The couple agree they do not wish to have the child The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy [1.2] [5.3]		<u> </u>			
The woman is not married and does not wish to marry the man The couple cannot afford any more children There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy [5.3]					
The couple cannot afford any more children 58.0 37.2 There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 86.5 9.6 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		-	54.8	39.8	
There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby 86.5 9.6 The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3			54.2	41.1	
The woman's health is seriously endangered by the pregnancy 91.2 5.3		The couple cannot afford any more children	58.0	37.2	
pregnancy []		There is a strong chance of a defect in the baby	86.5	9.6	
The woman became pregnant as a result of rape 89.4 6.8			91.2	5.3	
		The woman became pregnant as a result of rape	89.4	6.8	

_		OFFICE
48.	Suppose a married couple want to have their own child, but cannot	USE
••	have one. Should the law allow or not allow them to use each of	
_	the methods below? Please assume in each case that it is the only	
	method open to them on medical advice. It should be	ļ
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Allowed by Not allowed	Don't
_	ON EACH LINE law by law	know
	<u>*</u>	*
_	They try to have a child by artificial insemination, using the husband as donor 90.4	0.4
	They try to have a child by artificial insemination, using an anonymous donor 52.7 42.2	0.3
_	They try to have a child by having their own 83.3 12.2	0.5
_	They find a 'surrogate' mother who agrees, without payment, to bear a child for them (by artificial insemination, using the husband as a donor) 49.3	0.4
~	They find a 'surrogate' mother who is paid to bear a child for them (by artificial insemination, using the husband as donor) [27.0]	0.4
		<u> </u>
	Finally some questions about nuclear defence.	
710 al	How likely do you think it is that there will be a nuclear war between	
45.07	Russia and the West before the end of the century - that is, within the next fifteen years? Is it (%)	
_	PER CONTROL OF POR	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX very likely, 5.3	
_	quite likely, 17.7	
	not very likely, 46.8	
_		1
	or - not at all likely? 15.8	
_	Can't choose 13.0	
_ b)	If there was a nuclear war between Russia and the West, which of these statements best describes what you think would happen to Britain?	
_	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Battlefield nuclear weapons would be used, but there would be few civilian deaths	
	Some British cities would be destroyed, but much	
_	of the country would pull through	
	Much or all of Britain would be destroyed 72.1	
<u>_</u>	Can't choose 13.0	
	32 2 3333 [-3-1]	
ı		1

			OFFIC USE
50.a)	At the moment, the British government publishes advice on how people should prepare for survival in the event of a nuclear war. Which of the following statements comes closest to your view on what the government should do?	(%)	ONLY
	$\frac{PLEASE\ TICK}{ONE\ BOX}$ It is pointless for the government to do anything, because so few people would survive	31.0	
	The government should continue only to provide advice on how people can protect themselves	15.9	
	The government should also provide nuclear shelters to increase people's chances of survival	43.5	
	Can't choose	8.3	
b)	Lastly, please tick one box to show which is the closest to your views about the following statement:		
	If there was a major nuclear war, it would result in a worldwide "nuclear winter" with hardly any sunlight and little chance of human survival.	(%)	
	PLEASF TICK ONE BOX It is highly exaggerated	6.4	
	It is slightly exaggerated	12,2	i
	It is more or less true	67.1	
	Can't choose	13,3	
	To help us plan better in future, please tell us about how long it took you to complete this questionnaire?	(ઈ)	
	PLEASE TICK ONE BOX Less than 15 minutes	2.3	
	Between 15 and 20 minutes	13.1	
	Between 20 and 30 minutes	25.5	
	Between 30 and 45 minutes	28.6	
	Between 45 and 60 minutes	16.5	
	Over one hour	13.1	1

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP

Please keep the completed questionnaire for the interviewer if he or she has arranged to call for it. Otherwise, please post it as soon as possible in the stamped, addressed envelope provided.

APPENDIX I

Location of derived variables recoded on data tape

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APPENDIX I

Brit	ish Social attitud	les 1985	survey	locat	lon of	derived variables
1	Weight (format xx	х хххх)				Columns 155-161 (decimal point implied at 157)
2a)	Age within sex of	responde	nt			Columns 1055-56
	Age 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-59 60-64 65 + REF /N	- Male -	01 Fema 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	le - 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 2 3 4 5	
2ъ)	Age of respondent	:				Column 1057
			18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-59 60-64 65+ REF/NA			1 2 3 4 5 6
3	Type of area					Column 162
	Metropolitan (inc GLC)	- 1, non-	-metropol:	ıtan –	2	
3b)	Region					Columns 163-164
		Scotland North N West Yorks ar W Midla E Midla E Angli S West S East GLC Wales	nd Humb ands ands			01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10

3c)	Region (s	ummary code)	Column	165
		Scotland		
		North		1
		Midlands		2
		Wales		3
		South (inc. E. Anglia)		4
		GLC CINC. E. Anglia)		5
				6
4.	Household	type	Column	1058
		Single adult, 60 or over		1
		Two adults, 1 or both 60 or over		2
		Single adult, 18 - 59		3
		Two adults, both 18 - 59		4
		Youngest person 0-4		5
		Youngest person 5-17		6
		3 or more adults		7
		Insufficient information		9
5a)	Dolinical			
Jaj	rolltical	identification	Columns	1059-1060
		Conservative : Partisan		01
		Sympathiser		02
		Residual Identifier		03
		Labour : Partisan		04
		Sympathiser		05
		Residual Identifier		06
		SDP/Liberal/		
		Alliance : Partisan		07
		Sympathiser		08
		Residual Identifier		09
		Other party		10
		None		11
		Other/Don't know/not answered		98
5b)	Political	identification (summary)	Column	1061
		Conservative		1
		Labour		2
		SDP/Liberal/Alliance		3
		Other party		4
		None		5
		DK/NA		8
		•		0

6	Current economi	c position	Respondent Columns 970-71	(Blank if no spouse/partner) Spouse/Partner 972-973
	In paid work	Employee (full-time) Employee (part-time) Self employed (full-time) Self employed (part-time) Status not known	01 02 ne) 03 ne) 04 05	01 02 03 04 05
	Waiting to take Unemployed Looking after h Retired In full time ed Other Don't know/not	ome ucation	06 07 08 09 10 11 98	06 07 08 09 10 11 98
7	S E G (Grouped last job [N B if neve Code is zero]) of current or r had a job,	Respondent Column 938	Spouse/Partner 1020
	Skilled (Ma Semi-skilled (Ma	on-man) an) an) an) an)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
8		current or last job ad job, code is zero]	Respondent Column 939	Spouse/partner 1021
	V III V	Jon-manual) Janual) .assifiable	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6

9.	D.I.O. (Oloupuu) va vaaas	Respondent Column 106		se/partner 1065
	Private sector : Manufacturing	1		1
	Private sector : Non-manufacturing	2		2
		3		3
	Public sector : Service	4		4
	Public sector : Manufacturing & Transport	9		9
	Not Identifiable	9		9
	Colu	mns 1063	-1064	1066-1067
	Agriculture etc.	01		01
	Energy/water	02		02
	Extraction	03		03
	Metal goods/engineering	04		04
		05		05
	Other manufacturing	06		06
	Construction	07		07
	Distribution			
	Transport/communiction	08		08
	Banking/finance	09		09
	Other services	10		10
	Not classifiable	99		99
10.	Household attendance at private schools		Column 1	068
	Respondent attended private school Respondent has not, but spouse/partner of	or	1	
	children attended private school No-one in household has attended private		2	
	school	-	3	
	DK/NA		8	
11.	Highest Educational Qualification obtained (as per GHS from Q.101b)		Column 1	069
	Degree (code 15)		1	
	Higher education below degree level (cod	des 09 11.		
	A level (or equivalent) (03, 08,10)		3	
			4	
	0 level (or equivalent) (02, 07)		5	
	CSE (or equivalent) (01, 05, 06)			
	Foreign and other (04, 97)		6	
	No qualifications		7	
	DK/NA		8	
12.	Legal responsibility of respondent for accommodation		Column 1	.070
	Sole		1	
	Shared		2	
	None		3	
			9	
	No information		,	

13	Accommodation tenure (summary)	Column 1071
	Owned/being bought	1
	Rented (LA/New town)	2
	Rented (Housing Association)	3
	Rented (other)	4
	No information	9
14	Marital status (summary)	Column 1072
	Married/living as married	1
	Separated/divorced	2
	Widowed	3
	Never married	4
	No information	9
15	Religion (summary)	Column 1073
	Church of England/Anglican	1
	Roman Catholic	2
	Other Christian	3
	Non-Christian	4
	No religion	5
	DK/NA	8

APPENDIX K

Other survey documents

- Letters for respondents
- Self-completion questionnaire reminder Project Instructions Non-response form



P.815

April/May 1985

Project Team Roger Jowell, Sharon Witherspoon, June Hoad

British Social Attitudes the 1985 Survey

Our interviewer has contacted you to ask for your help in this important nationwide survey of social attitudes in Britain. Its aim is to discover what people in Britain these days think and feel about a wide range of questions on which we believe everyone has views. For instance, we are asking people about their reactions to the cost of living, changes in society, unemployment, government actions, moral issues. No special knowledge is needed, and it is very important that we obtain answers from everyone, not just those with strong views.

Each year we produce a book on the results, this will be the third book in the series. We hope it contains material of interest to government and the public on what people in Britain think about important issues. But we are also trying to produce information that will allow future generations to understand how people feel today about the issues that matter.

The addresses we contact (obtained from electoral registers) and the person to be interviewed in each household are selected by statistical techniques, and the interviewer may not take substitutes. So the cooperation of every selected person is particularly important.

SCPR is an independent institute for survey research, registered as a charity. As with all our surveys, the questionnaires are anonymous, and the results are published in the form of overall summaries. People's names are never attached to their views

The study is funded mainly by the Sainsbury Foundation, but has support too from government departments and industry. Some of the questions are also being asked in America, West Germany and Australia as part of an international survey of social attitudes.

We hope it will be an enjoyable interview. Even if you are unsure about it, do please start the interview and see how you get along. If you have any questions, please contact me or one of my colleagues.

Thank you very much for your help

Professor Roger Jowell

Director Roger Jowell Deputy Directors Colin Airey Barry Hedges Fleidwork Director Jean Morton-Williams Director, Survey Methods Centre Martin Collins Director, Qualitative Research Unit Jane Ritchie Research Directors Gillian Courtenay Julia Field Denise Lievesley Patricia Prescott-Clarke Douglas Wood Data Processing Director Stephen Elder



P.815/Rem.1

SN

May/June 1985

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1985 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

Within the last two weeks you very kindly gave us an interview as part of our Social Attitudes survey. At the same time we asked you to complete a self-completion questionnaire and return it to us by post in a pre-paid envelope.

As we have not yet received the self-completion questionnaire from you, I wonder if I could ask you to spare a few more minutes of your time? The self-completion questionnaire is an important part of the survey. It contains questions which are also being asked in the United States, West Germany and Australia. We hope you will find it interesting and enjoyable. And we need to get the views of everyone in our sample, not just those with strong views or particular viewpoints.

Thank you very much for your help, and for your participation in the interview. I look forward to hearing from you.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Roger Jowell

Project Director

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for contacting you again.



P.815/Rem.2

SN

May/June 1985

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1985 STUDY

Dear Sir or Madam,

About two weeks ago we sent you a letter about the self-completion supplement to the British Social Attitudes interview you very kindly gave us. The self-completion questionnaire is about the role of government in daily life, and is an important part of the survey.

As we have no record of having received your questionnaire, we are enclosing another copy of the questionnaire and a pre-paid envelope, in case the first copy was mislaid. We hope you will find the questionnaire both interesting and enjoyable. And we need to hear from as many people as possible, so that the information we collect is representative.

We do greatly appreciate your co-operation in this study, and hope you will be able to complete the questionnaire if you have not already done so, and return it to us in the envelope provided. Without it an important part of the picture will be missing.

Thank you again for all your help.

Yours sincerely,

Professor Roger Jowell

Project Director

P.S. If this letter has crossed in the post with your completed questionnaire, please accept our thanks for sending it off and our apologies for writing to you again



Head Office 35 Northampton Square London EC1V 0AX Tel 01 250 1866 Northern Field Office Charazel House Gainford Darlington Co Durham DL2 3EG Tel 0325 730 888

OCIAL AND COMMUNITY PLANNING RESEARCH

P.815

BRITISH SOCIAL ATTITUDES: 1985 SURVEY

April 1985

Project Instructions

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4	Contact procedures and introductory letter	2
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1. Background

This is the third in our series of annual surveys on social attitudes in Britain. The survey is funded mainly by the Monument Trust, one of the Sainsbury Foundations, with contributions also from the Department of Employment and the Department of Environment, the Countryside Commission, Marks and Spencer PLC and Shell UK Ltd. This series has become one of SCPR's most well-publicised surveys, and is an important source of information about contemporary Britain.

The questionnaires (an interview questionnaire and a self-completion questionnaire) cover a wide range of topics—the cost of living, unemployment, education, moral beliefs, attitudes to work and towards the countryside. The self-completion questionnaire also contains questions on the role of government which are being asked this spring in Britain, the United States, West Germany and Australia, this section of the survey is funded by the Nuffield Foundation.

The study has two main outcomes

- a) An annual book on the survey is published each spring. This Report by SCPR explains the main findings of the survey and comments upon them, and is important in keeping SCPR's name before a wide public audience. The first volume, published last spring, received much favourable press and public comment. The second book based on the 1984 fieldwork, will be published in May or June.
- b) The data from the survey are deposited in the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC) data archive, and made available for use and analysis by the academic community, or indeed any interested data user.

The introductory letter for respondents briefly explains the survey's aims. Broadly, the survey is designed to establish a record of contemporary social attitudes and how they change over time. Such findings are of interest now, for instance to government departments anxious to have more information about people's own assessments of their work or their housing circumstanes. But the data is also a contribution to British social history, to allow analysts in the future to discover what British people thought and felt about the major social issues of the 1980s.

This year, as last, there is also a panel version of Social Attitudes. This will involve going back to some of the 1983 respondents for the third time. They will be asked to take part in an interview and complete a self-completion quesitonnaire similar to the 1985 new survey. There are separate panel instructions, show cards and questionnaires, all with GREEN covers. Any material in green refers to the Panel survey, and should not be confused with 1985 new sample.

Notifying the Police

You must notify the local police station in the area where you will be working. You should complete a copy of the Police Notification Form that has been included in your supplies. This explains, among other things, how

long you will be working in the area, how to contact you, includes and your car registration number. Attach a copy of the introductory letter for respondents to the form and hand it in to the police. (You might try and see if it is possible to record these details in the day book at the station desk). Make a note of the name of the officer to whom you speak and the date of your call so that in the event of any query or complaint to the police, you are fully covered. It is reassuring for elderly or suspicious informants to be told that the police know about you and the survey, and that they can check with the police station.

PLEASE DO NOT START WORK UNTIL YOU HAVE DONE THIS.

3. The Sample

The sample covers England, Wales and all but the highlands and islands of Scotland. It consists of approximately 2500 addresses drawn from the Electoral Registers, distributed equally in 114 sampling points. Sampling points are generally Polling Districts, although in some rural areas, they may be groups of adjacent Polling Districts or Parishes. At each address, you are asked to try to interview one randomly selected adult (aged 18+).

An Address Record Form (ARF) has been made out for each sampled address. This gives the full address, including the post code where this is available. The address is given at the bottom left-hand corner of the ARF. In the bottom right hand corner is a list of all the electors identified in the most recent Electoral Register as living at that address.

A full description of the procedures relating to the ARF and the procedure for selecting respondents in given in sections 7 and 8.

4. Contact Procedures

You must attempt to make contact at each address in your assignment. You must try to call on at least 4 occasions, at different times of day and suitably spaced, before you classify the address as unproductive. At least one of these calls should be in the evening (after 6pm) and one at the weekend.

As always, it is very important that we achieve a high response rate in this survey. In fact, since most addresses will be highly clustered in Polling Districts, we are asking you to keep trying to contact all the issued addresses until theend of the fieldwork period. Keep trying all noncontacts as long as you are calling in the area. If you sense a respondent may be about to refuse, it often helps if you withdraw, offering to call again at a more convenient time, before a formal refusal is actually given. Only by interviewing all, or nearly all, of those selected for the sample can we be confident that the answers we get are representative of the views of all people aged 18+.

We have tried in two ways to help make the task of contacting easier. First, we have drawn this year's sample from the <u>current</u> electoral registers, instead of from last year's. This should both reduce the number of untraceable and other out-of-scope addresses, and mean there are fewer

cases of movers etc. Second, the survey has been put back a month, so that we the better weather and longer evenings make calling easier

You must never substitute one address for another, nor substitue one individual selected by the Respondent Selection Sheet for another. The sample has been randomly selected, and any substitutions you make would lead to bias in the results.

Remember to show your Identity Card when you introduce yourself. If you think it will help you to get an interview, you can give the person you initially contact a copy of the introductory letter for respondents as part of your introduction. (But remember to start back at the beginning in explaining the survey to the selected respondent if it is a different person.) In any case, you must leave a copy of the letter with each respondent after the interview.

The interview will last, on average, about one hour, though it will be slightly longer for those in paid employment.

5. Suggested Introduction And Questions You May Be Asked

We have found that the best introduction for interviewers to use is the one they feel most confortable with. And it is vital to start at the beginning and explain the purpose of the survey to each person you see at an address, don't assume a husband, wife or parent of the selected respondent has passed information on.

An introduction you might use, or modify is

"Good morning/afternoon/evening. My name is ______, and I work for Social and Community Planning Research, an independent social research institute. We are carrying out an annual nationwide survey to discover what people in Britain nowadays think and feel about a wide range of issues, such as the cost of living, unemployment, education and housing. The survey results are published annually as a book about social attitudes in Britain (IF NECESSARY, SHOW SPECIAL PAMPHLET TO RESPONDENTS.) The results are also of interest to government departments trying to get a better understanding of people's attitudes toward employment and housing. (The average interview should take about an hour)".

Questions you may be asked by selected respondents

Q How did you get my address?

- A The addresses in the survey were selected from the current Electoral Registers for this area. These are publicly available (eg. at the Post Office). From each Electoral Register a certain number of addresses were selected using a random probability method such as taking every 50th or every 60th addres. (The 'starred elector' is the first person listed on the register for the selected address).
- Q How do I know that what I tell you will be treated with confidence?
- A First, SCPR makes all efforts to keep the information you give us

confidential. Your rights as a respondent, and the way in which we honour those rights are set out in the leaflet about SCPR that I've given you.

In addition, we do not have your name or address on this questionnaire and at all times this will be kept separate from the answers that you give us. Your questionnaire is identified by a serial number, for administrative purposes. This means that no individual can be identified from the data, and the survey itself is written up as statistical summaries only.

Q: Why should I take part?

A: Surveys are voluntary but it is very important that a true cross-section of the public takes part in studies like this one if we are to understand what people think about the social issues of the 1980s. This means that we want to know the views of everyone in our sample. If a lot of people refuse to take part then we cannot be sure that our results really reflect the views of all people. No special knowledge is needed, and we need to know the views of everyone, not just those with particular viewpoints. Even if you have no strong views, we want jour opinions, as that too is representative of public attitudes.

Q: I'm not sure...

- A: Even if you're not sure, do please allow the interview to start and see how you get along. You can stop at any stage if you wish to.
- Q: How do I know you are a genuine researcher/research organisation?
- A: First, you have a letter from the research team at SCPR. The letter describes the survey and explains why your co-operation is important. There are telephone numbers at which you can contact the researchers at SCPR if you have any further questions to ask.

Second, we are leaving you a leaflet about SCPR which is anindependent non-profit making institute for survey research.

Finally, you hve seen my Identity Card.

Q: What happens to the results?

A: The statistical results are published each year by SCPR as a book about social attitudes in Britain. For instance, here is a pamphlet about the book and the reason we started the series. (SHOW PAMPHLET). And I can leave with you a book-notification form, so you are notified when the book about this year's survey is published next year. (SHOW BOOK NOTIFICATION FORM).

6. Materials for the survey

1. Address Record Form (ARF)

see section 7

2. Special Call Continuation Sheet (gold)

see section 7

Respondent Selection Sheet (RSS) (yellow)

see section 8

4. Non-response Form (pink)

see section 9

5. Introductory letter for respondents

leave one with each respondent

- Interview questionnaire
- 7. Self-completion questionnaire
- 8. Set of show cards (A-Z)
- 9. Project instructions (this document)
- 10. Field administration and other field documents
- 12. Book notification forms

for use as necessary

13. Special pamphlet about the series

Please make sure you have adequate supplies of these materials before you start interviewing.

7. Address Record Form (ARF)

Each address record form carries at the top of the front page

A four-digit address serial number. This must be transferred to the interview questionnaire, the self-completion questionnaire, and the respondent selection sheet (RSS).

The last of the four digits in the serial number is the selection digit. This may be needed in selecting the person to interview on the RSS.

Each ARF carries at the foot of the front page a list of the electors shown on the current electoral register as living at that address. The starred elector is marked with an asterisk. The starred elector is the person you interview if and only if there have been no changes in household composition at the address. In addition to the ARF, you must complete an RSS for every addres in your assignment (except 'deadwood' or where you have no information about the household.) This selction procedure is vital to ensure a random sample. DO NOT ASSUME THE STARRED ELECTOR IS THE RESPONDENT.

Please note the results of your calls at the address in the spaces provided on the front of the ARF (Details of Calls). Remember to code the new boxes about the visit when you complete the RSS, as we hope to have information in future about how best to get quickly through the RSS. (And if you go onto a

Calls Continuation Sheet before the RSS is completed, please use the gold Call Continuation Sheet).

Make sure you record the final outcome of your calls on the back of the ARF. See section 9 of these instructions before you record a non-contact on the back of the ARF. Since the sample is drawn from the current electoral registers we are expecting very few untraceables or other deadwood to emerge. Remember to write in the name of the selected respondent on the back of the tear-off slip on the ARF, whether or not you achieve a productive interview.

If you do achieve a productive interview, detach the slip at the bottom of the ARF, and send it back separately to the office, either with your next batch of work, or if it is your last interview, in a separate envelope. Attach the top part of the ARF, and the RSS to the interview questionnaire and send them back together.

If you are unable to achieve an interview with the selected person, ring the appropriate code to say why and return the entire ARF, including the tear-off slip, with the RSS and a non-response form to the office.

8. Respondent Selection Sheet (RSS)

The purpose of the RSS is to ensure that every person in the household has an equal chance of being selected for the interview. Only by following the questions on the RSS <u>exactly</u> can you be sure of making an unbiassed selection.

One RSS is to be completed for each address, unless it is recorded on the ARF as deadwood, or you have been unable to make contact with anyone at the address.

Each time you use an RSS, it must be serial numbered, and attached to the appropriate ARF. Every household you contact, even when there is no productive interview, and even if there are no changes in household composition, should have an RSS completed.

Remember that the RSS is structured just like a questionnaire; if you follow the filters and remember your definitions it will route you through to the correct place.

A. Single-household address. About 97% of the addresses listed in the electoral registers are occupied by one household only. Having established that the address is a single household address at Q.1b) on the Selection Sheet you read out the names of the electors listed on your address record form and ask Q.1c) on the Respondent Selection Sheet.

If the answer at Q.lc) is 'Yes', that is all the listed people live there, you then proceed to Q.3 on the Selection Sheet and establish whether all the people you have read out are aged 18 or over, and if so, whether at Q.3b) there is anyone else in the household who is aged 18 or over.

If there are no other members of the household aged 18 or over then, and only then, should you interview the starred elector.

This will be the case in the great majority of cases especially since we have used the new Electoral Registers to draw the sample. If however you find at Qlc) on the Slection Sheet that one or more of the listed electors no longer lives at the address, $\underline{\text{or}}$ at Q.3a) that one or more of the listed electors is not aged 18 or over, $\underline{\text{or}}$ at Q.3b) that there are other members of the household who are aged 18 or over, then you must ask, at Q.4, how many people there are aged 18 or over now living as members of the household. If there is only one such person then you should interview him or her. there is more than one, you have to use the selection grid at Q.8a) to choose the respondent. Thus, IF THE HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION HAS CHANGED, DO NOT ASSUME THAT THE STARRED ELECTOR IS THE RESPONDENT.

B. Multiple-household addresses. About 3% of the addresses on the Electoral Registers are multiple-households. If you establish at Q.1b) on the Selection Sheet that the address contains more than one household, then you check with your respondent (at Q.2) which of the listed electors lived in the same household as the starred elector, in October (1984). (This is when the current electoral registers were completed). Where this information is obtained you then move on to establish whether all these poeple still live there and so on. The procedure is the same as it is for single household addresses.

If, however, the information about the starred elector's household in October 1984 is not obtainable (because the starred elector has moved, or his/her household cannot be identified) then you must make a selection of who to interview, using the selection grid. You go to Q.5 and there have the choice of whether to select from the whole address (eg. the house, the entire block of flats, or the tenement) or the "dwelling unit" - whichever is most sensible for that address.

The choice of dwelling units will vary according to the particular circumstances of the address. It may be appropriate to choose flats, or perhaps bedsitters or maybe even floors of a building. The choice of dwelling units is yours but it is essential that you can identify unambiguously the dwelling unit you later select.

C. The Selection Grids

You can then make a selection using the back of the RSS, the last digit of serial number (the 'selection digit') and the first show card, which is the Selection Grid Card.

Whole Address

If you have decided to make your selection from the whole address then you establish how many people aged 18+ (including your informant if he/she is 18+) live at the address. If more than one, you go to Q.8b) and make a selection. If one only, interview that person.

Dwelling Units

If you are using dwelling units to make your selection, you need first to establish the number of dwelling units (eg. flats, bedsits, etc.) at the address and enter the number in the boxes at Q.7a). If there are fewer than 10 dwelling units, go to Q.7c) and list the dwelling units in the grid.

The listing procedure will vary according to the particular layout of the address but it should always be systematic. example if flats are numbered they should always be listed in that order. If the dwelling units are not numbered, list all households/dwelling units at the address in location order (start with lowest floor, left or front, and work to right/back and up the building).

See example: if the Serial Number for the address is 5847 - and '7' is therefore the 'selection digit' - then, working from the grid on the showcard, the selected dwelling unit is Flat C:

Ie, the last digit of the Serial Number is 7 The number of dwelling units is 4

Where the row and column meet on the Grid is '3'.

If there are more than 10 dwelling units at an address, you don't need to fill out the grid. Simply use the look-up chart at the end of these instructions, which tell you which dwelling unit to contact. Then go to Q.7c).

You then establish at Q.7c) how many people aged 18+ live in 'he selected dwelling unit (Flat C in our example). If more than one person, select an individual by listing the adults (18+) in the grid at Q.8) and then select one using the Grid Card.

Selecting

First, you should list at Q.8a) all members of the household Respondent aged 18 or over in alphabetic order of first name. Do not write in any surnames on the Selection Sheet, since the sheet remains with the questionnaire throughout coding and keying of data and we do not want the respondents identified by name on it. may need to jot the names down before ordering.

> To establish the number of persons you are to interview, use the column in the Grid Card for the total number of people you have listed and the \underline{row} indicated by the last digit of the serial number ('Selected Digit'). The box where the two meet gives the person number of the person with whom the interview should be sought. No substitute is acceptable in any circumstances.

> See example: if the Serial Number for the address is 5847 - and '7' is therefore the 'selection digit' - then, working from the Grid Card, Ann is the selected respondent:

Ie, The last digit of the Serial Number is 7 Where the row and column The number of people aged 18+ is 3 meet on the Grid Card is '1'.

> So you must interview person number 1, Ann. Nobody else will do.

> Remember to enter the full name of the selected person where indicated on the back of the tear-off slip on the ARF, even if you do not achieve an interview.

	-9- Seria Number	13 7.7.1.4	Col./	Skip
	IF WHOLE ADDRESS SELECTION REQUIRED (CO	DE 1 AT Q 5)	f147~48	INTER-
	Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over now live at this address	CODE 1 PERSON ONLY	01 →	VIEW THAT PERSON
		ENTER NUMBER OF PERSONS		+ Q 8
	IF DWELLING UNIT SELECTION REQUIR	RED (CODE 2 AT 0.5)	(149-50)	· · · · -
a)		PIED DWELLING UNITS AT ADDRESS		b)
b)	CHECK CODE	2-9 DWELLING UNITS	A -	c)
~ /		10 OR MORE DWELLING UNITS	B →	a)
	c) LIST EACH IN GRID IN LOCATION ORDER BACK, LEFT TO RIGHT) AND MAKE SELECTION		(151-52)	
	SELECTION RULES	'DWELLING UNITS'	'DU'CODE	
	Use Selection Grid Card go down the	Flat A	01	
	column representing total number of occupied Dwelling Units (see Q7a),	Flat B	02	}
	until you come to the row for the	Flat C	<u> </u>	
	Selection Digit (ie, last digit of serial number) The number given	Flat D	04	
	where column and row meet is the 'DU CODE' of the unit at which	ļ	05	e)
	interview should be taken		06	i
			07	1
	RING 'DU' CODE OF SELECTED UNIT		08	ļ
e)	d) SEE PROJECT INSTRUCTIONS AND LOOK-UP VISIT SELECTED UNIT AND ASK Including yourself, how many people aged 18 or over now live in this part of this address?		(153-541 01 →	e) INTER- VIEW THAT PERSON → Q 8
7	IF RESPONDENT SELECTION REQUIRED (SFF QUESTIONS 4, 6, &7E)		
a)	LIST ALL PERSONS AGED 18 OR OVER IN ALPH. MAKE SELECTION AS INDICATED			
	SELECTION RULES	FIRST NAMES	PERSON CODE	120
	Use Selection Grid Card go down the	Ann	(01)	J John
	column representing the total number of eligible persons until you come to the	lan	02	Jow
ı	row for the Selection Digit (ie last	John	03	
ļ	digit of serial number) The number given where column and row meet is the		04	
	person code of the person to be interviewed		05	b)
- {			06	
	RING 'PERSON CODE' OF SELECTED PERSON		07	
	<u> </u>		08	
		L	09	J
b)	ENTER FULL NAME OF SELECTED PERSON ON BAC INTERVIEW THAT PERSON ONLY	CK OF ARF		212

You should note that this sampling method is concerned only with <u>listed addresses</u>. There is <u>no</u> case in the new 1985 sample where you would follow listed electors to a different address. No substitutes are permitted, so if the selected person is in hospital or away for the duration of the survey, or too old or too ill to be interviewed, then no interview can take place.

Remember that any responsible adult member of the household may provide the information that you need in order to establish who it is you are to interview. You don't need to wait to see the starred elector, though you may do this if you prefer.

Also, this survey is intended to cover only the population living in private households - not those living in institutions. But people can be living as private households within institutional premises. Even if the address you have been given appears to be an institution, check that the starred elector is part of the institutional population before rejecting an interview there. People living in private households on institutional premises are eligible for inclusion. (See your Interviewer's Manual for the definition of an institution).

9. Non-response Forms and Non-contacts

We are carrying out research at SCPR on ways of increasing response on surveys. As you will appreciate it is important to obtain as high a response rate as possible in order to ensure that the results are representative. We can carry out some analyses using the information you provide on the ARFs (eg. the best times to call to find people at home) but it is also useful for us to have as much information as possible regarding the circumstances or reasons for non-response. Your assessment of the chance of getting an interview at an address is the best information we have. This will also help if we decide to re-issue some of the addresses.

We are asking you, therefore, to complete a non-response sheet for every address finally coded non-contact, broken appointment, person ill/away or refusal (codes 22, 23, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75 and 77 on the ARF). Full instructions are on the non-response form.

It is vital that we achieve a high response rate. Therefore we are asking you to:

- return all completed ARFs for <u>deadwood</u> to the office as soon as possible. Since we are using the new Electoral Register there should be little deadwood, and we would like to have these back in the first fortnight of the field period.
- return a completed ARF and a non-response form for each refusal to the office as soon as possible
- keep trying to contact your non-contacts, broken appointments etc. until the end of the fieldwork period, even if you have made 4 calls. Then whenever you are in the neighbourhood try again, unless you have learned that the selected respondent will not be available until after the end of fieldwork (due to holiday or illness). Complete the ARF and a non-response sheet for all your non-contacts and return them to the office with your final work.

Fill in the non-response sheet in as much detail as possible. Occasionally you may suspect that a person is avoiding you - we have termed this a 'disguised refusal'. All such information you have on the respondent should be recorded in the appropriate place.

10. The Self-completion Questionnaire

This year, because of the international questions being asked in America, West Germany and Australia, the self-completion questionnaire for the new sample is longer than in the past. This means that it can no longer be given out before the interview questionnaire.

There are now two times at which the self-completion questionnaire may be completed.

- o Immediately after the interview, before you depart
- o In the respondent's <u>own time</u>, after the interview. In this case it will be necessary either to call back to pick up the questionnaire, or to arrange for the respondent to post it back to SCPR, in the prepaid addressed envelope you will have left for the purpose.

In practice, you will probably find the self-completion questionnaire is too long to be completed by most respondents immediately after the interview. This means that you will have to leave the questionnaire with the respondent. But in order that our response rate on the self-completion questionnaire, which has been very good, does not go down we would like you to try to call back and pick up the self-completion questionnaire as long as you are still working in the area. This helps remind the respondent how important it is. WE APPRECIATE ALL YOUR HARD WORK IN COLLECTING THE SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE AS IT HAS MEANT A VERY HIGH RESPONSE RATE IN THE PAST, AND, WE HOPE, IN THE FUTURE.

The rules for the self-completion questionnaire are

- 1. The Serial Number of the respondent should ALWAYS be entered by you in the box provided before handing it over.
- 2. If it is left at an address after the interview, it must be left only with the selected respondent - the person you interviewed.
- It should be emphasised that the self-completion questionnaire (like the interview) may only be completed by the selected respondent. No substitute is acceptable.
- 4. If the questionnaire cannot be completed by the end of the visit at which you carry out the interview, then you should arrange to call back for it provided you are still interviewing in that area. If this is not practicable, you should leave the prepaid envelope we have provided and ask the respondent to post the self-completion questionnaire back to the office. If you do this please remember to fill in Q.115 of the interview questionnaire, and to ring code 62 on the ARF. (We will then send out postal reminders.)

- 5. Never leave any doubt in the respondent's mind about how he or she should return the questionnaire. If you have arranged to call back for it, establish that fact and ensure that your promise is fulfilled. If not, make sure that the respondent knows it is to be posted back, and stress the need for (decent) speed.
- 6. If you do collect the self-completion questionnaire, please try to spend a minute checking through to see that it has been completed. Any gaps can then be tactfully pointed out to the respndent and he or she should be asked to complete the questionnaire fully, even if it means writing in 'don't know' where appropriate.
- 7. On rare occasions, it might be clear that a willing respondent needs your help to complete the questionnaire, for reasons of, say, poor eyesight or illiteracy (in English). We have no objection in these cases to your treating the questionnaire as if it were an extension of the interview, and ticking the boxes accordingly, with the respondent at your side.

11. The Interview Questionnaire: General Comments

First, a feature of such a wide-ranging questionnaire may be that people are likely to be much more interested in some questions or sections than in others. It may therefore occasionally be difficult to maintain interest and momentum. The particular interviewing challenge that the questionnaire poses is one of establishing the right speed at which to progress through the questions. Rushing the respondent clearly has to be avoided, but an over-deliberate approach would be equally wrong. It may be that some respondents want to give a great deal of thought to some of the issues, which certainly are of great interest and complexity. But we are seeking to capture present attitudes, not to conduct a philosophical discussion or a political debate. If some respondents have no particular viewpoint on a topic (and very few people will have firm attitudes on all topics), or if they cannot answer the question as posed, it is acceptable to code or enter DK or another answer and move on to the next question. So your skill in moving things along at the right pace will be at a premium.

Second, throughout the questionnaire we will be using a number of general phrases that may cause the respondent to ask for further explanation. Examples might be:

"Britain's interests"	Q•5
"threat to world peace"	Q•9
"Britain's general industrial performance"	Q•13
"best all-round education"	Q.87

In these and many similar cases we do not wish to give the respondent any further explanation. The phrases used are intended as general ones. Simply read the question or statement out, and tell the respondent that he or she should answer in terms of whatever he or she understands by the phrase.

Third, in questions where a space has been provided for 'Other' answers, they should be recorded <u>verbatim</u>. There is also a code that should be ringed when another answer is entered. Unless specifically stated, an 'Other answer' code should be ringed only when one of the pre-coded answers cannot be ringed.

In the questions where there is no specific provision for 'Other answers', none are anticipated, although should they occur, they should be entered somewhere near the question. But, as a general rule for questions in which no 'Other answer' space is provided, first repeat the question with appropriate emphasis before accepting an 'Other' answer. For example, in the question "Which of the phrases on this card is closest to your opinion about threats to world peace?" Suppose you get the answer "Sometimes one, sometimes another". Before accepting this answer and entering it, the question should first be repeated with the emphasis "Which of the phrases is closest to your opinion ..." You can also use phrases like "Generally", "In general" etc as probes, otherwise repeating the question wording exactly.

Fourth, the interview questionnaire is divided into 5 sections, each of which deals with a broadly defined group of subjects.

		Questions	Coloured stripe for section
SECTION ONE	Politics	(Q1-9)	Blue
SECTION TWO	Economic issues and attitudes to work	(Q10-61)	Purple
SECTION THREE	Countryside issues	(Q62~68)	Green
SECTION FOUR	Social policy and general social issues	(Q69-96)	Yellow
SECTION FIVE	Classification details	(Q97-115)	Orange

The division of the questionnaire into sections has been devised for your ease of handling - following skips etc. Respondents do not need to be made particularly aware of the sections of the questionnaire during the course of the interview, the questionnaire was designed to be administered as a single unit with a reasonably smooth transition between topics and groups of questions. Please note that p21 is a blank page.

If a respondent does break off the interview part way through (this happens very rarely) try to complete the classification section (which begins on p36, orange stripe).

12. The Interview Questionnaire In Detail

Q.1 A single newspaper is the preferred answer at b). If the respondent maintains, in spite of probing, that he or she reads more than one paper equally frequently, do not code but write in the relevant papers under 'Other'.

Q.2 At b), d) or e) mentions of 'Liberal Alliance' would be coded as Liberal; mentions of 'SDP or Social Democratic Alliance' would be coded as SDP; mentions of 'Alliance' or 'Liberal/Social Democratic Alliance' would be coded as Alliance.

'Tory' should be coded as Conservative and 'Socialist' (unqualified) as Labour. All other descriptions of party should be written as 'Other Party'. Other answers (such as "undecided") should be written in under 'Other answer'. The code 10 (NONE) should be ringed only as a possible response to e).

- Q.8 Do not read out the party names here as a running prompt; the respondent should volunteer which party, if any, is closest to his or her views of defence.
- Q.12 At a) we want to know which the government should give highest priority to; at b) we want to know which is of more concern to the respondent and his or her family.
- Q.19 The respondent may well choose several items on Card D showing various types of economic activity undertaken 'last week' that is the seven days ending last Sunday. These should all be coded on Column I. The highest on the list (or the one category, if there is only one) then gets transferred to Column II (ECONOMIC POSITION). If any interviews are undertaken on a Sunday, the seven days is the one ending the previous Sunday.

The ECONOMIC POSITION of the respondent determines which group of questions will be asked through the remainder of Section 2 (ie up to Q.61).

Those in paid work (Code O3) are asked:

(if employees)

Q-20-40

(if self-employed)

Q.20, then Q.41-48.

Those in full-time education (01) are asked Q.51-52.

Those on government training schemes (02) or waiting to take up paid work (04) are asked Q.49-50.

All the unemployed (05, 06, or 07) are asked Qs 53-57. Those wholly retired from work (09) are asked Q.58. Those looking after the home (10) are asked Q.59-61.

Those permanently sick or disabled, or doing something else (08 or 11) skip straight to section 3 (Q.62) (green stripe).

The following notes are by way of amplification of items on CARD D:

A/01 In full-time education (not paid for by employer, including on vacation)

All students, even those doing vacation jobs during the last week, are to be coded in this category for economic position. If the

student is on vacation and his or her continuation as a student depends on having passed an exam, assume that the exam will be passed and still treat the respondent as in full-time education. People on government training schemes (YTS etc.) are EXCLUDED from this category. They should be counted as B/O2.

B/02 On government training/employment scheme

People on government-sponsored training schemes (eg. Youth Training Scheme) or employment schemes (eg. Community Programmes) should be coded here. They should not be coded as 'In paid work' or 'In full-time education' (even if they are doing the educational part of the scheme).

C/03 In-paid work (or away tempolarily) for at least 10 hours in the week

This category includes all types of paid work, whether for an employer, or on the responent's own account as self-employed. It includes casual, part-time and temporary work provided that it amounts to at least 10 hours in the eek.

Voluntary work, or work carried out where only expenses are reimbursed or work paid for in kind (eg. by receiving board and lodging only) where there is no financial transaction, are EXCLUDED from this category. People temporarily away would include those who were absent from work last week because of sickness or injury, holiday, compassionate leave, or maternity leave, provided that they have a job to go back to with the same employer or as self-employed in the same field. It would also include people who were temporarily laid off, or on strike, or locked out, again provided that they have a job with the same employer to go back to, or to the same self-employed status eg. an actor 'resting' between jobs.

People whose contract of employment incorporates regular but intermittent work (eg some staff in educational institutions, or professional sportsmen, whose wages are paid only during term time or the season, and who therefore may not have worked last week) are included in this category.

The second four items listed on the card cover those members of the population who are about to start a job, or who are unemployed.

D/04 Waiting to take up paid work already accepted

This category covers people not in work last week but who have a definite agreement to start work on a set date. (They may have started by the time of the interview). It does not include people who have been given a vague promise of a job if and when a vacancy occurs.

Unemployed and registered at a benefit office
This category covers those who are both unemployed and registered for benefit purpose. It does not cover those unemployed and registered only at eg Jobcentres, the Professional and Executive Register etc., that is only through the government employment service.

Here, they must be unemployed and registered as unemployed for benefit purposes.

- Unemployed, not registered but actively looking for a job
 This category includes all unemployed, not registered at a benefit office, but who are actively looking for a job. This would include people seeking work through the government employment service (Job centres, Professional and Executive Register, Careers Office etc.), people registered with private employment agencies, people answering advertisements for work, advertising for work or even people just actively looking around for opportunities.
- Unemployed, wanting a job but not actively looking for a job
 Include here any unemployed (again not registered as unemployed at
 a benefit office), but who are not actively looking for a job at
 the moment. People who, for instance, have given up looking for
 work in their area because it hs a high unemployment rate would be
 included here, or those who are ill and temporarily unable to look
 for work. Respondents should normally be left to decide for
 themselves whether an illness in this case is temporary or not. If
 in doubt, include it if it hs lasted less than six months.

The remaining three categories on the card cover those members of the population who are generally considered to be economically inactive.

- Permanently sick or disabled covers people out of work and not seeking work because of permanent (or indefinite) sickness or disability. People who have never worked because of disability are included. Do not include retired people in poor health who would not be seeking work even if they were healthy. In cases of doubt over whether an illness or disability is permanent, treat it as permanent if it hs lasted continuously for six months or more.
- Wholly retired from work covers people who have retired from their occupation at aproximately the normal retirement age or who have taken 'early retirement', and are not seeking further employment of any sort. Retired people who are permanently sick or have become disabled still count as retired.

Women who leave work on marriage to become housewives or to raise a family and who have not worked for many years, should be classified as 'looking after the home' rather than as retired. But it is difficult to define retirement exactly. Apart from the provise made about women, the respondent's description from the card should generally be accepted.

- K/10 Looking after the home covers anyone more or less wholly involved in domestic duties when classifying economic position. There can be more than one person in a household in this category. But at Q.25 we are concerned only with the respondent's position.
- Doing something else is not on the show card. It covers anyone who does not fit into any of the eleven categories on the card. But remember that people who are in any kind of paid work (including casual self-employed jobs) of more than 10 hours in the week should

not be included here.

Q.51b)

Q.53a) Q.53b)

Q.53d)

- 'Self-employed' refers to work done on the person's own account, Q.20 not being taxed through PAYE. Some self-employed persons will have their own businesses, some will simply be involved with casual or intermittent work. A person in a one-man business is not necessarily self-employed, if the business is a company, he or she mnay well be an employee of the company, drawing a salary and being taxed through PAYE.
- The number of hours worked per week excludes meal times and Q.21 irregular overtime. If there are no regular hours in the normal Q.41 Job, then hours worked during the seven days ending last Sunday should be the criterion.
- At b) the workplace is the establishment at or from which the Q.23 respondent works. This will ordinarily have a single address. employer of the respondent may of course run several establishments but these are not being asked about. Several questions refer to the workplace so it must be clearly established at this question.
- 'Start looking for another job' or 'wait several months or longer Q.23a) before you started looking'.

By 'start looking' we mean not necessarily immediately, but more or less so. Any respondent so coded would be intending to seek a new job following on from the last one. The alternative coding would mean a definite decision not to work or to start looking for a period of at least several months.

It is preferable to obtain the answers to these questions in Q.25b) months. If the answer is given in years and can be easily Q.27b) converted into months, please enter it as months. Q.41c) Q-43b)

(2.49a) You should round up the answers to the nearest whole month. Two weeks or over is the next highest month, under two weeks is the next lowest.

Probe for best estimates in all cases, even when the situation is Q.60b) / hypothetical.

- Q.28-33 These are general questions about attitudes towards work, as usual probe for the answer closest to how the respondent feels.
- We are interested only in the kinds of schemes on this card, that Q.36 is schemes which link pay or bonuses to productivity or performance. If NONE at a), follow the skip to Q.37.
- We are interested in the extent to which respondents are aware of, Q.37 and use, computer-based technology. There is an 'other' code if 0.48 you need it.
- This question is asked of all self-employed persons ,about their Q.41 main self-employed occupation. "Business" may not always be the best or most appropriate description, and you may therefore need to

explain that the question refers to the paid job, whatever it is.

- Q.55 Please note that whereas at Q.53f) we asked whether respondents would consider moving in a hypothetical situation, at Q.55 we are interested in whether they have ever actually considered moving to an area other than the one they live in now.
- Q.56 Full-time or part-time job refers to all paid work whether as an Q.60 employee or self-employed. Full-time is 30 hours or more a week, part-time is 10-29 hours.
- Q.58 If the respondent is not yet over 65 (men) or 60 (women) we want to know the age at which he or she has retired. If the respondent then says that they've never worked (eg. they have interpreted retired from work as meaning simply 'retired') code as appropriate at e). Do not recode any other data.
- Q.61 Here we want to know how likely the respondent is to <u>look</u> for a paid job in the next 5 years that is, how likely they see it as being that they will attempt to (re)-enter the labour market in the next 5 years.
- Q.62 This question should be coded from observation, before you check with the respondent by reading out the selected code.
- Q.63 Accept the respondent's definition of 'open countryside'.
- Q.65 Remember to probe fully for responses to this question.
- Q.67 If NONE or Don't know, follow the filter and skip to Q.68.
- Q.72 In most cases people will feel closer to one statement or the other. In some cases, however, people may feel the two statements are related. In these cases, record under 'Other' and ring code 7.
- Q.75 Tenure: note that this question applies to the whole accommodation that the respondent's household occupies, not to the respondent's individual part of that accommodation, or to his or her relationship with the person(s) in the household who are legaly responsible for the accommodation.
 - Own leasehold or freehold outright: those whose accommodation is wholly owned, ie they are not buying on a mortgate or with a loan.
 - Buying leasehold or freehold: those buying with a mortgage or loan, from a bank, insurance company, building society or other organisation. Also includes those buying as part of a co-ownership scheme, or those buying leasehold property when the lease is 21 years or more.
 - Rented property: includes leases of fewer than 21 years. The rent need not be paid by a household member: it could be paid by another member of the family (eg son

on behalf of mother) or by supplementary benefit direct to the landlord. Property that is occupied 'rent free' would be included. "Squatting" should be written in.

- Q.78 Again code from observation and check the code with the respondent.
- Q.85 Note that here you code one answer for primary schoolchildren, and one answer for secondary schoolchildren.
- Q.86 Do not attempt to further explain this (or any other) question. If necessary repeat it for the respondent.
- Q.92a) Please note that codes 02-09 all relate to different denominations of the Christian relegion. Codes 10-15 relate to other (non-Christian) religions. If the pre-coded categories are inadequate, the answer should be written in as 'Other Christian' (code 09) or 'Other non-Christian' (code 15) as appropriate.
- 94a) In thisquestion, by Asian we mean people from the Indian subcontinent. We have specified India and Pakistan as the main
 countries involved. However, we are not concerned to exclude
 people from Bangladesh, Sri Lanka or Asians from East Africa,
 should the respondent raise the matter.
- Q.94f) If any respondent describes him/herself as very or a little prejudiced, you should probe fully to ascertain the racial groups against which he or she considers him/herself prejudiced. 'Black', 'coloured' and other general descriptions should be recorded verbatim but then probed to see if the respondent can be more specific. Record verbatim any other qualifications or remarks made after this question.
- Q.97a) Before filling out the household grid, we ask you to find out how many people, INCLUDING the respondent, live as members of the household. The basic definition of a household is that its members are resident at the selected address and share at least one meal a day or share the living accommodation. See pp74-76 of the Interviewers' Manual for details if you are unsure.
- Q.97b) At this question we are asking about respondent's legal marital status, there is a separate code for 'living as married'. The questions is designed as a normal READ OUT question, you should code the highest on the list which applies (PRIORITY CODE).
- Q.98 In the household composition grid, record the details required for every member of the respondents' household. Start with the respondent, and then work down columns of grid, collecting information about each household member in turn. At the end, check that the number of people for whom you have details in the grid equals the number given at Q.97a).

Q.98c) is <u>not</u> concerned with legal status. 'Spouse/partner' would include a person whom the respondent was living with as married.

'Son/daughter' includes step-children, adopted and foster children.

Q.98d) Household members with legal responsibility for accommodation.

You should note that this coding replaces and is not the same as 'Head of household.

Legal responsibility refers to any member of the household who:

- owns the property or a share of it (ie has his or her name on the deeds)

or

- rents the property solely or jointly (ie has his or her name in the rent book)

or

- has the accommodation by virtue of his or her own relationship to the owner (the owner not being a member of the household).

All such people in the household have a code ringed in the grid as having legal responsibility. The respondent could be included or not.

Q.99 For the respondent, his or her spouse or partner, and all children aged over 5 years, you should ask whether they have attended a private primary or secondary school. Note that nursery schools are not included, and that voluntary or maintained schools do not count as private.

The following definitions may help - you may need to discuss this with respondents:

- Private. This category includes all schools that are independent or privately owned including those owned by private or charitable trusts. These schools will therefore be fee-paying. All public schools will be included. Included also in this group will be the schools that used to be known as 'Direct Grant' schools, which received a grant from public funds but which were nonetheless largely independent of Local Authority or central government control.

Some of the schools that were Direct Grant have now become state schools, some have remained as private. These schools should be coded according to their status at the time the relevant household member attended them.

- Voluntary/maintained schools. These include primary or secondary schools that are founded and owned by voluntary organisations, usually a church, but are maintained financially by the Local Authority. They do not count as private schools.
- Q.100 This question asks about the respondents' age when he or she completed continuous full-time education.

- Q.101 The main types of exams and qualifications are included here. Code ALL that apply. You should write in any that the respondent mentions that are not on the list.
- Q.102 Code by observation the respondent's ethnic identity. <u>Do not miss</u> this question.
- Q.103 Use the household grid if necessary to ask the question appropriately. Code as appropriate and specify the relationship to the respondent of the person doing or sharing the duties, if sharing, remember to specify whether the respondent is involved in the sharing. This question is about who actually does the physical acts of caring and other domestic duties. It is not about financial responsibility.
- Q.107 Details of occupation should be obtained for ALL respondents except those whose economic position (Q.19, page 6) is
 - in full-time education (code 01)
 - on government training or employment scheme (code 02)
 - permanently sick or disabled (code 08)
 - or doing something else (code 11).

Ask everyone else about their current, future or last job, as directed. If the respondent has never worked, write in at a).

At Q.107f), if the responent is any doubt about how to classify their employer's organisation, write in a description at 'other' code 07.

- Q.100 The staff association referred to in this quesiton is an organisation of employees recognised, like a union, by management for the negotiation of pay and other conditions of employment. In certain professions, eg. banking, staff associations exist alongside or instead of trade unions.
- Q.109- We need to collect details of occupation for the respondent's Q.110 spouse or partner. The same principles apply as to Q.19, and Q.107. The exception is that we will not ask about a spouse or partner's job if that person has not worked in over 20 years.
- Q.111 You should obtain the total income of the household from all sources at every household. <u>Income</u> includes not only earnings but state benefits, occupational and other pensions, unearned income such as interest from savings, rent etc. For respondents in paid work in the last 7 days (Q.19) you should <u>also</u> obtain the respondent's <u>own</u> earnings.

In each case - for both income and earnings - we want the figures before the deduction of income tax, national insurance and other deductions. The question refers to current level of income or earnings or, if that is inconvenient, to the nearest tax or other

period for which the respondent is able to answer.

- Q.112 If you obtain a telephone number (or numbers), remember not to write it on the questionnaire here, but on the back of the tear-off slip of the ARF, in the space provided. (We are not collecting stable addresses this year).
- Q.114 As you can see from this year's panel experiment this is an important question.
- Q.115 Remember to code as appropriate the method of returning the self-completion questionnaire.
- Remember to code the time the interview was completed, using the 24 hour clock, the duration of the interview in minutes, your interviewer number, and the date.

Thank you for all your work. If you have any queries or problems, please do not hesitate to telephone Sharon Witherspoon. Good Luck!

INTERVIEWER:

Please remember to return to the office, along with the completed INTERVIEW QUESTIONNAIRE:

- the top of the Adress Record Form (ARF)
- the Respondent Selection Sheet (RSS)
- and, if possible, the completed SELF-COMPLETION QUESTIONNAIRE.

Thank you for all your help and hard work.

LOOK-UP CHART

(For 10-100 Dwelling Units)

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Dwelling Unit Look-up Chart (cont.)

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COMMUNITY PLANNING MESEARCH

P.	. 815	SOCIAL ATTITUDES 1985	APRIL	1985
i		NON-RESPONSE FORM		
	COMPLETE ONE OF THESE F BROKEN APPOINTMENT:	OR EVERY REFUSAL, PERSON ILL/AWAY, NON-CONTACT FINAL OUTCOME	OR	
	ADDRESS SERIAL NUMBER.	AREA CODE]
A	INTERVIEWER NAME	INTERVIEWER NUMBER		
	REFUSALS, BROKEN AP F-I (on reverse)	POINTMENTS (Codes 23,72,73,77 on ARF) A	NSWER	
	(on reverse)	L (Codes 74 OR 75 on ARF) ANSWER E, TH	EN I	
	NON-CONTACTS (Codes	22 or 71 on ARF) ANSWER B-D THEN I		
В		ormation about the likelihood of and the best times to call?	Col./ Code	Skip to
		No information obtained	1 +	С
		Yes (GIVE DETAILS BELOW)	2	
	Record all information			
	and from whom			
С	Were there any restric to call at the most ap you would have wished?	tions which meant you were not able propriate times or as frequently as	:	
	100	No, no restrictions	1 +	ם
		Yes (GIVE DETAILS BELOW)	2	
	Details of restriction	s on calling		}
			ı	
	a) Do you think this	might be a "disguised refusal" No	1 +	I
	rather than a non-		2	b)
	IF CODE 2 AT a)			
	b) Why do you feel th	is? EXPLAIN FULLY		
]
				228

[PERSON ILL/AWAY/IN HOSPITAL (CODES 74 OR 75 ON ARF) ANSWER E, THEN I	Col./ Code	Skip to
E.	What information do you have about when the selected person will be better/back home?		}ı
F.	REFUSALS AND BROKEN APPOINTMENTS (CODES 23, 72, 73, 77 ON ARF) IF CODES 23, 72 OR 77 ON ARF, ANSWER F AND G; IF CODE 73 SKIP TO H What reasons were given for the refusal? (PLEASE GIVE A FULL ACOUNT OF REASONS MENTIONED)		3
G.	IF CODES 23, 72 OR 77 ON ARF Do you think there were any other reasons for refusal? No/Don't know Yes (GIVE DETAILS BELOW) Other reasons for refusal:	1 2	GO TO INSTRU CTIONS AT H
н.	IF CODES 73 OR 77 ON ARF, ANSWER H. OTHERS SKIP TO I a) Did you ever speak to the selected person? No Yes b) Do you think the selected person might have been willing to participate? Yes Don't know	1 + 2 1 2 8	I .
I.	ANSWER IN ALL CASES If a different interviewer recalled in two - three weeks time, what do you think is the likelihood that (s)he would get an interview? Very likely Likely Possibly Unlikely Very unlikely ANY OTHER COMMENTS ABOUT POSSIBILITY OF INTERVIEW: Cannot say	1 2 3 4 5	